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# A LEXICON

Abridged from

Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

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# ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word ;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words ;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained ; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation : when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as, ἀπο-βάλλω, ἀφ-ίημι, ἄ-βατος, ἔφ-οδος. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as φιλο-κισσοφόρος. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of φιλομονσέω under φιλό-μονσος. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

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The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.



For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used :—

= means *equal* or *equivalent to*  
 absol. = absolute, absolutely  
 acc. = accusative : acc. to = according to  
 Act. = active voice  
 act. = active signification  
 Adj. = adjective  
 Adv. = adverb  
 Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect  
 aor. = aorist tense  
 Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek  
 c. = cum (with)  
 c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a Subst. which has the same or a similar signification with the Verb  
 c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae  
 cf. = confer (compare)  
 collat. = collateral  
 Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek  
 Compar. or Comp. = comparative  
 Conjunct. = conjunction  
 contr. = contracted, contraction  
 cp. = compare  
 dat. = dative  
 Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or Passive forms with Active sense  
 deriv. = derived, derivation  
 dissyll. = dissyllable  
 Dor. = in Doric Greek  
 e. g. = exempli gratia  
 Ep. = in Epic Greek  
 esp. = especially  
 etc. = et cetera  
 f. or fut. = future tense  
 fem. = feminine  
 fin. = ad finem or fine  
 freq. = frequent, frequently  
 gen. or genit. = genitive  
 Hom. = Homer  
 i. e. = id est  
 imperat. or imper. = imperative mood  
 imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense  
 impers. = impersonal  
 indic. = indicative mood  
 inf. = infinitive mood  
 intr. or intrans. = intransitive  
 Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect  
 irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin  
 lengthd. = lengthened  
 masc. = masculine  
 Med. = medial or middle voice  
 med. = medial or middle signification  
 metaph. = metaphorically  
 metri grat. = metri gratia (for the sake of the metre)  
 n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name)  
 N. T. = New Testament  
 negat. = negativum (negative)  
 neut. = neuter  
 nom. = nominative  
 opp. to = opposed to  
 opt. or optat. = optative mood  
 orig. = originally  
 part. = participle  
 Pass. = passive voice  
 pass. = passive signification  
 pecul. = peculiar  
 perf. or pf. = perfect tense  
 pl. or plur. = plural  
 plqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect)  
 poet. = poetically  
 Prep. = preposition  
 pres. = present tense  
 priv. or privat. = privativum  
 q. v. = quod vide  
 qq. v. quae vide  
 radic. = radical  
 regul. = regular, regularly  
 shortd. = shortened  
 signif. = signification  
 sing. = singular  
 sq. = sequens (the following word)  
 sub. = subaudi, subaudito  
 subj. = subjunctive mood  
 Subst. = Substantive  
 syll. = syllable  
 Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek  
 trans. = transitive  
 trisyll. = trisyllable  
 usu. = usually  
 v. = vide  
 verb. Adj. = verbal adjective  
 voc. = voce, vocem  
 vocat. = vocative

# A

## A—ἀβληχής.

**A**, α, ἄλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr. alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἶς, and πρῶτος, but α = 1000.

In Ion. Greek ἄ becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη. In Dor. Greek ἄ is used instead of η, as, ἄδύς for ἡδύς: but the verbal term, ἄτο is changed into ἦτο, as ἐκνυζᾶτο into ἐκνυζῆτο.

α, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, *not*, as σοφός wise, ἄ-σοφος unwise. II. a copulativum, *together*, as in ἄ-τάλαντος, ἄ-κόλουθος. III. a intensivum, *very much*, as in ἄ-τενής, ἄ-σπερχές, though this is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as ἄ-βληχρός for βληχρός, ἄ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἄ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

ἄ, ἄ or ἄἄ, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our *ab!*

ἄ ἄ, to express laughter, like our *ba ba*.

ἄ, Dor. for artic. ἦ. 2. ἄ, Dor. for relat. pron. ἦ.

ἄ-ἄτος, *on*, (α privat., δάω) *not to be hurt, inviolable*, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ἄεθλος ἄ-ἄτος a *dangerous or difficult task*.

ἄ-ἄγής, *és*, (α privat., ἄγνυμι) *unbroken, not to be broken, bard, strong*.

ἄ-απτος, *on*, (α privat., ἄπτομαι) *not to be touched: invincible*.

ἄασα, ἄασάμην, ἄάσθην, v. 'ΑΑ'Ω.

ἄ-ἀσχετος, *on*, lengthd. poet. for ἄ-σχετος.

ἄἄτος, contr. ἄτος, *on*, (α privat., ἄω, ἄσαι to satiate) *insatiate*, ἄτος πολέμοιο *insatiate of battle*.

'ΑΑ'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in aor. 1 act.

ἄἄσα contr. ἄσα, med. ἄἄσάμην, contr. ἄσάμην, and pass. ἄάσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ἄἄται—all in Hom.:—to *hurt, damage*, esp.

to *hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate*: so too in Med., ἄτη ἦ πάντας ἄἄται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu.

have an intr. sense, to *go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly*. [Hom. has ἄἄσαι, ἄἄσεν, ἄἄσαν: so too ἄἄσάμην, but ἄἄσῃτο.]

ἄἄω, = ἄω, to *satisfy*, whence 3 sing. ἄἄται.

ἄβα, Dor. for ἦβη.

ἄβακίω, (ἀβακής) to *be speechless*.

ἄβακής, *és*, (α privat., βάζω) *speechless*.

ἄ-βάκχευτος, *on*, (α privat., βακχεύω) *without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless*.

ἄ-βάπτιστος, *on*, (α privat., βαπτίζω) *not to be dipped, that will not sink*, Lat. *immersabilis*. II. *unbaptized*.

ἄ-βάρής, *és*, (α privat., βάρος) *not heavy: not burdensome*.

ἄ-βᾶτάνιστος, *on*, (α privat., βασανίζω) *not examined by torture, unquestioned*. Adv. -τως, *without question or trial*.

ἄ-βασίλευτος, *on*, (α privat., βασιλεύω) *not ruled by a king*. [r]

ἄ-βάσκαντος, *on*, (α privat., βασκαίνω) *unenvious*. Adv. -τως, *without envy*.

ἄ-βᾶτος, *on*, also η, *on*, (α privat., βαίνω) *untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste*.

ἄ-βέβαιος, *on*, (α privat., βέβαιος) *unsteady, wavering, fickle*.

ἄ-βέβηλος, *on*, (α privat., βέβηλος) *not profane, inviolable*.

ἄβελτερία, ἡ, *stupidity: from*

ἄ-βέλτερος, *on*, (α privat., βέλτερος) *good-for-nothing, silly, stupid*.

ἄ-βίαστος, *on*, (α privat., βιάζομαι) *unforced*.

ἄ-βίος, *on*, (α privat., βίος) *not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable: βίος ἄβιος*. II. *without subsistence, poor*.

ἄ-βίωτος, *on*, (α privat., βίωτος) = ἄβιος.

ἄ-βίωτος, *on*, (α privat., βιώω) = ἄβιος.

ἄβλάβεια, ἡ, *freedom from harm: security: from*

ἄ-βλάβης, *és*, (α privat., βλάβη) *without harm: I. pass. unarmed, unhurt*. II. act. *harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βῶς, Ep. -βέως, without harming, without infringement*.

ἄ-βλαβία, ἡ, poet. for ἄ-βλάβεια.

ἄ-βλής, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., βάλλω) *not thrown or shot, of an arrow*.

ἄ-βλητος, *on*, (α privat., βάλλω) *not hit by a dart or arrow*.

ἄ-βληχής, *és*, (α privat., βληχή) *without bleatings*.

ἀβληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, (α euphon., βληχρός) *weak, feeble, defenceless*:—of death, easy, light.

ἀβληχρώδης, ες, = ἀβληχρός.

ἀβοῦτί, Dor. for ἀβοητί.

ἀβόατος, ον, Dor. for ἀβόητος.

ἀβοήθητος, ον, (α privat., βοηθέω) *helpless*.

ἀβοητί, Dor. -ᾱτί, Adv. (α privat., βοάω) *uncalled, without summons*.

ἀβόητος, Dor. -ᾱτος, ον, (α privat., βοάω) *uncalled*. II. *unmourned*.

ἀβολέω, = ἀντιβολέω, *to meet*.

ἀβόσκητος, ον, (α privat., βόσκω) *ungrazed*.

ἀβουκόλητος, ον, (α privat., βουκολέω) *untended, unneeded*.

ἀβουλέω, ἥσω, = οὐ βούλομαι, *to be unwilling*.

ἀβούλητος, ον, (α privat., βούλομαι) *unwilling, involuntary*. Adv. -τως.

ἀβουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, thoughtlessness*: from

ἀβουλος, ον, (α privat., βουλή) *inconsiderate, ill-advised*:—Adv. -ως, superl. ἀβουλότατα.

ἀβούτης, ον, ὁ, (α privat., βοῦς) *without oxen*: hence *poor*.

ἀβρεκτος, ον, (α privat., βρέχω) *unwetted*.

ἀβρίθης, ες, (α privat., βρίθω) *without weight*.

ἀβρο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀβρός, βαίνω) *softly or delicately stepping*. [βᾱ]

ἀβρό-γος, ον, (ἀβρός, γός) *womanishly wailing*.

ἀβρο-δίατος, ον, (ἀβρός, διαίτα) *living delicately or effeminately*: τὸ ἀβροδίατον *effeminacy*.

ἀβρο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀβρός, κόμη) *with delicate, luxuriant hair or leaves*.

ἀβρόμιος, ον, (α privat., βρόμιος) *without Bacchus*.

ἀβρομος, ον, (α copul., βρόμιος) *noisy, boisterous*.

ἀβρο-πέδιλος, ον, (ἀβρός, πέδιλον) *soft-sandalled*.

ἀβρό-πλουτος, ον, (ἀβρός, πλούτος) *richly luxuriant*.

ἈΒΡΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious*. (Akin to ἡβη.)

ἀβροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀβρότης.

ἀβροτάζω, f. ἄζω, *to miss*, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from ἀμβροτεῖν, q. v.

ἀβρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀβρός) *delicacy, luxuriousness*.

ἀβροτος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., βροτός) *like ἀμβροτος, ἀμβρόσιος, immortal, divine, holy*.

ἀβρο-φύης, ες, (ἀβρός, φύω) *tender of nature*.

ἀβρο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀβρός, χαίτη) = ἀβρο-κόμης.

ἀβρο-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀβρός, χιτών) *softly clad*: with soft coverings. [χ]

ἀβροχος, ον, (α privat., βρέχω) *unwetted, waterless*. Adv. -χως.

ἀβρύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. 1. ἡβρῦνα: (ἀβρός):—*to make delicate, treat delicately*:—Pass. *to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs*; ἀβρύνεσθαι τινι *to pride oneself on a thing*.

ἀβρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀβρωτος.

ἀβρωτος, ον, (α privat., βιβρώσκω) *not having eaten*. II. pass. *not to be eaten, uneatable*.

ἄβυσσος, ον, (α privat., βύσσος) *bottomless, unfathomed*: generally, *unfathomable, enormous*.

as Subst. ἡ ἄβυσσος, *the abyss, bottomless pit*.

ἀγάσθαι, ἀγάσθαι, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἀγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἀγω: ἀγαγον, Ep. for ἡγαγον, aor. 2 ind.

ἀγάγωμι, Ep. for ἀγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀγω.

ἀγάζομαι, poet. form of ἀγαμαι, *to admire*.

ἀγαθο-ειδής, ες, (ἀγαθός, εἶδος) *seeming good*.

ἀγαθοεργέω, contr. -ουργέω, *to do good*; and

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ἡ, *a good or noble deed: good service*. From

ἀγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ἔργον) *doing good*: οἱ Ἀγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state.

ἀγαθοποιέω, = ἀγαθο-εργέω; and

ἀγαθοποιία, ἡ, = ἀγαθο-εργία. From

ἀγαθο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ποιέω) = ἀγαθο-εργός.

ἈΓΑ-ΘΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, *good in its kind*, opp. to κακός, *bad*: 1. in Homer usu. of heroes, *brave, noble*:

later in moral sense, *good, virtuous*. 2. of things,

etc., *good in their kind*; neut. τὰ ἀγαθὰ *the goods of*

*fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties*; τὸ ἀγαθόν,

Lat. summum bonum.—There are no regular forms

of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίων,

also ἀμείνων, κρείσσων, λωίων (λῶων): Ep. βέλτερος,

λῶπτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, ἀριστος,

κράτιστος, λῶϊστος (λῶστος): Ep. βέλτατος, φέρτα-

τος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is εὖ, *well*.

ἀγαθουργέω, contr. form of ἀγαθοεργέω.

ἀγαθύνω, (ἀγαθός) *to make good, exalt*. II. *to*

*do good*:—Pass. *to be of good cheer*.

ἀγαθωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀγαθός) *goodness, kindness*.

ἀγαίομαι, (ἀγῆ) collat. form of ἀγαμαι, ἀγάομαι, only in bad sense, *to be angry at: to envy*.

ἀγα-κλής, ες, (ἀγαν, κλέος) *very glorious, famous, renowned*: gen. ἀγακλῆος; shortd. poet. forms, acc.

sing. ἀγακλέᾱ, pl. ἀγακλέας, dat. sing. ἀγακλέϊ.

ἀγα-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγακλής.

ἀγα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ἀγαν, κλυτός) *like ἀγακλής*, Lat. *inclytus*.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἀγαν, κτίζω) a poet. fem. = εὐκτιμένη, *well-built or placed*.

ἀγάλακτος, ον, (α privat., γάλα) *without milk, giving none*. II. *getting none, weaned*, Lat. *lacte depulsus*.

ἀγαλλιᾶσις, εως, ἡ, *exceeding great joy*. From

ἀγαλλιᾶω, aor. ἡγαλλιᾶσα: also as Dep. ἀγαλλιᾶ-

ομαι, f. ἀσομαι [ᾱ], strengthd. for ἀγάλλομαι:—*to re-*

*joice exceedingly*.

ἈΓΑΛΛΙ΄Σ, ἰδος, ἡ, *a plant, the iris or flag*.

ἈΓΑ΄ΛΛΩ, f. ἀγᾶλῶ: aor. ἡγῆλα, inf. ἀγῆλαι: =

ἀγλαὸν ποιῶ, *to make glorious, glorify, honour*, esp.

a god: also *to deck, adorn*:—mostly in Pass. ἀγάλ-

λομαι, *to glory, delight, exult in a thing*, c. dat.

Hence

ἄγαλμα, ατος, τό, *that wherein one delights, a glory,*

*delight, ornament: a pleasing gift*, esp. for the gods:

hence, 2. *a statue in honour of a god; the image*



of a god as an object of worship. 3. any statue or image.

ἀγαλματοποιός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγαλμα, ποιέω) a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.

ἌΓΑΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἄγασθε Ep. ἄγασθε, inf. ἄγασθαι Ep. ἄγασθαι: impf. ἰγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἰγάσθε: fut. ἄγασσομαι [ᾱ] Ep. ἄγασσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἰγάσθην, but also Med. ἰγασάμην (even in Att.), Ep. ἰγασσάμην, ἀγασσάμην: Dep.: I. to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινά, but also τινί, Lat. admirari. II. in bad sense, to envy, be angry at, τί, τινί, περί τινος.—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἰγασάμην, and as pres. ἀγάομαι or ἀγαίομαι.

ἀγαμία, ἡ, celibacy. From

ἀ-γάμος, ον, (α privat., γάμος) unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs:—Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀ-γάμος a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.

ἌΓΑΝ, Adv. very, much, very much: the word generally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverb μηδὲν ἄγαν, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing. [ᾱγάν, but later sometimes ἄγαν.]

ἀγανᾶκτέω, f. ἡσώ, (ᾱγαν) to feel irritation:—to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing. Hence

ἀγανᾶκτησις, εως, ἡ, irritation, vexation.

ἀγανᾶκτητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγανᾶκτέω) irritable.

ἀγανᾶκτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανᾶκτέω, irritating, vexatious.

ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, irritable, = ἀγανᾶκτητικός. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγανῆσι, poet. for ἀγαναῖς, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγαν-νίφος, ον, (ᾱγαν, νίφω) much snowed upon, snow-cast, Ὀλυμπος.

ἀγανόρειος, α, ον, Dor. for ἀγανόρειος.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (α copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) mild, gentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

ἀγανοφροσύνη, ἡ, gentleness, kindliness. From

ἀγανόφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγανός, φρήν) kindly disposed: benign.

ἀγανώπης, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) mild-eyed.

ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ήνωρ.

ἀγάομαι, Ep. form of ἀγαμαι, only found in part.

ἀγώμενος, in act. sense admiring.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἄσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπάτος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀγαπητός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἡσώ: aor. ἰγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἰγάπηκα: (ἀγαμαι, ἀγάζομαι):—of persons, to welcome, entertain, in which sense ἀγαπάω and Dep. ἀγαπάομαι are used by Homer:—also to take leave of:—generally, to be fond of, to love dearly. II. of things, to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω. [ᾱγᾶ] Hence

ἀγαπεῦντες, Ion. for ἀγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl. ἀγάπη, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) brotherly love: charity. [ᾱγᾶ] ἀγάπημα, τό, (ἀγαπάω) an object of love, Lat. deliciae.

ἀγαπ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγαπάω, ἀνήρ) = ἰννορέην ἀγαπῶν, loving manliness, manly.

ἀγάπησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) the feeling of love, affection.

ἀγαπητέος, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, to be loved, acquiesced in.

ἀγαπητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαπάω) disposed to love, affectionate. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγαπητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love. 2. to be acquiesced in, as the least evil. II. Adv. ἀγαπητῶς, cheerfully, contentedly; ἀγαπητῶς ἔχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν.

2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.

ἀγάρ-ροος, ον, contr. ἀγάρ-ρους, ον, (ᾱγαν, ῥέω) strong or swift-flowing.

ἀγασθαι, pres. inf. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγαμαι) that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

ἀγάζομαι [ᾱ], poet. ἀγάζομαι, fut. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγάζσατο, poet. for ἰγάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγά-στονος, ον, (ᾱγαν, στένω) much groaning, howling, of the waves, loud-wailing.

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀγᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) illustrious, noble.

ἀγαιρός, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ἀγανός, stately, proud: sup. Adv. ἀγαιρότατα.

ἀγά-φθεγκτος, ον, (ᾱγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-sounding.

ἀγᾶρεύω, f. σω, (ᾱγγαιρος) to despatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.

ἀγγαιρῆτος, ὁ, Ion. form = ἀγγαιρος:—τὸ ἀγγαιρῆτον the business of an ἀγγαιρος.

ἀγᾶρος, ὁ, Persian word, a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

ἀγγεῖον, Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (ᾱγγος) a vessel, fail: a reservoir.

ἀγγελία, Ion. -ῆη, ἡ, (ᾱγγελος) a message, tidings, news, ἀγγελίη ἐμή a message concerning me; ἀγγελίης ἐλθεῖν to come on account of a message. 2. a proclamation: a command, order.

ἀγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἀγγελιη-φόρος, ὁ, (ἀγγελία, φέρω) a messenger.

ἀγγελιώτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγγελία) a messenger.

ἀγγέλλω, f. ἀγγεῖω, Ep. ἀγγεῖω: aor. I ἡγγεῖλα: pf. ἡγγεῖλκα, pass. ἡγγεῖλμαι: aor. I pass. ἡγγεῖλθην: (ᾱγω):—to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell:—Med. to announce oneself:—Pass. to be reported of. Hence

ἄγγελμα, τό, a message, tidings, news.

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.

ἀγγήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγεῖον.

\*Αἶτος, εὖς, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

ἀγδην, Adv. (ἄγω) by carrying.

ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἄγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

ἀγείρω: aor. I ἡγείρα: pf. ἀγήγερκα: (ἄγω):—to bring together, gather together, collect. II. Pass. ἀγείρομαι: aor. I ἡγέρθη, Ep. 3 pl. ἡγερθεν: pf. ἀγήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀγηγέραται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. ἀγηγέρατο:—to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγέρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.

ἀ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γείτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

ἀγελᾶδόν, Dor. for ἀγεληδόν.

ἀγελάζομαι, Pass. (ἀγέλη) to live in herds, to be gregarious.

ἀγελᾶϊος, α, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

ἀγελάρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἀρχω) the leader of a company.

ἀ-γελαστί, Adv. (α privat., γελάω) without laughing.

ἀ-γίλαστος, ον, (α privat., γελάω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

ἀγελεία, ἡ, (ἄγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληϊτίς, λείαν ἄγουσα, she that drives off the spoil.

ἀγέλη, ἡ, (ἄγω) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex:—later any herd or company.

ἀγεληδόν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in herds or companies. Also ἀγεληδά.

ἀγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a herd.

ἀγέληφι, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

ἀγεμονεῦμα, ἀγεμονεύω, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-.

ἄγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἑάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἄγνυμι: [ᾱ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἡγεν, impf. from ἄγω to lead.

ἀ-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (α privat., γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

ἀγένεια, ἡ, (ἀγενής) low birth: meanness.

ἀ-γένειος, ον, (α privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, (α privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.

ἀ-γένητος, ον, (α privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, = ἀγενής II. Adv. -νῶς.

ἀ-γέννητος, ον, (α privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής II, low-born, mean.

ἀγέομαι, Dor. for ἡγέομαι

ἀ-γέραςτος, ον, (α privat., γέρας) without a gift of honour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

ἀγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείρω.

ζγερθεν, Ep. for ἡγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροχος, ον, = ἀγέρωχος.

ἀγερσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.

ἀγέρωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, high-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce. Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄγεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἄγω.

ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγω, στρατός) leading the host.

ἀγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτης.

ἀ-γευστος, ον, (α privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

ἄγη [ᾱ] ἡ, (ἀγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἄγη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.

ἄγη, Ep. for ἑάγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.

ἀγηγέραται, ἀγηγέρατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγήγερκα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγήλαι, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.

ἀγ-ηλατίω, ἤσω, (ἄγος, ἐλαύνω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατίω.

ἄγημα, τό, (ἄγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

ἀγ-ηνόρειος, Dor. ἀγᾶνός-, α, ον, = ἀγῆνωρ.

ἀγ-ηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.

ἀγ-ῆνωρ, Dor. ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγαν, ἀνῆρ) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

ἀγήοχα, pf. act. of ἄγω to lead.

ἀ-γήραντος, ον, = sq.

ἀ-γήρᾶτος, ον, (α privat., γῆρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying. Contr. ἀγήρως, αν: acc. sing. ἀγήραν or ἀγήρω: nom. dual ἀγήρω, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγήρως.

ἀ-γήρᾶτος, ον, = ἀγήραος.

ἀ-γήρως, αν, contr. for ἀγήραος.

ἀγησί-χορος, ον, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἡγέομαι, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἀγητήρ, ἦρος, Dor. for ἡγητήρ. [ᾱ]

ἀγητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ᾱ]

ἀγιάζω, (ἄγιος) to hallow, consecrate.

ἁγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of ἀγιάζω.

ἁγίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that which is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.

ἁγιασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification.

ἁγιαστήριον, τό, = ἁγίασμα.

ἀγίζω, f. Att. ἱῶ, (ἄγιος) to hallow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.

ἀγινέω, f. ἤσω: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγινέμεναι: impf. ἡγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἄγω,



to carry, bring:—Med. to have brought one. II.

to bear fruit.

ἀγιό-γράφος, ον, (ἅγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἀγιό-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

ἅγιος, α, ον, (ἅγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἅγιον, τό, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. ἀγνός is used instead. [ἅγ]

ἀγιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἅγιος) sanctity, holiness.

ἀγιστεία, ἡ, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

ἀγιστεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

ἀγιωσύνη, ἡ, (ἅγιος) = ἀγιότης.

ἀγκ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compounds of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e. g. ἀγκεισθαι for ἀνα-κεισθαι.

ἀγκάζομαι, f. ἀσομαι: Dep.: (ἄγκας, ἄγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἀγκάθεν, Adv. for ἀγκάς, on the arm, i. e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

ἀγκάλέω, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω.

ἀγκάλη, ἡ, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [κᾶ]

ἀγκαλίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἡγκαλίσάμην: pf. ἡγκάλισμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκάλη):=ἀγκάζομαι, to take in the arms.

ἀγκάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, in plur. = ἀγκάλαι, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

ἀγκάλισμα, τό, (ἀγκαλίζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἀγκᾶλος, ὁ, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle.

ἀγκάς, Adv. (ἀγκή) into or in the arms.

ἀγκειμαι, poet. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἌΓΚΗ, ἡ, = ἄγκος or ἀγκάλη, an arm.

ἀγκηρύσσω, poet. for ἀνα-κηρύσσω.

ἀγκιστρεία, ἡ, (ἄγκιστρον) angling.

ἀγκιστρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ ἀγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

ἀγκίστριον, τό, Dim. of ἄγκιστρον, a small hook.

ἀγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (ἄγκιστρον, δέω) with a hook bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

ἀγκιστρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄγκιστρον, εἶδος) hook-shaped.

ἀγκιστρον, τό, (akin to ἄγκος, ἀγκύλος) a fish-hook.

ἀγκλίνω and ἀγκλιμα, τό, poet. for ἀνα-κλίνω, ἀνα-κλιμα.

ἀγκοΐνη, ἡ, (ἀγκών) poet. for ἀγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding: cf. ἀγκάλη.

ἀγκομίζω, poet. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

ἀγκονίω, for ἀνα-κονίω, to hasten.

ἌΓΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ἀγκρεμάσας, poet. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀνακρεμάννυμι.

ἀγκρῖσις, poet. for ἀνά-κρῖσις.

ἀγκρούομαι, poet. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [ῥ], ἡ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself.

2. any thong or string, e. g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

ἀγκυλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

ἀγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

ἀγκυλο-γλώχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, γλωχίς) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκυλ-όδους, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, ὀδούς) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἀγκυλο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἀγκυλό-πους, πουν, (ἀγκύλος, πούς) with curved feet, δίφρος ἀγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

ἀγκύλος, η, ον, (ἄγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῥ]

ἀγκυλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow.

ἀγκυλο-χείλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χείλος) with hooked beak.

ἀγκυλο-χήλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χηλή) with crooked claws.

ἀγκυλώω, f. ὠσω: pass. pf. ἡγκύλωμαι: (ἀγκύλος): to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἀγκυλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, of javelins, furnished with a thong, thonged.

ἀγκυρᾶ, (ἄγκος, ἀγκών) ἡ, Lat. ancōra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εὔναι, i. e. stones used as anchors.

ἀγκυρίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγκύρισα: (ἄγκυρα):—to hook, catch as with a fish-hook.

ἀγκύριον, τό, Dim. of ἄγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἀγκυρ-ουχία, ἡ, (ἄγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor: ἐν ἀγκυρουχίαις when safe at anchor.

ἌΓΚΩΝ, ὦνος, ὁ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence

II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἀγκωνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀγκών.

ἀγλα-έθειρος, ον, (ἀγλαός, ἔθειρα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαΐα, ἡ, (ἀγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἀγλαιεῖσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαΐζω, with pass. sense.

ἀγλαΐζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγλαΐσα: (ἀγλαός):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἀγλαΐσμα, τό, an ornament; cf. ἄγαλμα.

ἀγλαό-γυιος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, γυῖον) *with beautiful limbs*.  
 ἀγλαό-δενδρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, δένδρον) *with beautiful trees*.

ἀγλαό-δωρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, δῶρον) *bestowing splendid gifts*.

ἀγλαό-θρονος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) *with splendid throne*.

ἀγλαό-καρπος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, καρπός) *bearing or bestowing goodly fruit*.

ἀγλαό-κουρος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, κούρος) *rich in fair youths*.

ἀγλαό-κωμος, *ον*, (ἀγλαός, κῶμος) *gracing the feast*.

ἌΓΛΑΏΣ, ἡ, *όν*, also *ὄς*, *όν*, *splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright*: of men, *famous, noble*: *c. dat. famous for a thing*. Adv. *-ῶς*. (Akin to αἰ-γλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

ἀγλαό-τρίαινης, *ον*, *ὁ*, acc. *-ἄν*, (ἀγλαός, τρίαῖνα) *the god of the bright trident*.

ἀγλα-ὤψ, ὤπος, *ὁ*, ἡ, (ἀγλαός, ὤψ) *bright-eyed*: generally, *flashing*.

ἀ-γλευκής, *ἐς*, (α privat., γλεῦκος) *not sweet*: *sour, barsb*.

ἌΓΛΙΣ, ἄγλιθος, only used in plur. ἄγλιθες, *a bead of garlic, which is made up of several cloves*.

ἀ-γλυκής, *ἐς*, = ἀ-γλευκής.

ἀγλωσσία, Att. ἀγλωπτία, ἡ, *dumbness*. From ἀ-γλωσσος, Att. ἀ-γλωπτος, *ον*, (α privat., γλῶσσα) *without tongue*: *silent, dumb*, Lat. *elinguis*. II.

*speaking a strange tongue*, = βάρβαρος.

ἄγμα, τό, (ἀγνυμι) *a fragment*.  
 ἄγμός, *ὁ*, (ἀγνυμι) *a breakage, fracture of a bone*. II. *a broken cliff, precipice*.

ἀ-γναμπτος, *ον*, (α privat., γνάμπτω) *unbending*.  
 ἀ-γναπτος, *ον*, = sq. II. also *not cleansed*.

ἀ-γνάφος, *ον*, (α privat., γνάπτω) *of cloth, not carded, i. e. new*.

ἀγνεία, ἡ, (ἀγνεύω) *purity, chastity*.  
 ἀγνευμα, τό, (ἀγνεύω) *chastity*.

ἀγνεύω, *ἑ*, εὖσω, (ἀγνός) *to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.*:—also simply, *to be pure or chaste*: *c. gen. to keep oneself pure from*.

ἀγνίζω, *ἑ*, Att. *ἰῶ*: aor. I *ἤγνισα*: (ἀγνός):—*to make pure, purify, cleanse*, Lat. *lustrare*. II.

*to offer, burn as a sacrifice*.

ἄγνιος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄγνος) *made of witby or agnus castus*.

ἄγνισμα, τό, (ἀγνίζω) *a means of purification, atonement*.

ἀγνισμός, *ὁ*, (ἀγνίζω) *purification, expiation*.  
 ἀγνίτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ἀγνίζω) *a purifier*. [i]

ἀγνοέω, Ep. ἀγνοιέω: *ἑ*, ἤσω: aor. I *ἤγνόησα*, Ep. ἀγνοίησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε: pf.

*ἤγνόηκα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἤγνοήθην*: pf. *ἤγνόημαι*: (as if from \*ἀ-γνοος = ἀ-νοος):—*not to perceive or know, to be ignorant*, Lat. *ignorare*: in Homer mostly, *οὐκ ἀγνοίησεν* *he perceived or knew well*:—Pass. *not to be known*. II. absol. *to mistake, be wrong*; hence

in part. ἀγνοῶν, *by mistake*. Hence

ἀγνόημα, τό, *a fault of ignorance, oversight*; and

ἀγνοητικός, ἡ, *όν*, *apt to err from ignorance*.

ἀγνοιᾶ, ἡ, (ἀγνοέω) *want of perception, ignorance*. II. = ἀγνόημα, *a fault of ignorance*.

[poet. sometimes ἀγνοιᾶ: cf. ἀνοῖα.]

ἀγνοιέω, poet., esp. Ep., form for ἀγνοέω.

ἀγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀγνοέω: but if written ἀγνοίησι, it is 3 sing. pres. subj.

ἀγνοοῦντως, Adv., pres. act. part. of ἀγνοέω, *ignorantly*.

ἀγνό-ρῦτος, *ον*, (ἀγνός, ῥέω) *pure-flowing*.  
 ἀγνός, ἡ, *όν*, *pure, chaste, unsullied*: *boly, sacred*. II. *c. gen. pure from a thing*. Adv.

*-νῶς*. (Akin to ἄζω, ἄγιος, ἄγιος.)

ἌΓΝΟΣ, ἡ, Att. *ὁ*, = λύγος, *a tall tree like the willow, the agnus castus*.

ἀγνότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀγνός) *purity, chastity*.

ἌΓΝΥΜΙ, 3 dual ἀγνῦτον: fut. ἄξω: aor. I *ἔαξα*, Ep. *ἤξα*, imperat. ἄξον, inf. ἄξαι, part. ἄξας: aor. 2

pass. *ἔαγην* [ᾱ, v. sub fin.]: pf. *ἔαγα*, Ion. *ἔηγα*:—*to break, snap, crush, shiver*, Lat. *frango*:—Pass. with

pf. act. *ἔαγα*, *to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces*: of sound, *to spread around*: of a river, *to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course*. [ᾱ in pf. *ἔαγα*, Ion. *ἔηγα*: but in aor. 2 pass. *ἔαγην*, ᾱ in Hom., ᾱ long in Att.; v. κατὰγνυμι.]

ἀγνωμονέω, *ἑ*, ἤσω, (ἀγνώμων) *to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly*.

ἀγνωμόνως, Adv. of ἀγνώμων, *senselessly*.

ἀγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, *want of sense or judgment*: I. *senselessness, ignorance*. II. *senseless pride, arrogance*. III. *unfairness, unkindness*, Lat. *iniquitas*: in plur. *misunderstandings*. From

ἀ-γνώμων, *ον*, *ονος*, (α privat., γνώμη) *wanting sense or judgment*: *senseless, thoughtless, headstrong*. II. *unfeeling, unkind*: *unjust*.

ἀ-γνός, ὤτος, *ὁ*, ἡ, (α privat., γῶναι) pass. *unknown*: *obscure*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*. II. act. *not knowing, ignorant of a thing*.

ἀγνῶς, Adv. of ἀγνός.

ἀγνωσία, ἡ, (ἀγνός) *a not knowing, ignorance*. II. *a being unknown, obscurity*.

ἀγνώσασκε or ἀγνώσασκε, Ion. and Ep. for ἤγνόησε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγνοέω.

ἀγνώσσω, pres. formed from foreg. = ἀγνοέω.

ἀ-γνωστος or ἀ-γνωτος, *ον*, (α privat., γινώσκω) *unknown, ἀγνωστος γλῶσσα an unknown tongue*: *unheard of, forgotten*. 2. *not to be known*. II.

act. *not knowing, ignorant of, τινός*.

ἀγξηρᾶναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναξηρᾶναι.

ἀγονία, ἡ, *unfruitfulness*. From

ἀ-γονος, *ον*, (α privat., γονή) pass. *unborn*. II. act. *not producing, unfruitful, barren*: *c. gen. not productive of, destitute of*; τόκος ἀγονος, *fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is born*. 2. *left childless*.

ἀ-γοος, *ον*, (α privat., γύος) *unmourned*.

ἀγορά, ἄς, Ep. and Ion. ἀγορή, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) *any*



assembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the Council (βουλή).

II. the place of Assembly, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the market-place.

III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. *concio*.

IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. *annona*; ἀγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, ἀγορὰ πλήθουσα, or ἀγορῆς πληθώρα, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορῆς διάλυσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

ἀγοράασθε, Ep. for ἀγοράσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of ἀγοράομαι. [ἀγοράασθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω: aor. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:—Pass., aor. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγόρασμαι: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself. 3. of idle people, to haunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

ἀγοραῖος, ον, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods.

II. frequenting the market-place:—οἱ ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἄνθρωποι): 1. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers. 2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. *subros-trani*, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III. generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a court-day.

ἀγορανόμος, ἡ, ὅν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or his office, Lat. *Aedilicius*.

ἀγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἀγορᾶ-νόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. *Aedilis*.

ἀγοράομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορησάμην: Dep.: (ἀγορά):—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak in the Assembly, Lat. *concionari*.

ἀγοράσδω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἀγοράσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἀγοράσμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἀγοραστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἀγορεύω, impf. ἡγόρευον, Ep. ἀγόρευον: fut. -εύσω: aor. ἡγόρευσα, Ep. ἀγ-: pf. ἡγόρευκα: Med. aor. ἡγορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἡγορεύθην: pf. ἡγόρευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. εἶρηκα, aor. εἶπον): (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακὸν or κακῶς ἀγορεύειν τινά to speak ill of one. 2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἀγορή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence

ἀγορήθεν, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

ἀγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσατο, Ep. for ἡγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἀγορητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητύς, υῖος, ἡ, (ἀγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἄγορος, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἄγος, εος, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence

I. pollution, guilt, Lat. *piaculum*: also the curse which follows it. 2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἄγοστός, ὁ, the flat of the band. II. the bent arm, like ἀγκών, ἀγκοῖνη. (Akin to ἀγκών, ἄγνυμι.) [ἄ]

ἄΓΡΑ, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, bunting; ἄγρην ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching.

II. that which is taken in bunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἄγραμματία, ἡ, want of learning: from

ἄ-γράμματος, ον, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. unable to read or write. II. = ἄγραφος, unwritten.

ἄ-γραφτος, ον, (a privat., γράφω) unwritten; ἄγρ. νόμιμα the unwritten moral law: cf. ἄγραφος.

ἄγραυλίω, f. ἡσώ, to be an ἄγραυλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἄγρ-αυλος, ον, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἄ-γρᾶφος, ον, = ἄγραφτος, unwritten; ἄγραφοι νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are I. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

ἄγρει, ἄγρεῖτε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἄγρειος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἄγροικος. Hence

ἄγρειοσύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

ἄΓΡΕΙΦΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a barrow, rake.

ἀγρέμιος, ον, (ἄγρα) taken in bunting.

ἀγρεσία, ἡ, = ἄγρα, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρευμα, τό, (ἀγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, = ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς. II. as Adj. used in bunting or fishing; ἄγρ. κύνες, bounds; ἄγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὅν, fit for, skilled in bunting. From

ἀγρεύω, f. εὐσώ, (ἄγρα) to hunt, take by bunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρέω, Aeol. form of ἀγρεύω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἄγρει, ἄγρεῖτε.

ἄγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄγρα.

ἀγριαίνω, f. ἄνῳ: aor. ἡγρίᾱνα: (ἀγριος):—I. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry. 2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρι-έλαιος, ον, (ἀγριος, ἐλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγριέλαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-δαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

ἀγριο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ποίω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἀγριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασύς, wild, savage, Lat. *ferus*; σὺς ἀγριος a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ἡμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed. II. of men and animals, 1. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. *ferus, ferox*. 2. in Att. also opp. to ἀστεῖος, (as Lat. *rusticus* to *urbanus*) boorish, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious. III. Adv. -ίως, also neut. pl. ἀγρία, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, ητος, ἡ, wildness, fierceness, Lat. *feritas*. ἀγριό-φωνος, ον, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγριόω, f. ὠσω: aor. ἡγρίωσα:—Pass., aor. ἡγρίωθην: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος):—to make wild or savage. II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. *efferrari*.

ἀγρίφη, ἡ, = ἀγρεῖφνα. [ῖ] ἀγρι-ώδης, es, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature. ἀγρι-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγρο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρος, βόσκω) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγρο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγρο-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρος, δίδωμι) a giver of booty. ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροικία, ἡ, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγρο-οικος, ον, (ἀγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to ἀστεῖος. 3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναῖος: but also 4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence

ἀγροίκως, Adv. like a clown, rudely. ἀγροιώτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρο-κόμος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, κομέω) a land-steward. ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country. ἀγρό-νομος, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (ἀγρός, νέμομαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

ἌΓΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, Lat. *AGER*, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

ἀγρότερος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγρος) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγοτέρα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, ον, ὁ, fem. ἀγρότις, ιδος, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυπνεῖν τι or εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. *invigilare rei*. Hence

ἀγρυπνία, ἡ, sleeplessness, waking, watching. ἀγρ-υπνος, ον, (ἀγρέω, ὕπνος) = αὔπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρώσσω, = ἀγρεύω, to catch. ἀγρώστης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγρος) a hunter: fem. ἀγρώστις, ιδος, ἡ, a huntress.

ἀγρωστis, ιος and εως, ἡ, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρώτης, ον, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυιά, ἡ, (ἀγω) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town. [ἀγυιά] Hence

ἀγυιάτης, ον, ὁ, = Ἀγυιεύς: voc. Ἀγυιάτα. [ἀγυιά] ἀγυιάτις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II. as Adj. Ἀγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

Ἀγυιεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγυιά) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνᾶσία, ἡ, want of exercise or training. From ἀ-γυμναστος, ον, (α privat., γυμνάζω) without exercise, untrained; ἀγύμναστος τινος unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed. II. Adv., ἀγυμνάστως ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἀγῦρις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ᾶ]

ἀγυρμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection. ἀγυρτάζω, (ἀγύρτης) to collect by begging. [ᾶ]

ἀγύρτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

ἀγυρτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like a mountebank. ἀγύρτρια, ἡ, fem. of ἀγυρτήρ.

ἀγχε-μαχος, ον, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting band to band; ἀγχ. ὄπλα arms for close fight.

ἌΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγχιον and ἀσσον: Sup. ἀγχιστα, ἀγχοτάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἀγχιστος. [ῖ]

ἀγχι-ἄλος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀγχι, ἄλς) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, sea-girt, like ἀμφί-αλος.

ἀγχι-βᾶθής, ἐς, (ἀγχι, βαθύς) deep close to shore. ἀγχι-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-γυος, ον, (ἀγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring land. ἀγχι-θεος, ον, (ἀγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.



ἀγχί-θυρος, ον, (ἀγχι, θύρα) near the door, neighbouring. [r]

ἀγχι-μάχητος, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀγχέμαχος.

ἀγχί-μολος, ον, (ἀγχι, μολεῖν) coming near: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγχίμολον ἐλθεῖν or στήναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγχιμόλοιο from nigh at hand.

ἀγχι-νεφής, ἐς, (ἀγχι, νέφος) near the clouds.

ἀγχι-νοῖα, ἡ, (ἀγχι, νοέω) a ready wit, shrewdness, Lat. sagacitas.

ἀγχί-νοος, ον, contr. ἀγχί-νοος, ουν, (ἀγχι, νοῦς) ready of mind, shrewd, Lat. sagax.

ἀγχιον, Comp. Adv. of ἀγχι, nearer.

ἀγχί-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀγχί-πλους, ουν, (ἀγχι, πλοῦς) near by sea; ἀγχι. πόρος a short voyage.

ἀγχί-πολις, ποῖτ. ἀγχί-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγχι, πόλις) near the city, dwelling in the land.

ἀγχί-πορος, ον, (ἀγχι, πορεύομαι) passing near; κόλακες ἀγχίποροι flatterers at one's elbow.

ἀγχί-πολις, ποῖτ. for ἀγχί-πολις.

ἀγχιστα, v. ἀγχιστος.

ἀγχιστεία, ἡ, (ἀγχιστεύω) nearness of kin. II. rights of kin, right of inheritance.

ἀγχιστεία, τά, = ἀγχιστεία.

ἀγχιστεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγχιστα) the next of kin: the heir at law.

ἀγχιστεύω, f. εἰσω, (ἀγχιστος) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be heir at law.

ἀγχιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἀγχιστεύς, ἀγχιστήρ τοῦ πάθους immediate author of the suffering.

ἀγχιστῖνος, η, ον, ποῖτ. lengthd. form of ἀγχιστος, close-packed, in a heap.

ἀγχιστος, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) next or nearest: ἀγχιστος γένει nearest of kin: neut. ἀγχιστον, or ἀγχιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, ἀγχιστα εἰκας most nearly like; οἱ ἀγχιστα the next of kin: freq. c. gen. as ἀγχιστά τινος, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

ἀγχί-στροφος, ον, (ἀγχι, στρέφω) turning near, quick-wheeling, of a bird. 2. quick-changing, changeable, sudden: neut. pl. ἀγχιστροφά as Adv. suddenly.

ἀγχι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

ἀγχί-τοκος, ον, (ἀγχι, τόκος) near the birth.

ἀγχοθεν, Adv. (ἀγχοῦ) from nigh at hand.

ἀγχοθι, Adv. = ἀγχοῦ, nigh at hand, c. gen.

ἀγχόνη, ἡ, (ἀγχω) throttling, strangling, banging: κρείσσον ἀγχόνης worse than banging; ἀγχόνης πέλας as bad as banging; ἀγχόνη καὶ λύπη anguish and grief. 2. a rope for banging, balter.

ἀγχόνιος, α, ον, (ἀγχόνη) fit for strangling or banging.

ἀγχορεύω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-χορεύω.

ἀγχοτάτος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. ἀγχοτάτω, like ἀγχιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἀγχοτάτω προσήκοντες the nearest of kin.

ἀγχότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearer.

ἌΓΧΟΥ = ἀγχι, near, nigh at hand: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγχι.

ἌΓΧΩ, impf. ἤγchon: f. ἄγγω: aor. ἤγξα:—Lat. ANGO, to press tight, esp. the throat: to strangle, throttle, bang.

ἀγχ-ώμαλος, ον, (ἀγχι, ὁμαλός) nearly equal; ἀγχ-ώμαλος μάχη a doubtful battle. Adv. ἀγχωμάλως, also ἀγχώμαλα, doubtfully, Lat. aequo Marte.

ἌΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ἤγον, Ep. ἄγον, Ion. ἄγεσκον: fut. ἄξω: aor. 2 ἤγαγον, inf. ἀγαγεῖν; less freq. aor. 1 ἤξα, inf. ἄξαι Ep. ἄξέμεν or ἄξέμεναι: pf. ἤχα, redupl. ἀγήοχα.—Med., fut. ἄξομαι: aor. 1 ἤξάμην, aor. 2 ἤγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ἄξομαι, with pass. signif.: aor. 1 pass. ἤχθην: pf. ἤγμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτέον:—q. v.

I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: ἄγειν εἰς δίκην or δικαστήριον, or ἄγειν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, to carry before a court of justice, Lat. rapere in jus.

2. to lead on, lead towards; ἄγεν θανάτοιο τέλοςδε led on to death; c. inf., ἄγει θανεῖν it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc.

3. to bring up, train, educate, καλῶς or κακῶς ἡχθῆναι.

4. to draw out in length; τεῖχος ἄγειν, Lat. murum ducere, to build a wall.

5. like Lat. agere, to bold, celebrate, εορτήν, etc.: also to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάς, etc.: ἄγειν βίον, Lat. agere vitam, to lead a life, live.

6. like Lat. ducere, to bold, consider; ἐν τιμῇ ἄγειν or ἄγεσθαι, to bold in honour, etc.

7. like ἔλκειν, to weigh so much, e. g. ἄγειν μνᾶν, τριακοσίους δαρείκους, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 darics, etc.

II. Med. ἄγομαι, to lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσόν τε καὶ ἄργυρον οἰκαδ' ἄγεσθαι.

2. ἄγεσθαι γυναῖκα, Lat. uxorem ducere, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἄγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son.

3. διὰ στόμα ἄγεσθαι μῦθον to let pass through the mouth, i. e. to utter.

4. ἄγεσθαί τι εἰς χεῖρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

ἀγωγαῖος, ον, (ἀγωγή) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

ἀγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγω to lead) a leader, one that draws or drags. II. that by which one leads, a rein, leash.

ἀγωγή, ἡ, (ἀγω) a leading away, a carrying away or off: also in intrans. sense, a going away.

2. a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly.

3. a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading of an army, guiding a state.

4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἀγώγιμος, ον, (ἀγω) easy to be carried: τὰ ἀγώγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares.

II. that may be carried away: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage.

III. easily led, compliant.

ἀγώγιον, τό, (ἄγω) *the load of a wagon.*

ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἄγω) *leading, guiding: as Subst., ἀγωγός, ὁ, a guide; ἀγωγοί an escort.* II.

*leading towards.* III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting, c. gen.: attractive, τὸ ἀγωγόν, attractiveness.*

ἈΓΩΝ, ὦνος, ὁ, *an assembly, like ἀγορά: esp. an assembly met to see games.* 2. *a place of assembly: a place of contest, the arena or stadium.* II. *the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games, as, ἀγών Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγών Ὀλυμπικός, etc.: hence the contest for a prize at their games.* 2. *generally, any struggle or contest, ἀγών περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς.* 3. *a battle.* 4. *an action at law, trial.* 5. *metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγών λόγων, μάχης, etc., now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.*

ἀγων-ἀρχῆς, ον, ὁ, (ἀγών, ἀρχω) *a president or judge of a contest.*

ἀγωνία, ἡ, *a struggle for victory.* 2. *gymnastic exercise, wrestling.* 3. *of the mind, agony, anguish.*

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἡγωνίω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἡγωνιάσα: pf. ἡγωνιάκα:—*to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι.* II. *to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.*

ἀγωνίδαται, v. ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι, Att. ἴουμαι, aor. I ἡγωνισάμην:—*for the pass. forms see signif. II. 2: (ἀγών):—to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; ἀγ. περί τινος to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τινι or πρὸς τινα to contend with one.* 2. *to fight.* 3. *to contend for the prize on the stage, act.* II. *to contend against in a law-suit; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφήν, to fight a cause to the last; ἀγ. φόνον to fight against a charge of murder.* 2. *in Pass. to be won by a hard contest, but rarely save in pf., e. g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνιδαται (Ion. for ἡγωνισμένοι εἰσὶ), many battles have been fought; so also in aor. I ἡγωνίσθην.*

ἀγώνιος, ον, (ἀγών) *presiding over the contest or the games, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολή ἀγώνιος cessation from combat.* [ᾶ]

ἀγώνισις, ἡ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contending for a prize.*

ἀγώνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contest for a prize, generally, a contest: in plur. achievements, exploits.* II. *an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.* III. *that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.*

ἀγωνισμός, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *rivalry.*

ἀγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, *one must contend.*

ἀγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a combatant, rival, esp. at the games: an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc.* 2. *a champion.*

ἀγωνιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning:—ἡ ἀγωνιστική (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing.*

Adv. -κῶς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν *to be disposed for combat.*

ἀγωνοθετέω, f. ἤσω, *to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.* From

ἀγωνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγών, τίθημι) *a president in the games: a judge.*

ἄδαγμός, ὁ, Ion. for ὕδαγμός, *an itching, sting.*

ἄδαημονία or ἄδαημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, unskilfulness in doing.* From

ἄ-δάημων, ον, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. μάχης ἄδαήμων: but, ἄδ. κακῶν beyond the knowledge, i. e. reach of ill.*

ἄδᾶής, ἐς, (a privat., δαῖναι) = foreg. *unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing how to.*

ἄ-δάητος, ον, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknown.*

ἄ-δαῖος, ον, (a privat., δαῖος) Dor. for ἄδηϊος.

ἄ-δαιτος, ον, (a privat., δαίνυμαι) *not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.*

ἄ-δακρῦς, υ, gen. vos, (a privat., δάκρυ) = ἄδάκρυτος I. II. = ἄδάκρυτος II.

ἄ-δακρῦτί, Adv. *without tears.* From

ἄ-δάκρυτος, ον, (a privat., δακρύω) *without tears: hence* I. act. *not weeping, tearless.* II. pass. *unwept.*

ἄ-δᾶλής, ἐς, Dor. for ἄ-δήλητος.

ἄδαμάντινος, ον, (ἄδάμας) *adamantine, of steel: hence, hard as adamant, stubborn.* Adv. -νως.

ἄδαμαντό-δετος, ον, (ἄδάμας, δέω) *iron-bound.*

ἄ-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, (a privat., δαμάω) *unconquerable: hence* I. as Subst. *adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond.* II. as Adj. *inexorable.*

ἄ-δάμαστος, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) *properly of horses, unbroken, untamable:—metaph. inexorable.*

ἄ-δάματος, ον, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, *unwedded.* [ᾶδᾶ-: but also ᾶδ- as in ᾶ-θᾶνατος.]

ἄ-δάπανος, ον, (a privat., δᾶπάνη) *without expense, costing nothing.* Adv. -νως.

ἄ-δασμος, ον, *tribute-free.*

ἄ-δαστος, ον, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δατέομαι) *undivided.*

ἄδδεός, Ep. vocat. of ἀδείης.

ἄδδηκότες, poet. for ἀδδηκότες, pf. part. of ἀδέω.

ἄδδην, poet. for ἄδην.

ἄδδῆσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἄδδῆ-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ἀδδῆ-.

ᾶδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. [ᾶ]

ᾶδεία, Dor. poet. for ἡδεία, fem. of ἡδύς: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ᾶ-δεής, Ep. ᾶ-δειής, ἐς, Ep. voc. ἄδδεός, (a privat., εἰός) *fearless, shameless.* 2. *fearless, secure: τὸ ᾶδεός, security:—Adv. ᾶδεῶς, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly.* II. *causing no fear, not formidable.*

ᾶδεια, ἡ, (ᾶδεής) *freedom from fear, safety, security: ᾶδειαν διδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an am-*



nestly; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δειής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δεής.

ἀ-δείμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) undaunted:

c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δεῖπνον) without food, unfed.

ἀ-δέκαστος, ον, (a privat., δεκάζω) unbribed. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δεκάτευτος, ον, (a privat., δεκάτεύω) not titbed.

ἀ-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) not received or believed. II. act. not receiving, not capable of, τινός.

ἀδελφεά, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφειός, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφή, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφιδέος, ον, contr. ἀδελφιδούς, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδέη, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφίζω, fut. Att. ἰώ, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) murdering a brother or sister.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφός): I. as Subst.

ἀδελφός, Ion. -φείος, Ep. -φειός, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελ-

φός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. geminus, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, ητος, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δενδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) without trees.

ἀ-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) awkward.

ἀ-δερκής, ἐς, (a privat., δέρκομαι) unseen, invisible.

ἀ-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δέρκομαι) not seeing,

sightless, ὄμματα. Adv. -τως, without looking.

ἀ-δεσμος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) unfettered, un-

bound; ἀδεσμος φυλακή, Lat. libera custodia, of

prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσπότης) without a

master:—of writings, anonymous.

ἀ-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) unbound: free.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεῦκος) not sweet, sour,

bitter, Lat. acerbus.

ἀ-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) untanned.

\*ΑΔΕΨΩ, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω

has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

\*ΑΔΕΨΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come

aor. 1 opt. ἀδδήσειε or ἀδήσειε, may be be sated;

and pf. part. ἀδδηκότες or ἀδηκότες, sated. Cf. ἄω,

satio.

ἀ-δήϊος, contr. ἀ-δῆος, Dor. ἀ-δάϊος, ον, (a privat., δῆϊος) unassailed.

ἀ-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

ἀδηλέω, (ἀδηλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ἀ-δήλητος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) unburt.

ἀδηλία, ἡ, (ἀδηλος) uncertainty.

ἀ-δηλος, ον, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown,

unseen, secret; ἀδηλόν ἐστιν εἰ... or ὅτι..., it is un-

certain whether... Adv. -λως, secretly: Sup. ἀδη-

λότεστα.

ἀδηλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀδηλος) uncertainty.

ἀδημονέω, f. ἦσω, to be in great distress or anguish

at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδημονία, ἡ, great distress or anguish.

ἀδην, Ep. ἄδδην, Att. ἄδην, Adv. (\*ἀδέω) Lat.

SATIS, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι ἄδδην to eat

their fill, of horses; ἄδην πολέμοιο enough of war;

ἄδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δηρις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δῆρις) without strife.

ἀ-δῆριτος, ον, (a privat., δῆριος) without strife or

battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable.

ἄδης or Ἄιδης, ον, ὁ, Att., but also Ἀΐδης [Ἄϊδης],

ao and εω:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat.

Pluto: εἰν and εἰς Ἀΐδαο, Attic ἐν and εἰς Ἀΐδου

(with or without δόμος), in or into the house of

Hades. II. later, the grave, death.

ἀδήσειε, aor. 1 opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδήσω, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀδη-φάγος, ον, (ἀδην, φάγειν) eating to excess, de-

vouring, gluttonous.

ἀ-δῆωτος, ον, (a privat., δηόω) not wasted.

ἀ-διάβᾶτος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) not to be

crossed, impassable.

ἀ-διακρίτος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) undistin-

guishable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

ἀ-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) uninter-

mitting, unceasing. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-διαλλάκτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irrecon-

cilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκ-

τως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved: in-

dissoluble. 2. irreconcilable. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως

ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) incompre-

hensible. II. act. not understanding, silly.

ἀ-διαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) un-

wetted:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπανστος, ον, (a privat., διαπαύω) not to be

stilled, incessant, violent.

ἀ-διάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) not liable

to error, infallible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπάω) not torn

asunder, unbroken. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., διατρέπω) immovable,

headstrong. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρεψία, ἡ, immovableness, obstinacy.

ἀ-διάφθαρτος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible.

ἀδιαφθορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From ἀ-διάφθορος, ον, (α privat., διαφθείρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀδιάφορος, ον, (α privat., διαφέρω) *not different: indifferent*.

ἀδίδακτος, ον, (α privat., διδάσκω) *of persons, untaught, unlearned, rude*. II. *of things, not learnt: also, learnt without teaching*.

ἀδιεξέργαστος, ον, (α privat., διεργάζομαι) *not to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀδιέξοδος, ον, (α privat., διέξοδος) *without outlet*. II. *act. unable to get out*.

ἀδιέργαστος, ον, (α privat., διεργάζομαι) *not worked out, unfinished*.

ἀδιερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀδιήγητος, ον, (α privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀδίκαστος, ον, (α privat., δικάζω) *without judgment given, undecided*.

ἀδικειμένος, Boeot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω: impf. ἡδίκηον, Ion. εὖν: f. ἡσω: aor. 1 ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομαι: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος):—*to do wrong*. II.

trans. c. acc. pers. *to do one wrong, to wrong, injure*: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι *to wrong one in a thing*:—Pass. *to be wronged or injured*.

ἀδίκημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, injury*, Lat. *injuria*: c. gen., ἀδ. τινος *a wrong done to one*.

ἀδίκητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence, = ἀδίκημα*. II. *injustice*.

ἀδίκιον, τό, = ἀδίκημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀ-δίκος, ον, (α privat., δίκη) *of persons and things, doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust; ἀδίκος εἰς τι unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person; ἀδίκος λόγος a plea of injustice; ἀδίκων χειρῶν ἄρξαι to begin lawless acts of violence; ἀδίκος πλοῦτος unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-matched, as horses*. III. ἀδίκος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἀνευ δικῶν, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies nefastus*. Hence

ἀδίκως, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀδην) *close, thick: hence 1. crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehement, loud, esp. of sounds*:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, *vehemently, loudly*; Comp. ἀδινώτερον. [α]

ἀδιοίκητος, ον, (α privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἄδιον, Dor. for ἡδιον, neut. Comp. of ἡδύς.

ἀδιόρθωτος, ον, (α privat., διορθώω) *not corrected: incorrigible*.

ἀδίστακτος, ον, (α privat., διστάζω) *without doubting*. Adv. -τως.

ἀδιψος, ον, (α privat., διψάω) *without thirst, not thirsty*.

ἀδμής, ἡτος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἀδμητος.

ἀδμητις, ἰδος, acc. ἀδμητιν, fem. of ἀδμής.

ἀ-δμητος, ἡ, ον, (α privat., δαμάω) poet. for ἀδάματος, *untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried*.

ἄδο-βάτης, ον, ὅ, (ἄδης, βαίνω) *one who has gone to Hades*. [βα]

ἄδοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀδόκητος, ον, (α privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II. *inglorious*. Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv. *unexpectedly*; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκήτου.

ἀδοκίμαστος, ον, (α privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried, unproved*. [ι]

ἀδοκίμος, ον, (α privat., δοκίμος) *unproved, spurious, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, reprobate*.

ἀδολεσχέω, fut. ἡσω, *to talk idly, to prate*. [α] From

ἀδο-λέσχης, ον, ὅ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέσχη) *a prating fellow*. II. *in good sense, a keen, subtle reasoner*. [α] Hence

ἀδολεσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness, subtlety*. [α] Hence

ἀδολεσχικός, ἡ, ὅν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [α] ἀ-δολος, ον, *guileless, artless: in Att. esp. of treaties, without dishonest intent*. II. *of liquids, unmixed, pure*. Adv. -λως, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἱαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδον, impf. of ἄδω.

ἀ-δόνητος, ον, (α privat., δονέω) *not shaken*.

ἄδονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, poet. for ἀηδονίς. [α]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (α privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II. *not matter of opinion, i. e. certain*.

ἀδοξίω, f. ἡσω, (ἄδοξος) *to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute*. II. trans. *to hold in no esteem*. Hence

ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, dishonour*.

ἄ-δοξος, ον, (α privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgraceful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

'ΑΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἡδος, *joy*.

ἄ-δοτος, ον, (α privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἄ-δουλος, ον, (α privat., δούλος) *without slaves, unattended, deserted*.

ἄ-δούλωτος, ον, (α privat., δουλῶω) *unenslaved*.

ἄ-δούπητος, ον, (α privat., δονπέω) *noiseless*.

ἀδράνεια, Ep. ἀδρανίη, ἡ, *inactivity*. From ἀ-δρανής or ἀ-δρᾶνής, ἐς, (α privat., δραίνω) *inactive, listless, feeble*.

'Αδράστεια, Ion. 'Αδρήστεια, ἡ, *a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, not to be escaped, as if from διδράσκω, cf. sq.*

ἄ-δραστος, Ion. ἄ-δρηστος, ον, (α privat., διδράσκω) *not running away, not inclined to run away*.

ἄ-δρεπτος, ον, (α privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

ἄ-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ἄ-δραστος.

'Αδρίας, ον, Ion. 'Αδρίης, εω, ὅ, *the Adriatic Sea*. Hence



Ἀδριατικός and Ἀδρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of the Adriatic. ἄ-δριμυς, υ, (a privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent. ἄδρoομαι, Pass. (ἄδρός) to grow ripe: to come to one's strength.

ἈΔΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

ἄδρoσύνη, ἡ, = sq.

ἄδρoτής, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἄδρός) stoutness: ripeness, fullness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.

ἄδρύνω, (ἄδρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe.

ἄδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-.

ἄ-δυνάμια, ἡ, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength, weakness: poverty.

ἄ-δυνάσια, ἡ, = ἄδυναμία.

ἄδυνάτιω, ἡ, ἡσω, (ἄδύνατος) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence

ἄδυνάτια, ἡ, = ἄδυναμία.

ἄ-δύνάτος, ὄν, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2. absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἄδύνατον want of strength. II.

Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἄδ. impossibility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [ῥ]

ἄδύς, ἑα, ὕ, Dor. for ἡδύς.

ἄ-δύτος, ὄν, (a privat., δύνω) not to be entered:—hence as Subst. ἄδυτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or shrine, Lat. adytum: also ἄδυτος, ὅ.

ἄδω, Att. contr. for αἰδω, q. v.

ἄδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀηδών, the nightingale. [ᾱ]

Ἀδώνια, τά, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

Ἀδωνιασμός, οὔ, ὅ, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδωνις, ἰδος, ὅ, Adonis. 2. Ἀδωνιδος κῆποι, pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [ᾱ]

ἄ-δωρητος, ὄν, (a privat., δωρέομαι) = ἄ-δαρος.

ἄ-δωροδόκητος, ὄν, (a privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-δωροδόκος, ὄν, unbribed, incorruptible.

ἄ-δωρος, ὄν, (a privat., δῶρον) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—ἄδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no gifts. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ἄ-δότης, ὄν, ὅ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives nothing.

ἄέ, Dor. for αἰέ. [ᾱ]

ἄ-εδνος, ὄν, (a privat., ἔδνα) undowered.

ἄεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἄεθλέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. imperf. ἀέθλεον.

ἄεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

ἄεθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον: properly neut. from

ἄεθλιος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (ἄεθλον) running for the prize; ἄεθλιος ἵππος a race-horse; ἄεθλιον μῆλον the apple of discord.

ἄεθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον.

ἄεθλος, ὅ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλος.

ἄεθλο-φόρος, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φέρρος.

ἄεί, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' αἰέ ever up to this time: also εἰς αἰέ or εἰσαεί. With the Artic.

ὁ αἰεὶ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is ruler; ὁ αἰεὶ βασιλεύς the reigning king. Besides αἰέ the Ion. and poet. forms αἰέ and αἰέν are very common: in Dor. also αἰές, αἰές, and αἰέ.

ἄεί-βολος, ὄν, (αἰέ, βάλλω) continually thrown.

ἄει-γενέτης, poet. αἰει-γενέτης, ὄν, ὅ, (αἰέ, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ὄντες, ever existing, immortal.

ἄει-γενής, ἑς, Att. for αἰει-γενέτης.

ἄειδε, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of αἰέω.

ἄ-εἶδελος, ὄν, (a privat., \*εἶδω) unseen, dark.

ἄ-εἰδής, ἑς, (a privat., \*εἶδω) unseen, without bodily form. II. (a privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure.

ἄει-δίνητος, ὄν, (αἰέ, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῖ]

ἈΕΙΔΩ, Att. contr. ἄδω: imperf. ἡείδον, Ep. αἰέδον, Att. ἡδον: fut. αἰέσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, Dor. ἀσεύμαι; rarely αἰέσω, Att. ἄσω, Dor. ἄσῶ: aor. 1 ἡείσα, Ep. αἰείσα, Att. ἡσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡσθην: pf. ἡσμαι:—to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. II. trans.:—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt, descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3. Pass. to resound with song.

ἄει-ζωος, ὄν, Att. contr. αἰέ-ζωος, ὄν, (αἰέ, ζῶ) everliving, everlasting.

ἄει-θαλής, ἑς, (αἰέ, θάλος) ever-green.

ἄ-εἰκέη or -ίη [ῖ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῖ], ἡ, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ἄ-εἰκέλιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, poet. form for sq.: contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. -ίως.

ἄ-εἰκής, ἑς, Att. contr. αἰκίης, ἑς, (a privat., εἶκος) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες: Adv. in unseemly manner.

ἄ-εἰκής, ἑς, Att. contr. αἰκίης, ἑς, (a privat., εἶκος) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες: Adv. in unseemly manner.

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ἄ-εἰκή, ἡ, = αἰεκή.

ἄεικίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ίω: aor. 1 ἡείκισα, Ep. αἰέκισσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. αἰεκισθῆναι: (αἰεκής):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

ἄει-κίνητος, ὄν, (αἰέ, κινέω) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [ῖ]

ἄεικισθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of αἰεκίζω.

ἄεικισσα, αἰεκισσάμην, Ep. aor. 1 act. and med. cf αἰεκίζω.

ἄεικῶ, Att. fut. of αἰεκίζω.

ἄεικῶς, Ion. αἰεκέως, Adv. of αἰεκής, shamefully.

ἄεί-λαλος, ὄν, (αἰέ, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

ἄειλογία, ἡ, as Att. law-term, τὴν αἰελογίαν παρέχειν, προτείνεισθαι to court continual inquiry. From

ἄει-λόγος, ὄν, (αἰέ, λέγω) always talking.

ἄεί-μνηστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (αἰέ, μνήσκομαι) had in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τως.

ἄεί-ναος, ὄν, contr. αἰέ-νωος, ὄν, (αἰέ, νάω) = αἰεναος, ever-flowing.

ἄεί-νηστις, ἰος, ὅ, ἡ, ever-fasting.

ἄεί-πλάνος, ὄν, (αἰέ, πλανάομαι) ever-wandering.

ἄειρα, Ep. for ἡείρα, aor. 1 of αἰέρω.

αἰεῖραι, aor. 1 inf. of αἰέρω.

αἰέ-ρος, ον, contr. αἰέ-ρους, ουν, = sq.  
 αἰέ-ρῦτος, ον, (αἰέ, ῥέω) ever-flowing.  
 ἈΕΪΡΩ, Att. αἶρω: fut. ἀρῶ [ᾱ], contr. from ἀερῶ: aor. I act. ἤειρα, Ep. αἶρα.—Med., fut. ἀροῦμαι [ᾱ], contr. from ἀερούμαι: aor. I ἤειράμην.—Pass., aor. I ἤερθην, Ep. αἶρθην: pf. ἤερμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. ἄωρτο: for the Att. forms, v. αἶρω:—to lift, beave, raise up, hence to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder: but also, to band, offer:—Med. to lift up for oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself:—Pass. to be hung up, to bang; μάχαιρα παρὰ ξίφους κουλεὶν ἄωρτο the dagger hung beside the sword sheath. 2. to raise or stir up; αἶρασθαι τὰ ιστία to hoist sail: Pass. to raise up, arise.

αἶσα, Ep. aor. I of αἶδω.  
 αἶσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of αἶμι.  
 αἶσι, 3 pl. of αἶμι.  
 αἶσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ἄσμα, as αἶδω for ἄδω.  
 αἶσομαι, fut. of αἶδω.  
 αἶ-φάνης, ἐς, (αἶ, φανῆναι) ever-shining or appearing.

αἶ-φρουρος, ον, (αἶ, φρουρά) ever-watched or ever-watching, ever-wakeful.

αἶ-φυγία, ἡ, (αἶ, φυγή) exile for life.  
 αἶ-χρόνιος, ον, (αἶ, χρόνος) everlasting.  
 ἀεκαζόμενος, η, ον, (ἀέκων) unwilling, resisting; πολλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's multa reluctans.

ἀ-εκήλιος, ον, for ἀεικέλιος.  
 ἀέκτητι or ἀεκτητί, (ἀέκων) Ep. Adv. against the will, often in Homer c. gen.; σεῦ ἀέκτητι, Lat. te invito; θεῶν ἀέκτητι, Lat. Diis non propitiis.

ἀ-εκούσιος, ον, also α, ον, Att. contr. ἀκούσιος, ον, (α privat., ἐκούσιος) against the will, forced, involuntary.

ἀ-έκων, Att. contr. ἄκων [ᾱ], ουσα, ον, (α privat., ἐκῶν) against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose.

αἶλιος, Dor. for ἡέλιος, ἥλιος.  
 αἶλλα, Ep. αἶλλη, ης, ἡ, (ᾱ, αἶμι) a stormy wind, a whirlwind. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion [ᾱ]

αἶλλαῖος, α, ον, (αἶλλα) stormy, swift as the storm.  
 αἶλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = αἶλλαῖος.  
 αἶλλής, ἐς, (αἶλλα) eddying.  
 αἶλλο-μάχος, ον, (αἶλλα, μάχομαι) struggling with the storm. [ᾱ]

αἶλλό-πος, Homeric form of sq.  
 αἶλλό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (αἶλλα, πούς) storm-footed, swift as the storm, only found in Ep. form αἶλλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πούλυ-πος, etc.: dat. pl. αἶλλοπόδεσσιν.

ἀελπτέω, (ἀελπτος) to be without hope, to despair.  
 ἀ-ελπτής, ἐς, (α privat., ἔλπομαι) unhopd for, unexpected.

ἀελπτία, ἡ, an unlooked for event: ἐξ ἀελπτίας, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly. 2. despair. From

ἔ-ελπτος, ον, (α privat., ἔλπομαι) unlooked for, un-

expected: to be despaired of: ἀελπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. unexpectedly. II. act. hopeless, desperate.

ἀελπτῶς, Adv. of ἀελπτής, unexpectedly.

αἶ-νάος, ον, also Ep. αἶ-ναος, contr. αἶ-νωσ, ον, (αἶ, νάω) ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, never-failing. Adv. -άως.

αἶ-νάων, ουσα, ον, = ἀέναος.

ἀέντες, part. pl. of αἶμι.

ἀεξι-γυιος, ον, (ἀέξω, γυῖον) strengtbening the limbs.

ἀεξι-νοος, ον, contr. ἀεξι-νους, ουν, (ἀέξω, νόος) strengtbening the mind.

ἀεξι-φυλλος, ον, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) making leaves grow, leafy.

ἀεξι-φῦτος, ον, (ἀέξω, φυτύν) making plants grow.

ἈΕΪΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for ΑΤΞΩ, αὐξάνω, Lat. AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres. and impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀεξήσω, aor. I ἤεξησα; fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, pf. pass. ἤεξημαι:—to make to grow, increase, foster, strengtben: to beigh'ten, multiply:—Pass. and Med. to increase, wax great: prosper.

ἀεργείη or -ίη [ι], Ion. for ἀεργία.

ἀ-εργής, ἐς, = ἀ-εργός.

ἀεργία, Ion. -ίη [ι], ἡ, a not working, idleness.

[ι] 2. of a field, a lying fallow or waste. From

ἀ-εργός, contr. ἀργός, ὄν, (α privat., \*ἐργω) not working, idle. Adv. -γῶ.

ἀέρδην, contr. ἄρδην, Adv. (αἶρω) lifting up.

ἀερθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἀερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἤερθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense.

ἀέριος, ον, also α, ον, Ion. ἡέριος, η, ον, (ἀήρ, ἥρ, ἥρι) in mist, or thick air: cloudy. II. in the air, high in air.

ἀ-ερκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐργω) unfenced, open.

ἀεροβάτέω, f. ἤσω, to tread in air, walk the air. From

ἀερο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀήρ, βαίνω) one who treads in air.

ἀερο-δινής, Ion. ἡερο-δινής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) wheeling in air.

ἀερο-δόνητος, ον, (ἀήρ, δονέω) tossed in mid air, soaring.

ἀεροδρομέω, f. ἤσω, to traverse air. From

ἀερο-δρόμος, ον, traversing air.

ἀερο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) like the sky or air, misty: see ἡεροειδής.

ἀερο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an air-raven.

ἀερο-κῶνωψ, ὤπος, ὁ, an air-gnat.

ἀερο-μάχια, ἡ, (ἀήρ, μάχη) a battle in the air.

ἀερο-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀήρ, μετρέω) to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation.

ἀερε-νηχής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, νήχομαι) floating in air, of the clouds.

ἀέρρω, Aeol. for αἶρω.

ἀερσι-κάρηνος, ον, (αἶρω, κάρηνον) carrying the head high. [κᾱ]

ἀερσι-πότης, ον, ὁ, and ἀερσι-πότητος, ον, (αἶρω, ποτάομαι) hovering on high.



ἀερσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀείρω, πούς) *lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.*

ἀερτάζω, poet. form of ἀείρω, to lift up: impf. ἡέρταζον.

ἀερτάω, = ἀερτάζω:—aor. I ἡέρτησα: pf. pass. ἡέρτημαι.

ἀέσ, Dor. for ἀεί. [ᾱ]

ἀεσα, I pl. ἀέσαμεν and ἄσαμεν, 3 pl. ἄεσαν, inf. ἀέσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root ἀέω, = εὔδω, to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄημι, ἰαύω, ἀωπέω.

ἀεσιφροσύνη, ἡ, silliness, folly, in plur. ἀεσιφροσύναι. From

ἀεσί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) injured in mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [ᾱ]

ἌΕΤΟ'Σ or αἰετός, also poet. αἰητός, οὐ, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ᾱ]

ἀετ-ώδης, ες, (ἀετός, εἶδος) eagle-like. [ᾱ]

\*ἈΕ'Ω, to sleep, v. ἀεσα.

\*ΑΖΑ, ἡ, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub ᾱζω.)

ἄζαλέος, α, ον, (ᾱζω) pass. dry, parched: hence barsb, cruel. II. act. parching, scorching.

ἄζάνω, (ᾱζω) to dry or parch up.

ἄζηλία, ἡ, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From ἄ-ζηλος, ον, like ἀζήλωτος, unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.

ἄ-ζήλωτος, ον, (α privat., ζηλόω) not to be envied.

ἄ-ζήμιος, ον, (α privat., ζημία) without loss, scot-free: not deserving punishment:—Adv. -ίως, with impunity. 2. not amounting to punishment, harmless.

ᾱζηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ᾱζω.

ἄ-ζήτητος, ον, (α privat., ζητέω) unexamined.

ἄζηχης, ες, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv.

ἄζηχης, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. bard, rough. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄ-ζυγος, ον, = ἄ-ζυξ, ill-matched: unmarried.

ἄ-ζυμος, ον, (α privat., ζύμη) unleavened: τὰ ἄζυμα, the feast of unleavened bread.

ἄ-ζυξ, ὅ, ἡ, (α privat., ζυγῆναι) unyoked, unpaired: unmarried, unwedded.

\*ΑΖΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched up, pine away through grief.

ἈΖΩ, mostly used as Dep. ᾱζομαι, and only in pres. and impf.: to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of doing; or μή..., to fear lest:—absol. to be awe-struck.—Cf. σέβω.

ἄ-ζωστος, ον, (α privat., ζώννυμι) ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.

ᾱη, 3 sing. impf. of ᾱημι.

ἄ-ηδής, ες, (α privat., ἡδός) unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

ἄηδία, ἡ, (ἄηδής) a being displeased, disgust, dislike. II. unpleasantness, odiousness.

ἄηδονιδεύς, εως, Ep. gen. ἡος, ὁ, a young nightingale.

ἄηδονιδεύς, ον, (ἄηδων) of or belonging to a nightingale.

ἄηδονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἄηδων, a nightingale.

ἄηδών, οὐς, ἡ, = ἄηδων, a nightingale.

ἄηδων, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ἄηδόνος or ἄηδούς, (ἀείδω) a nightingale; properly the songstress.

ἄηδώς, Adv. of ἄηδής, ἄηδώς εἶχειν to be unfriendly.

ἀήθεια, Ion. ἀηθείη [ῑ], ἡ, (ἀήθης) unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: ἀήθ. τινός inexperience of a thing.

ἀηθέσσω, poet. for ἀηθέω, to be unaccustomed to a thing, c. gen.: impf. ἀήθεσσον.

ἄ-ἡθης, ες, (α privat., ἡθος) unwonted, unusual, strange:—Adv. -θως. 2. unused to a thing, c. gen.

II. without ἡθος or character.

ἀηθίη, ἡ, = ἀήθεια, q. v.

ἀηθίζομαι, Dep. (ἀήθης) to be unaccustomed.

ἀήθως, Adv. of ἀήθης, unexpectedly.

ἄημα, τό, (ᾱημι) a blast, wind.

ἄήμεναι, Ep. for ἄηναι, inf. of ᾱημι.

\*ΑΗΜΙ, 3 sing. ᾱησι, 3 dual ᾱητον (not ᾱετον), 3 pl. ᾱησι; imper. 3 sing. ᾱήτω; inf. ᾱηναι, Ep. ᾱήμεναι; part. ᾱείς: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ᾱη, 3 pl. ᾱεσαν:—Pass. ᾱημαι, part. ᾱήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ᾱητο:—to breathe hard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence to be spread abroad.

ᾱήναι, inf. of ᾱημι.

ᾱήρ, ᾱέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ᾱήρ or ᾱήρ, ᾱέρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp. to αἰθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. II. 14. 288: hence misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air. (From \*ᾱω, ᾱημι.) [ᾱ]

ᾱησις, εως, ἡ, (ᾱημι) = ᾱημα, a blowing. [ᾱ]

ἄ-ἡσσητος, Att. ἄ-ἡττητος, ον, (α privat., ἡσάομαι) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.

ᾱήσυλος, for αἰσυλος, wicked.

ᾱήσυρος, ον, (\*ᾱω, ᾱημι) light as air: little.

ᾱήτη, ἡ, = ᾱήτης.

ᾱήτης, ον, ὁ, (ᾱω, ᾱημι) a blast, gale, wind.

ᾱητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ᾱημι.

ᾱητον, 3 dual pres. of ᾱημι.

ᾱητος, ον, an old word, only in li. 21. 395, prob. from ᾱημι, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible; cp. αἰητος.

ᾱήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ᾱημι.

ἄ-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., θάλασσα) without sea, inland.

ἄ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ον, (α privat., θαλασσώω) never having been at sea.

ἄ-θαλής, ες, (α privat., θάλος) not verdant.

ἄ-θαλπής, ες, (α privat., θάλπος) without warmth.

ἄ-θαμβής, ες, (α privat., θάμβος) fearless.

ἄθαι-ασία, ἡ, (ἀθάνατος) immortality.

ᾱθανατίζω, (ἀθάνατος) to make immortal:—Pass. to become or be immortal. II. to bold oneself immortal.

ἀ-θάνατος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to *θνητός* and *βροτός*:—hence ἀθάνατοι, *οἱ*, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

ἀ-θαπτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θάπτω*) unburied. II. unworthy of burial.

ἀθήρη, also ἀθήρη, *ή*, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [*ἄθᾱ-*]

ἀ-θαρήσ, *ές*, (a privat., *θάρσος*) discouraged.

ἀ-θαύμαστος, *ον*, (a privat., *θαυμάζω*) not wondering at anything. Adv. *-τως*. II. not admired.

ἀ-θέατος, *ον*, (a privat., *θεάομαι*) unseen, invisible: secret. II. act. not seeing, blind to.

ἀθεεί, Adv. (*ἄθεος*) without the aid of God.

ἀ-θείαστος, *ον*, (a privat., *θειάζω*) uninspired.

ἀ-θελκτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θέλγω*) implacable.

ἀ-θεμις, *ιτος, ό, ή*, lawless.

ἀ-θεμίστιος, ἀ-θέμιστος, and ἀ-θέμιτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θέμις*) lawless, without law or government, godless, Lat. *nefarius*. Adv. *-τως*.

ἀ-θεος, *ον*, without God, denying the gods: generally, godless, ungodly. II. abandoned by the gods. Hence.

ἀ-θεότης, *ητος, ή*, godlessness, ungodliness.

ἀθεράπενυσία, *ή*, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

ἀ-θεράπεντος, *ον*, (a privat., *θεράπεύω*) not attended to, neglected. II. unhealed, incurable.

ἀ-θερίζω: Ep. aor. I ἀθέριξα or *-ισσα*: (a privat., *θέρω* = *θεραπεύω*):—to slight, make light of, Lat. *nihil curare*, c. acc.

ἀ-θέρμαντος, *ον*, (a privat., *θερμαίνω*) unbeated; not excited by passion.

ἀ-θερμος, *ον*, without warmth.

ἀθεσία, *ή*, (*ἄθετος*) unsteadiness, fickleness.

ἀ-θεσμος, *ον*, lawless.

ἀ-θέσφᾱτος, *ον*, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ἀ-θετέω, f. *ήσω*, (*ἄθετος*) to set aside, disregard.

ἀθέτησις, *εως, ή*, (*ἀθετέω*) abolition, rejection.

ἀ-θετος, *ον*, (a privat., *τίθημι*) not placed, set aside, useless:—Adv. *ἀθέτως* = *ἀθέσμως*, lawlessly.

ἀθίως, Adv. of *ἄθεος*, in a godless manner.

ἀ-θηλος, *ον*, (a privat., *θηλή*) unsuckled, weaned.

ἀ-θῆλυντος, *ον*, (a privat., *θηλύνω*) not made womanish: masculine.

Ἀθηνᾶ, *ᾱς, ή*, contr. from Ἀθηνᾶα or Ἀθηναία, Ion. Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναίη, Dor. Ἀθάνα, Ἀθαναία, Aeol. Ἀ-θηνᾶα, Athena, Lat. *Minerva*, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Ἀθήναζε, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

Ἀθήναι, *ᾶν, αἱ*, the city of Athens, used in pl. like Ὀῦβαι, Μυκῆναι, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἀθηναῖον, *τό*, (Ἀθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena.

Ἀθηναῖος, *α, ον*, (Ἀθηνᾶ) Athenian, of or from Athens.

Ἀθήνηθεν or *-θε*, Adv. from Athens.

Ἀθήνησι, Adv. at Athens.

ἀθηνιάω, to long to be at Athens.

Ἀθήνοθεν, Adv. from Athens.

ἈΘΗΨ, *έρος, ό*, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. *spica*. II. the point or barb of a weapon. [*ᾱ*]

ἀ-θήρᾱτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θηράω*) not to be caught.

ἀ-θήρευτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θηρεύω*) not hunted.

ἀθηρη-λοιγός, *ό*, (ἀθήρ, *λοιγός*) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. ἀθηρύ-βρωτος.

ἀθηρό-βρωτος, *ον*, (ἀθήρ, *βιβρώσκω*) devouring ears of corn: ἀθηρόβρωτον ὄργανον a winnowing fan.

ἀ-θηρος, *ον*, (a privat., *θήρ*) without wild beasts or game.

ἀ-θησαύριστος, *ον*, (a privat., *θησαυρίζω*) not fit for boarding up.

ἀ-θιγής, *ές*, (a privat., *θιγείν*) = ἀθικτος.

ἀ-θικτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θιγγάνω*) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; κερδῶν ἀθικτος untainted by money; also c. dat. *νύσοις* ἀθικτος. 2. not to be touched, holy, sacred. II. act. not touching.

ἀθλεύω, contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω: fut. *εύσω*: (ἀθλος):—to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle. 2. to struggle, endure, suffer.

ἀθλέω, f. *ήσω*: aor. I ἤθλησα: pf. ἤθληκα: (ἀθλος):—to contend for a prize. 2. to endure, suffer. II. to be an athlete.

ἄθλημα, *τό*, (ἀθλέω) a contest, struggle. II. an implement of labour.

ἀθλησις, *εως, ή*, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, hard trial.

ἀθλητήρ, *ήρος, ό*, older form of ἀθλητής.

ἀθλητής, contr. from ἀεθλητής, *οῦ, ό*, (ἀθλέω) a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. *athleta*. II. generally one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

ἄθλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, contr. from ἀέθλιος, (*ἄεθλον, ἄθλον*) subject to the toils of conflict: hence generally, wretched, Lat. *miser*. Hence

ἀθλιότης, *ητος, ή*, suffering, wretchedness.

ἀθλο-θετήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (ἄθλον, *τίθημι*) = ἀθλοθέτης.

ἀθλο-θέτης, *ον, ό*, (ἄθλον, *τίθημι*) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also *βραβεύς*.

ἈΘΛΟΝ, *τό*, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλον, the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence. II. in plur. also = ἀθλος, a contest, combat.

ἈΘΛΟΣ, *ό*, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλος, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

ἀθλοσύνη, *ή*, = ἀθλος.

ἀθλο-φόρος, *ον*, (ἄθλον, *φέρω*) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

ἀ-θολος, *ον*, (a privat., *θολός*) not muddy, clear.

ἀ-θόλωτος, *ον*, (a privat., *θολίω*) not muddied, undisturbed.

ἀ-θορύβητος, *ον*, (a privat., *θορυβέω*) undisturbed.

ἀ-θόρυβος, *ον*, (a privat., *θύρβος*) without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. *-βως*.



**ἄθραυστος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θραύω*) *unbroken*.  
**ἄθρε'Ω**, Att. *ἀθρέω*: *φ. ἤσω*: *αορ. 2 ἤθρησα*:—*to look closely at, gaze at, observe*. 2. later, of the mind, *to consider, think on, ponder*:—esp. in pres. and *αορ. 1* imperat. *ἄθρει, ἄθρησον*, *see, look, consider*.  
**ἀθρητέον**, verb. Adj. of *ἀθρέω*, *one must consider*.  
**ἀθροίζω** or **ἀθροίζω**: *φ. σω*: *αορ. 1 ἤθροισα*:—Pass., *αορ. 1 ἤθροίσθην*: *pf. ἤθροισμαι*: (*ἀθρός*):—*to gather together, collect*, esp. *to levy forces*; *πνεῦμα ἀθροΐζειν* *to collect one's breath*:—Pass. *to be gathered or crowded together*: of armies, *to muster*: *φόβος ἤθροισται* *fear has gathered, i. e. has arisen*.  
**ἀθροισις**, *ως, ἡ*, (*ἀθροΐζω*) *a gathering, levying*.  
**ἀθροισμα**, *τό*, (*ἀθροΐζω*) *that which is gathered, a gathering, collection*.  
**ἀθροιστέον**, verb. Adj. of *ἀθροΐζω*, *one must collect*.  
**ἀθρός**, *α, ον*, old Att. *ἄθρους, ον*: Comp. *ἀθροώτερος*, later *ἀθροώστερος*: (*ἄμα, θρός*) *assembled in crowds, collected together*: *ἀθροοί* in crowds. II. *all at once, once for all*; *τὸ ἀθρόον* *the whole body, the mass: collective*; *ἀθρόα πάντ' ἀπέτισεν* *he paid the penalty of all at once*:—Adv. *ἀθρόον* and *ἀθρόως*, *at once, suddenly*. III. *immense, vast*: also *continuous, incessant*.  
**ἄθρυπτος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θρύπτω*) *unbroken, imperishable*. II. *not enervated*.  
**ἀθυμῖω**, *φ. ἤσω*, (*ἀθυμος*) *to be disheartened, to despond at or for a thing*.  
**ἀθυμητέον**, verb. Adj. of *ἀθυμῖω*, *one must lose heart*.  
**ἀθυμία**, *ἡ*, (*ἀθυμος*) *want of heart, faintheartedness, despondency*.  
**ἄθυμος**, *ον*, *without heart or spirit, spiritless, faint-hearted*. Adv., *ἀθύμως ἔχειν* *to be despondent*.  
**ἀθυρμα**, *τό*, (*ἀθύρω*) *a plaything or toy: a delight*.  
**ἀθυρμάτιον**, *τό*, Dim. of *foreg.*, *a little toy, a pet*.  
**ἀθύρο-γλωττος**, *ον*, (*ἄθυρος, γλωττα*) *unable to keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer*.  
**ἄθυρος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θύρα*) *without a door*.  
**ἀθύρο-στομος**, *ον*, (*ἄθυρος, στόμα*) = *ἀθύρο-γλωττος*, *babbling, of Echo*.  
**ἄθυρσος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θύρσος*) *without thyrsus*.  
**ἄθ'ρ'Ω**, *to play, amuse oneself*. II. *c. acc. to play at a thing, do it in play*. [*ἄθ'ρ*]  
**ἄ-θύρωτος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θύρώ*) *not closed by a door*.  
**ἄ-θύτος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θύω*) *not offered, not to be offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbalanced*. II. *act. without sacrificing*.  
**ἄ-θῶος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θαφῆ*) *unpunished, scot-free*. 2. *c. gen. free from the penalty of, ἀθῶος πλεγων*. II. *act. harmless*.  
**ἄ-θῶπευτος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θωπεύω*) *without flattery: hence, rough, rude*.  
**ἄ-θωράκιστος**, *ον*, (α privat., *θωρακίζω*) *without breastplate*.  
**Ἄθως**, *ω*, Ep. *Ἄθῶος*, *έω, ό*, Mount Athos.  
**αἶ**, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for *εἰ, if*.

**αἶ**, Exclam. of strong desire, *O that! would that!* Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always *αἶ γάρ*. See *αἶθε*.  
**Αἶ'Α**, *ἡ*, gen. *αἶης*, poet. for *γαῖα, γῆ*, *earth, land*.  
**αἶαγμα**, *τό*, *a wailing cry, lament*. From  
**αἰάζω**, *φ. ξω*, *to cry αἰαῖ or ab! to wail, and c. acc. to bewail*.  
**αἰαῖ**, Exclam. *alas!* Lat. *vae*.  
**αἰακτός**, *ἡ, όν*, verb. Adj. of *αἰάζω*, *lamentable*.  
**αἰώνης**, Ion. *αἰηνής, ές*, prob. from *αἰεί*, and so properly, *everlasting, never-ending*: hence *wearisome, irksome*: then generally, *dismal, horrible*.  
**Αἰαντίδης**, *ον, ό*, (*Αἴας*, gen. *-αντος*) *son of Ajax*. II. *at Athens, a citizen of the tribe Αἰαντίς*, named after the Hero.  
**αἰανῶς**, Adv. (*αἰανής*) *for ever*.  
**Αἴας**, *αντος, ό*, Ep. voc. *Αἴαν, Ajax*.  
**αἰβοί**, *φαυβ!* exclam. of disgust or astonishment.  
**αἶγ-αγρος**, *ό*, (*αἶξ, άγρός*) *a wild goat*.  
**Αἰγαῖος**, *α, ον*, *Aegaeian*: *Αἰγαῖον πέλαγος* *the Aegaeian sea*, also called *Αἰγαίωv, ωνος, ό*.  
**αἰγανέη**, *ἡ*, (*αἶξ*) *a hunting-spear, javelin*.  
**αἰγείος**, *α, Ion. η, ον*, (*αἶξ*) *lengthd. for αἰγεος, of a goat or goats*, Lat. *caprinus*: as Subst. *αἰγείη* (sub. *τορά*), *ἡ*, *a goat's skin*.  
**Αἰγείρος**, *ἡ*, *the black poplar*, Lat. *pūpulus*: cf. *λευκή*.  
**αἶγ-ελάτης**, *ον, ό*, (*αἶξ, έλαύνω*) *a goatberd*. [*ἄ*]  
**αἰγεος**, *α, ον*, = *αἰγείος*.  
**αἰγιάλιτης**, *ον, ό*, fem. *ίτις, ιδος*, *on the shore*. From  
**αἰγιάλος**, *ό*, (*αἶσσω, ἄλς*) *the sea-shore, beach, strand*.  
**αἰγί-βοσις**, *ως, ἡ*, (*αἶξ, βόσκω*) *a goat-pasture*.  
**αἰγί-βότης**, *ον, ό*, (*αἶξ, βότης*) *feeding goats*.  
**αἰγί-βοτος**, *ον*, (*αἶξ, βόσκω*) *browsed by goats*.  
**αἰγί-θαλλος**, *ό*, *a bird, the tit*, Lat. *parus*.  
**αἰγί-κνημος**, *ον*, (*αἶξ, κνήμη*) *goat-shanked*.  
**αἰγί-κορεῖς**, *έων, οί*, (*αἶξ, κορίννυμι*) *feeders of goats, goatberds*.  
**αἰγί-λιψ**, *ἱπος, ό, ἡ*, (*αἶξ, λιπεῖν*) *properly, deserted even by goats: hence steep, sheer*. [*γῆ*]  
**αἰγίλος**, *ἡ*, (*αἶξ*) *an herb of which goats are fond*.  
**αἰγί-νόμος**, *ον*, (*αἶξ, νέμω*) *browsed by goats*. 2. as Subst., *αἰγινόμος, ό*, *a goatberd*.  
**αἰγί-οχος**, *ον*, (*αἶγίς, έχω*) *aegis-bearing*.  
**αἰγί-πόδης**, *ον, ό*, (*αἶξ, πούς*) *goat-footed*.  
**αἰγί-πους**, *ό, ἡ*, *πουν, τό*, gen. *ποδος*, = *αἰγινόδης*.  
**αἰγί-πῦρος**, *ό*, (*αἶξ*) *a plant with a red flower, of which goats were fond*.  
**αἰγίς**, *ιδος, ἡ*, *the aegis, or shield of Jupiter*, described in Il. 5. 738; (from *αἶσσω*, *to rush or move violently*): hence 2. later *a rushing storm, hurricane*, terrible as the shaken aegis. II. from *αἶξ*, *a goat-skin coat*.  
**αἰγίσκος**, *ό*, Dim. of *αἶξ*, *a little goat*.  
**αἰγλάεις**, Dor. for *αἰγλήεις*.  
**αἰγλᾶς**, *αντος*, contr. for *αἰγλάεις*.  
**Αἶγλη**, *ἡ*, *the light of the sun, daylight: any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal*. 2. metaph. *splendour, glory*. Hence

αἰγλήεις, εσσα, εν, *beaming, radiant*.

αἰγλο-φάνης, ἐς, (αἶγλη, φανῆναι) *beaming: brilliant, lustrous*.

αἰγο-βοσκός, ὄν, (αἶξ, βύσσω) *tending goats: as Subst. a goatberd*.

αἰγό-κερως, ὄν, gen. ω, also αἰγοκέρως, ὄν, (αἶξ, κέρας) *goat-borned*. II. as Subst., αἰγό-κερως, ὄ, *Capricorn in the Zodiac*.

αἰγο-νόμος, ὄ, = αἰγινόμος, *a goatberd*.

αἰγ-όνυξ, ὄν, ὄ, ἡ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) = αἰγώνυξ.

αἰγο-πόδης, ὄ, = αἰγipόδης.

αἰγο-πρόσωπος, ὄν, (αἶξ, πρόσωπον) *goat-faced*.

αἰγο-τρίχης, ὄ, ἡ, (αἶξ, τρίξ) *to have goat's hair*.

αἰγυπῖος, ὄ, (γύψ) *a vulture, Lat. vultur*.

Αἰγυπτίαζω, ὄ, ἄσω, *to speak Egyptian*.

Αἰγυπτιστί, Adv. *in the Egyptian tongue*. II. *like an Egyptian, craftily*.

Αἰγυπτο-γενής, ἐς, (Αἰγυπτος, γένος) *of Egyptian race*.

Αἰγυπτος, ὄ, *the river Nile*. II. Αἰγυπτος, ἡ, *Egypt: as Adv., Αἰγυπτόνδε, to Egypt*.

αἰγ-ώνυξ, ὄν, ὄ, ἡ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) *goat-boofed*.

Αἶδας, Dor. for Αἶδης, Αἶδης.

αἰδεῖο, Ep. for αἰδεο, αἰδου, pres. imperat. of αἰδέομαι.

Αἰδέομαι: fut. αἰδέσομαι, Ep. -έσσομαι: aor. I ἤδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αἰδεσσαι; also in pass. form ῥδέσθην, Ep. 3 pl. αἰδεσθεν: Dep.:—*to feel shame, be ashamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:—c. inf. to be ashamed or afraid to do a thing*. 2. as Att. law-term, *to feel pity for, hence to pardon, esp. in aor. I αἰδέσασθαι*.

αἰδεσθεν, for αἰδέσθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσθητι, aor. I imper. of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσιμος, ὄν, (αἰδέομαι) *venerable*.

αἰδεσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰδέομαι) *reverence, compassion*.

αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αἰδέομαι.

ἀ-ἰδηλος, ὄν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *making unseen: hence annihilating, destroying*. II. pass. *unseen, unknown, obscure*.

αἰδήμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (αἰδέομαι) *bashful, modest: Sup. αἰδημονέστερος. Adv. -μόνως*.

ἀ-ἰδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen: destroyed*.

Αἶδης, εως, ὄ, Att. Αἶδης or ἄδης, ὄν, (αἰδής) *Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto*.

ἀίδιος, ὄν, (αἶ) *everlasting, for αἰίδιος*.

ἀ-ἰδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) poet. for ἀ-ἰδής, *unseen, bidden, dark*.

αἰδοιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of αἰδοῖος.

αἰδοῖον, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ αἰδοῖα, *the genitals, pudenda: properly neut. from*

αἰδοῖος, α, ὄν: Comp. αἰδοιότερος and -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος: (αἰδέομαι) *regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent*. II. act. *bashful, modest*. 2. *reverent*.

αἰδοίως, Adv. of αἰδοῖος, *reverently*.

Αἰδομαι, imperf. αἰδόμεν, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, ἤδε-όμεν.

Αἶδος, Αἶδι, Ep. gen. and dat. of Αἶδης, from an obsol. nom. Αἶς: Αἶδόςδε, and εἰς Αἶδόςδε, *to the dwelling of Hades: εἰν Αἶδος* (sc. οἴκῳ), Att. ἐν ἄδου, *in Hades*. [αἶδ-, but α sometimes.]

αἰδό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (αἰδώς, φρήν) *feeling respect in mind, compassionate*.

ἀ-ἰδρεία or -ἰη [ἰ], ἡ, Ep. and Ion. word (αἰδρίας) *want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. αἰδρείησι*.

ἀ-ἰδρις, ἰ, gen. ιος and εος, (α privat., ἰδρις) *unknowing, ignorant*.

αἰδρο-δίκης, ὄν, Dor. -δίκας, α, ὄ, (αἰδρις, δίκη) *unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage*. [δῖ]

ἀ-ἰδρύτος, ὄν, = ἀν-ἰδρύτος, *unsettled, unsteady*.

Αἰδωνεύς, ὄ, lengthd. Ep. form of Αἶδης.

Αἰδῶν, ὄς, contr. οὖς, ἡ, *sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or honour, αἰδῶ θεῶν ἐνὶ θυμῷ: regard for others, respect, reverence*. II. *that which causes shame or respect, and so* 1. *a shame, scandal; αἰδῶς, Ἀργεῖοι shame, ye Argives!* 2. = τὰ αἰδοῖα. 3. *dignity, majesty*.

αἰεί, Ion. and poet. for αἶ.

αἰει-γενέτης, ὄ, poet. for αἶ-γενέτης, *ever existing*. (For compds. of αἰεί here omitted, v. sub αἶ-.)

αἰέλ-ουρος, ὄ, ἡ, Ion. for αἰλουρος.

αἰέν, = αἶ.

αἰέν-υπνος, ὄν, (αἰέν, ὕπνος) *lulling in eternal sleep*.

αἰές, Dor. for αἶ, αἶ.

αἰετός, ὄ, lengthd. form of αἰετός, *an eagle*.

αἰζήϊος, lengthd. form of αἰζήϊος.

αἰζήϊος, ὄ, *an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man*.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰήτος, like αἴητος, *terrible, mighty*.

αἰήτος, ὄ, Dor. of αἰετός, αἰετός, *an eagle*.

αἰθάλη, ἡ, (αἶθω) = αἶθαλος, *soot*. [θα]

αἰθαλίων, ὄν, (αἶθαλος) *swartby, dusky*.

αἰθαλόεις, εσσα, οεν, contr. αἶθαλούς, οὖσσα, οὖν, (αἶθαλος) *smoky, sooty, black*. II. *burning, blazing*.

Αἰθάλας, ὄ, like λιγνός, *a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot*. [θα] Hence

αἰθαλόω, ὄ, ἄσω, *to burn to soot or ashes:—Pass. to lie in ashes*.

αἶθε, Dor. and Ep. for εἶθε, *O that! would that!* Lat. utinam, αἶθ' ὄφελος *O that thou hadst...*, c. inf.

αἰθερ-εμβατέω, (αἰθήρ, ἐμβατέω) *to walk in ether*.

αἰθήριος, α, ὄν or ος, ὄν, (αἰθήρ) *of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to ἡέριος, and so* 1. *high in air, on high*. 2. *ethereal, heavenly*.

αἰθερο-βατέω, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, *to walk in ether*.

αἰθεροδρομέω, *to skim the ether*. From

αἰθερο-δρόμος, ὄν, (αἰθήρ, δραμεῖν) *skimming the ether*.

αἰθήρ, έρος, in Homer always ἡ, in Att. prose always ὄ, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἶθω):



—ether, the upper, purer air, opp. to ἀήρ (the lower air or atmosphere):—hence the clear sky or heaven, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Αἰθιοπῆας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθίοψ.

Αἰθίοψ, οπος, ὅ, fem. Αἰθιοπίς, ἰδος, (αἰθω, ὤψ) an *Ethiops*, negro, properly *Burnt-face*.

αἶθος, τό, and ὅ, (αἰθω) *burning heat, fire*.

αἶθος, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰθω) *burnt:—fire-coloured, fiery*.

αἶθουσα (sc. στοά), ἡ, (αἰθω) the *corridor or vestibule* of a house; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

αἶθ-οψ, οπος, (αἶθος, ὤψ) *fiery-looking*, of metal, *flashing*; of wine, *sparkling*. II. metaph. *fiery, hot, keen*.

αἶθρη, later αἶθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) *clear sky, fair weather*, Lat. *sudum*.

αἶθρη-γενέτης, ου, ὅ, = αἶθρηγενής.

αἶθρη-γενής, ἐς, (αἶθρη, γενέσθαι) *born from ether*.

αἶθρία, ἡ, = αἶθρη: used absol. in gen. αἶθρίας (sub. ούσης), in *fine weather*, Lat. *per purum*. II. the *open sky*.

αἶθριάζω or -ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

αἶθριο-κοιτέω, f. ἤσω, (αἶθρία, κοίτη) to *sleep in the open air*.

αἶθριος, ου, (αἶθρη) *clear, bright, fair*. II. in the open air: hence *cold, chill*.

αἶθρος, ὅ, = αἶθρη: esp. the clear *chill air* of morn.

Αἰ' ΘΥΙΑ, ἡ, a *sea-gull* or *diver*, Lat. *mergus*.

αἰθυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (αἰθύσσω) one that *darts rapidly*.

αἰθύσσω, f. ὕξω, (αἰθω) to *put in rapid motion*; to *kindle*:—Pass. to *move rapidly, quiver*.

Αἰ' ΘΩ, only found in pres. and impf. ἡθον, to *light up, kindle*:—Pass. to *burn*. 2. rarely intr. to *burn or blaze*.

αἰθων, ανος, ὅ, (αἰθω) properly *fiery, burning*. II. of metal, *flashing, glittering*. III. of animals, *fiery, fierce*; or perh. of their colour, *yellow, tawny*, like Lat. *fulvus, rufus*.

αἶκα, conj., Dor. for εἰ κε, ἐάν, with subj. *if* *haply*.

Αἶκα' ἄλλω, f. αἰκᾶλῶ, properly of a dog, to *wag the tail fawningly*: to *wheddele, fondle*.

αἶκε, αἶκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἐάν.

αἶκεια, ἡ, = αἰκία, q. v.

αἰκέλιος, ου, = αἰκέλιος.

αἶκή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) *rapid motion, a rush*, Lat. *impetus*. [i]

αἶκής, ἐς, poet. for αἰεκής, contr. αἰκής, *unseemly*. Adv. αἶκῶς, in *unseemly fashion*.

αἰκία [i], ἡ, Att. for the Ion. αἰκεία, *injurious treatment, an outrage, insult, affront*: oft. also in plur. *blows, stripes*.

αἰκίζω, (αἰκής) to *treat injuriously, to affront, outrage*, esp. by blows, to *plague, torment*: mostly as Med. αἰκίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I ἡκίσαμην: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ἡκίσθη; pf. ἡκίσμαι: to be *tormented*.

αἰκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίζω) an *outrage, torture*.

ἀ-ἵκτος, ου, (a privat., ἰκνέομαι) *unapproachable*.

αἰ-λίνος, ὅ, a *mournful dirge*, (from αἰ, Λίνον, ab me for *Linus*!) 2. also Adj. os, ου, *plaintive, mournful*.

αἰλ-ουρος or αἰέλ-ουρος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, οὐρά) a *cat*, so called from the *wavy motion of the tail*.

Αἶμα, ατος, τό, *blood*: in plur. *streams of blood*:—also *bloodsbed*; εἰργασται μητρῶν αἶμα a *mother's blood* has been shed; αἶμα πράττειν to *shed blood*; ἐφ' αἵματι φεύγειν to be *banished for homicide*. II. like Lat. *sanguis, blood-relationship, kin*.

αἶμα-κορία or αἶμα-κουρία, ὦν, αἰ, (αἶμα, κορέν-νυμι) *offerings of blood*, made upon the grave to *appease the manes*.

αἶμακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰμάσσω, *stained with blood, bloody*.

αἶμαλέος, α, ου, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-red*.

αἶμας, ἄδος, ἡ, (αἶμα) a *gush or stream of blood*.

αἶμασία, ἡ, a *wall of dry stones*, Lat. *maceria*: a *fence*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἶμασι-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμασία, εἶδος) like a *fence or bedge*.

αἰμάσσω, Att. αἰμάττω: f. ἄξω: aor. I ἡμαξα: (αἶμα):—to *make bloody, stain with blood*: hence to *wound, draw blood, slay*:—Pass. to *welter in blood, be slain*.

αἶματ-εκχυσία, ἡ, (αἶμα, ἐκχέω) *shedding of blood*.

αἶματηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-stained, murderous*. II. *consisting of blood*.

αἶματη-φόρος, ου, (αἶμα, φέρω) *bringing blood: murderous*.

αἶματόεις, εσσα, εν, (αἶμα) *bloody, covered with blood*. 2. *blood-red, or consisting of blood*. 3. *bloody, murderous*.

αἶματο-λοιχός, ὄν, (αἶμα, λείχω) *licking blood*; ἔρωσ αἶμ. *thirst for blood*.

αἶματο-πότης, ου, ὅ, (αἶμα, πίνω) a *blood-drinker, blood-sucker*.

αἶματορ-ρόφος, ου, (αἶμα, ροφέω) *blood-drinking*.

αἶματόρ-ρῦτος, ου, (αἶμα, ρέω) *blood-streaming*.

αἶματο-σταγής, ἐς, (αἶμα, στάζω) *blood-dripping*.

αἶματό-φυρτος, ου, (αἶμα, φύρω) *blood-stained*.

αἶματο-χάρμης, ου, ὅ, (αἶμα, χαίρω) *delighting in blood*.

αἶματώ, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἡμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ἡμά-τωμαι: (αἶμα) to *make bloody*.

αἶματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμα, εἶδος) *looking like blood, blood-red*.

αἶματ-ωπός, ὄν, and αἶματ-ῶψ, ὦπος, ὅ, ἡ, (αἶμα, ὤψ) *bloody to behold*.

αἶμνιον, τό, (αἶμα) a *basin for blood*.

αἶμο-βάφης, ἐς, (αἶμα, βάπτω) *bathe in blood*.

αἶμο-βόρος, ου, (αἶμα, βορά) *greedy for blood*.

αἶμό-διψος, ου, (αἶμα, δίψα) *bloodthirsty*.

αἶμορ-ράγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, ραγῆναι) *bleeding violently*.

αἶμόρ-ραντος, ου, (αἶμα, ραίνω) *blood-sprinkled*.

αἰμορροέω, f. ἤσω, (αἰμόρροος) to *lose blood*: to *have a discharge of blood*. Hence

αἰμόρροια, ἡ, a discharge of blood.  
αἰμόρ-ροος, ον, (αἷμα, ῥέω) streaming with blood.  
αἰμόρ-ρῦτος, ποῖτ. αἰμό-ρῦτος, ον, (αἷμα, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

Αἴμωσ, ὁ, a thorn.

αἰμο-σταγής, ἐς, = αἵματο-σταγής.

αἰμο-φόρυκτος, ον, (αἷμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

αἰμώ, = αἵματώ.

αἰμύλιος, ον, (αἰμύλος) flattering, winning, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμύλο-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (αἰμύλος, μήτις) of winning wiles.

Αἴμυτ'λος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, flattering, winning, wheedling, wily. [ῥ]

αἴμων, ονος, ὁ, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skilful. II. (αἷμα) bloody.

αἰμ-ωπός, ὄν, = αἵματωπός, bloody to behold.

αἰν-ἀρέτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Αἰνείας, ον, ὁ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Αἰνείαο or Αἰνείω.

αἰνεσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰνέω) a praising, praise.

αἰνετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From αἰνέω: impf. ἤνεον, contr. ἤνουν, Ion. αἰνεον: fut. -ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. I ἤνησα, Att. ἤνέσα, Ion. αἰνεσα: pf. Att. ἤνεκα:—Mid., aor. ἤνεσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἤνέθην: pf. ἤνημαι:—properly to tell or speak of (cf. αἶνος); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise, approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recommend. 3. like ἀγαπάω, to be content with, acquiesce in. 4. to decline courteously, like Lat. laudare. II. to promise or vow.

Αἴνη, ἡ, = αἶνος, praise, fame.

αἴνημι, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

αἴνησι, Ion. for αἰναῖς, dat. pl. of αἰνός.

αἴνητός, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for αἰνετός.

αἰνιγμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσομαι) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ or ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων in riddles, darkly; also ἐν αἰνιγμασιν.

αἰνιγματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἰνιγμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark.

αἰνιγμός, ὁ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like αἰνιγμα.

αἰνίζομαι, Dep. = αἰνέω.

αἰνικτήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ίως, riddlingly.

αἰνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from αἰνίσσομαι, Att. αἰνίττομαι, f. ἔξομαι: aor. I ἤνιξάμην: Dep.: (αἶνος):—to speak darkly or in riddles, to hint a thing, give to understand. II.

in pass. sense, aor. I pass. ἤνιχθην, pf. ἤνιγμα, to be spoken riddlingly.

αἰνο-βίης, Ion. αἰνο-βίης, ον, ὁ, (αἰνός, βία) fearfully strong.

αἰνό-γάμος, ον, (αἰνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded.

αἰνόθεν, Adv. of αἰνός, = ἐξ αἰνοῦ, in the phrase αἰνόθεν αἰνῶς, from horror to horror, very horribly.

αἰνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αἰνός, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully enervated.

αἰνο-λαμπής, ἐς, (αἰνός, λάμπω) horrid-gleaming.

αἰνό-λεκτρος, ον, (αἰνός, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

αἰνο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λέων) a dreadful lion.  
αἰνό-λινος, ον, (αἰνός, λίνον) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λύκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a horrible wolf.

αἰνό-μορος, ον, (αἰνός, μόρος) doomed to a sad end.

αἰνο-πάθης, ἐς, (αἰνός, παθεῖν) suffering dire ills.

Αἰνό-παρις, ὁ, (αἰνός, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp. Δύσπαρις.

αἰνο-πάτήρ, ἐρος, ὁ, (αἰνός, πατήρ) unhappy father.

Αἴνος, ὁ, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν αἶνον to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally, a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said to one's praise, praise.

Αἴνο'ς, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. word = δεινός, dread, dire: of persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. αἰνά as Adv. terribly; Sup. αἰνότατον, most terribly.

αἰνο-τόκεια, ἡ, as fem. Adj. (αἰνός, τόκος) unhappy in giving birth, unhappy in being a mother.

αἰνο-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant.

Αἴνυμαι, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and impf. without augm., like αἶρω, ἀρνυμαι, to take, lay bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

αἰνῶς, Adv. of αἰνός, terribly, i. e. very much, exceedingly; αἰνῶς πικρός terribly bitter.

αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, dat. pl. αἴγεσιν, (αἴσσω) a goat; αἶξ ἀγρία or ἀγριος, the chamois; αἶξ ἱξάλος ἀγρία, the ibex.

αἶξασκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of αἴσσω.

αἶξω, fut. of αἴσσω.

Αἰό'λλω, to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to change in colour or hue; ὄμφακες αἰόλλονται the grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αἰολο-βρόντης, ον, ὁ, (αἰόλος, βροντή) wielder of forked lightning.

αἰολο-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώρηξ) with gleaming breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

αἰολο-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, (αἰόλος, μίτρα) with gleaming belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. αἰολοθώρηξ. II. with variegated turban.

αἰολό-πῳλος, ον, (αἰόλος, πῳλος) with quick-moving steeds.

Αἰό'λος, ἡ, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms, wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, manageable. II. changeful of hue, gleaming, glancing; αἰόλη νύξ spangled night; αἰόλη σὰρξ flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. 1.

changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., propatox. Αἰόλος, ον, ὁ, Aeolus, the god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various meaning, riddling.

αἰολό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, χρώς) with spangled skin.

αἰόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of αἰών.

αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπύς) high, lofty, of cities on heights: metaph. lofty, high-flown. 2. steep, hard to climb.



αἰπήεις, εσσα, εν, ποῖτ. for αἰπεινός.

αἰπολέω, f. ἤσω, (αἰπόλος) to be a goatberd:—Pass. to feed, browse.

αἰπολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goatberds.

αἰπόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) a herd of goats. II. a goat-pasture.

αἰ-πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ὁ, (αἶξ, πολέω) a goatberd.

Αἰπίος, εος, τό, a height, a steep; πρὸς αἶπος up-hill.

Αἰπός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for αἰπύς, high, lofty, of cities: αἰπὰ ῥέεθρα rapid torrents.

αἰπύ-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰπύς, μήτης) with high thoughts.

αἰπύ-νωτος, ον, (αἰπύς, νωτός) high-backed, on a high ridge. [v]

Αἰπύς, εἶα, ὅ, high and steep, of cities on steep rocks; βρόχος αἰπύς a noose hanging straight down. 2. headlong; αἰπὺς ὕλεθρος sheer, utter destruction; αἰπὺς χόλος towering wrath. 3. metaph. hard, difficult; αἰπὺ οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be hard work for him.

αἰρέσιμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.

αἰρεσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of a town. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself, choosing, choice; αἰρεσιν διδόναι to give choice; αἰρεσιν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan, purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3. a heresy.

αἰρετίον, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or choose. II. αἰρετέος, α, ον, desirable.

αἰρετίζω, f. ἴσω, (αἰρέω) to choose. II. to belong to a sect.

αἰρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰρέω) able to choose. 2. heretical.

αἰρετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be taken or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chosen, preferable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

Αἰρεῖν, impf. ἤρεον, Ion. αἰρεον: fut. αἰρήσω: pf. ἤρηκα, Ion. ἀραίρηκα: Ion. plqpf. ἀραιρήκα.—Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: aor. I ἤρησάμην.—Pass., fut. αἰρεθήσομαι, also ἤρήσομαι: aor. I ἤρέθην: pf. ἤρημαι: plqpf. ἤρήμην.—Also from the root \*ΕΛΩ, aor. 2 εἶλον, Ion. 3 sing. ἐλεσκε, inf. εἰλεῖν: fut. med. εἰλούμαι: aor. 2 εἰλόμην: Ep. 3 sing. γέντο, for ἔλετο: rarely aor. I εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer, overpower, seize: to kill. 2. to catch, take: to win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III. to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take to oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer one thing to another: also μάλλον αἰρεῖσθαι to choose in preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to choose by vote, elect to an office.

Αἰρεῖν, ὁ, ἴρος Αἰρεῖν, Irus unhappy Irus.

Αἰρῶ, Att. for αἰρώ: f. ἀρῶ [ᾶ]: aor. ἤρα, imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι: pf. ἤρηκα.—Med., impf. ἤρόμην: fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἤράμην: aor. 2 ἤρόμην, Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρθην: pf. ἤρημαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἰρεῖν πόδα to walk; αἰρ. σημείον to hoist a signal; αἰρεῖν ναῦς to get ships under way: hence 2. intrans. to get under way, start, set out; αἰρεῖν ταῖς ναυσίν to set sail; αἰρεῖν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἰρεῖν θυμόν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a height, increase. III. to lift and take away, to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to carry off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo, bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound, αἰρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

Αἰς, ἡ, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate, Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of a god; Διὸς αἶσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῇ αἰσῇ by ill luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; λήϊδος αἶσα one's share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἶσαν, like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ἤσθανόμην: fut. αἰσθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἤσθόμην, later aor. I ἤσθησάμην: Dep.: (αἶω, αἰσθῶ):—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, sometimes to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

αἰσθησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν εἶχειν to have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to give the means of perception. II. in plur. the senses. III. like αἰσθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense.

αἰσθητής, ου, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.

αἰσθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.

αἰσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived by the senses, sensible.

αἰσθῶ, (\*ᾶω, ᾶμ) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro; θυμὸν αἰσθε be was giving up the ghost, was expiring.

αἰσμία, ἡ, happiness. From

αἰσιμος, ον, also η, ον, (αἶσα) Lat. fatalis, appointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσιμον ἡμᾶς the fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable to fate, meet, right; αἰσιμα εἰδώς knowing what is right and proper.

αἰσιος, ον, also α, ον, (αἶσα) boding well, lucky, happy: opportune.

ἄ-ἴσος, ον, (α privat., ἴσος) = ἄν-ισος, unlike, unequal.

Αἴ-σσω, Att. αἴσσω or αἴττω: impf. ἤισσον, Att. ἤισσον, Ion. αἴσσεσκον: fut. αἴξω, Att. αἴξω: aor. ἤϊξα, Att. ἤϊξα, Ion. αἴξασκον.—Med., aor. ἤϊξάμην.—Pass., aor. ἤϊχθην, Ion. αἴχθην:—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Lat. *ruere, impetu ferri*:—so also in aor. I med. αἴξασθαι, and in aor. I pass. αἴχθηναι. 2. later, to be eager after. II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [α in Homer: in Trag. α when trisyll.]

ἄ-ἴστος, Att. αἴστος, ον, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) unseen, unknown, not to be seen and heard: hence vanished, destroyed: see αἰδηλος. II. act. not seeing or knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

αἴστώ, Att. αἴστώ: f. ὠσω: aor. I ἤιστώσα, Att. ἤιστώσα.—Pass., aor. I ἤιστώσθην, Ion. αἴστώσθην: (αἴστος):—to make unseen, to destroy: to slay, kill.

αἴστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄ-ἴσος) unknowing, inexperienced.

αἴστώσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of αἴστώ.

αἰσῦλος, ον, opp. to αἰσιμος, unseemly, evil, impious. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰσυνάω, f. ἤσω, (αἴσα) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

αἰσυνήτης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people: a president, manager.

αἰσίων, ον, gen. ονος, and αἰσχιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of αἰσχύς, formed from αἰσχος.

Αἴ-σχος, εος, τό, shame, disgrace. II. ugliness or deformity.

αἰσchrήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αἰσχος) shameful.

αἰσχροκέρδεια, ἡ, sordid love of gain. From

αἰσχρο-κερδής, ἐς, (αἰσχύς, κέρδος) sordidly greedy of gain, covetous. Adv. -δῶς.

αἰσχρολογία, ἡ, foul language, abuse. From

αἰσχρο-λόγος, ον, (αἰσχύς, λέγω) foul-mouthed, abusive.

αἰσchrό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰσχύς, μήτις) forming base designs.

αἰσchrο-ποιός, ὄν, (αἰσχύς, ποίω) acting shamefully.

αἰσchrός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (αἰσχος) in Homer causing shame, disgracing; αἰσchrὰ ἔπεα abusive words. II. opp. to καλός: 1. ugly, ill-favoured. 2. in moral sense, shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous; τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ αἰσchrόν, Lat. *bonestum et turpe*, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. αἰσchrότερος, αἰσchrότατος, the forms αἰσchrών, αἰσchrιστος are used. Hence

αἰσchrότης, ητος, ἡ, ugliness. 2. shame, infamy.

αἰσchrουργία, ἡ, contr. for αἰσchrοεργία, (αἰσchrός, ἔργον) lewd conduct.

αἰσchrῶς, Adv. of αἰσchrός, shamefully.

αἰσchrυθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσchrύνω.

αἰσchrύνη, ἡ, (αἰσχος) shame done one, disgrace, dis-bonour. II. shame for an ill deed, Lat. *pudor*: generally, shame, the sense of shame. [ῥ]

αἰσchrυντέον, verb. Adj. of αἰσchrύνομαι, one must be ashamed.

αἰσchrυνηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσchrύνομαι) bashful, modest.

αἰσchrυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (αἰσchrύνω) a disbonourer, a seducer.

αἰσchrυτηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = αἰσchrυνηλός, bashful.

αἰσchrύνω: f. ὕνω, Ion. ὕνέω: aor. I ἥσchrυνα: pf. ἥσchrυγκα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, αἰσchrυνοῦμαι; also αἰσchrυνθήσομαι: aor. ἥσchrυνθην: pf. ἥσchrυμαι: (αἰσχος):—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2. to disgrace, disbonour, tarnish, γένος αἰσchrυνέμεν. II. Pass. to be ashamed, feel shame: but more freq. to be ashamed at a thing, c. acc. rei: also c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one: c. part. to be ashamed at doing a thing: but c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

Αἴτε'Ω: impf. ἤτεον, Ion. αἴτεον: fut. αἰτήσω: aor. I ἤτησα: pf. ἤτηκα:—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something; ὁδὸν αἰτεῖν to beg leave to depart: c. acc. pers. to ask a person; αἰτ. τινά τι to ask a person for a thing; c. inf. to ask one to do:—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. *vindicare sibi*:—Pass. to have a thing begged of one.

αἴτημα, ατος, τό, (αἰτέω) that which is asked, a request, demand.

αἴτημι, Aeol. for αἰτέω.

αἴτης, ον, Dor. αἴτας, α or εω, ὁ, a favourite.

αἴτησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰτέω) a request, demand.

αἰτητέον, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, one must ask.

αἰτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, asked for, begged.

Αἴτι'Α, ἡ, a cause, origin, ground, occasion; αἰτίαν παρέχειν to give occasion. II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault, Lat. *crimen*: remonstrance, expostulation with a friend; αἰτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. *crimen habere*, to be accused; αἰτίαν ὑπέχειν to lie under a charge; ἐν αἰτίᾳ ἔχειν to hold guilty; τὴν αἰτίαν ἐπιφέρειν τινί to impute the fault to one; ἀπολύειν τινὰ τῆς αἰτίας to acquit of guilt.

αἰτιάσθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτιάομαι, Pass. (αἰτία) to be charged or accused.

αἰτιάμα, ατος, τό, a charge, guilt imputed. From

αἰτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [α]: aor. I ἤτιάσάμην, Ion.

αἰτησάμην: (αἰτία): I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion: esp. of a fault: to charge, accuse, blame; αἰτιάσθαι τινά τινος to accuse of a thing. II.

as Pass. in fut. αἰτιάθήσομαι, aor. I ἤτιάθην, perf.

ἤτιάμαι:—to be accused. Hence

αἰτιάσις, εως, ἡ, a complaint, accusation.

αἰτιάτέον, verb. Adj. of αἰτιάομαι, one must accuse.

αἰτίζω, (αἰτέω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei: c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

αἴτιον, τό, neut. of αἴτιος, = αἰτία, a cause.



αἴτιος, α, ον, more rarely ος, ον, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—ὁ αἴτιος, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—τὸ αἴτιον the cause of a thing.

αἰτιόωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτιόω, αἰτιόωτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτίσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of αἰτίζω.

Αἰτναῖος, α, ον, of or belonging to Etna: of a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

Αἰφνῆς, Adv. = ἄφνω, ἄφνω, on a sudden. Hence

αἰφνίδιος, ον, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. -δίως, also -διον, suddenly.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of αἰσσω.

αἰχθήτην, 3 dual aor. 1 pass. of αἰσσω.

αἰχμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to throw the spear, to fight with the spear. II. to arm with the spear.

αἰχμᾶλωσία, ἡ, (αἰχμάλωτος) captivity. II. a body of captives.

αἰχμᾶλωτεύω, f. εὔσω, (αἰχμάλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμᾶλωτίζω, f. ἴσω, = αἰχμαλωτεύω:—also Dep. αἰχμᾶλωτίζομαι in same sense: fut. ἴσομαι: aor. 1 ἤχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ἤχμαλώτισμαι.

αἰχμᾶλωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰχμάλωτος) befitting a prisoner.

αἰχμᾶλωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a captive woman. From αἰχμ-άλωτος, ον, (αἰχμή, ἄλωτός) taken by the spear or in war; οἱ αἰχμάλωτοι prisoners of war; τὰ αἰχμάλωτα booty.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) the point of a spear, Lat. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2. as collective noun a body of spearmen, as ἀσπίς a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

αἰχμήεις, εσσα, εν, (αἰχμή) armed with the spear.

αἰχμητά, ὁ, Ep. for αἰχμητής.

αἰχμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (αἰχμή) a spearman, warrior. II.

as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem. αἰχμητίς, ἴδος.

αἰχμοφόρος, ον, (αἰχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

Αἰψά, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αἰψηρο-κέλευθος, ον, (αἰψήρος, κέλευθος) swift-speeding.

αἰψηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἰψα) quick, speedy, sudden.

ΑἰΐΩ, used only in pres. and impf. αἰῶν, to perceive, become aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

ΑἰΐΩ [ἄ], used only in impf. αἰῶν [ἄ], = ἄημι, to breathe. 2. = αἰσθω, to breathe out, expire;

φίλον αἰῶν ἦτορ I breathed out my life.

αἰῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἡἰών. [αἰ]

Αἰών, ὄνος, ὁ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened acc. αἰῶ:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life. 2. of longer periods, an

age, generation, period.

space of time, eternity.

of life.

αἰώνιος, ον, also α, ον, lasting, eternal.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (αἰρώ) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs. II. a bovering in air, oscillation.

αἰώρῳ, f. ἦσω, (αἰρώ) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving. II. more freq.

in Pass. αἰωρόμαι, aor. 1 ἠωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, bover or flit about. 2.

metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo; αἰωρεῖσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

αἰώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is bung up: a banging cord or balter. II. a being bung up, bovering: a banging.

αἰώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αἰωρέω, bovering.

ἀκᾶ, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκῆν, softly, gently.

Ἀκαδήμειδ, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [ῖ], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

ἀκαθάρτης, ητος, ἡ, = foreg.

ἀ-κάθαρτος, ον, (a privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, (ἀκαιρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαιρος) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness. II. importunity.

ἀ-καιρος, ον, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed; ἐς ἀκαιρα πορεύειν, Lat. operam perdere:—Adv. -πως. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus: ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ἀ-κάκης, es, poet. for ἀκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἀκακος, benignant, gracious.

ἀκάκία, ἡ, guilelessness. From

ἀ-κάκος, ον, without evil, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κως.

ἀκάλανθις, ἴδος, ἡ, the goldfinch.

ἀκάλαρ-ρείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing.

Ἀκαλῆφῃ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as of a nettle. [ἄκᾶ]

ἀ-καλλῆς, es, gen. εὖος, (a privat., κάλλος) without charms.

ἀ-καλλιέρητος, ον, (a privat., καλλιτρέω) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ἀ-καλλώπιστος, ον, (a privat., καλλωπίζω) unadorned.

ἀ-κάλυπτος, ον, (a privat., καλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-καλύφης, es, = ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, λόγχη) unwearied with the spear.

ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearied in fight.

ἀκαμαντόπους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τύ, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, πούς) untiring of foot.

ἀκαμαντο-χάρμας, ὁ, (ἀκόμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ἀκάμας, αντος, ὁ, (α privat., καμῖν) untiring, unresting. [κᾶ]

ἀκάματος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting:—neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

ἀκαμπτος, ον, (α privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:—from which none can return. II. unbending, inexorable.

ἀκανθα, ης, ἡ, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickle: hence 1. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree.

the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθινος, η, ον, (ἀκανθα) thorny: of thorns. II. of the thorn-tree (ἀκανθα).

ἀκανθίς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. *fringilla spinus*. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

ἀκανθο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -βάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

ἀκανθο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out thorny questions, wrangling.

\*ΑΚΑΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *acanthus*, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκανθ-ώδης, ες, gen. εος, (ἀκανθα, εἶδος) full of thorns, thorny.

ἀ-κάπνιστος, ον, (α privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked.

ἀ-καπνος, ον, (α privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ἀ-κάρδιος, ον, (α privat., καρδία) wanting the heart: metaph. heartless, Lat. *excors*.

ἀ-κάρηνος, ον, (α privat., κάρηνον) headless.

ἀ-κάρῆς, ἐς, (α privat., κάρῆναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, ἀκαρές a moment, ἐν ἀκαρεῖ χρόνῳ in a moment of time; ἀκαρῆ διαλιπὼν (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ not a bit:—but also of things, ἀκαρές a morsel.

ἀ-καριαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκαρῆς) momentary, brief.

ἀκαρπία, ἡ, (ἀκαρπος) unfruitfulness.

ἀ-κάρπιστος, ον, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκάρπωτος, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

ἀ-καρπος, ον, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-κάρπωτος, ον, (α privat., καρπύω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled.

ἀκασκᾶ, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

ἀκασκαῖος, α, ον, gentle, delicate.

ἀ-κατάβλητος, ον, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ἀ-κατάγνωστος, ον, (α privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ἀ-κατακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κατάκριτος, ον, (α privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

ἀ-κατάληκτος, ον, (α privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ἀ-κατάληπτος, ον, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ἀ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-κατάλυτος, ον, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble.

ἀ-καταμάχητος, ον, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ἀ-κατανόητος, ον, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceivable.

ἀ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (α privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing.

ἀκαταστάσια, ἡ, a state of disorder, anarchy, confusion. From

ἀ-κατάστατος, ον, (α privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle:—Adv., ἀκαταστάτως ἔχειν to be unstable.

ἀ-κατάσχετος, ον, (α privat., κατέχω) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. *haud spernendus*.

ἀκάτιον, τύ, Dim. of ἀκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. *actuaria*. II. a small sail.

\*ΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a light vessel, Lat. *actuaria*: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [ἀκᾶ]

ἀ-καυστος, ον, (α privat., καίω) unburnt.

ἀκαχείατο or -ήατο, Ep. for ἡκάχηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχήσω, redupl. fut. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. 1 of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχήσθαι, ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. for ἡκαχῆσθαι, ἡκαχήμενος, inf. and part. of ἡκάχηναι, redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχηται, redupl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχίζω, redupl. from ἀχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

ἀκαχμένος, η, ον, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from \*ἀκω to sharpen, but with no verb in use.

ἀκάχοιτο, redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. of ἀχέω.

ἀκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκειρε-κόμας, ον, ὁ, = ἀκερσεκόμης.

ἀ-κέλευστος, ον, (α privat., κελεύω) unbidden.

ἀ-κέντητος, ον, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ἀ-κέντρος, ον, (α privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ἀκίομαι: Ep. impf. ἀκειόμεν: f. ἀκίσομαι, Ep. ἀκίσομαι, Att. ἀκούμαι: aor. 1 ἡκίσάμην, Ep. imper.

ἀκίσομαι: Dep.: (ἄκος):—to heal, cure. 2. to stand, quench, δῖψαν. 3. generally, to amend, repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ἀ-κέραιος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat. *integer*. II. un-



barred, unravaged, of countries: generally, unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.

ἀ-κέραστος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure from a thing.

ἀ-κέρατος, ον, (α privat., κέρας) without horns.

ἀ-κεραύνωτος, ον, (α privat., κεραυνώω) not struck by lightning.

ἀκέρδεια, ἡ, (ἀκέρδης) want of gain, loss. From ἀ-κέρδης, ἐς, (α privat., κέρδος) without gain, bringing loss. Adv. -δῶς, gratis.

ἀκέρκιστος, ον, (α privat., κερκίζω) unwoven.

ἀ-κερσε-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (α privat., κείρω, κόμη) with unshorn hair, epith. of Apollo: also ever-young, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ἀ-κερως, ων, gen. ω, and ἀ-κέρωτος, ον, = ἀκέρατος.

ἀκίσασθε, aor. I imperat. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσί-νοσος, Ἐρ. ἀκεσσί-, ον, (ἀκέομαι, νόσος) healing disease.

ἀκεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκέομαι) a healing, cure, remedy.

ἀκεσμα, τό, (ἀκέομαι) a remedy, cure.

ἀκίσομαι, fut. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσσ-, for words so beginning, v. sub ἀκεσ-.

ἀκεστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀκέομαι) a healer, restorer, physician; ἀκεστήρ χαλινός the rein that tames the steed.

ἀκεστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκεστήρ: a mender of torn clothes.

ἀκεστορία, ἡ, (ἀκέστωρ) the healing art.

ἀκεστός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀκέομαι) curable: easy to be cheered or revived.

ἀκεστρα, ἡ, (ἀκέομαι) a darning-needle.

ἀκίστρια, ἡ, fem. of ἀκεστής, a sempstress.

ἀκεστρον, τό, (ἀκέομαι) a remedy.

ἀκεστύς, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκεσις.

ἀκίστωρ, ὅρος, ὁ, (ἀκέομαι) a healer, saviour.

ἀκεσ-φόρος, ον, (ἀκος, φέρω) bringing a cure, healing.

ἀκεσ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἀκέομαι, ὀδύνη) allaying pain.

ἀ-κέφαλος, ον, (α privat., κεφαλή) without a head: without beginning.

ἀκίων, ἀκίονσα, (ἀκήν) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. stillly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκίων δαίνυσθε feast ye in silence:—the dual ἀκίοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. ἀκίονσα is found, yet ἀκίων stands also with the fem., as Ἀθηναίη ἀκίων ἦν.

ἌΚΗ, ἡ, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: 1. a point, edge, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωκή, ἀκμή, αἰχμή, ἀκόνη, ἄκρος, and Lat. acies, acuo). 2. silence, (whence ἀκήν, ἀκίον, ἀκά, ἀκασκα). 3. healing, (whence ἀκέομαι).

ἀ-κήδεστος, ον, (α privat., κηδέω) uncared for, unheeded: without funeral rites, unburied. Hence

ἀκηδέστως, Adv. of ἀκήδεστος, but in act. sense, without heed for any one, remorselessly.

ἀκηδέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡκήδησα, Ἐρ. ἀκήδεσα:—to neglect, slight, c. gen. From

ἀ-κηδής, ἐς, (α privat., κῆδος) pass. uncared for:

unburied.

securus. 2. heedless, careless.

ἀκήκοα, pf. med. of ἀκούω.

ἀ-κήλητος, ον, (α privat., κηλέω) to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.

ἀκημα, τό, = ἄκεσμα, a cure, remedy.

ἀκήν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. stillly, softly, silently.

ἀ-κηράσιος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure, fresh.

ἀ-κήρᾶτος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:—c. gen. pure from, free from taint of. II. unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.

ἀ-κήριος, ον, (α privat., κῆρ) unbarned by the fates, uninjured. II. act. unbarning, harmless.

ἀ-κήριος, ον, (α privat., κῆρ) without heart or soul, lifeless. II. without heart or courage, heartless, spiritless, Lat. vecors.

ἀκηρότατος, Ἐρ. for ἀκηρατώτατος. Sup. of ἀκήρατος.

ἀκηρυκεῖ and ἀκηρυκτί, Adv. without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce. From

ἀ-κήρυκτος, ον, (α privat., κηρύσσω) unannounced: unproclaimed; ἀκήρυκτος πόλεμος a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable. 2. inglorious, unknown. 3. unheard of, sending no tidings. Hence

ἀκηρύκτως, Adv. = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀ-κήρωτος, ον, (α privat., κηρύω) not covered with wax, unwaxed.

ἀκηχέδαται or ἀκηχέαται, Ἐρ. for ἡκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκηχίμενος, Ἐρ. for ἀκαχημένος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀ-κίβδηλος, ον, (α privat., κίβδηλος) unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, bonest.

ἀκιδνός, η, ον, weak, feeble, faint, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνότερος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κίθαρις, ι, gen. ιος, (α privat., κιθάρα) without the harp.

ἀκίκυσ, ὅς, ἡ, (α privat., κίκυς) powerless, feeble.

ἀκινάκης, ον, or εὐς, ὁ, Lat. acināces, a Persian word, a short sword.

ἀ-κίνδυνος, ον, without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly. Adv. -νως.

ἀ-κίνητος, ον, rarely η, ον, (α privat., κινέω) unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish. 2. unaltered, settled, steady. II. immovable, hard to move. 2. not to be stirred or touched, inviolable, like Lat. non movendus: not to be divulged. [ῖ]

ἀ-κίος, ον, (α privat., κίς) without worms, not worm-eaten, sound: Sup. ἀκιώτατος.

ἀκίρος, ὅν, = ἀκιδνός.

ἀκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀκή, Lat. acies) a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting; πόθων ἀκίδες the stings of desires. [ᾱ]

ἀκίχητος, ον, (α privat., κίχάνω) not to be reached, unattainable: of persons, not to be reached by prayer, inexorable.

ἀκκίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκκῶ) to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness: generally, to dissemble.

ἀκκῶ, ἡ, a bugbear: acc. to others a vain woman.

ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀ-κλαστος, ον, (α privat., κλάω) unbroken.

ἀ-κλαυστος or ἀ-κλαυτος, ον, (α privat., κλαίω) pass. unwept: without lamentation. II. act. unweeping, tearless.

ἀ-κλεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῇ, poet. ἀκλεᾶ: (α privat., κλέος):—without fame, inglorious, ignoble: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. ingloriously.

ἀ-κλεῖα, ἡ, (ἀ-κλεής) ingloriousness.

ἀ-κλειής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειῶς.

ἀ-κλειστος, ον, Ion. ἀ-κλήϊστος, Att. contr. ἀ-κληστος, (α privat., κλείω): not shut, not bolted or fastened.

ἀκλεῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεής, ingloriously.

ἀ-κληής, ἐς, poet. for ἀκλεής.

ἀκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κληρος, ον, without lot or portion, poor, needy. 2. without lot or share in a thing, c. gen. II. unlotted, without an owner.

ἀ-κλήρωτος, ον, (α privat., κληρόω) without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.

ἀκληστος, ον, Att. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κλητος, ον, (α privat., καλέω) uncalled, unbidden.

ἀ-κλινής, ἐς, (α privat., κλινῆναι) bending to neither side: unswerving, steadfast.

ἀ-κλυστος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κλύζω) unwashed by waves.

ἀκμάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀκμή) to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection: hence to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτῳ, etc.: c. inf. to be strong enough to do; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., it is high time to do.

ἀκμαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκμή) in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν in the prime of strength. II. in time, in season, Lat. opportunus.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκή, Lat. acies) a point, edge; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆς on the razor's edge, i. e. at the critical moment; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί. 2. the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβης, Lat. flos aetatis; ἀκμή θέρος mid-summer:—generally, strength, vigour. 3. like καιρός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time; ἀκμή [ἔστι], c. inf., 'tis high time to do; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, c. inf., to be on the point of doing.

ἀκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. in a moment, directly: even now, still, like ἔτι.

ἀκμηνός, ἡ, ον, (ἀκμή) full-grown, in full vigour.

ἀκμηνος, ον, fasting from food. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., κάμνω) = ἀκάμας, untiring, fresh.

ἀ-κμητος, ον, (α privat., κάμνω) unwearied, untiring.

ἀκμό-θετον, τό, (ἄκμων, τίθημι) the anvil-block.

ἄΚΜΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, an anvil, Lat. incus.

ἀ-κνισσος or rather ἀ-κνῖσος, ον, (α privat., κνῖσα) without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice.

ἀκοή, Ep. ἀκουή, ἡ, (ἀκούω) bearing: I. the sense of bearing: the ear; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς δέχεσθαι to hear, etc. II. a bearing, listening to; ἀκοῆς ἄξιος worth bearing. III. the thing

heard, a report, saying, fame; ἀκοῇ εἰδέναι τι to know a thing by hearsay.

ἀ-κοίμητος, ον, (α privat., κοιμάομαι) sleepless.

ἀ-κοινώνητος, ον, (α privat., κοινωνέω) not shared in common. II. act. not sharing in, not partaking of: hence unsocial.

ἀ-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (α = ἄμα, κοίτη) a bedfellow, spouse, husband: fem. ἀ-κοιτις, ιος, ἡ, a wife.

ἀ-κολάκευτος, ον, (α privat., κολακεύω) not flattered, not won by flattery.

ἀκολασία, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) licentiousness, intemperance: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη.

ἀκολασταίνω, (ἀκόλαστος) to be licentious, debauched, intemperate: to live a riotous life.

ἀ-κόλαστος, ον, (α privat., κολάζω) Lat. non castigatus, uncensured, undisciplined, unbridled: also uneducated. 2. intemperate, opp. to σώφρων.

Hence

ἀκολάστως, Adv. intemperately: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως ἔχειν πρὸς τι to be too intemperate in a thing.

ἀ-κόλος, ον, ὁ, (α privat., κόλον) a bit, morsel.

ἀκολουθέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀκόλουθος) to follow, go after or with. II. metaph. to follow or obey one in a thing. Hence

ἀκολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, a following, sequence.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθέω, one must follow.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκολουθέω) a following, attendance, train. II. agreement or conformity with.

ἀ-κόλουθος, ον, (α copul., κέλευθος) following, attending on:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, ὁ, a follower, attendant; οἱ ἀκόλουθοι the camp followers. II.

following after; agreeing with, suitable to, like, c. gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. -θως, in accordance with, c. dat.

ἀ-κόλυμβος, ον, unable to swim.

ἀ-κομιστία, Ep. -ίη [ι], ἡ, want of tending. From

ἀ-κόμιστος, ον, (α privat., κομίζω) untended.

ἀ-κομος, ον, (α privat., κόμη) without hair, bald: of trees, leafless.

ἀ-κόμπαστος, ον, (α privat., κομπάζω) unboastful.

ἀ-κομπος, ον, without boast, unboasting.

ἀ-κομψος, ον, unadorned, simple, plain, Lat. simplex. II. rude in speech.

ἀκονάω, f. ἦσω, (ἀκονή) to sharpen, whet.

ἀ-κόνδυλος, ον, (α privat., κονδύλη) without blows.

ἀκόνη, ἡ, (ἀκή) a whetstone, bone, Lat. cos.

ἀ-κονίτι, Adv. of ἀκόνιτος, (α privat., κονίω) without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil, or effort, Lat. sine pulvere.



ἀκόνιτον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monkshood.  
 ἀκόντι, later form for ἀέκοντι.  
 ἀκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. 1 ἠκόντισα, Ep.  
 ἀκόντισα: (ἀκων):—to hurl a javelin: also to throw,  
 fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc.  
 pers. to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and  
 Pass. to be so hit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth  
 rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or  
 pierce.  
 ἀκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκων, a dart, javelin.  
 ἀκόντισις, ἡ, (ἀκοντίζω) the throwing a javelin.  
 ἀκόντισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίζω) that which is darted, a  
 javelin; ἐντὺς ἀκοντίσματος within a dart's throw.  
 ἀκοντιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ἀκοντιστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκον-  
 τίζω) a darter, hurler of javelins.  
 ἀκοντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκοντίζω) skilled in throwing  
 the dart.  
 ἀκοντιστής, υῖος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκόντισις, the game of  
 the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.  
 ἀκοντοδόκος, ὄν, (ἀκων, δέχομαι) watching the  
 dart, i. e. shunning it.  
 ἀκοπος, ὄν, without weariness: I. pass. un-  
 wearied, untiring. II. act. not wearying,  
 easy. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.  
 ἀκορέστατος, most shameless, a Sup. either from  
 ἀκορής=ἀκόρεστος; or shortened for ἀκορεστότα-  
 τος, Sup. of ἀκόρεστος, like μέσσατος, νέατος.  
 ἀκόρεστος, ὄν, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, un-  
 ceasing: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II.  
 act. not satiating: not disgusting.  
 ἀκόρετος, ὄν,=ἀκόρεστος.  
 ἀκόρητος, ὄν, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c.  
 gen. unsated with, ἀκ. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a  
 privat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.  
 ἀκορος, ὄν,=ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-  
 less, Lat. improbus.  
 ἄκος, εὖς, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, re-  
 source for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἄκος τέμνειν to  
 prepare a remedy.  
 ἀκοσμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-  
 ruly: to be out of order, to offend.  
 ἀκόσμητος, ὄν, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,  
 disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.  
 ἀκοσμία, ἡ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness,  
 offence. From  
 ἀκοσμος, ὄν, without order, disorderly: in moral  
 sense, unruly, rebellious:—Adv. —μως, without or-  
 der. II. κόσμος ἀκοσμος a world that is no  
 world, like γάμος ἄγαμος, etc.  
 ἀκοστήω or ἀκοστέω, only used in aor. I part.  
 ἀκοστήσας, well-fed, over-fed. From  
 ἄκοστος, ἡ, barley.  
 ἀκουάζομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to barken to, c.  
 gen. II. to be called, bidden; δαιτὸς ἀκουάζε-  
 σθον ye are bidden to the feast, like καλεῖσθαι, Lat.  
 vocari.  
 ἀκουή, ἡ, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατρὸς ἀκουή  
 tidings of his father:—a sound.

ἀ-κουρος, ὄν, (a privat., κοῖρος) childless, without  
 male heir. II. (a privat., κουρά) unborn.  
 ἀκούσειαν, Aeol. form of ἀκούσαιεν, 3 pl. aor. I  
 opt. of ἀκούω.  
 ἀκουσείω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to hear.  
 ἀκουσί-θεός, ὄν, (ἀκούω, θεός) beard of God.  
 ἀκούσιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκούω) audible.  
 ἀκούσιος, ὄν, Att. contr. for ἀκούσιος, unwilling,  
 under constraint:—Adv. —ως, unwillingly, or in an  
 unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most un-  
 willingly.  
 ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing heard, a sound,  
 strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ā] Hence  
 ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.  
 ἀκουστέον, also ἀκουστέα, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one  
 must hear or barken to, c. gen.  
 ἀκουστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.  
 ἀκουστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, heard, audible:  
 that should be heard.  
 ἄκοῦτον, f. ἀκούσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσα: pf. Att.  
 ἀκήκοα, Dor. ἀκουκα: plqpf. ἀκηκούειν, Att. ἀκηκόη:  
 —Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἠκούσθην: pf.  
 ἤκουσμαι:—to hear, used both with gen. and  
 acc. 2. absol. to hear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεῶν hear,  
 O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c.  
 gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to  
 bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj.  
 or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. malus audire; or with  
 an Adv. εὖ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire.  
 ἄκρα, Ion. ἄκρη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἄκρος) the end,  
 point, esp. the highest point, the top of the bill, peak,  
 headland: a citadel, Lat. arx:—κατ' ἄκρης πέρθειν,  
 Att. κατ' ἄκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i. e.  
 utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.  
 ἀκράαντος, ὄν,=ἀκραντος, without result, unful-  
 filled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.  
 ἀ-κράγης, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.  
 ἀκραῖ, contr. form of ἀκραία, acc. masc. of ἀκραῖς.  
 ἀκρ-αῖς, ἐς, (ἀκρος, αἶμα) of certain winds, blowing  
 strongly, fresh-blowing.  
 ἀκραφνής, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραφνο-φανής, (ἀκεί-  
 ραιος, φανῆναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence II.  
 unbarred, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing.  
 ἀ-κραντος, ὄν, (a privat., κραινῶ) unaccomplished,  
 unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.  
 ἀκράσια, ἡ, (ἀκρατής) the character of an ἀκρατής,  
 incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.  
 ἀ-κράτεια, ἡ, earlier form of foreg. [ā]  
 ἀκράτεστος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.  
 ἀ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not  
 having power or command over a thing; ἀκρατής  
 ὀργῆς, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense,  
 without power or command over oneself, incontinent,  
 Lat. impotens sui.  
 ἀ-κράτιζομαι, fut. Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to drink pure  
 wine (ἀκρατος, merum). II. to breakfast, because  
 this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence  
 ἀκράτιστος, ὄν, having breakfasted. [krā]

- ἀκρῦτοποσία, Ion. ἀκρητοποσίη, ἡ, a drinking of unfused, disorderly : countless. 2. lasting, unceasing: unmixed wine. From
- ἀκρῦτο-πότης, ου, Ion. ἀκρητο-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ἀκρῦτος, πίνω) a drinker of unmixed wine.
- ἀ-κρῦτος, Ion. ἀ-κρητος, ου : Comp. and Sup. ἀκρῦ-τέστερος, -έστατος : (α privat., κεράννυμι) :—unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate : esp. of wine, ἀκρατος (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, wine without water, sheer wine, Lat. *merum* ; metaph., ἀκρατος νοῦς pure intellect. 2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive : intemperate, violent.
- ἀ-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀ-κρατής, without control. [κρᾶ]
- ἀκρᾶτῶς, Adv. of ἀκρατής, without control ; ἀκρατῶς εἶχειν to be incontinent.
- ἀκρᾶχολέω, f. ἤσω, to be passionate. From
- ἀκρά-χολος, Ion. ἀκρή-χολος, ου, (ἀκρος, χόλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate ; κύων ἀκράχολος an ill-tempered dog. [κρᾶ]
- ἀκρέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀκρος) the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig.
- ἀκρ-έσπερος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἑσπέρα) at the beginning of evening, at eventide.
- ἀκρ-ήβης, ες, and ἀκρ-ηβος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἥβη) in earliest youth, very young.
- ἀ-κρητος, ου, Ion. for ἀκρατος, unmixed, pure.
- ἀκρη-χολία, ἀκρή-χολος, Ion. for ἀκραχολία, etc.
- ἀκριας, acc. pl. of ἀκρις.
- ἀκρίβεια, ἡ, exactness, accuracy, precision : perfection. II. strictness, severity : parsimony, frugality. From
- ἀκριβής, ες, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind ; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. II. of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous :—also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)
- ἀκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀκριβολόγος) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language : c. acc. τεῖ, to weigh accurately. Hence
- ἀκριβολογία, ἡ, precision of language.
- ἀκριβο-λόγος, ου, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) exact in language.
- ἀκριβῶν, f. ὤσω, (ἀκριβής) to make exact or accurate : to arrange precisely : but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly : to express accurately :—Pass. to be made exact or perfect.
- ἀκριβῶς, Adv. of ἀκριβής, exactly, accurately, precisely. II. sparingly ; ἀκριβῶς καὶ μόλις, Lat. *vix et ne vix quidem*.
- ἀκριδο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀκρίς, τίθημι) a locust-cage.
- ἀκρις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκρα, a hill-top, peak ; mostly in pl., ἀκριες ἡνεμόεσσαι the windy mountain-tops.
- ἈΚΡΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a locust, Lat. *gryllus*.
- ἀκρίσια, ἡ, (ἀκριτος) want of distinctness and order, confusion. II. want of judgment.
- ἀκρίτό-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἀκριτος, δάκρυ) shedding floods of tears.
- ἀκρίτό-μῦθος, ου, (ἀκριτος, μῦθος) talking recklessly. II. hard to interpret.
- ἀ-κρίτος, ου, (α privat., κρίνω) unarranged, con-
- fused, disorderly : countless. 2. lasting, unceasing: of mountains, continuous. II. undecided, doubtful. 2. unjudged, untried, of persons and things ; ἀκριτόν τινα κτείνειν, to put to death without trial, Lat. *indicta causa* :—also not subject to trial. III. act. not giving judgment. 2. not exercising judgment, undistinguishing.
- ἀκρίτό-φυλλος, ου, (ἀκριτος, φύλλον) of blended foliage.
- ἀκρίτό-φυρτος, ου, (ἀκριτος, φύρω) undistinguishably mixed.
- ἀκροάζομαι, Dep. = ἀκροάομαι.
- ἀκροῦμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. *acroūma*, anything heard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or sung : a play or musical piece.
- ἈΚΡΟΑΪ, impf. ἡκροώμην : fut. ἀσομαι [ᾶ] : aor. 1 ἡκροασάμην : pf. ἡκρόαμαι : Dep. :—to hearken or listen to, esp. to hear or attend lectures ; ὁ ἀκροώμενος a hearer, student. II. to obey.
- ἀκροῦσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκροάομαι) a hearkening or listening to. 2. obedience.
- ἀκροῦτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκροάομαι, one must listen to.
- ἀκροῦτήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) a place of audience : lecture-room. II. an audience.
- ἀκροῦτής, ου, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) a hearer : a pupil.
- ἀκροῦτικός, ἡ, ὡν, (ἀκροάομαι) proper for bearing or attending lectures ; μισθὸς ἀκροατικός, Lat. *bonorarium*, a pupil's fee.
- ἀκρο-βατέω, (ἀκρος, βαίνω) to walk on tiptoe or erect.
- ἀκρο-βαφής, ες, (ἀκρος, βάφηναι) wetted at the end. II. tinged at the point, or slightly.
- ἀκρο-βελής, ες, (ἀκρος, βέλος) with a point at the end.
- ἀκροβολέω, (ἀκροβύλος) to be a slinger, to skirmish.
- ἀκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. to throw or strike from afar : to skirmish. Hence
- ἀκροβόλεις, εως, ἡ, a skirmishing.
- ἀκροβολισμός, ου, ὁ, = ἀκροβύλις.
- ἀκροβολιστής, ου, ὁ, = ἀκροβύλος.
- ἀκρο-βόλος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, βαλεῖν) as Subst. one that throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher : but II. as Adj. προπατοχ. ἀκρό-βολος, ου, struck from afar.
- ἀκροβυστία, ἡ, (ἀκρόβυστος) uncircumcision.
- ἀκρό-βυστος, ου, (ἀκρος, βύω) uncircumcised.
- ἀκρο-γωνιαῖος, ου, (ἀκρος, γωνία) at the extreme angle ; ἀκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.
- ἀκρό-δετος, ου, (ἀκρος, δέω) bound at the end or top.
- ἀκρόδρυα, τά, (ἀκρος, δρῦς) fruit-trees. II. fruits, esp. hard-shelled fruits.
- ἀκρο-έλικτος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἐλίσσω) twisted at the end.
- ἀκρο-θιγής, ες, (ἀκρος, θιγεῖν) touching on the surface or lightly.
- ἀκρό-θινα, τά, v. ἀκρο-θίνιον.
- ἀκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) to take of the best, pick out for oneself.
- ἀκρο-θίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. ἀκροθίνια, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, the top of the head, the



best or choice parts: hence the first-fruits of the field, of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί:—properly a neut. Adj. from ἀκροθίνιος, whence θύη ἀκροθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θῆ]

ἀκρο-κελαινώω, (ἄκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀκροκελαινιόων, growing black on the surface.

ἀκρο-κνέφαιος, ον, and ἀκρο-κνεφής, ἐς, (ἄκρος, κνέφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight.

ἀκρό-κομος, ον, (ἄκρος, κόμη) with hair on the crown. II. with leaves at the top.

ἀκρο-κόρινθος, ὁ, the citadel of Corinth.

ἀκρο-κῦματός, ἑ. ὥσω, (ἄκρος, κῦμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ἀκρό-λίθος, ον, (ἄκρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

ἀκρο-λίγιον, τό, (ἄκρος, λίγιον) the edge of a net.

ἀκρο-λογέω, (ἄκρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

ἀκρολοφίτης, [ῖ], ον, ὁ, (ἄκρος, λόφος) a mountaineer.

ἀκρό-λοφος, ὁ, (ἄκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρο-λύτέω, (ἄκρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

ἀκρο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἄκρος, μάνη) at the height of madness, raving mad.

ἀκρο-μόλιβδος, ον, (ἄκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

ἄκρον, ον, τό, neut. of ἄκρος, the highest or topmost point: I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph.

the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl.

ἄκρα, of persons, the chiefs.

ἀκρο-ονυχί, Adv. (ἄκρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

ἀκρο-όνυχος, ον, (ἄκρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀκρώνυχος.

ἀκρό-νυχος, ον, (ἄκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

ἀκρο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἄκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ἀκρο-ποδητί, Adv. (ἄκρος, πούς) on tiptoe, stealthily.

ἀκρό-πολις, εως, ἡ, (ἄκρος, πόλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle: in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury. II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

ἀκρο-πόλος, ον, (ἄκρος, πολέω) high-ranging: generally, high.

ἀκρο-πόρος, ον, (ἄκρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

ἀκρό-πτερον, τό, (ἄκρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing.

ἀκρό-πολις, ἡ, poet. for ἀκρόπολις.

ἄκρος, α, ον, (ἀκτῆ) at the end, i. e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus; ἄκρα χεῖρ,

ἄκροι πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc.; πόλις ἄκρη = ἀκρόπολις, the citadel; ὑδωρ ἄκρον the

surface of the water; so also, ἐπ' ἄκροισι (sc. δακτύλοις) on tiptoe; οὐκ ἀπ' ἄκρας φρενός not from the

surface of the heart, i. e. from the inmost heart; ἄκροισι λαίφους κρασπέδοις with the outermost edges

of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time, ἄκρα ἑσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III.

of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding,

good, excellent; ἄκροι Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, the poets; ψυχὴν οὐκ ἄκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἄκρον and ἄκρα, as

Adv. very, exceedingly, highly: v. ἄκρως.

ἀκρο-σίδηρος, ον, (ἄκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod with iron.

ἀκρό-σοφος, ον, (ἄκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀκρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἄκρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀκρο-σφῶλης, ἐς, (ἄκρος, σφᾶλῆναι) apt to stumble.

ἀκροτάτη, feni. Sup. of ἄκρος.

ἀκρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἄκρος, τελευτή) the sag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀκρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἄκρος) a summit, height.

ἀκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From

ἀκρό-τομος, ον, (ἄκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge.

ἀκρο-ουχέω, (ἄκρον, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἄκρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀκρο-χᾶνης, ἐς, (ἄκρος, χᾶνείν) wide-yawning.

ἀκρο-χειρίζομαι, Dep. (ἄκρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀ-κρυπτος, ον, (α privat., κρύπτω) unhidden.

ἀ-κρύσταλλος, ον, without ice, unfrozen.

ἀκρο-ωλένιον, τό, (ἄκρος, ὠλένη) the point of the elbow.

ἀκρο-ωνυχία, ἡ, (ἄκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail: hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀκρο-ώνυχος, ον, (ἄκρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs.

ἀκρο-ώρεια, ἡ, (ἄκρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἄκρως, regul. Adv. of ἄκρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀκρωτηριάζω, ἑ. σω: aor. I ἠκρωτηρίασα: pf. pass. ἠκρωτηρίασμαι:—to cut off the extremities, esp. the

hands and feet, to mutilate. From

ἀκρωτήριον, τό, (ἄκρος) any topmost or prominent part; ἀκρ. οὐρεος a mountain-peak; ἀκρ. νηός a ship's

beak, Lat. rostra. 1. in plur. the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταινῶω, = ἀκταίνω.

ἀκταίνω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἄγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, ον, (ἀκτῆ) on the shore or coast. II. Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ἡ, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτῆ.

ἈΚΤΕ΄Α, ἡ, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀ-κτέωνος, ον, (α privat., κτέωνος) without property.

ἀ-κτένιστος, ον, (α privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄγω, one must lead: εἰρήνην ἀκτέον one must keep peace. II. intr. one must go or march.

ἀ-κτερίστος or ἀ-κτέριστος, ον, (α privat., κτερίζω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἄγνυμι) the place where the waves break, i. e. the beach, sea-shore, strand; in plur., ἀκταὶ προ-

βλήτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

generally, any raised place or edge, like the sea-coast, Lat. ora.

ἀκτή, ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) properly fem. of ἀκτός (broken, bruised), bruised corn, Lat. mola: groats, meal, bread made of it.

ἀ-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κτῆμα) without property, c. gen., ἀκτῆμων χρυσοῖο poor in gold.

ἀ-κτητος, ον, (α privat., κτάομαι) not worth getting.

ἀκτίνεσσιν, Ep. for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl. of ἀκτίς.

ἀκτίνηδόν, (ἀκτίς) Adv. like a ray.

ἀκτιος, ον, (ἀκτή) of or inhabiting the sea-shore.

ἀκτίς, ἴνος, ἡ, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα ἀκτίς midday: also the flash of fire and lightning: metaph. brightness, splendour. II. like Lat. radius, the spoke of a wheel.

ἀκτίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκτή) a dweller on the coast. [i]

ἀ-κτίτος, ον, (α privat., κτίζω) uncultivated.

ἀκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγω) a leader, chief.

ἀ-κυβέρνητος, ον, (α privat., κυβερνάω) without pilot, not steered.

ἈΚΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex.

ἀ-κύμαντος, ον, (α privat., κῦμαίνω) not washed by the waves, waveless, calm.

ἀ-κῦμος, ον, = ἀκύμαντος: metaph. calm, serene.

ἀ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κῦμα) = ἀκύμαντος. [v]

ἀ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κνέω) without fruit or offspring, barren. [v]

ἀ-κῦρος, ον, (α privat., κῦρος) without authority.

I. of laws, sentences, etc., no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside; ἀκυρος γίνεσθαι, εἶναι to have no force, be set aside. II. of persons, having no right or power, c. gen. Hence

ἀκῦρόω, f. ὥσω, to cancel, set aside.

ἀ-κύρωτος, ον, verb. Adj. unratisfied.

ἀ-κωδώνιστος, ον, (α privat., κωδανίζω) untried, unexamined.

ἀκωκή, ἡ, (ἀκή) a point, edge, Lat. acies.

ἀ-κώλυτος, ον, (α privat., κωλύω) unbindered. Adv. -τως, without hindrance.

ἀ-κωμώδης, ον, (α privat., κωμωδέω) not made the subject of comedy: generally, not ridiculed.

ἀκων, οντος, ὁ, (ἀκή) a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than ἔγχος.

ἀκων, ἀκουσα, ἄκων, gen. -οντος, Att. contr. for ἀέκων, against one's will, perforce. II. = ἀκούσιος, involuntary. [ā]

ἀ-κωπος, ον, (α privat., κώπη) without oars.

ἀλαβαστο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀλάβαστος, θήκη) a case for alabaster ornaments.

ἀλάβαστος, ὁ, ἀλαβαστίτης, ὁ, ἀλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for ἀλάβαστρος.

ἀλάβαστρον, τό, and ἀλάβαστρος, ὁ, also ἡ, a calcareous spar, alabaster. II. that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster.

ἀλαδε, Adv. (ἄλς) to or into the sea: in Homer also eis ἄλαδε.

ἀλά-δρομος, ον, ὁ, by some derived from ἄλλομαι,

δρομος, the bounding race; by others from ἄλς, δρόμος, a race over the sea.

ἀλαζονεία, ἡ, (ἀλαζών) the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, imposture.

ἀλαζόνευμα, τό, an imposture. From

ἀλαζονεύομαι, f. εἰσομαι, Dep. to swagger, use false pretensions. From

ἀλαζών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλη) a wanderer about the country, vagabond:—hence, a false pretender, an impostor. II. as Adj. making false pretences, swaggering, braggart, Lat. gloriosus:—Sup. ἀλαζονέστατος or -ίστατος.

ἀλάθεια, ἀλαθής, Dor. for ἀλήθεια, ἀληθής.

ἐλαθείς, Dor. aor. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαίνω, = ἀλάομαι, to wander about.

ἀλακάτα, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλακάτη.

ἀλαλά, Dor. for ἀλαλή.

ἀλαλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀλαλάζω) a shouting.

ἀλαλαγμός, ὁ, = ἀλαλαγή.

ἀλαλάζω, f. ἀξομαι: aor. I ἡλαλαξα, poet. ἀλά-

λαξα: (ἀλαλή):—to raise the war-cry: generally,

to shout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν to shout the shout of victory.

ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀλαλά, ἡ, alala! a loud cry: the battle-shout, war-cry.

ἀλάλημαι, a pf. form of ἀλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, to wander or roam about, like a beggar.

ἀ-λάλητος, ον, (α privat., λαλέω) unspeakable.

ἀλαλητός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) the war-cry, shout of victory: also a cry of woe, wailing.

ἀλαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἀλαλκόμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

Ἀλαλκο-μενῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλαλκεῖν, μένος) the guardian goddess, name of Minerva.

ἀ-λάλος, ον, (α privat., λάλος) speechless, dumb.

ἀλαλύκτημαι, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύω), but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, to wander about in anguish: to wander in mind from grief.

ἀ-λάμπητος, ον, (α privat., λάμπω) without light, darksome.

ἀ-λαμπής, ἐς, = ἀλάμπητος; ἀλαμπής ἡλίου without the light of the sun.

ἀλάομαι, imperf. ἡλώμην: aor. I ἡλήθην, Ep. ἀλή-θην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—to wander, stray, or roam about: sometimes c. acc., ἀλαῖσθαι γῆν to wander through or over the land: also to wander from home, be banished. II. metaph. to wander in mind, be distraught.

ἀλαός, ὄν, not seeing, blind; ἀλαοί, as opp. to δεδοκότες, the dead; ἀλαὸν ἔλκος ὁμμάτων a wound that brings blindness. II. dark, obscure.

ἀλαο-σκοπιή, ἡ, (ἀλαός, σκοπέω) a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch.

ἀλαῶω, f. ὥσω: aor. I inf. ἀλαῶσαι: (ἀλαός):—to make blind.

ἀλαπαδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλαπάζω) easily mastered, weakened: powerless, feeble.

ἀ-λαπάζω, Ep. imperf. ἀλάπαζον: f. ἀλαπάζω: Ep.



αορ. ἀλάπαξα: (α euphon., λαπάζω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

ἄλας, ἄτος, τό, = ἄλς, salt.

ἀλαστέω, (ἀλαστος) to be wrathful, bear hate.

ἀλάστορος, ον, (ἀλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ἀ-λαστος, ον, (α privat., λανθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed.

Hence

ἀ-λάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (α privat., λανθάνομαι) he who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; βουκόλων ἀλάστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and polluted man.

ἀλάτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀλήτης.

ἀλάτεια, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητεία.

ἀλάτο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαωτός, ὅς, ἡ, (ἀλαύω) a making blind, blinding.

ἀλεγινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous:—Adv. -νῶς. II. act. feeling pain, suffering.

For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίων.

ἀλγεσί-δωρος, ον, (ἀλγος, δῶρον) bringing pain.

ἀλγίω, f. ἦσω: αορ. I ἡλγησα: (ἀλγος):—to feel

bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph.

to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ἀλγηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) a sense of pain, pain,

grief, of body or mind.

ἀλγημα, ατος, τό, (ἀλγέω) pain felt or caused.

ἀλγησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) sense of pain.

ἀλγινόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀλγος) painful, grievous.

ἀλγίων, ον, gen. ονος, and ἀλγιστος, η, ον, irreg.

Comp. and Sup. of ἀλγεινός, formed from Subst. ἀλγος (as καλλίων, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [Ἰ Ep., but Ἰ Att.]

ἌΛΓΟΣ, εος, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body

or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later,

anything that causes pain. Hence

ἀλγύνω, f. ὕνω: αορ. I ἡλγύνω.—Pass. with f. med.

ἀλγυνοῦμαι: αορ. I ἡλγύνθη:—to pain, grieve, dis-

tress:—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at

a thing.

ἀλδαίνω, αορ. 2 ἡλδάνον:—to make to grow, nourish,

strengthen; ἡλδανε μέλεα she filled out his limbs: to

increase, multiply. Only poet. (From \*ἄλω, Lat. alo.)

ἀλδήσκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. =

ἀλδαίνω. (From Root ἌΔ-, as in Lat. alere.)

ἀλία, Ion. ἀλή, ἡ, (ἀλη, ἀλεύω) an avoiding, es-

caping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

ἌΛΕ'Α, Ion. ἀλή, ἡ, = εἴλη, beat or warmth, of

the sun, or of fire. Hence

ἀλεαίνω, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow

warm, be warm.

ἀλέασθαι, ἀλέασθε, Ep. αορ. I inf. and imper. pl. of

ἀλέομαι.

ἀλεγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέγω, cf. ἀλγεινός) painful, grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι ἀλεγεινοὶ δαμή-μεναι horses hard to break.

ἀλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλέγιζον: (ἀλέγω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care

for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἀλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλέγω):—

in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal:

generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἀ-λέγω, (α copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble

oneself, have a care, mind, heed; mostly with the

negat., οὐκ ἀλέγειν to have no care, heed not; rarely

without negat., Λιταὶ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαι they are heed-

ful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for

a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι ἐν τισι, to be

regarded or counted among.

ἀλεεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέα, ἄλω) hot, warm.

ἀλεείνω, only used in pres. and impf. = ἀλέομαι,

ἀλεύομαι, (ἀλέα, ἄλη) to sun, avoid.

ἀλή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀλέα.

ἄλειαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλέω) unbeaten flour.

ἄλειμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint

with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἀλείπτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλείφω) an anointer: a trainer,

master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἀλείς, εἶσα, ἐν, αορ. 2 pass. part. of εἴλω.

ἄ-λεισον, τό, (α privat., λείος) an embossed cup,

generally = δέπας.

ἀλείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλη) one who leads or goes astray,

a sinner.

ἄλειφα, τό, = ἄλειφαρ.

ἄλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in

funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for

smearing with, pitch, resin.

ἌΛΕΙΨΩ, f. ψω: αορ. I ἡλειψα, Ep. ἄλ-: pf. ἀλή-

λῖφα:—Pass., αορ. I ἡλείφθην, also αορ. 2 ἡλίφην [ἴ]:

pf. ἀλήλιμμαι:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin:

Homer joins ἀλείψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίῳ to

anoint with oil (see λίπα); esp. of anointing for gyno-

nastic exercises; οἱ ἀλειφόμενοι the athletes. II.

like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; οὐατα ἀλείψαι

to stop up the ears. Hence

ἀλειψις, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἀλεκτοριδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a chicken.

ἀλεκτορίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἀλεκτορίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἀλεκτορο-φωνία, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of

a cock: cock-crow.

ἄ-λεκτρος, ον, (α privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; ἄ-

λεκτρα γάμων ἀμιλλήματα an unlawful contest of

marriage: ἀλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἀλεκτρύαινα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτρύων,

by analogy of λέαινα to λέων.

ἀλεκτρύων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

ἌΛΕ'ΚΤΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, a cock, Lat. gallus.

ἌΛΕ'ΚΩ, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward

off, avert, τινί τι.

ἀλέματος, Dor. for ἡλέματος.

ἄλεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἑάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω;—but ἄλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἄλείς.

ἄλέξ-ανδρος, ον, (ἄλέξω, ἀνὴρ) *defending men*. II. the usual name of Paris in the Iliad.

ἄλεξ-άνεμος, ον, (ἄλέξω, ἄνεμος) *keeping off the wind*.  
ἄλέξασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλεξιμένα, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξιμα, τό, (ἄλέξω) *a defence, guard, help*.

ἄλεξήσῃ, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλεξήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἄλέξω) *a keeping off, resistance*.

ἄλεξήσω, fut. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλεξητέρα, ἡ, fem. of ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄλέξω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian*; ἄλεξητήρ μάχης *one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξητήριος, α, ον, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection*.

ἄλεξητῶρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξι-άρη, ἡ, (ἄλέξω, ἀρά) *she that keeps off a curse*; or (from ἄλέξω, ἄρης) *she that guards from death and ruin*. [ἀρ]

ἄλεξι-βέλεμνος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βέλεμνον) *keeping off arrows or darts*.

ἄλεξι-κάκος, ον, (ἄλέξω, κακόν) *keeping off evil*.

ἄλεξι-βροτος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βροτός) *protecting mortals*.

ἄλεξι-μορος, ον, (ἄλέξω, μύρος) *warding off death*.

ἄλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote*.

ἌΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἄλέξω, partly from ἄλέκω:—fut. ἄλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. 1 act. opt. ἄλεξήσῃ; fut. med. ἄλεξήσομαι:—but also fut. ἄλέξω; aor. 1 ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἄλέξομαι; aor. 1 ἤλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from \*ἄλκω) ἄλαλκον, inf. ἄλαλκεῖν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἄλαλκῶν; whence again is formed a fut. ἄλαλκήσω:—*to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid*:—Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἄλέξειν τινί *to help one*; Ζεὺς τὸν ἄλεξήσῃ *may Jove avert this*; but most freq. together, as, ἄλέξειν Δαναοῖς κακὸν ἡμῶν *to avert the day of evil from the Danaï*; cf. ἄλαλκε:—Med., ἄλέξεσθαι τινα *to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him*, Lat. *defendere*: also absol. *to defend oneself*. II. in Med. also, *to requite, repay, recompense*.

ἄλέομαι, contr. ἄλεῦμαι, also ἄλεύομαι: 3 sing. opt. ἄλείοιτο; part. ἄλεύμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. 1 ἤλεύατο or ἄλεύατο; imper. ἄλείαι, ἄλέασθε; subj. ἄλήται or ἄλεύεται; opt. ἄλείαιτο; inf. ἄλέασθαι, ἄλεύασθαι; part. ἄλευάμενος: Dep.: (ἄλεύω):—*to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἄλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect*: cf. ἄλεῦ.

ἄλεσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 1 of ἄλέω.

ἄλεται, Ep. for ἄληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, *to leap*.

ἄλέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *a grinder*; ἄλέτης ὄνος *a mill-stone*.

ἄλετός, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *a grinding*.

ἄλετρεύω, f. εὖσω, longer form of ἄλέω, *to grind*. [ᾱ]

ἄλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (ἄλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds or pounds, a pestle*.

ἄλετρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn*, Lat. *molitrix*. [ᾱ]

ἄλεῦ or ἄλεν, prob. shortened for ἄλέον, imper. of ἄλέομαι, *avoid! cease!*

ἄλευάμην, aor. 1 of ἄλέομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἄλέω) *unbeaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφιτα (*barley-meal*).

ἄλεύω, f. ἄλεύσω, aor. 1 ἤλευσα, used as Act. to ἄλέομαι or ἄλεύομαι (v. ἄλέομαι):—*to remove, keep far away*.

ἌΛΕΩ, imperf. ἤλουν; fut. ἄλέσω; aor. 1 ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα; pf. ἄλήλεκα, pass. ἄλήλεσμαι or ἄλήλεμαι:—*to grind, bruise, pound*, Lat. *molere*.

ἄλεωρή, Att. ἄλεωρά, ἡ, (ἄλέομαι) *an avoiding, shunning, escaping*. 2. *a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing*, δηῖον ἀνδρῶν ἄλεωρή:—absol. *help, succour*.

ἌΛΗ, ἡ, (ἄλᾶομαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. metaph. *a wandering of mind, distraction, madness*, Lat. *error mentis*.

ἄληθειᾶ, poet. ἄληθείᾳ, ἡ, (ἄληθής) *truth*. II. the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

ἄληθέστερον, -ίστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἄληθῶς. ἄλητεύω, f. εὖσω, (ἄληθής) of persons, *to speak truth, to be truthful*: of things, *to be true*: of divinations, in Pass. *to come true, be fulfilled*:—ἄληθευσον πάντα *speak truth in all things*.

ἄληθής, ἐς, (α privat., λήθω) *without reserve*:—of persons, *true, sincere; truthful, frank, honest*: of things, *real, actual*. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signif.; proparox. ἄληθες; *itane? indeed? in sooth?* but τὸ ἀληθές, *in very truth, really and truly*, Lat. *revera*.

ἄληθίζομαι, Dep. = ἄλητεύω.

ἄληθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄληθής) *agreeable to truth*:—of persons, *truthful, honest*: of things, *real, actual, genuine*. Adv. -ῶς.

ἄληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄληθής, μάντις) *prophet of truth*.

ἄληθοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for ἄληθεια.

ἄληθω, fut. ἤσω, = ἄλέω, *to grind*.

ἄληθῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἄληθής, *really, truly*; also ὡς ἄληθῶς:—Comp. ἄληθέστερον, *more truly*; Sup. ἄληθέστατα, *most truly*.

Ἄληϊον πεδῖον, τό, (ἄλη) *land of wandering*, in Lycia or Cilicia.

ἄ-λήϊος, ον, (α privat., λήϊον) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄ-ληκτος, Ep. ἄλληκτος, ον, (α privat., λήγω) *unceasing, incessant*; ἄλληκτος θυμός *implacable anger*; ἄλληκτος χόλον *abating not from wrath*.



ἀλήλεκα, ἀλήλεσμαι or -εμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω, to grind.  
 ἀλήλιφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.  
 ἀλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground, fine flour*: metaph. *a wily knave*.  
 ἀλήμεναι, Ep. for ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.  
 ἀλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) *a wanderer, rover*.  
 ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.  
 ἀ-ληπτος, ον, (α privat., λαμβάνω) *not to be laid bold of, hard to catch*: Comp. ἀληπτύτερος, *less amenable*. 2. *incomprehensible*.  
 'ΑΛΗ'Σ or ἀλής, ἐς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀθρόος, *thronged, in a mass*, Lat. *confertus*. [α]  
 ἀληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀλλομαι.  
 ἀλητεία, Dor. ἀλατεία, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*. From  
 ἀλητεύω, f. εὐσω, (ἀλήτης) *to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life*.  
 ἀλήτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλάομαι) *a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond*. 2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*.  
 ἀλητός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding in the mill*.  
 'ΑΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. imperf. ἀλθόμεν: fut. ἀλθήσομαι: —*to become whole or sound*: ἀλθετο χεῖρ.  
 ἀλία, Ion. ἀλίη, ἡ, (ἀλής) *an assembly, gathering of the people*, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκκλησία.  
 ἀλιά, ἡ, (ἄλς) *a salt-cellar*.  
 ἀλιάδαι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἄλς) *seamen*.  
 ἀλι-άετος, ποῖτ. ἀλαιέτος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἀετός) *the sea-eagle, osprey*.  
 ἀλι-ᾄης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ᾄημι) *blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward*.  
 ἀλι-ανθής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄνθος) *sea-blooming, i.e. purple*.  
 ἀ-λίαστος, ον, (α privat., λιάζομαι) *unyielding, unabating*: neut. ἀλίσστον as Adv., *incessantly*.  
 ἀλι-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.  
 ἀλι-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλς, βρέχω) *washed by the sea*.  
 ἀλίγκιος, α, ον, *resembling, like*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]  
 ἀλι-δονος, ον, (ἄλς, δονέω) *sea-tossed*.  
 ἀλι-ερκής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἔρκος) *sea-girt, surrounded by the sea*.  
 ἀλιεύς, gen. έως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) *one who has to do with the sea, and so* I. *a fisher*. II. *a seaman, sailor*: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἀλιῆς *towers on the sea*.  
 ἀλιευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλιεύω) *of or for fishing*.  
 ἀλιεύω, f. σω, (ἀλιεύς) *to be a fisher, to fish*.  
 ἀλίζω, f. ίσω: aor. ἡλίσσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡλίσθην: pf. ἡλισμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλής):—*to gather together, assemble*:—Pass. *to assemble, meet together*. [α]  
 ἀλίζω, f. ίσω, (ἄλς) *to salt*. [α]  
 ἀλί-ζωνος, ον, (ἄλς, ζώνη) *sea-girt*.  
 ἀλίη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀλία.  
 ἀλι-ήρης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) *sweeping the sea*.  
 ἀλίησι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἀλίη.  
 ἀλήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἀλιεύς.

ἀλίθιος, Dor. for ἡλίθιος.  
 ἀ-λίθος, ον, *without stones, not stony*.  
 ἀλικία, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλικία.  
 ἀλί-κλυστος, ον, (ἄλς, κλύζω) *sea-beaten*.  
 ἀλί-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κάμνω) *wearied by the sea*.  
 ἀλίκος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.  
 ἀλί-κτυπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) *sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships*. II. act. *roaring over the sea, of waves*.  
 ἀλι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, κύμα) *surrounded by waves*. [υ]  
 ἀλι-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλς, μέδω) *lord of the sea*.  
 ἀ-λίμενος, ον, (α privat., λιμήν) *without harbour, Lat. importuosus*: generally, *giving no shelter, inhospitable*. Hence  
 ἀ-λίμενότης, ἡ, *the being without harbours*.  
 ἀλι-μύρῃεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄλς, μύρω) *flowing into the sea, of rivers*.  
 ἀλινδήθρα, ἡ, *a place for horses to roll in*, Lat. *volutabrum*.  
 ἀλίνδω, aor. 1 ἡλίσσα, inf. ἀλίσσαι: pf. ἡλίσκα:—*to make a horse roll*:—Pass. ἀλινδέομαι or ἀλίνδομαι, *to roll like a horse*; also *to wander up and down, roam about*.  
 ἀλι-νήκτειρα, ἡ, fem. noun, as if from ἀλι-νηκτήρ (ἄλς, νήχω) *swimming in the sea*.  
 ἀλι-νηχής, ἐς, (ἄλς, νήχομαι) *swimming in the sea*.  
 ἄλινος, η, ον, (ἄλς) *made of or from salt*.  
 ἀ-λίνος, ον, (α privat., λίνον) *without a net, without hunting toils*.  
 ἄλιξ, Dor. for ἡλιξ.  
 ἀλί-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) *worn by the sea*.  
 ἄλιος, ὁ, Dor. for ἡλιος, *the sun*. [α]  
 ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλς) *of, from, or belonging to the sea*, Lat. *marinus*. [α]  
 ἄλιος, α, ον, = μάταιος, *fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring*: also in neut. as Adv. *in vain*. [α] (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἄλιο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) *sea-nurtured*.  
 ἀλιόω, f. ὥσω: aor. 1 ἡλίωσα, Ep. ἀλίωσα: (ἄλιος II):—*to make fruitless, disappoint*.  
 ἀ-λίπαρής, ἐς, *not fit for a suppliant*.  
 ἀλίπεδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδίον) *a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeus*.  
 ἀλί-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλάζω) *roaming in or by the sea*.  
 ἀλίπλακτος, Dor. for ἀλίπληκτος.  
 ἀλι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ἄλς, πλάνη) *sea-wandering, wandering over the sea*. Hence  
 ἀλιπλάνια, ἡ, *a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage*.  
 ἀλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten, lashed by the sea*.  
 ἀλί-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀλί-πλους, ουν, (ἄλς, πλέω) *merged in the sea, covered with water*.  
 ἀλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) *ploughing the sea*.  
 ἀλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (ἄλς, πορφύρα) *of sea-purple, of deep purple dye*.

ἀλιρ-ραγής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ῥαγῆναι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλίρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ραίνω) *sea-surfing.*

ἀλίρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιρραγής.

ἀλίρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ῥόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλίρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρόθιος.

ἀλίρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄλς, ῥέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἌΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough*, Lat. *satis*: also c. gen., ἅλς ἀργύρου *silver enough*, Lat. *sat argenti*; ἅλς ἔχω τινός *I have enough of a thing: rarely just enough*, = μετρίως.

ἀλίσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἌΛΙΣΓΕΨΩ, f. ἡσώ, *to pollute.* Hence

ἀλίσγημα, ατος, τό, *a pollution.*

ἀλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἡλίσκωμην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ἤλων, Att. also ἐάλων [ ]; subj. ἀλῶ, Ep. ἀλώω; opt. ἀλοίην, Ep. ἀλόην; inf. ἀλῶναι [α]; part. ἀλοίς: pf. ἤλωκα, Att. also ἐάλωκα [α]: plqpf. ἡλώκειν:—*to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's hand.* 2. *to be caught, seized.* 3. *to be taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be overpowered.* 4. *rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.* II. *to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; ἀλῶναι κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.*

ἀλι-στέφανος, ον, = sq.

ἀλι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλί-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στένω) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλιστός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀλίζω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλί-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλίταινω, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἤλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. 1 ἤλιτσα.—Med., aor. 2 ἤλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλίτοντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ἄλη):—*to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.*

ἀ-λίτανευτος, ον, (α privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταίνω.

ἀλι-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τείνω) *stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.*

ἀλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμα) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλίτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) *a sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part. med. of ἀλιταίνω, with accent and signif. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλίτημι. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλίτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.*

ἀλιτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt: ἀλιτήριός τινος sinning against him.*

ἀλίτοντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλιταίνω.

ἀλιτό-ξενος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ξένος) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλίτο-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρήν) *a wicked mind.*

ἀλιτραίνω, = ἀλιταίνω.

ἀλιτρία, ἡ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτρός, ὅν, syncop. for ἀλιτηρός, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὁ, a sinner, a knave.*

ἀλί-τρύτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρύω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed: as Subst., ἀλίτυπος, ὁ, a seaman.*

ἀλί-τύρος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τυρός) *a salt cheese.*

ἀλιφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλείφω.

ἀλιφθορία, ἡ, *shipwreck.* From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea: as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὁ, a pirate.*

ἀλίως, Adv. of ἄλιος, *in vain.*

ἀλκαῖος, α, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty.*

ἀλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) *a safeguard, bulwark, defence.*

ἀλκάς, ἄντος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκάεις, = ἀλκήεις.

ἀλκή, ἡ, (ἀλαλκεῖν) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur. ἀλκαί, feats of strength.* II. *spirit, courage.* III. *a safeguard, defence; and so help, succour.* IV. *battle, fight.*

ἀλκήεις, εσσα, εν: Dor. ἀλκάεις contr. ἀλκάς, gen. ἀλκῆντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty.*

ἀλκί, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλξ.

ἀλκί-μαχος, ον, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting.*

ἀλκίμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave.*

ἀλκί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-bearded.*

ἀλκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλαλκεῖν) *one who wards off, a protector.*

ἀλκυονίδες, αἱ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἀλκυών) *balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.*

ἌΛΚΥΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, *the kingfisher, balcyon.*

ἌΛΛΑ, Conjunct., neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a change of accent:—*in another way, otherwise:* I. *to oppose single clauses, but, Lat. autem.* II. *to oppose whole sentences, but, yet, Lat. at:—it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem; ἀλλ' ἴθι, ἀλλ' ἄγε, well come, come now.* III. *joined with other Particles:* 1. ἀλλ' οὖν, *but then, however.* 2. ἀλλὰ γάρ, Lat. enimvero, *but really, certainly.*

ἀλλάγη, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a change: exchange, barter.*

ἀλλαγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.*

ἀλλαντοπωλείω, *to sell sausages.* From

ἀλλαντο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλλας, πωλέω) *a sausage-seller.*

ἀλλάξαι, ἀλλάξασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἀλλαξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a changing, interchange.*

ἌΛΛΑΞ, ἄντος, ὁ, *a sausage.*

ἀλλάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἄξω: aor. 1 ἤλλαξα: pf.

ἤλλαχα:—Pass., fut. 1 ἀλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀλλαγή-



σομαι : aor. 1 ἡλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἡλλάγην : pf. ἡλλαγμαι : (ἄλλος) :—to make other than it is, to change, alter. II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay. 2. to change, and so leave, quit. III. to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος or ἀντί τινος one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, like Lat. mutare. IV. Med. to change or alter one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange : hence to barter, traffic :—and so, either 1. to buy, or 2. to sell. ἄλλαχῇ, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi ; ἄλλοτε ἄλλαχῇ at one time in one place, at another in another. ἄλλαχόθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place : by another way. ἄλλαχόθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, somewhere else. ἄλλαχόσε, Adv. elsewhere, to another place. ἄλλαχού, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. alibi. ἄλλεγον, ἄλλέξαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v. ἀναλέγω. ἄλλῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I. Adv. of Place : 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. alibi. 2. to another place, elsewhere, Lat. aliorsum. II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. alias. ἄλλ' ἢ, i. e. ἄλλο ἢ, except. ἄλλ-ηγορέω, (ἄλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically. ἄλ-ληκτος, ον, poet. for ἄ-ληκτος. ἄλληλοφάγια, ἢ, an eating one another. From ἄλληλο-φάγος, ον, (ἄλληλων, φάγειν) eating one another. ἄλληλοφθορία, ἢ, mutual destruction. From ἄλληλο-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλληλων, φθείρω) destroying one another. ἄλληλοφονία, ἢ, mutual slaughter. From ἄλληλο-φόνος, ον, (ἄλληλων, \*φένω) murdering one another. ἄλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom. : dat. ἀλλήλοις, αἰς, οἰς : acc. ἀλλήλους, ας, α : (ἄλλος) :—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence ἄλλήλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually. ἄλ-λιστος, ον, poet. for ἄ-λιστος, (α privat., λίσσομαι) inexorable. ἄλ-λιτάνευτος, ον, poet. for ἄ-λιτάνευτος, (α privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable. ἄλλο-γενής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, γένος) of another race : a foreigner. ἄλλό-γλωσσος, ον, (ἄλλος, γλῶσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign. ἄλλο-γνοέω, Ion. aor. 1 part. ἄλλογνώσας, (ἄλλος, νοέω) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake. ἄλλό-γνωτος, ον, (ἄλλος, γινώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown. ἄλλο-δαπός, ἢ, ὄν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land : ἄλλοδαπῇ (sc. γῇ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

ἄλλοδοξέω, f. ἤσω, (ἄλλόδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence ἄλλοδοξία, ἢ, a mistaking one thing for another. ἄλλό-δοξος, ον, (ἄλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion. ἄλλο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, εἶδος) of different form, looking differently. ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθεν. ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place, Lat. aliunde. ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi. II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. alias. ἄλλό-θροος, ον, contr. -θροους, ον, (ἄλλος, θρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign. ἄλλοῖος, α, ον, (ἄλλος) of another sort or kind, different, other :—Comp. ἄλλοιότερος, different. ἄλλοιόω, f. ὠσω : aor. 1 ἡλλοίωσα :—Pass., pf. ἡλλοίωμαι : (ἄλλοῖος) :—to make different, to change, alter :—Pass. to become different, be changed : esp. to be changed for the worse. ἄλλοίως, Adv. of ἄλλοῖος, otherwise. ἄλλοκα, Acol. for ἄλλοτε. ἄλλόκοτος, ον, (ἄλλος) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous : also utterly changed. Adv. -τως. ἄΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. SAL-IO : fut. ἄλουμαι : aor. 1 ἡλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι : aor. 2 ἡλόμην ; Ep. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλσο, ἄλτο ; 3 subj. ἄληται, Ep. ἄλεται ; inf. ἄλέσθαι ; part. ἄλόμενος, Ep. ἄλμενος : Dep. :—to spring, leap, bound. ἄλλο-πρόσ-ἄλλος, ὅ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, one who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain. ἄΛΛΟΣ, ἢ, ο, Lat. ALIUS, another, other : 1. ἄλλος τις, or τις ἄλλος, any other, some other : εἰ τις ἄλλος, Lat. si quis alius, whoever else. 2. ἄλλος is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another. 3. joined with the Art., ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest ; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. ceteri ; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. cetera, reliqua, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides : οἱ τε ἄλλοι καί. . . all others and especially. . . : so also ἄλλως τε καί. . . , both otherwise and. . . , i. e. especially. 4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc. : πέμπτος ποταμὸς ἄλλος, yet a fifth river. II. more rarely like ἄλλοῖος, of other sort, different : hence 1. other than what is common, strange, foreign. 2. other than what is, untrue, unreal. ἄλλοσε, Adv. (ἄλλος) to another place, elsewhere, to foreign lands, Lat. aliorsum. ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times : ἄλλοτε. . . , ἄλλοτε. . . , at one time, at another. ἄλλο τι ; Adv. (ἄλλος, τις) anything else ? Lat. numquid aliud ? when followed by ἢ, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἢ πεινῆσουσι ; i. e. ἄλλο τι πείσονται, ἢ πεινῆσουσι ; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger ? but ἢ is sometimes omitted.

ἀλλοτριάζω, (ἀλλότριος) to be estranged.

ἀλλοτριό-ἐπίσκοπος, ον, (ἀλλότριος, ἐπίσκοπος) a busy-body in other men's matters.

ἀλλοτριό-πρᾶγία, (ἀλλότριος, πρᾶσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence

ἀλλοτριόπρᾶγία, ἡ, meddlesomeness.

ἀλλότριος, α, ον, (ἄλλος) of or belonging to another, Lat. alienus, opp. to ἴδιος; ἀλλοτρίων χαρίσασθαι to be bountiful of what is another's; ἀλλοτρίοις γναθμοῖς γελάειν to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's ridere malis alienis. II. foreign, Lat. peregrinus: hence strange, alien: also estranged, hostile.

ἀλλοτριότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀλλότριος) estrangement.

ἀλλοτριό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλλότριος, χρῶς) of divers colours.

ἀλλοτριόω, f. ὤσω, to make strange, estrange, make hostile or ill-disposed:—Pass. to become estranged, be made an enemy. II. to bring into another's hands:—Pass. to fall into strangers' hands. Hence

ἀλλοτρίως, Adv. of ἀλλότριος, strangely; ἀλλοτρίως εἶναι to be estranged.

ἀλλοτρίωσις, εως, ἡ, estrangement.

ἄλλου, Adv. elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi.

ἄλ-λοφος, ον, Ep. for ἄ-λοφος.

ἄλλο-φρονέω, f. ἤσω, (ἄλλος, φρονέω) to be of another mind: to give no heed to a thing. II. to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly.

2. to be absent or unheeding: also to be senseless, lose one's wits.

ἄλλο-φύλος, ον, (ἄλλος, φυλή) of another tribe, foreign, strange.

ἄλλο-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ἄλλος, χρῶς) of another colour, changeable of hue.

ἄλλο-χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἄλλοχροος, foreign.

ἄλλυδις, Adv. (ἄλλος) = ἄλλοσε, elsewhere: Hom. has it only with ἄλλος, e. g. ἄλλυδις ἄλλος one bitter nether bitter.

ἄλλύεσκε, ἀλλύουσα [ῥ], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα: see ἀναλύω.

ἄλλως, Adv. of ἄλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise; ἄλλως πως in some other way; ἄλλως τε καί... both otherwise and..., i. e. especially, above all. II. otherwise than..., differently: hence in good sense, better.

2. otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like προῖκα, Lat. gratis: hence = μόνον, only, merely.

ἄλμα, τό, (ἄλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.

ἄλμη, ἡ, (ἄλς) sea-water that has dried: also the sea. 2. salt-water, brine. II. saltiness.

ἄλμῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄλμη) salt, briny.

ἄλμυρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ἄλμη) salt, briny. 2. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. amarus.

ἌΛΟΑΨ, poet. ἀλοιάω: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἀλοιάω: fut. ἀλοήσω: aor. 1 ἡλόησα, Ep. ἡλοίησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡλόηθην: pf. ἡλόημαι:—to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel.

ἄ-λοβος, ον, with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims.

ἀλογέω, f. ἤσω, (ἄλογος) to pay no regard to a thing, take no heed of it, Lat. rationem rei non habere. 2.

to be out of one's senses. Hence

ἀλογία, ἡ, want of regard or esteem, contempt. II. want of reason, senselessness, folly.

ἄ-λόγιστος, ον, (α privat., λογίζομαι) unreasoning, thoughtless, silly. II. not to be reckoned. 2.

not to be heeded, vile.

ἄ-λογος, ον, 1. without speech, speechless. 2. unspoken, i. e. unutterable, Lat. infandus. II.

without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. 3. not reckoned upon, unexpected.

ἌΛΟΨ, ἡ, the aloe, a plant.

ἀλοητός, ὁ, (ἀλοάω) threshing or threshing-time.

ἀλόθεν, Adv. (ἄλς) from or out of the sea.

ἀλοιά, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλοιάω.

ἀλοιάω, poet. for ἀλοάω.

ἀλοιήν, aor. 2 opt. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄ-λοιδορήτος, ον, (α privat., λοιδορέω) unreviled: not to be reviled.

ἄ-λοιδορος, ον, not reviling.

ἀλοιφή, ἡ, (ἀλείφω) anything for smearing: hog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.

ἀλοκίζω, f. σω, (ἀλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw.

ἄλόντε [α], dual aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἌΛΟΞ, οκος, ἡ, a poet. form of αὔλαξ, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land. 2. in the skin, a gasb, wound.

Ἄλοσ-ύδνη, ἡ, (ἄλς, ὑδνης) the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.

ἄλό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τρίβω) a pestle for pounding salt.

ἄλ-ουργής, see ἀλουργός.

ἄλ-ουργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλουργός) a purple robe.

ἄλ-ουργός, ὄν, and ἄλ-ουργής, ἐς, (ἄλς, \*ἔργω) purple-wrought, i. e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple: in pl., τὰ ἀλουργῇ purple robes.

ἄλούς, ἀλούσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι. [α]

ἄλουσία, ἡ, want of the bath. From

ἄ-λουτος, (α privat., λούω) unwashed.

ἄ-λοφος, Ep. ἄλ-λοφος, ον, without a crest.

ἄ-λοχος, ον, ἡ, (α copul., λέχος) the partner of one's bed, a wife.

ἄλώω, Ep. for ἀλάω, pres. imperat. of ἀλάομαι.

ἄλπιστος, η, ον, Sup. of obsol. ἄλπνος, sweetest, loveliest.

ἌΛΣ, ἄλός, ὁ, Lat. SAL, Engl. SALT: in sing. a grain or lump of salt; in plur. salt as prepared for use.

ἌΛΣ, ἄλός, ἡ, the sea.

ἄλσο, ἄλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἄλλομαι.

ἌΛΣΟΣ, εος, τό, a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade.

ἄλσ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἄλσος, εἶδος) like a grove, woodland.

ἄλτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλλομαι) good at leaping, nimble.

ἄλυκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλς) salt.

ἀλυκτάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀλύω) to be in trouble or dis-



*tress*: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτημαι, as if from a pres. ἀλυκτέω.

ἀλυκτο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἀλυκτος II, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

ἀλυκτος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled. II. (α privat., λύω) = ἄλυτος, indissoluble.

ἀλύξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλύσκω.

ἀλυξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλύσκω) an escaping, avoiding.

ἀ-λύπητος, ον, (α privat., λυπέω) not pained or grieved. II. act. not raining or distressing.

ἀ-λύπος, ον, (α privat., λύπη) without pain or grief, untroubled. II. act. not raining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.

ἀ-λύρος, ον, (α privat., λύρα) without the lyre, unaccompanied by it: hence mournful.

ἀλυσίς, εως, ἡ, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-λύσιτελής, ἐς, useless, unprofitable: hence hurtful. Adv. -λῶς.

ἀλυσκάζω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκω, used only in pres. and impf.

ἀλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκω.

ἀλύσκω, fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα, Ep. ἄλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.

ἀλύσσω, f. ὑξω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, (α privat., λύω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

ἀ-λυχνος, ον, without lamp or light.

ἌΛΥΩ, Att. ἀλύω, used only in pres. and impf.: (ἀλη, ἀλάομαι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like ἀπορέω: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

ἌΛΦΑ'ΝΩ; aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἄλφοι:—to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον ἀλφάνειν to incur envy.

ἀλφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνω.

ἀλφεσί-βοιος, α, ον, (ἀλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ἀλφηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἄνδρες ἀλφησταί, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

ἀλφίτ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀλφίτον, ἀμείβω) a dealer in barley-meal.

ἌΛΦΙΤΟΝ [ῖ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. *polenta*: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτου ἀκτῆ, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιστα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it.

2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: πατρῷα ἄλφιστα one's patrimony.

ἀλφίτοποιία, ἡ, a preparing of barley-meal. From ἀλφίτο-ποιός, ὁ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

ἀλφίτο-σιτέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀλφίτον, σιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

ἄλφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.

ἄλω, acc. of ἄλως.

ἄλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλωινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλως) used on a threshing-floor.

ἄλωεύς, εως, Ep. ἡοι, ὁ, (ἄλῳ) a thresher, vine-dresser.

ἄλῳ, Dor. ἄλῳά, poet. for Att. ἄλως: I. a threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

II. ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἀλοῖη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.

ἄλῳίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλῳ) a husbandman, gardener. [ᾱ]

ἄλῳμένοι, Ep. for ἀλῳναι, aor. 2 inf. cf ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλῳμενος, η, ον, part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἄλῳν, ὠνος, ἡ, = ἄλως.

ἄλῳναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλῳπεκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἄλῳπεκεῆ (sub. δορά): (ἄλῳπηξ) a foxskin.

ἄλῳπεκίας, ον, ὁ, (ἄλῳπηξ) branded with a fox.

ἄλῳπεκιδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἄλῳπηξ) a fox's cub.

ἄλῳπεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλῳπηξ) to play the fox, Lat. *vulpinari*.

ἄλῳπέκιον, τό, Dim. of ἄλῳπηξ, a little fox.

ἄλῳπεκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἄλῳπηξ) a mongrel between fox and dog. II. a fox-skin cap.

ἌΛΩ'ΠΗΞ, εκος, ἡ, a fox, Lat. *vulpes*: metaph. of men.

ἌΛΩΣ, ω, ἡ: gen. ἄλω or ἄλως: acc. ἄλω, ἄλων or ἄλῳα: pl. n. ἄλῳ:—a threshing-floor. II. the disk of the sun or moon.

ἄλῳσίμος, ον, (ἄλῳναι) easy to take, catch, win, or conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II. (ἄλῳσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἄλῳσις, εως, ἡ, (ἄλῳναι) a taking, capture, conquest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

ἄλῳσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄλῳτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἄλῳναι, to be taken, caught or conquered: to be acquired.

ἄλῳω, Ep. for ἄλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄμ, for ἀνά:—but ἄμ, for ἄμα.

ἌΜΑ, I. Adv. at once, Lat. *simul*. II. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

ἄμᾶ, Dor. for ἄμα.

Ἄμαζών, ὄνος, ἡ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also Ἄμαζονίδες.

ἄμαθαίνω, (ἄμαθής) to be ignorant, stupid.

ἄ-μαθής, ἐς, (α privat., μαθεῖν) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing. II. pass. not learnt, unknown. Hence

ἄμαθία, ἡ, want of knowledge, ignorance.

ἄμαθόεις, ὄεσσα, ὄεν, contr. ἄμαθοῦς, οὔσσα, οὔν, (ἄμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθόεις, sandy.

ἌΜΑΘΟΣ, ἡ, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see ψάμμος. [ᾱμᾱ-]

ἄμαθύνω, (ἄμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.

ἄμαθῶς, Adv. of ἀμαθής, ignorantly; ἄμαθῶς ἔχειν to be ignorant.

ἄ-μαιμάκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχος, irresistible, huge, enormous.

ἄμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλός) properly to

*soften*: hence to *crush, destroy, ruin*. 2. metaph. to *bide, disguise*.

ἀ-μάλθακτος, *ον*, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) *unsoftened*.  
ἀμᾶλλα, ἡ, (ἀμάω) a *bundle of ears of corn, sheaf*.  
ἀμᾶλλο-δετήρ, ἡρος, and ἀμᾶλλο-δετής, *ου, ὁ*, (ἀμᾶλλα, δέω) a *binders of sheaves*.

ἀμᾶλός, Att. ἀμαλός, ἡ, *όν*, = ἀπαλός, *soft, light*, Lat. *tener*. 2. *weak, feeble*.

ἀμαξα, Att. ἄμαξα, ἡ, (ἄγω) a *carriage, a wagon or wain*. 2. *the carriage of the plough*, Lat. *currus*. 3. *Charles' wain in the heavens, the great bear*. 4. a *carriage-road*. Hence

ἀμαξεύομαι, *Pass.* to be *traversed by wagons, to have wagon-roads through it*.

ἀμαξεύς, *έως, ὁ*, (ἄμαξα) a *wagoner*.

ἀμαξ-ήλατος, *ον*, (ἄμαξα, ἐλαύνω) *traversed by wagons*.

ἀμαξ-ήρης, *ες*, (ἄμαξα, \*ἄρω, Root of ὑπαρίσκω) *attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage*.

ἀμαξιαῖος, *α, ὢν*, (ἄμαξα) *fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones*.

ἀμαξίς, *ίδος, ἡ*, Dim. of ἄμαξα, a *little wagon*, Lat. *plostellum*: a *go-cart*.

ἀμαξίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (ἄμαξα) *of or belonging to a wagon*. [i]

ἀμαξ-ἱτός, *όν*, (ἄμαξα, εἶμι) *traversed by wagons: as Subst. ἀμαξιτός (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, a high-road for wagons*.

ἀμαξο-πληθής, *ές*, (ἄμαξα, πλήθος) *large enough to fill a wagon*.

ἀμαξ-ουργός, *όν*, (ἄμαξα, \*ἔργω) *making wagons or carriages*.

ἀμαρ, *ατος, τό*, Dor. for ἡμαρ.

ἌΜΑΡΑ, ἡ, a *trench, conduit, water-course*. [ἄμαρᾱ]

ἀμαράντινος, *η, ὢν*, = ἀμάραντος.

ἀ-μάραντος, *ον*, (a privat., μαραίνω) *unfading*.

ἌΜΑΡΤΑΝΩ, *fut.* ἀμαρτήσομαι, later -ήσω: *aor.* 1 ἡμάρτησα: *aor.* 2 ἡμαρτον, *inf.* ἀμαρτεῖν, *Ep.* by metath. (with β inserted) ἡμβροτον: *pf.* ἡμάρτηκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἡμαρτήθην: *pf.* ἡμάρτημαι:—to *miss, miss the mark, c. gen.*: hence 2. generally, to *fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong: to be deprived of a thing, lose it*. II. to *fail, do wrong, err, sin*.

ἡμαρτον, *Ep.* *aor.* 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτεῖν, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτῇ, or ἀμαρτῇ, *Adv.* (ἄμα) *together, at the same time, at once*. [ἄμ-]

ἀμάρτημα, *τό*, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a *failure, error, sin*.

ἀμαρτήσομαι, *fut.* of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτητικός, ἡ, *όν*, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *prone to fail or err*.

ἀμαρτία, ἡ, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a *failure, error, sin*.

ἀμαρτί-νοος, *ον*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, νόος) *erring in mind, distraught*.

ἀμάρτιον, *τό*, = ἀμάρτημα.

ἀμαρτο-επής, *ές*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) *failing in words, speaking at random or idly*.

ἀ-μαρτύρητος, *ον*, (a privat., μαρτυρέω) *without witness*.

ἀ-μαρτύρος, *ον*, (a privat., μάρτυς) *without witness, unattested*.

ἀμαρτωλή, ἡ, = ἀμαρτία.

ἀμαρτωλός, *όν*, (ἀμαρτάνω) *sinful, hardened in sin*.  
ἀμαρυγή, ἡ, = μαρμαρυγή, a *sparkling, twinkling, glancing, of objects in motion*. [ῥ, but in *Ep.* ῥ.]

ἀμαρυγμα, *τό*, a *sparkle, twinkle, quick motion*. From ἌΜΑΡΥΣΣΩ, only used in *pres.* and *impf.* to *sparkle, twinkle, glance*.

ἀμᾶς, Dor. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμα-τροχάω, only used in *Ep.* *part.* ἀματροχόων, (ἄμα, τρέχω) to *run together, run along with*. Hence ἀματροχία, ἡ, a *running together or clashing of wheels*.

ἀμαυρός, ἡ, *όν*, *dark, dim, faint, obscure*. 2. *having no light: hence blind, sightless, dusky, gloomy*. II. metaph. *dim, uncertain*. 2. *obscure, unknown*. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ἀμαυρόω, *f.* ὥσω: *aor.* 1 ἡμαύρωσα: *pf.* ἡμαύρωκα:—to *make dark or dim:—mostly in Pass.* to *become dark or dim; also to come to nothing*. II. metaph. to *eclipse: to weaken, impair*.

ἀμαχεί, *Adv.* of ἀμαχος, *without resistance*.

ἀ-μάχετος, *ον*, poet. for ἀμάχητος.

ἀμάχητί, *Adv.* of ἀμάχητος, *without fighting*.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ον*, (a privat., μάχομαι) *not to be fought with, unconquerable*. II. *never having fought*.

ἀμαχί, *Adv.* of ἀμαχος, = ἀμαχεί.

ἀ-μάχος, *ον*, (a privat., μάχη) *without battle, and so* I. *with whom no one fights, unconquered: unconquerable, of persons: of places, impregnable*. II. *act.* *not having fought*. 2. *disinclined to fight*.

ἌΜΑΩ: *contr.* *impf.* ἡμων: *f.* ἀμήσω: *aor.* 1 ἡμῃσα:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἡμήθην: *pf.* ἡμῃμαι:—to *reap, to mow: also to gather in, as a reaper does corn, to collect*. [generally, ᾱ *Ep.*: ᾱ Att.]

ἀμβ-, for ἀναβ-, at the beginning of words.

ἀμβαιή, *Ep.* for ἀναβαιή, 3 *sing.* *aor.* 2 *opt.* of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀμβαλλώμεθα, *Ion.* and *Ep.* for ἀναβαλλ-.

ἀμβᾶσις, ἡ, poet. for ἀνά-βασις.

ἀμβλίσκω and ἀμβλόω, *f.* ἀμβλώσω: *aor.* 1 ἡμβλωσα: *pf.* ἡμβλωκα: (ἀμβλός):—to *have an abortion, miscarry*.

ἀμβλύνω [ῥ], *f.* ῥνῶ: *aor.* 1 ἡμβλῦνα:—*Pass.*, *fut.* ἀμβλυνθήσομαι: *aor.* 1 ἡμβλύνθην: *pf.* ἡμβλυνμαι: (ἀμβλός):—to *blunt, dull, take the edge off*, Lat. *bebetare*:—*Pass.* to *become blunt or dull, lose the edge*.

ἌΜΒΛΥΣ, *εἶα, ὅ*, *blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off*, Lat. *bebes*: metaph. *dull, faint, feeble*: of persons, *spiritless, sluggish*. Hence

ἀμβλύτης [ῥ], *ητος, ἡ*, *dulness: sluggishness*.

ἀμβλύ-ωπος, *ον*, = ἀμβλωπος.

ἀμβλῶσσω, Att. -ττω, (ἀμβλός) to be *dim-sighted or blind*.

ἀμβλ-ωπός, *όν*, and ἀμβλ-ώψ, *ωπος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ἀμβλός, ὥψ) *dim-looking, dark, obscure*.

ἀμ-βολάδην, *Adv.*, poet. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀνα-βάλλω) *bubbling up*. II. (ἀναβολή) *like a prelude*.



ἀμ-βολάς, for ἀνα-βολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ  
 ἀμβολάς earth *ibroun* up.  
 ἀμβολι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) poet. for ἀνα-  
 βολ., putting off work, lazy.  
 ἀμβροσία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀμβρόσιος)  
 ambrosia, the food of the gods.  
 ἀμ-βρόσιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of ἀμ-βροτος, im-  
 mortal, divine, of divine nature. II. of things  
 belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair.  
 ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. for ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.  
 ἀμ-βροτος, ον, (α privat., βροτός) immortal, divine.  
 ἀμβώσας, Ion. for ἀναβοήσας, aor. 1 part. of ἀνα-  
 βοάω.  
 ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμᾶς.  
 ἀ-μέγαρτος, ον, (α privat., μεγαίρω) unenvied, un-  
 enviable, unhappy: as a reproach, wretched, miserable:  
 also horrible.  
 ἀμεθύστινος, η, ον, of amethyst. From  
 ἀ-μέθυστος, ον, (α privat., μεθύω) not drunken. II.  
 as Subst. ἀμέθυστος, ἡ, or ἀμέθυστον, τό, a remedy  
 against drunkenness: 1. a kind of herb. 2.  
 the precious stone, amethyst.  
 ἈΜΕΙΨΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμειβον: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. 1  
 ἡμειψα: I. Act. to change, exchange; χάλκεα  
 χρυσεῖαν τεύχεα ἀμείβειν to exchange golden arms  
 for brasen: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass,  
 cross: like Lat. *muto*, either to quit a place, or to go to  
 it. II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι = ἀμοιβαδῖς,  
 in exchange: ἀμείβοντες οἱ, rafters that cross each  
 other. III. Med. to change one with another,  
 do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply  
 to. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act.  
 to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in:  
 metaph. to surpass.  
 ἀ-μείδης, ον, (α privat., μειδάω) not smiling, gloomy.  
 ἀ-μείλικτος, ον, (α privat., μειλίσσω) unsoothed:  
 barsb, cruel.  
 ἀ-μείλιχος, ον, = foreg. barsb, severe: relentless, un-  
 assuaged.  
 ἀμείνων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, better:  
 of persons, abler, stronger, braver.  
 ἈΜΕΙΨΩ, = ἀμέρδω.  
 ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμειψασθαι, aor. 1 med. of ἀμείβω.  
 ἀμειψς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) exchange: succession.  
 ἈΜΕΨΩ, f. ξω, to MILK, Lat. *MULGERE*. II.  
 to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. III.  
 to sip, drink.  
 ἀμέλει, imperat. of ἀμελέω, never mind. Hence as  
 Adv. by all means, of course.  
 ἀμέλεια, ἡ, (ἀμελής) heedlessness, indifference.  
 ἀμελετησία, ἡ, want of practice or attention. From  
 ἀ-μελέτης, ον, (α privat., μελετάω) unpractised,  
 unprepared.  
 ἀμελέω, f. ἡσω: aor. 1 ἡμέλησα, Ep. ἀμ-: pf. ἡμέ-  
 ληκα: (ἀμελής):—to be careless, heedless, negli-  
 gent. 2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. 3.  
 to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to  
 do:—Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ἀ-μελής, ἐς, (α privat., μέλει) careless, heedless, neg-  
 ligent. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded.  
 ἀμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, one must neglect.  
 ἀμέλητος, ον, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελής, not cared for:  
 unworthy of care.  
 ἀμελία, ἡ, poet. for ἀμέλεια, heedlessness.  
 ἀ-μέλλητος, ον, (α privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not  
 to be delayed.  
 ἀμελξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμέλγω) a milking.  
 ἀμελῶς, Adv. of ἀμελής, carelessly: ἀμελῶς ἔχειν  
 to be careless.  
 ἀ-μεμπτos, ον, (α privat., μέμφομαι) not to be  
 blamed, blameless: of things, perfect:—Adv. -τως, so  
 as to merit no blame. II. act. not blaming, find-  
 ing no fault, well content.  
 ἀ-μεμφής, ἐς, = ἀμεμπτos II.  
 ἀμεμφία, ἡ, (ἀμεμφής) blamelessness, freedom from  
 blame.  
 ἀμεναι, for ἀέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἄω, to satisfy.  
 ἀ-μενηνός, ὄν, (α privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly  
 or sickly. Hence  
 ἀ-μενηνῶω, Ep. aor. 1 ἀμενήνωσα, to make weak,  
 deaden the force of.  
 ἀμέρα, Dor. for ἡμέρα.  
 ἈΜΕΨΩ, f. ξω, to pluck or pull, Lat. *decerpere*.  
 ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἡμερσα, Ep. ἀμ-: aor. 1 pass.  
 ἡμέρθη: (prob. from α privat., μέρος):—to deprive of  
 one's share, bereave one of:—Pass. to be bereft of a  
 thing, lose it.  
 ἀ-μέριμνος, ον, (α privat., μέριμνα) free from care,  
 unconcerned. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded. III.  
 driving away care.  
 ἀμέριος, Dor. for ἡμέριος.  
 ἀ-μέριστος, ον, (α privat., μερίζω) undivided.  
 ἀμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ἡμερό-κοιτος.  
 ἀμερος, Dor. for ἡμερος.  
 ἀμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. 1 of ἀμέρδω.  
 ἀμές or ἀμείς, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.  
 ἀ-μετάθετος, ον, (α privat., μετατίθημι) unchange-  
 able: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness.  
 ἀ-μετακίνητος, ον, (α privat., μετακινέω) immovable.  
 ἀ-μετάκλαστος, ον, (α privat., μετακλάω) not to be  
 broken: unalterable.  
 ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ον, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unre-  
 pentent of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.  
 ἀ-μετανόητος, ον, (α privat., μετανοέω) = unre-  
 pentent of. II. act. unrepentant.  
 ἀ-μετάπειστος, ον, (α privat., μεταπείθω) unpersuadable.  
 ἀ-μετάπτωτος, ον, (α privat., μεταπίπτω) unchange-  
 able.  
 ἀ-μετάστατος, ον, (α privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable.  
 ἀ-μεταστεπτεῖ, Adv. (α privat., μεταστρέφω) with-  
 out turning about.  
 ἀ-μετάστροφος, ον, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) unal-  
 terable.  
 ἀ-μετάτρεπτος, ον, (α privat., μετατρέπω) unal-  
 terable.

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀ-μέτρητος, ον, (a privat., μετρέω) immeasurable, immense, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless.

ἀμετρό-βιος, ον, (ἀμετρος, βίος) of an immeasurable life.

ἀμετρο-επής, ἐς, (ἀμετρος, ἔπος) immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.

ἀμετρο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (ἀμετρος, πότης) drinking to excess.

ἀ-μετρος, ον, (a privat., μέτρον) without measure, immense, boundless, incessant. 2. immoderate.

ἀ-μέτρως, Adv. of ἀμετρος, infinitely.

ἀμευσί-πορος, ον, (ἀμεύω, πόρος) = τρίοδος, Lat. trivium, where three paths cross.

ἀμεύω, Aeol. for ἀμείβω: aor. I med. inf. ἀμεύσασθαι:—to surpass, excel, conquer.

\*ΑΜΗ, ἡ, a shovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. bama. 3. a barrow, rake.

ἀμῆ, Att. ἀμῆ, Adv., properly for ἀμῆ, dat. fem. of ἀμός = τίς, in a certain way: ἀμηγέπη, in some way, somehow or other. [α]

ἀμήν, Hebr. Adv. verily, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.

ἀ-μήνιτος, ον, (a privat., μηνίω) not wrathful.

\*ΑΜΗΣ, ητος, ὁ, a kind of milk cake.

ἀμησάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.

ἀμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer. [α]

ἀμητος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaping, harvesting: also harvest, harvest-time. II. a harvest or crop.

ἀ-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., μήτηρ) without mother, motherless. II. unlike a mother.

ἀμηχάνειω, impf. ἡμηχάνουν: fut. ἥσω: (ἀμήχανος):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

ἀμηχανία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, want of means, helplessness, distress. II. hardship, trouble.

ἀ-μήχανος, ον, (a privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, helpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

ἀμηχανόωσι, ἀμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμηχανάω.

ἀ-μίαντος, ον, (a privat., μαίνω) undefiled, pure.

ἀμί-θεος, Dor. for ἡμί-θεος.

ἀ-μικτος, ον, (a privat., μίγνυμι) unmixed, pure. II. not mingling with others, unsociable, savage. III. not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμίκτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.

\*ΑΜΙΛΛΑ, ης, ἡ, a contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict. [α] Hence

ἀμιλλάομαι, fut. ἥσομαι: aor. I med. ἡμιλλησάμην and pass. ἡμιλληθήην: pf. ἡμίλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari. II. generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

ἀμιλλητέον, verb. Adj. one must compete.

ἀμίλλημα, τό, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a contest, conflict.

ἀμιλλητήρ, ἦρος, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival.

ἀμιμητό-βιος, ον, (ἀμίμητος, βίος) inimitable in one's life.

ἀ-μίμητος, ον, (a privat., μιμέομαι) inimitable.

ἀμιξία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἀμικτος) a being unmixed, purity. 2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.

ἀμ-ιππος, ον, (ἀμα, ἵππος) along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse. 2. ἀμῖπποι, οἱ, infantry mixed with cavalry.

\*ΑΜΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, a chamber-pot.

ἀμίσῃς, ἐς, (a privat., μῖσος) without hatred, not hateful: Comp. ἀμισέστερος.

ἀμισθί, Adv. of ἀμισθος, without reward.

ἀ-μισθος, ον, (a privat., μισθός) without pay or reward.

ἀ-μίσθωτος, ον, (a privat., μισθώω) not let out on hire, not leased.

ἀ-μίτρο-χίτωνες, οἱ, (a privat., μίτρα, χιτάν) wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ἀ-μιχθᾶλόεις, εσσα, εν, lengthd. form of ἀμικτος, inaccessible, inhospitable.

ἀμμ-, poet. for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμμ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἄμμα, ατος, τό, (ἄπτω) anything tied or made to tie: 1. a knot. 2. a noose, halter. 3. a cord, band.

ἄμμε, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμ-μένω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἄμμες, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμεῖς.

ἀμ-μέσον, poet. for ἀνὰ μέσον.

ἄμμιων, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

ἄμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῖν.

ἀμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνά-μιγα.

ἀμμίξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

ἀμνᾶσει, ἀμνᾶσειεν, Dor. for ἀναμνήσει, ἀναμνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀμμο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄμμος, δύω) sand-burrower, a kind of snake.

ἀμμορία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἄμμορος) ill fortune.

ἀμμορος, ον, poet. for ἀ-μορος, without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unhappy.

\*ΑΜΜΟΣ or ἄμμος, ἡ, sand: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος.

ἀμμό-τροφος, ον, (ἄμμος, τρέφω) growing in sand.

ἀμμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἄμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

\*Αμμωνιάς, ἄδος, or \*Αμμωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (\*Αμμων) of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African.

ἀμνάμων [α], Dor. for ἀμνήμων.

ἀμναστίω, ἀμναστος, Dor. for ἀμνηστ-.

ἀμνεῖος, α, ον, (ἀμνός) of a lamb.

ἀμνή, ἡ, fem. of ἀμνός, a ewe-lamb.

ἀ-μνημόνευτος, ον, (a privat., μνημονεύω) unmentioned, unheeded.

ἀμνημονέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἡμνημόνησα:—to be unmindful, be unmindful: to make no mention of, pass over.

ἀμνημοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From

ἀ-μνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μνήμη) unmindful, forgetful. 2. pass. forgotten, not mentioned.

ἀ-μνήστευτος, ἡ, (a privat., μνηστεύω) unwedded, not sought in marriage.



ἀμνηστέω, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget : —Pass. to be forgotten.  
 ἀμνηστία, ἡ, forgetfulness : an amnesty. From ἀμνηστος, ον, (a privat., μνάσμαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.  
 ἀμνήσω, poet. fut. of ἀναμνήσκω.  
 ἀμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἀμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀμνή.  
 ἀμνο-κῶν, οὐντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοέω) sheep-minded, i. e. simple.  
 ἈΜΝΟ΄Σ, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb : declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἀρνα, ἀρνες, etc., as if from a nom. \*ἀρς.  
 ἀμνο-φόρος should be μαννο-φόρος.  
 ἀμογητί, Adv. without toil or effort. From ἀμόγητος, ον, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, unwearied, untiring.  
 ἀμόθεν, Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place or other.  
 ἀμόθι or ἀμοθεί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere.  
 ἀμοῖ, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.  
 ἀμοιβάδιος, α, ον, = ἀμοιβαῖος.  
 ἀμοιβᾶδης, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Lat. alternatim.  
 ἀμοιβαῖος, ον, also η, or α, ον, (ἀμοιβή) interchanging, alternate : of verses, amoebean, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive : — Adv. -ως, in requital.  
 ἀμοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαῖος ; χλαῖνα ἀμοιβάς a cloak for a change.  
 ἀμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return : hence repayment, atonement : revenge. 2. an answer. II. change, exchange, barter.  
 ἀμοιβηδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.  
 ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II. as Adj. in requital or in exchange for.  
 ἀμοιρέω, to have no share in a thing. From ἀμοιρος, ον, (a privat., μοῖρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.  
 ἀμολγαῖος, α, ον, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk.  
 ἀμολγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra.  
 ἀμολγός, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i. e. morning and evening twilight ; the four hours either before day-break or after sunset, and so generally night-time.  
 ἀμομφος, ον, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.  
 ἀμορβός, οὐ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.  
 ἀμόργινος, ον, made of fine flax. From ἀμοργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.  
 ἀμορος, ον, (a privat., μέρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.  
 ἀμορφία, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From ἀμορφος, ον, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, misshapen, unsparingly, unseemly : Comp. ἀμορφέστερος.  
 ἀμός or ἀμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.  
 ἀμός, in Att. Poets for ἑμός.  
 ἀμός, Att. ἀμός, an old form for εἶς, and so = τὶς, but only used in the Adv. forms ἀμῇ, ἀμόθεν, ἀμοῦ, ἀμῶς.  
 ἀμος, Dor. for ἡμος, as, when.

ἄμοτος, ον, insatiate, ravening, savage : neut. ἄμοτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain).  
 ἀμοῦ, Att. ἀμοῦ, Adv. of ἀμός, somewhere.  
 ἀμουσία, ἡ, want of harmony : rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From  
 ἀ-μουσος, ον, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish : of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.  
 ἀμοχθεί, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.  
 ἀ-μόχθητος, ον, (a privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.  
 ἀ-μοχθος, ον, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or trouble. II. not weary.  
 ἀμπ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναπ-, under which will be found many words beginning with ἀμπ-.  
 ἀμ-πεδίον, ἀμ-πεδιήρεις, ἀμ-πέλαγος, should be written ἀμ πεδίον, i. e. ἀνὰ πεδίον, etc.  
 ἀμπεύραντες, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναπεύρω.  
 ἀμ-πέλαγος, for ἀνὰ πέλαγος.  
 ἀμπελών, ὠνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελῶν, a vineyard.  
 ἀμπελίνος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀμπελος) of the vine.  
 ἀμπέλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπελος.  
 ἀμπελὶς, ἴδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a kind of bird.  
 ἀμπελόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀμπελος) rich in vines, vine-clad.  
 ἀμπελο-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπελουργός, q. v.  
 ἀμπελο-μίξια, ἡ, (ἀμπελος, μίξις) an intermixture of vines.  
 ἈΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.  
 ἀμπελουργέω, to dress or prune vines. From  
 ἀμπελ-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.  
 ἀμπελο-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, φύω) producer of the vine, a name of Bacchus.  
 ἀμπελῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος) a vineyard.  
 ἀμ-πεπαλῶν, Ep. for ἀναπεπαλῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of ἀναπάλλω.  
 ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές, resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.  
 ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας, poet. aor. I imper. and part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.  
 ἀμπεχόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a fine upper garment.  
 ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω : Ep. impf. ἀμπεχον : fut. ἀμφέξω : aor. 2 ἡμπισχον, inf. ἀμπισχεῖν, part. ἀμπισχών : — Med. ἀμπέχομαι and ἀμπίσχομαι : impf. ἡμπειχόμεν : fut. ἀμφέξομαι : aor. 2 ἡμπεσχόμεν, part. ἀμπισχόμενος : (ἀμφί, ἔχω) : — to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over, Lat. circumdare. See ἀμπισχνέομαι.  
 ἀμπήδησε, for ἀνεπήδησε.  
 ἀμ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-πίμπλημι.  
 ἀμπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπ-έχω.  
 ἀμπισχνέομαι, = ἀμπέχομαι, to put on, Lat. circuminduo.  
 ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπέχω.  
 ἀμπλακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.  
 ἀμπλάκτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακεῖν) an error, offence.  
 ἀμπλάκτης, ον, (ἀμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.  
 ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.  
 ἀμπλακίσκω, fut. ἀμπλακήσω: pf. ἡμπλάκηκα: aor. 2 ἡμπλάκον:—Pass., pf. ἡμπλάκημαι:—like ἀμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall short of, c. gen.  
 ἀμ-πνευμα, ἀμπνεύσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπν-.  
 ἀμπνύε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.  
 ἀμπνύνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of ἀναπνέω.  
 ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.  
 ἀμ-πόνον, for ἀνὰ πόνον.  
 ἀμπτάμενος, ἀμπταίνην, v. ἀναπέτομαι.  
 ἀμπυκάζω: aor. 1 pass. ἡμπυκάσθην: (ἀμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a band: generally, to bind, wreath.  
 ἀμπυκτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = (ἀμπυξ) a band, fillet: also a horse's bridle. Hence  
 ἀμπυκτῆριος, α, ον, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.  
 ἀμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a bead-band, snood. II. the bead-band of horses: also a bridle. III. anything rounded, a wheel.  
 ἀμπωτις, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, shortened from ἀναπωτις (ἀναπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide.  
 ἀμυγδαλία, contr. -αλή, ἡ, the almond-tree.  
 ἌΜΥΓΔΑΛΗ, ἡ, an almond. [δᾶ] Hence  
 ἀμυγδάλινος, η, ον, of almonds.  
 ἀμυγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending: a scar.  
 ἀμυγμός, ὁ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling.  
 ἀμῦdis, Adv. = ἄμα, of Time, together, at the same time: oftener of Place, together.  
 ἌΜΥΔΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, akin to ἀμαυρός, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρῶς: also neut. ἀμυδρόν as Adv.  
 ἀ-μύητος, ον, (α privat., μνέω) uninitiated, profane.  
 ἀ-μύθητος, ον, (α privat., μνέομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.  
 ἀ-μύκτητος, ον, (α privat., μνέομαι) without lowing or bellowing: of places, where no herds low.  
 Ἀμυκλαῖζω, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).  
 ἀ-μῦλος, ὁ, (α privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.  
 ἀ-μύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ἀμῦ]  
 ἀμύνᾱθε, ἀμυνᾱθεῖν, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of ἀμύνω.  
 ἀμυνᾱθοῦ, 2 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.  
 ἀμύναι, ἀμύνασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἀμύνω.  
 Ἀμυνίας, ον, ὁ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω) on its guard.  
 ἀμυνον, aor. 1 imper. of ἀμύνω.  
 ἀμυντέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμύνω, one must assist; so too ἀμυντέα. II. one must repel.  
 ἀμυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀμύνω) a defender.  
 ἀμυντήριος, ον, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive; ἀμυντήρια ὄπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυντήριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

ἀμυντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge.  
 ἀμύντωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀμυντήρ, a helper: an avenger.  
 ἌΜΥ'ΝΩ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμυνον: fut. ἀμύνω, Ion. ἀμύνέω: aor. 1 ἡμύνα, Ep. ἀμύνα: poet. aor. 2 ἡμύνᾱθον:—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to defend, fight for, aid: rarely to requite, repay. II. Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2. to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.  
 ἀμυξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.  
 ἌΜΥ'ΣΣΩ, Att. -ττω: Ep. impf. ἀμυσσον: fut. ἀμύξω: aor. 1 ἡμύξα:—to tear, scratch, wound: to tear in pieces. II. metaph., θυμὸν ἀμύξεις χολόμενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]  
 ἀ-μυστί, Adv. (α privat., μύω) properly without closing the mouth, i. e. at one draught. Hence  
 ἀμυστίζω, f. σω: pf. ἡμύστικα: to drink deep, tinkle. From  
 ἀ-μυστις, ιος and ιδος, ἡ, a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.  
 ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἀμυξίς.  
 ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ-; cf. ἀμπ-.  
 ἀμφ-ἀγαπάω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφί, ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet warmly.  
 ἀμφ-ἀγαπάω, = ἀμφαγαπάω.  
 ἀμφ-ἀγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερόμεν: (ἀμφί, ἀγείρω):—to collect around:—Med. to gather around.  
 ἀμφ-ἀγέρεσθαι and -ἀγέρομαι, poet. for -ἀγείρομαι.  
 ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμφαδόν.  
 ἀμφάδιος, α, ον, (ἀμφαδός) public, known: ἀμφαδῖν as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.  
 ἀμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise. From  
 ἀμφαδός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious.  
 ἀμφαίνω, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.  
 ἀμφ-αἰσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, αἰσσω) to rush on from all sides, flutter or float around.  
 ἀμφάκης, Dor. for ἀμφήκης.  
 ἀμφανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.  
 ἀμφανείειν, poet. for ἀναφανείν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω.  
 ἀμφ-ἀραβίω, f. ἤσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring about.  
 ἀμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμφαραβέω.  
 ἀμφ-ᾶσίη, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.  
 ἀμφᾶφάσθαι, Ep. for ἀμφαφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf. of ἀμφαφάω.  
 ἀμφ-ᾶφάω, and Med. ἀμφ-ᾶφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ᾶφάω) to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to bandle.  
 ἀμφᾶφών, -ώσα, Ep. for ἀμφαφών, ὡσα, pres. part. of ἀμφαφάω.  
 ἀμφαφώντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμφαφάω.  
 ἀμφέθετο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμφιτίθημι.  
 ἀμφ-ελικτός, ὄν, poet. for ἀμφιελ-, coiled round.  
 ἀμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἴξω, poet. for ἀμφιελίσσω, to wrap, fold, or twine round.



ἀμφ-έπω, poet. for ἀμφι-έπω.  
 ἀμφ-ερέφω, f. ψω, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) to cover around.  
 ἀμφ-έρχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλυθον or ἀμφήλθον: Dep.: (ἀμφί, ἐρχομαι):—to come round one, surround.  
 ἀμ-φέρω, poet. for ἀναφέρω.  
 ἀμφέσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.  
 ἀμφεστᾶσι for ἀμφεστήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφίστημι.  
 ἀμ-φεύγω, poet. for ἀναφεύγω.  
 ἀμφέχων, aor. 2 of ἀμφιχαίνω.  
 ἀμφεχύθην [ῥ], aor. 1 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.  
 ἀμφέχυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.  
 ἀμφ-ήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκή) two-edged, double-biting: of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous.  
 ἀμφήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφέρχομαι.  
 ἀμφ-ηρεφής, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round, close-covered.  
 ἀμφ-ήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) having oars on both sides. 2. (\*άρω) fitted or joined on all sides, well-fitted. Hence  
 ἀμφ-ηρικός, η, όν, worked by sculls, of a boat.  
 ἀμφ-ήριστος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἐρίζω) contested on both sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.  
 'ΑΜΦΙ', Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signif. on both sides, around. I. c. GEN. about, for, for the sake of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of it. 2. rarely of Place, about, around. II. c. DAT. 1. of Place, about, around, round about:—at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concerning. 3. by means of. III. c. ACC., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides. V. IN COMPOS. about, on all sides, on both sides.  
 ἀμφί-αλος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἄλς) sea-girt, esp. having the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.  
 ἀμφ-ιάχω, (ἀμφί, ἰάχω) to sound on all sides: to fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιαχώς, via.  
 ἀμφι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go about or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, protect. II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.  
 ἀμφι-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: pf. -βέβληκα: Med., Ion. fut. -βαλεῦμαι: aor. 2 inf. -βαλέσθαι:—to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi. 2. esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround, encompass: but also to strike on all sides. II. intr. to go to another place; so also in Med.  
 ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφι-βαίνω.  
 ἀμφιβασία, η, v. ἀμφισβασία.  
 ἀμφίβασις, εως, η, (ἀμφιβαίνω) a going round, encompassing.  
 ἀμφίβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown round, an enclosure. II. a garment.  
 ἀμφίβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown

round: 1. a large fishing-net. 2. a garment. 3. a fetter, bond.  
 ἀμφίβλητος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round.  
 ἀμφι-βόητος, ον, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, far-famed.  
 ἀμφιβολία, η, the state of being attacked on both sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From  
 ἀμφίβολος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence, τὸ ἀμφίβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful.  
 ἀμφί-βουλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βουλή) double-minded, doubting.  
 ἀμφί-βροτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (ἀμφί, βροτός) covering the whole man, of a large shield.  
 ἀμφί-βροχος, ον, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked.  
 ἀμφι-βώμιος, ον, (ἀμφί, βωμός) round the altar.  
 ἀμφι-γηθίω, to rejoice around or exceedingly.  
 ἀμφι-γνοέω, imperf. ἡμφεγνόουν: f. ἀμφιγνοήσω: aor. 1 ἡμφεγνόησα:—Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀμφιγνοηθείς: (ἀμφί, γνοέω Aeol. for νοέω):—to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be unknown.  
 ἀμφι-γόητος, ον, (ἀμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round.  
 Ἀμφι-γυῖς, ό, (ἀμφί, γυῖς) be that balts in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.  
 ἀμφι-γυός, ον, (ἀμφί, γυῖον) properly having limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practised.  
 ἀμφι-δαίω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf. ἀμφι-δέδωκα, plqpf. -δεδήειν, to burn around.  
 ἀμφι-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι, to bite all round.  
 ἀμφι-δάκρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful.  
 ἀμφί-δασυς, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round.  
 ἀμφι-δέαι, αι, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets.  
 ἀμφιδέδωκα, -δεδήειν, pf. and plqpf. of ἀμφιδαίω.  
 ἀμφι-δέξιος, ον, with two right hands, very dextrous, Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-edged. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμφοτέρως, ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί both hands.  
 ἀμφι-δέσκομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. to look round about one.  
 ἀμφί-δετος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέω) bound all round.  
 ἀμφι-δήριτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) disputed, doubtful.  
 ἀμφι-διαίνω, to water around.  
 ἀμφι-δινέω, f. ἤσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνημαι, to be fitted close.  
 ἀμφι-δοκεύω, f. εύσω, to lie in wait for.  
 ἀμφι-δονέω, f. ἤσω, to whirl round, agitate violently.  
 ἀμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed. From  
 ἀμφί-δοξος, ον, (ἀμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful.  
 ἀμφι-δορος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέρω) skinned all round, quite flayed.  
 ἀμφί-δοχος, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχή) as large as can be grasped.

ἀμφί-δρομος, ον, (ἀμφί, δραμεῖν) *running round: encompassing.*

ἀμφί-δρυπτος, ον, = ἀμφίδρυκος.

ἀμφί-δρυφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *tearing both cheeks.*

ἀμφί-δρυφος, ον, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *torn on both sides.*

ἀμφί-δύμος, ον, (ἀμφί, δύομαι) *approachable on both sides.*

ἀμφί-δύω, f. δύσω [ῡ], *to put round or on:—Med. to put on oneself.*

ἀμφιελικτός, ον, (ἀμφιελίσσω) *turned round and round, circling, revolving.*

ἀμφιέλυσσα, fem. Adj. *rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking. From*

ἀμφι-ελίσσω, f. ἔλω, *to wind round.*

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-εννύω: fut. ἀμφιέσω, Att. ἀμφιῶ: aor. I ἡμφίεσα, Ep. ἀμφίεσα:—Pass., aor. I ἡμφιέσθην: pf. ἡμφιέσμαι, poet. ἀμφιείμαι:—*to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere:—Pass. to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf.* II.

Med. ἀμφιέννυμι: aor. I ἡμφιεννάμην, 3 pl. ἀμφιέσαντο, imperat. ἀμφιέσασθε:—*to put on oneself, dress oneself in.*

ἀμφι-έπω, poet. also ἀμφ-έπω: aor. 2 ἀμφίεπον and ἀμπεπον: (ἀμφί, ἔπω):—*to go about, encompass. II. to be busy about, take care of: to do honour to: esp. to tend, protect. III. Med. to follow and crowd round.*

ἀμφιέσαν, ἀμφιέσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of ἀμφι-έννυμι.

ἀμφ-ἱζάνω, (ἀμφί, ἱζάνω) *to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does. [ἱ]*

ἀμφί-ζευκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ζεύγνυμι) *joined from both sides.*

ἀμφι-θάλασσος, Att. -πτος, ον, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) *sea-girt: near the sea.*

ἀμφιθαλής, ἐς, *blooming on both sides: hence flourishing, rich. From*

ἀμφι-θάλλω, pf. ἀμφιτέθηλα, *to bloom all round, to be in full bloom.*

ἀμφι-θάλπω, f. ψω, *to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly.*

ἀμφι-θείατρον, τό, (ἀμφί, θέατρον) *a double theatre, amphitheatre.*

ἀμφιθετος, ον, (ἀμφιτίθημι) *of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides.*

ἀμφι-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, *to run round about.*

ἀμφι-θηγής, ἐς, = sq.

ἀμφι-θηκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, θήγω) *sharpened on both sides, two-edged.*

ἀμφι-θρεπτος, ον, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) *clotted around, congealed, of blood.*

ἀμφι-θύρος, ον, (ἀμφί, θύρα) *with a door or opening on both sides: as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a hall.*

ἀμφι-καλύπτω, f. ψω, *to cover all round, enfold, shroud. II. to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to envelope in.*

ἀμφι-κεάζω: Ep. aor. I part. ἀμφικεάσας:—*to cleave asunder.*

ἀμφι-κείμαι, used as Pass. of ἀμφιτίθημι, *to lie close upon: to lean on.*

ἀμφι-κείρω, f. κερῶ, *to shear or clip all round.*

ἀμφικέφαλος, Ep. -κέφαλλος, ον, (ἀμφί, κεφαλή) *double-beaded.*

ἀμφι-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀμφί, κίων) *with pillars all round. [κί]*

ἀμφι-κλαστος, ον, (ἀμφί, κλάω) *broken all round.*

ἀμφι-κλυστος, ον, (ἀμφί, κλύζω) *flooded around.*

ἀμφι-κομέω, f. ἥσω, *to tend on all sides or carefully.*

ἀμφι-κομος, ον, (ἀμφί, κόμη) *with hair all round, thick-haired: of trees, thick-leaved.*

ἀμφικράνος, ον, (ἀμφί, κára) = ἀμφικέφαλος.

ἀμφι-κρέμαμαι, Pass. declined like δύναμαι: (ἀμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—*to hover or flutter round. Hence ἀμφι-κρεμής, ἐς, hanging round one: hanging round the shoulder.*

ἀμφικρημνος, ον, (ἀμφί, κρημνός) *with cliffs all round.*

ἀμφικρηνος, ον, Ion. for ἀμφικράνος, *surrounding the head.*

ἀμφι-κτίονες, αν, οί, (ἀμφί, κτίζω) *they that dwell round or near. Hence*

Ἄμφι-κτύονες, αν, οί, *the Amphictyons, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece. II. the presidents of the Pythian games. Hence*

Ἀμφικτυονία, ἡ, *the Amphictyonic League or Council.*

Ἀμφικτυονικός, ἡ, ὢν, *of or for the Amphictyons or their League.*

Ἀμφικτυονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of Ἀμφικτυονικός: I. (sub. πόλις), *a city or state in the Amphictyonic League.*

II. *a name of Artemis at Antbēla, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council.*

ἀμφι-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίω [ῖ], *to roll about or upon.*

ἀμφι-κύπελλος, ον, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) *in Homer always with δέπας, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετος. [ῡ]*

ἀμφι-λάλος, ον, (ἀμφί, λάλος) *chattering everywhere.*

ἀμφι-λαφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, λαβεῖν) *far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent.*

ἀμφι-λαχαίνω, *to dig or hoe round.*

ἀμφι-λέγω, f. ξω, *to speak on both sides, dispute. Hence*

ἀμφιλεκτος, ον, *discussed on all hands, doubtful. II. act. disputing, captious.*

ἀμφιλογία, ἡ, *dispute, doubt. From*

ἀμφι-λογος, ον, (ἀμφί, λέγω) *disputed, questionable, doubtful. II. act. disputatious, contentious.*

ἀμφι-λοφος, ον, (ἀμφί, λόφος) *encompassing the neck.*

ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, λύκη, Lat. lux) *the morning-twilight, gray of morning. [ῡ]*

\*ἀμφι-μάομαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) pres. of Ep. aor. I ἀμφι-μασάμην, *to wipe or rub all round.*

ἀμφι-μάσχαλος, ον, (ἀμφί, μασχάλη) *covering both shoulders, two-sleeved.*

ἀμφι-μάτορες, Dor. for ἀμφι-μήτορες.

ἀμφιμάχητος, ον, *contended for, contested on both bands. [ἄ] From*



ἀμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep.:—to fight round: 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [α̃]  
 ἀμφι-μέλας, αῖνα, ἄν, black all round, wrapt in darkness.  
 ἀμφιμέμυκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of ἀμφι-μυκάομαι.  
 ἀμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted.  
 ἀμφι-μήτορες, οἱ, αἱ, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters by different mothers.  
 ἀμφι-μυκάομαι, pf. act. μέμυκα: Dep.:—to low or bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον ἀμφιμέμυκε the floor echoed all around.  
 ἀμφι-νεϊκής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, νεῖκος) made an object of contest, eagerly wooed.  
 ἀμφι-νεϊκῆτος, ον, (ἀμφί, νεϊκέω) = ἀμφίνεικος.  
 ἀμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, inhabit.  
 ἀμφι-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think both ways, doubt.  
 ἀμφι-ξέω, f. ἐσω, to smooth or polish all round.  
 ἀμφίξοος, ον, contr. ἀμφίξους, ουν, (ἀμφιξέω) polishing all round.  
 ἀμφί-παλτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πάλλω) reechoing.  
 ἀμφι-πατάσσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides.  
 ἀμφί-πεδος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain.  
 ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, bover around.  
 ἀμφι-πένομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of, pay heed to.  
 ἀμφι-περικτίονες, ον, the dwellers round about.  
 ἀμφι-περιπλέγδην, Adv. (ἀμφί, περιπλέκω) twined round about.  
 ἀμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.  
 ἀμφι-περιστρωφάω, to keep turning round about or in every direction.  
 ἀμφι-περιτρύζω, to chirp or twitter all round.  
 ἀμφι-περι-φθινύθω, (ἀμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [υ̃]  
 ἀμφιπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιπίπτω.  
 ἀμφι-πιάζω, f. άξω, to press all round.  
 ἀμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.  
 ἀμφι-πίτνω, = ἀμφι-πίπτω.  
 ἀμφί-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwining.  
 ἀμφί-πληκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dashing on all sides.  
 ἀμφι-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) striking with both sides, double-biting.  
 ἀμφιπολεύω, (ἀμφίπολος) to be an attendant: be busied about, take charge of: of slaves, to serve, to minister to.  
 ἀμφιπολέω, = ἀμφιπολεύω.  
 ἀμφί-πολις, ποῖτ. ἀμφί-πτολις, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πόλις) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. 2. as fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.  
 ἀμφί-πολος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέλω) properly being about, busied about: generally as fem. Subst. a handmaid, waiting-woman: as masc. an attendant, follower.  
 II. as Adj. much frequented.  
 ἀμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with aor. 1 pass. ἀμφεπονήθην:

(ἀμφί, πονέω):—to bestow labour about, attend to, provide for.  
 ἀμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around.  
 ἀμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced, Lat. bifrons.  
 ἀμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence ἀμφιπτύχή, ἡ, a clasping round, embrace.  
 ἀμφί-πύλος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.  
 ἀμφί-πῦρος, ον, (ἀμφί, πῦρ) surrounded by fire, with fire all round.  
 ἀμφί-ρῦτος, η, ον, ποῖτ. for ἀμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ρέω) flowed around, sea-girt.  
 'ΑΜΦΙ'Σ, as Adv. 1. on or at both sides: hence 2. apart, asunder; γαῖαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφὶς ἔχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. 3. generally, around, round about. II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around: apart from, far from. 2. rarely c. dat. like ἀμφί, round about. 3. c. acc. about, around, when it always follows its case.  
 ἀμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship at sea.  
 ἀμφίς-βαινα, ης, ἡ, (ἀμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.  
 ἀμφισ-βάσις, ἡ, Ion. for ἀμφισ-βήτησις.  
 ἀμφισ-βητέω: impf. ἡμφισβήτην, or with double augm. ἡμφεσβήτην: so, aor. 1 ἡμφισβήτησα or ἡμφεσβήτησα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβητήσομαι:—aor. 1 ἡμφισβητήθην or ἡμφεσβ-: (ἀμφίς, βῆναι aor. 2 of βαίνω):—to stand apart, and so to dispute, differ, argue:—Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence  
 ἀμφισβήτημα, ατος, τό, a point in dispute. And ἀμφισβητήσιμος, ον, debatable, doubtful.  
 ἀμφισβήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμφισβητέω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.  
 ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, disputed, debatable.  
 ἀμφ-ίσταμαι, v. ἀμφίστημι.  
 ἀμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another:—Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.  
 ἀμφι-στεφάνομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, στέφανος) to stand round like a crown.  
 ἀμφι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.  
 ἀμφ-ίστημι, to place round:—Pass. ἀμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφέστηκα:—to stand around.  
 ἀμφί-στομος, ον, (ἀμφί, στόμα) with double mouth or opening: double.  
 ἀμφι-στράτάομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. ἀμφεστρατίωντο: Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός):—to beleaguer, besiege.  
 ἀμφι-στρεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.  
 ἀμφιταθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.  
 ἀμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀμφι-τέμνω.  
 ἀμφι-τάνύω, = ἀμφι-τείνω.  
 ἀμφι-τάρασσω, to trouble all round.  
 ἀμφιτεθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀμφιτίθημι.  
 ἀμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

ἀμφι-τειχῆς, ἐς, (ἀμφί, τεῖχος) encompassing the walls.

ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

ἀμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. -θήσω: aor. I ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀμφέθην: aor. I pass. ἀμφοτετέθην:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

ἀμφι-τίνασσω, f. ἄξω, to shake around.

ἀμφι-τιττυβίζω, to twitter around.

ἀμφι-τόμος, ον, (ἀμφί, ταμείν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

ἀμφι-τορνος, ον, (ἀμφί, τορνίω) well-rounded.

ἀμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

ἀμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

ἀμφι-τρήσ, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἀμφίτρητος.

ἀμφι-τρητος, ον, (ἀμφί, \*τράω Root of τετραίνω) bored through, with double entrance.

ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for.

ἀμφι-φᾶεινω, (ἀμφί, φάω) to shine around.

ἀμφι-φᾶλος, ον, with φάλοι all round: see φάλος.

ἀμφι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, φάνηται) visible all round.

ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

ἀμφι-φορεύς, gen. ἑως Ep. ἦος, ὅ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) a large jar or pitcher with two handles.

ἀμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

ἀμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀμφ-έχωνον:—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I ἀμφέχεα:—Pass. aor. I ἀμπεχύθη: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

ἀμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

ἀμφι-χρῦσος, ον, (ἀμφί, χρυσός) gilded all over.

ἀμφιχυθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.

ἀμφιχυτος, ον, (ἀμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

ἀμφι-χωλος, ον, lame in both feet.

ἀμφ-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

ἀμφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) a road round, a street.

ἀμ-φορεύς, ἑως, ὅ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορεύς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, =  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.

ἀμφοτέρη, as Adv. (ἀμφότερος) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.

ἀμφότερος, α, ον, (ἀμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφότερα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; ἐπ' ἀμφότερα towards both sides. Hence

ἀμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.

ἀμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.

ἀμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And

ἀμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

ἀμφ-ουδός, Adv. (ἀμφί, οὐδας) from the ground.

ἀμφράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

ἀμ-φύω, poet. ἀναφύω.

'ΑΜΦΩ, τώ, τά, τώ, also οἱ, αἱ, τά, Gen. and Dat.

ἀμφοῖν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)

ἀμφώβολος, ὅ, (ἀμφί, ὀβολός) a double spit.

ἀμφ-ώης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-handled.

ἀμφ-ώτης, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) a two-handled pail.

ἄμφ-ώτος, ον, = foreg., two-eared, two-handled.

ἀμῶεν, for ἀμάοιεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω.

ἀ-μώμητος, ον, (a privat., μωμέομαι) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.

ἄμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice.

ἀ-μωμος, ον, (a privat., μῶμος) without blame, blameless.

ἀμῶς, Att. ἀμῶς, Adv. from the absol. ἀμός = τίς, esp. in compd. ἀμωσ-γέ-πως, in a certain manner.

'AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr. particle κε, κεν.

A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent. I. WITH INDIC.:—with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always happen; ἔλεγεν ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαί-εσκεν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν ἄν he would have said. II. WITH

OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. III.

WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself.

IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—

ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signif. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when

words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense,

they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον = εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.

ἄν, Conj. = ἔάν, with subjunctive. [ᾱ]

ἄν or ἄν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [ᾱ]

ἄν, shortened from ἀνα, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνεσσι), he stood up, arose.

ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms

ἀν-, ἀγ-, ἀμ-: in general signif. opp. to κατά. I.

C. GEN. on board; ἀνὰ νηὺς on board ship. II.

C. DAT. on, upon. III. C. ACC. the common

usage, implying motion upwards, 1. of Place, up:

—throughout. 2. of Time, throughout. 3. in

numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e. g. ἀνὰ

πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνὰ κράτος, v. sub

κράτος. IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: throughout, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up,

opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening.

Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ᾱν]



ἀνα, for ἀνάστηθι, up! arise!

ἀνα, vocat. of ἀναξ, king, only addressed to gods.

ἀνάβῃ, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) going up, mounting:

being up on high, aloft; opp. to καταβάδην. [βᾶ]

ἀναβαθμός, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) a means of going up, a flight of steps, stair.

ἀνα-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) a ladder.

ἀνα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. 1

med. ἀνεβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο: pf. ἀνα-

βέβηκα: I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on

ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. 1 ἀνέβησα,

Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board ship,

make to mount:—Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀναβαθείς, mount-

ed: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.

ἀνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάχκος) to rouse to Bac-

chic frenzy. 2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy.

ἀνα-βακχιόω, = ἀναβακχεύω.

ἀνα-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw or

toss up. II. to put back, put off:—Med. to lift up

one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III.

to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med.

to throw one's cloak around one.

ἀνα-βαπτίζω, f. σω, to dip repeatedly.

ἀναβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνάβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβαίνω) a going up, mount-

ing. 2. an expedition up from the coast, esp. into

central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3.

the rising of a river. II. a way up, the ascent of

a mountain, etc.

ἀναβάτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) one

who is mounted, a horseman. [ᾶ]

ἀναβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναβαίνω) skilled in mounting.

ἀναβατός, poet. ἀμβατός, ὄν, (ἀναβαίνω) that may

be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.

ἀναβίβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀναβίβρῳχεν, pf. cf. an obsol. ἀναβρύζω, to boil or

bubble up.

ἀνάβηθι, ἀναβῆναι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνα-βιβάζω, fut. med. -βιβάσομαι, Att. -βιβῶμαι:

aor. 1 ἀνεβίβασα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀνα-

βαίνω, to make go up: 1. to mount one on horse-

back. 2. to draw a ship up. 3. in Med. to put

on board ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court

of justice. Hence

ἀναβιβαστίον, verb. Adj. one must set on.

ἀνα-βιόω, f. ἀναβιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεβίω, inf.

ἀναβιώναι, rarely aor. 1 ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):—to

come to life again, return to life.

ἀναβίωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβιώω) recovery of life.

ἀναβιώσκομαι, aor. 1 ἐνεβιωσάμην, Dep. to bring

back to life.

ἀνα-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:

—to shoot or grow up again.

ἀνάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a look cast upwards. From

ἀνα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look up. 2. to look back

upon, Lat. respicere. II. to see again, recover

one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) a seeing again, re-

covery of sight.

ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀνα-

βάλλομαι) boiling up:—with sudden bursts.

ἀνάβλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) a putting off, delay.

ἀνα-βλύζω, f. ἴσω: aor. 1 ἀνέβλυσα:—to gush forth:

ἀναβλύζειν ἔλαιον to gush out with oil.

ἀνα-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go up or back.

ἀνα-βοάω, fut. ἤσομαι: aor. 1 ἀνεβόησα, Ion. inf.

ἀμβῶσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—to cry or shout aloud,

utter a loud cry: to cry out something. II. to

call on.

ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) bubbling

up. II. as a prelude or beginning of song.

ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)

thrown up, of earth.

ἀνα-βολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) that which

is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. that which is

thrown around one, a cloak. II. a lifting up of

the voice, a prelude. 2. a putting off, delaying.

ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) delay.

ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -ττω: Pass., aor. 1 ἀνεβράσθην:

—to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence.

ἀνά-βραστος, ον, boiled.

\*ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνέβραχεν,

q. v.

\*ἀνα-βρόχω, aor. 1 ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεια, pf.

ἀναβέβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also aor. 2

pass. part. ἀνα-βροχίς, εἶσα, ἐν, swallowed back, swal-

lowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.

ἀνα-βρυάζω, aor. 1 -εβρύαξα, to shout aloud for joy.

ἀνα-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.

ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀνα-

βοάω.

ἀνά-γαιον, τό, = ἀνώ-γαιον.

ἀν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—to carry

back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.

ἀνα-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 1 -εγέλασα: to

laugh aloud.

ἀνα-γεννάω, f. ἤσω, to beget anew, regenerate.

ἀν-ᾠγίομαι, Dor. for ἀν-ηγέομαι.

ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἀνέγευσα: to give to taste.

ἀνα-γιγνώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω: f. ἀναγνώσομαι,

aor. 2 ἀνέγνω: ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. 2.

to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. 3.

to distinguish, discern: hence to read. II. in

Ion. Greek the aor. 1 ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense

to persuade; and aor. 1 pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέ-

γνωσμαι, to be persuaded.

ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἤνάγκασα: (ἀνάγκη):—to

force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also

to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. to

prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double

acc. to force a person to do a thing.

ἀναγκαῖη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.

ἀναγκαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀνάγκη) of or with

force: I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: ἡμᾶρ

ἀναγκαῖον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery. 2.

forcible, convincing. 3. of things, requiring to be done. II. pass. forced: hence painful. 2. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessities: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκαίως, Adv. of ἀναγκαῖος, of necessity, perforce; ἀναγκαίως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαιότατα.

ἀναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀναγκαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀναγκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ἌΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀναγκαῖη, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀνάγκῃ as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

ἀνα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάμφθην:—to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγνοίην, ἀναγνώναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀν-αγνος, ον, (a privat., ἀγνός) impure, unchaste, generally unboly, guilty.

ἀνα-γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγνώρισις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀνάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγνώναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ἀνάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (ἀναγνώναι, aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-ἀγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερῶ, aor. 2 ἀνείπον:—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀνάγραπτος, ον, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγρᾶφεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary.

ἀναγρᾶφή, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γρᾶ]

ἀνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

ἀν-άγω, f. ἀνάξω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀνά, ἄγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer = ἄγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, educate. II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, thong, etc.

ἀναγωγή, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-άγωγος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken.

ἀν-ἀγωνιστος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωνίζομαι) without contest, never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαίω, poet. ἀν-δαίω, = ἀνακαίω, to light up.

ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδατέομαι.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνάδαστος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδρμα, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

ἀνα-δείκνυμι and ἀνα-δεικνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-ἀδελφος, ον, (a privat., ἀδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνάδεμα, poet. ἀνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδειξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δερῶ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀναδέσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a band or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέύω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδέξάμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγμην: pf. ἀναδέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. -δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; ἀναδεῖν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναδεῖν αὐτοὺς ἐς τινα to trace up one's family to a founder. III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος ἑλκεῖν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship in tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἀνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. ἄξω, to teach over again: to teach



otherwise or better, Lat. *dedocere*: also simply = διδάσκω, to teach:—Pass. to learn better. II. to expound, interpret.

ἀνα-δίδωμι, poet. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δώσω:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth. II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

ἀνά-δικος, ον, (ἀνά, δίκη) tried over again.

ἀνα-διπλόω, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, διπλούς) to make double.

ἀνάδοτος, ον, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up.

ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδούς, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦνται, ἀναδούμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ἡ, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχή πόνων the undertaking of labours.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνα-δύνω, to come to the top of the water.

ἀνα-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέ-δύν, pf. ἀναδέδυκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth. 2. to draw back, retire:—

c. acc. to shun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing.

ἀναδών, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-ἄεδνος, ἡ, (a privat., ἔδνον) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

ἀναεῖραι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀναείρω.

ἀν-αείρω, (ἀνά, αείρω) to lift or raise up.

ἀν-ἄελπτος, ον, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) unhopd, unlooked for.

ἀν-αεργάω, lengthd. for ἀν-αείρω.

ἀνα-ζάω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζήσω: to return to life.

ἀνα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or harness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, νῆας ἀν. to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.) to march off. Hence

ἀνάξενξις, εως, ἡ, a marching away.

ἀνα-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.

ἀνα-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. *anquirere*: to search out, discover. Hence

ἀναζήτησις, εως, ἡ, investigation.

ἀνα-ζωγρέω, to recal to life.

ἀνα-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, to gird up.

ἀνα-ζωπύρεω, to light up again:—Pass. to gain fresh life.

ἀνα-θάλλω, to warm again.

ἀνα-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρπέω, to regain one's courage.

ἀνα-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρρύνω, to fill with fresh courage. II. intr. = ἀναθαρσέω.

ἀνα-θεῖναι, ἀνα-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνάθεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ἀνα-θεματίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse.

ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or heat again.

ἀναθετέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσοῦμαι, to run up or back, return.

ἀνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully: to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θῆλος) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. ἀγαλμα.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard.

ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρώσκω.

ἀνα-θορυβέω, f. ῆσω, to shout in applause.

ἀνάθρεμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursling.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, ἀθρέω) to look up at: observe closely.

ἀνα-θρώσκω, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρώσκω: fut. ἀνα-θοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

ἀναιδεία, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδείη, ἡ, (ἀναιδής) shamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

ἀναιδεύομαι, Dep. (ἀναιδής) to behave impudently.

ἀν-αιδής, ἐς, (a privat., αἰδέομαι) shameless, unabashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called

λᾶας ἀναιδής, reckless, ruthless.

ἀν-αιθύσσω, to fan the flame.

ἀν-αίθω, (ἀνά, αἶθω) to set on fire, to inflame.

ἀν-αιμακτί, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.

ἀν-αίμακτος, ον, (a privat., αἰμάσσω) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. *incruentus*.

ἀν-αίματος, ον, = ἀναιμος.

ἀν-αιμος, ον, and ἀν-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., αἷμα) without blood, bloodless.

ἀν-αιμωτί, Adv. like ἀν-αιμακτί. [τῇ]

ἀναίνομαι, impf. ἡναινόμην, Ep. ἀναινόμην: fut. ἀνᾶνοῦμαι (not in use): aor. 1 ἡννήαμην, inf. ἀνήνασθαι, subj. ἀνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn: c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀναίξας, aor. 1 part. of ἀναίσσω.

ἀναιρεθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of ἀναιρέω.

ἀναιρέσις, εως, ἡ, a taking up of dead bodies: burial. 2. a taking upon oneself, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From

ἀν-αίρέω, f. ῆσω: pf. ἀνήρηκα, pass. ἀνήρημαι: (v. αἰρέω):—to take up, Lat. *tollere*, and so

I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift. II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolish. III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer; but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact. 2. to take up dead bodies for burial. 3. to take up newborn children, Lat. *tollere, suscipere liberos*. 4. to conceive. 5. to take up money at interest. II. to take upon oneself, undertake. III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀνῶ, to raise up.

ἀναισθησία, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From ἀν-αίσθητος, ον, (a privat., αἰσθέσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) unfeeling, without feeling. 2. without common sense, senseless. II. pass. unfelt.

ἀν-αἰσχύω, impf. ἀναισχύουν: aor. I ἀναισχύωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἀναισχύωθην: pf. ἀναισχύωμαι: (a privat., αἰσχυμός, —the simple αἰσχύω being never used):—an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

ἀναισχύωμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αἰσσω, Att. ἀν-ᾄσσω, ἀν-ᾄττω (ἀνά, αἰσσω):—to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c. acc. to leap upon. [ἀνᾶ-]

ἀναισχυντία, (ἀναίσχυντος) to be shameless, behave impudently.

ἀναισχυντία, ἡ, shamelessness. From

ἀν-αίσχυντος, ον, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable.

ἀν-αίτητος, η, ον, (a privat., αἰτέω) unasked.

ἀν-αίτιος, ον, (a privat., αἰτία) without cause, groundless. II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright:—Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καινίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to renew.

ἀνα-καινουργέω, to restore anew.

ἀνα-καινόω, (ἀνά, καινός) to renew, restore. Hence ἀνακαίνωσις, εως, ἡ, renewal, restoration.

ἀνακαῖον, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκαυσα, to kindle, light up:—Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-καλῶ, poet. ἀγ-καλῶ: fut. ἔσω:—to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-ἀκανθος, ον, (a privat., ἄκανθα) without thorns or bones: without a spine.

ἀνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down.

ἀνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of

ἀνα-κείμαι, poet. ἀγ-κείμαι: f. -κέισομαι:—used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue. II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἀνάκειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, οἱ, old form of ἄνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.

ἀνα-κέλαδος, ὁ, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κείμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι and -ύω: f. κεράσω [ᾶ]:—to mix again: generally, to mix up, mix well.

ἀνα-κεφαλαιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀνά, κεφαλή) to comprehend in a summary, sum up.

ἀνα-κηκίω, to sprout up, gush forth: also, to throb violently. [ἴ Ep.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ὕξω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of herald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κήρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a swinging to and fro. 2. excitement, emotion. [κί]

ἀνα-κίρνᾶμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω: aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέκλασα:—to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλινθεῖς, later ἀνακλιθεῖς, poet. aor. I pass. of

ἀνα-κλίνω, poet. ἀγ-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλινῶ: aor. I ἀνέκλινε:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II.

to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινόω, f. ὠσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρανέω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

ἀνακομιδή, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, poet. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἀνεκόμισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

ἀν-ακοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to dart or sling up. II. intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back: a recoil. From

ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:—Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to lift or raise up:—Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence



ἀνακούφισις, εως, ἡ, a lifting up, lightening: relief from a thing.

ἀνα-κράζω, f. ἀξομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέκρᾶγον:—to cry out, lift up the voice.

ἀνα-κρᾶθῆις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακεράννυμι.

ἀνάκρῡσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακεράννυμι) a mixing up.

ἀνα-κρέκομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to tune its voice.

ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. I ἀνεκρέμασα:—to hang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be hanging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse.

ἀνα-κρίνω [ῖ]: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine beforehand:—Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυτούς, to question one with another. Hence

ἀνάκρισις, poet. ἀγκρισις, εως, ἡ, an examination, inquiry.

ἀνα-κροτέω, f. ἤσω, to lift up and strike together: absol. to clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently.

ἀνάκρουσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a pushing back, checking, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ἀνακρουστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one must check.

ἀνα-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνῃν to put her back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like ἀναβάλλεσθαι.

ἀνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to win a person over, gain his favour.

ἀνάκτεσι, Ep. for ἀναξί, dat. pl. of ἀναξ.

ἀνακτόριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or king, royal: ἀνακτόριον, τό, = sq. a temple.

ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

ἀνάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

ἀνα-κυκάω, f. ἤσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse.

ἀνα-κυκλέω, to turn round again:—Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

ἀνακύκλησις, εως, ἡ, a coming round again, a circuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κυμβάλλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δῖφροι ἀνεκυμβάλλιαζον the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

ἀνα-κύπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύψομαι: aor. I ἀνέκυψα: pf. ἀνακέκυφα:—to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

ἀνα-κωκύω, f. ὕσω, to wail aloud. [ῡ]

ἀνὰκως, Adv. = ἐπιμελώς, carefully, ἀνακώς ἔχειν τινός to look well to a thing. (From ἀνακος, Adj. of ἀναξ, a manager.)

ἀνακωχεύω, f. σω, to hold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but ἀν. τὸν τόνον τῶν ὕλων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taught. 2. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to keep still. From

ἀνακωχή, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκωχή.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνα-λάζομαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἀλάλαζω, aor. I ἀνῆλάλαξα: to raise a war-cry: to cry aloud.

ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf. ἀνείληφα:—to take up, take into one's hands: generally, to take with one. 2. to take into one's service, to adopt. 3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβεῖσθαι πόλεμον. 4. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λόγον.

II. to take back, regain, retrieve, repair. III. to pull short up, of a horse. IV. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ἀνα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

ἀναληγσία, ἡ, insensibility, want of feeling. From

ἀν-ἀλγητος, ον, (α privat., ἀλγέω) without pain: I. of persons, unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless:—Adv. -τως, unfeelingly. II. of things, 1. not painful. 2. very painful, cruel.

ἀν-αλδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἀλδαίνω) not thriving, feeble.

ἀνα-λέγω, Ep. impf. ἄλλεγον: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἀλλέξαι:—to pick up, gather up:—Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount. II.

to read aloud.

ἀνα-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II. a being taken up: the Ascension.

ἀν-αλθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἀλθομαι) not healing.

ἀνάλιπτος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπος, barefoot.

ἀν-ἀλίσκω, f. ἀνᾶλώσω: aor. I ἀνήλωσα or ἀνᾶλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνᾶλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνᾶλωθήσομαι: aor. I ἀνῆλώθην or ἀνᾶλώθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνᾶλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-ἀλώω, impf. ἀνάλουν are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:—metaph., ἀν. ὕπνον to use to the full, i. e. enjoy, sleep. II. of persons, to kill, destroy.

ἀνάλκεια, ἡ, want of strength. From

ἀν-αλκίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. -ἰδα or -ιν, (α privat., ἀλκή) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

ἀν-ἀλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

ἀν-αλμος, ον, (α privat., ἄλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) proportion, analogy.

ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think over, calculate, consider. Hence

ἀναλογισμός, ὁ, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

ἀν-αλος, ον, (α privat., ἄλς) not salt, without salt.

ἀν-ἀλόω, a rare form of ἀν-αλίσκω.

ἀν-αλτος, ον, (α privat., ἄλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. inexplebilis.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἀλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [ῡ]: pf. -λέλυκα, pass. -λέλυμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλίσκω.  
 ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναλῶ) that which is used or spent: expense, cost, outlay: in plur. expenses.  
 ἀνάλωσα, ἀναλῶσαι, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.  
 ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλῶ) expenditure. [ἀνᾶ]  
 ἀν-άλωτος, ον, (α privat., ἀλῶναι) not taken, not to be taken, impregnable.  
 ἀνα-μαιμάω, to rage through or throughout.  
 ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.  
 ἀν-ἀμύξεντος, ον, (α privat., ἀμαξεύω) impassable for wagons.  
 ἀν-ἀμάρτητος, ον, (α privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) without missing or failing, unfailing: in a moral sense, faultless. Adv. -τως, without fail.  
 ἀνα-μᾶσάομαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. ruminari.  
 ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -τω: f. -μάξω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—to wipe up, wipe off; ἔργον, ὃ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to knead one's bread.  
 ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσομαι or -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.  
 ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀνάβατος, (α privat., ἀναβαίνω) of a horse, not to be mounted. unmanageable.  
 ἀνα-μέλπω, f. ψω, to begin to sing.  
 ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 2. to await, endure. 3. to put off, delay.  
 ἀνά-μεσος, ον, in the middle.  
 ἀνά-μεστος, ον, filled full. Hence  
 ἀναμεστῶ, f. ὦσω, to fill up, fill full.  
 ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence  
 ἀναμέτρησης, εως, ἡ, a measuring out, admeasurement.  
 ἀνά-μίγα, poet. ἀμμίγα, also ἀνά-μιγδα, Adv. promiscuously.  
 ἀνα-μίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I ἀνέμιξα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to have social intercourse, join company.  
 ἀνα-μιμνήσκω, f. ἀναμνήσω, poet. ἀμμνήσω: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recall to memory, make mention of:—Pass. to remember.  
 ἀνα-μίμνω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.  
 ἀνα-μίξ, (ἀναμίγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell.  
 ἀνάμιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμίγνυμι) social intercourse.  
 ἀνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμίγνυμι.  
 ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμιμνήσκω.  
 ἀνά-μνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμιμνήσκω) a calling to mind, recollection.  
 ἀνα-μολεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλώσκω.  
 ἀνα-μορμύρω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [ῥ]  
 ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) to lift with a lever: to force open.

ἀν-ἀμπλάκτητος, ον, (α privat., ἀμπλάκτητος) unerring, without wandering.  
 ἀνα-μυχθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.  
 ἀν-ἀμφίλογος, ον, (α privat., ἀμφίλογος) undisputed, undoubted.  
 ἀν-ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, (α privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute. II. act. without dispute or controversy.  
 ἀνανδρία, ἡ, unmanliness, cowardice. From  
 ἀν-ἀνδρος, ον, (α privat., ἀνὴρ), 1. = ἀνευ ἀνδρός, without a husband: without men, desolate. II. unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man.  
 ἀν-ἀνδρῶ, f. ὦσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence  
 ἀνάνδρωτος, ον, widowed.  
 ἀνα-νεάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again.  
 ἀνα-νέμω, poet. ἀννέμω, to divide or distribute anew. II. Med. to count up, recount: to rehearse.  
 ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise.  
 ἀνα-νεόομαι, f. ὦσομαι: aor. I ἀνενεώσαμην, poet. inf. ἀννεώσασθαι: Dep.:—to renew, revive.  
 ἀνα-νεύω, f. σω, properly to throw the head back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.  
 ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανεόομαι) a renewal, revival.  
 ἀνα-νήφω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's senses. 2. trans. to make sober again.  
 ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-ἀντης, upbill, opp. to κάτωτα.  
 ἀν-ανταγώνιστος, ον, (α privat., ανταγωνίζομαι) without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed.  
 ἀν-ἀντης, ες, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-bill, steep, opp. to κάτωτης: hence like Lat. arduus, difficult.  
 ἀν-ἀντίρρητος, ον, (α privat., ἀντερῶ) not to be gainsaid. Adv. -ως, without contradiction.  
 ἌΝΑΞ, ἀνακτος, ὁ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. II. any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so too the master of the house, Lat. berus. 3. generally, one who is lord or master over anything, as κώπης ἀνακτες: cf. χειρ-ῶναξ.  
 ἀνα-ξάινω, to rub or irritate afresh.  
 ἀνάξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.  
 ἀνα-ξηραίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I -εξηράνα, poet. inf. ἀγξηράναι:—to dry up.  
 ἀν-ἀξιος, ον, also α, ον, (α privat., ἄξιος) unworthy, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless. 2. undeserving of evil.  
 ἀναξι-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμιγξ) lord of the lyre.  
 ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, unworthily.  
 ἀνα-ξυνῶ, (ἀνά, ξυνός) = ἀνα-κοινῶ.  
 ἀναξυρίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, the trousers worn by eastern nations. (Persian word.)  
 ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—to scrape off.  
 ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.  
 ἀν-αοίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-οίγω.  
 ἀνα-παιδεύω, to educate afresh.  
 ἀνάπαιστος, ον, (ἀναπαίω) struck back, rebounding:



as Subst. ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an anapaest, i. e. 2 dactyl reversed.

ἀνα-παίω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-παλιν, Adv. back again.

II. over a-

gain. III. reversely.

ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπαλῶ: aor. I ἀνέπηλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλῶν:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ἀνα-πάσσω, f. άσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, ης, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηρῆσθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἀμπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἀναπαυστήριος, Ion. ἀμπ-, ον, (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or ἀναπαντήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour of rest: also (sub. σημείον), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, v. παύω):—to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πείθω, f. -πείσω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ἀνα-πειράομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ἀνα-πείρω, f. -περῶ: aor. I ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. ἀμ-πείρας: Pass., aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ᾱ]: pf. ἀναπέπαρμαι, poet. ἀμπέπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ἀναπειστήριος, α, ον, (ἀναπείθω) persuasive.

ἀνα-πεμπάζω and -άζομαι, to count over again.

ἀναπέμπω, poet. ἀμπέμπω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. πέμπω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

ἀναπεπτάμενος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀναπεσεῖν, ἀναπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀνα-πετάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. -πετάσω, Att. -πετῶ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπέτασον, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀναπεπτάμενος, η, ον, outspread, open.

ἀνα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτύμην or ἀνεπτάμην, poet. part. ἀμπτάμενος; and in act. form ἀνέπτην, poet. opt. ἀμπταῖην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

ἀναπέφηναι, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

ἀνα-πηδάω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: f. ἥσομαι: (v. πηδάω):—to leap, spring up or forth, start up; ἀν. ἐπ' ἔργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. II. to spring back.

ἀνά-πηρος, ον, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, halt.

ἀνα-πιδύω, f. ύσω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. explere:—to fulfil, accomplish. II.

to fill up, appease. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀναπέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. concidere animo.

ἀνα-πίτνημι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνέπλᾱσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέκω, f. ξω, to braid up, entwine, wreath.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II.

to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεως, ον, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλέως = πλέος):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρώω, f. ώσω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσαι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπίμπλημι.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, ὁ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀν-απλόω, f. ώσω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀναπλέω.

ἀνα-πνέω, Ion. ἀμπνέω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, ον, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμπνυε, ἀμπνῦτο, ἀμπνύνθη v. sub vocc.). II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respiro.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio.

ἀνάπνυε, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-απόδεικτος, ον, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίξω, f. ίσω, Att. ίῶ: aor. I ἀνεπόδισα: (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back and question; ἀναποδίξειν ἑαυτὸν to correct oneself. II. intrans. to step back.

ἀν-άποινος, ον, (α privat., ἀποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποινον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολέω, poet. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

ἀν-απολόγητος, ον, (α privat., ἀπολογέομαι) indefensible, inexcusable. 2. act. unable to defend oneself, without excuse.

ἀναπόμπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμπω) a sending up; θησαυρῶν ἀν. a digging up of treasures.

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμπω) one that sends up or back.

ἀν-απόνητος, ον, (α privat., ἀπονίζω) unwashed.

ἀνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. -πράξω, to exact, levy; ἀν. ὑπόσχεσιν to exact the fulfilment of a promise.

ἀνα-πρήθω, f. σω, properly to set on fire, light up; δάκρυ' ἀναπρήσας letting tears burst forth.

ἀνα-πτερόω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἀν-επτέρωσα: pf. -επτέρωκα:—to furnish with wings or to raise the wings for flight: generally, to raise, set up. 2. of the mind, to set on the wing, excite vehemently:—Pass. to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement. II. to furnish with new wings:—Pass. to get new wings.

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτάσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, inf. of ἀν-έπτην, ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνεπτόμην, aor. 2 of ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πτύσσω, fut. ὑξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεπτύχθην, aor. 2 ἀνεπτύγην (ῥ): (v. πτύσσω):—to unfold, undo, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat. *evolvere*, to unroll for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light, Lat. *explicare*. II. as military term, τὴν φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν to fold back the phalanx, i. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν to open out the wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. *explicare*. Hence

ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡ, an opening, unfolding: an expanse.

ἀνα-πτύω, f. ὑσω (ῥ), to spit up or out: absol. to sputter.

ἀν-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνῆψα:—to hang up to, fasten on or to a thing; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, = ἀνατιθέναι, to hang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one:—Med. to fasten for oneself; ἀνάπτεισθαι ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away:—Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself on, cling to. II. to light up, light, kindle: metaphor. to inflame.

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπύθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, inquire into: also to learn by inquiry. Hence

ἀνάπυστος, ον, searched out, ascertained, notorious. ἀνάπωτις, shortened ἀμπωτις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀναπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide, returning of the waters.

ἀναρ-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with ρ the ρ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-ραῖζω, etc., though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single.

ἀναραιορκώς, Ion. for ἀνηρηκώς, pf. part. of ἀναιρέω.

ἀν-ἀργύρος, ον, (α privat., ἀργυρος) without silver: without money.

ἀν-αρθρος, ον, (α privat., ἀρθρον) without joints: disjointed, nerveless. 2. of sounds, inarticulate.

ἀν-ἀριθμίομαι, f. ἡσομαι, to count up, enumerate.

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, ον, (α privat., ἀριθμητός) = sq.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, ον, (α privat., ἀριθμός) without number,

countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking no account of a thing.

ἀν-αρκτος, ον, (α privat., ἀρχω) not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed.

ἀναρμοστία, ἡ, unsuitableness: discord. From ἀν-ἀρμοςτος, ον, (α privat., ἀρμόζω) unfit, incongruous: of sound, inharmonious: of persons, absurd. 2. unfitted, unprepared.

ἀναρπάγῃ, ἡ, recapture. From

ἀν-αρπάζω, fut. ἄξω, Att. ἄσω or ἄσομαι (ᾶ): aor. I ἀνήρπασα:—to tear up, snatch up. II. to hurry along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a magistrate, Lat. *rapere in jus*. III. to take by storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence. Hence

ἀναρπαστός, ὁν, also ἡ, ὄν, torn away, carried off, esp. into Persia, treated with violence.

ἀναρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, ῥέω) to flow back or to the source.

ἀναρ-ρήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I ἀνέρρηξα:—to break up, break through or open. II. to make break forth; ἀναρρήξαι ἔπη, like Lat. *rumpere voces*:—Pass. to burst forth. III. intr., like Pass. to burst forth.

ἀναρ-ρήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I ἀνέρρηξα:—to break up, break through or open. II. to make break forth; ἀναρρήξαι ἔπη, like Lat. *rumpere voces*:—Pass. to burst forth. III. intr., like Pass. to burst forth.

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ἀν-αρχος, ον, (α privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σεῖω, poet. ἀνασσεῖω, f. σείσω, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασευρμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασύρω.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ἀνέσσυτο, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἀνεσκευάκα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσκευάσθην: pf. ἀνεσκευάσμαι:—opp. to κατα-

σκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), Lat. *vasa colligere*: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to dis-

nish, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's house. 3. to waste, ravage. 4. in Pass. to be bankrupt: ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, ον, (α privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, un-

exercised.

ἀνα-σκολοπίζω, f. ἴσω, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιεῖσθαι occurs in

pass. sense.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέψομαι: aor. ἀνεσκέψάμην:—

to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, f. ξω, to tear up.

ἀνάσπαστος, ον, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn

back, i. e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπάω, poet. ἀνσπάω: f. -σπάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνέσπασα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship

up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II. τὰς ὀφρύς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so

put on an important air; λόγους ἀνασπᾶν to utter

boastful words.

ἀνασσα, ἡ, fem. of ἀναξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άσαστος, Dor. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀνασσειάσκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ἀνέσειε, 3 sing.

impf. of ἀνασεῖω.

ἀνάσσω, impf. ἤνασσον, Ep. ἄνασσον: fut. ἀνάξω:

aor. I ἤναξα, Ep. ἀναξα: (ἀναξ):—to be lord or

master, to rule, reign over:—Med., τρεῖς ἀνάξασθαι

γένεα ἀνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations:—

Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-άσσω, Att. for ἀναίσσω.

ἀνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστᾶδόν, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστάς, ἀναστῆναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάστασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ: I. causal

(ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2.

a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu.

in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a re-

building. II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or

rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασις ἐξ

ὑπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

ἀναστατήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

ἀναστάτης, ον, ὁ, = ἀναστατήρ.

ἀνάστατος, ον, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀναστᾶτόω, f. ὦσω, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, f. ὦσω, to impale or crucify, like ἀνα-

σκολοπίζω. II. to crucify afresh.

ἀνα-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ (for the tenses, v. στέλλω):

—to send up, raise:—Med. to gird up one's

clothes. 2. to keep back, check:—Pass. to go back,

retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to with-

draw.

ἀνα-στενάζω, f. ἄξω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενᾶχίζω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ᾱχ]

ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

ἀνα-στέφω, f. ψω, to crown, wreath:—Pass., pf. ἀνέ-

στεμμαι κάρα I have my head wreathed.

ἀνα-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix on a firm base.

ἀναστησεῖω, Desiderative from ἀναστήσω (fut. of

ἀνίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστολή, ἡ, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στομόω, f. ὦσω, to furnish with a mouth; ἀνα-

στομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀνέστραμμαι:—to turn up-

side down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn

back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat:

to rally. 2. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to turn back, re-

turn. III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to

turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat.

*versari*; γαῖαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a

land. 2. to be busied in a thing. 3. to re-

volve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

ἀναστροφή, ἡ, a turning back or about, a return:

a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2.

a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place:

hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

ἀνα-στρωφύω, poet. for ἀνα-στρέφω, to turn every

way.

ἀνα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ: aor. I ἀνέσυρα:—to draw or

pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, f. -σφαλῶ: aor. I ἀνέσφηλα:—to re-

cover from a fall, recover.

ἀνασχεθεῖν, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον,

poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of

ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀνσχετός, ὅν, (ἀνέχομαι) to be

undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ἀνα-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to split up, rip up.

ἀνασχών, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνα-σώζω, f. -σώσω: aor. I ἀνέσωσα:—to recover

what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to

bring back, restore:—Pass. to return safe. 3. to

keep in mind.

ἀνα-τᾶράσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up

and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to pbrensy: pi.

pass. part. ἀνατεταραγμένος, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -τάω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀνατίθραμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνᾶτί or ἀνατί, Adv. of ἀνατος, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντείνω: f. -τενῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένον having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τειχίζω, f. ἰσω, Att. ἰῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατειχισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀν-τέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτειλα:—to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνᾶτί, Adv. = ἀνατεί.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀναθήσω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα.

III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθεῖσα κἀναθεῖσα τοῦ γε κατανεῖν adding to or taking away from the necessity of death. IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τίμαω, f. ἥσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνατλάς, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήναι, inf. of aor. 2 ἀν-έτλην, with no pres. ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμάω being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατολή, poet. ἀντολή, ἡ, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

ἀνα-τολμάω, f. ἥσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-ἄτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἄτη) without harm, unharmed. II. act. not harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέτρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overthrow, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: aor. I ἀνέθρεψα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέξομαι and ἀναδραμούμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:—to run back. 2. to start up. 3. to go straight up; ἀναδεδρόμε πέτρῃ (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. 4. to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνά-τρησις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀνά, τετραίνω) a boring through.

ἀνα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [i]

ἀνατροπή, ἡ, (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυρβάω, f. ἄσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αύγητος, ὄν, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

ἀν-αύδηςτος, Dor. -ἄτος, ὄν, (a privat., αὐδάω) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αυδος, ὄν, (a privat., αὐδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αυλος, ὄν, (a privat., αὐλός) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

\*ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀναός, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ναύς) without ships; ναὲς ἀναες ships that are ships no more, Lat. naves nenaves.

ἀνα-φαίνω, poet. ἀμφαίνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -έφᾶνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, shew forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shewn forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shewn to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφάνας, aor. I part. of ἀναφαίνω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾶ]

ἀναφανδᾶ, Adv. (ἀναφαίνω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv. = foreg.

ἀναφᾶνεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἀμφέρω: f. ἀνοίσω: aor. I ἀνήνεγκα, Ion. ἀνήνεικα, also ἀνφσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med.

to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀνανείκασθαι, absol. to heave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr.

to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφῆναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀν-ἄφῆς, ἐς, (a privat., ἀφή) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. σω, = ἀναφλέγω.

ἀνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φοβίω, f. ἥσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

ἀνα-φορέω, = ἀναφέρω.

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

ἀνα-φράζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

ἀν-αφρόδιτος, ὄν, (a privat., Ἀφροδίτη) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.



ἀνα-φρονέω, f. ἤσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself.  
 ἀναφύγῃ, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from. II. a retreat.  
 ἀνα-φύρω [ῶ], pf. pass. -πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.  
 ἀνα-φυσάω, f. ἤσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.  
 ἀνα-φυσιάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.  
 ἀνα-φύω, f. ὕσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.  
 ἀνα-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.  
 ἀνα-χάζω, f. ἄσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀνα-χάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Ep. aor. 1 ἀνεχασσάμην, to draw back, retire.  
 ἀνα-χαίλω, aor. 2 ἀνέχων, pf. ἀνακέχνη:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.  
 ἀνα-χαιτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, χαιτή) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overbrow, upset.  
 ἀνα-χάσκω, = ἀναχαίνω.  
 ἀνα-χέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour over.  
 ἀνα-χνοαίνομαι, (ἀνά, χνός) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.  
 ἀνα-χορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.  
 ἀνάχυσσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.  
 ἀνα-χώννυμι, f. χώσω, to bear up.  
 ἀνα-χωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner. Hence  
 ἀναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.  
 ἀνα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to make to go back or retire.  
 ἀνα-ψηφίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: (ἀνά, ψηφος) to put to the vote again. Hence  
 ἀναψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.  
 ἀναψυξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing.  
 ἀναψυχή, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery from a thing: rest. From  
 ἀνα-ψύχω, fut. -ψύξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀνεψύχην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῶ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: ναὺς ἀναψύχειν to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῶ]  
 ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.  
 ἀνδάνω, impf. ἦνδανον, Ep. ἐήνδανον, Ion. ἐάνδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔαδον, Ep. εὔαδον and ἄδον [ᾶ]: pf. ἄδηκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'ΑΔ-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἡδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placet.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα.  
 ἀνδηρον, τό, mostly in plur. ἀνδηρα, quasi ἀνθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or thrown up.  
 ἀνδησάμενος, poet. part. aor. 1 of ἀναδέω.  
 ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.  
 ἀνδρ-αγαθέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνὴρ, ἀγαθός) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence  
 ἀνδρᾶγαθία, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence  
 ἀνδρᾶγαθίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.  
 ἀνδρ-άγρια, ων, τά, (ἀνὴρ, ἄγρα) the spoils of a slain enemy.  
 ἀνδρᾶκάς, Adv. (ἀνὴρ) man by man, like κατ' ἀνδρας, Lat. viritim: generally, separately, apart.  
 ἀνδραπόδεσσι, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδράποδον, for ἀνδραπόδοις, as if from ἀνδράπους.  
 ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.  
 ἀνδρᾶποδίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: aor. 1 ἡνδραπόδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδιούμαι: aor. 1 ἡνδραποδίσθην: pf. ἡνδραπόδισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω,) Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.  
 ἀνδρᾶπόδισις, εως, ἡ, and ἀνδρᾶποδισμός, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.  
 ἀνδρᾶποδιστής, ου, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.  
 ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπους. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἀνδρᾶποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδον, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθερος.  
 ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνὴρ, a manikin. [ᾶρ]  
 ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνὴρ.  
 ἀνδρ-αχθής, ές, (ἀνὴρ, ἄχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.  
 ἀνδρεία, Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.  
 ἀνδρ-εἰκελον, τό, (ἀνὴρ, εἶκελος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.  
 ἀνδρεῖος, α, ων, Ion. ἀνδρήϊος, η, ων, (ἀνὴρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρεῖον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεῖα, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδίτια. Hence  
 ἀνδρεϊότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία.  
 ἀνδρ-ει-φόντης, ου, ό, (ἀνὴρ, \*φένω) man-slaying.  
 ἀνδρεῖων, ὠνος, ό, poet. for ἀνδρεών: see ἀνδρών.  
 ἀνδρεσσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνὴρ.  
 ἀνδρεύμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρεύω.  
 ἀνδρεύομαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίζομαι.  
 ἀνδρεών, ὠνος, ό, Ion. for ἀνδρών.  
 ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρεία.  
 ἀνδρηϊος, η, ων, Ion. for ἀνδρεῖος.

ἀνδρηλατέω, f. ἤσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, ἐλαύνω) he that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [α]

ἀνδρία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιέω, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary. Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιία, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντο-ποιός, ου, ὁ, (ἀνδρίας, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδρίας, ἀντο, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνὴρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀνὴρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνὴρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρό-γυνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II. as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δάϊκτος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, δαμάω) man-taming: man-slaying. [α]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνὴρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-κμής, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρό-κμητος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's bands.

ἀνδρο-κτασία, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνδροκτόνος) to slay men. Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρ-ολέτειρα, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, ὀλλυμι) a murderess.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ου, (ἀνὴρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromaché. [α]

ἀνδρόμεος, α, ου, (ἀνὴρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, ες, (ἀνὴρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρό-παις, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρό-σινις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀνὴρ, σίνομαι) hurtful to men.

ἀνδρό-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ, σφίγξ) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τύχης, ες, (ἀνὴρ, τυχεῖν) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. βίωτος wedded life.

ἀνδροφύγέω, f. ἤσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, φάγειν) eating men: ol 'Ανδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, φθείρω) man-destroying. II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ου: hence αἷμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ου, (ἀνὴρ, \*φένω) man-slaying: fem, ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, = ἀνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, homicide.

ἀνδρόω, f. ὦσω, (ἀνὴρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνὴρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. -δως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθείς, αορ. I pass. part. of ἀνδρόω.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρεών, ὦνος, ὁ, (ἀνὴρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ιδος, ἡ, = ἀνδράν.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, αορ. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-έβην, αορ. 2 of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀν-εβήσετο, Ep. 3 sing. αορ. I med. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνεβιωσάμην, αορ. I of ἀναβιώσκομαι.

ἀν-έβραχε, 3 sing. αορ. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clasp, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβωσε, Ion. for ἀνεβύησε, αορ. I of ἀναβοάω.

ἀν-έγγυος, ου, (α privat., ἐγγύη) not vouched for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. -εγεῶ: αορ. I ἀνέγειρα:—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:—Pass. to be awakened, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ου, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-έγκλητος, ου, (α privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνέγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, αορ. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνέγνωκα, ἀνέγνω, pf. and αορ. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀνεδέγμεθα, I pl. Ep. αορ. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, αορ. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έδην, Adv. (ἀνίημι) let loose, without restraint: carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. αορ. 2 of ἀναδέρκομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. αορ. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνεδύσετο, Ep. 3 sing. αορ. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνείργω, impf. ἀνείργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνέζησα, αορ. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-εθέλητος, ου, (α privat., ἐθέλω) unwished for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, αορ. I pass. of ἀνίημι. 2. αορ. 2 act. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνείην, opt. αορ. 2 act. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ειλείθια, ἡ, (α privat., Εἰλείθια) without the aid of Eileithyia.

ἀν-ειλέω, f. ἤσω, (v. εἴλω) to wind up or roll together:—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνείληφα, ἀνείλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.



ἀνεῖλον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναιρέω.  
 ἀνείμνω, Adv. of ἀνείμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀνί-  
 ημι, let loose, carelessly: without restraint.  
 ἀν-εἶμι, (ἀνά, εἶμι ibo) to go up: to sail out to sea:  
 but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a  
 suppliant. III. to go back, go home, return.  
 ἀν-εἶμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., εἶμα) without  
 clothing, unclad.  
 ἀν-εἰπεῖν, (ἀνά, εἰπεῖν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use:  
 aor. 1 pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-ρέω): pf.  
 ἀνείρημαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—to say aloud, proclaim,  
 give notice.  
 ἀν-εἶργω, f. ξω, to keep back, ward off, in poet.  
 impf. ἀνέεργον.  
 ἀνείρημαι, pf. pass., v. ἀνείπειν.  
 ἀν-εἶρομαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρομαι,  
 εἶρομαι):—to inquire of, inquire about.  
 ἀν-εἰρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], poet. and Ion. for ἀν-ερύω, to  
 draw back.  
 ἀν-εἶρω, (for the tenses, v. εἶρω) to fasten on or to:  
 to wreath together.  
 ἀνείς, part. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.  
 ἀν-ἐκάθεν, (ἀνω, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, from above:  
 cf. ἀγκαθεν. II. of Time, from the first.  
 ἀν-ἐκάς, Adv. (ἀνω, ἐκάς) upwards, on high, Lat.  
 sursum.  
 ἀν-ἐκβάτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκβαίνω) without outlet.  
 ἀν-ἐκδιήγητος, ον, (α privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) inde-  
 scribable, extraordinary.  
 ἀν-ἐκδρομος, ον, (α privat., ἐκδραμεῖν) without es-  
 cape, inevitable.  
 ἀν-ἐκλάλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐκλαλέω) unspeakable.  
 ἀν-ἐκλειπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκλείπω) unfailing.  
 ἀν-ἐκλίθην [χ], aor. 1 pass. of ἀνακλίνω.  
 ἀν-ἐκλίνα, aor. 1 act. of ἀνακλίνω.  
 ἀν-ἐκπίμπλημι, fut. -ἐκπλήσω, to fill up or again.  
 ἀν-ἐκπληκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκπλήσσω) undaunted:  
 τὸ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.  
 ἀν-ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of ἀνακράζω.  
 ἀν-ἐκτός, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne.  
 ἀνεκτός, ὄν, later ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνέχομαι) bearable, toler-  
 able:—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, so as to be borne.  
 ἀν-ἐκφραστός, ον, (α privat., ἐκφράζω) unutterable,  
 indescribable.  
 ἀν-ἐλεγκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐλέγχω) safe from  
 being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.  
 ἀν-ἐλεήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλεήμων) un-  
 merciful.  
 ἀν-ἐλεῖν, ἀν-ἐλεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναιρέω.  
 ἀν-ἐλεος, ον, (α privat., ἐλεος) unmerciful.  
 ἀν-ἐλευθερία, ἡ, (ἀν-ἐλεύθερος) illiberality.  
 ἀν-ἐλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀν-ἐλευθερία. From  
 ἀν-ἐλεύθερος, ον, illiberal, slavish, Lat. illiberalis:  
 in money matters, niggardly.  
 ἀν-ἐλήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.  
 ἀν-ἐλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, like Lat. evol-  
 vere, of books in rolls, and so read and explain. 2.  
 metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον to pass one's life.

ἐν-ἐλκω, f. ἀνέλξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύσω [ῥ], with  
 aor. 1 ἀνείλκυσσα, pf. pass. ἀνείλκυσμαι (as if from  
 ἀν-ελκύω):—to draw up, to bold up: esp. to draw  
 up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναῦς to haul  
 up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into  
 open court:—Med. to draw to oneself; ἀνέλκεσθαι  
 τρίχας to tear one's own hair. II. to draw back.  
 ἀν-ἐλπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλπίς) without hope.  
 ἀν-ἐλπιστος, ον, (α privat., ἐλπίζω) unbooped for,  
 unlooked for. II. act. of persons, having no  
 hope, hopeless. 2. of things, leaving no hope, hope-  
 less. III. Adv. -τως, hopelessly; ἀνελπίστως  
 εἶχειν to be in despair.  
 ἀν-ἐμβάτος, ον, (α privat., ἐμβαίνω) inacces-  
 sible. II. act. not going to or into.  
 ἀ-νεμέσσητος, ον, (α privat., νεμεσάω) free from  
 blame, without offence.  
 ἀ-νέμητος, ον, (α privat., νέμω) not distributed. II.  
 having no share.  
 ἀνεμιαῖος, α, ον, (ἀνεμος) full of wind, windy.  
 ἀνεμίζομαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. to be driven with the wind.  
 ἀνεμνήσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.  
 ἀνεμο-δρόμος, ον, (ἀνεμος, δραμεῖν) swift as the wind.  
 ἀνεμόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) windy, exposed to the  
 wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy. [ᾱ]  
 \*ANEMOS, ὁ, a wind, Lat. ventus; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο  
 a whirlwind; ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἐστηκώς the wind  
 being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four  
 winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and  
 Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as  
 points of the compass. [ᾱ]  
 ἀνεμο-σκεπής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) sheltering from  
 the wind.  
 ἀνεμο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) fed by the wind,  
 of a wave; ἐγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree  
 made tough by the wind.  
 ἀνεμόω, f. ὥσω: pf. pass. ἠνέμωμαι: (ἀνεμος):—to  
 expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by  
 the wind.  
 ἀν-ἐμποδίστος, ον, (α privat., ἐμποδίζω) unbindered.  
 ἀνεμ-ώκης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, ὥκός) swift as the wind.  
 ἀνεμώλιος, ον, (ἀνεμος) windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.  
 ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἀνεμος) the wind-flower, anemone.  
 ἀν-ενδεής, ἐς, not in want.  
 ἀν-ἐνδεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐνδέχομαι) inadmissible.  
 ἀνένεικα, poet. for ἀνήνεια, aor. 1 act. of ἀναφέρω:  
 ἀνενείκατο, aor. 1 med., ἀνενειχθείς aor. 1 pass. part.  
 ἀνενήνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.  
 ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀν-ίημι.  
 ἀν-ἐξάλειπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐξαλείφω) indelible.  
 ἀν-ἐξέλεγκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐξελέγχω) not put to  
 the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be  
 refuted: irreproachable.  
 ἀν-ἐξερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., ἐξερευνάω) not to be  
 searched out, unsearchable.  
 ἀν-ἐξέταστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξετάζω) not searched  
 out, not inquired into. II. βίος ἀνεξέταστος a  
 life without inquiry.

ἀν-εξεμέτος, ον, (α privat., ἐξεμερίσκω) not to be found out.

ἀν-εξί-κακος, ον, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) enduring evil: forbearing.

ἀν-εξιχνίαστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξιχνιάζω) not to be traced out.

ἀν-έξοδος, ον, (α privat., ἐξοδος) without outlet, without return, Lat. irremediabilis.

ἀνεοί or ἀνεοί, v. sub ἀνεως.

ἀνέονται, see ἀνέονται.

ἀν-έορτος, ον, (α privat., ἐορτή) without festival; ἀνέορτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites.

ἀν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (α privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) having no cause for shame.

ἀν-έπαλτο, Ep. for ἀν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, he was thrown up, rushed up.

ἀνέπαυσα, aor. 1 of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπαχθής) not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλευτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against.

ἀν-επίδικος, ον, (α privat., ἐπίδικος) undisputed: of an heiress, about whose marriage there is no dispute.

ἀν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδοκέω) unexpected, unforeseen.

ἀνεπιείκεια, ἡ, unfairness. From

ἀν-επιεικής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπιεικής) unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς.

ἀν-επικλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.

ἀν-επίληπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επίξεστος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιξέω) not polished over, not finished off.

ἀν-επίπληκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.

ἀν-επίρρεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιρρέζω) not used for sacrifices.

ἀν-επίσκεπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered.

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, ἡ, ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From

ἀν-επιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing. Adv. -μόνος.

ἀν-επιτάκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιτήδειος, ον, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεος, ἡ, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτήδεος) unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful. 2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.

ἀν-επιτίμητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) not to be censured.

ἀν-επίφθονος, ον, (α privat., ἐπίφθονος) without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -τως.

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. 1 of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνέπτην, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνιπτάμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, aor. 1 ἀνεράσθην, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) to love again.

ἀν-εραστος, ον, (α privat., ἐράω) not worthy of love. II. act. not loving.

ἀν-εργος, ον, (α privat., ἐργον) not done; ἐργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facta infecta.

ἀν-εργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, f. ἴσω, to provoke again.

\*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. 1 ἀνερείψαντο: to snatch up and carry off.

ἀν-ερευνάω, f. ἴσω, to search out.

ἀν-ερευνήτος, ον, (α privat., ἐρευνάω) not searched out: not to be searched out.

ἀν-έρομαι, Ep. ἀνείρομαι: aor. ἀνηρόμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι): to question, ask.

ἀν-έρπω, aor. 1 ἀνείρπυσα (as if from ἀνερπύζω):—to creep up.

ἀν-έρρω, aor. 1 ἀνέρρησα:—to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀν-ερυθρίαω, f. ἴσω [ᾱ]: to begin to blush.

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-ειρύω: f. ὕσω [ῡ]: to draw up.

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνῆλθον or ἀνῆλθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα:—to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up. II.

to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2. εἰς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

ἀν-ερωτάω, f. ἴσω, to ask again or repeatedly.

ἀνέσαιμι, Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ἀνίημι.

ἄνεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀνέσαντες, part. of ἀνείσα, aor. 1 of ἀνίζω.

ἀνέσει, Ep. for ἀνῆσει, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀνίημι) a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils. 2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.

ἀνέσσυτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνέστην, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, ον, (α privat., ἐστία) without hearth or home.

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχήθομεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

ἀν-ετάζω, f. σω, to search thoroughly.

ἀνέτειλε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀνέτλην, aor. 2 of \*ἀνάτλημι.

ἀν-ετος, ον, (ἀνίημι) relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.

ἀν-ετράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἄνευ, Prep. with gen. without; ἄνευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ἄνευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. injussu regis. 2. away from, far from. 3. in prose, except, besides.

ἀν-ευάζω, to honour with cries of evae!



ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ): 1. Prep. with gen. *without*. 2. *apart from, far from*. II. Adv. *far away, distant: out of the way*.  
 ἀν-εύθετος, ον, (α privat., εὐθετος) *not well placed, inconvenient*.  
 ἀν-εύθυνος, ον, (α privat., εὐθύνη) *not having to render an account, irresponsible: hence guiltless*.  
 ἀν-ευκτος, ον, (α privat., εὐχομαι) *not wished for*. II. act. *not wishing or praying for*.  
 ἀνευρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνευρίσκω.  
 ἀνεύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνευρίσκω) *a finding out*.  
 ἀν-εύρετος, ον, (α privat., εὐρίσκω) *not found out, not to be found out*.  
 ἀν-ευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω: aor. 2 ἀνεῦρον: un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην: aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην:—*to find out, discover:—Pass. to be found out or discovered to be*.  
 ἀν-ευφημέω, f. ἤσω, *to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε: to shout aloud with joy*.  
 ἀν-εύχομαι, Dep. *to recall a prayer*.  
 ἀ-νέφελος, Ep. ἀννέφελος, ον, (α privat., νεφέλη) *cloudless: unveiled*.  
 ἀν-εχέγγυος, ον, (α privat., ἐχέγγυος) *unwarranted*.  
 ἀν-έχησι, v. sub sq.  
 ἀν-έχω, impf. ἀνείχων: also ἀν-ίσχω, ἀνίσχων: f. ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέσχον, poet. ἀνέσχεθον: pf. ἀνέσχηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσχήθην: pf. ἀνέσχημαι:—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχησι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχημι: (ἀνά, ἔχω):—*to hold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle: to hold up and show to one; ἀνέχειν φάος, to hold up a light; esp. in phrase ἀνεχε, παρέχε φῶς, or simply ἀνεχε, παρέχε, bold up and show the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on*. 2. *to exalt, extol*. 3. of land, ἀνέχειν τὴν ἄκρην *to put forth a headland*. 4. *to uphold, support: to continue to do; c. part., στέρξας ἀνέχει continues to love: of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσόν to keep constant to the ivy*. II. *to hold in, keep in; Ζεὺς ἀνέχων, opp. to ὕων, holding up, stopping the rain*. III. intrans. *to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχω, of the sun: of events, to happen: c. gen. to rise from, recover from*. 2. *to come forth, project: esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea*. 3. *to hold on, keep doing*.  
 B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι: f. ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχήσομαι: Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἡνειχόμεν, ἡνεσχόμεν:—*properly to hold oneself up, and so to hold up against a thing, endure, allow, hold out, last: so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they bear with patience*. 2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνους *to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them*. II. *to hold up what is one's own; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖρας to hold up one's hands to fight*. III. rarely, *to hold on by one another*.  
 ἀνεψιά, ἡ, fem. of ἀνεψιός, *a female cousin*.  
 ἀνεψιαδούς, οὔ, ὁ, *a first-cousin's son*. From  
 ἌΝΕΨΙΟ΄Σ, ὁ, *a first cousin, a cousin*. Hence  
 ἀνεψιότης, ητος, ἡ, *cousinship*.

ἀνέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.  
 ἀνεψ or ἀνεω, see ἀνεως.  
 ἀνέωγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεφγῶς, always intr.  
 ἀνέωγον, impf. of ἀνοίγω.  
 ἀνέωξα, aor. I of ἀνοίγω.  
 ἀνέωνται (not ἀνέονται), for ἀνείνται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίημι (as if from ἀν-έω), *they have been given up or devoted*.  
 ἀνεως, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ἀναυος, ἀναός (α privat., αὐω *to cry*), *without a voice, mute: ἀνεψ nom. plur.*  
 ἀνεώχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.  
 ἄνη, ἡ, (ἄνω) *fulfilment*.  
 ἀν-ηβάω, f. ἤσω, *to grow young again, Lat. rejuvlescere*. Hence  
 ἀνηβητήριος, α, ον, *making young again*.  
 ἀν-ηβος, ον, (α privat., ἦβη) *not arrived at man's estate*.  
 ἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.  
 ἀν-ηγεμόνευτος, ον, (α privat., ἡγεμονεύω) *without a leader*.  
 ἀν-ηγέομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. *to tell as in a narrative, relate*.  
 ἀν-ήδυντος, ον, (α privat., ἡδύνω) *not sweetened or seasoned*.  
 ἀνήη, Ep. for ἀνῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι.  
 ἀνήθινος, η, ον, (ἄνηθον) *made of dill*.  
 ἌΝΗΘΟΝ, τό, *dill, anise, Lat. anethum: also ἀννηθον; Ion. ἀννησον or ἀνησον: poet. ἀννητον or ἀνητον*.  
 ἀνήϊξα, aor. I of ἀναίσσω.  
 ἀνήϊον, Ep. for ἀνῆϊν, impf. of ἀνείμι.  
 ἀνήκα, aor. I of ἀν-ίημι.  
 ἀν-ήκεστος, ον, (α privat., ἀκέομαι) *not to be healed, incurable: ἀνῆκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt: ἀνῆκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same*. II. act. *damaging beyond remedy, deadly:—Adv., ἀνηκέστως διατιθέναι to treat with shocking cruelty*.  
 ἀν-ήκοος, ον, (α privat., ἀκοή) *without bearing: never having heard a thing, ignorant of it*. 2. *not willing to bear, disobedient*.  
 ἀνηκουστέω, f. ἤσω, *to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient*. From  
 ἀν-ήκουστος, ον, (α privat., ἀκούω) *unheard of*. II. act. *unwilling to bear, disobedient*.  
 ἀν-ήκω, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ἤκω) *to reach up to*. 2. *to have come up to a point, ἐς τὰ μέγιστα ἀνῆκειν: to refer or pertain to a person or thing*.  
 ἀνηλάλαζον, ἀνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of ἀναλαλάζω.  
 ἀνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνάλλομαι.  
 ἀν-ήλικος, ον, (α privat., ἡλιξ) *not yet arrived at man's estate*.  
 ἀν-ήλιος, ον, (α privat., ἡλιος) *sunless, gloomy*.  
 ἀνήλιπος, Dor. ἀνάλιπος, ον, (α privat., ἡλιψ *a kind of shoe*) *unsod, barefoot*.  
 ἀνήλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνέρχομαι) *a going up*. 2. *a coming back*.

ἀνῆλωσα, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.

ἀν-ἡμελκτος, ον, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) unmilked.

ἀν-ἡμερος, ον, (a privat., ἡμερος) not tame, wild, savage: of plants, wild.

ἀνῆνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνῆνατο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνῆνται 3 sing. subj.

ἀνηνεμία, ἡ, a calm. From

ἀν-ἡνεμος, ον, (a privat., ἀνεμος) without wind, calm; ἀνῆνεμος χειμώνων for ἀνευ ἀνέμου χειμώνων, without the blast of storms.

ἀνήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres. signif.: Homer has it twice, αἶμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ὤτειλῆς blood gushed from forth the wound; κνίσση ἀνήνοθεν steam mounted up. (Formed as if from a Verb \*ἀνέθω.)

ἀν-ἡνυστος and ἀν-ἡνυτος, ον, (a privat., ἀνύω) not to be accomplished, endless, aimless.

ἀν-ἡνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (a privat., ἀνῆρ) unmanly, dastardly, like ἀνανδρος.

ἀνῆπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀν-ῆπύω, f. σω, to cry aloud.

ἌΝΗΡ, ὁ, gen. ἀνδρός, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἀνδρα, voc. ἀνερ: plur. ἀνδρες, -δρών, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. ἀνέρος, etc., dat. pl. ἀνδρεσσι:—a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. vir (not homo).

II. a man, as opp. to God, πατήρ ἀνδρῶν τε θεῶν τε. III. a man, as opp. to a youth.

IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to ἄνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἄνθρωποι, ὀλίγοι δὲ ἄνδρες.

V. a husband; αἰγῶν ἀνῆρ, Virgil's vir gregis.

ἀνῆρ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἀνῆρ.

ἀνηρέθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναιρέω.

ἀν-ῆριθμος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀριθμος.

ἀνηρόμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέρομαι.

ἀν-ῆροτος, ον, (a privat., ἀρώω) unploughed.

ἀνῆρτησα, ἀνῆρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀν-αρτάω.

ἀνησον or ἀνητον, τό, Ion. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ῆσσητος, Att. ἀ-ῆττητος, ον, (a privat., ἡσσάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀνῆτινος, η, ον, Dor. for ἀνῆτινος.

ἀνητον or ἀνητον, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ῆττητος, ον, Att. for ἀν-ῆσσητος.

ἀν-ῆφαιστος, ον, (a privat., ἡφαιστος) without real fire; πῦρ ἀνῆφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.

ἀνῆφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνῆφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνῆχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνῆψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνθ-αιρέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead. II. to dispute, lay claim to.

ἀνθ-ἀλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.

ἀνθαμιλλάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

ἀνθ-ἀμιλλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἀμιλλα) rivalling.

ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι, Ion. ἀντ-ἀπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in. 2. to lay

bold of, seize, attack.

II. to lay bold of in return.

ἀνθειον, τό, (ἀνθος) a blossom.

ἀνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντέχω, one must bold to, cleave to: so also plur. ἀνθεκτέα.

ἀνθ-έλκω, f. ξω, to draw or pull against.

ἀνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.

ἀνθέμιον, τό, = ἀνθος: ἀνθέμιον ἐστιγμένον tattooed with flowers.

ἀνθεμῖς, ἶδος, ἡ, = ἀνθος.

ἀνθεμόεις, εσσα, εν, also εις in fem., flowery, flowered: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From

ἀνθεμον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ἀνθος, a flower.

ἀνθεμόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (ἀνθεμον, ῥέω) flowing from flowers.

ἀνθεμ-ουργός, ὢν, (ἀνθεμον, \*ἔργω) working in flowers.

ἀνθεμ-ώδης, ες, contr. for ἀνθεμο-ειδής, (ἀνθεμον, εἶδος) flowery, blooming.

ἀνθέξομαι, fut. med. of ἀντέχω.

ἀνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνθερών, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀνθέω) the chin, Lat. mentum.

ἀνθερίκη, ἡ, and ἀνθέρικος, ὁ, = ἀνθέριξ, a stalk.

ἀνθέριξ, ἰκος, ὁ, (ἀθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear. 2. a stalk.

ἀνθεσαν, Ep. for ἀνέθεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 2 of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνθ-εστιάω, to feast in return.

Ἀνθιστήρια, αν, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

Ἀνθιστηριών, ὠνος, ὁ, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

Ἀνθισφόρια, αν, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while gathering flowers. From

ἀνθεσ-φόρος, ον, (ἀνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.

ἀνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνθέω, f. ἡσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ἀνθεῖν νεκροῖς to be overspread with corpses: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish, ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the height, as a disease.

ἀνθη, ἡ, = ἀνθος, a blossom.

ἀνθηρός, ἄ, ὢν, (ἀνθέω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young:—metaph. in full force, in perfection. 2. bright-coloured. 3. of style, florid.

ἀνθ-ῆσσομαι, pf. ἀνθήσσημαι: Pass.:—to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.

ἀνθη-φόρος, ον, = ἀνθεσφόρος, flower-bringing.

ἀνθίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἀνθος) to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours:—Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ἡνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.

ἀνθινος, η, ον, (ἀνθος) of flowers, blooming, fresh.

ἀνθ-ιππάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep. to ride against. Hence

ἀνθιππασία, ἡ, a sham-fight of horse.

ἀνθ-ιππεύω, = ἀνθιππάζομαι.



ἀνθ-ίστημι, (ἀντί, ἵστημι). I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. 1 ἀνέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. componere. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀντέστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

ἀνθοβολέω, f. ἤσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to have flowers showered upon one. From

ἀνθό-βολος, ον, (ἄνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with flowers.

ἀνθο-δίαίτος, ον, (ἄνθος, διαίτα) living on flowers.

ἀνθο-δόκος, ον, (ἄνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers.

ἀνθοκομέω, f. ἤσω, to produce flowers. From

ἀνθο-κόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers.

ἀνθο-κρόκος, ον, (ἄνθος, κρέκω) woven or worked with flowers, partly-coloured.

ἀνθολογέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to gather flowers. Hence

ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a flower-gathering: Ἀνθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

ἀνθο-λόγος, ον, (ἄνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers.

ἀνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ἀνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From

ἀνθο-νόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, νέμομαι) feeding on flowers.

ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to arm against:—Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

ἀνθορε, poet. for ἀνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθρῶσκω.

ἀνθ-ορμέω, f. ἤσω, to lie at anchor, be moored opposite one another.

ἌΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ἄνθος οἴνου, Lat. flos vini, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ἡβης ἄνθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ἀνθ-οσμίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὁσμή) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

ἀνθοσύνη, ἡ, (ἄνθος) a flowering, bloom.

ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνθοφόρος) to bear flowers.

ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφόρια. From

ἀνθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flowery: blooming.

ἀνθο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθράκευς, ἔως, ἡ, (ἄνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence

ἀνθράκew, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn to a cinder.

ἀνθράκιά, ἄς, Ep. ἀνθρακίη, ἡς, ἡ, (ἄνθραξ) a heap of coal or charcoal, hot coals. 2. blackness as of coals.

ἀνθράκooμαι, pf. ἤνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἄνθραξ):—to be burnt to cinders.

ἌΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur.

ἀνθρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, a wasp or hornet.

ἌΝΘΡΗΝΗ, ἡ, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the boneycomb of a wild bee: a wasp's nest.

ἀνθρωπ-ἄρεσκος, ον, ὁ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἀρέσκω) a man-pleaser.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a manikin.

ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's skin.

ἀνθρώπειος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνθρωπήϊος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, human: Adv. -ως, by human means, in all human probability.

ἀνθρωπήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνθρώπειος.

ἀνθρωπίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ἀνθρωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a man, human.

ἀνθρώπινος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, human; πᾶν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίνως ἀμαρτάνειν to commit human, i.e. venial, errors.

ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. homuncio.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i.e. a deified man, hero.

ἀνθρωπο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) in the shape of a man.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, homicidal. II. proparox. ἀνθρωπό-κτονος, murdered by men; βορὰ ἀνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a making of man. From

ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ὢν, (ἄνθρωπος, ποιέω) making man.

ἌΝΘΡΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, man, Lat. homo (not vir): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα or ἡκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνὴρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἄνθρωπος ὀδύτης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνὴρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. homo opp. to vir: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἄνθρωπος, ἡ, (like homo fem. in Lat.) a woman.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-σφάγις, f. ἤσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men.

ἀνθρωποφάγις, f. ἤσω, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγω) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence

ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an eating of men.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγειν) eating men, cannibal.

ἀνθρωπο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φυή) of man's nature.

ἀν-θρῶσκω, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρῶσκω.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to abuse one another, abuse in turn.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

ἀνθυπάτεύω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And

ἀνθυπατικός, ἡ, ὢν, proconsular. From

ἀνθ-ύπατος, ὁ, a proconsul, for ἀντὶ ὑπάτου, Lat. pro consule.

ἀνθ-ὑπέκω, f. ξω, (ἀντί, ὑπέκω) to yield in turn. Hence

ἀνθύπειξις, εως, ἡ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρίνοῦμαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [ἴν]

ἀνθ-υπόμνυμι, f. -ομόσω, (ἀντί, ὑπόμνυμι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, ὑποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-υπουργέω, (ἀντί, ὑπουργέω) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθυπουργήμα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαιρέω, (ἀντί, ὑφαιρέω) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υποστήσομαι: aor. 2 -υπέστην: (ἀντί, ὑφίστημι):—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνθώπλισμα, pf. pass. of ἀνθοπλίζω.

ἌΝΙ᾿Α, Ion. ἀνίη, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble: Homer uses it act. of a person, δαιτὸς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάζω, aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [ἴ]

ἀν-ἰάομαι, fut. ἰάσομαι [ἰ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀνιάρως, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and Ep. ἀνιηρός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing: irreg. Comp. ἀνιηρόστερος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ρῶς. [In Homer ἀνιηρός, later also ἀνί-.]

ἀν-ἰᾶτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰάομαι) incurable: of men, incorrigible.

ἀνιάω, fut. ἰάσω [ἰ], Ion. ἡσώ: aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, Dor. ἡνιάσα: pf. ἡνιάκα:—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσομαι: aor. 1 ἡνιάθην: pf. ἡνιάμαι: (ἀνία):—to grieve, distress:—Pass. to be grieved, etc.; ἀνιάσθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this:—Homer has Ion. aor. 1 pass. part. ἀνιηθεῖς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [ἴ in Homer always, later also ἴ.]

ἀνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. \*ἀν-εἶδω, to look up.

ἀν-ἰδρύτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδρύω) unsettled, restless: esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ἰδρωτί, Adv. of ἀνιδρωτος, without sweat: hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ἰδρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδρύω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνίεις, ἀνίει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιῆς, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέναι, pres. inf. of ἀν-ἰημι, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of ἀν-εἶμι (εἶμι ἰδο) to go up.

ἀν-ἰερος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰερός) unboly, impious. [ἴ]

ἀνίεσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ἰζω, aor. 1 ἀνείσα, (ἀνά, ἰζω) to set up.

ἀνιηθεῖς, Ion. for ἀνιᾶθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀνιάω.

ἀν-ἰημι, impf. ἀνίην; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνιῆς, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνίεις, εἰ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνίεσκε (as if from ἀνιέω): fut. ἀνήσω, also ἀνέσω: aor. 1 ἀνήκα, Ion. ἀνέκα, Ep. also ἀνεσα: aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ep. subj. ἀνήη for ἀνῆ, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέντες:—Pass. ἀνίεμαι: aor. 1 ἀνέθην: pf. ἀνείμαι: (ἀνά, ἰημι):—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth: esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. III. to let go.

2. ἀνιέναι τινι to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui: hence generally, to set on. 3. to let alone, let:—Med. ἀνίεμαι, to loosen, undo:—Pass. to be let go, go free; part. pf. pass. ἀνιμένος going free, left to one's will and pleasure; ἀνιμένος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing: hence

IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring: hence to neglect, give over, remit:—Pass. to be slack or unstrung. V. intrans. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ἀνιηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιαρός.

ἀνίκα, Dor. for ἡνίκα. [ἴ]

ἀν-ἰκᾶνος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰκανος) insufficient.

ἀν-ἰκέτευτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰκετεύω) not entreated: act. not entreating.

ἀ-νίκητος, ὄν, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ἰλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ἰλαος, (a privat., ἰλεως) unmerciful. [ἴ]

ἀν-ἰμάω, f. ἡσσομαι: (ἀνά, ἰμάς):—to draw up water by leather straps: generally to draw or haul up:—Pass. to get up, mount up; so also intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to mount up.

ἀνίος, ὄν, (ἀνία) = ἀνιαρός.

ἀν-ἰουλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰουλος) beardless.

ἀν-ἰππεύω, f. σω, to ride on big.

ἀν-ἰππος, ὄν, (a privat., ἵππος) without a horse, not serving on horseback: of countries, unsuited for horses.

ἀν-ἰπτᾶμαι, Dep., = ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνιπτος, πούς) with unwashed feet.

ἀ-νιπτος, ὄν, (a privat., νίζω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἀνις, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ἰσος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven: metaph. unfair. [ἴ Ep., ἴ Att.] Hence

ἀνισόω, f. ὥσω, to make equal, equalise:—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-ἰστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ἰστημι, (ἀνά, ἴστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. 1 ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up: to raise from sleep, Lat. excito, and from the dead: later, to set up, build: also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action: to stir up to rebellion. 3. to make people rise to leave their homes: transplant them; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste; χώρα ἀνεστηκυῖα a wasted land: also to make suppliants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise men for war.

II. in aor. 1 med. also trans., ἀναστήσασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.



intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινί to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἤσω, to make inquiry, ask.

ἀν-ίστω, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.

ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνίσχει ἡλῖος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίστος, unequally.

ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνισώω) an equalising.

ἀν-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.

ἀνίφατο, Ion. for ἀνιάοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιάομαι.

ἀν-νέμω, poet. aor. 1 subj. of ἀνανέμω.

ἀννείται, poet. for ἀνανεῖται, 3 sing. of ἀνανέομαι.

ἀννέφελος, Ep. for ἀνέφελος.

ἀννέωσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. 1 of ἀνανεόομαι.

ἀν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ἀνα-ξηραίνω.

ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνά, ὁδηγέω) to guide back.

ἀν-οδος, ον, (a privat., ὁδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, ὁδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [ῥ]

ἀ-νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.

ἀ-νόητος, ον, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens

ἀνοια, Ep. ἀνοίη, ἡ, (ἀνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀν-οίγνυμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέφρων, Ion. ἀναοίγεσκον: aor. 1 ἀνέφρα, Att. ἤνοιξα, Ion. ἀνοίξα or ἀνφρα: pf. 1 ἀνέφρα, pf. 2 ἀνέφρα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ἀνεφύξομαι: aor. 1 ἀνεφύχθην, inf. ἀνοιχθῆναι: (ἀνά, οίγω): 1. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οίγω, f. ξω, v. foreg.

ἀν-οιδαίνω, (ἀνά, οἰδαίνω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀνφύδηκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.

ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to rebuild. II. to

make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2.

ἀνοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeople a city. III. in Pass.

to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνά, οἰκοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.

ἀν-οικος, ον, (a privat., οἶκος) houseless, homeless.

ἀν-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.

ἀν-οικτίρων, ονος, (a privat., οἰκτίρων) unpitying, merciless.

ἀν-οικτίστος, ον, (a privat., οἰκτίζω) unpitied.

ἀνοικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.

ἀν-οικτος, ον, (a privat., οἶκος) pitiless, ruthless.

ἀν-οιμῶζω, fut. ὠξομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοίμωκτος, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [ῖ]

ἀν-οίμωκτος, ον, (a privat., οἰμῶζω) unmourned.

ἀνοῖξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοῖξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.

ἀνοιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρω, one must report.

ἀνοιστός, Ion. ἀνώϊστος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναφέρω) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνά, οἰστρος) to goad to madness.

ἀνοῖσω, fut. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ἀνω.

ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοκωχή, ἡ, (ἀν-όκωχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a bindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.

ἀν-όλβιος, ον, = ἀνολβος.

ἀν-όλβος, ον, (a privat., ὄλβος) unblest, wretched.

ἀν-όλεθρος, ον, (a privat., ὄλεθρος) not ruined.

ἀνολκή, ἡ, (ἀνέλκω) a drawing up.

ἀν-ολολύζω, f. ἔξω, (ἀνά, ὀλολύζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II.

Causal, to make one shout.

ἀν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [ῥ]

ἀν-ομβρος, ον, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.

ἀνομίω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνομος) to act lawlessly.

ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ἡ, (ἀνομος) lawlessness.

ἀν-ομίλητος, ον, (a privat., ὀμίλειω) having no intercourse with others, unsociable.

ἀν-όμματος, ον, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.

ἀν-όμοιος, ον, also α, ον, (a privat., ὄμοιος) unlike.

ἀνομοιότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.

ἀνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.

ἀνομοιώσις, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.

ἀν-ομολογέομαι, f. ἤσομαι: pf. ἀνφμολόγημαι:

Dep.: (ἀνά, ὀμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.

ἀνομολογούμενος, η, ον, (a privat., ὀμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.

ἀ-νομος, ον, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. -μως, without law. II. (νόμος η) unmusical.

ἀν-όνητος, Dor. ἀν-όνᾱτος, ον, (a privat., ὀνίνημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀ-νοος, ον, contr. ἀνους, ον, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.

ἀνοπαῖα, Adv., either (from a privat., ὄψομαι, fut. of ὀράω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.

ἀν-οπλος, ον, (a privat., ὄπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavily-armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-οπτος, ον, (a privat., ὄψομαι) unseen.

ἀν-όρατος, ον, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὀράω) = foreg.

ἀν-όργανος, ον, (a privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

ἀν-οργίαστος, ον, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνορέα, Ion. ἡνορέη, ἡ, (ἀνήρ) manhood, courage. [ā]  
ἀνδρείος, α, ον, (ἀνὴρ) manly, courageous, like ἀνδρείος. [ā]

ἀν-ορθόω, f. ὠσω : with double augm., impf., ἡνώρθουν, aor. I ἡνώρθωσα :—to set upright again, restore : to set straight again, set right.

ἀν-ορμος, ον, (α privat., ὄρμος) without harbour, inhospitable.

ἀν-οροῖω, f. οὔρω : aor. I ἀνόρουσα :—to start up, leap up : to moult swiftly.

ἀν-όροφος, ον, (α privat., ὄροφος) roofless.

ἀν-ορταλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) to flap the wings and caw, to strut.

ἀν-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω : fut. ξω : (ἀνά, ὀρύσσω) :—to dig up what has been buried ; ἀν. τάφον to break open a grave.

ἀν-ορχέομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance about.

ἀν-όσιος, ον, or α, ον, (α privat., ὄσιος) unboly, wicked, Lat. profanus : ἀνόσιος νέκυς a corpse with all the rites unpaid. Hence

ἀνοσιότης, ητος, ἡ, unholiness.

ἀ-νοσος, Ion. ἀ-νουςος, ον, (α privat., νόσος) without sickness, healthy, sound : of things, free from all defect, healthy ; ἀνοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

ἀν-όστεος, ον, (α privat., ὀστεον) without bones.

ἀ-νόστιμος, ον, (α privat., νόστιμος) not returning. II. not to be retraced.

ἀ-νοστος, ον, (α privat., νόστος) without return.

ἀν-οτοτύζω, (ἀνά, ὀτοτοῖ) to break out into wailing.

ἀν-ούατος, ον, (α privat., οὐς) without ear : without handle.

ἀ-νους, contr. for ἀ-νους.

ἀ-νουςος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-νουςος.

ἀν-ούατος, ον, (α privat., οὐτάω) unwounded.

ἀν-ουτητί, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ī]

ἀνοχή, ἡ, (ἀνέχω) a holding back, stopping, esp. of hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-suffering, forbearance.

ἀν-οχμάζω, f. ἄσω, to bold up, lift up.

ἀνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι.

ἀνστάς, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι : aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήσω, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήτην, Ep. for ἀνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστρέψειαν, for ἀναστρέψειαν.

ἀνσχεθέειν, ἀνσχεο, Ep. for ἀνασχεθεῖν, ἀνάσχον, aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

ἀν-σχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.

ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face, Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against ;

ἀντα παρειάων before the cheeks, of a veil : confronted with : most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διὸς πολεμίζειν.

ἀντ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω, to buy in return.

ἀντ-ἀγορεύω, f. ἄσω, to speak against, reply : to contradict.

ἀντ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰσθῆμαι : Dep. :—to struggle against, vie with, esp. in war : to dispute with : as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ἀντ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, an adversary, rival.

ἀντ-ἀδικέω, f. ἤσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αίρω, = ἀντ-αίρω :—Med., ἀνταίρεσθαι χεῖρας τινι to raise one's hands against one.

ἀντ-αθλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄθλος) struggling against, rivalling.

ἀντ-αιδέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to respect one another.

ἀνταῖος, α, ον, (ἀντα) set over against, right opposite : ἀνταῖα (sub. πληγή), a wound in front. 2. hostile.

II. besought with prayers ; τὰ ἀνταῖα θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντάρω : aor. I ἀντῆρα :—to raise against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), to resist, withstand.

ἀντ-αιτέω, f. ἤσω, to demand in return.

ἌΝΤΑΚΑΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἀκούω, f. οὔσομαι, to bear in turn : to listen in return.

ἀντ-ἀκροάομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. = ἀντακούω.

ἀντ-ἀλάζω, f. ἄξω, to return a shout.

ἀντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-ἀλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω : aor. I -ἥλλαξα :—to give or take in exchange :—Med. to take one thing in exchange for another.

ἀντ-ἀμείβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in exchange, to exchange. 2. to give punishment in exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 3. to give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντάμειψις, εως, ἡ, an exchanging.

ἀντ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against another, resist. 2. to requite.

ἀντ-ἀναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

ἀντ-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out to sea against : generally to attack. 2. to bring up instead.

ἀντ-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ἀνᾶλῶσω, to destroy in return.

ἀντ-ἀναμένω, to wait instead.

ἀντ-ἀναπλήρωμι, to fill in turn or in opposition.

ἀντ-ἀναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plait in rivalry with.

ἀντ-ἀναπληρόω, f. ὠσω, to put in as a complement.

ἀντ-ἀνειμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἶμι ibo) to go up against.

ἀντ-ἀνίστημι, I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to set up against or instead of. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up against.

ἀντ-ἀξιος, α, ον, worth just as much as, equivalent to. Hence

ἀνταξιόω, f. ὠσω, to demand as an equivalent or in turn.

ἀντ-ἀπαιτέω, f. ἤσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-ἀπαμείβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.

ἀντ-ἀπερύκω, to keep off in turn.

ἀντ-ἀποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or answer.



ἀντ-ἀποδίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so. III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ἡ, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.  
 ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.  
 ἀντ-ἀποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.  
 ἀντ-ἀποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.  
 ἀντ-ἀπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to receive in return.  
 ἀντ-ἀπόλλυμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and Med., with perf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish in turn.  
 ἀντ-ἀποτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.  
 ἀντ-ἀποφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.  
 ἀντ-ἀπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι.  
 ἀντ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω, to bold out against: to bold out.  
 ἀντ-ἀσπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn: to receive kindly.  
 ἀνταυγίω, f. ἤσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From ἀντ-αυγής, ἐς, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.  
 ἀντ-αυδάω, f. ἤσω, to speak against, answer.  
 ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἤντησα: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντήσαι μάχης, δαιτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.  
 ἀντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.  
 ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. ἔσω, to accuse in turn.  
 ἀντ-εικάζω, f. ἄσομαι: aor. I -ἤκασα:—to compare in return.  
 ἀντ-εἰνῶ, poet. for ἀνα-τείνω.  
 ἀντ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερω.  
 ἀντ-εἶρομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-έρομαι.  
 ἀντ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute.  
 ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.  
 ἀντ-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return.  
 ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.  
 ἀντ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out in return.  
 ἀντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against.  
 ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενῶ, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.  
 ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι, to sally out against.  
 ἀντελαβόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.  
 ἀντέλλοισα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of ἀνατέλλω.  
 ἀντέλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.  
 ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to hope instead.  
 ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.  
 ἀντ-εμβιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to put on board instead.  
 ἀντεμπάγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.  
 ἀντ-εμπήγνυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.  
 ἀντ-εμπύρηνμι, f. -εμπήρῃω, to set on fire in return.  
 ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. -ενδώσω, to give way in turn.  
 ἀντ-εξάγω, f. ἄξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-ἐξαιτέω, f. ἤσω, to demand in return.  
 ἀντ-ἐξείμι, (εἶμι ibo) to march out against.  
 ἀντ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξειμι.  
 ἀντ-ἐξετάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.  
 ἀντ-ἐξιππεύω, f. σω, to ride out against.  
 ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἐξορμάω) a sailing out against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπάγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise in return.  
 ἀντ-ἐπανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπειμι, to rush upon, attack.  
 ἀντ-ἐπεξάγω, f. ξω, to lead or march out against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπέξειμι, (εἶμι ibo) to march out against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπεξελαύνω, f. Att. -εξελῶ, to march out against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξειμι.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιθυμέω, f. ἤσω, to desire in turn:—Pass., ἀντ-ἐπιθυμῆσθαι τινος to have a thing desired from one.  
 ἀντ-ἐπικουρέω, f. ἤσω, to help in return.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιμελέομαι, fut. med. ἤσομαι: aor. I pass. -ἐπεμελήθην: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιστρατεύω, f. σω, to take the field against.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιτειχίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι: pf. pass. -τετείχισμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.  
 ἀντ-ἐπιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.  
 ἀντ-ἐρανίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀντί, ἔρανος) to contribute one's share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.  
 ἀντεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, a rival in love. From ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.  
 ἀντ-ερείδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against. Hence ἀντέρεισις, εως, ἡ, obstinate resistance.  
 ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: aor. 2 -ἠρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.  
 ἀντ-ερύομαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [ῥ]  
 ἀντ-ερω, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντείρηκα: (cf. ἀντεῖπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντειρήσεται no denial shall be given.  
 ἀντ-έρως, ατος, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.  
 ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ἤσω, to ask in turn.  
 ἀντ-έστην, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.  
 ἀντ-ευεργετέω, f. ἤσω, to return a kindness.  
 ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ἤσω, to wish well in return.  
 ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or ἴσχω):—to bold against: χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to bold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II. intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to bold on by, bold to, cleave to.  
 ἀντ-ήλιος, ον, (ἀντί, ἥλιος) opposite the sun: i. e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες ἀντῆλιοι, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

ἀντην, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face to face, openly, before all. 3. ἀντην ἐρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἀντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἀνὴρ) instead of a man.

ἀντ-ηρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ἐρέτης) one who rows against another: generally, a rival.

ἀντ-ήρης, ες, (ἀντί) set over against, opposite; πληγαὶ στέρνων ἀντήρεις blows aimed straight at the breast.

ἀντηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀντερείδω) a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

ἀντήσεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀντάω.

ἀντ-ηχέω, Dor. -ᾰχέω, f. ἤσω, to re-echo.

'ANTI', Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντὶ πολλῶν λαῶν ἔστι, he is worth many people: hence 1. in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead of, for. 4. to mark comparison; ἐν ἀνθ' ἐνός one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρὸς with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies 1. over against, as in ἀντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in ἀντι-πολεμέω. 3. one against another, mutually, as in ἀντι-δειξόμαι. 4. in return, as in ἀντι-βοηθέω. 5. instead, as in ἀντ-ήνωρ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντί-θεος. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντί-μορφος.

ἀντία, Adv. = ἀντην, properly neut. pl. of ἀντίος.

ἀντιάαν, Ep. pres. inf. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάασθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάξω, f. ἄσω, Dor. ἄξω: aor. I ἤντιάσα: (ἀντί): —to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. 2. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-άνειρα, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνὴρ) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

ἀντιάω, f. ἄσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιόω, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιόωντων, part. ἀντιόων, ὄωσα, ὄωντες, inf. ἀντιάαν, med. ἀντιάασθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος): —to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to hit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. II. c. dat. to meet with, light upon. III. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιόωσα.

ἀντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀντέβην: —to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰς ἑλᾶν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

ἀντι-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ, to throw against or in turn.

ἀντίβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιβαίνω) resistance.

ἀντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

ἀντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀντί, βία) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίοις ἐπέεσσι with wrangling words: neut. ἀντίβιον, as Adv. = ἀντιβίην.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. ἀντίβλεψις, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοηθέω, f. ἤσω, to help in turn or mutually.

ἀντιβολέω, f. ἤσω: aor. with double augm. ἤντεβόλησα, Ep. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω): —to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rei.

III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry.

ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἤσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντιγνωμονέω, to be of a different opinion. From

ἀντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγρᾶφεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγρᾶφή, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντίγρᾶφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντίγραφα, τὰ, copies. From

ἀντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back: —Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγέγραμμαι, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγραφή.

ἀντι-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαι: —to bite at or in turn.

ἀντι-δειξόμαι, Med. to give one another the right hand, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέσκομαι, Dep. = ἀντιβλέπω.

ἀντι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

ἀντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ἤσω, to rival as a demagogue.

ἀντι-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

ἀντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn: —Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

ἀντι-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. II. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. ἀντίδοσις.

ἀντι-διέξιμι, (εἶμι ἰβο) to go through again.

ἀντιδικέω, f. ἤσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ἤντιδίκουν, aor. I ἤντιδίκησα, or with double augm., ἤντεδίκουν, ἤντεδίκησα: —to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

ἀντί-δικος, ου, (ἀντί, δίκη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: οἱ ἀντί-δικοι the two parties in a suit.

ἀντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.



ἀντί-δορος, *ον*, (ἀντί, δόρα) clothed with something instead of a skin.

ἀντίδοσις, *εως, ή*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment. 2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.

ἀντίδοτος, *ον*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

ἀντι-δουλεύω, *φ. σω*, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουλος, *ον*, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουπος, *ον*, resounding.

ἀντι-δράω, *φ. άσω*, to do in return, retaliate, requite.

ἀντι-δωρέομαι, *φ. ήσομαι*, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

ἀντι-ζητέω, *φ. ήσω*, to seek in return.

ἀντι-ζωγρέω, *φ. ήσω*, to save alive in turn.

ἀντι-θάπτω, *φ. ψω*, to bury opposite.

ἀντί-θεος, *η, ον*, godlike, equal to the gods.

ἀντι-θεράπεύω, *φ. σω*, to take care of in return.

ἀντίθεσις, *εως, ή*, (ἀντιτίθημι) opposition, antithesis.

ἀντι-θέω, *φ. θεύσομαι*, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντί-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

ἀντι-καθίζομαι, *φ. -καθεδούμαι*: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν: Med.:—to sit over against.

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *φ. ευδήσω*, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, *Ion. -κάτημαι*, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.

ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, *Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι*: *φ. -καταστήσω*: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

ἀντι-κακούργέω, to injure in turn.

ἀντι-κἀλέω, *φ. έσω*, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-καταθνήσκω, aor. 2 -έθανον, to die in turn.

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, *Att. -ττω*, *φ. ξω*, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάτημαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, *Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-*.

ἀντί-κειμαι, *φ. -κείσομαι*, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

ἀντι-κελεύω, *φ. σω*, to command in turn.

ἀντί-κεντρος, *ον*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sharp as a goad.

ἀντι-κηδεύω, *φ. σω*, to take care of instead.

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *φ. ύξω*, to proclaim in answer to.

ἀντι-κλάζω, *φ. -κλάγξω*, to sound in answer:—to sound by striking against, τινί.

ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

ἀντι-κολακεύω, *φ. σω*, to flatter in turn.

ἀντι-κομίζω, *φ. ίσω Att. ιώ*, to bring back in reply.

ἀντι-κόπτω, *φ. ψω*, intr. to resist, oppose.

ἀντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

ἀντι-κρατέω, *φ. ήσω*, to bold instead.

ἀντίκρουσις, *εως, ή*, a striking against: hence, a hindrance, sudden check. From

ἀντι-κρούω, *φ. σω*, to strike or push back, stop, hinder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.

ἀντίκρυ and ἀντίκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἀντην) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντίκρυ, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντί-κρυς, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυς (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve. 3. of Time, straightway.

ἀντι-κτόνος, *ον*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) killing in return.

ἀντι-κτυπέω, *φ. ήσω*, to clash against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [υ], *φ. κύρω*, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμώδew, *φ. ήσω*, to ridicule in turn.

ἀντιλαβή, ή, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a handle, Lat. ansa.

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, *φ. -λήξομαι*: pf. ἀντείληχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to hold fast by: to take a share of.

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *φ. ίσω*, to kick against.

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *φ. -λήψομαι*: pf. ἀντείληφα: aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn. II. Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence, 1. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take bold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6. to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

ἀντι-λάμπω, *φ. ψω*, to light up in turn. II. intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, *φ. λέξω*, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay: and ἀντίλεκτος, *ον*, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, *οντος, ό*, (ἀντί, λέων) lion-like.

ἀντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

ἀντίληψις, *εως, ή*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

ἀντιλογέω, *φ. ήσω*, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, ή, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand.

ἀντιλογικός, ή, *όν*, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputatious.

ἀντίλογος, *ον*, (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory.

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, *φ. ήσω*, to rail at or abuse in turn.

ἀντίλυρος, *ον*, (ἀντί, λύρα) in harmony with the lyre.

ἀντίλυτρον, *ον, τό*, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *φ. -μᾶνήσομαι*, Pass. to rave against.

ἀντι-μανθάνω, *φ. -μᾷθήσομαι*, to learn instead.

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *φ. -μᾶχήσομαι*, Dep. to fight against.

ἀντι-μεθέλω, to drag to the opposite side.  
 ἀντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -στήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way.  
 ἀντι-μερίζω, to rival in music.  
 ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against.  
 ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon.  
 ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn.  
 ἀντι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn.  
 ἀντι-μέτωπος, ον, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face.  
 ἀντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.  
 ἀντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μί]  
 ἀντί-μιμος, ον, (ἀντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after.  
 ἀντι-μίσσω, f. ήσω, to bate in return.  
 ἀντιμισθία, ή, a reward, requital. From  
 ἀντί-μισθος, ον, for or instead of a reward.  
 ἀντι-μοιρία, ας, ή, (ἀντί, μοῖρα) a compensation.  
 ἀντί-μολπος, ον, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντίμολπον ἄκος ὕπνου song, sleep's substitute.  
 ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against.  
 ἀντι-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer in turn.  
 ἀντιξέω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From  
 ἀντί-ξοος, ον, Ion. ἀντί-ξους, ον, (ἀντί, ξέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίξοον opposition.  
 ἀντίον, Adv. of ἀντίος; see ἀντίος.  
 ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom.  
 ἀντιόμαι, fut. med. ὠσομαι: aor. I pass. ήντιώθη: Dep.:—to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.  
 ἀντίος, α, ον, (ἀντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II. opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., ἀντία and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἄντα, opposite: against, straight at. 2. against one's will.  
 ἀντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against.  
 ἀντιο-στατέω, poet. for ἀνθίσταμαι, to oppose.  
 ἀντιόω, ἀντιόων, -όωσα, ἀντιόωντων, see ἀντιάω.  
 ἀντι-παθήσ, ες, (ἀντί, πάθειν) in return for suffering. II. of opposite feelings or passions.  
 ἀντι-παίζω, to play one with another.  
 ἀντί-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ή, like a child, no better than a child.  
 ἀντίπαλος, ον, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. II. fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντίπαλος, ὁ, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion.  
 ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, to bold side by side, compare closely.

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to countermand, to order in turn. II. to compete for a public office.  
 ἀντι-παράγω, f. ξω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with.  
 ἀντι-παραθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run fast against: to outflank.  
 ἀντι-παρακαλέω, f. έσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise.  
 ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary.  
 ἀντι-παραλῦπέω, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn.  
 ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side.  
 ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence  
 ἀντι-παρασκευή, ή, hostile preparation.  
 ἀντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω:—to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.  
 ἀντι-παρατίθημι, to set side by side against, compare closely.  
 ἀντι-πάρεμι, (είμι ibo) to march parallel to.  
 ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρεμι.  
 ἀντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.  
 ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέισομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:—to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation.  
 ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against.  
 ἀντι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. III. to send instead.  
 ἀντι-περαίνω, f. -περανῶ, to pierce through in turn.  
 ἀντι-πέραιος, α, ον, lying over against, esp. beyond sea.  
 ἀντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase 'Ασιάδ' ἀντιπέρην τε Asia and the opposite coast.  
 ἀντι-πέρας or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence  
 ἀντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side.  
 ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέραν.  
 ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in turn.  
 ἀντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against.  
 ἀντί-πετρος, ον, (ἀντί, πέτρα) hard as stone, rocky.  
 ἀντί-πηξ, ηγος, ή, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark.  
 ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall against. 2. to strive against, resist.  
 ἀντι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.  
 ἀντι-πλήξ, ηγος, ὁ, ή, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the storm.  
 ἀντι-πληρώω, f. ὠσω, to man ships against. 2. to fill up by new members.  
 ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence  
 ἀντίπνοος, ον, contr. ἀντίπνοος, ον, blowing against, caused by adverse winds.  
 ἀντι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn.  
 ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to ἀντι-



πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, ον, (ἀντί, ποινή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἀποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντι-πολέμειω, f. ἤσω, to wage war against one.

ἀντι-πολέμιος, ον, = ἀντιπύλεμος.

ἀντι-πόλεμος, ον, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπύλεμοι enemies.

ἀντι-πολιορκέω, f. ἤσω, to besiege in turn.

ἀντι-πορεύομαι, Pass., with f. med. -εύσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀντεπορεύθην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

ἀντι-πορθέω, f. ἤσω, to lay waste in return.

ἀντί-πορθμος, ον, on the opposite side of the straits.

ἀντί-πορος, ον, on the opposite coast, over against.

ἀντι-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, Ion. -πρήσσω: fut. ξω: to act against, oppose.

ἀντι-πρεσβεύομαι, Med. to send counter-ambassadors.

ἀντι-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἀντι-πράσσω.

ἀντι-πρόειμι, (εἶμι ibo) to come forward against.

ἀντί-προικα, Adv. for next to nothing, cheap.

ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, Med. to challenge in return.

ἀντι-προσῡμάομαι, Med. to bear in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσειμι, (εἶμι ibo) to go against.

ἀντι-προσεῖπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to address in turn: aor. pass. ἀντιπροσερρήθην.

ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, Med. to summon in turn.

ἀντι-προσφέρω, f. -προσοίσω, to bring in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.

ἀντι-προτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to hold out in turn.

ἀντί-πρωρος, ον, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντί-πύλος, ον, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.

ἀντί-πυργος, ον, like a tower.

ἀντι-πυργόω, f. ὤσω, to build a tower over against: ἀντ. πύλιν to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντι-ρέπω, f. ψω, to counterpoise. Hence

ἀντίρροπος, ον, counterpoising.

ἀντι-σηκώω, f. ὤσω, to weigh against, to compensate. 2. intr. to be equal in weight, to counterpoise; δις ἀντισηκῶσαι ῥοπήν to weigh twice as heavy. Hence

ἀντισήκωσις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

ἀντι-σιωπάω, f. ἤσομαι, to be silent in turn.

ἀντι-σκευάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, σκευάζω) to arrange in turn.

ἀντ-ισόδομαι, Pass. (ἀντί, ισύω) to stand against one on equal terms.

ἀντισπασμός, ὁ, (ἀντισπάω) a convulsion.

ἀντίσπαστος, ον, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντίσπαστος, ὁ, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἀλέξανδρος. From

ἀντι-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ἄ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντί-σταθμος, ον, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-στιάδιζω, f. ἄσω, to form a party against.

ἀντίστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

ἀντι-στιάδιωτης, ον, ὁ, one of the opposite faction.

ἀντιστάτέω, f. ἤσω, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ἄ]

ἀντ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντιστοιχέω, f. ἤσω, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

ἀντί-στοιχος, ον, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στράτεύομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

ἀντι-στράτηγος, ὁ, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Proprætor or Proconsul.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

ἀντι-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀντέστροφα:—to turn to the other side: to retort. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, ἡ, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophé or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, ον, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. Adv. -φως, contrariwise to.

ἀντι-συναντάω, f. ἤσω, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.

ἀντισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀντέχω.

ἀντίσχεσθε, 2 pl. aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀντέχω.

ἀντ-ισχυρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to strengthen against: Med. to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντ-ίσχω, collat. form of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, f. εὔσω, = ἀντισηκώω.

ἀντι-τάμειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀντιτέμνω.

ἀντίταξις, εως, ἡ, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From

ἀντι-τάσσω, Att. -τάττω, fut. τάξω, to range in battle against another:—Pass. to be ranged against.

ἀντι-τείνω, f. -τενῶ, to offer in return, repay. II. intr. and Med. to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τειχίζω, to build a fort against. Hence

ἀντιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a counter-fortification.

ἀντι-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀντέταμον:—to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to form a counter-plan.

ἀντιτέχνησις, εως, ἡ, counter-manœuvring.

ἀντί-τεχνος, ον, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

ἀντι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—Pass. to be compared or matched one against another.

II. to place in return: give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τιμάω, f. ἤσω, to do honour to in return:—Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτίμησις, εὖς, ἡ, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμησις of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τιμωρέω, f. ἤσω, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τίνω, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολμάω, f. ἤσω, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντί-τολμος, ον, (ἀντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ον, (ἀντιτᾶμεῖν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, ον, (ἀντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, f. ἤσω, to bore right through.

ἀντίτος, ον, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίνω) requited, revenged; ἀντίτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to meet with in return.

ἀντί-τύπος, ον, (ἀντί, τύπη) struck back, echoed; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent:—as Subst., ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος Διὸς the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

ἀντι-φερίζω, (ἀντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντί-φενος, ον, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dower.

ἀντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίσω, to set against:—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντίφθογγος, ον, echoing, imitating.

ἀντι-φιλέω, f. ἤσω, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεικίω, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτιμέομαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντί-φονος, ον, in return for slaughter. II.

θάνατοι ἀντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακή, ἡ, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, a watch posted to observe another. [v]

ἀντι-φύλασσω, Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to watch in turn:—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, f. ἤσω, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντί-φωνος, ον, (ἀντί, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χάριζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. γούμαι, Dep. to shew kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, f. ἤσω, to vote against.

ἀντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choragus. From

ἀντι-χορηγος, ὁ, a rival choragus.

ἀντι-χράω, aor. 1 ἀντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

ἀντί-χριστος, ὁ, anticbrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψάλλω, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντίψαλμος, ον, responsive.

ἀντί-ψηφος, ον, voting against.

ἀντί-ψυχος, ον, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀντλος) properly, to bale out bilge-water, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. II.

metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exantllare, exhaurire: but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλία, ἡ, (ἀντλος) the hold of a ship. II. bilge-water, filth.

ἀντλίον, τό, (ἀντλος) a bucket.

\*ANTΛΟΣ, ὁ, the hold of a ship where the bilge-water settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilge-water itself; ἀντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἀντλον εἰργεῖν, Lat. sentinam exhaurire, to pump it out:—

poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντ-οικτεῖρω, to pity in return.

ἀντ-οικτίζω, f. σω, = ἀντοικτεῖρω.

ἀντολή, ἡ, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—to meet or light upon. II. = ἀντιάω, to

approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομόσω and -ομοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἀντώμοσα:—to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term,

to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

ἀντ-ονομάζω, f. ἄσω, to call by a new name. II. to speak in tropes.

ἀντ-ορύσσω, f. ὕξω, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀντί, ὀφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀν-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀντρον) of or belonging to a cave;

Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες grot-Nymphs.

ἀντροθε, Adv. from a cave. From

\*ANTPON, τό, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern.

\*ANTYΞ, ὕγος, ἡ, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, 1. the rim of the round shield. 2.

the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which

the reins might be hung:—after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the

orbit of the planets.



ἀντ-υποκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for ἀνθ-υπ-  
ἀντ-ωδός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ἀοιδός) singing in answer to,  
responsive.

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-ὀμνυμι) an oath taken by one  
against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath  
taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by  
the defendant.

ἀντ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against.  
ἀντ-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ὤψ) looking straight at, facing,  
fronting, straight opposite.

ἀντ-ωφελέω, f. ἤσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to  
derive benefit in turn.

ἀν-ὕβριστος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted. II.  
not insolent, decorous.

ἀνυδρία, ἡ, want of water, drought. From  
ἀν-υδρος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑδρῶ) wanting water: ἡ  
ἀνυδρος (sub. γῆ), or τὸ ἀνυδρον (sub. χωρίον), the  
region without water.

ἀν-ὕμεναιος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑμεναῖος) without the  
nuptial song, unwedded.

ἀνῆμι, Dor. for ἡνυμεν, 1 pl. impf. of ἄνυμι.  
ἀνῆμι, = ἀνύω:—Pass. ἀνῆμαι, impf. ἡνῆτο ἔργον the  
work was finished.

ἀν-ὕμνέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song.

ἀ-νύμφευτος, ὄν, (α privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded;  
ἀνύμφευτον γονὴν ἔχειν to be born of an ill mar-  
riage.

ἀ-νυμφος, ὄν, (α privat., νύμφη) not bridal, un-  
wedded; ἀνυμφα γάμων ἀμιλλήματα unballowed em-  
braces. II. without bride or mistress.

ἀν-ὕπερβλητος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπερβάλλω) not to  
be surpassed or outdone.

ἀν-ὕπευθνος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπεύθυνος) not liable  
to account, irresponsible, absolute.

ἀν-ὕποδεια, ἡ, ἀνυποδετιώ, ἀνυπόδετος, ὄν, are  
later forms of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ἀνυποδησία, ἡ, a going barefoot. From  
ἀνυποδητέω, f. ἤσω, to go barefoot. From

ἀν-ὕπόδητος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπόδιω) unsbod, bare-  
foot: also with old shoes, ill-sbod.

ἀν-ὕπόδικος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to  
action.

ἀν-ὕπόκριτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undis-  
guised, without dissimulation.

ἀν-ὕπονόητος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected:  
unexpected. II. act. unsuspecting.

ἀν-ὕποπτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποπτος) without suspi-  
cion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. un-  
suspecting.

ἀν-ὕπoσtατος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be  
withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation.

ἀν-ὕπoτακτος, ὄν, (α privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made  
subject, unruly.

ἀνύσει, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀνύω.

ἀνῆσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀνύω, ἔργον) industrious.

ἀνῆσιμος, ὄν, (ἀνύω) efficacious, effectual.

ἀνῆσις, ἡ, (ἀνύω) accomplishment, end.

ἀνῆσα, Ep. for ἡνῆσα, aor. 1 of ἀνύω.

ἀνυστός, ὄν, (ἀνύω) to be accomplished, possible;  
σιγῇ ὡς ἀνυστόν as silently as possible.

ἀνυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνύσιμος.

ἀνῆτο, Dor. for ἡνῆτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνυμι.

ἀνῆτω or ἀνῆτω [ῆ], Att. form of ἀνύω, only used  
in pres. and impf.

ἀν-ὕφαίνω, (ἀνά, ὑφαίνω) to weave anew.

ἀν-ὕψω, f. ὤσω, to raise up on high.

ἀνύω, Att. ἀνῆτω or better ἀνῆτω [ῆ], poet. ἀνῆμι:  
f. ἀνῆσω [ῆ]: aor. 1 ἡνῆσα, Ep. ἀνῆσα: pf. ἡνῆκα:

—Pass., aor. 1 ἡνῆσθην: pf. ἡνῆσαι: (ἀνῆ):—to  
accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἡνῆε be  
did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own  
advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to  
grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. 3.

to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνῆτειν εἰς . . ,  
for ἀνῆτειν ὁδὸν εἰς . . , to make one's way to a place;  
also, ἀνῆτειν θάλαμον for ἀνῆτειν εἰς θάλαμον, to  
arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, pro-  
cure.

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνῆω φθονέουσα I  
gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like φθάνω, in the  
sense of doing a thing speedily; ἀνῆε πράττων make  
baste about it; but more freq. ἀνῆσας, with imper-  
rat., make baste and . . , as ἀνῆσας ἀνοιγε make baste  
and open, etc.: also ἀνῆε alone, make baste! dis-  
patch!

III. less freq. with inf., στρατὸς ἡνῆσε  
περὰν the army succeeded in crossing.

ἌΝΩ, impf. ἡνῶν, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to  
come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time,  
νύξ ἀνεται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον  
the waning year. [ᾱ]

ἄνω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen.,  
αἰθέρος ἄνω up to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat.  
supra. 2. of the quarters of the heaven, north-  
wards, opp. to κάτω, southwards. 3. of countries,  
inland, up from the coast. 4. of time, formerly;  
εἰς τὸ ἄνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἄνω θεοὶ the gods  
above, Lat. superi; οἱ ἄνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω  
the dead; ἄνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topsy-turvy,  
also up and down, to and fro, always in the same  
place. II. as Prep. with gen. above. III.

Comp. ἀνωτέρω higher up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ  
beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, highest up.

ἄνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνῆμι. [ᾱ]

ἄνωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command,  
bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to  
do. From ἀνωγα we have 1 plur. ind. ἀνωγμεν;  
imperat. ἀνωγε and ἀνωχθι, 3 sing. ἀνωγέτω and  
ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνάγετε and ἀνωχθε; inf. ἀνωγέμεν;  
plqpf. ἡνώγειν, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα.

There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγα);  
whence we have an impf. ἀνώγον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. 1  
ἡνώξα.

ἄνω-γαιον, τό, (ἄνω, γαῖα) properly anything above  
ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a house:  
used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἄνῶγεν, Ep. for ἀνέφγεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀν-  
οίγνυμι: but ἀνῶγεν 3 sing. of ἀνωγα.

ἀνώγειν, ω, τό, and ἀνώγειος, ω, ό, ή, = ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειν, Ep. 1 plur. ind. of ἀνώγειν.

ἀνώγειω, see ἀνώγειν.

ἀν-ώδυνος, ον, (a privat., ὀδύνη) free from pain. II. act. allaying pain.

ἀνωθεν, Dor. ἀνωθα, Adv. (ἀνω) of place, from above, from heaven. 2. above, on high, and so of ἀνωθεν, the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω: c. gen., ἀνωθε γῆς above ground. II. of time, from the beginning.

ἀν-ωθίω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλέον (sc. τὴν ναῦν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put away from oneself.

ἀνωϊστί, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τῇ]

ἀν-ώϊστος, ον, (a privat., οἶσμαι) unlooked for, unforeseen. II. Ion. for ἀν-οιστός, (ἀναφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

ἀν-ώλεθρος, ον, (a privat., ὀλεθρος) indestructible.

ἀν-ώμαλος, ον, (a privat., ὀμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

ἀν-ωμοτί, Adv. of ἀνώμοτος, without oath.

ἀν-ώμοτος, ον, (a privat., ὀμνυμι) unsworn, not bound by oath. II. not sworn to.

ἀν-ωνόμαστος, ον, (a privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

ἀν-ωνυμί and ἀνωνυμί, Adv. of ἀνωνυμος.

ἀν-ώνυμος, ον, (a privat., ὀνυμα Aeol. for ὀνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious.

ἀνώξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀνώγειν: see ἀνώγειν.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνώγειν: see ἀνώγειν.

ἀνωρία, ή, untimeliness; ἀνωρία τοῦ ἔτους the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀν-ωρος, ον, (a privat., ὥρα) like ἄ-ωρος, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀν-ωρύομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὠρύομαι) to bowl aloud.

ἀνῶσαι, Ion. for ἀνοῖσαι = Att. ἀνενέγκαι, aor. 1 act. inf. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνώσας, ασα, αν, aor. 1 part. of ἀνωθέω.

ἀνώτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from ἀνω, topmost.

ἀνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀνω, highest up, at top.

ἀνωτερικός, ή, ὄν, (ἀνωτέρω) upper or higher.

ἀνώτερον, Comp. Adv. (ἀνω) higher up: above.

ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, higher up, above.

ἀν-ωφελής, ές, (a privat., ὠφελέω) useless: also hurtful, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀν-ωφέλιτος, ον, (a privat., ὠφελέω) fruitless, unprofitable. 2. worthless.

ἀνωχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of ἀνώγειν: ἀνωχθε, 2 plur. of same.

ἄξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἄγνυμι, to break; ἄξαντο, 3 pl. med.

ἄξασθε, aor. 1 imperat. med. of ἄγω, to lead.

ἄ-ξείνος, ον, Ion. for ἄξενος.

II. ἄξείνος (sc. πόντος), ό, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Εὐξείνος, the Euxine.

ἄξέμεναι, ἄξέμεν, Ep. for ἄξεν, fut. inf. act. of ἄγω.

ἄ-ξείνος, Ion. ἄ-ξείνος, ον, (a privat., ξένος) inhospitable: uninhabitable.

ἄ-ξείστος, ον, (a privat., ξέω) unbewn, unwrought.

ἄξην, aor. 1 subj. of ἄγνυμι.

ἄξια, ή, properly fem. of ἄξιος, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' ἄξίαν according to his desert, ὑπέρ or παρ' ἄξίαν contrary to his desert.

ἄξι-άγαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἄγαμαι) worth admiring, admirable. [ἄγ]

ἄξι-ἀκουστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing.

ἄξι-ακρόατος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκροάομαι) worth listening to.

ἄξι-αφήγητος, Ion. ἄξιαπήγ-, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀφηγέομαι) worth telling.

ἄξι-ἐπαινος, ον, (ἄξιος ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy.

ἄξι-ἐραστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἐραμαι) worthy of love.

ἄξίνη, ή, (ἄγνυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood: a battle-axe. [ῖ]

ἄξιο-βίωτος, ον, (ἄξιος, βιώω) worth living for.

ἄξιο-εργός, ὄν, (ἄξιος, ἐργον) capable of work.

ἄξιο-θαύμαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

ἄξιο-θέατος, Ion. -ητος, ον, (ἄξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

ἄξιο-θρήνος, ον, (ἄξιος, θρήνος) worthy of lamentation.

ἄξιο-κτητος, ον, (ἄξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting.

ἄξιο-λόγος, ον, (ἄξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἄξιο-μακάριστος, ον, (ἄξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed happy.

ἄξιο-μάχος, ον, (ἄξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

ἄξιο-μίσῃς, ές, (ἄξιος, μῖσος) worthy of hatred, hateful.

ἄξιο-μνημόνευτος, ον, (ἄξιος, μνημονεύω) worthy of mention.

ἄξιο-νίκος, ον, (ἄξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

ἄξιο-πενθής, ές, (ἄξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

ἄξιο-πιστός, ον, (ἄξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

ἄξιο-πρεπής, ές, (ἄξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.

ἄξι-όρατος, ον, (ἄξιος, ὀράω) worth seeing.

ἄξιος, α, ον, (ἄγω iv, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοὸς ἄξιος worth an ox; πολλοῦ ἄξιον worth much: also c. inf., ἄξιος θανεῖν worthy of death. 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap. II.

worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιος εἶμι I deserve to be, as ἄξιος εἶμι οἰκτεῖσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

ἄξιο-σκεπτος, ον, (ἄξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

ἄξιο-σπούδαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

ἄξιο-στράτηγος, ον, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

ἄξιο-τέκμαρτος, ον, (ἄξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.



ἀξιο-φίλητος, *ον*, (ἀξιος, φιλέω) *worth loving*.  
 ἀξιο-χρεος, *ον*, Ion. for *sq*.  
 ἀξιο-χρεως, *ων*, gen. *ω*: Ion. ἀξιο-χρεος, *ον*, neut. *pl*. ἀξιοχρεα: (ἀξιος, χρεος) *worthby of a thing*, and so *worth considering, considerable, remarkable*. 2. *serviceable, sufficient*. II. with *inf*. *able, sufficient to do*. III. like ἀξιος, with *gen.*, *worthby of a thing*.  
 ἀξιώω, *f*. ὥσω: *pf*. ἡξίωκα:—*Pass.*, *fut*. ἀξιωθήσομαι, but also in *med.* form ἀξιώσομαι: *pf*. ἡξίωμα: (ἀξιος):—*to think or deem worthby of a thing: of things, to value at a certain rate: also absol. to esteem, honour*. II. but mostly with *inf*. *to think one worthby to do or be: hence* 1. *of others, to think fit, expect, require*, Lat. *postulare*; ἀξιώ κομίσσασθαι *I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make a claim*. 2. *of oneself, to think fit to do or be*; ἀξιώ θανεῖν *I consent to die*; ἀξιώ πράσσειν *I dare, determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so in Med., ἀξιοῦσθαι μέλειν to deign to care for*. 3. *to think, suppose; to lay down, maintain*. Hence ἀξίωμα, *ατος, τό*, *that of which one is thought worthby, and so, esteem, reputation, rank*, Lat. *dignitas*. II. *that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose*. 2. *in philosophy, a self-evident proposition, an axiom*.  
 ἀξίως, *Adv*. of ἀξιος, *worthbily, as becomes*.  
 ἀξίωσις, *ως*, Ion. *ιος, ή*, (ἀξιώω) *a being thought worthby: estimation, reputation, character*. II. (from *Med.*) *a thinking oneself worthby, a demand, claim*. III. *a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim*.  
 ἀξομαι, *fut. med.* (with *pass. sense*) of ἀγω.  
 ἀξόνιος, *α, ον*, (ἀξων) *belonging to the axle*.  
 ἀξος, *δ*, Cretan word for ἀγμός.  
 ἀ-ξυγκρότητος, *ον*, for ἀσυνγκ., (α privat., συγκρο-  
 τήω) *not welded together by the hammer: of towers, not rowing in time*.  
 ἀξυλία, *ή*, (ἀξυλος) *want of wood*.  
 ἀ-ξυλος, *ον*, (α privat., ξύλον) *unfelled, unthinned, hence thickly wooded*. II. *without wood, ill-wooded*.  
 ἀ-ξυν-, ἀ-ξυν-, *v*. ἀσυν-, ἀσυν-.  
 ἀ-ξυστάτος, *ον, v*. ἀσυστ-.  
 ἀξων, *ονος, δ*, (ἀγω) *an axle*, Lat. *axis*: also the *whole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens, the pole*. II. *οι άξονες, the wooden tablets of the laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis*.  
 ἀοχος, *δ*, *an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a temple*. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἀοιδή, *contr. φδή. ή*, (ἀείδω) *song, a singing: also the subject of song: hence a legend, tale*.  
 ἀοιδιάω, *poet.* for ἀείδω.  
 ἀοιδίμος, *ον*, (ἀείδω) *sung of, famous in song: in bad sense, notorious*.  
 ἀοιδο-θέτης, *ον, δ*, (ἀοιδή, τίθημι) *a lyric poet*.  
 ἀοιδο-πόλος, *δ*, (ἀοιδή, πολέω) *one busied with song, a poet*.  
 ἀοιδός, *δ*, (ἀείδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard*, Lat. *vates*: *fem. a songstress, of the Sphinx*. II. as *Adj*. ἀοιδός, *όν*, *tuneful, musical*.

ἀοιδο-τόκος, *ον*, *inspiring song*.  
 ἀ-οίκητος, *ον*, (α privat., οικήω) *uninhabited: houseless, without a home*.  
 ἀ-οικος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶκος) *houseless, without home or country*.  
 ἀ-οινος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶνος) *without wine: not worshipped with oblations of wine: of men, drinking no wine, sober: of a place, having none*.  
 ἀοῖος, *α, ον*, Aeol. and Dor. for ἡοῖος.  
 ἀ-οκνος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶκος) *without fear or hesitation, untiring, restless*. *Adv*. -ως.  
 ἀολλέα, ἀολλέας, *acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλής*.  
 ἀολλήδην, *Adv*. of ἀολλής, *in a body, together*.  
 ἀολλής, *ές*, (α copul., εἰλω) *all together, in throngs, shoals or crowds*. Hence  
 ἀολλίζω, *f*. ἴσω, *to gather together:—Pass. to come together, assemble*.  
 ἀ-οπλος, *ον*, (α privat., ὄπλον) *without armour, unarmed*.  
 ἄορ and ἄορ, ἄορος, *τό*, (ἀείρω) *a sword, properly a banger: later, any weapon*.  
 ἄορās, *acc. pl.* for ἄορα, from ἄορ, *τό*, *a sword*.  
 ἀ-όρατος, *ον*, (α privat., ὁράω) *unseen, invisible*.  
 ἀ-όριστος, *ον*, (α privat., ὀρίζω) *without boundaries: indefinite, indeterminate*. II. ὁ ἀόριστος (sub. χρόνος), *the aorist tense*.  
 ἀ-ορνος, *ον*, (α privat., ὄρνις) *without birds*.  
 ἄορτή, *ή*, (ἀείρω) *a knapsack*. II. *the aorta or great artery*.  
 ἄορτήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, (ἀείρω) *a strap over the shoulder to hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt: but also a knapsack-strap*.  
 ἄορτο, Ion. for ἡορτο, 3 *sing. plqpf. pass.* of ἀείρω; cf. ἄωρτο.  
 ἀοσσέω, *f*. ἡσω, (ἄος) *to help, aid*. Hence  
 ἀοσσητήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, *a helper, aider*.  
 ἀ-ουτος, *ον*, (α privat., οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburt*.  
 ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἀπαγγείλας, *aor. I inf. and part. of ἀπαγγέλλω*.  
 ἀπαγγελία, *ή*, *a report given in: a narrative, recital*. From  
 ἀπ-αγγέλλω, *f*. -ελῶ, Ion. -ελέω: *aor. I -ήγγειλα:—Pass., aor. I -ηγγέλθην, aor. 2 -ηγγέλην: pf. -ήγγεμαι:—to bring tidings, report, announce: to relate, tell:—Med., πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring back tidings*. Hence  
 ἀπαγγελητήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, *a messenger*.  
 ἀπ-αγε, *Adv*. away! *be gone!* Lat. *apage!* properly *imperat. of ἀπάγω* (sub. σεαυτόν).  
 ἀ-παγής, *ές*, (α privat., παγῆναι) *not firmly fixed: of loose texture*.  
 ἀπ-αγινέω, Ion. for ἀπ-άγω, *esp. of paying tribute*.  
 ἀπ-αγλαίζω, *f*. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to deprive of ornament*.  
 ἀπ-αγορεύω, *f*. σω, (the Att. *fut.* is ἀπειρώ, *pf.* ἀπείρηκα, *aor.* ἀπείπον):—*to forbid: absol. to dissuade*. II. *intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: c. part. to give up doing: also to grow weary of*. 2. *to*

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα things worn out.

ἀπ-αγριόομαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) to become wild or savage.

ἀπ-αγχονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἀπάγχω.

ἀπ-άγχω, f. -άγξω, to strangle, throttle:—Med. to hang oneself; to be ready to choke.

ἀπ-άγω, f. ἄξω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—to lead away, carry off:—Med. to take away for oneself. II. to take home. III. to return what one owes, pay. IV. as Att. law-term, to bring before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex: to divert from a thing. VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἄπαγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπαγωγή, ἡ, a leading or dragging away. II. a taking home. III. payment of tribute. IV. as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate.

ἀπαδεῖν, -εῖν, Ion. for ἀφαδ-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀφανδάνω.

ἀπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, to sing out of tune: metaph. to dissent from: to wander away from.

ἀπ-αείρομαι, Pass. to depart from.

ἀπ-αθανατίζω, to aim at immortality.

ἀπάθεια, ἡ, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ἀ-πάθος, ἴς, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not having suffered, unharmed.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπάθος, without passion.

ἀπαί, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαιδευσία, ὁ, want of education, ignorance: coarseness. II. want of control over a thing. From ἀ-παίδευτος, ον, (a privat., παιδεύω) uneducated, ignorant, boorish. Adv. ἀπαιδευτῶς ἔχειν to be boorish.

ἀπαιδία, ἡ, (ἄπαις) childlessness.

ἀπ-αιθριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, αἰθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

ἀπ-αἰνῦμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αἰνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἰνυμαι):—to take away, withdraw: pluck off.

ἀπαίνυτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαιολλάω, to cheat: to perplex, confound. From ἀπ-αιόλη, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰόλος) cheating, duping, any means of cheating.

ἀπαιόλημα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick.

ἀπαιρεθῆω, Ion. for ἀφαιρεθῶ, aor. 1 subj. pass. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀπ-αιρέω, Ion. for ἀφ-αιρέω.

ἀπ-αίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπ-αείρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπαρῶ: aor. 1 ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρκα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away. II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός to depart from the land.

ἄ-παις, ἀπαιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) childless: c. gen., ἄπαις ἔρσεως γόνου without male heirs.

ἀπ-αἴσσω, Att. -ᾄσσω, f. ξω: Att. aor. 1 ἀπῆξα:—to rush down: generally, to dart away.

ἀπ-αιτέω, f. ἥσω, to demand back, or simply to demand of one:—Pass. to have a thing demanded of one. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, a demanding back, demand.

ἀπ-αιτίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀπαιτέω, to demand back.

ἀπ-αιωρέω, f. ἥσω, to make to hang down, suspend:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to hang down from, hover about.

ἀπ-ακρίβόομαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβής):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκρίβωμένος, highly wrought or finished.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ον, (a privat., παλαίω) not thrown in wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

ἀ-πάλαιστρος, ον, (a privat., παλαίστρα) not trained in the palaestra, awkward. II. not customary on the palaestra.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπαλέξω, but formed by redupl. from \*ἀπάλκω:—Ep. inf. ἀταλακείμεν.

ἀ-πάλαμνος, ον, = ἀπάλαμος, helpless, silly. II. unmanageable, lawless.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, (a privat., παλάμη) without hands or without the use of them: helpless, lazy. II. which cannot be helped, unmanageable.

ἀπ-αλάομαι, Pass. to go astray, wander.

ἀπ-αλγέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling.

ἀπ-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπ-αλήλιστα:—to wipe off, expunge, esp. from a register.

ἀπ-αλέξω, fut. -αλεξήσω: aor. 1 opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.; ἀπαλέξειν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινὰ κακότητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. to defend oneself against.

ἀπ-αληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth.

ἀπ-αλθέομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) to heal thoroughly.

ἀπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγη, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, release, riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a divorce. III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape: departure.

ἀπ-αλλάξείω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, to wish to be rid of.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλαγή.

ἀπ-αλλάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. 1 -ἥλλαξα: pf. -ἥλλαχα:—to set free, release, rid of a thing. 2. to put away from, remove from: also to get rid of. II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εὖ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν: to go away, depart.

Pass., with fut. and aor. 1 med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπ-ηλλαξάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. 1 ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάχην: pf. ἀπῆλ-



λαγμαι:—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλῶς, ἀξίμιος ἀπαλλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι, like Lat. e pueris excedere, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπ-αλλοτριόω, f. ὤσω: pf. -ηλλοτρίωκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριος):—to estrange.

ἀπ-αλοάω, poet. -αλοιάω, f. ἤσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

ἀπαλό-θριξ, τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft hair. ἈΠΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἀπαλότης, ἡ, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλο-τρεφής, ἑς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump.

ἀπαλό-φρων, ὄν, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-hearted.

ἀπαλό-χροος, ὄν, contr. -χρους, -χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χροός) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., ἀπαλό-χροος, dat. -χροῖ, etc.

ἀπαλύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπ-αμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπ-αμάω, f. ἤσω, to cut off.

ἀπ-αμβλύνω, f. ὑνῶ:—Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμαι. To blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαρμαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ἀμείβομαι, f. -αμείψομαι: aor. 1 -ημείφην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω):—to reply to, answer.

ἀπ-αμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπ-αμελίω, f. ἤσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμμένος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀφάπτω.

ἀπ-αμπλακίσκω, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 ἀπήμπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακεῖν: = ἀφαρμαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ἀμύνω, fut. ὑνῶ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:

—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

ἀπ-ἀναίνομαι, aor. 1 ἀπηνηνάμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπ-αναισχυντέω, f. ἤσω, to be utterly shameless: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπ-ανᾶλίσκω, fut. -ανᾶλώσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπανάστασις, ἑως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός gen. of ἀνὴρ):—to become a man.

ἀπ-ἀνευθε and -θεν, strengthd. for ἀνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

ἀπ-ἀνήνασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ανθίω, f. ἤσω: pf. ἀπήνθηκα:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπάνθησις, ἑως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαίαν γλῶσσαν ἀπανθίζειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please.

ἀπ-ανθράκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπ-ανθρακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπ-ανθρακόω, f. ὤσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπανθρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From

ἀπ-ἀνθρωπος, ὄν, far from man, inhuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπ-ανίστημι, fut. -αναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπαντᾶχόθι, Adv. = ἀπανταχοῦ.

ἀπαντᾶχοῦ, Adv. (ἅπας) everywhere.

ἀπ-αντάω, Att. impf. ἀπῆντων: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπῆντησα: pf. ἀπῆντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist. 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3. of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἅπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπ-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, ἑως, ἡ, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπ-αντικρύ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντικρύ) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντλέω, f. ἤσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπ-άντομαι, = ἀπ-αντάω.

ἀπ-ανύω, f. ὕσω [ὑ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανύειν [sub. ὁδόν] to finish a journey.

ἈΠΑΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. semel. II. without any notion of number, after ἐπεὶ, ὥς, etc., like Lat. ut semel; ὥς ἀπαξ ἤρξατο when once he began.

ἀπαξ-ἀπᾶς, ἅσα, ἅν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἀπαξ-απλῶς, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπ-αξία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄξιος) unworthiness.

ἀπ-ἀξιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ἄξιος) = ἀνάξιος, unworthy of.

ἀπ-αξιόω, f. ὤσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. dedignari.

ἀπάορος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀπήορος.

ἀ-παππος, ὄν, (a privat., πάππος) with no grand-father or ancestors.

ἀπ-άπτω, Ion. for ἀφ-άπτω.

ἀ-παράβατος, ὄν, (a privat., παραβαίνω) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπ-ἀραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αιρέω.

ἀ-παραίτητος, ὄν, (a privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons, not to be entreated, inexorable: Adv. -τως, inexorably.

ἀ-παρακάλυπτος, ον, (a privat., παρακαλύπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τως, undisguisedly. [κᾶ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, ον, (a privat., παρακαλέω) unsummoned, without being called upon.

ἀ-παράλλακτος, ον, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) unchangeable.

ἀ-παραλόγιστος, ον, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ἀ-παραμύθητος, ον, (a privat., παραμυθέομαι) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also inconsolable. II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, ον, = ἀπαραμύθητος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. ἀπαρᾶ-, like ἀθάνατος.]

ἀπαῖραι, aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω.

ἀπάραξα, Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω.

ἀ-παρασκευάστος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq.

ἀ-παρασκευος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

ἀπ-ἀράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀπήραξα:—to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

ἀπ-αργμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

ἀπ-ἀρίσκω, f. -αρίσω, to displease, be disagreeable to. 2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νεμεσητὸν βασιλῆα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

ἀπ-ἀρίσσειν, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσκω.

ἀ-παρθένευτος, ον, (a privat., παρθενεύω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-πάρθενος, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid: νύμφην ἀνυμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπάρθενον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

ἀπ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἥσω, to count over: to reckon up. II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπ-ἀρίθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting over.

ἀπ-αρκέω, f. ἴσω, to suffice, be sufficient. II. intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

ἀπ-αρνέομαι, fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπηνήθη: Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρνηθήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied.

ἀπ-αρνος, ον, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; ἀπαρνός ἐστι μὴ νοσέειν he denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. II. pass. denied, refused.

ἀπ-αρτάω, f. ἥσω: Pass., pf. -ήρημαι:—properly, to hang from: to hang, strangle. II. to take away and hang up:—Pass. to be in suspense. III. to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν), to remove oneself, go away.

ἀπ-αρτί, (ἀπό, ἀρτίος) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the contrary. III. of time, = ἀπὸ ἀρτί, for ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now.

ἀπ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀρτίος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.

ἀπαρτισμός, ὁ, (ἀπαρτίζω) completion.

ἀπ-ἀρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. From ἀπ-ἀρύω, f. ὑσω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off.

ἀπ-αρχή, ἡ, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

ἀπ-ἀρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. II. c. gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

ἀπ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way.

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπᾶσα, ἀπαν, (ᾶμα, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ἀπᾶσι and εἰς ἀπαντα, entirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.

ἀπ-ασπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

ἀπαστία, ἡ, a fasting, fast. From

ἀ-παστος, ον, (a privat., πάομαι) not having tasted.

ἀπ-ασχολέομαι, Dep. to have no leisure.

ἀπᾶτάω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἡπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ἡπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

ἀπ-ἀτερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτερθε) far apart, aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπᾶτέω, Ion. for ἀπατάω.

ἀπᾶτεών, ὦνος, ὁ, a cheat, rogue. From

ἌΠΑ'ΤΗ, ἡ, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war. Hence

ἀπᾶτήλιος, ον, deceitful, wily.

ἀπᾶτηλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπατήλιος.

ἀπάτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

ἀ-πάτητος, ον, (a privat., πᾶτέω) untrodden.

ἀπ-ατιμάζω, f. ἄσω, = ἀπατιμάω.

ἀπ-ατιμάω, f. ἥσω, strengthd. for ἀτιμάω, to dishonour greatly.

Ἀπατούρια, ὡν, τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φρατρία, with a euphon.)

ἀ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πατήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.

ἀπ-αυγάζω, f. σω, to beam with light. Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, ατος, τό, a reflection.

ἀπ-αυδάω, f. ἥσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf. II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπανδῶ τινα μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid his doing. III. to decline, renounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting



towards; ἀπαυδᾶν φίλῳ, to sail a friend: also to faint, sink; ἀπαυδᾶν κόπῳ to faint with toil.

ἀπ-αυθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. to speak or act boldly, speak out.

ἀπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

ἀπ-αυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπηύρα, ἀπηύρας, ἀπηύρα, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούρας, ἀπουράμενος: (αὐράω the simple verb is not found):—to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι. II. to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπηύρα, etc., should be altered into ἐπαυρεῖ, etc.)

ἀ-παυστος, ον, (α privat., παύω) not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never ceasing from.

ἀπ-αὐτίκα, Adv. forthwith, on the spot.

ἀπ-αυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, to go of one's own accord, desert.

ἀπαφίσκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαφών: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense:—like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile.

ἀπ-ἀχθομαι, Dep. to be hateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβλισα, aor. I of ἀποβλίπτω.

ἀπεδανός, ον, Dor. for ἡπεδανός.

ἀ-πέδιλος, ον, (α privat., πέδιλον) unshod, barefoot.

ἀ-πέδος, ον, (α copul., πέδον) even, level, flat.

ἀπεδρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπ-έδω, see ἀπ-εσθίω.

ἀπέησιν, Ep. for ἀπῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἄπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἀπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπειπον.

ἀπέργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποέργω.

ἀπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπ-είδον, inf. ἀπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. to ἀφοράω:—to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at.

ἀπείθεια, ἡ, (ἀπειθής) disobedience.

ἀπειθέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειθής) to refuse compliance, to be disobedient.

ἀπ-είθη, ἀπ-είθησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-είθη, ἀφ-είθησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀ-πειθής, ἐς, (α privat., πείθομαι) disobedient: of ships, unmanageable. II. (πείθω) act. not persuading.

ἀπ-εικάζω, f. ἄσω, to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to. II. ὡς ἀπεικάσαι, to conjecture, Lat. ut licet conjicere.

ἀπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκών) to represent or portray in a statue.

ἀπεικός, ἀπ-εικός, see ἀπεικός.

ἀπειλείω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, to threaten.

ἀπ-ειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, εἰλέω) to press bard: Pass.,

ἀπειληθεῖς ἐς ἀπορίην, ἐς ἀναγκαίην driven into great straits.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειλή) to threaten, Lat. minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari.

III. to assure, promise, vow:—Pass. to be terrified by threats.

ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, threats; also boasts, braggart words: in sing. a threatening.

(Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾱ]

ἀπ-ειληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπείλημα, ατος, τό, = ἀπειλή.

ἀπ-ειλημένος, ρf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπ-ειλημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπειλήτην, Ep. for ἡπειλήτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπειλέω) a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλητήριος, α, ον, threatening, menacing.

ἀπειλητής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀπειλητήρ.

ἀπειλητικός, ἡ, ὁν, = ἀπειλητήριος.

ἀπείληφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εἰμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμί sum) to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπῆν, Ep. ἀπῆν, 3 pl. ἄπσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσομαι.

ἀπ-εἰμι, (ἀπό, εἰμί ibo) to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἀπιθι, part. ἀπιών.

ἀπειπέμεν, = ἀπειπεῖν, v. sq.

ἀπ-εἶπον, inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποειπεῖν: also aor. I ἀπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερῶ, ρf. ἀπείρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφημι, ἀπαγορεύω:—to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid,

foll. by μή with inf.; ἀπείπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν I forbade him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a forbidden thing. III. to renounce, disown, give up; ἀπείπασθαι τὸν υἱὸν to disown his son; ἀπειπεῖν ὄψιν to avert a vision by offerings. IV. to deny, refuse. V.

intrans. to give up, be worn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοις to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι to be bankrupt:—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος to be tired of sitting.

ἀ-πείραντος, ον, (α privat., πέρας) endless, boundless.

ἀ-πείραστος, ον, (α privat., πειράζω) inexperienced.

ἀ-πείρατος, ον, (α privat., πειράομαι) Dor. for ἀπείρητος, untried.

ἀπ-εἶργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-εἶργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπείργω.

ἀπ-εἶργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-εργω, Ep. also ἀπο-εἶργω: f. ξω: aor. I ἀπείρξα: poet. aor. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ep. ἀποεἶργαθον: Pass., ρf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. ἀπείργμαι:—to keep away or shut out from: part

from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, ἀπεργμένος, shut out from its old course. II. to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc. III. to shut up, confine.

ἀ-πειρέσιος, α, ον, and os, ον, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος. II. boundless, endless, countless.

ἀπ-εἶρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπέειπον.

ἀπ-εἶρημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπέειπον.

ἀ-πείρητος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., πειράσμαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος I, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος II, πέρas) infinity.

ἀ-πείριτος, ον, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.

ἀπειρό-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρό-δροσος, ον, (ἀπειρος, δρόσος) unbedewed.

ἀπειρό-κάκος, ον, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

ἀπειροκαλία, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρό-κάλος, ον, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λως.

ἀπειρο-λεχής, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

ἀπειρο-μάχης, ον, Dor. -μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [d]

ἀ-πειρος, ον, I. (α privat., πείρα, πειράσμαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (α privat., πείρας, πέρas) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

ἀ-πειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπειρία, inexperience.

ἀπειρό-τοκος, ον, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ἀ-πείρων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., πείρα, Ep. for πέρas) = ἀπειρος II, boundless, endless, countless. II. (α privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος I, inexperienced.

ἀπ-εἰς, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.

ἀπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

ἀπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, Dep. to expect.

ἀπ-εκδύνω or -δύω, f. δύσω [v], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι [v]: aor. 2 act. ἀπεξέδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπέκδυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.

ἀπέκιξε, α Dor. aor. I (as if from \*ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέβαλε, be lost.

ἀπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλελάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.

ἀπεκλελάθεσθε, v. foreg.

ἀπ-εκρέμασα, aor. I of ἀποκρεμάννυμι.

ἀπ-έκτανον, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-έκταντο, pf. pass. plqpf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀ-πέκτητος, ον, (α privat., πεκτέω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀπ-ελαύνω, fut. ἀπελάσω, Att. ἀπελῶ: pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀπηλάθην [d]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -ἄμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπελάω: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπήλαον:—to drive away,

expel.

II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. ἐγξω, to refute thoroughly.

ἀ-πέλεθρος, ον, (α privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπέλειψα, aor. I of ἀπολείβω, not of ἀπολείπω.

ἀπελέσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.

ἀπελευθερικός, ἡ, ὄν, in the condition of a freedman. From

ἀπ-ελεύθερος, ὁ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. libertus, libertinus. Hence

ἀπ-ελευθερώω, f. ὠσω, to set free, emancipate.

ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπελθεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλκω.

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to drive to despair. 2.

= ἐλπίζειν ἀπό τινος to hope from one.

ἀπίλον, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολούω (formed from ἀπολόω).

ἀπ-εμῶ, f. ἴσω, to spit up, throw out.

ἀπεμνήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I med. of ἀπομνήσκω.

ἀπεμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀπομόργνυμι.

ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ἴσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπό, ἐναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀπέναντι.

ἀπ-ενδρίζω, f. ἴσω, to despoil one of his arms.

ἀπενάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἀποναιώ.

ἀπενέγκασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρειν.

ἀπένεικα, Ep. for ἀπηνεῖκα or ἀπηνεγκα, aor. I of ἀπο-φείρω: aor. I pass. inf. ἀπενειχθῆναι.

ἀπ-ενέπω, v. ἀπ-εννέπω.

ἀ-πενθής, ἐς, (α privat., πένθος) free from grief.

ἀ-πενθήτος, ον, (α privat., πενθέω) not subject to grief.

ἀπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ἴσω, or ἀπ-ενιαυτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἐνιαυτός) to go into banishment for a year.

ἀπ-εννέπω, to forbid; ἀπεννέπω σε μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid thee to do. II. to order away from; ἀπεννέπειν τινὰ θαλάμῳ.

ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέκ.

ἀπεοικώς, Att. ἀπεικώς, vīa, ὅς, perf. part. of ἀπέοικα, unreasonably, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικότης.

ἀ-πέπειρος, ον, (α privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.

ἀπεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπέπλευσα, aor. I of ἀποπλέω.

ἀ-πεπλος, ον, (α privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.



ἀπ-έπλω, shortd. for ἀπ-έπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπ-έπλευσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 act. of ἀποπλέω.  
 ἀπέπνευσα, aor. 1 of ἀπο-πνέω.  
 ἀπεπτάμην, aor. 2 of ἀποπέτομαι.  
 ἀ-πεπτος, ον, (α privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) *uncooked, undigested*.  
 ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὅπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὥπερ, *as, so as*.  
 ἀ-πέραντος, ον, (α privat., περαίνω) *boundless, infinite, endless*.  
 ἀπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι : pf. ἀπείργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:—*to work off, finish off*; pf. part. ἀπεργασμένος, *completely finished*: of a painter, *to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly*: generally *to form, create*. 2. *to finish a contract*. Hence  
 ἀπεργασία, ἡ, *a finishing off, completing*: *a creating, causing*.  
 ἀπ-έργω, Ion. for ἀπείργω.  
 ἀπ-έρδω, f. ξω, *to bring to an end, finish*.  
 ἀπερ-εί, Adv. = ὥπερ, from ἄπερ.  
 ἀπ-ερίδω, *to fix firmly*:—Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. ἀπερείσάμην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρισμαι:—*to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing*: *to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part*: absol. *to lean or bend away*.  
 ἀπερείσιος, ον, poet., = ἀπειρέσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἄποινα, *a countless ransom*.  
 ἀπ-ερημόω, f. ὥσω, *to make utterly desolate*.  
 ἀ-περιλάλητος, ον, (α privat., περιλαλέω) *not to be outdone in talking*. [α]  
 ἀ-περίληπτος, ον, (α privat., περιλαμβάνω) *uncircumscribed*.  
 ἀ-περιμέριμνος, ον, (α privat., περί, μέριμνα) *careless*. Adv. -τως, *carelessly*.  
 ἀ-περίοπτος, ον, (α privat., περιόψομαι) *unregarding, reckless of*.  
 ἀ-περίσκεπτος, ον, (α privat., περισκέπτομαι) *inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless*. Adv. -τως.  
 ἀ-περίσπαστος, ον, (α privat., περισπάω) *undistracted*. Adv. -τως, *without distraction*.  
 ἀ-πέρισσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., περισσός) *without superfluity, simple*.  
 ἀ-περίστατος, ον, (α privat., περιίσταμαι) *defenceless*.  
 ἀ-περίτμητος, ον, (α privat., περιτέμνω) *uncircumcised*.  
 ἀ-περίτροπος, ον, (α privat., περιτρέπω) *not returning*: also *not beeding*.  
 ἀπερρήθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἀπερῶ.  
 ἀπερρίγασιν, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀπορριγέω. [i]  
 ἀπ-έρρω, *to be gone quite away*: imperat. ἄπερρε, *away, begone*, Lat. *abi in malam rem*.  
 ἀπ-ερυθρίω, fut. ἄσω [α], *to put away blushes, be fast blushing*.  
 ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) *to keep off, scare away*:—Med. *to abstain, desist*. [v]  
 ἀπ-ερύω, f. ὕσω [v], *to tear off from*.  
 ἀπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον:

pf. -ελήλυθα:—*to go away, depart from*; ἀπέρχεσθαι eis... , *to go from one place to another*.

ἀπ-ερῶ, Ion. ἀπερέω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπείρηκα: fut. med. ἀπερούμαι: aor. 1 pass. ἀπερρήθην: (see ἀπείπον):—*to speak plainly out*. II. *to forbid*; ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν *I forbid thee to do*. III. *to renounce, disown*. IV. *to deny, refuse*. V. intr. *to give up, sink, fail*: see in ἀπείπον.

ἀπερῶεύς, ἴως, ὁ, *one who thwarts*. From  
 ἀπ-ερῶέω, f. ἴσω, *to withdraw from*.  
 ἀπ-ερῶή, ἡ, *a drawing back*. II. *a hindrance*.  
 ἀπερῶήσεις, 2 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀπερῶέω.  
 ἀπ-έρωτος, ον, (ἀπό, ἔρω) *unloving*.  
 ἄπες, Ion. for ἄφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφήμι.  
 ἀπ-εσθίω, f. ἀπέδομαι: pf. ἀπεδήδοκα: aor. 1 pass. ἀπηδέσθην: *to eat or gnaw off*: *to eat up*.  
 ἀπ-εσκέδασα, aor. 1 of ἀποσκεδάννυμι.  
 ἀπ-εσσεῖται, for ἀπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἄπειμι.  
 ἀπ-έσσουα, Lacon. for ἀπεσσύη, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω, *be is gone, i. e. is dead*.  
 ἀπ-εσσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω.  
 ἀπ-έστην, aor. 2 of ἀφίστημι.  
 ἀπεστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω.  
 ἀπ-εστῶ, οὐς, ἡ, (ἄπειμι abibo) Ion. noun, *a being away, absence*: see εὐεστῶ.  
 ἀ-πέτηλος, ον, (α privat., πέτηλον) *leafless*.  
 ἀπέτρεπον, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.  
 ἀ-πενθής, ἑς, (α privat., πυνθάνομαι) *not inquired into, unknown*, Lat. *ignotus*. II act. *not inquiring, ignorant*, Lat. *ignarus*.  
 ἀπ-ευθύνω [v], f. ὕνω, *to make straight again*: *to set up again*: metaph. *to restore*: *to guide, rule*; χεῖρας δεσμοῖς ἀπενθύνειν *to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them*.  
 ἀπενυκτός, ὄν, (ἀπενύχομαι) *to be deprecated, abominable*.  
 ἀπ-εννάξω, f. ἄσω, *to lull to sleep*.  
 ἀπενύχτος, ον, = ἀπενυκτός. From  
 ἀπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. *to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen*, Lat. *deprecari*.  
 ἀπ-έφθιθον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίνω.  
 ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.  
 ἀπ-εφθος, ον, for ἀφεφθος, (ἀφ-έψω) *boiled down, refined*; ἀπ. χρυσός *refined gold*, Lat. *aurum re-coctum*.  
 ἀπ-εχθαίρω, f. -ἄρῶ: aor. 1 ἀπήχθηρα:—*to bate utterly*. II. *to make utterly hateful*.  
 ἀπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθόμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—*to be bated*: *to incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred*; οὔτε τί μοι πᾶς δῆμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλεπαίνει *nor does all the people being roused to bate against me distress me*. II. Dep. in causal sense, *to cause hatred*; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι *words that cause hatred*: c. dat. pers. *to be or become hateful to one*.  
 ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) *enmity, hatred*; in plur. *enmities*; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὶ ἐλθεῖν *to be hated by him*, like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is hated, the object of hate.*

ἀπ-εχθής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἔχθος) *bateful, hostile.*

ἀπ-έχθομαι, like ἀπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἔχθος): —to be hated or bateful.

ἀπεχθῶς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπ-έχω, f. ἀφέξω and ἀποσχέσω: aor. 2 ἀπέσχον: —to hold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχεσθαι χεῖρας τινος to hold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to hold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from. II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci: τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing. III. to have in full; ἀπέχειν μισθόν to have a full reward.

ἀπ-έψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έψω.  
ἀπέωσα, aor. I of ἀπαθέω.

ἀπ-ηγέομαι, ἀπ-ήγημα, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηθέω, f. ἡσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from \*ἀπηλεγής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγέως ἀποειπεῖν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly.

ἀπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἡλιαία) one who keeps away from the Ἡλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.

ἀπ-ηλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ηλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλιώτης (sub. ἄνεμος), ον, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.

ἀπ-ήμαντος, ον, (α privat., πημαίνω) unbarmed, without misery.

ἀπ-ήμβροτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀφ-μαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ήμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀπειμι (εἰμί, sum).

ἀπημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀπήμων) freedom from harm, safety.

ἀπημπούλα, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολάω.

ἀπ-ήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., πῆμα) unbarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing no harm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious.

ἀπήνεια, ἡ, (ἀπηνής) harshness, roughness.

ἀπήνη, ἡ, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like ζεύγος, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ἐς, harsh, rough. See προσ-ηνής.

ἀπήνθον, Dor. for ἀπῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήορος, Dor. and Att. ἀπ-άορος, Ep. ἀπ-ήωρος, ον, (ἀπό, αἰρώ) hovering on high, Lat. suspensus.

ἀπ-ηρος, ον, (α privat., πῆρα) without a scrip. II. (α privat., πηρός) unmaimed.

ἀπηύρων, -ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

ἀπ-ηχής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἦχος) discordant, noisy.

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήορος.

ἀπία γῆ, v. ἀπιος.

ἀπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

ἀπ-ίημι, Ion. for ἀφίημι.  
ἀ-πίθανος, ον, not winning belief, incredible, unlikely. II. not persuasive. [ἔ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, poet. for ἀπειθέω. From ἀ-πίθης, ἐς, poet. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀπιθύντηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a restorer. From ἀπ-ιθύνω, = ἀπ-ευθύνω.

ἀπ-ικνέομαι, ἀπ-ικόμην, Ion. for ἀφικ-.

ἀ-πινύσσω, (α privat., πινυτός) to be without one's wits, to be senseless.

ἀπιξίς, Ion. for ἀφίξίς.

ἀπιον, τό, (ἀπιος) a pear, Lat. pirum.

\*ΑΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus.

ἀπιος, ἡ, ον, (ἀπό) far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἀπίης γαίης Hom. II. \*Απιος, α, ον, Apian, i. e. Peloponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence Ἀπία γῆ, or Ἀπία alone, the Peloponnese: also Ἀπίς, ἴδος, ἡ. [The former sense has α, the latter α.]

ἀπ-ἰπώω, f. ὠσω, to squeeze out.

ἀπ-ἰσώω, f. ὠσω, to make equal or even.

ἀπιστέω, f. ἡσω: pf. ἠπίστηκα: (ἄπιστος):—to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be dis-

trusted. II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ίστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἀπιστέω) disbelief, distrust; πολλὰς ἀπιστίας ἔχει the thing admits of many doubts. II. want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.

ἀ-πιστος, ον, (α privat., πιστός): I. pass. not to be trusted, and so, 1. of persons, faithless. 2. of things, not credible, beyond belief. II. act. not believing or trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeying.

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπίστως, Adv. of ἀπιστος: I. act. suspiciously. II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly.

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ίσχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ἰτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπειμι, one must go away.

ἀπλάκίω, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακίω, etc.

ἀπ-πλάνης, ἐς, (α privat., πλανάομαι) not wandering: fixed.

ἀπ-πλαστός, ον, (α privat., πλάσσω) not moulded: hence genuine, sincere. II. (α privat., πελάζω) shortened for ἀπελάστος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀπ-πλάτος, Ion. ἀπ-πλητος, ον, (α privat., πελάω, poet. for πελάζω) shortened for ἀπέλατος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀπ-πλεκτός, ον, (α privat., πλέκω) unplaited.

ἀπ-πλετός, ον, collat. form of ἀπλάτος or of ἀπλη-

στος, only used in the sense of immense, extraordinary.

ἀπ-πλευστός, ον, (α privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) not navigable, not navigated.

ἀπ-πληκτός, ον, (α privat., πλήσσω) unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.



ἀπληστία, ἡ, *insatiate desire*. From ἀ-πληστος, ον, (α privat., πίμπλημι) *not to be filled*, *insatiate*: c. gen., ἀπλ. αἵματος *insatiate of blood*.

ἀπλοια, Ion. ἀπλοΐη, ἡ, (ἀπλους) *difficulty of sailing*, from stress of weather.

ἀπλοΐζομαι, Dep. (ἀπλός) *to deal openly or frankly*. ἀπλοΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) *a single garment*.

ἀπλός, όη, όον, contr. ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Lat. *simplex*, *onfold*, (opp. to διπλός, Lat. *duplex*, *twofold*), *single*. II. *single-minded*, *simple*, and that either (in good sense) *frank*, *open*, *sincere*; or (in bad sense) *silly*. III. *simple*, opp. to *compound*: hence, *absolute*, *sheer*. (Derived from ἅμα, *all in one way*, as is Lat. *simplex* from *simul*.)

ἀ-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀ-πλους, ον, (α privat., πλέω) *not sailing*: I. of ships, *unfit for sea*, *not seaworthy*. 2. of men, *never having been at sea*. II. pass., of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, όν, poet. for ἀπλός, ἀπλοῦς. ἀπλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) like Lat. *simplicitas*, *simplicity*, *plainness*, *frankness*.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for ἀπλός. ἀ-πλους, ον, contr. for ἀ-πλοος.

ἀ-πλουτος, ον, (α privat., πλοῦτος) *without riches*. ἀπλώς, Adv. of ἀπλοῦς, Lat. *simpliciter*, *simply*, *plainly*: *absolutely*. II. *in a word*, Lat. *denique*.

ἀ-πνευστος, ον, (α privat., πνεύσομαι fut. of πνέω) *without breath*, *breathless*: hence *lifeless*.

ἀ-πνοος, ον, contr. ἀ-πνους, ον, (α privat., πνέω) *without wind*, *calm*. II. *without breath*, *lifeless*.

ἌΠΟ', PREP. WITH GEN. ONLY, = Lat. *AB*, *ABS*, whether place, time, or any object be denoted: I. of Place, implying motion *from*, *away from*: also *down from*. 2. without motion implied, *far from*, *at a distance from*. II. later of Time, *from*, *after*, *since*; ἀπὸ δείπνου γενέσθαι *to have done supper*. III. of Origin of all kinds, as, 1. of descent, *birth*; οὐκ ἀπὸ δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπὸ πέτρης *not sprung from oak or rock*; ἀπὸ Σπάρτης *of Sparta by birth*. 2. of the means or instrument; ἀπὸ βιοῖο πέφνεν *with arrow from his bow*. 3. of the cause or occasion; ἀπὸ δικαιοσύνης *by reason of*. 4. of the material of which a thing is made; ἀπὸ ξύλου *made of wood*.

As ADVERB, without case, *far away*: but almost always with verbs in *imesi*.

In Compos., 1. *from*, *asunder*, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence *away from*, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. *ceasing from*, as in ἀπαλγέω: and hence, *finishing*, *completing*, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. *back again*, as in ἀποδίδωμι. 4. *by way of abuse*, as in ἀποκαλέω. 5. almost = α privat., as in ἀπαυδάω, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόσιτος.

ἀπο, anastrophe. for ἀπό, when it follows its noun. ἀπο-αίνυμαι, poet. for ἀπ-αίνυμαι, *to take away*. ἀπο-αιρέομαι, poet. for ἀφ-αιρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, Att. for ἀπόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, *steps or a ladder for descending from a ship*, *the gangway*. From

ἀπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 ἀπεβήσετο: aor. 2 ἀπέβην: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—*to step off*, *dismount*, *alight or disembark from*. 2. *to go away*, *depart*. II. of events, *to issue or result from*: absol. *to turn out*, *end or issue in a certain way*, Lat. *evenire*; τὸ ἀπόβαινον *the issue*, *event*; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα *the results*; τὰ ἀποβησόμενα *the probable results*: also ἀποβαίνειν alone, *to turn out well*, *succeed*. 2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., *to turn out*, *prove or be so and so*, Lat. *evadere*; ἀποβαίνειν κοινοί *to prove impartial*. 3. of conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι *to come at last to*, *end in*.

B. Causal, only in aor. 1 ἀπέβησα, *to make to dismount*, *disembark*, *land*.

ἀπο-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέβαλον: pf. ἀποβέβληκα:—*to throw off from*: c. acc. only, *to throw away*. 2. *to throw away*, *reject*: also *to throw away*, *sell too cheap*. 3. *to lose*.

ἀπο-βάπτω, f. ψω, *to dip entirely*. ἀποβάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω. ἀπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) *a stepping off*, *dismounting*: *a disembarking*, *landing*: also *a landing-place*.

ἀποβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω. ἀπο-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. *to force away*: aor. 1 pass. ἀποβιασθῆναι in pass. sense, *to be forced away*.

ἀπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἀποβαίνω, *to make to get off*, esp. from a ship, *to disembark*, *set on land*.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, aor. 1 pass. ἀπεβρώθην:—*to eat off*. ἀπο-βλάπτω, f. ψω, *to ruin utterly*:—aor. 1 pass. ἀποβλαφθῆναι, *to be robbed of*.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀπέβλαστον:—*to shoot forth from*, *spring from*.

ἀπόβλεπτος, ον, *looked at*, *gazed on by all*, hence *admired*. From ἀπο-βλέπω, f. ψω, *to look away from all other objects at one*, *to look steadfastly at*, *gaze at or upon*.

ἀπόβλητος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) *to be thrown away as worthless*.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ίσω: aor. 1 ἀπέβλισα:—*to cut out the comb from the hive*, *take the honey*: metaph. *to steal*.

ἀπο-βλύζω, f. σω, *to spirt out*; ἀποβλύζειν οἶνου *to spirt or slobber out some wine*.

ἀποβολή, ης, ἡ, (ἀποβάλλω) *a throwing away*, *losing*, *loss*.

ἀποβολιμαῖος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) *apt to throw away*. II. pass. *apt to be thrown aside*.

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. *to eat up*. ἀπο-βουκολέω, f. ήσω, *to let cattle stray*: hence *to make to lose*. 2. *to soothe*, *beguile*.

ἀπο-βρίζω, f. ξω, *to sleep without waking*, *go sound asleep*.

ἀπο-βρύχω, *to bite off from*.

ἀπο-βώμιος, *ον*, (ἀπό, βωμός) *far from an altar, godless.*

ἀπό-γαιος or ἀπό-γειος, *ον*, (ἀπό, γῆ) *from land, coming off land.*

ἀπο-γείσω, *to make jut out like a coping or cornice.*

ἀπο-γεύω, *φ. σω*, *to make another taste of a thing:—Med. to taste of it oneself.*

ἀπο-γεφύρω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.*

ἀπο-γηράσκω, *φ. ἀσομαι*, *to grow old.*

ἀπο-γίνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: *fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεγενόμην: pf. ἀπογενένημαι:—to be away from, have no part in.* II. absol. *to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: οἱ ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.*

ἀπο-γινώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: *fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέγνων: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not.* 2. *to despair.* II. c. acc. *to give up as useless.* III. as law-term, *to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.*

ἀπόγνοια, *ῆ*, (ἀπογινώσκω) *despair.*

ἀπόγονος, *ον*, (ἀπογίνομαι) *descended or sprung from: in plur. descendants.*

ἀπογράφῃ, *ῆ*, (ἀπογράφω) *a copy of an indictment (γραφῇ), a deposition.* II. *a list, register, esp.*

*of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.*

ἀπο-γράφω, *φ. ψω*, *to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register:—Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use.* II. Att. law-term, 1. *ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.* 2. *ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.*

ἀπο-γυῖω, *to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.*

ἀπο-γυμνάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, *to bring into hard exercise, to ply hard.*

ἀπο-γυμνῶ, *φ. ὦσω*, *to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stript bare:—Med. to strip oneself.*

ἀπο-δάκνω, *φ. -δήξομαι*, *to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.*

ἀπο-δακρύω, *φ. ὕσω [ῡ]*, *to weep much; c. acc. to weep much for, lament.*

ἀποδάσμιος, *ον*, *parted off or from.* From

ἀποδασμός, *ος*, *a division, part of a whole.* From

ἀπο-δατέομαι, *φ. -δάσομαι [ᾱ]*, *Ep. -δάσσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπεδασάμην, Ep. inf. ἀποδάσασθαι:—to portion out, apportion.* II. *to part off, separate.*

ἀπο-δεῖ, *Ion. ἀπο-δέει*, *impers. of ἀποδέω.*

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, *Dep. to frighten away.*

ἀπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: *φ. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀπεδείχθην: pf. ἀποδέδειγμαi, Ion. -δέδειγμαi:*

*1. to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, 1. to bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a*

*law. 2. to appoint or assign; χωρος ἀποδεδεγμένος an appointed place. 3. to shew by argument, prove.*

II. *to shew forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, 1. to appoint, name, create. 2. to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is. 5. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own; ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion; ἀποδείξασθαι ἀρετὰς to display high qualities.*

ἀπο-δειλιάω, *φ. ἄσω [ᾱ]*, *to be a coward, shrink from danger.*

ἀποδείξις, *Ion. -δείξις, εως, ῆ*, (ἀποδείκνυμι) *a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration.*

II. (from Med.) *a display, achievement, performance.*

ἀπο-δειπνίδιος, *ον*, (ἀπό, δείπνον) *without supper.*

ἀπο-δειροτομέω, *φ. ἥσω*, *to cut off by the neck, behead.*

ἀπο-δείρω, *Ion. for ἀπο-δέρω.*

ἀπο-δεκάτω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to pay tithe of.* II. *to take tithe from, τινά.*

ἀπο-δέκομαι, *Ion. for ἀπο-δέχομαι.*

ἀποδεκτέον, *verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, one must receive or accept.*

ἀποδεκτήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *a taker from, receiver.*

ἀποδεκτός, *όν*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *acceptable.*

ἀποδείξασθαι, *aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.*

ἀπόδεξις, *εως, ῆ*, *Ion. for ἀπόδειξις.*

ἀπόδερμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀποδέρω) *a hide stripped off.*

ἀπο-δέρω, *Ion. -δείρω: φ. -δερῶ: aor. 1 ἀπέδειρα:—to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to scalp. II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.*

ἀποδεχθεῖς, *Ion. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.*

ἀπο-δέχομαι, *Ion. -δέκομαι: φ. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀπεδέξαμην: pf. -δέδεγμαi: Dep.:—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with. 2. to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve. 3. to accept as a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him. 4. to take or understand in a certain sense. II. to receive back, recover.*

ἀπο-δέω, *φ. -δήσω*, *to bind fast.*

ἀπο-δέω, *Ion. fut. -δεήσω:—to be wanting, to lack:—impers. ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.*

ἀποδημέω, *φ. ἥσω*, (ἀπόδημος) *to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν εἰς Θετταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly. Hence*

ἀποδημητής, *οῦ, ὁ*, *one who is abroad.*

ἀποδημία, *ῆ*, *a being from home, a going or being abroad. From*

ἀπό-δημος, *ον*, *away from home, abroad.*

ἀπο-διστάω, *φ. ἥσω*, *to decide for a person in an arbitration.*

ἀπο-διδάσκω, *φ. -διδάξω*, *to teach not to do, Lat. docere.*



ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς:—to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee, shun.

ἀπο-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. 1 ἀπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. 4. to render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-dere.

II. intr., εἰ τὸ ὅμοιον ἀποδίδοι ἐς αὐξήσιν [sc. ἡ Αἴγυπτος], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι:—Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for hire.

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. άσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω.

ἀποδικεῖν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poet. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

ἀπο-δινέω, f. ήσω, to turn or whirl violently about.

ἀπο-δίωμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δίω) poet. for ἀποδιώκω.

ἀπο-διορίζω, f. ίσω, to mark off, distinguish.

ἀπο-διώκω, fut. -διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀπέδοξέ σφι μὴ πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do: absol., ὡς σφι ἀπέδοξε when they resolved.

ἀπο-δοκίμάζω, f. άσω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

ἀπ-οδος, Ion. for ἀφ-οδος.

ἀποδόσιμος, on, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored.

ἀπόδοσις, εως, ή, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ή, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσις: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμόω, f. ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways.

ἀποδραθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδραθάνω.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπόδρασις, Ion. ἀπόδρησις, εως, ή, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

ἀπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρήναι, Ion. for -δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπο-δρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέδρυσα: aor. 2 ἀπέδρυπον: aor. 1 pass. ἀπεδρύφθην:—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρύφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off; v. ἀποδύνω. [v]

ἀπ-οδύρομαι [v], f. -οδύρομαι, to lament bitterly.

ἀποδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύνω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From

ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. 1 ἀπέδυσα, to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc. II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδυν (formed as if from ἀπό-δυμι), and pl. ἀποδέδυνκα:—to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδύεσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

ἀπο-εἰκω, f. ξω, to withdraw from.

ἀπό-ειπον, ες, ε, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-έργαθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀποείργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω: partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργομένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. 1 only found in 3 pers., to hurry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀποέρση, opt. ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζάω, f. ζήσω, to live off; ὅσον ἀποζήν enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:—to unyoke, part:—Pass. to be parted from, τινός: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπὸ ζύγην πόδας on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting.

ἀπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. II.

impers., ἀπόζει τῆς Ἀραβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θαλῶ, to leave off blooming.

ἀποθανεῖν, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθανούμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θαρρέω and ἀπο-θαρσέω, f. ήσω, to take courage, have full confidence.

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θωμάζω, f. άσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θείομαι, Ep. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπο-θειώω, f. ώσω, poet. for ἀποθεύω.

ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar. II. afar off.

ἀπό-θεος, on, far from the gods: hence godless.

ἀπο-θεόω, f. ώσω, to deify.

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut off like ears of corn.

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπόθεσις, εως, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away:—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.

ἀπόθεστος, on, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abhorred.

ἀποθέται, on, αἰ, a place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth. From

ἀπόθετος, on, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θείω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away.

ἀποθήκη, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse. II.

anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, to treasure or board up.

ἀπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard, crowd upon. [i]

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:—to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθρώσκω.

ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [v], f. ὕνομαι, to be very bold.

ἀπο-θραύω, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀπο-θραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i.e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θριάζω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀπο-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθορον:—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θύμιος, ον, (ἀπό, θυμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀπο-θύω, f. ύσω, to offer up.

ἀ-ποίητος, ον, (a privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell

afar off, generally, to live far away: ἡ Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀπώκειτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i.e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c.

acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

ἀποικία, ἡ, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀπ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίῶ: Pass., aor. 1 ἀπωκίσθην: pf. -ώκισμαι:—to send away from home, transplant: generally, to send or carry away:—Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀποικος:—ἡ ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀπ-οικος, ον, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ἡ, a colony.

ἀπ-οικτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ἀ-ποιμάντος, ον, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπ-οιμώζω, fut. -οιμώξομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, ον, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II.

generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence ἀποινάω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—

Med. to hold to ransom.

ἀποινό-δικος, ον, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

ἀπ-οϊστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποίσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

ἀπ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχησομαι: pf. -όχημαι: Dep.:—to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to have departed: hence to be dead and gone. II.

more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀπο-καθαίρω, fut. -αρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

ἀποκάθαρσις, εως, ἡ, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάττημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀπο-καθίζω, fut. ίσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down.

ἀπο-καθιστάνω and ἀπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστή-

σω: I. Causal in pres. and inipf., fut. and aor.

I, to re-establish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with

aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

ἀπο-καίριος, ον, = ἄκαιρος.

ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense

cold, to freeze off.

ἀπο-καλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to

call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II.

to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to

warn off.

ἀποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to

reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ἡ, revelation.

ἀπο-κάμνω, f. -κάμνυμαι: (for the tenses, v. κά-

μνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf.

to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to

flinch from toil.

ἀπο-κάμπω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2.

trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ἡ, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπύω, Ep. aor. I -εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—

to breathe out; ἀποκαπύειν ψυχὴν to give up the

ghost.

ἀπο-καρῶδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence

ἀποκαρῶδοκία, ἡ, earnest expectation.

ἀπο-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again.

ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete

restoration, re-establishment.

ἀπο-κάττημαι, Ion. for ἀπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ίῶ (ἀπό, καυλός) to break

short off.

ἀπόκαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτί-

θημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be

kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀπόκειται τι

it is in store for one.

ἀπο-κείρω, fut. -κερῶ, Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα,

pass. -κέκαρμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut

in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

ἀπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδανῶ:—to have

benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ίῶ, (ἀπό, κεφαλὴ) to

behead.

ἀπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀπο-κηδέω, fut. ήσω, = ἀκηδέω, to put away care, be

careless.

ἀπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω:—to proclaim pub-

licly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce pub-

licly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III.

to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδύνευσις, εως, ἡ, the making a venturesome at-

tempt. [v] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a



venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost hazard.

ἀπό-κῖνος, ὁ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εὐρέ find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, ὀκλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γόνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [ᾱω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for. II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλᾶξω, ἀποκλᾶξον, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλᾶρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾱ]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ον, shut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. -κλείσω: Ion. -κληῖω, f. -κληῖσω: Att. -κληῖω, f. -κληῖσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to shut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or hinder from a thing:—

Pass. to be cut off or hindered from. II. c. acc. only, to shut up, close: to cut off, prevent, hinder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κληῖω, f. -κληῖξω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείσω.

ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κληρώω, f. ὠσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ], fut. -κλίνω: aor. I ἀπέκλινε: pf. -κέκλινα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn back. II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off

to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ἡ, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ὕσω [ῡ], to wash away, avert by purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-οκνέω, f. ἥσω, to shrink from, besitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, besitate. Hence ἀποκνήσις, εως, ἡ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνίξω, f. ἴσω, to nip off. Hence

ἀπόκνισμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτέω, f. ἥσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοῖτος) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἥσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κομῖδη, ἡ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κομίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, sbred.

ἀπο-κομπάζω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἡ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπή χρεῶν = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, beat off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the

breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορυφώω, f. ὠσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to clear away so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κράνιζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κράτέω, f. ἥσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ], Att. -κρεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing hang down, let hang. II. to hang up.

ἀπό-κρημος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκριθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of sq.

ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρίνω: Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. -κέκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:—Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκεκρίσθαι εἰς ἓν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. III. Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαι τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, a separating. II. (from Med.), an answer.

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ἀπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be

beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσκιον τὸ χεῖλος ἀποκρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide from, keep bidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά τι, like

Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to bide or keep back from one. 2. to bide close: to obscure. II. to lose

from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Phæacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ον, bidden; ἐν ἀποκρύφῳ in secret. II. obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ: aor. I ἀπέκτεινα: aor. 2 ἀπέκτανον, poet. ἀπέκταν, as, α; Ep. also in pass. form

ἀπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτακα, and ἀπέκταγα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνάνειν, to weary to death, Lat. *enecare*.

ἀποκτείνω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κύνω, f. ἤσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω [ῖ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκυφα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κωκύνω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a hindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ἴσω [ῦ], to hinder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λάζυμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, ὁ, a kicking away.

ἀπολαλίω, f. ἤσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμφομαι: pf. ἀπέληφα, pass. ἀπέλημαι: for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπελήφην Ion. ἀπελάμφθην. To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2. to carry off. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. *accipio*. II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside. IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. *deprehendere*, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so.

ἀπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπόλαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀπέλαυον, aor. 1 ἀπέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀπήλαυον, ἀπήλαυσα:—to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e. λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολαχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

ἀπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέγεμαι or ἀπέλεγμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολελεγμένοι picked men.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέλειψα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass.

III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone.

IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink.

2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits.

3. with part. to leave off doing.

4. to depart from.

V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀληθείης ἀπολελειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of.

3. to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπόλειψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking.

II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπόλεκτος, ον, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ον, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful.

II. not to be warred on, invincible.

III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf.

part. pass. ἀπολελεμμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσκειτο, Ep. for ἀπώλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med.

of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-ληρέω, f. ἤσω, to chatter at random.

ἀπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery.

II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λίγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἀ-πολις, neut. ι: gen. ἰδος, also εως, Ion. ἰος: dat.

ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an outlaw.

II. πόλις ἀπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. 1 -ωλίσθησα: aor.

2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λίταργίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to slip off, rack off.

ἀπο-λιχμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. = ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-ολλύω: impf. ἀπώλλυν or ἀπώλλυον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολῶ, Ion.

ἀπολέω: aor. 1 ἀπώλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα: pf. ἀπώλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste.

II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι: aor. 2 ἀπωλόμην: perf. ἀπόλωλα: plqpf. ἀπολώλειν

or ἀπωλώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone.

II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

'Απόλλων, ανος, ὁ: acc. ανα or ω: voc. Ἀπολλον:—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.



Ἀπολλώνειον and Ἀπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.

ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἤσομαι: aor. I med. ἀπελογήσαμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀπολελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγος):—to speak in defence: also to speak in defence of a fact.

2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι to defend oneself against a charge.

3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence.

ἀπολογία, ἡ, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence.

ἀπο-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully.

2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, ὁ, a giving an account, a statement of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἀλκίνοῦ proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Alcinoüs in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those of Aesop, an apologue.

ἀπολογίατο, Ion. for ἀπόλοιτο, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπ-ολολύω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.

ἀπολόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπόλουσις, εως, ἡ, a washing off, ablution. From

ἀπο-λούω, f. -λούσω, to wash off:—Med., ἄλμην ὤμοις ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπ-ολοφύρομαι, f. -ῥοῦμαι, to bewail loudly. 2. to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λύμαινομαι, f. -μᾶνοῦμαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λῦμα):—to cleanse oneself by bathing.

ἀπολύμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαινομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατὰ τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

ἀπο-λύτρω, f. ὠσω, to release on payment of ransom:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολύτρωσις, εως, ἡ, a releasing, redemption.

ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀπολέλυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from: ἀπολύειν αἰτίης to acquit of a charge: absol. to acquit. 2. in II. always=ἀπολυτρόω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him, χρυσοῦ for gold.

3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself, redeem. 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2. to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λῶβάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελῶβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, λωτός)=ἀπανθίζω, to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδάλια, ἡ, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μᾶνήσομαι: pf. ἀπομέμνηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-discere.

ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

ἀπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [ῥ]

ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεὰν ἀπομάξαι (sc. χοίνικα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστιγύω, f. ὠσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοῦμαι:—to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἱκανὰ ἀπομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχεσθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπομάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

ἀπο-μείρομαι, f. -μεροῦμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2. Pass. to be parted from another.

ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give a share of, distribute. II. to distinguish from a number.

ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἰξω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστόω, f. ὠσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μηκύνω [ῥ], f. ὑνῶ, to prolong, draw out.

ἀπο-μηνίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be very wroth.

ἀπο-μῆμειομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to represent faithfully.

ἀπο-μυμήσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι, aor. I ἀπεμνήσαμην: pf. ἀπομέμνημαι:—to recollect, remember.

ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

ἀπο-μισθόω, f. ὠσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf., ἀπομισθοῦν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπο-μνάομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μνήσκομαι.

ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.

2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνησικακέω, f. ήσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπ-δμνύμι or ἀπομνύω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπώμνυ: fut.

ἀπομοῦμαι: (v. δμνυμι):—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do.

2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath.

II. strengthd. for δμνυμι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπο-μονῶω, f. ὠσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μόργνυμι or ἀπ-ομόργνυμι, also ἀπομοργνύω:

Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. 1 ἀπο-

μορξάμην:—Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀπομορχθεῖς: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι or δμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from:

to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρειάς to wipe one's cheeks;

ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of foreg.

ἀπομόσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπό-μουςος, ον, like ἀμουςος, (ἀπό, Μούσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude.

Adv., ἀπομούσως γράφεισθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μυθέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπο-μυκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπο-μυκτίον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπο-μύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's vir emunctae naris:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίνημι: and

ἀπονάλατο, 3 pl., for ἀπόναιντο.

\*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. 1 act. ἀπένᾱσα,

Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing.

aor. 1 ἀπένασατο, Ep. ἀπένασσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—

aor. 1 pass. ἀπονασθῆναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. 1 ἀπέν-

νειμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take.

2. to feed on or off.

II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενοημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι,

desperately.

ἀπο-νέομαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return,

Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

ἀπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπονός.

ἀπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀπο-

βλέπω. II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. abnuere.

ἀπο-νέω, f. -νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀπονητί, Adv. of ἀπόνητος, without fatigue.

ἀπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of

ἀπονίνημι.

ἀ-πόνητος, ον, (a privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought.

II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονη-

τότατα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

ἀπονία, ή, (ἀπονός) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίζω, f. -νύσω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is

a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself.

2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπ-ονίνημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment. II.

mostly in Med., ἀπ-ονίνδμαι: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2

ἀπωνήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπό-

ναίο, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing;

τῶνδ' ἀπόναίο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.: from

ἀπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίζω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονενόημαι: Dep.

to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense. 1.

of fear, to be desperate; ἀνθρωποι ἀπονενοημένοι, Lat. perditii, desperate men.

2. of shame, ὁ ἀπονενοη-

μένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνοια, ή, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp.

desperation.

ἀ-πονός, ον, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος,

-έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle,

easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of

things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστήω, f. ήσω, to return home. Hence

ἀπονόστησις, εως, ή, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv.

far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far

away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to put asunder, keep

aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed

of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, shun.

ἀπ-ονύχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: Pass., aor. ἀπανυχί-

σθην: pf. ἀπανύχισμαι: (ἀπό, ὀνυχίζω):—to pare the

nails. II. to tear with the nails. III. to

try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀπανυχισμένος,

Horace's ad unguem factus, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to make turn his back

and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ον, like ἄξενος, inhospitable. 2. ἀπό-

ξενος γῆς far from a country.

ἀπο-ξενόω, f. ὠσω, to drive from house and home,

generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live

away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry up, drain off a river:—

Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part.

pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.



ἀπο-οξύνω [ὑ], f. ὕνω, to bring to a point, make taper.  
ἀπο-ξύραω, Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, to shave clean.  
ἀπο-ξύρω, = ἀποξυράω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ὑ]  
ἀποξύω, f. ὕσω [ὑ], to shave or scrape off: hence  
to strip off like skin.

ἀπο-παπταίνω, f. -παπτάνω, Ion. -έω: aor. I part.  
ἀποπαπτήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπατέω, f. ἤσω or ἤσομαι, to retire from the way.  
From

ἀπό-πατος, ὁ or ἡ, a going out of the way: εἰς ἀπό-  
πατον to ease himself.

ἀπόπαυσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-  
ance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

ἀπο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a  
thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to  
stop. II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

ἀπό-πειρα, ἡ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

ἀπο-πειράζω, f. άσω [ά], rarer form of sq.

ἀπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. άσομαι [ά]: aor. I  
pass. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:—to make trial,  
essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act.,  
ἀποπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an  
attempt on the Peiræus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ἤσω, to hew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss;  
also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of

things, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself,  
get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

ἀπόπεμψις, εὐς, ἡ, a sending away: a dismissal,  
divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. άσω Ion. ἤσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

ἀπο-πέρδομαι, fut. -παρδήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2  
act. -έπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. pedo.

ἀποπέσησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω.

ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεπτάμην, part.  
ἀποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away.

ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle:  
—Pass., fut. -πᾶγήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of  
blood, to curdle.

ἀπο-πηδάω, f. ἤσω and ἤσομαι, to leap off from: to  
turn away from.

ἀπο-πίμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι,  
-πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up,  
fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy,

fulfil: to appease, Lat. explere.

ἀπο-πίνω [ι], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off.

ἀπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall  
off from.

ἀποπλαγχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάγξω, to lead astray, lead away  
from:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses  
only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be de-  
prived off; τρυφάλεια ἀποπλαγχθεῖσα a helm struck  
off.

ἀπο-πλανάω, f. ἤσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go  
astray.

ἀπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσσομαι [ά], to copy.

ἀπο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο-

μαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail  
away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, ον, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled  
by a stroke, 1. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2.

in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

ἀποπληξία, ἡ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀπο-πληρώω, f. ὤσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat.  
explere. II. to fulfil.

ἀπο-πλήσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I  
-επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to  
strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose  
one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to  
trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, ὁ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing  
away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύνω [ὑ], f. ὕνω, to wash off or away: Ion.  
impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέ-  
πνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμὸν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν

to give up the ghost, Lat. expirare animam. 2. to  
blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or  
smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:  
—Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [ι]: pf. -πέπ-  
νιγμαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked  
with rage.

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πτολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εὐς,  
far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἡ, (ἀποπέμπω) a sending away, getting  
rid of.

ἀπο-πονέω, f. ἤσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor.  
I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ὕνω, to soften down.

ἀπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ανέομαι, with no  
pres. ἀπο-πρίαμαι in use.

ἀπο-πρίζω, f. ίσω [ι], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ίσω, to saw through, file off. [ι]

ἀπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep.  
with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part.,  
σίτου ἀποπροελών having taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροέηκα, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροΐημι.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from  
afar: far off, far away.

ἀπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

ἀποπροΐεις, part. pres. of

ἀπο-προΐημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προέηκα:—to  
throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove afar  
off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut  
off from; νώτου ἀποπροταμών having cut off a slice  
from the chine.

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away.

ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπταμαι.

ἀποπτῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπτημι.

ἀπό-πτολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀποπτος, ον, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν: hence II. dimly seen.

ἀπόπτυστος, ον, spat out; loathed, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ὑσω [ῡ], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει ἄλως ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: Dep. to inquire or ask of.

ἀπ-οράω and ἀπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

ἀπορέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss how to do: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν to have no doubt. II.

Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e. g. τροφῆς. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τι to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence

ἀπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point. ἀπορητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt.

ἀπόρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθέω) not sacked or taken.

ἀπ-ορθόω, f. ὤσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a setting upright, restoring.

ἀπορία, ἡ, (ἀπορος) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty. II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with

or finding out. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation. 3. ἀπορία τινός want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

ἀπ-ορνύμαι, (ἀπό, ὀρνυμι) Pass. to start from a place.

ἀ-πορος, ον, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, hard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, ἐν ἀπόροις εἶναι to be in great straits. 2. hard to get, scarce. II. of persons, hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf., ἀπορος προσφέρειν impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

ἀπ-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπορ-ρῆθυμέω, f. ἥσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

ἀπορ-ραίνω, f. -ρᾶνῶ, to spirt or shed about.

ἀπορ-ραίω, f. σω, to bereave of; ἡτορ ἀπορραίνειν τινά to deprive one of life.

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραίνω) a vessel for holy water.

ἀπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

ἀπορ-ραψωδέω, f. ἥσω, to utter like a ραψωδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

ἀπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρῦήσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἀπερρῦν:—to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, etc. 3. to melt away.

ἀπορ-ρήγνυμι or ἀπορ-ρηγνύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break off, snap asunder:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγην [ᾱ], to be broken off or severed.

ἀπορρηθέν and ἀπορρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπόρρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπ-ερῶ) a prohibition. 2. a refusal: renunciation.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-ερῶ) forbidden; τὰ ἀπόρρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπόρρητον ποιεῖσθαι to keep secret. 2. τὰ ἀπόρρητα things unfit to be spoken.

ἀπορ-ρίγέω, f. ἥσω: pf. ἀπερρίγα:—to shrink shivering from a thing, shrink from doing it.

ἀπορ-ρίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-ριπτέω: fut. ἀπορρίψω: aor. I ἀπερρίψα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. II.

to cast forth, e. g. from one's country: to reject, renounce. III. to shoot forth bold words, ἐς τινα at one.

ἀπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ἡ, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off, stream. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ἥσω, to shriek forth.

ἀπορροφάω or -έω, f. ἥσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

ἀπορ-ρυῆναι, aor. 2 p. inf., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω. ἀπορ-ρυήσομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπόρρυτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, flowing from; ἀπόρρυτα σταθμά stables with drains.

ἀπορρώξ, ὦγος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀπορρήγνυμι) broken off, abrupt, steep. II. as Subst. fem. a piece broken off

or divided from anything; Στυγὸς ὕδατος ἀπορρώξ an off-stream of the Styx.

ἀπ-ορφανίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

ἀπ-ορχέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

ἀπος, εος, τό, = κάματος, weariness.

ἀπο-σαλεύω, f. εὔσω, to lie to in the open sea or offing:—metaph. to keep aloof from.

ἀπο-σαφέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) to make clear.

ἀπο-σβέννυμι or -σβεννύω: f. -σβέσω:—to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:—Pass. with fut. med. -σβήσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέσβην, pf. act.

ἀπέσβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

ἀπο-σείω, f. σω, to shake off:—Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

ἀπο-σεμνύνω, to extol pompously:—Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνύνουμαι, to give oneself airs.



ἀπο-σεύω, to chase away:—Pass. to dart away, aor. 1 ἀπεσσύθη [ύ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο. ἀπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to announce by signs, to give notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign.

II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to allude to him. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscribe.

ἀπο-σήπω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:—Pass., fut. -σάπησομαι, aor. 2 ἀπεσάπην [ᾱ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσέσηπα: to rot off, lose by mortification.

ἀπο-σιμῶω, f. ὠσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be so. II. ἀποσιμοῦν τὰς ναῦς to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sideways, so as to avoid the direct shock.

ἀπο-σιόομαι, Ion. for ἀφ-σιόομαι. ἀπο-σιώπῶω, f. ἤσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent. II. trans. to keep secret. Hence ἀποσιώπησις, εὖς, ἡ, a becoming silent. 2. a rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. 1. 139.

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches. ἀπο-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ] contr. -σκεδῶ:—to scatter abroad:—Pass. to be scattered, straggle away.

ἀπο-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to pack and carry away:—Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey. ἀποσκεύομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

ἀποσκηνέω, f. ἤσω, to encamp apart from. From ἀπό-σκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσσιτος.

ἀπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the gods, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα ἐς τι to hurl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or break forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαῦρον to come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ἀπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence ἀποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, a shade, shadow: an adumbration.

ἀπο-σκιδᾶμαι, Pass., = ἀποσκεδάννυμαι, to be scattered.

ἀπο-σκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see σκέλλω) to be dried up, withered.

ἀπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρὸς τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark.

ἀπο-σκυδμαίνω, to be enraged with.

ἀπο-σκυθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare.

ἀπο-σκυλεύω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off.

ἀπο-σκόπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

ἀπο-σμήττω, f. ξω, to deceive:—aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσμηγέτες, being deceived.

ἀπο-σοβέω, f. ἤσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a hurry, in phrase οὐκ ἀποσοβήσεις; be off!

ἀπο-σπᾶράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear off. ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is torn off, a shred. From

ἀπο-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ᾱ], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to tear off the gates; ἀπ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to draw off the army:—Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out wine as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to be eager in preventing, to dissuade earnestly.

ἀπο-σποδέω, f. ἤσω, to rub off, knock off.

ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστᾶ, for ἀπόστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπο-σταδόν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off.

ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. II.

intr. to fall in drops; μανίας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away.

ἀποστάς, ἀποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀπόστασις, defection, revolt, apostasy.

ἀποστάσιον, τό, (ἀφίσταμαι) a divorce; ἀποστασίου βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away from, and so 1. a defection, revolt. 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἤσω, to stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from. II. absol. to stand aloof, be absent. From

ἀποστατής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter, rebel. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ἡ, ὄν, rebellious: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς εἶχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

ἀπο-σταυρόω, f. ὠσω, to fence off with pales.

ἀπο-στεγάζω, f. ἄσω, to uncover, unroof.

ἀπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to shelter from:—to shelter, keep safe. II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστέγει.

ἀπο-στεινώω, poet. for ἀπο-στενύω.

ἀπο-στείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστίχον:—to go away, esp. to go back.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ: aor. 1 ἀπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send away from: absol. to send away, banish. II. to send off, dispatch, on some service. III. to drive back:—Pass. to be sent off: also, to go away. IV. intr. to go back.

ἀπο-στενύω, poet. -στεινώω: f. ὠσω: to straiten: ἀπεστείνωντο 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἀπο-στεργώ, f. ξω, to love no more:—to deprecate.

ἀπο-στερέω, fut. ἤσω, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withhold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι

and -στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of. II. impers., ἀποστερεῖ με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστέρησις, εὖς, ἡ, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποστερητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητής or -τρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, as Adj.=ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ἡ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη ἀποστερητική τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποστερητής, ἰδος, ἡ, v. sub. ἀποστερητής.

ἀποστερίσκω, = ἀποστερέω.

ἀποστηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀποστίλβω, f. ὦσω, to make to shine.

ἀποστίλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀποστυγγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεστυγγισμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti.

ἀποστολεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ἡ, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition. III. the office of an apostle, apostleship.

ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀποστοματίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀποστράκιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to banish by ostracism.

ἀποστράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρσω to encamp at a distance.

ἀποστραφῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of

ἀποστρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 ἀποστρέψασκε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμμαι. To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med.

-στρέψομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβόλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III. to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μὴ μ' ἀποστραφῆς do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ἡ, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὕδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀπόστροφος, ον, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted.

ἀποστυγέω, f. -στυξω: aor. 1 -εστύγησα and -έστυξα: aor. 2 -έστυγον: perf. -εστύγηκα:—to hate utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφέλιζω, f. ξω, to chase away by force.

ἀπο-συκάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, σῦκον) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-συλάω, f. ἥσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συναγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀπο-συρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [ῦ], f. -σύρῶ, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀπο-σφάζω, Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινὰ ἐς ἄγγος, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφακελίζω, f. ἰσω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλλω, f. -σφαλῶ: aor. 1 -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τινὰ πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [ᾱ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφήλειε, ἀποσφήλωσιν, aor. 1 opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω: to seal up, shut up.

ἀπο-σφραίνω, f. -οσφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχαλιδόω, f. ὦσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχαλίδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping hunting-nets.

ἀποσχήσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχεῖν, -σχέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ἰσω: aor. 1 pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἰκαδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐς . . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, ὄν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν he had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαί

τινὶ to bid adieu to a person or thing. ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα ἀποταυροῦσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench.

ἀποτέθνασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνεύς, for ἀποτεθνεύς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. contendere, to hasten onwards.



ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off, 1. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence ἀποτειχίσαι, εὖ, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And ἀποτειχίσμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευτάω, f. ἥσω, to bring quite to an end. 2. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι in a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελέω: pf. -τετέλεκα: —Pass., aor. I -ετέλεσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τήκω, f. ξω, to make to melt away:—Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπετάκην [ᾱ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τηλοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀποτίβας, ον, Dor. and poet. for ἀ-πρόσβατος.

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αἵθρις to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλλω: aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence ἀπότιλμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a sbred.

ἀπο-τίμω, f. ἥσω, not to honour, to slight. II. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως ἀποτιμῆσάμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence ἀποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τιμος, ον, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἄτιμος, dishonoured.

ἀπο-τίνω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τίνω, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τμήγω, f. ξω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτύς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτμήξει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

ἀ-ποτμος, ον, unhappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμάω, f. ἥσω, to make a bold venture. II. absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From ἀπότομος, ον, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. harsh, rough:—Adv. -μως, sharply.

ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀ-ποτος, ον, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀπο-τραγείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτρώγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II. Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

ἀπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τρίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off: Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόπαιος, ον, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. *Dii averrunci*. II. pass. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binder. III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, ον, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ον, (ἀπό, τροφή) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-τρύνω, f. -οτρύνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρεύεσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέτραγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπούρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γὰρ οἱ ἀπουρίζουσιν ἀπούρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from \*ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπο-ουρος, ον, (ἀπό, οὖρος Ion. for ὕρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ἀπουν, τό, gen. ἀποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπειναι) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [ῦ], f. ὕνω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to show

forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. to shew by reasoning, shew, prove. II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to shew, and so to make or render:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόφημι) a denial, negation.

ἀπόφασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀπόφανσις, a sentence, decision.

ἀπο-φάσκω, = ἀπόφημι, to deny.

ἀπο-φάτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπόφημι) denying, negative.

ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: aor. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα: (v. φέρω):—to carry off or away. II. to carry

or bring back: hence 2. to report. 3. to pay

back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III.

to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr.

in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. to

take for oneself, gain, obtain.

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—to flee from, escape. II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς

διώκοντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be

acquitted, opp. to ἀλίσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀπο-

φευκτικά means of escape. And

ἀπόφευξις, εως, ἡ, an escaping, getting off.

ἀπό-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2.

to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέξομαι, Dep. to speak one's

opinion plainly. Hence

ἀπόφθεγκτος, ὄν, = ἀφθεγκτος.

ἀπόφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing ut-

tered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an

apophthegm.

ἀπο-φθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. ἀπέφθαγκα:—to destroy

utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθεροῦμαι, to

be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κόρακα ἀποφθερεῖ μου; wilt

not be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπο-φθινύθω [ϋ], to perish. II. trans., ἀπο-

φθινύθειν θυμόν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίνω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in

Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [ι], part. ἀποφθίμενος:—

to perish utterly, to die away. II. Causal in fut.

ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy.

ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

ἀπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἰζώ, to treat very slight-

ingly, make no account of.

ἀπο-φλοιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀπό, φλοιός) to strip off the rind.

ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ἦσω, to go quite away: esp. of scho-

lars, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φονος, ὄν, murderous. II.

ἀποφορά, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away.

a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid,

tax, tribute.

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself,

to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εως, ἡ, a fencing off, blocking up.

ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φράζω) properly not to be

spoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous:

ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which

no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαραὶ

ἡμέραι.

ἀπο-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγνυμι.

ἀπο-φύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offshoot.

ἀποφυγή, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of

refuge.

ἀπό-φυξις, v. sub ἀπόφευξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf.

ἀποπέφυκα, to grow out like a shoot.

ἀπο-οφώλιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle,

Lat. irritus.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from.

ἀποχάλασμός, ὁ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to slack or loose away, as

one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χάλινω, f. ὠσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. σω, to strip of brass.

ἀπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βίωω) living by

one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote a charge away from

one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to super-

sede, depose. 2. of things, to reject, vote against:

to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εως, ἡ, rejection by show of hands.

ἀπο-οχετεύω, f. σω, to draw off water by a canal.

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. 1 ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. 1 ἀπε-

χύθην [ϋ]: pf. ἀποκέχυμαι:—to pour out, spill, shed.

ἀπο-χραίνω, to soften off the colour, shade off.

ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρῆν, Ion. -χρᾶν:

impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. 1 ἀπέχρησα:—

to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἑκατὸν νέες ἀπο-

χρῶσι. 2. with dat., ποταμὸς οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ

στρατιῇ was not enough for the army: with infin.,

ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3

sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο = ἀπέχρη. 3. Pass. to be

contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένων τούτοις τῶν

Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith. II.

Med. to use to the full. 2. to abuse, misuse, Lat.

abuti.

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω.

ἀπό-χρη, impers., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρήματος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in

money.

ἀπόχρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the

full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρώντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη,

enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχῦθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χωλόω, (ἀπό, χωλός) to make quite lame.

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to dam up, bank up the

mouth of a river, etc.



ἀπο-χωρέω, f. ἤσω or ἤσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat. 3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . ., to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

ἀποχώρησις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀπο-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψῆν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off. 2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself. 3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀπο-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψηφίσμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected. II.

c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal. III.

ἀποψηφίσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence

ἀποψήφισις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλώ, f. ὠσω, to strip of hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-όψομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-όπτομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ψύχω [ῡ], f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon. 2.

c. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχὴν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. II. (ἀπό, ψύχος) to cool, refresh:—

Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off. III.

impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψει.

ἀπραγμόνως, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium. 2.

easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife. 2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτέω, f. ἤσω, to do nothing, to be idle. 2.

to gain nothing. From

ἀπρακτος, Ion. ἀ-πρηκτος, ον: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—

Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable. 2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαν-τικῆς ἀπρακτος ὑμῶν unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success. II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πρῦτος, ον, (a privat., πέπρῡται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πιπράσκω) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πράυντος, Ion. ἀπρήυντος, ον, (a privat., πρᾶύνω) implacable.

ἀ-πρεπής, ἐς, (a privat., πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming. ἀπρεπία, ἡ, poet. for ἀπρέπεια, unseemliness.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀπρίατην, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἄτ] From ἀ-πρίατος, η, ον, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ον, (ἀπρίξ, πλήσσω) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πρίω) properly with closed teeth, like ὀδᾶξ, Lat. mordicus: metaph. importunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, ον, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. -ως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόθυμος, ον, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προϊδής, ἐς, (a privat., προῖδεῖν) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμήθητος, ον, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονόητος, (a privat., προ-νοίω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, ον, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόοπτος, ον, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβατος, Dor. ἀποτίβατος, ον, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, ον, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσήγορος, ον, (a privat., προσήγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage. II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσικτος, ον, (a privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, ον, (a privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκεπτος, ον, (a privat., προσκέβομαι, fut. of προσκοπέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, ον, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, ον, (a privat., προσκόπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμαχος, ον, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμικτος, ον, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (a privat., προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-προσμίλος, ον, unsociable.

ἀ-προστασίον γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προστατής) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστατής or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, ον, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ἀ-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ἀ-προτίμαστος, ον, Dor. for ἀ-πρόσμαστος, (a privat., προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ἀ-προφάσιτος, ον, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing no excuse, ready. Adv. -τως, without evasion, honestly.

ἀ-πρόσφατος, ον, (a privat., πρόφημι) unforetold.

ἀ-προφύλακτος, ον, (a privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

ἀ-πταιστος, ον, (a privat., πταίω) not stumbling; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον to make the horse less apt to stumble.

ἀ-πτερος, ον, (a privat., πτερόν) without wings, un-winged: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἀπτερος ἐπλετο μῦθος the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; ἀπτερα πωτήματα wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfledged, callow; ἀπτερος φάτις an unfledged, i. e. unconfirmed, report.

ἀ-πτῆν, gen. ἀπτῆνος, ὁ, ἡ: dat. pl. ἀπτῆσι: (a privat., πτηνός) unfledged, callow, of young birds: un-winged.

ἀ-πτο-επής, ἐς, (a privat., πτοέω, ἔπος) undaunted in speech.

ἀ-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

ἀπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄπτω) touched, handled: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch.

\*ΑΠΤΩ, f. ἄψω: aor. 1 ἤψα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἤφθην, Ep. ἰάφθην: pf. ἤμμαι, Ion. ἄμμαι. To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing; ἐπὶ δ' ἀσπίς ἰάφθη his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him:—more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. 1 ἤψάμην:—to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp; ἄψασθαι γούνων to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, attack. 3. to touch, affect. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive. 5. to reach, overtake: to gain. II. to kindle, set on fire:—Pass. to take fire: to be set on fire.

ἀ-πτώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πίπτω) not falling or failing, unfailing.

ἀ-πύλωτος, ον, (a privat., πυλώω) not closed by a gate.

ἀ-πυργος, ον, without tower and wall, unfortified.

ἀ-πύργωτος, ον, (a privat., πυργόω) not girt with towers.

ἀ-πύρος, ον, (a privat., πῦρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i. e. new; ἀπυρος οἶκος a cold, cheerless house; χρυσὸς ἀπυρος unrefined, opp. to ἀπεφθός; ἱερὰ ἀπύρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἄθυστα, unoffered: ἄπ. ἄρδης a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-πύρωτος, ον, (a privat., πυρώω) not yet exposed to fire.

ἀ-πυστος, ον, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) of which nothing has been learnt, unknown. II. act. having learnt nothing, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

ἀπύτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡπύτης. [ἀπῦ-]

ἀπύω, Dor. for ἡπύω.

\*ΑΠΦΥΨ or ἀφψς, gen. ὕος, ὁ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, παπα, Hebr. Abba.

ἀπ-φδός, ὅν, (ἀπό, φ'δῆ) discordant, out of tune.

ἀπωθεν, Adv. = ἀποθεν, from afar.

ἀπ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. 1 ἀπέωσα or ἀπωσα:—to thrust off, drive away: of the wind, to beat off, beat from one's course: later, to drive away from the land, banish. 2. to repel, drive back. 3. in

Med. to reject, disdain. Hence

ἀπώθητος, ον, thrust or driven away, rejected.

ἀπώλεια, ἡ, (ἀπόλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

ἀπώλεσα, aor. 1 of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπωλόμην, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀ-πώμαστος, ον, (a privat., πῶμα) without a lid.

ἀπώμοσα, aor. 1 of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀπόμνυμι) a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ἐξωμοσία.

ἀπώμοτος, ον, (ἀπόμνυμι) forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus; βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything. II. act. under oath not to do a thing.

ἀπῶσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσάμην, -σασθαι, aor. 1 med. ind. and inf. of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, ον, (ἀπωθέω, κύμα) repelling waves.

ἀπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπωθέω) a thrusting or driving away.

ἀπωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπωθέω) thrust or driven away from. II. that can be driven away.

ἀπώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:—Sup. ἀπώτατος, η, ον, furthest off.

ἀπωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

ἄρ, Ep. before a consonant for ἄρα.

\*ΑΡΑ, Ep. ῥά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἄρ: I. EPIC USAGE: 1. then, straight-

away; ὡς φάτω, βῆ δ' ἄρ' ὕναιρος thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:—then, next in order, οἱ δ' ἄρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον.

2. explanation of a thing going before; φῆ ῥ' ἀέκητι θεῶν φυγέειν for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron. ἄρα makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, ὃν ἄρ' ἤθελον αὐτοὶ just the one, the very one, which they wished. II.

ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like οὖν, then, therefore, so then; κάλλιστον ἄρα ἡ ἀρετὴ therefore you must allow virtue is best; μάτην ἄρ', ὡς εἰκεν, ἤκομεν so it seems then we are come in vain:—in questions, τίς ἄρα ρύσεται; who then is there to save?—Ἄρα cannot begin a sentence.

ἄρᾱ, interrog. particle, a stronger form of ἄρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? 2. if

an affirmative answer is expected, ἄρα οὐ is used, = Lat. nonne?

3. ἄρα is also used in exclamations; ὀδυνηρὸς ἄρ' ὁ πλοῦτος! grievous then is wealth!—In prose ἄρα always stands first in the sentence.

'ΑΡΑ', Ion. 'ΑΡΗ', ἡ, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin. II. 'Αρά personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. Dira.

ἀραβέω, f. ῥήσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of armour. From



ἌΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a rattling; ἀραβος ὀδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ἀραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) a clashing, rattling; ἀραγμός στέρνων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. *planctus*.

ἀραι, aor. I inf. of αἶρω.

ἌΡΑΙΟΨ, Att. ἀραιός, ἄ, ἔν, also ὅς, ὅν, thin, narrow, weak, slight.

ἀραιός, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐρά) prayed to or entreated; Ζεὺς ἀραιός, = ἱκέσιος. 2. prayed against, accursed. II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [α]

ἀραίρηκα, ἀραιρηκώς, ἀραιρημένος, ἀραίρητο, Ion. redupl. for ἤρηκα, ἤρηκώς, ἤρημένος, ἤρητο, pf. and plqpf. redupl. forms from αἶρέω.

ἀράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αἶρω.

ἀράομαι, f. ἀσομαι [α], Ion. ἥσομαι: pf. ἥραμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., ἀρὰς ἀρᾶσθαι τινι to imprecate curses upon one.

ἀράρε, Dor. for ἀρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, II. ἀράρε, Ep. for ἥράρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

ἀράρεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root \*ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἀρῶ Ion. ἄρω: aor. I ἥρα Ion. ἄρα: aor. 2 ἥραρον Ep. ἄραρον:—to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. II. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἀρηρα Att. ἄραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀραρυῖα: plqpf. ἥραρεν [α]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρηρεμένος, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. ἄρμενος:—to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

ἀράρον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀράρων.

ἀράρως, ἀράρυῖα Ep. ἀράρυῖα, ἀράρός, perf. part. of ἀραρίσκω, fitted, fitting:—Adv. —ότως.

ἀράσσω, Att. —τω: f. ἀράζω Dor. —αζῶ: aor. ἥραξα Ep. ἄραξα:—Pass., aor. I ἥράχθην: (α euphon., ῥάσσω):—to strike hard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλας ἀράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph., ἀράσσειν ὀνειδεῖν to strike with reproaches:—Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clasp, rattle. [α]

ἀράτρός, Ion. ἀρητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀράομαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, unblest.

ἀράχνηος, α, ον, of or belonging to a spider. From

ἌΡΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, = ἀράχνης. II. a spider's web, cobweb, Lat. *aranea*.

ἌΡΑΧΝΗΣ, ὁ, a spider, Lat. *araneus*. Hence

ἀράχνηον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

Ἀραψ, αβος, ὁ, an Arab: also ἌΡΑΒΟΣ, ον, ὁ.

ἈΡΒΥΛΗ, ἡ, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a half-boot. [υ]

ἀρβυλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀρβύλη.

ἀργαῖς, Dor. for ἀργαῖς.

ἀργαλῆος, α, ον, (ἄλγος, as if ἀλγαλέος) hard, painful, grievous, Lat. *gravis*: also of persons, troublesome.

ἀργᾶς, contr. for ἀργαῖς.

Ἀργει-φόντης, ον, ὁ, for Ἀργο-φονευτής, (Ἄργος, φονεῖω) slayer of Argus.

ἀργέλοφοι, ον, οἱ, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, offal, refuse. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργεννός, ἡ, ὅν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἀργός, white, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀργός) white. II. parox-

tone, ἀργέστης, ον, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's *Notus albus*, *detergens nubila caelo*. 2. later, from being the epithet of Ζέφυρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian Σκίρων.

ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for ἀργήτι, ἀργήτα, from ἀργής, white.

ἀργίω, f. ἥσω, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone:—Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

ἀργηῖς Dor. ἀργαῖς, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργᾶντος, = ἀργής.

ἀργής, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, also with poet. dat. and acc. ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός):—white, bright, vivid.

ἀργηστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀργής, white, glancing.

ἀργία, ἡ, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) idleness, laziness: in good sense, leisure.

ἀργι-κέραυνος, ον, (ἀργής, κεραυνός) with white, vivid lightning.

ἀργίλλος or ἀργίλος, ἡ, (ἀργός) white clay, potter's earth, Lat. *argilla*.

ἀργίλλ-ώδης or ἀργίλ-ώδης, ες, (ἀργίλλος, εἶδος) like clay, clayey.

ἀργιλνόεις, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, white, shining.

ἀργι-όδους, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀργίς, ὀδούς) white-toothed, white-tusked.

ἀργί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ἀργός, πούς) swift-footed or white-footed.

ἀργμα, τό, (ἀρχω) only used in plur. ἀργματα = ἀπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

Ἀργολίζω, f. ἴσω, to take the part of Argos. From

Ἀργολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus. 2. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, of Argolis, Argolic.

Ἄργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

ἌΡΓΟΨ, ἡ, ὅν, shining, bright, glistening; πόδας ἀργοί as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὅν, contr. from ἀεργός, (α privat., ἔργον) not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, ἀργός πόνων: of land, lying fallow. II. pass. not done, Lat. *infectus*: unattempted.

ἀργυρ-άγχη, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, ἄγχω) silver-quinsy, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed.

ἀργυρ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ἀμείβω) a money-changer.

ἀργυρεῖον, τό, a silver-mine. Properly neut. from ἀργυρεῖος or ἀργυρεῖος, ον, = ἀργυρεός, ἀργυρεῖα μέταλλα silver-mines.

ἀργυρεός or ἀργυρεῖος, α, ον, contr. ἀργυροῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, (ἀργυρος) silver, of silver.

ἀργυρ-ἡλᾶτος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ἐλαύνω) wrought of silver.

ἀργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀργύριον.

ἀργύριον, τό, (ἀργυρος) a piece of silver: hence 'silver,' i. e. money, cash.

ἀργυρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) a silver vessel.

ἀργυρίτης [ἱ], fem. ἀργυρίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) of or belonging to silver: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), silver-ore.

ἀργυρο-δίνης, ον, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, δίνη) running in silver eddies, epith. of rivers. [ἱ]

ἀργυρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, εἶδος) like silver.

ἀργυρό-ηλος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ἥλος) silver-studded.

ἀργυρο-κόπος, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, κόπτω) a worker in silver, silversmith.

ἀργυρολογέω, (ἀργυρολόγος) to levy money: c. acc. to lay a country under contribution. Hence

ἀργυρολογία, ἡ, a levying of money.

ἀργυρο-λόγος, ον, (ἀργυρος, λέγω) levying money.

ἀργυρό-πεζα, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, πέζα) silver-footed: also ἀργυρό-πεζος, ον.

ἀργυρο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ποιέω) a worker in silver.

ἀργυρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (ἀργυρος, πούς) with silver feet.

ἀργυρορ-ρύτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ῥέω) silver-flowing. [ρῦ]

ἀργ-ῦρος, ὁ, (ἀργός, white) like Lat. arg-entum, the white metal, i. e. silver, first in Homer. 2. silver-money, money.

ἀργυρό-τοξος, ον, (ἀργυρος, τόξον) with silver bow, epith. of Apollo.

ἀργυρο-φειγής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, φέγγος) silver-shining.

ἀργυρόω, f. ὤσω, (ἀργυρος) to turn into silver. 2. to reward with silver:—Pass. to be so rewarded.

ἀργυρ-ώδης, ἐς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. rich in silver.

ἀργυρῶμα, ματος, τό, (ἀργυρόω) silver-plate.

ἀργυρ-ώνητος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ὠνέομαι) bought with silver.

ἀργύφειος, α, ον, (ἀργυρος) silver-white. [ῦ]

ἀργύφος, ον, = ἀργύφειος, epith. of sheep.

Ἀργώ, ὅος, contr. οὗς, ὁ, (ἀργός, swift) the Argo or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

ἀρδεύω, f. ὠω, = ἄρδω, to water, Lat. irrigare.

ἀρδην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶρω) lifted up, raised on high. II. utterly, Lat. penitus.

Ἄραϊς, εως, ἡ, the point of anything, an arrow-head: a sting.

ἀρδμός, ὁ, a watering: a watering-place. From

Ἄραδι, f. ἄρσω: aor. I ἤρσα:—to water cattle, give them to drink:—Pass. to drink. 2. of rivers, to water land, Lat. irrigare. II. metaph. to refresh, foster.

Ἀρίθουσα, ἡ, name of several fountains, perhaps for Ἄρδουσα, waterer: the most famous was at Syracuse.

ἀρειά, Ion. ἀρειή, ἡ, (ἀρά) cursing, threatening language.

Ἄρειος, ον also α, ον, Ion. Ἀρήϊος, η, ον, (Ἄρης) warlike, martial, Lat. Mavortius: Comp. Ἀρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρειος πάγος, ὁ, bill of Ares, Mars' Hill, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: capital crimes came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

Ἀρεί-τολμος, ον, (Ἄρης, τόλμα) full of martial boldness.

Ἀρεί-φᾶτος, Ep. Ἀρηΐφατος, ον, (Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of \*φένω) slain by Ares, i. e. slain in war. 2. later generally = Ἄρειος, martial.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, -ον, τό, gen. ονος, better, stronger, braver: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἄ-ρεκτος, ον, poet. for ἄρρεκτος, undone.

ἀρέομαι, Ion. for ἀράομαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρεσάσθω, Ep. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκέα, ἡ, (ἀρέσκω) a desire to please, complaisance: in bad sense, obsequiousness, flattery.

ἀρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκω, agreeably.

ἀρεσκος, η, ον, desirous to please, complaisant: in bad sense, obsequious, flattering. From

ἀρέσκω, fut. ἀρέσω: aor. I ἤρσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf. ἤρηκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. I ἤρεσάμην, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ἤρέσθην: (\*ἄρω, ἄρω):—to make good, make it up, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we make up among ourselves; ἅψ ἀρέσαι to make amends: c. acc. pers. to conciliate, propitiate, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν; c. gen. τει, ἀρέσαντο φρένας αἵματος they sated their heart with blood:—Pass. to be contented, acquiesce. II. c. dat. pers. to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter, ταῦτα ἀρέσκει μοι: ἀρέσκειν τρόποις τινός to conform to his ways:—impers., ἤρεσέ σφι ταῦτα ποιεῖν it pleased them to do so.

ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκω, pleasing, grateful: acceptable, approved. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀρετάω, f. ἤσω, (ἀρετή) to be fit or proper, to thrive, prosper.

ἀρετή, ἡ, goodness, excellence, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. virtus (from vir), manhood, prowess, valour: also manly beauty, dignity, etc. 2. in Prose, of the virtues of land, fountains, etc. 3. excellence



in art or workmanship, skill.

II. in moral sense, goodness, virtue:—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see Ἄρης.)

ἀρή, ἡ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

ἀρηαι, Ep. for ἄρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.

ἀρηγοσύνη, ἡ, = ἄρηξις.

ἌΡΗΤΩ, f. ξω, to help, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγᾶν ἀρήγει it is meet to be silent.

II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν: also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοις ἀρήγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

ἀρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a helper, aid.

Ἄρηι-θοός, ὄν, (Ἄρης, θοός) swift as Ares, swift in war.

Ἄρηι-κτάμενος, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἄρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.

Ἀρήϊος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for Ἀρείος.

Ἀρηι-φάτος, ὄν, Ion. for Ἀρεί-φάτος.

Ἀρηι-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also ἡ, ὄν, (Ἄρης, φίλος) dear to Ares.

ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀράσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

ἀρημένος, ἡ, ὄν, distressed, harassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)

ἀρηξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour. II. c. gen. rei, help against a thing, means of averting it.

ἀρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: pl. pf. ἀρήρειν.

ἀρηρεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρηροκα, ἀρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρίω.

ἀρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρίω.

ἌΡΗΣ, ὁ: gen. Ἀρεός or Ἀρεώς (never Ἀρός): dat. Ἀρεῖ, Att. contr. Ἀρεῖ, poet. Ἀρη: acc. Ἀρη, also Ἀρην and Ἀρεα: voc. Ἀρες: Ion. and Ep. declension Ἀρηος, ἡ, ἡα. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἄρην, ἄρην, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρι-, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. virtus.)

ἀρητήρ, ἡρος, ὁ: fem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā]

ἀρητός, Ion. for ἀρατός.

ἀρθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἀρθεν, Aeol. for ἤρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἀρθμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.

ἀρθμιος, α, ὄν, joined, united: at peace with another:—as Subst. ἀρθμια, ὡν, τὰ, peaceful relations, concord.

ἀρθμός, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.

ἀρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἀρθρα ποδοῖν the ankles; ἀρθρα τῶν κύκλων the eyes; ἀρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence

ἀρθρώω, f. ὡσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

ἀρθρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀρθρον, εἶδος) well-jointed.

ἌΡΙ- , inseparable Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἀρης, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.

ἀρι-γνώσ, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀρίγνωτος.

ἀρί-γνωτος, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.

ἀρί-δακρῦς, υ, gen. υός, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) much weeping, very tearful.

ἀρί-δαλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηλος.

ἀρι-δείκετος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, δείκνυμι) much shown: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν most renowned of men.

ἀρί-δηλος, ὄν, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.

ἀρί-ζηλος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, Ep. form of ἀρίδηλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. -λως.

ἀρι-ζήλωτος, ὄν, very enviable.

ἀριθματός, ὄν, Dor. for ἀριθμητός.

ἀριθμεῦντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting or reckoning up.

ἀριθμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἡ-κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic. Adv. -κῶς, arithmetically.

ἀριθμητός, ἡ, ὄν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός not counted, held of no account, Lat. nullo in numero habitus.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. numerus. 2. amount, size, etc.; πολὺς ἀριθμὸς χρόνον. 3. number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἵζεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ εἶναι, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no account. 4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγων ἀριθμός a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's nos numerus sumus. II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιῆσθαι τῆς στρατιῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

ἀ-ρίν, = ἄρρις.

Ἄριος, α, ὄν, old word for Μηδικός, Median.

ἀρι-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showy, very splendid.

ἀ-ρίς, = ἄρρις.

ἀρί-σημος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

ἀρίστ-αθλος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, ἄθλον) victorious in the contest.

ἀρίστ-αρχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.

ἀρι-στάφυλος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, στάφυλη) rich in grapes.

ἀριστάω, f. ἡσω: pf. ἤριστήκα, syncop. I pl. ἤρισταμεν, syncop. inf. ἤριστάναι: (ἀριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀριστον.

ἀριστεία, ἡ, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

won the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεία), any great, heroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e. g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

ἀριστεία, τά, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) the prize of the bravest, meed of valour.

ἀριστερός, ἄ, ὄν, left, on the left; ἐπ' ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χεῖρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-handed, clumsy, like French gauche. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀριστεύς, ἑὺς, ὁ, (ἀριστος) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστῆες, Lat. optimates, the noblest chiefs, princes.

ἀριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. ἀριστεύεσκε: f. εὖσω: (ἀριστος):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων ἀριστεύεσκε he was the best of the Trojans; ἀριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., ἀριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι he was best at fighting.

ἀριστήϊον, Ion. for ἀριστεῖον.

ἀριστίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀριστον) to give one breakfast:—Med. to breakfast.

ἀριστίνδην, Adv. (ἀριστος) according to rank or merit.

ἀριστοκρατία, ἡ, (ἀριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

ἀριστοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, aristocratical.

ἀριστόμαντις, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

ἀριστομάχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, μάχη) fighting best.

ἌΡΙΣΤΟΝ, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman prandium.

ἀριστόνοος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, νόος) of the best disposition.

ἀριστοποιέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

ἀριστος, η, ὄν, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός: of persons, best, i. e. bravest or noblest: c. inf., ἀριστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἀριστος ἀπατάσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i. e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἀρίστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ὦριστος Hom., ἀριστος, Att., ὦριστος Dor. (On deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἀριστοτόκεια, ἡ, poet. fem. of ἀριστοτόκος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, τεκεῖν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστόχειρ, εἶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, χεῖρ) with the best hand; ἀγὼν ἀριστόχειρ a contest won by the stoutest hand.

ἀριστῶδιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, ὠδὶς) bearing the best children.

ἀρι-σφαλής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, σφάλλειν) very slippery or treacherous.

ἀρι-φραδής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, φράζομαι) easily knotty, very

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέως, very plainly.

ἄρκιος, α, ὄν, = ἄρκτειος, of a bear.

ἄρκειόντως, Att. contr. ἀρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἄρκειω, enough; ἀρκούντως ἔχει it is enough.

ἄρκεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἄρκειω) help, aid, service.

ἄρκετός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄρκειω) sufficient. Adv. -τῶς.

ἄρκευν, Ion. for ἀρκούν, pres. part. neut. of

ἌΡΚΕΩ, f. ἔσω: aor. 1 ἤρκεσα:—pf. pass. ἤρκεσμαι:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid. II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. 2. impers.,

ἄρκεῖ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; ἀρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good. III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of ἀρήγω.)

ἄρκιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, safe, sure; νῦν ἄρκιον ἡ ἀπολέσθαι ἢ σαωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἄρκιος μισθός a sure reward. II. enough, sufficient.

ἀρκούντως, contr. for ἀρκειόντως.

ἄρκτειος, α, ὄν, (ἄρκτος) of a bear.

ἄρκτηον, verb. Adj. of ἀρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from ἀρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. e. one must obey.

ἌΡΚΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a bear. 2. Ἄρκτος, ἡ, the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere ἄμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

Ἄρκτο-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, οὔρος) Arcturus or Bear-guard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Boötes. II. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

Ἄρκτο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, φύλαξ) = Ἄρκτοῦπος, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

ἌΡΚΥΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, vos, ἡ, a net, hunter's net, Lat. cassis; ἄρκυες ξίφους the toils, i. e. perils, of the sword.

ἄρκυ-στάσις, ἡ, or ἄρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (ἄρκυς, ἵστημι) a line of nets. ἄρκυ-στάτος, η, ὄν, or ος, ὄν, (ἄρκυς, ἵστημι) surrounded with nets; ἄρκυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἄρκυστάτον, τό, a net or place beset with nets.

ἄρκυ-σφύρα, ὁ, (ἄρκυς, οὔρος) a watcher of nets. ἄρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἄρμος, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

ἄρμαλία, ἡ, (ἀρμόζω) sustenance allotted, food.

ἄρμι-ἄμαξα, ης, ἡ, (ἄρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

ἄρμάτειος, α, ὄν, (ἄρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast.

ἄρματεύω, f. σω, (ἄρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

ἄρματῆλασία, ἡ, chariot-driving. From ἄρματῆλατέω, f. ἤσω, to drive a chariot. From ἄρματ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρμα, ἐλαύνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.



ἀρματοκύπος, ον, (ἄρμα, κυπέω) rattling with cbariots.

ἀρματοπηγός, ον, (ἄρμα, πήγνυμι) making cbariots; ἀρματοπηγός, ὁ, a wheeltwright, cbariot-maker.

ἀρματοτροφία, f. ἡσω, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) to keep cbariot horses, esp. for racing. Hence

ἀρματοτροφία, ἡ, a keeping of cbariot horses.

ἀρματοτροχία, Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (ἄρμα, τροχός) the course of a cbariot, wheel-track.

ἀρματωλία, ἡ, = ἀρματηλασία.

ἄρμενα, τά, the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like ὕπλα. (From same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω.)

ἄρμενος, η, ον, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρμόδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀρμόζω) fitting together: hence well-fitting, agreeable.

ἀρμόζω, Att. ἀρμόττω, Dor. ἀρμόσσω: f. ἀρμόσω:

aor. I ἤρμωσα: pf. ἤρμωκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρμόσθην:

pf. ἤρμωμαι: (ἀρμός, ἄρω):—to fit together, join,

esp. of joiner's work:—Med. to join for oneself, put

together: to prepare, make ready. 2. of marriage,

to give in marriage:—Med. to marry, take to wife:

—Pass. to be married to. 3. to bind fast. 4.

to set in order, arrange, govern. II. intrans. to

fit, fit well: to be adapted, fit for. III. impers.,

ἀρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. decet, c. inf.; σιγᾶν ἂν ἀρμόζοι.

ἀρμοῖ, Adv., = ἄρτι, just, newly, lately. (Properly

an old dat. of ἀρμός.)

ἄρμο-λογέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρμός, λέγω) to join together.

ἄρμονία, ἡ, (ἀρμόζω) a fitting together: a joint. II.

a union between persons, covenant. III. an ordi-

nance, decree; hence fate. IV. as a term in

music, harmony, concord. 2. in Rhet. the intona-

tion of the voice. 3. generally, harmony, agree-

ment, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικῶν ἄρμονία woman's

perverse temper.

ἄρμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρμόζω) skilled in music: τὰ

ἄρμονικά the theory of music.

ἀρμός, ὁ, (ἀ for ἄρμα, ἄρω) a joining, a joint; ἀρμός

χώματος λιθοσπαθής a joint or opening in the tomb

made by tearing away the stones.

ἀρμόσσω, Dor. for ἀρμόζω.

ἄρμωσμα, ατος, τό, (ἀρμόζω) joined work.

ἄρμωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = sq.: poet., also ἀρμόστωρ, a

commander.

ἄρμωστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀρμόζω) one who arranges or

governs, a governor: esp. a barmost, the governor of

the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out

by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also

the governor of a dependent colony.

ἀρμόττω, Att. for ἀρμόζω, q. v.

ἄρνα, acc. with no nom. in use, dual ἄρνε, plur.

ἄρνες, etc.; v. sub ἄρνός.

ἄρνακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἄρνός) a sheep's skin.

ἄρνεος, α, ον, (ἄρνός) of a lamb or sheep; ἄρνεος

φόνος slaughtered sheep.

ἄρνεός, ὁ, (ἄρνός) a young ram: but as Adj., ἄρ-

ἄρνεο-θοίνης, ον, ὁ, (ἄρνός, θοινάω) feasting on sheep.

'ΑΡΝΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡρνήθην,

but also aor. med. I ἡρνησάμην: Dep.:—opp. to εἰπεῖν,

to deny: opp. to δοῦναι, to refuse: absol. to say no,

decline: c. inf. to refuse to do.

ἄρνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄρνεύω) a tumbler: also a diver.

ἄρνεύω, f. σω, (ἄρνός) to frisk like a lamb, tumble.

ἄρνήσιμος, η, ον, (ἄρνεύω) to be denied.

ἄρνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄρνεύω) denial.

ἄρνιον, τό, Dim. of ἄρνός, a young lamb, lambkin.

'ΑΡΝΟΣ, τοῦ, τῆς, gen. of an obsol. nom. \*ἄρς,

the nom. in use being ἄρνός: dat. ἄρνι, acc. ἄρνα;

du. ἄρνε; pl. ἄρνες, gen. ἄρνων, dat. ἄρνασι (Ep. ἄρ-

νεσσι), acc. ἄρνας:—a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna: also

a sheep.

ἄρνευμαι, defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf.,

lengthd. form of αἶρωμαι, to receive for oneself, gain,

earn, carry off as a prize.

ἄρξευμαι, Dor. for ἄρξομαι, fut. of ἄρχομαι.

ἄρόμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of αἶρω.

ἄρον, -άτω, aor. I imperat. of αἶρω.

ἄρόσιμος, ον, (ἄρώω) arable, fruitful: metaph. fit

for engendering children.

ἄροσις, εως, ἡ, (ἄρώω) a ploughing, tillage. II.

arable land, corn-land, Lat. arum.

ἄροτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄρώω) a ploughman, husbandman;

βοῦς ἄροτήρ a steer for ploughing. II. metaph.

a father.

ἄρότης, ον, ὁ, = ἄροτήρ, a ploughman; Πιερίδων

ἄρόται labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets.

ἄροτος, ὁ, (ἄρώω) tillage, ploughing, husbandry; ζῆν

ἄπ' ἄροτος to live by husbandry. 2. the crop, fruit

of the field: also a field. II. the season of tillage,

seed-time.

ἄροτραῖος, α, ον, (ἄροτρον) of corn-land.

ἄροτρεύς, εως, ὁ, = ἄροτήρ. Hence

ἄροτρεύω, f. σω, = ἄρώω, to plough.

ἄροτρητής, οὔ, ὁ, of or for the plough.

ἄροτριάω, f. ἄσω [ἄ], = ἄρώω, to plough.

ἄροτρο-διάυλος, ὁ, (ἄροτρον, διάυλος) one who

ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the διάυλος.

ἄροτρον, τό, (ἄρώω) a plough, Lat. aratrum.

ἄροτρο-πόνος, ον, (ἄροτρον, πόνος) labouring at

the plough.

ἄροτρο-φορέω, f. ἡσω, (ἄροτρον, φέρω) to draw

the plough.

ἄρούμαι [ἄ], fut. med. of αἶρω: but ἄρούμαι [ἄ]

of αἶρω.

ἄρουρα, ἡ, (ἄρώω) tilled or arable land, seed-land,

corn-land, Lat. arum: also generally, soil, land;

πατρίς ἄρουρα father-land:—metaph. of a woman as

giving birth to children. Hence

ἄρουραῖος, α, ον, belonging to corn-land, rustic; μῦς

ἄρουραῖος a field-mouse.

ἄρούριον, τό, Dim. of ἄρουρα.

ἄρουρό-πονός, ον, (ἄρουρα, πόνος) working in the

field.

'ΑΡΟΨ, f. ὄσω, poet. ὄσσω: aor. I ἤρωσα: pf.

ἀρήροκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡρόθην: pf. ἀρήρομαι:—to plough, till, Lat. arare.

II. to sow, ἀροῦν εἰς κήπους. 2. metaph. of the husband, to beget: Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

ἀρώσι, Ep. for ἀροῦσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρώ.

ἀρπάγή, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity.

ἀρπάγη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) a hook for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. barpāgo.

ἄρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀρπάζω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

ἄρπαγμός, ὁ, (ἀρπάζω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder.

ἌΡΠΑ'ΖΩ, fut. ἀρπάξω, Att. ἀρπάσω or ἀρπάσομαι: aor. I ἤρπαξα, Att. ἤρπασα: pf. ἤρπακα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρπαχθην or ἤρπάσθην: aor. 2 ἤρπάγην [ᾱ]: pf. ἤρπαγμαῖ or ἤρπασμαι:—to ravish away, to carry off; in part., ἀρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

ἀρπακτήρ, ὁ, a robber.—Fem. ἀρπάκτειρα.

ἀρπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπάζω) seized in haste.

ἀρπαλέος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (ἀρπάζω) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έως, eagerly. Hence

ἀρπαλίζω, f. ἴσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive.

ἄρπαξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rapax. II. as Subst. ἄρπαξ, ὁ, a robber, plunderer. 2. ἄρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

ἀρπεδόνη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

ἄρπη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) a bird of prey, a kind of falcon. II. a sickle: a scimitar.

ἄρπυιαι, αἱ, (ἀρπάζω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

ἌΡΡΑ'ΒΩ'Ν, ὦνος, ὁ, earnest-money, caution-money: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrābo, arrba.

ἀρ-ράφος, ον, (a privat., ραφῆναι) unsewed, without seam or suture.

ἀρ-ρεκτος, ποῦτ. ἀ-ρεκτος, ον, (a privat., ρέζω) undone: unfinished.

ἀρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρρην) masculine, male.

ἀρρενό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρρην, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy.

ἀρρέν-ωπος, ον, (ἀρρην, ὦψ) masculine-looking, masculine.

ἀρ-ρηκτος, ον, (a privat., ρήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. -τως.

ἌΡΡΗΝ, ὁ, ἡ, ἀρρεν, τό, gen. ενος: old Att. ἀρ-σιν: Ion. ἔρσιν:—male, opp. to θῆλυς: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst. ἀρρην, ὁ, the male.

ἀρρηνής, ἐς, (ἀρρην) fierce, savage.

ἀρ-ρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., ρηθῆναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious; διδασκτά τ' ἀρρητά τε things

that may be published and must not be told. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; ἀρρητ' ἀρρητων things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken; ρητὰ καὶ ἀρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda.

ἀρρηφορέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

ἀρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

Ἄρρη-φόροι, αἱ, (ἀρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἀρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

ἀρ-ρίγητος, ον, (a privat., ρίγέω) not shivering from cold or fear.

ἀρ-ρίζος, ον, (a privat., ρίζα) not rooted.

ἀρ-ρίς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ρίς) without nose, without smell.

ἌΡΡΙΧΟΣ, ὁ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [χ]

ἀρ-ρυθμος, ον, (a privat., ρυθμός) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. -μως, out of time.

ἀρ-ρυτίδωτος, ον, (a privat., ρυτίς) unwrinkled.

ἀρ-ρώξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ρώξ) without cleft, unbroken.

ἀρρωστέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

ἀρρώστημα, ματος, τό, a sickness.

ἀρρωστία, ἡ, (ἀρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεύειν inability to serve from ill health.

ἀρ-ρωστος, ον, (a privat., ρώννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

ἄρσαι, ἄρσον, ἄρσαντες, and ἄρσάμενος, aor. I act. and med. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἄρσε, Ep. for ἤρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρσενικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀρρενικός.

ἀρσενο-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρσιν, κοίτη) one guilty of unnatural offences.

ἌΡΣΗΝ, εν, Ion. and Att. for later ἀρρην.

ἄρσιος, ον, (ἄρω) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

ἀρσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀερσίπους (αἶρω, πούς) lifting the feet.

ἄρσις, εως, ἡ, (αἶρω) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσις the letting it sink.

ἄρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, artaba, = 1 medimnus + 2 choenices.

ἀρτάμέω, f. ἴσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

ἌΡΤΑ'ΜΟΣ, ὁ, a butcher, cook.

ἀρτάνη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἀρτάω) that by which something is hung up, a rope, halter.

ἀρτάω, Ion. ἀρτέω: f. ἴσω: pf. ἤρτηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρτήθην: pf. ἤρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέαται: (same Root as ἀρρίσκω):—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another:—Pass. to be hung upon, hang upon, ἐκ τινος: hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab aliquo. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.



ἀρτέαται, Ion. for ἡρτηνται or ἡρτημένοι εἰσί, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

ἀρτεμής, ἐς, (ἀρτίος) safe and sound. Hence

ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.

\*ARTEMIS, gen. ἰδος, acc. ἰν or ἰδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανὰ βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

Ἄρτεμῖσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

Ἄρτεμῖσιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

ἀρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, *suprærum*.

ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτάω.

ἀρτημα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which hangs down, a hanging ornament, pendant.

ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

\*ΑΡΤΙ, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

ἀρτιάω, f. άσω, (ἀρτίος) to play at odd and even, Lat. *par impar ludere*. II. to count.

ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτίος) an even number of times.

ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

ἀρτί-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.

ἀρτι-γένειος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.

ἀρτι-γέννητος, ον, new-born.

ἀρτι-γλύφης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

ἀρτι-γονος, ον, just born.

ἀρτι-δαής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, δαῖναι) just taught.

ἀρτί-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.

ἀρτί-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

ἀρτιέπεια, ἡ, pecul. fem. of

ἀρτι-επής, ἐς, (ἀρτίος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib.

ἀρτι-ζυγία, ἡ, (ἀρτι, ζυγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτιζυγία newly-married husbands.

ἀρτίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἀρτίος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θαλής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θαλεῖν) just blooming.

ἀρτι-θανής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θανεῖν) just dead.

ἀρτί-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together; εἰς ἀρτίκολλον in the nick of time, opportunely.

ἀρτι-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομάω) just having got hair or leaves.

ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχεύω) just born.

ἀρτι-μαθής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.

ἀρτίος, α, ον, (ἀραρίσκω, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; ἀρτία βάζειν to speak to the purpose; ἀρτία ἦδη thought things fitting or agreeable. 2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισσός, odd.

ἀρτι-παγής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, παγῆναι aor. 2 pass. of πήγ-

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *recens coactus*.

ἀρτί-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

ἀρτί-πος, Ep. for ἀρτί-πους.

ἀρτί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀρτίος, πούς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χαλός. II. coming just in time.

ἀρτίσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρτίζω) a preparing, adorning.

ἀρτί-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

ἀρτί-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.

ἀρτί-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born. 2.

παροxyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.

ἀρτι-φανής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, φανῆναι) just become visible.

ἀρτί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτίος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

ἀρτι-φυής, ἐς, and ἀρτίφυτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

ἀρτι-χανής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, χανεῖν) just yawning or opening.

ἀρτί-χνους, ον, (ἀρτι, χνόος contr. χνούς) with the down just growing.

ἀρτί-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτίος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.

ἀρτο-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-λάγυνος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

ἀρτο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

ἀρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

ἀρτο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτοπώλης, a bread-woman.

\*ΑΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

ἀρτο-σιτέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat wheaten bread, opp. to ἀλφιτοσιτέω to eat barley-bread.

ἀρτοφάγος, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.

ἀρτύμα, τό, (ἀρτύνω) seasoning, spice.

ἀρτύνας, ὁ, (ἀρτύνω) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστής.

ἀρτύνω [ῦ], fut. ἀρτύνω, Ep. ἀρτύνέω: aor. I ἡρτῦνα: aor. I pass. ἡρτύνθην:—also ἀρτύω: fut. ἀρτύσω [ῦ]: aor. I ἡρτῦσα: pf. ἡρτῦκα, pass. ἡρτῦμαι: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτύνειν, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare, make ready.

ἀρύβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρύταινα.

ἀρυσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.  
 ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, = ἀρυτήρ.  
 ἀρύστιχος, ὅ, Dim. of ἀρυτήρ, a small ladle.  
 ἀρύταινα, ἡς, ἡ, = ἀρυτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.  
 ἀρυτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.  
 ἀρυτήσιμος, ὄν, (ἀρίω) fit to drink.  
 ἈΡΥΤΩ, Att. ἀρύτω [ῥ]: f. ῥύω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ῥῥυσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ῥῥύθην [ῥ] or ῥῥύσθην: cf. ἀνύω, ἀνύτω. Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύεσθαι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.  
 ἀρχ-ἄγγελος, ὅ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel.  
 ἀρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.  
 ἀρχαῖό-γονος, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.  
 ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἥσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From  
 ἀρχαιο-λόγος, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes ancient history.  
 ἀρχαιο-μελη-σιδωνο-φρύνιχ-ἡράτος, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, ἡράτος) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynicus' Phoenissae.  
 ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρχαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.  
 ἀρχαῖό-πλουτος, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος, πλούτος) rich from olden time.  
 ἀρχαιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-honoured.  
 ἀρχαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαῖκος, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2. ancient, former.  
 ἀρχαῖό-τροπος, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.  
 ἀρχ-αιρεσία, ἡ, (ἀρχή, αἵρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence  
 ἀρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to hold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.  
 ἀρχαῖως, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.  
 ἀρχε-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.  
 ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήϊον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. ἀρχεῖος, α, ὄν: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.  
 ἀρχέ-κακος, ὄν, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.  
 ἀρχέ-λαός, ὄν, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ὡν, (ἀρχε-, λαός) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λας.  
 ἀρχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀρχω.  
 ἀρχέ-πλουτος, ὄν, (ἀρχε-, πλούτος) enjoying ancient wealth.  
 ἀρχέτας, ὅ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader, prince. II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.  
 ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύπος) an archetype, pattern, model.

ἀρχεύω, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.  
 ἀρχέ-χορος, ὄν, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.  
 ἈΡΧΗ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the first; absol., ἀρχήν at first; οὐκ ἀρχήν not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2. a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαί, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei, ἀρχή τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταί by election, κληρωταί by lot.  
 ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing.  
 ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and  
 ἀρχηγετίω, f. ἥσω, to make a beginning. From  
 ἀρχ-ηγέτης, ὄν, ὅ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ἰδος, but dat. ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχαγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a first leader, prince, chief.  
 ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-αγός, ὄν, (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχηγέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first father. 2. a prince, chief.  
 ἀρχήθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.  
 ἀρχήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.  
 ἀρχήν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.  
 ἈΡΧΙ-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.  
 ἀρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.  
 ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχιερεύς) belonging to the Chief Priest.  
 ἀρχ-ιερεύς, ἐως, ὅ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιέρεως, εως; also ἀρχιερεύς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιρέας: (ἀρχω, ἱερεύς) a chief priest, bigb priest.  
 ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ἱερωσύνη) the chief priesthood.  
 ἀρχι-θάλασσος, ὄν, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.  
 ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ἥσω, to be ἀρχιθέωρος. From  
 ἀρχι-θέωρος, ὅ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.  
 ἀρχι-κλωψ, ὡπος, ὅ, a chief of robbers.  
 ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.  
 ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ὄν, ὅ, a chief pilot.  
 ἀρχι-μῖμος, ὅ, a chief comedian.  
 ἀρχι-οινόχοος, ὅ, a chief cupbearer.  
 ἀρχι-πειρατής, οὐ, ὅ, a chief of pirates.  
 ἀρχι-ποιμήν, gen. ενος, ὅ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.  
 ἀρχ-ιερεύς, ὅ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεύς.  
 ἀρχι-συναγωγός, ὅ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.  
 ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἥσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From  
 ἀρχι-τέκτων, ὄν, ὅ, a master-builder, director of



works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

ἀρχι-τελώνης, ου, ὁ, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.

ἀρχι-τρίκλινος, ὁ, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

ἀρχός, ὁ, a leader, chief, commander. From ἄρχω, f. ἀρξω: aor. I ἤρξα: pf. ἤρξα:—more commonly in Med. ἀρχομαι: fut. ἀρξομαι: aor. I ἤρξαμην: pf. ἤρξαμην:—Pass., fut. ἀρχθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρθη: pf. ἤρθη:—1. of Time, to begin: c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἀρχεῖν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἀρχεσθαι οἰκοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχὴ ἀρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink. 2. to begin from or with; ἀρχεσθαι Διὸς to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium. 3. c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἀρχεῖν θεοῖς δαιτός to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs. 4. c. acc., ἀρχεῖν ὁδόν τινι to shew him the way:—imperat., ἀρχε begin!—part. ἀρχόμενος, at first. II. of Place and Station, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:—more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιν ἀρχεῖν:—c. acc. cognato, ἀρχεῖν ἀρχὴν to hold an office. 2. Pass. to be ruled or governed: οἱ ἀρχόμενοι subjects.

ἀρχων, οντος, ὁ, (properly part. of ἀρχω) a ruler, captain, chief, king. 2. οἱ Ἀρχοντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Ἀρχων or Ἀρχων ἐπάνυμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεύς, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχος, the remaining six οἱ Θεσμοθέται.

ἄρχω, a form assumed as the Root of ἀραρίσκω. ἀρῶ [ᾱ], fut. of αἰρώ: but ἀρῶ [ᾱ], of αἶρω. ἀρωγή, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; ὁρωγὴ νόσου help against disease.

ἀρωγο-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (ὁρωγός, ναύτης) helper of sailors.

ἀρωγός, ὄν, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing. II. as Subst. ἀρωγός, ὄν, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

ἄρωμα, τό, any seasoning, spice.

ἄρωμα, τό, (ἀρώω) corn-land, Lat. arum.

ἀρώμεναι, Ep. for ἀροῦν, contr. from ἀροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρώω.

ἄρωραιος, Dor. for ἀρουραιός.

ἄς, ἄς or ἄς, Aeol. and Dor. for ἕως, till, until.

ἄς, Dor. gen. for ἡς, from ὅς, ἡ, ὅ.

ἄσαι, contr. for ἀάσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀάω, to hurt.

ἄσαι, aor. I inf. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄσαι, contr. for αἰσαι, aor. I inf. of αἰίδω.

ἄσαιμι, aor. I opt. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄ-σακτος, ὄν, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down.

ἄ-σαλαμίνιος, ὄν, (a privat., Σαλαμίνιος) not having been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μί]

ἄ-σάλευτος, ὄν, (a privat., σαλευτός) unsbaken, calm.

ἄ-σαμεν, 1 plur. aor. 2 of ἄω, to sleep.

ἄ-σάμινθος, ἡ, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄ-σάνῃ, ἄ-σάνῃ, ἄ-σάνῃ, Lacon. for Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναῖος.

ἄ-σάνδαλος, ὄν, (a privat., σάνδαλον) without sandals.

ἄ-σαντος, ὄν, (a privat., σαίνω) not to be flattered, harsh, morose.

ἄ-σαρκος, ὄν, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean.

ἄ-σατο, contr. for ἀάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀάω, to hurt.

ἄ-σασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄ-σάφεια, ἡ, indistinctness. From ἄ-σάφης, ἑς, (a privat., σαφής) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φῶς, indistinctly.

ἄ-σάω, f. ἡσω, (ἄση) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:—Pass. ἄ-σάομαι, with aor. I pass. ἄσηθην, and med. ἄσημην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.

ἄ-σβεστος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless. II. as Subst., ἄσβεστος (sub. τίτανος), ἡ, unslaked lime. 2. asbestos, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

ἄ-σβολος, ἡ, rarely ὁ, also ἄσβόλη, ἡ, soot.

ἄ-σε, for ἀάσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀάω, to hurt.

ἄ-σεβεια, ἡ, (ἀσεβής) impiety, profaneness.

ἄ-σεβέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀσεβής) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods. Hence

ἄ-σεβημα, ατος, τό, an impious act, a sin.

ἄ-σεβής, ἑς, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.

ἄ-σειν, fut. inf. of ἄω, to satiate. [ᾱ]

ἄ-σείρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., σειρώω) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφόροι.

ἄ-σελαστος, ὄν, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.

ἄ-σελγαίνω, f. ἄνω: pf. pass. ἡσέλγημαι: (ἀσελγής):—to behave licentiously.

ἄ-σελγεια, ἡ, (ἀσελγής) licentiousness.

ἄ-σελγής, ἑς, (a privat., θέλω) licentious, brutal. Adv. -ῶς, extravagantly.

ἄ-σελήνης, ὄν, (a privat., σελήνη) without moon.

ἄ-σεπτέω, = ἄ-σεβέω, to act impiously. From ἄ-σεπτος, ὄν, (a privat., σέβω) not to be revered, unboly.

ἄ-σεσθε, 2 pl. fut. med. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄ-σεῦμαι, Dor. for αἰείσομαι, Att. ἄ-σομαι, fut. of αἰίδω.

ἄ-ση, ἡ, (ἄω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. generally, anguish, distress.

ἄ-σηθής, ἄ-σηθῆναι, aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ἄ-σάω.

ἄ-σήμαντος, ὄν, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader, untended. II. unsealed, unmarked.

ἄ-σημος, ὄν, (a privat., σημά) without sign or mark; ἄσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ἄσημα ὅπλα arms without device. II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure. III. indistinct, unseen, unheard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.

ἀ-σῆμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, = ἄσημος.

ἀσθένεια, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) want of strength, weakness, sickness. 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, *ἑ*, ἡσώ, (ἀσθενής) to be weak, feeble, sickly.

ἀσθένημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσθενέω) an infirmity.

ἀσθενής, *ἑς*, (a privat., σθένος) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor; οἱ ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

ἀσθενόω, *ἑ*, ὥσω, (ἀσθενής) to weaken.

ἀσθενῶς, *Adv.* of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly.

ἀσθμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἄω, to blow) hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing.

ἀσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath.

Ἀσι-άρχης, *ον*, ὁ, (Ἀσία, ἄρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

Ἀσιάς, *ἄδος*, ἡ, (Ἀσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἀσιάς (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.

Ἀσιατο-γενής, *ἑς*, (Ἀσία, γένος) of Asiatic descent.

ἀσίδηρος, *ον*, (a privat., σίδηρος) not of iron. 2. without sword.

ἀσίνης, *ἑς*, (a privat., σίνομαι) of persons, unburt, unbarmed: of things, undamaged. II. act. not barmg, doing no harm: innocent. 2. protecting from harm. Hence

ἀσινῶς, *Adv.* innocently: Sup. ἀσινέστατα.

ἄσιος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄσις) slimy, miry.

ἄσις, *εως*, ἡ, slime, mud.

ἀσιτίω, *ἑ*, ἡσώ, (ἄσιτος) to go without food, to fast.

ἀσιτία, ἡ, want of food, fasting. From

ἄσιτος, *ον*, (a privat., σίτος) without eating, fasting.

ἀσκάλαβος or ἀσκαλαβώτης, ὁ, a kind of lizard.

ἄσκαλος, *ον*, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug.

ἀσκάντης, *ον*, ὁ, a mean bed. II. a bier.

ἀσκαρδαμυκτεῖ and -κτί, *Adv.* of ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, without winking, without unchanged look.

ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, *ον*, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

ἀσκελής, *ἑς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, withered. 2. neut. ἀσκελής, as *Adv.*, also ἀσκελῶς, obstinately, stubbornly.

ἀσκέπαρνος, *ον*, (a privat., σκέπαρνον) unbewn.

ἀσκεπτος, *ον*, (a privat., σκέπομαι fut. of σκοπέω) inconsiderate:—*Adv.* -τως, inconsiderately. II. unconsidered, unobserved.

ἀσκευής, *ἑς*, = ἄσκευος.

ἀσκευος, *ον*, (a privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with . . ., ἄσκευος ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατοῦ.

Ἀσκεῖν, *ἑ*, ἡσώ: pf. ἡσκηκα, pass. ἡσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, ἀσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, ἀσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 2. c. inf., ἀσκῶ τοιαύτη μένειν I practise or endeavour to remain such.

3. absol. to practise, train.

ἀσκηθής, *ἑς*, unburt, unbarmed: unscathed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀσκημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσκέω) an exercise.

ἀσκησος, *ον*, (a privat., σκηνή) without tents.

ἀσκησις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἀσκέω) exercise, training; ἀσκησίνος practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

ἀσκητέος, *α*, *ον*, verb. Adj. of ἀσκέω, to be practised.

ἀσκητής, *ου*, ὁ, (ἀσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ἰδιώτης: an athlete. Hence

ἀσκητικός, ἡ, ὄν, industrious: athletic.

ἀσκητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀσκέω) curiously wrought. 2. exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτός.

ἄσκιος, *α*, *ον*, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

ἄσκιπών, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., σκίπων) without a staff. [ῖ]

Ἀσκληπιεῖον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From

Ἀσκληπιός, ὁ, Asclepius, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

ἄσκοπος, *ον*, (a privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός. II. pass. unseen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

ἄσχο'ς, ὁ, a leather bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, an animal's hide:—proverb., ἀσκὸν δέρειν τινά to flay one alive; ἀσκὸς δεδάρθαι to be flayed alive.

ἀσκόλια, τά, (ἀσκός) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence

Ἀσκολιάζω, *ἑ*, σῶ, to dance as at the Ascolia.

ἄσκιον, *ατος*, τό, (ἀσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

ἄσκιον, τό, (ἄσκιον) a song, lay.

ἄσκιον-κάμπτης, *ον*, ὁ, (ἄσκιον, κάμπτης) twister of song.

ἄσκιον, *η*, *ον*, as if for ἡσμένον, perf. pass. part. of ἡδομαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ἀσμένω μοι ἂν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ἀσμενώτερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος. *Adv.* -ως, gladly, readily.

ἄσκιον, contr. for ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω, to sing.

ἄσκιον, *ον*, (a privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.

Ἀσπιάζομαι, fut. ἀσπιάζομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave. 2. to embrace, kiss, caress. 3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master. 4. ἀσπιάζεσθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .

ἄσπαιρω, *Ion.* impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπαίρω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.

ἄσπάλανθος, ὁ, a sweet-scented shrub.

ἄσπαραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, ὁ, asparagus.

ἄσπαρτος, *ον*, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, unsown, untilled: of plants, not sown, growing wild.



ἀσπάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀσπάζομαι) *welcome, well-pleasing*. II. *well-pleased, glad*. Hence

ἀσπασίως, Adv. *readily, gladly*.

ἀσπασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *a welcome, greeting*: in plur. *embraces*.

ἀσπασμός, ό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *an embrace: affection*.

ἀσπαστός, ή, έν, = ἀσπάσιος, *welcome*.

ἀσπειστος, ον, (a privat., σπένδομαι) *to be appeased by no libations, implacable*.

ἀσπερμος, ον, (a privat., σπέρμα) *without seed, i.e. without posterity*.

ἀσπερχές, Adv., (a euphon., σπέρχω) *bastily, botly, unceasingly*.

ἀσπετος, ον, (a privat., εἰπεῖν) *unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great*: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., *unspeakably*:—but, φωνή ἀσπετος *an indistinct voice*.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ήτος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) *one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward*.

ἀσπίδ-στροφός, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) *wielding a shield*.

ἀσπίδ-φόρος, ον, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) *shield-bearing*: as Subst. *a shield-bearer, warrior*.

ἀσπίδιώτης, ό, (ἀσπίς) *shield-bearing, a warrior*.

ἀσπίδ-ούχος, ό, (ἀσπίς, έχω) *a shield-bearer*.

ἀσπίδοπηγεῖον, τό, *an armourer's shop*. From

ἀσπίδο-πηγός, ό, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) *a shield-maker*.

ἀσπίδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) *living by the shield, a warrior*.

ἀσπίλος, ό, ή, (a privat., σπίλος) *without stain, spotless, pure*.

'ΑΣΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, *a round shield*, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (ὀμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was ὕπλον, Lat. *scutum*.

2. in common language used for a body of men-at-arms (ὕπλιται), ὀκτακισχιλίη ἀσπίς 8000 *heavy-armed men*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἴκοσι τάξασθαι *to draw men up twenty-five deep*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα, παρ' ἀσπίδα *on or to the left, right shoulders forward*, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to ἐπὶ δόρυ.

II. *an asp, a kind of snake*.

ἀσπιστήρ, ήρος, ό, and ἀσπιστής, ον, ό, (ἀσπίς) *one armed with a shield, a warrior*: also ἀσπίστωρ, as Adj., κλόνοι ἀσπίστορες *din of shielded warriors*.

ἀσπλαγχνος, ον, (a privat., σπλάγχνα) *without bowels*: metaph. *heartless or merciless*.

ἀσπονδεί, Adv. *implacably*. From

ἀσπονδος, ον, (a privat., σπονδή) *without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured*. II.

*without regular truce* (which was ratified by σπονδαί): τὸ ἀσπονδον *a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others*.

III. *admitting of no truce, implacable*; ἀσπονδος ἀρά *a deadly curse*.

ἀσπούδαστος, ον, (a privat., σπουδάω) *not zealously pursued*. II. *not worth zeal, mischievous*.

ἀσπουδέι and ἀσπουδί, Adv. (a privat., σπουδή) *without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for ἄτινα, neut. pl. of ὅστις, *which, whichever, what, whatever*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for τινά, *something, some*.

ἄσσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. *as, a farthing*.

ἄσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἄγχι, *nearer*: sometimes c. gen., ἄσσον ἐμεῖο *nearer to me*:—also Adv. ἄσσοτέρω, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἄσσότερος, Sup. ἄσσότατος, Adv. ἄσσοτάτω.

ἄσσω, Att. contr. for αἰσσω.

ἀσταθής, ές, (a privat., ἵσταμαι) *unsteady, unstable*.

ἀστάθμητος, ον, (a privat., σταθμάομαι) *unsteady, unstable*: of things, *uncertain*.

ἀστακτος, ον, (a privat., στάζω) *not trickling, i.e. gushing in streams*:—Adv. ἀστακτί, *in floods*.

ἀστιάσιastos, ον, (a privat., στασιάζω) *without party-spirit, quiet*. Adv. -τως.

ἀστιάτέω, f. ήσω, *to be unstable: be a wanderer*. From

ἀστιάτος, ον, (a privat., ἵσταμαι) *not steadfast, uncertain, unstable*.

ἄσταφιδίτις, ίδος, ή, fem. Adj. *consisting of raisins*. [δι] From

ἀστιάφίς, ίδος, ή, (a euphon., σταφίς) *a raisin*.

ἄσταχύεσσιν, dat. pl. of

ἄστιάχυς, vos, ό, (a euphon., στάχυς) *an ear of corn*.

ἀστέγαστος, ον, (a privat., στεγάζω) *uncovered, of a ship, undecked*; διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον *from their having no shelter*.

ἄστείζομαι, Dep. *to be witty*. From

ἄστεῖος, ον, also α, ον, (ἄστυ) *of the town*; then, like Lat. *urbanus, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty*; opp. to ἄγροικος.

ἀστεῖπτος, ον, (a privat., στείβω) *untrodten*.

ἀστεμφής, ές, (a privat., στέμβω) *unmoved, unshaken*: Adv., ἀστεμφέως *ἔχειν τινά* *to hold one fast*. 2. of persons, *inexorable*.

ἀστένακτος, ον, (a privat., στενάζω) *without sigh or groan: without need for groans*.

ἄστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄδω, *one must sing*.

ἀστεπτος, ον, (a privat., στέφω) *uncrowned: hence, unbonoured*.

ἀστεργ-άνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (ἀστεργής, άνήρ) *without love of man, bating wedlock*. [γα]

ἀστεργής, ές, (a privat., στέργω) *without love, unkind, hateful*.

ἄστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἄστήρ, είδος) *starry*.

ἄστερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄστήρ) *starry: sparkling, glittering*.

ἄστεροπή, ή, poet. for ἀστραπή, *lightning*. Hence ἄστεροπητής, ον, ό, *the lightener*.

ἄστερ-ωπός, έν, (ἄστήρ, ὦψ) *starry: star-like, bright*.

ἄστέφανος, ον, (a privat., στέφανος) *without crown, ungarlanded*.

ἄστεφάνωτος, ον, (a privat., στεφανίω) *not crowned*. ἄστή, ή, fem. of ἀστής, *a female citizen*.

ἄστηλος, ον, (a privat., στήλη) *without tombstone*.

'ΑΣΤΗ'Ρ, ό, gen. έρος: dat. pl. ἀστρασι, Lat. *ASTRUM, a star*. 2. any luminous body, a meteor.

ἀ-στήρικτος, ον, (α privat., στηρίζω) not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.

ἀ-στίβης, ἐς, (α privat., στείβω) not to be trodden, holy. 2. untrodden, solitary.

ἀστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄστυ) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικά Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also native, opp. to ξενικός foreign. II. = ἀστεῖος, neat, pretty.

ἀ-στικτος, ον, (α privat., στίζω) not branded, not marked with spots.

ἀ-στέγγιστος, ον, (α privat., στεγγίζω) not scraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.

ἀ-στολος, ον, (α privat., στολή) without the stole.

ἀ-στομος, ον, (α privat., στόμα) speechless. II. of horses, hard-mouthed, unmanageable. III. of dogs, bad-mouthed, unable to bite. IV. of a sword, without edge.

ἀστό-ξενος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄστυ, ξένος) the public guest of a city.

ἀ-στοργος, ον, (α privat., στέργω) without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.

ἀστός, ὁ, (ἄστυ) a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen, opp. to ξένος.

ἀστοχέω, f. ἤσω, to miss the mark: to fail. From

ἀ-στοχος, ον, (α privat., στόχος) missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.

ἀ-στράβη, ἡ, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ἀ-στράβης, ἐς, (α privat., στραφῆναι) untwisted, straight.

ἀστραγάλη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀστράγαλος III.

ἀστράγαλος, ὁ, one of the vertebrae of the neck. II. the ankle bone, Lat. talus. III. mostly in plur.

ἀστράγαλοι, οἱ, dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. tali: hence the game of dice. They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἀφροδίτη, Lat. jactus Veneris; the worst, when all came alike, κύων, Lat. canis.

ἈΣΤΡΑΠΗ, ἡ, a flash of lightning, lightning. [ἀπ] ἀστράπηφορέω, f. ἤσω, to carry lightnings. From ἀστράπη-φόρος, ον, (ἀστράπη, φέρω) lightning-bearing, flashing.

ἀστράπτω, f. ψω, (ἀστράπη) to lighten: impers., ἀστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth. II. intr. to flash or glance like lightning.

ἀστράσι, dat. pl. of ἀστήρ.

ἀ-στράτεια, ἡ, (α privat., στρατεύω) exemption from service. 2. a shunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν ἀστρατείας to be indicted for it; ἀστρατείας ἀλῶναι to be convicted of it.

ἀ-στράτευτος, ον, (α privat., στρατεύω) exempt from service. 2. never having served.

ἀ-στρεπτος, ον, (α privat., στρέφω) not to be bent: of persons, unbending.

ἀστρο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄστρον, γείτων) near the stars.

ἀστρολογία, ἡ, astrology. From ἀστρο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἄστρον, λέγω) an astronomer: later, an astrologer.

ἈΣΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation. ἀστρονομίω, f. ἤσω, and ἀστρονομίζω, f. ἴσω, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and

ἀστρονομία, ἡ, astronomy. From ἀστρο-νόμος, ον, (ἄστρον, νέμω) classing the stars: as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, ὁ, an astronomer.

ἀ-στροφος, ον, (α privat., στρέφω) without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἀστροφος ἐλθεῖν to go without turning the back.

ἀστρῶς, α, ον, (ἄστρον) of the stars, starry.

ἀστρ-ωπός, ὄν, = ἀστερωπός.

ἀ-στρωτος, ον, (α privat., στρώννυμι) without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.

ἈΣΤΥ, τό: gen. εος, contr. ονς, also εως:—a city, town: the Athenians called their own city Ἄστυ, as the Romans called theirs Urbs; though ἄστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræus.

ἀστυ-ἄναξ, ακτος, ὁ, (ἄστυ, ἀναξ) lord of the city.

ἀστυ-βοώτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄστυ, βοάω) crying through the city, epith. of a herald.

ἀστυ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄστυ, γείτων) near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.

ἀστυδε, Adv. (ἄστυ) into, to, or towards the city.

ἀστυκός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀστικός.

ἀ-στυλος, ον, (α priv., στυλος) without pillar or prop.

ἀστυ-νίκος, (ἄστυ, νίκη) victorious.

ἀστυνομίω, to be an ἀστυνόμος. From

ἀστυ-νόμος, ὁ, (ἄστυ, νέμω) a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus. II. as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; ὄργαι ἀστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.

ἀστυ-όχος, ον, (ἄστυ, ἔχω) keeping the city.

ἀ-στυφέλικτος, ον, (α privat., στυφελίζω) unbaken.

ἀ-στυφελος, ον, (α privat., στυφελός) not rocky.

ἀ-συγγνώμων, ον, (α privat., συγγνώμων) without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.

ἀ-συγκέραστος, ον, (α privat., συγκέραστος) not to be mixed.

ἀ-συγκόμιστος, ον, (α privat., συγκομίστος) not gathered together, unreaped.

ἀ-σύγκριτος, ον, (α privat., σύγκριτος) not to be mixed, unsocial.

ἀ-συγκρότητος, ον, see ἀξυγκρότητος.

ἀ-συκοφάντητος, ον, (α privat., συκοφαντέω) not calumniated.

ἀσυλαῖος, α, ον, (ἄ-συλον) of an asylum.

ἀ-σύλητος, ον, (α privat., συλάω) inviolable.

ἐσύλια, ἡ, (ἄστυλος) inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.

ἀ-συλλόγιστος, ον, (α privat., συλλογίζομαι) unable to reason:—Adv., ἀσυλλογίστως ἔχειν to be unable to reason.

ἀ-σύλος, ον, (α privat., σύλη) free from plunder:



unbarred, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμων ἄσυλος safe from marriage.

ἀ-σύμβατος, ον, (a privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύμβλητος, ον, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

ἀ-σύμβολος, ον, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

ἀ-σύμμετρος, ον, (a privat., σύμμετρος) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.

ἀ-συμπαθής, ἐς, (a privat., συμπαθής) without sympathy.

ἀ-σύμφορος, ον, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύμφωνος, ον, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant.

ἀ-σύνδετος, ον, (a privat., συνδέω) unconnected.

ἀσυνεσία, ἡ, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.

ἀ-σύνετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνετος, ον, (a privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv. -τως. [ῥ]

ἀ-συνήμων, Att. ἀ-ξυνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., συνήμι) without understanding.

ἀ-σύνθετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνθετος, ον, (a privat., συντίθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύντακτος, Att. ἀ-ξύντακτος, ον, (a privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

ἀ-σύντονος, ον, (a privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -τως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ἀ-συσκευάστος, ον, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ἀ-σύστατος, Att. ἀξύστατος, ον, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) not holding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἀσύφηλος, ον, vile, dishonoured: also dishonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσυχία, ἀσυχίμος, ἄσυχος, Dor. for ἡσυχ-.

ἀ-σφάδαστος, ον, (a privat., σφαδάζω) without convulsion or struggle.

ἀ-σφακτος, ον, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered.

ἀσφάλεια, ἡ, (ἀσφαλής) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

ἀσφάλειος, ον, of Neptune, the Securer. From ἀσφάλής, ἐς, (a privat., σφάλλειν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unsailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3. safe, secure; ἐν ἀσφαλειῇ or ἐξ ἀσφαλοῦς in safety; τὸ ἀσφαλές safety. Hence

ἀσφαλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to secure, guarantee.

ἀσφαλισθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.

ἀσφαλτίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἡ, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλτίτις, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [ῖ] From

ἄσφαλτος, ον, ἡ, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἀσφᾶλως, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ἀ-σφᾶράγιος, (a euphon., σφαραγίω) to ring, resound.

ἀσφᾶράγος, ὁ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the throat, gullet.

ἄσφι, ἄσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφόδελος, ὁ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. as Adj., ἀσφοδεὺς λειμὼν the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάει, 3 plur. ἀσχαλῶσι, inf. ἀσχαλάειν, part. ἀσχαλῶν:—another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάειν μένων to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλῶν τινί to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχάλλειν θάνατον to feel a horror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-σχετος, ον, (a privat., σchein, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.

ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἀσχημοσύνη, ἡ, deformity, indecency. From ἀ-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., σχῆμα) shapeless: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἀσχολία, ἡ, occupation, industry, business. II. want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχειν τινί to be a hindrance to one. From

ἀ-σχολος, ον, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -λως.

ἀσχολῶν, ἀσχολῶσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ἀ-σώματος, ον, (a privat., σῶμα) without body, incorporeal.

ἄσωτία, ἡ, prodigality, dissoluteness. From ἀ-σωτος, ον, (a privat., σώζω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

ἀτακτέω, f. ἡσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

ἀ-τακτος, ον, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-τάλαιπρος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ἀ-τάλαντος, ον, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἀτάλα-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tender-minded.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) to gambol, sport about. II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster:—Pass. to grow up, wax.

ἀτάλός, ἡ, ὁν, (akin to ἀπαλός) tender, delicate.

ἀταλό-ψυχος, ον, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-hearted.

ἀταξία, ἡ, (ἀτακτος) a want of discipline. 2. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ΑΤΑ'Ρ, Ep. αὐτάρ, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτάρ που ἔφη still thou didst say: it often stands for δέ after μέν.

ἀ-τάρακτος, ον, (a privat., τᾱράσσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ἡ, freedom from passion, calmness.

ἀ-ταρβής, ἐς, (a privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβής τῆς θέας having no fear about the sight.

ἀ-τάρβητος, ον, (a privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

ἀταρπῖτός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπιτός.

ἀταρπός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρτηρός, ον, Ep. for ἀτηρός, mischievous, baneful.

ἀτασθαλία, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλος) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From

ἀτάσθαλος, ον, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (a privat., ταῦρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ἀ-τάφος, ον, (a privat., τᾱφῆναι) unburied.

ἀτάω, f. ἡσώ, (ἀτη) to hurt, harm: Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. quippe, utpote.

ἀ-τεγκτος, ον, (a privat., τέγω) untwisted, not softened: hard-hearted, relentless.

ἀ-τειρής, ἐς, (a privat., τείρω) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ἀ-τείχιστος, ον, (a privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ἀ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (a privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., ἀτεκμάτως ἔχειν to be in the dark.

ἀτεκνία, ἡ, childlessness. From

ἀ-τεκνος, ον, (a privat., τέκνον) childless.

ἀτέλεια, ἡ, (ἀτελής) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas.

ἀ-τέλειστος, ον, (a privat., τελέω) without end or effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., in vain. II. uninitiated in.

ἀ-τελεύτητος, ον, (a privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

ἀ-τέλευτος, ον, (a privat., τελευτή) endless.

ἀ-τελής, ἐς, (a privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, Lat. irritus. 3. imperfect, unripe. II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunis. IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

ἀτελής, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμβω, only used in pres. to bring to harm, to maltreat, confound:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμβονται νεότητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾱ]

ἀ-τενής, ἐς, (a copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. II.

Adv. ἀτενῶς, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence ἀτενίζω, f. ἴσω, to look at intently, gaze at.

\*ATEP, Prep. with gen. without, except, besides. II. aloof, apart, away from.

ἀ-τέραμνος, ον, (a privat., τέραμνος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ἀ-τεράμων [ᾱ], ον, gen. ονος, Att. for ἀτέραμνος.

ἀτερθε, before a vowel ἀτερθεν, = ἀτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., τέρμα) without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος [ᾱ], ον, Dor. for ἕτερος, ον. 2. ἄτερος [ᾱ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἕτερος, gen. θᾱτέρου, dat. θᾱτέρῳ, θᾱτέρᾳ etc., or with mark of crasis, θᾱτέρων, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, ἐς, (a privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, sad. II. not enjoying a thing, τινός.

ἀ-τερπος, ον, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, ἐς, and ἀ-τεύχητος, ον, (a privat., τεῦχος) unarmed.

ἀ-τεχνος, ον, or ἀ-τεχνής, ἐς, (a privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial. II.

without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνῶς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἀτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. plané, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνῶς; as ἀτεχνῶς ξένως ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἀτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-hardy, reckless. From

ἀτη, ἡ, (ᾱάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. Ἄτη personified, the goddess of mischief: the Λιταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. II. 9. 500. [ᾱ]

ἀ-τηκτος, ον, (a privat., τήκω) unmelted.

ἀτημελέω, f. ἡσώ, to be careless. From

ἀ-τημελής, ἐς (a privat., τημελής) careless.

ἀτημέλητος, ον, (ἀτημελέω) unheeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. II. act. taking

no heed: Adv., ἀτημελήτως ἔχειν τινός to take no heed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ᾱτη) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρῶς. [ᾱ]

\*Ατθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Attic; cf. Ἀπτικός. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

ἀ-τίετος, ον, (a privat., τίω) unbonoured. II. act. not honouring.

ἀ-τίζω, f. ἴσω, (a privat., τίω = τίω) not to honour: absol. in part., ἀτίζων unheeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ἀ-πιθάσευτος, ον, (a privat., τιθασεύω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

ἀ-τιμ-ἀγέλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone.

ἀ-τιμάζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἡτίμασα: pf. ἡτίμακα:—Pass., aor. I ἡτίμασθην: pf. ἡτίμασμαι: (a privat., τιμάω). To esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—Pass.



to suffer dishonour or insult. II. = ἀτιμώω in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights.  
 ἀτιμαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάζω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour.  
 ἀτιμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀτιμάζω) a dishonourer.  
 ἀτίματος, ον, (ἀτιμάζω) dishonoured, despised.  
 ἀ-τιμάω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἠτίμησα: pf. ἠτίμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἠτιμήθην: (α privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence  
 ἀτίμητος, ον, unbonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law.  
 ἀτιμία, ἡ, (ἀτιμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. deminutio capitis.  
 ἀ-τιμος, ον, (α privat., τιμή 1) unbonoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of. 2. at Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. capite deminutus, opp. to ἐπιτιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή 11) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence  
 ἀτιμόω, f. ὤσω, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. aerarium facere.  
 ἀτίμων, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω.  
 ἀ-τιμωρητέ, and ἀ-τιμωρητί, Adv. of  
 ἀ-τιμώρητος, ον, (α privat., τιμωρέομαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.  
 ἀτίμως, Adv. of ἀτιμος, disgracefully.  
 ἀ-τιμωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀτιμώω) a dishonouring. [τῆ]  
 ἀτίταλλω, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.  
 ἀ-τίτος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (α privat., τίω) unbonoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.  
 ἀ-τίω, (α privat., τίω) not to honour, not to revenge. [τῆ]  
 Ἀτλᾶ-γενής, ἐς, (Ἀτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas.  
 Ἀτλαντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Atlas. From  
 Ἀ-τλας, αντος, ὅ, (α euphon., τληναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.  
 ἀτλητέω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From  
 ἀ-τλητος, Dor. ἀ-τλᾶτος, ον, (α privat., τληναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.  
 ἀτμή, ἡ, = ἀτμός, smoke, heat.  
 ἀ-τμητος, ον, (α privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.  
 ἀτμίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam.  
 ἀτμίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄω, ἀημι) steam, vapour. [τῆ]  
 ἀτμός, ὅ, (ἄω, ἀημι) smoke, Lat. vapor.  
 ἀ-τοιχος, ον, (α privat., τοῖχος) unvalled.  
 ἀ-τοκος, ον, (α privat., τεκεῖν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.  
 ἀ-τόλμητος, ον, (α privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολμία, ἡ, want of daring, cowardice. From  
 ἀ-τολμος, ον, (α privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not over daring, retiring.  
 ἀ-τομος, ον, (α privat., τομή) uncut: uncut. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time.  
 ἀ-τονος, ον, (α privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus. II. (τόνος) without accent.  
 ἀ-τοξος, ον, (α privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow.  
 ἀτοπία, ἡ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From  
 ἀ-τοπος, ον, (α privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. ineptus. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence  
 ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly.  
 ἄτος, ον, contr. for ἄατος, insatiate, c. gen.  
 ἄτρακτος, ὅ, and ἡ, a spindle. II. also an arrow, cf. ἡλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἀ-τραπίτός, Ep. ἀτάρπιτος, ἡ, a path.  
 ἀ-τραπός, Ep. ἀ-ταρπός, ἡ, (α euphon., τρέπω) a path that does not turn, a path, way, road.  
 ἀτρέκεια, ἡ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From  
 ἈΤΡΕΚΗ΄Σ, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.  
 ἀ-τρέμα, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμας, Adv., (α privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.  
 ἀ-τρεμαῖος, α, ον, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαῖα βοά a whisper.  
 ἀτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From  
 ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (α privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμί, quietly.  
 ἀτρεμία, ἡ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.  
 ἀτρεμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίζειν to be restless or unquiet.  
 ἀ-τρεπτος, ον, (α privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indifferent.  
 ἀ-τρεστος, ον, (α privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless.  
 ἀ-τρίακτος, ον, (α privat., τριάω) unconquered.  
 ἀ-τρίβαστος, ον, (α privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.  
 ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (α privat., τρίβεῖν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used. 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. integer.  
 ἀτριον, τό, Dor. for ἡτριον.  
 ἀ-τριπτος, ον, (α privat., τρίβω) not worn hard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτοι ἄκανθαι thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.  
 ἀ-τρόμητος, ον, (α privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless.  
 ἀ-τρομος, ον, (α privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. intrepidus.  
 ἀτροπία, ἡ, obstinacy. From  
 ἀ-τροπος, ον, (α privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἀτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Parcae.  
 ἀτροφέω, f. ἤσω, to pine away. From

ἀ-τροφος, ον, (α privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἀ-τρυγέτος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., τρυγάω) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἀ-τρυγής, ἐς, (α privat., τρυγή) *not gathered.*

ἀ-τρυμῶν, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρυμῶν κακῶν *not worn out by ills.* [v]

ἀ-τρυτός, ον, (α privat., τρύω) *not worn down, unabating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτώνη, the *Unwearied.* (Lengthd. form from ἀτρυτή, as Ἀἰδωνεύς from Αἰδής.)

ἀ-τρωτος, ον, (α privat., τιτρώσκω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, Att. for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.

Ἄττα, a salutation used to elders, *father*; cf. ἄππα, ἄπφα, πάππα. [τᾶ]

ἄτταγᾶς, ἄ, ὁ, Lat. *attagen*, prob. the *godwit.*

ἄτταται, a cry of *pain or grief*: sometimes prolonged, ἄττατταται, etc.: also used ironically.

ἄττελαβος, Ion. ἄττελεβος, ὁ, a kind of *locust* without wings.

Ἀττικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (Ἀττικός) *to side with the Athenians, Atticize*: later, *to live like an Athenian*, esp. *to speak Attic.* Hence

Ἀττικισμός, ὁ, a *siding with Athens, attachment to her.* II. an *Attic expression, Atticism.*

Ἀττικίων, Dim. of Ἀττικός, a little *Athenian.*

Ἀττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἀκτῆ) *Attic, Athenian*: ἡ Ἀττική (sub. γῆ) = Ἀτθίς, *Attica.*

Ἀττικωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, a comic alteration of Ἀττικός, imitated from the form of Λακωνικός.

ἄττον, Att. for ἄσσον, *nearer.*

ἄττω, Att. for ἄσσω, αἴσσω, q. v.

ἀτύζομαι, aor. I part. ἀτυχθεῖς: Pass.: (ἀτάω):—*to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered*; ἀτυζόμενος πεδίοιο *flying wildly over the plain*: also *distraught with grief*: c. acc. *to be amazed at a thing.* II. rarely in Act. ἀτύζω, f. ὕζω, *to strike with terror.*

ἀ-τυράννευτος, ον, (α privat., τυραννέω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἀ-τύφος, ον, (α privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἀτύχῳ, f. ἦσω, (ἀτυχής) *to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry*: c. gen. *to fail in getting or gaining a thing.* 2. ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα *to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request.* Hence

ἀτύχημα, ατος, τό, a *misfortune, mishap.*

ἀ-τύχης, ἐς, (α privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful.* Adv. -χῶς.

ἀτύχια, ἡ, (ἀτυχέω) *ill luck, bad fortune.* II. a *miscarriage, mishap.*

ἈΥ', Adv. of *Place, back, backwards*, Lat. *retro.* II. of *Time, again, anew, afresh, once more*, Lat. *denuo.* III. *further, moreover, besides*, Lat. *porro.* 2. *on the other hand, in turn*, Lat. *vicissim.*

αὐαίνω, impf. αὐαῖνον: f. αὐαῖνῶ: aor. I pass. αὐάνθην: (αῦω):—*to dry.* 2. *to wither or parch up*; βίον αὐαίνειν *to waste life away*: fut. med. αὐανούμαι

in pass. sense, *I shall wither away.*

αὐαλέος, α, ον, (αῦος) *dry, parched, withered*: of *hair, rough, squalid*: of *eyes, sleepless.*

Αὔασις, ἡ, = Ὀασις, the name of the fertile islets in the *Libyan deserts.*

αὐάτα, Aeol. for ἄτη, *calamity, mischief*; to be pronounced ἄφᾶτᾶ.

αὐγάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ηὔγασα: (αὐγή):—*to see distinctly, discern, behold*: so also in Med. II. intr. *to shine.*

ΑΥΤΗ', ἡ, a *bright light*, esp. of the *sun*, and so in plur. *the rays, beams* of the sun; ὑπ' αὐγὰς ἡελίοιο *under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive*; αὐγὰς λεύσσειν *to behold the light, i. e. to be alive*; κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγὰς *to rise surging towards heaven.* 2. *any light*, esp. of the *eyes*; ὁμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. *lumina, the eyes.* 3. *any gleam* on the surface of bright objects, *sheen.*

αὐδάζομαι, f. ἄζομαι: aor. I ηὔδαξάμην: Dep.: (αὐδή):—*to cry out, speak.*

αὐδάω, impf. ηὔδων: f. ἦσω Att. ἄσω: aor. I ηὔδησα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ηὔδηκα:—also αὐδάομαι, as Dep.:—*to talk, speak*: c. acc. rei, *to speak, say a thing*: of oracles, *to utter, proclaim.* 2. *to speak, to address.* 3. c. inf. *to tell, bid, order to do.* 4. *to call by name*; αὐδάωμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλέως *I am called Achilles' son.* 5. like λέγειν, Lat. *dicere, to mean.* From

ΑΥΤΔΗ', ἡ, the *human voice, a voice, tone*: metaph. *any other sound, e. g. the twang of the bowstring.* 2. a *report, account.* Hence

αὐδήεις, εσσα, εν, *speaking with human voice.* αὐ-ερύω (i. e. αὐ ἐρύω), aor. I αὐεῖρῶσα:—*to draw back*: *to draw the bow*: in a sacrifice, *to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.*

αὐθάδεια, poet. αὐθαδία, ἡ, *self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption.* From

αὐθ-άδης [ᾱ], ἐς, (αὐτός, ἡδομαι) *self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong*: also *unfeeling.* Adv. -δως.

αὐθ-αδία, ἡ, poet. for αὐθάδεια.

αὐθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: (αὐθάδης): Dep.:—*to be self-willed or stubborn.*

αὐθαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αὐθάδης) *disposed to be self-willed.*

αὐθαδισμα, ατος, τό, (αὐθάδης) *an act of self-will, wilfulness.*

αὐθαδό-στομος, ον, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) *wilful or proud of speech.*

αὐθ-αἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, αἷμα) *of the same blood*: as Subst. a *brother or sister, near kinsman.*

αὐθ-αίρετος, ον, (αὐτός, αἰρέω) *self-chosen, self-elected.* II. *taken upon oneself, self-incurred*: voluntary, optional. Adv. -τως.

αὐθεντέω, f. ἦσω, *to have power over.* From

αὐθ-έντης, ον, ὁ, contr. for αὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, έντεα) *an actual murderer*: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a *self-murderer, suicide.* 2.

*an absolute master or ruler.* II. as Adj., αὐθέντης φόνος *death by murder.*

αὐθ-ήμερος, ον, (αὐτός, ἡμέρα) *made or happening*



on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτημερόν, on the very day.

αὐθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, ές, (αὐθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigēna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθιγενές ὕδωρ spring water. 2. genuine, sincere.

αὐθις, Ion. αὐτις, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὐ: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also hereafter. III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὐθ-όμαιμος, (αὐτός, ὅμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὐ-ταχος, ον, (α copul., ταχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὐλαξ, ἄκος, ή, = αἰοξ, a furrow: also ὠλαξ, for which Homer used ὠλαξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὐλειος, α, ον, sometimes also ος, ον, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείῃσι θύρῃσι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὐλέω, f. ήσω, (αὐλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλεῖται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ή, (\*αῶ, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Ζεὺς Ἐρκείος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὐλειος), and one leading through the αἶθουσα into the πρόδομος. II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὐλειος) was the inner court (μέσανυλος or μέτανυλος), leading into the women's part of the house. III. generally, any court or ball. IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber.

αὐλημα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεῦντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω.

αὐλητήρ, ήρος, ό, and αὐλητής, ου, ό, (αὐλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ή, όν, of or for a flute-player; ή αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), his art.

αὐλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl.

αὐλιάς, άδος, ή, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλίζομαι, fut. med. αὐλίσομαι: aor. I ηὐλίσάμην: aor. I pass. ηὐλίσθην: pf. ηὐλίσμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή): —to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὐλιον, τό, (αὐλή) any country house, a cottage: a fold. II. a chamber, cave.

αὐλιος, α, ον, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὐλις, ίδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent.

αὐλίσκος, ό, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe.

αὐλιστρίς, ίδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a female inmate in a house.

αὐλο-δόκη, ή, (αὐλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλός, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὐλο-ποιός, ό, (αὐλός, ποιέω) a flute-maker.

αὐλός, ό, (\*αῶ, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐλοὶ ἀνδρήϊοι καὶ γυναικῆϊοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλός Ἐνναλίου the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet. 2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὐλών, ὠνος, ό, poet. also ή, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago.

αὐλ-ῶπις, ίδος, ή, (αὐλός, ὦψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, poet. ἀέξω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. I ηὔξησα: pf. ηὔξηκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, extol. II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξηθήσομαι: aor. I ηὔξηθην: pf. ηὔξημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ηὔξανόμην ἀκοίων I grew taller as I heard. III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αὐξη, ή, growth, increase.

αὐξηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Αὐξησία, ή, (αὐξω) the goddess of growth.

αὐξησις, εως, ή, (αὐξω) growth, increase.

αὐξίτιμος, ον, (αὐξω) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σέληνον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αὐξώ, ους, ή, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αὐξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αὐονή, ή, (αῦος) dryness, withering.

αῦος, η, ον, (αῦω) dry, dried, of fruit; αῦον αὔτειν to ring dry and barsb, of metal. 2. withered, parched. 3. drained dry, exhausted.

ἀϋπνία, ή, sleeplessness. From

ἀϋ-πνος, ον, (α privat., ὕπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ὕπνος ἀϋπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αὔρα, Ion. αὔρη, ή, (\*αῶ, ἄημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αὔριον, (from αὔως, Acol. for ήως) Adv. to-morrow; ἐς αὔριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ή αὔριον (sub. ήμέρα), the morrow; also, ή ἐς αὔριον ήμέρα, ό αὔριον χρόνος.

αὔσαι, aor. I inf. of αῦω to shout.

αὔσιος, Dor. for τηῦσιος.

αὔσταλιος, poet. αὔσταλέος, α, ον, (αῦος) sunburnt, shrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὔστηρός, ά, όν, (\*αῶ, αῦω, ἄζω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barsb, austere. Hence

αὔστηρότης, ητος, ή, roughness, rough flavour. 2. metaph. barsbness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-άγγελος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message: bringing news of what one has seen.

αὐτ-ἀγρετος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀγρέω) self-chosen, left to one's choice. II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) related as brother or sister: one's own brother or sister.

αὐτ-ανδρος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀνὴρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἀνέψιος, α, (αὐτός, ἀνεψίος) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, ἡ, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-ἀρκης, ες, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

αὐτε, Adv., I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-ἐκμαγμα, ατος, τό, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-ἐξούσιος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) in one's own power: τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.

αὐτ-ἐπάγγελτος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-ἐπώνυμος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ἐρέτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

αὐτῆ, Ep. impf. αὐτευν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout: also in Act., to call. [ῆ] From αὐτή, ἡ, (αὐώ) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῆ]

αὐτ-ἥκοος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ἡμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημερόν, on the selfsame day.

αὐτι-γενής, ες, Ion. for αὐθιγενής.

αὐτίκα [1], Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter: presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example, just to give an example; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τίν' ὁ Ζεὺς; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?

αὐτίς, Ion. and Dor. for αὐθις.

αὐτμή, (\*ἄω, αὐώ, to blow) breath: the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.

αὐτμήν, μένος, ὁ, = αὐτμή.

αὐτο-βοεῖ, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοεῖ εἰλεῖν to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, ον, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, ον, (αὐτός, γεννάω):—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογνωμονέω, ἑ. ἤσω, to act of one's own will or judgment. From

αὐτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. —μόνως.

αὐτό-γνωτος, ον, (αὐτός, γινώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γυος, ον, (αὐτός, γύης):—ἄροτρον αὐτόγυον a plough in which the γύης is of one piece with the ἔλυμα and ἱστοβοεῖς.

αὐτο-δαῖς, ες, (αὐτός, δαῖναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτο-δαίικτος, ον, (αὐτός, δαίω) self-slain or mutually slain.

αὐτ-οδᾶξ, Adv. (αὐτός, ὀδᾶξ) with clenched teeth: hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, ον, (αὐτός, δηλός) self-evident.

αὐτο-διδάκτος, ον, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) self-taught.

αὐτό-δίκος, ον, (αὐτός, δίκη) with one's own law-courts: conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-ἐλικτος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally.

αὐτο-έντης, ον, ὁ, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.

αὐτο-ετής, ες, (αὐτός, ἔτος) in or of the same year: Adv. αὐτόετε, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεῖ, Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.

αὐτο-θελής, ες, (αὐτός, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat. illinc. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθι, Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κασίγνητος, ὁ, and -τη, ἡ, (αὐτός, κασίγνητος) an own brother or sister.

αὐτο-κατάκριτος, ον, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κέλευθος, ον, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, ον, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, of one's own accord.

αὐτο-κελής, ες, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foregoing.

αὐτό-κλητος, ον, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, ον, (αὐτός, κόμη) with natural hair, shaggy. II. hair and all.

αὐτο-κράτης, ες, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute: τὸ αὐτοκράτες free will.

αὐτο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master: 1. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute: peremptory.

αὐτό-κτίτος, ον, (αὐτός, κτίζω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, ον, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.

αὐτό-κωπος, ον, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the



*bundle*; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a bundle, i. e. swords.

αὐτο-μαθής, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) *self-taught*, τινός in a thing.

αὐτό-μαρτυς, ὅρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μάρτυς) *oneself the witness*, i. e. an eyewitness.

αὐτοματίζω, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτό-μάτος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, μέμαα, pf. of \*μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. *self-moving*; τὰ αὐτόματα *self-moving machines*, automata.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous.

3. of events, happening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. *ultra*, *spronte sua*.

αὐτομολέω, f. ἦσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence

αὐτομόλησις, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομολία, ἡ, desertion.

αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομέομαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From

αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμομαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχτι, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πῆμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ον, ὁ, a citizen of a free state. [i]

αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμνος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμνον) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμνος ὄλλυσθαι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτό-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄφθαι, fut. of ὄραω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζος, poet. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ρίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρυτος, poet. αὐτόρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό-ς, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self, Lat. *ipse*: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., him, her, it: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Αὐτὸς ἔφα, Lat. *Ipse dixit*. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοὶ ἔσμεν we are by ourselves. 4. in

dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνέρουσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φόρμιγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σὺν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὄχεσθιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖς τοῖς ἵπποις horses and all. 5.

added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτός himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτός being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal

Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always *divisim* in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive ἑαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater

force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὐτοῦ. 7. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. *ipsissimus*, his very self.

II. He, she, it, Lat. *ille*, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, and the reflex.

Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, v. sub ἑαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταυτό and ταυτόν; gen. ταυτοῦ, etc.; Ion. ὠντός, τῶντό:—the same, Lat. *idem*. It

freq. takes a dat., like ὁμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πᾶσχειν τινί to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατὰ ταυτό, ὑπὸ ταυτό, at, about the same time, Lat. *sub idem tempus*: εἰς ταυτό, ἐν ταυτῶ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκτιστος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόξύλος. 3. of oneself, as in αὐτοδίδακτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτόδεκα. 6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτότοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηνος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. *illuc*.

αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron.

αὐτόσ-σῦτος, ον, (αὐτός, σεύομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-σταδία, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight.

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφαγής, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγῆναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδά, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

αὐτοσχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-hand: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-hand. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-hand, an impromptu: and

αὐτοσχεδιαστίς, οὐ, ὅ, *one who acts or speaks off-hand: a novice, Lat. tiro.*

αὐτο-σχέδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, σχέδιος) *band to band:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδίη, (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδίην as Adv. close at band. II. off-band, on the spur of the moment.*

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) *near at band, band to band, Lat. cominus.*

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τέλεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) *self-accomplished.*

αὐτο-τελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλος) *complete in itself, sufficient:—Adv. αὐτοτελῶς, absolutely, arbitrarily. II. taxing oneself.*

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) *young and all.*

αὐτο-τραγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αὐτός, τραγικός) *arrant tragic.*

αὐτο-τροπήσας, αορ. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπάω, (αὐτός, τρέπω) *to turn straightway.*

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, *at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. illico.*

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἐαυτοῦ.

αὐτουργία, ἡ, *a working with one's own band; αὐτουργία φόνου self-inflicted murder. From*

αὐτ-ουργός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) *self-working. 2. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer. II. pass. self-wrought, extemporary.*

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός: ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι *on the very spot; ἀπ' αὐτόφι from the very spot.*

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) *bark and all.*

αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, \*φένω) *self-murdering, murdering one's own kin.*

αὐτο-φόντης, ον, ὅ, (αὐτός, \*φένω) *a murderer.*

αὐτό-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φόρτος) *bearing one's own baggage.*

αὐτο-φύής, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-growing, self-existent. 2. of home growth or production. 3. natural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυεῖς λόφοι hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined. Hence*

αὐτοφυῶς, Adv. *naturally.*

αὐτό-φῦτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-caused.*

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φώρ) *caught in the act of theft; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ ἁλῶναι to be caught in the very act.*

αὐτό-χειρ, ρος, ὅ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) *working with one's own band: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing. II. absol. one who kills himself or one of his kin: a murderer, homicide. III. as Adj. murderous. Hence*

αὐτοχειρί, Adv. *with one's own band.*

αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) *a doing with one's own bands; dat. αὐτοχειρίᾳ with one's own band.*

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) *country and all.*

αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) *of the land itself, Lat. terrigena: αὐτόχθονες, οἱ, like Lat. Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers.*

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολώω) *angry at oneself.*

αὐτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόανος, (αὐτός, χοάνη) *rudely cast, shapeless, of a quoit.*

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) *indeed, really: at once, plainly.*

αὐτῶς, Adv. of αὐτός with Accl. accent, *even so, just so, as it is; γυμνὸν ἔοντα, αὐτῶς, being unarmed, just as I am. 2. just so, no better; often joined*

*with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αὐτῶς a mere child. II. just as before, as it was; λευκὸν ἔτ' αὐτῶς still white as when new.*

αὐχενίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχὴν) *to cut the throat of, behead.*

αὐχένιος, α, ον, (αὐχὴν) *belonging to the neck; αὐχένιοι τένοντες the sinews of the neck.*

αὐχέω, f. ἴσω: αορ. I ηὔχῃσα:—like καυχάομαι, *to boast, pride oneself: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From*

ΑΥ'ΧΗ', ἡ, *boasting, pride.*

αὐχημα, ατος, τό, (αὐχέω) *a thing boasted of, the pride, boast. II. a boast: also = αὐχή, boasting.*

ΑΥ'ΧΗ'Ν, ἐνος, ὅ, *the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.*

αὐχησις, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) *boasting, exultation.*

αὐχμέω, f. ἴσω, (αὐχμός) *to be squalid, Lat. squalere. αὐχμήεις, εσσα, εν, = αὐχμηρός.*

αὐχμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αὐχμέω) *dry, parched, dusty, squalid, Lat. squalidus. 2. impoverished, needy.*

αὐχμός, ὅ, (ἄω, αὔω, αὔος) *drought: dearth.*

αὐχμ-ώδης, ἐς, (αὐχμός, εἶδος) *looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμῶδες drought.*

ΑΥ'Ω, Att. αὔω, *to dry, wither: also to singe, set on fire.*

ΑΥ'Ω, f. αὔσω: αορ. ἤῤῥα:—*to shout out, shout, call aloud: also of things, to sound, echo: c. acc. pers. to call upon.*

αὔως, ἡ, Accl. for ἄως, ἡώς, *morning.*

ἀφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to purify:—Med. to devote oneself with purifying offerings.*

ἀφ-αιρέω, f. ἴσω: pl. ἀφῆρηκα: Pass., αορ. I ἀφῆρέθη: pl. ἀφῆρημαι:—*from the Root 'ΕΛ- we have αορ. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι: (ἀπό, αἰρέω). To take from, take away from another; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρεῖν τινά τι to rob of a thing; ἀφαιρεῖν τινος to take from a thing, hence to diminish: to let off, pardon. II. Med. more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off: ἀφαιρεῖσθαι τινά τι to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself. 2. followed by μή and inf., to prevent, hinder from doing. III. Pass. to be robbed or deprived of a thing.*

ἀφαιστος, Dor. for ἠφαιστος.

ἀφ-άλλομαι, f. ἀφαλούμαι: αορ. I ἀφῆλάμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—*to spring off or down from: to jump off.*

ἀ-φάλος, ον, *without the φάλος or metal boss in which the plume was fixed.*

ἀφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: αορ. 2 ἀφήμαρτον,



Er. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

ἀφάμαρτε, Er. 3 aor. 2 of foregoing.

ἀφάμαρτο-επής, ἐς, (ἀφάμαρτείν, ἔπος) missing the point, talking at random.

ἀφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδήσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω):—to displease, fail to please.

ἀ-φάνεια, ἡ, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (a privat., φανῆναι) unseen, invisible: inscrutable. 2. vanished: bidden, secret: hence unknown: τὸ ἀφανές uncertainty. 3. ἀφανής

οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence

ἀφάνιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: pf. ἡφάνικα:—to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. 2. to

rase to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate foot-steps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. to

darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be heard of no more, vanish: esp. of

persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live retired. Hence

ἀφάνις, εως, ἡ, a making away with. II. a

vanishing, disappearance.

ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνις.

ἀ-φαντος, ον, (a privat., φαίνομαι) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

ἀφ-άπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἀφημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω):—to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on

a string:—Pass. to be hung on, bang on; ἀπαμμένος Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφημμένος.

ἀφάρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. III.

continuously, without intermission.

ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for ἀφρακτος.

ἀφ-αρπάζω, f. ἄξω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι:—Pass., aor. I -ἡρπάσθην: pf. -ἡρπασμαι:—to tear off

or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.

ἀφάρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from ἄφαρ, bastier.

ἀ-φασία, ἡ, (ἄφατος) speechlessness.

ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω: aor. I ἡφασα, imperat. ἄφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφάω):—to take bold of, handle, feel, touch.

ἀ-φᾶτος, ον, (a privat., φᾶτός) not named, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; ἀφᾶτα χρήματα

untold sums; ἀφᾶτον ὥς... there's no saying how. 2. unutterable: huge, monstrous.

ἀφ-αναίνω, fut. pass. ἀνανθήσομαι, = ἀφάω.

ἀφαιρός, α, ον, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφ-αύω, (ἀπό, αὐω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:—Pass. to become parched, to pine away.

ἀφάω or ἀφάω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) to handle, feel.

ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (a privat., φέγγος) without light, dark: metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

ἀφ-εδρών, ὦνος, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) the draught: a privy.

ἀφῆ, Er. for ἀφῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφῆκα, Er. for ἀφῆκα, aor. 1 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφειθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφειδῶς.

ἀφειδέω, f. ἡσω, to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφειδέειν πόνον to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil: absol., ἀφειδήσαντες recklessly. From

ἀ-φειδής, ἐς, (a privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavish: bountiful. 2. unsparing, cruel, harsh. Hence

ἀφειδία, ἡ, profuseness. 2. harshness, severity.

ἀφειδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀφειδής, lavishly.

ἀφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείλον, -όμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφείμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, one must abstain.

ἀφέλεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) simplicity, plainness. From

ἀφελείν, ἀφελίσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (a privat., φελλεύς) without a stone, level, smooth. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.

ἀφ-έλκω, f. -έλω: but the usu. fut. is ἀφελκύσω [ῥ], aor. I ἀφείλκυσα (as if from ἀφελκύω):—to drag away, draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

ἀφελότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) smoothness, evenness: hence simplicity, sincerity.

ἀφελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφελῶς, Adv. of ἀφελής, rudely, coarsely.

ἀφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.

ἀφ-ερκτος, ον, (ἀπείργω) shut out from.

ἀφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. I ἀφείρπυσσα (as if from ἀφερπύζω):—to creep off, steal away.

ἀ-φερτος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.

ἄφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

Ἀφείσιος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.

ἔφεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφήμι) a letting go, setting free: a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a

starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.

ἀφεισταίη, shortened for ἀφείστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφετός, ὄν, (ἀφήμι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence

dedicated to some god.

ἀ-φευκτος, ον, = ἀφυκτος, q. v.

ἀφ-εύω, aor. I ἀφευσα (without augm.): pf. pass. ἡφευμαι:—to singe off. 2. to toast, roast.

ἀφ-έψω, Ion. ἀπέψω: fut. ἀφειψήσω:—to boil off, boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine, purify: to boil young again.

ἀφείωκα, Dor. for ἀφείκα, pf. act., and ἀφείωνται, Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur. pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint: 2. a lighting, kindling. II. (ἄπτομαι) a touching, handling: the sense of touch.

ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγῆσομαι, to lead away, lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first. II. to tell, relate, explain. III. the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used in pass. sense. Hence

ἀφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, ατος, τό, a tale, narrative: and

ἀφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, εως, ἡ, a telling, narrating; ἄξιον ἀπηγήσιος worth the telling.

ἀφήκα, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφ-ῆλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ῆλιξ, ικος, ὁ, ἡ, beyond youth, elderly: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφηλικέστερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀφῆρηκα, pf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφ-ῆτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the archer.

ἀφθαρσία, ἡ, incorruption, immortality. From

ἀ-φθαρτος, ον, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupted, incorruptible.

ἀ-φθεγκτος, ον, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) speechless: not to be spoken of; ἐν ἀφθέγκτῳ νάπει in a grove where none may speak.

ἄφθη, Ion. and Dor. for ἡφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἀ-φθίτος, ον, later also ἡ, ον, (a privat., φθίνω) undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.

ἀ-φθογγος, ον, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) voiceless.

ἀφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀφθονος.

ἀ-φθόνητος, ον, (a privat., φθονέω) unenvied.

ἀφθονία, ἡ, freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

ἀ-φθονος, ον, act. free from envy: ungrudging, bounteous. II. pass. not grudged, bounteously given, plentiful. 2. = ἀνεπίφθονος, unenvied, provoking no envy. III. Adv. -ως, ἀφθόνως ἔχειν

τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀφθορία, ἡ, incorruption, purity. From

ἀ-φθορος, ον, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupt, chaste.

ἀφ-ιδρύω, f. ὑσω [ῡ]:—Pass., aor. I -ύθην [ῡ] or -ύνθην: pf. ἀφιδρύμαι:—to place elsewhere, to remove.

ἀφ-ιερώ, f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:—to purify, hallow.

ἀφ-ίημι: impf. (as if from ἀφίέω) ἡφίουν, 3 sing. ἡφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ἡφίουν, ἡφίεσαν: fut. ἀφήσω: aor. I ἀφήκα: pf. ἀφείκα Dor. ἀφείωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀφειθήσομαι: aor. I ἀφείθην: pf. ἀφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφείωνται with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. *emittere*, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. II. to send away, let go, Lat. *dimittere*: hence to throw away. 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation, etc.: to remit: absol., ἀφίεναι τινά to acquit. 3. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, divorce. 5. ἀφίεναι πλοῖον εἰς . . . to loose ship for a place. III. to give up: hence to leave off, let alone; to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναῦς, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth. 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφοῦ τέκνων let go the children.

ἀφ-ἱκάνω, = ἀφικνέομαι, to arrive at.

ἀφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφίκεο, Dor. for ἀφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

ἀφ-ικνέομαι, f. ἀφίξομαι: aor. ἀφικόμην: pf. pass. ἀφίγμαι: Dep.:—to arrive at, to come to, to reach; ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ or εἰς πάντα to try every means; ἀφικέσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρας ἀφικέσθαι τινί to come to battle, or into enmity with one. II. to come back, return.

ἀφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) unfriendly to good men.

ἀ-φιλ-ἀργῦρος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, ἀργυρος) not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.

ἀ-φίλητος, ον, (a privat., φιλέω) unloved.

ἀφιλοδοξία, ἡ, want of ambition. From

ἀ-φιλόδοξος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) not ambitious.

ἀ-φίλος, ον, of persons, friendless. 2. of persons and things, unfriendly, disagreeable, hateful:—Adv. -ως.

ἀφίξις, Ion. ἀπιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) an arrival. II. a going home again, departure.

ἀφιππεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀφιππος) to ride off, away, or back.

ἀφιππία, ἡ, bad riding. From

ἀφιππος, ον, unsuited for riding or for cavalry. II. riding badly.

ἀφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: aor. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστησάμην:—in which tenses it is causal:—to put away, remove, separate: hence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt. 2. to weigh out; μὴ χρεῖος ἀποστήσωνται lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀφίστηκα: plqpf. ἀφίστηκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—to stand off, away, or aloof from; ἀποστήναι πραγμάτων, etc., to withdraw from business; ἀποστήναι ἀπὸ τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., ἀποστήναι ἐρωτῆσαι to give over asking. 2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off.

ἀφίχθαι, pf. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφλαστον, τό, Lat. *aplustre*, the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφλοισμός, ὁ, a foaming or gnashing of teeth. (Prob. like φλοῖσβος, formed from the sound.)

ἀφνειός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (ἀφενος) rich, wealthy: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

ἀφνεός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of ἀφνειός.

Ἄφνω, Adv. unawares, of a sudden: also ἀφνω.

ἀ-φόβητος, ον, (a privat., φοβέομαι) fearless, without fear of, c. gen.

ἀ-φοβος, ον, (a privat., φόβος) fearless. 2. causing no fear, not to be feared.

ἀφοβό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ἀφοβος, σπλάγχνον) fearless of heart, stout-hearted.

ἀφόβως, Adv. of ἀφοβος, without fear, securely.

ἀφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὁδός) a going away, departure: also a going back. II. = ἀπόπατος.

ἀ-φοίβαντος, ον, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) uncleansed.



ἀφ-ομοιόω, f. ὥσω, to liken, make like. II. to compare. III. to portray, copy.  
 ἀφ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀποπλίσσεται ἔντα to put off one's armour.  
 ἀφ-οράω, impf. ἀφεώρων: pf. ἀφεύρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀπόψομαι (as if from ἀπ-όπτωμαι), and aor. 2 ἀπεῖδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:—to see clearly, have in full view. II. to look from a place. III. rarely, to look away, have the back turned.  
 ἀ-φόρητος, ον, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.  
 ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a thing. II. barrenness.  
 ἀφοριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate. II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.  
 ἀφ-ορμάω, f. ἴσω, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.  
 ἀφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὁρμή) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3. means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus. II. a making a start, undertaking.  
 ἀφορμηθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of ἀφορμάω.  
 ἀφ-ορμίζομαι, Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.  
 ἀ-φόρμικτος, ον, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre.  
 ἀφ-ορμος, ον, (ἀπό, ὄρμος) without harbour in a place.  
 ἀ-φορος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren.  
 ἀ-φόρυκτος, ον, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.  
 ἀφ-οσιόω, fut. ὥσω, (ἀπό, ὅσιος) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιῶσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; ἀφοσιῶσθαι ἐξόρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.  
 ἀφοῦ, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.  
 ἀφώωντα, Ep. for ἀφῶντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἀφάω.  
 ἀφραδέω, f. ἴσω, to act without sense. From ἀ-φραδής, ἐς, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence  
 ἀφραδία, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.  
 ἀ-φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφραδής, thoughtless.  
 ἀφραίνω, (ἀ-φρων) to be silly.  
 ἀ-φρακτος, old Att. ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.  
 ἀ-φράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφράδμων.

ἀ-φραστος, ον, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence  
 ἀφράστως, Adv. unexpectedly.  
 ἀφρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.  
 ἀφρη-λόγος, ον, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.  
 ἀφρηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.  
 ἀφρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτωρ, (a privat., φρά-τρα) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.  
 ἀφρίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.  
 ἀφριόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.  
 ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, the foam-born. From  
 ἀφρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.  
 Ἀφροδισιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.  
 Ἀφροδίσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, belonging to Venus. II. Ἀφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus:  
 Ἀφροδίσια, τά, her festival. From  
 Ἀφροδίτη [ἱ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam. II. as appellat. love, desire:—also beauty.  
 ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων.  
 ἀφρονέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.  
 ἀφροντιστέω, f. ἴσω, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing. From  
 ἀ-φρόντιστος, ον, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστως ἔχειν to be thoughtless. II. pass. untought of, unexpected.  
 ἀ-φρόνως, Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.  
 ἈΦΡΟΣ, ὁ, foam, froth.  
 ἀφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.  
 ἀ-φρουρος, ον, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.  
 ἀφρο-φυής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.  
 ἀ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp. and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος.  
 ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.  
 ἀφύη, ἡ, a sort of anchovy or sardine.  
 ἀ-φύης, ἐς, (a privat., φύη) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.  
 ἀ-φυκτος, ον, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.  
 ἀφύλακτέω, f. ἴσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From  
 ἀ-φύλακτος, ον, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded. II. of persons, unguarded, unbedding; ἀφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard. Adv. -τως. Hence  
 ἀφύλαξία, ἡ, want of vigilance, unguardedness.  
 ἀφ-υλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.  
 ἀ-φυλλος, ον, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἀφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.  
 ἀφύξειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep.  
 ἀφ-υπνύω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὕπνῳ):  
 —to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.

ἀφυσγετός, ὁ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a stream carries with it, rubbish.

ἈΦΥ΄ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύξω Dor. -ξῶ: aor. I ἤφυσσα  
 Ep. ἀφυσσα: aor. I med. ἤφυσάμην Ep. ἀφυσσάμην:  
 —to draw liquids; πίθων ἤφυσσετο οἶνος wine was  
 drawn from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to  
 drink, quaff. 2. to pour in a heap, to pile up,  
 πλοῦτον ἀφύξειν:—Med., φύλλα ἤφυσάμην I heaped  
 me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτευτος, ον, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.

ἀφυῶς, Adv. of ἀφύης: ἀφυῶς ἔχειν to have no  
 natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ον, (a privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, un-  
 utterable. II. voiceless, speechless.

ἀφωμία, ἡ, speechlessness. From

ἀ-φωνος, ον, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless,  
 dumb: inarticulate. Adv. -ως.

ἀχά [ā], Dor. for ἡχῆ.

Ἀχαία, Ion. Ἀχαιῆ, ἡ, (ἄχος) epith. of Demeter  
 in Attica.

ἀχαίνης, ὁ, (ἀκίς) with single points to his horns,  
 epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαῖνη, ἡ, a deer.

Ἀχαιῖς, Att. Ἀχῆϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, the Achaian land, with  
 or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaian wo-  
 man: so also Ἀχαιῖς, ἴδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιός, ὁ, ὄν, Achaian, Lat. Achivus. II. as  
 Subst., 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, the Achaeans, in Homer the  
 Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαῖα, ἡ, Achaia, in Pello-  
 ponnesus.

ἀ-χάλινος, ον, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλινωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλινώω) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλκεος, ον, (a privat., χαλκοῦς) without a  
 farthing. Hence

ἀχαλκίω, to be without a farthing.

ἀ-χάλκευτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of  
 metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ον, without brass, esp. without brassen  
 arms; ἀχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἀνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χάλκωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκῶω) = ἀχάλκευτος.

ἀχάνη [āχā-], ἡ, a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμοι.

ἀ-χάνης, ἴς, (a privat., χανεῖν) not opening the  
 mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ἀ-χάρικωτος, ον, (a privat., χαρακῶω) not palisaded.

ἀ-χάρις, ὁ, ἡ, ἄχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χάρις)  
 without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.

ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

ἀχάριστέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀχάριστος) to be ungrateful.

ἀχαριστία, ἡ, ingratitude, ungraciousness.

ἀ-χάριστος, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάριτος, ον, (a privat.,  
 χαρίζομαι) unpleasing: without grace. II. un-

gracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. un-

thankful: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαρίστως ἔχειν τινί thanks are  
 not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence

in Adv., ἀχαρίστως ἔπυσθαι to follow with a bad  
 grace.

ἀχεδών, ὄνος, Dor. for ἡχεδών.

ἀ-χείμαντος, ον, (a privat., χεῖμαινω) not vexed with  
 storms.

ἀ-χειρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) without hands:  
 without dexterity, awkward.

ἀ-χειρής, ἴς, without hands.

ἀ-χειροποίητος, ον, not made by hands.

ἀ-χειρος, ον, = ἄχειρ: τὰ ἄχειρα the binder parts of  
 the body.

ἀ-χείρωτος, ον, (a privat., χεῖρώω) not trained by the  
 band. II. unconquered.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῷος, ὁ, Achelöus, name of  
 several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia  
 and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running

water, as in Virgil, Achelöia pocula.

ἈΧΕΡΔΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely ὁ, a wild prickly shrub,  
 used for hedges: the wild pear.

Ἀχερόντιος and Ἀχερούσιος, α, ον, of or belong-  
 ing to Achéron: fem. -ιάς, ἴδος.

ἀχερώϊς, ἴδος, the white poplar, supposed to have been  
 brought by Hercules from the banks of Achéron.

Ἀχέρων, οντος, ὁ, Achéron, a river in Hades. (De-  
 rived from ἄχος, as Κωκυτός from κωκύω.)

ἀχέτας, ον, ὁ, Dor. for ἡχέτης, (ἀχέω) sounding:  
 esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

ἀχεύω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part.,  
 κῆρ ἀχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the

same Root ἈΧ-, came 1. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡκᾶ-  
 χον, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress:  
 so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχήσω, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as if  
 from ἀχέω). 2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj.

ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, imperf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—  
 pf. pass., ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέδαται or ἀκηχέα-  
 ται (for ἀκήχηνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέιατο (for ἀκή-  
 χηντο); inf. ἀκάχθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also  
 ἀκηχήμενος.

ἀχέω [ā], Dor. and poet. form for ἡχέω.

ἄχημα, Dor. for ἡχημα.

ἈΧΗ'Ν, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, poor, needy. [ā] Hence  
 ἀχηνία, ἡ, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes'  
 blank gaze.

ἀχθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχθος) burdensome, oppressive.

Adv. -νῶς, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

ἀχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἄγω.

ἀχθηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἄχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

ἀχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἄγω.

ἄχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass.

ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθην: pf. ἡχθημαι: (ἄχ-  
 θος):—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down,  
 discontented, vexed, disgusted.

ἈΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος  
 ἀρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of

grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἀχθοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a  
 burden. From

ἀχθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄχθος, φέρω) bearing burdens.

Ἀχιλλεύς, α, ον, of or belonging to Achilles:



Ἀχίλλειαι μᾶζαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

Ἀχιλλεύς, ἑως, Ep. ἦος, ὁ: Ep. also Ἀχιλεὺς: *Achilles*, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ἀ-χίτων, *ον*, gen. *ωνος*, *without tunic, thinly clad.*

ἀχλαινία, ἡ, *want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing.* From

ἀ-χλαινος, *ον*, (a privat., *χλαῖνα*) *without cloak.*

ἀ-χλοος, *ον*, contr. ἀ-χλους, *ουν*, (a privat., *χλόα*) *without herbage.*

ἀχλύεις, *εσσα, εν*, (ἀχλὺς) *murky, gloomy.*

ἌΧΛΥΨ, ὅς, ἡ, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. *caligo*: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. *trouble.* Hence

ἀχλύνω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἤχλυσα: *to be or grow dark.*

ἌΧΝΗ, Dor. ἀχνα, ἡ, *anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἀχνη οὐρανία the dew of heaven; δακρύων ἀχνη dewy tears.* II. of solids, *chaff: the down on fruit.* III.

ἀχνην in acc. as Adv., *a morsel, a little bit.*

ἀχνῦμαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀχος): *to trouble oneself, grieve.*

ἀ-χολος, *ον*, (a privat., *χολή*) *lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle.* II. *allaying bile or anger.*

ἀχομαι, Dep. (ἀχος) *to mourn, bewail oneself.*

ἀ-χορευτος, *ον*, (a privat., *χορεύω*) like ἀχορος, *not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.*

ἀ-χορος, *ον*, *without the dance: mournful, sad.*

ἌΧΟΣ, εος, τό, an ACHE, *pain, distress*, in Homer only of the mind.

ἀ-χραής, *ες*, = ἀχραντος.

ἀ-χραντος, *ον*, (a privat., *χραίνω*) *undefiled.*

ἀχράς, ἄδος, ἡ, a kind of wild pear.

ἀ-χρεῖος, *ον*, rarely α, *ον*, Ion. ἀ-χρήϊος, (a privat., *χρεία*) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war.* II.

neut. ἀχρεῖον as Adv., ἀχρεῖον ἰδὼν *giving a helpless look, looking foolish; ἀχρεῖον γελάω to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; ἀχρεῖον κλάζειν*

*to bark without cause, of dogs.* Hence

ἀχρεῖω, f. ὠσω, *to make useless, disable.*

ἀ-χρήϊος, *ον*, Ion. for ἀχρεῖος.

ἀχρηματία, ἡ, *want of money.* From

ἀ-χρημάτος, *ον*, (a privat., *χρημα*) *without money or means: οἱ ἀχρηματοὶ the poor.*

ἀχρημοσύνη, ἡ, *want of money.* From

ἀ-χρημων, *ον*, gen. *ωνος*, (a privat., *χρημα*) = ἀχρήματος, *poor, needy.* [α]

ἀχρηστία, ἡ, *uselessness, unfitness.* From

ἀ-χρηστος, *ον*, (a privat., *χρηστός*) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἀχρηστος ἐς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus.* II. *unkind, cruel.*

III. act. *making no use of, c. dat.*

ἄχρι, and before a vowel ἄχρῖς, (ἀκρος) Prep. with gen. *until, Lat. usque ad; ἄχρι μάλα κνέφαος until deep in the night:—as far as, ἄχρι τῆς καρδίας.* II.

Conj. *until, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also ἄχρι*

οὔ. III. Adv. of manner, *to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.*

ἀ-χρώματος, *ον*, (a privat., *χρῶμα*) *without colour.*

ἀ-χρωστος, *ον*, (a privat., *χρώζω*) *uncoloured: untouched.*

ἀχῦρίτις, ἰδος, (ἀχυρον) fem. Adj. of *chaff.*

ἀχυρμία, ἡ, (ἀχυρον) *a heap of chaff.*

ἀχυρο-δόκη, ἡ, (ἀχυρον, δέχομαι) *a chaff-bolder.*

ἌΧΥΡΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. *chaff, bran, husks.*

ἀχῦρό-τριψ, τριβος, ὁ, (ἀχυρον, τρίβω) *threshing out the husks.*

ἀχώ, ἡ, Dor. for ἡχώ.

ἀ-χώριστος, *ον*, (a privat., *χωριστός*) *not parted.* II.

(a privat., *χώρος*) *without a place assigned one.*

ἌΨ, Adv. of Place, *backwards, back, away from, away.* 2. of actions, *again, over again.*

ἀψάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀπτομαι.

ἀ-ψαυστος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψαύω*) *untouched.* II.

act. *without touching.*

ἀ-ψεγής, *ες*, (a privat., *ψέγω*) *unblamed, blameless.*

ἀ-ψεκτος, *ον*, = ἀψεγής.

ἀψευδία, ἡ, *truthfulness; and*

ἀψευδέω, f. ἤσω, *not to lie, to speak truth.* From

ἀ-ψευδής, *ες*, (a privat., *ψεῦδος*) *without falsehood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure.* Hence

ἀψευδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. *really and truly.*

ἀ-ψευστος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψεύδομαι*) *unfeigned.*

ἀ-ψηκτος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψήχω*) *not rubbed off.*

ἀ-ψηφιστος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψηφίζομαι*) *not having voted.*

ἀψιδόομαι, pf. ἡψίδωμαι: Pass.: (ἀψίς):—*to be tied in a circle or curve.*

ἀψί-κοπος, *ον*, (ἀπτομαι, κόπος) *satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.*

ἀψίμαχία, ἡ, *a skirmishing.* From

ἀψί-μάχος, *ον*, (ἀπτομαι, μάχη) *skirmishing.*

ἀψίνθιον, τό, Lat. *absinthium, wormwood.* From

ἌΨΙΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, *wormwood.*

ἀψίς, Ion. ἀψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀπτω) *a juncture: a loop, knot; ἀψίδες λίνου the meshes of a net.* 2. *the fellow or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος*

*ἀψίδος the potter's wheel.* 3. *an arch or vault.*

ἀψίσι, dat. pl. of ἀψίς.

ἀψόρ-ροος, *ον*, contr. ἀψόρρους, *ουν*, (ἀψ, *ρέω*) *back-flowing, flowing back into itself.*

ἀψορ-ρος, *ον*, shortd. form of foreg. *moving backwards, going back:—neut. ἀψορρον as Adv., back-ward, back again.*

ἀψος, εος, τό, (ἀπτω) *a juncture: a joint.*

ἀ-ψόφητος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψοφέω*) *without noise; c. gen., ἀψόφητος κωκυμάτων without cry of wailing.*

ἀ-ψοφος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψόφος*) = ἀψόφητος.

ἀ-ψυκτος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψύχω*) *uncooled, warm.*

ἀψυχία, ἡ, *cowardice.* From

ἀ-ψύχος, *ον*, (a privat., *ψυχή*) *lifeless.* II.

*spiritless, fainthearted.*

\*ἌΩ, root of ἄημι, *to blow; cf. ἄζω, αὔω.*

\*ΑΩ, root of *ιαύω, ἀωτέω, to sleep*: aor. I *ἄεσα*, Ep. *ἄεσσα*, contr. *ἄσα*.

\*ΑΩ, *to hurt*, contr. from *ἀάω*, q. v.

\*ΑΩ, *to satiate*, inf. *ἄμεναι* [ā], contr. for *ἀέμεναι*, Ep. for *ἄειν*: aor. I *ἄσα*: verb. Adj. *ἄτος* [ā]; but with a privat., *ἄατος* [āā], contr. *ἄτος*.

*ἄωθεν*, Adv. Dor. for *ἡώθεν*.

*ἄων, ἄονος, ἡ*, Dor. for *ἡϊών*.

*ἄωρί*, Adv. of *ἄωρος*, at an untimely hour.

*ἄωρία, ἡ*, (*ἄωρος*) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., *ἄωρίαν ἤκειν* to have come too late. [ā]

*ἄωριος, ον*, = *ἄωρος*.

*ἄωρό-νυκτος, ον*, (*ἄωρος, νύξ*) at midnight, Lat. *intempesta nocte*.

*ἄωρος, ον*, (a privat., *ῶρα*) untimely, unseasonable, *χειμῶν, θάνατος*. II. before the time, unripe. III. *missbapen*, ugly. [ā]

*ἄωρτο*, Ep. plqpf. pass. of *ἀείρω*.

*Ἄως, ἡ*, Dor. for *Ἥως, Ἑως*. Hence

*Ἄωσ-φόρος, ὁ*, = *Ἑωσφόρος*, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. *Lucifer*.

*ἄωτέω*, f. *ἡσω*, (*ἄω*) to sleep soundly. From

*ἄωτον, τό*, and *ἄωτος, ὁ*, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, *οἶδς ἄωτον*; also of the finest linen, *λίνοιο λεπτόν ἄωτον*.

## B

B, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, β' = δύο and δεύτερος, but β = 2000.

The Accl. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before ρ, as *βρόδον βράκος*, for *ρόδον ράκος*. It was often inserted between μλ and μπ to give a fuller sound, as in *μεσημβρία, γαμβρός*, cf. *ἀμβροτος*.

The change of β into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into π, e. g. *βατεῖν* for *πατεῖν*.

II. Arcad., into ζ, as *ζέρεθρον* for *βέρεθρον, βάραθρον*.

III. into γ, as *γλήχων* for *βλήχων*.

*βᾶ*, shortd. form of *βασιλεῦ*, O King!

*βαβάζω*, redupl. for *βάζω*, to chatter.

*βαβαί, βαβαιάξ*, Lat. *parae*, exclamation of surprise, *bless me! dear me!*

*βάβαξ, ὁ*, a chatterer.

*βαβύκα, ἡ*, Lacon. for *γέφυρα*, a bridge.

*βάγμα, ατος, τό*, (*βάζω*) a speech.

*βάδην*, Adv. (*βαίνω*) step by step, pacing, Lat. *peditum*, opp. to quick running. II. marching on foot, opp. to riding. III. gradually, Lat. *gradatim*.

*βαδίζω*, fut. Att. *ιούμαι*, later *ιῶ*: aor. I *ἐβάδισα*: pf. *βεβάδικα*: (*βάδος, βαίνω*):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

*βάδισις, εως, ἡ*, a walking, going.

*βαδιστέον*, verb. Adj. of *βαδίζω*, one must go.

*βαδιστής, οὔ, ὁ*, (*βαδίζω*) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; *ταχύς βαδιστής* a quick goer.

*βαδιστικός, ἡ, ὄν*, (*βαδίζω*) good at walking.

*βάδος, ὁ*, (*βαίνω*) a walk.

*ΒΑ'ΖΩ*, f. *βάζω*, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., *ἔπος βέβακται* a word has been spoken.

*βαθία, Ion.* for *βαθεία*, fem. of *βαθύς*.

*βαθίως*, Adv. of *βαθύς*, deeply.

*βάθιστος, η, ον*, Sup. of *βαθύς*.

*βαθμῖς, ἰδος and ἴδος, ἡ*, a step. From

*βαθμός, ὁ*, (*βαίνω*) a step, stair. II. metaph. a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

*βάθος, εος, τό*, (*βαθύς*) depth or height, Lat. *altitudo*; *ἐπὶ βάθος* in file, of soldiers.

*βαθρεία, ἡ*, = *βάθρον*.

*βάθρον, τό*, (*βαίνω*) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation. 2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders. 3. a threshold: metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat.

*βαθυ-αγκής, ἐς*, (*βαθύς, ἄγκος*) with deep vales.

*βαθύ-βουλος, ον*, (*βαθύς, βουλή*) deep-counselling.

*βαθύ-γείος, Ion.* *βαθύγειος, ον*, Att. *βαθύγεως, αν*, (*βαθύς, γῆ*) with deep soil, fruitful.

*βαθυ-γήρως, αν*, (*βαθύς, γῆρας*) in great old age, decrepit.

*βαθύ-γλυπτος, ον*, (*βαθύς, γλύπτω*) deep-carved.

*βαθυ-δίνηεις, εσσα, εν*, (*βαθύς, δινάω*) deep-eddying.

*βαθυ-δίνης, ον, ὁ*, (*βαθύς, δίνη*) deep-eddying. [i]

*βαθύ-δοξος, ον*, (*βαθύς, δόξα*) far-famed.

*βαθύ-ζωνος, ον*, (*βαθύς, ζώνη*) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. *βαθύκολπος*.

*βαθύ-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*βαθύς, θρίξ*) with thick hair: of sheep, with thick wool.

*βαθυ-καμπής, ἐς*, (*βαθύς, κάμπτω*) strongly curved.

*βαθυ-κήτης, ἐς*, (*βαθύς, κῆτος*) very deep.

*βαθυ-κλής, ἐς*, (*βαθύς, κλέος*) far-famed.

*βαθύ-κολπος, ον*, (*βαθύς, κόλπος*) deep-bosomed, with the dress in deep, full folds, like *βαθύζωνος*. 2.

with swelling breasts. II. of the earth, with deep valleys.

*βαθύ-κρημνος, ον*, (*βαθύς, κρημνός*) with high cliffs.

*βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ον*, with thick ice.

*βαθυ-κτίανος, ον*, (*βαθύς, κτίανον*) with great possessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

*βαθύ-λειμος, ον*, and *βαθυ-λείμων, ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*βαθύς, λειμών*) with rich meadows.

*βαθυ-λήϊος, ον*, (*βαθύς, λήϊον*) with deep, thick crops.

*βαθύ-μαλλος, ον*, (*βαθύς, μαλλός*) thick-fleeced.

*βαθυ-μήτης, ον, ὁ*, also *βαθυμήτα*, (*βαθύς, μήτις*) deep-counselling.

*βαθύ-νοος, ον*, contr. *βαθύ-νους, ον*, (*βαθύς, νούς*) profoundly wise.

*βαθύνω* [v], fut. *βαθύνω*: pf. *βεβάθυγα*: (*βαθύς*):—to deepen, hollow out, excavate; *βαθύνειν τὴν φά-*



λαγγα to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, ον, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.

βαθύ-πέδος, ον, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale.

βαθύ-πέλμος, ον, (βαθύς, πέλμα) thick-soled.

βαθύ-πλουτος, ον, (βαθύς, πλούτος) exceeding rich.

βαθυ-πόλεμος, ον, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war.

βαθυρ-ρείτης, ον, ὁ, (ρέω) = βαθύρροος.

βαθύρ-ρηνος, ον, (βαθύς, ῥήν) with thick wool.

βαθύρ-ρίζος, ον, (βαθύς, ρίζα) deep-rooted.

βαθύρ-ροος, ον, contr. βαθύρ-ρους, ον, (βαθύς, ρέω) deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

BA'OT'Σ, βαθεία, Ion. βαθείᾱ, βαθύ: Comp. βαθύ-τερος, poet. βαθίαν, Dor. βάσσων: Sup. βαθύτατος, poet. βάθιστος. Deep or high, Lat. altus. 2. deep, thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; βαθύς ὄρθρος morning-prime; βαθύ γῆρας great old age; βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκάφης, ἐς, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug.

βαθύ-σκίος, ον, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded.

βαθύ-σπορος, ον, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruitful.

βαθύ-στερνός, ον, (βαθύς, στήρνον) deep-chested; βαθύστερνός αἶα deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμός, ον, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-στρωτός, ον, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed.

βαθύ-σχόινος, ον, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) deep grown with rushes.

βαθύ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-φύλλος, ον, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leaved.

βαθυ-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, also βαθυχαϊτήεις, ἥεσσα, ἦεν, (βαθύς, χ αίτη) with deep thick hair, with thick mane.

βαθύ-χθών, ον, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep soil, fertile.

βαίην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of βαίνω.

BA'INΩ, formed from the Root \*Bāw: fut. βήσομαι, Ep. βέομαι and βείομαι, Dor. βᾶσεῦμαι:—pf. βέβηκα, Ep. 3 pl. βεβάασι, βεβᾶσι; inf. βεβάμεν; part. βεβᾶως, βεβᾶνῖα, contr. βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, βεβῶς:—aor. 2 ἐβην, Ep. 3 sing. βῆ, Ep. 3 dual βάτην [ᾱ]; imperat. βῆθι, in compds. βᾶ (as κατάβα); subj. βῶ, Ep. βείω, Ep. 3 sing. βῆη; opt. βαίην; inf. βῆναι, Ep. βήμεναι; part. βᾶς, βᾶσα, βᾶν.—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 ἐβήσετο, for ἐβήσατο:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβάθην [ᾱ] in compds. as συνεβάθην: pf. βέβᾶμαι in compds. as παραβέβᾶμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. Ep. with inf., βῆ δ' ἴμεν, βᾶν δ' ἵεναι he, they set out to go; βῆ δὲ θέειν he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετὰ τι to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδος, etc., to proceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the pf. βέβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being settled; εὖ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβαυτες they who are in office. 5. of lifeless things,

ἐννέα ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβάασι nine years have come and gone. 6. to mount, β. δῖφρον; of animals, to cover; ἵπποι βαινόμεναι brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., βαίνειν κέλευθον to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αἶνον ἔβα κόρος disgust comes after praise; χρεὶς ἔβα με debts came on me.

II. Causal in fut. act. βήσω; aor. 1 ἐβησα (answering to pres. βιβάζω):—to make to go; φῶτας βῆσεν ἀφ' ἵππων be made the men dismount from the chariot.

βάϊον, τό, (βάϊς) a palm-branch.

BAIO'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, little, slight, short, small, humble; ἐχώρει βαιός he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ βαιῆς (sub. ἡλικίας) from childhood; βαιόν, as Adv. a little.

BA'IS, ἡ, a palm-branch.

BAI'TH, ἡ, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακίλας, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé.

Βᾱκίζω, f. ἴσω, (Βακίς) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκαρις, ἴδος or εως, ἡ, baccar, an aromatic plant.

βακτηρία, ἡ, = βάκτρον.

βακτήριον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρευμα, ατος, τό, a staff, support. From

βάκτρεῦω, f. σω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (\*βάω, βιβάζω) Lat. baculus, a staff.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, ον, ὁ, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one who begs leaning on a staff.

Βακχάω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακχέ-βακχον ᾄσαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε, Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχεία, ἡ, (Βάκχος) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus. II.

= Βακχεία, ἡ.

Βάκχειος, α, ον, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired, frenzied.

Βάκχευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύς, εως, ὁ, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, ον, Bacchanalian, frenzied.

Βάκχευσις, εως, ἡ, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύω, f. εὔσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, Lat. bacchari. II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ἡ, (Βάκχος) a Bacchanté. II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω.

Βάκχιος, α, ον, and Βακχικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Βάκχειος, Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. II.

as Subst., ὁ Βάκχιος (sub. θεός), the Bacchic god, i. e. Bacchus.

Βακχίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Βάκχη.

Βακχιώτης, ον, ὁ, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

BA'KKXOS, ὁ, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with Ἰακχος, and so from ἰάχω. II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one inspired or frantic with passion.

**βαλᾶν-άγρα**, ἡ, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a book to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

**βαλᾶνείον**, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room.

**ΒΑΛΑΝΕΥ΄Σ**, ἴως, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

**βαλᾶνεύω**, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

**βαλᾶνη-φάγος**, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating.

**βαλᾶνη-φόρος**, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

**βαλᾶνίζω**, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

**βαλάνισσα**, ἡ, fem. of βαλανεύς.

**ΒΑΛΑΝΟΣ**, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date; Διὸς βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

**βαλᾶνόω**, f. ὠσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

**βαλαντιη-τόμος**, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse.

**ΒΑΛΑΝΤΙΟΝ**, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

**βαλαντιοτομέω**, to cut purses.

**ΒΑΛΒΙ΄Σ**, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carcēres, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point

to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

**βάλε**, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

**βαλῆν**, also **βαλλῆν**, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

**βαλιός**, ἄ, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

**βαλλάντιον**, τό, = βαλάντιον.

**βαλλήναδε βλέπειν**, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

**ΒΑΛΛΩ**, fut. βάλω, Ion. βᾶλέω, rarely βαλλήσω:

—aor. 2 ἔβαλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plqpf. ἔβεβλήκειν, Ep. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. impf. βαλλέσκειτο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἔβαλόμην, Ion.

imperat. βάλεϋ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐβλήθην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 ἔβλητο, subj. βλήεται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖο, inf. βλή-

σθαι, part. βλήμενος:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βεβλήσθαι: plqpf. ἔβεβλήμην. I. Act. to throw,

cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking, to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος

οὔατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put

on or over, κύκλα ἀμφὶ ὀχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμὸς εἰς ἅλα βάλλων. II. Med.

to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. 2. to throw around oneself: ξίφος ἀμφ' ὤμοις βάλλεσθαι

to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation, βάλλεσθαι ἄστν to found a city.

**βαλοῖσαι**, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

**βαλός**, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

**βαλῶ**, fut. ind. and βάλω, aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

**βᾶμα**, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

**βαμβαίνω**, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer. (Formed from the sound.)

**βᾶμες**, Dor. for βῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

**βάμμα**, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

**βᾶν**, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

**βᾶναυσία**, ἡ, (βᾶναυσος) handicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

**βᾶναυσικός**, ἡ, ἔν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βᾶναυσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

**βᾶν-αυσος**, ον, (for βᾶναυσος, from βᾶννος, αὔω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

**βᾶναυσ-ουργία**, ἡ, (βᾶναυσος, \*ἔργω) handicraft.

**βάξις**, εως, ἡ, (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

**βαπτίζω**, fut. Att. βαπτίω, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

**βάπτισμα**, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. II. = βαπτισμός.

**βαπτισμός**, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

**βαπτιστής**, οὔ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

**βαπτός**, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II. drawn like water. From

**ΒΑΨΤΩ**, fut. βάψω.—Pass., aor. ἐβάφθην, aor. 2 ἐβάφην [ᾶ]: pf. βέβαμμαι. 1. transit. to dip,

dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour, steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινὰ βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν to

steep one in Sardian dye, give him a bloody cockcomb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II.

intrans. to dip, sink; ναὺς ἔβαψεν the ship sank.

**βάραθρον**, Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βόθρος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the

Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κεάδαι: hence, II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

**βαρβαρίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape

foreigners. II. to bold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίζω.

**βαρβαρικός**, ἡ, ὄν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner, opp. to Ἑλληνικός. Adv. -κῶς, in a foreign tongue,

i. e. Persian. From

**ΒΑΡΒΑΡΟ΄Σ**, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, οἱ, all that were not

Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the

Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves. II. from the Augustan age, the term

was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still af-

fected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

**βαρβαρό-φωνος**, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

**βαρβαρόω**, f. ὠσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous



or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

BA'PBITON, τό, and βάρβιτος, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιτος, ἡ, on, by poet. metath. for βράδιτος, Sup. of βραδύς: so Comp. βαρδύτερος for βραδύτερος.

βάρειω, (βάρος) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρηώς, weighed down, overcome, οἶνω βεβαρηότες.

βάρειως, Adv. of βαρύς, heavily, grievously; βαρέως φέρειν, Lat. aegre ferre, to take a thing ill; βαρέως ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βάρης, ἰδος, Ion. ἰος, ἡ, Ion. plur. βάρῃς, αἱ, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. ratis.

BA'POΣ, εὖς, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βαρῦ-ἀλγῆτος, on, (βαρύς, ἀλγέω) very grievous.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἄχος) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for βαρυηχῆς.

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, on, ὁ, and -ετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. -ετήρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, on, ὁ, (βαρύς, βρομέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-βρομος, on, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-roaring.

βαρυ-βρώς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating: gnawing, corroding.

βαρῦ-γδουπος, on, (βαρύς, δοῦπος) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and βαρῦ-γουνος, on, (βαρύς, γόνυ) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρῦ-γυιος, on, (βαρύς, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαιμονέω, f. ἤσω, (βαρυδαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence βαρυδαιμονία, ἡ, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, on, gen. ονος, (βαρύς, δαίμων) pressed by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρῦ-δάκρυς, υ, (βαρύς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously.

βαρῦ-δικος, on, (βαρύς, δίκη) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρυ-δότειρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, δότηρ) giver of ill gifts.

βαρῦ-δουπος, on, = βαρῦ-γδουπος.

βαρῦ-ζήλος, on, (βαρύς, ζήλος) exceedingly jealous.

βαρυ-ηχῆς, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἦχος) heavy-sounding.

βαρυθυμία, ἡ, sullenness. From βαρῦ-θυμος, on, (βαρύς, θυμός) heavy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

βαρῦ-θω, (βαρύς) to be weighed down: to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-κομπος, on, (βαρύς, κομπέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-κοτος, on, (βαρύς, κοτέω) grievous in wrath.

βαρῦ-κτύπος, on, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) heavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, απος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, λαίλαψ) loud-storming.

βαρῦ-λογος, on, (βαρύς, λόγος) vexatious of speech;

βαρῦ-λογα ἔχθεα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, on, and βαρῦμηνις, ι, gen. ἰος, (βαρύς, μῆνις) exceeding wrathful.

βαρῦ-μισθος, on, (βαρύς, μισθός) exacting heavy sums.

βαρῦ-μοχθος, on, (βαρύς, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βαρυνθεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω [ῥ], f. ὑνῶ, (βαρύς) to load heavily, to burden: to torment:—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; βαρύνεσθαι χεῖρα to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. gravari.

βαρυ-όπης, on, ὁ, (βαρύς, ὤψ) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, on, (βαρύς, ὀργή) exceeding angry.

βαρυ-πάλαμος, on, (βαρύς, παλάμη) heavy-banded.

βαρυ-πενθής, ἐς, (βαρύς, πένθος) causing grievous woes.

βαρυ-πένθητος, on, (βαρύς, πενθέω) mourning heavily.

βαρυ-πεσής, ἐς, (βαρύς, πεσεῖν) heavy-falling.

βαρῦ-ποτμος, on, (βαρύς, πότμος) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρῦ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, πούς) heavy-footed: heavy at the end.

BA'PYΣ, εἶα, ὁ: Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύτερος: heavy, Lat. gravis: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavy-armed. III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to ὀξύς.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, on, (βαρύς, σίδηρος) heavy with iron.

βαρῦ-σταθμος, on, (βαρύς, σταθμός) weighing heavy.

βαρυ-στενάχων, ουσα, on, (βαρύς, στενάχω) sobbing heavily.

βαρῦ-στονος, on, (βαρύς, στένω) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-σύμφορος, on, (βαρύς, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, on, (βαρύς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρῦτης, ητος, ἡ, (βαρύς) weight, heaviness: importunity: barsbness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-τίμος, on, (βαρύς, τιμή) of great worth: venerable, costly.

βαρῦ-τλητος, on, (βαρύς, τλῆναι aor. 2 of \*τλάω) heavy to bear.

βαρῦ-φθογγος, on, (βαρύς, φθογγή) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρῦ-χειλος, on, (βαρύς, χεῖλος) thick-lipped.

βαρῦ-χορδος, on, (βαρύς, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρῦ-ψυχος, on, (βαρύς, ψυχή) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαίνω.

βασανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βασανισμός, ὁ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

**ΒΑΣΑΝΙΣΤΗΣ**, οὐ, ὁ, pecul. fem. **ΒΑΣΑΝΙΣΤΡΙΑ**, ἡ, (Βασανίζω):—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

**ΒΑΣΑΝΟΣ**, ἡ, the touch-stone, Lat. lapis Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατρίβω. II.

metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not. III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question. 2. torture, anguish, disease.

**ΒΑΣΕΥΜΑΙ**, **ΒΑΣΕΥΝΤΑΙ**, Dor. for βήσομαι, βήσονται, fut. of βαίνω.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑ**, ἡ, (Βασιλεύς) a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑ**, ἡ, (Βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion: hereditary monarchy, opp. to τυραννίς.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ**, τό, mostly in plur., a palace: also the royal treasury or tent. Strictly neut. from

**ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ**, ον, and α, ον, Ion. **ΒΑΣΙΛΗΪΟΣ**, η, ον, kingly, royal. From

**ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ**, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, acc. **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑ**, contr. **ΒΑΣΙΛῆ**: pl., nom. **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΣ**, old Att. -ῆς, Ion.

-ῆς:—a king, prince, of gods and men:—hence are formed the Comp. **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΤΕΡΟΣ**, α, ον, more kingly; Sup. **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΤΑΤΟΣ**, η, ον, most kingly. II. the

second of the nine Archons at Athens was called **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ**: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes. III. after the

Persian war the king of Persia was called **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ** (without the Art.), or ὁ μέγας **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ**. Hence

**ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΩ**, f. σω, to be king, to rule: in aor. I **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣΑΙ**, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under a king.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΗΤῆ**, ἡ, Ion. for **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑ**.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΗΪΟΣ**, η, ον, Ion. for **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ**.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΗΣ**, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ**, royal.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΙΖΩ**, f. σω, (Βασιλεύς) to be of the king's party.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΟΣ**, ἡ, ὄν, like **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΣ**, royal, of a king. 2. of or for a king, princely. II. as Subst., **ΒΑΣΙΛΙΚΟΣ**, ὁ, a courtier, nobleman.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΙΝΑΥ**, barbaric form of **ΒΑΣΙΛΙΝΝΑ**, **ΒΑΣΙΛΙΣΣΑ**.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΙΝΝΑ** and **ΒΑΣΙΛΙΣΣΑ**, ἡ, = **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑ**, a queen.

**ΒΑΣΙΛΙΣ**, ἴδος, η, = **ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑ**, a queen, princess. 2. as Adj. = **ΒΑΣΙΛΗΣ**, royal.

**ΒΑΣΙΜΟΣ**, ον, (Βαίνω) passable: accessible.

**ΒΑΣΙΣ**, εως, ἡ, (Βαίνω) a stepping: a step, walk. II. that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

**ΒΑΣΚΑΙΝΩ**, fut. ἄνω: aor. I **ἔΒΑΣΚΗΝΑ**: aor. I pass. **ἔΒΑΣΚΑΝΘΗΝ**: (Βάσκω):—to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage. II. to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.

**ΒΑΣΚΑΝΙΑ**, ἡ, (Βάσκανος) slander, envy, malice.

**ΒΑΣΚΑΝΟΣ**, ον, (Βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, malignant. 2. a sorcerer.

**ΒΑΣΚΑΣ**, ἄδος, ἡ, a kind of duck.

**ΒΑΣΚΕ**, imperat. of an obsol. verb **ΒΑΣΚΩ**, another form of **ΒΑΙΝΩ**, as **ΧΑΣΚΩ** of **ΧΑΙΝΩ**; **ΒΑΣΚ' ἴθι**, speed thee! away! **ΒΑΣΚΕΤΕ** away!

**ΒΑΣΜΟΣ**, Ion. for **ΒΑΘΜΟΣ**.

**ΒΑΣΣΑ**, Dor. for **Βῆσσα**.

**ΒΑΣΣΑΡΑ**, ἡ, = ἁλώπηξ, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.)

**ΒΑΣΣΑΡΙΟΝ**, τό, Dim. of **ΒΑΣΣΑΡΑ**.

**ΒΑΣΣΩΝ**, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of **ΒΑΘΥΣ**.

**ΒΑΣΤΑΓΜΑ**, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a burden. II. that which bears, a staff. From

**ΒΑΣΤΑΪΩ**, f. ἄσω: aor. I **ἔΒΑΣΤΑΣΑ**, later **ἔΒΑΣΤΑΞΑ**: aor. I pass. **ἔΒΑΣΤΑΧΘΗΝ**:—to lift, lift up, raise: metaph. to extol, exalt. II. to bear, support, hold upright: to bear in mind, consider. III. to carry off. IV. to handle, touch. Hence

**ΒΑΣΤΑΚΤΟΣ**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

**ΒΑΤΑΛΟΣ**, ὁ, a lisper.

**ΒΑΤΕΩ**, f. ἦσω, (Βαίνω) to mount, cover, of animals.

**ΒΑΤΗΝ**, Ep. for **ἔΒήτην**, 3 dual aor. 2 of **ΒΑΙΝΩ**.

**ΒΑΤΗΡΙΣ**, ἴδος, ἡ, (Βατέω) fem. Adj. for mounting.

**ΒΑΤΙΑ**, ἡ, = **ΒΑΤΟΣ**, a bush, thicket.

**ΒΑΤΙΔΟ-ΣΚΟΠΟΣ**, ον, (Βάτις, σκοπέω) looking after roaches or skaits, greedy for them.

**ΒΑΤΙΣ**, ἴδος, ἡ, (Βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.

**ΒΑΤΟ-ΔΡΟΠΟΣ**, ον, (Βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off or up.

**ΒΑΤΟΣ**, ὁ, a bramble or any prickly bush.

**ΒΑΤΟΣ**, ὁ, the Hebrew liquid measure bath.

**ΒΑΤΟΣ**, ἡ, ὄν, (Βαίνω) passable.

**ΒΑΤΡΑΧΕΙΟΣ**, ον, (Βάτραχος) of or belonging to a frog: **ΒΑΤΡΑΧΕΙΟΝ** (sub. χρώμα), frog-colour, pale green.

**ΒΑΤΡΑΧΙΣ**, ἴδος, and ἴδος, ἡ, a frog-green coat. From

**ΒΑΤΡΑΧΟΣ**, ὁ, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog of a horse's hoof. [ᾶ]

**ΒΑΤΤΑΡΙΖΩ**, fut. Att. ἴω, (Βάττος) to stammer.

**ΒΑΤΤΟ-ΛΟΓΕΩ**, = **ΒΑΤΤΑΡΙΖΩ**, (Βάττος, λόγος) to babble, use vain repetitions.

**ΒΑΤΤΟΣ**, ὁ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound.)

**ΒΑΥΩ**, Dor. **ΒΑΥΣΩ**: fut. **ΒΑΥΞΩ**:—to cry **ΒΑῦ**, **ΒΑῦ**, to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach. II. transit. to cry aloud for.

**ΒΑΥΚΑΛΙΣ**, ἴδος, ἡ, a wine-cooler.

**ΒΑΥΝΟΣ** or **ΒΑΥΝΟΣ**, ὁ, (αὔω) a furnace, forge.

**ΒΑΥΣΩ**, Dor. for **ΒΑΥΩ**.

**ΒΑΨῆ**, ἡ, (Βάπτω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in cold water. II. a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing: also the dye itself.

**ΒΑΨῆΝΑΙ**, aor. 2 inf. pass. of **ΒΑΠΤΩ**.

**ΒΑΨΙΣ**, εως, ἡ, (Βάπτω) a dipping, dyeing.

**ΒΔΕΛΛΑ**, ἡ, a leech, Lat. birūdo.

**ΒΔΕΛΥΓΜΑ**, τό, (Βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp. of idols.

**ΒΔΕΛΥΚΤΟΣ**, ἡ, ὄν, (Βδελύσσω) disgusting, abominable.

**ΒΔΕΛΥΚ-ΤΡΟΠΟΣ**, ον, (Βδελυκτός, τρόπος) = foreg.

**ΒΔΕΛΥΤΡΟΣ**, ἡ, ὄν, abominable, disgusting. Hence

**ΒΔΕΛΥΣΣΩ**, Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: to cause to stink, make loathsome. II. mostly used as Dep. **ΒΔΕΛΥΤΤΟΜΑΙ**, with fut. med. and pass. **ΒΔΕΛΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ**, **ΒΔΕΛΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ**, aor. I med. and pass. **ἔΒΔΕΛΥΣΣΑΜΗΝ**, **ἔΒΔΕΛΥΧΘΗΝ**:—to feel disgust at, to detest, have a



horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέ-  
λυνται occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.

ΒΔΕΨΩ, f. βδέσω, to break wind: to stink.

βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of.

βεβᾶσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω.

βέβαιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βαίνω) firm, steady: stead-  
fast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βέβαιον certainty. Hence

βεβαιότης, ητος, ή, firmness, steadfastness, safety.

βεβαιώω, f. ὥσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to  
establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.

βεβαίως, Adv. of βέβαιος, steadfastly, firmly.

βεβαίωσις, εως, ή, a making fast or sure, establishing.

βεβᾶμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι,  
inf. of βαίνω. [α]

βίβαμμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω.

βεβάρηως, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.

βίβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίνω.

βεβᾶσι, Att. contr. from βεβᾶσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of  
βαίνω.

βεβᾶς, βεβᾶυια, Ep. for βεβηκῶς, pf. part. of βαίνω.

βίβηκα, pf. of βαίνω.

βεβηκεν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

βίβηλος, ον, (βαίνω, βηλός) allowable to tread,  
permitted to human use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to  
sacred. II. of men, unballoved, profane, unboly.

Hence

βεβηλώω, f. ὥσω, to profane, to pollute.

βεβίασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω.

βεβίηκα, pf. of βιάω.

βεβλάστηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω.

βίβλαφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.

βίβλεφα, βέβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.

βίβληται, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήται, βεβλήατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf.  
pass. of βάλλω.

βίβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of  
βάλλω.

βίβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of  
βάλλω.

βίβλικα, pf. of βλίττω.

βεβολήατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος,  
pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω.

βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλομαι.

βεβούλευκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of  
βουλεύω.

βίβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.

βίβριθα, pf. of βρίθω.

βεβρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βρωτός.

βίβρυχε, v. βρυχάομαι.

βεβρώθω, poet. form of βιβρώσκω, to eat up.

βίβρωκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκῶς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βίβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part.  
of βαίνω.

βῆν, 2 sing. cf βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω.

βείομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, I will walk  
or live.

βείω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βεκκε-σέληνος, ον, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fashioned,  
out of date, dotard: simple, silly.

βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.

βέλεμον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.

βελόνη, ή, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear:  
a needle.

βελονο-πώλης, ον, ό, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needle-  
seller.

βέλος, εος, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from  
jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. 2.

metaph., ἀγανὰ βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used  
of sudden, easy death: δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of  
the storm; ὀμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.

βέλτερος, α, ον, = βελτίων, poet. Comp. of ἀγαθός,  
better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ον.

βέλτιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best.

βελτίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of ἀγαθός, better.

βεμβικιάω, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top.

βεμβικίζω, f. ἴσω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a  
top, to set a going.

ΒΕΜΒΙΞ, ἴκος, ή, Lat. turbo, a top.

βενδίδειον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).

ΒΕΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, (poet. for βάθος, as πένθος for  
πάθος) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε  
to the bottom; βένθεια ὕλης the depths of the wood.

βέντιστος, α, ον, Dor. for βέλτιστος.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάραθρον.

βερέσχεθος, ό, a booby.

βῆ, poet. for ἔβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆθι, βῆναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω.

βηλός, ό, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. limen.

βῆμα, ατος, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a  
place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune  
to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat.  
rostra, suggestum or -us.

βῆμεν, Ep. for ἔβημεν, 1 plur. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆμεναι, Ep. for βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆν, Ep. for ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆξ, βηχός, ή, or ό, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis.

βήρυλλος, ή, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.

βῆσα, Ep. for ἔβησα, aor. 1 act. of βαίνω.

βήσεο, Ep. for βήσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βαίνω.

βήσετο, Ep. for ἔβησατο, sing. aor. 1 med. of βαίνω.

βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βῆσσα, Dor. βᾶσσα, ή, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a  
wooded valley or glen; οὔρεος ἐν βήσσησι in the  
mountain glens. Hence

βησσίης, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗΨΣΩ, Att. βήπτω, f. βήξω: aor. 1 ἔβηξα:—to  
cough.

βῆτ-αρμων, ονος, ό, (βαίνω, ἀρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for ἔβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

**ΒΙ'Α**, Ion. βίη, ἡ, *bodily strength, force, might*, Lat. *vis*: often periphr. with a gen. of the person, βίη Ἡρακλῆος *the strong Hercules*. II. *force, an act of violence*; βίᾳ τινός *against one's will*. [r] Hence

βιάζω, ἰ. ἄσω, *to force, constrain*: Pass., aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. βεβιάσμαι:—*to have violence done one, to suffer violence*; βιάζομαι τάδε *I am wronged herein*. II. Dep., with aor. I med. ἐβιάσάμην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβιάσμαι:—*to force a man, constrain, overpower*; βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν *to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault: absol. to use force, force one's way*.

βίαιο-μάχας, α, ὁ, (βίαιος, μάχη) *fighting violently*. βίαιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βία) *forcible, violent: acting with violence*; πρὸς τὸ βίαιον *by force*. 2. pass. *forced: compulsory*. Hence

βιαιότης, ητος, ἡ, *violence*. βιαιῶς, Adv. of βίαιος, *by force, perforce*. βι-αρκής, ἐς, (βίος, ἀρκέω) *supplying the necessities of life*.

βίαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (βιάζω) *one who uses force, a violent man*. βιατής, οὔ, ὁ, = βιαστής. βιάω: perf. βεβίηκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, *to force, constrain*:—Med., βιάομαι, ἰ. ἥσομαι, *to force, treat with violence*: also *to overreach, defraud*, νῶϊ μισθὸν βιήσατο *he cheated us of our pay*:—Pass., aor. I ἐβιήθην, *to be constrained or overpowered*.

βιβάζω, ἰ. ἄσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of βαίνω, *to make to go up, lift up, exalt*. βιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb βίβημι, = βαίνω.

βιβάσθων, οὔσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb βιβάσθω, = βαίνω, *to stride*; μακρὰ βιβάσθων *long-striding*. βιβάω, poet. collat. form of βαίνω, *to stride*; πέλωρα βιβᾶν *to take huge strides*; part. βιβῶν, βιβῶσα.

βιβλᾶριον, τό, Dim. of βίβλος, *a little book or scroll*:—so also βιβλαρίδιον, τό.

βιβλινος οἶνος, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from Biblis, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ἡ, (βιβλίον, θήκη) *a book-case: library*. βιβλίον, τό, Dim. of βίβλος, *a paper, scroll*.

βιβλιο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (βιβλίον, πωλέω) *a bookseller*. ΒΙ'ΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, *the inner bark of the papyrus*. II. *the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book*.

ΒΙΒΡΩ'ΣΚΩ, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώσα: aor. 2 ἐβρων: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncop. βεβρώς.—Pass., fut. βρωθήσομαι: fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—*to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume*: c. gen. *to eat of a thing*.

βιβῶ, Att. fut. of βιβάζω. βιβῶν, contr. from βιβᾶων, part. of βιβάω.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of βιάω. ΒΙ'ΚΟΣ, ὁ, *an earthen wine-vessel*.

ΒΙ'ΝΕ'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to ὁπνία. βιο-δότης, ὁ, (βίος, δίδωμι) *the giver of life or food*.

βιό-δωρος, ον, (βίος, δῶρον) *life-giving, bounteous*. βιο-δότης, ὁ, poet. for βιοδότης.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) *lively, strong, hale*. βιο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) *supporting life*.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, *life, the course of life: lifetime*. II. *manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood*. ΒΙΟ'Σ, ὁ, *a bow*.

βιο-στερής, ἐς, (βίος, στερέω) *robbing of life or means*. II. pass. *in want of means*.

βιοτεία, ἡ, (βιοτεύω) *a way of life, livelihood*. βιοτεύω, ἰ. σω, (βιύω) *to live, subsist*; βιοτεύειν ἀπὸ τινος *to live by a thing*.

βιοτή, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = βίος. βιότης, ητος, ἡ, = βίος. βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίος, *a scant living*.

βίος, ὁ, (βιύω) *life: means of life*. βιούς, aor. 2 part. of βιύω. βιο-φειδής, ἐς, (βίος, φείδομαι) *stingy, sparing*.

βιόω, ἰ. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I ἐβίωσα:—aor. 2 ἐβίων (as if from a verb βιώμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιῶ; opt. βιῶν; inf. βιώναι; part. βιούς: (βίος, Lat. *vivo*):—*to live, esp. to live happily*:—Pass., βιοῦται *one lives*, Lat. *vivitur*. βιῶνται, βιῶντο, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of βιάω.

βιῶατο, for βιῶντο, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of βιάω. βιῶν, aor. 2 med. opt. of βιῶω. βιῶναι, inf. of βιῶω.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βιῶω) *to be lived, worth living, possible to live*.

βίωσις, εως, ἡ, (βιῶω) *a living, manner of life*. βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βιῶω, *to quicken, make alive*: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I ἐβιώσαο.

βιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βιῶω) *fit for life, lively*. II. *of or pertaining to life*.

βιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = (βιῶω) *to be lived, worth living for*. βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of βιῶω.

βλάβεν, Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

βλάβερός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλάπτω) *hurtful, noxious*. βλάβη, ἡ, (βλάπτω) *hurt, harm, damage*: βλάβη δική *an action for damage done*.

βλάβῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βλάπτω. βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάπτομαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται. βλάβος, εος contr. ονς, τό, = βλάβη, *hurt, damage*.

ΒΛΑΙΣΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, *having the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked*.

βλακεία, ἡ, (βλακεύω) *slackness, sloth, stupidity*. βλακεύω, (βλάξ) *to be slack, lazy, indolent*.

βλακικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλάξ) *indolent, stupid*. Adv. -κῶς. βλακώδης, ἐς, (βλάξ, εἶδος) *lazy, sluggish*.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, βλακός, ὁ, ἡ, (akin to μαλακός) *lazy, inactive, sluggish*. Irreg. Comp. βλακίστερος or βλακώτερος.

ΒΛΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. βλάψω: Ep. aor. I βλάψα: pf. βέβλαφα or ἐβλάφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλαβήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλάψομαι; fut. med. βλάψομαι, used as pass.: aor. I ἐβλάφθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἐβλάβην [α]: pf.



βέβλαμμαι:—to hinder, weaken, stop; c. gen. to hinder from; βλαβέντα λοισθίων δρόμων arrested in its last course; βλαφθεῖς ἐν ὄζῳ caught in the branches. 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mislead. 3. to harm, damage, hurt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἐβλαστον; later aor. 1 ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα: (βλαστέω):—to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

βλάστη, ἡ, = βλαστός, a bud, sprout, leaf. II. increase, growth.

βλάστημα, ατος, τό, and βλαστημός, ὁ, = βλάστη. ΒΛΑΣΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen.

βλασφημέω, f. ἥσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος):—to drop profane words, speak profanely. 2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame: to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ἡ, profane language. 2. evil-speaking, blasphemy.

βλάσφημος, ον, (βλάξ, φήμη) speaking profanely. 2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΥΤΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur. βλαῦται, ὦν, αἱ, a kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleae.

βλαυτίον, τό, Dim. of βλαῦτη.

βλαφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βληχῆ.

βλάψα, Ep. for ἐβλαψα, aor. 1 of βλάπτω.

βλάψις, εως, ἡ, (βλάπτω) a harming, hurting.

βλαψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) maddening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαψιφρόνως, madly.

βλεῖο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω.

βλεμεαίνω, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμεαίνων exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye.

βλέποισα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτέον, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, one must look.

βλεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, seen, worth seeing. From

ΒΛΕΨΩ, f. ψω; aor. 1 ἐβλεψα: pf. βέβλεψα:—

Pass., aor. 1 ἐβλέφθην: pf. βέβλεμμαι:—to look,

see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., Ἄρη, φόβον

βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα,

νᾶπυ βλέπειν to look cross, mustard, i. e. to have a

sour or bitter look. II. to look in a particular

direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οἰκία πρὸς

μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the

south. III. to see the light, with or without

φάος, hence, to live. IV. to look and long after

a thing, c. inf. 2. to take care of, look to or to

beware of a thing.

βλεφάρις, ἰδος, ἡ, an eyelash. From

βλέφαρον, τό, (βλέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur.

the eyes: ἀμέρας βλέφαρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun;

νυκτὸς βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon.

βλήεται for βλήηται, βλήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj.

of βάλλω.

βληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. 2. a

shot, wound. 3. a coverlet.

βλήμενος, η, ον, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. 2.

βλητέον, one must throw.

βλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (βάλλω) hurled, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (βληχῆ):—to bleat,

of sheep and goats.

ΒΛΗΧΗ, ἡ, a bleating: generally, the wailing of

children, Lat. vagitus.

βληχρός, α, ὄν, weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a

euphon., ἀβληχρός. Adv. -ρῶς, slightly.

ΒΛΗΧΩΝ, ανος, ἡ: acc. βλήχω: Ion. γλήχων,

Dor. γλάκων:—pennyroyal. Hence

βληχωνίας, ον, ὁ, prepared with pennyroyal.

ΒΛΙΤΤΩ, Ion. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aor. ἐβλίσσα:

—to cut out the comb of bees, to take the honey.

(From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.)

ΒΛΟΣΤΡΟΣ, α, ὄν, grim, stern: also burly,

manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

βλοστρ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βλοστρός, ὦψ) grim-looking.

ΒΛΥΨΩ, f. βλύσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἐβλύσσα, = βλύω.

Hence

βλύσις, εως, ἡ, and βλυσμός, ὁ, a bubbling up.

βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. 1 of

βλύω.

ΒΛΥΨΩ, f. βλύσω [ῥ], to bubble, spout, or gush

forth: hence to be full, to be haughty.

βλώμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωθρός, α, ὄν, (βλώσκω) shooting up, bigg grow-

ing, of trees.

βλώσκω: (tenses formed from Root ΜΟ'ΑΩ), f.

μολοῦμαι, aor. 2 ἐμολον (cf. θρώσκω, θοροῦμαι, ἐθο-

ρον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμύλωκα):—to come

or go.

βοάγριον, τό, a shield of wild bull's hide. From

βό-αγρος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

βοα-θόος, Dor. for βοηθός.

βόαμα, ατος, τό, (βοάω) a shriek, cry: a loud strain.

βοάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. βοάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοάω) crying,

screaming. [ā]

βό-αυλος, ὁ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοῦς, αὐλή) an ox-stall.

βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάα, 3 pl. βοούωσιν, part. βοόων:

f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι:

aor. 1 ἐβόησα, Ion. ἐβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα:—Med.,

aor. 1 ἐβοησάμην Ion. ἐβωσάμην:—Pass., aor. 1

ἐβοήθην Ion. ἐβώσθην: pf. βεβόημαι Ion. βέβωμαι:

(βοή):—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout:

of things, to thunder, roar, bowl: to echo. II.

trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to

aid. 2. to demand in a loud voice. 3. to noise

abroad, proclaim.

**βοεικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

**βόειος** or **βόεος**, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-bide: ἡ βοεία or βοεία, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an ox-bide, a shield of ox-bide.

**βοεύς**, ἔως, ὄ, (βοῦς) a thong or cord of ox-leather.

**βοή**, ἡ, contr. from βοή, v. βόειος.

**ΒΟΗ'**, ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοήν αγαθός good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. II. = βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

**βοη-γενής**, ἔς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

**βοηδρομέω**, (βοηδρόμος) to run on bearing a cry, haste to help, succour.

**Βοη-δρομιών**, ὦνος, ὄ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

**βοη-δρόμος**, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

**βοήθεια**, ἡ, (βοητός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

**βοηθίω**, Ion. βωθίω, f. ἤσω, (βοητός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

**βοηθητέον**, verb. Adj. one must assist.

**βοηθητικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (βοηθίω) ready or able to help.

**βοη-θός**, ον, (βοή, θέω) hasting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοηθόν ἄρμα a chariot hasting to the battle.

**βοηθός**, ὄν, contr. from βοηθός: as Subst., βοηθός, ὄ, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

**βοηλασία**, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

From

**βο-ηλάτης**, ον, ὄ, fem. βοηλάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἱλαύνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer. II. a drover.

**βοη-νόμος**, ον, = βουνόμος.

**βόης**, ον, ὄ, (βοάω) a crier.

**βόησις**, ἔως, Ion. βοητύς, ὕος, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

**ΒΟ'ΘΡΟΣ**, ὄ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

**βόθυνος**, ὄ, = βόθρος.

**βοιδάριον**, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

**βοίδιον**, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

**Βοιωταρχέω**, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From

**Βοιωτ-άρχης**, ον, ὄ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

**Βοιωτ-αρχία**, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

**Βοιωτία**, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

**Βοιωτιάω** and **Βοιωτίζω**, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

**Βοιωτίδιον**, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian.

**Βοιωτι-ουργής**, ἔς, (Βοιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

**Βοιωτός**, οὔ, ὄ, a Boeotian.

**ΒΟΛΒΟ'Σ**, ὄ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

**βολή**, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile:—metaph. a glance:—βολαὶ ἡλίου sun-beams.

**βολίζω**, f. σω, (βολίς) to heave the lead, sound.

**βολίς**, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

**βολίτινος**, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

**βόλιτον**, **βόλιτος**, (βύλος) cow-dung.

**βόλλομαι** and **βόλομαι**, Acol. for βούλομαι.

**βολο-κτυπία**, ἡ, (βύλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

**βόλος**, ὄ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βόλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes.

II. a throw with dice.

**βομβ-αύλιος**, ὄ, (βόμβος, αὐλός) a bagpiper.

**βομβεῦντι**, Acol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

**βομβέω**, f. ἤσω, (βύμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

**βομβήεις**, εσσα, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

**βομβητής**, οὔ, ὄ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, hummer.

**ΒΟΜΒΟΣ**, ὄ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

**βομβυλιός**, οὔ, ὄ, and ἡ, (βύμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a humble bee.

**βόμβυξ**, ὕκος, ὄ, the silk-worm.

**βοο-θύτης**, ον, ὄ, = βουθύτης.

**βοο-κτασία**, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

**βοο-νόμος**, **βοο-σφαγία**, etc., = βου-.

**βοο-σφαγία**, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

**βοόω**, Ep. for βοάω.

**ΒΟΡΑ'**, ἡ, food, meat.

**βορβορό-θύμος**, ον, (βόρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

**ΒΟ'ΡΒΟΡΟΣ**, ὄ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

**βορβορο-τάραξις**, ὄ, (βόρβορος, ταρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

**βορβορ-ώδης**, ες, (βόρβορος, ἔϊδος) miry, slimy.

**ΒΟΡΕ'ΑΣ**, ον, ὄ; Ion. Βορέης, contr. Βορήης, ἔω; Att. Βορρᾶς, ᾱ:—the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρὸς βορῆν ἄνεμον towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινός northward of a place.

**Βορεάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. Βορειάς, poet. Βορεΐας, Βορηΐς, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem. Adj. northern.

**Βόρειος**, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Βορέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

**Βορεῶτις**, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορεάς.

**Βορήϊος**, η, ον, Ion. for Βόρειος.

**Βορηΐς**, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορεάς.

**βορός**, ἄ, ἐν, (Βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

**Βορραῖος**, α, ον, or ος, ον, = Βόρειος.

**Βορρᾶς**, ᾱ, ὄ, Att. for Βορεάς.

**βόρνες**, οἱ, unknown Libyan animals.

**βόσις**, ἔως, ἡ, (βύσσω) food, fodder.

**βόσκε**, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βύσσω.

**βοσκή** or **βόσκη**, ἡ, (βύσσω) food, fodder.

**βόσκημα**, ατος, τό, (βύσσω) that which is fed or fattened, cattle: a herd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

**βοσκητέον**, verb. Adj. of βύσσω, one must feed.



**βοσκός**, ὁ, *the feeder or herder of the cattle.* From **ΒΟΨΚΩ**, fut. *βοσκήσω*, as if from obsol. *βοσκέω*:—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pascere*, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. *pasci*, to feed, graze.

**Βοσπόριος**, α, ον, *of the Bosphorus.*

**Βόσ-πορος**, ὁ, (βοῦς, πόρος) *Bosphorus*, i. e. *ox-ford*, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

**βόστρυξ**, ὅ, = *βόστρυχος*,

**βόστρυχιον**, τό, Dim. of *βόστρυχος*.

**ΒΟΨΤΡΥΧΟΣ**, ὁ, in plur. also *βόστρυχα*, τά, a curl or lock of hair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine.

**βοτάμια**, ὦν, τά, (βόσκη) *pastures.*

**βοτάνη**, ἡ, (βόσκη) *pasture, grass, fodder.*

**βοτήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (βόσκη) *a herdsman, herder*; οἰωνῶν *βοτήρ* a watcher of birds, a soothsayer: κύων *βοτήρ* a herdsman's dog.

**βοτηρικός**, ἡ, ὦν, (βοτήρ) *of or for a herdsman.*

**βοτόν**, τό, (βόσκη) *anything that is fed, a beast.*

**βοτρυδόν**, Adv. (βότρυς) *like a bunch of grapes, in clusters.*

**βοτρυῖος**, α, ον, (βότρυς) *of grapes.*

**βοτρυό-δωρος**, ον, (βότρυς, δῶρον) *grape-producing.*

**βοτρυόεις**, εσσα, εν, (βότρυς) *clustering.*

**βοτρυό-παις**, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (βότρυς, παῖς) *child of the grape.*

**βοτρυο-χαίτης**, ον, ὁ, (βότρυς, χαίτη) *with clustering hair; or with grapes in one's hair.*

**ΒΟΨΤΡΥΣ**, υος, ὁ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. *racemus*. II. = *βότρυχος*, *βόστρυχος*, a curl.

**βότρυχος**, ὁ, = *βόστρυχος*.

**βοτρυχ-ώδης**, ες, (βότρυχος, εἶδος) *like curls, curly.*

**βοτρυ-ώδης**, ες, (βότρυς, εἶδος) *like a cluster of grapes.*

**βου-**, a form of *βοῦς* used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. *βου-παις*, *βου-φάγος*; as we say *horse-chestnut*, *horse-radish*, etc.

**ΒΟΥΨΑΛΙΣ**, ιος, ἡ, an antelope.

**ΒΟΥΨΑΛΟΣ**, ὁ, Lat. *bubalus*, a buffalo.

**βου-βότης**, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκη) *feeding cattle*: as Subst., *βουβότης*, ὁ, a cowherd.

**βου-βότος**, ον, (βοῦς, βόσκομαι) *grazed by cattle.*

**βου-βρωστis**, εως, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) *a ravenous unnatural appetite*: metaph. *grinding poverty or misery.*

**ΒΟΥΨΩΝ**, ὦνος, ὁ, the groin, Lat. *inguen*. Hence *βουβωνιάω*, to suffer from swollen groins.

**βου-γάιος**, ὁ, (βου-, γαίω) *a braggart, bully.* [α]

**βου-δόρος**, ον, (βοῦς, δέρω) *flaying oxen*: gall-ing. II. as Subst. a knife for flaying.

**βου-θερής**, ἐς, (βοῦς, θέρω) *giving summer pasture*: summer-feeding.

**βου-θούνης**, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, θοιναίω) *beef-eater.*

**βουθύσια**, ἡ, a sacrifice of oxen. From

**βουθύτιω**, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

**βου-θύτος**, ον, (βοῦς, θύω) *of or belonging to sacrifices*: sacrificial.

**βουκαῖος**, ὁ, (βούκος) *one who ploughs with oxen.*

**βου-κερως**, αν, gen. *βούκερω*, acc. pl. *βούκερως*, (βοῦς, κέρας) *horned like an ox*:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

**βου-κέφαλος**, ον, (κεφαλή) *bull-headed*: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's head: Maced.

**Βουκεφάλας**, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

**βουκολέω**, f. ἡσώ, (βουκόλος) *to tend cattle*:—Med. *to graze, range over the pasture.* II. metaph. *to delude, beguile*: Med., ἐλπίδι *βουκολοῦμαι* I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

**βουκολία**, ἡ, (βουκόλος) *a herd of cattle.* II. a byre, ox-stall. Hence

**βουκολιάζομαι**, Dor. βωκ-, f. ἀζομαι, *to sing or write pastorals.* Hence

**βουκολιαστής**, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.

**βουκολικός**, ἡ, ὦν, Dor. βωκολικός, ἄ, ὦν, (βουκόλος) *rustic, pastoral*: τὰ *βουκολικά* (sc. ποιήματα) *pastoral poetry.*

**βουκόλιον**, τό, a herd of cattle. From

**βου-κόλος**, Dor. βω-κόλος, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. *κολέω* = Lat. *colo*) *a cowherd*: herdsman.

**βούκος**, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = *βουκαῖος*.

**βουλαῖος**, α, ον, (βουλή) *of or in the Council.*

**βουλ-άρχος**, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) *the adviser of a plan*, Lat. *auctor consilii*.

**βουλεία**, ἡ, (βουλεύω) *the office of counsellor.*

**βούλευμα**, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) *a decree of the Council*: generally, a resolution, plan, design.

**βουλευμάτιον**, τό, Dim. of *βούλευμα*.

**βούλευσις**, εως, ἡ, (βουλεύω) *deliberation.*

**βουλευτέον**, verb. Adj. of *βουλεύω*, one must take counsel.

**βουλευτήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, = *βουλευτής*. Hence

**βουλευτήριος**, ον, *fit for counsel.* II. as Subst. *βουλευτήριον*, τό, a Council-chamber, court-house.

**βουλευτής**, οὔ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) *a councillor, one who sits in Council.* II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence

**βουλευτικός**, ἡ, ὦν, *of or for the Council or a Councillor*; ὕρκος *βουλευτικός* the oath taken by the councillors.

2. as Subst., τὸ *βουλευτικόν* in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500. II. *of or for a counsellor, able to advise.*

**βουλευτός**, ἡ, ὦν, *devised, plotted.* From

**βουλεύω**, f. σω: pf. *βεβούλευκα*:—Med., fut. *-εύσομαι*: aor. I *έβουλεύσαμην*:—Pass., aor. I *έβουλεύθην*: pf. *βεβούλευμαι*: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή):

—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to have considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing: Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II.

to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

βουλή, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination*, Lat. *consilium*:—a project, plan, intention. 2. *counsel, advice*, whether taken or given. II. also like Lat. *concilium*, the Council or Senate, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βούληαι, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι.  
βουλήεις, εσσα, εν, (βουλή) of good counsel, sage.  
βουληθείς, part. aor. I of βούλομαι.  
βούλημα, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) a will, purpose.  
βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) a willing: will, purpose  
βουλησομαι, fut. of βούλομαι.  
βουλη-φόρος, ον, (βουλή, φέρω) counselling, advising.  
βου-λίμια, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) ravenous hunger. Hence  
βουλιμιάω, ἰ. άσω, to suffer from ravenous hunger.  
βούλιος, ον, (βουλή) = βουλευτικός.

ΒΟΥΛΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐβουλόμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. I ἐβουλήθην, Att. also ἡβουλήθην: pf. βεβούλημαι, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (προ-): Dep.:—to will, wish, be willing: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο νίκην *be willed victory to the Trojans*, or in full, Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο κῦδος ὀρέξαι. Βούλει or βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, Βούλει φράσω *would you have me tell*; ὁ βουλόμενος, Lat. *quivis*, the first that offers, *any one that likes*. II. to have rather, choose, prefer, mostly with ἤ, as, Βούλομαι ἔγω λαὸν σῶν ἔμμεναι, ἢ ἀπολέσθαι *I had rather the host were saved than lost*.

βουλό-μαχος, ον, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring*.  
βουλύσιος, ον, *fit for unyoking the oxen*, [ῡ]. From  
βου-λῦτός, ὁ, (βούς, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen*, evening: in Homer only as Adv., βουλῦτόνδε *towards evening, at eventide*.

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βούς, ἀμέλγω) *cow-milking*.  
βουνίτης, ον, ὁ, (βουνός) *a dweller on hills*.  
βου-νόμος, ον, (βούς, νέμω) *cattle-feeding*. II.  
βού-νομος, *grazed by cattle*; ἀγέλαι βούνομοι *herds of grazing oxen*.

ΒΟΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a hill, mound.  
βού-παις, παιδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) a big, lubberly boy. 2. of bees, *born of the ox*; see Virg. Georg. 4. 281.

βού-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling*.  
βου-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βούς, πέπαμαι pf. of πάσμαι) *rich in cattle*.  
βού-πληκτρος, ον, (βούς, πληκτρον) *ox-goading*.  
βου-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βούς, πλήσσω) *an ox-goat, an axe for felling an ox*.  
βου-ποίμην, ενος, ὁ, (βούς, ποιμήν) *a herdsman*.  
βου-πόρος, ον, (βούς, πείρω) *ox-piercing*; βουπόρος ὀβελός *a spit that would spit a whole ox*.

βού-πρῶρος, ον, (βούς, πρῶρα) *with the face of an ox*.  
ΒΟΥΣ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βοῦς, also poet. βοῦ: acc. βουν, Ep. βῶν, poet. also βόα:—plur., nom. βόες, rarely contr. βοῦς: gen. βοῶν, rarely contr. βῶν: dat. βουσί, poet. βόεσσι, rarely βοσί:—a bullock or cow, an ox; in plur. cattle. II. βοῦς, ἡ, a shield covered with ox-hide. III. proverb., βοῦς ἐπὶ

γλώσση βέβηκε, βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσσης ἐπιβαίνει, like ὅς ἐπὶ στόμα, of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.

βοῦς, contr. from βόας, acc. pl. of foreg.  
βού-σταθμον, τό, (βοῦς, σταθμός) *an ox-stall*.  
βού-στασις, εως, ἡ, = foreg.  
βου-στροφιδόν, Adv. (βοῦς, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing*: of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.  
βου-στροφός, ον, (βοῦς, στρέφω) *ox-guiding*:—as Subst. *an ox-goat*.

βου-σφάγιω, (βοῦς, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen*.  
βούτῳλις, ιος, ἡ, a night bird.  
βούτης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς) *a cow-herd, herdsman*.  
βου-φάγος, ον, (βοῦς, φάγειν) *ox-eating*.  
βουφονέω, ἰ. ἡσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen*.  
βουφονία (sub. ἱερά), τά, *a festival with sacrifices of oxen*. From

βου-φόνος, ον, (βοῦς, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing*. 2. *at which oxen are slain*.

βουφορβέω, ἰ. ἡσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle*.  
βουφορβία, αν, τά, *a herd of oxen*. From  
βου-φορβός, ὢν, (βοῦς, φέρβω) *ox-feeding*:—as Subst. βουφορβός, ὁ, a herdsman.

βού-φορτος, ον, (βου-, φόρτος) *with a great load*.  
βου-χανδής, ἐς, (βοῦς, χανδάνω) *holding an ox*.  
βού-χιλος, ον, (βοῦς, χιλός) *rich in fodder*.  
βοῶν, contr. part. of βοάω. 2. gen. pl. of βοῦς.  
βο-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, ὠνέομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice*.

βο-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ὤψ) *ox-eyed, i. e. with large, full eyes*.

βωπείω, ἰ. ἡσω, *to plough*. From  
βωπτής, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς) *a ploughman*. II. Boötes, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βραβεία, ἡ, (βραβεύω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games*: generally, *arbitration*.

βραβεῖον, τό, (βραβεύω) *a prize in the games*.  
ΒΡΑΒΕΥΣ, ἰως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games*: generally, *a judge, arbitrator, umpire*: a chief, leader.

βραβεύω, ἰ. σω, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire: to arbitrate, direct, govern*.

βράβυλον, τό, *a kind of plum or sloe*.  
βράβυλος, ἡ, *the tree which bears βράβυλα*.

ΒΒΑΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, *hoarseness, sore throat*. Hence  
βραγχός, ἡ, ὢν, *hoarse*.

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, *slowly*.  
βραδίνός, ἰ, ὢν, Accl. for ραδινός.

βραδίω [ι], βράδιστος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εος, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness*.  
βραδύνω, ἰ. ὑνῶ, (βραδύς) *to delay*:—Pass. *to be delayed*. II. intrans. *to be slow about a thing*:—

Med. *to be slow, to loiter*.



βραδυ-πειθής, ές, (βραδύς, πείθομαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῖω, f. ήσω, (βραδύς, πλέω) *to sail slowly.*  
βραδύ-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βραδύς, ποῦς) *slow of foot.*

ΒΡΑΔΥΨ, εἶα, ύ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. metath. βραδύτερος, poet. also βραδίαν [i] and βράσσαν: Sup. βραδύτατος, poet. βράδιστος, and by metath. βάρδιστος: *slow, heavy; βάρδιστοι θείειν slowest at running:—metaph. slow of understanding, slow.* II. of time, *late.*

βραδυ-σκαλής, ές, (βραδύς, σκέλος) *slow of foot.*  
βραδυτής, ήτος, ή, (βραδύς) *slowness: dullness.*  
βράκος, τό, Acol. for ράκος, a rich female garment.  
βρασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΣΣΩ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [α]: aor. I έβρασα:—Pass., aor. I έβράσθην: pf. βέβρασμαι:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain:—Pass. to boil up.*

βράσσω, on, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.  
βράχε, see βράχω.

βράχεις, εἶσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.  
βράχίως, Adv. of βραχύς, *shortly.*  
βράχιων, onos, ό, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium.* [i]  
βράχιων, on, gen. ονος, [Ion. i, Att. i], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, εος, τό, plur. βράχεια, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtes.*

βραχύ-βωλος, on, (βραχύς, βῶλος) *with few clods,*  
βραχύβωλος χέρσος a narrow piece of land.

βραχύ-γνώμων, on, gen. ονος, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, on, (βραχύς, ερύμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ή, *brevity in speech.* From  
βραχυ-λόγος, on, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύνω, f. ύνῶ, *to make short.* From

ΒΡΑΧΥΨ, εἶα, ύ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχίαν: Sup. βραχύτατος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time, *short*; of Number and Degree, *few, little*: βραχύ, a little, a short time or distance; ἐπὶ βραχύ for a short distance; κατὰ βραχύ little by little; έν βραχεῖ *shortly, briefly*; διὰ βραχείων *in few words*, Lat. brevibus, paucis; διὰ βραχυτάτων or έν βραχυτάτοις, Lat. quam brevissime.

βραχυ-σίδηρος, on, (βραχύς, σίδηρος): ἄκων βραχυσίδηρος a dart with a short, small head.

βραχυ-σκελής, ές, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*

βραχυ-σύμβολος, on, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχύ-τονος, on, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*

βραχυ-τράχηλος, on, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχύτης, ήτος, ή, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φειγίτης, on, ό, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light.* [i]

βραχύ-φύλλος, on, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*  
ΒΡΑΧΩ, only used in 3 sing. aor. 2 έβραχε or βράχε, *to rattle, clash, ring, roar.*

βρέγμα, ατος, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the head, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκεκέξ, sound to imitate *the croaking of frogs.*  
BPEMΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat. FREMO, *to roar, of the wave or wind; to clash, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd.* Also in Med.

ΒΡΕ'ΝΘΟΣ, ό, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing: hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενθύομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., *to be of a proud carriage, bold one's head high, swagger.*

βρέξις, εως, ή, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*

ΒΡΕΤΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, a wooden image of a god.

ΒΡΕ'ΦΟΣ, εος, τό, *the child unborn, Lat. foetus, = έμβρυον.* II. *the new-born babe, whelp or cub.*

βρεχμός, ό, = βρέγμα.

ΒΡΕ'ΧΩ, f. ξω: aor. I έβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I έβρέχθην: aor. 2 έβράχθην [α]: pf. βέβρεγμαι:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγγω:—Pass. to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει, like υει, Lat. pluit, *it rains.*

ΒΡΙ-, [i], insepar. intensive Prefix, whence come βριάω, βριαρός.

Βρίάρεως, ό, Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. Βρίαρ'ως.]

βρίαρός, ά, έν, Ion. βριερός, ή, έν, (βριάω) *strong.*

βρίάω, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II. intr. *to be strong.*

ΒΡΙ'ΖΩ, fut. ξω, *to nod, slumber, sleep.*

βρί-ήπιος, on, (βρι-, άπύω) *loud shouting.*

βρίθος, εος, τό, (βρίθω) *weight.*

βρίθοσύνη, ή, (βρίθος) *weight, heaviness.*

βρίθύ-νοος, on, (βριθύς, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βρίθός, εἶα, ύ, (βρίθω) *weighty, heavy.*

ΒΡΙ'ΘΩ, f. βρίσω, Ep. inf. βρίσμεν: aor. I έβρίσα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing:—Med., μήκων καρπῶ βριθομένη a poppy laden with fruit; έρις βεβρίθνῃα, Ep. for βεβρίθνῃα, weighty strife.* 2. of men, *to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be master.* II. trans. *to load, press.*

βρίθω, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II. intr. *to be strong.*

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βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to thunder: βροντᾶ, impers., it thunders, Lat. tonat. From

BRONTH', ἤ, thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment.

βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap.

Βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντησι-κέραυνος, ου, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning.

βροντ-ώδης, ἐς, (βροντή, εἶδος) thundering.

βρότειος, ου, ὁ, also α, ου, Ep. βρότεος, η, ου, (βροτός) mortal, human.—So also βροτήσιος, α, ου.

βροτο-βάμων, ου, (βροτός, βῆμα) trampling on men. [α]

βροτό-γηρυς, υ, gen. νος, (βροτός, γῆρυς) with human voice, of a parrot.

βροτόεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (βρότος) bloody, gory.

βροτοκτονέω, f. ἤσω, to murder men. From

βροτο-κτόνος, ου, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying.

βροτο-λοιγός, ὄν, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, ὁ, a mortal, man, opp. to ἀθάνατος or θεός: as Adj. mortal.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, ὁ, blood from a wound, gore.

βροτο-σκόπος, ου, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men.

βροτο-στυγής, ἐς, (βροτός, στυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men.

βροτο-φεγγής, ἐς, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men.

βροτο-φθόρος, ου, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying.

βροτόω, (βρότος) to stain with gore.

βροχετός, ὁ, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain.

βροχίως, Aeol. for βραχίως.

ΒΡΟΧΘΟΣ, ὁ, the throat.

βροχίς, ἡ, (βρέχω) an ink-born.

ΒΡΟΧΟΣ, ὁ, a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net.

\*ΒΡΟΧΩ, acr. i ἐβροξα, to gulp down: cp. ἀναβρύχω, καταβρύχω.

βρύάζω, (βρύω) to teem with plenty, overflow.

βρύγδην, Adv. (βρύκω) snarling or with clenched teeth.

βρυγμός, ὁ, (βρύχω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth.

ΒΡΥΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. i ἐβρυξα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρύχω. [υ]

ΒΡΥΛΛΩ, = βρῦν εἰπεῖν, v. sq.

βρῦν, βρῦν εἰπεῖν to cry for drink.

βρύξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea.

βρύχασμαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. i pass. ἐβρυχήθην: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμηκα, μέμυκα from μηκάσμαι, μυκάσμαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, howl, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρύχημα, ατος, τό, a roaring: and

βρύχητης, ου, ὁ, a bellow, howler.

βρύχιος, ου, also α, ου, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep. [υ]

ΒΡΥΧΩ, fut. βρύξω: aor. 2 ἐβρύχον:—Pass., aor. i ἐβρύχθην:—the same as βρύκω. [υ]

ΒΡΥΩ, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύσω:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with. II. trans. to cause to burst forth.

βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food. βρωμάσμαι, aor. i ἐβρωμησάμην: Dep.: (βρέμω):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere.

βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) = βρώμα, food.

βρώσιμος, ου, (βρώσις) eatable, solid.

βρώσις, ἐως, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to πόσις (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust.

βρωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer.

βρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:—βρωτόν, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτός, ὄν, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσις.

βύβλιος, η, ου, (βύβλος) made of byblus.

ΒΥΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, the Egyptian papyrus. II. its

coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, αἱ, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl. τὰ βύβλα. [υ]

βύζην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly.

βυθίζω, f. ἴσω, (βυθός) to sink in the deep, immerse.

βύθιος, α, ου, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. II. of the deep; βύθια (sub. ζῷα) water-animals. [υ]

βυθίτης, ου, ὁ, βυθίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = βύθιος.

ΒΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, the depth, the deeps of the sea.

βύκτης, ου, ὁ, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτῶν.

βύνειω, Att. for βύω.

ΒΥΡΣΑ ἡ, the skin stripped off, a hide.

βυρσ-αίετος, ὁ, (βύρσα, αἰετός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, ἐως, ὁ, a tanner. From

βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress hides, tan.

βυρσίνη, ἡ, a leatheren thong. [ι] Fem. from

βύρσινος, η, ου, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather.

βυρσοδεψέω, f. ἤσω, to dress hides, be a tanner. From

βυρσο-δέψης, ου, ὁ, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner.

βυρσο-παφλαγών, ὄνος, ὁ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Paphlagonian, nickname of Cleon.

βυρσο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller.

βυρσο-τενής, ἐς, and βυρσό-τονος, ου, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over.

βύσσινος, η, ου, (βύσσος) made of fine linen.

βυρσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply.

βυσσόθεν, Adv. (βυσσός) from the bottom.

βυρσο-μέτρης, ου, ὁ, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps.

βυσσός, ὁ, = βυθός, the depth or bottom of the sea.

ΒΥΣΣΟΣ, ἡ, fine flax: fine linen.

βυσσό-φρων, ου, (βυσσός, φρήν) deep-thinking.

ΒΥΩ, f. βύσω [υ]: aor. i ἐβύσα:—Pass., aor. i ἐβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βε-

βυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίω βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponge.

βῶ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω.

βωθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω.



βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.

βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.

βῶκος, ὁ, Dor. for βούκος.

βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam.

βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = βῶλος, a clod of earth.

βῶλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.

ΒΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.

βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμεῖν) clod-breaking.

βῶμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βωμός) on or at the altar.

βωμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of βωμός: a step.

βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From

βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From

βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.

βωμός, ὁ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.

βῶν, Ep. for βούν, acc. of βούς: also contr. gen. plur.

βώσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. 1 part. of βοάω.

βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βωστρίω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.

βώτας, Dor. for βούτης.

βωτι-άνειρα, ἡ, (βύσκω, ἀνὴρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [α]

βῶτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = βοτήρ, a herdsman.

## Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = three, third: but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals γ κ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like η in ηγ, as ἄγγος ἄγκος ἄγχι ἄγξω.

For the digamma, v. sub σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δοῦπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, γνάπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γήιον λήιον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γε.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγγάμη, ἡ, or γάγγαμον, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἡ, (γράω, γραίω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάζα, ἡ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)

γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκη) a treasury, Lat. aerarium.

γαθήω, Dor. for γηθίω.

γαῖα, ἡ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.,

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαῖα-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαῖοχος.

γαιηγενής, ἐς, poet. for γηγενής.

γαιήιος, η, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαιή-οχος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχος, earth-upholding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γαῖος, ον, Dor. for γήιος, on land.

ΓΑΙΩ, only used in partic., κύδει γαίων exulting in his strength.

ΓΑΛΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τος).

γαλαθηνός, ὄν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γαλάκτινος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γαλακτο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (γάλα, παγῆναι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛΕΉ, ἐης, contr. γᾶλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, cheerful. Adv. -ρῶς.

γαλεώτης, ον, ὁ, (γαλέη) a kind of spotted lizard.

γᾶλῃ, ἡ, contr. for γαλέη.

γαληναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γᾶλῃνεια, Dor. γαλάνεια, ἡ, = sq.

ΓΑΛΗΝΗ, ἡ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνιάω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνιώσα, to be calm.

γᾶληνός, ὄν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' ὁρῶ I see a calm.

Γάλλος, ὁ, a priest of Cybele: a eunuch.

γᾶλ-ουργέω, -ουργός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλακτ-.

ΓΑΛΟΩΣ, ἡ, gen. γάλω, nom. pl. γαλόφ: Att. γάλως, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δαήρ. [α]

γᾶμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. 1 inf. of γαμέω.

γαμβρός, ὁ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: 1. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γᾶμεν, Dor. for ἐγήμεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of γαμέω.

γᾶμετή, ἡ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γᾶμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτᾱ, ὁ, a husband, spouse: and

γᾶμέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wife. From

γᾶμέω, fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: aor. 1 ἐγήμεν; later ἐγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐγήμεν.—Pass., aor. 1 ἐγαμήθην, poet. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμος). To marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II. Med. to give in marriage, 1. of the woman, to give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2.

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter. III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιος, α, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis: γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ή, a marriage-feast.

Γαμηλιών, ὠνος, ὁ, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Αἰναιών.

γαμίζω, f. ἴσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γαμικός, ή, ὄν, (γάμος) bridal; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. -κῶς, as at a wedding.

γαμίσκω, = γαμίζω.

γαμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as Subst. an adulterer.

γα-μόρος, ὁ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑ'ΜΟΣ, ὁ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.

γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφηλαί, ὦν, αἱ, (γαμφός, γναμπτός) the jaws of a beast; the beak of a bird.

γαμφός, ή, ὄν, (κάμπτω) bent, curved, crooked.

γάν, Dor. for γήν, γαῖαν.

γάνάω, (γάνος) to shine, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑ'ΝΟΣ, εος, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [α] Hence

γάνόω, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part.

γεγανωμένος, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γανώνων, ὥσα, Ep. part. of γανάω.

γάνυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πεδον, τό, Dor. for γήπεδον. [α]

γά-πετής, γά-πόνος, γά-ποτος, Dor. for γηπ-.

ΓΑ'Ρ, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as; 'Ατρείδη, πολλοὶ γὰρ τεθνᾶσιν 'Αχαιοί since many Achaeans are dead, etc.; so in parenthesis, as καί, ἦν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθῶν ἐπιτηδεώτατον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen

1. a question, like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίς γάρ σε ἤκειν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, κακῶς γὰρ ἐξέλαιο O that you might perish! in Homer usu. αἶ γάρ, Att. εἰ or εἴθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πῶς γάρ would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρῶ, (γάργαρα) to swarm with.

γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαγγαλίζω, (γάργαλος) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, a tickling.

ΓΑ'ΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a tickling, itching. [α]

ΓΑ'ΡΓΑΡΑ, τά, heaps, lots, plenty.

γάρνυω, Dor. for γηρίω.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [α], ή:—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γαστήρ ἀσπίδος the hollow of a shield. 2. the womb, ἐν γαστρὶ φέρειν or ἔχειν to be with child. 3. metaph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γάστρα, Ion. γάστρη, ή, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίζω, f. ἴσω, (γάστρις) to fill one's belly. II. to bit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γάστρις, ιος, ὁ, ή, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton.

γαστρο-βάρης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, βαρύς) heavy with child.

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, εἶδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ή, ὄν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλιτικός, ή, ὄν, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑΤΛΟ'Σ, ὁ, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any round vessel, e. g. a bee-bive: hence II. γαῦλος, ὁ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυριάω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly, pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ον, also σ, ον, (γαίω) exulting in a thing: haughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be haughty, disdainful. Hence

γαύρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΓΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate; ὃ γ' ἐνθάδε λέως at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, ἐγώ γε, σύ γε, ὃ γε. 2. well then, then, implying unwillingness, εἰμί γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλῶς γε ποιῶν and quite right too! 4. to strengthen oaths, νῆ Δία . . γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers. II. even; ἦλθον 'Αμφιάρεω γε πρὸς βίαν against even Amphiaræus' will.

γεά-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήοχος.

γέγαα, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to have been born, to be, live: pl. γέγαμεν, γεγάατε, γεγάασι: but γεγάμεν [α] inf., for γεγαέναι, Dor. γεγάκειν [α]: part. γεγαώς, -άωσα, Att. contr. γεγώς, -ῶσα, like βεβώς, βεβώς.

γέγαθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθείω.

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγαα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγαα.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμέω.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθειν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθείω.

γεγήρακα, pf. of γηράσκειν.

γέγλυμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

γεγόμεφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφύω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω.

γέγραψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.



γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γυμνάζω.

ΓΕΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνώς, plqpf. ἐγεγώνειν with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω,—inf. γεγωνεῖν, Ep. γεγωνέμεν; impf. ἐγεγώνευν or γεγώνευν for ἐγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also ἐγέγωνε; aor. 1 inf. γεγωνῆσαι: verb. Adj. γεγωνητέον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim. γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. γεγωνώς, (like ἀραρός, ὄν, from ἀραρώς), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὦσα, ὦς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γεγονώς, γεγαώς, see γέγαα.

Γεέννα, ἡ, Heb. Gebenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for bell-fire, bell.

γεη-πόνος, etc., v. γεωπ-.

γει-ἄροτης, οὐ, ὅ, (γῆ, ἀρώ) a plougher of earth.

γεινάμενος, aor. 1 part. of γείνομαι.

γείναι, Ep. for γείναι, 2 sing. aor. 1 med. subj. of γείνομαι.

γείνομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the

aor. 1 ἐγεινάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; οἱ γεινάμενοι the parents.

γειο-μόρος, etc., = γεωμόρος.

γειο-φόρος, ὄν, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΙΣΟΝ or γείσσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the hem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γεινίασις, εως, ἡ, neighbourbood: the neighbours. From

γεινιάω, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on.

γειτονεύω and γειτονέω, = γεινιάω.

γειτόσυνος, ὄν, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ὅ, ἡ, a neighbour. II. as Adj.

neighbouring, bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γelaίσας, Aeol. for γelaάσας.

γelaάξας, Dor. for γelaάσας.

γelaάνης, ἐς, (γelaάω) laughing, cheerful.

γelaάντι, Dor. for γelaώντι, dat. part. of γelaάω.

γelaάοισα and γelaεύσα, Dor. for γelaάουσα.

γelaάσα, Dor. for γelaώσα, fem. nom. part. of γelaάω.

γelaσειώ, Desiderat. of γelaάω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γelaσμα, ατος, τό, (γelaάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀνῆριθμον γelaσμα 'the many-twinkling smile of Ocean.'

γelaστής, οὐ, ὅ, (γelaάω) a laugher, sneerer.

γelaστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓELAΨ, Ep. γelaώ, Ep. part. pl. γelaώντες, γε-

λώντες, or γelaίοντες: Ep. impf. γelaίων or -ών;

fut. γelaάσμαι: aor. 1 ἐγelaάσα, Ep. ἐγelaασσα, Dor. ἐγelaαξα.—Pass., aor. 1 ἐγelaάσθην: pf. γεγelaασμαι:—to laugh, Lat. rideo; ἐγelaασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕΛΑΓΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ; pl. γelaγιδες or γelaγεις: = ἀγλῖς, a head, clove of garlic, Lat. spica allii.

γelaοῖος, Ep. for γelaοιος.

γelaοιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (γelaάω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γelaοια jests.

γelaοίων, Ep. impf. of γelaάω.

γelaοίοντες, part. pres. of γelaοιάω.

γelaώ, γelaώντες, Ep. for γelaάω, γelaόντες.

γelaώντι, Dor. for γelaώσι.

γelaώντες, poet. for γelaύοντες.

γelaώς, ὅ: gen. ατος Att. ω: dat. γelaωτι Ep. γelaψ: acc. γelaωτα Ep. γelaω, in Att. Poets γelaων: (γelaάω): laughster, Lat. risus; ἐπὶ γelaωτι for laughster's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughster,

Lat. ludibrium; γelaωτα ποιεῖσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γelaωτοποιῖα, ἡ, buffoonery. From

γelaωτο-ποιός, ὄν, (γelaώς, ποιέω) exciting laughster: as Subst., γelaωτοποιός, οὐ, ὅ, a jester.

γelaών, Ep. impf., γelaώοντες, Ep. part. of γelaάω.

γelaμίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (γelaμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γelaμος, τό, = γelaμος, a freight. From

ΓΕΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ας, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, (\*γένω) birth; ὀπλό-τερος γενεῇ younger by birth; ἐκ γενεῆς from birth. II. birth, race, descent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερος higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a gene-

ration, Lat. saeculum; δῖω γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων. IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεαλογέω, f. ἴσω, (γενεαλόγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογεῖν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεαλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεα-λόγος, ὅ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεῇφι.

γενέθλη, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; ἀργίρον γενέθλη a mine of silver.

γενεθλίδιος, ὄν, = γενέθλιος.

γενέθλιος, ὄν, belonging to one's birth, Lat. natalis; γενέθλιον ἡμῶν one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birth-day feast; γενέθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race; γενέθλιον αἷμα kindred blood.

γενέθλον, τό, = γενέθλη, descent. 2. offspring.

γενειάζω Dor. -άσδω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενειάς, ἰδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2. in plur. the cheeks.

γενειάσκω, = γενειάζω, to get a beard.

γενειάτης, Ion. γενειήτης, ὅ: fem. γενειᾶτις or -εᾶτις, ἰδος, (γενειάς) bearded.

γενειάω, f. ἴσω, = γενειάζω, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ον, = γενέθλιος.

II. τὰ γενέσια a birth-day feast:—also, a day kept in memory of the dead.

γένεσις, εως, ἡ, (\*γένω) an origin, source: birth, race, descent.

γενέσκειτο, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (\*γένω) she that gives birth, a mother. II. she that is born, a daughter.

γενετή, ἡ, = γενεή, birth.

γενετήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, = γενέτης.

γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (\*γένω) the begetter, a father, ancestor. 2. the begotten, son. II. as Adj., = γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (\*γένω) goddess of one's birth hour.

γενέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτης, a father.

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηθήτω, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενής, ἡ: gen. γενήϊδος, contr. γενήδος: = γένυς, the edge of an axe: an axe, pickaxe, mattock

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννᾱ, ἡ, poet. for γένος, descent, offspring.

γεννάδας [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) noble, in mind or birth, Lat. *generosus*.

γενναίο-πρεπής, ἐς, (γενναῖος, πρέπω) befitting a noble. Adv. -πῶς.

γενναῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (γέννα) suitable to one's birth or descent; οὐ μοι γενναῖον it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, high-born, high-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δὴ genuine, intense misery. Hence

γενναϊότης, ητος, ἡ, nobility, nobleness of character: of land, fertility.

γενναῖως, Adv. of γενναῖος, nobly: Sup. γενναϊότατα.

γεννάω, f. ἤσω, (γέννα) to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; οἱ γεννήσαντες the parents. II. to generate, produce. Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, that which is produced, a child: any product. II. one's nature. III. a begetting.

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, a begetting, producing.

γεννήτης, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) a parent, Lat. *paterfamilias*.

γεννητός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεννάω) begotten or born.

γεννητωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτωρ.

γεννικός, ἡ, ὄν, = γενναῖος, brave, spirited. Adv. -ῶς.

γενοῖατο, Ep. and Ion. for γένοιτο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εος, τό, (\*γένω) race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birth.

II. a descendant, a child, as Virgil's *Divi genus*. III. a race in regard to number, a nation. 2. a race in regard to time, an age, gene-

ration. IV. sex: gender. V. kind, genus, opp. to εἶδος, species.

γέντο, be grasped, = ἔλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο,—γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΥΨ, ἡ, gen. γένυος; dat. γένυι: plur., dat. γένυσι, Ep. γένυσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένυς. The under jaw; γένυες, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin. II. the edge of an axe, a biting axe.

\*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραιός, ἁ, ὄν, (γέρων, γηραιός) old: venerable. Comp. γεραιότερος; οἱ γεραιότεροι the elders, Lat. *senatores*. Sup. γεραιότατος.

γεραιό-φλοιος, ον, (γεραιός, φλοιός) with wrinkled skin.

γεραίρω, f. γεράω: aor. I ἐγέρηρα, inf. γεράραι: aor. 2 ἐγέρῃον: (γέρας):—to honour or reward with a gift: generally, to honour.

γεραιότερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραιός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *GRUS*, a crane.

γεράός, ἡ, ὄν, = γεραιός.

γεράρός, ἁ, ὄν, (γεραίρω) reverend, stately; γεραποί priests, γεραπαί priestesses.

ΓΕΡΑΣ, αος, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion. γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα:—a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last honour of the dead. II. a privilege, prerogative. Hence

γεράσμιος, ον, honouring. II. honoured.

Γεράστιος, a Spartan month.

γερασ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) winning honour.

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντᾶγωγέω, f. ἤσω, to guide an old man. From

γεροντ-ᾶγωγός, ὁ, (γέρων, ἄγω) guiding an old man.

γεροντία, ἡ, Lacon. for γερονσία.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρων, a little old man.

γερονσία, ἡ, (γέρων) a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28. II. an embassy.

γερούσιος, α, ον, (γέρων) belonging to the elders or chiefs; οἶνος γερούσιος wine reserved for them.

γέρρον, τό, (εἶρω) Lat. *gerra*, anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore. 2. a wattled but.

γερο-φόροι, οἱ, (γέρρον, φέρω) troops that wore wicker shields: v. foreg.

ΓΕΡΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, an old man, Lat. *senex*: οἱ γέροντες the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. *Patres*, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number. II. as Adj. γέρων, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρων λόγος: γέρον σάκος however occurs in Homer.

γεῦμα, ατος, τό, (γεύω) a taste of a thing.

γεύσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of γεύω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γεύσω: aor. I ἐγευσα:—to give one a taste of a thing. II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι:



aor. I ἐγευσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. p'qpf. ἐγγέεντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δοῦνδς γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕ'ΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύναι or γεφίρι ζευγνύναι ποταμόν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

γεφύρω, f. ὤσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., ἐγεφύρωθη ὁ πόρος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From γεω-γράφος, ον, (γῆ, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, ου, ὁ, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, ὁ, (γῆ, λόφος) a bill, billock: also γεώ-λοφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρίω, f. ὤσω, to measure land, to measure. From γεω-μέτρης, ου, ὁ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὔ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. -κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γῆ-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γεο-μόρος, ὁ, ἡ, (γῆ, μέρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. optimates.

γεώ-πεδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆπεδον. γεω-πείνης, ου, ὁ, (γῆ, πείνομαι) poor in land.

γεωπόνος, ὁ, (γῆ, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

γεωργέω, f. ὤσω, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γε-ωργός, ὄν, (γῆ, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὔ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

γεωρύχίω, f. ὤσω, to dig or trench the earth. From γε-ωρύχος, ον, (γῆ, ὀρύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῥ]

γεω-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμείν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ, ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γῆν καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: ποῦ γῆς; Lat. ubi terrarum? where on the earth?

γῆ-γενής, ἑς, (γῆ, \*γένω) earthborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γηγενής, οὔ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γηθείω, f. ὤσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέ-γαθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγεγήθειν: (γαίω):—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθοσύνη, ἡ, (γηθείω) joy, delight.

γηθόσυνος, ἡ, ον, (γηθείω) joyful, glad.

Γῆθον, τό, Lat. getbyum, a kind of leek.

γῆϊνος, ον, and γῆϊος, ον, (γῆ) of earth or clay.

γηίτης, contr. γῆτης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ) a busbandman.

γῆ-λοφος, ὁ, = γεώλοφος, a bill.

γῆμαι, γῆμας, γῆμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γῆ-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γῆ-οχέω, (γῆ, ἔχω) to possess land.

γῆ-πεδον, τό, = γεώπεδον, (γῆ, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γῆ-πετής, ἑς, (γῆ, πεσείν) falling to earth.

γῆπονος, ὁ, = γεώπονος.

γῆ-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γῆ, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραιός, ἁ, ὄν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γηράλιος and γηράλιος, α, ον, = γηραιός.

γηράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. I inf., of γηράσκω.

γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γήρασι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

γηραός, ἁ, ὄν, poet. for γηραιός.

γηράς, aor. 2 part. of γηράσκω.

Γῆρας, τό, gen. γήραος, Att. contr. γήρας: dat. γήραι, Att. contr. γήρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence

γηράσκω or γηράω: fut. ὄσω Att. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐγήρασα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, inf. γηράναι [ᾱ], part. γηράς (as if from a verb in -μι): pf. γεγήρακα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήρασα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ὤσω, to feed and cherish in old age:—Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, ὄν, (γῆρας, βίσκω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old.

γῆρῦμα, ατος, τό, (γῆρίω) a voice, sound, tone.

Γῆρυς, vos, ἡ, a voice: speech. Hence

γηρύω, Dor. γαρύω; f. ἰσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐγήρῦσα:—Med., fut. -ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγηρυσάμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγηρύθην [ῥ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrere.

γήρας, contr. for γήραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτειον, τό, Att. for γῆθον, a leek.

γῆτης, ὁ, contr. for γῆτης.

γῆ-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμείν) ploughing the earth.

γίγαντ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (γίγας, ὀλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, \*φένω) giant-killing.

Γίγартон, a grape-stone. [ῥ]

Γίγας, ατος, voc. γίγαν, ὁ, (γῆ or γαῖα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root \*ΓΕ'ΝΩ; from this root

come fut. *γενήσομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐγενόμην*: perf. *γεγέννημαι* and *γένενα*: aor. 1 (in late authors) *ἐγενήθην*: for the Ep. pf. *γέγαα*, see *γέγαα*:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. *γένενα* to be by birth, or to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen.

II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to be at, as *ἐρίγνετο ἐς Λακεδαίμονα*. 2. *πάντα, παντοῖος, παντοδαπὸς γίγνεσθαι* to take all shapes, turn every way; *ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι* to be master of oneself; *ἐντὸς ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι* to recover oneself. 3. *τί γένωμαι*; more rarely *τίς γένωμαι*; what is to become of me? 4. *γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργῆς, διὰ λόγων*, periphras. for *ὀργάν, λέγειν*, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, to cost so much, as, *ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι* to cost an obol.

*γι-γνώσκω*, formed by redupl. from the root \**ΓΝΟΕ'Ω*, *ΓΝΩ'ΝΑΙ*, Lat. *NOSCO*: fut. *γνώσομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐγνων*, imperat. *γνώθι*, opt. *γνοίην*, inf. *γῶναι*, part. *γνούς*: perf. *ἐγνώκα*, pass. *ἐγνώσμαι*: aor. 1 pass. *ἐγνώσθην*.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of... *γῶν χωομένου* he knew that he was angry: rarely also c. part., *ἐγνων ἡττημένος* I perceived that I was beaten.

II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, *γῶναι τὰ δίκαια*.

*γίνομαι*, Ion. and in late Greek for *γίγνομαι*.

*γινώσκω*, Ion. and in late Greek for *γιγνώσκω*.

*γλαγᾶω*, (*γλάγος*) to be milky, juicy.

*γλαγρός*, ἄ, ὄν, (*γλάγος*) full of milk, milky.

*γλαγόεις*, εσσα, εν, (*γλάγος*) full of milk, milky.

*γλαγο-πήξ*, ἡγος, ὄ, ἡ, (*γλάγος*, *πήγνυμι*) of or for curdling milk.

*ΓΛΑΓΓΟΣ*, εος, τό, poet. for *γάλα*, milk.

*γλακτο-φάγος*, ον, (*γάλα*, *φάγειν*) contr. for *γαλακτοφάγος* living on milk.

*ΓΛΑΜΗ*, ἡ, = *λήμη*, humour in the eyes.

*γλάμων*, ον, gen. ονος, (*γλάμη*) blear-eyed. [α]

*γλαυκιάω*, (*γλαυκός*) only found in Ep. part. *γλαυκιδών*, glaring with the eyes.

*ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ*, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. *γλαῦκος*, α, ον, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. *glaucus*, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. *caesius*: of persons, blue-eyed.

*γλαυκό-χροος*, ὄ, ἡ, acc. *γλαυκόχροα*, (*γλαυκός*, *χρός*) gray-coloured, gray.

*γλαυκ-ώπις*, ιδος, ἡ: acc. *ἰδα*, but also *ιν*: (*γλαυκός*, ὦψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

*γλαυκ-ῶψ*, ὦπος, ὄ, ἡ, = *γλαυκώπις*.

*γλαύξ*, Att. *γλαῦξ*, κός, ἡ, (*γλαυκός*) the owl, Lat. *noctua*, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., *γλαῦκ' Ἀθήναζε, γλαῦκ' εἰς Ἀθήνας*, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle': Athenian coins were called *γλαυκεσ Λαυριωτικαί* from the stamp of the owl on them.

*γλάφυ*, τό, (*γλάφω*) a hollow, cavern. [α]

*γλαφυρία*, ἡ, smoothness, polish. From

*γλάφυρος*, ἄ, ὄν, (*γλάφω*) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λιμὴν a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ρῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

*ΓΛΑΦΩ*, to bew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

*γλάχων* [α], Dor. for *γλήχων*.

*γλευκο-πότης*, ον, ὄ, (*γλεῦκος*, *πέ-ποται* 3 sing. pf. pass. of *πίνω*) drinker of new wine.

*γλεῦκος*, εος, τό, (*γλυκός*) Lat. *mustum*, must, sweet new wine.

*γλέφαρον*, τό, Dor. for *βλέφαρον*.

*ΓΛΗ'ΝΗ*, ἡ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. *κόρη*, Lat. *pupilla*: as a taunt, *έρρε κακὴ γλήνη* away, weak girl!

*ΓΛΗ'ΝΟΣ*, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.

*ΓΛΗ'ΧΩΝ*, ωνος, ἡ: acc. *γλήχωνα*, by apocor.

*γλήχω*:—pennyroyal, Ion. for *βλήχων*.

*γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπτος*, ον, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (*γλί-σχρος*, *ἀντιλογία*, *ἐξεπίτριπτος*.)

*ΓΛΙ'ΣΧΡΟΣ*, α, ον, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate.

2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

*γλίσχρων*, ονος, ὄ, (*γλίσχρος*) a niggard.

*γλίσχρως*, Adv. of *γλίσχρος*, importunately: scantily: also pettily.

*ΓΛΙ'ΧΟΜΑΙ* [ι], Dep., only used in pres. and impr., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen. 2.

*γλίχεσθαι περί τινος* to be eager about or for a thing.

*ΓΛΟΙ'Α* or *γλοιά*, ἡ, glue. Hence

*γλοιός*, ὄ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. *γλοιός*, ἄ, ὄν, slippery, knavish.

*ΓΛΟΥΤΟ'Σ*, ὄ, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

*γλυκαίνομαι*, Pass. to become sweet.

*γλυκερός*, ἄ, ὄν, = *γλυκός*, sweet.

*γλυκερό-χρως*, ωτος, ὄ, ἡ, (*γλυκερός*, *χρῶς*) with sweet, fair skin.

*γλύκιος*, α, ον, = *γλυκός*. [υ]

*γλυκύ-δακρυς*, υ, gen. υος, (*γλυκός*, *δάκρυ*) causing sweet tears.

*γλυκύ-δωρος*, ον, (*γλυκός*, *δῶρον*) with sweet gifts.

*γλυκυ-ηχής*, ἐς, (*γλυκός*, *ἡχέω*) sweet-sounding.

*γλυκυθυμία*, ἡ, benevolence. From

*γλυκύ-θυμος*, ον, (*γλυκός*, *θυμός*) sweet-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delightful.

*γλυκύ-μᾶλον*, Aeol. and Dor. for *γλυκύμηλον*.

*γλυκυ-μείλιχος*, ον, (*γλυκός*, *μείλιχος*) sweetly winning.

*γλυκύ-μῦλον*, τό, Dor. for *γλυκύμηλον* (*γλυκός* *μῆ-λον*) a sweet-apple.

*γλυκυμῦθῶ*, ἰ. ἡσω, to speak sweetly. From

*γλυκύ-μῦθος*, (*γλυκός*, *μῦθος*) sweet-speaking.

*γλυκύ-παις*, αἰδος, ὄ, ἡ, (*γλυκός*, *παῖς*) having a fair offspring.

*γλυκυ-παρθενος*, ἡ, (*γλυκός*, *παρθένος*) a sweet maid.

*γλυκύ-πικρος*, ον, (*γλυκός*, *πικρός*) sweetly bitter.



**ΓΛΥΚΥΣ**, εἶα, ὅ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίων [ἱ], γλυκίστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος. γλυκύτης [κῦ], ἦτος, ἡ, (γλυκύς) *sweetness*. γλυπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and γλύπτης, ου, ὁ, (γλύφω) a *carver, a sculptor*.

γλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, *fit for carving, carved*.

γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) a *knife or chisel for carving*. γλύφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες the *notch of the arrow*, which fits on the string: later, the *arrow itself*. II. = γλύφανον, a *knife*. From

**ΓΛΥΦΩ**, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγλύφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγλύφην, aor. 2 ἐγλύφην [ῡ]: pf. γέγλυμμαι and ἐγλυμμαι:—to *hollow out*: esp. to *engrave or carve*. II. to *write on a tablet*.

**ΓΛΩΞ**, ωχός, ἡ, the *beard of corn*, only in plur.

**ΓΛΩΣΣΑ**, Att. γλῶττα, ης, ἡ, the *tongue*, Lat. *lingua*; ἀπὸ γλώσσης by *word of mouth*: οὐκ ἀπὸ γλώσσης not from another's *tongue*, not from *hearsay*; γλῶσσαν ἰέναι to let loose one's *tongue*, speak freely. II. a *tongue, language*; γλῶσσαν νομίζειν to use a *language or dialect*.

γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ἡ, *endless talking, wordiness*. From

γλώσσ-αλγος, Att. γλώσσ-αργος, ον, (γλῶσσα, αλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*.

γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλῶσσα, κομέω) properly a *case for the mouthpiece of a flute*: a *case or bag for money*.

γλῶττα, ἡ, Att. for γλῶσσα.

γλωττο-στροφείω, f. ἥσω, (γλῶττα, στρέφω) to *ply the tongue*.

**ΓΛΩΧΙΝ** or γλωχίς, gen. ἱνός, ἡ, any *projecting point*: the *end of the yoke-strap*. 2. the *point of an arrow*: the *arrow itself*.

γναθμός, ὁ, the *jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος.

**ΓΝΑΘΟΣ**, ἡ, the *jaw, mouth*: properly the *lower jaw*. II. like γένυς, the *point or edge of a weapon*. [α]

γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. *bending, yielding*. From

**ΓΝΑΜΠΤΩ**, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγναμψα:—to *crook, bend*.

γναπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (γνάπτω) *carded, full*.

**ΓΝΑΠΤΩ**, γνάπτωρ: γναφεῖον, -φεύς, -φευτικός, -φεύω, -φικός: γνάφος, -ψις, v. sub κνάπτω, etc. γνήσιος, α, ον, syncop. for γενέσιος, *belonging to the true race, legitimate*, opp. to νόθος: *genuine, true*: γνήσiai γυναῖκες *lawful wives*, opp. to παλλακίδες: γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες *true Greeks*; φρονεῖν γνήσια to have a *noble mind*.

γνησίως, Adv. of γνήσιος, *lawfully, really, truly*.

γνοῖην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω.

γνοῖμεν, Ep. for γνοίμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω.

γνοῖς, aor. 2 part. of γινώσκω.

**ΓΝΟΨΟΣ**, ὁ, = δνόφος, *darkness*.

γνοφ-ώδης, ες, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*.

γνύξ, Adv. (γόνυ) *with bent knee*; γνύξ ἐπιπεῖν to *fall on the knee*.

γνώ, Ion. for ἐγνώ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκω.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώμαι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token*, like γνώμων. II. *judgment*.

γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω.

γνώμη, ἡ, (γνῶναι) a *means of knowing, a mark, token*. II. *the mind, the judgment*; γνώμη τῇ ἀρίστη to the *best of one's judgment*. 2. *will, purpose*; ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own *accord*. 3. a *judgment, opinion*; γνώμην ἀποφαίνεσθαι to *deliver an opinion*; also a *mistaken judgment, fancy*; γνῶμαι the *opinions of wise men, maxims*. 4. a *purpose, intention, resolution*: a *vote, decree*.

γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, a *fancy*.

γνωμο-λογία, ἡ, (γνώμη, λέγω) a *collection of maxims*.

γνωμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment*: experienced or skilled in a thing. II. of or for *sun-dials*.

γνωμοσύνη, ἡ, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*.

γνωμοτύπειω, to *coin maxims*: and

γνωμοτύπικός, ἡ, ὄν, *clever at coining maxims*. From

γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τυπεῖν) *maxim-coining, sententious*.

γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, (γνῶναι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*. II. the *gnomon or index of the sundial*. III. of γνῶμονες the *teeth that mark a horse's age*. IV. a *carpenter's rule*, Lat. *norma*: hence a *rule or guide of life*.

γνῶν, Ep. for ἐγνῶν, aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω.

γνώομεν, Ep. for γνῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—to *make known, declare*. 2. to *discover, detect*: to *acknowledge, recognise*. 3. to *be acquainted with*. From

γνώριμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωτός) *well-known*: as Subst., γνώριμος, ὁ, an *acquaintance, a friend*, Lat. *familiaris*. II. οἱ γνώριμοι the *notables*, Lat. *optimates*.

γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be *known, intelligibly, familiarly*; γνωρίμως ἔχειν τινα to be on *friendly terms with him*.

γνωρίσις, εως, ἡ, (γνωρίζω) *acquaintance*: *knowledge*.

γνωρίσμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) a *making known*.

γνωριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γνωρίζω) *capable of making known*.

γνώς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γινώσκω.

γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωσι-μάχέω, f. ἥσω, (γνώσις, μάχομαι) to *disput*.

one's own opinion, i. e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχεῖν μὴ εἶναι ὅμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, ἥ, (γινῶναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio.

II. knowledge: wisdom. 2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. of γινῶσκω.

γνωστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (γινῶσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνωστής, ου, ὁ, = γνωστήρ.

γνωστός, ἥ, ὅν, collat. form of γνωτός, known: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνώτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γινῶσκω:—γνώτον, γνώτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ἥ, ὅν, also ἔς, ὅν, (γινῶναι) known, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοί τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γινῶσκω.

γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γινῶσκω.

γοάσκειν, Ion. for ἐγῶα, 3 sing. impf. of γοάω.

γοάσειν or γοάφειν, 3 pl. opt. of γοάω.

γοάοντι, Dor. for γοάουσι, 3 pl. of γοάω.

ΓΟΑΨ, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοῶν, ὡσα: Ep. impf. ἐγοῶν, also γοάσκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. I ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγοήθην: (γῶος):—to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΓΓΥΖΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ἥ, and γογγυλῖς, ἰδος, ἥ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From

ΓΟΓΓΥΛΟΣ, η, ου, also γογγύλιος, α, ου, = στογγύλος, round, spherical. [ῥ]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a muttering.

γογγυστής, ου, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

γοεδνός, ἥ, ὅν, = γοερός.

γοερός, ἁ, ὅν, (γοᾶω) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟΉ, ἥ, = γῶος, καταείδοντες γόησι τῷ ἀνέμῳ charming the wind with bowls.

γοήμεναι, Ep. for γοᾶν, pres. inf. of γοᾶω.

γοήμων, ου, gen. ονος, = γοερός.

γόης, ητος, ὁ: dat. pl. γόησι: (γοᾶω) one who bowls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: juggler, cheat.

γοήσομαι, fut. of γοᾶω.

γοητεία, ἥ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.

γοητεύω, f. σω, (γόης) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ου, ὁ, (γοᾶω) a wailer.

γοήτις, ἰδος, ἥ, pecul. fem. of γόης, a witch.

γόμος, ὁ, (γέμω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γομφιό-δοντος, ου, (γομφίος, δοῦπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γόμφος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίος. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ου, (γόμφος, δέω) nail-bound.

γομφο-παγής, ἔς, (γόμφος, παγῆναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὁ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γόμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφώω, f. ὠσω, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγόμφωται σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence

γόμφωμα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (γομφώω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (\*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ἥ, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ου, also η, ου, (γόνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γόνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

γόνος, ὁ or ἥ, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥ, τό, gen. γόνατος, dat. pl. γόνασι: Ion. γόνυ, γόνατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γουνός, γουνί, pl. γούνα, γούνων, γούνεσσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἄψασθαι γούνων to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἄντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαι τινα πρὸς γόνάτων to entreat one by clasping his knees; γόνυ κάμπτειν to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τὰ γόνατα to kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γούνισι κεῖται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, ῥίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ου, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἔς, (γόνυ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γῶον, Ep. for ἐγῶον, 3 pl. impf. of γοᾶω.

ΓΟΨ, ὁ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γῶων, ὡσα, Ep. part. of γοᾶω.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργειος, α, ου, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφας, ου, ὁ, (Γοργώ, λόφος) he of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ης, ἥ.

Γοργόνειος, ου, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ου, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From

ΓΟΡΓΟΣ, ἥ, ὅν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργὸν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργὸς εἰσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, hot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ου, (Γοργώ, \*φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟΡΓΥΤΡΑ, ἥ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργώ, ὄος, contr. οὔς, ἥ; later decl. Γοργῶ, ὄνος,



and in pl. Γοργόνες: (γοργός):—the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργ-ῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γοργῶψ.

γοργ-ῶπός, ὄν, (γοργός, ὦψ) fierce-eyed, terrible.

γοργ-ῶψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, = γοργωπός.

γούν, Ion. γῶν, (γε οὖν) restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers.

γούνα, γούνων, Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάξω, Ep. imperat. of γουνάζομαι.

γουνάζομαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ):—to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; ὑπέρ τινος and τινός in behalf of another: but also γουνάξω τινος and πρὸς τινος to entreat by such and such things.

γούνατος, γούνατι, γούνατα, γούνασι, Ion. and poet. decl. of γόνυ.

γουνόομαι, Dep., = γουνάζομαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην.

γουνό-πᾶγής, ἐς, (γόνυ, πήγνυμι) cramping the knees.

γουνό-πᾶχής, ἐς, (γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ, παχύς) thick-kneed.

γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ.

γουνός, ὁ, (γόνος, γονή) corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. uber; γουνός ἀλωῆς a fruitful vineyard.

γραιδίον, τό, contr. for γραιδίον.

γραιές and γρηές, pl. n. from γραιῦς and γρηῦς.

γραιῖα, Ep. γραιῖη, ἡ, special fem. of γραιῖος, an old woman.

II. as fem. Adj. old, γραιῖαι δαίμονες, γραιῖα χερί, etc.

γραιδίον, τό, Dim. of γραιῖς, γραιῦς, an old bag.

γραιόομαι, Pass. to become an old woman. From

γραιῖος, γραιῖα, γραιῖον, (syncop. for γεραιός) old, aged, gray; γραιῖη σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. litera: in plur. letters, the alphabet. 2. a note in music. 3. a drawing, picture.

II. in plur. also, like Lat. literae, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts: also a book, treatise. III. letters, learning, = μαθήματα.

γραμματεῖον, τό, (γράφω) that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book.

γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba. Hence

γραμματεύω, to be secretary.

γραμματίζω, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments.

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γράμματα) knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments: as Subst., γραμματικός, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. -κῶς.

γραμματιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γραμματίζω) one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster. 2. = γραμματεὺς.

γραμματο-κύφων, ατος, ὁ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) one who pores over musty records.

γραμμή, ἡ, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ἡ μακρά the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. the line across the course,

to mark the starting or winning place.

III. the middle line on a draught-board called ἡ ἱερά; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον to move a man from this line, i. e. try one's last chance.

γρᾶο-σόβης, ου, ὁ, (γρᾶῦς, σοβέω) scaring old women.

γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, to be written:

γραπτέον, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γράφω) a writer.

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, painted: marked with letters: written.

γραπτύς, ὅς, ἡ, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing.

ΓΡΑΥΣ, γρᾶός, ἡ, nom. pl. γρᾶες, acc. γρᾶῦς: Ion. decl. γρηῦς, γρηῖός; poet. also γρηῖός:—a gray woman, old woman. II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γρᾶφεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a painter. II. =

γραμματεὺς, a clerk.

γρᾶφή, ἡ, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; ὅσον γρᾶφῇ only in a picture. 2. writing. II. a painting, a figure, shape.

III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη a private action; ἀστρατείας γρᾶφή an indictment for neglect of service.

γρᾶφικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to draw or paint: ἡ γραφικὴ (sub. τέχνη) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing.

γρᾶφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (γράφω) a style for writing on waxen tablets. II. embroidery.

ΓΡΑΨΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι: aor. 2 ἐγράφη, later aor. 1 ἐγράφη: pf. γέγραμμαι:—to GRAVE, scratch; σήματα γράψας ἐν πίνακι having scratched marks or figures on a tablet. II. to

draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint. III. to write; γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας to write on skins. 2. to inscribe, e. g. γράφειν εἰς στήλην:

Pass. γράφεσθαι τι to be inscribed with a thing. 3. to write down; γράφειν τινὰ αἴτιον to set him down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4. to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med. to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, γρίφεσθαι τινα

to indict one, τινός for some public offence; in full, δίκην or γραφὴν γράψασθαι τινα; also c. inf., γράφεσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν to indict him for wrong-doing; absol., οἱ γραψάμενοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαι τι to denounce a thing as unlawful:—Pass. to be indicted.

γρᾶ-ώδης, ἐς, (γρᾶῦς, εἶδος) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. ἐγρήγορα.

γρηῖός, ἡ, Ion. for γρᾶῦς, poet. also γρηῖός.

γρίπεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (γρίπος) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj., γριπῆς τέχνη the art of fishing.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, ὁ, a fishing-net.

γρίπων, ὁ, = γρίπεύς, a fisherman. [i]

ΓΡΙΦΟΣ, ὁ, like γρίπος, a fishing-net or basket, made of rushes. 2. anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.

γριφώδης, ες, (γρίφος, εἶδος) riddling.

ΓΡΟΨΦΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥ, a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρὺ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρὺ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. 1 ἔγρυξα:—to say γρὺ, grunt, Lat. grunio: hence to grumble, mumble, mutter.

γρυλλίζω or γρυλίζω, (γρύλλος or γρύλος) to grunt.

γρύλλος or γρύλος, ὁ, (γρὺ) a pig, porker.

γρυπ-άετος, ὁ, (γρύψ, αἰτός) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΠΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμός. Hence

γρυπότης, ητος, ἡ, bookness of the nose.

γρυπόω, f. ὠσω, (γρυπός) to curve or bend.

γρύψ, gen. γρυπός, ὁ, (γρυπός) a griffin, bipro-griff.

γρώνη, ἡ, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥ'Α, ἡ, a piece of land, field.

γύαια, τά, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥ'ΑΛΟΝ, τό, a hollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλου σιν ἀρηρῶς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms:—any hollow: πέτρας γυάλου a cave, grot; κρατήρος γυάλου the hollow of a bowl:—in plur. hollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥ'ΗΣ, ου, ὁ, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. buris. II. = γύα, a field.

γυι-αρκής, ες, (γυῖον, ἀρκεῖω) strenghtening the limbs.

γυιο-βάρης, ες, (γυῖον, βάρος) weighing down the limbs.

γυιο-οβόρος, ου, (γυῖον, βορά) gnawing the limbs.

γυιο-δάμας, ου, ὁ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

ΓΥΙΟΝ, τό, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees.

γυιο-πάγης, ες, (γυῖον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs.

γυιο-πέδη, ἡ, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, lame.

γυιο-τᾶκής, ες, (γυῖον, τήκω) wasting the limbs.

γυιο-τόρος, ου, (γυῖον, τορέω) piercing the limbs.

γυιό-χαλκος, ου, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brassy limb.

γυιός, (γυῖος) to lame:—Pass. to be or become lame;

γυιωθεῖς aor. 1 part., lamed.

γυλι-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (γύλιος, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

ΓΥΛΙΟΣ, ὁ, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. γεγύμνακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμνασμαι: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάζειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to train them to do a thing:—Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνός, ἄδος, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked. II. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ἡ, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνασιαρχέω or Med. -έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνασι-άρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, ὁ, (γυμνάσιον, ἀρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασιαρχία, ἡ, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, τό, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θήμετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [α]

γυμναστέον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάζω, one must practise.

γυμναστής, ου, ὁ, (γυμνάζω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of athletic exercises: ἡ γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κῶς, like an athlete.

γυμνής, ητος, ὁ, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier.

γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From

γυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem. γυμνήτης, ιδος, ἡ, = γυμνής.

γυμνητία, ἡ, (γυμνής) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός ἀγών a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, = γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παιδία, ἡ, (γυμνός, παιδία) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνὸς ὄπλων:—γυμνός often meant lightlyclad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, οἱ, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ἡ, nakedness.

γυμνός, f. ὠσω, (γυμνός) to strip naked or bare:—Pass., of warriors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τεῖχος ἐγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; ἐγυμνώθη βακίων be stript himself of his rags.

γύμνωσις, εως, ὁ, (γυμνός) a stripping naked. II. nakedness: the naked parts.

γύναι, voc. of γυνή.

γυναικάριον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναικείος, α, ου, also ος, ου, Ion. γυναικῆϊος, ηῖη, ηῖον, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. muliebris. 2. as Subst., ἡ γυναικῆϊη = γυναικῶν, the women's part of the house. II. womanish, effeminate.

γυναικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.



γυναικόβουλος, *ον*, (γυναικός, βουλή) *devised by a woman*.  
 γυναικο-γήρυτος, *ον*, (γυνή, γηρύω) *proclaimed by women*.  
 γυναικό-θυμος, *ον*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind*.  
 γυναικο-κрасία, *ή*, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper*.  
 γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ον*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women*.  
 γυναικομανής, *το* *be mad for women*. From  
 γυναικο-μανής, *ές*, (γυναικός, μαίνωμαι) *mad for women*.  
 γυναικό-μιμος, *ον*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *aping women, womanish*.  
 γυναικό-μορφος, *ον*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape*.  
 γυναικο-πληθής, *ές*, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women*.  
 γυναικό-ποινος, *ον*, (γυναικός, ποιμήν) *woman-avenging*.  
 γυναικός, *gen.* of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.  
 γυναικο-φίλης, *ον*, Dor. -φίλας, *α*, (γύνη, φιλέω) *loving women*.  
 γυναικό-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind*.  
 γυναικό-φωνος, *ον*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice*.  
 γυναικών, *ωνος*, *ο*, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house*, opp. to ἀνδρών.  
 γυναι-μανής, *ές*, = γυναικομανής, *mad for women*.  
 γύναιον, *τό*, Dim. of γυνή, *a little woman*.  
 γύναιος, *α*, *ον*, of or belonging to a woman. From  
 ΓΥΝΗ', *ή*, *gen.* γυναικός, *acc.* γυναικα, *voc.* γύναι;  
*pl.* γυναικες, γυναικών, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—*a woman*, Lat. *femina*, opp. to man; *vocat.* γύναι, *a term of respect, mistress, lady*: Homer often joins it with *a second Subst.*, γυνή ταμῖν, δέσποινα, etc. II. *a wife, spouse*. III. *a mortal woman*, opp. to a goddess. IV. *the female, mate of animals*.  
 γύννις, *ιδος*, *ο*, (γυνή) *a womanish man, weakling*.  
 γυπάριον, *τό*, Dim. of γύπη, *a nest, eyrie, cranny*.  
 γύπεσσιν, *dat. pl.* of γύψ.  
 γύπη, *ή*, (γύψ) *a vulture's nest*: generally, *a hole, cranny*. Hence  
 γυπιάς, *ή*, *fem.* Adj. *vulture-haunted*.  
 γυρη-τόμος, *ον*, (γύρος, τεμνέω) *tracing a circle*.  
 ΓΥΡΙΣ, *εως*, *ή*, *the finest meal*, Lat. *pollen*.  
 ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ά*, *ον*, *round*, Lat. *curvus*; γυρὸς ἐν ὤμοισι *round-shouldered*.  
 ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ο*, *a ring, circle*.  
 ΓΥΨ, γυψός, *ο*, *a vulture*, Lat. *vultur*.  
 ΓΥΨΟΣ, *ή*, *cibalk*. 2. later, *gypsum*. Hence  
 γυψώ, *f.* ὠσω, *to rub over with cibalk*.  
 γών, Ion. for γοῦν, as ὦν for οῦν.  
 ΓΩΝΙΑ, *ή*, *a corner, angle*. II. *a joiner's square*. Hence

γωνιασμός, *ο*, *a squaring the angles*; ἐπὶ γωνιασμός *nicely-fitted, well-finished verses*.  
 γωνι-ώδης, *ες*, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular*.  
 ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, *ο* or *ή*, *a bow-case, quiver*.

# Δ

Δ, δ, δέλτα, indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέταρτος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects: I. Aeol. into β, as ὀβελός into ὀδελός. II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γνόφος into δᾶ δνόφος. III. Ion. into ζ, as Ζεύς, ζα- into Δεύς, δα-; while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράζομαι into μελίσδω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδδομαι. IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω. V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύς λάσιος. VI. into σ, as ὕδμη ὕσμή, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασμός, ἔδω ἐσθίω. VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός. VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δείλη εἰλη, δῆ ῆ, διώκω ιώκω. δᾶ-, intensive prefix, = ζα-, as in δᾶ-σκιος. δᾶ, Dor. for γᾶ, γῆ, mostly in voc.: acc. δᾶν. δᾶγμα, τό, Dor. for δῆγμα. δᾶγύς, ὕδος, ῆ, *a waxen image*, used in magic rites, *a puppet*. (Thessal. word.) [ῆ] δαδουχέω, *f.* ἤσω, *to be a torch-bearer*, esp. in sacred processions. From δαδ-ούχος, *ον*, (δᾶς, ἔχω) *holding torches*: as Subst., δαδούχος, ῆ, *a torch-bearer at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres*, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine. δαδοφορέω, *f.* ἤσω, *to bear torches*. From δαδο-φόρος, *ον*, (δᾶς, φέρω) *torch-bearing*. δαείην, *aor.* 2 opt. of \*δάω. δαείς, *aor.* 2 part. of \*δάω. δαείω, Ep. for δαῶ, *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of \*δάω. δαήμεναι, Ep. for δαῆναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω. δαήμεν, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (δαῆναι) *knowing, experienced in a thing*. δαῆναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω. ΔΑΪΗΡ, ἑρς, *ο*, *voc.* δᾶερ, *a husband's brother, brother-in-law*, answering to γάλως, ῆ, *a sister-in-law*. δαήσομαι, fut. of \*δάω. δάηται, 3 sing. *aor.* 2 med. subj. of δαίω (Δ). δαί, (δῆ) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πῶς δαί; how so? δαί, Ep. apocop. for δαίδι, *dat.* of δαίς. [ῆ] δαιδάλεος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, *cunningly or curiously wrought*. From δαιδάλλω, used only in pres. act.; but pass. *aor.* 1 ἐδαιδάλθην, *pf.* δεδαίδαλμαι: (δαίδαλος):—*to work cunningly, work with curious art*: *to deck out, embellish*. Hence

δαίδαλμα, ατος, τό, a work of art.

δαίδαλός, εσσα, εν, = δαίδαλεος.

δαίδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαίδαλος, έργον) curiously working.

ΔΑΙΔΑΛΟΣ, η, ον, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; δαίδαλα πάντα all cunning works. II.

as prop. n., Δαίδαλος, ό, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορός (q. v.) for Ariadne.

δαιδάλο-χειρ, ειρος, ό, ή, (δαίδαλος, χείρ) cunning of hand.

δαιδάλω, = δαίδαλλω: poet. inf. fut. δαιδάλωσέμεν.

δαίξω, f. ξω: aor. I εδάξα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαίχθεις: pf. part. δεδαγμένος: (δαίω):—to cleave asunder, χιτώννα περι στήθεσσι δαίξει; δεδαγμένος ήτορ pierced through the heart:—also of doubts, εδάξετο θυμός ενι στήθεσσιν his soul was divided within him; δαίζόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δαϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δαίς, κτείνω) or in two words δαϊ κτάμενος, slain in battle.

δαϊκτήρ, ήρος, and δαϊκτής, ού, ό, (δαίξω) only joined with masc. Subst. heart-cleaving.

δαιμονάω, (δαίμων) to be subject to an avenging deity; δαιμονά δόμος κακοίς the house is plunged by the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαιμονάω άχη to have griefs decreed one. II. absol. to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαιμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) to have an allotted fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαιμονισθείς, to be possessed by a devil.

δαιμόνιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαιμόνιος) the Deity, Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen. II.

the δαιμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N. T. an evil spirit.

δαιμόνιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (δαίμων): I. used by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense, noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unhappy man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow! my good sir! II. of things proceeding from the Deity or from Fate; ελ μή τι δαιμόνιον εΐη were it not a divine intervention; τὰ δαιμόνια divine visitations. III. of persons, divine, godlike.

δαιμονι-ώδης, es, (δαμόνιον, είδος) devilish.

δαιμονίως, Adv. of δαιμόνιος, marvellously, strangely.

δαίμων, ονος, ό, ή, (δαίω) a god, goddess. II.

the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad; προς δαίμονα against fate; σὺν δαίμονι with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like Lat. sors. III. one's genius, one's lot or fortune.

IV. δαίμονες was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures. V. an evil spirit, devil.

δαίμων, ό, as Adj., = δαήμων, skilled in a thing.

δαίνυ, Ep. for εδαινυ, 3 sing. impf. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυ', Ep. for εδαινυο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύατο, for εδαινυντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύμι, also δαινύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνυ: fut.

δαίσω: aor. I εδαισα: (δαίς):—to give a banquet or feast; δαίνυ δαίτα γέρουσι he gave a feast to the elders; δαινύειν τινά to feast a person. II. Med.

δαινύμαι, fut. δαίσομαι: aor. I εδαισάμην:—to have a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαίτα, κρέα, etc., to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.

δαίνυο, Ep. for εδαινυσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύτο, Ep. for δαινύοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαίος, α, ον, also os, ον: Ion. and Hom. δήϊος, η, ον: Att. contr. δῆος: (δαίω, δαίς):—hostile, destructive: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δάιοι, enemies. 2. unhappy, wretched. II.

(δαήναι) knowing, cunning.

δαίρω, f. δαρῶ: aor. I inf. δῆραι, poet. for δέρω, δείρω, to flay, cudgel.

δαίς (A), gen. δαίδος, Att. contr. δᾱς, δᾱδος, ή, (δαίω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda:—pine-wood, such as torches were made of. II. war,

battle, ή, mostly in apocopate dat. δαῖ and acc. δαῖν.

δαίς (B) gen. δαιτός, ή, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, banquet, Lat. DAPES. 2. meat or food itself.

δαίσασθαι, δαίσάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαιταλεύς, έως, ό, (δαίνυμι) a guest, banquetter.

δαίτη, ή, poet. for δαίς, a feast, banquet.

δαίτηθεν, Adv. of δαίτη, from a feast.

δαιτρεύω, f. σω, (δαιτρός) to cut up or carve, to portion out, distribute.

δαιτρόν, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δαιτρός, ό, (δαίω B) a carver, distributor. Hence

δαιτροσύνη, ή, the art of carving: a helping at table.

δαιτῶν, όνος, ό, (δαίς B) an invited guest. 2. in

plur. guests who bring each his own provisions.

δαιτύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δαίς, a meal.

δαΐ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος: (δαίς, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαήναι) of

knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.

δαΐχθεις, aor. I part. of δαίξω.

ΔΑΪΨ (A), = καίω, only used in pres. and impf., to light up, kindle; δαΐε οί εκ κόρυθος πῦρ she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor. I part. δαισθείς: pf. part. δεδαυμένος:—to burn, blaze; δαΐεται ύσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα, plqpf. έδεδήειν, poet. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδηε war blazes forth; ύσσα δεδήει the report spread like wild-fire.

ΔΑΪΨ (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense δαΐξω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαίωμα; Med., κρέα δαιόμενος distributing portions of meat; Pass., δαΐεται ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαΐαται.—But εδαισα, εδαισάμην belong to δαίνυμι; δάσομαι, εδασάμην, δέδασμαι to δατέομαι.



δακέ-θυμος, *ον*, = δηξίθυμος, *heart-eating*.

δάκε, *Ep.* for ἔδακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of δάκνω.

δάκετον, τό, = δάκος, *a venomous animal*.

δακνάζω, *poët.* for δάκνω: *Pass.* to be sore vexed.

ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, *f.* δηξομαι: *pf.* δέδηχα: aor. 2 ἔδᾱκον:

*Ep.* inf. δακέειν:—*Pass.*, aor. 1 ἔδήχθην: *pf.* δέδηγμαι:

—to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; στόμιον δάκνειν to clamp the bit; δάκνειν ἑαυτὸν to bite one's lips for fear of laughing. II. metaph. to bite, sting, prick:—*Pass.*, καρδίαν δέδηγμαι I was vexed at heart.

δάκος, *εὐς*, τό, (δακεῖν) *an animal whose bite or sting is dangerous, any noxious animal*.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΥ, *vos*, τό, *poët.* for δάκρυον, *a tear*, *Lat.* LACRYMA. II. *a drop*, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, τό, *Dim.* of δάκρυ.

δάκρυμα, *αὐτος*, τό, (δακρύω) *that which is wept for, a subject for tears*. II. *a tear*.

δακρυο-γόνος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, \*γένω) *author of tears*.

δακρυόεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (δάκρυον) *tearful*; of persons, much weeping; of things, calling forth tears:—δακρυόεν γελάσαι, as *Adv.*, to smile through one's tears.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΥ'ΟΝ, τό, = δάκρυ: *Ep.* gen. pl. δακρυόφι.

δακρυ-πλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) *to swim with tears*.

δακρυρροίω, *f.* ἡσώ, *to melt into tears*. From δακρύρ-ροος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, ρέω) *melting into tears*.

δακρύσα, *Ep.* aor. 1 of δακρύω.

δακρυσί-στακτος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, στάζω) *dropping with tears*.

δακρυσῶ, *Dor.* for δακρύσω.

δακρυτός, *ή*, *όν*, *verb.* Adj. of δακρύω, *wept over, tearful*.

δακρυ-χαρής, *ές*, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) *rejoicing in tears*.

δακρυ-χέων, *ουσα*, *ον*, *a participial Adj.*, (δάκρυ, χέω) *shedding tears, weeping*.

δακρύω [ῶ], *fut.* ἴσω: aor. 1 ἔδᾱκρῦσα: *pf.* δεδάκρῦκα: (δάκρυ):—to weep, shed tears:—*pf.* *pass.* δεδάκρῦμαι, *to be tearful, be all in tears*; *part.* δεδάκρῦμενος, *all in tears*: *c.* acc. cognato, δακρύειν γόους *to utter tearful groans*. II. *transit.* to weep for a thing, lament:—*Pass.* to be wept for. III. *δ.* βλέφαρα *to flood one's eyes with tears*.

δακρυ-ώδης, *ές*, (δάκρυ, εἶδος) *like tears: tearful*.

δακτυλήθρα, *ή*, (δάκτυλος) *a finger-sheath*.

δακτυλίδιον, τό, *Dim.* of δάκτυλος, *a toe*.

δακτυλικός, *ή*, *όν*, (δάκτυλος) *of or for the finger*, *Lat.* digitalis; αὐλὸς δακτυλικός *a flute played with the fingers*. II. *of metre, dactylic*.

δακτύλιος, *όν*, (δάκτυλος) *a ring, seal-ring*.

δακτύλο-δεικτός, *όν*, (δάκτυλος, δείκνυμι) *pointed at with the finger, as in Horace digito monstrari*.

δακτύλο-ειδής, *ές*, (δάκτυλος, εἶδος) *like a finger*.

δάκτυλος, *όν*, *plur.* δάκτυλοι, *poët.* also δάκτυλα: (δείκνυμι):—*a finger*, *Lat.* digitus; ἐπὶ δακτύλων συμβάλλεσθαι *to reckon on the fingers*. 2. δάκτυλος τοῦ ποδός *a toe*; also without ποδός, like *Lat.* digitus. II. *the shortest Greek measure of length*,

*a finger's breadth*, = about  $\frac{7}{8}$  of an inch.

*metrical foot, dactyl*, - ο ο ο; e. g. ἄξιος.

δακτύλο-τριπτος, *ον*, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) *worn by the fingers*.

δᾱλέομαι, *Dor.* for δηλέομαι.

δᾱλίον, τό, *Dim.* of δαλός.

δᾱλός, *όν*, (δαίω) *a firebrand, piece of blazing wood*. II. *a burnt out torch, of an old man*.

III. *a beacon-light*.

δᾱμάζω, *later form* of δαμάω: see δαμάω.

δᾱμαῖος, *όν*, (δαμάω) *epith. of Neptune, the Tamer*.

δᾱμάλη, *ή*, = δάμαλις.

δᾱμᾱλή-βοτος, *ον*, (δαμάλη, βόσκω) *fed on by young cattle*.

δαμαλη-φάγος, *ον*, (δαμάλη, φαγεῖν) *beef-eating, epith. of Hercules*.

δᾱμᾱλίζω, *f.* ἴσω, *poët.* form of δαμάω, *to subdue*.

δάμαλις, *εὐς*, *ή*, (δαμάω) *a young cow, beifer, calf, Lat.* juvenca. II. *like μόσχος, a girl*.

δάμαλος, *όν*, (δαμάω) *a calf, Lat.* vitulus.

δάμαρ, *αὐτος*, *ή*, (δαμάω) *a wife, spouse*.

δαμάσδω, *Dor.* for δαμάζω.

δᾱμασίμ-βροτος, *ον*, (δαμάω, βροτός) *man-subduing*.

δᾱμάσ-ιππος, *ον*, (δαμάω, ἵππος) *horse-taming*.

δάμασις, *εὐς*, *ή*, (δαμάω) *a taming, subduing*.

δαμασί-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (δαμάω, φρήν) *heart-subduing*.

δᾱμασί-φως, *αὐτος*, *όν*, *ή*, (δαμάω, φώς) *man-subduing*.

δᾱμάτειρα, *ή*, *fem.* *Subst.* *a tamer*.

Δᾱμᾱτερ, *Dor.* *vocat.* from Δημήτηρ.

ΔΑ'ΜΑ'Ω, *Ep.* 3 sing. δαμάω, 3 pl. δαμόωσι: *fut.* δαμάσω [μᾱ], *Ep.* δαμάσσω: aor. 1 ἔδᾱμασσα *Ep.* ἔδᾱμασσα, δᾱμασσα: *pf.* δεδάμακα:—*Pass.*, aor. 1 ἔδμηθην, *part.* δμηθείς; aor. 2 ἔδᾱμην, *inf.* δᾱμῆμεναι, *part.* δᾱμείς: *pf.* δέδμημαι:—another aor. 1 *part.* δᾱμασθείς, *pf.* *part.* δεδαμασμένος are found, as if from δαμάζω. To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, overpower. II. of maidens, to yoke in marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, *Lat.* subigere. III. generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—*Pass.* to be subject, to obey. 2. to slay, kill.

δᾱμείην, aor. 2 opt. *pass.* of δαμάω.

δᾱμείω, *Ep.* for δᾱμῶ, aor. 2 *pass.* subj. of δαμάω: 2 and 3 *pass.* δᾱμήτης, -ήη, *Ep.* for δᾱμήτης, δᾱμή: 2 pl. δᾱμείετε, for δᾱμήτε.

δᾱμεν, *Ep.* for ἔδᾱμησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 *pass.* of δαμάω.

δᾱμήμεναι, *Ep.* for δᾱμῆναι, aor. 2 *pass.* inf. of δαμάω.

δᾱμνα, *Ep.* for ἔδᾱμνα, 3 sing. *impf.* of δᾱμνημι.

δᾱμνᾶ, 3 sing. of δᾱμνάω; also 2 sing. *pres.* *Med.* of δᾱμνημι.

δᾱμνάω, = δαμάω, only in *pres.* and *impf.*

δᾱμνημι, = δαμάω:—*Pass.* and *Med.* δᾱμνᾶμαι.

δᾱμος and δᾱμόσιος, *α*, *ον*, *Dor.* for δημ-.

δᾱμόωσι, *Ep.* 3 pl. of δαμάω.

δᾱμῶματα, τά, (δᾱμος) *hymns sung in public*.

δᾱν, *Dor.* for δᾱν, γᾱν:—οὐ δᾱν, *No, by earth!*

**ΔΑΝΑΟΙ'**, οἱ, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δαναΐδαι, ὧν, οἱ, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δαναΐδες, αἱ, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναώτατος, oldest of the Danaans. [Δᾶ]

**Δάνειζω**, f. εἰσώ; pf. δεδάνεικα, pass. δεδάνεισμαι: (δάνος):—to put out money at usury, to lend:—Pass., of the money, to be lent:—Med. to have lent to one, to borrow.

**δάνειον**, τό, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan.

**δάνεισμα**, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον.

**δάνεισμός**, ὁ, (δανείζω) money-lending.

**δάνειστής**, οὔ, ὁ, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer.

**δανειστικός**, ἡ, ὅν, (δανείζω) disposed to lend.

**ΔΑ'ΝΟΣ**, εος, τό, a gift. II. money lent out at interest, a loan, debt.

**δανός**, ἡ, ὅν, (δαίω Λ) burnt, dried, parched.

**δάος**, εος, τό, (δαίω Λ) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch.

**δαπάνάω**, f. ἤσω:—Pass., aor. I ἐδαπάνηθην, pf. δεδαπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense:—to spend; δαπανᾶν εἰς τι to spend upon a thing:—Med. to spend of one's own. II. Causal, δαπανᾶν τὴν πόλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

**ΔΑ'ΠΙΑ'ΝΗ**, ἡ, cost, expense, expenditure. II. money spent: also money for spending. III. expensiveness, extravagance. [πᾶ]

**δαπάνημα**, ατος, τό, money spent, expense.

**δαπάνηρός**, ἁ, ὅν, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. -ρῶς, expensively.

**δάπανος**, ον, = δαπανηρός, extravagant.

**δά-πεδον**, τό, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

**ΔΑ'ΠΙΣ**, ἰδος, ἡ, = τάπης, a carpet, rug. [ᾶ]

**δαπτέμεν**, Ep. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.

**ΔΑ'ΠΙΤΩ**, f. δάψω, to devour.

**Δάρδανος**, ὁ, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος ἀνὴρ a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: **Δαρδάνιος**, α, ον, Trojan: **Δαρδανίς**, ἰδος, ἡ, a Trojan woman: **Δαρδανία**, ἡ, Troy: **Δαρδανίδης**, ον, ὁ, a son or descendant of Dardanus: **Δαρδανῶνες**, οἱ, sons of Dardanus.

**δαρδάπτω**, lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour.

**δαρειακός** or **δαρειακὸς στατήρ**, ὁ, a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darā, a king, cf. Δαρειός, like our sovereign.)

**Δαρειός**, ὁ, Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐργείης, q. v.: a Greek form of Persian darū, a king.

**δαρήσομαι**, fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.

**ΔΑΡΘΑ'ΝΩ**, aor. 2 ἐδαρθον, poet. ἐδρᾶθον:—to sleep, Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω.

**δαρόβιος**, ον, = δηρόβιος.

**δαρός**, ἁ, ὅν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.

**δαρῶ**, fut. of δέρω.

**δαῖς**, gen. δαδός, ἡ, Att. contr. for δαῖς.

**δάσασθαι**, aor. 1 med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.

indic. δᾶσάσκετο; 1 pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασεῖται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

**δασέως**, Adv. of δασύς; δασέως ἔχειν to be hairy.

**δά-σκίος**, ον, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.

**δάσμευσις**, εως, ἡ, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing.

**δασμολογέω**, f. ἤσω, to exact as tribute: c. dupl. acc. to exact tribute from a person. Hence

**δασμολογία**, ἡ, collection of tribute.

**δασμο-λόγος**, ὁ, (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector.

**δασμός**, ὁ, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute.

**δασμοφορέω**, f. ἤσω, to pay tribute:—Pass., δασμοφορεῖται τινι tribute is paid one. From

**δασμο-φόρος**, ον, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.

**δάσομαι**, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.

**δασ-πλής**, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, and **δασ-πλήτης**, ἡ, (δα-, πλήσσω) horrid, frightful.

**δάσασθαι**, Ep. for δάσασθαι, q. v.

**δασύ-θριξ**, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired.

**δασύ-κερκος**, ον, (δασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.

**δασύ-κνημος**, ον, and **δασυ-κνήμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (δασύς, κνήμη) sbaggy-legged.

**δασύ-μαλλος**, ον, (δασύς, μάλλος) thick-fleeced.

**δᾶσύνω** [ῶ], f. ὤνω, (δασύς) to make rough or hairy: Pass. to become rough or hairy.

**δασύ-πους**, ποδος, ὁ, (δασύς, πούς) hairy-foot, i. e. a hare or rabbit.

**δασυ-πώγων**, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, πώγων) with sbaggy beard.

**ΔΑ'ΣΥ'Σ**, εἶα, ὁ, Ion. fem. δασία, thick with hair, hairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασία θρίδαξ a lettuce with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick, crowded.

**δασύ-στερνος**, ον, (δασύς, στέρνον) sbaggy-breasted.

**δασυ-χαίτης**, ον, ὁ, (δασύς, χαίτη) sbaggy-haired.

**δατέομαι**, fut. δάσομαι; aor. I ἐδασάμην Ep. ἐδασάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπασάμην): Dep.:—to divide among themselves, to share in: to tear in pieces; χθόνα ποσὶ δατεύντο they measured the ground with their feet. 2. to cut in two. 3. to divide or distribute to others.

**δατεύντο**, Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι.

**δατήριος**, α, ον, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

**δατητής**, οὔ, ὁ, a distributor.

**δαφναῖος**, α, ον, of or belonging to a laurel. From

**ΔΑ'ΦΝΗ**, ἡ, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.

**δαφνηφορέω**, f. ἤσω, to bear laurel-boughs. From

**δαφνη-φόρος**, ον, (δάφνη, φέρω) planted with laurels. II. bearing laurel-boughs.

**δαφνιακός**, ἡ, ὅν, (δάφνη) belonging to a laurel.

**δαφνο-γηθής**, ἐς, (δάφνη, γηθέω) delighting in the laurel.

**δαφνό-κομος**, ον, (δάφνη, κόμη) laurel-crowned.

**δαφν-ώδης**, ἐς, (δάφνη, εἶδος) laurelled.

**δᾶ-φοινεύς**, ὅν, = δαφωινεύς; εἶμα δαφωινεὺν αἵματι a garment red with blood.



δαφεινός, όν, (δα-, φεινός) of wild beasts, blood-red, tawny; or perhaps bloody, murderous.

δαψίλεια, ή, abundance, plenty. From δαψιλής, ές, (δάπτω) abundant, plentiful: of persons, liberal, profuse. Adv. δαψιλώς, lavishly: Sup. δαψιλέστατα.

\*ΔΑΨΩ, an old root meaning to learn, which sometimes takes a causal sense, to teach: I. Causal,

to teach: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. δέδαε, be taught, like Lat. doceo; later also έδαον.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω.

II. to learn: fut. δαήσομαι (ίμευ δαήσεται thou wilt learn from me): pf. δεδάηκα, part. δεδαηκώς, δεδαώς, also pass. δεδαημένος: aor. 2 έδάην, subj. δαώ, Ep. δαείω, inf. δαήναι, Ep. δαήμεναι, part. δαείς:—from δέδαα, is formed a pres. med. inf. διδάσθαι, to search out.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκομαι.

δαώμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of \*δάω.

ΔΕ, but: conjunctive Particle, with an opposing or adversative force. It answers to μέν, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by while, on the other hand, see μέν.

2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, and, further.

II. δέ properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

—δε, enclitic Particle: joined I. to names of

Places in acc., to denote motion towards, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οίκόνδε home-wards, Ούλυμπόνδε to Olympus, θύραζε (for θύρασδε) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., ύνδε δόμονδε; and sometimes even after εις, as εις αλαδε:

in Att. often added to the names of cities, 'Αθήναζε, Θήβαζε (for 'Αθήνασδε, Θήβασδε):—sometimes it denotes purpose only, μήτι φόβονδ' άγίρευε speak naught tending to fear.

II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, οδε, τοιούσδε, etc., such a man as this, Att. δδί, etc.

δεά, ή, Dor. for θεά, Lat. dea.

δέατο, Ep. for έδέατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb δέαμαι, = δοκέω, be seemed.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι.

δεδάσθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of \*δάω.

δέδαε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of \*δάω.

δεδάηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of \*δάω.

δεδαίεται, Ion. for δέδαινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of δαίω B.

δεδαϊγμένος, pf. pass. part. of δαίζω.

δεδαιδαλμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαιδάλλω.

δίδάκον, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δίδαργμαι, Att. for δέδραγμα, pf. pass. of δράσσομαι.

δίδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δέρω.

δέδασμαι, pf. pass. of δατέομαι.

δεδαώς, pf. act. part. of \*δάω.

δέδεγμα, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δείκνυμι).

δεδήμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.

δεδείξμαι, paullo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδειπνάει, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδειχα, δέδειγμα, pf. act. and pass. of δείκνυμι.

δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δέω, to bind.

δεδέχεται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι εισί, 3 plur. pf. of δέχομαι.

δέδηγμα, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδηε, δεδήει, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of δαίω.

δεδήμενμαι, pf. pass. of δημεύω.

δεδήσομαι and δεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδηχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδια, poet. δείδια, pf., with pres. sense, of δείδω; imperat. δέδιθι; part. δεδιώς.

δεδιᾱκόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκει.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διαιτάω.

δεδίσκομαι, = δειδίσκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for δειδίσσομαι.

δεδίωγμα, pf. pass. of διώκω.

δεδμήατο, Ion. for έδέδμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δαμάω.

δέδμηκα, pf. of δέμω.

δέδμημαι, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

δέδμητο, —ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω.

δέδογμα, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δέδοικα, pf. with pres. sense of δείδω.

δεδοίkw, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δείδω.

δεδόκημαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δεδοκημένος, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pres., waiting for, lying in wait.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of δοκιμάζω.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι: poet. 3 pl. δέδονται.

δεδόνατο, Dor. for έδεδόνητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of δέρκομαι, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of δονπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of δράσσω.

δέδρακα, pf. of διδράσκω, also of δράω.

δέδραμαι, pf. pass. of δράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from \*εραμέω).

δέδρομα, poet. pf. of τρέχω (formed from \*δρέμω).

δεδυστύχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελος, η, ον, resolved form of δηλος.

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. aor. 1 subj. of δέομαι.

δέημα, ατος, τό, (δέομαι) a prayer, entreaty.

δέησις, εως, ή, (δέομαι) an entreating.

δεήσομαι, fut. med. of δέω, to want.

ΔΕΙΓ; subj. δέη contr. δή; opt. δέοι; inf. δειν;

part. δέον Att. δειν; imperf. έδει Ion. έδεε; fut. δεήσει;

aor. 1 έδέησε. Impers. from δέω, to bind: I. c.

acc. et inf., δει τινα ποιησαι it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought, Lat. oportet, decet; so, δει τινα ύπως ποιήσει.

II. c. gen. there is need of, Lat. opus est re; πολλου δει there wants much, far from it; ολίγου δει there wants little, all but; πλευνος δει it is still further from it:—with the

person added, δει μοι τινος, Lat. opus est mihi re.

**δείγμα**, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. *documentum*. 2. a place in the Peiræus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

**δειγματίζω**, f. σω, to make a show of.

**δεῖδεκτο**, 3 sing. plqpf. of δεικνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: **δειδέχεται**, for **δεδεγμένοι εἰσί**, 3 plur. perf.: **δειδέχато**, 3 pl. plqpf.

**δειδήμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω) cowardly.

**δείδια**, ας, ε, like **δέδια**, pf. of δείδω with pres. signif., I fear; plur. **δείδιμεν**, **δείδιτε**; imperat. **δείδιθι**; inf. **δείδιμεν**; part. **δειδιώς**, dual **δειδιότε**; **δείδισαν**, 3 plur. plqpf.

**δειδίσκομαι**, Dep. (δείκνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; **δειδίσκετο δέπαί** he bailed with the cup. 2. = **δείκνυμι**, to shew.

**δειδίσσομαι**, Att. **δεδίττομαι**: fut. **ίξομαι**: aor. 1 **έδειδιγάμην**: (δείδω):—Causal of δείδω, to frighten, alarm.

**δείδοικα**, Ep. for **δέδοικα**, q. v.

**ΔΕΙΔΩ**, the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. **δείσομαι**: aor. 1 **έδεισα** Ep. **έδδεια**: pf. in pres. sense **δέδοικα**; also **δέδια**, Ep. **δείδια** (see **δείδια**): 3 pl. plqpf. **έδειδισαν**, Ep. **δείδισαν**: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with **μή** .., like Lat. *vereor ne* .., I fear it is ..; but, **δείδω μή ού** .., *vereor ne non* .., *vereor ut* .., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to fear to do. 3. **δείδω περί τινι** to be alarmed or anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of. 5. perf. part. **τὸ δειδιός** one's fearing, one's fear, like **δέος**.

**δειλιάω**, f. ήσω: aor. 1 **έδειελήσα**: (δειέλος):—to wait till evening.

**δειελινός**, ή, όν, = sq., at evening. From

**δειέλος**, ον, (δείλη) of or belonging to evening: **δειέλο**, ήμαρ eventide. II. as Subst., **δειέλος** (sub. ώρη), = **δείλη**, evening.

**δεικανάσκει**, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of **δεικανάω**.

**δεικάνάω**, = **δείκνυμι**, to point out, shew. II.

Med. = **δείκνυμαι**, **δέχομαι**, to salute, welcome, greet.

**δεικανόωντο**, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of **δεικανάω**.

**δεικελον** and **δείκηλον**, τό, (δείκνυμι) a representation, exhibition.

**δείκνυ**, Ep. shortened form of **δείκνυσι**.

**δεικνύμεν**, -ύμεναι, Ep. for **δεικνύναι**. [ύ]

**ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ** and **δεικνύω**, imperat. **δείκνυ** or **δείκνυε**: fut. **δείξω** Ion. **δέξω**: aor. 1 **έδειξα** Ion. **έδεξα**: pf. **δέδειχα**:—Pass., fut. **δειχθήσομαι**, and fut. 3 **δειείσομαι**: aor. 1 **έδειχθην** Ion. **έδέχθην**: pf. **δέδειγμαι**; on the forms **δειδέχεται**, **δεῖδεκτο**, see below II:—to shew, point out, Lat. *monstro*; impers. **δείξει**, time will shew; **δεικνύναι εἰς τινα** to point towards a person. 2. to bring to light, display; **θεὸς ήμῶν δείξε τέρας** the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. **δείκνυμαι**, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; **έδειξαν έτοιμοι όντες** they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. **δεικνύμενος** =

**δεχόμενος**, **δεξιούμενος**, welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. **δειδέχεται**, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. **δεῖδεκτο**, **δειδέχато**, are used in the same sense; **τοὺς μὲν κυπέλλοις δειδέχато** they pledged them with the cup; **δειδέχато μύθοισι** they greeted them with words.

**δεικτέος**, α, ον, verb. Adj. of **δείκνυμι**, to be shewn. II. **δεικτέον** [έστί], impers., one must shew.

**δείλαιος**, α, ον, lengthd. form of **δειλός**, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

**δειακρίων**, ανος, ό, properly, a coward, but mostly in addresses, poor fellow! From

**δείλ-ακρος**, α, ον, (δειλός, άκρος) very pitiable.

**ΔΕΙΛΗ** (sub. ώρα), ή, properly, the time when the day is hottest, i. e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, **έσσεται ή ήως ή δειλη ή μέσον ήμαρ**; **δειλη πρωία** and **δειλη όψία** early and late afternoon; afterwards **δειλη** alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; **δειλης** or **δειλην**, as Adv., in the evening.

**δειλία**, ή, (δειλός) timidity, cowardice; **δειλήν όφ-λαίν** to be charged with cowardice.

**δειλιάω**, f. άσω, (δειλία) to be afraid.

**δειλόμαι**, Dep. (δειλη) to decline towards evening.

**δειλός**, ή, όν, (δέος, δείδω) cowardly, craven: vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat. miser. Adv. -λώς.

**δείμα**, ατος, τό, (δείδω) fear, affright. II. an object of fear, a terror, horror. Hence

**δειμαίνω**, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

**δειμᾶλέος**, α, ον, (δείμα) timid. II. horrible, fearful.

**δείμας**, aor. I part. of **δέμω**.

**δείματο**, 3 sing. aor. I med. of **δέμω**.

**δειματόεις**, εσσα, εν, (δείμα) frightened.

**δειματόω**, f. άσω, (δείμα) to frighten.

**δειμομεν**, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of **δέμω**.

**δειμός**, ό, (δέος) fear, terror, Lat. timor.

**δειν**, inf. of **δέω**. II. Att. for **δέον**, part. neut. of **δει**, as **πλείν** for **πλέον**.

**ΔΕΙΝΑ**, ό, ή, τό, gen. **δεινός**, dat. **δεινί**, acc. **δείνα**, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. **δειν**.

**δεινο-θέτης**, ου, ό, (δεινός, τίθημι) a knave.

**δεινο-λογέομαι**, f. ήσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, λέγω) to complain loudly.

**δεινο-παθίω**, f. ήσω, (δεινός, πάθος) to complain loudly of suffering.

**δεινό-πους**, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. **ποδός**, (δεινός, πούς) terrible of foot.

**δεινός**, ή, όν, (δέος): I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, awful: later, **τὸ δεινόν** danger, sufferings; **οὐδέν δεινοί, μή άποστέωσιν** no fear of their revolting; **δεινόν ποιείν** or **ποιείσθαι** to take ill, Lat. *aegre ferre*. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; **τὸ συγγενές τοι δεινόν** the ties of kin have strange power. III. the sense of powerful.



wondrous, passed into that of able, clever, skilful, as in phrase δεινός τε καὶ σοφός; often c. inf., δεινὸς λέγειν clever at talking; also c. acc., δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην skilful in his art. Hence

δεῖνος, gen. of δεινα, ὁ, ἡ.

δεινότης, ἡτος, ἡ, terribleness: harshness, sternness. 2. natural ability, cleverness.

δεινώω, f. ὥσω, (δεινός) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δειν-ωπός, ὄν, (δεινός, ὥψ) terrible to behold.

δεινῶς, Adv. of δεινός, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δείνωσις, εως, ἡ, (δεινώω) exaggeration.

δείν-ωψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, = δεινωπός.

δείξω, fut. of δείκνυμι.

δεῖος, τό, Ep. for δέος, fear.

δειπνεῦντες, Dor. for δειπνοῦντες.

δειπνέω, f. ἤσω: pf. δεδείπνηκα, Att. pf. 2 δέδειπνα, inf. δεδείπναι: (δείπνον):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., δειπνεῖν ἄρτον to make a meal on bread. Hence

δειπνηστός or δειπνηστος, ὁ, meal-time.

δειπνητήριον, τό, (δειπνέω) a supper-room.

δειπνητής, οὗ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence

δειπνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for dinner. Adv. -κῶς, like a clever cook.

δειπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (δείπνον) to entertain at dinner.

δειπνο-λόχος, ἡ, ὄν, (δείπνον, λοχάω) fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.

δείπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes = ἄριστον, the early meal, sometimes = δούπον the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. coena; ἀπὸ δείπνου straight from, i. e. just after, dinner. 2. generally food, provender.

δειπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From

δειπνο-ποιός, ὄν, (δείπνον, ποιέω) preparing dinner.

δειράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δειρή) the ridge of a chain of bills, like λόφος, Lat. jugum. II. = δειρή, the neck.

δείρας, aor. I part. of δέρω.

ΔΕΙΡΗ, Att. δέρη, ἡ, the neck, throat. II. = δειράς, the ridge of a bill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ἤσω, (δειρή, τέμνω) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. jugulo.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for δέρω.

δεισ-ήνωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (δείδω, ἀνὴρ) fearing man. 2. δεισδαιμονία, ἡ, fear of the gods, religion. From

δεισι-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. ὀνος, (δείδω, δαίμων) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious. 2. in bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

ΔΕΚΑ, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. DECEM, our TEN, Germ. ZEHN: οἱ δέκα, the Ten, Lat. Decemviri: οἱ δέκα [ἔτη] ἀπ' ἡβης those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκά-βοιος, ὄν, (δέκα, βοῦς) worth ten oxen.

δεκάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (δέκα, ἀρχω) a commander of ten men, Lat. decurio.

δεκαδεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (δέκα) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = δώδεκα, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ὄν, (δέκα, δῶρον II) ten palms long or broad.

δεκα-έτηρος, ὄν, (δέκα, ἔτος) ten-yearly.

δεκα-ετής, ἑς, (δέκα, ἔτος) lasting ten years.

δεκάζω, f. ἄσω, (δέκα) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. decuriare.

δεκάκις, Adv. (δέκα) ten times: ten-fold.

δεκά-κλινος, ὄν, (δέκα, κλίνει) holding ten dinner-couches.

δεκα-κῦμία, ἡ, (δέκα, κῦμα) the tenth wave, Lat. fluctus decumanus; cf. τρικυμία.

δεκά-μηνος and δεκα-μηνιαῖος, ὄν, (δέκα, μήν) ten months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μινος, ὄν, (δέκα, μνᾶ) worth ten minae.

δεκ-άμφορος, ὄν, (δέκα, ἀμφορεύς) holding ten ἀμφορεῖς, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, fifteen.

δεκά-πηχυς, υ, (δέκα, πῆχυς) ten cubits long.

δεκα-πλάσιος, ὄν, (δέκα) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ δεκαπλασία (sub. τιμή) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλεθρος, ὄν, (δέκα, πλέθρον) enclosing ten pletbra (v. πλέθρον II.)

δεκάπλοος, ὄν, contr. -πλους, ὄν, = δεκα-πλάσιος.

δεκά-πολις, ἡ, (δέκα, πόλις) a district including ten cities, Decapolis.

δεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, ten feet long.

δεκ-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (δέκα, ἀρχω) a decurion. Hence

δεκ-αρχία, ἡ, the government of the Ten.

δεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δέκα) a body of ten men, Lat. decuria. II. the number ten.

δεκά-σπορος, ὄν, (δέκα, σπείρω) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταῖος, α, ὄν, (δέκατος) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ὄν, (δέκα, τάλαντον) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, -ρα, fourteen.

δεκατευτήριον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-house: and

δεκατευτής, οὗ, ὁ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. decumanus. From

δεκατεύω, f. σω, (δεκάτη) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, ὁ, (δεκάτη, λέγω) = δεκατευτής.

δεκατό-σπορος, ὄν, (δέκατος, σπορά) in the tenth generation.

δέκατος, ἡ, ὄν, (δέκα) tenth. II. as Subst., δεκάτη (sub. μέρος), ἡ, the tenth part, tithe. 2. δεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), ἡ, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child had a name given it; τὴν δεκάτην θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ὥσω, (δέκατος) to take tithe of a person.

δεκά-φυλος, ον, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes.  
 δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten  
 χαλκοί, Lat. denarius.

δεκά-χίλιοι, αι, α, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκ-έτηρος, ον, = δεκέτης.

δεκ-έτης, ον, ὁ, (δέκα, ἔτος) lasting ten years. II.  
 ten years old.

δεκ-έτις, ιδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of δεκέτης.

δέχομαι, Ion. and Aeol. for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, ον, (δέκα, ὀργυία) ten fathoms long.

δεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = δέκτης.

δέκτης, ον, ὁ, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be  
 received, acceptable, Lat. acceptus.

δέκτρια, ἡ, poet. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, ορος, poet. for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes  
 upon himself.

δεκ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of δεκόργυιος.

δελεάζω, f. άσω, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-  
 lure, entice, catch. II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον ὕς

δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ'ΛΕΑΡ, ατος, τό, a bait, Lat. esca.

δελε-άρπαξ, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (δέλεαρ, ἀρπάξω) greedy of  
 the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕ'ΛΤΑ, τό, indecl., v. sub Δ. 2. a name for  
 the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp.  
 of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτος.

δελτο-γράφος, ον, (δέλτος, γράφω) writing on a  
 tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, ἡ, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter  
 Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενῶν  
 the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτόω, f. ὠσω, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ.

δελφάκκομαι, Pass. to grow up to pigbood. From

ΔΕ'ΛΦΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, ὁ, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo.

δελφίνο-φόρος, ον, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins;  
 κεραῖαι δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίς.

ΔΕΛΦΙ'Σ and δελφίν, ἴνος, ὁ, the dolphin. II.  
 a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which  
 was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let  
 down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ', ὦν, αἱ, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo  
 in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί,  
 οἱ, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in nom. and acc., the body,  
 esp. of man; properly the living body, σῶμα being  
 the corpse; μικρὸς δέμας small in stature. II.

as Adv., like δίκην, δέμας πυρὸς αἰθομένοιο in form  
 or fashion like burning fire, Lat. instar ignis.

δέμνιον, τό, (δέμω) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur.

δεμνιο-τήρης, es, (δέμνιον, τηρέω) keeping one to  
 one's bed; μοῖρα δεμνιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ, aor. 1 act. ἔδειμα, med. ἔδειμάμην: pf.

δέδμηκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build; Med., ἐδεί-  
 ματο οἴκους he built him houses: generally, to con-  
 struct, make; δέμειν ὁδόν, Lat. munire viam.

δενδύλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign.

δένδρεον, τό, Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρεών, ὠνος, ὁ, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

δενδριακός or -ικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. δενδρίτις, ιδος, of or belong-  
 ing to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτιω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρό-κομος, ον, (δένδρον, κομή)  
 shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

ΔΕΝΔΡΟΝ, τό, Ion. and Att. δένδρος, εος, τό, a  
 tree; δένδρον ἐλάας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα  
 are fruit-trees, opp. to ὕλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, f. ἤσω, to cut down the fruit-trees, to  
 lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, ον, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, ον, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, ον, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρ-ώδης, es, (δένδρον, εἶδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις  
 Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, ιδος, ἡ, (δένδρον) wooded.

δεννάζω, f. άσω, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, aor. 1 med. imper. of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενή, ἡ, (properly aor. 1 part. fem. of δέχομαι)  
 a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, Ion. -ιή, (fem. of δεξιός, sub. χεῖρ) the right  
 hand; ἐκ δεξιᾶς on the right hand; δεξιὰν διδόναι  
 to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξι-μηλος, ον, (δέχομαι, μῆλον) receiving sheep,  
 rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυῖον) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιο-λάβος, ὁ, (δεξιός, λαβεῖν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόομαι, f. ὠσομαι: aor. 1 ἐδεξισάμην: Dep.:—to  
 offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, Lat. DEXTER: I. on the  
 right hand or side; ἐπὶ δεξιᾶ to the right. II.

fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other  
 omens. III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of

the mind, shrewd, clever.

δεξιό-σειρος, ὁ, (δεξιός, σείρά) harnessed by traces  
 on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under  
 the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the  
 regular pair.

δεξιότης, ητος, ἡ, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; of  
 mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιός; ἐπὶ δεξιόφιν to-  
 wards the right.

δεξι-πῦρος, ον, (δέχομαι, πῦρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, εως, ἡ, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, ὁ, ὄν, poet. form for δεξιός, right, the  
 right; δεξιτερά, like δεξιᾶ (sub. χεῖρ), the right  
 hand; δεξιτερῇφι, old dat., on the right hand.



**δεξιόωμα**, ατος, τό, (δεξιόομαι) a pledge of friendship.  
**δεξιωνύμος**, ον, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) lucky in name.  
**δεξιῶς**, Adv. of δεξιός, dexterously: Sup. δεξιώτατα.  
**δεξιῶσις**, εως, ἡ, (δεξιόομαι) an offering of the right hand: greeting, salutation: canvassing.  
**δέξο**, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.  
**δέξομαι**, fut. of δέχομαι.  
**δέξω**, δέξομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and med. of δείκνυμι.  
**δέομαι**, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).  
**δέον**, οντος, τό, Att. δέιν, part. neut. of the impers. δέι, that which is binding, needful, right, proper; μάλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; ἐν δέοντι (sub. καιρῷ), in good time, Lat. opportunē; εἰς τὸ δέον for needful purposes. II. used absol. it being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.  
**δέον**, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind.  
**δέοντων**, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.  
**ΔΕΪΟΣ**, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δέιος: fear, alarm, affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror, means of inspiring fear.  
**ΔΕΤΙΑΣ**, αος, τό: nom. pl. δέπᾱ; poet. dat. pl. δέπασι and δέπασσι:—a beaker, goblet, chalice.  
**δερ-άγχη**, ἡ, (δέρη, ἄγχω) a collar.  
**δερ-αγγής**, ἐς, (δέρη, ἄγχω) throttling.  
**δέραιον**, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.  
**δεραιο-πέδη**, ἡ, (δέραιον, πέδη) a collar.  
**δέραιος**, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.  
**δερᾶς**, ἄδος, ἡ, = δειράς.  
**δέργμα**, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.  
**δέρη**, ἡ, Att. for δειρή, the neck.  
**δερκίσκετο**, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.  
**δερκιάομαι**, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.  
**ΔΕΡΚΟΜΑΙ**, Dep.: fut. δέρξομαι: pf. with pres. sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 ἔδρακον; also aor. 1 pass. ἔδερχην, aor. 2 ἔδρακην; and aor. 1 med. ἔδερξάμην, aor. 2 ἔδρακόμην:—to look, see: hence to behold the light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or gleam, like the eye.  
**δέρμα**, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat. cutis. Hence  
**δερμάτινος**, η, ον, of skin, leathern.  
**δέρξαιτο**, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δέρκομαι.  
**δέρων**, Ep. for ἔδερον, impf. of δέρω.  
**δέρπος**, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.  
**δέρρις** or **δέρρις**, εως, ἡ, (δέρπος, δέρμα) a leathern covering. II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.  
**δέρτρον**, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which contains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον ἔσω δύνοντες penetrating even to the bowels.  
**δερχθείς**, part. aor. 1 of δέρκομαι; δερχθητι, imperat., and δερχθῆναι, inf., of same tense.  
**ΔΕΡΩ**, Ion. δέρω: fut. δερῶ: aor. 1 ἔδειρα:—Pass., fut. 2 δάρησομαι: aor. 1 ἔδάρθην, aor. 2 ἔδάρην

[α]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. cudgel, thrash.

II. also to

**δέσμα**, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δεσμός, a bond, fetter. II. a head-band.

**δεσμεύω**, f. σω, (δεσμός) to fetter, put in chains: to tie together, as corn in the sheaf.

**δεσμέω**, f. ἡσω, (δεσμός) = δεσμεύω.

**δέσμη**, ἡ, (δέω) a bundle.

**δέσμιον**, τό, = δεσμός.

**δέσμιος**, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) binding: hence binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive.

**δεσμός**, ὁ, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond, fetter: a halter: a mooring cable: a door-latch. 2. bonds, imprisonment.

**δεσμο-φύλαξ**, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

**δεσμώω**, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence

**δέσμων**, ατος, τό, a fetter.

**δεσμωτήριον**, τό, (δεσμώω) a prison.

**δεσμώτης**, ον, ὁ, (δεσμώω) a prisoner. 2. as Adj. in chains, fettered: fem. δεσμώτις, ἰδος.

**δεσπόζω**, f. ὄσω, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.

**δέσποινα**, ἡ, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady of the house, Lat. hera: often joined with the name of goddesses.

**δεσπόσιος**, ον, = δεσπόσυνος.

**δεσποσύνη**, ἡ, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.

**δεσπόσυνος**, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσπότης.

**δεσποτίω**, f. ἡσω, = δεσπόζω:—Pass. to be despotically ruled.

**ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ**, ον, ὁ, voc. δέσποτᾱ: Dor. nom. **δεσπότης**: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. **δεσπότεα**, -ας, but prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of slaves: hence a *despot*, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord. Hence

**δεσποτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a master. 2. fit to be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.

**δεσπότης**, ἰδος, ἡ, = δέσποινα.

**δεσποτίσκος**, ὁ, Dim. of δεσπότης, little master.

**δετή** (sub. λαμπάς), ἡ, sticks bound up to make a fagot, a fagot. Fem. of

**δετός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.

**δεύεσκον**, Ion. impf. of δέω, to wet.

**δεύησεσθαι**, fut. med. inf. of δέω, to want.

**δεύμα**, ατος, τό, (δέω) that which is wet, soaked: **δεύματα κρεῶν** boiled flesh.

**δευοίατο**, poet. for δέουιντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of δέω (B).

**δύομαι**, v. δέω (B).

**δευρί**, Att. strengthened form of δέω.

**ΔΕΥΡΟ**, Adv. of Place, hither, come hither! **δεῦτε** is used with plur. II. of Time, until now, up to this time, hitherto; **δεῦρ' αἰεί** continually up to this time.

**Δεῦς**, Accl. for Ζεὺς.

δεύτατος, η, ον, *the last*, Sup. of δεύτερος.

δεῦτε, Adv., plur. of δεῦρο, *hither! Come hither!*

δευτερ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) *the actor who takes the second part*, cf. πρωταγωνιστής; metaph. *the second advocate in a court of law*.

δευτεραῖος, α, ον, (δεύτερος) *on the second day*.

δευτερεῖα (sub. ἀθλα), τά, (δεύτερος) *the second prize in a contest*; generally, *the second place or rank*.

δευτεριάζω, f. ἀσώ, *to play the second part*.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, *the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread*.

δεύτερος, α, ον, *the second*, Lat. secundus: as a Comp., ἐμεῖο δεύτεροι *after my time*: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὐ, δεύτερον αὐτίς, *secondly, next afterwards, a second time*.

II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior; δεύτερος οὐδενός *second to none*: τὰ δεύτερα, = δευτερεῖα, *the second prize or place*. III. *the second of two*; δευτέρῃ αὐτῇ herself with another.

δευτερο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἵσταμαι) *one who stands in the second file of the Chorus*.

ΔΕΥΤΩ (A), Ion. impf. δεύεσκον: f. δεύσω: aor. I ἔδευσα:—Pass., pf. δέδευμαι:—*to wet, soak, steep*; Med., περὰ δεύεται ἄλμη *wets his wings in the brine*. II. *to fill with liquid, fill up*. III. *to make to flow, shed*.

ΔΕΥΩ (B), f. δευήσω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, *to need, miss, want*; ἔδευσεν δ' οἰήϊον ἄκρον ἰκέσθαι *be missed reaching the top of the mast*. II. more often as Dep. δεύομαι, f. δευήσομαι:—*to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for*: hence *to be wanting, deficient in*; ἄλλα πάντα δεύει 'Αργείων *thou art inferior to them in all else*.

ΔΕΨΩ, f. δέψω, *to soften by working by the hand, to make supple, to tan hides*.

δεχ-άμματος, ον, (δέκα, ἄμμα) *with ten meshes*.

δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσὶ 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.

δεχ-ἡμερος, ον, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) *lasting ten days*. 2. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθεῖς, aor. 1 part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δέχνυμαι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΧΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέξομαι: aor. I ἔδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμαι: plqpf. ἐδεδέγμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἔδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things, *to take, accept*: esp. *to take well, receive kindly or graciously*; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι *to accept or hail the omen*: hence *to approve*: c. inf. *to take rather, to choose*. II. of persons, *to receive hospitably, entertain*. 2. *to receive as an enemy, to watch for*: *to await the onset*. 3. *to expect, wait for*. III. of events, *to succeed, come next*, Lat. excipere.

δεψέω, f. ἥσω, Lat. depso, = δέψω, *to soften*; δεψήσας κηρὸν *having worked wax till it is soft*.

δέψω, = foreg.

ΔΕΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδεδήκειν:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἔδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδεδέμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο:—*to bind, tie, fasten, fetter*: absol. *to imprison*. 2. metaph. *to bind fast, encchain*: later, *to bind by spells, enchant*. 3. c. gen. *to let, prevent, binder from a thing*. II. Med. *to bind or tie on oneself*; ποσσὶ δ' ὑπαὶ λιπαροῖσιν ἔδησατο *καλὰ πέδιλα tied them on his feet*; but in plqpf. pass., περὶ κνήμησι κνημίδας δέδετο *he had greaves bound round his legs*.

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δεήσω: aor. I ἔδησα, Ep. 3 sing. δῆσεν: pf. δεδέκα:—*to want, lack, miss, stand in need of*, c. gen.; ὀλίγου δέω *I want little*, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω *I want much*, i. e. am far from; ὀλίγου δέω δακρῦσαι *I want little of tears*; δυοῖν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα *forty lacking two*, like Lat. duodeviginti. II. for δεῖ impers., and δέον, see the words. III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεήσομαι: aor. I ἔδεθην: pf. δεδέμαι. *To stand in need of, want*, c. gen.: hence, *to long or strive after, wish, beg for*: c. dupl. gen. *to beg a thing from a person*. 2. absol. *to be in want or need*, mostly in part., as κάρτα δεόμενος.

ΔΗ', Particle, properly of Time, *now, already*; ὁκτὼ δὴ προέηκα . . οἰστὸς *already have I shot*; πολλάκι δὴ, Lat. jam saepe: with imperat. and fut. *now, forthwith, directly*. II. marking Connection, *then*; in summing up numbers, γίγνονται δὴ οὔτοι χίλιοι *these then make up a thousand*; καὶ δὴ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, εἰς Αἴγυπτον ἀπύκετο . . , καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐς Σάρδεις, *he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also*; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαι *well suppose I have accepted*. III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὴ, φέρε δὴ, *do but come, only come*; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὴ *the very greatest*. 2. in ironical sense, Lat. scilicet; εἰσήγαγε τὰς ἑταιρίδας δὴ *he brought in the pretended courtesans*. 3. with Pronouns, ἐμε δὴ ᾧδε διαθεῖναι *thus to use a man like me*; σὺ δὴ . . ἐτόλμησας; *you of all persons*. 4. with other Particles, δὴ adds explicitness; ὥς δὴ, ἵνα δὴ, *that [it may be] exactly so, just so*; also ὥς δὴ, αἶτε δὴ, οἷα δὴ *in that, inasmuch as*.

δη-άλωτος, ον, contr. for δηϊάλωτος. δηῖγμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) *a bite, sting*. δηγμός, ὁ, = δηῖγμα. δηθά, = δῆν, Adv. *long, for a long time*. δῆθε and δῆθεν, Adv. (δῆ) *perhaps*: *I suppose*: mostly iron., like Lat. scilicet, *to wit, forsooth*: with ὥς, *as if forsooth*; ὥς ἄγρην δῆθεν *pretending it was game*.

δηθύνω [ῦ], f. ὕνω, (δηθά) *to tarry, be long, delay*. δηϊάσκον, Ep. impf. of δηϊόω. δηϊ-άλωτος, ον, (δηῖος, ἀλῶναι) *taken by the enemy, captive*.

δηῖος, η, ον, Ep. for δαῖος, *hostile*. Hence δηϊοτής, ἦτος, ἦ, *battle-strife, battle*.

δηϊόω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηϊῶν:



impf. ἐδήϊον Att. ἐδήϊον Ion. ἐδήϊον Ep. δῆϊον : fut. δῆϊωσῶ : aor. ἐδήϊωσα, Att. ἐδήϊωσα, part. δῆϊωσας : pf. δεδήϊωκα :—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δῆϊοντο : aor. 1 ἐδήϊωσάμην :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδήϊωθην, part. δῆϊωθείς : pf. δεδήϊωμαι : (δῆϊος) :—to treat as an enemy : to cut down, slay, rend, cleave. II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτήριος, ον, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.  
δηκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.  
δῆλα-δή, Adv. (δῆλος, δῆ) clearly, plainly, of course : in answers, yes plainly.

δῆλαίνω, collat. form of δῆλέομαι.  
ΔΗΛΕΪΝΩ, fut. ἤσομαι : pf. δεδήλημαι, inf. δεδήλησθαι in pass. sense : Dep. :—to hurt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere : absol. to do mischief, be hurtful : of things, καρπὸν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit ; ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δῆλημα, ατος, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.  
δῆλημων, ον, gen. ονος, baneful : as Subst., βροτῶν δῆλημων destroyer of men.

δῆλησις, εως, ἡ, (δηλέομαι) ruin, bane.  
δῆλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence  
δῆλητήριος, ον, baneful, destructive.

Δήλια, τά, v. sub Δήλιος.  
Δηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Δῆλος) a Delian woman.  
Δήλιος, α, ον, (Δῆλος) Delian : τὰ Δήλια (sub. ιερά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δῆλον-ότι, Adv. for δῆλον ὅτι, = δηλαδῆ, it is plain that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. videlicet.

δῆλο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (δῆλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.  
Δῆλος, ἡ, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀπρυγία. From

δῆλος, η, ον, also ος, ον ; contr. from δέελος, visible, clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δῆλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δῆλόω, f. ὠσω, to shew, make visible or clear : to point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare, explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out, order. II. intrans. = δῆλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain ; δῆλοί ὅτι οὐκ Ὀμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἔπεά ἐστι it is clear that. . . Hence

δῆλως, Adv. of δῆλος, manifestly.  
δῆλωσις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out, explaining. 2. a direction, command.

δημαγωγέω, f. ἤσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.  
δημαγωγία, ἡ, the conduct or character of a public leader : and

δημαγωγικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a popular leader. From  
δημ-αγωγός, ὁ, (δῆμος, ἄγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημακίδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δῆμος.  
δημ-ἀράτος, ον, (δῆμος, ἀράσμαι) prayed for by the people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence  
δημαρχία, ἡ, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and  
δημαρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, tribunician. From

δῆμ-αρχος, ὁ, (δῆμος, ἄρχω) at Athens, the president of a δῆμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plebis.

δήμευσις, εως, ἡ, confiscation. From  
δημεύω, f. σω, (δῆμος) to declare public property : to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare. 2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. ἤσω, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator ; to harangue the people, Lat. concionari.

δημηγορία, ἡ, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public assembly ; and

δημηγορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημ-ηγόρος, ὁ, (δῆμος, ἀγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator.

δημηλασία, ἡ, exile. From  
δημ-ήλατος, ον, (δῆμος, ἐλαύνω) publicly exiled.

Δη-μήτηρ, ἡ : gen. τερος and τρος : acc. τερα or τρα, also Δημήτηρ : (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ) :—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημίδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δῆμος. [τδ]  
δημίζω, f. ἴσω, (δῆμος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημιό-πρῦτα, τά, (δῆμος, πιπράσκω) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

δήμιος, ον, Dor. δάμιος, α, ον : (δῆμος) :—belonging to the people ; δήμιοι αἰσυννῆται judges elected by the people :—as Adv., δήμια πίνειν to drink at the public cost. 2. δῆμιος, ὁ, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργέω, f. ἤσω, to be a workman, to work ; and  
δημιουργία, ἡ, workmanship, work ; and

δημιουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a workman. Adv. -κῶς, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημι-ουργός, poet. δημι-εργός, ὄν : (δῆμος, ἔργον) : working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, ὁ, a workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author : metaph., ὁρθρος δημοεργός morn that calls man to work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ον, (δῆμος, βορά) devourer of the people.

δημο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (δῆμος, γέρων) an elder of the people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δῆμος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, ον, contr. -θροος, ον (δῆμος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ἤσω, to curry mob favour ; and  
δημοκοπικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a demagogue. From

δημό-κοπος, ὁ, (δῆμος, κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, ον, (δῆμος, κραίνω) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτέομαι, Pass. (δῆμος, κρατέω) to have a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence

δημοκρατία, ἡ, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.  
 δημό-λευστος, ὄν, (δημος, λεύω) stoned by the people;  
 δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.  
 δημόομαι, Dep. (δημος) to talk popularly, to jest.  
 δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δημος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey,  
 charlatan.

δημορ-ρίφης, ἐς, (δημος, ρίπτω) hurled by the people.  
 ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν  
 δήμῳ Ἰθάκης; μάλα πύονα δῆμον, etc. II. the

commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμου  
 ἀνὴρ, opp. to βασιλεύς; also δῆμος ἐών being a com-  
 moner. III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens,

the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a  
 popular constitution, democracy. IV. δῆμοι in

Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions  
 of the φυλαί; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in num-  
 ber, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, fat.

δημοσία, Adv. see δημόσιος.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate. II. intr.  
 to lead a public life, opp. to ιδιωτεύω, to belong to the  
 state. From

δημόσιος, α, ὄν, (δημος) belonging to the people or  
 state, Lat. publicus. II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦ-  
 λος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the

public crier, or watchman. III. as neut., δημό-  
 σιον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica. 2. any public

building: the public prison. IV. Doric fem.  
 ἡ δημοσία (sub. σκηνή), the tent of the Spartan

kings. 2. dat. δημοσίᾳ, Ion. -ίῃ, as Adv., in pub-  
 lic, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιώω, f. ὠσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.

δημο-τελής, ἐς, (δημος, τέλος) at the public cost,  
 public, national.

δημότερος, α, ὄν, (δημος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ὄν, ὁ, (δημος) one of the people: a com-  
 moner, plebeian. II. a member of the same δῆμος,

a fellow-citizen. III. of the populace, one of them,  
 Lat. plebeius. III. on the democratic side, Lat.

popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κῶς, affably,  
 kindly. IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme,

opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-οὔχος, ὄν, (δημος, ἔχω) protecting the people,  
 tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῦχοι γὰρ guard-  
 ians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ὄν, (δημος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.

δημο-χαριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δημος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer  
 of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ἐς, (δημος, εἶδος) like the people, popular,  
 common.

δήν, Dor. δάν, (δή, ἤδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a  
 long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηνάιος, Dor. δαναιός, ὁ, ὄν, long-lived: aged,  
 ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή,  
 being about 8½d.

ΔΗ'ΝΕΑ, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.

δηξι-θύμος, ὄν, (δάκνω, θυμός) heart-eating.

δήξομαι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηοῦν, inf. of δηῖω: but δηῖον, Ep. impf.

δή-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. unde-

cunque; ὁπόθεν δήποθεν from some quarter or other.

δή-ποτε, Dor. δή-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written

δή ποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—εἰ δήποτε,  
 Lat. si quando:—τί δήποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δή-που, indef. Adv., often written δή που, perhaps,

it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimi-

rum. II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer;

τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δήπου; you know the cap-

tive woman, I presume?

δή-πουθεν, indef. Adv., = δήπου.

δηριάομαι, Ep. 3 dual δηριάσθων, 3 pl. δηριάωντο,  
 inf. δηριάσθαι: Dep.: (δηρίς):—to contend, fight:

to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗ'ΡΙΣ, ιος and εως, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.

δηρί-φάτος, ὄν, (δηρίς, φάω) slain in fight.

δηρίω, aor. I ἐδήρίσα, = δηριάομαι:—Med. δηρίομαι,  
 fut. δηρίσομαι [i]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίσαντο; also

3 dual aor. I pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίνομαι.

δηρό-βιος, Dor. δαρόβιος, ὄν, (δηρός, βίος) longlived.

δηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (δήν) long, too long:—in bad sense,  
 neut. δηρόν as Adv., all too long.

δησάσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of

δέω.

δήσε, Ep. for ἐδήσε, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind:

also Ep. for ἐδέησε, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δήτα, Adv. (δή) certainly, to be sure, of course; in

answers, yes certainly; οὐ δήτα, certainly not. In

questions, τί δήτα; what then?

δηχθεῖς, δηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of

δάκνω.

ΔΗ'Ω, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δηώ, ἡ, gen. ὅως, contr. οὖς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres.

δηῶν, contr. for δηῖων, pres. part. of δηῖω.

Δηῶς, α, ὄν, (Δηώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

δηῶσας, δηῶθεις, aor. I part. act. and med. of

δηῖω.

δηῶσω, fut. of δηῖω.

Δί, contr. for Διδί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. \*Δίς.

ΔΙΑ΄, poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic.

sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out

at; δι' ἡέρος αἰθέρ' ἵκανε quite through the lower air

even to the ether; ἐκπρεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood

out from among them. 2. of Intervals of Space,

διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων

at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλξεων at in-

tervals of ten battlements, i. e. at every tenth battle-

ment. II. of Time, through, throughout, dur-

ing, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνου after some

time. 2. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης

ἡμέρης every third day; διὰ πέντε ἐτῶν every five

years. III. arising from, through, by means of,



by, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *throughout* the house. 2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*. II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across*, as in διαβαίνω. 2. *to the end*, as in διαβιύω, διαμάχομαι; hence simply to add strength, *thoroughly, completely*. II. *between, partly*, esp. in Adj., as διάλευκος, etc. III. *one with or against another*, as δι-ἄδω. IV. *one from another, asunder*, Lat. *dis-*, as in διαλύω.

Διά, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. \*Δίς.

Δία, ἡ, *the godlike one*, fem. of διός; διὰ θεῶν or γυναικῶν, *a goddess among goddesses or women*.

διαβαδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to go across*.

διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς; pf. -βέβηκα: I. *intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors*. II. *c. acc. to step across, step over*; also absol. *to cross over*, like Lat. *trajicere*.

διαβάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), *to throw over or across, carry over or across*; seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν, στρατόν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere, to pass over, cross over*. II. *to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate*; *to accuse a man to another*. III. *to mislead, impose upon*.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβασις, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) *a crossing over, passage*. 2. *a means or place of crossing*.

διαβάσκω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, *to strut about*.

διαβαστάζω, f. ἄσω, *to weigh in the balance*.

διαβατήριος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, *that must be crossed*.

διαβατήριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) *with a view to a fortunate passage*; διαβατήρια (ἱερά), τά, *offerings for a happy passage*.

διαβατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, *to be crossed or passed, fordable*.

διαβεβαίνομαι, Dep. *to maintain strongly*.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβιόω.

διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ον, ὁ, (διαβαίνω) *a pair of compasses*.

διαβιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

διαβιβάζω, fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνω, *to carry across*.

διαβιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι; pf. pass. -βέβρωμαι; *—to devour*.

διαβιόω, f. -ώσομαι; aor. 2 -εβίον, inf. -βιῶναι (as if from a pres. διαβίωμι); *—to live through, pass*. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετῶν διαβεβιωκέναι *to spend one's life in practising*.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, *to look through*; *to look straight before one*. 2. *to see clearly*.

διαβληθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβοάω, f. ἤσομαι, *to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish*;—Med. *to contend in shouting*.

διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) *false accusation, slander, calumny*.

διαβολία, ἡ, = διαβολή.

διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) *falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious*;—as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, *a slanderer*; esp. ὁ διάβολος, *the Slanderer, the Devil*. Adv. διαβόλως, *invidiously*.

διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) *eating through*; c. acc., νόσος διαβόρος πόδα *a sore that eats through my foot*. II. διάβορος, ον, pass. *eaten through, consumed*.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., *to deliberate well*.

δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, *to wet through*. Hence

διάβροχος, ον, *very wet, wet, moist*. 2. *soaked, steeped*; ναῦς διάβροχοι *soaked, i. e. rotten ships*.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

δια-βύνειω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, *to thrust through*;—Pass. *to be thrust or passed through*.

διαβῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια-γαλήνιζω, f. ἴσω, (διά, γαλήνη) *to make quite calm*.

δι-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ; aor. 1 διήγγειλα; *—to send as a message*; generally, *to give notice, notify, proclaim*; c. inf. *to order to do*;—Med. *to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another*.

δι-άγγελος, ὁ, *a messenger between two*, Lat. *internuncius*; *a go-between, spy*.

διᾶγε, Dor. for διῆγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγίγνομαι.

δια-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], *to laugh at, mock*.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

διαγενόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι; *—to go through, pass*; absol. *to go through life, survive, live*. 2. *to be between, intervene, elapse*.

δια-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι; *—to discern between two, to distinguish*, Lat. *dignoscere*. II. *to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so*. 2. as Athen. law-term, *to give judgment, decide*.

διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι.

διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγιγνώσκω.

δι-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep.: (διά, ἀγκύλη); *—to hold the javelin by its thong*; pf. pass. part. διηγκυλισμένος, *with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot*.

δι-αγκυλόομαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, aor. 1 διέγλαψα, *to hollow out*.

διά-γλυπτος, η, ον, (διά, γλύφω) *all carved*.

διαγνώμη, ἡ, *a final decree, resolution*. From διαγνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to inquire accurately*.

διάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (διαγιγνώσκω) *a discerning between*

two, distinguishing, discrimination. II. a resolving, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δι-ἀγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare. II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ἡ, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out. II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., διαγράφασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to remain awake. δι-αγριαίνω, to be much provoked. δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, to lie wide awake. δι-άγχω, f. γέω, to strangle to death. δι-άγω, f. ἄγω: aor. 2 διήγαγον:—to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend; διάγειν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing. III. to make to continue, keep, support. IV. to entertain. V. to keep, celebrate. Hence

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διαγωγή, ἡ, a carrying across. II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend. δια-δάτεομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. 1 -εδασάμην (cf. δατέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμα, pf. of διαδέχομαι. διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδεικνύσθων ἐὼν πολέμιος let him be declared the king's enemy. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. 1 διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited. δια-δέξιος, ον, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 ἐδράκον: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' ἂν νῶϊ διαδράκοι he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. 1 διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διάδετος, ον, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινοὶ διάδετοι γενύων ἱππέων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμα: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δῆσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλίομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces. διά-δηλος, ον, manifest or distinguished among others.

δια-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give from hand to hand, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign. 3. to spread about, publish.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ā): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

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διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ā): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

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δια-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δικαίω, f. ὤσω, to hold to be right. διαδικασία, ἡ, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρεύω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race. διαδοθεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

δια-δοκίμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test closely.

διάδος, ὅτω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ἡ, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ἡ, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; ἐκ διαδοχῆς or κατὰ διαδοχὴν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., διάδοχος, ὁ, a successor; ὕπνον φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι ἐφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέχομαι. διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράναι Ion. -δρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδραῦσι-πολίται, οἱ, (διαδιδράσκω, πολίτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρομή, ἡ, (διαδραμεῖν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ον, (διαδραμεῖν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύνω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, v. διαδύνω.

δι-ᾶδω, f. ᾶσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέομαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-ᾶει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διᾶημι.

\*δια-είδω, f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to shew forth, prove: as Pass., ἀρετὴ διαείδεται courage is discerned.

δι-αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -ᾶσομαι —to sing for a prize.

δια-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of διᾶημι.

δια-ειπεῖν, δια-ειπέμεν, Ep. inf. of διειπών.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζῆν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζώσι ποιηφαγέοντες: διαζῆν ἀπὸ τίνος to live off or by a thing.



δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύω, to disjoin. Hence  
 διάζευξις, εως, ἡ, a disjoining.  
 διαζητέω, f. ἡσώ, to search through: to seek out,  
 invent.  
 διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διάζευξις.  
 διάζωμα, ατος, τό, that which is girt, the waist. II.  
 that which girds, a girdle. From  
 δια-ζώννυμι or -ύω: fut. -ζώσω:—to gird round:  
 Med. to gird oneself with a belt, etc.  
 δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.  
 δια-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίει, to blow or breathe  
 through.  
 δια-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [α], Ion. ἡσομαι: Dep.:—to  
 look through, look closely at, examine.  
 δια-θειώ, f. ώσω, to fumigate.  
 διάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order,  
 arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.)  
 a disposition, state, condition.  
 διαθέτης, ου, ό, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in  
 order, a regulator, arranger.  
 δια-θείω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to  
 spread.  
 διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by  
 will; a will and testament: also a covenant.  
 δια-θορυβέω, f. ἡσώ, to confound utterly.  
 δια-αθρέω, f. ἡσώ, to look through, look closely into,  
 examine closely.  
 δια-θροέω, f. ἡσώ, to spread a report, give out.  
 δια-θρυλλέω or -θρυλλέω, f. ἡσώ, to spread abroad:  
 —Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly re-  
 ported. II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf.  
 part. διατεθρυλημένος.  
 δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διετρύφην [υ]:—to  
 break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken,  
 enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live  
 riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.  
 διαθριάζω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From  
 δί-αιθρος, ον, (διά, αίθρα) quite clear and fine.  
 δια-αιθύσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.  
 δί-αιμος, ον, (διά, αίμα) blood-stained.  
 διαίνω, f. ανώ: aor. ιδίηνα:—much like λαίνω, to wet,  
 moisten:—Med., διαίνεσθαι όσσε to wet one's eyes:  
 absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.  
 διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a dividing, division, esp. of a class  
 into its constituent parts; and  
 διαίρετος, η, ον, divided: divisible: hence distin-  
 guishable. II. distributed. From  
 δια-αιρέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. 2 διεἶλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διη-  
 ρέην: pf. διήρημαι:—to divide, part or cleave in  
 twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II.  
 to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among them-  
 selves.  
 III. to determine, put an end to: to de-  
 fine, interpret.  
 δια-αίρω, f. -αῖρῶ, to raise up, lift up. II. to part  
 asunder; διαίρειν τὸ στόμα to open the mouth.  
 δια-αίτσω, f. -αίτσω: Att. δια-άσσω, -άπτω, fut. άξω:  
 aor. 1 διήξα:—to rush through or across: of sound,  
 to shoot through the air.

δια-αῖστόω, f. ώσω, (διά, αῖστος) to make an end of.  
 ΔΙ'ΑΙΤΑ, ἡ, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2.  
 a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, ar-  
 bitration. Hence  
 διαιτάω, f. ἡσώ: impf. ἐδαιτῶν or διήτων: aor. 1  
 ἐδαιτήσα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqpf. ἐδεδιη-  
 τήκειν:—Pass., aor. 1 διητήθην: pf. δεδιήτημαι:—to  
 maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of  
 life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: gene-  
 rally, to regulate, govern. Hence  
 διαίτημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a  
 mode or course of life.  
 διαιτητήριον, τό, (διαιτάω) dwelling-rooms.  
 διαιτητής, ου, ό, (διαιτάω II) an arbitrator, umpire,  
 Lat. arbiter.  
 δια-καθαίρω, f. -καθᾶρῶ, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιώ,  
 to cleanse or purge thoroughly.  
 διακαθαριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.  
 δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -ιῶ, to make to sit  
 apart, set apart.  
 δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn  
 through, set on fire, beat to excess.  
 δια-κανάσσω, aor. 1 διεκάναξα, of liquid, to run  
 gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)  
 δια-καρτερέω, f. ἡσώ, to endure to the end, last  
 out.  
 δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμεν:—to  
 confute utterly.  
 διάκαυμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning heat.  
 δια-καυνιάζω, (καυνός) to determine by lot.  
 δια-κεάζω, f. άσω, to split asunder.  
 δια-κειμαι, inf. -κεῖσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as  
 Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a cer-  
 tain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain  
 manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικῶς διακεῖσθαι to  
 be friendly disposed; ύπόπτως διακεῖσθαι to be suspi-  
 ciously disposed; κακῶς διακεῖσθαι to be in a sorry  
 plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ  
 διακείμενα certain terms.  
 δια-κείρω, fut. -κερῶ and -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα:—  
 to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate:  
 deprive of; σκευῶρια διακεκαρμένους stripped of his  
 trappings. II. to break through, transgress.  
 διακέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of διακναίω.  
 διακέκρῖμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.  
 δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to give orders to different per-  
 sons, to exhort. 2. to encourage one another. 3.  
 to admonish, inform. Hence  
 διακελευσμός, ό, an exhortation, cheering on.  
 διά-κενος, ον, quite empty, hollow.  
 δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.  
 δια-κερματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (διά, κέρμα) to change  
 into small coin.  
 διακέρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of διακείρω.  
 δια-κηρύκεύομαι, Dep. to negotiate by herald.  
 δια-κηρύσσω, f. ξω, to proclaim by herald: to sell  
 by auction.  
 δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a despe-

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνευμένος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move throughout, throw in'to disorder.

II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. excutere.

III. Pass. to be put in motion, move. δια-κλάω, f. άσω [ά]: aor. I διέκλασσα, Ep. part. διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένος enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλάπην [ά], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep back by stealth.

δια-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot, allot. 2. to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence διάκλισις, εως, ή, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύζω, f. ύσω [ύ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

δια-κναίω, f. -κναίω:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. διακέκναισμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τὸ χρῶμα διακεκναισμένος having lost all his colour.

δια-κνίζω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιρανέω, to rule through or over.

διακομιδή, ή, a carrying over or across. From

δια-κομίζω, (for the tenses, v. κομίζω) to carry over or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ήσω: impf. ἐδιᾱκόνουν and διηκόνουν, aor. I ἐδιᾱκόνησα and διηκόνησα: pf. δεδιᾱκόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιᾱκονήθην: pf. δεδιᾱκόνημαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, ή, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ή, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ά], Ion. διήκονος, ό, ή, a servant, waiting-man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δι-ᾱκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

δια-κορκορϋγέω, f. ήσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-ᾱκόσιοι, Ion. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, (δύς, εκατόν) two hundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, ἵππος διακοσία two hundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθεῖμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθείμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-ᾱκούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

δια-κρέκω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre. δια-κρηνόω, Dor. -κρᾱνόω: f. ώσω: (διά, κρήνη): to make to flow, pour forth.

δι-ακριβόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἀκριβής) to inquire closely into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. eximie.

διακριθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθῶ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθείς, Ep. for διακριθείς, aor. I part. pass. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακριθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of δια-κρίνω, f. ἴνῶ: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίνειν αἵρεσιν to make a choice:—Med.

to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II. to make a distinction: set apart for holy purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence

διάκρισις, εως, ή, a separating, parting. 2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακριτέον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide.

διάκριτος, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike or break through.

διάκρουσις, εως, ή, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II.

Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ον, or διάκτωρ, ορος, ό, (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβάω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκᾱω, f. ήσω, to mix together.

δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to peep through, pry into.

διακωλύτης, ον, ό, a binderer, obstructor. From δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to binder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 διέλαχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακέω, f. ήσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίζω, f. ίσω, to kick away.

δια-λαλέω, f. ήσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -είληφα; pass. -είλημαι or διαλέλημαι, Ion. -λέ-

λαμμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. complecti: as

Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to separate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to interpret. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 2 -έλαθον: pf. -λέληθα:

—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of.



διαλαχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλαγχάνω.

δι-αλγής, ές, (διά, άλγος) giving great pain, grievous.

II. suffering great pain.

δια-λέγω, f. ξω, to pick out, choose.

II. διαλέ-

γομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -λέξομαι, also pass.

-λεχθήσομαι: aor. 1 med. διελέξαμην, pass. διε-

λέχθην: pf. -είλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk

with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3.

to discourse, argue.

δια-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. -έλιπον: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass.

-λέλειμαι:—to leave an interval: plqpf. pass. διε-

λέλειπτο impers. a gap had been left. 2. intrans.

to be placed at intervals; τὸ διαλείπον a gap. II.

to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of

Time, to intervene, elapse.

δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.

διαλεκτικός, ή, έν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse

or argument: ή διαλεκτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of

debating or arguing.

διάλεκτος, ή, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: de-

bate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the

language of a country, technically a dialect.

διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλέλημαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.

διαλελύμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.

διάλεξις, εως, ή, = διάλεκτος 1.

διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλεπτο-λογέομαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to dis-

course subtly.

διά-λεπτος, ον, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow:

very subtle.

διά-λευκος, ον, marked with white.

διαλεχθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.

διαλλάγή, ή, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change

from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of

peace: usu. in plur.

διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put

in the place of another, a changeling.

διαλλακτήρ, ήρος, ό, and διαλλακτής, ού, ό, (δια-

λάσσω) a mediator.

δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: pf. διήλλαχα:—

to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange,

exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship,

to reconcile one to another. II. Pass., with fut.

med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. 1 διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2

διηλλάγην [α]: pf. διήλλαγμαi:—to be reconciled, be-

come friends. III. intr. to differ from one in a

thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. 1 διαλλαχθῆναι, to be

different.

δι-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι, Dep. to leap over or across.

δια-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι: pf. -λελό-

γισμαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full

account of, consider fully. II. to converse, argue.

Hence

διαλογισμός, ό, a settling of accounts. II.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse,

conversation.

διάλογος, ό, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue.

δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. 1 pass. διελιοδορήθην: Dep.:

—to abuse, rail at.

διαλυθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of διαλύω.

δια-λύμαίνομαι, aor. 1 διελυμάνθην: pf. διαλελύ-

μασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.

διάλυσις, εως, ή, (διαλύω) a loosing one from any-

thing, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an

ending, cessation: cessation of hostilities, peace.

διαλυσί-φίλος, ον, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving.

δια-λύτης, ού, ό, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.

διαλυτός, ή, έν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dis-

solution.

δια-λύω, f. ύσω [υ]: pf. -λέλυκα: aor. 1 pass.

-ελύθην [υ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose one from

another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, dis-

band. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to re-

concile. 4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false

accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax:

to make supple and pliant.

δι-αλφίτω, f. ώσω, (διά, άλφιτον) to fill full of

barley-meal.

δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep.

to maltreat outrageously.

δι-αμαθύνω, to grind to powder, raze to the dust,

utterly destroy.

δια-μαντεύομαι, f. είσομαι, to decide by means of

an oracle.

δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ήσομαι: aor. 2 -ήμαρτον: pf. -ημά-

ρτηκα. To miss entirely, go quite astray from, c.

gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence

διαμαρτία, ή, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning.

δια-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, as Att. law-term, to use a

διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an

objection:—Pass., aor. 1 διεμορτυρήθην, to be affirmed

on evidence. Hence

διαματυρία, ή, a calling evidence to support or re-

fute an objection.

διαμαρτύρομαι [υ], f. ιρούμαι, Dep. to call

solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to ab-

jure solemnly: to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly

of, to conjure.

δια-μάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to knead thoroughly,

knead well up.

δια-μάχομαι, fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοῦμαι, also

-μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against:

to fight one with another. 2. to fight through, fight

it out, Lat. depugnare.

δι-αμάω, fut. ήσω: aor. 2 διήμησα (διά, άμάω):—to

moow or cut through. 2. to scrape or clear away;

so also in the Med.

δια-μεθήμι, to leave quite off: to give up.

δι-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange. II. Med. to change

oneself from one place to another: to pass through or

over. 2. absol. to change, alter.

διαμεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of διαμένω.

διάμειψις, εως, ἡ, (διαμείβω) an exchange.  
 δια-μελαίνω, f. ἄνω, to make quite black.  
 δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέρος) limb by limb, piece-meal.  
 διαμέλλησις, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And  
 διαμελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who continually delays.  
 From  
 δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.  
 διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένω.  
 διαμέμνημαι, pf. of διαμνήσκομαι.  
 δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.  
 δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3. to continue, last, remain.  
 δια-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence  
 διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.  
 δια-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence  
 δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, measured out or off.  
 διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From  
 διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.  
 δια-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.  
 δι-αμιλλάομαι, f. ἤσομαι: aor. I διημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.  
 δια-μιμνήσκομαι, f. -μνήσομαι: pf. διαμέμνημαι: Pass.:—to keep in memory.  
 δια-μινύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.  
 δια-μιστύλλω, f. ὕλω: aor. I -εμίστυλα:—to cut up piecemeal.  
 δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.  
 δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.  
 διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.  
 δι-αμπερίς, (διά, ἀναπείρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.  
 δια-μυδαλέος, α, ον, drenching.  
 δια-μυθολογέω, f. ἤσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.  
 δια-μυλλαίνω, f. ἄνω, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).  
 δι-αμφίδιος, ον, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.  
 δι-αμφισβητέω, f. ἤσω, to dispute, disagree.  
 δια-ναυμαχέω, f. ἤσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.  
 δι-ἀνδίχα, Adv. two ways; διἀνδίχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.  
 διανεῖμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.  
 δι-ἀνεκής, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκής.  
 διανέμησις, εως, ἡ, distribution. From  
 δια-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένειμα: pf. -νενέμηκα: —to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II. to set in order, govern.  
 δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.  
 διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι.  
 δια-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.  
 δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim across: swim through.  
 δια-νήχομαι, Dep. = διανέω.  
 δια-νίζω, f. -νίψω, to wash out, rinse.  
 δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.  
 δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.  
 δια-νοίομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf. -νενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence  
 διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.  
 διανοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.  
 διάνοις, also διανοία, ἡ, (διανοέομαι): 1. thought: the intellect. mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.  
 δι-ανοίγω, f. ξω: to open: hence to explain, expound.  
 διανοίχθητι, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.  
 διανομέυς, εως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributor.  
 διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.  
 δι-ανταῖος, α, ον, going right through; ἡ διανταία (sc. πληγή) a home-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.  
 δι-αντλέω, f. ἤσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exbaurire.  
 δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.  
 δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [ῥ]: f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish; ὁδὸν διανύειν to finish a journey; so also διανύτειν, without ὁδόν.  
 δια-ξαίνω, f. ἄνω, to tear in pieces.  
 διαξείς, Dor. for διάξείς, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.  
 δια-ξιφίζομαι, Dep. (διά, ξίφος) to fight to the death.  
 δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.  
 δια-πάλαίω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.  
 δια-πάλη, ἡ, a bard struggle.  
 δια-πάλλω, f. -πᾶλῶ, to distribute by lot.  
 δια-πᾶλύνω, f. ὕνω, to shiver, shatter.  
 δια-παντός, Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.  
 δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.  
 δια-πατριβή, ἡ, (διά, πατριβή) an useless study: vain altercation.  
 δια-παρθελεύω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower.  
 δια-πασσάλεύω, Att. -παπταλεύω: f. σω: (διά, πάσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.  
 δια-πάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.  
 δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.  
 δι-απειλέω, f. ἤσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.  
 δια-πεινάω, inf. -πεινῆν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.



διά-πειρα, ἡ, *an experiment, trial.*  
 δια-πειράομαι, fut. ἄσομαι [ā]: aor. I -επειράθην: pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:—*to make trial or proof of a thing: c. gen. to have experience of a thing.*  
 δια-πείρω, f. -περῶ, *to drive through.*  
 δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, *to send about in different directions.* II. *to send over or across.*  
 διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.  
 διαπεπείραμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.  
 διαπεπολεμήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.  
 διαπέπυσμαι, pf. of διαπυνθάνομαι.  
 δια-περαίνω, fut. ἄνω, *to bring to an end.*  
 δια-περαιόω, f. ὤσω, *to take across, ferry over:—* Pass. *to be carried over, go across.* 2. *to draw entirely out of the sheath.*  
 διαπεράναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.  
 δια-περάω, f. ἄσω [ā]: *to go over or across, to pass: to pass through.*  
 δια-πέρθω, f. πέρσω: aor. 2 διέπρᾶθον, Ep. inf. διαπραθέειν: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—*to destroy utterly, to sack, waste.*  
 διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.  
 διαπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.  
 διαπεσεῖσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.  
 δια-πέταμαι, = διαπέτομαι.  
 δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ā]:—*to open and spread out.*  
 δια-πέτομαι, fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην or -επτάμην: Dep.:—*to fly through.* 2. *to fly away, vanish.*  
 διαπεύσομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.  
 διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάω.  
 διαπέφραδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.  
 δια-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω: aor. I med. διεπηξάμην:—*to fasten together.*  
 δια-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, *to leap through or across.* II. *intr. to make a leap.*  
 δια-πιάινω, f. ἄνω, (διά, πίων) *to make very fat.*  
 δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμπλημι), *to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.*  
 δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, *to drink against one another, challenge at drinking.* [i]  
 δια-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):—*to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly, go quite wrong, turn out ill.*  
 δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, *to entrust in confidence:—* Pass. *to have a thing entrusted one.*  
 δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, *to interweave, weave together.* II. *to weave asunder, i. e. unweave: διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον to end the web or tissue of one's life.*  
 διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of  
 δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, *to sail through.*  
 δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. *to spar or skirmish with.*  
 δια-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to break in pieces, split, cleave.*  
 διάπλοος, contr. -πλους, ὁ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. *sailing across, passing over.* II. as Subst., διάπλους, ὁ, *a voyage across, passage.* 2. *a channel.*

δι-απλόω, f. ὤσω, (διά, ἀπλόος) *to unfold.*  
 δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I δι-έπνευσα:—*to blow through, refresh, revive.* II. *to breathe at intervals, revive.* III. Pass. *to evaporate.*  
 δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἱλῶ, *to variegate, adorn.*  
 διαπολεμέω, f. ἥσω, *to carry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare.* 2. *to carry on the war.* II. *to force from another by war.* Hence  
 δια-πολέμησις, εως, ἡ, *a finishing of the war.*  
 δια-πολιορκέω, f. ἥσω, *to besiege to the end, to blockade.*  
 δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, *to carry the procession to an end.* 2. *to carry all round.*  
 διαπομπή, ἡ, (διαπέμπω) *a sending backwards and forwards: negotiation.*  
 δια-πονέω, f. ἥσω, *to work out with labour, Lat. elaborare: to practise:—* Pass. *to be administered: also to be troubled.* II. *intr. to work hard, toil.*  
 διά-πονός, ον, *having gone through many labours.*  
 δια-πόντιος, ον, (διά, πόντος) *beyond seas, foreign, Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.*  
 διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονός, *laboriously.*  
 δια-πορεύω, f. σω, *to carry across.* II. Pass., with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: *to go through, pass along.*  
 δι-απορίω, f. ἥσω; and Dep. διαπορίομαι, aor. I διηπορήθην:—*to be quite at a loss.*  
 δια-πορθέω, f. ἥσω, = διαπέρθω, *to ruin utterly.*  
 δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, *to carry over or across: to carry a message: διαπορθμεύειν ποταμόν, of ferry-boats, to ply across a river.*  
 δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. *to treat of thoroughly.*  
 διαπραθέειν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.  
 δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:—*to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish one's way across.* 2. *to bring about, effect: Med., to effect for oneself, gain one's point.* 3. *to make an end of, slay.*  
 διαπρεπής, ἐς, *eminent, conspicuous.* From  
 δια-πρέπω, *to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinguished above others.*  
 διαπρεπώς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, *conspicuously: Sup. διαπρεπέστατα.*  
 δια-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. *to send embassies to different places.*  
 δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.  
 δια-πρίω [i]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι:—*to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart: διαπρίειν τοῖς ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth:—* Med. *to gnash with the teeth.*  
 διαπρό, Adv. *thoroughly.*  
 δια-πρύσιος, α, ον, (διαπράω) *going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύσιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly.* 2. *far-stretching: πρὸν πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηκώς a hill running far into the plain.* 3. *manifest.*  
 διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ἤσω: Ep. aor. 1 διεπτοίησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτύχη, ἡ, (διά, πτυχή) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πτύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to spit upon, despise utterly.

δια-πυκτεύω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι: aor.

2 -επυνθόμην:—to search out by questioning.

διά-πῦρος, ον, (διά, πῦρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence

διαπύρρῳ, f. ὠσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλέω, f. ἤσω, to sell publicly.

διᾶραι, aor. 1 inf. of διαίρω.

διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω.

δι-δράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break through, strike through.

δι-ἀργεμος, ον, flecked or spotted with white.

δι-αρθρόω, f. ὠσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly.

δι-ἀριθμέω, f. ἤσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δι-αρκέω, f. ἔσω, to have full strength: to endure, bold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence

διαρκής, ἐς, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κῶς, Sup. -ίστατα, in complete competence.

δι-αρμόζω or -ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπάγή, ἡ, plunder. From

δι-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσομαι: (for the tenses, v. ἀρπάζω):—to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρρᾶγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρρᾶγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

διαρ-ραίω, f. σω: aor. 1 διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην: pf. -ερρύηκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρηκώς, gapping. II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ῥήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διερῶ, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.

διαρρήξας, aor. 1 part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρ-ριμμα, ατος, τό, a casting about. From

διαρρίπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ἡ, a throwing about, scattering.

διαρροή, ἡ, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρ-ροθίω, f. ἤσω, to roar or rustle through.

διάρροια, ἡ, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ροιζέω, f. ἤσω, to whizz through.

διαρρύδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρῦῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω.

διαρρυήσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

δι-αρτάμειω, f. ἤσω, to cut in pieces.

δι-αρτάω, f. ἤσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίνω, to sawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf. -σέσηρα, to grin like a snarling dog.

δια-σαλᾶκωνίζω, strengthd. for σαλακωνίζω.

διάσασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of διάδω.

δια-σαφέω, f. ἤσω, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.

δια-σαφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σείω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασείειν τῇ οὐρᾷ to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound. II. to harass, oppress.

δια-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσσύμην [ῥ], 3 sing. διέσσυτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ον, (διά, σῆμα) quite clear, distinct.

Διάσια, τά, (Διός) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.

δια-σίωπάω, f. ἤσομαι, to remain silent. 2. trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-σκανδίκηζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in.

δια-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], Att. -σκεδῶ: aor. 1 -εσκεδάσα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of foreg.

δια-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.

διασκέψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.

δια-σκηνάω or -έω, f. ἤσω; and δια-σκηνώω, f. ὠσω:—to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκίδνημι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.

δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.

δια-σκοπιόομαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπία):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

δια-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion. -σμέω: f. ἤσω:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήχω, f. ξω, to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.

διασπᾶρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπᾶράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπᾶρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω.

δια-σπάω, f. ἄσω or more commonly ἄσομαι: (for



the tenses, v. σπάω): to tear asunder, part, Lat. *divellere*: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate:—Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

δια-σπείρω, f. ερῶ, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: to squander. II. to separate.

διασπορά, ἡ, (διασπείρω) dispersion.

δι-άσσω, δι-άττω, Att. for διαίτσω.

δια-σταθμάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of διαίστημι.

διάστασις, εως, ἡ, (διαστήναι) a standing apart: distance, an interval. 2. disagreement, dissension.

δια-σταυρόω, f. ὠσω, to fortify with stakes or a palisade.

δια-στείχω, aor. 2 διέστίχον, to go through or across: to continue.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to separate, to distinguish, determine. II. to command, give orders.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an interval.

διαστήτην, Ep. for διεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of διαίστημι.

δια-στίλβω, f. ψω, to gleam or dawn through.

δια-στοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to stuff in between.

δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to apportion regularly.

διαστολή, ἡ, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference.

δια-στρατηγέω, f. ἡσω, to serve as a general.

δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:—Pass. to be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, ον, distorted: metaph. perverted.

δια-συρῶ, pf. -σεσύρκα, to tear in pieces: to worry, disparage.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder, to slaughter.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, ἄγος, ἡ, (διασφάζω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ἡσω, to scatter from or as from a sling:—Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόομαι, pf. -εσφήκωμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder:—Pass., aor. I διεσχίσθην, to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχών, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώζω, f. -σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory:—Med. to preserve to oneself:—Pass. to come safe through; διασώζεσθαι εἰς . . . or πρὸς . . . , to come safe to a place.

δια-σωπάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā], Dor. for διασιωπάω.

δια-τάγῃ, f. σω, (διά, τᾱγός) to arrange.

διατάγη, ἡ, ἡ, (διαταγήναι) a disposition.

διατάγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εως, ἡ, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement; esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-τᾶράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to throw into great confusion, confound.

δια-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην, aor. 2 -ετάχην [ā]: pf. -τέταγμα:—to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately. 2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διαταξάμενοι posted in battle order:—Pass. to be in battle order. II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυνμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τείνω, f. -τενῶ:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [ā]: pf. -τέτᾱμαι (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, stretch to the full:—Med. to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoutly.

δια-τειρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out.

δια-τελευτάω, f. ἡσω, to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, f. ἴσω, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια-τελής, ἐς, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent.

δια-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part:—Pass., διατμηθῆναι λέπαδνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω.

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετραῖνῶ, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω:—to bore through, make a hole in.

δια-τήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), to soften or melt by heat:—Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, to melt entirely, thaw.

δια-τηρέω, f. ἡσω, to watch closely. II. (sub. ἑαυτόν), to keep oneself from, abstain from.

διατί; for διά τι, wherefore? Lat. *quomobrem*?

δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I διετίθην: pf. διατέθειμαι:—to place separately, arrange. 2. to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. to be disposed of, treated. 3. to set forth: to recite. II. Med. to set out for sale, dispose of. 2. to settle mutually; διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise.

δια-τίμᾱω, f. ἡσω, to honour greatly.

δια-τῖνάσσω, f. ξω, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. τινάξομαι is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, α, ον, = τινθαλέος.

δια-τμήγω, aor. I -έτμηξα: aor. 2 -έτμᾱγον, pass. -ετμάγη, Ep. 3 pl. διέτμαγεν:—Ep. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever; διέτμαγεν ἐν φιλότῃτι they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad.

διατμήξαι, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω.

δια-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot through or across:—Med. to contend in shooting with.

**δια-τόρος**, *ον*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling*. II. **διάτορος**, *ον*, pass., *pierced*.  
**διατρᾶγειν**, aor. 2 inf. of **διατρώγω**.  
**δια-τρέπω**, *φ*, *ψω*, to turn, divert, dissuade:—Pass. with fut. med. —τρέπομαι, aor. 1 med. —ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. —ετράπην:—to turn or be diverted from a thing.  
**δια-τρέφω**, *φ*, *θρέψω*, to maintain, support throughout.  
**δια-τρέχω**, *φ*, —θρέξομαι: (for the tenses, *ν*, *τρέχω*):—to run through or over: metaph. to exhaust. II. intr. to run about, Lat. *discurrere*.  
**δια-τρέω**, *φ*, *έσω*, to run trembling about, flee all ways.  
**διατριβή**, *ή*, a wearing away, a spending of time. 2. a pastime, amusement. 3. serious employment, study: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life, living. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of time, delay. From  
**δια-τρίβω** [*τ*]: *φ*, *ψω*:—Pass., aor. 2 **διετρίβην** [*τ*]: pf. **διατέτριμαι**:—to rub between: *χερσὶ διατρίψας*:—to rub away, consume: to waste, destroy. II. metaph. to spend time, live. 2. to busy, employ oneself. 3. to waste time, delay. III. to put off by delay, thwart, hinder. Hence  
**διατριπτικός**, *ή*, *όν*, dilatory.  
**διά-τριχα**, Adv. in three ways.  
**διά-τροπος**, *ον*, various in dispositions.  
**διατροφή**, *ή*, (*διατρέφω*) sustenance, support.  
**δια-τροχάζω**, *φ*, *σω*, of a horse, to trot.  
**δια-τρύγιος**, *ον*, (*διά*, *τρύγη*) planted with vines, ripening one after the other.  
**διατρυφείς**, aor. 2 part. pass. of **διαθρύπτω**.  
**δια-τρώγω**, *φ*, —τρώξομαι: aor. 2 **διέτρώγον**:—to nibble, gnaw through.  
**δι-άττω** or **δι-άπτω**, fut. **διάξω**, Att. for **διαίσσω**.  
**δι-αυγάζω**, *φ*, *σω*, to shine through, dawn.  
**δι-αυγής**, *ές*, (*διά*, *αύγη*) transparent, radiant.  
**διαυλο-δρόμης**, *ον*, *όν*, (*διαυλος*, *δρόμος*) a runner in the race.  
**δί-αυλος**, *όν*, (*δίσ*, *αύλος*) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the *στάδιον*, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., *διαυλοι κυμάτων* ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II. a strait.  
**διαφᾶγειν**, aor. 2 inf. of **διαεσθίω**, to bite through.  
**διαφάδην** [*α*], and **διαφάνδην**, Adv. openly. From  
**δια-φαίνω**, *φ*, —φᾶνῶ: (for the tenses, *ν*, *φαίνω*):—to shew through, make to shine through. II. Pass., aor. 2 —εφάνην [*α*], to be seen, appear through. 2. to glow, to be red-hot. 3. metaph. to be proved: to be conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act. to dawn. 2. to be transparent. Hence  
**διαφάνής**, *ές*, seen through, transparent. 2. glowing, red-hot. II. metaph. well-known, manifest: illustrious:—Adv. —νῶς, manifestly.  
**δια-φαύσκω**, Ion. —φῶσκω: (*διά*, *φᾶος*):—to shew light through, dawn.  
**δια-φεγγής**, *ές*, (*διά*, *φέγγος*) transparent.

**διαφερόντως**, Adv. pres. act. part. of **διαφέρω**, *dis-ferently from*: especially, extremely.  
**δια-φέρω**:—fut. **διοίσω** and **διοίσομαι**, formed from \**οῖω*:—aor. 1 **διήνεγκα**, Ion. **διήνεικα**; aor. 2 **διήνεγκον** formed from \**ένέγκω*: (*ν*, *φέρω*):—to carry over or across. 2. to carry different ways: to tear asunder: *διαφέρειν τὴν ψῆφον* to give their votes a different way, i. e. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph. to disperse reports. 3. to carry through, bring to perfection. 4. to bear through, endure, go through with. 5. absol. to continue, to live. II. intr. to differ, to be different from. 2. impers., *διαφέρει μοι* it makes a difference to me, *οὐ διαφέρει* it makes no difference; *τὰ διαφέροντα* points of difference. 3. to be different from a man, to surpass, excel him. III. Pass. to differ or be at variance with, quarrel with.  
**δια-φεύγω**, *φ*, —φεύξομαι: aor. 2 —έφυγον: pf. —πέφευγα: (*ν*, *φεύγω*):—to flee through, get away, escape. Hence  
**διάφευξις**, *εως*, *ή*, an escaping, means of escape.  
**δια-φημίζω**, *φ*, *ίσω*, to make known, publish.  
**δια-φθείρω**, *φ*, —φθερῶ Ep. —φθέρσω: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, kill: generally, to spoil, harm. 2. to lead astray, corrupt, ruin: esp. to bribe: to seduce. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. —φθαροῦμαι, Ion. —φθερέομαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [*α*]: pf. —έφθαρμαι:—to be destroyed, go to ruin, perish: esp. to be disabled: *διεφθαρμένος* corrupt. III. the perf. *διέφθορα* is sometimes intr. to be deranged, mad: also to be dead. Hence  
**διαφθορά**, *ή*, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. *ιχθύσιν διαφθορά* a prey for fishes. Hence  
**διαφθορεύς**, *έως*, *όν*, a corrupter, seducer.  
**δι-αφήμι**, *φ*, *ήσω*, to dismiss, disband.  
**δια-φοιβάζω**, *φ*, *σω*, to drive mad:—Pass. to rave.  
**δια-φοιτάω**, Ion. —έω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to wander abroad, run about: to get abroad.  
**διαφορά**, *ή*, (*διαφέρω*) difference, distinction. 2. variance, disagreement. II. distinction, excellence. III. advantage, profit.  
**δια-φορέω**, *φ*, *ήσω*, to drag about, spread abroad. 2. to carry off as plunder, to plunder: also to rend in pieces, destroy. II. to carry through or across. Hence  
**διαφόρησις**, *εως*, *ή*, a plundering.  
**διάφορος**, *ον*, (*διαφέρω*) different, unlike. 2. differing with another: at variance with. II. superior, excellent. 2. advantageous, profitable. III. as Subst., *διάφορον*, *τό*, difference: disagreement.  
**διαφόρως**, Adv. of *διάφορος*, variously. 2. at variance. 3. excellently.  
**διάφραγμα**, *ατος*, *τό*, (*διαφράσσω*) a partition-wall. II. the membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach, the midriff.  
**δια-φράγνυμι**, = *διαφράσσω*.



δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 δι-επέφραδον.  
δια-φρύσσω, f. ξω, to separate by a fence.  
δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.

δια-φυγάνω, = διαφεύγω.

διαφύγή, ἡ, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.

διαφύη, ἡ, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.

δια-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch vigilantly, preserve: keep, maintain.

δια-φυσάω, f. ἤσω, to blow or breathe through. II. to blow away: Pass. to be scattered to the winds, vanish.

δι-αφύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I διήφυσσα:—to draw out, draw off. II. to tear up, rend.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυν, pf. διαπέφυκα:—to intervene; χρόνος διέφυ time elapsed.

δια-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.

δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφαύσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw.

δια-χάλαω, f. άσω [ā]:—to loosen: to open, unbar. II. to make supple by exercise.

δια-χάσκω, to gape wide, yawn.

διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to pass the winter.

δια-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to have in hand, conduct, manage. Hence

διαχειρίσις, εως, ἡ, management, administration.

δια-χειροτονέω, f. ἤσω, to choose between two persons or things by show of hands, or by open vote. Hence

διαχειροτονία, ἡ, a choice between two persons or things.

δια-χέω, f. -χεῖω: aor. I -έχτα, Ep. -έχευα:—to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to confound. II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed.

δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.

δια-χώω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχοῦν τὸ χῶμα to complete the mound.

δια-χράομαι, f. ἤσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησῖται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under. II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.

δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέωμαι, Ion. subj.

δια-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across.

δια-χωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go or pass through: impers., κάτω διεχώρει αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea.

δια-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to separate.

δια-ψαίρω, to sweep away, blow away.

δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, to deceive utterly. II. διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διέψυσμαι:—to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ίομαι: Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

διαψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh: of ships, to haul big and dry: to make water-tight.

δί-βολος, ον, (δῖς, βάλλω) two-pointed. [1]

δί-γληνος, ον, (δῖς, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.

δί-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (δῖς, γλῶσσα) speaking two languages Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., δίγλωσσοι, ὁ, an interpreter. II. double-tongued.

δί-γονος, ον, (δῖς, \*γένω) twice-born:—twin; double.

δίδαγμα, ατος, τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson.

διδάκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.

διδασκτικός, ἡ, ὢν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

διδασκτός, ἡ, ὢν, (διδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of persons, taught, instructed.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.

δίδαξις, εως, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.

διδασκαλεῖον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school.

διδασκαλία, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, training. II. the rehearsing of a drama; cf. διδάσκω II.

διδασκαλικός, ἡ, ὢν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, instructive. Adv. -κῶς, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.

διδάσκαλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμένοι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.

διδασκῆσαι, poet. for διδάξαι, aor. I inf. of

διδάσκω, fut. διδάξω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδάσκω): pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal form of \*δάω):—to teach: with double acc., ἵπποσύνας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδασκῆ, ἡ, teaching: doctrine.

δίδημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. δι-

δέασι: 3 sing. imperf. δίδη, Ep. for ἐδίδη.

διδούς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδύω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδούναι, Ep. forms for δίδουαι, inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδου, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδύω: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω, fut. δράσομαι [ā]: pf. δέδρακα: aor. 2 ἐδρᾶν, inf. δρᾶναι, part. δράς, imperat. δρᾶθι, subj. δρῶ, opt. δραῖην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρήσομαι, aor. 2 ἐδρην: (\*δράω):—to run away, escape.

δί-δραχμος, ον, (δῖς, δράχμη) of two drachms: δι-δραχμοὶ ὀπλίται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day. II. διδραχμον, τό, a double drachm, = half a shekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem.

διδυμ-άνθρωπος, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, τό, (δίδυμος, ἀνὴρ) touching both the men. [ā]

διδυμᾶ-τόκος, ον, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (δίδυμος, τεκεῖν) bearing twins.

διδυμᾶων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (δίδυμος) a twin-brother. [ā]

δίδυμος, poet. for δίδυμος.

διδυμο-γενής, ἐς, (δίδυμος, \*γένω) *twin-born*.  
 δίδυμος, η, ον, or ος, ον, (δῖς) *double, twofold*; δι-  
 δυμος κασίγνητος *a twin-brother*; δίδυμοι *twins*.  
 διδῶν, = διδοῖν, opt. of δίδωμι.  
 δίδωθι, Ep. for δίδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι.  
 δίδωμι, fut. δώσω: aor. 1 ἔδωκα: aor. 2 ἔδων: pf.  
 δέδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 ἐδόμην:—Pass., fut. δοθήσο-  
 μαι: aor. 2 ἐδόθην: pf. δέδομαι: (\*δύω):—*to give,*  
*give freely, present*:—in pres. and impf. *to offer*. 2.  
 of the gods, *to grant*: so of the laws, *to permit or*  
*sanction*. 3. *to devote, offer to the gods*: *to give*  
*up, surrender, in good or bad sense*. 4. of parents,  
*to give their daughter to wife*. 5. διδόναι ἑαυτὸν  
 τινι *to put oneself in his power*. 6. διδόναι δίκην,  
 v. sub δίκη. II. in vows, *to grant, allow, cause*  
*that*; δός με τίσασθαι *give me to avenge my-*  
*self*. III. seemingly intr. *to give oneself up, de-*  
*vote oneself*.  
 διδῶν, part. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδύω.  
 διδώσω, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.  
 διε, vocat. of δῖος, *godlike*.  
 δῖς, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of δῖω.  
 διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.  
 διεβίων, aor. 2 of διαβίωω.  
 διεβλήθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαβάλλω.  
 δι-εγγυάω, f. ἤσω, *to give bail for*: Med. *to take*  
*bail for*:—Pass. *to be bailed, set free on his se-*  
*curity*.  
 δι-εγείρω, *to arouse*: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, *he*  
*was aroused, awaked*.  
 διεγερθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of διεγείρω.  
 διέγων, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.  
 διεδασάμην, aor. 1 of διαδασάμην.  
 διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. 1 of διαδεύωμι.  
 διεδηλησάμην, aor. 1 of διαδηλέωμι.  
 διεδίδωτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.  
 διεδόθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαδίδωμι.  
 διέδραμον, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.  
 διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.  
 διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύω or διαδύομαι.  
 διέργων, poet. impf. of διέργω, διείργω.  
 διέζην, impf. of διαζάω.  
 διέζωσα, aor. 1 of διαζώννυμι.  
 διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.  
 διεθίωσα, aor. 1 of διαθειώω.  
 διέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.  
 διείδον, inf. διῶδεν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies  
 the pres., *to look through, discern, distinguish*.  
 διέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.  
 διελημμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω,  
*distinctly, precisely*.  
 διέληψα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.  
 διέλλον, aor. 2 of διαιρέω.  
 δι-εἰμι, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, εἶμι ibo):—*to go about*:  
*to go away*. II. c. acc. *to pass or go through*:  
 hence *to discuss a subject*.  
 δι-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being  
 used instead); inf. διειπεῖν, poet. διαειπεῖν: fut. διερω:

pf. διείρηκα: (διά, εἶπον):—*to tell at length, detail,*  
*explain*. II. *to speak one with another, converse*.  
 δι-εἶργω, f. ξω: Ep. and Ion. διέργω, Ep. also δι-  
 εἶργω:—*to keep asunder or apart*: *to keep off*. II.  
 intr. *to lie between*.  
 διείρηκα, used as pf. of διειπεῖν, *to say clearly*.  
 δι-εἶρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, *to question closely*.  
 δι-εἶρύω, Ion. for δι-ερύω, *to draw across*.  
 δι-εἶρω: aor. 1 διείρσα: perf. διείρκα:—*to pass or*  
*draw a thing through*.  
 δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) *dissembling*  
*with one's guests*.  
 δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. *right through*.  
 διεκάνναξα, aor. 1 of διακινάσσω.  
 διεκέκριτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διακρίνω.  
 διεκλάπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.  
 δι-εκπεραίνω, f. ἄνω, *to bring quite to an end*.  
 δι-εκπεράω, f. ἤσω and ἄσω, *to pass out through*. II.  
*to pass by, overlook*.  
 δι-εκπλέω, f. -πλείσομαι: Ion. -πλώω, aor. 1 -έπλω-  
 σα:—*to sail out through*: *to sail out*. II. in  
 naval tactics, *to break the enemy's line by sailing*  
*through it*. Hence  
 διέκπλοος, contr. διέκπλους, ὁ, *a sailing across or*  
*through*. 2. *a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight*.  
 δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.  
 δι-έκριθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of  
 διακρίνω.  
 δι-έκροος, ὁ, (διά, ἐκρίω) *a channel through*.  
 διέλαθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.  
 διέλασις, εως, ἡ, *a driving through*. II. *a charge*  
*or exercise of cavalry*. From  
 δι-ελαύνω, fut. διελάσω, Att. διελῶ: (for the tenses,  
 v. ἐλαύνω):—*to drive through or across*: *to thrust*  
*through*. II. intr. *to drive or ride through*.  
 διελείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαιρέω.  
 διελέλειπτο, plqpf. pass. of διαλείπω.  
 διελέλοιπα, pf. of διαλείπω.  
 διελεξάμην, aor. 1 of διαλέγομαι.  
 διελεύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.  
 διελέχθην, aor. 1 of διαλέγομαι.  
 διελθεῖν, Ep. διελθέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of διέρχομαι.  
 διέλιπον, aor. 2 of διαλείπω.  
 δι-έλκω, fut. -ελκύσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 -είλκυσα (v. ἔλκω):  
 —*to tear asunder, pull open*; διέλκειν τοὺς ὀφθαλ-  
 μούς. 2. *to pull through*. 3. *to keep on drinking*.  
 διελύθην [ῥ], aor. 1 pass. of διαλύω.  
 διελύμανθην, aor. 1 of διαλυμαίνομαι.  
 ΔΙΕΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from \*δήμι) *to speed, press on*.  
 διεμαρτύρω [ῥ], 2 sing. aor. 1 of διαμαρτύρομαι.  
 διέμεινα, aor. 1 of διαμένω.  
 δι-εμπολάω, fut. ἤσω: pass. pf. διημπόλημαι:—*to*  
*make merchandise of, sell, dispose of*: hence *to betray*.  
 δι-ενέγκαι, Ion. -ενείκει, aor. 1 inf. of διαφέρω:  
 διενεγχθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass.  
 δι-ενθυμέομαι, Med. *to think within oneself*.  
 δι-ενιαυτίζω, f. ἴσω, (διά, ἐνιαυτός) *to live out the year*.  
 δίενται, 3 pl. of δῖμαι.



δι-εντέρημα, ατος, τό, (διά, έντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness.  
 δι-εἰσσω contr. -ἄσσω Att. -άπτω: fut. ἄξω: to rush or spring forth.  
 δι-έξιμι, (διά, ἐξεῖμι) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.  
 δι-εξελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾱ] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive through. II. intr. to ride or march through or across.  
 δι-εξιόσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.  
 δι-εξερέομαι, to question closely.  
 δι-εξερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to examine closely.  
 δι-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἦλθον: pf. -ἐλήλυθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: get to the end of. 2. to go through in order: to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.  
 δι-εξηγέομαι, strengthd. for ἐξηγέομαι.  
 δι-εξίημι, f. ἥσω, to let go through, give free passage. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), of a river, to empty itself.  
 διεξιμέναι, Ep. inf. of διέξιμι.  
 δι-έξοδος, ἡ, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit. II. a full account.  
 δι-εξυφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to finish the web.  
 δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout.  
 διεπειράθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 of διαπειράομαι.  
 διεπέπαυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαπαύω.  
 διεπεραιώθην, aor. of διαπεραιώω.  
 διεπέρᾱσα, aor. 1 of διαπεράω.  
 διεπέφραδον, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω.  
 διέπλεξα, aor. 1 of διαπλέκω.  
 διέπλευσα, aor. 1 of διαπλέω.  
 διέπνευσα, aor. 1 of διαπνέω.  
 διεπορεύθην, aor. 1 of διαπορεύομαι.  
 διέπράθον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω.  
 διεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of διαπέταμαι.  
 διεπτοίησα, Ep. aor. 1 of διαπτοέω.  
 διέπτυσσα, aor. 1 of διαπτύσσω.  
 διεπυθόμην, aor. 2 of διαπυνθάνομαι.  
 δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.  
 δι-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. -έργασμαι: plqpf. -εργάσμεν: Ion. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμεν: aor. 1 pass. ε-ργάσθην: Dep.:—to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it. II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. *conficere*: also plqpf. in pass. sense, διέργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. *actum erat de rebus*, the affairs were ruined.  
 δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διείργω.  
 δι-ερείδω, f. σω, to prop up:—Med. to lean upon.  
 δι-ερίσσω, fut. διερέσω: aor. 1 διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσα:—to row about, χερσὶ διερέσσειν to swim: to swing about.  
 δι-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search through, examine closely. Hence  
 διερευνητής, οὔ, ὁ, a scout or vidette.  
 διερμηνευτής, οὔ, ὁ, an interpreter. From  
 δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.  
 δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διείρομαι.

ΔΙΕΡΟ΄Σ, ἁ, ὄν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid.  
 δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.  
 διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. 1 and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι.  
 διερρύηκα, διερρύην, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρίω.  
 δι-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.  
 διερῶ, used as fut. of διείπον.  
 δι-ερωτάω, f. ἥσω, to cross-question, to question continually.  
 διέσθαι, inf. of διέμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δίω.  
 δι-εσθίω, fut. διέδομαι, to eat through.  
 διεσκεδάσα, aor. 1 of διασκεδάννυμι.  
 διέσκεμμαι, pf. of διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμμένως, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerately.  
 διεσκορπίσμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.  
 διεσπάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.  
 διέσπᾱσα, διεσπᾱσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διασπᾶω.  
 διέσπασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπᾶω.  
 διέσπειρα, aor. 1 of διασπείρω.  
 διέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασεύομαι.  
 διεστυλάμην, aor. 1 med. of διαστέλλω.  
 δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of διίστημι.  
 διέστιχον, aor. 2 of διαστείχω.  
 διέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.  
 διεστράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.  
 δι-εστώς, perf. part. of διίστημι.  
 διεσφηκώμενος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκόμεαι.  
 διέσχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of διέχω.  
 διέσχισσα, διεσχίσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of σχίζω.  
 διέταξα, aor. 1 of διατάσσω.  
 διεταράχθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαταράσσω.  
 διετεθρύλητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διαθρύλλω.  
 δι-ετής, ἐς, (dis, ἔτος) of two years: two years old.  
 δι-ετήσιος, ὄν, (διά, ἔτος) lasting through the year.  
 δι-ετία, ἡ, (διετής) the space of two years.  
 διέτμαγ-ν, Ep. for διετμάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of διατμήγω: διέτμαγον, aor. 2 act.  
 διέτμαξεν, Dor. for διέτμηξεν, aor. 1 of διατμήγω.  
 δι-ετραπόμην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω.  
 δι-ευκρίνέω, f. ἥσω, (διά, εὐκρινής) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.  
 δι-ευλαβέομαι, Dep. to take good heed, beware of.  
 δι-ευνάω, f. ἄσω, to lay asleep.  
 δι-ευτύχέω, f. ἥσω, (διά, εὐτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper throughout.  
 διεφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.  
 δι-εφθάρᾱτο, Ion. for διεφθαρμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.  
 διεφθάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of διαφθείρω.  
 δι-εφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.  
 διέφϋγον, aor. 2 of διαφεύγω.  
 δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep apart, divide.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

**ΔΙ'ΖΗΜΑΙ**, Ep. 2 sing. *δίζηται*: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

*δίζομαι*, = *δίζημαι*.

*δί-ζυγος*, *ον*, and *δίζυξ*, *υγος*, *ο*, *η*, (*δισ*, *ζυγόν*) doubly-yoked, double.

**ΔΙ'ΖΩ**, Ep. impf. *δίζων*, to be in doubt, at a loss.

*δί-ζωος*, *ον*, (*δισ*, *ζωή*) amphibious: living twice over.

*διηβολία*, *η*, Ion. for *διαβολία*.

*διηγάγον*, aor. 2 of *διάγω*.

*διηγγείλα*, aor. 1 of *διαγγέλλω*.

*δι-ηγέομαι*, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

*διήγησις*, *εως*, *η*, (*διηγέομαι*) narration, the statement of the case.

*δι-ηέριος*, *ον*, Ion. for *διαίριος*, through the air.

*δι-ηθείω*, f. *ήσω*, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans, of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

*διηκονέω*, *διήκονος*, Ion. for *διακ-*.

*διηκόνουν*, *διηκόνησα*, impf. and aor. 1 of *διακονέω*.

*διηκόσιοι*, *αι*, *α*, Ion. for *διακόσιοι*.

*διηγκυλισμένος*, pf. part. pass. of *διαγκυλίζω*.

*διηγκυλωμένος*, pf. part. pass. of *διαγκυλώω*.

*δι-ήκω*, f. *ξω*, to go through, extend along or between. II. to pervade, fill.

*διήλασα*, aor. 1 of *διελαύνω*.

*διήλθον*, aor. 2 of *διέρχομαι*.

*δι-ηλίφης*, *ές*, (*διά*, *αλείφω*) smeared all over.

*διηλλάγην*, *διηλλάχθην*, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of *διαλλάσσω*.

*διήλλαχα*, *διήλλαγμαι*, pf. act. and pass. of *διαλλάσσω*.

*διημάρτηκα*, *διήμαρτον*, pf. and aor. 2 of *διαμαρτάνω*.

*δι-ημερεύω*, f. *σω*, (*διά*, *ήμέρα*) to pass the whole day.

*διημιλλήθην*, aor. 1 of *διαμιλλάομαι*.

*διηνεγκα*, aor. 1 of *διαφέρω*: whence

*δι-ηνεκής*, *ές*, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. *διηνεκέως*, Att. -*κώς*, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

*δι-ήνεμος*, *ον*, (*διά*, *άνεμος*) wind-swept.

*διηνοιχθην*, aor. 1 pass. of *διανοίγω*.

*διηντλησα*, aor. 1 of *διαντλέω*.

*διήνυσα*, *διήνυκα*, aor. 1 and pf. of *διανύω*.

*διηξα*, aor. 1 of *διαίσσω*: but *διήξα* aor. 1 of *διήκω*.

*διηξα*, aor. 1 of *διάσσω*, contr. for *διαίσσω*.

*διηπορήθην*, aor. 1 pass. of *διαπορέω*.

*δι-ηπόρουν*, impf. of *διαπορέω*.

*διήρα*, aor. 1 of *διαίρω*.

*διήρεσα*, aor. 1 of *διερέσσω*.

*διηρέθην*, aor. 1 pass. of *διαίρειω*.

*διήρημαι*, pf. pass. of *διαίρειω*.

*δι-ήρης*, *ες*, (*δισ*, \**ἄρω*) double; *διήρες μέλαθρον*, an upper story, upper chamber.

*διήρθουν*, *διήρθωσα*, impf. and aor. 1 of *διαρθρώω*.

*διήρκα*, pf. of *διαίρω*.

*δίηται*, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of *δίω*.

*διήτησα*, *διητήθην*, aor. 1 act. and pass. of *διαιτάω*.

*διηφύσα*, aor. 1 of *διαφύσσω*.

*δι-θάλασσος* Att. -*πτος*, *ον*, (*δισ*, *θάλασσα*) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. *bimāris*.

*δί-θηκτος*, *ον*, (*δισ*, *θήγω*) twice-sharpened, two-edged.

*δί-θρονος*, *ον*, (*δισ*, *θρόνος*) two-throned.

*διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος*, *ο*, (*διθύραμβος*, *διδάσκαλος*) the ditbyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

*διθυραμβο-ποιός*, *ο*, (*διθύραμβος*, *ποιέω*) a ditbyrambic poet.

*διθύραμβος*, *ο*, the ditbyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

*δί-θυρσος*, *ον*, (*δισ*, *θύρσος*) with two thyrsi.

*Διῖ*, dat. of *Ζεύς*; v. \**Δίς*.

*διῖδεν*, inf. of *διείδω*.

*δι-ίημι*, fut. -*ήσω*: (for the tenses, v. *ίημι*):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through. II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; *διέμενος* aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

*δι-ιθύνω*, to direct by steering straight.

*δι-ικνέομαι*, fut. -*ίξομαι*: aor. 2 -*ικόμην*: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

*Διῖ-πετής*, *ές*, (*Διός*, \**πέτω*, Root of *πίπτω*) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure.

*Διῖ-πέτης*, *ες*, (*Διός*, *πέτομαι*) hovering in air.

*διῖστέον*, verb. Adj. of *διειδέναι*, one must inquire.

*δι-ίστημι*, f. *διαστήσω*: aor. 1 *διέστησα*:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -*έστην*, pf. -*έστηκα*, plqpf. -*εστήκειν*:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. III. aor. 1 med.

*διεστησάμην* is used trans., to separate.

*δι-ισχυρίζομαι*, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

*διίχθαι*, perf. inf. of *διικνέομαι*.

*δικάζω*, fut. *δικάσω* contr. *δικῶ*: aor. 1 *έδικᾶσα*:—Pass., f. *δικασθήσομαι*, f. 3 *δεδικάσομαι*: aor. 1 *έδικασθην*: pf. *δεδικασμαι*: (*δίκη*): 1. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision. II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

*δικαία*, *η*, poet. for *δίκη*.

*δικαιεύν*, Ion. for *δικαιοῦν*, inf. of *δικαίω*: *δικαι-*

*εὔσι*, Ion. for *δικαιοῦσι*, 3 pl. pres.

*δικαιο-κρίσια*, *η*, (*δίκαιος*, *κρίνω*) just judgment.



δικαιοπόλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δίκαιος, πόλις) *just in public dealings.*

δίκαιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δίκη) *observant of right, righteous, just.* II. *equal, even: strict, exact.* III. *right, lawful, just.* 2. *fair, moderate.*—In phrase δίκαιός εἰμι, with the infin., *I am bound to do, I have a right to do.*

δικαιοσύνη, ἡ, *justice, righteousness.*

δικαιότης, ητος, ἡ, = δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίω, fut. ὤσω and ὥσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐδικαίωθην: (δίκαιος):—*to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do.* II. *to judge: to condemn: to punish.* III. *to make just, bold guiltless, justify.*

Hence δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, *an act of justice, the making good a wrong.* 2. *an acquittal, act of justification.* II. *a plea of right, just claim.*

δικαίως, Adv. of δίκαιος, *justly, rightly.*

δικαίωσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting right, doing justice to: punishment.* II. *a claim, demand of right.* III. *judgment, good pleasure.*

δικᾶν, contr. for δικάσκειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δίκη) *belonging to trials, judicial.* II. *skilled in law, lawyer-like.*

δι-κάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνον) *two-beaded.*

δικασ-πόλος, ὁ, (δίκη, πολέω) *a law-giver, judge.*

δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, *a little court of justice.*

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) *a court of justice.*

δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δικάζω) *a judge or juror.*

δικαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δικάζω) *of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols.* Adv. -κῶς.

ΔΙΚΕΙΝ, inf. of ἔδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, *to throw, hurl.*

δί-κελλα, ης, ἡ, (δῖς, κέλλω) *a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.*

δι-κέραιος, ον, (δῖς, κεραία) *two-horned, two-pointed.*

δί-κερως, gen. ατος or ω, ὁ, ἡ, neut. δίκερων (δῖς, κέρως) *two-horned.*

ΔΙΚΗ, ἡ, *right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner; ἡ γὰρ δίκη ἐστὶ γερύτων for this is the manner of old men; acc. δίκην as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of.* II. *order, law, right.* III. *in plur. judgments: generally, a sentence.* IV. *an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution).* 2. *a trial.* 3. *the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge; δίκην or δίκας δίδοναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment; δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην δῶκειν to prosecute.*

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δίκη, φέρω) *bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, ὁ, an avenger.*

δίκιδιον, τό, Dim. of δίκη, *a little trial.*

δικλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (δῖς, κλίνω) *double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδες, αἱ, folding-doors.*

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ὁ, (δίκη, λέγω) *a pleader.*

δικο-λόγος, ὁ, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφειω, (δίκη, ῥάπτω) *to get up a law-suit.*

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) *two-beaded.*

δί-κράνος, ον, (δῖς, κράνον) *two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δίκρανός, ὁ, a pitchfork.*

δι-κράτης, ἐς, (δῖς, κράτος) *colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.*

δί-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) *double-beating: double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.*

δικτυβόλῳ, f. ἤσω, *to cast the net.* From

δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) *casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ὁ, a fisherman.*

δίκτυες, οἱ, *unknown animals of Libya.*

Δίκτηνα or Δίκτυνα, ἡ, (δίκτυον) *epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.*

δικτυό-κλωστός, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) *woven in meshes: σπεῖραι δικτυόκλωστοι the net's meshes.*

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, *any net-work, a fishing-net: a hunting-net.* Hence

δικτυόομαι, Pass. *to be caught in a net.*

δικωπέω, f. ἤσω, *to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and*

δικωπία, ἡ, *a pair of sculls.* From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) *two-oared.*

διλογέω, f. ἤσω, (δῖς, λόγος) *to say again, repeat.* Hence

διλογία, ἡ, *repetition.* From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) *saying twice, repeating.* II. *double-tongued, deceitful.*

δί-λογχος, ον, (δῖς, λόγχη) *with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.*

δί-λοφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) *with two crests.*

δι-μναῖος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέως, αν, (δῖς, μνᾶ) *of or worth two minae; διμναίους ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.*

διμοῖρία, ἡ, *a double share: double pay.* From

δί-μοῖρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) *divided between two: as Subst., δίμοιρον, τό, a half-drachma.*

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δινέω.

δίνεμα, ατος, τό, *anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing.* From

δινεύω, f. εὔσω, aor. I ἐδίνευσα; and δινέω, f. ἤσω, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδινήθην, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—*to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle.* II. *intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about.*

ΔΙΨΗ, ἡ, *a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind.* Hence

δινῆεις, εσσα, εν, *whirling, eddying.* II. *rounded.*

δινῆσθαι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δινῆτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, *whirled round.*

ΔΙΨΟΣ, ὁ, like δίνη, *a whirl, eddy.* 2. *also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor.* 3. *a large round goblet.*

δινώω, f. ὤσω, *to turn with a lathe, to round.*

δίνω, (δῖνος) *to thresh out.*

δινωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (δινώω) turned on the lathe, rounded : worked round.

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, double.

Διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δίς, Διός) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

δι-ό, Conjunct. contr. for δι' ὅ, wherefore, on which account : therefore : with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. propter quod, propterea.

Διό-βολος, ὄν, (Δίς, βάλλω) hurled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, ὄρος, ὅ, (Δίς, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jove.

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δίς, \*γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γνητος, ὄν, contr. for Διογένητος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ὄν, = Διογενής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, ὁδοίπορος) to travel through.

δί-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὁδός) a way through, thoroughfare, passage : the orbit of a star. 2. permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δίς) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οίγνυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίξω, to open.

δί-οιδα, pf. of διείδω, to know the difference, distinguish, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ἤσω : impf. διήκουν : aor. I διήκησα : pf. διήκηκα :—Pass, aor. I διήκηθην : pf. διήκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιήκημαι :—to manage, direct : to conduct the affairs of a state : to treat or feed in a certain way. II. to inhabit distinct places :—

Med. to live apart. Hence

διοίκησις, εως, ἡ, house-keeping : management, government. II. a government : a province, a diocese.

δι-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live apart, to disperse :—Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build across, wall off.

διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οϊστεύω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

διοίσω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

δίοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δίοω.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἤσω, to go through : to wander about.

δι-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι : pf. -οίχημαι : Dep. :—to be quite gone by : of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished. II. to be gone through, ended.

διοκωχή, ἡ, (δι-όκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation.

δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι, fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολώ : (for the tenses, v. ὀλλυμι) :—to destroy utterly, bring to naught : to put out of mind : hence to forget, opp. to σώζω. II. Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα : to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, ὅλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομει-αλαζών, ὄνος, ὅ, (Διομεία, ἀλαζών) the brag-gart of the dame Diomeia.

δι-όμνυμι, fut. -ομοῦμαι : aor. I med. -ωμοσάμην :—to swear solemnly : to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἤσω, to make an agreement : Pass. to be agreed on : Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

δίων, acc. of δῖος : but δῖον Ep. for ἔδιον, impf. of δίοω.

Διονύσια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus, esp. at Athens : four distinct feasts in four consecutive months : viz.

I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December).

II. τὰ ἐν Λίμναις or Λήναια (in the Λίμναι, where the Λήναιον stood), in Gamelion (January).

III. τὰ Ἀνθεστήρια, in Anthesterion (February).

IV. τὰ μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιακός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

Διόνυσος, ὁ, and poet. Διώνυσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, (Δίς, παῖς) son of Jove.

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διο-πετής, ἐς, = Διῖπετής.

διοπεύω, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From

δίοπος, ὁ, (διέπω) a director, ruler : a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτεύω, f. σω, (διά, ὄψομαι) to watch accurately, spy about : to gaze upon.

δι-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a looker through.

δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυιος, ὄν, (δῖς, ὄργυιά) two fathoms long.

δι-ορθεύω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-ορθόω, f. ὠσω, to make straight : to set right : to make good, amend, correct, make amends for : to tell aright :—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction : amendment : and

διόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault : reformation.

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -οορίζω : f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ :—to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define : to ordain.

II. to carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare. III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-όρνυμαι, Pass. to hurry through.

διορύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From

δι-ορύσσω, Att. -πτω : f. ξω : (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω) : to dig through : metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Δῖος, δῖα, δῖον, (Δίς) godlike, excellent, mighty : joined with a genit., δῖα θεάων, δῖα γυναικῶν, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women. 2. noble, bonest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Διός, gen. of Ζεύς : v. \*Δίς.

Διόσ-δοτος, ὄν, (Δίς, δίδωμι) given by Jove, beaven-sent.

Διο-σημία, ἡ, (Δίς, σῆμα) a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum : a portent.

Διόσ-κοροι, οἱ, Att. and poet. for Διόσκουροι : (Δίς, κόρος, κούρος) : sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,



Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them *the Twins*, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscouri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. I, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσκούρειον, τό, *the temple of the Dioscouri*.

δι-ότι, Conjunct. for διὰ τοῦτο ὅτι . . ., *for the reason that, since*, Lat. *quocirca, quamobrem*. 2. indirect, *wherefore, for what reason*. 3. interrogat. *wherefore?* II. = ὅτι, *that*.

διο-τρέφης, ἐς, (Δίς, τρέφω) *cherished by Jove*.

δι-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ἤσω, *to annoy exceedingly*.

δι-όψομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from \*διόπτωμαι.

δί-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (Δίς, παῖς) *with two children*;

θρήνος δίπαις *a dirge chanted by one's two children*.

δι-πάλαιστος, ον, (Δίς, πάλαιστή) *two palms broad*.

δί-παλτος, ον, (Δίς, πάλλω) *brandished with both hands*; δίπαλτα ξίφη *two-banded swords*.

δί-πηχυς, υ, (Δίς, πῆχυς) *two cubits long, broad, etc.*

διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) *to double*:—Pass. *to be doubled, to be made twofold*. II. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακόν *the twofold evil*. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a double-folded mantle or cloak*. 2. δίπλακες *are ship-planks (which double one over the other)*, and poet. for *ships*, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as

Adj., *folded double*.

διπλασιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to double*. From

διπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. διπλήσιος, η, ον, (Δίς) *double, twice as much, as many, etc.*: τὸ διπλάσιον *as much again*. Adv. -ως, *doubly*. Hence

διπλάσιόω, *to double*:—Pass. *to become twofold*.

δί-πλεθρος, ον, (Δίς, πλέθρον) *two πλέθρα long or broad*.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, *a cloak folded double*.

διπλή, Adv. *twice, twice over*.

διπλοῖζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a double cloak*. Hence

διπλόος, ὅη, ὅον, contr. διπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, *twofold, double*. 2. *doubled, bent double*. II. in plur., = ἄμφω or δύο, *both, two*. III. metaph. *double-minded, treacherous*, Lat. *duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦς.

(From δις-; see ἀπλός.)

διπλός, ἡ, ὄν, = διπλόος: neut. Comp. διπλότερον *as Adv. twice as much*.

διπλόω, f. ὥσω, (διπλόος) *to double, bend double*. II. *to repay twofold*.

δι-πόδης, ἐς, (Δίς, ποὺς) *two feet long, broad, etc.*

Δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διῖπόλεια, (Δίς, πόλις) *an ancient festival of Jove at Athens*. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, ἐς, (Διπόλεια, εἶδος) *like the feast of the Dipoleia*, i. e. *obsolete, out of date*.

δί-πολος, ον, (Δίς, πολέω) *twice ploughed*.

δί-πορος, ον, (Δίς, πέρος) *with two passages*.

δι-πόταμος, ον, (Δίς, ποταμός) *lying between or on two rivers*.

δί-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (Δίς, ποῖς) *two-footed*, Lat. *bipes*:—as Subst., δίπους, ὁ, *a Libyan kind of mouse, the jerboa*. II. *two feet long, broad, etc.*

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (Δίς, πρόσωπον) *two-faced*.

δι-πτέρυγος, ον, (Δίς, πτέρυξ) *two-winged*.

δί-πτυχος, ον, (Δίς, πτυχή) *folded together, doubled*; δίπτυχον δελτίον *a pair of tablets*. II. = δις-σός, *twofold, two*, Lat. *geminus*.

δί-πύλος, ον, (Δίς, πύλη) *with two gates or entrances*.

δί-πῦρος, ον, (Δίς, πῦρ) *with double lights*.

δίρ-ρῦμος, ον, (Δίς, ῥῦμός) *with two poles*.

Δίς, (δύο) Adv. *twice, double*.

-dis, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἀλλυδῖς, οἰκαδῖς, χαμάδῖς.

\*ΔΙΨ, an old nom., = Ζεύς, which appears in the oblique cases Διός, Διῖ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. *Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis*.

Δίς-ἄβος, ον, Dor. for Δίς-ἡβος, *twice young*.

Δίς-ευνος, ον, (Δίς, εὐνή) *with two wives*.

Δίς-θανής, ἐς, (Δίς, θανείν) *twice dead*.

Δίς-κέω, f. σω, = Δίς-κέω.

Δίς-κίω, f. ἤσω, (Δίς-κος) *to pitch the quoit*: generally, *to throw, toss*. Hence

Δίς-κημα, ατος, τό, *a thing thrown*. II. *the pitching of a quoit*.

Δίς-κηπτρος, ον, (Δίς, σκῆπτρον) *two-sceptred*.

Δίς-κος, ὁ, (Δίς-κῆν) *a round plate, a quoit of stone*; later of metal or wood. II. *anything like a quoit*: *a trencher*: *a mirror*.

Δίς-κουρα, τά, (Δίς-κος, οὔρον) *a quoit's cast*.

Δίς-μύριοι, αἱ, α, *twenty thousand*: sing. Δίς-μύριος, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος Δίς-μυρία 20,000 horse.

Δίς-ἀρχης, ον, ὁ, (Δίς-αίς, ἀρχω) *partners in sway, joint-ruling*.

Δίς-σός Att. Διττός Ion. Διξός, ἡ, ὄν: (Δίς): *two-fold, double*: also *divided, disagreeing, doubtful*.

Δίς-σός, Adv. of Δίς-σός, *doubly*.

Δίς-τάζω, f. ἄσω, (Δίς) *to doubt, be at a loss*.

Δίς-τίχος, ον, (Δίς, τίς) *of two rows, lines, or verses*: as Subst., Δίς-τίχον, τό, *an elegiac couplet*.

Δίς-στολος, ον, (Δίς, στέλλω) *in pairs, two together*.

Δίς-στομος, ον, (Δίς, στόμα) *double-mouthed, with two entrances, double*. II. of a weapon, *two-edged*.

Δίς-σύλλαβος, ον, (Δίς, συλλαβή) *of two syllables*.

Δίς-χίλιοι [χι], αἱ, α, *two thousand*: also in sing., Δίς-χίλιος, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος Δίς-χιλία 2000 horse.

Δίς-τάλαντος, ον, (Δίς, τάλαντον) *worth or weighing two talents*.

Δίς-τόκος, ον, (Δίς, τεκεῖν) *twin or twice bearing*.

Διττός, etc., v. sub Δίς-.

Δίς-υγρος, ον, *thoroughly wet*: *melting*.

Δίς-υλίζω, (διά, ὑλη) *to strain or filter thoroughly*: *to strain off*.

Δίς-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to wake from sleep*: so also in Med.

Διφάσιος, α, ον, *twofold, double*, Lat. *bifarius*: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΙΦΑΨΩ, Ion. -έω, *to dive after*: *seek after, hunt for*. Hence

διφήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a searcher after.

διφθέρα, ἡ, (δέφω) a prepared hide, leather, and so opp. to δέρρεϊς which are unworked hides. II.

anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διφθέρινος, η, ον, of tanned leather.

δι-φθερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = διφθέρα.

δί-φθογγος, ον, (δῖς, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., διφθογγος, ἡ, and διφθογγον, τό, a diphtong.

δι-φόρος, ον, (δῖς, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the year, Lat. *biferus*.

δίφραξ, ἄκος, ἡ, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.

διφρεία, ἡ, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτεια, ἡ, fem. of διφρηλάτης.

διφρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a charioteer. From

διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλασία, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλατίω, to drive in a chariot. From

διφρ-ηλάτης, ον, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.

δίφριος, ον, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δίφρος.

δί-φροντις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, φροντίς) of two minds, distraught in mind.

δίφρος, ὁ, and later ἡ, (contr. of διφόρος, bearing two), in plur. οἱ δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλακίω, f. ἤσω, (δίφρος, ἔλκω) to draw a chariot.

διφροφορέω, f. ἤσω, to carry a chair or litter:—Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry

a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ον, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair.

δι-φύης, ἐς, (δῖς, φύη) of double nature or form: generally, twofold, double.

δί-φυος, ον, (δῖς, φύη) of two families.

δίχα, (δῖς) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2. at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.

Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like ἀνέν, against the will of: of Place, away from. 2. except. Hence

διχάζω, f. ἄσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to disagree.

δί-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.

δί-χᾶλος, Dor. for δί-χηλος.

διχή, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δί-χηλος, ον, (δῖς, χηλή) cloven-hoofed. II.

as Subst., δίχηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχήρης, ἐς, (δίχα) divided.

διχθά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, α, ον, double, divided. [ᾱ]

διχθάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διχθάδιος.

δίχο-βουλος, ον, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.

δίχο-γνωμονίω, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion.

δίχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

δί-χοίνικος, ον, (δῖς, χοῖνιξ) holding 2 χοίνικες, i. e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ον, (δῖς, χολόομαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, = διχόμηνος.

διχό-μηνος, ον, (δίχα, μῆν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μῦθος, ον, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγης, ἐς, (δίχα, ραγῆναι) broken in twain.

διχορ-ροπος, ον, (δίχα, ῥέπω) wavering. Adv. —ως, doubtfully.

διχοστιάς, ἡ, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ἤσω, (δίχα, στήναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ον, (δίχα, στόμα) = διστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ἤσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχοῦ, Adv., = δίχα.

δίχο-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχῶς, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ης, ἡ, thirst. Hence

διψαλῆος, α, ον, thirsty, dry; and

διψάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of δίψιος.

διψάω, ἦς, ἡ, inf. διψῆν: impf. ἐδίψην, ης, η: fut.

διψήσω: aor. I ἐδίψησα: pf. δεδίψηκα:—to thirst: of the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to

thirst after, long earnestly for.

δίψιος, α, ον, (δίψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.

δίψος, εος, τό, = δίψα, thirst.

δί-ψυχος, ον, (δῖς, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering.

ΔΙΨΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in

Med., subj. δῖωμαι, δῖηται, δῖωνται, opt. δίοιτο, inf. δῖεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to flight: to drive: to hunt: but

2. also, like δῖω, to be afraid. [ῖ]

δίωγμα, ατος, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'

δίωγμός, ὁ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution, harassing.

δι-ώδυνος, ον, (διά, ὀδύνη) piercing with anguish.

δι-ωθέω, fut. —ωθήσω and —ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ὠθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:—

Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse, drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

διωκᾶσθαι, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διωκέμεν, διωκέμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.

διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διοικέω.

διώκησα, διώκησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διοικέω.

διωκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διώκτης, ον, ὁ, a pursuer. From

διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἐδίωξα: poet. aor. 2 ἐδιώκαθον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδιώγμαι:

(διώ): I. to pursue, chase, hunt: of persons, to



seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on, drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, haste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; ὁ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ὠλένη) with outstretched arms.

διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

διωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ωμοτος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Διώνη, ἡ, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father). II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δῖς, ὄνυμα = ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

διωξι-κέλευθος, ον, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξ-ιππος, ον, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

δίωξις, εως, ἡ, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισσα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρισμαι, pf. pass.

διώρυγμα, pf. pass. of διορύσσω.

δι-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of διόρυγιος.

διώρυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διορύσσω) dug or cut through: διώρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρυπτή διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διωθέω.

δημηθής, aor. I pass. part. of δαμάω: δμηθήτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon.

δημῆσις, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δημήτειρα, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq.

δημήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμῶε, dual nom. of δμῶς.

δμῶή, ἡ, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμῶϊος, α, ον, (δμῶς) in servile condition.

δμῶϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = δμῶή.

δμῶς, ὤς, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπαλίζω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about.

δνοφρός, α, ὄν, dark, dusky, murky. From

ΔΝΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, = κνέψας, darkness, dusk, gloom.

δοάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in impers. sense, = Att. ἔδοξε, it seemed: δοάσσεται, Ep. for -ηται, 3 sing. subj. = δόξη.

δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, an opinion. 2. a resolution, decree. Hence

δογματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to lay down a decree:—Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΗΤΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a small abscess, boil.

δοιάζω, f. ἄσω, (δοιοί) to consider two ways, hesitate between:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοιδυκο-ποιός, ὁ, (δοῖδυξ, ποιέω) a pestle-maker.

ΔΟΙΓΔΤΞ, ὕκος, ὁ, a pestle.

δοιή, ἡ, doubt, perplexity. From

δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιοί, α, = δύο, two, both: δοιά, Adv. in two ways.

δοιώ, = δοιοί, of which it is the dual, = δύο.

δοκεύω, f. εύσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕΨΩ; but many tenses are formed from pres. \*δόκω: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω: aor. I ἔδίκησα and ἔδόξα: pf. δεδόκηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδοκήθην: pf. δεδύκημαι and δέδογμαι:

I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine.

II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δοκεῖ, ἔδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, ἔδοξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ δήμῳ, it was decreed or enacted by...: but also in 1 pers., δοκῶ μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά μοι methought.

2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες εἶναι τι men who are held to be of some account.

3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plqpf. δεδογμένον, it having been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δοκή, ἡ, = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησις, εως, ἡ, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion.

II. good report, credit.

δοκησί-σοφος, ον, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἔδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκίμασμαι: (δόκιμος):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine.

II. to approve, sanction: to hold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκιμάσια, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination.

δοκιμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκιμή, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκίμιον, τό, proof, trial. From

δόκιμος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable.

Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of δοκός, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκῶ, ὤς contr. οὖς, ἡ, = δόκησις, an opinion.

δολερός, α, ὄν, (δόλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόλιος, μῆτις) crafty-purposing.

δολιό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δόλιος, ποῖς) of stealthy foot.

δόλιος, α, ον, and os, ον, (δόλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιό-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ονος, (δόλιος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δολιόω, f. ὤσω, (δόλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολίχ-αυλος, ον, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολίχ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (δολιχός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

δολίχ-εγχής, ἐς, (δολιχός, ἐγχος) with tall spear.

δολίχ-ἡρετμος, ον, (δολιχός, ἡρετμός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιχο-γράφία, ἡ, (δολιχός, γράφω) prolix writing.

**ΔΟΛΙΧΟΨ**, ἡ, ὄν, long: of Time, long, wearisome. II. as Subst., **δολιχός**, ὁ, the long course, in racing, opp. to the course of the **στάδιον**.

**δολιχό-σκῖος**, ον, (**δολιχός**, **σκιά**) casting a long shadow; or **δολιχό-σκῖος**, (**δολιχός**, **ὑσχος**) with long shaft.

**δολόεις**, **εσσα**, **εν**, (**δύλος**) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful.

**δολο-μήτης**, **ες**, **γεν**, **εος**, (**δύλος**, **μηδος**) wily, crafty.

**δολο-μήτης**, ον, ὁ, and **δολό-μητις**, **ι**, **γεν**, **ιος**, (**δύλος**, **μητις**) crafty-minded, wily.

**δολο-μήχανος**, ον, (**δύλος**, **μηχανή**) contriving wiles.

**δολό-μῦθος**, ον, (**δύλος**, **μῦθος**) false-speaking.

**δολοπλοκία**, ἡ, subtlety, craft. From

**δολο-πλόκος**, ον, (**δύλος**, **πλέκω**) weaving wiles.

**δολο-ποιός**, ὄν, (**δύλος**, **ποιέω**) treacherous.

**δολορραφία**, ἡ, artful contrivance, subtlety. From

**δολόρ-ραφος**, ον, (**δύλος**, **ράπτω**) contriving wiles.

**δύλος**, ὁ, (from **ΔΕΛ**—, the Root of **δέλεαρ**) properly a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. **dolus**.

**δολο-φόνος**, ον, (**δύλος**, **\*φένω**) slaying by treachery.

**δολο-φράδης**, **ές**, (**δύλος**, **φράζω**) wily-minded.

**δολοφρονέων**, **ουσα**, ον, (**δολόφρων**) craft-devising.

**δολοφροσύνη**, ἡ, subtlety, wiliness. From

**δολό-φρων**, ον, **γεν**, **ονος**, (**δύλος**, **φρήν**) = **δολοφραδής**, crafty-minded.

**δολόω**, **ι**, **ώσω**, (**δύλος**) to beguile, ensnare. II.

to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence

**δύλωμα**, **ατος**, **τό**, a trick, deceit.

**δύλων**, **ωνος**, ὁ, (**δύλος**) a small sail. II. a dagger.

**δολ-ῶπις**, **ιδος**, ἡ, (**δύλος**, **ῶψ**) artful-looking.

**δύλωσις**, **εως**, ἡ, (**δολόω**) a tricking, ensnaring.

**δόμα**, **ατος**, **τό**, (**δίδωμι**) a gift.

**δομαῖος**, **α**, ον, (**δέμω**) of or for building.

**δόμεναι**, **δόμεν**, **Ερ**, **αορ**, 2 inf. of **δίδωμι**.

**δόμονδε**, **Adv**, home, homeward; ὅνδε **δόμονδε** to his own house. From

**δόμος**, ὁ, (**δέμω**) Lat. **domus**, a house: also the household. II. a part of the house, chamber, room.

III. anything that is built up; **διὰ τριήκοντα δόμων πλίνθου** at every thirtieth layer of bricks.

**δομο-σφάλης**, **ές**, (**δόμος**, **σφάλω**) ruining the house.

**δονακεύομαι**, **Dep**, (**δόναξ**) to catch birds with reed and birdlime.

**δονακεύς**, **εως**, ὁ, (**δόναξ**) a thicket of reeds.

**δονακίτις**, **ιδος**, **fem**, **Adj**, (**δόναξ**) of reed.

**δοναχο-γλύφος**, ον, (**δόναξ**, **γλύφω**) reed-cutting.

**δοναχόεις**, **εσσα**, **εν**, (**δόναξ**) abounding in reeds; **δύλος δονακίτις** a reed covered with birdlime.

**δονακο-τρόφος**, ον, (**δόναξ**, **τρέφω**) reed-producing.

**δονακό-χλωος**, ον, **contr**, -**χλούς**, ον, (**δόναξ**, **χλῆα**) green with reeds.

**δόναξ** **Ion**, **δοῦναξ** **Dor**, **δῶναξ**, **ἄκος**, ὁ, a reed, Lat. **calamus**, **arundo**. II. anything made of reed: a dart, arrow. 2. a flute, shepherd's pipe. 3. a

fish-bone or limed reed (see **δονακίτις**). 4. the

bridge of the lyre. From

**ΔΟΝΕΨ**, **ι**, **ήσω**, to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about:—**Pass**, ἡ **Ἀσίη** **ἐδονέετο** Asia was in commotion. Hence

**δόνημα**, **ατος**, **τό**, agitation, waving motion; and

**δονητός**, ἡ, ὄν, **verb**, **Adj**, shaken.

**δόντες**, **nom**, **pl**, of **δούς**, **αορ**, 2 part, of **δίδωμι**.

**δόξα**, ἡ, (**δοκέω**) a notion, opinion, Lat. **visum**: ex-

pectation. 2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philo-

sophic opinion, Lat. **placitum**. 3. mere opinion, as

opp. to knowledge. 4. a fancy, vision. II.

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat.

**existimatio**: good report, credit, honour. 2. glory,

splendour. Hence

**δοξάζω**, **ι**, **άσω**, to hold an opinion, think, believe,

judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence

**δόξασμα**, **ατος**, **τό**, an opinion: a fancy.

**δοξοκοπία**, ἡ, love of popularity. From

**δοξο-κόπος**, ον, (**δόξα**, **κύπτω**) seeking popularity.

**δοξο-μάνης**, **ές**, (**δόξα**, **μάνηαι**) mad after glory.

Hence

**δοξομανία**, ἡ, mad love of glory.

**δοξο-ματαιό-σοφος**, ὁ, (**δόξα**, **ματαιός**, **σοφός**) a

would-be philosopher.

**δοξο-σόφος**, ον, (**δόξα**, **σοφός**) wise in one's own

conceit.

**δοξόω**, **ι**, **ώσω**, to give one the character of being so

and so: **Pass**, to have such a character.

**δόξω**, **fut**, of **δοκέω**: **δόξαι**, **αορ**, 1 inf.

**δορά**, ἡ, (**δέρω**) a skin, hide.

**δόρατα**, **nom**, **pl**, **δόρατι**, **dat**, **sing**, of **δέρν**.

**δοράτιον**, **τό**, **Dim**, of **δέρν**, a small spear, dart.

**δορατο-πάχης**, **ές**, (**δέρν**, **πάχος**) of a spear-shaft's

thickness.

**δόρατος**, **γεν**, of **δέρν**.

**δορήϊος**, **α**, ον, (**δέρν**) wooden.

**δορι-άλωτος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **άλωναι**) captive of the spear,

taken in war. [**ᾱ**]

**δορί-γαμβρος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **γαμέω**) wooed by battle.

**δορι-θήρατος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **θηράω**) taken by the spear.

**δορι-κάνης**, **ές**, (**δέρν**, **κάνειν**) slain by the spear.

**δορι-κμήης**, **ήτος**, ὁ, ἡ, (**δέρν**, **κάμνω**) slain by the

spear.

**δορί-κρᾶνος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **κράνον**) spear-beaded.

**δορί-κτητος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **κτάομαι**) won by the spear.

**δορί-κτύπος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **κτυπέω**) spear-clashing.

**δορί-ληπτος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **λαμβάνω**) won by the spear.

**δορι-μάνης**, **ές**, (**δέρν**, **μανήναι**) raging with the spear.

**δορί-μαργος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **μάργος**) raging with the spear.

**δορι-μήστωρ**, **ορος**, ὁ, (**δέρν**, **μήστωρ**) master of the

spear.

**δορί-παλτος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **πάλλω**) wielding the spear;

**χείρ** **δορίπαλτος**, i. e. the right hand.

**δορι-πετής**, **ές**, (**δέρν**, **\*πέτω** Root of **πίπτω**) fallen

by the spear.

**δορί-πληκτος**, ον, (**δέρν**, **πλήσσω**) stricken by the



δορί-πῃνος, *ον*, (δόρυ, πῃνος) *toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.*

δορι-σθενής, *ἐς*, *ν*. sub δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δόρυ, στέφανος) *crowned for bravery in war.*

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τινάσσω) *shaken by battle.*

δορί-τμητος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τέμνω) *pierced by the spear.*

δορί-τολμος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τόλμα) *bold in war.*

δορκᾶλῖς, *ἶδος*, *ἡ*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, (δέδορκα) *an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.*

δορός, *ὁ*, (δέρω) *a leather bag or wallet.*

δορπῆ, *ἡ*, ἡσώ, (δόρπον) *to take supper.* Hence

δορπηστός, *ὁ*, *supper-time, evening.*

Δορπία, *ἡ*, (δόρπον) *the first day of the feast Aphaturia; τῆς ὁρτῆς τῇ δορπῇ on the eve of the feast.*

ΔΟΡΠΙΟΝ, *τό*, *the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.*

ΔΟΡΥ, *τό*: gen. δόρυτος, Ep. δούρατος δούρος, in Att. poets also δόρος: dat. δούρατι, Ion. δούρατι δούρι, in Att. poets also δόρει or δορί.—Ion. dual δούρε.—Plur. nom. δόρυα, Ep. δούρατα δούρα, in Att. Poets also δόρη: gen. δόρων, Ep. δούρων: dat. δόρασι, Ep. δούρασι δούρεσσι. *The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship.* II. *the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, ἐπὶ δόρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐπ' ἀσπίδα to the left.*

δορυ-άλωτος, false reading for δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαρήης, *ἐς*, (δόρυ θαρσέω) *daring in war.*

δορύ-ξενος, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (δόρυ, ξένος) *a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.*

δορυ-ξόος, *ον*, contr. -ξοῦς, οὖν, (δόρυ, ξέω) *spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυξόος, ὁ, a maker of spears; also δορυξός, ὁ.*

δορυ-παγής, *ἐς*, (δόρυ, παγῆναι) *built of beams.*

δορύ-παλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, *ν*. δορίπ-.

δορυ-σθενής or δορι-σθενής, *ἐς*, (δόρυ, σθένος) *mighty with the spear.*

δορυσ-σός, *ητος, ὁ*, masc. Adj., = δορυσσός, *warlike.*

δορυσ-σός, *ον*, contr. δορυσ-σοῦς, οὖν, poet. also

δορυ-σός, (δόρυ, σείω) *brandishing the spear.*

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, *ν*. δορι-.

δορυφορέω, *ἡ*, ἡσώ, (δορυφόρος) *to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over.* Hence

δορυφόρημα, *ματος, τό*, *a body-guard; and*

δορυφορία, *ἡ*, *a keeping guard over.*

δορυφορικός, *ἡ*, ὄν, (δορυφορία) *of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.*

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δόρυ, φέρω) *spear-bearing, Lat. hastatus; οἱ δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.*

δός, *αορ. 2 imperat. of δίδωμι.*

δοσίδικος, *ον*, false reading for δωσίδικος.

δόσις, *εως, ἡ*, (δίδωμι) *a giving.* II. *a gift, present: a bequest.* III. *a portion: a dose.*

δόσκον, Ep. *αορ. 2 of δίδωμι.*

δότειρα, *ἡ*, fem. of δοτήρ.

δοτέος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, *to be given.* II.

δοτέον, *one must give.*

δοτήρ, *ἡρος, ὁ*, (δίδωμι) *a giver, dispenser.*

δότης, *ον, ὁ*, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-ᾱγωγῆ, *ἡ*, ἡσώ, (δούλος, ᾱγω) *to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγεῖν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.*

δουλάριον, *τό*, Dim. of δούλος.

δουλεία Ion. δουλητή, *ἡ*, (δουλεύω) *servitude, slavery, bondage.* II. *the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.*

δούλειος, *α, ον, ος, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile.*

δούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (δουλεύω) *a service.* II.

*a slave, Lat. mancipium.*

δουλεύω, *ἡ*, σῶ, (δούλος) *to be a slave: generally, c. dat. to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.*

δούλη, *ἡ*, fem. of δούλος.

δουλητή, Ion. of δουλεία.

δουλία, *ἡ*, poet. for δουλεία.

δουλικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, = δούλιος. Adv. -κῶς, *like a slave.*

δούλιος, *α, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile; δούλιον ἡμᾶρ the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.*

δουλιχό-δειρος, Ion. for δουλιχόδειρος, (δουλιχός, δειρή) *long-necked.*

δουλιχόεις, *εσσα, εν*, Ion. for δουλιχόεις, poet. for δουλιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (δούλος, πρέπω) *befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.*

ΔΟΥΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, *a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to ἀνδράποδον (a slave taken in war).* II.

as Adj., δούλος, *η, ον*, *slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp. δουλότερος, more of a slave.*

δουλοσύνη, *ἡ*, (δούλος) *slavery, slavish work.*

δουλόσυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) *enslaved.*

δουλότερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of δούλος.

δουλόω, *ἡ*, ὡσώ, (δούλος) *to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself.* Hence

δούλωσις, *εως, ἡ*, *enslaving, subjugation.*

δύναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.*

δύναξ, δυνακός, Ion. for δύναξ, δυνακός.

δουπέω, *ἡ*, ἡσώ: Ep. *αορ. 1 δούπησα: pf. δέδουπα: (δούπος):—to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.*

δουπήτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (δουπέω) *a clatterer.*

ΔΟΥΠΟΣ, *ὁ*, *any dead, heavy sound; δούπος ἀκόντων the burbling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.*

δούρατα, syncop. δούρα, *τά*, Ep. plur. of δόρυ.

δουράτεος, *α, ον*, *of planks or beams.*

δουράτιον, Ion. for δούρατιον, *a dart.*

δούρειος, *α, ον*, = δουράτεος.

δούρεσσι, Ep. *dat. pl. of δόρυ.*

δουρηνεκές, (δόρυ, ἐνεγκεῖν) Adv. *a spear's throw off or distant.*

δουρι-άλωτος, *ον*, Ion. for δουριάλωτος.  
 δουρι-κλειτός, *όν*, Ion. for δουρι-κλειτός, (*δούρν*, κλειτός) *famed for the spear*.  
 δουρι-κλυτός, *ή, όν*, Ion. for δουρι-κλυτός, (*δούρν*, κλυτός) *famed for the spear*.  
 δουρι-κτητός, δουρι-ληπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion. for δουρι-.  
 δούριος, = δούριος.  
 δουρι-πληκτος, *ον*, Ion. for δουριπληκτος.  
 δουρι-τύπης, *ές*, (*δούρν*, τύπτω) *wood-cutting*.  
 δουρο-δόκη, *ή*, (*δούρν*, δοχή) *a stand for spears*.  
 δουρο-θήκη, *ή*, (*δούρν*, θήκη) *a case for spears*.  
 δουρο-μάνης, *ές*, Ion. for δουριμανής.  
 δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.  
 δοχείον, Ion. δοχήιον, τό, (*δέχομαι*) *a bolder*.  
 δοχή, *ή*, (*δέχομαι*) *reception, entertainment*. II. *a receptacle*.  
 δοχή, *ή*, a measure of length, a span.  
 δόχμιος, *α, ον*, (*δοχμός*) *across, sideways, aslant*.  
 δοχμόλοφος, *ον*, (*δοχμός*, λόφος) *wearing one's plume aslant, with nodding plume*.  
 ΔΟΧΜΟ΄Σ, *ή, όν*, slanting, sideways. Hence  
 δοχμόομαι, aor. 1 *έδοχμώθην*, Pass. *to turn sideways or aslant*.  
 δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (*δράσσομαι*) *as much as one can grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus*.  
 δραγματη-φόρος, *ον*, (*δράγμα*, φέρω) *carrying sheaves*.  
 δραγμαεύω, *f. σω*, *to collect the corn into sheaves*.  
 δραγμός, *ό*, (*δράσσομαι*) *a taking hold of, bandling*.  
 δρᾶθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω.  
 δρᾶθι, δραίην, aor. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω.  
 δραίνω, *f. δρᾶνω*, (*δράω*) *to be going to do*.  
 δράκαινα, *ης, ή*, fem. of δράκων, *a she-dragon*.  
 δρᾶκῆν, aor. 2 inf. act. of δέρκομαι.  
 δρᾶκῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δέρκομαι.  
 δρᾶκόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δέρκομαι.  
 δράκον, Ion. for *έδρακον*, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.  
 δρακόντειος, *α, ον*, (*δράκων*) *of a dragon*.  
 δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ον, ό*, (*δράκων*, ύλλυμι) *serpent-slayer*.  
 δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ον*, (*δράκων*, μάλλος) *with snaky locks*.  
 δρακοντ-ώδης, *ες*, (*δράκων*, είδος) *snake-like*.  
 δρᾶκών, aor. 2 part. act. of δέρκομαι.  
 δράκων, *οντος, ό*, (*δρακῆν*) *a dragon: later a serpent*.  
 δράμα, *ατος, τό*, (*δράω*) *a deed, act, acting: a business, duty*. 2. *an action represented on the stage, a drama*.  
 δρᾶμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέχω.  
 δράμημα, *ατος, τό*, (*δραμεῖν*) *a course, a race*.  
 δρᾶμοῦμαι, δραμών, fut. and aor. 2 part. of τρέχω.  
 δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of διδράσκω.  
 δράξ, δρᾶκός, = δράγμα.  
 δρᾶπετεύω, *f. σω*, *to run away, flee*. From  
 δρᾶπέτης, *ον*, Ion. δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, (*δρᾶναι*) *a run-away: esp. a runaway slave*. II. as Adj., δραπέτης κληρος *a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,*

*which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn*.

δρᾶπετίδης, *ον, ό*, = δραπέτης.  
 δρᾶπέτις, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of δραπέτης.  
 δρᾶπετίσκος, *ό*, Dim. of δραπέτης.  
 δρᾶς, δρᾶσα, aor. 2 part. of δρᾶω.  
 δρᾶσεῖω, Desiderat. of δρᾶω, *to have a mind to do, to be going to do*.  
 δρασθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of δρᾶω.  
 δρᾶσιμος, *ον*, (*δράω*) *active; τὸ δρᾶσιμον action*.  
 δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *ό*, (*δρᾶναι*) *a running away, flight*.  
 δράσομαι, fut. of διδράσκω. [α]  
 ΔΡΑ΄ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: fut. δράξομαι: aor. 1 *έδραξάμην*: pf. *δέδραγμα* Att. *δέδαγμα*: Dep.:—*to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of: to lay bold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by handful*. II.  
 δραστεός, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δρᾶω, *to be done*. II. *δραστεόν, one must do*.  
 δραστήριος, *ον*, vigorous, active, efficacious.  
 δραστής, *ου, ό*, (*δράω*) *a worker: servant*.  
 δραστικός, *ή, όν*, (*δράω*) *active*.  
 δρᾶτός, *ή, όν*, metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω, *skinned, flayed*.  
 δραχμή, *ή*, (*δράσσομαι*) *a drachma, a coin worth 6 obols, i. e. 9½d, nearly = Roman denarius*. II. *an Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα)*.  
 ΔΡΑ΄Ω, *f. δρᾶσω* [α]: aor. 1 *έδρᾶσα*: pf. *δέδρακα*: —Pass., aor. 1 *έδρᾶσθην*: pf. *δέδραμαι*:—*to do, be doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εύ or κακώς δρᾶν τινα, to do one good or ill*.  
 δρεπάνη, *ή*, (*δρέπω*) *a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe*. [α]  
 δρεπάνη-φόρος, *ον*, (*δρεπάνη*, φέρω) *bearing a scythe; ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car*.  
 δρεπάνο-ειδής, *ές*, (*δρέπανον*, είδος) *sickle-shaped*.  
 δρέπανον, τό, (*δρέπω*) = δρεπάνη, *a sickle: a curved scimitar*.  
 δρεπᾶν-ουργός, *ό*, (*δρέπανον*, \*έργω) *a sword-maker*.  
 δρέπτω, poet. for δρέπω, *to pluck, cull*.  
 ΔΡΕ΄ΠΩ, *f. ψω*: aor. 1 *έδρεψα*: aor. 2 *έδρεπον*: —Med., Dor. fut. δρεψεύμαι: aor. 1 *έδρεψάμην*: —Pass., aor. 1 *έδρέφθην*:—*to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess, enjoy*.  
 δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, Ion. for δραπέτης.  
 δρησμοσύνη, *ή*, = δρηστοσύνη.  
 δρηστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (*διδράσκω*) Ion. for δραστήρ, *a run-away*.  
 δρηστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (*δράω*) *a labourer, worker: fem. δρήστειρα*.  
 δρηστής, *ου, ό*, Ion. for δραστής.  
 δρηστοσύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (*δράω*) *service*.  
 δριμύλος, *ον*, Dim. of δριμύς, *sharp, piercing*. [υ]  
 ΔΡΙΓΜΥ΄Σ, *εία, ύ*, *piercing, stinging, biting, pungent*. II. metaph. like Lat. acer, sharp, keen, bitter: sbrewd. Adv. —έως. Hence  
 δριμύτης, *τητος, ή*, *sharpness, pungency: sbrewdness*.



**ΔΡΙ'ΟΣ**, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δρίον) *copse-wood, thicket, brushwood*.

**ΔΡΟΙΤΗ**, ἡ, a bathing tub, a bath.

**δρομαῖος**, α, ον, or ος, ον, (δρόμος) *running at full speed, swift, fleet*.

**δρομάς**, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δραμεῖν) *running, whirling*.

**δρομεύς**, ἑως, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *a runner*.

**δρόμημα**, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

**δρόμος**, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *a course, race, running; flight; a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρης δρόμος a day's running, i. e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; ἔξω δρόμον φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course.*

II. *a place for running, race-course; a public walk.*

**δροσερός**, ἄ, ὄν, (δρόσος) *dewy, watery*.

**δροσιζω**, ῖ, ἴσω, (δρόσος) *to bedew, besprinkle*.

**δροσινός**, ἡ, ὄν, (δρόσος) = *δροσερός*.

**δροσόεις**, εσσα, εν, poet. for *δροσερός*.

**ΔΡΟΣΟΣ**, ἡ, Lat. ROS, *dew; also the time of dew, dew-fall. 2. pure water; tears. 3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence*

*δροσώω, to bedew; pf. pass. part. δεδροσωμένος, dewy.*

**δροσ-ώδης**, ες, (δρόσος, εἶδος) *dew-like, dewy*.

**Δρυάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.*

**δρύϊνος** [ῖ], ἡ, ον, (δρῦς) *oaken; δρύϊνον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύϊνον honey from a holloiw oak.*

**δρυ-κολάπτης**, ου, ὁ, = *δρυο-κολάπτης*.

**δρῦμός**, ὁ, pl. δρῦμοί and δρῦμά: (δρῦς): *an oak-coppice, a coppice, wood. [ῦ, except in neut. pl.]*

**δρῦμών**, ὠνος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *an oak-coppice*.

**δρυο-γόνος**, ον, (δρῦς, \*γένω) *oak-grown*.

**δρυο-κοίτης**, ου, ὁ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) *couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττιξ.*

**δρυο-κολάπτης**, ου, ὁ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) *the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.*

**δρυο-παγής**, ἐς, (δρῦς, παγήναι) *built of oak*.

**δρύ-οχοι**, οἱ, or **δρύ-οχα**, τά, (δρῦς, ἔχω) *the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρυόχους τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.*

**δρύοψ**, οπος, ὁ, (δρῦς, ὤψ) *a kind of woodpecker*.

**δρύ-πεπής**, ἐς, (δρῦς, πέπτω) *ripened on the tree, quite ripe; over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.*

**ΔΡΥΠΙΑ**, ἡ, *an over-ripe, mouldy olive*.

**ΔΡΥΠΤΩ**, ῖ, ψω: aor. I ἐδρύψα Ep. δρύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδρύφθην: pf. δέδρυμαι:—*to tear, scratch, wound; δρύπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's cheek; also absol.*

**ΔΡΥΣ**, ἡ, gen. δρύος, acc. δρύν: pl. nom. and acc. δρύες, δρύας, contr. δρῦς:—*the oak, sacred to Zeus.*

II. *any timber tree; πείρα δρῦς the resinous pine.*

III. *metaph. an old tree, i. e. withered old man.*

**δρύ-τόμος**, ον, (δρῦς, τεμείν) *selling timber*.

**δρύφακτον**, τό, and **δρύφακτος**, ὁ, (δρῦς) *a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.*

**δρύφῃναι**, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτω.

**δρύψα**, Ep. aor. 1 of δρύπτω.

**δρύψια**, τά, (δρύπτω) *scrapings, parings*.

**δρώοιμι**, Ep. for δρῶμι, lengthd. opt. of δράω.

**δῦ**, Ep. for ἔδν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.

**δυάκις**, Adv. *twice, = δῖς*.

**δυάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (δύο) *the number two*.

**δυάω**, (δύη) *to plunge in misery*.

**δυεῖν**, later Att. for δυοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δύο.

**ΔΥ'Η**, ἡ, *woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: bard usage. [ῦ]*

**δύην**, (as if for δυῖν), aor. 2 opt. of δῦμι.

**δυηπαθίη**, ἡ, *misery. From*

**δυη-παθος**, ον, (δύη, παθεῖν) *suffering woe*.

**δύθι**, aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

**δύϊος**, α, ον, (δύη) *miserable*.

**δύμεναι**, **δύμεν**, Ep. for δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

**δῦμι**, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύνω.

**δύναι**, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

**δύνα**, Att. 2 sing. of δύναιμι.

**ΔΥ'ΝΑΜΑΙ**, in pres. and imperf. declined like ἵσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνα, Ion. δύνῃ δύναι; 3 pl. δύνανται Ep. δυνέονται; subj. δύνωμαι, Ion. 2 sing. δύνῃ:—imperf. ἐδυνάμην, 2 sing. ἐδύνω, 3 pl. ἐδύναντο Ion. ἐδυνάτο:—fut. δυνήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐδυνήσαμην and ἐδυνήθην (or ἐδυνάσθην Ep. δυνάσθην):—pf. δεδύνῃμαι:—in Att. the double augment ἡδυνάμην, ἡδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: I. *to be able, capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.; also c. acc., δύνασθαι ἅπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia posse: absol., οἱ δυνάμενοι the powerful. II. to pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναιται ἐπὶ τὰ ὀβόλους the shekel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote.*

**δύνᾱμις**, ἡ: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύναμι: (δύναμαι):—*strength, might, power, ability; κατὰ δύναμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili; παρὰ δύναμιν or ὑπὲρ δύναμιν beyond one's power. 2. a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity, Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as of money.*

**δύνᾱμόω**, ῖ, ὤσω, (δύναμις) *to strengthen*.

**δυνάσθην**, Ep. aor. 1 of δύναιμι.

**δύνᾱσις**, εως, ἡ, poet. for δύναμις.

**δυναστεία**, ἡ, *power, lordship, sovereignty. II. an oligarchy. From*

**δυναστεύω**, ῖ, σω, *to hold power or lordship, be powerful: to be high in rank. From*

**δυνάστης**, ον, ὁ, (δύναιμι) *a lord, master, ruler; οἱ δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.*

**δυναστῶρ**, οπος, ὁ, = *δυνάστης*.

**δύνᾱτέω**, ῖ, ἤσω, (δυνατός) *to be powerful*.

**δυνάτης**, ον, ὁ, poet. for δυνάστης.

δυνάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (δύναμαι) *strong, mighty: powerful, able.* II. of things, *possible.*

δυνατῶς, Adv. of δυνατός, *strongly, powerfully; δυνατῶς ἔχει* it is *possible.*

δύνε, Ep. for ἔδυνε, 3 sing. impf. of δύνω.

δύνει, δύνῃ, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέαι, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνῃαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύνω.

δύνω, see δύω.

ΔΥ΄Ο, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυοῖν, in later Att. δυεῖν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυῶν, dat. δυσὶ Ion. δυοῖσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δύο μοιράων:—Lat. *DUO*, our *TWO*; σύν δύο two together, by twos; εἰς δύο two and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, twelve, Lat. *duo-decim*.

δυοκαιδεκά-μηνος, δυοκαιδεκάς, δυοκαιδέκατος, see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δυώσιν, Ep. for δυῶσιν, 3 pl. of δύνω.

δύρομαι, poët. for ὀδύρομαι.

δυσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our *un-* or *mis-* in *un-lucky, mis-chance*, always with a notion of *bad, bad, ill, etc.*, destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δῦσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-ἀγκριτος, poët. for δυσ-ανακ-

δύς-αγνος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀγνός) *unchaste, impure.*

δυσ-αγρίω, f. ἤσω, to have bad luck in fishing.

δυσ-ἀδελφος, ον, *unhappy in one's brothers.*

δυσ-ᾄης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ᾄημι) *ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσᾄων* Ep. gen. pl. for δυσᾄων.

δυσ-ἄθλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, *most miserable.*

δυσ-αιᾶνης, ἐς, *most direful, most horrible.*

δυσ-αἶθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αἶθρα) *not clear, murky.*

δυσ-αἰων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, *miserable in life, most miserable.*

δυσ-αλγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄλγος) *very painful.*

δυσ-ἀλγητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀλγέω) *unfeeling, hard-hearted.*

δυσ-ἄλιος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ἥλιος. [ā]

δυσ-ἄλωτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀλῶναι) *hard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακῶν* hard to be reached by ills.

δυσ-ἀμβᾶτος, ον, by poët. syncop. for δυσ-ἀνάβατος.

δυσ-ἀμμορος, ον, *most miserable.*

δυσ-ἀνάβατος, ον, *hard to mount.*

δυσ-ἀνακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακομίζω) *hard to bring back or recall.*

δυσ-ἀνάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-ἀγκριτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακρίνω) *hard to distinguish or examine.*

δυσ-ἀνασχετέω, f. ἤσω, (δυσ-, ἀνασχετός) to bear ill, to be unable to bear.

δυσ-ἀνάτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) *hard to overbrow.*

δυσ-ἀνεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) *hard to bear.*

δυσ-ἀνεμος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ἥνεμος.

δυσ-ἀντίβλεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) *hard to look in the face.*

δύσαντο, for ἐδύσ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δύω.

δυσ-ἄνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀνῆρ) with a bad husband. [ā]

δυσ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) *hard to get rid of.*

δυσ-ἀπίστος, ον, *very disobedient.*

δυσ-ἀπόκριτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) *hard to answer.*

δυσ-ἀπότηρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποτρέπω) *hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.*

δυσ-ἀρεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀρέσκω) *ill to please, implacable: peevish, morose.*

δυσ-ἄριστο-τόκεια, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἄριστος, τόκος) *unhappy mother of the noblest son.*

δύς-αρκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄρχω) *hard to govern.*

δυσ-αυλία, ἡ, *ill or hard lodging.* From

δύς-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλή) *ill for lodging.*

δύς-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλός) *ill-suited for the flute.*

δυσ-ᾄχης, ἐς, Dor. for δυσηχῆς.

δυσ-ᾄχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄχος) *sorely painful.*

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) *grievous to be borne.*

δύς-βᾶτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαίνω) *hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον* difficult ground. 2. *trodden painfully.*

δυσ-βάϋκτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαύζω) *full of wailing.*

δυσ-βίοςτος, ον, (δυσ-, βίοςτος) *making life wretched.*

δυσ-βουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, folly.* From

δύς-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) *ill-advised.*

δύς-βωλος, ον, (δυσ-, βῶλος) *of ill soil, unfruitful.*

δύς-γάμος, ον, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-γάργλις, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίζω) *ticklish, skittish.*

δυσ-γένεια, ἡ, *low, mean birth.* From

δυσ-γενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, γένος) *low-born: low-minded.*

δύς-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *ignorance, perplexity.*

δυσ-γνωσία, ἡ, *difficulty of knowing.* From

δύς-γνωστος, ον, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *hard to know or recognise.*

δυσ-δαιμονία, ἡ, *misery: wretchedness.* From

δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) *ill-fated.*

δυσ-δάκρυτος, ον, (δυσ-, δακρύω) *much wept.* II. *much weeping.*

δύς-δᾶμαρ, αρτος, ὁ, ἡ, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-διάθετος, ον, (δυσ-, διατίθημι) *hard to settle.*

δύς-εδρος, ον, (δυσ-, ἔδρα) *bringing ill luck to one's abode.*

δυσ-ειδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, εἶδος) *unsightly, deformed.*

δυσ-εἰμάτος, ον, (δυσ-, εἶμα) *meanly clad.*

δυσ-εἰσβολος, ον, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) *hard to enter or invade: Sup., -ώτατος, ον, most inaccessible.*

δυσ-ἐκθύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) *hard to avert by sacrifice.*

δυσ-ἐκλύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) *hard to undo, inflexible:—Adv. -τως, indissolubly.*

δυσ-εκπέρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) *hard to pass from, hard to escape.*

δυσ-ἐκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) *hard to escape from.*

δυσ-ελένα, ἡ, *ill-starred Helen.*



δύσ-ελπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with ill hope, desponding.  
 δυσ-έλπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐλπίζω) unbored for; ἐκ  
 δυσελπίστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.  
 δυσ-ἐμβᾶτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) hard to walk on,  
 rugged: inaccessible.  
 δυσ-ἐμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) hard to invade.  
 δυσ-εντερία, ἡ, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἐντέρον)  
 a bowel complaint, dysentery.  
 δυσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) not affable.  
 δυσ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) hard to de-  
 ceive.  
 δυσ-ἐξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) hard to unloose.  
 δυσ-ἐξέλεγκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) hard to refute.  
 δυσ-ἐξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) hard to unfold  
 or explain.  
 δυσ-ἐξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξανύτω) hard to make  
 away with: indissoluble.  
 δύσεο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.  
 δυσ-ἐπιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) hard  
 to plot against or attack secretly.  
 δυσ-ἐραστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) unfavourable to love.  
 δυσ-ἐρημος, ον, very desolate.  
 δύσ-ερισ, ι, gen. ιδος, (δυσ-, ἐρις) most contentious,  
 very quarrelsome, peevish.  
 δυσ-ἐριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) caused by evil strife.  
 δυσ-ερμήνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) hard to ex-  
 plain.  
 δύσ-ερως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἐρως) passionately lov-  
 ing, sick in love with, Lat. perditte amans. II.  
 hardly loving, insensible to love.  
 δύσετο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.  
 δυσ-ευνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) an ill bed-fellow.  
 δυσ-εύρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) hard to find out:  
 hard to get: hard to get through, impervious.  
 δύσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) exceeding jealous.  
 δυσ-ζητητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) hard to seek out.  
 δύσ-ζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζώη) most wretched.  
 δυσ-ήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκέομαι) hard to cure.  
 δυσ-ήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) hard of hearing.  
 δυσ-ηλεγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) of death,  
 stretching one on a hard bed: hard, painful, uneasy:  
 of men, hard-hearted, unfeeling.  
 δυσ-ήλιος, ον, unlit by the sun, sunless, without the  
 light of day.  
 δυσ-ημερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) an unlucky day.  
 δυσ-ήνεμος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄνεμος) with ill winds, stormy.  
 δύσ-ηρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, older form of δύσ-ερις, very  
 quarrelsome, contentious.  
 δυσ-ηχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἡχέω) ill-sounding: hateful to  
 bear of, hateful.  
 δυσ-θαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπω) hard to warm: chilly.  
 δυσθανάτω, ἡ, ἡσώ, to die a lingering death. From  
 δυσ-θάνατος, ον, dying hard, struggling with  
 death. II. act. bringing a painful death.  
 δυσ-θάνής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανέω) having died a hard  
 death.  
 δυσ-θείατος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) ill to look on.  
 δύσ-θεος, ον, godless, ungodly.

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπεύω) hard to cure.  
 δυσ-θετέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δυσ-, τίθημι) to be in bad case:  
 Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegre ferre.  
 δυσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανάτω.  
 δυσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) most mournful.  
 δύσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρίω) of harsh sound, grating.  
 δυσθυμαίνω, = δυσθυμέω.  
 δυσθυμέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, to be down-beated, despond: Med.  
 to be melancholy, angry. From  
 δύσ-θυμος, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) down-beated, dispirited,  
 desponding, anxious.  
 δυσ-ίατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) hard to heal or cure.  
 δύσι-θάλασσος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) dipped in the  
 sea.  
 δύσ-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) hard to ride in; τὰ  
 δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.  
 δύσις, εως, ἡ, (δύω) a sinking or setting of the sun or  
 stars; δύσις ἡλίου the west.  
 δυσ-κάθατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθαίρω) hard to cleanse  
 or expiate: hard to appease, inexorable.  
 δυσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) hard to hold in.  
 δύσ-καπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) very smoky.  
 δυσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) hard to  
 check: restless.  
 δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) hard to  
 bring about, hard to effect.  
 δυσ-κατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) hard to re-  
 store or reestablish.  
 δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) by no  
 means to be despised.  
 δυσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δυσ-  
 κατάπρακτος.  
 δύσκει, Ion. for ἔδν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.  
 δυσ-κέλαδος, ον, shrill-screaming, grating: harsh.  
 δυσ-κηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κηδος) full of care, painful.  
 δύσ-κηλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) past remedy.  
 δυσ-κλεής, ἐς: acc. δυσκλεέα poet. δυσκλεῖα: (δυσ-,  
 κλέος) injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence  
 δύσκληια, ἡ, ingloriousness, dishonour: an ill name.  
 δυσκλεῶς, Adv. of δυσκλεής, ingloriously.  
 δύσ-κληρος, ον, unlucky.  
 δυσκλής, poet. for δυσκλεής.  
 δυσκολαίνω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δύσκολος) to be peevish, dis-  
 contented, annoyed.  
 δυσκολία, ἡ, (δύσκολος) peevishness, discontent.  
 δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) ill-cemented.  
 δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) hard to  
 bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in  
 singing.  
 δυσκολό-κοιτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) making one's  
 bed uneasy.  
 δύσ-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) hard to satisfy with  
 food: hard to please, fretful, peevish, discon-  
 tented. II. of things, harassing: unpleasant.  
 δύσ-κολπος, ον, with ill-formed womb.  
 δυσκόλως, Adv. of δύσκολος, peevishly; δυσκόλως  
 ἔχειν to be peevish.  
 δυσ-κόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, κομίζω) hard to be borne.

δυσκράσια, ἡ, *bad temperament*. From  
 δύσ-κράτος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμι) *of bad tempera-*  
*ment*.

δύσ-κρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, κρίνω) *hard to discern: hard*  
*to determine, doubtful*. Adv. -τως, *doubtfully*; δυσ-  
 κρίτως ἔχειν *to be in doubt*.

δυσ-κύμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) *of or from the*  
*stormy sea*.

δυσκωφίω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to be stone deaf*. From

δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωφός) *stone deaf*.

δύσ-λεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) *ill or hard to tell*.

δυσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λογίζομαι) *hard to reckon*.  
 II. *misdirected, misguided*.

δυσ-λόφος, ον, (δυσ-, λóφος) *hard for the neck, hard*  
*to bear*. II. *impatient*: Adv. -φως, *impatiently*.

δύσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-, λύω) *hard to loose, indissoluble*.

δυσμαθίω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to be slow at learning*. From

δυσ-μαθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) *hard to learn, diffi-*  
*cult*. II. *act. slow at learning, dull*:—Adv. -θῶς,  
 δυσμαθῶς ἔχειν *to be slow of learning*.

δυσ-μαχίω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) *to fight in vain*;  
*to fight an unboly fight with*. Hence

δυσμαχητέον, verb. Adj. *one must struggle hard*.

δύσ-μαχος, ον, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) *hard to fight with,*  
*unconquerable*: generally, *hard, difficult*.

δυσμεναίνω, (δυσμενής) *to bear ill-will*.

δυσμένεια, ἡ, (δυσμενής) *ill-will, enmity*.

δυσμενέων, *ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile*: masc.  
 Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, μένος) *ill-affected, bearing ill-*  
*will, hostile*; δυσμενέες *enemies*.

δυσ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) *hard*  
*to take in hand or manage: hard to conquer*.

δυσμή Dor. δυθμή, ἡ, (δύω) = δύσις, *a sinking,*  
*setting, esp. of the sun*; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνα-  
 τολαί.

δύσ-μηνις, ι, gen. ιος, *savage, wrathful*.

δυσ-μήνιτος, ον, (δυσ-, μηνίω) *visited by heavy*  
*wrath*.

δυσ-μήτηρ, ερος, ἡ, *a cruel mother, not a true*  
*mother*.

δυσμηχανέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to be at loss*. From

δυσ-μήχανος, ον, (δυσ-, μηχανή) *quite at a loss*.

δύσ-μοιρος, ον, (δυσ-, μοῖρα) = δύσμορος.

δυσμορία, ἡ, *a hard fate*. From

δύσ-μορος, ον, *ill-fated, ill-starred*.

δυσμορφία, ἡ, *badness of form, ugliness*. From

δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) *misshapen, ugly*.

Δύσ-μουσος, ον, (δυσ-, Μοῦσα) *not favoured by the*  
*Muses, unmusical*.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίζω) *hard to wash out or off*.  
 δυσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοέω) *hard to be under-*  
*stood*.

δυσνοέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δύσνοος) *to be ill-affected*.

δύσνοια, ἡ, (δύσνοος) *dislike, ill-will*.

δυσνομία, ἡ, *lawlessness: a bad constitution, bad*  
*code of laws*. From

δύσ-νομος, ον, *lawless, unrighteous*.

δύσ-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ον, *ill-disposed, ill-*  
*affected, disaffected*.

δύσ-νοστος, ον, *not really a return*.

δυσ-νύμφευτος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) *disagreeable*  
*to marry*.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) *ill-wedded*.

δυσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) *hard to deal*  
*with*.

δυσ-ξύνετος, ον, (δυσ-, ξυνήμι) *hard to understand,*  
*obscure, enigmatical*.

δυσοδομία, ἡ, = δυσσομία. From

δύσ-οδος, ον, = δύσοσμος.

δυσοδο-παίπαλος, ον, (δύσοδος, παιπάλη) *rugged*  
*and steep*.

δύσ-οδος, ον, *hard to pass, scarce passable*.

δυσ-οίζω, *to be sad, anxious*: Med. *to be afraid*.  
 (From δυσ, and οἱ alas!, as οἰμῶζω from οἶμοι.)

δυσ-οίκητος, ον, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) *bad to dwell in*.

δύσ-οιμος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶμη) *with a bad path*.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶσω fut. of φέρω) *hard to bear,*  
*insufferable*.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, ον, *tempestuous*.

δυσ-όμιλος, ον, *with an ill company, bringing evils*  
*in one's train*.

δυσ-όμματος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄμμα) *scarce-seeing*.

δυσ-όρατος, ον, (δυσ-, ὁράω) *hard to see*.

δυσ-όρητος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργάω) = δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργή) *quick to anger*.

δύσ-ορμος, ον, *with bad anchorage*. II. *act.*

πνοαὶ δύσορμοι *gales that keep ships at anchor*.

δύσ-ορνις, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἔρνις) *boding ill*.

δυσ-όρφναιος, α, ον, (δυσ-, ἔρφνη) *dusky*.

δυσσομία, ἡ, *an ill smell, rankness*. From

δύσ-οσμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀσμή) *ill-smelling, stinking,*  
*rank*. II. *bad for scent*.

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, οὐρίζω) *driven on by a too*  
*favourable wind, prospering unhappily*.

δυσπαθίω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to suffer a hard fate, be in afflic-*  
*tion*. II. *to be impatient*, Lat. *aegre ferre*. From

δυσ-παθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάθος) *impatient of suffer-*  
*ing*. II. *bardly feeling, impassive*.

δυσ-πάλαιστος, ον, (δυσ-, παλαίω) *hard to wrestle*  
*with, hard to conquer*.

δυσ-πάλαμος, ον, (δυσ-, παλάμη) *hard to struggle*  
*with*. II. *bardly helping oneself, helpless*: Adv.

-μως.

δυσ-παλής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάλη) *hard to wrestle with*;  
 generally, *hard, difficult*.

δυσ-παράβλητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) *incom-*  
*parable*.

δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) *hard to*  
*persuade, stubborn*.

δυσ-παράθεικτος, ον, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) *hard to*  
*soothe or assuage*.

δυσ-παραίτητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) *hard to*  
*move by prayer, inexorable*.

δυσ-πάρεινος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, εὐνή) *ill-mated*.



δυσ-παρήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease.*  
 δυσ-πάρθενος, ἡ, an *unhappy maiden.*  
 Δύσ-πᾶρις, ἰδος, ὁ, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris:* cf. Αἰνόπαρις.  
 δυσ-πάριτος, ον, (δυσ-, πάριμι to pass by) *hard to pass.*  
 δυσ-πειθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *hardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn: ill-trained.*  
 δύσ-πειστος, ον, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient.* Adv., δυσπειστῶς ἔχειν to be *incredulous.*  
 δυσ-πέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near.*  
 δύσ-πεμπτος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away.*  
 δυσ-πέμφελος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) of the sea, *rough and stormy: metaph. rude, discourteous.*  
 δυσ-πενθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous.*  
 δυσ-περάτος, ον, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through.*  
 δυσ-πετής, ἐς, (δυσ-, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult.* Adv. δυσπετῶς, Ion. -έως, with *difficulty.*  
 δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil.*  
 δυσ-πίνης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πίνος) *squalid.*  
 δύσ-πλᾶνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery.*  
 δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοῖη, ἡ, *difficulty of sailing.* From  
 δύσ-πλοος, ον, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing.*  
 δύσ-πλωτος, ον, = δύσπλοος.  
 δύσπνοια, ἡ, *difficulty of breathing.* From  
 δύσ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant of breath, breathless.* II. *unfit to breathe.* III. πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι *contrary winds.*  
 δυσ-πολέμητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with.*  
 δυσ-πόλεμος, ον, *unlucky in war.*  
 δυσ-πολιόρκητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege.*  
 δυσ-πονής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome.*  
 δυσ-πόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned* II. *bringing toil and trouble.*  
 δύσ-πονός, ον, *toilsome, wearisome.*  
 δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass.*  
 δυσπορία, ἡ, *difficulty of passing.* From  
 δύσ-πορος, ον, *hard to pass, scarce passable.*  
 δύσ-ποτμος, ον, *unlucky, ill-starred.* Adv. δυσπότης, *miserably.*  
 δύσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πύτον) *hard to drink, unpalatable.*  
 δυσ-πράγιος, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δυσ-, πράγος) *to fare ill.*  
 δυσ-πραξία, ἡ, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck.*  
 δύσ-πράτος, ον, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) *hard to sell.*  
 δυσ-πρεπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly.*  
 δυσ-πρόσβατος, ον, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible.*

δυσ-πρόσιτος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσσιμι to approach) *hard to approach, difficult of access.*  
 δυσ-πρόσοδος, ον, *hard to get at.*  
 δυσ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose.*  
 δυσ-πρόσοπτος, ον, (δυσ-, προσόψομαι f. of προσεράω) *ill to look on: of ill aspect.*  
 δυσ-προσπέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) *hard to approach.*  
 δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) *of ill aspect.*  
 δύσ-ρίγος, ον, (δυσ-, ρίγος) *unable to bear cold.*  
 δυσσέβεια, ἡ, *impiety: a charge of impiety: and*  
 δυσσεβέω, ἡσώ, *to be impious: to act impiously.* From  
 δυσ-σεβής, ἐς, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious.*  
 δυσσεβία, ποῦτ. for δυσσέβεια.  
 δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σώζω) *hard to save, ruined,* Lat. *perditus:* τὰ δύσσοα *the rogues.*  
 δυσ-τάλας, αἶνα, ἄν, *very wicked, most miserable.*  
 δύστανος, ον, Dor. for δύστηνος.  
 δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture: dark and riddling.*  
 δύσ-τεκνος, ον, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children.*  
 δυσ-τερπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing.*  
 δύστηνος, ον, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.* II. like Lat. *miser, wretched, profligate.* (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched.*  
 δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τλήναι) *hard to endure.*  
 δυσ-τοκεύς, ἡσώ, ὁ, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) *an unhappy parent.*  
 δυστοκίω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to have a hard labour.* From  
 δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκεῖν) *bringing forth with pain.*  
 δυστομέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to speak evil of.* From  
 δύσ-στομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking.* II. of a horse, *hard-mouthed.*  
 δύσ-στονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable.*  
 δυσ-τόπαστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) *hard to guess.*  
 δυσ-στόχαστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon.*  
 δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on horrid food.*  
 δυσ-τράπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn: stubborn, unmanageable.* Adv. -λως, *awkwardly.*  
 δύσ-τροπος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct: stubborn, wayward.*  
 δυστυχίω, ἡ, ἡσώ: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχής): *to be unlucky, unhappy: of things, to fail.* Hence  
 δυστύχημα, ατος, τό, *a mischance, a failure.*  
 δυσ-τύχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate.* Adv. -χῶς. Hence  
 δυστυχία, ἡ, *ill luck, ill fortune.*  
 δυσ-ύποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ὑποίσω fut. of ὑποφέρω) *hard to endure.*  
 δύσ-φᾶμος, Dor. for δύσφημος.  
 δύσ-φᾶτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible, Lat. infandus.*  
 δυσφημέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δύσφημος) *to speak evil words:*

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of, blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, boding. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φιλής, ἐς, (δυσ-, φιλέω) hateful.

δυσφορέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δύσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. aegre ferre; to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ον, hard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμιγξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, ἡ, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δύσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppressive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφόρως

ἔχειν to be intolerable. II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δύσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) heavy in heart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, hostile. III.

senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep. II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χείμα) very wintry, stormy.

δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χειρώω) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρώω) hard to subdue.

δυσχεραίνω, fut. ἀνῶ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. aegre ferre: to be discontented, displeased. II.

to make a thing hard, to make difficulties; ῥήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ἡ, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble. 2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From

δυσ-χερής, ἐς, (δυσ-, χείρ) hard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons,

peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερῶς ἔχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχιμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχιμος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαινία, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing. From

δύσ-χλαινος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαῖνα) shabbily clad.

δύσ-χορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) hard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ἡ, (δυσ-, χῶρος) difficult ground.

δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὀζω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδινος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσωνέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, to beat down the price, cheapen. From

δυσ-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (δυσ-, ὠνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Αἴας.

δυσ-ωπείω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δυσ-, ὥψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be asbamed, shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρίομαι, ἡ, ἡσώμαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ὠρος):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ὥρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ον, ὁ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

ΔΥ'Ω or δύνω: fut. δύσω [ῶ]: aor. I act. ἔδῶσα:—

Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδύομην: fut. δύσομαι [ῶ]: aor.

I ἐδύσάμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσετο,

imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσόμενος used in pres. sense:

with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense,

aor. 2 ἔδυν, vs, υ, dual ἐδύτην [ῶ], pl. ἐδύμεν, ἐδύτε,

ἐδύσαν Ep. ἔδυν; imperat. δύνθι, δύντε, subj. δύω; opt.

δύνην or δύνην; inf. δύναι, part. δύν: pf. δέδυκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. I, δύσω, ἔδῶσα, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act.,

and in Med.: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself,

put on; metaph., εἰ μὴ σύ γε δύσεαι ἀλκήν if thou wilt

not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make

one's way into; δύναι κόλπον θαλάσσης to sink into

the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δύναι and δύσασθαι to

plunge into the fight; μνηστῆρας δύσασθαι to go in

among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; κά-

ματος γυῖα δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs;

κρατερὴ ἐλύσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. 4.

absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δύω-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δωδεκά-βοῖος, ον, (δωδεκα, βοῦς) worth twelve

bees.

δωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δωδεκα, δρᾶμιν) running

twelve courses.

δωδεκά-μηνος, ος, (δωδεκα, μήν) twelve months

old.

δωδεκά-μοῖρος, ον, (δωδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into

twelve parts.

δωδεκαταῖος, ον, twelve days old.

δωδέκατος, ον, poet. for δωδέκατος.

δωκαιεικοσί-μετρος, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον)

holding two-and-twenty measures.

δωκαιεικοσί-πηχυς, υ, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, πήχυς)

twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocopate form for δῶμα, only in nom.

and acc. Also as plur. for δῶματα.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δύο, δέκα) twelve, Lat. duodecim.

δωδεκά-γναμπος, ον, (δῶδεκα, γνάμπτω) bent twelve

times; δωδεκάγναμπτον τέρμα the post that has been

doubled twelve times.

δωδεκά-αρχος, ὁ, (δῶδεκα, ἄρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-δωρος, ον, (δῶδεκα, δῶρον II) twelve palms

long.

δωδεκ-ἀεθλος, ον, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (δῶδεκα, ἔτος) of twelve years:—

but, δωδεκαέτης, ον, ὁ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δῶδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουνος, ον, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίος, ον, (δῶδεκα, λίον) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μηνος, ον, (δῶδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.



δωδεκα-μήχανος, ον, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts.*

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with twelve children.*

δωδεκά-πάλαι, Adv. *twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.*

δωδεκά-πηχυς, υ, *twelve cubits long.*

δωδεκά-πολις, ι, gen. ιος, *formed of twelve united states.*

δωδεκ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, = δωδέκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δώδεκα) *the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.*

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, ον, *twelve-oared.*

δωδεκά-σκῦτος, ον, *made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.*

δωδεκαταῖος, α, ον, *on the twelfth day. From*

δωδέκατος, η, ον, (δώδεκα) *the twelfth.*

δωδεκά-φυλος, ον, (δώδεκα, φυλή) *of twelve tribes: τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.*

δωδεκ-έτης, ου, ὁ, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) *twelve years old;*

fem. δωδεκ-έτις, ιδος, ἡ.

Δωδώνη, ἡ, *Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.*

δώη, δώησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶην, Ep. for δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δῶκα, Ep. for ἔδωκα, aor. 1 of δίδωμι.

δῶλος, Dor. for δοῦλος.

δῶμα, ατος τό, (δέμω) *a house, dwelling. II. a part of the house, a chamber, room. III. a house, bousebold.*

δωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δῶμα.

δωματίτης, ου, ὁ: fem. -ίτις, ιδος, ἡ: (δῶμα): *of, belonging to the house or household.*

δωματο-φθορέω, f. ἤσω, (δῶμα, φθείρω) *to ruin house and home.*

δωματούω, f. ὠσω, (δῶμα) *to house.*

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, Dep., (δέμω) *to build.*

δῶναξ, Dor. for δούναξ, δοῦναξ.

δῶομεν, Ep. for δῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δωρεά, Ion. -εή, ἡ, *a gift, present:—Acc. δωρεάν used as Adv., as a free gift, freely, Lat. gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain. From*

δωρέω, f. ἤσω: or δωρέομαι, Dep., f. ἤσομαι:—*to give, present: to present one with, Lat. dono. Hence*

δῶρημα, ατος τό, *that which is given, a gift.*

δωρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (δωρέω) *open to gifts or presents, to be appeased by gifts. II. freely given.*

Δωριάζω, f. ἄσω, = Δωρίζω.

Δωριεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (Δῶρος) *a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.*

Δωρίζω Dor. -ισδω: f. ισω: (Δῶρος):—*to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3. to dress like a Dorian girl.*

Δωρικός, ἡ, ὄν, and Δῶριος, α, ον, (Δῶρος) *Doric, Dorian.*

Δωρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (Δῶρος) fem. Adj. *Dorian:*

(sub. γῆ) *the Dorian land, i.e. Peloponnesus.*

(sub. κοπίς) *a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.*

Δωρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσδω, Dor. for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) Adv. *in Dorian fashion.*

δωροδοκέω, f. ἤσω, (δωροδύκος) *to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—Pass. to have a bribe given one: c. acc. to receive as a bribe. Hence*

δωροδόκημα, ατος τό, *a bribe.*

δωροδοκηστί, Adv. (δωροδοκέω) *in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.*

δωροδοκία, ἡ, (δωροδοκέω) *a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.*

δωρο-δόκος, ον, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) *taking presents or bribes.*

δωρο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) *a giver of presents.*

δῶρον, τό, (δίδωμι) *a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods. II. the breadth of the hand, the palm.*

δωρο-φάγος, ον, (δῶρον, φάγειν) *devouring gifts, greedy of presents.*

δωροφορέω, f. ἤσω, *to bring presents or bribes. From*

δωρο-φόρος, ον, (δῶρον, φέρω) *bringing presents: hence tributary.*

δωρύττομαι, Dor. for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, ἡ, Lat. dos, = δύσις, only in nom.

δωσείω, Desiderat. of δίδωμι, *to be ready to give.*

δωσίμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of δίδωμι.

δῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι.

δῶσί-δικος, ον, (δίδωμι, δίκη) *giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.*

δῶσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

δωσῶν, Dor. for δῶσαν, fut. act. part. of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δίδωμι) *a giver.*

δῶτης, ου, ὁ, = δωτήρ.

δωτῖνάζω, f. ἄσω, *to receive presents. From*

δωτίνη, ἡ, (δίδωμι) *a gift, present: acc. δωτίνην as Adv., as a free gift, freely, like δωρεάν. [i]*

δῶτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = δωτήρ.

δῶω, Ep. for δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

## E

Ε, ε, called ἑ ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral ε' = πέντε and πέμπτος, ε = 5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to represent long e, the Gramm. introduced the name of ἑ ψιλόν, ε without the aspirate, because Ε was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ἔ, bim-, ber-, or it-self, Lat. se, acc. sing. and plur. reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer Ep. form is ἔε, never enclitic. II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν,

αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it. See οὐ, Lat. sui.

ἔα, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: Lat. uab!

ἔα, for εἶα, 3 sing. impf. of εἶω.

ἔα, Ion. for ἤν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐᾶ, lengthd. Ep. εἶα, 3 sing. pres. of εἶω.

ἐᾶν, lengthd. Ep. inf. of εἶω.

ἐᾶγα, pf. of ἄγνυμι with pass. sense.

ἐᾶγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἄγνυμι.

ἐᾶδα, pf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶλη or ἐᾶλη [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω.

ἐᾶλωκα [ᾶ], pf., ἐᾶλων [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἐᾶν, Conj. (properly εἰ ἂν), *if haply, if so be that, in case that*, followed by Subjunctive, whereas εἰ is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it εἰ κε or αἰ κε: the Att. contract it into ἦν and ἂν. II.

with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; σκόπει ἐὰν ἱκανὸν ᾖ *see if or whether it be enough*. III. ἐὰν καὶ *even if, granting that*;

ἐὰν μὴ *if not, except, unless*; ἐὰν ἄρα μὴ *if perhaps not*.

IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐᾶν stands for ἂν; *ὅς ἐᾶν whosoever*; *ὅπου ἐᾶν wheresoever*; but only in very late writers.

ἐᾶνόν, τό, v. sq.

ἐᾶνός, ἡ, όν, (ἐννῦμι) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; ἐᾶνός κασσίτερος *tin beat out thin and made fit for wear*. II. as Subst., ἐᾶνόν (sub. εἶμα or ἱμάτιον), τό, *a rich state-robe*.

ἐᾶξα for ἦξα, aor. 1 of ἄγνυμι.

ἜΑΡ, ἔαρος, τό; Ep. εἶαρ, εἶαρος; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος; —Lat. *VER, spring*; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο *in early spring*; metaph. of *anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing*; γενύων ἔαρ *the first down on the chin*.

ἐαρί-δρεπτος, όν, (ἐαρ, δρέπω) *plucked in spring*.

ἐαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐαρ) *to pass the spring*.

ἐαρινός Ep. εἰαρινός Att. ἡρινός, ἡ, όν: (ἐαρ): Lat. *vernus, of or belonging to spring*.

ἐαρο-τρεφής, ές, (ἐαρ, τρέφω) *spring-nurtured*.

ἔας, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔασα, Ep. aor. 1 of εἶω.

ἔασι, Ep. for εἰσί, 3 plur. of εἰμί sum.

ἔασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.

ἔαται, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.

ἔατε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐᾶτέος, α, όν, verb. Adj. of εἶω, *to be suffered: to be let alone*.

ἔατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἐ-αυτοῦ, ἡς, οὔ, pl. ἐαυτῶν, etc.; Ion. ἐωυτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἐ, q. v., αὐτοῦ):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., *of himself, herself, itself, etc.*, used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἐᾶφθῃ, Ep. for ἦφθῃ, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of ἄπτω.

ἘΑΨ, contr. ἐῶ, Ep. εἶω: impf. εἶων, Ep. without augm. ἔων: fut. ἐάσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 εἶᾶσα, Ep. ἔᾶσα: pf. εἶᾶκα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, ἐάσομαι: pf. εἶᾶμαι. *To let, suffer, allow, permit: with notion of carelessness, to leave alone*. II. *to let go, let alone, let be: heed not*.

2. *to let alone, let be*; θεὸς τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐᾶσει *he will give one thing, the other he will let alone, i. e. not give*; ἐᾶν χαίρειν *to*

*let alone*. III. Med., ἐᾶσθαί τινί τι *to give up a thing to another*.

ἐᾶων, Ep. for ἐᾶων, gen. pl. of ἐᾶς.

ἐβαλον, aor. 2 of βάλλω.

ἐβᾶν, Ep. for ἐβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἐβάσκηνα, ἐβασκάνθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βασκαίνω.

ἐβάστασα, ἐβάσταξα, aor. 1 of βαστάζω.

ἐβάφθην, ἐβάφην [ᾶ], aor. 1 and 2 of βάπτω.

ἐβδομ-ᾠγέτης, όν, ό, (ἐβδόμη, ἄγω) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month.

ἐβδομαῖος, α, όν, (ἐβδομος) *on the seventh day*.

ἐβδομάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a number of seven*.

ἐβδόματος, όν, (ἐβδομος) *the seventh*.

ἐβδομήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (ἐπτὰ) indecl. *seventy*.

ἐβδομηκοντα-ἕξ, *seventy-six*.

ἐβδομος, η, όν, (ἐπτὰ) *the seventh*. II. ἡ ἐβδόμη (ἡμέρα), *the seventh day of the month*.

ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

ἐβεβλήκειν, ἐβεβλήμην, plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

ἐβένινος, η, όν, *of ebony*. From

ἜΒΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, *the ebony-tree, ebony*.

ἐβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἐβηξα, aor. 1 of βήσσω.

ἐβησα, causal aor. 1 of βαίνω.

ἐβήσετο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, aor. 1 med. of βαίνω.

ἐβιάσάμην, ἐβιάσθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of βιάζω.

ἐβιήθην, aor. 1 pass. of βιάω.

ἐβίων, aor. 2 of βιύω.

ἐβιώσαο, 2 sing. aor. 1 of βιώσκομαι.

ἐβλαβεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλάστηκα, pf. of βλάστανω.

ἐβλάστησα, ἐβλαστον, aor. 1 and 2 of βλαστάνω.

ἐβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

ἐβλίσα, aor. 1 of βλίσσω.

ἐβλύσα, aor. 1 of βλύζω, but ἐβλύσα of βλύω.

ἐβούλευσα, ἐβουλεύθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

ἐβουλήθην, ἐβουλόμην, aor. 1 and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἙΒΡΑΪΟΣ, a Hebrew: Ἑβραῖς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (sub. διάλεκτος), *the Hebrew dialect*. Hence

Ἑβραϊστί, Adv. *in the Hebrew tongue*.

ἐβράσα, ἐβράσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βράσσω.

ἐβράχε, see βράχω.

ἐβράχην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.

ἐβρέξα, ἐβρέχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βρέχω.

ἐβριξα, aor. 1 of βρίζω.

ἐβρίσα, aor. 1 of βρίθω.

ἐβρύχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [ῦ].

ἐβρώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἐβρων, aor. 2 of βιβρώσκω.

ἐβρωσα, ἐβρώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἐβύσα, ἐβύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βύω.



ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, aor. I of βοάω.  
 ἔγ-γαιος, α, ον, also ἔγ-γειος, ον, (ἐν, γῇ) in or of the land, native. II. of property, in land, consisting of land. III. in or beneath the earth, like χθόνιος.

ἔγ-γέδα, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.  
 ἐγγέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.  
 ἐγγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.  
 ἐγγεγύηκα, -ημαι, see ἐγγυάω.  
 ἔγ-γείωνται, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of \*ἐγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

ἔγ-γειος, see ἔγγαιος.  
 ἐγγελάστης, ον, ὁ, a mocker, scorner. From ἔγ-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω:—to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.  
 ἔγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγγενεῖς θεοὶ gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἔγ-γηράσκω, fut. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old in a place.  
 ἔγ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίνομαι: (ἐν, γίγνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among. II. to intervene, pass. III. ἔγ-γίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἐξεστί.

ἔγγιζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐγγύς) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at hand.  
 ἔγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίγνομαι.  
 ἐγγίων, ον, Comp., and ἐγγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἔγγυς.

ἔγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκύς) to have a sweet taste.  
 ἔγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.  
 ἔγ-γλωττο-τύπew, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, γλωττω, τύπτω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.  
 ἔγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.

ἔγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἐγγεγραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

ἔγ-γυαλίζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυάλιξα: (ἐν, γυαλον):—to put into one's bands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἐγγυάω, impf. ἡγγυάν: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἡγγύησα: pf. ἡγγύηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγγυήθη: pf. ἡγγυήμαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγυάν, ἐνεγύησα, ἐγγεγύηκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἔγ-γύη, ἡ, (ἐν, γυῖον or γυαλον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail.  
 ἐγγυητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγγυάω) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐγγυάω) plighted, betrothed.  
 ἐγγύθεν, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at hand, bard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at hand.

ἐγγύθι, (ἐγγύς) Adv. bard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at hand.

ἔγ-γυός, ον, (ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail. II. as Subst., = ἐγγυητής, a surety.

ἔΓΓΥΣ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at hand, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at hand. III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίαν, ον, and ἐγγύτερος, α, ον; Adv. ἐγγύτερω, nearer:—Sup. ἐγγιστος and ἐγγύτατος; Adv. ἐγγιστα and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίαν.

ἔγ-γώνιος, ον, (ἐν, γωνία) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.

ἐγδούπησα, Ep. for ἐδούπησα, aor. I of δουπέω.

ἐγέγωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γεγώνω: see γέγωνα.

ἐγεγώνειν, plqpf. of γέγωνα.

ἐγεγώνουν, impf. of γεγώνω: see γέγωνα.

ἐγεινάμην, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget.

ἐγεγόνει and ἐγεγένητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι.

ἔΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἐγερῶ: aor. ἤγειρα: pf. ἐγήγερκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤγέρθη Ep. 3 pl. ἐγερθεν: pf. ἐγήγερμαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἐγρετο, ἐγρηγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:—metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἐγίλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω.

ἔγεντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

ἐγέρηρα, aor. I of γεραίρω.

ἐγερθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγερσί-γελως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλως) laughter-stirring.

ἐγερσι-θέατρος, ον, (ἐγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.

ἐγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, ὁ: fem. ἐγερσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.

ἐγερσιμος, ον, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγερσιμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἐγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.

ἐγερσι-φάης, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.

ἐγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγηγέρατο, Ion. for ἐγηγεγμένον ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγήγερκα, ἐγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

ἐγήρᾱσα, aor. I of γηράσκω.

ἐγήρῳσα, aor. I of γηρύω.

ἐγ-καθαρμοῶ, f. ὅσω, to fit in.

ἐγ-καθίζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθετος, ον, (ἐγκαθήμι) suborned.

ἐγ-καθηβάω, f. ἦσω, to pass one's youth in.

ἐγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.

ἐγ-καθιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to set up in.

ἐγ-καθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to seat in or upon. II. intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on.  
 ἐγ-καθίημι, f. ἤσω, to let down into, send in.  
 ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in. II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκατέστην; pf. ἐγκαθέστηκα; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν: to be placed or established in.  
 ἐγ-καθορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to bring into harbour: Med. to run into harbour.  
 ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to riot to excess in a thing.  
 ἐγ-καίνια, τά, (ἐν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence  
 ἐγκαινίζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.  
 ἐγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or heat in. II. to make a fire in.  
 ἐγ-καλέω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω: pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to call in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure.  
 ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence  
 ἐγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration.  
 ἐγκαλυμμός, ό, a wrapping up. From  
 ἐγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:—Med. to bide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be ashamed.  
 ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.  
 ἐγ-κἀνάσσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in; aor. I imperat. ἐγκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)  
 ἐγ-κἀνἀχάομαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.  
 ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω: pf. ἐγκέκῃφα:—to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt.  
 ἐγ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.  
 ἐγ-κάρσιος, α, ον, cross, transverse, oblique.  
 ἐγ-καρτερίω, f. ἤσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.  
 ἐγκᾶτα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels: dat. ἐγκασί.  
 ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in.  
 ἐξ-καταγηράσκω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: to grow old in.  
 ἐγ-καταδίδω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.  
 ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.  
 ἐγ-καταξεύννυμι, f. -ξεύω, to associate with, adapt.  
 ἐγκατάθοιτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι.  
 ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.  
 ἐγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place:—Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.  
 ἐγ-κατακοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.  
 ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; ἐγκατακρούειν χορείαν to tread a measure or dance among.  
 ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.  
 ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a wall. II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.  
 ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:—Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and holding fast: a being caught in a place.  
 ἐγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix up in.  
 ἐγ-καταπήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into: to fix in.  
 ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon.  
 ἐγ-καταπλέκω, f. -πλέξω, to interweave, entwine.  
 ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.  
 ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to hurl down upon.  
 ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.  
 ἐγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:—Med., τελαμῶνα ἐπ' ἐγκάτθετο τέχνη be included the sword-belt in his art, i. e. wrought it by his art.  
 ἐγ-καταχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in besides.  
 ἐγκατελέγην, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.  
 ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.  
 ἐγκατέπηξα, aor. I of ἐγκαταπήγνυμι.  
 ἐγκάτθεο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and ἐγκάτθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of ἐγκατατίθημι.  
 ἐγ-κατιλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.  
 ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell in.  
 ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immure.  
 ἐγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack: to be vehement against: to press one hard. 2. to be devoted to.  
 ἐγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρῃ with shorn head.  
 ἐγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκαίω.  
 ἐγκέκῃφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτω.  
 ἐγκέκληκα, pf. of ἐγκαλέω.  
 ἐγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.  
 ἐγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.  
 ἐγκέκτημαι, pf. of ἐγκτάομαι.  
 ἐγκεκύκλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκυκλόω.  
 ἐγκέλευμα οἱ -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.  
 ἐγκέλευστος, ον, urged on, bidden, ordered. From  
 ἐγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.  
 ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.  
 ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting; a spur.  
 ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. -κεράσω [ᾱ]: (ἐν, κεράννυμι): to mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.  
 ἐγ-κερτομέω, f. ἤσω, to mock at.  
 ἐγ-κέφαλος, ον, (ἐν, κεφαλή) within the head; ό ἐγ-κέφαλος (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the edible pith of young palm-shoots.  
 ἐγκεχαλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχαλινώω.  
 ἐγκέχοδα, pf. of ἐγχέξω.  
 ἐγκεχρημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχράω.  
 ἐγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχέω.  
 ἐγ-κίθαρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the harp among.  
 ἐγ-κίρνημι, = ἐγκεράννυμι.



ἐγ-κλείω, f. σω, to shut in, confine within.  
to shut to, shut fast.

ἐγκληθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκαλέω.

ἐγ-κλητῶ, Ion. for ἐγκλείω.

ἐγ-κλημα, ατος, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.

ἐγκλήμων, μονος, ὁ, (ἐγκαλέω) censorious.

ἐγ-κληρος, ον, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heiress.

ἐγ-κλήω, Att. for ἐγκλείω: aor. I part. ἐγκλήσας.

ἐγ-κλιδόν, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant.

ἐγ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλιτα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari.

ἐγ-κοιλαίνω, f. ἄνω, to hollow out, scoop out.

ἐγ-κοίλος, ον, (ἐν, κοίλος) hollowed out, hollow.

ἐγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἴσομαι, to sleep in.

ἐγ-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.

ἐγ-κοισυρόω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, Κοισύρα) hence perf. part. pass. ἐγκεκοισυρωμένη, as luxurious as Coesura (a female name in the Alcmaeonid family).

ἐγ-κοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.

ἐγ-κολληβάζω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος, swallow.

ἐγ-κονέω, f. ἴσω, to hasten, be quick and active.

Hence

ἐγ-κονητί, Adv. in haste, diligently.

ἐγ-κονίομαι, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.

ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a binderance.

ἐγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.

ἐγκοπος, ον, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.

ἐγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to binder, weary.

ἐγ-κορδύλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένος.

ἐγ-κοσμέω, f. ἴσω, to arrange in order.

ἐγκοτέω, f. ἴσω, to be indignant at. From

ἐγ-κοτος, ον, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. ἐγκοτος is also found, like κότος,

as Subst., a grudge, hatred.

ἐγ-κράζω, f. -κράζομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκρᾶγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.

ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. continentia: and

ἐγκρατεύομαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From

ἐγ-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm hold: stout, strong. II. having the mastery over, having possession of. 2. having control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.

ἐγκρατῶς, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly: temperately.

ἐγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.

ἐγκροτέοισαι, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of

ἐγ-κροτέω, f. ἴσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

beat or keep time:—Pass., πνγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.

ἐγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.

ἐγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.

ἐγκρύφιαζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐγκρύφιος) to keep oneself bidden: to act underhand.

ἐγκρυφιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From

ἐγκρύφιος, ον, (ἐγκρύπτω) bidden in.

ἐγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐκκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence

ἐκκτήμα, ατος, τό, property held in a foreign country.

ἐκκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.

ἐγ-κύκᾶω, f. ἴσω, to mix up in.

ἐγ-κύκλιος, ον, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II.

revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.

ἐγ-κυκλος, ον, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.

ἐγ-κυκλόω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.

ἐγ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, κύμα π) pregnant.

ἐγ-κύος, ον, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμων.

ἐγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into.

ἐγ-κύρω, impf. ἐνέκυρον: fut. ἐγκύρω: aor. I ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.

ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγ-κύρω.

ἐγκῦτα, τά, Lacon. of ἐγκατα.

ἐγ-κωμιάζω, fut. ἄσω and ἄσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμίακα:

—Pass., aor. I ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμιον):—to praise, laud.

ἐγκώμιον, τό, see ἐγκώμιος II. 2.

ἐγ-κώμιος, ον, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village. II. (ἐν, κῶμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἔπος),

τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.

ἐγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

ἐγνῶκα, ἐγνώσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γινώσκω.

ἐγνων, ως, ω, aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

ἐγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γινώσκω.

ἐγ-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to scrape.

ἐγράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.

ἐγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.

ἐγρε-κύδοιμος, ον, (ἐγείρω, κύδοιμος) strife-stirring.

ἐγρε-μάχης, ον, ὁ, and ἐγρέ-μάχος, η, ον, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.

ἐγρεσί-κωμος, ον, (ἐγείρω, κῶμος) stirring up to revelry.

ἐγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; imperat.

ἐγρεο; 3 sing. subj. ἐγρη; inf. ἐγρέσθαι.

ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορώς, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρήγορθε (Ep.

for ἐγρηγόρατε), inf. ἐγρηγόρῃ (Ep. for ἐγρηγορέ-  
ναι):—plqpf. ἐγρηγόρη, 3 sing. ἐγρηγόρει. Homer  
uses the Ep. form ἐγρηγόρα in 3 pl. ἐγρηγόρασι.

ἐγρηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐγρηγοράω,  
formed from ἐγρηγόρα, watching, awake.

ἐγρηγορτί, (ἐγρηγόρα) Adv. wakefully, awake.

ἐγρησσω, from ἐγρηγόρα, to be awake or watchful.

ἐγροίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγ-χάλλινόνω, f. ὦσω, to put the bit in the mouth of,  
bold in check:—Pass. to have the bit in one's mouth.

ἐγχανεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανῇ, 3  
sing. aor. 2 subj.

ἐγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = χαρίζομαι.

ἐγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from \*ἐγ-χαίνω), fut.  
ἐγχανοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-ἐχᾶνον, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—to  
gape or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

ἐγ-χέζω, f. -χέσω also -χεσοῦμαι: pf. ἐγκέχοδα:—  
Lat. incaco: c. acc. to be in a horrid fright at one.

ἐγχειάων, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγχείη.

ἐγχει-βρόμος, ον, (ἐγχος, βρέμω) thundering with  
the spear.

ἐγχείη, ἡ, (ἐγχος) a spear, lance.

ἐγχείη, Ep. for ἐγχείη, 3 sing. subj. of ἐγχείω.

ἐγχει-κέραυνος, ον, (ἐγχος, κεραυνός) touching the  
thunderbolt.

ἐγ-χειρέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 1 ἐνεχειρήσα: (ἐν, χεῖρ):—  
to take in hand, undertake. Hence

ἐγχειρήμα, ατος, τό, an undertaking: and

ἐγχειρήσις, εως, ἡ, a taking in hand, an undertaking.

ἐγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐγχειρέω, one must un-  
dertake.

ἐγχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγχειρέω) one who takes in hand:  
an adventurer.

ἐγχειρητικός, ἡ, ὁν, (ἐγχειρέω) enterprising.

ἐγ-χειρίδιος, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ) in the band. II. as

Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, τό, a band-knife, dagger. 2.

a manual, band-book.

ἐγ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) to put into one's  
hands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. to take in  
band, take on oneself.

ἐγ-χειρί-θετος, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) put or delivered  
into one's hands.

ἐγ-χείω, Ep. for ἐγχείω.

ἐγχέλειον, τό, Dim. of ἐγχελευς, a little eel.

ἐγχέλειος, ον, (ἐγχελευς) of an eel.

\*ΕΓΧΕΛΥΣ, υος, ἡ: pl. ἐγχέλυες, Att. ἐγχέλειες,  
εων:—an eel, Lat. anguilla:— proverb., ἐγχέλειες θη-  
ρᾶσθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

ἐγχεσί-μωρος, ον, fighting with the spear. (Deriv.  
uncertain.)

ἐγχεσ-πᾶλος, ον, (ἐγχος, πᾶλλω) spear-brandishing.

ἐγχεσ-φόρος, ον, (ἐγχος, φέρω) spear-bearing.

ἐγχεύντα, Dor. for ἐγχεόντα, part. pr. of ἐγχείω.

ἐγ-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. 1 ἐνέχεα, Ep. ἐνέχευα: Pass.,  
pf. ἐγκέχυμαι:—to pour in:—Med. to pour or flow  
in, be poured in. II. to fill by pouring in; ἐγχεῖαι

κητήρα to fill the bowl.

ἐγ-χθόνιος, ον, (ἐν, χθών) in or of the country, Lat.  
indigena.

\*ΕΓΧΟΣ, τό, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts,  
αἰχμή and δόρυ, head and shaft. II. generally,

a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—metaph., φροντίδος  
ἐγχος weapon of thought.

ἐγχουσα, ἡ, = ἀγχουσα, q. v.

ἐγ-χραίνω, = sq.

ἐγ-χράω and ἐγ-χραύω, to dash against; ἐνέχραεν  
ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκῆπτρον he dashed his staff in his  
face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρὸς τινὰς καὶ  
ἄλλους ἐγκεχρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) there were wars  
urged on against others also.

ἐγ-χρέμτομαι, Dep. to expectorate.

ἐγ-χρήζω, to want, have need; τὰ ἐγχρήζοντα ne-  
cessaries.

ἐγ-χρίμπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἐνέχριμψα part. ἐγχρίμ-  
ψας:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐνεχρίμψην part. ἐγχρίμψεις:

—to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγ-  
χρίμπτεν τὴν βάρην τῇ γῇ to bring the boat to land:

absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to  
attack, press hard. II. also intr. both in Act.

and in Pass., to fall upon, attack, pursue.

ἐγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of ἐγχρίμπτω.

ἐγχριστός, ον, applied as an unguent. From

ἐγ-χρίω, to rub in, to anoint. II. like ἐγχρίμπτω,  
to attack, assail.

ἐγ-χρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—to be  
long about a thing, tarry, delay.

ἐγ-χυτρίζω, f. σω, to expose in a pan or pot.

ἐγ-χωρέω, f. ἥσω, to give room for doing a thing:  
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2.

impers. ἐγχαρεῖ, it is possible or permitted; ἔτι ἐγ-  
χαρεῖ there is yet time.

ἐγ-χώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐν, χώρα) in or be-  
longing to the country.

ἐγ-χωρος, ον, = ἐγχώριος.

\*ΕΓΩ, Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron.  
of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:

—strengthd. by compos. with enclit. γε, ἐγωγε, Lat.  
equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and

ἐγώνγα: Boeot. ἰώνγα or ἰώγα:—gen. \*ΕΜΟΥ, en-  
clit. ΜΟΥ, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῦ, μεν,

Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῖς;  
Boeot. ἐμοῦς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοι; Dor. ἐμίν:—

Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep.  
νῶϊ, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶϊν. Plur.,

nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion.  
and Ep. ἡμέων, Ep. also ἡμείων, Dor. ἄμείων, Aeol.

ἄμμεων:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμιν or ἡμίν [ῖ], Dor. ἄμιν,  
ἄμμι, Aeol. ἄμμέσι:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and

Aeol. ἄμμε, Dor. ἄμέ.

ἐγώγα, Dor. for ἐγωγε.

ἐγῶδα, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶδα.

ἐγῶμαι, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶμαι.

ἐγών, ἐγώνγα, Dor. for ἐγὼ, ἐγωγε.

ἔδαιν, ἡς, ἡ, aor. 2 of ΔΑΝ.

ἔδαισα, -άμην, aor. 1 act. and med. of δαίνυμι.



ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκνω.  
 ἑδάμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.  
 ἑδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.  
 ἑδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδεῖν) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable*  
 or *excellent*.  
 ἑδάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of δείρω.  
 ἑδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.  
 ἑδαρκον, metath. for ἑδράκον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.  
 ἑδασάμην, aor. 1 of δατέομαι.  
 ἑδαφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make level: to level with  
 the earth. From  
 ἑδαφος, εὐς, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the  
 ground: ἑδαφος νηὸς the bottom or bold of a ship:  
 also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From  
 the same root as δάπ-εδον, τάπ-ης.)  
 ἑδδισα, Ep. for ἑδδισα, aor. 1 of δείδω.  
 ἑδέγγην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.  
 ἑδέδατο, Ion. for ἑδέδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.  
 ἑδέγγην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.  
 ἑδέδην, plqpf. of δέω, to bind.  
 ἑδέδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δείδω.  
 ἑδέδμητο Ion. 3 plur., and ἑδέδμητο 3 sing., plqpf.  
 pass. of δέμω.  
 ἑδέδοικεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δείδω.  
 ἑδέδομην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι.  
 ἑδέδωκεν, plqpf. of δίδωμι.  
 ἑδέθη, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.  
 ἑδέθη, aor. 1 of δέω, to want.  
 ἑδέθη, aor. 1 pass. of δέω, to bind.  
 ἑδεῖδα, aor. 1 of δείδω.  
 ἑδεῖδμεν, -ισαν, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plqpf. of δείδω.  
 ἑδεῖμα, aor. 1 of δέμω.  
 ἑδεῖσα, aor. 1 of δέκνυμι.  
 ἑδεῖρα, aor. 1 of δέρω.  
 ἑδεκτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.  
 ἑδέμεν, Ep. for ἑδεῖν, inf. of ἔδω.  
 ἑδεξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἑδεῖσα, -άμην, aor. 1 act. and  
 med. of δέκνυμι; but ἑδεξάμην also aor. 1 of δέχομαι.  
 ἑδεσμα, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) *food, meat, a dish*.  
 ἑδιστής, οὐ, ὅ, (ἔδω) *an eater, devourer*.  
 ἑδιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *to be eaten, eatable*.  
 eaten: consumed.  
 ἑεύησει, aor. 1 of δέω, to need.  
 ἑήδεσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐσθίω.  
 ἑήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω.  
 ἑήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.  
 ἑήδως, pf. part. of ἔδω.  
 ἑήδουν, Att. ἑήδουν, impf. of δηῖω.  
 ἑήθη, aor. 1 of δέω, to bind: also Ep. aor. 1 of δέω,  
 to want.  
 ἑήτης, ὅς, ἡ, (ἔδω) *meat, food*. [ῥ]  
 ἑήθη, aor. 1 pass. of δάκνω.  
 ἑήθησα, ἑήθηθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δηῖω.  
 ἑήθησα, aor. 1 of δαιτάω.  
 ἑήθησα, poet. ἑήθησκησα, aor. 1 of διδάσκω.  
 ἑήδουν, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδύω.  
 ἑήθημην, impf. of δίζημαι.  
 ἑήθηνα, aor. 1 of δαίνω.

ἑδικον, v. δικεῖν.  
 ἑδίνευσα, ἑδίνησα, aor. 1 of δινεύω, δινέω.  
 ἑδίψησα, aor. 1 of διψάω.  
 ἑδίωξα, ἑδίωχθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διώκω.  
 ἑδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.  
 ἑδμήθη, aor. 1 pass. of δαμάω.  
 ἑδνάομαι, Dep. = ἑδνύω. From  
 "ΕΔΝΑ, Ep. ἑδνα, τά, nuptial gifts, 1. from  
 the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the  
 bride's father. 3. a portion or dowry, given to  
 the bride by her parents, also φέρνη or προίξ. 4.  
 wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests.  
 Hence  
 ἑδνύω, f. ὥσω, to promise or betroth for presents.  
 Hence  
 ἑδνωτής Ep. ἑδνωτής, οὐ, ὅ, a betrother, of a father  
 who portions a bride.  
 ἑδόθη, aor. 1 pass. of δίδωμι.  
 ἑδοκεῖμεν, Dor. for ἑδοκούμεν, 1 pl. impf. of δοκέω.  
 ἑδόκησα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.  
 ἑδοκίμασα, ἑδοκιμάσθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of  
 δοκιμάζω.  
 ἑδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω.  
 ἑδομεν, ἑδοτε, ἑδοσαν (Dor. ἑδον), aor. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.  
 ἑδοντι, Dor. for ἑδουσι.  
 ἑδοξα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.  
 ἑδοξώθη, aor. 1 pass. of δοξάω.  
 ἑδος, εὐς, τό, (ἕζομαι) a thing to sit on, a seat. 2.  
 a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. a foundation, base,  
 the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. II. the  
 act of sitting; οὐχ ἑδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still.  
 ἑδοῦμαι, fut. of ἕζομαι.  
 ἑδρα Ep. and Ion. ἑδρη, ἡ, (ἕζομαι) any seat, a chair,  
 bench, etc. 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a  
 temple, altar. 3. a foundation, base. II. a  
 sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay; οὐκ ἑδρας  
 ἀκμή it is not the season for sitting still. 2. a  
 sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament.  
 ἑδραθον, poet. for ἑδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.  
 ἑδραῖος, α, ον, (ἑδρα) sitting, sedentary. II.  
 steadfast, firm, constant.  
 ἑδραιώω, f. ὥσω, = ἑδριάω. Hence  
 ἑδραιώμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base.  
 ἑδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.  
 ἑδράκον, ἑδράκην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι.  
 ἑδράμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω.  
 ἑδρᾶν, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.  
 ἑδρᾶνον, τό, (ἑδρα) a seat, abode, dwelling.  
 ἑδρᾶσα, aor. 1 of δράω.  
 ἑδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἑδρα.  
 ἑδρησα, Ion. for ἑδρᾶσα, aor. 1 of δράω.  
 ἑδριάομαι, Pass. (ἑδρα) to sit: Ep. inf. ἑδριάσθαι;  
 Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἑδρίαοντο.  
 ἑδρο-στροφος, ὅ, (ἑδρα, στρέφω) a wrestler who  
 throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.  
 ἑδρυσα, ἑδρύθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δρύπτω.  
 ἑδύν, 1 sing. aor. 2 of δύω; but also Ep. for ἑδυσαν,  
 3 pl. of same tense.

ἐδυνάσθην or -ήθην, aor. I of δύναιμι.  
 ἐδυνάετο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναιμι.  
 ἐδύσεο, -ετο, Ep. for ἐδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.  
 ἐδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχεῖω.  
 ἔδω, Ion. impf. ἔδεσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἔδωκα, pass. ἔδωμαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἐσθίω:—to eat, devour: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence  
 ἔδωδῃ, ἡ, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence  
 ἔδωδιμος, ον, eatable: τὰ ἔδωδιμα provisions.  
 ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.  
 ἔδωλιον, τό, (ἔδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. II. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. *trahstrum*.  
 ἔε, poet. for εἰ, him, acc. of οὗ.  
 ἔεδνα, ἔεδνόω, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔδνα, ἔδνώω, -ωτής.  
 εἶδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι, Med. of εἶδω.  
 εἰκοσά-βοιος, εἰκοσι, εἰκόσορος, εἰκοστός, Ep. for εἰκ-.  
 εἰλεον, Ep. for εἶλεον, impf. of εἰλέω.  
 εἶπα, as, ε, εἶπον, es, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἶπον.  
 εἶς, Ep. for εἷς.  
 εἴσαο, εἴσατο, εἰσάσθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual, aor. I of εἶμι ibo.  
 εἴσατο, εἰσάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of \*εἶδω.  
 εἰλδομαι, εἰλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ.  
 εἶλμαι, εἶλμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἶλω.  
 εἶλπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.  
 εἶλσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἶλω.  
 εἰργάθον, Ep. for εἵργαθον.  
 εἶργε, εἶργμένος, εἶργνυμι, εἶργω, Ep. for εἵργ-.  
 εἶρμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶρω.  
 εἶρση, εἶρσήεις, Ep. for εἶρσῃ, εἶρσήεις.  
 εἶρτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶρω.  
 εἶρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἵργω.  
 εἶσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of εἵννυμι.  
 εἶσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of εἶζω.  
 εἶστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἵννυμι.  
 εἶευγμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶννυμι.  
 εἶεξα, εἶεχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of εἶννυμι.  
 ἔζομαι, fut. ἐδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζόμεν: (the Root is ἔδ-, see ἔδος):—to seat oneself, sit; ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθην they sank to the earth.  
 ἐζύγην [ῡ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.  
 ἔζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζώννυμι.  
 ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἔη, fem. of ἐός, bis.  
 ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἵημι.  
 ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἔηνδανε, Ep. for ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.  
 ἔηος, gen. masc. of ἐός, good, brave, noble.  
 ἔης, Ep. for ἦς, gen. fem. of οὗς, ἡ, ὅ, who, what:—but ἔης gen. fem. of ἐός, bis.

ἔησθα, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἔησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἔθαλψα, ἔθάλφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλλω.  
 ἔθανον, aor. 2 of θνήσκω.  
 ἔθας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔθος) accustomed, used.  
 ἔθαψα, ἔθάφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω.  
 ἔθεησάμην, Ion. aor. I of θεάομαι.  
 ἔΘΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, hair; in Homer, a horse's mane, or the horsehair crest on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence  
 ἔθειράζω, f. ἄσω, to wear long hair.  
 ἔθειρω, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἔθελμός, ὄν, (ἔθέλω) willing, voluntary.  
 ἔθελσθα, for ἔθέλῃς, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔθέλω.  
 ἔθελτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔθέλω) willed, voluntary.  
 ἔθελξα, ἔθελχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλω.  
 ἔθελο-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly.  
 ἔθελό-δουλος, ον, a willing slave.  
 ἔθελο-θρησκεία, ἡ, (ἔθελο-, θρησκεύω) will-worship, superstitious observance.  
 ἔθελοκάκω, f. ἥσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From  
 ἔθελό-κάκος, ον, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly.  
 ἔθελοντηδόν, (ἔθέλω) Adv. voluntarily.  
 ἔθελοντήν, (ἔθέλω) Adv. voluntarily.  
 ἔθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἔθέλω) a volunteer.  
 ἔθελοντής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἔθέλω) a volunteer.  
 ἔθελοντί, Adv. = ἔθελοντηδόν.  
 ἔθελοντι, Dor. for ἔθέλουσι, 3 pl. of ἔθέλω.  
 ἔθελοπονία, ἡ, love of work, diligence. From  
 ἔθελό-πονός, ον, (ἔθελο-, πόνος) willing to work.  
 ἔθελο-πρόξενος, ον, (ἔθελο-, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος (q. v.) to a foreign state.  
 ἔθελ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἔθελο-, \*ἔργω) willing to work.  
 ἔθελούσιος, α, ον, (ἔθέλω) voluntarily. II. of things, optional.  
 ἔΘΕΛΩ, impf. ἤθελον: fut. ἔθελήσω: aor. I ἤθέλησα: pf. ἤθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προρέειν ἀλλ' ἴσχετο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. *volo*; often in phrases, such as, τί ἔθέλει τὸ τέρας; Lat. *quid sibi vult?* what means, what purports the prodigy?  
 ἔθεμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.  
 ἔθεν, Ep. and Att. poet. gen. for εἶο, οὔ, of bim, of her.  
 ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.  
 ἔθερμηναι, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.  
 ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.  
 ἔθεν, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.  
 ἔθηετο, ἔθηεύμεθα, ἔθηεύντο, Ion. for ἔθεατο, ἔθεώμεθα, ἔθεώντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.  
 ἔθηεύμεσθα, Ion. 1 pl. of θεάομαι.  
 ἔθηήσαντο, Ion. for ἔθεάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of θεάομαι.



ἔθηκα, 1 sing. aor. 1 of τίθημι.

ἔθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἵημι: but ἔθην, aor. 2 act. of τίθημι.

ἔθιγον, aor. 2 of θιγγάνω.

ἔθιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. 1 εἴθισα: pf. εἴθικα:—Pass., aor. 1 εἰθίσθην: pf. εἴθισμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence

ἔθιστέον, verb. Adj. one must accustom.

ἔθλασα, aor. 1 of θλάω.

ἔθλιψα, aor. 1 of θλίβω.

ἔθν-άρχης, ου, ό, (ἔθνος, ἄρχω) a ruler of a nation: prefect: an ethnarch.

ἔθνικός, ή, όν, national. II. foreign: gentile:

—Adv. —κώς, like the Gentiles. From

\*ΕΘΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a

race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ ἔθνη the nations,

Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4.

a particular class of men, a caste.

ἔθορον, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

\*ΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.

ἔθραυσα, aor. 1 of θραύω.

ἔθρεξα, aor. 1 of τρέχω.

ἔθρέφθην, aor. 1 pass. of τρέφω.

ἔθρεψα, aor. 1 act. of τρέφω.

ἔθρήνευν, Dor. for ἐθρήνουν, impf. of θρηνέω.

ἔθρισα, poet. for ἐθέρισα, aor. 1 of θερίζω.

\*ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἴωθα Ion. ἔωθα as pres., and the plqpf. εἰώθειν Ion. ἔωθεα as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the habit: part. εἰωθώς as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual; τὸ εἰωθός one's custom.

Εἰ', a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αἰ γάρ, and εἰ-θε.

εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of εἶμι ibo.

εἰα, and trisyll. εἴα, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! εἰα νυν well now.

εἰα, 3 sing. impf. of εἰάω; also 2 sing. imperat. pres.

εἰάθην, εἰάμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of εἰάω.

εἰαμένη, ή, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰ άν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into εἰάν, ήν, and άν.

εἰανός, ή, όν, Ep. for εἰανός.

εἰαρ, εἰαρίνός, Ep. for εἰαρ, εἰαρίνός.

εἰαρό-μασθος, ου, (εἰαρ, μασθός) with youthful breasts.

εἰας, 2 sing. impf. of εἰάω;—εἰάσα, aor. 1 of the same.

εἰασκον, Ion. for εἰων, impf. of εἰάω.

εἰαται, εἰατο, Ep. for Ion. εἰαται, εἰατο, which is for

ἦνται, ἦντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ἦμαι.

εἰατο, Ion. for εἰντο, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of ἔννυμι.

Εἰ' ΒΩ, Ep. form of λείβω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.

εἰ γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if ..! O that ..! would that ..! Lat. utinam!

εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.

εἰ γούν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

εἰ δ' ἄγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἐθέλεις, ἄγε. εἰδάλιμος, η, ου, (εἶδος) shapely, comely. II. like, looking like.

εἶδαρ, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.

εἰδείην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; v. \*εἶδω B.

εἰ δέ μή, elliptic for εἰ δέ μή τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise, Lat. sin aliter.

εἰδέω, for εἰδῶ, subj. of οἶδα; v. \*εἶδω B.

εἰ δή, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.

εἰδήμων, ονος, ό, ή, (\*εἶδω) knowing or expert in a thing.

εἰδησέμεν, Ep. for εἰδήσειν, fut. inf. of \*εἶδω B.

εἰδήσω, fut. of \*εἶδω.

εἶδομες, Dor. for εἶδομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of \*εἶδω A.

εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω A.

εἶδος, εος, τό, (\*εἶδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action.

III. species, opp. to genus.

εἰδόσι, dat. pl. of εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, v. \*εἶδω B.

εἰδότα, acc. sing. of εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, v. \*εἶδω B.

εἰδότης, Adv. of εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, knowingly.

εἰδυῖα, fem. nom. part. of οἶδα, v. \*εἶδω B.

εἰδύλλιον, τό, Dim. of εἶδος, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.

\*ΕΙ' ΔΩ (or more properly ΕΙ' ΔΩ, the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by ὁράω: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.

A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 εἶδον, Ep. ἴδον, ἴδεσκον; subj. ἴδω, Ep. also ἴδωμι; inf. ἰδεῖν, Ep. also ἰδέειν; part. ἰδών. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. εἰδόμην Ep. ἰδόμην; imperat. ἰδοῦ; subj. ἴδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. ecce. Ὅραω is used as pres., ἐώρακα or ἑώρακα, as pf., ὄψομαι as fut. II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. εἶδομαι: aor. 1 εἰσάμην, Ep. also εἰσεσάμην, αο, ατο, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videor; εἶδεται ἄστρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; εἰσατο φθογγήν Πολίτη she made herself like Polites in voice.

B. to know:—the pf. οἶδα, I have seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I had seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. οἶδα, οἶσθα (poët. also οἶδας); 1 pl. ἴσμεν (Ep. and Dor. ἴδμεν), ἴστε, ἴσασι:—imperat. ἴσθι, ἴστω:—subj. εἰδῶ, Ep. also ἰδέω;—opt. εἰδείην;—inf. εἰδέναι, Ep. ἰδμεναι and ἰδμεν:—part. εἰδώς, Ep. fem. ἰδυῖα:—impf., ἦδειν, Ep. ἦδεα, Att. ἦδη; Ep. 2 sing. ἠείδης for ἦδης, Att. ἦδησθα; 3 sing., Ep. ἠείδη, Att. ἦδη, ἦδειν; plur., ἦδειμεν, ἦδειτε or ἦδετε, ἦδισαν or ἦδισαν, Att. ἦσμεν, ἦστε, ἦσαν (Ep. ἴσαν):—fut. εἰσομαι, more

rarely and mostly Ep. εἰδήσω. *To know; εὖ οἶδα I know well; εὖ ἴσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, μῆδεα οἶδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἄρτια εἰδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὖ εἰδώς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξων εὖ εἰδώς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χάριν εἰδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἶδ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅ and οἶσθ' ὡς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἶσθ' ὁ δρᾶσον, for δρᾶσον, οἶσθ' ὁ do, thou knowest what.*

*εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.*

*εἰδωλό-θύτος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τὸ εἰδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.*

*εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From*

*εἰδωλο-λάτρης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λάτρη) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.*

*εἰδωλον, τό, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτῶν εἰδωλα καμώντων the phantoms of dead men.*

*II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy.*

*III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.*

*εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of \*εἶδω v.*

*εἶεν, Att. for εἴσαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.*

*εἶεν, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.*

*εἶην, opt. of εἰμί sum.*

*εἶην, aor. 2 opt. of ἴημι.*

*εἴθαρ, Adv. (εὐθύς) at once, forthwith.*

*εἴ-θε, Dor. and Ep. αἴ-θε, Interj. O that! would tha! Lat. utinam!*

*εἴθην, Ion. εἴθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἴημι.*

*εἴθιζω, f. ἴσω, poet. for εἴθιζω,*

*εἴθισα, εἴθικα, aor. 1 and pf. of εἴθιζω.*

*εἴκα, Att. for εἴοικα.*

*εἴκα, pf. of ἴημι.*

*εἰκάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ἤκασα Ion. εἴκασα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἠκάσθην: pf. ἠκασμαι Ion. εἴκασμαι: (εἰκός):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble.*

*II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.*

*εἰκάθων, poet. aor. 2 of εἴκω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. εἰκαθεῖν; part. εἰκαθών.*

*εἰκαῖος, α, ον, (εἰκή) without purpose: random, hasty.*

*II. common, worthless.*

*εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἴκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).*

*εἰκάστια, ἡ, (εἰκάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture.*

*εἰκασμα, ατος, τό, (εἰκάζω) a likeness.*

*εἰκασμός, ου, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) a conjecturing.*

*εἰκαστής, ου, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner.*

*εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὁν, (εἰκάζω) to be compared, like.*

*εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἴκοσι.*

*εἰκελ-όνειρος, ον, (εἰκελος, ὄνειρος) dream-like.*

*εἰκελος, η, ον, (εἰκός) like, after the fashion of.*

*εἰκελό-φωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.*

*εἰκέναι, Att. for εἰκέναι, inf. of εἴοικα.*

*Εἴ'κ'η, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rashly, at random, Lat. temere.*

*εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκών) to mould into form. Hence*

*εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.*

*εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ὅτος, τό, neut. part. of εἴοικα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρὰ τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.*

*εἰκοσά-βοιος, Ep. εἰκοσάβοιος, ον, (εἴκοσι, βοῦς) worth twenty oxen.*

*εἰκοσα-ετής, ἐς, (εἴκοσι, ἔτος) of twenty years.*

*εἰκοσάκις, (εἴκοσι) Adv. twenty times.*

*εἰκοσά-μήνος, ον, (εἴκοσι, μήν) twenty months old.*

*Εἴ'κοσι before a vowel, εἴκοσιν, Ep. εἴκοσι, Dor. εἴκατι, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.*

*εἰκοσι-νήριτος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰκοσινήριτ' ἀποῖνα a twenty-fold ransom.*

*εἰκοσί-πηχυς, υ, (εἴκοσι, πῆχυς) of twenty cubits.*

*εἰκοσ-ὄργυιος, ον, (εἴκοσι, ὄργυιά) of twenty fathoms.*

*εἰκόσορος, poet. εἰκ-, ον, (εἴκοσι) with twenty oars.*

*εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός II.*

*εἰκοστο-λόγος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.*

*εἰκοστός Ep. εἰκοστός, ἡ, ὁν, the twentieth. II.*

*εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.*

*εἰκοσ-ὠρύγος, ον, (εἴκοσι, ὠρύγιά) of twenty fathoms.*

*εἰκότως, Adv. of εἰκος, in all likelihood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably.*

*εἴκτον, Ep. for εἴκατον, 3 dual of εἴοικα.*

*εἴκτο, εἴκτην, Ep. for εἴκει, εἴκατην, 3 sing. and 3 dual plpf.*

*\*Εἴ'κ'η, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε, Att. ἦκε, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the pf. εἴοικα, plpf. εἴκειν were used for the pres. and impf.; see εἴοικα.*

*Εἴ'κ'η, f. ξω: aor. 1 εἴξα: poet. aor. 2 εἴκαθον:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire.*

*2. to submit to, obey, follow; ᾧ θυμῷ εἴξας following his own bent; πενίη εἴκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior.*

*II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. III. impers. it is allowable, possible.*

*εἰκών, ἡ, gen. ὄνος, acc. ὄνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκῶ, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (\*εἴκω, εἴοικα):—a figure, image, likeness.*

*II. a semblance, phantom, wraith. 2. a similitude.*

*εἰκώς, part. of εἴοικα, pf. of \*εἴκω, to be like.*

*εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἴλη) = ἰληδόν, in a troop.*

*εἰλαπινάζω, (εἰλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence*

*εἰλαπιναστής, ου, ὁ, a banqueter, boon-companion.*

*εἰλαπίνη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single host, opp. to ἐρανος. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

*εἰλαρ, ἄρος, τό, (εἴλω) a covering: a protection, shelter; εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.*

*εἰλάτινος, η, ον, Ep. for ἐλάτινος, of fir or pine.*



εἶλαχα, Dor. for εἶληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.  
 εἶλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.  
 Εἰλείθυια, ἡ, *Ilitbyia*, (from ἐληλυθυῖα, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with *Diana*.  
 εἶλεν, εἶλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.  
 εἶλεν, Dor. for εἶλον, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.  
 εἶλύντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἰλέω.  
 εἶλέω Att. εἶλέω, lengthd. form of εἶλω.  
 εἶλη, ἡ, = ἵλη, a troop, company.  
 εἶλη, ἡ, the sun's warmth: warmth; see ἔλη.  
 εἶληγμαι, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.  
 εἶληδόν and εἶληδά, Adv. (εἶλη) = ἰληδόν, in troops or companies. II. (εἰλέω) by coiling round.  
 εἰλήλουθα, εἰληλούθειν, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι: εἰλήλουθμεν, Ep. for ἐληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.  
 εἶλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.  
 εἶληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.  
 εἶληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.  
 εἰλικρίνεια, ἡ, pureness: sincerity. From εἰλί-κρίνης, (εἶλη, κρίνω) examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, 1. unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. *sincerus*. 2. distinct, palpable, sheer. 3. Adv. -νῶς, of itself, absolutely.  
 εἶλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐλίσσω.  
 εἰλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐλικτός.  
 εἶλιξ, Ion. for ἔλιξ.  
 εἶλι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἶλω, πούς): trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.  
 εἰλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐλίσσω.  
 εἰλι-τενής, ἐς, epith. of the plant ἄγρωστις, (from ἔλος, τείνω), stretching or spreading through marshes.  
 εἰλίχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.  
 εἰλκύσα, εἰλκύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἔλκω.  
 εἰλκυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἔλκω.  
 εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.  
 εἶλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.  
 εἰλύσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλύω.  
 εἶλυμα, ατος, τό, (εἰλύω) a cover, dress, clothing.  
 εἶλύός, ὁ, (εἰλύω) a lurking-place, den.  
 εἶλυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἰλύω.  
 εἰλυφάζω, = εἰλύω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.  
 εἰλυφάω, = εἰλυφάζω: Ep. part. εἰλυφάων.  
 Εἶλυν Att. εἰλύνω: f. ἔσω [ῥ]: pf. pass. εἶλυνμαι:—to wrap round, enfold:—Pass. to be wrapped or covered; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος ψαμάθῳ buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along.  
 Εἶλυν, εἶλλω, or ἔλλω; also εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω:—from εἶλω are formed aor. 1 ἔλσα, inf. ἔλσαι Ep. ἔλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἔαλην [ᾱ]; inf. ἀλῆναι Ep. ἀλῆμναι; part. ἀλεις, εἶσα, ἐν: Ep. pf. ἔελμαι:—from εἰλέω are formed impf. εἶλεον, Ep. 3 sing. εἶλει; fut. εἰλήσω: aor. 2 εἶλησα; Pass., aor. 1 εἰλήθην; pf. εἶλημαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. ἐόλει,

plqpf. ἐόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; νῆα κεραυνῷ ἔλσας having struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; ἀλὲν ὕδαρ water collected:—also to draw oneself together, crouch, cower; Ἀχιλλῆα ἀλεις μένεν collecting himself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. *versari*. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like εἰλίσσω, γῇ εἰλλομένη (or ἰλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.  
 Εἶλως, ατος, ὁ, and Εἰλώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἰλωτίς, ἰδος:—a *Helot*, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From Ἐλος, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)  
 Εἰλωτεία, ἡ, the condition of a *Helot*, slavery. From Εἰλωτεύω, f. σω, (εἰλώτης) to be a *Helot* or serf.  
 εἶμα, ατος, τό, (ἐννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing: an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.  
 εἶμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἵημι.  
 III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔζω.  
 εἶμαρται, εἶμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μείρομαι.  
 εἶμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. pres. of εἰμί sum: but εἶμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.  
 εἶμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.  
 εἶμές, Dor. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. of εἰμί sum: but εἶμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.  
 εἶμί, Aeol. ἐμμί (from Root \*ΕΩ, sum, esse); εἶ Ep. εἶς, Ep. and Dor. ἔσσι; ἐστί Dor. ἐντί; plur., ἐσμέν Ep. and Ion. εἶμέν Dor. εἶμές; ἐστέ; εἰσί Ep. εἶσαι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστω; plur. 3 ἔστωσαν Ep. ἔστων Att. ὄντων:—Subj. ᾧ Ep. ἔω or εἶω:—Opt. εἶην Ep. εἶοιμι; plur. εἶημεν, εἶητε Ep. εἶμεν, εἶτε:—Infinit. εἶναι Ep. ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν, ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν:—Part. ὦν Ep. ὦν, ἐοῦσα, etc.:—Imperf. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. ἔα, Ep. also ἦα, ἔον or ἔσπον, ἐς, etc.; 2 sing. ἦσθα and Ep. ἔησθα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἔσαν.—Fut. ἔσομαι, poet. ἔσσομαι, 3 sing. ἔσσειται from Dor. ἔσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἶ. The other persons are enclit., when εἶμί is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἔστι in cases of emphasis.  
 To be, Lat. *sum*. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκέτ' ἔστι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἔσθ' οὗτος ἀνὴρ, οὐδ' ἔσσεται there lives not the man, no nor will live. II. ἔστι, impers. with inf., it is possible, lawful. III. εἶμί with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; αἵματος εἶς ἀγαθοῦ thou art of good blood. 2. ἑαυτοῦ εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. *sui juris esse*. 3. with the gen. put partitively; δήμου ἐστί he belongs to the people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ἀνδρός ἐστι it is the part of a man; σωφροσύνης ἐστὶ it is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat., ἐστὶ μοι, Lat. *est mihi*, I have; ἐμοὶ δὲ κεν ἀσμένῳ εἴη, Lat. *esset mihi volenti*.

V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα εἰρηκέναι to speak the truth.

VI. ἐστὶν ὅς, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. *est qui, sunt qui*, some one, some, many; ἐστὶν or ἐσθ' ὅτε, Lat. *est quum*, at times, sometimes; ἐσθ' ὅπου or ὅπου, Lat. *est ubi*, somewhere, somehow; ἐστὶν ὅπως in some way.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root \*ἴΩ, *eo*), εἶς Ep. εἶσθα, εἶσι, plur. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴασι or εἴσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἰόντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ep. ἴησθα, ἴη Ep. ἴησι:—Opt. ἴοιμι, ἰοίην, Ep. 3 sing. ἰείη or εἴη:—Inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἰμεναι, ἴμεν:—Part. ἰών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦια, 3 sing. ἦτε contr. ἦε; dual ἦτην; plur., ἦειμεν, ἦειτε, ἦεσαν, contr. ἦμεν, ἦτε, ἦσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἦσαν, ἴσαν, and 1 pl. ἦομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. *IBO*, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἰσομαι, to hasten, with an aor. 1 med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. εἰσατο, εἰσατο, 3 dual εἰσάσθην.

Τὸ go, Lat. *eo*, *ire*; ἰέναι τινὶ διὰ φιλίας, δι' ἐχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροὸς εἰσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., εἰσάσθην συλήσειν they went to plunder.—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὸς ἰέναι. 2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς εἰσι διὰ δονρός the axe goes, is driven through the beam; ἔτος εἰσι the year will pass or close:—in Att., ἰέναι εἰς ταῦτόν to come together; ἰέναι εἰς λόγους to come to conference: Imperat. ἴθι δὴ go then, well then! good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in.  
εἰνᾶ-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εἰνᾶ-ετες as Adv., nine years long.  
εἰνᾶετις, ἴδος, fem. of εἰναετής, nine years old.  
εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum. II. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἴημι, to send.  
εἰνάκις, Adv., poet. for ἐννάκις, nine times.  
εἰναχισ-χίλιοι, ων, nine thousand.  
εἰνακόσιοι, αι, α, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακόσιοι.  
εἰν-άλιος, η, ον, poet. for ἐνάλιος.  
εἰνᾶ-νύχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.  
εἰνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. for ἐννέας η, the ninth day.  
εἰνάτερες, αι, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.  
εἰνᾶτος, η, ον, poet. for ἐννατος, the ninth.  
εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἰνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in.  
εἰν-όδιος, η and α, ον, poet. for ἐνόδιος.  
εἰνοσί-φυλλος, ον, (ἐνοσις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

εἶξα, aor. 1 of εἶκω, to yield.  
εἶξασι, Att. for εἰόκασι, 3 pl. pf. of \*εἶκω, to be like.  
εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶο, Ep. gen. for εἶο, οὐ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἶο from himself.

εἰοικυῖαι, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἰοικα.

εἶος, Ep. for ἕως, until.

εἶπα, aor. 1 for the common εἶπον, I said; see εἶπον.

εἰπέμεν, Dor. for εἶπεῖν.

εἰ-περ, if at all events, if indeed.

εἶπην, Dor. for εἶπεῖν, see εἶπον.

εἰ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

εἰ-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

εἶπον, I spoke, I said, aor. 2 from a pres. \*εἶπω = \*ἔπω:

imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἶπεῖν Ep. εἰπέμε-

ναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἶπην; part. εἰπών. There is also

an aor. 1 εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat.

εἶπον, εἰπάτω, εἶπατον, εἶπατε: εἶπέ, like ἄγε, occurs

also for εἶπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med.

form appears, as ἀπείπασθαι. The pres. is supplied

by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω,

ἐρῶ, εἶρηκα.

εἶποντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπομαι, to follow.

εἰ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. *si-quando*. II.

indirect, if or whether ever.

εἰ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. *si-cubi*.

εἰ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἰράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

εἰργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰργω.

εἰργασάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act.

sense: εἰργάσθην, aor. 1 pass. used in pass. sense.

εἰργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and

pass. sense.

εἰργμός, Att. εἰργμός, ὁ, (εἰργω) a prison.

εἰργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (εἰργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἰργνῦμι and -ῦω, = εἰργω, to shut in or up.

Εἰργῶ or εἰργω, Att. for the earlier form ἐργω.

εἰρίαται, Ion. for εἰρηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

εἰρερος, ὁ, (εἰρω) bondage, slavery.

εἰρεσία Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, (ἐρέσσω) a rowing. 2. any

violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or

crew of rowers, Lat. *remigium*.

εἰρεσιώνη, ἡ, (εἶρος) a barvest-wreath of olive or

laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing

boys at the festivals of Πυανέψια and Θαργῆλια, and

afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was

likewise called Eiresioné.

ἐρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἶρη, ἡ, (εἶρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of as-

sembly.

εἶρηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἶρην or ἱρην, ενος, ὁ, (εἶρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth

from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in

the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἔφηβος.

εἰρηναῖος, α, ον, (εἰρήνη) peaceful, in peace.

εἰρηνεύω, ἰ. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at

peace. II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile.

From

εἰρήνη, ἡ, peace, time of peace, Lat. *pax*; εἰρήνην

ἀγειν to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv.

uncertain.) Hence



εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: peaceful, peaceable:—Adv. -κῶς.

εἰρηνοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make peace. From εἰρηνο-ποιός, ὄν, (εἰρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνοποιός, ὁ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἰρίνεος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐρίνεος, woollen, of wool. From εἶριον, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἔριον, wool.

εἰρκτέον, verb. Adj. of εἶργω, one must prevent.

εἰρκτή Ion. ἐρκτή, ἡ, (εἶργω) an inclosure, prison.

εἶρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομέω) dressing wool.

εἶρομαι, Ion. for ἔρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.

εἶρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.

Εἶρος, τό, wool.

εἶρο-χάρης, ἐς, (εἶρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in wool.

εἶρπομες, Dor. for εἶρπομεν, 1 pl. impf. of ἔρπω.

εἶρύεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύομαι:—εἶρύατο, 3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἶρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω.

εἶρύμεναι [ῥ], poët. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἔριω.

εἶρύσας [ῥ], Ion. aor. 1 part. of ἐρύω.

εἶρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρύω.

εἶρύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἔριω.

εἶρύω, εἶρύομαι, Ion. for ἐρύω, ἐρύομαι.

Εἶρῶ (A): aor. 1 εἶρα and ἔρσα: pf. pass. part. ἱρμένος, Ep. ἐρμένος:—Lat. *SERO*, to tie, join, fasten together, string: ἡλέκτροισιν ἐρμένους set with pieces of electrum.

Εἶρῶ (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἶρετο, εἶποντο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἔρῶ.

Εἶρῶν, ὄν, ὁ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἶρωνεία, ἡ, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

εἶρωνεομαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

εἶρωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. -κῶς.

εἶρωτάω or εἶρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἔρωτάω.

Εἰς or Ἐς, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into.

I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤπαι ιδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. *contra*, *adversus*, = πρὸς.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ἐς μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρῆναι εἰς τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι εἰς τόπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς Ἀἶδαο [δόμον], Att. εἰς Ἀΐδου, to the abode of Hades; ἐς Ἀθηναίης [ἱερόν] to the temple of Athena, ἐς Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Διμήτρος to the temple of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. *ad Apollinis*, *Castoris* (sub. *aedem*).

II. OF TIME, 1. until, ἐς ἡῶ, ἐς ἡέλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . . till morn, till sunset; ἐς ὅ until; ἐς ἐμέ up to my time.

2. to determine a period, for, εἰς ἐνιαυτόν for a year, i.e. a whole year; ἐς θέρος, ἐς ὑπώρην for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἰεί for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς up to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπεῖν εἰς ἀγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; ἐς πόλεμον θαρῆξομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: ἐς μίαν (sc. βουλὴν) βουλευεῖν to resolve one way or unanimously; εἰς ἐν ἐρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, up to, εἰς μυρίους as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express RELATION, ἐς ὃ in regard to which, i.e. wherefore: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., ἐς τάχος for ταχέως.

Eis is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ὄρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἀλαδῆ.

Εἷς, μία, ἓν, gen. ἐνός, μᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. *UNUS*, Engl. *ONE*: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. μ in the Ep. masc. ἷος, fem. ἱα: strengthd. εἰς οἶος, μία οἶα or οἶη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἷς ἄριστος: εἷς τις some one, Lat. *unus aliquis*: εἷς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. *unusquisque*: καθ' ἐν ἕκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εἷς ἀνὴρ, Lat. *unus omnium*, for one man, πλείστας γυναῖκας εἰς ἀνὴρ ἐγήμετο most for one man.

εἷς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί sum. II. 2 sing. pres. of εἶμι ibo.

εἷς, aor. 2 part. of ἵημι.

εἷσα, Causal aor. 1 of ἵζω, ἕζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἷσε be set a spy; λόχον εἷσαν they laid an ambush: part. εἷσας, inf. ἕσαι, Ep. ἕσσαι.

II. also fut. med. ἕσομαι Ep. ἕσσομαι: aor. 1 εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἰδρύω.

εἰσ-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσάγω.

εἰσαγγελεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (εἰσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἰσαγγελία, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

εἰσ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω:—to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἰσαγγελεύς): generally, to announce, report. II. to accuse one of a state-offence; see εἰσαγγελία.

εἰσ-αγείρω, f. -ερῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἰσ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον: pf. -αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; ἐσάγειν or ἐσάγεσθαι γυναῖκα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; *είσάγεσθαι καὶ ἐξάγεσθαι* to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; *είσάγειν τι ἐς βουλήν* to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, *είσάγειν δίκην* or *γραφὴν* to open the proceedings, state the case.

*είσαεί*, Adv. for *εἰς αἰεί*, for ever.

*είσ-αείρομαι*, Med. to take to oneself.

*είσ-αθρέω*, f. *ήσω*, to look into, descry.

*είσ-αίρω*, f. *-ἄρῶ*, to lift or carry in.

*είσ-αἵσσω*, *είσ-ἄσσω*, f. *-ἄξω*, to dart into.

*είσαιτο*, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of *\*εἶδω*.

*είσ-ἄκοντίζω*, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to hurl javelins at: absol. to dart or spout up, of blood.

*είσ-ἄκούω*, f. *σομαι*: aor. I *-ήκουσα*: pf. *-ακήκοα*: —to listen, hearken to; and, simply, to bear. II. to obey, comply with, give heed to.

*είσ-ακτίον*, verb. Adj. of *είσάγω*, one must bring in.

*είσ-άλλομαι*, f. *-αλοῦμαι*: aor. I *-ηλάμην*: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 *ἐσάλτο*: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

*είσ-ἄμειβω*, f. *ψω*, to pass into.

*είσάμην*, Ep. aor. I med. of *εἶμι* *ibo*. II. Ep. aor. I med. of *\*εἶδω*, I see.

*είσάμην*, aor. I med. of *είσα*, I founded.

*είσ-αναβαίνω*, aor. 2 *-ανέβην*, to go up into.

*είσ-ἀναγκάζω*, f. *άσω*, to force into, constrain.

*είσ-ανάγω*, f. *ξω*, to lead up into.

*είσ-ανεῖδον*, aor. 2 (see *εἶδον*): to look up to.

*είσ-άνειμι*, to go up into.

*είσανιδών*, part. of *είσανεῖδον*.

*είσανιών*, part. of *είσάνειμι*.

*είσ-άντα*, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

*είσάπαν*, Adv. for *εἰς ἅπαν*, altogether.

*είσάπαξ*, Adv. for *εἰς ἅπαξ*, at once.

*είσ-ἄράσσω* Att. *-ττω*, fut. *ξω*, to drive in upon.

*είσατο*, *είσατο*, v. *είσάμην*, *είσάμην*.

*είσ-ἄττω*, Att. for *είσαίσσω*.

*είσ-αυγάζω*, f. *σω*, to look at.

*είσαυθις*, Adv. for *εἰς αὐθις*, hereafter.

*είσαύριον*, Adv. for *εἰς αὐριον*, on the morrow.

*είσ-αὐτις*, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for *εἰσαυθις*.

*είσ-ἄφίημι*, f. *-αφήσω*, to send into: to let in.

*είσ-αφικάνω*, = *είσαφικνέομαι*. [*ἄν*]

*είσαφικέσθαι*, aor. 2 inf. of *είσαφικνέομαι*.

*είσ-αφικνέομαι*, f. *ίξομαι*, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at.

*είσ-βαίνω*, f. *-βήσομαι*: aor. 2 *-έβην*: pf. *-βέβηκα*: —to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. 2. impers., *είσβαίνει μοι* it comes into my head. II.

Causal in aor. I *είσέβησα*, to make to go into, to put into: see *είσβιβάζω*, which serves as pres. in this sense.

*είσ-βάλλω*, f. *-βάλλω*: pf. *-βέβληκα*, pass. *-βέβλημαι*:—to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. *ἐαυτὸν* or *στρατιάν*), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. *ναῦν*) to enter port, Lat. *appellere*. 2.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

*είσβασις*, *εως*, *ή*, (*είσβαίνω*) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

*είσβατός*, *ή*, *ύν*, (*είσβαίνω*) accessible.

*είσ-βιάζομαι*, f. *άσομαι*, Dep. to force one's way into.

*είσ-βιβάζω*, f. *-βιβάσω* Att. *-βιβῶ*, Causal of *είσβαίνω*, to make to go into, put into.

*είσ-βλέπω*, f. *ψω*, to look at, look upon.

*είσβολή*, *ή*, (*είσβάλλω* II) a throwing oneself into: an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river. 3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

*είσ-γράφω*, f. *ψω*, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; *είσγράφεσθαι ἐς τὰς σπονδὰς* to have oneself written or received into the league.

*είσ-δέρκομαι*, Dep., with aor. 2 act. *είσέδρακον*:—to look at or upon, behold, observe.

*είσ-δέχομαι*, Ion. *είσ-δέκομαι*: f. *-δέξομαι*: aor. I *είσεδεξάμην* and *είσεδέχθην*: Dep.:—to take into, admit.

*είσ-δίδωμι*, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

*είσδοχή*, *ή*, (*είσδέχομαι*) reception.

*είσδραμεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *είστρέχω*.

*είσδρομή*, *ή*, (*είσδραμεῖν*) an onslaught, assault.

*είσ-δύω* or *είσ-δύνω*, and (in same sense) Med. *είσ-δύομαι*: f. *-δύσομαι*: aor. 2 *-έδυν*: pf. *-δέδυκα*:—to get into, slip into or in; *δεινόν τι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι* a kind of fear entered into them; *ἀκοντιστὴν ἐσδύσεται* thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

*είσε*, see *είσα*.

*είσέβην*, aor. 2 of *είσβαίνω*: *είσέβησα*, causal aor. I.

*είσέγραψα*, aor. I of *είσγράφω*.

*είσεδεξάμην*, *είσεδέχθην*, aor. I of *είσδέχομαι*.

*είσέδρακον*, aor. 2 of *είσδέρκομαι*.

*είσέδραμον*, aor. 2 of *είστρέχω*.

*είσ-έδυν*, aor. 2 of *είσδύνω*.

*είσ-είδον*, aor. 2 (see *εἶδον*), to look on or at.

*είσ-εἰμι*, inf. *-έναι*: impf. *είσῃεν*: (*εἰς*, *εἶμι* *ibo*):—to go into, go in; *ὄφθαλμοὺς εἰσεῖμι* I will come into his sight; *ἀρχὴν εἰσιέναι* to enter on an office. II.

as law-term, to come before the court. III. metaph. to come into one's mind.

*είσέκελσα*, aor. I of *είσκέλλω*.

*είσεκύλισα*, aor. I of *είσκυλίνδω*.

*είσ-ελαύνω* Ep. *-ελάω*: fut. *-ελάσω* [*ᾶ*] Att. *-ελῶ*: for the tenses, v. *ἐλαύνω*:—to drive into or in. II.

(sub. *ἵππον* or *ναῦν*) to row into a place, like Lat. *appellere*.

*είσελθεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *είσέρχομαι*.

*είσ-έλκω*, f. *-έλξω*: aor. I *-είλκυσα*:—to drag into.

*είσ-εμβαίνω*, aor. 2 *είσενέβην*, to go on board.

*είσενεγκεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *είσφέρω*.

*είσ-ενηνοχα*, pf. of *είσφέρω*.

*είσένθωμες*, Dor. for *είσέλθωμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *είσέρχομαι*.



εἰσενόησα, aor. 1 of εἰσνοέω.  
 εἰσέπαισα, aor. 1 of εἰσπαίω.  
 εἰσέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς ἔπειτα, henceforward.  
 εἰσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.  
 εἰσ-ἐργνύμι or -ύω, to shut up into, enclose in a place.  
 εἰσερρύην, aor. 1 (in pass. form) of εἰσρέω.  
 εἰσ-έρρω, aor. 1 εἰσήρρησα: pf. εἰσήρρηκα:—to go into, get in.  
 εἰσ-ερύω, aor. 1 part. εἰσερύσας [ῥ], to draw into.  
 εἰσ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλϋθον, -ἤλθον: Dep.:—to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσοδοι εἰσήλθον. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.  
 εἰσ-έτι, Adv. still yet.  
 εἰσ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stretch into, reach.  
 εἰσ-ηγέομαι, fut. ἥσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, profound, bring forward. II. εἰσηγεῖσθαι τινι to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence εἰσήγημα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and εἰσήγησις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and  
 εἰσηγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and εἰσηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer.  
 εἰσ-ηθίω, f. ἥσω, to inject by a syringe.  
 εἰσ-ἦκω, f. -ἥξω, to be come in: to come in.  
 εἰσ-ἤλϋθον, εἰσήλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχομαι.  
 εἰσηλύσια, ἡ, (εἰσήλυθον) a coming in.  
 εἰσηνεγκαι, aor. 1 of εἰσφέρω.  
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἴ, 2 sing. of εἶμι ibo.  
 εἰσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of ἵημι.  
 εἰσ-θείω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to.  
 εἰσ-θρόσκω, aor. -έθορον, to leap into or in.  
 εἰσί, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἶμι sum.  
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἶμι ibo.  
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.  
 εἰσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσιδρῦμαι: (εἰς, ιδρύω): to build, found in a place.  
 εἰσ-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἵζω) to be seated in, to sit down in.  
 εἰσ-ίημι, f. -ἥσω, to send or put into:—Med. to be-take oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in.  
 εἰσίθυμη, ἡ, (εἴς-ειμι) an entrance.  
 εἰσ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. to go into.  
 εἰσ-ίπταμαι, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.  
 εἰσ-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) to haul in with a fishing-rod.  
 εἰσ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call in.  
 εἰσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, to go down into.  
 εἰσ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put down into.  
 εἰσ-κειμαι, as Pass. of εἰστίθημι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.  
 εἰσ-κέλλω, f. -κέλσω: aor. 1 -έκελσα:—to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land.  
 εἰσ-κηρύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

εἰσκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing in, importation. From εἰσ-κομίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter.  
 εἰσ-κυκλέω, f. ἥσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰσ-κεκύκληκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν some spirit has brought ill luck into the house.  
 εἰσ-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [ῖ]: to roll into.  
 εἴσκω: impf. ἤϊσκον: (ἴσος, ἔϊσος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe.  
 εἰσ-λεύσσω, to look into.  
 εἰσ-μαίομαι, aor. 1 εἰσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐσε-μάσσατο Dor. -άξατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel.  
 εἰσ-νέομαι, Dep. to go into.  
 εἰσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim into.  
 εἰσ-νοέω, f. ἥσω, to perceive, remark.  
 εἴσ-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) a way into, entry. II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.  
 εἰσ-οικειόω, f. ὠσω, (εἰς, οἰκεῖος) to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one.  
 εἰσ-οικέω, f. ἥσω, to dwell in, settle in. Hence εἰσοικῆσις, εως, ἡ, settlement: a dwelling.  
 εἰσ-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place.  
 εἰσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἥσω, to build into.  
 εἰσοιχνεύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοιχνοῦσι, 3 pl. of εἰσ-οιχνέω, f. ἥσω, to go into, enter.  
 εἰσ-όκε or -εν, Dor. εἰσ-όκα: (εἰς ὃ κε) until such time as:—so long as.  
 εἴσομαι, fut. of \*εἶδω B: εἴσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of εἶμι ibo.  
 εἴσον, imperat. of εἶσα.  
 εἰσ-όπιν, (εἰς, ὅπιν) Adv. hereafter.  
 εἰσ-οπίσω, Adv. in time to come, hereafter.  
 εἴσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.  
 εἴσοπτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = εἴσοπτρον.  
 εἴσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόψομαι) a looking-glass, mirror.  
 εἰσ-οράω, Ep. part. εἰσορόων, inf. med. εἰσοράασθαι: the fut. εἰσόψομαι and aor. 2 εἰσεῖδον are supplied from other Roots (see ὁράω):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.  
 εἰσ-ορμάω, f. ἥσω, to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into.  
 εἰσ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.  
 εἰσ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush in.  
 εἴσος, η, ον [ῖ], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς εἴση the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. νῆες εἴσαι the equal or well-balanced ships. 3. ἀσπὶς πάντοσ'

ἔσῃ the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-  
νες ἔνδον εἶσαι an even mind, that is well-balanced,  
calm, Lat. *mens aequa*.

εἰσότε, for εἰς ὅτε, until.

εἰς-οψις, εως, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From  
εἰσόψομαι, fut. of εἰσοράω, formed from Root \*εἰσ-  
όπτομαι.

εἰς-παίω, aor. 1 εἰσέπαισα, to burst or dash in.

εἰς-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰς-περάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ] Ion. ἡσω, to pass over into.

εἰς-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med.  
form εἰσεπτάμην and act. εἰσέπτην:—to fly into.

εἰς-πηδάω, f. ἡσω or ἡσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰς-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-  
πτωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown  
into. II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰς-πίτνω, poet. form of εἰσπίπτω.

εἰς-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence  
εἰσπλοος, contr. εἰσπλους, ὁ, a sailing in of  
ships. II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰς-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.  
inspirare. II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, ὁ, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰς-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, to put into the hands of, to give  
(a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be  
adopted. II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποιητός, ἡ, ὄν, adopted.

εἰς-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.  
med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπραξις, εως, ἡ, exaction or collection of taxes.

εἰς-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to get in or collect  
taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰς-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρνήσομαι: aor. 2 -ερ-  
ρήν:—to stream into.

εἰστήκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.

εἰστίᾱκα, εἰστίᾱσα, pf. and aor. of ἐστιάω.

εἰς-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also  
with or without ἐς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,  
τέκνα ἐσθέσθαι (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰς-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰς-τρέχω, fut. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον (from  
\*δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

εἰς-φέρω, fut. -οἴσω (from \*οἴω): aor. 1 -ήνεγκα  
and pf. -ενήνοχα (from \*ἐνέγκω): cf. φέρω:—to  
carry into: to bring in or upon. II. to bring

in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on pro-  
perty. III. to introduce, bring forward, pro-  
pose. IV. Med. to carry with one: also like

Act. to introduce. 2. to import. V. Pass.  
to rush in. 2. to be imported.

εἰς-φοντάω, f. ἡσω, to go continually to, to visit.

εἰσφορά, ἡ, (εἰσφέρω) a carrying into. II. a  
bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax,  
raised to meet the exigencies of war.

εἰς-φορέω, f. ἡσω, = εἰσφέρω.

εἰς-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἰσ-  
φρες: (εἰς, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v.  
διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring  
in with one.

εἰς-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put into one's hands,  
entrust.

εἰς-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. 1 -έχεα:—to pour into:—  
Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [ῡ], to stream in.

εἴσω, more rarely ἔσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἐς) into, within,  
c. acc., δύναι δόμον \*Αἶδος εἴσω: also c. gen., ἔσω  
βλεφάρων. II. within, inside.

εἰς-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust into:—  
Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰς-ωπός, ὄν, (εἰς, ὦψ) in face, in front of: εἰσωποὶ  
ἐγένοντο νεῶν they came in front of the ships.

Εἴτα, Ion. εἴτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-  
upon, Lat. *deinde*. II. like Lat. *ita* and *itaque*,

and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat.  
*itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed?*

εἴται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

εἴ-τε . . . , εἴ-τε . . . , Lat. *sive . . . , sive . . . , either . . . ,  
or . . . , whether . . . , or . . .*; so that several cases are al-  
ways put: in Homer the first εἴτε is sometimes an-  
swered by ἡ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the  
first εἴτε, or put εἰ instead.

εἴτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἴτεν, Ion. for εἴτα, like ἐπείτεν for ἐπειτα.

εἴω, Ep. for ἔαω.

εἴω, Ep. for ἔω, ῶ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

εἴωθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb ἔθω.

εἴωθην, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ἔθω.

εἴωθώς, Adv. of εἴωθα, in the usual way.

εἴων, impf. of ἔαω.

εἴως, Ep. for ἕως, until.

εἴωσι, Ep. for ἔωσι, 3 pl. of ἔαω.

'ΕΚ, before a vowel ἐξ, Lat. *e, ex*, PREP. WITH GEN.  
Radic. sense, from out of, away from. I.

OF PLACE, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα  
chief from among all, of all. 2. like ἔξω, outside  
of, beyond; ἐκ βελέων out of shot; ἐκ καπνοῦ out of  
the smoke. 3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ

πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φόρμιγγα he hung his lyre from,  
i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτεισθαι ἐκ τινος to fasten from,  
i. e. upon, a thing. II. OF TIME, ἐξ οὗ since,

from the time when, Lat. *ex quo*; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the  
beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished  
sacrifice; ἐξ εἰρήνης πολεμεῖν to go to war out of,  
i. e. after, peace. III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινος γενέ-

σθαι to be born or sprung from one; ἐξ ἐμοῦ γένος  
ἐσσί thou comest of me by blood. 2. of the

materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of  
wood. 3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεόφιν

πολεμίζειν to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος ἐξ  
ὀλοῆς because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματος in con-  
sequence of the heat; ἐκ βίας ἄγειν = βία ἄγειν, to

lead by force. 4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διός  
they were beloved of or by Zeus. 5. with a neut.

Adj., as periphr. for Adv., ἐξ ἀγχιμόλου for ἀγχιμόλον:  
ἐκ τοῦ ἐμφανούς and ἐξ ἐμφανούς for ἐμφανώς, etc.

ἐκ is often separated from its Case by one or more  
words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly.



ἐκά-εργος, ὁ, (ἐκάς, \*ἐργώ) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκηβόλος.  
 ἐκάην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.  
 ἐκάθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar:—far off, far away*.  
 ἐκάθηρα, aor. 1 of καθαίρω.  
 ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καλέω.  
 ἐκάλος, Dor. for ἐκῆλος.  
 ἐκάμῦσα, for κατέμυσα, aor. 1 of καταμύω.  
 ἐκάμον, ἐκαμόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω.  
 ἐκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καρτύνω.  
 ἐκαρψα, aor. 1 of κάρφω.  
 ἐκάς Att. ἔκας, Adv. (ἐκ) *far, afar, far off: c. gen. far from, far away from*. II. of Time, *long after*.  
 ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.  
 ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.  
 ἐκασταχόσε, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.  
 ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.  
 ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *further, further off:—Sup. ἐκαστάτω*.  
 ἐκάστοθι, Adv. *for each or every one*. From  
 \*ΕΚΑΣΤΟΣ, η, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*, Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb, ἕκαστος ἐπίστασθε *ye know each one of you: εἰς ἕκαστος*, Lat. *unusquisque, each one*; πᾶς ἕκαστος, *one and all*; οἱ καθ' ἕκαστον *each one singly*, Lat. *singuli*: καθ' ἕκαστην [ἡμέραν] *every day, daily*. Hence  
 ἐκάστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.  
 ἐκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.  
 ἐκατίατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.  
 ἐκατέρakis, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.  
 ἐκάτερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. for ἐκατέρωθεν, *from or on each side*, Lat. *utrinque*.  
 \*ΕΚΑ'ΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, *each of two, each singly*, Lat. *uterque*. Hence  
 ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side: and*  
 ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side: and*  
 ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.  
 \*Εκάτη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἕκατος) *Hecaté*, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. \*Εκάτης δειπνον, or \*Εκάταια, τά, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th of each month at three cross roads.  
 ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐκατηβόλος.  
 ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-shooting, far-darting:—as Subst. the Far-darter*.  
 ἐκάπ, Att. and Dor. for ἐκητι, *on account of*.  
 ἐκατογ-κάρᾱνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and  
 ἐκατογ-κεφάλας, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλή); and  
 ἐκατόγ-κράνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κράνον):—*hundred-beaded*.  
 ἐκατόγ-χειρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-banded*.  
 ἐκατό-ζυγος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ζυγόν) *with 100 benches for rowers*.  
 ἐκατομ-βαιών, ὦνος, ὁ, *the month Hecatombæon*, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *properly an offering of a hundred oxen: but commonly a great public sacrifice, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred*.  
 ἐκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *of or worth a hundred oxen*.  
 ἐκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *100 feet long*.  
 ἐκατομ-πολίεθρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.  
 ἐκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.  
 ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *hundred-footed*.  
 ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.  
 \*ΕΚΑΤΟ'Ν, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. *a hundred*, Lat. *centum*.  
 ἐκατοντα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) *of a hundred years, a hundred years old*.  
 ἐκατοντα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρᾱνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-beaded: cf. ἐκατόγκρανος*.  
 ἐκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) *worth 100 talents: γραφή ἐκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum*.  
 ἐκατοντα-πλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) *a hundred-fold, 100 times as much or many*.  
 ἐκατοντά-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπύλος.  
 ἐκατοντ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἄρχω) *a leader of a hundred*, Lat. *centurio*.  
 ἐκατόντ-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάρχης.  
 ἐκατοντάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) *the number one hundred*.  
 ἐκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ὄργυιά) *of 100 fathoms:—poët., ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον*.  
 ἕκατος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.  
 ἐκατό-στομος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.  
 ἐκατοστός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐκατόν) *the hundredth*, Lat. *centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά *a hundred-fold*. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή *the hundredth part, a tax or duty at Athens*.  
 ἐκατοστός, ὅς, ἡ, = ἐκατοντάς.  
 ἕκαυσα, aor. 1 of καίω.  
 ἐκ-βάζω, f. ξω, *to speak out, declare*.  
 ἐκ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέβην: pf. ἐκβέβηκα:—*to step out of, go or come out of: to step out of a ship, to disembark*. 2. *to go out of, depart from*. 3. metaph. *to come out so and so, to turn out*, Lat. *evadere*. 4. *to go out of due bounds, to digress*. II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. 1 ἐξέβησα, Causal, *to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.*; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.  
 ἐκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, *to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic:—Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage*.  
 ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.  
 ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβηκα:—*to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also to carry out to sea*. 2. πόλεως ἐκβάλλειν *to cast out of the country: and so to drive out, banish*. II. *to strike out*, Lat. *excutere*; δοῦρα ἐκβάλλειν *to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest*. III. metaph., ἐπος ἐκβάλλειν *to let fall or drop a word*; so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα *to drop or shed tears*. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἐκβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress: an escape.

ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνω.

ἐκ-βεβαιόω, f. ὤσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of ἐκ-βαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλητος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἤσομαι, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοήθεια, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθίω, f. ἤσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

ἐκ-βολβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, βολβύς) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζειν τινὰ τῶν κωδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, banishment. III. a shooting forth; ἐκ-βολή σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολή ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολή λόγου a digression. V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολή δικέλλης earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρέα ἐκβολή children exposed on the mountains.

ἐκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive. II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory. 2. ἐκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth: Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give away in marriage: —Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γαυρόομαι, (ἐκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in.

ἐκ-γέγασα, poet. for ἐκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι: 3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [ᾱ]; part. ἐκγεγάως, ἐκγεγαυῖα.

ἐκ-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω: —to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaphor. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ἐκ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

ἐκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενόμην: pf. ἐκγέγονα, poet. ἐκγέγασα (q. v.): Dep.: —to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II.

to have gone by: χρόνου ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἐξεστι, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι.

ἐκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson: τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy: —Med. to write out or copy for oneself. II. to strike out, expunge from a list.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὤσω, to burst into tears. [ῠ]

ἐκ-δαπάνάω, f. ἤσω, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωρίενται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδωριόομαι.

ἐκ-δεής, ἐς, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence

ἐκδεια, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκ-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, aor. 1 ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

ἐκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδεξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δέркоμαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δεῖω: —to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

ἐκ-δετος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. 1 ἐξεδέξαμην: Dep.: —to take or receive from: to take up. 2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχὴν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next. 3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *excipere*. 4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to: —Med. to bind a thing to oneself, bang it round one.

ἐκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημῖω, f. ἤσω, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκδιέβην: —to go through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διατρίβομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διατρίβω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδίδαγμα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From

ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω poet. -διδασκήσω: —to teach thoroughly, Lat. *edocere*: —Med. to have another taught thoroughly: —Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν: —to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. 1 ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξεδόμην: —to give out, give up, Lat. *reddere*: to surrender. 2. to give out of one's

house; ἐκδιδόναι or ἐκδίδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage. 3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money to interest, lend out. II. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a judge. II. to avenge. Hence



ἐκδικαστής, οὐ, ὁ, an avenger.  
 ἐκδικέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐκδικος) to avenge, punish; ἐκδικεῖν  
 τινα ἀπὸ τινος to avenge one on another. Hence  
 ἐκδίκησις, εὐς, ἡ, an avenging: vengeance.  
 ἐκ-δίκος, ον, (ἐκ, δίκη) without law, lawless, Lat.  
 exlex: Adv. ἐκδίκως, lawlessly. II. carrying out  
 justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐκδικος, ὁ, an avenger.  
 ἐκ-διφρεύω, f. σω, to throw from the chariot.  
 ἐκ-δίωκω, f. ξομαι later ξω, to drive away, banish.  
 ἐκ-δονέω, f. ἤσω, to shake out, confound.  
 ἐκδοσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) a giving up, surrender-  
 ing. 2. a giving in marriage.  
 ἐκδώσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.  
 ἐκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, one must give in  
 marriage.  
 ἐκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) given up, betrayed.  
 ἐκδύναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.  
 ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a receiving from another,  
 succession.  
 ἐκ-δρακοντόομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) to become a  
 serpent.  
 ἐκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.  
 ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμεῖν) a running out, sally, charge:  
 —also a band of skirmishers.  
 ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, one that sallies out, a skirmisher.  
 ἐκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) that which is put off, a  
 skin, garment.  
 ἐκδύμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,  
 or for ἐκδύοιμεν 1 pl. opt.  
 ἐκ-δύνω, see ἐκδύνω.  
 ἐκδύσις, εὐς, ἡ, a slipping out, escape. From  
 ἐκ-δύω, f. -δύσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐξέδυσσα: to strip off  
 from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα to strip him of  
 his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτόν to strip him. II. in  
 pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν,  
 pf. ἐκδέδυκα, to put off. 2. to get out of, slip out  
 of. 3. metaph. to get away from, escape.  
 ἐκ-δωριόομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δῶριος) to become quite a  
 Dorian.  
 ἐκείασσα, Ep. for ἐκέασσα, aor. 1 of κεάω.  
 ἐκείατο, Ion. for ἐκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of κεῖμαι.  
 'ΕΚΕΙ', Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. illic.  
 ἐκεῖα, Ep. aor. 1 of καίω.  
 ἐκεῖθεν, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. illinc;  
 c. gen., τοῦκεῖθεν ἄλσους you side of the grove.  
 ἐκεῖθι, (ἐκεῖ) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. illic:  
 Dor. τηνύθι.  
 ἐκεῖνος Ion. κείνος, η, ο, Aeol. κῆνος, Dor. τῆνος,  
 Att. also strengthd. ἐκεινοσί: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ):  
 —that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud: when οὗ-  
 τος and ἐκεῖνος refer to two things before mentioned,  
 ἐκεῖνος, ille, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, hic, to  
 the nearer. II. used also like ille, to denote  
 well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, magnus ille  
 Deus. III. in Att., ἐκεῖνος precedes the Art.  
 when it is emphatic, as, ἐκεῖνος ὁ ἀνὴρ: and follows  
 the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖ-  
 νος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνως, in that way, in that case:

Ion. κείνως. V. the dat. fem. ἐκείνη is also used  
 as Adv., 1. of Place, there, at that place, on that  
 road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.  
 ἐκεῖρα, aor. 1 of κείρω.  
 ἐκεῖσε, Att. κείσε, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) to that place, thither,  
 Lat. illuc.  
 ἐκέκαστο, 3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of καίνυμαι.  
 ἐκεκεύθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.  
 ἐκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.  
 ἐκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.  
 ἐκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκίσμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.  
 of κοσμέω.  
 ἐκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.  
 ἐκέλσα, aor. 1 of κέλλω.  
 ἐκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. 1 of κείρω.  
 ἐκε-χειρία, ἡ, (ἐχω, χεῖρ) a holding of hands, a  
 cessation of hostilities, armistice.  
 ἐκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil out or over: c. gen., εὐλέων  
 ἐξέζεσε she ran over, swarmed with worms.  
 ἐκ-ζητέω, f. ἤσω, to search out.  
 ἐκ-ζωπυρέω, f. ἤσω, to light up again, rekindle.  
 ἐκηα, Ep. aor. 1 of καίω.  
 ἐκηβολία, ἡ, a darting from afar, archery. From  
 ἐκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκός, βάλλω) far-darting, far-shoot-  
 ing, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.  
 ἐκηλος, ον, collat. form of εὐκηλος, at one's ease,  
 quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of  
 a field lying at rest or fallow.  
 'ΕΚΗΤΙ Att. ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. by means of,  
 by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later =  
 ἕνεκα, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards,  
 as to, Lat. quod attinet ad.  
 ἐκ-θάλλω, f. ψω, to warm thoroughly.  
 ἐκθαμβέω, f. ἤσω, to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be  
 amazed, astonished. From  
 ἐκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) amazed, astounded.  
 ἐκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θάμνος) to root out, extirpate.  
 ἐκθάνων, Ep. for ἐξέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.  
 ἐκ-θεάομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Ion. ἴσομαι, Dep. to see out,  
 see to the end.  
 ἐκ-θεαυρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεαῖτρον) to make a spec-  
 tacle of.  
 ἐκ-θειάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεῖον) to deify.  
 ἐκθέμεναι or ἐκθέμεν, Ep. for ἐκθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of  
 ἐκτίθημι.  
 ἐκθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.  
 ἐκ-θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to mow completely: to cut  
 down.  
 ἐκ-θερμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, θερμός) to warm or heat  
 thoroughly.  
 ἐκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.  
 ἐκθεσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐκτίθημι) a putting out, exposing.  
 ἐκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) put out, exposed.  
 ἐκ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run or sally out.  
 ἐκ-θηράομαι, Dep. to hunt out, catch.  
 ἐκ-θηρεύω, f. σω, = ἐκθηράομαι.  
 ἐκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press, squeeze out: metaph. to  
 crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνουμαι: aor. ἐξέθανον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω or γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θοιναίωμαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκθορε, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθράσκω.

ἐκ-θρηγνέω, f. ἡσω, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρῶσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι: aor. ἐξέθορον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θύμιᾶω, f. ἄσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θύμος, ον, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. amens.

ἐκ-θύω, f. ἕσω [ῥ]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχεις [ι], 2 sing. impf. of κίχημι: cf. ἐτίθεις from τίθημι.

ἐκίχην [ι], impf. of κίχημι.

ἐκ-καγχάζω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: aor. 1 ἐξεκάθηρα:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-δωρος, ον, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, ἑῶρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-λινος, ον, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαϊδέκατος, η, ον, (ἐκκαϊδεκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαϊδεκ-έτης, ον, δ, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, ἔτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ἰδος.

ἐκ-καιρος, ον, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκκάω: fut. -καίσω: aor. 1 ἐξέκα:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κακέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-hearted.

ἐκ-καλαμάομαι, (ἐκ, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-καλέω, f. ἕσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself: metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάμνω, f. -κάμουμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκαμον:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπύομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατείδον, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. 1 part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐκκεκώφηκα, ἐκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκακώφω, -ύω.

ἐκ-κενόω, -κεινόω, f. ὠσω, to empty out, desolate.

ἐκ-κεντέω, f. ἡσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κεραῖζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχϋμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence

ἐκκεχϋμένως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχώννυμι.

ἐκ-κηραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἡσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάζω, f. -κλάγγω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾱ], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήτω Att. -κλήω: Att. fut. ἐκκλησώ:—to shut out: metaph. to exclude or binder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήτω, Ion. for ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλησία, ἡ, (ἐκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύρια ἐκκλησίαι, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

ἐκκλησιάω, f. σω: impf. ἱκκλησίαζον or ἐκκλησίαζον, but also ἐξεκκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. 1 ἐξεκκλησίασα:—to hold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. III. to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκλησίω, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητος, ον, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κναίω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισεῦντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἡσω, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κοβῶλικεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κόβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ἐκκοκκίζειν σφυρόν to put out one's ankle; ἐκκοκκίζειν τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἡσω, to swim out of.

ἐκκομίδῃ, ἡ, a carrying out or off. From

ἐκ-κομίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομίζειν τινὰ ἐκ πρήγματος to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

ἐκ-κομψεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξεκόπην: pf. ἐκκέκομαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξεκόπη τῷ φθαλμῷ he had his eyes knocked out. 2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. excidere. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.



ἐκ-κορέω, f. ἤσω, to sweep out: to sweep clean.  
 ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόρις) to clear of bugs.  
 ἐκ-κορυφώω, f. ὠσω, to sum up shortly.  
 ἐκ-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to hang upon, listen attentively to.  
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ᾱ]:—to let hang from  
 or by:—Pass. to hang from or upon, cling to. Hence  
 ἐκκρεμής, ἐς, hanging from or upon.  
 ἐκ-κρήνναμαι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.  
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνω, to choose or single out, select. 2.  
 to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence  
 ἐκκρίτος, ον, picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον as Adv.,  
 above all, eminently.  
 ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, a beating out, driving away: and  
 ἐκκρουστος, ον, beaten out: of embossed work,  
 worked in relief. From  
 ἐκ-κρούω, f. σω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive  
 back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. ex-  
 plodere. 3. to put off, adjourn.  
 ἐκ-κῦβιστάω, f. ἤσω, to tumble headlong out of.  
 ἐκ-κυέω, f. ἤσω, to bring forth.  
 ἐκ-κυκλέω, f. ἤσω, to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-  
 κύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. to be brought to sight by this  
 means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out!  
 i. e. show yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence  
 ἐκκύκλημα, ατος, τό, a theatrical machine which  
 disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:  
 cf. εἰσκυκλέω.  
 ἐκ-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξεκύλισα:—Pass.,  
 aor. I ἐξεκυλίσθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be  
 rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκυλίσθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled  
 headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate  
 oneself or escape from.  
 ἐκ-κῦμαίνω, (ἐκ, κῦμα) to undulate: to be uneven.  
 ἐκκυνέω, (ἐκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.  
 ἐκ-κύνηγετέω, f. ἤσω, to hunt down.  
 ἐκ-κύνος, ον, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about,  
 not keeping on one scent.  
 ἐκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.  
 ἐκ-κωμάζω, f. σω, to come forth in the festive proces-  
 sion: to rush madly out.  
 ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἤσω, and ἐκ-κωφόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐκ, κωφός)  
 to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the  
 swords grew blunt.  
 ἐκλάγον, aor. 2 of κλάζω.  
 ἐκλαγξα, aor. 1 of κλάζω.  
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—to ob-  
 tain by lot or fate.  
 ἐκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.  
 ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to kick out: metaph. to  
 spurn at.  
 ἐκ-λαλέω, f. ἤσω, to speak out, divulge.  
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: for the  
 other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II.  
 to receive, bear. III. to contract to do work, opp.  
 to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).  
 ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμψα:—to shine or  
 flash forth. II. trans. to make to shine, light up,  
 kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαθον, to escape notice ut-  
 terly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor.  
 -ελασα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέλαθον, Causal of ἐκ-  
 λανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med.  
 ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλελαθέσθαι:  
 pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.  
 ἐκλαπάζω, f. ξω, = ἐξαλαπάζω, to cast out from.  
 ἐκλάπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω.  
 ἐκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.  
 ἐκ-λαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.  
 ἐκ-λέγω, f. ξω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick  
 out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself,  
 choose. 2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's  
 gray hairs. II. to collect tribute.  
 ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκλείοιπα:  
 —to leave out, omit. 2. to forsake, abandon,  
 quit. 3. εἴ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν if any one  
 left the number incomplete. II. of the sun, to  
 be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ  
 ἑδρην. III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence  
 ἐκλειψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting. II. a  
 disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.  
 ἐκλεκτός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; οἱ  
 ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.  
 ἐκλελαθεῖν, -ίσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med.  
 of ἐκλανθάνω.  
 ἐκλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.  
 ἐκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέο, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.  
 ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to hatch.  
 ἐκ-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease entirely.  
 ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.  
 ἐκλήθην, aor. I pass. of καλέω.  
 ἐκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: for-  
 getting and forgiving.  
 ἐκ-λιμπάνω, poet. for ἐκλείπω.  
 ἐκλίνθημεν, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.  
 ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.  
 ἐκλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.  
 ἐκλιπής, ἐς, (ἐκλιπεῖν) failing, deficient: ἡλίου ἐκ-  
 λιπές τι ἐγένετο = ἐκλειψις, there was an eclipse of  
 the sun. II. omitted.  
 ἐκλογή, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election:  
 a levy of troops or taxes. II. a choice selection,  
 as of extracts from authors.  
 ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to  
 consider, reflect on.  
 ἐκλόμην, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.  
 ἐκ-λούω, f. σω, to wash out.  
 ἐκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth:—Pass. to be  
 born.  
 ἐκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.  
 ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.  
 ἐκλύτῆριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον  
 a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.  
 ἐκλύτος, ον, let loose, discharged. From  
 ἐκ-λύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: for the tenses v. λύω—to loose  
 or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his  
 tongue:—so also in Med. II. to unloose, unstring

a bow: hence to break up, put an end to:—Pass. to be faint, exhausted, despond.

ἐκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to sustain grievous injuries.

ἐκ-λωπίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, λῶπος) to lay bare.

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκμαγήναι) the impression of a seal, a seal; ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμαγήναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαίνω, f. -μᾶνῶ: aor. 1 ἐξέμηναι:—to drive mad with any passion; πόθον ἐκμῆναι to kindle passionate desire:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκμέμηναι:—to go mad with passion: to rave, be frantic.

ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an impress, image.

ἐκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον: pf. ἐκμεμάθηκα:—to learn thoroughly, to learn by heart: in past tenses, to have learnt thoroughly, and so to know full well, perceive. II. to examine closely, search out.

ἐκμᾶνῶ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάξας, aor. 1 part. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαργόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to drive raving mad:—Pass. to go raving mad.

ἐκ-μαρτυρέω, f. ἤσω, to bear witness to a thing.

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξέμαξα: Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγα:—to wipe off:—Med. to wipe away one's tears. II. to mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.

ἐκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to search out.

ἐκ-μεθύσκω, to make quite drunk.

ἐκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to have a chief share in a thing; ἐξέμμορε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ἤσω, to train carefully: to practise diligently.

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμηναι, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure out:—Med. to measure out for oneself: to take measure of.

ἐκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) measureless, boundless, Lat. immensus.

ἐκμῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μηνος, ον, (ἐξ, μήν) of six months, half yearly: as Subst., ἐκμηνος, ἡ, a space of six months.

ἐκ-μηρύομαι, Dep., of an army, to defile out of.

ἐκ-μίαινω, to pollute.

ἐκ-μιτμέομαι, Dep. to imitate faithfully.

ἐκ-μισθόω, f. ὠσω, to let out for hire:—Med. to hire.

ἐκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

ἐκ-μουσώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐκ, μουσα) to teach fully.

ἐκ-μοχθέω, f. ἤσω, to work out with toil, Lat. elaborare: to win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve.

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλός) to heave with the lever, to force one's way.

ἐκ-μυζάω, f. ἤσω, to suck out.

ἐκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to turn up one's nose at, mock at.

ἐκ-νεάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to grow young or fresh.

ἐκ-νέμομαι, Med. to feed off, Lat. depasci. 2. to go forth to feed, go forth.

ἐκνενίκηκα, pf. of ἐκνικάω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to cut the sinews:—Pass., pf. ἐκνενεύρισμαι, to be unnerved.

ἐκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐξένευσα:—to turn aside, turn away. II. to sink down. III. to give

a nod or sign to do a thing.

ἐκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐξένευσα:—to swim out or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.

ἐκ-νίξω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. 1 ἐξένιψα:—to wash out or away.

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ἤσω, to conquer completely: to achieve by force. II. intr. to prevail, grow into use; ἐπὶ τῷ μυθῶδες ἐκνενικηκέναι to win its way to the fabulous.

ἐκ-νόμιος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted, strange. Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομιώτατα.

ἐκ-νομος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted: unlawful:—Adv. -μως, discordantly.

ἐκ-νοστέω, f. ἤσω, to return from, to return.

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to take for oneself.

ἐκνυζήτο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάομαι.

ἐκόμισσα, Ep. aor. 1 of κομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκάν) freely, willingly.

ἐκορέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of κορέννυμι.

ἐκούσιος, α, ον, (ἐκάν) of one's own free will, voluntary. Adv. -ίως; also ἐξ ἐκουσίας or καθ' ἐκουσίαν.

ἐκπαγλίσω, Pass. to be astonished or amazed. II.

to wonder at, admire exceedingly. From

ἐκ-παγλος, ον, (metath. for ἐκ-πᾶλος, from ἐκ-πλαγήναι) frightful, terrible, fearful. Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλον and ἐκπλαγα used as Adv., terribly, fearfully, greatly. II. astonishing, wonderful.

ἐκπαίδευμα, ατος, τό, anything reared, a child. From

ἐκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to bring up from a child: to educate.

ἐκ-παιφάσσω, to rush furiously forth.

ἐκ-παίω, f. -παίησω: aor. 1 ἐξέπαισα:—to strike out of a thing, disappoint.

ἐκ-πᾶλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of old, long ago.

ἐκ-πάλλω, to shake out:—Pass. to spirt out.

ἐκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπάλλω.

ἐκ-πατάσσω, f. ξω, to strike out of one's senses.

ἐκ-πάτιος, α, ον, (ἐκ, πάτος) out of the common path: excessive.

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to set quite at rest, put an end to:—

Med. to take one's rest.

ἐκ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade, over-persuade.

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. ἄσω, to tempt.

ἐκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ā]: aor. 1 ἐξεπειράθην [ā]: Dep.:—to make trial of, prove, tempt. 2.

to inquire of another.

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is allowed.

ἐκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω: aor. 1 ἐξέπεμψα:—to send out or forth from: of things, to export. 2. to call or



*fetch out, send for*: Pass. *to go forth, depart*.  
*to dismiss, drive away*: *to divorce*. Hence  
 ἐκπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending out or forth.  
 ἐκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπετάννυμι.  
 ἐκπέπληγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.  
 ἐκπεπόννημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπονέω.  
 ἐκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω.  
 ἐκπεπόρθημεν, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθεύω, both in  
 med. and pass. sense.  
 ἐκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.  
 ἐκπεπότᾱμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάομαι.  
 ἐκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι,  
*expanded, open*. Adv. -νως, *extravagantly*.  
 ἐκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.  
 ἐκπεράω, ἐκπερόωσιν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἐκπεράω.  
 ἐκ-περαίνω, f. ἄνω, *to bring to an end*:—Pass. *to be*  
*fulfilled*.  
 ἐκπεράω, ατος, τό, a passing out. From  
 ἐκ-περάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ] Ion. ἡσω: Ion. aor. 1 ἐξεπέ-  
 ρησα:—*to pass through or over*: metaph., *to accom-*  
*plish*.  
 ἐκ-περδίκιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) *to escape*  
*like a partridge, fly away*.  
 ἐκ-πέρθω, fut. -πέρσω, *to destroy utterly*.  
 ἐκ-περίειμι, *to go all round*.  
 ἐκπέρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐκπέρθω.  
 ἐκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω:  
 ἐκπεσεῖν, for ἐκπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf.  
 ἐκ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and  
 act. forms ἐξεπτάμην and ἐξέπτην:—*to fly out, forth*  
*or away*.  
 ἐκ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾱ]: Ep. aor. 1 ἐξεπέτασσα:  
 —*to spread out, unfurl, spread*: *to stretch out*.  
 ἐκπετήσιμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) *ready to fly out of the*  
*nest*: metaph. of a girl, *marriageable*.  
 ἐκ-πέτομαι, aor. 2 -επτόμην, = ἐκπέταμαι.  
 ἐκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυνθάνομαι.  
 ἐκπέφυγα, pf. of ἐκφεύγω.  
 ἐκπεφύνηται, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω.  
 ἐκ-πηδάω, f. ἡσομαι, *to leap out or forth*: esp. of a  
 besieged force, *to sally forth*. 2. *to leap up*. Hence  
 ἐκπήδημα, ατος, τό, a leap out or forth.  
 ἐκ-πηνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, πήνιον) *to reel off,*  
*wind out*: fut. med., ἐκπηνιεύσθαι τί τινος *to wind*  
*something out of a man*.  
 ἐκ-πιδύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδίω) *to gush forth*.  
 ἐκ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. 1 ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξε-  
 πλήσθην:—*to fill up, fill full of*. 2. *to sati-*  
*ate*. II. *to fulfil*. III. *to finish, complete*.  
 ἐκ-πίνω [ι]: f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπιον: for the  
 other tenses, v. πίνω:—*to drink out or off, quaff,*  
*drain*. II. metaph. *to empty out, drain*.  
 ἐκ-πιπράσκω, *to sell off*.  
 ἐκ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. ἐξέπεσον: pf. ἐκπέ-  
 πτωκα:—*to fall out of or down from*. 2. *to fall*  
*from, be deprived of, lose*, Lat. excidere. 3. *to be*  
*driven out of one's country, be banished*. 4. *to be*  
*cast ashore, to be wrecked*, Lat. ejici. 5. of actors,

*to be bisped off the stage*, Lat. explodi. 6. *to come*  
*out or forth, sally out*: *to get out of, escape*: *to de-*  
*part from*. 7. *to issue, result in*.  
 ἐκ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐκπίπτω.  
 ἐκπλήγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.  
 ἐκπλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six pletbra long.  
 ἐκ-πλεος, poet. ἐκπλειος, α, ον, Att. ἐκπλεως, αν:  
 (ἐκ, πλέως) *quite full*: *complete, entire*: *abundant*.  
 ἐκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐξέπλευσα: Ion.  
 ἐκπλώω, f. -πλώσω:—*to sail out, go out of port*: c.  
 acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν *to outsail the*  
*ships into the open sea*.  
 ἐκ-πλεως, αν, Att. for ἐκπλεος.  
 ἐκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.  
 ἐκ-πλήγνυμι, = ἐκπλήσσω.  
 ἐκπληκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκπλήσσω) *striking with terror,*  
*astounding*. Adv. -κῶς, *in amazement*.  
 ἐκπληξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) *panic fear, consterna-*  
*tion*: ἐκπληξίς κακῶν *terror caused by misfortunes*.  
 ἐκ-πληρόω, f. ὤσω, *to fill quite up*. 2. of ships,  
*to man completely*. 3. *to fulfil*. II. ἐκπλη-  
 ροῦν λιμένα *to cross over the harbour*, Lat. emetiri  
 spatium.  
 ἐκ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξέπληξα:—  
*to strike out of, drive away*:—*to frighten out of one's*  
*senses, scare, astound*. II. Pass., mostly in aor.  
 2 ἐξεπλάγην [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἐκπλη-  
 γεν: later also aor. 1 ἐξεπλήχθην:—*to be panic-struck,*  
*amazed*.  
 ἐκπλοος contr. ἐκπλους, ὁ, (ἐκπλέω) *a sailing out,*  
*leaving port*.  
 ἐκ-πλύνω [υ], *to wash out*. Hence  
 ἐκπλῦτος, ον, *to be washed out*.  
 ἐκ-πλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.  
 ἐκ-πνέω Ep. -πνείω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι:  
 aor. 1 ἐξέπνευσα:—*to breathe out or forth*. 2.  
 βίον ἐκπνεῖν *to breathe one's last, expire*: and so ἐκ-  
 πνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, *to blow out*  
*or outwards*: *to burst out*. Hence.  
 ἐκπνοή, ἡ, *a breathing out, expiring*.  
 ἐκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) *out of the way*: ἐκποδὼν  
 ἵστασθαι *to stand out of the way*: ἐκποδὼν χωρεῖν τινι  
*to get out of his way*. Opp. to ἐμποδών.  
 ἐκ-ποιέω, f. ἡσω: aor. 1 ἐξεποίησα:—*to put out a*  
*child, give him in adoption*. II. Med. *to pro-*  
*duce, bring forth*. III. *to make completely, finish*  
*off*. Hence  
 ἐκποίησης, εως, ἡ, *a putting forth, emission*: and  
 ἐκποίητος, η, ον, *put forth, given in adoption*.  
 ἐκ-ποκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to pull out wool or hair*.  
 ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ἡσω, *to excite to war, make hostile*.  
 ἐκ-πολεμώω, f. ὤσω, *to make hostile, involve in war*:  
 Pass. *to become an enemy to*.  
 ἐκ-πολιορκέω, f. ἡσω, *to take by siege*, Lat. expugnare.  
 ἐκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμπω) *a sending out or forth*.  
 ἐκ-πονέω, f. ἡσω: aor. 1 ἐξεπόννησα:—*to work out,*  
*finish off, execute, bring to perfection*, Lat. elaborare:  
 —Pass. *to be brought to perfection*: σῖτος ἐκπε-

πονημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπεπονησθαι τὰ σώματα to have their bodies in good training. II. to work hard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. V. of food, to digest by labour.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I ἐξεπορεύθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

ἐκ-πορθέω, f. ἤσω, = ἐκπέρθω, to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence

ἐκπορθήτωρ, opus, ὁ, a ravager, destroyer.

ἐκ-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea.

ἐκ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ἐξεπόρισα:—to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:—Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

ἐκ-πορνεύω, f. σω, to be given to fornication.

ἐκ-ποτάομαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπεπόταμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficere. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

ἐκ-πράυνω, to soothe, mollify.

ἐκπρεπής, ἐς, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἐκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing.

ἐκπρεπῶς, Adv. of ἐκπρεπής II, unreasonably.

ἐκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.

ἐκ-πρίω, f. -πριοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—to saw out.

ἐκ-προθύμιομαι, f. ἤσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous.

ἐκ-προΐημι, f. ἤσω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-προκαλέομαι, f. ἔσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of

ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference.

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρολίπων.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ἤσω, to honour above all.

ἐκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to escape from.

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χεῖω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-πτερύσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings.

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to scare away from.

ἐκ-πτοέω, f. ἤσω, = ἐκπτήσσω:—Pass. to be scared.

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ὕσω or ὕσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέπτῦσα:—to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεπυνθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, hear of.

ἐκ-πύρρω, f. ὠσω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence

ἐκπύρωσις, εως, ἡ, a conflagration.

ἐκ-πυστος, ον, heard of, discovered.

ἐκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup.

ἐκ-πωτάομαι, poet. for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

ἐκράανθεν, Ep. for ἐκρανθήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κραινώ.

ἐκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod.  
ἐκράγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.  
ἐκράγῃσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.  
ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of κράζω.  
ἐκράθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.  
ἐκραιαίνον, Ep. inimpf. of κραινώ.  
ἐκ-ραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐξέρρανα:—to scatter out from.

ἐκρέμω, for ἐκρέμασ, 2 sing. inimpf. of κρέμαμαι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐξερρύην:—to flow out or forth. 2. of feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. II.

trans. to shed, let fall.

ἐκ-ρήγνυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξέρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκράγῃσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξερράγην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asunder.

II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to break forth. III. also intr. in Act. to break out or forth.

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ὠσω, to root out.

ἐκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέρριψα:—to throw out, cast forth.

ἐκροος, contr. ἐκρους, ὁ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall.

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ἤσω, to gulp down.

ἐκρύβην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver.

ἐκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σαλάσσω, to shake violently.

ἐκ-σαδῶ, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἐξεσάωσα:—Ep. for ἐκσάωζω.

ἐκ-σείω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—to shake out.

ἐκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξεσσύμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σέω):—to rush forth from, flee away from.

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to signify, denote.

ἐκ-σιγάω, f. ἤσομαι, to put to utter silence.

ἐκ-σκαλεύω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away.

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ], to scatter abroad.

ἐκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, to disfigure.

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: inimpf. ἐξέσμων:—to wipe out.

ἐκ-σοβέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐξεσόβησα:—to scare away.

ἐκ-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐξέσπασα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασσάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out.

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out as a libation.

ἐκ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to hasten out.

ἐκ-σπονδος, ον, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it.

ἐκ-στάδιος, ον, (ἕξ, στάδιον) six stades long.

ἐκστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, aor. I ἐξέστειλα:—to send out: to deck out.

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέστεμμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

ἐκ-στράτεια, ἡ, a going out on service. From

ἐκ-στρατεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.



ἐκ-στρατοπεδεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι: pf. ἐξεστρατο-  
πεδεύμαι: Dep.:—to encamp outside.  
ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἐξέστρεψα:—to turn  
aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out: metaph.  
to change entirely: to pervert.  
ἐκ-συρίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to whistle or hiss off  
the stage, Lat. *explodere*.  
ἐκ-σύρω [ῡ], to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξεσύρην [ῡ].  
ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to seal up:—Pass. to  
be shut out from.  
ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐξέσωσα:—to keep safe, pre-  
serve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass.,  
νῆσον ἐκώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.  
ἐκ-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, σωρός) to heap or pile up.  
ἐκτᾶ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.  
ἐκτάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.  
ἐκτάδιος, η, ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.  
ἐκτάθεις, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐκτείνω.  
ἐκτάθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.  
ἐκτάθήσομαι, fut. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.  
ἐκτάμε, Ep. for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.  
ἐκταμεν, Ep. for ἐκτάνομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.  
ἐκτάμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.  
ἐκ-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.  
ἐκτᾶν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.  
ἐκτάνον, aor. 2 of κτείνω.  
ἐκ-τάνύω, f. ύσω: aor. 1 ἐξετάνυσα, Ep. -υσσα:  
aor. 1 pass. ἐξετάνυσθην:—poët. for ἐκτείνω, to stretch  
out in the dust, lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched.  
ἐκ-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξετάρασα:—  
to disquiet, confound, agitate.  
ἐκ-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw an army out in  
order:—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.  
ἐκτίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. of κτάομαι.  
ἐκτεθείς, aor. 1 part. of ἐκτίθημι.  
ἐκ-τίθραμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.  
ἐκ-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. 1 ἐξέτεινα: pf. ἐκτέτακα:  
—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξετάθην: pf. ἐκτέταμαι:—to stretch  
out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay  
low:—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of  
the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II.  
to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to  
the uttermost.  
ἐκ-τειχίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to fortify completely: to  
build from the ground.  
ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring quite to an end.  
ἐκ-τελέω: Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον: f. -τελέσω, Ep.  
-τελέω:—fut. med. ἐκτελέεσθαι in pass. sense:—to  
bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.  
ἐκ-τελής, ἐς, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect:  
ripe, mature.  
ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἐξέταμον:  
—to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood,  
to cut down. 2. to hew out, hew into shape. II.  
to castrate.  
ἐκτένεια, ή, earnestness, zeal. From  
ἐκτενής, ἐς, (ἐκτείνω) stretched out: metaph. earn-  
est, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously:  
Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.  
ἐκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἔχω, to be held. II.  
neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or hold.  
ἐκτέτηκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτίκω.  
ἐκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.  
ἐκτεύς, ἐως, ὅ, (ἐκτος) the sixth part (sextarius) of  
the μέδιμνος, = 8 chœnixes.  
ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐξετεχνησάμην:  
Dep.:—to contrive, devise.  
ἐκ-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτακον:—to make melt  
away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτηκα, to melt  
away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp.  
to ἐμμένειν.  
ἐκτῆμαι, for κέκτῆμαι, pf. of κτάομαι.  
ἐκτήσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of κτάομαι.  
ἐκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put  
out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.  
ἐκ-τίκτω, f. -τέξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον:—to bring forth.  
ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλλω: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι:—to pluck  
or pull out: Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένος having one's  
hair plucked out.  
ἐκ-τίμάω, f. ήσω, to honour highly.  
ἐκ-τίμος, ον, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour  
ἐκ-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake out or off.  
ἐκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aor. 1 ἐξέτισα:—to pay off, pay  
in full: ἐκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II.  
Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to  
take vengeance on.  
ἐκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω: aor. 1 ἐξέτρωσα:—to cause  
a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.  
ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξωθεν, from without,  
c. gen.: outside.  
ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.  
ἐκ-τολῦπέύω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an  
end.  
ἐκτομεύς, ἐως, ὅ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem.  
ἐκτομής, ἰδος.  
ἐκτομή, ή, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration.  
Hence  
ἐκτομίας, ον, ὅ, one castrated, a eunuch.  
ἐκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw  
away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.  
ἐκ-τόπιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, = ἐκτοπος.  
ἐκ-τοπος, ον, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, dis-  
tant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.  
ἐκ-τορέω, f. ήσω, to bore through, stab to death.  
ἐκτος, η, ον, (ἐξ) the sixth.  
ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. *extrinsecus*, opp. to ἐντός: I.  
of Place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of,  
far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3.  
except. II. of Time, beyond, over.  
ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.  
ἐκτοσθε, ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, with-  
out, outside: far from, apart from.  
ἐκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished  
from the table.  
ἐκ-τραχηλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, to throw off or down:—Pass. to break one's neck.

ἐκ-τράχυνω [ῥ], f. ῥύνω, to make rough.

ἐκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert: metaph., to turn aside, dissuade:—Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

ἐκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. 1 ἐξέθρεψα:—to bring up from childhood, rear up:—Med. to rear up for oneself.

ἐκ-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμομαι (from \*δρέμω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. 2. to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst forth.

ἐκ-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἐξέτριψα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκ-τρίβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub hard.

III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτρίβειν to bring life to a wretched end.

ἐκτρίψαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐκτρίβω.

ἐκτροπή, ἡ, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. II. a turning oneself from, avoidance:—ἐκτροπή ὁδοῦ a resting-place; ἐκτροπή λόγου a digression.

ἐκ-τρύχω, f. ὦσω, to wear out, exhaust.

ἐκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἐκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ἐκ-τυπώω, f. ὦσω, to work in relief.

ἐκ-τυφλώω, f. ὦσω, to make quite blind. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, εως, ἡ, a making quite blind.

ἐκύει, 3 sing. impf. of κνέω.

ἐκῦρά, ἡ, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκῦρον, aor. 2 of κυρέω.

ἐκῦρός, ὁ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκῦσα, aor. 1 of κνέω.

ἐκῦσα, aor. 1 of κύω.

ἐκ-φάγειν, to eat up, devour: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ῥ], f. ῥύνω, to make quite clear.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 ἐξέφηνα:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:—Pass. and Med., f. -φάνομαι and -φάνησομαι: aor. 1 ἐξεφάνθη, aor. 2 ἐξεφάνην [ᾱ]:—to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

ἐκφάνης, ἐς, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφημι.

ἐκφάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκφημι) a declaration.

ἐκφᾶτος, ον, (ἐκφημι) beyond power of speech:—Adv. ἐκφάτως, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impiously.

ἐκ-φαιλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to depreciate.

ἐκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρειν.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐξοίσω: aor. 1 and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to carry

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. efferre: also to carry away: to carry off as prize:—Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring

forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring about. 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth, exert. 5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. inferre bellum, to begin war. 6. to shew signs of, shew. III.

to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away. 2. to come to an end.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἐκφυγε χειρός. 2. to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ἐκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκφάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφθείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρεις.

ἐκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος νηῶν the wine had all been consumed out of the ships.

ἐκ-φιλέω, f. ἤσω, to love passionately.

ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφαιλίζω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire.

ἐκ-φοβέω, f. ἤσω, to frighten out or away, affright:—Pass. to be affrighted.

ἐκ-φοινίσσω, fut. ξω, to make red or bloody.

ἐκ-φοιτάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ἤσω, to go out or forth.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial. 2. a blabbing, betrayal. II. (from

Pass.) of horses, a running away.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:—Med. to take out with one:—Pass. to move forth. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass., to be cast up on shore, Lat. ejici.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tilth.

ἐκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, exportable. II. to be made known.

ἐκ-φορτίζομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ἐκ-φράζω, f. ἄσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἤσομαι, also ἤσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

ἐκ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. excogitare.

ἐκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. amens: also, frenzied.

ἐκ-φυγγάνω, = ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκφύγε, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἐκφυμι.

ἐκ-φυσάω, f. ἤσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph., ἐκφυσᾶν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.



ἐκ-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύσω [ῥ] : aor. I ἐξέφυσα :—to beget, produce. II. intr. in pf. ἐκπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι :—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen. : absol., λάλημα ἐκπεφυκός a born tattler.

ἐκ-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to pronounce aloud.  
ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to let go from.  
ἐκ-χαυνόω, f. ὠσω, to puff up, make vain.  
ἐκχεύατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω.  
ἐκ-χέω, f. -χεῶ : aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχευα : pf. ἐκκέχυκα :—to pour out, Lat. effundo : to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθη [ῥ] : pf. ἐκκέχυμαι : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξεκέχυντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχυτο or ἐκχυτο, part. ἐκχόμενος :—to be poured out, to stream out or forth : generally, to spread out or abroad :—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in . . .  
ἐκ-χορεύω, f. σω, to break out of the chorus. II. ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.  
ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω :—to suffice, be enough for : only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.  
ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to declare as an oracle.  
ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.

ἐκχυθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω.  
ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.  
ἐκχόμενος [ῥ], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.  
ἐκχυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.  
ἐκχυτος, on, (ἐκχέω) poured out : unconfinned, outspread, Lat. effusus :—ἐκχυτον, τό, drink.  
ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω : pf. pass. ἐκκέχωσμαι :—to raise by bearing up soil : to silt up, of a river.  
ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out and away, depart from. 2. to slip out of : hence of a joint, to be dislocated. 3. to give way : to give place to.  
ἐκ-ψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.  
'ΕΚΩ'Ν, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free will. II. often in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

ἐλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.  
ἐλάαν, Ep. for ἐλᾶν, inf. of ἐλαύνω.  
ἐλάβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.  
ἐλάθον, aor. 2 of λανθάνω.  
'ΕΛΑΙΑ Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva :—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i. e. to go too far. II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence  
ἐλαιήεις Att. -αῖς, εσσα, εν, of the olive-tree.  
ἐλαίνεος, α, on, and ἐλαϊνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλαία) of the olive-tree, of olive-wood.  
ἐλαιο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.  
ἐλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum.  
ἐλαιος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.  
ἐλαιο-φόρος, on, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.  
ἐλαιο-φύης, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.  
ἐλαϊό-φύτος, on, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.  
ἐλαῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐλαία : Att. pl. ἐλαῖδες.

ἐλαιών, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) an olive-garden, olive-yard; Lat. olivētum :—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

ἐλάκησα, ἐλᾶκον, aor. I and 2 of λάσκω.  
ἐλάμφθην, Ion. for ἐλήφθην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.  
ἐλ-ανδρος, on, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνὴρ) man-slaying.  
ἐλᾶσα, Ep. for ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαύνω :—ἐλάσασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. :—ἐλασαιάτο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαιντο, 3 plur. aor. I opt. med.  
ἐλασᾶς, ὁ, an unknown bird.  
ἐλασειώ, Desiderat. of ἐλαύνω, to wish to drive.  
ἐλασία, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) riding, driving.  
ἐλασί-βροντος, on, (ἐλαύνω, βροντή) thunder-burling. II. burling like thunder.

ἐλάσ-ιππος, on, (ἐλαύνω, ἵππος) horse-driving.  
ἐλασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) a driving, riding : also rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub. στρατοῦ), a march, expedition ; (sub. ἵππου) riding.  
ἐλασσα, Ep. for ἤλασα, ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαύνω.  
ἐλασσόω, Att. -ττώ, f. ὠσω : aor. I Att. ἤλατ-τωσα :—Pass., fut. ἐλασσωθήσομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense : aor. ἤλασσώθην :—to make less, smaller, or worse : to lessen, damage : hence to detract from. II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish : to come short of, have too little of a thing : c. gen. to be inferior to. From  
ἐλάσσων Att. -ττων, on, gen. ονος :—smaller, less, fewer, worse ; ἐλασσον εἶναι to have the worse :—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in a less degree ; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως :—Used as Comp. of μικρός, with Sup. ἐλάχιστος : the Posit. ἐλαχὺς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαύνω, to drive : to row : also to drive about.  
ἐλάσω, fut. of ἐλαύνω. [ᾱ]  
ἐλατέον, verb. Adj. of ἐλαύνω, one must ride.  
'ΕΛΑΤΗ [ᾱ], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood : later also the whole ship.  
ἐλατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐλαύνω) a driver, a charioteer ; ἐλατήρ βροντῆς burler of thunder. II. one that drives away. III. a broad, flat cake. Hence  
ἐλατήριος, α, on, driving away.  
ἐλατίνος, η, on, (ἐλάτη) of the pine or fir : of pine or fir-wood.

ἐλαττον, Att. neut. for ἐλασσον, as Adv., less.  
ἐλαττονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλάσσων) to have less, have too little, be lacking.  
ἐλάττων, ἐλαττώ, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-.  
'ΕΛΑΥΝΩ : fut. ἐλάσω [ᾱ], Ep. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλᾶν, Ep. also ἐλώω :—aor. I act. ἤλασα, Ep. ἐλᾶσα, ἐλασσα :—pf. ἐλήλακα :—Med., aor. I ἤλασάμην, Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαιο, part. ἐλασσάμενος :—Pass., aor. ἤλασθην and ἤλασθην : pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι : plqpf. 3 sing. ἤληλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο :—v. ἐλάω :—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships. 2. seemingly intrans. to ride, drive, sail, row ; ἐλαύνοντες the rowers :—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail on a calm sea; πόντον ἐλάταις ἐλαύνειν to urge the sea with oars:—then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; ἐς τοσούτον ἤλασαν they proceeded so far.

3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μίasma, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν to drive away pollution. 4. to drive into narrow compass, press in battle: Att. also, to harass, trouble, annoy.

II. to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν τινά to wound him on the shoulder. 2. to thrust, drive through: Pass. to go through.

III. to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν to make a shield of beaten metal. 2. to draw out, to draw; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce.

3. κολῶν ἐλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl.

ἐλάφειος, ον, (ἐλαφος) of or belonging to deer.

ἐλαφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφηβόλος) a shooting of deer.

ἐλαφηβόλια (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival of Artemis.

Hence

ἐλαφηβολιών, ὥνος, ὁ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ἐλαφηβόλος, ον, (ἐλαφος, βάλλω) biting or shooting deer: as Subst. a deer-hunter.

ἐλαφοκτόνος, ον, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) deer-killing.

ἙΛΑΨΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a deer; whether male, a hart or stag, or female, a hind.

ἐλαφοσσοῖη, ἡ, (ἐλαφος, σείω) deer-bunting.

ἐλαφρία, ἡ, lightness: thoughtlessness. From

ἙΛΑΦΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, and ὅς, ὄν, light in weight, Lat. LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, ἐν ἐλαφρῷ ποιεῖσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, lightly, easily.

II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ light troops, Lat. levis armatura.

III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless. ἐλάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐλάσσων, fewest, smallest, least, worst:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, the very least.

ἐλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλαχυπτέρυξ, υγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλαχύς, πτέρυξ) short-winged; of fishes, short-finned.

ἙΛΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, small, short, little: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed.

ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαύνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάαν, impf. ἐλαον, ἐλawn.

ἙΛΔΟΜΑΙ, ἐλδομαι, Dep. to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence

ἐλδωρ, ἐλδωρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire.

ἐλε, Ep. for εἶλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰρέω.

ἐλεαίρω, poet. for ἐλεέω, to take pity on.

ἙΛΕΑΣ, ἄντος, ὁ, a kind of owl.

ἐλεγεία, ἡ, = ἐλεγος, an elegiac poem.

ἐλεγείον, τό, (ἐλεγος) a distich consisting of a hexa-

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. = ἐλεγεία ἐλεγος.

ἐλεγείος, α, ον, (ἐλεγος) of the elegy, elegiac.

ἐλέγου, Dor. for ἐλέγον, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω.

ἐλεγξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a refuting, reproving.

ἐλεγος, ὁ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

ἐλεγχείη, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace.

ἐλεγχῆς, ἐς, (ἐλεγχος) liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly:—irreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

ἐλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace, dishonour; κάκ' ἐλέγχεα base reproaches to your name.

ἐλεγχος, ὁ, a means of testing, a trial, test, Lat. argumentum: disproval, refutation.

II. an examination, scrutiny. From

ἙΛΕΓΧΩ, fut. ξω: aor. I ἤλεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλεγχθην: pf. ἐλήλεγμαι:—to disgrace, put to shame, dishonour.

II. to convince, refute, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disprove: also to accuse, reprove, reproach. 2. to examine, question: to prove, attest.

ἐλε-δεμνάς, ἡ, (\*ἐλω, δέμνιον) couch-destroying.

ἐλέειν, Ep. for ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, in Att. Poets ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεος) pitiable, piteous: pitied: generally, wretched, miserable.—Adv. ἐλεεινῶς, poet. ἐλεινῶς, pitifully: also neut. pl. ἐλεινά as Adv.

ἐλεέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐλεος) to have pity on, shew mercy upon.

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, pity, mercy: an alms. From

ἐλεήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐλεέω) pitiful, merciful.

ἐλεητύς, υος, ἡ, Ion. for ἐλεος, pity, mercy.

ἙΛΕΙΘΙΑ, ἡ, = Εἰλεῖθια.

ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, Att. for ἐλεεινός.

ἐλειο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐλος, βαίνω) marsh-dwelling.

ἐλειος, ον, and α, ον, (ἐλος) of or in the marsh.

ἐλειψάμην, aor. I med. of λείβω.

ἐλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie.

ἙΛΕΛΕΥ or ἐλελεεῦ, like ἀλαλά, a loud cry.

ἐλελήθεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λανθάνω.

ἐλελίζω (A): f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, to whirl round.

II. of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them.

III. generally, to make to tremble or quake:—Pass. to quake, tremble, quiver.

IV. in Pass. also to wind or twist oneself along.

ἐλελίζω (B): f. ξω: aor. I ἠλέλιξα:—to cry ἐλελεῦ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

ἐλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλελίζω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἐλελίζω (A).

ἐλελί-χθων, ον, ονος, (ἐλελίζω, χθών) earth-shaking.

ἐλελόγχειν, plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλένας, ἡ, (ἐλεῖν, νᾶς Dor. for ναῦς) ship-destroying.

ἐλεόθρεπτος, ον, (ἐλος, τρέφω) marsh-bred.



ἐλεόν, Adv. like ἐλεεινόν, piteously.  
 ἘΛΕΟ΄Σ, ὁ, and ἐλεόν, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser.  
 ἘΛΕΟΣ, ον, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εους, τό, pity, mercy, compassion. II. an object of compassion, a piteous thing.  
 ἐλεπολις, ποῖτ. ἐλέ-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως: (ἐλεῖν, πόλις) city-destroying, of Helen.  
 ἐλεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.  
 ἐλετός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεῖν) that can be taken or caught.  
 ἐλευθερία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἐλεύθερος) freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing.  
 ἐλευθέριος, ον, (ἐλεύθερος) dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank, Lat. liberalis: esp. freely-giving, bountiful, liberal. It bears the same relation to ἐλεύθερος as liberalis to liber. II. as epith. of Jove, the Releaser, Deliverer. Hence  
 ἐλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, freedom of spirit, liberality.  
 ἐλευθερίως, Adv. of ἐλευθέριος: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.  
 ἐλευθερό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, having free children.  
 ἘΛΕΤ΄ΘΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, and Att. ος, ον, free, Lat. LIBER; ἐλεύθερον ἡμᾶρ the day of freedom; τὸ ἐλεύθερον freedom. 2. free or freed from a thing. 3. of things, free for all to use, open to use. II. like ἐλευθέριος, fit for a freeman, free-spirited, Lat. liberalis.  
 ἐλευθεροστομέω, f. ἤσω, to be free of speech. From  
 ἐλευθερό-στομος, ον, (ἐλεύθερος, στόμα) free-spoken.  
 ἐλευθερ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἐλεύθερος, ἔργον) bearing himself freely, of a horse.  
 ἐλευθερώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐλεύθερος) to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit. Hence  
 ἐλευθέρως, Adv. of ἐλεύθερος, freely, with freedom.  
 ἐλευθέρωσις, εως, ἡ, a setting free.  
 Ἐλευθώ, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, = Εἰλείθω.  
 Ἐλευσίν or Ἐλευσίς, ἴνος, ἡ, Eleusis, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Proserpine:—Adv. Ἐλευσινᾶδεν, to Eleusis; Ἐλευσινόθεν, from Eleusis. Hence  
 Ἐλευσίνιος, α, ον, of Eleusis.  
 Ἐλευσις, εως, ἡ, a coming: esp. the Advent. From  
 ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι: but in Att. εἴμι ibo was chiefly used.  
 ἐλεφαίρομαι, Dep. to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy.  
 ἐλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and ἐλεφάντινος, η, ον, (ἐλέφας) of ivory, ivory, Lat. eburneus.  
 ἐλεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) inlaid with ivory.  
 ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλέφας, μάχομαι) a battle of elephants.  
 ἘΛΕ΄ΦΑΣ, αντος, ὁ, the elephant, Lat. elephas. II. the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. ebur.  
 ἐλεψα, aor. 1 of λέπω.  
 ἔλη, ἡ, = εἴλη, ἀλέα, the beat or light of the sun.  
 ἔλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω: and ἔληαι, Ion. for ἔλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.  
 ἐλήλακα, ἐλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐλαύνω.  
 ἐλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγω.  
 ἐληλέδατο, for ἐλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἐλαύνω.  
 ἐλήλιγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.  
 ἐλήλυθα, pf. of ἔρχομαι.  
 ἐλήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of λαμβάνω.  
 ἐλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔρχομαι.  
 ἐλθεῖν, Ep. ἐλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρχομαι.  
 ἐλίγδην, Adv. (ἐλίσσω) whirling, spinning.  
 ἐλιγμα, ματος, τό, (ἐλίσσω) that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet.  
 ἐλιγμός, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω) a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage.  
 ἐλικ-ἀμπυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ἄμπυξ) with a circlet round the hair.  
 ἐλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἐλιξ, βλέφαρον) with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing.  
 ἐλικο-δρομος, ον, (ἐλιξ, δραμεῖν) twisting, winding.  
 ἐλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλίσσω) rolled, wound, wreathed.  
 Ἐλικών, ὠνος, ὁ, Helicon, a mountain in Bœotia, the seat of the Muses.  
 Ἐλικώνιος, α, ον, Heliconian, of Helicon.  
 ἐλικ-ῶψ, ωπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ὦψ) with rolling eyes, quick-glancing: fem. ἐλικῶπις.  
 ἐλινύω or ἐλινύω, f. ὑσω [ῦ]: aor. 1 ἐλινύσα:—Ion. Verb, to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep. II. to be lazy.  
 ἔλιξ, ικος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. rolled, twisted, winding, spiral: epith. of oxen, probably from their twisted, crumpled horns.  
 ἔλιξ ποῖτ. ἐλιξ, ικος, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, whirlwind, Lat. vortex; ἔλικες στεροπῆς flashes of forked lightning:—the tendril of the vine or of ivy:—the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of hair.  
 ἐλιξό-κερως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. αν, (ἐλίσσω, κέρας) with crumpled horns.  
 ἐλιπον, aor. 2 of λείπω.  
 ἐλίσσμεν, Ep. inf. of ἐλίσσω.  
 ἘΛΙ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Ep. and Ion. ἐλίσσω: fut. ἐλίξω: aor. 1 ἐλίξα:—Pass. aor. 1 ἐλίχθην: pf. ἐλήλιγμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐλικοτο:—to turn about, turn round and round, roll, Lat. VOLVO: to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν ἐλίσσειν to ply the rapid oar. 2. metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve. 3. intrans. to hurry, move quickly about. II. Pass. and Med. to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:—to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; ὦραι ἐλίσσόμεναι the circling hours.  
 ἐλί-τροχος, ον, (ἐλίσσω, τροχός) whirling the wheel round.  
 ἐλί-χρῦσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρυσός) helichryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers.  
 ἐλκαίνω, (ἐλκος) to be sore from a wound.  
 ἐλκεσί-πεπλος, ον, (ἐλκω, πέπλος) trailing the robe, long-robed.  
 ἐλκε-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, (ἐλκω, χιτών) trailing the tunic, with a long tunic.

ἐλκέω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, tear asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence ἐλκηδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἐλκηθμός, ὁ, a being carried off, rough usage. ἔλκημα, ατος, τό, (ἐλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

ἐλκο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, having power to wound.

ἘΛΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἐλκώ, f. ὤσω, to wound sorely.

ἐλκῦδριον, τό, Dim. of ἔλκος, a slight sore.

ἐλκῦσαι [ῦ], aor. 1 inf. of ἔλκω.

ἐλκυστάζω, Frequent. of ἔλκω, to drag about.

ἘΛΚΩ, f. ἔλξω: aor. 1 εἴλξα, poet. ἔλξα: but also (as if from \*ἐλκύω) fut. ἐλκῦσω [ῦ]: aor. 1 εἴλκυσα: Pass., aor. 1 εἴλκυσθην: pf. εἴλκυσμαι, Ion. ἔλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *traho*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere naves*: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at. 2. to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with. 5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν κόρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίον to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much; absol. to weigh ἔλκει πλεῖον it weighs more. 10. ἐλκῦσαι πλίνθους to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*. II. Med., ξίφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἐλκ-ώδης, ες, (ἐλκος, εἶδος) like a wound, ulcerous. ἔλκωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλκώω) ulceration.

ἐλλαβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω. ἐλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ἐλ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon:—Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

Ἐλλαῖνο-δίκαί, ὦν, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, δίκη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. II. that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwelt, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἐλληνικός. ἐλλαχον, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλλέβορος, ὁ, bellebore, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness; πῖθ' ἐλλέβορον drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

ἐλλεδανός, ὁ, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-rope.

ἐλλειμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἐλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλιπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit. III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf. to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass. to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

ἐλλειψις, εως, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

ἐλ-λεσχος, ον, (ἐν, λέσχη) of common talk.

Ἐλλην, ηνος, ὁ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the Ἕλληνες, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Ἑλληνικός. Hence

Ἑλληνίζω, f. ἴσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Ἑλληνισθῆναι τὴν γλῶσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

Ἑλληνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἐλλην) Hellenic, Greek; τὸ Ἑλληνικόν = οἱ Ἕλληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Ἑλληνικῶς, in Greek fashion.

Ἑλλήνιος, α, ον, = Ἑλληνικός.

Ἑλληνίς, ιδος, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

Ἑλληνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (Ἑλληνίζω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Ἑλληνιστί, (Ἑλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Ἑλληνιστὶ ξυνιέναι to understand Greek.

Ἑλληνο-τάμιαί, ὦν, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, ταμίας) the stewards of Greece, i. e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Ἑλλήσ-ποντος, ὁ, (Ἐλλην, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

ἐλλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence ἐλλίπης, ἐς, wanting, defective.

ἐλλίσσάμην, Ep. for ἐλίσσάμην, aor. 1 of λίσσομαι. ἐλλίστανεον, Ep. for ἐλίστ-, imperf. of λιτανεύω.

ἐλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *in auris*.

ἐλ-λογέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute. ἐλ-λόγιμος, ον, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἐλλοπιεύω, f. σω, (ἐλλοψ) to fish.

Ἐλλοῦς or ἐλλός, ὁ, a young deer, fawn.

Ἐλλοῦς, ἡ, ὄν, mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλλο-φόνος, ον, (ἐλλός, φένω) fawn-slaying.

ἐλ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἐλλοψ, οπος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλ-λύχνιον, τό, (ἐν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

ἔλξα, poet. for εἴλξα, aor. 1 of ἔλκω.

ἐλξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction. II. a draught.

ἐλοῖμαν, Dor. for ἐλοίμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοιμι, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῖσα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔλον, ἐλόμην, poet. for εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

Ἐλος, εος, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἐλοῦμεν, 1 pl. old Att. imperf. of λούω.

ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. imperf. med. of λούω.



ἐλόωσι, Ep. for ἐλάσουςι, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἐλπώ): aor. I ἤλπισα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλπισθην:—to hope, expect: also, in bad sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat. to hope in.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope:—Med. ἐλπομαι Ep. ἐέλπομαι: pf. ἐόλπα (with pres. sense), plqpf. ἐώλπειν (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, believe; and in bad sense, to fear.

ἐλπωρή, ἡ, Ep. form of ἐλπίς.

ἐλσαι, ἐλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἶλω.

ἐλύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of λύω.

ἐλῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

ἐλῦμος, ὁ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.

ἐλῦτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a place for holding water, a reservoir. From

ἐλύω, (εἶλω):—to roll round: only used in Ep. aor. I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist oneself close up.

ἐλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.

ἐλων, impf. of ἐλάω: but ἐλῶν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἐλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty, spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλοιο ἔλωρα ἀποτίκειν

to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dis honour.

ἐλώριον, τό, = ἔλωρ.

ἐμάθον, aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

ἐμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

ἐμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμάρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εωυτοῦ or ἐμ-ωυτοῦ, ἦς, (ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβᾶ, for ἐμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβᾶδόν, Adv. (ἐμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβην: pf. ἐμβέβηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβᾶς:—to step in:—to step on, go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board, embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 3. to tread upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to enter, bring in or into:—cf. ἐμβιβάζω.

ἐμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐν-έβαλλον:—to throw, lay, put in; κώπαις ἐμβαλέειν (sub. χεῖρας) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κώπαις, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of another:—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II. intr. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter, run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on another with its beak: cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ἐμ-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip in.

ἐμβᾶς, ἄδος [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt shoe, used by the Boeotians; also by old men and poor people.

ἐμβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμ-βᾶσιλεύω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἐμβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμβαίνω) a going in or upon: a going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which one goes; ἐμβασίς ποδῶς a shoe, like ἐμβᾶς. 2. the sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

ἐμβᾶτεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἐμβάτης) to step in or on, stand on: hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt: also to protect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter on possession of property.

ἐμβατεύω, f. ἥσω, (ἐμβάτης) = ἐμβατεύω.

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβατεύω) of or for marching: ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐμβαίνω) he that goes in or upon, esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of boat, cf. ἐμβᾶς. [ᾱ]

ἐμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into: τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ᾱ]

ἐμβεβᾶς, -νῖα, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβέβᾶσαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβητον, 2 dual: ἐμβήτη, for ἐμβῆ, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβᾶσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐμβαίνω, to make to step in or upon: to put on board ship: to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From

ἐμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply, to look.

ἐμ-βοάω, f. ἥσομαι, to call upon: to shout aloud.

ἐμβολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἡ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. intrans. an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion, foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another, an assault; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκόστομοι the shock of brassen beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the head of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβόλιμος, ον, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μὴν ἐμβ. an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in; ἐμβ. τῆς χώρας a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a wedge: the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam, architrave.

ἐμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2. the brassen beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχύν, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρέομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρεφος, ον, (ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like.

ἐμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθός) heavy, weighty. II. metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons, violent, savage, fierce. III. Adv. -θῶς, firmly.

ἐμ-βρίθω [ῖ], f. ἴσω, to weigh heavily upon.

ἐμ-βριμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.:—to snort with rage,

of horses: of men, to be sore vexed, be indignant, Lat. commoveri: to charge strictly, censure.

ἐμ-βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence

ἐμβρόντητος, ον, thunder-stricken, stupid.

ἐμ-βροχή, ἡ, (ἐν, βρόχος) a noose, balter.

ἐμ-βρύ-οικος, ον, (ἐν, βρύον, οἰκέω) dwelling in seaweed.

ἐμβρύον, τό, (ἐν, βρύω) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. foetus. 2. a thing newly born: a lamb or kid.

ἐμ-βύθιος, α, ον, or ος, ον, (ἐν, βυθός) at the bottom.

ἐμ-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to stuff in, stop up.

ἐμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με.

ἐμέγηρα, aor. I of μεγαίρω.

ἐμίθεν, old poet. gen. for ἐμοῦ.

ἐμεί, Dor. for ἐμέ, as τεί for τέ (σέ).

ἐμείνα, aor. I of μένω.

ἐμείο, ἐμέο, Ep. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

ἐμέμηκον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of μηκάομαι.

ἐμέμικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμεμνῆατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μμνήσκω.

ἐμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵημι.

ἐμενος, aor. part. med. of ἵημι.

ἐμετικός, ἡ, ὄν, provoking sickness. II. one

who uses emetics. From

ἐμετος, ὁ, (ἐμέω) sickness, vomiting.

ἐμεῦ, Ep. for ἐμοῦ, enclit. μεῦ: Dor. ἐμεῦς.

ἜΜΕ'Ω, impf. ἤμουν: f. ἐμέσω Att. ἐμῶ and ἐμοῦ-

μαι: aor. ἤμεσα Ep. ἔμεσσα: pf. ἐμήμεκα:—Lat.

VOMO, to vomit, throw up: absol. to be sick; ἐμεῖν

πτίλῳ to make oneself sick with a feather.

ἐμεωυτοῦ, Ion. for ἐμαντοῦ.

ἐμήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of μῆδομαι.

ἐμίγην [ι], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμιξα, aor. I of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίν, poet. Dor. for ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμμάθον, Ep. for ἐμαθον, aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

ἐμ-μαίνομαι, Dep. to be mad at. Hence

ἐμμανής, ἐς, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐμμάπέως, Adv. forthwith, immediately, hastily.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμ-μάσσω, f. ξω, to impress upon.

ἐμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in.

ἐμ-μειδιάω, f. άσω [α], to smile at.

ἐμμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐμμελής) a kind of dance, accompanied

by music: the tune of this dance.

ἐμ-μελετάω, f. ἤσω, to exercise in a thing. Hence

ἐμμελέτημα, ματος, τό, an exercise, practice.

ἐμ-μελής, ἐς, (ἐν, μέλος) in tune, well-timed, har-

monious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable:

elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. ἐμμελῶς, Ion.

-λέως.

ἐμμελῶς, νῆα, ὅς, pressing eagerly on, eager, basty, ardent: pf. part. with no verb in use.

ἐμ-μέμονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be lost in passion.

ἐμμεν, ἐμμεναι, Ep. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμμενής, ἐς, abiding in: neut. ἐμμενές as Adv., un-

ceasingly. Adv. ἐμμενῶς, Ep. and Ion. -έως. From

ἐμ-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐνέμεινα:—to abide in: to

abide by, stand by, cleave to, Lat. stare ab aliquo:

absol. to continue.

ἐμ-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure in or by.

ἐμ-μετρος, ον, (ἐν, μέτρον) in measure, measured,

moderate. II. in metre, metrical.

ἐμ-μηνος, ον, (ἐν, μήν) in a month, lasting a

month. II. occurring every month, montbly.

ἐμμί, Dor. for εἰμί sum.

ἐμ-μίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix or mingle

in. II. intrans. to encounter, meet.

ἐμ-μίννω, poet. for ἐμ-μένω.

ἐμ-μισθος, ον, (ἐν, μισθός) in pay, in receipt of pay.

ἐμμονος, ον, (ἐμμένω) abiding in, steadfast.

ἐμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι.

ἐμ-μορος, ον, (ἐν, μείρομαι) partaking in or of. II

(ἐν, μόρος) fortunate.

ἐμ-μοτος, ον, (ἐν, μότος) spread on lint.

ἐμ-μοχθος, ον, (ἐν, μόχθος) toilsome, painful.

ἐμ-μνέω, f. ἤσω, to initiate at the mysteries in.

ἐμνησα, aor. I of μμνήσκω.

ἐμνησθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of μμνήσκω.

ἐμνώνοντο, Ep. for ἐμνώνοντο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι.

ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμολον, aor. 2 of βλάσκω.

ἐμός, ἡ, ὄν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from ἐγώ.

ἐμοῦ, mine, Lat. meus; joined with gen. to strengthen

the possessive notion ἐμὸν αὐτοῦ mine own; ἐμὴ ἀγ-

γελίη a message about me; τὸ ἐμὸν mine, my part;

also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τὰμά:—τό γε ἐμὸν, τὸ μὲν ἐμὸν,

for my part, as far as concerns me.

ἐμοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμέω.

ἐμοῦς, Dor. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμπᾶ, Adv., v. ἐμπᾶς.

ἐμπᾶγείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐμπάζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. to busy oneself

about, take heed of, care for.

ἐμ-πάθής, ἐς, (ἐν, πάθος) in a state of emotion,

much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθῶς, passionately.

ἐμπαιγμονή, ἡ, = ἐμπαιγμός.

ἐμπαιγμός, ὁ, a jesting, mocking. From

ἐμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to mock, Lat. illudere: to

trick, deceive. II. to sport in or on. Hence

ἐμπαίκτης, ον, ὁ, a mocker, deceiver.

ἐμπαῖξαι, aor. I inf. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαιχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαιος, ον, (B) = ἐμπερος, knowing, practised in,

c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπαιος, ον, (B) bursting upon one, sudden. From

ἐμ-παίω, f. -παίω or -παίω, to strike in,

stamp. II. intr. to burst in upon.



ἐμ-πακτόω, f. ὥσω, to close up, caulk.  
 ἐμ-πᾶλάσσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together.  
 ἐμ-πᾶλιν, poët. also ἐμ-πᾶλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. back-  
 wards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in  
 return. IV. τὸ ἐμπαλιν, τὰ ἐμπαλιν, by crasis  
 τοῦμπαλιν, τὰμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.  
 ἐμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to band over, put in one's power.  
 ἐμ-πᾶς, Ion. and Ep. ἐμ-πῆς, Adv. (properly ἐν  
 πᾶσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole,  
 nevertheless, still. III. joined with περ, however  
 much, ever so much.  
 ἐμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέ-  
 πασα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in,  
 embroider.  
 ἐμ-πατέω, f. ἥσω, to tread in, walk into.  
 ἐμπεδό-μοχθος, on, (ἐμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-painful.  
 ἐμπεδο-ορκέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐμπεδος, ὄρκος) to abide by  
 one's oath.  
 ἐμ-πεδος, on, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, un-  
 shaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II.  
 Advs. ἐμπεδον and ἐμπεδα, ἐμπέδως, fast, of a surety,  
 truly, certainly.  
 ἐμπεδο-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐμπεδος, σθένος) with force un-  
 shaken.  
 ἐμπεδῶ, f. ὥσω, (ἐμπεδος) to make firm, establish.  
 ἐμπεύραμος, on, = ἐμπεύραμος.  
 ἐμπεύρια, ἡ, experience: experience in or acquaint-  
 ance with a thing. From  
 ἐμ-πειρος, on, (ἐν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted  
 with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-  
 пейρότερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπεύρας τινὸς  
 ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.  
 ἐμπελάδον, Adv. near, bard by. From  
 ἐμ-πελάζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near  
 or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass.  
 to be brought near, approach.  
 ἐμπεπῆγα, pf. intr. of ἐμπεπῆγνυμι.  
 ἐμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.  
 ἐμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.  
 ἐμπεπτώκα, pf. of ἐμπίπτω.  
 ἐμ-πεύραμος, on, = ἐμπεύραμος, acquainted with.  
 ἐμ-περιπατέω, to walk about in: to tarry among.  
 ἐμ-περονάω, f. ἥσω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence  
 ἐμπερόνημα, Dor. -ᾶμα, ματος, τό, a garment fas-  
 tened with a brooch or buckle.  
 ἐμπεσον, Ep. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.  
 ἐμπεσοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμπίπτω.  
 ἐμ-πετάννυμι or -ύω, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ], to unfold and  
 spread on or out.  
 ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω:  
 ἐμπεφύα, Ep. part. fem.  
 ἐμ-πήγνυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to  
 fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγην [ᾶ],  
 with pf. act. ἐμπεπῆγα, plqpf. -ήγειν:—to stick in.  
 ἐμ-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, to leap or jump in.  
 ἐμ-πηρος, on, crippled, maimed, deformed.  
 ἐμ-πῆς, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἐμπας.  
 ἐμπίειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπίνω.

ἐμ-πικραίνω, f. ἄνω, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter  
 against.  
 ἐμπίμπλημι, ἐμπίμπρημι, v. ἐμπίπ-.  
 ἐμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπιον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα:  
 to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink  
 of the blood.  
 ἐμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπίπλημι.  
 ἐμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill  
 full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι,  
 aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill  
 oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med.  
 also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough  
 of, enjoy.  
 ἐμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.  
 ἐμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ep. ἐμ-  
 πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2  
 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on,  
 fall in with.  
 ἘΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. culex.  
 ἐμ-πίτνω, poët. for ἐμπίπτω, to fall upon.  
 ἐμπλάκῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.  
 ἐμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέπλασα:  
 —to plaster up, daub over with a thing.  
 ἐμ-πλειος, Ep. for ἐμ-πλεος.  
 ἐμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat.  
 implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2.  
 metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.  
 ἐμ-πλεος, α, on, Ep. ἐμπλειος or ἐνίπλειος, η, on,  
 Att. ἐμπλεως, ων, quite full of a thing.  
 ἐμ-πλέω, f. -πλευσομαι, to sail in.  
 ἐμπλήγδην, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.  
 ἐμπληκτος, on, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stu-  
 pified, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv.  
 ἐμπλήκτως, madly.  
 ἐμπλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπίπλημι.  
 ἐμπλην, (ἐμπελάζω) Adv. near, close by.  
 ἐμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλην, besides, except.  
 ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. 1 part. act. and med. of  
 ἐμπίπλημι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.  
 ἐμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.  
 ἐμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ἐνίπλ-: f. ξω:—to  
 strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.  
 ἐμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμ-  
 πίπλημι:—ἐμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.  
 ἐμπλοκή, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.  
 ἐμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.  
 ἐμ-πνέω, poët. -πνέω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐνέ-  
 πνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc.,  
 ἰστίον ἐμπνέειν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live,  
 be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:  
 —to blow into, swell the sail.  
 ἐμπνοια, ἡ, in-breathing, inspiration. From  
 ἐμ-πνοος, on, contr. -πνους, ουν, (ἐν, πνοή) having  
 the breath in one, breathing, alive.  
 ἐμ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, πούς):—to entangle  
 the feet, fetter; ἐμπ. ἰσχύδας to tie together figs by  
 their stalks. II. generally, to binder, stop, check.  
 ἐμ-πόδιος, on, (ἐν, πούς) in the way, obstructing.

ἐμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ὧν, *before the feet, in the way*; ἐμποδὼν εἶναι *to be in the way*:—with the Att., τὸ ἐμποδὼν *what is in the way, a hindrance*. II. also, *before one, patent*. Opp. to ἐκποδών.

ἐμ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, *to make in, put in, insert*. 2. *to produce or create in, introduce, cause*.

ἐμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἐμπολή) *of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes*.

ἐμπολάω, imperf. ἡμπολῶν: f. ἐμπολήσω: pf. ἡπόληκα: (ἐμπολή):—*to gain by traffic: to earn, gain*: Med., βίοντον πολλὸν ἐμπολῶντο (Ep. for ἡμπολῶντο) *they were getting much substance by traffic*. II. absol. *to be a merchant, traffic*. III. *to purchase, buy*.

ἐμ-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, *to wage war in*.

ἐμ-πολέμιος, ον, *of belonging to war, hostile*.

ἐμπολεὺς, εὼς, ὁ, (ἐμπολάω) *a merchant, trafficker*.

ἐμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πωλέω) *merchandise: traffic*. II. *gain made by traffic, profit*.

ἐμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐμπολάω) *matter of traffic, a cargo*: in plur. *wares, merchandise*.

ἐμπολητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐμπολάω) *bought and sold*.

ἐμ-πολις, εὼς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) *in the city or state*: ὁ ἐμπολις τινὶ *one's fellow-citizen*.

ἐμ-πολιτεύω, f. σω, *to be a citizen in a state, hold civil rights in*.

ἐμπολῶντο, 3 pl. Ep. imperf. pass. of ἐμπολάω.

ἐμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, *an article of commerce*. From

ἐμπορεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἐμπορος):—*to be on a journey*. II. *to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic*. 2. c. acc. *to trade or traffic in a thing*. Hence

ἐμπορευτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. *one must go*.

ἐμπορία, ἡ, (ἐμπορος) *traffic, trade, commerce: a trade*. II. *goods trafficked in, merchandise*.

ἐμπορικὸς, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐμπορος) *of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial*; χρήματα ἐμπορικά *imported goods*.

ἐμπόριον, τό, (ἐμπορος) Lat. *emporium, a trading-place, factory, mart*. II. ἐμπόρια, τά, *merchandise*. From

ἐμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) *a passenger on shipboard*, Lat. *vector*. II. *a traveller, wanderer*. III. *one who travels on business, a merchant*, Lat. *mercator, institor*; metaph., ἐμπορος βίου *a trader in life*.

ἐμ-πορπάω, f. ἤσω, *to fix on with a brooch or buckle*:—Pass., εἵματα ἐνεπορπάετο (Ion. for -ηντο), *they wore garments buckled on the shoulder*.

Ἐμπουσα, ἡ, *Empusa, a hobgoblin assuming various shapes*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπρακτος, ον, (ἐμπράσσω) *practicable*.

ἐμπρεπής, ἐς, *conspicuous in or by a thing*. From

ἐμ-πρέπω, *to be conspicuous in or among*. II. *to be conspicuous for*.

ἐμ-πρήθω, f. σω, *to blow up, inflate*. II. = ἐμ-πίρημι, *to burn to ashes*.

ἐμπρησις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐμπίρημι) *a setting on fire*.

ἐμ-προθεν, Adv., poet. for ἐμπροσθεν.

ἐμ-προσθεν, poet. before a conson. -θε, Adv. and

Prep. I. of Place, *before, in front of*. II. of Time, *before, earlier, of old*. Hence

ἐμ-πρόσθιος, ον, *front, fore*; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες) *the fore-feet of a quadruped*, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι.

ἐμπτύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], *to spit upon*.

ἐμ-πυκάζω, f. ἄσω, *to wrap up closely*:—Pass., νόος οἱ ἐμπεπύκασται *his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery*.

ἐμ-πῦος, ον, (ἐν, πῦον) *discharging matter*.

ἐμ-πυρεύω, f. σω, (ἐν, πῦρ) *to set on fire*.

ἐμ-πυρι-βήτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαίνω) *standing on or over the fire, of a tripod*, opp. to ἄπυρος.

ἐμ-πῦρος, ον, (ἐν, πῦρ) *in or on the fire*. II. *scorched, burnt*. III. *of sacrificial fire*; ἐμπυρος τέχνη *the art of divination by fire*:—as Subst., τὰ ἐμπυρα [ιερά] *burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices*.

ἐμῦκον, aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

ἐμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω):—*to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon*.

ἐμ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 ἐνέφηνα:—*to shew, make appear*:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανούμαι, *to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself*.

ἐμφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. of ἐμφαίνω.

ἐμφάνης, ἐς, (ἐμφανῆναι) *appearing in, visible, plain, manifest*. 2. *open, in public*. 3. *palpable, real, actual*. Hence

ἐμφανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to shew forth: to make clear, explain*.

ἐμφανῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἐμφανής, *visibly, openly*, Lat. *palam*.

ἐμφάσις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐμφαίνομαι) *an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance*.

ἐμφέρεia, ἡ, *resemblance*. From

ἐμφερής, ἐς, *resembling, similar*. Adv. -ρῶς, *similarly, just as*. From

ἐμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-οῖσω, *to bear or bring in*. II. *to object to one, cast in one's teeth*.

ἐμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, *to light up in*.

ἐμ-φλοξ, ογος, ὁ, ἡ, *with fire in it*.

ἐμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) *fearful, terrible*. II. *pass. frightened, afraid*.

ἐμ-φορβιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) *to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece*.

ἐμ-φορέω, f. ἤσω, like ἐμφέρω, *to bear or bring in*:—Pass. *to be borne about or on*. II. in Med. and Pass. *to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of*.

III. *to inflict on*.

ἐμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to stop up, block up*.

ἐμφρουρέω, f. ἤσω, *to keep guard in*. From

ἐμ-φρουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) *on guard in a place: liable to serve*. II. *pass. guarded, garrisoned*.

ἐμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) *in one's right mind: sensible, alive*. 2. *in one's senses, sensible, shrewd, prudent*.

ἐμφυής, ἐς, (ἐμφύω) *implanted by nature, innate*.

ἐμ-φύλος, ον, and ἐμ-φύλιος, ιον, (ἐν, φύλον) *of the same tribe or race*; ἐμφύλιον αἷμα *kindred blood*; τοῦμφυλον αἷμα *a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a*



kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσις ἐμφυλός intestine, civil discord.  
 ἐμφύς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.  
 ἐμ-φυσάω, f. ἤσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.  
 ἐμφύτος, ον, inborn, innate. From  
 ἐμ-φύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἐνέφυσα: in these tenses trans. to implant. II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, with act. pf. ἐμπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύναι χεῖρι to cling fast to his hand.  
 ἐμ-φωνος, ον, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.  
 ἐμ-ψοφος, ον, noisy, sounding.  
 ἐμ-ψυχος, ον, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.  
 ἐμ-ψυχόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.  
 ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for εἰς, into.  
 'ΕΝ poet. ἐνί Ep. εἰν, εἰνί, PREP. with DAT. IN: I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήνῃσι, ἐν Τροίῃ. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc. 3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῇτι in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὅπλοις in or under arms. 4. in the number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πρῶτοι among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's power, in one's hands; νίκης πείρατ' ἔχονται ἐν ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι are in their hands; ἐν ἐμοὶ ἐστί it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II. OF THE INSTRUMENT OR MEANS, with, by, by means of; ἐν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; ἐν δεσμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; ἐν τούτῳ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) while, during the time that; ἐν βραχεῖ in short time. IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκινόοιο, εἰν Ἀΐδαο Att. ἐν Ἀΐδου, etc., where οἴκῳ or δόμοις is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD-VERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: especially. VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then written ἐνι. VII. IN COMPOS., 1. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. 2. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἐμ-πικρός, ἐν-λευκός, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in it. 3. in compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- before β μ π φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ; and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ. ἐν, neut. of εἷς; and ἐνα, acc. masc. ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of. ἐν-αγής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἄγος) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accursed. Hence ἐν-αγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. parentare. Hence ἐνάγισμα, ατος, τό, an offering to the dead. ἐν-αγκάλλομαι, Med. to take in one's arms. ἐν-αγκυλάω, f. ἤσω, (ἐν, ἀγκύλη) to fit thongs to javelins to throw them with. ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγεῖρω. ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἄγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ξω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.  
 ἐν-ἄγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενὴς ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in. ἐν-ἄγωνιος, ον, (ἐν, ἄγών) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game. 2. ἐναγώνιοι θεοὶ the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.  
 ἐν-αθλέω, f. ἤσω, = ἀθλέω ἐν, to contend in or among. ἐναιμήεις, εσσα, εν, = ἐναιμος.  
 ἐν-αιμος, ον, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.  
 ἐναιρέμεν, Ep. for ἐναίρειν, inf. of ἐναίρω.  
 ἐναίρω Ep. ἐνναίρω: fut. ἐνᾶρῶ: aor. 2 ἡνᾶρον, poet. also ἐνᾶρον: aor. I med. ἐνηράμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνήρατο: (ἐναρα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.  
 ἐν-αἰσῖμος and ἐν-αἰσῖος, ον, (ἐν, αἶσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. -ίμως, fitly, becomingly.  
 ἐν-αιχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.  
 ἐν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in.  
 ἐνάκις, Adv. = ἐννάκις.  
 ἐν-ἄκόσιοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine hundred.  
 ἐν-ἄκούω, f. -ούσομαι, to bear in a place.  
 ἐν-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναλήλιμμαι:—to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.  
 ἐν-ἄλῖγκιος, ον, like, resembling.  
 ἐν-ἄλιος, α, ον, and ος, ον: Ep. and Lyr. also εἰν-ἄλιος: (ἐν, ἄλς):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus.  
 ἐναλλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.  
 ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim. From  
 ἐν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ήλλαξα: pf. -ήλλαχα, pass. -ήλλαγμα:—to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.  
 ἐν-ἄλλομαι, f. -ἄλουμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap in or on, to rush against.  
 ἐν-ἄλλος, ον, changed, contrary.  
 ἐν-ἄλος, ον, (ἐν, ἄλς) = ἐνάλιος.  
 ἐν-ἄμιλγω, f. ξω, to milk into.  
 ἐν-ἄμιλλος, ον, (ἐν, ἄμιλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.  
 ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.  
 ἐν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.  
 ἐν-αντι, (ἐν, ἀντί) Adv., = ἐναντίον.  
 ἐν-αντίβιος, ον, struggling against: neut. ἐναντίβιον against, in opposition to.  
 ἐν-αντίος, α, ον, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing. II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse. III. neut. ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. ἐξ ἐναντίου over against, opposite. 3. the regul. Adv. ἐναντίως, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιόω, f. ὤσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόομαι, f. ὤσομαι: aor. 1 ἤναντιώθην: pf. ἤναντιώμαι poet. ἐν-:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny.

ἐναντίωμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιόω) an obstacle.

ἐναντίωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιόω) opposition.

ἐναξα, aor. 1 of νάσσω.

ἐναπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐναποθνήσκω.

ἐναπήκε, Ion. for ἐναφήκε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἐναφήμι.

ἐναπήπτε, Ion. for ἐναφήπτε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐναφάπτω.

ἐν-αποδείκνυμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνουμαι, to die in.

ἐν-αποκλάω, f. -κλάω [α], to break short off in.

ἐν-απολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in.

ἐν-απόλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐν-απομόργνυμι, f. -απομόργω:—to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

ἐν-απονίζω, f. -απονίψω, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐν-αποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω, to pay as a penalty.

ἐν-αποψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐν-άπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass. and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

ΕΝΑ-ΡΑ, ὦν, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ἐν-αραρίσκω, aor. 1 ἐνήρσα, to fit or fasten in. II. intr. in pf. ἐν-άρηρα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάρεις or ἐνάρεις, οἱ, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυννοι.

ἐνάρηρως, νῆα, ὅς, part. pf. 2 of ἐναπαρίσκω.

ἐνάρη-φόρος, ὦν, (ἐναπα, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

ἐνάρίζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. 1 ἐνάριξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἤνάρισθην: pf. ἤνάρισμαι: (ἐναπα):—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐναρίζειν τινά έντεα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass., νύξ ἐναρίζομένα night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-ἀριθμέω, f. ἥσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-ἀριθμῖος, ὦν, (ἐν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐνάρημ-βροτος, ὦν, (ἐναίρω, βροτός) slaying men.

ἐν-αρμόζω and -ττω: f. ὤσω Dor. ὄξω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐνάρων, τό, see ἐναπα.

ἐνάρων, poet. for ἤνάρων, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-ἀρχομαι, f. ξομαι Dep. to begin with.

2. in

sacrifices, ἐνάρχεσθαι τὰ κανᾶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οὔλοχύται) from the baskets (κανᾶ, pl. of κανόν); cf. κατάρχομαι.

ἐν-ασελαίνω, = ἀσελαίνω ἐν, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπιδόομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐνασσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ναίω.

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. εἰνατος, η, ὦν, (ἐννέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἐνατα (sub. ἱερά) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλακτο-φοῖτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτάω) roaming in the fields.

ἐν-αυλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐναυλιστήριος, ὦν, to be dwelt in, habitable.

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, ὅ, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή)

a dwelling, shelter; haunt.

ἐν-αυλος, ὦν, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II.

(ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυχένιος, ὦς, ὦν, (ἐν, αὐχήν) in or on the neck.

ἐν-αύω, aor. 1 inf. ἐν-αὔσαι, to kindle or light a fire:—Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-αφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-απ-: f. -αφήσω, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαίς, αἶδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἐν, δαίς) with lighted torch.

ἐν-δαίω, to kindle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκνω, f. δήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέδακον:—to bite into, bold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρύω, f. ὤσω [ῦ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, α, ὦν, (ἐνδον) native of the country.

ἐν-δατέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδεδῦμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω.

ἐνδεεστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδεώς, in a less degree.

ἐνδεήσω, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want.

ἐνδεής, ἐς, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τὸ ἐνδεές lack, want, defect. Hence

ἐνδεῖα, ἡ, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof.

ἐν-δείκνυμι or -ύω: f. -δείξω: aor. 1 ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐνεδείχθην: pf. ἐνδέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against. II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδειξίς, εως, ἡ, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against



one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἑν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἐν neut. of εἰς, δέκα) indecl., eleven.

II. οἱ ἑνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ἑνδεκά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εὐς, eleven cubits long.

ἑνδεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long or broad.

ἑνδεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν-δεκα) the number eleven.

ἑνδεκάτος, η, ον, (ἐν-δεκα) the eleventh.

ἑνδεκ-ετής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -έτις, ιδος, eleven years old.

ἐν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι.

ἐνδελεχής, ἐς, continual, constant. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, constantly.

ἐνδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.

ἐν-δέμω, f. μῶ, to wall up:—to build in a place.

ἐν-δεξιόομαι, Dep. to grasp with the right hand, clasp, embrace.

ἐν-δέξιος, α, ον, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. 2. propitious, favourable; ἐνδέξια σήματα right, good omens.

ἐνδετος, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in.

ἐν-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: Dep.:—

to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow

of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is

possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible: τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων by every possible means:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly.

ἐν-δέω, f. -δήσω: aor. I ἐνέδησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in:—Med. to tie or pack up.

ἐν-δέω, f. -δεήσω, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail. II. impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or

want of: there is a deficiency; πολλῶν ἐνέδει αὐτῷ he was in want of many things. III. Pass. to be

in want or need of.

ἐνδεῶς, Adv. of ἐνδεής, insufficiently.

ἐν-δηλος, ον, (ἐν, δῆλος) manifest, clear:—Adv.

ἐνδήλως, clearly, Sup. -ότατα.

ἐνδημέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐνδημος) to live in or at a place.

ἐν-δημος, ον, dwelling in a place: esp. at home:

native, opp. to ξένος: attached to home: of war, civil, intestine. II. of or belonging to a state.

ἐνδιάσκειν, Ion. impf. of ἐνδιάω.

ἐν-διάγω, f. ξω, to pass one's time in.

ἐν-διαθρύπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with.

ἐν-διστάομαι, Ion. -ίσομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to live

or dwell in a place.

ἐν-διατάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to arrange in order

throughout.

ἐν-διατρίβω [τ], f. ψω, to spend or consume in a place:

absol. (sub. χρόνον) to spend or waste time in: also

to dwell upon.

ἐν-διάω, (ἐνδιος) to rest in the open air: to linger in

a place.

II. trans. to let go into the open air,

ποιμένες μῆλα ἐνδιάσκειν (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

ἐν-διδύσκω, = ἐνδύω, to put on:—Pass. to wear.

ἐν-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἐνέδωκα:—to give into one's hands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw up.

II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to

cause. III. to shew, exhibit, give proof of. IV.

intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of

things, to cease. V. of a river, to empty itself.

ἐν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ἐνδίεσαν,

to chase, pursue.

ἐν-δίκος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right,

fair, right, just: legal. II. of persons, righteous,

just, upright. 2. possessed of right. III. Adv.

ἐνδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικώτατα.

ἐν-δίνα, τὰ, (ἐνδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

ἐνδινεύντι, Dor. for ἐνδινούσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω.

ἐν-δινέω, f. ἡσω, to revolve in.

ἐνδιον, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From

ἐν-διος, ον, at midday, at noon. II. in the open

air. (From ἐν, Διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or

διο, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἐν-δίφριος, ον, (ἐν, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat.

ἐνδοθεν, Adv. (ἐνδον) from within: from one's heart,

of oneself. II. within, c. gen.

ἐνδοθι, (ἐνδον) Adv. within: also, at home.

ἐνδοι, Adv. = ἐνδοθι.

ἐνδοιάζω, = ἐνδοιῇ εἶναι, to be in doubt, at a loss:

to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοιασθῆναι, to

be matter of doubt. Hence

ἐνδοιαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful. Adv. -τῶς, doubtfully.

ἐνδο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -χας, (ἐνδον, μάχομαι)

fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

ἐν-δόμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐν, δόμος) a thing built in, a

building, structure.

ἐνδο-μῦχος, ον, (ἐνδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of

a dwelling.

ἐνδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen, (ἐν) within,

Lat. intus: at home, Lat. domi: in one's own coun-

try; οἱ ἐνδον those of the house, esp. the domestics;

τὰ ἐνδον household affairs.

ἐν-δοξος, ον, (ἐν, δόξα) held in repute, honoured. 2.

of things, glorious. Adv. -ξως.

ἐνδοσίμος, ον, (ἐνδίδωμι) sounding the key-note:

τὸ ἐνδοσίμον (sub. μέλος) a key-note.

ἐνδοτέρος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδον, inner:

Sup. ἐνδοτάτος, η, ον, inmost.

ἐν-δουπέω, f. ἡσω, to fall in with a heavy sound.

ἐν-δρομέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐν, δρόμος) to run in, fall into.

ἐν-δρομῖς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρόμος) a thick cloak worn by

runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

ἐν-δροςος, ον, (ἐν, δρόςος) dewy, dank.

ἐν-δρῦον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦς) the strong oaken pin by

which the yoke is fixed to the pole (ἵστοβοεύς).

ἐνδυκέως, Adv. zealously, heartily, earnestly. The

Adj. ἐνδυκής is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐν-δυνάμω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to strengthen:—

Pass. to acquire strength.

ἐν-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among. II. to prevail by authority.

ἐνδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-δυστυχέω, f. ἤσω, to be unlucky in or with.

ἐν-δυτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on.

ἐνδυτήριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύω) = ἐνδυτήρ.

ἐν-δυτός, ὅν, put on: as Subst., ἐνδυτόν, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in.

From

ἐν-δύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἐνέδυσσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ἐνδύσειν τινά τι to put on one, clothe one in. II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in

Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter;

ἀκοντιστὴν ἐνδύσειαι thou wilt enter the contest of darting. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ἐνέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνέγκαι and ἐνεγκεῖν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύησα, ἐνεγύηκα, ἐνεγύων, see ἐγγυάω.

ἐνέδειξα, ἐνεδείχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-δείκνυμι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδέω, to bind in.

ἐν-έδρα, ἡ, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae.

ἐνεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνῆδρευνον, ἐνῆδρευσσα, ἐνῆδρεύθην, ἐνῆδρευμαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari:—Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared. II. to place in

ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambush.

ἐν-εδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-εδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἔδρα) an inmate, inhabitant.

ἐνέδυσσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-έζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in: cp. ἐνήμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίημι.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνήην, impf. of ἐνειμι.

ἐνεθυμήθην, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐνεικα, Ep. for ἤνεικα (Ion. for ἤνεγκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνεῖκαι.

ἐνεικέμεν, Ep. for ἐνεγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεῖκεον, impf. of νεικέω.

ἐν-εἰλλω and ἐν-ειλέω, f. ἤσω, to wrap up in.

ἐνειμα, aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-ειμεν, Ep. for ἐνεσμεν, 1 pl. of ἐνειμι: but II. ζνειμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-ειμι, f. ἐνέσομαι, (ἐν, εἰμί sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., ἐνεστί τινι it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. ἐνὶν used absol., it being possible.

ἐν-εἶρω: pf. pass. ἐνερμαι:—to entwine, interweave.

ἐνείς, ἐνείσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐνίημι.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after it. case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia causa.

II. with respect to, as far as regards, a- for; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. III. by means of; τέχνης εἵνεκα by force of art.

ἐνεκάλυψα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκείμην, impf. of ἐγκειμαι.

ἐνεκέρᾱσα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνέκρᾱγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνέκρυσσα, aor. I of ἐγκρύπτω.

ἐνέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω.

ἐνέκυψα, aor. I of ἐγκύπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ:—to drive in or into.

ἐνέλῳπον, aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω.

ἐν-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo.

ἐνεμαξάμην, aor. I med. of ἐμμάσσω.

ἐνέμεινα, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νεμεσάω.

ἐν-εμέω, f. έσω, to vomit in.

ἐνεμήθην, aor. I pass. of νέμω.

ἐνεμυήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμμνέω.

ἐνένευον, impf. of ἐννεύω.

ἐννήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl., (ἐννέα) ninety.

ἐνένῃπε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.

ἐνενώκῳσι, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνένωτο, Ion. for ἐνενόητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνέζομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνεός or ἐννεός, á, óν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb.

ἐνεπάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐνεπαίχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνέπαξα, Dor. for ἐνέπηξα, aor. I of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐνέπασσα, Ep. for ἐνέπᾱσα, aor. I of ἐμπάσσω.

ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίνω.

ἐνεπλάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐνέπλησθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπλησα, ἐνεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐνεπορπέατο, Ion. for ἐνεπέρπηντο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκπορπάω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπίπρημι.

ἐνέπτυσσα, aor. I of ἐμπτύω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐννέπω: aor. 2 ἐνισπον, inf. ἐνι-σπεῖν: fut. ἐνισπήσω or ἐνίψω:—to tell, tell of, describe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. 3. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: aor. I -εἰργασάμην and -εἰργάσθην: Dep.:—to make or create in: aor. I ἐνεἰργάσθην is also used in pass. sense. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire

ἐνέργεια, ἡ, (ἐνεργής) an action, operation, energy.

ἐνεργέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐνεργός) to work, be active. Hence

ἐνέργημα, ατος, τό, an effect, work, operation.



ἐν-εργής, ἐς, = ἐνεργός.

ἐν-εργός, ὄν, (ἐν, ἔργον) *working, active, busy*: of soldiers, *on service, fit for service*: of land, *in tillage, productive*. Hence

ἐνεργῶς, Adv. of ἐνεργής or ἐνεργός, *actively*: *productively*.

ἐν-ερεῖδω, f. σω, *to push in, to thrust in*.

ἐν-ερεύγω, aor. 2 ἐνῆρῶν, *to belch on one*.

ἐνερθε, before a vowel -θεν, *from beneath*: *beneath*. II. c. gen. *beneath*. 2. *below, in the power of*.

ἐνερμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνείρω.

ἐνεροί, ὡν, ὅν (ἐν) Lat. *inferi*, *those in or beneath the earth*, of the dead and the gods below.

ἐνερράφην [ᾱ], ἐνερραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. 1 med. of ἐνράπτω.

ἐνεροίς, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐνείρω) *a fitting or fastening in*.

ἐνέρτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of ἐνεροί, *deeper, lower*.

ἐνεσαν, Ep. for ἐνῆσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνείμι.

ἐνεσία, ἡ, (ἐνίμι) *a suggestion, counsel*.

ἐνέσκηκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκέλλω.

ἐνέστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω.

ἐνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνστέλλω.

ἐνεστεῶτος Ion. for ἐνεστῶτος, gen. of ἐνεστῶς (for ἐνεστηκώς), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ἐνεστήρικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.

ἐνέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνετάθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐντείνω.

ἐνετειλάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐντέλλω.

ἐνετή, ἡ, (ἐνίμι) *a pin, brooch*.

ἐντρέαγον, aor. 2 of ἐντρέγω.

ἐντρέαπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντρέαφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐντρέιβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέιβω.

ἐντύλιξα, aor. 1 of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐντύχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.

ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἡσω, *to be happy in*.

ἐν-εὐδω, fut. -ευδήσω, *to sleep in or on*.

ἐν-εύναιος, ὄν, (ἐν, εὐνή) *in or on which one sleeps*; δέρμα ἐνεύναιον *a skin to sleep on*; χήτει ἐνευναιῶν *for want of bed-clothes*.

ἐνευσα, aor. 1 both of νεύω and of νέω (B) *to swim*.

ἐνίφραξα, aor. 1 of ἐμφράσσω.

ἐνίφῦσα, ἐνίφυν, aor. 1 and 2 of ἐμφύω.

ἐνεφύσησα, aor. 1 of ἐμφυσάω.

ἐνέχεια, Ep. ἐνέχεια, aor. 1 med. of ἐγχείω.

ἐνεχείρησα, aor. 1 of ἐγχειρέω.

ἐνεχευάμην, Ep. aor. 1 med. of ἐγχείω.

ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνέχθητι, ἐνεχθείην, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεχυράζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐνέχυρον) *to take a pledge from one*. 2. c. acc. rei, *to take in pledge*: Pass., ἐνεχυράζεσθαι τὰ χρήματα *to have one's goods seized for debt*: Med. *to have surety given one*, τόκου *for interest*.

ἐν-ἐχυρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχυρός) *a pledge, surety*; ἐν-ἐχυρον τιθέναι τι *to make a thing a pledge*.

ἐν-έχω, f. ἐνέξω or ἐνσχέσω:—*to keep fast within*:

*entertain, cherish*.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέ-ξομαι, aor. 2 ἐνεσχόμεν, *to be held, caught, entangled in*.

III. intr. *to enter, pierce into, penetrate*: *to press upon*.

ἐνεχώρησα, aor. 1 of ἐγχαρέω.

ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, *to bind fast in, to involve in*.

ἐνη, ης, ἡ, see ἐνος, η, ὄν.

ἐν-ηβάω, f. ἡσω, *to spend one's youth in*: *to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in*. Hence

ἐνηβητήριον, τό, *a place of amusement*.

ἐν-ηβος, ὄν, (ἐν, ἡβη) *in the prime of youth*.

ἐνῆδρευσα, -εὔθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐν-εδρεύω.

ἐνηείη, ἡ, (ἐνηής) *kindness, goodness*.

ἐνῆεν, Ep. for ἐνῆν, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνείμι.

ἐνηής, ἐς, gen. ἐνηέος, *kind, friendly, good-hearted*. (Connected with ἀπηνής and προσηνής.)

ἐνήκα, aor. 1 of ἐνίμι.

ἐνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνήλατον, τό, (ἐνελαύνω) *anything driven in*: in plur. *the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides*; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα *the pins driven into the axle, lincb-pins*.

ἐνήλλαγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλαξα, aor. 1 of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐν-ῆμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έξομαι), *to be seated in*.

ἐν-ῆμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐνήνεγμαι, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, κατ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε, with the notion of *being upon or close to*. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.

ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of ἐναίρω.

ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίμι.

ἐνθα, (ἐν) Adv., I. of Place, *there*, Lat. *ibi*: also as relat. to ὅθι, *where*, Lat. *ubi*. 2. *in this case or state*. 3. with a sense of Motion, *thither, thence*, Lat. *illuc*.

II. of Time, *when*. Hence ἐνθάδε, Adv. *thither*, Lat. *illuc*: also, *there*: of Time, *here, now*.

ἐν-θακίω, f. ἡσω, *to sit in or on*. Hence

ἐνθάκησις, εὼς, ἡ, *a sitting in*; ἐνθάκησις ἡλίου *a seat in the sun*.

ἐν-θάλπω, f. ψω, *to warm in*:—Pass., ἐνθάλπεσθαι ἔρωτι *to glow with love*.

ἐνθανεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθνήσκω.

ἐνθα-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. *there where, where*.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, *to bury in a place*.

ἐνθαῦτα, ἐνθεῦτεν, Ion. for ἐνταῦθα, ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) *to be inspired*.

ἐνθέμεν, ἐνθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. *thence*, Lat. *illinc*; ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν *on this side and on that*: also as relat. for ὅθεν, *whence, whereof*, Lat. *unde*.

II. of Time, *thereupon, after that*.

ἐνθένδε, (ἐνθεν) *hence*, Lat. *hinc*.

ἐνθεο, Ep. for ἐνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.  
ἐν-θεος, ον, full of the god, inspired, possessed: given by inspiration.

ἐν-θερμαίνω, f. ανῶ, (ἐν, θερμός) to heat:—Pass., ἐν-τεθέρμανται πόθῳ has been heated by passion.

ἐνθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a piece put in, a mouthful.

ἐν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθετος, ον, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ἐνθευτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντευθεν.

ἐνθη, ἐνθης, ἐνθοι, ἐνθω, ἐνθών, Dor. for ἐλθη, ἐλθης, ἐλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἐν-θηρος, ον, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II. metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἐν-θνήσκω, f. -θάνουμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or torpid in.

ἐνθορε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθρώσκω.

ἐνθοῦ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. άσω, or ἐν-θουσιάω, f. ήσω, (ἐνθεος, contr. ἐνθους) to be inspired.

ἐνθρέψασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-θρίδω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίδον) to wrap in a fig-leaf, envelop.

ἐν-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ἐνθορον:—to leap into, upon, among.

ἐν-θυμέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐνεθυμήθην: pf. ἐντεθύμημαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to heart, consider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, ατος, τό, a thought: invention, device, stratagem. II. an argument in Rhetoric answering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, εως, ἡ, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμία, ἡ, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἐν-θύμιος, ον, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing upon the mind; ἐνθύμιόν ἐστί μοι, Lat. religio est mihi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμιστός, ἡ, όν, = ἐνθύμιος.

ἐν-θωράκίζω, f. ίσω, to array in armour: pf. pass. part. ἐντεθωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν. II. ἐνί, dat. of εἶς.

ἐνι, for ἐνεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιαύσιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one year old. II. yearly, year by year. III.

for a year, lasting a year; ἐν. βεβώς gone for a year.

ἐνιαυτός, ό, (ένος) a year; κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly, every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος

ἦλθε περιπλομένων ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the year came.

ἐν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιάχῃ, Adv. (ἐνιοι) in some places.

ἐνι-βάλλω, ἐνι-βλάπτω, Ep. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc.

ἐνιβλαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐμβλάπτω.

ἐν-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἐνειδόν.

ἐν-ιδρώω, f. ώσω, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρύνω, ἐν-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to set, settle, or found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐνι-ζεύνυμι or -ύω, poet. for ἐνζ-.

ἐν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, (ἐν, ίζω) to sit in or on.

ἐν-ίημι, fut. -ήσω: aor. 1 -ήκα Ep. -έηκα: pf. -εἶκα, pass. -εἶμαι:—to send in or into: to implant, inspire: generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr. to enter.

ἐνιθρέψας, poet. aor. 1 part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικάτθεο, Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ἐνι-κλάω, f. άσω [ά], Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break off, Lat. infringo.

ἐνι-κλείω, Ep. for ἐγκ-κλείω.

ἐνι-ναιετάασκον, Ion. impf. of ἐν-ναιετάω.

ἐνι-οι, αι, α, (from ἐνι οἱ = εἰσὶν οἱ, as ἐνίοτε = ἔστιν ὅτε) some, Lat. alii-qui.

ἐνί-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι ὅτε = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, sometimes: Dor. ἐνι-όκα.

ἐνιπή, ἡ, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνί-πλειος, ον, Ep. for ἐμπλεος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθῆναι, Ep. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor. 1 inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor. 1 subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐν-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρῆσαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of ἐμπίπρημι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐνίπᾶπον, or ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-  
jurgo. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκίμπω, Ep. for ἐνσ-.

ἐνισπεῖν, ἐνισπήσω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐν-ίσπω, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach: also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα: also fut. and aor. 1 med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:—Causal in these tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II.

intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέστηκα; plqpf. ἐνειστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon,

be close upon, to be at hand; τοῦ ἐνεστώτος μηνός in the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur; τὰ ἐνεσθηκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose, resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to strengthen. II. intr. to gain strength.

ἐν-ίσχω, = ἐνέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίμπω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγχ-.

ἐνιχριμφθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐγχρίμπω.

ἐν-λαξεύω, f. σω, to carve in or upon.

ἐνναετήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, (ἐνναίω) an inhabitant:—fem. ἐνναέτειρα.

ἐννᾶ-έτηρος, ον, = sq.

ἐννᾶ-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut. ἐννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.



ἐν-ναέτης, ου, ὁ, = ἐν-ναετήρ.  
 ἐννᾶ-έτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐνναετής, nine years old.  
 ἐν-ναίω: Ep. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, aor. 1 ἐνενασ-  
 σάμην:—to dwell in: inhabit.  
 ἐννάκις, Adv. (ἐννέα) nine times, Lat. novies.  
 ἐννᾶκόσιοι, v. ἐνακοσ—  
 ἐννάσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of ἐνναίω.  
 ἐννᾶτος, false form for ἐνατος.  
 ἐν-ναυπηγέω, f. ἤσω, to build ships in.  
 ἘΝΝΕ'Α', indecl. nine, Lat. novem.  
 ἐννεά-βοιος, ου, (ἐννέα, βοῦς) worth nine beeves.  
 ἐννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. nineteen. Hence  
 ἐννεακαιδεκά-μηνος, ου, (μήν) nineteen months old.  
 ἐννεακαιδεκ-ετής, ἐς, (ἔτος) nineteen years old.  
 ἐννεά-κρουνος, ου, with nine springs, a well at  
 Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη.  
 ἐννεά-λίθος, ου, (ἐννέα, λίθον) of nine threads.  
 ἐννεά-μηνος, ου, (ἐννέα, μήν) of nine months.  
 ἐννεά-πηχυς, υ, (ἐννέα, πῆχυς) nine cubits long.  
 ἐννεάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐννέα) the number nine: a number  
 of nine. II. the ninth day of the month.  
 ἐννεά-φωνος, ου, (ἐννέα, φωνή) of nine tones or notes.  
 ἐννεά-χίλιοι, αι, α, Ep. for ἐνάκις χίλιοι, nine thousand.  
 ἐννεά-χορδος, ου, (ἐννέα, χορδή) of nine strings.  
 ἐννεήκοντα, worse form for ἐνεήκοντα, ninety.  
 ἐννεήκοντα-εννέα, indecl. ninety and nine.  
 ἐννεωκασί, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.  
 ἐννεον, Ep. for ἐνεον, impf. of νέω, to swim.  
 ἐννε-όργυιος, ου, (ἐννέα, ὀργυιά) nine fathoms long.  
 ἐννεός, false form for ἐνεός.  
 ἐν-νεοσσεύω Att. -πτεύω, f. σω, to make a nest or  
 hatch young in: c. acc. to hatch.  
 ἐννέπω, poet. lengthd. for ἐνέπω.  
 ἐννεσία, ἡ, see ἐνεσία.  
 ἐν-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon or make signs to.  
 ἐννέ-ωρος, ου, (ἐννέα, ὥρα) nine years old or long.  
 ἐννήκοντα, Ep. for ἐνεήκοντα, ninety.  
 ἐνν-ἡμαρ, (ἐννέα, ἡμαρ) Adv. for nine days.  
 ἐννηφιν, Ep. for ἐνης, fem. gen. of ἐνος, as Adv.  
 ἐν-νοέω, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 ἐνενοήσα Ion. part. ἐννώσας:  
 pf. ἐννενόηκα Ion. ἐννένωκα:—also in Med., with  
 aor. 1 pass. ἐνενοήθην:—to think of, have in one's  
 mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be  
 anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend  
 to do, c. inf. IV. to devise, plan, invent, Lat.  
 excogitare. Hence  
 ἐννοια, ἡ, a thought: an intent, design.  
 ἐν-νομος, ου, (ἐν, νόμος) within the pale of the law,  
 lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under  
 the law. II. (ἐν, νέμομαι) feeding in, inhabiting.  
 ἐν-νοος, ου, contr. -νοῦς, ου, (ἐν, νοῦς) thoughtful,  
 sensible:—Comp. ἐννούστερος, Sup. -ούστατος.  
 ἐννοσί-γαιος, ὁ, poet. for ἐνοσίγ-, (ἐνοσις, γῆ) the  
 Earthsaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.  
 ἐννοσί-φυλλος, ου, poet. for ἐνοσιφ-, (ἐνοσις, φύλ-  
 λον) with quivering leaves.  
 ἐννοχλεῖς, poet. for ἐνοχλεῖς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλέω.

ἐννῦμι or ἐννύω, from root FE'N, = FEΣΘN, Lat.  
 VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσσω; Ep. aor. 1 ἔσσα:—Med.  
 ἐννῦμαι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. 1 ἔσάμην Ep. ἔσσάμην,  
 3 sing. ἔέσσατο:—Pass., pf. εἶμαι, εἶσαι, εἶται, but Ep.  
 also ἔσαι, ἔσαι: plqpf. εἶμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3  
 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἶατο:—to put  
 clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on one-  
 self, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to  
 wrap or shroud oneself in; λαῖνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou  
 badst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.  
 ἐννυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐννῦμι.  
 ἐν-νύχευω, f. σω, (ἐν, νύξ) to sleep or lodge in.  
 ἐν-νύχιος, α, ου, or os, ου, (ἐν, νύξ) nightly, in the  
 night, by night. II. dwelling in Night, of the  
 dead.  
 ἐν-νύχος, ου, = ἐννύχιος.  
 ἐννώσαι, -νώσας, Ion. for ἐννοῆσαι, -νοῆσας, aor. 1  
 inf. and part. of ἐννοέω.  
 ἐν-ὁδῖος, α, ου, Ep. εἰν-ὁδῖος, η, ου, (ἐν, ὁδός) in,  
 on, or by the road; σφῆκες ἐνὸδιοι wasps that have  
 their nests by the way-side. II. of or belonging  
 to a journey.  
 ἐν-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence  
 ἐνοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a dwelling in a place.  
 ἐν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make to dwell in a  
 place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.  
 ἐν-οίκιος, ου, (ἐν, οἶκος) in the house, keeping at home.  
 ἐν-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build in a place. II.  
 to build up, block up.  
 ἐν-οικος, ου, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an  
 inhabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.  
 ἐν-οινοχοέω, f. ἤσω, to pour in wine.  
 ἐνόν, part. neut. of ἐνεμι, used absol., it being possible.  
 ἐνοπή, ἡ, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp.  
 a war-cry, battle-shout.  
 ἐν-ὄπλιος, ου, (ἐν, ὄπλον) in or with arms: ὁ ἐν-  
 ὄπλιος (sub. ῥυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.  
 ἐν-ὄπλος, ου, (ἐν, ὄπλον) in arms, armed.  
 ἐνοπτρον, τό, (ἐνόψομαι) a mirror.  
 ἐν-οράω Ion. -έω: f. ἐνόψομαι (supplied from obsol.  
 ἐνόπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνεῖδον, q. v.:—to see or observe  
 in a person or thing. II. to look at or upon.  
 ἐνὸρκιος, ου, = ἐνορκος.  
 ἐν-ορκος, ου, (ἐν, ὄρκος) bound by oath, sworn. II.  
 that to which one is sworn; ἐνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak  
 on oath.  
 ἐν-ορμίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, (ἐν, ὄρμος) one who is in harbour.  
 ἐν-ὄρνυμι, fut. ἐνόρσω: aor. 1 ἐνώρσα: 3 sing. Ep.  
 aor. 2 pass. ἐνώρτο: (ἐν, ὄρω, ὄρνυμι):—to arouse or  
 stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.  
 ἐν-ορούω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack.  
 ἐν-ὄρχης, ου, ὁ, and ἐν-ὄρχις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐνορχος.  
 ἐν-ὄρχος, ου, (ἐν, ὄρχις) uncastrated, entire.  
 ἘΝΟΣ or ἐνος, ὁ, Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year:  
 hence ἐνιαυτὸς ἀφενος, διένος, etc.  
 ἘΝΟΣ or ἐνος, η, ου, Adj. a year old, last year's;  
 ἐνος καρπὸς last year's fruit: generally, old, by-  
 gone. II. ἐνη καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and

new day, i.e. the last day of the month, so called because this 30th day consisted of two halves, one belonging to the old, the other to the new moon. 2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. ένης Ep. έννηφιν, = Lat. *perendie*, the day after to-morrow, αύριον καί έννηφιν; so too, τῇ ένῃ, εἰς ένῃν.

ένός, gen. of εἷς and έν, one.

ένοσις, εως, ή, (\*ένόθω) a shaking, quake.

Ένοσί-χθων, ονος, ό, (ένοσις, χθών) the Earth-shaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ή, (εἷς) unity, concord.

έν-ουράνιος, ον, (έν, ούρανός) in heaven, heavenly.

έν-ουρέω, f. ήσω, to make water in.

έν-οχλέω, f. ήσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ήνώχλουν, pass. ήνωχλούμεν; aor. I ήνώχλησα: pf. ήνώχληκα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. *molesto*: absol. to be an annoyance:—Pass. to be troubled or annoyed.

ένοχος, ον, (ένέχομαι) held in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.

έν-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up in.

έν-ρίγώω, f. ώσω, = ρίγώω έν, to shiver or freeze in.

έν-σείω, f. -σείσω: pf. pass. -σέσεισμαι:—to shake in or into, to drive into, hurl or launch at.

έν-σημαίνω, f. άνω, to mean, imply:—Med. to give notice of, intimate.

έν-σκέλλω, aor. I ένέσκηλα, to dry up:—Pass., with pf. act. ένέσκληκα, to be dried up.

έν-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready, prepare:—Pass. to be dressed or equipped:—Med. to dress oneself up.

έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-:—to hurl, dart, launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on.

έν-σκήμπω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-: poet. form of έν-σκήπτω, to dash in or upon:—Pass. to stick in.

έν-σκιρρώω, f. ώσω, (έν, σκίρρος) to harden:—Pass. to become callous, inveterate.

έν-σοφος, ον, wise in a thing.

έν-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ, to sow among:—Pass. to be sown or spread among.

έν-σπονδος, ον, (έν, σπονδή) included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.

έν-στάζω, f. ξω, to let drop in.

έν-σταλάζω, f. ξω, = ένσταζω.

ένστατής, ον, ό, (ένίστημι) one who withstands, an adversary.

έν-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ:—to dress in:—Pass., ίππάδα στολήν ένεσταλμένος clad in a horseman's dress.

έν-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix in.

έν-στράτοπεδεύω, or -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπεδεύομαι έν, to encamp in.

έν-στρέφω, fut. ψω, to turn about in:—Pass. to turn or move in. 2. c. acc. loci, to visit.

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.

ένταθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντείνω.

έντακῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντήκω.

ένταλμα, ατος, τό, (έντέλλω) an injunction, precept.

έν-τάνύω, f. ύσω: aor. I inf. έντανύσαι:—poet. for έντείνω, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong.

έν-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to enrol, register in:—Pass. to be posted in battle.

ένταῦθα Ion. ένθαῦτα, Adv. (έν) = ένθα: I. of Place, here, there, Lat. *hic*: also *hither*, *thither*, Lat. *huc*.

II. of Time, at the very time: then, now. 2. like Lat. *deinde*, *thereupon*, *then*. Hence

ένταυθί [ι], Att. form for ένταῦθα.

ένταυθοῖ, Adv. *hither*, Lat. *huc*.

ένταφιάζω, f. σω, (έντάφιος) to bury. Hence

ένταφιασμός, ό, burial.

έν-τάφιος, ον, (έν, τάφος) of or used in burial. II.

as Subst., έντάφιον, τό, a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ έντάφια, funeral honours, obsequies.

ΈΝΤΕΑ, ων, τά, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; έντεα δαιτός appliances for a banquet; έντεα νηός rigging, tackle of a ship; έντεα ίππεια horse-trappings, harness.

έντεθύμημαι, pf. of ένθυμέομαι.

έντεθωράκισμαι, pf. pass. of ένθωρακίζω.

έν-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. I ένέτεινα: pf. έντέτακα:

—Pass., aor. I ένετάθην [α]: pf. έντέταμαι:—to

stretch or strain tight, Lat. *intendere*; δίφρος ίμάσιν έντέταται the chariot board is hung upon straps:

to bend a bow; γέφυραι έντεταμέναι a bridge of boats with the cables all taut:—έντείνειν ναῦν ποδί to keep

a ship's sail tight by the sheet. II. to stretch out at or against; έντείνειν πλήγην Lat. *intendere* plagam. 2. to entangle in. III. to strain, exert,

φανῆν έντείνειν: hence in Pass. to be eager or vehement, έντεταμένοι εἰς τὸ έργον.

έν-τειχίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ίῶ, to wall in, fortify:—Med. to wall in, i. e. blockade.

έν-τεκνος, ον, (έν, τέκνον) having children.

έν-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to end one's life in a place.

έν-τελής, ές, = έν τέλει ών, complete, entire, perfect:

—Adv. -λῶς, Sup. -λέστατα.

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., έν-τέλλομαι, to enjoin, command:—Pass., έντεταλμένα commands.

έντελοῦμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to cut in, en-

grave or inscribe upon. II. to cut in pieces, to sacrifice. 2. to cut in, shred in.

έντερον, τό, (έντός) a piece of gut:—in plur. the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence

έντερόνεια, ή, timber for the ribs of a ship, belly-timber.

έντεσι-εργός, όν, (έντεα, έργον) working in harness.

έντεταγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω.

έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω.

έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντείνω. Hence

έντεταμένως, Adv. *vehemently*, *strongly*.

έντέτατο, for ένετέτατο, plqpf. pass. of έντείνω.

έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω.

έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω.

έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.



ἐντεῦθεν Ion. ἐνθεῦτεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) *hence* or *thence*, Lat. *hinc* or *illinc*. II. of Time, *henceforth*, *thenceforth*, *afterwards*, *thereupon*.

ἐντεθενί [ἱ], Att. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐντευξίς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐντυγχάνω) *a lighting upon*. 2. converse, intercourse. 3. *a petition, intercession, thanksgiving*. 4. *reading, study*.

ἐν-τεντλᾶνῶ, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, τεῦτλον) *to stew in beet*.

ἐν-τήκω, f. ξω, *to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten*:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐνετάκην [ᾱ], and pf. act. ἐντέτηκα, *to be melted in, to sink deep into one*; μῖσος ἐντέτηκέ μοι; ἐντακῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν *to be wholly given up to love*.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί *sum*.

ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω; aor. 2 ἐνέθην, Ep. inf. ἐν-θέμεν:—*to put in*, Lat. *imponere*: metaph. *to inspire, instil*:—Med. *to put in for oneself, store up, lay by*: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ *to hold in honour*.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον:—*to bear or produce in*: *to create or cause in*. II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκώς, *inborn*.

ἐν-τιλάω, f. ἥσω, *to squirt upon*.

ἐν-τιμάω, f. ἥσω, *to value in or among*.

ἐν-τίμος, ον, (ἐν, τιμή) *in honour, honoured, prized*: τὰ θεῶν ἐντίμα *what is honoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes*:—Adv., ἐντίμως εἶχειν or ἄγειν τινά *to hold him in honour*.

ἐντμημα, ατος, τό, (ἐντέμνω) *a cut, incision, notch*.

ἐντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἔημι.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) *an injunction, command*.

ἐντομος, ον, (ἐντέμνω) *cut in pieces, cut up*; ἐντομα ποιεῖν *to offer as victims*.

ἐντονος, ον, (ἐντείνω) *strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent*. Adv. -νως, *violently*.

ἐν-τόπιος, ον, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τοπος, ον, (ἐν, τόπος) *in or of a place*.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. *intus, intrinsecus*, opp. to ἐκτός: I. of Place, *in, within, inside*; also as Prep. c. gen., ἐντὸς ἐμαντοῦ *in my senses*. 2. *on this side*, Lat. *citra*, c. gen. II. of Time, *within, in less than*, c. gen., ἐντὸς εἴκοσι ἡμερῶν *within 20 days*. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. *from within, within*.

ἐντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντράγω.

ἐντράπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντράπησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, *to turn about: metaph. to reprove, make ashamed*:—Med. and Pass. *to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give heed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear*.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, = τρέφω ἐν, *to bring up or train in*: of habits, etc., *to grow up with, become natural to*, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι (from obsol. δρέμω):—*to run in, to move freely in*. II. *to slip in, enter*.

ἐντρίβηναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of ἐντρίβω. Hence

ἐντρίβης, ἐς, *rubbed in*: metaph. *skilled, versed in*.

ἐν-τρίβω [ἱ], f. ψω, *to rub in unguents*:—Pass. *to have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted*. II. *to rub away, wear by rubbing*.

ἐν-τρίτωνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) *to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τριτογένεια*.

ἐντριψίς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐντρίβω) *a rubbing in*.

ἐν-τρομος, ον, (ἐν, τρέμω) *trembling, fearful*.

ἐν-τροπαλίζομαι, Frequent. of ἐντρέπω, Pass. *to keep turning round, keep looking back*.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) *a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach*.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) *in pl. tricks, artifices*.

ἐντροφος, ον, (ἐντρέφω) *brought up in, living in, among, or with*; ἐντρ. τινος *a nursling*.

ἐν-τρυλλίζω, f. ἴσω, *to whisper in one's ear*.

ἐν-τρῦφάω, f. ἥσω, (ἐν, τρυφή) *to revel in, play in*: absol. *to be luxurious*. II. *to make sport of*.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτρωγον:—*to eat up greedily, to devour*.

ἐν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτυχον; pf. ἐν-τετύχηκα:—*to light upon, fall in with, meet with*. 2. *to converse with: to intercede with*. 3. *to read*. II. also = τυγχάνω ὡς ἐν, *to happen to be in*.

ἐν-τυλίσσω, f. ξω, *to roll or wrap up*.

ἐν-τύνω, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω; but also aor. 1 imperat. ἐντύνω [ῶ]: f. ἐντύνω; Ep. aor. 1 ἐντύνω: (ἐντεα):—*to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare*: c. acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινά *to make one ready, urge him on*: also c. inf. *to urge to do a thing*.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπτω) of Priam, ἐντυπὰς ἐν χλαίνῃ κεκαλυμμένος *covered with his mantle so as to show the shape of his limbs*.

ἐν-τύπῳ, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, τύπος) *to stamp, engrave*.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θύψω, *to smoke*. [ῶ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντῦον, = ἐντύνω.

Ἐνυάλιος, ὁ, (Ἐννώ) *the Warlike*, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from him. II. as Adj., *warlike, furious*. [ᾱ]

ἐν-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to insult one in a thing*.

ἐνυδρίς, ιος, ἡ, *an otter*. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ον, *living in the water*.

ἐν-υδρος, ον, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) *with water in it, boding water*. II. *of water, watery*. III. *living in or by water*.

ἐνυξα, aor. 1 of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to dream*. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, *a thing seen in sleep*. 2. *a dream*. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ον, (ἐν, ὕπνος) *appearing in sleep*.

ἐν-υπνος, ον, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύσταξα, aor. 1 of νυστάζω.

ἐν-ὑφαίνω, f. ἄνω, *to weave in as a pattern*:—Pass. *to be inwoven*. Hence

ἐνῡφαντός, ὄν, *inwoven*.

'ΕΝΥΩ', ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, leader of an ἐνωμοτία.

ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐνώματος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a subdivision of the λόχος and containing 32 men.

ἐν-ώματος, ον, (ἐν, ὅμνυμι) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. -ὅτως, on oath.

ἐνωπαδίως, Adv. to one's face. From

ἐν-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐν-ωπῇ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.

ἐνώπια, ὧν, τὰ, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.

ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From

ἐν-ώπιος, ον, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face.

ἐνώρσα, aor. 1 of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώσα, Ion. for ἐνόησα, aor. 1 of νοέω.

ἐνωτίζομαι, Dep. (ἐν, οὖς) to hearken to.

ἘΞ, Lat. EX, put for ἐκ before a vowel.

ἘΞ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.

ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy. From

ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to promise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

ἐξ-άγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the

ἄγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.

ἐξάγγελτος, ον, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.

ἐξ-ἀγίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, to drive out as a pollution.

ἐξ-ἀγινέω Ion. for ἐξάγω.

ἐξάγιστος, ον, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. II. of things, devoted, mystical.

ἐξ-αγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.

ἐξ-ἀγνῶμι, f. -άξω, (ἐξ, ἄγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.

ἐξ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω, to buy from: to redeem.

ἐξ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to speak out, publish, divulge.

ἐξ-αγριόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐξ, ἄγριος) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

ἐξ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 -ἤγαγον:—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export: τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring

forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III.

intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to go or march out. Hence

ἐξάγωγή, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence

ἐξαγωγήμος, ον, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγωγήματα exports.

ἐξ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. Att. τοῦμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.

ἐξάδ-αρχος, ον, (ἐξάς, ἀρχω) leader of a body of six.

ἐξ-άδω, fut. -άσομαι, to sing away; ἐξάδειν τὸν βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:—

to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.

ἐξ-ἀείρω Ion. for ἐξαίρω.

ἐξᾶ-ετής, ἐς, gen. έος, (ἐξ, έτος) six years old: fem.

ἐξαέτις, ιδος.—Adv. ἐξάετες, for six years.

ἐξ-αθροίζομαι, Med. to collect out from.

ἐξ-αιάζω, strengthd. for αιάζω.

ἐξ-αιμάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to make quite bloody.

ἐξ-αίνῶμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

ἐξ-αίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαιρέω) a taking out:—a way of taking out.

ἐξ-αιρετίον, verb. Adj. of ἐξαιρέω, one must select.

ἐξ-αίρετος, ον, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2.

reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that

can be taken out. From

ἐξ-αιρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 ἐξεῖλον Ep. ἐξελον (supplied from obsol. ἔλω):—Med., fut. ἐξελοῦμαι: aor.

2 ἐξειλόμην:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρημαι Ion. ἐξαπαίρημαι:

—to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to

take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove:—Med. to

take away from one:—Pass. to have a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V.

to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

ἐξ-αίρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αείρω: fut. ἐξ-ἀρῶ:

aor. 1 ἐξῆρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to

raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, excite.

II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—ἐξαίρεσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be

excited, agitated.

ἐξ-αἰσιος, ον, (ἐξ, αἶσα) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous: violent.

ἐξ-αἰσσω Att. -άσσω, -άττω: fut. -αἰξω, -αἰξω: aor. 1 -ῆξα:—to rush forth, start out.

ἐξ-αἰστόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐξ, αἶστος) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.

ἐξ-αιτέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 1 ἐξήτησα:—to demand from another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

ἐξαίτησις, εως, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2. a begging off, intercession.

ἐξ-αἶτος, ον, (ἐξ, αἰτέω) chosen, choice, precious.

ἐξ-αἰφνης, Adv. on a sudden.

ἐξ-ἀκέομαι, fut. έσομαι: Dep.:—to heal completely, apply a cure; χόλον ἐξακέσασθαι to appease it; ἐν-δείας ἐξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

ἐξάκεσις, εως, ἡ, a thorough cure.

ἐξέκς, Adv. (ἐξ) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence

ἐξακισ-χίλιοι, six thousand; and

ἐξακισ-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

ἐξ-ἀκολουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow up, imitate.

ἐξ-ἀκοντίζω, fut. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to

stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.

ἐξᾶκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti.

Hence



ἑξακοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, six-hundredth.  
 ἑξ-ἀκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα:—to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.  
 ἑξ-ἀκριβῶ, f. ὥσω, to make accurately, finish carefully. II. to inquire accurately. III. ἑξακριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.  
 ἑξ-ἀκρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to reach the top of; ἑξακρίζειν αἰθέρα to skim the upper air.  
 ἑξακτέον, verb. Adj. of ἑξάγω, one must march out.  
 ἑξ-ἀλαῶω, f. ὥσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἑξαλαῶσαι to put out his eye.  
 ἑξ-ἀλαπάζω, f. ξω, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.  
 ἑξάλατο, Dor. for ἐξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλλομαι.  
 ἑξ-ἀλείσθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξαλέομαι.  
 ἑξ-ἀλειπτρον, τό, a box for ointment. From  
 ἑξ-ἀλείφω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤλειψα:—Pass., pf. ἐξ-ἤλιμμαι Att. ἐξαλήλιμμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; ἑξαλείφειν τινὰ ἐκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list:—Med., ἐξαλείψασθαι πάθος φρενός to blot out the suffering from one's mind.  
 ἑξ-ἀλέομαι, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.  
 ἑξ-ἀλεύομαι, f. σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.  
 \*ἑξ-ἀλίνδω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξαλίσσας [ἱ], pf. ἐξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἵππον ἐξαλίσσας οἴκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀλινδήθρα); ἐξήλικάς με ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.  
 ἑξαλλάγη, ἡ, a changing: difference. From  
 ἑξ-ἀλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ἤλλαξα: pf. -ἤλλαχα:—Pass., aor. I and 2 -ἠλλάχθην, -ἠλλάγην: pf. -ἤλλαγμα:—to change utterly or quite. II. to withdraw or remove from. III. to turn another way; ποῖαν [ὁδὸν] ἑξαλλάξω which way shall I take; ἑξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.  
 ἑξ-ἀλλομαι, fut. -ἄλουμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἐξάλλεσθαι: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; ἐξάλλεσθαι κατὰ τοῦ τείχους to leap down from it. II. to leap up: of horses, to rear.  
 ἑξ-ἀλύσκω, f. ὕξω: aor. I -ἤλυξα: = ἐξαλέομαι.  
 ἑξ-ἀμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤμαρτον:—to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against:—Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence  
 ἑξ-ἀμαρτία, ἡ, an utter mistake, error.  
 ἑξ-ἀμάω, fut. ἤσω or ἤσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι:—to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy:—Pass., γένους ἀπαντος βίξαν ἐξημημένους having the stock of all the race cut off.  
 ἑξ-ἀμβλόω, f. -αμβλώσω: pf. -ἤμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ' ἐξήμβλωκας you have made my wit miscarry.  
 ἑξ-ἀμείβω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the place of, follow close on. II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another, withdraw from:—Med. to pass out. III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.  
 ἑξ-ἀμέλω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out. II. to press, as cheese.  
 ἑξ-ἀμελέω, f. ἤσω, to be utterly careless of.  
 ἑξ-ἀ-μετρος, ὄν, (ἑξ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἑξαμέτρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.  
 ἑξ-ἀ-μηνος, ὄν, (ἑξ, μήν) lasting six months, Lat. semestris: as Subst., ἐξάμηνος, ὁ or ἡ, a half-year.  
 ἑξ-ἀμηχανέω, f. ἤσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.  
 ἑξ-ἀμιλλάομαι, f. ἤσομαι: aor. I med. -ἠμιλλησάμην, pass. -ἠμιλλήθην: Dep.:—to struggle vehemently; ἀμίλλας ἑξαμιλληθείς having gone through desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eye.  
 ἑξ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [ῥ]  
 ἑξ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force or compel utterly. II. to force out, drive away.  
 ἑξ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.  
 ἑξ-ἀναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέδυν:—to rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.  
 ἑξ-ἀναζέω, fut. ἔσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., ἑξαναζεῖν χόλον to let his fury boil forth.  
 ἑξ-ἀναιρέω, f. ἤσω, to take up out of.  
 ἑξ-ἀνακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:—Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.  
 ἑξ-ἀναλίσκω, fut. -ανᾶλώσω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf. pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exauriri.  
 ἑξ-ἀναλύω, f. ὕσω, to set quite free.  
 ἑξ-ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἑξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.  
 ἑξ-ἀναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive.  
 ἑξ-ἀνάπτω, f. ψω, to hang up a thing from or by:—Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.  
 ἑξ-ἀναρπάζω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away.  
 ἑξ-ἀνασπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to tear away from.  
 ἑξ-ἀνάστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἑξανίστημι) a removal. 2. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.  
 ἑξ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.  
 ἑξ-ἀναστήσω, ἑξ-ἀναστήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of ἐξανίστημι.  
 ἑξ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to burl beadlong from.  
 ἑξ-ἀνατέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr. to spring from.  
 ἑξ-ἀναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.  
 ἑξ-ἀναφέρω, f. -ανοίσω, to bring up from the water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.  
 ἑξ-ἀναχωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.  
 ἑξ-ἀνδραποδίζω, and Med. ἑξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

-ίσομαι Att. -ῖομαι: (ἐξ, ἀνδράποδον):—to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery: the Att. fut. ἐξανδραποδιούμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I -ἠνδραποδίσθην, pf. -ἠνδραπόδισμαι. Hence ἐξανδραπόδισις, εὖς, ἡ, a selling for slaves.

ἐξ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἐξήνδρωμαι: Pass.:—to come to man's years; λόχος ὀδόντων ὄφεος ἐξηνδρωμένος a band having grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

ἐξ-ανεγείρω, f. -εγεῶ, to excite, stir up.

ἐξανειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξαναίρειν.

ἐξ-άνειμι, to rise out from: to go up in. II. to come back from.

ἐξ-ἀνεμῶ, f. ὥσω: aor. I -ἠνέμωσα: (ἐξ, ἄνεμος):—to inflate: puff up. II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.

ἐξ-ανίρχομαι, = ἐξάνειμι.

ἐξανίστηκα, -ῆσα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξανίστημι.

ἐξανίστραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαναστρέφω.

ἐξανέτειλα, aor. I of ἐξανατέλλω.

ἐξ-ανεύρισκω, fut. -ανευρήσω, to find out, invent.

ἐξ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to hold up or out: intr. to project. II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm.

ἐξ-ἠνείχομην, -ἠνεσχόμην:—to bear up against.

ἐξανήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξανάγω.

ἐξανήκα, aor. I of ἐξανήμι.

ἐξανήλωσα, aor. I of ἐξανάλισκω: ἐξανήλωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐξ-ανθίω, f. ἡσω: pf. -ἠνθηκα:—to put out flowers. 2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores. 3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

ἐξ-ανθίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐξ, ἄνθος) to deck as with flowers, adorn, paint.

ἐξ-ανίημι, f. -ανήσω or -ανήσομαι: aor. I -ανῆκα:—to send out or forth, let loose: c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken, loosen. II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.

ἐξ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω, aor. I -ανέστησα: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat. 2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel. 3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -εἰστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station. 2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home. 3. to be depopulated.

ἐξ-ανοίγω, to lay open.

ἐξ-ανορθόω, f. ὥσω, to set upright, restore.

ἐξ-αντλέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ἠντλησα:—to draw out, Lat. exhaurire. II. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. exantlare.

ἐξ-ἀνύω Att. ἐξ-ἀνύτω, f. ὑσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἐξήνυσα:—to accomplish, fulfil. 2. to dispatch, kill, Lat. conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it. 4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut... 5. Med. to finish for oneself.

ἐξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἐξ, πάλαισθή) of six hands-breadths.

ἐξ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. I -ἀπήλαξα:—to free from, remove from:—Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.

ἐξ-ἀπάτάω, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ἠπάτησα:—to cheat or deceive thoroughly: to seduce:—Pass., with fut. med. -ἡσομαι, to be utterly deceived.

ἐξ-ἀπάτη, ἡ, a gross trick or deception.

ἐξ-ἀπατητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐξαπατάω) a deceiver.

ἐξ-ἀπατυλλω, Comic Dim. of ἐξαπατάω, to cheat a little, impose upon.

ἐξ-ἀπαφίσκω, Ep. form of ἐξ-απατάω: aor. 2 ἐξήπαφον, part. ἐξαπαφών: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. ἐξαπάφοιτο occurs in act. sense.

ἐξά-πεδος, ον, (ἐξ, πούς) six feet long.

ἐξ-απείδον, inf. ἐξαπιδεῖν, aor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐξά-πηχυς, υ, (ἐξ, πῆχυς) six cubits long.

ἐξάπῖνα, Adv., later form of ἐξαπίνης.

ἐξαπίναιος, α, ον, = ἐξαιφνίδιος. From

ἐξάπίνης, Adv., collat. form for ἐξαιφνης. [γ]

ἐξα-πλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. -πλήσιος, η, ον, (ἐξ) sixfold.

ἐξά-πλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, i. e. 1200 feet long.

ἐξ-απλόω, f. ὥσω, to unfold, roll out: to explain.

ἐξ-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to step out of.

ἐξ-αποδίομαι, Dep. to chase away from.

ἐξ-αποδύνω, to put off.

ἐξ-αποθνήσκω, to be just on the point of death.

ἐξά-πολις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐξ, πόλις) a league of six cities.

ἐξ-ἀπόλλυμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολῶ:—to destroy utterly:—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intr. to perish utterly: to perish out of.

ἐξ-απονέομαι, Pass. to return out of.

ἐξ-απονίζω, f. νίψω, to wash thoroughly.

ἐξ-αποξύνω, to sharpen well.

ἐξ-απορέω, also Med. ἐξ-απορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.

ἐξ-αποστέλλω, to send out or away: to divorce.

ἐξ-αποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω [ι], to atone fully.

ἐξ-αποφθείρω, to destroy utterly.

ἐξ-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξῆψα:—to fasten from or to: c. dat. to attach to. II. Med. to bang from, cling to a thing. 2. to fasten about oneself, wear.

ἐξαπαίρημαι, Ion. pf. pass. of ἐξαιρέω.

ἐξ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξήραξα:—to dash or knock out, shatter: metaph. to assail furiously.

ἐξ-αργέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐξ, ἀργός) to be quite torpid:—Pass. to be quite neglected.

ἐξ-αργυρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, and ἐξ-αργυρόω, f. ὥσω, to turn into money, sell.

ἐξ-ἀρέσκομαι, f. -ἀρέσομαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to: also to win over, conciliate.

ἐξ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσω, to count throughout, Lat. enumerare. II. to pay in ready money.

ἐξ-αρκέω, f. ἔσω, to be enough for: impers., ἐξαρκεῖ μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf. II. to



abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing.

III. to assist, succour. Hence

ἐξαρκής, ἐς, enough, sufficient.

ἐξαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἐξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

ἐξ-αρνέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I -ἡρνησάμην and -ἡρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

ἐξαρνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, good at denying or disowning.

ἐξαρνος, ὄν, (ἐξαρνέομαι) denying, disowning.

ἐξ-αρπάζω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσω or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ἡρπαξα Att. -ἡρπασα: pf. pass. -ἡρπασμαι:—to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

ἐξ-αρτάω, fut. ἡσω, to bang from or upon. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ἐξαρτήσομαι, pf. ἐξήρτημαι, to be bung upon, bang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. ἐξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

ἐξ-αρτίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to complete, finish:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

ἐξ-αρτύω, f. ὑσω [ὑ], to get ready: to fit out, equip:—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτύμαι, to be got ready.

ἐξάρχε, Dor. for ἐξήρχε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξάρχω.

ἐξ-αρχος, ὄν, beginning. II. as Subst., ἐξάρχος, ὁ, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. 3. the leader of the chorus, = κορυφαῖος.

ἐξ-άρχω, f. ξω, to begin, lead off; ἐξάρχειν παιᾶνά τινι to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, ἐξάρχειν τινα λόγοις to address one with words:—so also in Med. ἐξάρχομαι.

ἐξ-ασκίω, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ἡσκησα:—to adorn, deck out. II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass. to be well trained in.

ἐξ-ατιμάζω, f. άσω, to dishonour utterly.

ἐξ-άττω, Att. contr. for ἐξαίσσω.

ἐξ-αυαίνω, aor. ἐξηύηνα: to dry up, parch up.

ἐξ-αυδάω, f. ἡσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

ἐξ-αυλίω, f. ἡσω, to wear out by piping.

ἐξ-αυλίζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

ἐξ-αυτῆς, Adv., for ἐξ αὐτῆς [τῆς ὥρας], at the very point of time, at once.

ἐξ-αὐτίς, Adv. for ἐξ-αὐτίς, (ἐξ, αὐτίς) over again, anew. II. of Place, back again, backwards.

ἐξ-αυτομολέω, f. ἡσω, to desert from.

ἐξ-αυχίω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐξηύχησα: to boast loudly.

ἐξ-αῶω, aor. I ἐξήῶσα, to scream or cry out.

ἐξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 -αφείλον, med. -αφειλόμην (from obsol. ἔλω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχὴν τινος ἐξαφελίσθαι to take his life from him.

ἐξ-αφίημι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

ἐξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

ἐξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι, Med. (ἐξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; ἐξαφρίζεσθαι μένος to foam or fret away one's strength.

ἐξ-αφύσσω, f. ὑσω [ὑ]: aor. I -ἡφῦσα:—to draw forth.

ἐξάψαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξάπτω.

ἐξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐξέβην, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίνω:—ἐξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἐξέβησαν.

ἐξ-εγγῦάω, f. ἡσω, (ἐξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail.

Hence

ἐξεγγύησις, εως, ἡ, a giving bail or surety.

ἐξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερω, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἐξηγρόμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. ἐξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

ἐξέγραψα, aor. 2 of ἐκγράφω.

ἐξέγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἐξέδειξα, aor. I of ἐκδείκνυμι.

ἐξεδεξάμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐξεδίδαξα, aor. I of ἐκδιδάσκω.

ἐξέδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξ-έδρα, ἡ, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a house.

ἐξέδραμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτρέχω.

ἐξέδραυν, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω.

ἐξ-εδρος, ὄν, (ἐξ, ἔδρα) away from home: generally, strange, extraordinary. 2. c. gen. out of, away from; ἐξεδρος φρενῶν out of one's senses. II. of omens, in a bad quarter.

ἐξέδομαι, fut. of ἐξεσθίω.

ἐξέδυν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἐξέδυσσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἐξέδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.

ἐξεθέμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθορον, aor. 2 of ἐκθρώσκω.

ἐξέθρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐξει, for ἐξιθι, imperat. of ἐξεῖμι exibo.

ἐξ-εἶδον, inf. ἐξιδεῖν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξιδού see well to it. Cf. ἐξοῖδα.

ἐξείης, Adv. (ἐχω, ἔξω) poet. for ἐξῆς, in order, in a row, one after another.

ἐξ-εικάζω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἐξηκασμένος, represented by a likeness or portrait.

ἐξ-ελίω, f. ἡσω, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

ἐξεῖλλω, = ἐξίλλω.

ἐξεῖλον, ἐξεῖλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐξαιρέω. ἐξ-εῖμι, 2 sing. ἐξεῖσθα (for ἐξει), inf. ἐξίεναι Ep. ἐξίμεναι: impf. ἐξῆειν: (ἐκ, εἶμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army; to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξίῃ when the pain ceases.

ἐξ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), only in impers. ἐξεστί, ἡ. v.

ἐξείν, fut. inf. of ἐχω.

ἐξεῖναι, inf. of ἐξεστί.

ἐξ-εἶπον, inf. ἐξεῖπειν, *to speak out, to utter, avow*: also, *to betray*: cf. εἶπον.

ἐξεῖρετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξέρομαι.

ἐξεῖρυσσα Ep. -είρυσσα, aor. 1 of ἐξερύνω.

ἐξ-εἶρω, *to put forth, thrust out*. II. *to pull out*.

ἐξεῖσθα, for ἐξεῖ, 2 sing. pres. of ἐξεῖμι exibo.

ἐξεκάθηρα, aor. 1 of ἐκκαθαίρω.

ἐξέκαμον, aor. 2 of ἐκκάμνω.

ἐξεκείνωσα, poet. aor. 1 of ἐκκενώνω.

ἐξεκέχυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐξέκλεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκκλέπτω.

ἐξεκλησίαζον, ἐξεκλησίασα, irreg. impf. and aor. 1 of ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἐξέκλινα, aor. 1 of ἐκκλίνω.

ἐξεκόμισα, aor. 1 of ἐκκομίζω.

ἐξέκοψα, ἐξεκόπην, aor. 1 act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐξεκρέματο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.

ἐξέκρουσα, ἐξεκρούσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω.

ἐξεκύλισα, -ίσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκκυλίνδω.

ἐξέλαβον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω.

ἐξέλᾱς, ᾱ, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξέλᾱσις, εως, ἡ, *a driving out, expulsion*. II. *intr. a marching out, expedition*. From

ἐξ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: pf. -ελήλακα: also poet. pres. ἐξελάω, inf. ἐξελάαν:—*to drive out, chase out*. 2. *to beat out, hammer out*, of metals.

II. ἐξελαύνειν στρατόν *to lead out an army*: hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. *to set out on an expedition, march out*.

ἐξέλαχον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαγχάνω.

ἐξελε, poet. for ἐξεῖλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ἐξαιρέω: also 2 sing. imperat.

ἐξ-ελέγχω, f. ξω, *to search out, bring to the test*: *to convict, expose, confute*: of things, *to be proved against one*. 2. οὐ τοῦτό γ' ἐξελέγχομαι *I am not to blame in this*.

ἐξελεῖν, ἐξελεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἐξαιρέω.

ἐξέλῑπον, aor. 2 of ἐκλείπω.

ἐξ-ελευθεροστομέω, *to be very free of speech*.

ἐξελεύσομαι, ἐξελεῖν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξελήλακα, pf. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξελήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξελέγχω.

ἐξ-ελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to unroll, unfold*: metaph. *to explain*. II. = Lat. explicare, *to expand the front by bringing up the rear men*.

ἐξελκτίον, verb. Adj. *one must drag along*. From

ἐξ-έλκω, f. -ελκύσω [ῡ], as if from -ελκύω:—*to draw or drag out*. 2. *to draw out from, rescue from*. II. *to drag out, prolong, protract*.

ἐξέλῡσα, aor. 1 of ἐκλύω.

ἐξέμαθον, aor. 2 of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐξεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμαξα, aor. 1 of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξεμαργώθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκμαργόω.

ἐξέμαξα, ἐξεμάγην [ᾱ], aor. 1 act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξίημι.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξεῖν, fut. inf. of ἐχω.

ἐξ-εμέω, f. -εμέσω: aor. 1 ἐξέμεσα:—*to vomit forth, disgorge*. 2. absol. *to be sick*.

ἐξέμηνα, aor. 1 of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμείρομαι.

ἐξ-εμπεδῶ, f. ὦσω, *to keep fast or strictly, observe*.

ἐξ-εμπολάω Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, *to traffic*; κέρδος ἐξεμπολᾶν *to drive a gainful trade*; pf. pass. ἐξημπολήμαι *I am bought and sold, betrayed*. II. *to sell off*.

ἐξ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ἐξεναρεῖν, = ἐξεναρίζω.

ἐξ-εναρίζω, f. ἰζω, *to strip or spoil a foe*: *to slay in fight*.

ἐξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. 1 imperat. of ἐκφέρω.

ἐξ-ενέπω, *to speak out, proclaim*.

ἐξένευσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω.

ἐξένθοις, ἐξενθών, Dor. for ἐξέλθοις, ἐξελθών, aor. 2 opt. and part. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξενίκησα, aor. 1 of ἐκνικάω.

ἐξένιψα, aor. 1 of ἐκνίζω.

ἐξ-επάδω, f. -επάσομαι, *to charm away*:—Pass., ἐξεπαδεσθαι φύσιν *to be charmed out of their nature*.

ἐξ-επαίρω, f. -επαῖρω, *to stir up, elate*.

ἐξεπαῖσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπαίω.

ἐξεπάταξα, aor. 1 of ἐκπατάσσω.

ἐξέπαυσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπαύω.

ἐξέπεισα, aor. 1 of ἐκπείθω.

ἐξεπειράθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 of ἐκπειράομαι.

ἐξέπεμψα, aor. 1 of ἐκπέμπω.

ἐξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. 1 of ἐκπεράω.

ἐξέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω.

ἐξεπέτασσα, Ep. for ἐξεπέτασα, aor. 1 of ἐκπετάννυμι.

ἐξ-επεύχομαι, Dep. *to boast loudly*.

ἐξ-επι-και-δέκατος, η, ον, = ἐκκαιδέκατος.

ἐξέπον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω.

ἐξ-επίσταμαι, Dep. *to understand, know thoroughly*. II. *to know by heart*.

ἐξ-επίτηδες, Adv., = ἐπίτηδες, *on purpose, carefully*.

ἐξεπλάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπλέω.

ἐξέπληξα, ἐξεπλήχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλησα, ἐξεπλήσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπνευσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπνέω.

ἐξεποίησα, aor. 1 of ἐκποιέω.

ἐξεπόνᾱσα, Dor. aor. 1 of ἐκπονέω.

ἐξεπόρευσσα, -εὔθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω.

ἐξεπόρισα, aor. 1 of ἐκπορίζω.

ἐξέπραθον, aor. 2 of ἐκπέρθω.

ἐξέπραξα, aor. 1 of ἐκπράσσω.

ἐξέπριον, aor. 2 of ἐκπρίω.

ἐξεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέταμαι or -ομαι.

ἐξέπταξα, Dor. for ἐξέπτηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκπτήσσω.



ἐξέπτην, aor. 2 act. of ἐκπέταμαι.

ἐξέπτῦσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπτύω.

ἐξεπυθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπυθάνομαι.

ἐξέρᾱμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From

ἐξ-εράω, f. ἄσω[ᾱ]: aor. 1 ἐξέρᾱσα:—to vomit forth, Lat. *evomere*.

2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of; ἐξεράν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.

ἐξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι used both in med. and pass. sense: aor. 1 -εἰργάσθην always in pass.: Dep.:—to work out, finish, make complete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. 3. to work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat. *conficere*: to overwhelm, ruin:—Pass., ἐξεργάσμεθα we are undone; τὰ ἐξεργασμένα desperate affairs; ἐπ' ἐξεργασμένοις when all is over. Hence

ἐξεργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.

ἐξ-έργω Att. -εἰργω, to shut out, exclude from: to binder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., ἀναγκαίη ἐξέργεσθαι to be forced to a thing.

ἐξ-ερεῖνω, to inquire into or after: search or try.

ἐξ-ερεθίζω, ἐξ-ερέθω, strengthd. for ἐρεθίζω, ἐρέθω.

ἐξ-ερείπω, to strike or beat off. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἐξήριπον, inf. ἐξερίπειν, and pf. ἐξήριπα:—to fall to earth; χαίτη ζεύγλης ἐξεριπούσα the mane streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down.

ἐξ-ερεύγομαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.

ἐξ-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search out, examine.

ἐξ-ερέω Att. contr. -ερώ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf. act. ἐξείρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξείρητο; and fut. ἐξειρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω, the aor. ἐξεῖπον.

ἐξ-ερίω, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of.

ἐξ-ερημόω, f. ὠσω, to make utterly desolate, desert utterly.

ἐξ-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἔρις) to be contumacious, resist.

ἐξεριπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξερείπω.

ἐξεριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant.

ἐξ-έρομαι, fut. -ερήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐξ, ἔρομαι):—to inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερίω.

ἐξ-έρπω, f. -έρψω: aor. 1 -εἰρῦσα (as if from -ερίπω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out.

ἐξερράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐξερράνα, aor. 1 of ἐκράινω.

ἐξέρρηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐξέρριψα, aor. 1 of ἐκρίπτω.

ἐξερρύηκα, pf. of ἐκρέω.

ἐξερρύην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω.

ἐξ-έρρω, (ἐξ, ἔρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἐξέρρε

γαίας away out of the land.

ἐξ-ερύκω, to ward off, repel. [ῦ]

ἐξ-ερύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: aor. 1 ἐξείρῦσα Ep. ἐξέρῦσα

and ἐξείρυσσα:—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest

from: to tear out.

ἐξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον contr. -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go out, come

out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. II.

of Time, to come to an end, expire. III. of pro-

phesies, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally, to reach its end.

ἐξ-ερωέω, f. ἥσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.

ἐξ-ερωτάω, f. ἥσω, to search out: to question.

ἐξεσάωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσαώω.

ἐξέσεισα, aor. 1 of ἐκσεῖω.

ἐξ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: pf. -εδήδοκα:—to eat away.

ἐξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg.

ἐξεσία, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a sending out, mission.

ἐξεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a dismissal: divorce.

ἐξεσκέδασα, aor. 1 of ἐκσκεδάννυμι.

ἐξέσμων, impf. of ἐκσμάω.

ἐξεσόβησα, aor. 1 of ἐκσοβέω.

ἐξέσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκσεύω.

ἐξεστᾱκέναι, for ἐξεστήκεναι, pf. inf. of ἐξίστημι.

ἐξεστάναι, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεστηκέναι.

ἐξέστειλα, aor. 1 of ἐκστέλλω.

ἐξεστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω.

ἐξίστηκα, ἐξίστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.

ἐξ-εστι, impers., subj. ἐξη, optat. ἐξείη: inf. ἐξεῖναι:

fut. ἐξεσται: impf. ἐξῆν: (ἐξ, εἰμί sum):—it is al-

lowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. ἐξόν Ion.

ἐξεόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.

ἐξεστράτευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρατεύω.

ἐξεστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκστρατοπεδεύομαι.

ἐξίστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρέφω.

ἐξεσύρην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσύρω [ῦ].

ἐξεσωρευόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκσωρεύω.

ἐξέσωσα, ἐξεσώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκσώζω.

ἐξ-ετάζω, f. ἐξετάσω Att. ἐξετῶ: aor. 1 ἐξήτασα

Dor. ἐξήταξα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξητάσθην:

pf. ἐξήτασμαι:—to examine well or closely, to scruti-

nise: hence to question, esp. by the torture: of things,

to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of

troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly,

to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved,

to stand the trial: to be examined.

ἐξετάθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐξετάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκτήκω.

ἐξέτᾱμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐξετάνυσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐκτανύω.

ἐξετᾱνύσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτανύω.

ἐξετάραξα, aor. 1 of ἐκταράσσω.

ἐξέτᾱσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξετάζω) a searching out: a

military inspection or review.

ἐξεταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάζω) skilful at examining:

absol. inquiring.

ἐξέτεινα, aor. 1 of ἐκτείνω.

ἐξέτεκον, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκτω.

ἐξετίλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω.

ἐξετελεύντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω.

ἐξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξετεχνησάμην, aor. 1 of ἐκτεχνάομαι.

ἐξετηκόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκτῆκω.

ἐξ-έτης, es, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old.

ἐξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἔτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.

ἐξέτισα, aor. 1 of ἐκτίνω.

ἐξετόξευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξετραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.  
 ἐξέτρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκτρέπω.  
 ἐξέτριψα, aor. 1 of ἐκτρίβω.  
 ἐξέτρωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτιτρώσκω.  
 ἐξ-εὐλαβέομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.  
 ἐξ-εὐμαρίζω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρής) to make easy, lighten. II. Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.  
 ἐξεύρεσις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐξευρίσκω) a searching out: a finding out, invention.  
 ἐξεύρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, an invention, contrivance. From  
 ἐξ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, aor. 2 -εὔρον:—to find out, discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find out, win, secure.  
 ἐξ-ευτρεπίζω, to prepare.  
 ἐξ-εὐχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. II. to pray for.  
 ἐξεφάνθην Ep. for ἐξεφάνθη, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.  
 ἐξεφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.  
 ἐξεφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.  
 ἐξεφθίνονται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.  
 ἐξεφθίτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.  
 ἐξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. ἐξεφίεμαι, to enjoin, urge, bid.  
 ἐξέφυγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.  
 ἐξέφυσα, ἐξέφυον, aor. 1 and 2 of ἐκφύω.  
 ἐξέχεα Ep. ἐξέχευα, aor. 1 of ἐκχέω.  
 ἐξεχορευσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐκχορεύω.  
 ἐξέχρησα, aor. 1 of ἐκχράω.  
 ἐξεχύθη [ῡ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκχέω.  
 ἐξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from: of the sun, to shine out, appear.  
 ἐξέχωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκχώννυμι.  
 ἐξέψυξα, aor. 1 of ἐκψύχω.  
 ἐξ-έψω, f. -έψω, to boil thoroughly.  
 ἐξ-ἦβος, ον, (ἐκ, ἦβη) past one's youth.  
 ἐξήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξάγω.  
 ἐξήγγεिला, ἐξηγγέλην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐξαγγέλλω.  
 ἐξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep.:—to be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. acc. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the way: 2. ἐξηγεῖσθαι τινι to show one the way in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to command. III. like Lat. praeire verbis, to prescribe a form of words:—to expound, interpret. IV. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence  
 ἐξηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: generally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oracles or sacred rites, Lat. interpretes religionum.  
 ἐξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξεγείρω.  
 ἐξήκασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεικάζω.  
 ἐξήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (ἕξ) sixty, sexaginta.  
 ἐξηκοντα-έτης, ες, (ἐξήκοντα, έτος) sixty years old.  
 ἐξηκοντάκις poet. -άκι, (ἐξήκοντα) Adv. sixty times.  
 ἐξηκοντα-τάλαντία, ἦ, (ἐξήκοντα, τάλαντον) a sum of sixty talents.  
 ἐξηκόντισα, aor. 1 of ἐξακοντίζω.

ἐξηκοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐξήκοντα) sixtieth, sexagesimus.  
 ἐξ-ήκω, f. ἤξω, to have arrived at a point:—of Time, to have run out, expired:—of prophecies, to have turned out true.  
 ἐξήλασα Ep. ἐξήλασσα, aor. 1 of ἐξελαύνω.  
 ἐξήλατος, ον, (ἐξελαύνω) beaten out, hammered.  
 ἐξηλέγχθη, aor. 1 pass. of ἐξελέγχω: ἐξήλεγκτο, 3 sing. plqpf.  
 ἐξήλειψα, aor. 1 of ἐξαλείφω.  
 ἐξήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.  
 ἐξ-ἡλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἕξ, ἥλιος) to set in the sun: to hang in the open air.  
 ἐξήλλαξα, aor. 1 of ἐξαλλάσσω: ἐξήλλαγμα, pf. pass.  
 ἐξήλυσις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐξήλυθον aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι) a going out: a way out.  
 ἐξ-ἡμαρ, Adv. (ἕξ, ἡμαρ) for six days, six days long.  
 ἐξήμαρτον, ἐξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of ἐξαμαρτάνω.  
 ἐξήμβλωκα, pf. of ἐξαμβλόω.  
 ἐξήμειψα, aor. 1 of ἐξαμείβω.  
 ἐξ-ἡμερώω, f. ὠσω, to tame or reclaim quite: metaphor. to civilise, humanise.  
 ἐξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξαμάω.  
 ἐξημιλλησάμην, -ήθη, aor. 1 med. and pass. of ἐξαμιλλάομαι.  
 ἐξημοιβός, ὄν, (ἐξαμείβω) quite changed; ἐξημοιβὰ εἵματα changes of raiment.  
 ἐξημπόλημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεμπολάω.  
 ἐξηνδραποδίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of ἐξανδραποδίζω.  
 ἐξήνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξανδρόομαι.  
 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον, aor. 1 and 2 of ἐκφέρω.  
 ἐξηνεσχόμην, ἐξηνεσχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of ἐξανέχω.  
 ἐξηνέμωσα, -ώθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐξανεμούω.  
 ἐξήνθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐξανθέω.  
 ἐξήντληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐξαντλέω.  
 ἐξήνυσσα, aor. 1 of ἐξανύω or ἐξανύτω.  
 ἐξήξα, Att. aor. 1 of ἐξαίσσω, ἐξασσω.  
 ἐξηπάτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐξαπατάω.  
 ἐξηπάφον, aor. 2 of ἐξαπαφίσκω.  
 ἐξ-ηπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat utterly.  
 ἐξήρα, aor. 1 of ἐξαίρω.  
 ἐξήραμαι, pf. pass. of ξηραίνω.  
 ἐξηράνθη, aor. 1 pass. of ξηραίνω.  
 ἐξήραξα, aor. 1 of ἐξαράσσω.  
 ἐξήρᾱτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐξαίρω.  
 ἐξ-ήρετος, ον, (ἕξ, ἐρέσσω) with six oars.  
 ἐξήρκουν, impf. of ἐξαρκέω.  
 ἐξήρπαξα or -ασα, aor. 1 of ἐξαρπάζω.  
 ἐξήρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτάω.  
 ἐξήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτίζω.  
 ἐξήρτῡμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτύω.  
 ἐξήρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐξάρχω.  
 ἐξηρώησα, aor. 1 of ἐξερωέω.  
 ἐξήσκησα, aor. 1 of ἐξασκέω: ἐξήσκημαι, pf. pass.  
 ἐξῆς Ep. ἐξείης, Adv. (ἕχω, ἔξω) one after another, in order: also of Time, thereafter, next. II. c. gen. next to.



ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα, aor. I of ἐξετάζω.  
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαιτέω.  
 ἐξηύηνα, aor. I of ἐξαυαίνω.  
 ἐξηύχησα, -ήχουν, aor. I and impf. of ἐξαυχέω.  
 ἐξηφύσα Ep. ἐξήφυσσα, aor. I of ἐξαφύσσω.  
 ἐξ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound forth, publish.  
 ἐξήψα, ἐξήφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξάπτω.  
 ἐξ-ιάομαι, f. -ιάσομαι Ion. -ιήσομαι: Dep.:—to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.  
 ἐξιδεῖν, inf. of ἐξειδόν.  
 ἐξ-ιδιόομαι, Dep. (ἐξ, ἴδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.  
 ἐξ-ιδίω, f. ἴσω [i], to exude.  
 ἐξ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [y], to place in a resting posture:—Med. to establish oneself.  
 ἐξίεναι, inf. of ἐξεῖμι exibo; but ἐξιέναι, of ἐξίημι.  
 ἐξ-ίημι, f. ήσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξεῖναι: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.  
 ἐξ-ιθύνω [y], to make quite straight.  
 ἐξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.  
 ἐξ-ικνέομαι, f. ἐξίξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξικύμην [i]: Dep.:—to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.  
 ἐξ-ίκω, f. ξω, poet. for ἐξήκω.  
 ἐξ-ιλάσκομαι, f. -ιλάσομαι [ā], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.  
 ἐξ-ιλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep out from, bar from.  
 ἐξίμεναι, for ἐξιέναι, inf. of ἐξεῖμι exibo.  
 ἐξ-ιπόω, f. ὦσω, to press out, press heavily.  
 ἐξ-ιπτᾶμαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.  
 ἐξίς, εως, ή, (ἐξω fut. of ἔχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or habit, of body or mind.  
 ἐξ-ίσως, Adv. for ἐξ ἴσης (sub. μοίρας), equally; also ἐξ-ίσου (sub. μέτρου).  
 ἐξ-ισόω, f. ὦσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level. II. intr. to be equal or like.  
 ἐξ-ίστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξιστάναι τινά φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξιστάναι τινά to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to shrink from, shun. III. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρός to lose one's father. 2. φρενῶν ἐξεστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.  
 ἐξ-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to inquire into: inquire of.  
 ἐξ-ισχύω, f. ὕσω [y], to be quite able.  
 ἐξ-ισχω, = ἐξέχω: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξισωτίον, verb. Adj. of ἐξισόω, one must make equal.  
 ἐξίτηλος, ov, (ἐξιέναι) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.  
 ἐξ-ιτητίον, verb. Adj. of ἐξιέναι, one must go forth.  
 ἐξ-ιτός, ή, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐξιέναι, to be come out of: τοῖς οὐκ ἐξιτόν ἐστι for whom there's no coming out.  
 ἐξ-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out.  
 ἐξ-ιχνοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to seek by tracking out.  
 ἐξ-μέδιμνος, ov, of, boding six medimni.  
 ἐξ-ογκώω, f. ὦσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφω ἐξογκοῦν to honour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise high. Hence  
 ἐξόγκωμα, atos, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.  
 ἐξ-οδάω, f. ήσω, (ἐξοδος iv) to sell.  
 ἐξ-οδία, ή, (ἐξοδος) a marching out, expedition.  
 ἐξ-όδιος, ov, (ἐξοδος iii) of, belonging to an exit; to the finale of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finale of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.  
 ἐξ-οδοιπορέω, f. ήσω, to go out of.  
 ἐξ-οδος, ή, a going out. 2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally. 3. a solemn procession. II. a way out, Lat. exitus. III. also like Lat. exitus, an end, close: the close of life, decease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing, payment of money: hence ἐξοδάω.  
 ἐξ-οδυνάω, f. ήσω, to pain extremely.  
 ἐξ-όζω, f. -οζήσω, to smell strongly.  
 ἐξ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plqpf. ἐξήδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξειδόν.  
 ἐξ-οιδέω, f. ήσω: pf. -ώδηκα:—to be swollen up.  
 ἐξ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence  
 ἐξοικήσιμος, ov, habitable, inhabited.  
 ἐξ-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I -ώκισα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.  
 ἐξ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.  
 ἐξ-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶξομαι, to wail aloud.  
 ἐξ-οινόομαι, pf. ἐξάνωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk.  
 ἐξ-οιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought out. II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.  
 ἐξ-οιστράω or -έω, f. ήσω, to drive quite wild.  
 ἐξοίσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοίσομαι also in pass. sense.  
 ἐξ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. ἐξοιχνεῦσι.  
 ἐξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to have gone out.  
 ἐξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.  
 ἐξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξόλλυμι.

ἐξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—*to slip off, to glance off.* II. c. acc. *to slip out of, elude.*

ἐξ-όλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ: aor. 1 ἐξώλεσα:—*to destroy utterly.* II. Med. with perf. 2 ἐξόλωλα, *to perish utterly.*

ἐξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, *to destroy utterly.*

ἐξ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, *to bowl aloud.*

ἐξομαι, fut. med. of ἔχω.

ἐξομήρευσις, εως, ἡ, *a demand of hostages.* From ἐξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, *to bind by taking hostages:* Med. *to take as hostages.*

ἐξ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, *to have intercourse, associate, live with.* II. Med. *to be away from one's friends, to be solitary.*

ἐξ-όμιλος, ον, *away from intercourse with others: foreign, strange.*

ἐξ-ομᾶτόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐξ, ὄμμα) *to give sight to:* Pass. *to be restored to sight.* 2. metaph. *to make clear or plain.* II. also *to bereave of sight.*

ἐξ-ομνύμαι, f. -ομοῦμαι: aor. 1 -ωμοσάμην:—*to deny upon oath.* II. *to decline an office by an oath that one has not means or health to discharge it.*

ἐξ-ομοιόω, f. ὠσω, *to make quite like:*—Pass. *to become or be like.*

ἐξ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, and as Dep. ἐξομολογέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, *to confess in full, admit.* 2. *to agree, promise.* II. *to make full acknowledgment for: praise, celebrate.*

ἐξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, *to wipe off from.* II. Med. *to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to another: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.*

ἐξόν, part. from the impers. ἐξεστί.

ἐξ-ονειδίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, *to cast in one's teeth, object to one: also to reproach bitterly.*

ἐξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, *to utter aloud, announce.*

ἐξ-ονομαίνω, aor. 1 -ονόμῃνα, (ἐξ, ὄνομα) *to name, speak of by name.*

ἐξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. *by name, calling by name.*

ἐξ-όπιθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for ἐξόπισθεν.

ἐξ-όπιν, Adv. *behind.*

ἐξ-όπισθεν poet. -θε, Adv. *backwards, behind.* II. Prep. with gen. *behind, after.*

ἐξ-όπισω, (ἐξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, *backwards, back again.* 2. Prep. with gen. *behind.* II. Adv. of Time, *henceforth, hereafter.* [r]

ἐξ-οπλίζω, f. σω, *to arm completely, accoutre:*—Pass. and Med. *to arm oneself, go forth armed.* 2. generally, *to prepare:* pf. part. pass. ἐξοπλισμένος, *all ready.* Hence

ἐξοπλισία, ἡ, *a being under arms: and*

ἐξόπλις, εως, ἡ, *a getting under arms.*

ἐξ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, *to bake hard: to beat violently:*—metaph. *to scorch, consume.*

ἐξ-οράω, *to see from afar:* cf. ἐξειδόν.

ἐξ-οργίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, *to enrage:*—Pass. *to be furious.*

ἐξ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, *to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.*

ἐξ-ορθόω, f. ὠσω, *to set upright:*—Pass. *to stand upright.* 2. metaph. *to amend, restore.*

ἐξ-ορίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. 1 ἐξώρισα:—*to send beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child.* II. ἄλλην ἀπ' ἄλλης ἐξορίζειν πόλιν *to wander from one city to another.* III. Pass. *to be an exile: also*

*to pass the bounds, come forth.* Hence

ἐξ-ορίνω [i], *to exasperate.*

ἐξ-όριστος, ον, *expelled, banished.*

ἐξ-ορκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, *to swear a person, administer an oath to him.* II. *to exorcise, i. e. banish an evil spirit.* Hence

ἐξορκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, *one who administers an oath.* II. *an exorcist.*

ἐξ-ορκος, ον, *bound by oath.*

ἐξ-ορκόω, f. ὠσω, *to make one swear, bind by oath,* c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, *to make one swear by,* ἐξορκούν τινα τὸ Στυγὺς ὕδωρ. Hence

ἐξόρκωσις, εως, ἡ, *a binding by oath.*

ἐξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, *to set out or start from: of pain, to break out.* II. trans. *to send forth: ἐξορμᾶν τὴν ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:*

Pass. *to set out, start.*

ἐξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, *to bring out of harbour: ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.*

ἐξ-ορμος, ον, *sailing from a harbour.*

ἐξ-ορούω, f. σω, *to spring, leap forth.*

ἐξ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξώρυξα:—*to dig out: ἐξορύσσειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to put out the eyes.* II. *to dig out of the ground, dig up.*

ἐξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἦσομαι, Dep. *to dance out, dance away: also to go through with a dance.* II. *to betray by indiscreet gestures.*

ἐξ-όσδω, Dor. for ἐξόζω.

ἐξ-οσιόω, f. ὠσω, *to dedicate, devote.*

ἐξ-οστράκίζω, f. ἰσω, *to banish by ostracism.*

Hence

ἐξοστρακισμός, οὔ, ὁ, *banishment by ostracism.*

ἐξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) *from the time when.*

ἐξ-οτρύνω, f. ὤνω, *to excite, arouse.*

ἐξ-ουθενόω, f. ὠσω, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἐξ-ουθενέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκ, οὐθείς) *to set at naught: pf. part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.*

ἐξούλης δίκη, ἡ, *an action against one who neglected an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.* The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

ἐξουσία, ἡ, (ἐξεστί) *power or authority to do a thing:*—absol. *authority.* 2. *a magistracy: the body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers.* II. *means, resources.* Hence

ἐξουσιάζω, f. σω, *to have authority over:*—Pass. *to have authority exercised over one.*

ἐξ-οφέλλω, *to increase exceedingly.*

ἐξ-όφθαλμος, ον, *with prominent eyes.*

ἐξοχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) *a standing out, prominence: metaph. eminence: οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.*

ἐξοχος, ον, (ἐξέχω) *standing out, prominent: metaph. eminent, excellent: c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργείων eminent*



among or above them. Adv. neut. ἐξοχον and ἐξοχα; c. gen., ἐξοχα πάντων far above all.

ἐξ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to break out into insolence, run riot, wax wanton; ἐξυβρίζειν εἰς τόδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἐξυνῆκα ἐσυνῆκα, for ξυνῆκα συνῆκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνῆμι.

ἐξ-υπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδιξ μεταφρένου ἐξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἐξ-ὑπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἐξ-υπηρετώ, f. ἦσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἐξ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ὑπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἐξ-υπνος, on, (ἐξ, ὑπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἐξυπτιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

ἐξυράμην, aor. I med. of ξύρω.

ἐξύρημαι, pf. pass. of ξύρέω.

ἐξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύω.

ἐξ-ὑφαίνω, f. ανῶ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἐξύφασμα, ατος, τό, a finished web.

ἐξ-υφηγέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, to lead the way.

ἐξω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἶσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. foris. II. of Motion, outwards, away

out of the country, Lat. foras. III. like ἐκτός,

with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ἐξω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ἐξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV.

of Time, beyond, over.

ἐξω, fut. of ἔχω.

ἐξώδηκα, pf. of ἐξοιδέω.

ἐξωθεν, Adv. (ἐξω) from without, c. gen., ἐξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = ἐξω, without.

ἐξ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I ἐξέωσα:—to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἐξώκισα, aor. I of ἐξοικίζω.

ἐξώλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἐξώλης, es, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἐξωμῖδο-ποιῖα, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἐξωμῖς.

ἐξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From

ἐξ-ωμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ὤμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἐξ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.

ἐξ-ώπιος, on, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἐξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἐξ-ωριάζω, (ἐξ, ὥρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἐξώρισα, aor. I of ἐξορίζω.

ἐξώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξορμίζω.

ἐξ-ωρος, on, (ἐξ, ὥρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἐξώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξόρνημι.

ἐξώσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξωθέω.

ἐξώστης, on, ὁ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξώσται άνεμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

ἐξώτατος, η, on, Sup. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτάτω outermost.

ἐξώτερος, α, on, Comp. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτέρω.

ἐξώφελλον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἐο, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of him; ἀπὸ ἐο away from him.

ἐοῖ, Ep. for οἷ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οὐ, to him.

ἐοι, Ep. for εἶη, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοιγμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, 1 pl. of εἰκα.

ἐοικα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἶκω, to be like (see εἶκω), Att. 1 pl. ἐοιγμεν (for ἐοίκαμεν), εἶξαι (for ἐοίκασι); Ep. 3 dual εἶκτον (for ἐοίκατον); inf. ἐοικέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part. ἐοικώς, υῖα, ὅς, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰοκύναι; Att. εἰκώς, εἰκύναι, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἶκα, as, ε, part. οἰκώς: plqpf. ἐφῆκεν, Ep. 3 pl. ἐοίκεσαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἦϊκτο, and without augm. εἶκτο. I. to be or look like. II. to

be fit: Homer has 3 sing. ἐοικε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. ἐοικώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; ἐοικότι κεῖται ὀλέθρῳ he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκύναι ἀκοίτις a suitable wife, 'a help meet for him.'

III. Att. to seem likely, seem; ἐοικε it seems; ὥς ἐοικε, as it seems, as is fitting.

ἐοικότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. εἰκώς, εἰκώς, οἰκώς, similarly, like: reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

ἐοιμι, εἰσι, εἰσι, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

ἐοῖο, Ep. for ἐοῦ, gen. of ἐός.

ἐοῖς, dat. pl. of ἐός.

ἐοῖς, Ep. for εἶης, 2 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοῖσα, Dor. for ἐοῦσα, οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

ἐολπια, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἐλπω: plqpf. ἐώλπειν.

ἐον, Ep. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum; but ἐόν Ion. for ὄν, part. neut.

ἐόν, nom. or acc. neut. of ἐός.

ἐοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοργα, poet. pf. of ἐρδω; 3 pl. ἐοργαν for ἐόργασιν; part. ἐοργώς; Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐόργεε.

ἐορτάζω Ion. ὀρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρταζον, and aor. I ἐώρτασα: (ἐορτή):—to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

'ΕΟΡΤΗ', in Ion. Prose ὀρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὀρτήν ἄγειν to keep a feast.

ἐός, ἐή, ἐόν, Ion. and Ep. for ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐο for οὐ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., his or her own. II.

in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

ἐοῦς, Boeot. for ἐο, οὐ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ἀγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγελία, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a

promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From

ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. ελῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγειλα: pf. acc. ἐπήγγεικα, pass. ἐπήγγεμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command:

c. acc. rei, στρατιὰν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. to

*demand, solicit, make application for a thing.* II. Med. *to promise, offer*: rarely so in Act. *2. to make a show of, profess.* Hence  
 ἐπάγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement, promise.  
 ἐπ-αγείρω, f. -αγεῖω, to gather together, collect:—Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence  
 ἐπάγεσις, εως, ἡ, a gathering, assemblage.  
 ἐπάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of πηγνυμι.  
 ἐπ-αγίνεω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.  
 ἐπ-αγλαῖζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to honour still more:—Pass. to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.  
 ἐπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ἡσώ, to watch or brood over.  
 ἐπ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to bring or lead to, bring upon. 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose: hence to instigate, impel: metaph. to bring one to a thing, lead one on. 3. to lay on; ἐπάγειν κέντρον to lay on, apply the goad; ἐπαγε γνάθον lay your teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. 5. to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the year. II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring on oneself. 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to adduce, quote, cite. Hence  
 ἐπαγωγή, ἡ, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.  
 ἐπαγωγός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive of. II. tempting, seductive.  
 ἐπ-αγωνίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to contend against others.  
 ἐπ-αγωνίος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games.  
 ἐπ-ᾠδω Ion. and poet. ἐπαῖδω: f. -ᾠδομαι:—to sing to or over. 2. to lead the song. II. to sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. ἐπαῖδων, by incantations.  
 ἐπ-αείρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.  
 ἐπ-αέξω, to make to grow, enlarge.  
 ἐπαθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.  
 ἐπ-αθροίζω, f. σω, to assemble besides.  
 ἐπ-αιάζω, f. ξω, to mourn over: to join in wailing.  
 ἐπ-αιγίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, αἰγίς 2) to rush upon or over.  
 ἐπ-αιδέομαι, fut. -αιδεσθήσομαι: aor. 1 -ἠδέσθην: to be ashamed: c. acc. to reverence.  
 ἐπαίνεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαινέω) praise: and  
 ἐπ-αινέτης, ὄν, ὁ, a praiser, eulogist.  
 ἐπαινετός, ἡ, ὄν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπαινετόν the object of praise. Adv. -τῶς. From  
 ἐπ-αινέω, fut. ἔσω Att. ἔσομαι Ep. ἡσώ: aor. 1 ἐπήνεσα Ep. -ῆσα: pf. ἐπήνεκα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐπήνεθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat. pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, eulogize. 2. = παραινέω, to advise, recommend, bid. II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat. benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαινῶ I thank you very kindly.  
 ἐπαίνημι, Aeol. for ἐπαινέω.  
 ἐπ-αινος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) approval, commendation.

ἐπ-αινός, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπαινῆ, strengthd. for αἰνή, exceeding awful, dread.  
 ἐπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. ἐπαείρω: fut. ἐπαῶ: aor. 1 ἐπήρα poet. ἐπάειρα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐπήρην: pf. ἐπήρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. 2. to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to do. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν), to rise up. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to set out:—Pass. to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.  
 ἐπαισδον, Dor. for ἐπαίζον, impf. of παίζω.  
 ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 -ῆσθόμην: Dep.:—to have a perception or feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive that.  
 ἐπ-αἰσσω Att. -ᾠσσω or -ᾠττω: fut. -αἰξω Att. -ᾠξω:—to rush at or upon:—to assail, assault, attack:—Med., ἐπαῖξασθαι ἄεθλον to rush upon, seize the prize. II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to move the foot hastily: Pass., χεῖρες ἐπαῖσσονται the hands move violently.  
 ἐπ-αἰστος, ὄν, (ἐπαῖω) heard of, discovered. [ᾱ]  
 ἐπ-αἰσχύνομαι, fut. -αἰσχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to be ashamed of or at.  
 ἐπ-αιτέω, f. ἡσώ, to ask in addition: to solicit.  
 ἐπ-αιτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge.  
 ἐπ-αἰτιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, αἰτία) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.  
 ἐπ-αἰτώ contr. ἐπ-ᾠώ: f. ἰσω: to bear, perceive, feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a professor.  
 ἐπ-αιωρέω, f. ἡσώ, to keep in suspense:—Pass. to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overhang, threaten.  
 ἐπ-ἀκολουθίω, f. ἡσώ, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's mind, understand. 3. to follow, obey. Hence  
 ἐπακολούθημα, ματος, τό, a consequence: and  
 ἐπακολούθησις, εως, ἡ, a following.  
 ἐπακουός, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive.  
 ἐπ-ακούω, f. -ακούτομαι: aor. 1 ἐπήκουσα:—to listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey.  
 ἐπ-ακρίζω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing; αἱμάτων ἐπήκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.  
 ἐπ-ακροάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to hearken to.  
 ἐπακτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) a hunter, a huntsman.  
 ἐπ-ἄκτιος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀκτὴ) on the strand or coast.  
 ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad, imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.  
 ἐπακτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) a small row-boat, skiff.  
 ἐπ-ἀλαλάζω, f. ξω, to raise the war-cry.  
 ἐπαλαλκόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέξω.  
 ἐπ-ἀλάομαι, aor. 1 ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through, over.  
 ἐπ-ἀλαστέω, f. ἡσώ, to be troubled at a thing.  
 ἐπ-αλγέω, f. ἡσώ, to grieve over.  
 ἐπ-ἀλείφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stop up by anointing.



ἐπ-αλέξω, f. ξήσω, to defend, aid, help. II. to ward, keep off: aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλαλκεῖν, Ep. -έμεν.  
 ἐπαληθείς, aor. 1 part. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.  
 ἐπαληθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.  
 ἐπ-αληθεύω, f. σω, to prove true, verify.  
 ἐπ-αλής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλέα) open to the sun, sunny. [α]  
 ἐπ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.  
 ἐπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.  
 ἐπ-αλλάξ, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, crosswise, alternately.  
 ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄξω: pf. -ήλλαχα: —Pass., aor. 1 -ηλλάχθην, aor. 2 -ηλλάχην [α]: pf. -ήλλαγμαi:—to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory: —Pass. to be closely joined.  
 ἐπ-άλληλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another: continuous.  
 ἐπ-άλμενος, ον, syncop. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.  
 ἐπαλξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: battlement, a parapet:—generally, a defence, protection.  
 ἐπ-αλπνος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλπνιστος) happy.  
 ἐπάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.  
 ἐπ-αλώστης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπί, ἀλωάω) one who drives the oxen in threshing.  
 ἐπ-ᾄμαομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐπαμυσάμην: Med.:—to scrape together for oneself, heap up together.  
 ἐπαμβάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπαναβαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμβάτηρες maladies growing on the flesh, leprosy eruptions.  
 ἐπ-ᾄμειβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter:—Med. to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.  
 ἐπ-ᾄμερος, ον, Aeol. for ἐφ-ἡμερος.  
 ἐπ-αμμένος, Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφάπτω.  
 ἐπ-αμμένω, poet. for ἐπ-αναμένω.  
 ἐπαμοιβᾶδης, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.  
 ἐπαμοιβίος, ον, and ἐπαμοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, one upon another: in exchange.  
 ἐπ-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέχω: aor. 2 ἐπήμπισχον, inf. ἐπαμπισχεῖν:—to put on besides, or over all: to overwrap.  
 ἐπαμύντωρ, ορος, ὁ, a helper, defender. From  
 ἐπ-ᾄμύνω, f. ὕνω, to come to aid, defend, assist.  
 ἐπ-αμφέρω, for ἐπαναφέρω.  
 ἐπ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ισώ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος) to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to halt between two opinions.  
 ἐπάν, Conjunct., later form of ἐπην.  
 ἐπ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to get upon, mount on horseback. II. to go up inland.  
 ἐπ-αναβάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw on or over:—Med. to put on. II. in Med., also, to put off, delay.  
 ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐπαναβαίνω, to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβληδόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over another garment.  
 ἐπ-αναβοάω, f. ἥσομαι, to cry out at a thing.  
 ἐπαναγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.  
 ἐπ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to compel by force.  
 ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) only used in neut. ἐπάναγκες (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary. 2. neut. also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάναγκες κομῶντες wearing long hair by law.  
 ἐπ-ανᾶγορεύω, to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπανείπον.  
 ἐπ-ανάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 -ανήγαγον:—to bring up, stir up, excite. 2. to exalt, elevate. II. to lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to one. III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. IV. to put ships out to sea:—Pass. to put to sea against. V. Pass. to be carried to a place. Hence  
 ἐπανᾶγωγή, ἡ, a sailing out against, a naval attack. II. a recall, return.  
 ἐπ-αναδιπλάζω, to redouble, reiterate questions.  
 ἐπ-αναθεάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [α], Dep. to see again.  
 ἐπ-αναίρω, to lift up:—Med. to lift one against the other:—Pass. to rise up.  
 ἐπ-ανάκειμαι, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty.  
 ἐπ-ανακλαγγάνω, to give tongue again and again.  
 ἐπ-ανακρούω, to drive back:—Med. to draw back.  
 ἐπ-ανακύπτω, f. ψω, to have an upward direction.  
 ἐπ-αναλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take up again, resume, repeat.  
 ἐπ-ανᾶλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλώσω, to consume besides.  
 ἐπ-αναμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue waiting, stay on. II. to wait for one.  
 ἐπ-αναμιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to remind one of, mention again to one.  
 ἐπ-ανανεόω, f. ὥσω, to renew, revive.  
 ἐπ-αναπαύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon:—Med. to rest upon.  
 ἐπ-αναπηδάω, f. ἥσω or ἥσομαι, to leap upon.  
 ἐπ-αναπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι; Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f. -πλώσω:—to sail up against. II. to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλώει ὑμῖν ἔπεα κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back again.  
 ἐπ-αναρρίπτω and -έω, to throw up in the air (sub. ἐαυτόν) to spring high in the air.  
 ἐπανάσεις, εως, ἡ, a brandishing of weapons. From  
 ἐπ-ανασείω, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish.  
 ἐπανάστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπανίστημι) a rising up against, an insurrection.  
 ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπανίστημι.  
 ἐπ-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, resist:—Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.  
 ἐπ-ανατείνω, f. -τενῶ, to hold up towards; ἐπανατείνειν ἐλπίδας to hold out hopes.  
 ἐπ-ανατέλλω, f. -ανατελῶ: aor. 1 -ανέτειλα:—to lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the

sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος the time which is coming to light, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθῃμι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

ἐπ-αναφέρω poet. ἐπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the account. 3. to bring back a message. II. Pass.

to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφύσσω, f. ήσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχώρησις, εως, ή, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-άνειμι, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανεῖναι, ἐπανεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπανήμι.

ἐπανεῖπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—the pres. in use is ἐπαναγορεύω.

ἐπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for ἐπανέρομαι.

ἐπανελθεῖν, ἐπανελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπ-ανέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ανήκω, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ανθίω, f. ήσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

ἐπ-ανθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθράκιδες, ων, αἱ, small fish for frying. From

ἐπ-ανθρακίζω, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ανήμι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ανίσώω, f. ώσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf.

-ανέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be high, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθόω, f. ώσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπηνώρθουν, aor. I ἐπηνώρθωσα, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εως, ή, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπ-αντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω.

ἐπ-άντης, ες, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάντης.

ἐπ-αντιάω, f. άσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-άνύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-άνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργος the upper tower. II. of Time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: of ἐπ. men of former time.

ἐπ-άξιος, ον, and α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἐπ-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-αξόνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄξων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of πήγνυμι.

ἐπαοιδή, ή, (ἐπαείδω) poet. and Ion. for ἐπωδή.

ἐπαοιδός, ό, poet. for ἐπωδός.

ἐπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ήσω, to hold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. ἐπ-απεπνίγην [χ].

ἐπ-άπτω, Ion. for ἐφάπτω.

ἐπ-ἀπύω, Dor. for ἐπηπύω.

ἐπ-αρά Ion. ἐπ-αρή, ή, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-αράομαι, f. άσομαι Ep. ήσομαι; pf. ἐπήραμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαράσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-αραρίσκω, f. ἐπάρσω: aor. I ἐπήρσα:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα,

to fit well: part. ἐπαρηρώς, close-fitting: so also ἐπ-άρμενος, η, ον.

ἐπάρας, aor. I part. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ον, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργυρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄργυρος) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἀρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπάρηξις, εως, ή, help, aid.

ἐπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of ἐπαρρίσκω.

ἐπ-ἀρίστερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπάρκεσις, εως, ή, aid, help, succour. From

ἐπ-αρκέω, f. έσω: aor. I ἐπήρησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. III.

absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπαρρίσκω, well-fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-άρουρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄρουρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to bang on or over:—Pass., φόβος

ἐπήρηται fear bangs over, impends.

ἐπ-αρτής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-αρτύω and -αρτύνω, to fit or fix on. II.

to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.



ἐπαρχία, ἡ, a prefecture, province. From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a commander: a governor of a country, prefect.

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ξω, to be an ἐπαρχος, governor of a province. 2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions.

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρχασθαι δεπάεσσιν to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

ἐπαρώγος, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) a helper, aider.

ἐπαρώνουν, impf. of παροινέω.

ἐπασάμην, aor. I of πατέομαι.

ἐπ-ασκίω, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ήσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

ἐπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσσον) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασσύτερο-τρίβης, ἐς, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

ἐπ-άττω, Att. for ἐπαίσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ἡσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon.

ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἡσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

ἐπ-αυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἐπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.

ἐπ-αυξάνω or ἐπ-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, = ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐριον, on the morrow.

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηύρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηται, 3 pl. -ωνται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ἵνα πάντες ἐπαύρωνται βασιλῆος that all may have a benefit of their king; οὐκ ἔγωγε ἐπαυρήσεσθαι I think he will feel the consequences. 2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπάυσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαύω: ἐπαύσας, part. ἐπ-αυτέω, f. ἡσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [ῡ]

ἐπ-αυτοφώρω, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

ἐπ-αυχένιος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχὴν) on or for the neck.

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἡσω, to boast of, exult in.

ἐπ-αῦω, f. -αῦσω [ῡ], to shout over or upon.

ἐπ-αφαναίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out.

ἐπ-ᾤφάω, f. ἡσω, to touch on the surface, stroke.

ἐπαφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, bandling.

ἐπ-αφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaph. to babble, divulge.

ἐπ-αφρόδιτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating, Lat. venustus.

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to pour over or in addition.

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

ἐπ-ἄχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.

ἐπ-αχλύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], (ἐπί, ἀχλὺς) to be obscure.

ἐπαχύνθην, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπεάν, Ion. for ἐπὴν.

ἐπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπεβίων, aor. 2 of ἐπιβιώω (as if from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβρισα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], to laugh at, deride.

ἐπεγέγραπτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγεῖρω, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγορός, awake.

ἐπ-εγκάλέω, f. ἴσω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, devour.

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπέγνω, aor. 2 of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπεγρήγορα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγχέω, f. -χεῖω, to pour in upon or in addition.

ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπέδησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπεδόθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεὶ Ep. also ἐπειή, (ἐπί) Conjunct. : I. OF TIME, after that, when: from the time when. II.

OF CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that. III. ἐπεὶ

ἄρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then. 2. ἐπεὶ οὖν

when then. 3. ἐπεὶ περ since really.

ΕΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ξω: impf. ἡπειγον Ep. ἡπειγον: aor.

I ἡπείξα:—Pass., fut. med. ἐπείσομαι (in pass. sense): aor. I ἡπείχθην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass.

to be weighed down. 2. to press hard, press upon, in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, hasten,

burry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to haste to do: also absol. to hasten, burry, speed: part.

ἐπειγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III.

intrans. = Pass. to make haste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

ἐπει-δή, (ἐπεὶ δὴ) Conjunction,  
since, after that, Lat. *postquam*.

seeing that, since, because:—so ἐπειδήπερ, since  
really, since now.

ἐπ-εἶδον, inf. ἐπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use  
(ἐφοράω being used instead), to look upon, behold,  
see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to ex-  
perience.

ἐπειή or ἐπεὶ ἤ, Adv. since certainly.

ἐπέη, 3 sing. opt. of ἔπειμι.

ἐπ-εικάζω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα  
τήνδ' ἐπικάζων κυρῶ; am I right in supposing her  
his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, con-  
clude; ὥς or ὅσ' ἐπικάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἐπέικεν, ἐπέικε, or ἐπεὶ κεν, ἐπεὶ κε, Ep. for ἐπεάν,  
ἐπὴν.

ἐπέιληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπ-εἰμι, inf. ἐπεῖναι: impf. ἐπῆν: fut. ἐπέσομαι:  
(ἐπί, εἰμί sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be

upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be  
imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be  
coming on, to impend.

IV. to be set over, Lat.  
*praeesse*.

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἐπ-εἰμι, inf. ἐπεῖναι: Ep. impf. ἐπῆα, as, ε, 3 pl.

ἐπῆσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπέισομαι: aor. 1 med. part.

ἐπεισαμένη: (ἐπί, εἰμι ibo):—to go or come to or

towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, ap-  
proach.

2. to come against, attack; οἱ ἐπιόντες  
the invaders, assailants.

3. of events, to come  
upon one, overtake.

4. to come on the stage. II.

of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ

ἐπιούσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπιών, like ὁ τυχών,  
the first comer: τὸ ἐπιόν what occurs to one. III.

to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i. e. count over.

ἐπ-εἰνῶμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπέινυσθαι,  
Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαι.

ἐπεί-περ, for ἐπεὶ περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἐπ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides:  
to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπέιπων.

ἐπειρα, aor. 1 of πείρω.

ἐπέρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

ἐπειρυσάμενος, Ion. aor. 1 part. med. of ἐπερύω.

ἐπειρώατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πειράομαι.

ἐπειρωτέω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

ἐπ-ειρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. for ἐπερώτημα, -ησις.

ἐπεισα, aor. 1 of πείθω.

ἐπ-εἰσάγωγῃ, ἡ, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) a bringing in be-  
sides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-εἰσακτος, ον, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) brought in from  
abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ἐπ-εἰσβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter.

ἐπ-εἰσβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II.

intr. to invade again.

ἐπεισβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπ-εἰσβαίνω) an additional pas-  
senger, supernumerary on board ship. [ᾱ]

ἐπ-εἰσειμι, to come on besides: to come on the stage.

ἐπ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf.

-ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in

after. 2. to come into or enter besides: of things, to  
be imported.

ἐπεισέφρησα, aor. 1 of ἐπεισφρέω.

ἐπ-εἰσκυκλέω, f. ἥσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἐπεισόδιος, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From

ἐπ-εἰσοδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἐπ-εἰσπαίω, f. παῖσω, to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπηδάω, f. ἥσω or ἥσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἐπ-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall  
or burst upon: to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail  
at, attack.

ἐπ-εἰσφέρω, f. -οῖσω, to bring in besides or after: to  
entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἐπ-εἰσφρέω, f. ἥσω, to introduce besides.

ἐπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἰτα) marks the Sequence of  
one thing upon another: *thereupon, thereafter, then*,  
Lat. *deinde*.

II. when a clause precedes it is  
emphatic: 1. when a partic. of Time goes be-  
fore, *then*; ἐπειδὴ σφαῖρῃ πειρήσαντο, ὠρχίσθην δὴ  
ἐπ-εἰτα when they finished playing at ball, *then* they  
danced.

2. after εἰ, *then surely*; εἰ δ' ἔτεον δὴ  
ἀγορεύεις, ἐξ ἄρα δὴ τοι ἐπ-εἰτα θεοὶ φρένας ὤλε-  
σαν if so, *then* of a surety have the gods infatuated  
thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is  
founded on some supposition, after πῶς; εἰ μὲν δὴ  
ἔταρόν γε κλεῦτε μ' αὐτὸν ἐλέσθαι, πῶς ἂν ἐπειτ'  
Ὀδυσῆος λαθοίμην; how can I in such a case forget  
Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical  
sense, *And so? Indeed?*

IV. *then, therefore*, much  
like οὖν.

V. *and yet, nevertheless, still*.

VI.  
with the Article, *the following, the future*; ὁ ἐπ-εἰτα  
χρόνος the time to come.

ἐπεί-τε, or ἐπεὶ τε, since, for that, because.

ἐπειτεν, Ion. for ἐπ-εἰτα, *thereupon, thereafter*.

ἐπεί-τοι, i. e. ἐπεὶ τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἐπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἐπ-εκβοητέω, f. ἥσω, to rush out to aid.

ἐπ-εκδιδάσκω, f. ἀξω, to teach in addition.

ἐπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἐπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω)  
an excursion or expedition against.

ἐπεκέατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπ-εἰκεῖμαι.

ἐπ-ἐκεῖνα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκεῖνα, on yonder side of,  
beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεῖνα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Eu-  
phrates; τὰ ἐπέκεῖνα Att. τοῦ ἐπέκεῖνα, the part be-  
yond; τὰ ἐπέκεῖνα the parts beyond. 2. of Time,  
οἱ ἐπέκεῖνα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier  
times.

ἐπεκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπ-εἰκέλομαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. 1 of ἐπ-εἰκέλλω.

ἐπέκερσα, aor. 1 of ἐπ-εἰκείρω.

ἐπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπεκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 act. and med.  
of ἐπ-εἰκλώω.

ἐπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

ἐπ-ἐκπλοος contr. -ἐκπλους, ὁ, a sailing out  
against, an attack by sea.



ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at.  
ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραῖναι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οῖσω, to carry out far.  
ἐπ-εκχωρέω, f. ἥσω, to advance next or after.  
ἐπελάβετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.  
ἐπελαθόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.  
ἐπέλασις, εως, ἡ, an attack, assault. From  
ἐπ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. 1 -ἤλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge. II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

ἐπέλειπον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω.  
ἐπελείπειτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.  
ἐπελήκεον, impf. of ἐπιληκέω.  
ἐπελήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.  
ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι.  
ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.  
ἐπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι.  
ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἐφελίσσω, ἐφέλκω.  
ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.  
ἐπ-ελπίζω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope, = ἐλπίζω.

ἐπ-έλπομαι Ep. ἐπι-έλπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.  
ἐπεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.  
ἐπεμάσασατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.  
ἐπ-εμβάδδον, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.  
ἐπ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβάς:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβασα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβεβαῶς: also c. dat., πύργοις ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horseman.

ἐπεμβεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω.  
ἐπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμένω.  
ἐπ-εμελησάμην, -εμελήθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπεμήνατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.  
ἐπέμειξα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμίγνυμι.  
ἐπ-εμπεδάω, f. ἥσω or ἥσομαι, to leap upon, insult.  
ἐπ-εμπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack: ἐπεμπίπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, set to work.

ἐπ-ενδρίζω, f. ξω, to slay one upon another.  
ἐπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινέχομαι.  
ἐπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above.  
ἐπενδύτης, ου, ὁ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύνω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over.  
ἐπενεῖκαι, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπένειμα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέμω.  
ἐπένευσα, aor. 1 of ἐπινεύω.  
ἐπενήνεον, impf. of ἐπινηνέω.  
ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἷα θεοῦς ἐπενήνοθεν αἰὲν εἶοντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπένησα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέω (Λ).  
ἐπ-ενθρόσκω, f. -ενθοροῦμαι: aor. 2 -ενέθορον, inf. -ενθορεῖν:—to leap upon: ἐπενθρόσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενθών, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι.  
ἐπεντάθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐπεντείνω.  
ἐπ-εντάνύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], Ep. for ἐπεντείνω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντείνω, f. -εντενῶ, to stretch upon or over: part. aor. 1 pass. ἐπεντάθεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.  
ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύνω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.

ἐπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out. Hence

ἐπεξάγωγῃ, ἡ, a drawing out against, lengthening.  
ἐπ-ἐξεῖμι, inf. -εξιέναι: impf. ἐπεξήειν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute. III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξιέναι τιμωρίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

ἐπ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ: pf. -εξελήλακα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.

ἐπεξελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity; ὥδ' ἐπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξέτασις, εως, ἡ, a review over again.  
ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.  
ἐπ-εξῆς, Ion. for ἐφ-εξῆς.  
ἐπ-εξιακχάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, ἰακχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξόδιος, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. λερά), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

ἐπ-ἐξοδος, ἡ, a march out against, expedition.  
ἐπ-έοικε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐπέικω in use:—it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπεικικότα, part. pf., *what is seemly, fit*.

ἐπέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπεπήγει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πηγνυμι.

ἐπέπιθμεν, for ἐπεποίθειμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπέπλωσ, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπεποίθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πάσχω.

ἐπέπτᾳρον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπταίρω.

ἐπέπτᾳτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐπιπέταμαι.

ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for ἐφέπω.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to work upon land, till, cultivate. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, a working of another's land: an encroachment. II. the right of mutual tillage on each other's land.

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. σω, to stimulate.

ἐπ-ερείδω, f. -ερείσω, to urge on with all one's force; ἐπέρεισεν Ἴν' ἀπέλεθρον he applied vast strength to it:—Pass. to lean or bear heavily upon.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, to cover with a roof.

ἐπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπερείδω.

ἐπ-έρομαι Ion. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ion. -ειρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπηρόμην, inf. ἐπερέσθαι:—to ask, to consult, question.

ἐπέρριψα, aor. 1 of ἐπιρρίπτω.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ἐπιρρώομαι.

ἐπερρώσθην, ἐπερρώσμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of ἐπιρρώομαι.

ἐπέρυσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπερύω.

ἐπ-ερύω, f. -ερύσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 -εἰρύσα:—to draw on, pull to: to bring to a place:—Med. to draw on one's clothes.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλϑον, pf. -ελήλϑα:—to go or come to or towards: to come upon, esp. to come suddenly or unexpectedly upon. 2. in hostile sense, to come or go against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. to come on, come about, return; ἐπήλυθον ὥραι the seasons came round again. III. to come in after or over the head of another. IV. to occur to one, come into one's mind. V. to go over a space, traverse, visit. 2. to go through or over, discuss, recount. 3. to go through, execute.

ἐπ-ερωτάω Ion. ἐπειρ-, fut. ἥσω, to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing:—Pass. to be questioned, asked. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. ἐπειρ-, ατος, τό, a question: and ἐπερώτησις Ion. ἐπειρ-, εως, ἡ, a questioning.

ἐπεσα, rare aor. 1 of πίπτω.

ἐπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπεσβαίνω, = ἐπεισβαίνω.

ἐπεσβολία, ἡ, a using words at random, hasty speech, unseemly language. From

ἐπεσ-βόλος, ον, (ἐπος, βάλλω) throwing words about: rash-talking, scurrilous.

ἐπ-εσθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, to eat after or in addition to.

ἐπεσκεψάμην, aor. 1 of ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπεσκίασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισκιάζω.

ἐπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἐπεσπον, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω.

ἐπέσσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπέσσευεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω.

ἐπεσσεύοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπισεύω.

ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, part. ἐπεσσύμενος.

ἐπέσσυτο, poet. for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plqpf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, in sense of aor. 2.

ἐπεστάλθην, ἐπεστάλην [ᾱ], aor. 1 and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπέσταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπεστράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστρέφω.

ἐπεστεώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπέστην, aor. 2 of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπεσφέρω, Ion. for ἐπεισφέρω.

ἐπ-εσχάριος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσχάρα) on the hearth.

ἐπ-έσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπέχω.

ἐπ-έσχον, -εσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπέταμον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπ-έτειος, ον, and ἐπ-έτεος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔτος) annual, yearly, every year: changeable as the seasons. 2. annual, lasting for a year.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπετήδευσα, aor. 1 of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπομαι) a follower, attendant.

ἐπ-ετήσιος, ον, = ἐπέτειος, from year to year, lasting the whole year.

ἐπετον, Aeol. for ἐπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἐπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. 1 without any pres. in use, = ἐπέτυχε, fell in or met with; part. ἐπιτύσσαις = ἐπιτυχάν, having met with. (Origin uncertain.)

ἐπετράπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω:—ἐπετρά- πόμην, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἐπετράφθην, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἔπευ, Ion. for ἔπον, imperat. of ἐπομαι.

ἐπ-ευθύνω, to guide straight, direct.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for ἐφ-ευρίσκω.

ἐπ-ευφημέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 1 -ευφήμησα:—to shout assent. II. c. acc. to accompany in singing: to sing in praise of.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to pray to, make a vow: to pray or vow that: in bad sense, to pray a curse, imprecate upon. II. to exult or triumph over.

ἐπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω.

ἐπεφνον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of \*φένω.

ἐπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of φέρβω.

ἐπέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω.

ἐπεφράσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φράσσω.

ἐπέφῦκον, Ep. for ἐπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of φύω.

ἐπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φυάω.

ἐπεχευάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπέχθην, aor. 1 pass. of πέχω.

ἐπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιχέω.



ἐπ-έχω, fut. ἐφ-έσω: aor. 2 ἐπ-έσχον, inf. ἐπισχεῖν, poet. ἐπέσχεθον:—to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπώχαστο:—to hold, keep:—Pass. and Med. to keep bold of. II. to hold out, present, offer. III.

to hold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέχειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ὦδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τοὺς Τεγεήτας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχειν (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be intent upon. IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to stop or hinder from. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

ἐπ-ηβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ηβάω.

ἐπ-ηβολος, ον, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having won or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense, νόσον ἐπῆβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

ἐπήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.

ἐπήγγελα, ἐπήγγελα, aor. 1 and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.

ἐπηγέρθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπηγκενίδες, αἱ, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἱκρία.

ἐπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one.

ἐπήεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπ-ηετάνος, ον, and ἡ, ὄν, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπηεταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπήϊεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί ibo), he went after, followed upon: ἐπήϊσαν 3 plur.

ἐπήϊσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαίω.

ἐπήϊσσον, impf. of ἐπαίσσω.

ἐπήκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ἐφήμι.

ἐπήκοος Dor. ἐπάκοος, ον, (ἐπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within bearing.

ἐπήκρισα, aor. 1 of ἐπακρίζω.

ἐπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακροάομαι.

ἐπηλα, aor. 1 of πάλλω.

ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ηλυγάζω, (ἐπί, ἡλύγη) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ἐπῆλυγάσθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

ἐπήλυθον, Ep. for ἐπῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπήλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπῆλυγάζω) overshadowing; τὴν πέτρην ἐπήλυγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter.

ἐπηλὺς, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπῆλῦθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

ἐπ-ηλυσία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ἐπῆλῦθον) a coming over: a bewitching.

ἐπ-ηλῦσις, εὖς, ἡ, an approach, assault.

ἐπ-ηλῦτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐπηλυσ. [ῥ]

ἐπημαξευμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαξεύω.

ἐπημοιβός, ον, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, alternate; χιτῶνες ἐπημοιβοὶ changes of raiment.

ἐπ-ημύω, f. ὑσω [ῥ], to bend or bow down.

ἐπήν Ion. ἐπεάν late Att. ἐπάν, Conjunction. (ἐπεῖ, ἄν) whenever, Lat. quodcumque.

ἐπ-ηνέμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.

ἐπήνεον, Ep. impf. of ἐπαινέω.

ἐπήνεσα Ep. ἐπήνησα, aor. 1 of ἐπαινέω.

ἐπήνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπανθέω.

ἐπηνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθώω:

so, ἐπηνώρθωσα, -ώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass.; ἐπηνώρθωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐπηξα, aor. 1 of πήγνυμι.

ἐπηξίωσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαξίωω.

ἐπ-ηόνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἡών) on the beach or shore.

ἐπηπειλῆσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαπειλέω.

ἐπ-ηπύω, f. ὑσω [ῥ], to shout to, cheer on.

ἐπ-ηράτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐπηρεάζω, f. σω, (ἐπῆρεια) to threaten abusively: to deal despitely with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

ἐπῆρεια, ἡ, wanton insult, contumely.

ἐπ-ηρεμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί, ἡρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπ-ηρετμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, rowing. 2. equipped with oars.

ἐπ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἐρέφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπήρθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπήρκεσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαρκέω.

ἐπήρσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαρρίσκω.

ἐπήσαν, Ep. for ἐπήϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί ibo).

ἐπησθεῖεν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐφήδομαι.

ἐπήσθιον, impf. of ἐπεσθίω.

ἐπησθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπαισθάνομαι.

ἐπήσκημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκέω.

ἐπητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐπος) affable, kind, gentle.

ἐπητιάσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of ἐπαιτιάομαι.

ἐπ-ήτριμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἡτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

ἐπητύς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

ἐπηῦρον, ἐπηυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπηύχῃσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαυχέω.

ἐπήφῦσα, aor. 1 of ἐπαφύσσω.

ἐπ-ηχέω, f. ἡσω, to resound, to reecho: to accompany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense, upon: A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place,

on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.; ἐφ' ὑμῶν by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ τριῶν, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρως in single file. 4. before, in presence of, Lat. coram. 5. over, of any one set over a special business; οἱ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point; πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν ἐπ' οἶκου

to go home-wards. II. of Time, *in* or *in the course of*; ἐπ' εἰρήνης *in time of peace*. III. of the grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπ' μαρτυρίας *on evidence*; εἰπεῖν ἐπ' ὅρκου *to speak on oath*; ἐπ' ὅτε *on what ground*. B. WITH DAT., I.

of Place; ἐπὶ χώρᾳ *on the spot*; esp. where hostility is implied, *opposite* or *against*. II. of the Time

*in, on* or *at* which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτί *in the night*; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε *on this very day*. 2. *upon* or *after* an event. III. *in addition, over and above, one on another*. IV. *for an object or purpose, with a view to*; ἐπὶ δόρπῳ *for supper*; ἐπὶ κακῷ ἀνθρώπου *for mischief to man*. V. of the ground

of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπὶ τινι *to laugh at one*; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπὶ τινι *to be proud at or of a thing*. VI. of any condition *upon* which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτῳ, ἐφ' ᾧ *on condition, that* . . ; more briefly, ἐφ' ᾧ or ἐφ' ᾧτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί *on no condition*; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίοις *with strict justice*; ἐπ' ἴσοις *on reasonable terms*. C. WITH ACCUS., I.

of Place; *extending over*; ἐπ' ἐννέα κεῖτο πέλεθρα *over nine acres he lay*; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους *glory spread among all men*. 2. *motion towards* or *to a place*; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: *in hostile sense, upon, against*:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰθύν *to labour, to an enterprize*; esp. *to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of*; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην *to send for tidings*: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσῆα ἦε:—hence also to denote a *purpose*, ἐπὶ τί; *for what? wherefore?* 3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἴκοσι *five-and-twenty deep or in file*: with numbers, *up to a certain number, nearly, about*. II.

of Time, *for* or *during* a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον *for a time*. 2. *up to* or *till* a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῷ *till morning*. III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμην *by the line or rule*; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ *for me, as far as concerns me*.

Ἐπί may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπι.

IN COMPOS. ἐπί denotes *rest at a place*, as in ἐπ-εἰμι (εἰμί *sum*), ἐπι-βατεύω; or *motion*, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεύω. II. of

Time, *after*, as in ἐπι-βιόω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω. III.

*addition, accompaniment*, as in ἐπί-κτητος, ἐπ-αυλέω. IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία *intermarriage*. V. with Numerals,

an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, *one and a third*, =  $\frac{4}{3}$ . VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι, for ἔπειστι, *it is there, ready, at hand*.

ἐπ-ιάλλω, f. -ιάλῳ: aor. -ίηλα:—*to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass*.

ἐπιάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.

ἐπι-ανδάνω, poet. for ἐφανδ-, *to please, gratify*.

ἐπ-ιαύω, *to sleep among*.

ἐπ-ιάχω [ᾱ], *to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud*.

ἐπίβᾱ, for ἐπίβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) *a ladder or steps to ascend by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway*.

ἐπίβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) *a roosting-place, perch*. II. (ἐπιβάτης) *a passenger's fare*, Lat. *naulum*.

ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. 1 med. ἐπεβησάμην (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσετο, imperat. ἐπιβήσεο): I. c. gen. *to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon*. 2. *to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto*; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίας *to take one's stand on piety*. II. c. dat. *to mount upon, get on board of*:—also, *to set upon, attack, assault*.

III. c. acc. *to light upon*, Πιερίην ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, *to go to*. 2. *to attack*, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν ἐπὶ ἵππον *to mount a horse*. IV. absol. *to step forward or on, advance*:—*to get a footing*.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. 1 ἐπέβησα, *to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at*. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βᾶλῳ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: I. *to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix*. 2. *to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine*. 3. *to add: to add to, increase*. II. intrans., ἐπι-

βάλλειν τινί (sub. εαυτόν), *to throw oneself upon, go straight towards*. 2. *to fall upon: to attack*. 3. (sub. νοῦν), *to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to*; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλὼν, absol., *when he thought on it*. 4. *to fall to one, come to one's share*: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] *one's proper portion*; also impers. *it falls to one to do a thing*. III.

Med. *to seize upon a thing, grasp at it*. 2. *to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, incur*. IV. Pass. *to be placed upon*; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι *having their arrows on the string*.

ἐπι-βᾶρίω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βαρύς) *to weigh heavily on*. ἐπιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπίβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) *a stepping upon or upwards*. 2. metaph. *a step or approach towards a thing*; εἰς τινα ποιεῖσθαι ἐπίβασιν *to make means of attacking one*.

ἐπι-βάσκω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν υἱας Ἀχαιῶν *to lead them into misery*.

ἐπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, *to bear or weigh in the hand*. ἐπι-βᾶτεύω, f. σω, *to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp*. II. *to be an ἐπιβάτης, passenger or soldier*. From

ἐπιβάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) *one who mounts or embarks*; οἱ ἐπιβάται *the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men*, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger. 2. *the warrior in a chariot*.

ἐπιβᾶτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπιβαίνω) *that can be climbed, accessible*.

ἐπίβδᾱ, as, ἡ, *the day after the festival*, Lat. *repotia*:—*proverb.*, ἔρπειν πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπίβδαν *to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβείομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.



ἐπι-βήσεο, Ep. imperat. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιβαίνω.  
ἐπι-βήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπι-  
βαίνω.

ἐπι-βήτηρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. II.  
of male animals, e. g. a boar.

ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπι-  
βαίνω, to put one upon.

ἐπι-βιόω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπεβίον:—to survive.

ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look  
to, regard. 2. to eye with envy, Lat. invidere.

ἐπιβλήμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown  
on or over: a cover: a patch.

ἐπιβλήτης, ἥτος, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in  
or on a door.

ἐπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—to  
come upon, befall.

ἐπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι:—to call  
upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing  
aloud. 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon,  
invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.

ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, a helping, coming to aid, succour.  
From

ἐπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, to come to aid, succour.

ἐπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call to one.

ἐπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out  
against, ill spoken of.

ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on;  
ἐπιβολαὶ πλίνθων layers or courses of bricks. II.

an infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing,  
an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt.

ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἤσω, to roar in answer.

ἐπι-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon:—Med.  
of cattle, to graze or feed upon.

ἐπι-βουκόλος, ὁ, an over-cowherd, herdsman.

ἐπιβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against,  
a plot, attempt, scheme.

ἐπιβουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plot-  
ter. From

ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one;  
ἐπιβουλεύειν θάνατόν τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for,  
to aim at:—Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence

ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπι-  
βουλῆς by treachery.

ἐπι-βουλία, ἡ, = ἐπιβουλή.

ἐπί-βουλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against,  
treacherous.

ἐπι-βραδύνω, f. ὕνω, to loiter at a place.

ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, for a short while.

ἐπι-βρέμω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. II.  
intr. to roar or cry out to.

ἐπι-βρίθης, ἐς, burdensome, grievous. From

ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἴσω [ἴ], to be heavy upon, weigh  
down. II. metaph. to press heavily.

ἐπιβρίσειαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπι-βρόντητος, ον, = ἐμ-βρόντητος, thunderstricken.

ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to burst forth, as water: of  
flowers, to sprout, burst forth.

ἐπι-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to stop, caulk tight.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοηθέω.

ἐπι-βωμιο-στατέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στήναι) to  
stand suppliant at the altar.

ἐπι-βώμιος, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) on or at the altar.

ἐπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.

ἐπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, to shout  
to, call upon, clamour for.

ἐπί-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβύητος.

ἐπι-βώτωρ, ορος, ὁ, an over-shepherd, shepherd.

ἐπί-γαιος, ον, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) upon the earth; τὰ  
ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground.

ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) to marry a  
a widow as her husband's next of kin.

ἐπι-γαμέω, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γαμῶ:—to marry be-  
sides; ἐπιγαμεῖν τέκνοις μητρυνῶν to marry and set a  
stepmother over one's own children. Hence

ἐπι-γαμία, ἡ, an additional marriage. II. in-  
termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.

ἐπί-γάμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) marriageable.

ἐπι-γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in.

ἐπιγ-δουπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δουπέω.

ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπί-γειος, ον, (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) on or of the earth.

ἐπι-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], to laugh to or with, to  
laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh.

ἐπι-γεραίρω, to give honour to.

ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.

ἐπι-γηθέω, f. ἤσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—to rejoice or  
triumph over: to exult in.

ἐπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:  
pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γεγέννημαι:—to be born  
after; ἔαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρῃ the season of spring  
comes next; οἱ ἐπιγιγνώμενοι posterity; χρόνου ἐπι-  
γινόμενον as time was going on. 2. to come

upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue  
upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to happen after,  
come to pass.

ἐπι-γιγνώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνω: pf.  
-έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recog-  
nise: hence to find out, discover: to become con-  
scious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a

judgment, decide.

ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for  
ἐπιγίγν-.

ἐπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι: fut. ἤσομαι:  
Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against,  
to upbraid.

ἐπι-γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, curved, twisted. From

ἐπι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to curve, bend. II. me-  
taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.

ἐπιγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπιγνούς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπι-γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon:  
as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.

ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make known, an-  
nounce, signify.

ἐπίγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιγιγνώσκω) full knowledge.

ἐπιγνώωσι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ον*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) *born after*: generally, *offspring, posterity*:—οἱ Ἐπίγονοι, *the Afterborn*, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.

ἐπιγουνίδιος, *ον*, *on*, *set upon the knee*. From ἐπι-γουνίς, *ίδος*, ἡ, (ἐπί, γούνατος, *Ion. gen. of γόνυ*) *the region above the knee, the thigh*.

ἐπιγράβδην, *Adv.* (ἐπιγράφω) *scratching the surface, grazing*.

ἐπίγραμμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering. 2. *an epigram*, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγράφεύς, *έως*, ὁ, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscriber*: esp. at Athens *a clerk who registered property*, etc.

ἐπιγράφή, ἡ, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*. II. at Athens, *a registration of property*.

ἐπι-γράφω, *f. ψω*; *pf. -γέγραφα*, *pass. -γέγραμμαι*:—*to mark the surface, graze*; ἐπιγράψαι κλῆρον *to put a mark on a lot*. II. *later, to write upon, inscribe*:—*Pass.*, of the inscription, *to be inscribed upon*.

III. *to enter in a public list or register*: esp. at Athens, *to register the citizens' property*: ἐπιγράφειν τίμημα *to lay the damages at so much*:—*Med. to register oneself*: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράφασθαι *to enter the name of a patron in the public register*, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.

ἐπί-γρῦπος, *ον*, *somewhat booked*: *somewhat book-nosed*.

ἐπι-δαίωμα, *Dep.* (ἐπί, δαίω *B*) *to distribute, offer*.

ἐπι-δαίσιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, δαίω *B*) *assigned, allotted*.

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ὕσω* [ῡ], *to weep over or for*.

ἐπί-δᾶμος, *ον*, *Dor. for ἐπί-δημος*.

ἐπι-δαψιλεύομαι, *f. σομαι*, *Dep.* *to lavish upon a person, give freely*.

ἐπιδέδρομα, *pf. 2 of ἐπιτρέχω*.

ἐπιδεής, *ές*, (ἐπιδέομαι) *in want of*: *deficient*: *Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδεᾶ*.

ἐπίδειγμα, *ατος*, τό, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *a specimen*: *a pattern, example, lesson*.

ἐπι-δείελος, *ον*, (ἐπί, δείλη) *at, towards evening*; ἐπιδείελα, *neut. pl. as Adv.*, *towards evening*.

ἐπι-δείκνυμι and -ύω, *f. -δείξω*: *aor. I -έδειξα* *Ion. -έδεξα*:—*to exhibit as a specimen or pattern*: *to shew forth, display, parade*:—*Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off*. 2. *to shew, point out*:—*to shew, prove, demonstrate*. Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for display*; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι *speeches for display, set orations*, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

ἐπιδεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεῖδον*.

ἐπιδεῖξαι, *aor. I inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι*.

ἐπιδείξις *Ion. ἐπίδεξις*, *έως*, ἡ, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *an exhibition, display*; ἐς ἐπιδεῖξιν τίνος ἀπικέσθαι *to come within one's view, to his knowledge*. 2. *a pattern, example, Lat. specimen*.

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ἥσω*, (ἐπιδείπνον) *to eat after dinner*. II. *to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty*.

ἐπι-δείπνιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, δείπνον) *at or after dinner*. ἐπί-δειπνον, τό, *an after-meal, second course or dessert*.

ἐπι-δέκατος, *η, ον*, *one and one tenth*,  $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$ . II. *one in ten, a tenth, tithe*.

ἐπι-δέμνιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, δέμνιον) *in or on the bed*.

ἐπι-δέξις, *ον*, *from left to right, towards the right*, used chiefly in *neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια* as *Adv.*, which therefore also means *auspiciously*. 2. = *δεξιός*, *on the right hand*; τὰ πιδέξια *the right side*. II. of persons, *dexterous, skilful*.

ἐπί-δεξις, *Ion. for ἐπιδείξις*.

ἐπι-δέσκομαι, *Dep.* *to look upon, behold*.

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *to bind up*.

ἐπι-δεσμός, ὁ, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *a band, bandage*.

ἐπιδεσμο-χάρης, *ές*, (ἐπιδεσμος, χαίρω) *bandage-loving, epith. of gout*.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, *f. ὀσω*, *to be lord over*.

ἐπι-δευής, *ές*, *poët. and Ion. for ἐπιδεής*, *in need or want of, lacking*. II. *lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen., βίης ἐπιδευέες* *failing in strength*: also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέες Ὀδυσῆος *inferior to Ulysses in strength*: *absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἦμεν* *far too weak were we*. From

ἐπι-δύομαι, *poët. for ἐπιδέομαι* (ἐπιδέω *B*) *to be in want of, to lack*: *to need the help of*. II. *to be lacking in a thing, fail in it*.

ἐπι-δύω, *f. σω*, *to moisten on the surface*.

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι*, *Dep.* *to admit besides or in addition*.

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω*, *to bind or fasten on*. II. *to bind up, bandage*.

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δέησω*, *to want or lack so much of a number*:—*impers. ἐπιδεῖ*, *there is need of besides*:—*Med. to be in want of*, cf. ἐπιδεύομαι.

ἐπί-δηλος, *ον*, *quite evident, manifest*: *open*. 2. *distinguished*. II. *like, resembling*.

ἐπι-δημεύω, *f. σω*, *to live among the people*. From ἐπιδημέω, *f. ἥσω*, (ἐπιδήμιος) *to be at home, live at home*: *to sojourn among people, stay at a place*. II. *to come home, from foreign travel*. Hence

ἐπιδημία, ἡ, *a staying at home, stay at a place*.

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, δήμιος) *among the people*: *dwelling at home*; πόλεμος ἐπιδήμιος *civil war*; ἐπιδήμιοι ἔμποροι *native merchants*. II. *sojourning at a place*.

ἐπι-δημιουργοί, ὦν, οἱ, *magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies*.

ἐπί-δημος, *ον*, = ἐπιδήμιος, *of the people, popular*.

ἐπι-διαβαίνω, *fut. -βήσομαι*, *to cross over besides or after another*.

ἐπι-διαγιγνώσκω *Ion. -γινώσκω*: *fut. -γνώσομαι*:—*to debate or decide afresh*.

ἐπι-διαίρῃω, *f. ἥσω*, *to divide over again*:—*Med. of several, to distribute among themselves*.

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι*, *to sail across besides*.

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω*, *to tear asunder after*:—*Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing*.



ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρωμαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ξω, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely: to give with, give in dowry. II. ἐπιδιδόναι ἑαυτὸν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing.

III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper. IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-δίξηναι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-δικάζω, f. σω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-δινέω, f. ἥσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air; ἐπιδινηθέντε, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διορθόω, f. ὠσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖω or -οῖζω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble.

ἐπι-διφριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφριος, ον, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπί-δίχα, Adv. for ἐπὶ δίχα.

ἐπι-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω and -δόξω, to expect.

ἐπι-δόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπεῖδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπί-δοξος, ον, (ἐπί, δόξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δόρπιος, ον, (ἐπί, δόρπον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state. II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδούναί, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δουπέω, f. ἥσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ἡ, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδραμέτην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over. II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack. III. a place

for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπί-δρομος, ον, that may be run over or upon; τείχος ἐπίδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ἴσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δώμεθα, 1 pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιδών, part. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδώσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἡ, (ἐπιεικής) likelihood, reasonableness. II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness. 2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-είκελος, ον, = εἶκελος, like.

ἐπι-εικής, ἐς, (ἐπί, εἰκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπιεικές as is meet; ὅν κ' ἐπιεικές ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear. II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate.

2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπί, εἰκω) yielding; οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν unceasing woe.

ἐπιεικῶς Ion. ἔως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, moderately. 2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπειμένος, η, ον, Ion. for ἐφειμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ibo).

ἐπεισομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ibo).

ἐπι-έλπομαι, poet. for ἐπέλπομαι. Hence

ἐπί-ελπτος, ον, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι: aor. I ἐπί-εσα Ep. ἐπί-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπί-εσμαι or ἐπί-ειμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπειμένος ἀλκὴν, ἀναιδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπέσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, had brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπέσσαμεν, 1 pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπέσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπι-ἄρέω, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ον, (ἐπί, \*ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶς (as if from ἐπιζαφελής), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζάω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast. II. to yoke to.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ον, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπι-ζέφυρος, ον, lying towards the west.

ἐπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ἡ νεότης ἐπέ-ζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. II. act. to make to boil, beat.

ἐπί-ζηλος, ον, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπι-ζήμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, hurtful. II. liable to punishment. Hence

ἐπι-ζημιόω, f. ὠσω, to punish.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ἥσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητοῦντες the beaters.

ἐπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπι-ζώω, Ion. for ἐπιζάω.

ἐπίηλα, aor. I of ἐπιάλλω.

ἐπ-ίημι, Ion. for ἐφίημι.

ἐπὶήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνω.

ἐπί-ηρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἡρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπι-ήρανος, ον, (ἐπίηρα) pleasing. II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπίηρος, *ον*, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, *q. v.*

ἐπι-θαλάμιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) *belonging to a bridal, nuptial; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμιον* (sub. μέλος), *the nuptial song, epithalamium, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.*

ἐπι-θαλασσίδιος Att. -τίδιος, *ον*, = *sq.*

ἐπι-θαλάσσιος Att. -τίος, *α, ον*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) *lying on the sea-shore, maritime.*

ἐπι-θανάτιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) *condemned to death.*

ἐπι-θάνάτος, *ον*, *sick to death, like to die.*

ἐπι-θαρσύνω Att. -θαρρύνω, *ι. ὕνω*, *to cheer on.*

ἐπι-θαυμάζω, *ι. σω*, *to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee* (Lat. *honorarium*).

ἐπι-θειάζω, *ι. άσω*, (ἐπί, θεός) *to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence*

ἐπιθειασμός, *ὁ*, *an appeal to the gods, adjuration.*

ἐπι-θειήν, -θειῖναι, *aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπι-θείς, -θείσα, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπι-θείτε, for -θείητε, *2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπι-θεράπεύω, *ι. σω*, *to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.*

ἐπι-θες, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπι-θεσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *a laying on, imposition. II. (from Med.) a setting upon, attack.*

ἐπι-θεσπίζω, *ι. σω*, *to prophesy upon.*

ἐπι-θετικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἐπιτίθεμαι) *ready to attack: enterprising.*

ἐπί-θετος, *ον*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *added, annexed: fetched, foreign. II. as Subst., ἐπίθετον, τό, an epithet.*

ἐπι-θέω, *ι. -θεύσομαι*, *to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.*

ἐπιθήκη, *ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.*

ἐπί-θημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *anything put on, a cover, lid.*

ἐπι-θοάζω, *ι. σω*, *to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. θοάζω.*

ἐπιθορεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρόσκω.*

ἐπι-θορυβέω, *ι. ἡσω*, *to shout in token of approval.*

ἐπι-θράσσω Att. -ττω, *contr. for ἐπιταράσσω.*

ἐπι-θραύω, *ι. σω*, *to break besides.*

ἐπιθρέξας, *aor. 1 part. of ἐπιτρέχω.*

ἐπι-θρόσκω, *ι. -θοροῦμαι*; *aor. 2 ἐπέθορον*: *to spring or leap upon, c. gen.: c. dat. to insult over: absol.,*

*τόσσον ἐπιθρόσκουσι so far do they bound.*

ἐπι-θυμέω, *ι. ἡσω*, (ἐπί, θυμός) *to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence*

ἐπιθύμημα, *ατος, τό*, *the object of desire; and*

ἐπιθύμησις, *εως, ἡ*, *a longing desire; and*

ἐπιθυμητής, *οὔ, ὁ*, *one who desires: a lover; and*

ἐπιθυμητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *desiring, coveting. Adv. -κῶς.*

ἐπιθυμία, *ἡ*, (ἐπιθυμέω) *a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.*

ἐπι-θυμιάμα, *ατος, τό*, *an incense-offering: from*

ἐπι-θυμιάω, *ι. άσω [ā]*, *to offer incense.*

ἐπ-ιθύνω, *to aim straight at: to direct, govern.*

ἐπι-θύω, *ι. -θύσω [ū]*, *to offer sacrifice upon or after: —to offer sacrifice, offer.*

ἐπι-θύω, *ι. -θύσω [ū]*, *to rush eagerly at. 2. c. inf. to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (v. θύω B.)*

ἐπι-θωράκίζομαι, *Med. to put on one's armour.*

ἐπι-θωύσσω, *ι. ξω*, *to shout or call out.*

ἐπι-ιδμων, *ονος, ὁ*, = ἐπίστωρ.

ἐπι-ίζομαι, *Ion. for ἐφέζομαι.*

ἐπι-ίστωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, *acquainted with, knowing.*

ἐπι-καθαιρέω, *ι. ἡσω*, *to pull down besides.*

ἐπι-καθέζομαι, *ι. -εδούμαι*, *Pass. to sit down upon.*

ἐπι-κάθημαι *Ion. -κάτημαι*, *to sit upon: to press upon, be heavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.*

ἐπι-καθίζω, *ι. ίσω*, *to set upon. II. intr. to sit upon.*

ἐπι-καινώω, *ι. ώσω*, *to innovate upon.*

ἐπι-καίριος, *ον*, (ἐπί, καιρός) *in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι the chief persons.*

ἐπί-καιρος, *ον*, = ἐπικαίριος: *c. gen. fit, proper, convenient for a thing.*

ἐπι-καίω Att. -κάω: *ι. καύσω*: *to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.*

ἐπι-καλέω, *ι. έσω*, *to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to: —Pass. to be called by surname. III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge. IV. Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. provocare. 2. to summon before one.*

ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, *a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of bidding. From*

ἐπι-καλύπτω, *ι. ψω*, *to cover up, shroud, bide. II. to put over. Hence*

ἐπικάλυψις, *εως, ἡ*, *a covering, concealment.*

ἐπικαμπή, *ἡ*, (ἐπικάμπω) *a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπὴν ποιεῖσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.*

ἐπικαμπής, *ές*, *curved, curling. From*

ἐπι-καμπτω, *ι. ψω*, *to bend into an angle: —Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.*

ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ον*, *bent forward.*

ἐπί-κάρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) *Adv. bead-foremost.*

ἐπι-κάρσιος, *α, ον*, (ἐπίκαρ) *properly on the bead, bead forwards. II. opp. to ὀρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὀρθια (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): c. gen., τριήρεις τοῦ Πόντου*

*ἐπικάρσιαi triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.*

ἐπι-καταβαίνω, *ι. -βήσομαι*, *to go down to or upon a place. II. to go down after or against.*

ἐπι-καταβάλλω, *ι. -βάλλω*, *to let fall down.*

ἐπι-κατάγω, *to bring down to land besides: —Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.*

ἐπι-καταδαρθάνω, *ι. -δαρθήσομαι*; *aor. 2 -έδορθον*: *—to fall asleep at or upon.*



ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.  
 ἐπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.  
 ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to catch up, overtake.  
 ἐπι-καταμένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay yet longer.  
 ἐπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to throw oneself upon.  
 ἐπι-κατάρτος, on, yet more accursed.  
 ἐπι-καταρριπτεύω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.  
 ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ξω, to slay upon or over.  
 ἐπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.  
 ἐπικατέδαρθον, aor. 2 of ἐπικαταδαρθάνω.  
 ἐπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδον.  
 ἐπι-κάτειμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into.  
 ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.  
 ἐπί-καυτος, on, (ἐπικαίω) burnt at the end, Lat. praestus.  
 ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [ā]  
 ἐπί-κειμαι, inf. -κεῖσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed. 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; al ἐπικείμενα νῆσοι the islands off the coast. 3. to hang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed. IV. to have on one.  
 ἐπι-κείρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω:—to cut down; mou down. II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.  
 ἐπικεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.  
 ἐπικεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.  
 ἐπι-κελεύω, f. ἤσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.  
 ἐπικέλευσις, εως, ἡ, cheering, exhortation.  
 ἐπι-κελεύω, also in Med. ἐπι-κελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.  
 ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. 1 ἐπέκελσα:—to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come to land, come ashore.  
 ἐπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.  
 ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.  
 ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ā]: aor. 1 ἐπεκέρῃσα Ep. -έκρησα:—to mix in, pour in again.  
 ἐπι-κέρδια, on, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.  
 ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ἤσω, to jeer at, insult, tease.  
 ἐπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐφικνέομαι.  
 ἐπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω I will not bide it from thee.  
 ἐπι-κήδειος, on, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.  
 ἐπικηρυκεία, ἡ, (ἐπικηρυκεύομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.  
 ἐπικηρύκευμα, ατος, τό, a message or demand by herald. From  
 ἐπι-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.  
 ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπικηρύσσειν τινί or ἐπὶ τινί to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.  
 ἐπι-κίδνημι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικίδνᾶμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικίδναται ἡώς far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.  
 ἐπι-κίνδυνος, on, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νως.  
 ἐπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.  
 ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to send forth a sound in answer.  
 ἐπι-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep upon or responsively. Hence  
 ἐπικλαυτος, on, tearful.  
 ἐπι-κλάω, f. άσω [ā], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.  
 ἐπι-κλάω, Att. for ἐπικλαίω. [ā]  
 ἐπι-κλεής, ές, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.  
 ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.  
 ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.  
 ἐπι-κληίζω contr. -κληίζω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).  
 ἐπικλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.  
 ἐπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.  
 ἐπί-κληρος, on, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ἡ, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.  
 ἐπι-κληρώω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot.  
 ἐπικλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπικλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.  
 ἐπικλητος, on, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies. 2. specially summoned.  
 ἐπι-κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.  
 ἐπικλινής, ές, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.  
 ἐπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, armchair. From  
 ἐπι-κλίνω [i]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλιμέναι σανίδες closed doors. II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.  
 ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ἤσω, to stir up to commotion.  
 ἐπί-κλοπος, on, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπικλοπος μύθων cunning in speech.  
 ἐπι-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence  
 ἐπικλύσις, εως, ἡ, an overflow, flood.  
 ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, bear.  
 ἐπι-κλώθω, f. ώσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.  
 ἐπι-κνάμπω, Att. for ἐπι-γνάμπω.  
 ἐπι-κνάω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing.  
 ἐπι-κνέομαι, Ion. for ἐφικνέομαι.  
 ἐπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fall asleep over.  
 ἐπί-κοινος, on, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπικοίνα as Adv. in common.  
 ἐπι-κοινωνέω, f. ἤσω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, f. ἤσω, to add boastingly: to boast of.

ἐπίκοπος, ον, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσμέω, f. ἤσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπί-κοτος, ον, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, ον, ὁ, (Ἐπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐπίκουρος) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσοις ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικουρήμα, ατος, τό, help, protection; and

ἐπικουρήσις, εως, ἡ, aid, protection.

ἐπικουρία, ἡ, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κούρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπικούροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate.

ἐπι-κράζω, f. ξω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κραίνω Ep. -κραϊάινω: f. -κράνῶ: aor. I ἐπ-ἐκράνα Ep. -ἐκρήνα, -ἐκρήνηνα:—to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήνηνον ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κράνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, a head-dress. II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικρατής) mastery, dominion. II. a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτέω, f. ἤσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κράτος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior.

ἐπικράτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and -ύω: f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. κρεμῶ:—to hang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overhang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ἐς, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικρήνηνον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήνειε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικεράννυμι.

ἐπι-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπ-κρίον, τό, (ἐπί, ἵκριον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, f. ἤσω, to rattle on or over.

ἐπί-κροτος, ον, trodden hard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, f. σω, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 -ἐκρύφον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπί-κρύφος, ον, bidden, secret.

ἐπι-κρώζω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides; ἐπικτᾶσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπικτήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικτάομαι) fresh gain.

ἐπικτήτος, ον, (ἐπικτάομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῇ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπικτήτοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπέω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῖν ποδοῖν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κυῖσκω, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλέω, f. ἤσω, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κυλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [ῖ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσθην:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κύρω and -κύρω: f. -κυρήσω and -κύρω: aor. I -εκύρησα and -έκυρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κυρώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρτός) bumpbacked. Hence ἐπι-κυρτόω, f. ὠσω, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

ἐπι-κωκύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to lament over.

ἐπικώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a hinderance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to hinder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάζω, f. ἄσω, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπί-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κῶπη) at the oar, a rower. 2. of a weapon, up to the very hilt.

ἐπιλαβέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλαβή, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a handle.

ἐπιλαβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to receive by lot afterwards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάζυμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight.

ἐπιλαθέσθαι, ἐπιλάθωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. -είληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτὸς ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. 3. to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;



ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆς ὀπίσω ὁδοῦ to binder from getting back.

II. metaph., πολλὸν χώρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to get over much ground.

B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπέλημαι, to bold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσιος to lay bold of a pretext.

2. to attack:—to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence

ἐπίλαμπτος, ὄν, Ion. for ἐπίληπτος, caught, detected.

ἐπι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμψάσης ἡμέρας when day had dawned.

ἐπι-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐπέλαθον, to escape notice, be bidden.

II. ἐπιληθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 1 -έλησα: Causal, to make to forget.

III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, fut. -λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. -λέληθα, and pf. pass. -λέλησμαι, to forget; ὄφειλὼν ἐπιλέληθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., aor. 1 -ελέσθην, to be forgotten.

ἐπι-λαύσις, εὼς, ἡ, Dor. for ἐπίλησις.

ἐπι-λααίνω, f. -λαῶν, to smooth over; aor. 1 part., ἐπιλεῖνας τὴν ἑρξέω γνώμην having smoothed over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.

ἐπι-λέγω, f. ξω, to say in addition, to add further.

2. to call by name. II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:—Pass., ἐπιλεγόμενοι or ἐπιλεγμένοι chosen men.

III. in Med. also, to read.

2. to think over, consider.

ἐπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.

ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλιπον: pf. ἐπiléλοιπα: Pass., 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελέλειπτο:—to leave behind one.

II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδωρ μὲν ἐπέλιπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεθρον to have their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without ρέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ἐπίλειψις, εὼς, ἡ, failure, lack.

ἐπίλεκτος, ὄν, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπίλεκτοι picked soldiers.

ἐπιλέλυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark.

ἐπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.

ἐπι-ληθάνω, see ἐπιλανθάνω II.

ἐπίληθος, ὄν, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.

ἐπι-λήθομαι, poet. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.

ἐπι-ληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.

ἐπι-ληκέω, f. ἥσω, to shout in applause.

ἐπι-ληνίος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ληνός) of a winepress or the vintage.

ἐπίληπτος, ὄν, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.

ἐπίλησις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλησμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλησμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, having a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμότατος.

ἐπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπίληψις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

ἐπι-λίγδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

ἐπι-λιμνάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

ἐπι-λίνευτής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

ἐπι-ιλλίζω, (ἐπί, ἴλλος) to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.

ἐπι-λογίζομαι, fut. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. 1 -ελογισάμην and -ελογίσθην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.

ἐπίλογος, ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference.

II. the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.

ἐπί-λογχος, ὄν, (ἐπί, λόγχη) barbed.

ἐπίλοιπος, ὄν, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

ἐπι-λύπείω, f. ἥσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence

ἐπιλύπια, ἡ, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λύπος, ὄν, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.

ἐπίλυσις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.

ἐπι-λύω, f. ὑσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release.

2. to solve, explain.

ἐπι-λωβέω, f. σω, (ἐπί, λώβη) to mock at.

ἐπι-μάζιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, μαζός) at the breast.

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 1 med. -εμηνάμην, pf. act. -μέμνηνα:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

ἐπι-μαίομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at.

II. c. acc. to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.

ἐπι-μᾶλλον, Adv. for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.

ἐπιμανδᾶλωτόν, τό, (ἐπί, μανδαλωτός) a wanton kiss.

ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn besides or after.

ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f. ἥσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing. Hence

ἐπιμαρτυρία, ἡ, a witness, testimony.

ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence.

2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari.

3. to declare before witnesses. Hence

ἐπι-μάρτυρος, ὁ, a witness to anything.

ἐπι-μάρτυς, gen. -ῦρος, ὁ, = ἐπιμάρτυρος.

ἐπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-μάσσω, f. ξω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke.

ἐπι-μαστίδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, μαστός) at the breast.

ἐπίμαστος, ὄν, (ἐπιμαίομαι) seeking after or for.

ἐπιμαχέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence

ἐπιμαχία, ἡ, a defensive alliance.

ἐπί-μαχος, ὄν, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.

ἐπιμειδιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], and -μειδάω, f. ἥσω:—to smite at or upon.

ἐπιμεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐπιμελής) care, attention, diligence; ἐπιμέλεια τίνος attention paid to a thing.

ἐπι-μελέομαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, aor. 1 -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, aor. 1 -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, atos, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπι-μελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲς τῷ

Κύρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελὲς μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲς τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελέομαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελέομαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπι-μέλομαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπι-μέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμένειναι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπίμεμψις, εως, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμεινα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μετρέω, f. ἥσω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass., ὁ ἐπιμετρούμενος σῖτος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπί-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, μῆδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μῆδος) thoughtful.

Ἐπι-μηλίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μῆλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. ἱερά) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μήχανος, ον, (ἐπί, μηχανή) craftily devising: κακῶν ἐπιμήχανος ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μίγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -μίξω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμίγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μιμνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I -εμνησάμην and -εμνήσθην:—to remember, recall to mind, think of: ἐπιμνησαίμεθα χάρις let us think of battle. III. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

ἐπι-μίμνω, poet. for ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμίξια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἐπιμίγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπί-μιξις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιμίξια.

ἐπι-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίγνυμι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμνάομαι, -μνῶμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμνήσκομαι.

ἐπιμνησαίμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπιμνησθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλάσκω. Hence

ἐπί-μολος, ον, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπίμομφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μύζω, f. ξω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθιος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story; τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπί-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύω, f. -μύσω [ῦ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπί-μωμος, ον, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μώομαι, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

ἐπί-νειον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

ἐπι-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένειμα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle

to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπενείματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινενησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ένευσα:—to nod forwards. II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νέφελος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f. -νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπινηνέω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπινενησμένος piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top.

ἐπι-νήϊος, ον, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

ἐπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νέω) to bear or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήσομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, ον, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as



Subst. τὸ ἐπίνικιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θῦμα), a feast in honour of a victory.  
 ἐπίνικος, ὄν, = ἐπινίκιος.  
 ἐπινίσσομαι, fut. -νίσσομαι, to go over: come upon.  
 ἐπινίφω, to snout upon. [νί]  
 ἐπινύω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπενόησα, but also with aor. I pass. ἐπενόηθην in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol. to form a plan, design. Hence  
 ἐπινόια, ἡ, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, design. II. after-thought.  
 ἐπινόμος, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.  
 ἐπινόμια, ἡ, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.  
 ἐπινόμος, ὄν, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country.  
 ἐπινυκτίος, ὄν, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.  
 ἐπινυμφίδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, νύμφα) of or for a bride, bridal.  
 ἐπινύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface.  
 ἐπινυστάζω, f. σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.  
 ἐπινωμάω, f. ἤσω, to bring or apply to. II. to distribute, assign.  
 ἐπινωτίδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.  
 ἐπινωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.  
 ἐπινώτιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.  
 ἐπινύανθος, ὄν, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.  
 ἐπινυξίνω, f. ὥσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπινυξίνω.  
 ἐπινυξίνω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest:—Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med., ἐπινυξίνωμαι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.  
 ἐπινυξίνω, f. -ξέσω, to scrape on the surface.  
 ἐπινυξίνον, τό, (ἐπί, ξηνός) a chopping-block, like ἐπικόπανον: the executioner's block.  
 ἐπινυξίνος, ὄν, poet. for ἐπικοινός, common to many; ἐπινυξίνος ἀρουρά a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.  
 ἐπινυξίνος, (ἐπί, οἶνος) at or over wine.  
 ἐπινυξίνω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.  
 ἐπινύον, aor. 2 of πίνω.  
 ἐπινύπτω, ὄν, poet. for ἐπινύπτω.  
 ἐπινυκτέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπινυκτέω: (ἐπινυκτός):—to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονος by a deity; τὰς βασιλείας ἱστίας ἐπινυκτεῖν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence  
 ἐπινυκτία, ἡ, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.  
 ἐπινυκτός, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὅρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπινυκτόν ὁμνῆναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπινυκτόν ἐπομνῆναι to swear a bootless oath.  
 ἐπινυκτοσύνη, ἡ, = ἐπινυκτία.  
 ἐπινυκτοῦμαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὅσσε) to have before one's eyes, foresee.  
 ἐπινυκτός, ὄν, (ἐπί, οὖρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτη ἐπινυκτός guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ὡν ἐπινυκτός chief swine-herd.

ἐπι-ιοῦσα, ἡ, part. pres. fem. of ἐπιέμι (ἐμι ibo), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence  
 ἐπιέμιος, ὄν, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιέμιος ἄρτος daily bread.  
 ἐπι-όψομαι, poet. for ἐπιόψομαι.  
 ἐπι-παγῶ, Adv. entirely, altogether.  
 ἐπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.  
 ἐπι-πάμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαμαι pf. of πάομαι) Dor. for ἐπικληρος, falling to one's share.  
 ἐπι-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.  
 ἐπι-παρῶ, to bear up besides.  
 ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:—Med. to provide oneself with besides.  
 ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -εἶναι, to be present at or near. II. to be present besides or in addition to.  
 ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -εἶναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. III. to come forward to speak.  
 ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [α]:—to sprinkle upon or over. Hence  
 ἐπι-παστός, ὄν, sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπιπαστόν a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster.  
 ἐπι-πατάγῶ, f. ἤσω, to make a noise at.  
 ἐπι-πέδος, ὄν, (ἐπί, πέδον) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.  
 ἐπιπειθής, ἐς, obedient, compliant. From  
 ἐπι-πείθομαι, f. -πείσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.  
 ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the coming year.  
 ἐπι-πεμψτός, ὄν, containing 1 and  $\frac{1}{3}$  =  $\frac{4}{3}$ ; δάνεισμα ἐπιπεμψτόν a loan at the rate of  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the principal, or 20 per cent.  
 ἐπι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II. to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence  
 ἐπιπεμψίς, ἡ, a sending to a place.  
 ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.  
 ἐπιπέπωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.  
 ἐπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripening.  
 ἐπι-περκνός, ὄν, somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.  
 ἐπιπεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.  
 ἐπιπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.  
 ἐπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.  
 ἐπι-πέταμαι or -πέτομαι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep.:—to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.  
 ἐπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix upon. 2. to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.  
 ἐπι-πηδάω, f. ἤσομαι, to spring upon, rush at.  
 ἐπι-πηχυσ, υ, (ἐπί, πήχυς) above the elbow.  
 ἐπι-πιέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πίλναμαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to approach, come near.

ἐπι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.

ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: aor. 2 -έπιον:—to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.

ἐπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλοα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. supellex.

ἐπιπλαγχθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.

ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω, to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάγξομαι: aor. 1 pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.

ἐπιπλάσας, aor. 1 part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.

ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]:—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

ἐπίπλαστος, on, plastered over:—feigned, false.

ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.

ἐπί-πλειος, on, Ep. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πλείων, on, gen. ονος, still more.

ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait into a chaplet.

ἐπι-πλέον, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλέον, still more.

ἐπί-πλεος, α, on, Att. ἐπίπλεως, ων, (ἐπί, πλέος) quite full of a thing.

ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ἡ, a sailing against: ἐπιπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

ἐπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλων, part. ἐπιπλώς:—to sail upon or over: to float upon. II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet. III. to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.

ἐπί-πλεως, ων, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πληρόω, f. ὤσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.

ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, on, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as ἄπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δῖς.

ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιπελούμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. omentum: also ἐπίπλοος, ὅ.

ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὅ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet. 2. a naval expedition against a place.

ἐπι-πλώω, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. 1 part. of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πνέω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνέω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐπέπνευσα:—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive:—metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. adspiro.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνί]

ἐπίπνοια, ἡ, (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon: inspiration.

ἐπι-πόδιος, α, on, (ἐπί, πόυς) upon the feet.

ἐπι-ποθέω, f. ἥσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence

ἐπιπόθησις, εως, ἡ, a yearning after: and

ἐπιπόθητος, on, longed for, earnestly desired: and

ἐπι-ποθία, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.

ἐπι-ποιμήν, ὁ, ἡ, an over shepherd or shepherdess.

ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

ἐπι-πόλαιος, on, on the surface: prominent, projecting. 2. superficial, ordinary. From

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πέλω) a surface: gen. ἐπιπολῆς, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above. II. αἱ Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

ἐπι-πόλιος, on, growing hoary, grizzled.

ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, an attendant.

ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολύ, generally.

ἐπι-πονέω, f. ἥσω, to toil on, persevere.

ἐπί-πονός, on, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, pains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. aegre, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαι, f. med. -πορεύσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επορεύθην: Dep.:—to go, march to: to march over.

ἐπι-πόρπαμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπί, πορπάω) a mantle buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or hover over.

ἐπι-πρέπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseem, be befitting.

ἐπι-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

ἐπι-πρηύνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πραύνω, = πραύνω.

ἐπι-πρίω [ι], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward.

ἐπιπροΐηκα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπιπροΐημι.

ἐπιπροΐμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροΐημι.

ἐπι-προϊάλλω, f. ἄλῶ: aor. 1 -προΐηλα:—to set out or place before one. 2. to send out one before or after another.

ἐπι-προΐημι, fut. -προΐσω: aor. 1 -προΐηκα Ep. -έηκα:—to send forth towards or at: to shoot at. II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροΐηκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

ἐπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θεύσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθέω (B), f. ἥσω, (ἐπιπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way; ἐπιπροσθεῖν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over: to pour forth.

ἐπι-πταίρω: aor. 2 ἐπέπτᾱρον:—to sneeze at: νῖός μοι ἐπέπτᾱρε πᾶσιν ἔπεσιν my son sneezed as I spoke



the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, to be kindly to, favour.

ἐπιπτεσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπέτομαι.

ἐπιπτύχή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.

ἐπι-πυλώομαι, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire: of a general, to inspect, review: of an enemy, to reconnoitre. Hence

ἐπιπύλῃσις, ἡ, a going round, visitation.

ἐπι-πυτάομαι, = ἐπι-ποτάομαι.

ἐπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ἥσω, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallop.

ἐπι-ραθυμέω, f. ἥσω, to be careless about a thing.

ἐπιρραίνω, to sprinkle upon or over.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew, stitch on.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -ττω, Att. for ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρίζω, f. ξω, to offer sacrifices at a place; ἐπέρεσκον Ion. impf. 2. to sacrifice afterwards or besides.

ἐπιρρεπής, ἐς, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

ἐπι-ρέπω, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον to

force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot.

ἐπιρρεπῶς, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπής, favourably inclined.

ἐπι-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐπερρύνῃν:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. 2.

to flow to or into: of men, to stream on or towards; οὐπιρρῶν χρόνος onward-streaming time, i.e. the future.

ἐπι-ρήγνυμι, = ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπίρ-ρησις, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥῆσις) a reproach. II. a spell, charm.

ἐπι-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω:—to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρήσσεσκον. 2. to rend at or on bearing a

thing. II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning.

ἐπι-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) to speak as an orator to or over.

ἐπίρ-ρητος, ὄν, cried out against, infamous.

ἐπίρ-ρικνος, ὄν, sprung up.

ἐπι-ρίπτω and -ίω: f. ψω: aor. I -έρριπα:—to cast at or upon. 2. metaph. to commit to, give up to. II. intr. to fall upon.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐπιρρέω) an afflux, influx, a flood.

ἐπιρροθίω, f. ἥσω, to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh against. Hence

ἐπίρ-ροθος, ὄν, basting to the rescue, aiding: generally, helping in need, giving aid against. II.

ἐπιρροθα κακά reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusive language.

ἐπι-ροιβδέω, f. ἥσω, to forebode rain by croaking. Hence

ἐπιρροιβδήν, Adv. with noisy fury.

ἐπι-ροίζέω, f. ἥσω, to croak to or at: c. acc. cognato, ἐπ. φυγὰς τι to shriek or bode flight to one.

ἐπιρρῆς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπιρ-ρύζω, f. ξω, (ἐπί, ῥύζω) to set a dog on one.

ἐπιρ-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

ἐπιρρύτος, ὄν, (ἐπιρρέω) flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious. 2. metaph. overflowing, abundant. II. overflowed, moist.

ἐπιρ-ρώννυμι and -ύω: fut. -ρώσω: aor. I -έρρωσα:—to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing:—Pass. ἐπιρρώννυμαι; but the pf. ἐπέρρωμαι, plqpf. -έρρωμην are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -έρρώσθην:—to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in aor. I, impers., κείνοις ἐπερρώσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

ἐπιρ-ρώομαι, aor. I -έρρωσάμην: Dep.:—to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing. II. to apply one's strength to a thing,

work lustily at; ποσσὶν ἐπερρώσαντο they moved nimbly with their feet.

ἐπιρρωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρρώννυμι.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, v. ἐπιρρ-.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of πιπίσκω, to make to drink.

ἐπίσαγμα, ἄτος, τό, (ἐπισάττω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος a burden of disease.

ἐπι-σάττω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. II. to load or saddle a horse.

ἐπι-σείω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: f. σω:—to shake at or against. 2. to wave or beckon on: hence to set at or upon one.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω:—to put in motion against one, set on. II. Pass. to hurry, hasten towards: in hostile sense, to fall upon, rush at, attack: esp. in pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπεσσύμην as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπεσσύμενος, to rush on, hurry, hasten; ἐπεσσύμενος πεδίοιο hurrying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσσυτο διώκειν be basted on to follow:—metaph. to be in excitement or agitation.

ἐπί-σημα, ἄτος, τό, device upon a shield.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to set a mark or sign upon:—Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. II. to give a sign of approval:—Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

ἐπί-σημος, ὄν, (ἐπί, σῆμα) having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined. 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. II. ἐπί-

σημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship.

ἐπ-ίσης, for ἐπ' ἰσης [sc. μοίρας], equally.

ἐπι-σίζω, to set on, as a dog.

ἐπί-σιμος, ὄν, (ἐπί, σιμός) somewhat flat-nosed.

ἐπι-σιμώω, f. ὤσω, to turn aside one's course.

ἐπι-σιτίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ:—to furnish with food:—Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. acc., ἐπισιτίζεσθαι τὸ στράτευμα to provision the army; ἐπισιτίζεσθαι ἄριστον to provide oneself with a meal.

ἐπισίτισις, ἡ, and ἐπισίτισμα, τό, = sq.

ἐπισιτισμός, ὁ, (ἐπισιτίζω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions.

ἐπι-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig superficially.  
 ἐπι-σκεδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon.  
 ἐπι-σκέλις, εως, ή, (ἐπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.  
 ἐπι-σκεπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.  
 ἐπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.  
 ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.  
 ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence  
 ἐπισκευαστής, οὔ, ὅ, one who restores.  
 ἐπι-σκευή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.  
 ἐπίσκειψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.  
 ἐπί-σκηνος, ον, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.  
 ἐπι-σκηνώω, f. ώσω, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.  
 ἐπι-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.  
 ἐπι-σκιάζω, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασμαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαθραῖον ὄμμι' ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.  
 ἐπί-σκίος, ον, (ἐπί, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.  
 ἐπι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -εσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὀνείροις οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence  
 ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.  
 ἐπί-σκοπος, ὅ, (σκοπός I) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.  
 ἐπί-σκοπος, ον, (σκοπός II) hitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπίσκοπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.  
 ἐπι-σκοτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, σκότος) to throw darkness or a shadow over.  
 ἐπι-σκύζομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.  
 ἐπι-σκυθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to ply with drink like a Scythian.  
 ἐπι-σκυθρωπάω, f. άσω, to look savage.  
 ἐπι-σκύνιον, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὄφρυς, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.  
 ἐπισκύσσαιτο, Ep. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπισκύζομαι.  
 ἐπι-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπίσκωψις, εως, ή, raillery.  
 ἐπι-σμάω, inf. -σμήν, f. -σμήσω, to rub or smear over.  
 ἐπι-σμήγερός, ά, ὄν, (ἐπί, σμυγέρως = μογέρως) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμυγέρως, sadly, to his cost.  
 ἐπισπαστήρ, ήρος, ὅ, (ἐπισπάω) the handle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.  
 ἐπίσπαστος, η, ον, drawn upon oneself. II. ἐπίσπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From  
 ἐπι-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.  
 ἐπισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.  
 ἐπι-σπείρω, f. ερῶ, to sow with seed: to sow among.  
 ἐπισπείσας, aor. I part. of ἐπισπένδω.  
 ἐπίσπεισις, εως, ή, a libation at a sacrifice. From  
 ἐπι-σπένδω, f. σπείσω, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.  
 ἐπισπερχής, ές, hurried, eager:—Adv. -χῶς. From  
 ἐπι-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, hasten. II. intr. to hurry on, rage furiously.  
 ἐπισπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω.  
 ἐπι-σπεύδω, f. σω, to urge on, promote, further. II. intr. to hasten onward.  
 ἐπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.  
 ἐπισπονδή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.  
 ἐπισπορία, ή, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.  
 ἐπίσπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: of ἐπίσποροι posterity.  
 ἐπι-σπουδάω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.  
 ἐπίσπω, ης, η, ἐπίσποιμι, οis, οi, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part.  
 ἐπισ-σείω, ἐπισσεύω, Ep. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισεύω.  
 ἐπίσ-σῦτος, ον, (ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω) hurrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.  
 ἐπίσσωτρον, Ep. for ἐπίσωτρον, a tire.  
 ἐπίστα, for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing of ἐπίσταμαι.  
 ἐπιστάδόν, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly.  
 ἐπι-στάζω, f. -στάξω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.  
 ἐπι-σταθμάομαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.  
 ἐπί-σταθμος, ον, at, belonging to a lodging or station.  
 ἐπ-ίσταμαι, 2 pers. ἐπίστασαι poet. ἐπίστα Ion. ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπίστω: impf. ήπιστάμην Ep. ήπιστάμην: fut. med. ἐπιστήσομαι: aor. I pass. ήπιστήθην: Dep.: (ἐπί, ίστημι). I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be capable of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, η, ον, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέμοιο skilled or versed in war.  
 ἐπισταμένως, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) skilfully, expertly.



ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.  
 ἐπίστασις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking.  
 II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march. 2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.  
 ἐπιστάτεω, f. σω, and  
 ἐπιστάτω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over. II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly. III. to stand by, be present.  
 ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἄθλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athens, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτανις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.  
 ἐπιστάτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.  
 ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.  
 ἐπιστάτο, Ion. for ἐπίσταντο, 3 pl. imperf. of ἐπίσταμαι.  
 ἐπι-στειβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.  
 ἐπι-στειχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.  
 ἐπι-στείλλω, f. -στέλω: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I -εστάλθην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in, tighten.  
 ἐπι-στενάζω, f. ἄζω, to groan over.  
 ἐπι-στενάχω or -στενάχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.  
 ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.  
 ἐπι-στεφάνω, f. ὠσω, to deck with a garland.  
 ἐπιστεφής, ἐς, crowned to the brim; κρητῆρας ἐπιστεφίας οἶνοιο goblets brimming over with wine.  
 ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέφαντο ποτοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., χοὰς ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour to the dead.  
 ἐπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.  
 ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.  
 ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom. 2. scientific knowledge, science: in plur. the sciences.  
 ἐπίστημι, Ion. for ἐφίστημι.  
 ἐπιστημων, ου, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.  
 ἐπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.  
 ἐπιστητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.  
 ἐπι-στίλβω, to glisten on the surface.  
 ἐπ-ίστιος, ου, (ἐπί, ιστή) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπ-ίστιον, τό, a dock for ships.  
 ἐπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [ᾱ]

ἐπιστολεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary. II. a vice-admiral.  
 ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστολῆς by command. 2. c. letter, Lat. epistola.  
 ἐπι-στομίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag. II. to throw down on the face.  
 ἐπι-στοναχέω, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.  
 ἐπι-στορέννυμι, shorter -στόρνυμι or -στρώννυμι: f. -στρώσω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass. -έστρωμαι:—to strew or spread out upon.  
 ἐπιστρατεία Ion. -ῆτις, ἡ, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march or expedition against one.  
 ἐπιστράτευσις, εὖς, ἡ, = ἐπιστρατεία. From  
 ἐπι-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.  
 ἐπι-στράτητι, Ion. for ἐπιστρατεία.  
 ἐπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to encamp over against.  
 ἐπιστράφεις, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπιστραφῆναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ subj.  
 ἐπιστρεπτος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at: hence, to be admired.  
 ἐπι-στρεφής, ἐς, turning towards: attentive, careful, sharp, sbrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρεφῶς Ion. -έως, earnestly, sharply. From  
 ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:—to turn or direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. 3. to turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. 4. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [ᾱ]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or converted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, mean. III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπεστραμμένος, η, ου, = ἐπιστρεφής, earnest, pressing, vehement.  
 ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways, turning right and left.  
 ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about. II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice. 2. a moving about in a place; δωμάτων ἐπιστροφαί occupation of the palace.  
 ἐπιστροφος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: concerned with or in.  
 ἐπι-στρώννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι.  
 ἐπι-στρωφάω, f. ἡσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place: to occupy one's house: also to come to.  
 ἐπίστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.  
 ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἄζω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence  
 ἐπισυνάγωγῃ, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.  
 ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.  
 ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

against.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. -δραμοῦμαι, to run together to.

ἐπίσυρμα, ατος, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From

ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one.

II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισύστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάζω, f. ξω, to slaughter over or besides, immolate.

ἐπι-σφαλής, ἐς, (ἐπί, σφαλῆναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάττω, f. ξω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραγιστής, ου, ὁ, one who seals or signs.

ἐπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρόν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (κνημίδες) over the ankle: a covering for the ankle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπισχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπισχεσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπίσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:—to be urgent.

ἐπι-ισχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards. II. to keep in, hold in, check. 2. intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπισχών, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρός) to heap, pile up.

ἐπί-σωτρον Ep. ἐπίσσω-, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the felloe of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγή, ἡ, an injunction, precept. From

ἐπιτάγήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπίταγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order.

ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδείς.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, and

ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπίτακτος, ου, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, commanded. II. drawn up, behind; οἱ ἐπίτακτοι, the reserve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more.

ἐπιτάμης [α], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάνύω, poet. for ἐπιτείνω, to stretch over.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; ἐπίταξις τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάρροθος, ὁ, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπίτασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. I -έταξα:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to set over, put in command. 2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τὰ ἐπιτασσόμενα orders given. II. to place be-

hind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφιος, ου, (ἐπί, τάφος) ου or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τᾶχύνω, f. ύνω, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτεῖλαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τείνω, f. -τενω: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [α]: pf. -τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, beighten: to urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτείχισις, εως, ἡ, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτειχισμός, ὁ, = ἐπιτείχισις.

ἐπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελέω, f. έσω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελεῖσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήρως to have

to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτελεῖσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, accomplished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω, fut. -τελώ: aor. I -έτειλα: pf. -τέταλκα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμώ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut

short: to abridge.

ἐπί-τεξ, εκος, ἡ, (ἐπί, τεκεῖν) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερπής, ἐς, pleasing, delightful. From

ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτείνω.

ἐπιτετήδευκα, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπιτέτραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετράφεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τευχω, f. ξω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II.

to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτέχνησις, εως, ἡ, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδεις, α, ου, Ion. ἐπιτήδεος, η, ου, (ἐπιτηδείς) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ

ἐπιτήδεια the necessities of life. 2. of persons,



serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. *necessarius*.

ἐπιτηδεύω, ἡτος, ἡ, fitness, suitability, convenience for a purpose.

ἐπιτηδεύω Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἐπιτήδειος, suitably, serviceably.

ἐπι-τηδές, later ἐπὶ-τηδές, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τὰδε, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. *consulto*: designedly, artfully.

ἐπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. *studium, institutum*.

ἐπιτήδευσις, εως, ἡ, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From

ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδές); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπὶ with τηδεύω (which does not exist), aor. I ἐπετήδευσά, pf. ἐπιτετήδευκα: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. *studere rei*: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπιτήκτος, ον, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ἡσω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: pf. -τέθεικα: —to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or incline towards.

II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; ἡμὲν ἀνακλῖναι πυκινὸν νέφος ἢ δ' ἐπιθεῖναι both to roll back the thick cloud and put it to.

III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish.

V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message.

VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, aor. 2 -εθέμην: to put on oneself or for oneself.

2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τίμᾶω, f. ἡσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. *aestimare*: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise.

2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτίμησις, εως, ἡ, a reproving, rebuking: and

ἐπιτίμητής, οὐ, ὁ, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser; ἐπιτιμητὴς ἔργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, censorious.

ἐπιτιμητὴρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἐπιτιμᾶω) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ἡ, (ἐπιτίμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges.

II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τίμιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) done in one's honour. II.

τὸ ἐπιτίμιον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person.

2. the assessment of damages, penalty; τὰ ἐπιτίμια τῆς δυσσεβείας the wages of ungodliness.

ἐπὶ-τίμιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) in honour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ἄτιμος.

ἐπι-τίτθιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, τίτθη) still at the breast, sucking.

ἐπι-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. -τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish.

\*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπ-έτλην inf. ἐπιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of \*ἐπιτλάω.

ἐπιτολή, ἡ, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

ἐπι-τολμάω, f. ἡσω, to submit or endure to do.

ἐπίτονος, ον, (ἐπιτείνω) stretched, strained. II.

as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. ἱμάς), ὁ, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτόσσαις, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

ἐπιτράπιδουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τράπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρεπτόν, verb. Adj. one must permit. From

ἐπι-τρέπω, f. ψω: aor. I -έτρεψα, aor. 2 -έτραπον:

—Med., f. Ion. -τράψομαι: aor. 2 -ετραπόμην:—

Pass., Ion. aor. I -ετράφθην: aor. 2 -ετράπην [ᾱ]:

—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to. 2.

to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put

into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be

entrusted; ᾧ ἐπιτετράφαται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτε-

τραμμένοι εἰσὶ) to whose charge they have been com-

mitted; Ὡραὶς μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτέτραπται (3 sing.

pf.): τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτραφθεὶς entrusted with the com-

mand: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to

make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath. III. to

give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass.

to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I -θρέξομαι, aor. I -έθρεξα: also

(from Root ἐπιδρέμω) fut. -δράμομαι, aor. 2 -έδρα-

μον: pf. -δεδράμηκα, pf. 2 ἐπιδέδρομα:—to run at

or upon: to assault, attack suddenly. II. to

run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield:

to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. 2. c.

acc. to overrun, as an army does a country. 3. to

run over, treat lightly of, Lat. *oratione percurrere*.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπίτρεψον, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of

ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [Υ]:—to

rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—

Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπίτριπτος, ον, rubbed down, worn away: metaph.

worn, practised, backneyed.

ἐπὶ-τρίτος, ον, one and one-third,  $1 + \frac{1}{3}$ , or  $\frac{4}{3}$ :—ἐπὶ-

τρίτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of  $\frac{1}{3}$  of

the principal, i. e.  $33\frac{1}{3}$  per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαῖος, α, ον, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπιτροπεία, ἡ, (ἐπιτροπεύω) guardianship.

ἐπι-τρόπεις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιτροπεία. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for the office of guardian.

ἐπιτροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροπος) to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person, 2. absol. an arbitration.

ἐπίτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

ἐπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently.

ἐπίτροχος, ὄν, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

ἐπι-τρύζω, to murmur beside or over.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρωγον:—to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

ἐπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

ἐπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, τύμβος) at or over a tomb. II. of the crested lark, with a crest or top-knot.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ὄν, = ἐπιτυμβίδιος.

ἐπι-τύφω [ῦ], f. -θύψω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

ἐπιτύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτύχης, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) hitting the mark, effective, successful.

ἐπιφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθίω.

ἐπι-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to shew forth, display. 2. intr. (sub. φῶς) to shine upon. II.

Pass. and Med. to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, the appearance, manifestation. II. the surface, outside, of anything.

ἐπιφάνεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίνω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφανῶς.

ἐπιφάνηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανῆται) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph.

famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

ἐπι-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), ὄν, τὰ, (ἐπιφανῆται) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

ἐπί-φαντος, ὄν, (ἐπιφαίνομαι) visible, alive.

ἐπιφάνως, Adv. of ἐπιφανής, openly.

ἐπι-φατνίδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, φάτνη) at the manger.

ἐπι-φαύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φάος) to shine upon.

ἐπι-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. 1 -ήνεγκα: aor. 2 -ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon; ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med.

to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεσθαι τινι, to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:

—absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after.

ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φήμη) to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence

ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

ἐπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ά], to arrive at, reach first.

ἐπιφθάς, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπίφθημι.

ἐπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, Dep. to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said.

ἐπι-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to grudge or withhold from jealousy. II. to bear hate against.

ἐπί-φθονος, ὄν, liable to envy or jealousy. II. act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

ἐπιφθόνως, Adv. so as to provoke envy. II. at enmity.

ἐπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα.

ἐπι-φιλοπονέομαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire, burn up. 2. metaph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious. II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

ἐπί-φοβος, ὄν, frightful, terrible, fearful. II. pass. timid.

ἐπι-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally an addition.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ήσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on. Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert.

ἐπίφορος, ὄν, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. of ground, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing.

ἐπι-φράζω, f. σω, to say after or besides. II.

Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. 1 -εφράσάμην, and aor. -εφράσθην:—to think of doing, be minded to do. 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive. 3. to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

ἐπιφρασσαίετο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to be shrewd, prudent.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπίφρων) thoughtfulness.

ἐπί-φρουρος, ὄν, (ἐπί, φρουρά) keeping watch by.

ἐπί-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, φρήν) thoughtful.

ἐπι-φύλιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, φύλη) distributed to tribes.

ἐπι-φυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, φύλλον) the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

ἐπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ύσω [ῦ]:—to make to grow upon. II.

Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφῡν, pf. ἐπιπέφῡκα, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

ἐπι-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to tell of, mention.

ἐπι-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶς) to grow towards dawn.

ἐπι-χαίνω, to gape for.

ἐπι-χαίρω, f. -χαίρῃσω, to rejoice over: c. acc., σὲ



μὲν εὖ πράσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to show malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρῆναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζάω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower hail upon.

ἐπι-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose.

ἐπί-χαλκος, ον, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχαρῆς, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.

ἐπι-χαρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. 1 imperat., ἐπιχαρίτται (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπί-χαρις, ιτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριώτερος, -ιώτατος, as if from ἐπιχάριτος, ον.

ἐπιχαρίτται, Dor. aor. 1 imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι.

ἐπίχαρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπίχαρτος, ον, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over; ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.

ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

ἐπιχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and ἐπιχείρησις, εως, ἡ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονέω, f. ἤσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἡ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεῦναι, Ep. for ἐπιχεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. 1 -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχεύω, aor. 1 -έχευα, inf. -χεῦναι:—to pour over or upon: shed upon.

II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink.

III. Pass., pf. κέχϋμαι, plqpf. κέχϋμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ον, or α, ον, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, οἱ, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ον, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἤσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.

ἐπι-χραίνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack.

ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. 1 -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι,

f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἰσω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπί-χρῦσος, ον, overlaid or plated with gold.

ἐπι-χρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπιχϋθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπίχϋσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἤσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

ἐπι-χωριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. ventitare.

ἐπι-χώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ίως, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψάκάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψάύω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

ἐπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπί-ψογος, ον, exposed to blame, blameable. II. act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπ-ἰωγαί, ὦν, αἱ, (ἐπί, ἰωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἐπειμι (εἴμι ἰβο).

ἐπλάγχθην, aor. 1 pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάθην [ᾶ], aor. 1 pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλάσσα Ep. ἐπλασσα, aor. 1 of πλάσσω.

ἐπλε, for ἐπελε, 3 sing. impf. of πέλω: so, ἐπλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. impf. med.: ἐπλευ for ἐπέλευ, ἐπέλου; ἐπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ἐπλεξα, aor. 1 of πλέκω.

ἐπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

ἐπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλήσθην, aor. 1 pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἐπλων, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, -ιάζω.

ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδῶκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-ωδῶκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδῶω, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.

ἐπ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence

ἐπ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.

ἐπ-οικος, ον, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἐποικος, ὁ, a sojourner, stranger. 2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.

ἐπ-οικτεῖρω, to have compassion on.

ἐπ-οικτίζω, f. σω, = ἐποικτεῖρω. Hence

ἐποίκτιστος, ον, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.

ἐπ-οικτος, ον, (ἐπί, οἶκος) piteous.

ἐπ-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶξομαι, to wail over.

ἐπ-οίσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐποίχομαι.

ἐπ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack. II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἰσθὺν ἐποίχεσθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.

ἐπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.

ἐπ-οκριόεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.

ἐπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.

ἐπ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a cry of triumph at.

ἐπομαι, to follow, Dep. from ἔπω, q. v.

ἐπομβρέω, f. ἦσω, to rain upon; and

ἐπομβρία, ἡ, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αὐχμός (drought). From

ἐπ-ομβρος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄμβρος) rainy: wet.

ἐπ-ὀμνῦμι and -ὕω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ὤμοσα: —to swear to or upon; ἐπομύναι τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.

ἐπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπόμνυμι.

ἐπ-ομφάλιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ὀμφαλός) upon the navel of a shield, on the boss.

ἐπόνῃσα, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.

ἐπ-ονειδίζω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence

ἐπονείδιστος, ον, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.

ἐπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to sur-name:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζειν ὄνομα τινος to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.

ἐποπας, acc. pl. of ἐποψ.

ἐπ-οπίζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίζεο, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.

ἐποποι, a cry to mimic that of the booe (ἐποψ).

ἐποποιία, ἡ, epic poetry. From

ἐπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐποποιός, ὁ, an epic poet.

ἐπ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, to roast besides or after.

ἐπ-οπτέω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὄψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. II. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

ἐπ-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἐπόπτης, of tutelary gods.

ἐπ-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπόψομαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.

ἐπ-οράω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπ-ορέγω, f. ξω, to hold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.

ἐπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὀρθίος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορθιάζειν γόους to lift up the voice in wailing.

ἐπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβόας) to utter with a loud shout.

ἐπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.

ἐπ-ορμέω, Ion. for ἐφορμέω.

ἐπ-ὀρνῦμι and -ὕω: fut. -ὀρῶω: aor. I -ὤρῶα: (ἐπί, ὀρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.

ἐπ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

ἐπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.

ἘΠΟΣ, εος, τό, a word; κατ' ἔπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. it is used also of 1. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἐπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.

ἐποτίσα, aor. I of ποτίζω.

ἐπ-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.

ἐπ-οτρύνω, f. ὤνῳ, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to hasten on.

ἐπ-ουραῖος, α, ον, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.

ἐπ-ουράνιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.

ἐπ-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I -ούρισα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

ἐπ-ουρος, ον, (ἐπί, οὖρος) blowing favourably.

ἐπ-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

ἐπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.

ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐποχος) to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

ἐπ-οχθίδιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄχθη) on the mountains.



ἔποχον, τό, *the saddlecloth, bousing*. From  
ἔποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) *mounted upon*: metaph., λό-  
γοι μανίας ἔποχοι words borne on madness, i. e.  
frantic. 2. absol. *well-seated, mounted*: keeping  
one's seat.

\*ΕΠΟΨ, οπος, ὁ, *the boopoe*, so called from its cry,  
Lat. *uruba*.

ἐπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) *to eat with or as sauce*.  
ἐπ-οψίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) *used to eat with bread*.  
ἐπ-όψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψομαι) *to be looked on*.  
ἐπ-όψιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) *visible, seen afar*,  
*conspicuous*: illustrious. II. act. *overlooking all*  
*things*.

ἐπ-οψίς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) *a view over*; ἐποψίς τοῦ  
ἱεροῦ *the view commanded by the temple*: generally, *the*  
*view or sight of a thing*.

ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from \*ἐπόπτομαι.  
ἐπράθην [α], aor. 1 pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.  
ἐπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for ἐπρησα, aor. 1 of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθην, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of πιπράσκω.  
ἐπρηξα, Ion. for ἐπραξα, aor. 1 of πράσσω.

ἐπρησα, aor. 1 of πρήθω.  
ἐπριάμην, ἰώ, ἰάτο, aor. 2 of ἠνέομαι.

\*ΕΠΤΑ, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl., SEVEN, Lat. SEPTEM,  
Germ. SIEBEN.

ἑπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῦς) *of seven bulls'-bides*.  
ἑπτά-βοιος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῦς) *of seven bulls'-bides*.  
ἑπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἐπτά, γλῶσσα) *seven-tongued*,  
*seven-toned*.

ἑπτά-δραχμος, ον, (ἐπτά, δραχμή) *worth seven*  
*drachms*.

ἑπτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) *seven years old*. II.  
*of seven years*: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., *for seven*  
*years*.

ἑπτά-ζωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, ζώνη) *seven-zoned*, of the  
planetary system.

ἑπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω.  
ἑπτά-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl. *seventeen*.

ἑπτάκις, also ἑπτάκι, (ἐπτά) Adv. *seven times*.  
ἑπτάκισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, *seventy thousand*.

ἑπτακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, *seven thousand*.  
ἑπτά-κλίνος, ον, (ἐπτά, κλίνη) *with seven couches*  
*or beds*.

ἑπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐπτά) *seven hundred*.  
ἑπτα-κότυλος, ον, (ἐπτά, κοτύλη) *holding seven*  
*cotylae*.

ἑπτά-κτύπος, ον, *seven-toned, with seven chords*.  
ἑπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόγχη) *of seven lances, of*  
*seven troops of spear-men*.

ἑπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόφος) *seven-billed*.  
ἑπτάμην [α], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἑπτά-μηνος, ον, (ἐπτά, μήν) *born in the seventh month*.  
ἑπτά-μίτος, ον, (ἐπτά, μίτος) *of seven strings*.

ἑπτά-μύχος, ον, *with seven recesses*.  
ἑπταξα, Dor. aor. 1 of πτήσσω.

ἑπτά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, *seven cubits long*.  
ἑπτα-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπτά, πούς) *seven feet long*.

ἑπτά-πορος, ον, *with seven tracks or paths*.

ἑπτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πουν, *seven feet long*.

ἑπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἐπτά, πύλη) *seven-gated*: epith. of  
Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian  
Thebes, which was ἑκατόμυλοι.

ἑπτά-πυργος, ον, *seven-towered*.

ἑπτάρον, aor. 2 of πταίρω.

ἑπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ον, *with seven chan-*  
*nels or beds, of the Nile*.

ἑπτά-στολος, ον, *consisting of seven bodies of men*.

ἑπτά-στομος, ον, (ἐπτά, στόμα) *seven-mouthed*.

ἑπτα-τειχής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, τεῖχος) *with seven walls*.

ἑπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἑπτά-τονος, ον, *seven-toned*.

ἑπτά-φθογγος, ον, (ἐπτά, φθογγή) *seven-toned*.

ἑπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, φωνή) *seven-voiced*.

ἑπτάχα, (ἐπτά) Adv. *in seven parts*.

ἑπτ-έτης, ἐς, fem. ἐπτέτις, ἰδος, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) *seven*  
*years old*.

ἑπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτήμι.

ἑπτηξα, aor. 1 of πτήσσω.

ἑπτίκα, pf. act., ἐπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἑπτοίηθεν, poet. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of πτοίω.

ἑπτοίημαι, poet. pf. pass. of πτοίω.

ἑπτοίησα, poet. aor. 1 of πτοίω.

ἑπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι.

ἑπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for ἑφυδρος.

ἑπυθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἔπος, *a versicle*.

\*ΕΠΩ, poet. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔψω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf.  
σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔπομαι: impf. εἰπόμην

Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔψομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἔσπό-  
μην, imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέο Ep. σπεῖο, inf. σπέ-  
σθαι:

I. Act. *to be engaged or with, to be busy*  
*about*. II. Med. *to follow*, Lat. *sequi*: *to attend*,  
*to obey*.

2. in hostile sense, *to pursue*. 3. *to*  
*follow with the mind, understand*; Lat. *mente assequi*.

ἐπωδή, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαιοδή (ἐπάδω) *a song over*:  
*an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell*.

ἐπώδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπωδή.

ἐπωδός, ὅν, contr. of ἐπαιοδός, (ἐπάδω) *singing to*  
*or over*: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen.  
*acting as a charm for or against*.

2. *sung or said*  
*after*. II. Subst., ἐπωδός, ὁ, ἡ, *an enchanter*  
*or enchantress, wizard or witch*.

III. ἐπωδός, ἡ, *a lyric poem in couplets*, commonly of Iambic Trim.  
and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure,  
except Elegiac; used by Horace.

ἐπ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) *painful*.

ἐπ-ώζω, (ἐπί, ὦ) *to wail over*.

ἐπ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω, *to push upon or into*.

ἐπώκειλα, aor. 1 of ἐποκέλλω.

ἐπ-ωλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠλένη) *upon the arm*.

ἐπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὦμος) *on the shoulders*.

ἐπ-ωμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὦμος) *the upper part of the*  
*shoulder: the neck and shoulder*.

2. *the highest*  
*part of a ship*.

ἐπώμοσα, aor. 1 of ἐπόμνυμι.

ἐπώμοτος, ον, (ἐπόμνυμι) on oath, sworn.  
pass. sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.

ἐπωνυμία, ἡ, (ἐπώνυμος) a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπί τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σκεῖν χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one. 2. a name significant of fate. II. generally, a name.

ἐπωνύμιος, α, ον, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.

ἐπ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἀλκυονήν καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called. II. act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving his name to the current year.

ἐπωπάω, to look over, observe. From

ἐπ-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὦψ) a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.

ἐπώπτων, impf. of ἐποπτάω.

ἐπώρα, Ion. for ἐφεώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω.

ἐπώρασα, aor. 1 of ἐπόρυνμι.

ἐπώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπόρυνμι.

ἐπωτίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, οὖς) beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.

ἐπ-ωφέλειω, f. ἤσω, to help in a thing, to be of use or service in. Hence

ἐπωφέλημα, ατος, τό, a succour, store.

ἐπωφελία, ἡ, (ἐπωφελέω) help, profit, advantage.

ἐπώχαστο, 3 pl. Aeol. and Ion. plqpf. pass. of ἐπέχω,

πάσαι γὰρ [πύλαι] ἐπώχαστο all were shut to.

ἐπωχόμην, impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.

\*ἘΡΑ, ἡ, the Lat. terra, earth: only found in Adv. ἔραζε, to earth.

ἘΡΑΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 pl. ἐράσασθε: impf. ἡράμην:—Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἡράσθην: aor. 1 med. ἡράσάμην:—to love, desire, long after.

ἐράνιζω, f. σω, (ἐρανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution. II. to give a contribution. III. to combine. Hence

ἐράνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, a contributor to an ἐρανος or club.

ἐραννός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐράνος, ὁ, a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival. 2. any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service. 3. a club or society.

ἐρασδε, Dor. for ἔραζε.

ἐρᾶσι-μολπος, ον, (ἐράω, μολπή) loving song.

ἐρᾶσι-χρήματος, ον, (ἐράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.

ἐράσμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐράω) lovely, beloved.

ἐρασσαι, Ep. for ἐρασαι, 2 sing. of ἐραμαι.

ἐράσσατο, Ep. for ἡράσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἐραμαι.

ἐραστεύω, f. σω, = ἐράω, to love, desire.

ἐραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐραμαι) a lover: metaph. an adberent, partizan.

ἐραστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) beloved, lovely.

ἐράτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) lovely: welcome.

ἐράτιζω, = ἐράω, to desire extremely, be greedy for.

ἐράτός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἐραστός, beloved: lovely.

ἐράτό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ἐρατός, χρύα) of face or complexion.

ἐράτύω, Dor. for ἐρητύω.

Ἐράτώ, οὖς, ἡ, (ἐρατός) Eräto, Lovely, one of the nine Muses. 2. one of the Oceanides.

ἘΡΑΨΩ, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. 1 pass. ἡράσθην used in act. sense: see ἔραμαι:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐρῶν a lover; ἡ ἐρωμένη the beloved:—Dep. ἐράομαι in same sense is very rare.

ἐργάζομαι, fut. ἐργάσομαι Dor. ἐργαζοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐργασάμην: pf. ἐίργασμαι Ion. ἐργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but ἐργασθήσομαι, aor. 1 ἐίργασθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρῆμα ἐργάζεται the matter works, i. e. goes on. II. trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. 2. to work at or in; ἐργάζεσθαι χρυσόν to work in gold. 3. to earn by working. 4. to make, build: also to produce, cause. III. to work at a trade, drive a trade.

ἐργάθον, Ep. for εἰργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰργω; inf. ἐργάθειν.

ἐργάλειον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, (ἐργον) a tool, instrument.

ἐργαξῆ, Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργασείω, Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.

ἐργασία, ἡ, (ἐργάζομαι) work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; ἐργασίαν δός take pains to do. II. a working at a thing; husbandry, tillage; ἐργασία μετάλλων working of mines. 2. workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art. 3. gain, earnings, profit.

ἐργάσιμος, ον, (ἐργάζομαι) to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.

ἐργασμαι, Ion. for εἰργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἐργάζομαι, one must work the land. 2. one must do.

ἐργαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐργάζομαι) a workman, farmer.

ἐργαστήριον, τό, (ἐργάζομαι) a workshop, manufactory, shop.

ἐργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐργάζομαι) fit for working, hard-working, diligent, busy.

ἐργάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐργον) a workman, husbandman: a practitioner, worker. II. as Adj. hard-working, diligent, energetic. [α]

ἐργατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐργάζομαι) = ἐργαστικός.

ἐργατίνης, ου, ὁ, = ἐργάτης. [ι]

ἐργάτις, ἰδος, fem. of ἐργάτης, a work-woman: a hireling, mercenary woman. II. as Adj. working at. [α]

ἐργμα, ατος, τό, = ἐργον, a work, deed.

ἐργμα, ατος, τό, (εἰργω, ἔρκος) a fence, enclosure.

ἐργυνύω and -νύμι, poet. for εἰργω, ἔργω, to enclose.



ἐργο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἐργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out work.

ἐργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; ἐργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

ἐργο-λάβος, ον, (ἐργον, λαβεῖν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., ἐργολάβος, ὁ, a contractor, Lat. conductor, redemptor. [α]

ἐργον, τό, (\*ἐργω=ἐρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἐργα κόμισε mind your own business. 2. in the Il. mostly ἐργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἐργα Ἰθάκης the tilled lands of Ithaca; ἐργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil boum labores; ἐργα γυναικῶν women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἐργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος. II. the following pecul. Att. phrases occur: ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is hard work, troublesome; σὺν ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; ἐργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

\*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἐέργω, Ep. forms for Att. εἶργω or εἴργω: fut. ἐρξω or εἴρξω: aor. I εἶρξα: pf. ἐέργμαι, 3 pl. ἐρχάται: plqpf. ἐέργμην, 3 pl. ἐρχατο or ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐρχθείς:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἐέργειν to enclose within; γέφυραι ἐργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact. II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit from a thing:—also to hinder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

\*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἐρδω:—hence fut. ἐρξω, aor. I ἐρξα, pf. ἐοργα, plqpf. ἐώργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἐρδω.

ἐρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἐρδω.

ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἐρξω, etc., see \*ἐργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κακὰ ἐρδειν τινά or absol. ἐρδειν τινά, to do one harm. 2. like Lat. sacra facere, ἱερὰ ἐρδειν to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ἱερὰ or θυσίας, like facere or operari in Latin.

ἐρεβεννός, ἡ, ὅν, (\*Ερεβος) dark, gloomy.

Ερέβησφι, Ερέβουσφι, v. sub Ερεβος.

ΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicer. ἐρεβο-διφάω, (ἐρεβος, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

ἐρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

Ερεβος, τό, gen. εὐς contr. οὐς, Ion. Ερέβεος, Ερέβεουσφιν:—Erebus, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

ἐρεῖνω, like ἐρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἐρεῖνομαι.

ἐρεθίζω Dor. -ισδω: f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἱρέθισα, later -ἱξα: (ἐρέθω):—to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate.

II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρεθιζόμενος the kindled spark. Hence

ἐρίθισμα, ατος, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

ΕΡΕΘΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

ΕΡΕΙΔΩ, f. ἐρείσω: aor. I ἤρεισα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρείσθην: pf. ἐρήρισμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἠρήριστο:—to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρείδειν πληγὴν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dasb, burl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. II. intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλησιν ἐρείδουσαι crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἐρείδε fall to (to eat).

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρείσάμενος having set himself firm, taken a firm stand; οὐδεὶ χαῖται ἐρηρέδαται (3 pl. pf.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λαε ἐρηρέδαται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend.

ΕΡΕΙΚΗ, ἡ, beatb, beater, Lat. erica.

ΕΡΕΙΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἤρειξα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρεικόμενος περὶ δουρί rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dasb. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἤρικον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἐρειο, Ep. for ἐρεο, ἐρου, imperat. of ἐρομαι.

ἐρειοί, οἱ, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἐρείομεν, Ep. for ἐρέωμεν, I pl. subj. of ἐρέω.

ἐρείπιον, τό, (ἐρείπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικὰ ἐρείπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἐρείπια dead carcasses; πέπλων ἐρείπια remnants of robes.

ΕΡΕΙΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. I ἤρειψα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρείφθην: pf. ἐρήριμμαι:—to dasb down, tear down; ἐρείπει γένους θεῶν τις some god dasbes down their race:—Pass. to be dasbed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρείπτο (Ep. plqpf. for ἠρήριπτο):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρίπτεις, dat. ἐριπέντι, fallen. II. intrans. in aor. 2 ἤριπον Ep. ἐρίπον, pf. 2 ἠρήριπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἐρεῖσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρεισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρεισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήρων ἐρεισμὸν Ἀκράγαντος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. colūmen. II. = ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

ἐρείψιμος, ον, (ἐρείπω) fallen down, in ruins.

ἐρειψί-τοιχος, ον, (ἐρείπω, τοῖχος) overbrowning walls.

ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὅν, contr. of ἐρεβεννός, black, dark; ἐρεμνὴ φάτις a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

ἐρεξα, aor. I of ῥέζω.

ἐρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτω, = ἐρέφω, to roof over: to crown.

ἐρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρέιπω.

ἐρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρομαι.

ἘΡΕΨΩ Att. -ττω: fut. ἐρέσω: aor. 1 ἤρεσα:—to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, πτερύγων ἐρετμοῖσιν ἐρεσσόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's *remigio alarum*. 2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, banded.

ἐρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

ἐρετμός, ὁ, or ἐρετμόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. *remus*, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμά is used. Hence ἐρετμός, f. ὥσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέττω, Att. for ἐρέσσω.

ἘΡΕΥΓΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρεύξομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. *eructare*: absol. to belch, Lat. *ructare*. 2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. II. in

aor. 2 act. ἤρυγον, inf. ἐρύγειν, part. ἐρυγών, to belch, roar.

ἐρευθίδανον, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθέω, f. ἤσω, to be red. From

ἐρευθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΥΘΩ, fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red.

ἔρευνα, ης, ἡ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρευνάω, f. ἤσω, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρεῦσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρεύθω,

ἘΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἤρεψα:—to cover or roof in a building. II. to cover with a crown, wreath with garlands:—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:—Pass., ναῦς ἐρεχθόμενη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed hither and thither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐρέφω.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρῶ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρημάζω, f. σω, (ἐρήμος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάζεσκον.

ἐρημαῖος, α, ον, poet. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἡ, (ἐρήμος) a solitude, desert, wilderness. II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being

laid waste, desolation, Lat. *vastitas*: of persons, desolateness, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

ἐρημιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημο-κόμης, ες, (ἐρήμος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημο-λάλος, ον, (ἐρήμος, λαλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημό-πολις, ι, gen. ἰδος, (ἐρήμος, πόλις) rest of one's city.

ἐρημο-νόμος, ον, (ἐρήμος, νέμω) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗΜΟΣ, η, ον, also ος, ον: Att. ἐρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary,

desolate, also destitute, helpless. 2. c. gen. rest of; destitute of, abandoned by; στέγαι φίλων ἐρημοί. II. as Subst., ἐρήμος (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἡ, a solitude, desert, wilderness. III. ἐρήμη (sub. δίκη), ἡ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets

judgment go by default; ἐρήμην δίκην ἐλεῖν to get judgment by default; ὀφλεῖν to let it go by default.

ἐρημοσύνη, ἡ, solitude. From

ἐρημῶ, f. ὥσω, (ἐρήμος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of:—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of. II. to leave, abandon:—Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

ἐρήμωσις, εως, ἡ, desolation, devastation: and

ἐρημωτής, οὔ, ὁ, a desolator.

ἐρηρέδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρείδω: ἐρηρέδατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἐρήριμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήτῦθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἐρητύω.

ἐρητύω, f. ὥσω [ῦ]: aor. 1 ἐρήτῦσα: (ἐρύω):—to hold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

ἐρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of ἐρητύω.

ἘΡΙ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-αύχην, εως, ὁ, ἡ, with high-arching neck.

ἐρι-βόας, ον, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ἐς, = ἐρίβρομος.

ἐρί-βρομος, ον, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, roaring.

ἐρι-βρύχης, ον, Ep. εως, ὁ, and ἐρί-βρυχος, ον, (ἐρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἐρί-βωλος, ον, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρί-γδουπος, ον, = ἐρίδουπος, thundering.

ἐριδαίνω, f. ἐριδήσω, (ἐρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to strive for:—aor. 1 inf. med. ἐριδήσασθαι.

ἐρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐριον.

ἐριδμαίνω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II. intr. to contend.

ἐρίδματος, ον, (ἐρι-, δμητός) strongly built: hence strong, excessive.

ἐρί-δουπος, ον, (ἐρι-, δούπος) loud-sounding.

ἐριζέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. ἐρίσδω: Ion. impf. ἐρίζεσκον: fut. ἐρίσω: aor. 1 ἤρισα, Ep. 3 sing. opt. ἐρίσσειε: (ἐρίς):—to strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also in Med.

ἐρί-ηρος, ον, (ἐρι-, ἄρω) fitting closely: metaph. as epith. of ἐταῖρος, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in heterocl. plur., ἐρίηρες ἐταῖροι, acc. ἐρίηρας ἐταίρους.

ἐριθακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for ἐριθηλής.

ἐριθεία, ἡ, (ἐριθεύω) labour for wages. II. in-

triguing, Lat. *ambitus*: party-spirit, faction.



ἐρι-θιλής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, τέθηλα) *very luxuriant, flourishing, fertile.*

ἐρίθιος, ὁ, also ἡ, a *day-labourer, hired servant*; in Homer, ἐρίθιοι, of men, are *mowers or reapers*; of women, *workers in wool.*

ἐρίκειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείκω.

ἐρι-κλάκτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάζω) *loud-sounding.*

ἐρί-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ου, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-weeping.* II. pass. *much-wept, bewailed.*

ἐρί-κτύπος, ου, *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κῦδής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, κῦδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύμων [ῦ], ου, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of young, big with young.*

ἐρί-μῦκος, ου, (ἐρι-, μέμῡκα) *loud-bellowing.*

ἙΡΙ-ΝΕΟ΄Σ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree*, Lat. *caprificus.*

ἐρίνεος, α, ου, (ἐριον) *of wool, woollen.*

ἙΡΙ-ΝΥ΄Σ (not Ἑρινύς), gen. ὕος, ἡ; pl. nom. Ἑρινύες contr. -ῦς, acc. -ῦας contr. -ῦς, gen. -ῦων contr. -ῦν:—*the Erinys or Fury, an avenging deity*: the names *Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto* do not occur till late. At Athens they were called *Εὐμενίδες* or *Σεμναί*, by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μη-τρὸς ἐρινύες *curses from one's mother*; φρενῶν ἐρινύς *distraction, frenzy*: also, *blood-guiltiness.*

ἐριον Ep. and Ion. εἶριον, τό, (ἐρος) *wool*, Lat. *lana*; also in plur. 2. ἐρία ἀπὸ ξύλου *wool from the tree*, i. e. *cotton*; so in Germ., *baum-woolle.*

ἐριο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἐριον, πωλείω) *a wool-dealer.* Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶς, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλιον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-στεπτος, ου, (ἐριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐρι-ούνιος, ὁ, Homeric epith. of *Hermes*, from ἐρι-, δνίνημι, *the helper, luck-bringer*: also absol. Ἑριού-νιος, *Helper*, as a prop. n. of *Hermes.*

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἤσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὢν, (ἐριον, \*ἐργω) *working wool.*

ἐριπε, Ep. for ἤριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἐριπεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρί-πλευρος, ου, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπνη or ἐρίπνα, ἡ, (ἐρείπω) *a broken cliff, crag, scarp*: any *sheer ascent.*

ἐριπών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρείπω.

ἙΡΙΣ, ιδος, ἡ; acc. ἐριν and ἐριδα: pl. ἐριδες, later ἐρεις:—*strife, quarrel, debate*: esp. *rivalry, contention*: *discord, jealousy*: also in good sense, ἐρις ἀγα-θῶν *zeal for good.* II. as pr. nom., *Eris*, the Goddess of *Strife.*

ἐρίσθεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρι-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strength.*

ἐρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) *a cause of quarrel.*

ἐρι-σμάραγος, ου, (ἐρι-, σμάραγῃ) *loud-thundering.*

ἐρίσσειε, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσσεται, Ep. for ἐρίσσηται, aor. 1 subj. med. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφυλος, ου, (ἐρι-, στάφυλή) *large-clustering, rich in grapes*: of wine, *made of fine grapes.*

ἐριστής, ου, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) *a wrangler, disputer.*

ἐριστός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, ου, = ἐρισμάραγος, *loud-roaring.*

ἐρί-τιμος, ου, (ἐρι-, τιμή) *highly prized, precious.*

ἐρίφειος, ου, (ἐρίφος) *of or belonging to a kid.*

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, *a goat, kid.* [Υ]

ἙΡΙ-ΦΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, *a young goat, kid.* II.

ἐριφοι, οί, Lat. *boedi*, *a constellation which brought storms*; ἐπ' ἐρίφοις *in stormy weather.*

ἐρίῳλη, ἡ, *a whirlwind, burricane, tornado*: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἐριον and ὄλλυμι, *wool-consumption.*

ἐρκείος Att. ἔρκειος, ου, and α, ου, (ἐρκος) *belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house*; Ζεὺς Ἑρκείος, *the household god*, because his statue stood in the ἐρκος; ἔρκειοι πύλαι *the gates of the court.*

ἐρκίον, τό, (ἐρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

ἐρκος, εος, τό, (ἐργω, εἶργω) *an enclosure, hedge, fence, wall*: mostly of *the wall round the court-yard*, and so *a court-yard*: ἀγγίαν ἐρκεα, periphr. for ἀγγῃ; σφραγίδος ἐρκος, for σφραγίς; ἐρκος ὀδόντων *the ring-fence of the teeth*, for ὀδόντες *the teeth themselves.* II. *a net, snare*: *the coils of the lasso.* III. metaph. *any fence or defence, bulwark.*

ἐρκ-ουρος, ου, (ἐρκος, οὔρος) *watching an enclosure.*

ἐρκτή, ἡ, Ion. for εἶρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, *a prop, support*: mostly of *the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright*: metaph., ἔρμα πύλου *pillar of the state*, Lat. *column.* 2. *a sunken rock or reef*, on which a vessel may strike: also *a mound, cairn, barrow on land.* 3. *ballast.* II. μελαινέων ἔρμ' ὀδυνάων, of a sharp arrow, *the foundation*, i. e. *cause*, of pangs. III.

ἔρματα, *earrings*, akin to ὄρμος: generally, *a necklace, band*: *a chain.*

ἔρμαιον, τό, (Ἑρμῆς) *a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery*, *Hermes* being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin *Hercules.*

Ἑρμαῖος, α, ου, Att. Ἑρμαιο, ου, (Ἑρμῆς) *of or from Hermes.* II. Ἑρμαῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *a festival in his honour.*

ἔρματιζω, (ἔρμα) *to ballast.*

Ἑρμ-αφρόδιτος, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, Ἀφροδίτη) *an Hermaphrodite*: *an effeminate person.*

Ἑρμάων ανος, ὁ, poet. esp. Dor. for Ἑρμῆς. [ᾶ]

Ἑρμείας, ὁ, poet. for Ἑρμῆς, dat. Ἑρμέα.

Ἑρμείας, ὁ, Ep. for Ἑρμῆς; gen. Ἑρμείαο, -εῖω; dat. Ἑρμεία; acc. Ἑρμείαν; voc. Ἑρμείᾶ.

ἑρμηνεία, ἡ, (ἑρμηνεύω) *interpretation, explanation.* II. *expression, power of speech.*

ἑρμηνεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἑρμηνεύω) *an interpretation, explanation.* 2. *a sign, monument.*

ἑρμηνεύς, εως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς) *an interpreter, dragoman*: generally, *an expounder.* Hence

ἑρμηνεύω, f. σω, *to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear*: hence *to express, give utterance to.*

Ἑρμῆς, ὁ; Ep. gen. Ἑρμέω; dat. Ἑρμῇ; acc. Ἑρμῆν; voc. Ἑρμῆ:—*Hermes*, the Lat. *Mercurius.*

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούνιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὄδιος, ἐνόδιος: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of Hermes: in vocat. my dear little Hermes.

ἑρμῖς or ἑρμῖν, ἴνος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἑρμῖσιν, (ἑρμα) a prop, support: a bed-post.

Ἑρμο-γλυφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of Hermae: generally, a statuary. Hence

ἑρμογλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a statuary: ἡ ἑρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

ἑρμο-γλύφος, ὁ, = ἑρμογλυφεύς.

ἑρμο-κοπίδης, ον, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a mutilator of the Hermae.

ἙΡΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἑρνεί Ἰσος he shot up like a young plant. II. metaph. a scion, a child.

ἑρξά, aor. I of ἑργω, = ἑρδω.

ἑρξείης or ἑρξίης, ὁ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from ἑργω, ἑρδω, the worker, doer.

ἑρξω, fut. of ἑργω, = ἑρδω.

ἑρόεις, εἶσα, εν, (ἑρος) lovely, pleasing.

ἑροῖην, for ἑροῖμι, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.

ἙΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. εἶρομαι: impf. εἶρόμην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἡρόμην, imperat. ἔρου Ep. ἔρειο, subj. ἔρωμαι, opt. ἐροῖμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι, part. ἐρόμενος:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or for. II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing.

ἑρος, ὁ, poet. form of ἔρως, love, desire.

ἙΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

ἑρπετόν, τό, (ἑρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp. a snake; pl. ἑρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that move on the earth.

ἑρπήστης, ον, ὁ, (ἑρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

ἑρπύζω, f. σω, (ἑρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἑρπυλλός, ὁ and ἡ, (ἑρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. serpyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἑρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἑρπύζω or ἑρπω.

ἑρπυστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ἑρπυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἑρπύζω) a reptile: a crawling child.

ἙΡΙΠΩ, impf. εἶριπον: fut. ἑρψω Dor. ἐρψῶ: aor. I εἶρψα, formed from ἑρπύζω (cf. ἔλκω, εἰλκῶσα):—the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ἑρποντα creeping things. 2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

ἑρπωμεν, Dor. 1 pl. pres. subj. of ἑρπω.

ἑρράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἑρράδαται, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥαίνω: ἑρράδατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἑρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἑρράπισα, aor. I of ῥαπίζω.

ἑρρέθην and ἑρρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

ἑρρηξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ἑρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἑρρίγησα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἑρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζόω.

ἑρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ἑρριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἑρρύηκα, pf. of ῥέω:—ἑρρύην, aor. 2 pass.

ἑρ-ρυθμός, ον, in rhythm, time or measure.

ἙΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἑρρων, limping. II. in

a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἑρρων ἐκ ναός gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐς κόρακας, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; ἑρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἑρρέτω Ἰλίον let Troy perish! ἑρρει τὰ καλά the luck is gone!

ἑρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἑρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥώννυμι, as Adj., in good health, vigorous, stout: Adv. ἑρρωμένως, stoutly: irreg. Comp. ἑρρωμενέστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

ἑρρώνοντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥώομαι; ἑρρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med.; ἑρρώσθην, aor. I pass.

ἑρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἑρρωσο, ἑρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἑρση Ep. ἐέρση, ἡ, (ἄρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλυῖα ἐέρση plenteous dew: in pl. rain-drops. II.

metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of late-born lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. Hence

ἑρσήεις Ep. ἐερσήεις, εἶσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh.

ἑρσην, ενος, ὁ, Ion. for ἄρσην, ἄρρην.

ἑρυγγάνω, Att. form of ἐρεύγομαι, to vomit.

ἑρύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἑρύγμηλος, ἡ, ον, (ἐρεύγομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἑρυγών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἑρυθθαίνω, aor. I ἐρίθηνα, poet. for ἐρυθραίνω, to redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence ἐρύθημα, ατος, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush. ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐρυθρός) to dye red:—Pass. to become red, to blush.

ἐρυθριάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], (ἐρυθρός) to be apt to blush.

ἐρυθρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.

ἐρυθρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ποδός, (ἐρυθρός, πούς) red-footed: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

ἙΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, red, Lat. RUBER. II.

Ἑρυθρὴ θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian ocean.

ἐρύκᾱκον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρύκᾱκέειν.

ἐρύκᾱνάω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

ἐρυκανώσι, Ep. for ἐρυκανῶσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανάω.

ἐρύκᾱνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain. [ᾱ]

ἐρύκω, f. ξω: aor. I ἤρυξα Ep. ἔρυξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἤρυκᾱκον, or without augm. ἐρύκᾱκον, inf. ἐρύκᾱκέειν: (ἐρύω):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: to control, curb, keep in check; γῇ ἐρύκει earth confines



(the dead); *μή με ἔρυκε μάχης* keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide.

II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

ἔρματιον, τό, Dim. of ἔρμα.

ἔρμνδ-νωτος, ον, with impenetrable back.

ἔρμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence

ἔρμνότης, ητος, ἡ, strength, security, of a place.

ἔρυντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ἔρυσαιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. med. of ἐρύω.

ἔρυσ-άρματος, ον, (ἐρύω, ἄρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἔρυσάρματες, -τας.

ἔρυσί-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb.

ἔρυσί-νηϊς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναῦς) preserving ships.

ἔρυσί-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλις) protecting the city.

ἔρυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρύω) a drawing.

ἔρυσμός, ὁ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

ἔρύσασθαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. med. of ἐρύω.

ἔρύσσομεν, Ep. for ἐρύσωμεν, aor. 1 subj. of ἐρύω.

ἔρυστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύω) drawn.

ἔρυντο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἐρύω.

ἘΡΥΩ Ion. εἰρύω: fut. ἐρύσω or ἐρύω: aor. 1 εἰρύσα Ep. εἰρυσσα or ἐρύσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροῦς or νεκρὸν ἐρύειν, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαίνης ἐρύειν τινά to pull him by the cloak. II. Med. ἐρύομαι Ion. εἰρύομαι: fut. inf. ἐρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρύσσομαι: aor. 1 εἰρυσάμην Ep. εἰρυσσάμην or ἐρυσσάμην: the foll. forms are pass., pf. εἰρῦμαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl. εἰρῦνται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἰρυντο or ἐρυντο, 3 pl. εἰρυντο or εἰρύατο:—to draw to one's own side; ξίφος ἐρύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρύσασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἐρύεσθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, guard. 3. to keep off, ward off; ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔγχετο ἔρυντο it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, hold in honour; θέμιστας εἰρύαται they maintain laws.

ἔρχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἔργω, εἰργω:—ἔρχατο (or ἐέρχατο), 3 pl. plqpf.

ἔρχατάομαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἔρχατος, ὁ, (ἔργω) a fence, enclosure, hedge.

ἔρχατόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔρχατάομαι.

ἔρχθεις, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἔργω, εἰργω.

ἘΡΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἤρχόμην:—the tenses are formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἤλυθον, syncop. ἤλθον Dor. ἤνθον; later also aor. 1 ἤλθα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. εἰλήλουθα, 1 pl. εἰλήλουθμεν, part. εἰληλουθώς: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐληλύθεε Ep. εἰληλούθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return:—in Homer with cognate words, as, ὁδόν or κέλευθον ἐλθεῖν; also poet., ἀγγελίην ἐλθεῖν to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίοιο ἐλθεῖν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ἔρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἔρχομαι ἐρέων I am going to tell, Fr. je vais dire.

II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἔρχεσθαι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πᾶν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. 3. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with διὰ and its case, periph. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινι ἔρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἔρχεσθαι for πολεμεῖν, etc.

ἔρψω, ἔρψομεν, Dor. 1 sing. and pl. fut. of ἔρπω.

ἔρψ, dat. of ἔρος, love: see ἔρως.

ἘΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἐρέω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγορεύω being used as pres. and ἔπον as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. εἶρηκα, pass. εἶρημαι, plqpf. pass. εἰρήμην; aor. 1 pass. ἐρρήθην and ἐρρέθην, inf. ῥηθῆναι; fut. pass. ῥηθήσομαι, fut. 3 εἰρήσομαι:—I will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do; εἰρητό οἱ, c. inf., it had been told him to do.

II. ἐρέω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres. = ἔρομαι, εἶρομαι, to ask for or after.

ἘΡΩΔΙΟΣ, ὁ, the heron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

ἔρωείτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

ἔρωέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 1 ἔρώησα Ep. ἐρώησα:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at intervals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος οὐ ποτ' ἔρωει the cloud never leaves it. II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to ῥώομαι.) Hence

ἔρωή, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δουρὸς ἐρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λικμητήρος ἐρωή the force or swing of the winnow's (shovel). 2. an impulse, desire.

II. a retreat from, rest from; πολέμου ἐρωή.

ἔρωῆσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἔρωέω: ἐρωήσαιτε, 2 pl. opt.

ἔρω-μανέω, f. ἦσω, (ἔρως, μαίνομαι) to be madly in love. Hence

ἔρωμᾶνία, ἡ, mad love.

ἔρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of

ἔρωμενος, ὁ, ἔρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἐράω, a loved one, one's love.

ἔρως, ατος, ὁ: heterocl. dat. ἔρψ (from ἔρος), acc. ἔρων, for regular dat. ἔρωτι, acc. ἔρωτα: (ἔρος):—love: desire for a thing. II. as prop. n., the god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἔρωτες the Loves. Hence

ἔρωτᾶριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἔρωτάω Ion. εἰρ-, f. ἦσω: aor. 1 ἤρώησα: (ἔρομαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτη-

θέν *the question*. II. *to question a person*. III. *to ask, solicit, beg*. Hence

ἐρώτημα, ατος, τό, *a question*; ἐρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήματος *the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers*.

ἐρώτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρωτάω) *a questioning*.

ἐρωτιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of ἐρωτικός*.

ἐρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρως) *of or caused by love*; ἐρωτική ξυντυχία *a love affair*. 2. *given to love, fond*. Hence

ἐρωτικῶς, Adv. *lovingly, fondly*.

ἐρωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἔρως) *a loved one, darling*. II. as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νῆσοι *islands of love*.

ἐρωτο-γράφος, ον, (ἔρως, γράφω) *writing on love*.

ἐρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (ἔρως, πλανάω) *beguiling love*.

ἐρωτο-πλοῖω, ἡ, ἡσω, (ἔρως, πλοῖος) *to sail on love's ocean*.

ἐρωτύλος, ὁ, (ἔρως) *a darling, sweetheart*. II. as Adj., ἐρωτύλα αἰδεῖν *to sing love-songs*. [ῥ]

ἔς, Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, *to*: for all compounds with ἐσ- see under εἰς-.

ἔς, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵημι.

ἐσ-αγγελεύς, ἐσ-αγγέλλω, for εἰσαγγ-.

ἐσ-αγείρω, v. εἰσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. impf. med. ἐσαγείρετο, Ep. aor. I med. ἐσαγείρατο.

ἐσ-άγω, v. εἰσάγω.

ἐσ-αἰέν, (ἔς, αἰέν) Adv. *for ever*.

ἐσ-αθρέω, ἐσ-ακοντίζω, ἐσ-ακούω, v. sub εἰς-.

ἐσαθρήσαιμι, aor. I opt. of εἰσαθρέω.

ἐσάλλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσάντα, v. εἰσάντα.

ἐσ-άπαξ, Ion. for εἰσαπ-, (ἔς, ἀπαξ) *at once*.

ἐσάπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σήπω.

ἐσ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for εἰσαφικνέομαι.

ἐσ-ἄρασσω, v. εἰσαράσσω.

ἔσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσ-ἄχρι, Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, *until, c. gen.*

ἐσάωθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω.

ἐσάωσα, aor. I of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω.

ἐσβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἐσ-βαίνω, ἐσ-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβάλλω.

ἐσβάς, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἔσβην, aor. 2 of σβέννυμι.

ἐσ-βιβάζω, ἐσ-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή.

ἐσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι.

ἐσ-δίδωμι, ἐσ-δύομαι, ἐσ-δύω, v. εἰσδ-.

ἐσδόμενοι, ἐσδόμεθα, Dor. for ἐζόμενοι, ἐζόμεθα.

ἔσαι, ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔσῃ, ἔσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἐσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι.

ἐσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

ἔσ-εἰμι, v. εἴσεμι.

ἐσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσεμασσάμην, Ep. aor. I of εἰσμαίομαι (cf. ἐπιμαίομαι), *to touch*; μάλα γὰρ με θάνατον ἐσεμάσατο

θυμόν for by his death he very much *touched me in heart*.

ἔσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέταμαι.

ἔσεργύναι, Ion. inf. of εἰσείργω, εἰσείργω.

ἔσ-έρχομαι, v. εἰσέρχομαι.

ἔσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάπτω.

ἔσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσέχω.

ἔσ-έχω, ἔσ-ηθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσηθέω.

ἔσήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσημῆναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω.

ἔσηνα, aor. I of σαίνω.

ἔσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἵημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσθέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθημι.

ἔσθῃω, (ἔσθῃς) *to clothe*:—Pass. *to be clothed, dressed*; mostly in pf. ἤσθηται Ion. ἔσθηται; ἔσθητα ἔσθημένος *clad in raiment*. Hence

ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, *a garment, dress*.

ἔσθην, 3 dual plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσθῃς, ἦτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι) *a garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis*.

ἔσθησις, εως, ἡ, (ἔσθῃω) *clothing, raiment*.

ἔσθῃω, Ep. inf. ἔσθῃμεν: impf. ἤσθιον: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. ἔδω) : pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass. ἐδήδεσμαι: aor. I pass. ἤδέσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφάγον (from Root \*ΦΑΓΩ):—*the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph. to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease; ἔσθῃεν αὐτόν to vex or annoy oneself; ἔσθῃεν τὴν χελύνην to bite the lip*:—Pass. *to be eaten*; οἶκος ἔσθῃεται *the house is eaten up*.

ἔσθλο'ς, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἔσλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός, *good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy: kind, good*. 2. of omens, *good, lucky*. 3. as Subst., ἔσθλά *goods*: absol., ἔσθλόν *good luck*.

ἔσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἔσθλός.

ἔσθορον, Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθρῶσκω.

ἔσθος, εος, τό, = ἔσθῃς, *a dress, garment*.

ἔσθ' ὅτε, for ἔστιν ὅτε, Lat. *est quum, there is a time when, i. e. now and then, sometimes*.

ἔσ-θρῶσκω, v. εἰσθρῶσκω.

ἔσθω, Ep. inf. ἔσθῃμεν, impf. ἤσθον, poet. form of ἔσθῃω, *to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's means*.

ἔσιγάθην [ᾱ], Dor. aor. I pass. of σιγάω.

ἔσιδεῖν, for εἰσιδεῖν, inf. of εἰσεῖδον.

ἔσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσεῖδον.

ἔσιόμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίστημι.

ἔσιζῆται, for εἰσιζῆται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι.

ἔσ-ίημι, ἔσ-ικνέομαι, ἔσ-ίπταμαι, v. εἰς-.

ἔσ-καταβαίνω, v. εἰσκ-.

ἔσκάτθετο, for εἰσκατέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εἰσκατατίθημι.

ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσκέδασα, aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.

ἔσκεμμαι, pf. of σκοπέω.

ἔσκιδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδνυμι.

ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2.

ἔσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum.



ἑσλός, Dor. for ἑσθλός.

ἑσμηχόν, imperf. of σμήχω.

ἑσμός or ἑσμός, ὁ, (ἱμνί) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἑσμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.

ἑσμο-τόκος, ὄν, (ἑσμός, τεκεῖν) producing swarms of bees.

ἑσο, Ep. for ἑσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.

ἑσ-οικέω, ἑσ-οικίζω, v. εἰσ-.

ἑσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence

ἑσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.

ἑσ-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.

ἑσορῶμες, Dor. for εἰσορῶμεν.

ἑσοῦμαι, Dor. for ἑσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum

ἑσόψομαι, fut. of ἑσοράω, εἰσοράω.

ἑσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθᾶω.

ἑσπαρμαι, pf. pass. of σπείρω.

ἑσπείσα, aor. 1 of σπένδω.

ἙΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj.

ἑσπερος: 1. (sub. ὥρα), evening; ἑσπέρας (gen.

of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἑσπέρας after evening, at night-

fall; εἰς or πρὸς ἑσπέραν towards evening: in plur.

the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the

west, Lat. occidentis; τὸ πρὸς ἑσπέρας the west country.

Hence

ἑσπερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑσπέριος.

ἑσπέριος, α, ὄν, and ὄς, ὄν, (ἑσπερος) of Time, in

the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western,

towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

ἑσπερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἑσπέριος, at even-

ing. II. as Subst., αἱ Ἑσπερίδες the Hesperides,

daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island

of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden

apples.

ἙΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ

ἑσπερον ἐλθεῖν they waited for even to come on: ir-

regul. plur. neut. ἑσπερα, τά, the hours of evening,

eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e.

darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening;

ἑσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place,

Western.

ἑσπετε, for εἶπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.

ἑσπόμην, aor. 2 of ἑπομαι; Homer retains ἐ- in all

the moods, imperat. ἑσπέσθω, subj. ἑσπώνται, opt.

ἑσποίμην, inf. ἑσπέσθαι, part. ἑσπόμενος.

ἑσπον, aor. 2 of ἑπω.

ἑσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἑννυμι; ἑσαι, inf. (but also 2

sing. pf. pass.): ἑσσάμενος, aor. 1 part. med.

ἑσσεῖται, 3 sing. of ἑσσοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσσεσθαι, for ἑσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσσενα, Ep. for ἑσενα, aor. 1 of σεύω.

ἑσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἴ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσσο, Ep. for ἑσο, imperat. of ἑννυμι. II. Ep.

2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἑννυμι.

ἑσσομαι, for ἑσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II.

ἑσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἑννυμι.

ἑσδόμαι, Ion. for ἑσάδομαι: imperf. ἑσσομένην:

aor. 1 ἑσώσθην: pf. ἑσσωμαι: Pass.: (ἑσσαν, Ion. for

ἑσσαν):—to be beaten.

ἑσσύμαι, pf. pass. of σεύω: ἑσσύμην, plqpf. with

sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσύμενος, ἡ, ὄν, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and

accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried

on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ἑσ-

σσύμένως hastily, vehemently.

ἑσσυο, ἑσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of

σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσωθῆναι, Ion. for ἑσσηθῆναι, v. ἑσσω.

ἑσσω, Ep. fut. of ἑννυμι.

ἑσσαν, Ion. for ἑσσαν.

\*ἑσταα, pf. 2 of ἑστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to

stand: only in the following forms, dual ἑστατον,

plur. ἑσταμέν, ἑστατε, ἑστασι; inf. ἑσταναι Ep.

ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι; part. ἑσταώς Att. contr. ἑσώς

Ion. ἑστεώς and ἑσθώς, fem. ἑστώσα.

ἑσται, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἑσται,

3 sing. pf. pass. of ἑννυμι.

ἑστάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω.

ἑστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: ἑσταλκα, pf.

ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι [ᾱ], see ἑσταα.

ἑσταμέν, 1 pl. of ἑσταα.

ἑσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἑστημι.

ἑσταναι, for ἑστηκέναι, v. ἑσταα.

ἑσταότες, plur. of ἑσταώς, v. ἑσταα.

ἑστασαν, 3 pl. poet. plqpf. of ἑστημι, they stood, v.

ἑσταα: but 2. ἑστασαν, shortd. for ἑστησαν, 3

pl. aor. 1 of ἑστημι, they placed.

ἑστασι, 3 pl. poet. pf. of ἑστημι; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστατε, 2 plur., and ἑστατον, 2 and 3 dual; see

ἑσταα.

ἑσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρώω.

ἑσ-τε Dor. ἑσ-τε: (ἑς, τέ) Conjunct. till, until, Lat.

donec. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even

to, Lat. usque.

ἑστελα, aor. 1 of στέλλω.

ἑστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

ἑστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

ἑστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στεφανώω.

ἑστεώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἑστημι; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστηκα, ἑστήκειν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἑστημι.

ἑστην, aor. 2 intr. of ἑστημι.

ἑστηξω, ἑστήξομαι, fut. intr. of ἑστημι, I shall or

will stand: cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσκω.

ἑστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στηρίζω: ἑστήρικτο,

plqpf.

ἑστησα, ἑστησάμην, aor. 1 act. and med. of ἑστημι.

ἑσθώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἑστημι; v. ἑσταα.

ἑστία Ion. ἱστίη, ἡ, (ἑζομαι) the hearth of a house;

the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanc-

tuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwell-

ing, home. 3. the household, family. II. as

nom. pr., Ἑστία Ion. ἱστίη, the Roman Vesta,

daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of

the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.

ἑστιᾶμα, ατος, τό, (ἑστιᾶω) a banquet,

ἑστιάρχης, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑστία, ἄρχω) master of a house.

ἑστιάσις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἑστιάω) a feasting, banqueting.  
ἑστιάω, impf. εἰστίων: f. ἑστιάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I εἰσ-  
τιάσα: pf. εἰστιάκα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἑστιά-  
σομαι: aor. I εἰστιάθην: pf. εἰστιάμαι: (ἑστία):—to  
receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast:  
—Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei, to feast  
on; ἑστιάσθαι ἐνύπνιον to have a visionary feast.

ἑστί-οὔχος, ον, (ἑστία, ἔχω) guarding the house or  
state. 2. having an altar or hearth. 3. on the  
hearth or altar.

ἑστιάω, f. ὦσω, (ἑστία) to found a hearth or house:  
—Pass., δῶμα ἑστιοῦται the family is established.

ἑστίχον, aor. 2 of στείχω.  
ἑστίχωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στείχω.  
ἑστίωτης, ον, δ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (ἑστία) of or from  
the house.

ἑστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.  
ἑσ-τοξεύω, = εἰσ-τοξεύω.  
ἑστοργα, pf. of στέργω.  
ἑστόρεσα, aor. 1 of στορέννυμι.  
ἑστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.  
ἑστράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.  
ἑσ-τρίς, (ἑς, τρίς) Adv. until three times, thrice.  
ἑστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι.  
ἑστρωσα, -ῶθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of στρών-  
νυμι.

ἑστρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι.  
ἑστύγον, aor. 2 of στυγέω.  
ἑστωρ, ορος, ὁ, a peg or nail at the end of the pole,  
on which the ring, κρίκος, for fastening the harness  
was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain)

ἑστώς, -ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v.  
ἑσταα.

ἑσύλησα, aor. 1 of σῦλλάω.  
ἑσύνηκα, irreg. for συνήκα, aor. 1 of συνήμι.  
ἑσύρα, aor. 1 of σύρω.  
ἑσύρην [ῡ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.  
ἑσ-ύστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὑστερον, for the future.  
ἑσφάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.  
ἑσφαγμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.  
ἑσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαιρεύω.  
ἑσφάλην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλω.  
ἑσφαλμαι, pf. pass. of σφάλλω.  
ἑσφαξα, aor. 1 of σφάζω, σφάττω.  
ἑσ-φέρω, v. εἰσ-φέρω.  
ἑσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκίω.  
ἑσφηλα, aor. 1 of σφάλλω.  
ἑσ-φορέω, v. εἰσ-φορέω.

ἑσφρῦγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.  
ἙΣΧΑΤΑ Ion. ἑσχάτη, ἡ: Ep. gen. and dat. ἑ-  
σχάροφιν:—the hearth, fire-place, like ἑστία; πυρὸς  
ἑσχάροι watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offer-  
ings. III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence

ἑσχάρεων, ὦνος, ὁ, = ἑσχάρα 1.  
ἑσχάριος, ον, (ἑσχάρα) of or on the hearth.  
ἑσχάροφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἑσχάρα.  
ἑσχάσα, aor. 1 of σχάζω.  
ἑσχάτάω, (ἑσχατος) to be at the edge; only used in

Ep. part., ἑσχατῶν, ὥσα, of men, lurking about the  
edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.

ἑσχάτιά Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (ἑσχατος) the furthest part, the  
edge, border, verge. II. a remote, retired spot.

ἑσχάτιος, ον, poet. for ἑσχατος.

ἑσχάτος, η, ον, (ἐκ, ἐξ) the furthest, uttermost, ex-  
treme; ἑσχατοὶ ἀνδρῶν most remote of mankind:—  
the furthest each way: 1. the uppermost, highest,

Lat. summus. 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. 3. the  
innermost, Lat. intimus.

II. of sufferings, the  
uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἑσχατον,  
τὰ ἑσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἑσχατ'  
ἑσχάτων κακά worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἑσχα-  
τώτατα the extremest. III. Adv. ἑσχάτως, to

the uttermost, extremely: also neut. ἑσχατον as Adv.  
for the last time: Comp. ἑσχατώτερον more extremely,  
Sup. ἑσχατώτατα, most utterly.

ἑσχάτων, ὥσα, Ep. part. of ἑσχατάω.

ἑσχεθον, poet. for ἑσχον, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέ-  
θον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι;  
inf. σχεθεῖν Ep. -εῖν; part. σχέθων.

ἑσ-χέω, for εἰσ-χέω.

ἑσχηκα, ἑσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.

ἑσχίσα, aor. 1 of σχίζω.

ἑσχίσθην, aor. 1 pass. of σχίζω.

ἑσχισμαι, pf. pass. of σχίζω.

ἑσχον, ἑσχόμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.

ἑσχων, impf. of σχάζω.

ἑσω Ep. ἑσσω, fut. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσω, Adv. for εἰσω, within: Comp. ἑσωτέρω, more

witbin: inner:—Sup. ἑσωτάτω, most witbin. Hence

ἑσωθεν and -θε, Adv. from witbin: witbin, inside.

ἑσώθην, aor. 1 pass. of σώζω.

ἑσώματος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from ἑσω, innermost,

Lat. intimus. Adv. ἑσωτάτω, v. ἑσω.

ἑσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from ἑσω, inner, Lat.

interior: Adv. ἑσωτέρω, v. ἑσω.

ἑτάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.

ἑτάζω, f. σω, (ἑτεός) to examine, test.

ἑτάθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of τείνω.

ἑταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἑταῖρος.

ἑταιρεία or -ία Ion. -ῆτις, ἡ, (ἑταῖρος) compani-  
onship: an association, club, brotherhood. II. at

Athens, a political club or union for party pur-  
poses. III. generally, friendship, intimacy.

ἑταιρείος, α, ον, Ion. -ῆτις, η, ον, (ἑταῖρος) of comrades  
or fellowship: Ζεὺς ἑτ. presiding over fellowship.

ἑταιρέω, f. ἡσω, (ἑταῖρα) to be a courtesan.

ἑταιρητή, -ῆτις, Ion. for ἑταιρεία, -εῖος.

ἑταιρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (ἑταῖρος) to be one's comrade  
or companion in arms. 2. = ἑταιρέω, to be a cour-  
tesan. II. Med. to choose for one's comrade.

ἑταιρικός, η, ον, = ἑταιρείος, of or like a comrade,  
social; τὸ ἑταιρικόν = ἑταιρεία.

ἑταῖρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἑταῖρα, a courtesan.

ἑταιρίσσαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of ἑταιρίζω.

ἑταῖρος Ep. and Ion. ἑταῖρος, ὁ, (ἑτης) a companion,  
comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmate,



a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἑταιρότατος. II. ἑταῖρα Ion. ἑταῖρη Ep.

ἑτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυννος, ἡ, ον, friendly: as Subst. a friend. ἑτάκευ, ἑτάκετο, Dor. for ἐτήκου, ἐτήκετο, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

ἐτάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω. ἑτάκον, -όμην, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω.

ἐτάλασσε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of ταλάω. ἑτάμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἑτάξα, aor. I of τάσσω. ἐτάραξα, aor. I of ταραάσσω.

ἐταρίζομαι, Ep. for ἐταιρίζομαι. ἑτάρος, ἑτάρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἐταῖρος, ἐταῖρα.

ἐτάρπην, aor. 2 pass. of τέρπω. ἐτάρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτας, acc. pl. of ἑτης. ἐτάτυμος, Dor. for ἐτήτυμος.

ἐτάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω. ἐτάχθην, aor. I pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτέθαπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of θάπτω. ἐτίθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

ἐτεθήπεα, Ep. plqpf. of τέθηπα. ἐτέθυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) ofθύω.

ἑτειος, α, ον, (ἑτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἑτεκον, ἑτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω. ἑτελείετο, Ep. for ἐτελείετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of τελέω.

ἑτελέσθην, aor. I pass. of τελέω. ἑτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

ἑτεμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω. ἑτεό-κρητες, οἱ, (ἑτεοί, Κρητες) true Cretans.

ἑτεοός, ἁ, ὄν, (perhaps from εἰμί sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἑτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth,

really, truly, verily, Lat. revera:—Att. in ironical questions, ἑτεόν; so! indeed! Lat. itane? Ion. dat. fem. ἑτεῇ is also used as Adv., in truth.

ἑτερ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, ἀλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκία νίκην δοῦναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη ἑτεραλκίας a decisive victory; δῆμος ἑτεραλκίας a body of men which decides the victory. II.

inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. anceps.

ἑτερ-ήμερος, ον, (ἑτερος, ἡμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

ἑτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἑτερος. ἑτερό-γλωσσος Att. -πτος, ον, (ἑτερος, γλῶσσα)

of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue. ἑτερό-γνῦθος, ον, with one side of the mouth harder than the other, of a horse.

ἑτερο-διδασκαλέω, (ἑτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

ἑτερό-δοξος, ον, (ἑτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, heterodox.

ἑτερό-ζηλος, ον, (ἑτερος, ζῆλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἥσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

ἑτερό-ζυγος, ον, (ἑτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

ἑτεροῖος, α, ον, (ἑτερος) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -οίως. Hence

ἑτεροιοῶ, f. ὠσω, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.

ἑτερο-κλινής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, κλινῆναι) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

ἑτερο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἑτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.

ἑτερο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.

ἑτερό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ἑτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

ἑτερορ-ρεπής, ἐς, and ἑτερόρ-ροπος, ον, (ἑτερος, ρέπω) inclined to one side: ἑτερορρεπής Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.

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ἐτέρωσε, (ἕτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side: hence to another place.

ἐτέρωτα, Aeol. for ἐτέρωθι, at another time.

ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκειν, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτετμον, impf. of τέτμω.

ἐτέτυξο, -υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτευξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθην, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἐτηξα, aor. I of τήκω.

ἘΤΗΣ, ον, ὁ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. II. Att. a townsman, neighbour: a private citizen. III. for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτησίαι (sub. άνεμοι), ον, οί, (ἔτος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ον, (ἔτος) a year long, for a year. 2. yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμια, ἡ, truth. From

ἐτητύμος, ον, lengthd. for ἔτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

ἘΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adhuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still. III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἐτι δέ nay more; ἐτ' ἄλλος yet another; ἐτι μᾶλλον yet more.

ἐτίθεις, ἐτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of \*τιθέω = τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμασα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτίναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτίσα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἐτλην Dor. ἐτλᾶν, aor. 2 of the root \*τλάω; but

ἐτλᾶν, Ep. for ἐτλησαν, 3 plur.

ἐτμάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

ἐτμήθην, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐτν-ήρῡσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔτνος, ἄρῡω) a soup-ladle.

ἘΤΝΟΣ, εως, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans: soup, pudding.

ἐτοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα: (ἐτοίμος):—to make or get ready, prepare:—Med., with pf. pass. ἡτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready: c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

ἐτοιμασία, ἡ, a being prepared, preparation: readiness.

ἐτοιμασσαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάζω.

ἘΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἔτοιμος, η, ον, or ος, ον, at hand, ready, prepared; ἐξ ἐτοίμου immediately, off hand. II. τὰ ἔτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτοιμα μᾶλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand. 2. one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt. 2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile. III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

ἐτοιμότης, ητος, ἡ, a being prepared, readiness.

ἐτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (ἐτοίμος, τεμεῖν) ready for cutting.

ἐτοίμως, Adv. of ἔτοιμος, readily: Comp. and Sup., ἐτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

ἔτορον, aor. 2 of τορέω.

ἘΤΟΣ, εως, τό, a year; κατὰ ἔτος every year; ἀνὰ πᾶν ἔτος every year; δι' ἔτους πέμπτου every fifth year; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος year after year.

ἐτός, Adv., = ἐτωσίως, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἐτός not without reason:—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄρ' ὥς ἐμ' ἦλθεν οὐδεπώποτε; it was not for nothing then? (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐτράγον, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἐτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθην, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτράφον, ἐτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἔτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἔτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἔτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἔτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τινρώσκω.

ἐτύθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of θύω.

ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἔτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology.

ἔτυμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἐτεός) true, real, actual: neut. pl. ἔτυμα, truths, the truth: neut. ἔτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπην [ῡ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύφην [ῡ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύφθην, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύχισα, ἐτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτωσιο-εργός, ον, (ἐτώσιος, ἔργον) working in vain.

ἐτώσιος, ον, (ἐτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

εὖ Ep. also εὐ, Adv., properly neut. of εὖς, well, opp. to κακῶς; εὖ καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, happily: εὖ ἔχειν or ἡκεῖν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ἡκεῖν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living: εὖ γεγενῶς well born. II. as Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ εὖ νικάτω may the right prevail. III. in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

εὖ, Ion. for οὖ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.

εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελος):—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the gospel:—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have the gospel preached to one:—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) the reward of good



*tidings*:—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναδῆσαι τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. II. *the glad tidings, the gospel*.

εὐαγγελιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels.

εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news.

εὐ-ἀγέω, f. ἦσω, to be pure, holy. From

εὐ-ἀγής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγος) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat. castus, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐἀγέως.

εὐ-ἀγής, ἐς, (ἀγω) moving well, nimble.

εὐ-ἀγής, ἐς, = εὐανγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα

εὐαγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.

εὐ-ἀγητος, ον, = εὐαγής, bright, clear. [ā]

εὐ-ἀγκᾶλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the arms.

εὐ-αγκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγκος) with fair valleys or glades.

εὐ-ἀγορέω, Dor. for εὐηγορέω.

εὐαγρεσία, ἡ, good sport in hunting. From

εὐ-αγρίω, (εὐ, ἄγρα) to have good sport. Hence

εὐαγρία, ἡ, good sport in hunting, fishing, etc.

εὐ-αγρος, ον, (εὐ, ἄγρα) lucky in the chase, successful.

εὐ-αγωγός, ὄν, (εὐ, ἄγω) easily led, docile.

εὐ-ἀγων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ā]

εὐᾶδε, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

εὐᾶζω or εὐᾶίζω, (εὐᾶ) to cry εὐᾶ in honour of Bacchus:—also in Med. εὐᾶζομαι.

εὐ-ἀής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀήμι) with a good breeze, airy. II.

act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.

εὐ-ἀθλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀθλος) successful in contests.

εὐ-αἰνήτος, ον, (εὐ, αἰνέω) much-extolled.

εὐ-αίρετος, ον, (εὐ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.

εὐ-αἰών, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αἰών) of happy life, generally, happy; εὐαίων ὕπνος blessed sleep.

εὐ-ἀκοέω, εὐᾶκοος, Dor. for εὐήκ-.

εὐ-ἀλάκατος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλ-.

εὐ-αλδής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀλδαίνω) well-grown, luxuriant.

εὐ-ἄλιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ā]

εὐ-ἀλφίτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλφιτον) of good meal.

εὐ-ἀλωτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλῶναι) easy to be taken. [ā]

εὐ-ἀμπελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀμπελος) with fine vines.

εὐᾶν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εὐᾶ, εὐοῖ.

εὐ-ἀνάκλητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.

εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundance of men, store of good men. II.

manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From

εὐ-ανδρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνὴρ) abounding in good men and true. II. prosperous to men.

εὐ-ἀνεμος [ā], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.

εὐ-ἀνθεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery.

εὐανθήω, f. ἦσω, to be flowery or blooming. From

εὐ-ανθής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄνθος) blooming, budding. II.

rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2.

also blooming, fresh.

εὐ-ἀνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήνιος. [ā]

εὐ-ἀνορία, ἡ, Dor. for εὐηνορία.

εὐ-ἀντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious.

εὐ-ἀνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ā]

εὐ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid of: easy to dispose of.

εὐ-ἀπάτητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπάτάω) easily cheated.

εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.

εὐ-ἀπόβᾶτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.

εὐ-ἀποτείχιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be walled off or blockaded.

εὐᾶρεστέω, f. ἦσω, to be well-pleasing. From

εὐ-ἀρεστος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-ἀρέστως, Comp. -τοτέρως.

εὐ-ἀρίθμητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.

εὐ-ἀρκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχω) well-governed: submissive.

εὐ-ἀρματος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.

εὐαρμοστία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From

εὐ-ἀρμοστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμόζω) well-adapted, accommodating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.

εὐ-ἀρνος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.

εὐ-ἀροτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρόω) well-ploughed, easy to be ploughed.

εὐ-ἀρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning.

εὐᾶς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐᾶ) Bacchic, Bacchanalian.

εὐᾶσμα, ἄτος, τό, (εὐᾶζω) a Bacchanalian shout.

εὐᾶσμός, ὁ, (εὐᾶζω) the cry of εὐᾶ, a shout of revelry, esp. of Bacchic revelry.

εὐᾶστειρα, ἡ, fem. of εὐᾶστήρ.

εὐᾶστήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, and εὐᾶστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐᾶζω) a Bacchanal.

εὐᾶτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.

εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.

εὐ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αὐχὴν) with beautiful neck.

εὐ-ἀφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀφηγέομαι) easy to describe.

εὐ-ἀχής, εὐ-ἀχητος [ā], Dor. for εὐήχης, εὐήχητος.

εὐ-βάστακτος, ον, (εὐ, βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear.

εὐ-βᾶτος, ον, (εὐ, βατός) accessible: passable.

εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὐ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids.

Εὐβοία, as Ion. ης, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.

εὐβολέω, f. ἦσω, to make a good throw. From

εὐ-βολος, ον, (εὐ, βαλεῖν) throwing luckily. Adv. εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβοτος) good feeding.

εὐ-βόστρυχος, ον, with beautiful locks.

εὐ-βοτος, ον, (εὐ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good pasture. II. well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-βότρυς, ον, and εὐ-βοτρύς, υ, gen. vos, (εὐ, βότρύς) rich in grapes.

εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From

εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὐ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.

εὐ-βους, ον, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.

εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὐ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γάθης, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-.

εὖ-γε, Adv. for εὖ γε, Lat. *euge! well done! well said! capital! bravo!*

εὖ-γειος, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile.

εὐγένεια, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, high descent. II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὐ-γένειος Ep. ἡῦ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded.

εὐ-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, = sq.

εὐ-γενής Ep. εὐη-γενής and ἡῦ-γενής, ἐς, (εὖ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. III. of animals, high-bred, noble.

εὐ-γενία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, = εὐγένεια.

εὖ-γεως, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγειος.

εὐ-γηθής, ἐς, and εὐ-γήθητος, ον, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρως) happy old age.

εὐ-γηρως, υ, sweet-sounding.

εὐ-γηρως, ον, (εὖ, γῆρας) happy in old age.

εὐ-γλάγετος, ον, εὐ-γλαγής, ἐς, and εὐ-γλαγος, ον, (εὖ, γλάγος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐγλαγι, as if from εὐ-γλαξ.

εὐ-γλυπτος, ον, and εὐ-γλυφής, ἐς, (εὖ, γλύφω) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -τία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From

εὐ-γλωσσος Att. -τος, ον, (εὖ, γλωσσα) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II.

act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμα, ατος, τό, (εὐχομαι) like εὐχος, a boast. II.

= εὐχή, a prayer.

εὐ-γναμπτος Ep. εὐγν-, ον, (εὖ, γνάμπω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From

εὐ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible,

prudent:—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὐ-γνωστος, ον, (εὖ, γινώσκω) well-known, familiar.

εὐ-γομφος, ον, (εὖ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From

εὐ-γονος, ον, (εὖ, γονή) fruitful, prolific. II.

εὐ-γραμμος, ον, (εὖ, γραμμή) well-drawn.

εὐ-γραφής, ἐς, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. II.

act. writing or drawing well.

εὐ-γώνιος, ον, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular.

εὐ-δαίδαλος, ον, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμόνημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σω, (εὐδαίμων) to account happy.

εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐδαίμων) of or tending to happiness: of persons, happy. Adv. -κῶς, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαίμων, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -ίστατα.

εὐ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὐ-δάκρυτος, ον, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὐ-δείελος, ον, (εὖ, δέελος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὐ-δειπνος, ον, (εὖ, δειπνον) honoured with rich feasts. II. εὐδαιτοι δαίτες luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εὐδω.

εὐ-δενδρος, ον, (εὖ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees.

εὐδεσκον, Ion. impf. of εὐδω.

εὐ-δηλος, ον, (εὖ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδω.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὐ-διάβατος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὐ-διαίτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὐ-δίατος, ον, (εὖ, δίατα) living temperately.

εὐ-διανός, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐδῖος, warm.

εὐδιάω, f. ἥσω, (εὐδία) to be calm.

εὐ-δικία, ἡ, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὐ-δίνητος, ον, (εὖ, δινέω) easily turning or turned.

εὐ-διος, ον, (εὖ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear: genial: of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup.

εὐδιέστερος, -ίστατος; also εὐδιαίτερος.

εὐ-δημος Ep. εὐδ-, ον, (εὖ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὐ-δοκῶ, f. ἥσω: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμῶ, f. ἥσω: impf. and aor. I ηὐδοκίμουν, ηὐδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδοκίμος):—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular: εὐδοκίμειν ἐν τινι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμία, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὐ-δόκιμος, ον, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὐ-δοξος, ον, (εὖ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὐ-δρακής, ἐς, (εὖ, δρακεῖν) sharp-sighted.

εὐ-δροςος, ον, well-bedewed, abounding in water.

ΕΥΔΩ, impf. ηὐδον Ep. εὐδον: fut. εὐδήσω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II.

metaph. to rest, be still or busied: to cease.

εὐ-ἔανος, ον, (εὖ, ἔανόν) richly-digbt, well-clad.

εὐ-εδρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὐ-ἔθειρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-haired.

εὐ-εἰδής, ἐς, (εὖ, εἶδος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὐ-εἶλος, ον, (εὖ, εἶλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὐ-εἶμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὐ-εἶρος Att. εὐερος, ον, (εὖ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὐ-ἐλεγκτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὐ-ἐλπις, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐελπι, gen. ἰδος, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine; εὐελπίς εἰμι, c. inf. to be of good hope that.

εὐ-ἐξάλειπτος, ον, easy to blot out or erase.

εὐ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.



εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὖ, ἔξις) a good habit of body, good state of health: generally, good condition, good case.  
 εὐ-έξοδος, ον, easy to get out of or escape from.  
 εὐέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. =  
 εὐφημία, words of good omen. From  
 εὐ-επής, ἐς, (εὖ, ἔπος) well-speaking, eloquent. 2.  
 making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.  
 εὐ-επία, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.  
 εὐ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.  
 εὐ-επίθετος, ον, (εὖ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked; εὐεπίθετον ἐστί τιμι it is easy for one to make an attack.  
 εὐ-επίτακτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange: tractable.  
 εὐεργασία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From  
 εὐεργετώ, f. ἤσω: in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐεργέτουν, εὐεργέτησα, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργέτης):—to do well, do good. II. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετῆσθαι τι to have a kindness done one. Hence  
 εὐεργέτημα, ατος, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.  
 εὐ-εργέτης, ον, ὁ, (εὖ, \*ἔργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.  
 εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.  
 εὐεργετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐεργέτης) disposed to do good.  
 εὐ-εργέτις, ἰδος, fem. of εὐεργέτης.  
 εὐ-εργής, ἐς, (εὖ, \*ἔργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐεργεία, good deeds, benefits.  
 εὐ-εργός, ὄν, (εὖ, \*ἔργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.  
 εὐ-ερκής, ἐς, (εὖ, ἔρκος) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.  
 εὐ-έρκτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for εὐεργέτης.  
 εὐ-ερνής, ἐς, (εὖ, ἔρνος) sprouting well, flourishing.  
 εὐ-ερος, Att. for εὐειρος.  
 εὐ-εστῶ, οὖς, ἡ, (εὖ, εἰμί sumi) well-being, prosperity.  
 εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὖ, ἔτος) a good season.  
 εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.  
 εὐ-εύρετος, ον, (εὖ, εἰρίσκω) easy to find.  
 εὐ-έφοδος, ον, easy to assail.  
 εὐ-ζήλος, ον, emulous in good:—Adv. -ζήλως.  
 εὐ-ζυγος Ep. εὐζυγος, ον, (εὖ, ζυγόν m) of a ship, well-benched.  
 εὐ-ζυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.  
 εὐ-ζῶα, Dor. for εὐζωία.  
 εὐ-ζωνος Ep. εὐζωνος, ον, (εὖ, ζώνη) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace alte praecinctus: unencumbered, Lat. expeditus.

εὐ-ζωρος, ον, (εὖ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp. -ζωρότερος, also irreg. -έστερος.  
 εὐη-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.  
 εὐ-ηγεσία, ἡ, (εὖ, ἡγέομαι) good government.  
 εὐ-ηγορέω, f. ἤσω, (εὖ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.  
 εὐήθεια or εὐηθία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From  
 εὐ-ήθης, ἐς, (εὖ, ἥθος) well-disposed, single-bearded, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv. εὐήθως, Sup. -έστατα.  
 εὐηθία, ἡ, Ion. for εὐήθεια.  
 εὐηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. -κῶς, in simple fashion.  
 εὐ-ήκης, ἐς, (εὖ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged.  
 εὐ-ήκοος, ον, (εὖ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to bear.  
 εὐ-ηλάκᾱτος Dor. εὐᾱλακ-, ον, (εὖ, ἡλακάτη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.  
 εὐ-ήλατος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλαύνω) easy to drive or ride over; πεδῖον εὐήλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.  
 εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ον, (εὖ, ἥλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. apricus:—Adv. -ίως, with bright, sunny weather.  
 εὐ-ημερέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence  
 εὐημερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.  
 εὐ-ήμερος, ον, (εὖ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propitious. 2. cheerful, happy.  
 εὐηνεμία, ἡ, a fair wind. From  
 εὐ-ήνεμος, ον, (εὖ, ἄνεμος) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.  
 εὐ-ήνιος, ον, (εὖ, ἡνία) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.  
 εὐηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From  
 εὐ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ἀνὴρ) giving manhood, inspiring. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.  
 εὐ-ήρατος, ον, (εὖ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.  
 εὐ-ήρετος, ον, (εὖ, ἐρετμός) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.  
 εὐ-ήρης, ἐς, (εὖ, ἀρᾶρεῖν) well-fitted or put together: well-joined, easy to handle.  
 εὐ-ήτριος, ον, (εὖ, ἡτριον) well-woven. II. aci. weaving well.  
 εὐ-ήχης, ἐς, (εὖ, ἤχος) well-sounding, tuneful.  
 εὐ-ήχητος, ον, well-sounding: loud-sounding.  
 εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὖ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.  
 εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, (εὖ, θάλος) growing well, flourishing.  
 εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for εὐθηλής.  
 εὐθαρσέω, f. ἤσω, to be of good courage. From  
 εὐ-θαρήτης, ἐς, (εὖ, θάρσος) of good courage:—Adv. -σῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.  
 εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.  
 εὐ-θεράπευτος, ον, (εὖ, θεραπεύω) easily healed. II. easily won by kindness or attention.

εὐθετέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐθετος) to be well-arranged, convenient. 2. trans. to set in order, arrange well.  
 εὐθετίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From εὐ-θετος, ον, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use.  
 εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway.  
 εὐ-θηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, θήγω) sharpening well.  
 εὐ-θηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, rare form for εὐθηλής.  
 εὐ-θηλής Dor. -θαλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θηλή) well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.  
 εὐ-θηλος, ον, (εὐ, θηλή) with distended udder.  
 εὐθημοσύνη, ἡ, good order, good management: a habit of good order. From  
 εὐ-θήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-made. II. act. orderly, setting in order.  
 εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήην. Hence  
 εὐθηνία, ἡ, abundance.  
 εὐ-θήρατος, ον, (εὐ, θηράω) easily caught or won.  
 εὐ-θηρος, ον, (εὐ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. II. (θηρες) abounding in game.  
 εὐ-θήσαυρος, ον, well-stored, precious.  
 εὐ-θνήσιμος, ον, (εὐ, θνήσκω) with easy death.  
 εὐ-θοίνος, ον, (εὐ, θοίνη) with rich banquet: copious.  
 εὐ-θορύβητος, ον, (εὐ, θορυβέω) easily confounded.  
 εὐ-θριγκος, ον, (θριγκός) with good coping or cornice.  
 εὐ-θριξ Ep. εὐ-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θρίξ) with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed. II. made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.  
 εὐ-θρονος Ep. εὐθρονος, ον, (εὐ, θρόνος) with beautiful seat or throne.  
 εὐ-θροος, ον, (εὐ, θρόος) loud-sounding.  
 εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, used as Adv.  
 εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὐθύ, γλῶσσα) of straight tongue, honest of tongue.  
 εὐθύδικία, ἡ, an open, fair trial. From  
 εὐθύ-δικος, ον, or η, ον, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging righteously.  
 εὐθυδρομέω, f. ἤσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From  
 εὐθύ-δρομος, ον, running a straight course.  
 εὐθυ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) accurately wrought.  
 εὐθυ-μάχης, ον, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ον, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting.  
 εὐθυμέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐθυμος) to be of good cheer. II. trans. to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer. Hence  
 εὐ-θυμητέον, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful.  
 εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity.  
 εὐ-θυμος, ον, (εὐ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited. III. Adv. εὐθύμως, cheerfully; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.  
 εὐθύναι, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύναι, αἱ, (εὐθύνω) an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύναι ἀπαιτεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύναι διδόναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύναι ὀφλεῖν to be

bound to do so.

II. correction, chastisement.

Hence

εὐθύνος, ὁ, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten.

II. a corrector, chastiser.

εὐθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνω) a director, corrector. II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ οἶαξ the guiding rudder.

εὐθυντηρία, ἡ, the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from

εὐθυντήριος, α, ον, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling.

εὐθυντής, οὐ, ὁ, = εὐθυντήρ.

εὐθύνω, fut. ὕνω, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, govern. 3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise.

III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.

εὐθύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (εὐθύ, πνέω) straight-blowing.

εὐθύ-πομπος, ον, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight.

εὐθύπορεύω, f. ἤσω, to go straight forward; πότμος εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐθυπορεῖν δρόμον to go a straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, ον, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, honest.

εὐ-θυρσος, ον, with beautiful thyrsus.

ΕΥΘΥΣ, εὐθεῖα, εὐθύ, = the Ion. form ἰθύς, straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, honest:—in Adverb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately. II.

as Adv. εὐθύς and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards... εὐθὺ Πιλλήνης.

2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θέρος εὐθὺς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.

εὐ-θύσανος, ον, (εὐ, θύσανος) well-fringed.

εὐθύτης, ητος, ἡ, (εὐθύς) straightness. II. metaph. honesty, justice. [ῥ]

εὐθύ-τομος, ον, (εὐθύ, τεμεῖν) cut straight, straight.

εὐθύ-φρων, ον, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded.

εὐθύ-ωρος, ον, also α, ον, (εὐθύ, ὥρα) in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύς II.

εὐ-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θώραξ) well-mailed.

εὐάζω, v. εὐάζω.

εὐάκος, ἡ, ὅν, (εὐίος) Bacchic: fem. εὐάς, ἄδος.

εὐ-ίερος, ον, (εὐ, ἱερός) very holy, ballowed.

Εὐίος, ὁ, Evius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εὐᾶ, εὐοῖ.

II. εὐίος, ον, Adj. Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.

εὐ-ἵππος, ον, of persons, delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.

εὐ-ἰστος, ον, (εὐ, ἴσημι) of good knowledge.

εὐ-ἰσχιος, ον, (εὐ, ἰσχίον) with beautiful hips.

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ον, (εὐ, καθαιρέω) easy to overbrow.

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κατέχω) easy to keep down.

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐκαιρος) to have good opportu-



nity, have leisure:—εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαίρως opportune: at leisure; Comp. -ύτερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κάλια, Dor. for εὐκηλ-.

εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὐ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [α]

εὐ-καμπής, ἐς, (εὐ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved.

εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὐ, καρδία) good of heart, stout-hearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. -ίως, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific.

εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλύω) easy to overthrow.

εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὐ, καταφέρωμαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὐ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὐ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame.

εὐ-κέατος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὐ, κεάζω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κέλαδος, ον, sounding well, melodious.

εὐ-κεντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κέραος, ον, and εὐκερως, ον, gen. ωτος, (εὐ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκηλήτειρα, ἡ, she that lulls, soothes. From

εὐκηλος Dor. εὐκάλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἔκηλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὐ, κισσός) ivied.

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [ι]

εὐ-κλής, ἐς, acc. εὐκλέα contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλέα, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. εὐκλείας: (εὐ, κλέος):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλεία Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλείη, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλείζω Ion. εὐκλήζω, f. σω, to praise, laud.

εὐκλείης, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλείης: Adv. εὐκλείως.

εὐ-κλεινος, ον, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήης or εὐ-κλήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὐ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐκληρίω, f. ἡσω, to have a good lot. From

εὐ-κληρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὐ, κλώθω) well-spun.

εὐ-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κνήμις) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. εὐκνήμιδες, εὐκνήμιδας. [ι]

εὐ-κνήμιος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

εὐ-κοινόμητις, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κόλλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) gluing well, sticky.

εὐ-κόλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλον) of good digestion: gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κόλπος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὐκόλος, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κομιδής, ἐς, (εὐ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

εὐ-κομος Ep. ἡύκ-, ον, (εὐ, κόμη) thick-haired.

εὐ-κομπος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὐ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From

εὐ-κοσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:—Adv. -μως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραιρος, ον, or α, ον, (εὐ, κραιρα) with fine horns.

εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mixing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From

εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking:—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρηνος, ον, (εὐ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκρατος.

εὐ-κρίθος, ον, (εὐ, κριθή) rich in barley.

εὐκρίνέω, f. ἡσω, to keep distinct and in order. From

εὐ-κρίνης, ἐς, (εὐ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. -νῶς

Ion. -νίως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὐ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὐ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότητος, ον, (εὐ, κροτίω) well-welded, well-wrought, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὐ, κρύπτω) easy to bide.

εὐκταῖος, α, ον, (εὐχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτιάωνος, ον, (εὐ, κτέανον) with fine possessions.

εὐ-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, κτήμα) with fair possessions.

εὐ-κτητος, ον, (εὐ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

εὐ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, = εὐκτίμενος.

εὐκτός, ἡ, ὁν, (εὐχομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for.

εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλικος, ον, (εὐ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup.

εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβία, ἡ, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. -ήσομαι or pass. -ηθήσομαι: aor. I pass. ηὐλαβήθη or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβής):

—to be cautious, circumspect, discreet:—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. to beware of. 2. to watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.  
εὐ-λαβής, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβεῖν) taking in hand cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβίη, see εὐλάβεια.

εὐλαβῶς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, cautiously: Comp. -εστέρως.

εὐλάζω, f. ζω, old Dor. Verb. to plough.

εὐ-λαῖγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐλιθος.

εὐλάκα, ἡ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λάλος, ον, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ον, (εὐ, λάχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λειμος, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, λειμών) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: happy in marriage.

εὐ-λεξίς, ι, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λεχής, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed.

ΕΥ'ΑΗ', ἡ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-ληκτος, ον, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-ληπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take bold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take bold: Sup. -ότατα.

εὐληρα, ον, τά, old Ep. word for ἡνια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὐ, λίμην) with good harbours.

εὐλογέω, f. ἤσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ἡύλ-, aor. I εὐλόγησα or ἡύλ-: (εὐλογος):—to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἡ, ὅν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἡ, (εὐλογέω) good-speaking, fair-speaking. II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὐ, λογίζομαι) easy to reckon. II. rightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ον, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρως.

εὐ-λοέτειρα, ἡ, (εὐ, λουτρύν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ον, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχεύω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ον, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, ὁ, = εὐλυρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ον, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2. metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἡ, docility.

εὐ-μαθής, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp. -έστερον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ἡ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

εὐ-μαλλος, ον, of fine wool.

εὐ-μάλος, Dor. for εὐμηλος.

εὐ-μάρᾰθος, ον, (εὐ, μάρathon) abounding in fennel.

εὐμάρεια, ἡ, easiness, ease, convenience; εὐμαρεία χρῆσθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. alvum exonerare, to ease oneself. From

εὐ-μάρης, ἐς, (εὐ, μάρη = χεῖρ) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μαρίη, Ion. for εὐμάρεια.

εὐμαρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμαρῶς poet. -έως, Adv. of εὐμαρής, gently.

εὐ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μέλανος, ον, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐμένεια, ἡ, (εὐμενής) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμενέτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend: fem. εὐμενέτειρα.

εὐμενέω, f. ἤσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἡ, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια.

Εὐμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμενής) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name Ἐρινύες.

εὐμενία, ἡ, poet. for εὐμένεια.

εὐμενίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Med., (εὐμενής) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐμενής, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρως.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὐ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μηλος, ον, (εὐ, μῆλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μήρῡτος, ον, (εὐ, μηρύω) easy to spin or draw out.

εὐμηχανία, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From

εὐ-μήχανος, ον, (εὐ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίσητος, ον, (εὐ, μίσέω) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μίτος, ον, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μιτρος, ον, (εὐ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, ὁ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελίω, Dor. -ίας, gen. -ία: (εὐ, μελία) armed with good aspen spear.

εὐ-μνήμων, ον, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp. Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρως ἔχειν to be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ον, (εὐ, μιμνήσκομαι) well-remembering, mindful.

εὐ-μοῖρος, ον, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune, wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἤσω, to sing well. From



εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.  
 εὐμορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From  
 εὐ-μορφος, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.  
 εὐμουσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From  
 εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μοῦσα) *skilled in the arts of the Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing: musical, melodious*.

εὐμοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.  
 εὐ-μῦθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.  
 εὐ-μῦκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellowing*.  
 εὐνάζω, f. ἄσω: in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνασα or ἤνυ-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἤνυ-: (εὐνή):—*to lay in bed, put to sleep: also to lay in ambush: of animals, to lay their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep: of birds, to roost*. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep*.

εὐ-ναιετάων, ουσα, ον, (εὐ, ναιετάω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐ-ναιόμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch: εὐναῖος λαγώς a hare in its form: εὐναῖαι πτέρυγες wings over the nest*. 2. *wedded*. 3. *of pain, making one keep one's bed*. II. (εὐνή II) *of or for anchorage: hence steadying or guiding a ship*.

εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάζω) *convenient for sleeping in*.  
 εὐναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάζω) *a bedfellow*. Hence  
 εὐνάτειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνητ-.  
 εὐνατήριον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.  
 εὐνάω, f. ἤσω:—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην: pf. εὐνημαι: (εὐνή):—*to lull to sleep: also to lay in ambush*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed: go to sleep: also to be bedded with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged*.

εὐνέτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ or εὐνήτηρ.

ΕΥΝΗ, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird:—also the grave*. 2. *the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage*. II. in plur. εὐναί, *stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land: ἐκ δ' εὐνὰς ἔβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδησαν*.

εὐνηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.  
 εὐνηθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. *out of bed*.  
 εὐνηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.  
 εὐνημα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.  
 εὐνηταιρα, fem. of εὐνητήρ, *a wife*.  
 εὐνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, husband*.  
 εὐ-νητος Ep. εὐν-νητος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spun or woven, of fine texture*.

εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήτειρα.  
 εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = εὐνητήρ.  
 εὐνήφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.  
 εὐνις, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ιος; in pl. εὐνιες or εὐνιδες:—*rest of, bereaved of*. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.  
 εὐνις, ιδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.  
 εὐν-νητος, Ep. for εὐνητος.

εὐνοέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐνοος) *to be well-disposed or friendly:—Pass. to be kindly treated*.

εὐνοῖα, ἡ, poet. also εὐνοῖα Ep. εὐνοίη, (εὐνοος) *good will, kindness: in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings:—κατ' εὐνοίαν out of kindness, favourably: so, μετ' εὐνοίας, ὑπ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοία*. Hence

εὐ-νοῖκός, ἡ, ὅν, *of kind, benevolent character*. Adv., εὐνοῖκῶς ἔχειν *to be kindly disposed*.

εὐνομέομαι, f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην: (εὐνομος):—*to have good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly*. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *good order, order*. From  
 εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-ordered, orderly*.

εὐ-νοος, ον, Att. contr. εὐ-νους, ον, pl. εὐνοί: (εὐ, νόος, νοῦς):—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent:—Comp. εὐνούστερος Ion. -οέστερος; Sup. -ούστατος*.

εὐνουχίζω, f. ἴσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From  
 εὐν-οῦχος, ὁ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τὴν εὐνὴν ἔχοντες, guardians of the bed)*.

εὐντα, Dor. for εὐντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί sum.

εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, νωμάω) *swiftly moving*.  
 εὐ-νωσ, Adv. of εὐνοος, εὐνους, *kindly*.

εὐξαίμην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.  
 εὐ-ξαντος, ον, (εὐ, ξαίνω) *well-carded, of wool*.

εὐ-ξενος Ion. εὐ-ξείνος, ον, (εὐ, ξένος) *kind to strangers, hospitable: ἀνδρῶν εὐξενος the guest-chamber: πόντος εὐξείνος the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξενος the inhospitable*.

εὐ-ξεστος Ep. εὐξεστος, ον, or η, ον, *well-polished*.

εὐ-ξοος Ep. εὐξοος, ον, Ep. gen. εὐξου, (εὐ, ξέω) = εὐξεστος.

εὐ-ξύμβλητος, εὐ-ξύμβολος, εὐ-ξύμετος, Att. for εὐσ-.

εὐοδέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐοδος) *to have a free passage, of running water*. Hence

εὐοδία, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.  
 εὐ-οδμος, ον, (εὐ, ὁδμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.  
 εὐ-οδος, ον, (εὐ, ὁδός) *easy to travel through: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδώτατος*. Hence

εὐ-οδώ, f. ὠσω: Pass., f. -οδωθήσομαι: aor. I -ωδώθην:—*to put in the right way, help on the way: Pass. to prosper, be successful*.

εὐοῖ, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. *evoe!*

εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.  
 εὐοπλέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.  
 εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments*. From

εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὀπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.

εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From  
 εὐ-οργητος, ον, (εὐ, ὀργή) *good-tempered, free from passion*. Adv. -τως, *with good temper*.

εὐορκέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath*. Hence

εὐορκησία, ἡ, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.  
εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From  
εὐ-ορκος, ον, (εὐ, ὄρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths,  
δμῦναι εὐορκα (as Adv.) to swear truly; εὐορκόν  
[ἔστι] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence  
εὐόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.

εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, according to one's oath.  
εὐ-ορμος, ον, with good anchorage: of ships, safe at anchor.

εὐ-ορνίς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὀρνίς) of good augury, auspicious. II. abounding in birds.

εὐ-όροφος, ον, (εὐ, ἐρέφω) well-roofed.

εὐ-όφθαλμος, ον, with beautiful eyes. II. pleasing to the eyes. III. specious.

εὐ-οφρυς, υ, (εὐ, ὀφρύς) with fine eyebrows.

εὐ-οχέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) to treat, tend well.

εὐοχθέω, f. ἥσω, to be in plenty. From

εὐ-οχθος, ον, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.

εὐ-παγής, ἐς, (εὐ, παγῆναι) well put together, compact.

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, enjoyment of good things, the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments, luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθίᾳ εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make merry. [α] From

εὐπαθίω, f. ἥσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make merry, live comfortably. From

εὐ-παθής, ἐς, (εὐ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case, comfortable.

εὐ-παθίη, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.

εὐπαιδία, ἡ, a goodly race of children. From

εὐ-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, παῖς) blest with children, with many or good children; γόνος εὐπαις a noble son.

εὐ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπηκτος.

εὐ-πάλαμος, ον, (εὐ, πάλαμη) bandy, ingenious: inventive.

εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὐ, παράγω) easy to lead away.

εὐ-πάρᾱος, ον, Dor. for εὐπάρεος, -ηος.

εὐ-παράπειστος, ον, easily led aside.

εὐ-πάρεδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to.

εὐ-πάρεος, ον, (εὐ, παρειά) with beauteous cheeks.

εὐ-πάρθενος, ον, famed for fair maidens. II.

εὐπάρθενος Δίρκη Dircé, happy maid!

εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὐ, παροξύνω) easily irritated.

εὐ-παρύφος, ον, (εὐ, παρυφή) with a handsome border.

εὐ-πατέρα, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire: belonging to a noble father.

εὐ-πατρίδης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, πατήρ) of good or noble father, of noble family. II. at Athens, the Εὐ-πατρίδαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the γεωμόροι the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὐ-πατρὶς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.

εὐ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐπατρὶς.

εὐ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient, tractable. II. act. persuasive, convincing.

εὐ-πειστος, ον, (εὐ, πείθομαι) easily persuaded.

εὐ-πίμπελος, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) gently leading.

εὐ-πένθερος, ον, with a good father-in-law.

εὐ-πεπλος, ον, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὐ, περιάγω) easily turned round.

εὐ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιγράφω) easy to sketch out.

εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὐ, περιγραφή) = foreg.

εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὐ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on.

εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὐ, περισπάω) easy to pull off.

εὐ-περίστατος, ον, (εὐ, περίσταμαι) easily besetting.

εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιτρέπω) easily turned round, changeable, inconstant.

εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὐ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves.

εὐ-πέτεια, ἡ, ease; δι' εὐπετείας easily. 2. easiness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From

εὐ-πετής, ἐς, (εὐ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily: hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant, plentiful.

εὐ-πετρος, ον, (εὐ, πέτρα) of good, hard stone.

εὐπετῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐπετής, easily, amply: Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ως.

εὐ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout.

εὐ-πηκτος, ον, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well put together, well-built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.

εὐ-πήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful helmet.

εὐ-πηνος, ον, (εὐ, πήνη) of fine texture.

εὐ-πηχυς, υ, with beautiful arms.

εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in fountains.

εὐπιθέω, = εὐπειθέω. From

εὐ-πιθής, ἐς, = εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.

εὐ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credible. II. act. easily believing, credulous:—Adv.

-τως.

εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, very fat, rich. [i]

εὐ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὐ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.

εὐ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled.

εὐ-πλεκής Ep. εὐ-πλεκής, ἐς, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-plaited; δίφροι εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος.

εὐ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with sides of wicker-work.

εὐπλοια Ep. εὐπλοία, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλόκαμος Ep. εὐπλ-, ον, with goodly locks: peculiar. εὐπλοκαμὶς, ἴδος.

εὐ-πλοκος, ον, = εὐπλεκτος.

εὐ-πλοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πλους, ον, (εὐ, πλέω) sailing well, having a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλυνής Ep. εὐπλ-, ἐς, (εὐ, πλύνω) well-washed.

εὐ-πλωτος, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.

εὐπνοια poet. εὐπνοία, ἡ, easiness of breathing. II. fragrance. From

εὐ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνους, ον, (εὐ, πνέω) breathing well or freely: good to breathe through. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant,—Comp.

εὐπνώτερος, also irreg. -πνούστερος.

εὐποδία, ἡ, (εὐπους) strength or speed of foot.

εὐποιητικός, ἡ, ὢν, (εὐ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind, beneficent.

εὐ-ποίητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) well-made, well-wrought.

εὐ-ποιία, ἡ, (εὐ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εὐ-ποίκιλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.



εὐ-ποκος, ον, (εὐ, πόκος) with fine wool, fleecy.  
 εὐ-πόλεμος, ον, good at war.  
 εὐ-πομπος, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) well-conducting, propitious.  
 εὐπορέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I εὐπόρησα: (εὐπορος):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. to supply, provide: Pass. to have plenty of, abound in. Hence  
 εὐπορία, ἡ, facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.  
 εὐ-πορος, ον, (εὐ, πόρος) easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.  
 εὐπόρως, Adv. of εὐπορος, easily: in abundance.  
 εὐ-ποτμος, ον, well-fated, happy.  
 εὐ-ποτος, ον, (εὐ, ποτόν) pleasant to drink.  
 εὐπους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (εὐ, πούς) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.  
 εὐπράγῃω, f. ἤσω, to fare well, be well off, prosper. From  
 εὐ-πράγῃς, ἑς, (εὐ, πράγος) faring well, flourishing.  
 εὐπράγῃα, ἡ, (εὐπράγῃω) well-doing, welfare.  
 εὐ-πρακτος, ον, (εὐ, πράσσω) easy to be done.  
 εὐπραξία Ion. εὐπρηξίῃ, ἡ, = εὐπραγία, good fortune, success. II. good conduct.  
 εὐ-πραξίς, ἡ, poet. for εὐπραγία.  
 εὐ-πρεμνον, ον, (εὐ, πρέμνον) with good stem.  
 εὐπρέπεια, ἡ, fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From  
 εὐ-πρεπής, ἑς, (εὐ, πρέπω) well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plausible.  
 εὐ-πρεπτος, (εὐ, πρέπω) conspicuous.  
 εὐπρεπῶς Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα.  
 εὐπρηξίῃ, Ion. for εὐπραγία.  
 εὐπρησσω, (εὐ, πρήσσω) to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. εὐπρήσσεσκον.  
 εὐ-πρηστος, ον, (εὐ, πρήθω) strong-blowing.  
 εὐ-πρηων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πρηών) with fair beadlands.  
 εὐ-πρόσδεκτος, ον, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) acceptable.  
 εὐ-πρόσεδρος, ον, = εὐπάρεδρος, assiduous, diligent.  
 εὐ-προσήγορος, ον, (εὐ, προσηγορέω) of easy address, affable, courteous.  
 εὐ-πρόσιτος, ον, (εὐ, πρόσκειμι) easy of access.  
 εὐ-πρόσδοτος, ον, of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus habet. II. of places, accessible; εὐπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach.  
 εὐ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (εὐ, προσφέρω) easy to be got: attainable, easy.  
 εὐπροσωπέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐπρόσωπος) to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.

εὐπροσωπό-κοιτος, ἡ, ον, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) lying or placed cheerfully; τύχη εὐπροσωποκοίτῃ πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.  
 εὐ-πρόσωπος, ον, (εὐ, πρόσωπον) well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.  
 εὐ-προφάσιτος, ον, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.  
 εὐ-πρυμνος, ον, (εὐ, πρύμνα) of ships, with handsome stern.  
 εὐ-πρωρος, ον, (εὐ, πρῶρα) of ships, with handsome prow.  
 εὐ-πτερος, ον, (εὐ, πτερόν) well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροι γυναῖκες high-plumed dames of quality.  
 εὐ-πτέρυγος, ον, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) = εὐπτερος.  
 εὐ-πτόρθος, ον, finely branching.  
 εὐ-πυργος, ον, with goodly towers.  
 εὐ-πώγων, ον, gen. ανος, well-bearded.  
 εὐ-πωλος, ον, with fine colts: breeding fine horses.  
 εὐράμην, aor. I med. of εὐρω.  
 εὐράξ, (εὐρος) Adv. from one side, sideways. II. εὐράξ πατάξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds.  
 εὐρέα, acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύς; also Ion. fem.  
 εὐρέθην, aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.  
 εὐρεῖν Ep. εὐρίμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of εὐρίσκω.  
 εὐρετέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, to be discovered, found out.  
 εὐρετής, οὗ, ὁ, fem. εὐρέτις, ἰδος, (εὐρίσκω) a finder, inventor, discoverer.  
 εὐρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εὐρίσκω.  
 εὐρετός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, discovered: to be found out or discovered.  
 εὐρηκα, εὐρημαι, pf. act. and pass. of εὐρίσκω.  
 εὐρημα, ατος, τό, (εὐρίσκω) that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.  
 εὐρήν, Dor. for εὐρεῖν.  
 εὐρησι-επής, ἑς, (εὐρίσκω, ἔπος) inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.  
 εὐρήσω, fut. of εὐρίσκω.  
 εὐρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (εὐρίσκω) an inventor, discoverer.  
 εὐ-ρίνος, ον, (εὐ, ρίνος) of good leather.  
 εὐρίνος, gen. of εὐρίς.  
 εὐ-ρίπος, ὁ, (εὐ, ρίπιζω) any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.  
 εὐ-ρίς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ρίς, ρίν) with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.  
 ΕΥ΄ΡΙ΄ΣΚΩ: fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὐρηκα or ηὐρ-: aor. 2 εὐρον or ηὐρον, imperat. εὐρέ, inf. εὐρεῖν:—Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: aor. 2 εὐρόμην or ηὐρ-, later aor. I εὐράμην:—Pass., fut. εὐρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὐρήσομαι: aor. I εὐρέθην or ηὐρέθην: pf. εὐρημαι or ηὐρ-.  
 I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὐρημα εὐρίσκειν to make an

unexpected discovery or gain.

2. to devise, invent.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain:—Med. to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain.

2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money: hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐροός) to flow well.

II. metaph.

to flow or go on well.

III. to be fluent.

εὐροίζητος, ον, (εὐ, ροίζέω) loud-wibbling.

εὐροίμην, εὐροίμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρο-κλύδων, ονος, ὁ, (Εὐρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐρομες, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐ-ροός, ον, contr. εὐρους, ον, (εὐ, ρέω) flowing well, fair-flowing.

II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ον, (εὐ, ρέπω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὐρος, ὁ, the South-East wind, Lat. *Eurus*.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μήκος: εὐρος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ράφης, Ep. for εὐρραφής, (εὐ, ράπτω) well-stitched.

εὐρ-ρεής, ἐς, Ep. gen. εὐρρεῖος (for εὐρρεούς), fair-flowing.

εὐρ-ρείτης, ον, ὁ, = εὐρρεής.

εὐρ-ροός, Ep. for εὐροός.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρῦ-άγχιος, α, ον, (εὐρύ, ἀγυιά) with wide streets, epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρυ-αίχμας, ὁ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρυ-βίας Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρυ-θέμεθλος poet. -θέμιλος, ον, (εὐρύ, θέμεθλον) with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρυθμία, ἡ, good time or proportion: orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐ-ρυθμος, ον, in good time or measure, rhythmical, Lat. *numerosus*:—of persons, orderly: well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρύθμως, Adv. of εὐρυθμος, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρύ-κολπος, ον, with spacious bosom.

εὐρυ-κρείων, οντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, with broad meadows.

εὐρυ-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-μέτωπος, ον, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναι, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ὕνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad; εὐρύναι ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance; τὸ μέσον εὐρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ον, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρυ-ὁδία, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὁδός) with broad, open ways.

εὐρυ-όπης Aeol. εὐρύοπα, ὁ, (εὐρύ, ὕψομαι) the far-glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, ὁ, acc. εὐρύοπα, = εὐρύοπης.

εὐρύ-πεδος, ον, (εὐρύ, πέδον) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ον, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρυ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ον, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene: also an adulterer.

εὐρυ-πύλης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρυ-ρέθρος, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέθρον) with broad channel.

εὐρυ-ρέων, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέω) broad-flowing.

ΕΥΡΥΣ, εὐρεῖα, εὐρύ: gen. εὐρέος, εἰας, ἐός: acc.

sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέα: Ion. fem. nom.

εὐρέα:—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-

spread:—Comp. εὐρύτερος; sec εὐρύ.

εὐρυ-σάκης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ᾶ]

εὐρυ-σθενής, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mightily.

εὐρύ-σορος, ον, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνός, ον, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρυτέρως, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τίμος, ον, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-honoured.

εὐ-ρῦτος, ον, (εὐ, ρέω) full-flowing.

εὐρυ-φάρετρος, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, φάρετρα) with wide quiver.

εὐρυ-φύης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρυ-χάδης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, χαδεῖν) wide-gaping, wide-mouthed, of cups.

εὐρυ-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spread hair.

εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room; ἐν εὐρυχωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, (εὐ, ρώξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, ἐς, poet. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid; οἶκια εὐρώεντα, Virgil's *loca senta situ*.

εὐρών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

ΕΥΡΩΠΗ, ἡ, *Europa*, *Europe*, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρωπός, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐρύς.

ΕΥΡΩΣ, ὦτος, ὁ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. *situs*, *squalor*.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strength. From

εὐ-ρωστος, ον, (εὐ, ῥώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τως.

εὐρώτι, dat. sing. of εὐρώς.

εὐ-ρωτιάω, (εὐρώς) to become or to be mouldy, to decay; βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

ΕΥΣ, ὁ, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. ἐῆος; gen.

plur. neut. ἐάων [ᾶ], as if from nom. ἐά, θεοί, δωτήρες

ἐάων the gods, givers of good things.

εὔσα, Dor. for εὐσα, οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

εὔσα, aor. I of εὔω.

εὐσέβεια, ἡ, (εὐσεβής) reverence towards the gods, piety, religion, Lat. *pietas*, 2. credit or character for piety.

εὐσεβέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐσεβής) to live or act piously: to be pious in a thing: c. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὐ-σεβής, ἐς, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. *pious*, *pious*, *religious*,

reverent: of things, holy, hallowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -ίη, poet. for εὐσεβεία.

εὐ-σελμος Ep. εὔσσ-, ον, (εὐ, σέλμα) with good

banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σεπτος, ον, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.



εὐ-σημος, ον, (εὐ, σῆμα) of good omen, auspicious. II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.  
 εὐσθενέω, f. ἤσω, to be strong, healthy. From  
 εὐ-σθενής, ἐς, (εὐ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm.  
 εὐ-σίπυρος, ον, (εὐ, σίπυρα) with full pantry or larder.  
 εὐ-σκάνδιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in cervil.  
 εὐ-σκαρθμος, ον, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, high-bounding.  
 εὐ-σκέπαστος, ον, (εὐ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup. -ότατος, serving as the best covering.  
 εὐσκευέω, to be well equipped. From  
 εὐ-σκευος, ον, (εὐ, σκευος) well-equipped.  
 εὐ-σκίαστος, ον, (εὐ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shady.  
 εὐ-σκίος, ον, (εὐ, σκιά) shady.  
 εὐ-σκοπος Ep. εὐ-σκοπος, ον, (εὐ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or far-seen, commanding a wide view. II. (εὐ, σκοπός) shooting well, of unerring aim.  
 εὐ-σοία, ἡ, a healthy state, prosperity. From  
 εὐ-σοος, ον, well-secured, safe and well, happy.  
 εὐ-σπειρής, ἐς, and εὐσπειρος, ον, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-turned: winding, winding.  
 εὐσπλαγχνία, ἡ, goodness of heart.  
 εὐ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (εὐ, σπλάγχνον) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.  
 εὐ-σπορος, ον, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.  
 εὐ-σελμος, Ep. for εὐσελμος.  
 εὐ-σωτρος, Ep. for εὐσωτρος.  
 εὐστάθεια, ἡ, (εὐσταθής) goodness of health.  
 εὐσταθέω, f. ἤσω, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From  
 εὐ-σταθής Ep. εὐσταθής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.  
 εὐσταθής, Ep. for εὐστάθεια.  
 εὐ-σταλής, ἐς, (εὐ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.  
 εὐ-σταχυς, υ, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.  
 εὐ-στέφανος Ep. εὐστ-, ον, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.  
 εὐ-στέφιος, ον, poet. form for εὐστέφανος.  
 εὐ-στιβής, ἐς, (εὐ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.  
 εὐ-στολος, ον, (εὐ, στέλλω) = εὐσταλής.  
 εὐστομέω, f. ἤσω, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὐφημέω. From  
 εὐ-στομος, ον, (εὐ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περὶ τούτων μοι εὐστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὐστομ' ἔχε peace, be still!  
 εὐ-στοος, ον, (εὐ, στοά) with goodly colonnades.  
 εὐ-στόρθυξ, υγος, ὁ, ἡ, from a good trunk.  
 εὐστοχία, ἡ, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From  
 εὐ-στοχος, ον, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

εὐστρα, ἡ, (εὐω) a place for singeing swine.  
 εὐ-στρεπτος Ep. εὐστρ-, ον, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.  
 εὐ-στρεφής Ep. εὐστρ-, ἐς, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted.  
 εὐ-στροφάλιγξ, ιγος, ὁ, ἡ, well-curved, curly.  
 εὐ-στροφος Ep. εὐστρ-, ον, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning, nimble.  
 εὐ-στρωτος, ον, (εὐ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus.  
 εὐ-στυλος, ον, with goodly pillars.  
 εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, ον, (εὐ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.  
 εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, ον, (εὐ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II. easy to deal with, honest, upright.  
 εὐ-σύνετος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, ον, (εὐ, συνίημι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.  
 εὐσυνέτως, Adv. of εὐσύνετος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον.  
 εὐ-σύνοπτος, ον, easily seen at a glance.  
 εὐ-σφύρος Ep. εὐσφ-, ον, (εὐ, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.  
 εὐσχημονέστερος, -ίστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων.  
 εὐσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.  
 εὐ-σχημος, ον, = εὐσχήμων.  
 εὐσχημοσύνη, ἡ, grace of manner, elegance. From  
 εὐ-σχῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, σχῆμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.  
 εὐσχήμως, = εὐσχημόνως.  
 εὐ-σχιδής, ἐς, and εὐ-σχιστος, ον, (εὐ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.  
 εὐσωμάτιω, f. ἤσω, to be sound in limb. From  
 εὐ-σώματος, ον, (εὐ, σῶμα) sound in limb.  
 εὐ-σωτρος Ep. εὐσσ-, ον, (εὐ, σῶτρον) with good fellows: with good wheels.  
 εὐ-τάκης, ἐς, (εὐ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.  
 εὐτακτέω, f. ἤσω, to be orderly, behave well. From  
 εὐ-τακτος, ον, (εὐ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence  
 εὐτάκτως, Adv. in good order.  
 εὐταξία, ἡ, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline.  
 εὐ-ταρσος, ον, delicate-footed.  
 εὐτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. εὐτ' ἂν, like ὅταν, so often as, whenever, in the case that.  
 εὐ-τειχής, ἐς, εὐ-τείχεος, ον, and εὐ-τείχης, ον, (εὐ, τεῖχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.  
 εὐτεκνέω, (εὐτεκνος) to have good or fine children.  
 εὐτεκνία, ἡ, the having good or fine children.  
 εὐ-τεκνος, ον, (εὐ, τέκνον) having many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εὐτεκνος ξυνωρίς a pair of fair children.  
 εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτελή, ἡ, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

πρὸς εὐτελήν *cheaply*; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένος a goose painted on *cheap terms*. II. *thrift*, *frugality*, *economy*; ἐπὶ εὐτελείᾳ for *economy*.

εὐ-τελής, ἐς, (εὐ, τέλος) *easily paid for, cheap*, Lat. *vilis*. II. *mean*, *paltry*, *worthless*. III.

*thrift*, *frugal*.

εὐτελής, ἡ, Ion. for εὐτέλεια.

εὐτελῶς, Adv. of εὐτελής, *cheaply*, at a *cheap rate*.

εὐ-τερπής, ἐς, (εὐ, τέρω) *delightful, charming*.

εὐ-τέχνητος, ον, (εὐ, τεχνάομαι) *wrought with skill*.

εὐτεχνία, ἡ, *skill in art*. From

εὐ-τεχνος, ον, (εὐ, τέχνη) *skilful, ingenious*.

εὐ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, *much-enduring, steadfast*.

εὐ-τμήτος Ep. εὐτμ-, ον, (εὐ, τέμνω) *well-cut*.

εὐτοκέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐτοκος) *to bring forth easily*.

Hence

εὐ-τοκία, ἡ, an *easy childbirth, happy birth*.

εὐ-τοκος, ον, (εὐ, τεκεῖν) *bringing forth easily*.

εὐτολμῶ, f. ἤσω, (εὐτολμος) *to be daring*. Hence

εὐτολμία, ἡ, *courage, boldness*.

εὐ-τολμος, ον, (εὐ, τόλμα) *brave-spirited, courageous*.

εὐ-τονος, ον, (εὐ, τείνω) *well-stretched, well-strung*, *sineewy, nervous*. Hence

εὐτόνως, Adv. *with main strength*.

εὐ-τοξος, ον, (εὐ, τόξον) *with good arrows*.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, ον, (εὐ, торνεύω) *well-rounded*.

εὐ-τορνος, ον, *well-turned, round*.

εὐ-τράπεζος, ον, (εὐ, τράπεζα) *with a good table*, *hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous*.

εὐτράπελία, ἡ, wit, *liveliness, politeness*, Lat. *urbanitas*. 2. *coarse jesting, ribaldry*. From

εὐ-τράπελος, ον, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning*: hence *versatile, ingenious, clever*. 2. *witty, lively*, Lat. *facetus*. 3. *tricky, dishonest*.

εὐ-τράφης, ἐς, (εὐ, τραφῆναι) *well-grown, thriving*. II. act. *nourishing*.

εὐ-τρεπής, ἐς, (εὐ, τρέπω) *ready to turn, prepared, ready*. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Pass., pf. ηὐτρέπισμαι: —*to make ready, get ready, prepare*: *to make friendly, conciliate*:—Pass. *to be ready*:—Med. *to get oneself ready*.

εὐ-τρεπτος, ον, *easily turned, changeable*.

εὐτρεπῶς, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, in a state of *preparation*.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, ἐς, (εὐ, τρέφω) *well-fed*.

εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, ον, *well bored or pierced*.

εὐ-τρίαινα, Dor. for -ης, ὁ, (εὐ, τρίαίνα) *with goodly trident*.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐθριξ.

εὐ-τρίχος, ον, = εὐθριξ.

εὐτροπία, ἡ, *versatility*, Lat. *versutia*. From

εὐ-τροπος, ον, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning, versatile*.

εὐ-τρόχᾶλος Ep. εὐτρ-, ον, (εὐ, τρέχω) *running well, quick-moving*. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) *well-rounded*.

εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, ον, (εὐ, τροχός) *well-rolled or well-rounded*. II. *running easily*.

εὐ-τύκος, ον, rare poet. form for εὐτυκτος.

εὐ-τυκτος, ον, (εὐ, τέχω) *well-made, well-wrought*; εὐτυκτον ποιεῖσθαι τι *to make ready*.

εὐτύχῳ, f. ἤσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or ηὐτ-, aor. I εὐτύχησα or ηὐτ-, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—*to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed*. 2. of things, *to turn out well, prosper*: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηται *things have gone well with him*. Hence

εὐτυχέως, Ion. for εὐτυχῶς.

εὐτύχημα, ατος, τό, a *piece of good luck, success*.

εὐ-τύχης, ἐς, (εὐ, τυχεῖν) *well-off, successful, lucky, fortunate, prosperous*.

εὐτύχια, ἡ, (εὐτυχέω) *success, good luck, prosperity*: in plur. *successes*.

εὐτύχως Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐτυχής, *with good fortune, successfully*: Comp. εὐτυχεστέρον, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐ-ύαλος, ον, (εὐ, ὕαλος) *with or of good glass*.

εὐ-υδρος, ον, (εὐ, ὕδωρ) *well-watered, abounding in water*: of a river, *with good water*: Comp. εὐυδρότερος.

εὐ-υμνος, ον, *celebrated in many hymns*.

εὐ-υφής, ἐς, (εὐ, ὑφή) *well-woven*.

εὐ-φάμια, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-.

εὐ-φάρεττος, ον, ὁ, Dor. -ας, α, (εὐ, φαρέτρα) *with beautiful quiver*.

εὐ-φεγγής, ἐς, (εὐ, φέγγος) *with clear light, bright*.

εὐφημέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐφημος) *to use words of good omen*

or *to abstain from words of ill omen*: hence 1. *to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence*; in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε, *be silent!* Lat. *favete linguis*. II. *to shout in honour of any one, or in triumph*. III. *to sound auspiciously*. Hence

εὐφημία, ἡ, *the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen*: hence 1. *solemn silence during religious rites*. II. *praise, worship*: in plur. *songs of praise*.

εὐ-φημος, ον, (εὐ, φήμη) *of good sound or omen, auspicious*: of persons, *using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen*:—hence, 1. *religiously silent*. II. *interpreting favourably*;

πρὸς τὸ εὐφημον in a good sense.

εὐ-φθογγος, ον, (εὐ, φθέγγομαι) *well-sounding, sweet-voiced*.

εὐ-φίλης, ἐς, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*. II. act. *loving well*.

εὐ-φίλητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*.

εὐ-φίλο-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) *fond of children, or pass. beloved of children*.

εὐ-φλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, φλέγω) *easily set on fire*.

εὐφορέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐφορος) *to bring forth abundantly*.

εὐ-φόρητος, ον, (εὐ, φορέω) *easily borne, tolerable*.

εὐ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, *with beautiful lyre: playing beautifully on it*.

εὐ-φορος, ον, (εὐ, φέρω) *well or patiently borne*. 2. *easily worn, convenient, manageable*. II. act. *bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable*: of the body, *sound, healthy*.

εὐ-φορτος, ον, *well freighted or laden*.



εὐφώρας, Adv. of εὐφορος, *patiently, readily*.  
εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφραδής) *correctness of language*.  
εὐφραδής, ἐς, (εὐ, φράζω) *speaking well or eloquently*:—Er. Adv. εὐφραδέως, *in set terms, eloquently*.

εὐφραδίη, ἡ, poet. for εὐφράδεια.  
εὐφραίνω Er. εὐφρ-: f. εὐφρανῶ Er. εὐφρανέω:  
aor. I εὐφράνα Er. εὐφρηνα:—Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι,  
but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense,  
Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεαι: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὐφραν):  
—to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part.,  
ὄρων εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence

εὐφραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, *cheering, delightful to*.  
εὐφρῆναι, Er. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.  
εὐφρονέων Er. εὐφρ-, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω)  
*well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed*.

εὐφρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i. e. night*,  
euphemism for νύξ. Hence

εὐφρονίδης, οὐ, ὁ, *son of Night*.  
εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: graciously*.

εὐφροσύνη Er. εὐφρ-, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness, mirth, merriment*: of a banquet, *good cheer*: in pl. *glad thoughts, festivities*. [ῥ]

εὐφρόσυνος, οὐ, (εὐφρων) poet. form, *cheery*.

εὐφρων Er. εὐφρ-, οὐ, (εὐ, φρήν) *cheerful, glad-some, merry, light-hearted*. 2. act. *cheering, making glad or merry, comforting*. II. *well-minded, well-disposed, gracious*.

εὐφύης, ἐς, (εὐ, φύη) *well-grown, shapely, goodly: graceful*. II. of good natural parts: *clever, witty*; also of good disposition. Hence

εὐφύια, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of disposition or good natural parts, cleverness*.

εὐφύλακτος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλάσσω) *easy to keep or guard*; εὐφυλακτότερα γίγνεται *it is easier to keep watch*.

εὐφύλλος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.

εὐφύως, Adv. of εὐφύης, *cleverly*: Comp. -νέστερον.

εὐφωνία, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From

εὐφωvos, οὐ, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced; loud-voiced*.  
εὐχαίτης, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐ, χαίτη) *with beautiful hair: of plants, with beautiful leaves*.

εὐχαλκος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαλκός) *wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass*.

εὐχάλκωτος, οὐ, *well wrought of brass*.

εὐχάρις, neut. εὐχαρι, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleasing, engaging: agreeable: popular*, Lat. *gratiosus*.

εὐχαριστέω, f. ἤσω, *to be thankful, return thanks*: hence *to requite*. Hence

εὐχαριστία, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. a

*giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the holy Eucharist*.

εὐχάριστος or -ιτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning, agreeable, pleasant*. II. *grateful, thankful*, Lat.

*gratus*: Adv., εὐχαρίστως διακείσθαι πρὸς τινα *to be gratefully disposed towards him*.

εὐχείρ, εἶρος, ὁ, ἡ, *ready of hand, bandy, dexterous*.

εὐχείρωτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χεῖρῶ) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχέρεια, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness, skill*. 2. *proneness or inclination for a thing*. 3. in bad sense, *recklessness*. From

εὐχερής, ἐς, (εὐ, χεῖρ) *quick or ready of hand, bandy, dexterous, expert*. 2. in bad sense, *reckless*. II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*.

Hence

εὐχερῶς, Adv. *readily: recklessly*.

εὐχετάομαι, Er. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and impf.; Er. inf. εὐχετάασθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετώαντο: Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) *a prayer, wish or vow*, Lat. *votum*. 2. *a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation*.

εὐχίλος, οὐ, *rich in fodder*. II. of a horse, *well-fed, in good condition*.

εὐχίμαρος, οὐ, (εὐ, χίμαρος) *rich in goats*.

εὐχλοος, οὐ, contr. -χλους, οὐν, (εὐ, χλοά) *making fresh and green*.

ΕΥΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ηὔ-: fut. εὐξομαι: aor. I εὐξάμην or ηὔ-: aor. I part. εὐχθεῖς in pass. sense; so also pf. ηὔγμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ηὔκτο in act. sense: Dep.:—to pray, pay one's vows, Lat. *precari*: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech one. 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti, to pray for, long or wish for. II. to vow or promise to do; εὐχεσθαι κατὰ χιμάραν to make a vow of goats, i. e. vow to offer them. 2. c. acc. rei, to vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but often, to profess, maintain, assert.

εὐχορδος, οὐ, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.

εὐχος, εὐς, τό, (εὐχομαι) *a thing prayed for, vow*, Lat. *votum*. 2. *a votive offering*. II. *one's boast or pride*.

εὐχρηστος, οὐ, (εὐ, χράομαι) *easy to make use of, serviceable*. Adv. -τως.

εὐχροίω, f. ἤσω, *to be of a good complexion*. From

εὐχροής, ἐς, poet. for εὐχροος, of good complexion.

εὐχροος, οὐ, contr. -χρους, οὐν, (εὐ, χροά) *of good complexion, fresh-looking, healthy*:—Comp. εὐχροώτερος or -ούστερος.

εὐχρῦσος, οὐ, *rich in gold*.

εὐχρως, αν, = εὐχροος.

εὐχωλή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) poet. form of εὐχή, *a prayer, vow*, Lat. *votum*. II. *boasting: a boast, vaunt, matter of boasting*. Hence

εὐχωλίματος, α, οὐ, *bound by a vow*.

εὐψάμβθος, οὐ, *with good sands, sandy*.

εὐψυχέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐψυχος) *to be of good courage*. II. εὐψύχει *farewell!* inscr. on tombs, like Lat. *ave pia anima!* Hence

εὐψυχία, ἡ, *good courage, stoutness of heart*.

εὐψυχος, οὐ, (εὐ, ψυχή) *of good courage, stout of heart*, Lat. *animosus*. Adv. -χως, *with good courage*.

ΕΥΩ, f. εὐσω: aor. I εὔσα:—to sing: metaph. of a scolding wife, εὔει ἄτερ δαλοῦ ἄνδρα *she roasts her husband without the help of a fire*.

εὐώδης, ες, (εὐ, ὀδῶδα pf. of ὀζω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, *a sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδῶθην, aor. 1 pass. of εὐοδῶ.

εὐ-ώλενος, ον, (εὐ, ὠλένη) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ώνυμος, ον, (εὐ, ὄνομα) *of good name, honourable*: of good omen. II. euphemistic for the ill-omened

word ἀριστερός, *left, on the left hand or side*; ἐξ ἐὐωνύμου (sub. χειρός) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ὠπῖς, ἰδος, fem. of εὐὼψ, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ὠπός, ὢν, (εὐ, ὠψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ὠχέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) *to treat well: to entertain hospitably, feast*:—Pass., with fut. med. —ἤσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχήθην, —ημαι, *to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously*; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ *make merry on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, ἡ, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ὠψ, ὠπος, ὢ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὠψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly*.

ἐφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφᾶνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφ-ἄβος, ἐφαβικός, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-ἀγιστεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred rites over a thing*.

ἐφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to make offerings on a grave*.

ἐφᾶγον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-αιρέομαι, Pass. *to be chosen in addition or in succession to another*.

ἐφ-άλιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἐφαλος.

ἐφ-άλλομαι, fut. ἐφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐπαλτο part. ἐπιάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring upon, to assail*: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλμενος ἵππων *having leaped upon or into the chariot*: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμενος *he kissed him having leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ἄλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφᾶλόω, Dor. for ἐφηλόω.

ἐφάμαν [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-αμαξεύω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) *to drive wains over*: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξευμένος *traversed by wains*.

ἐφᾶμέριος, ἐφάμερος [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-ἀμιλλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀμλλα) *a match for, rivalling, vying with*. 2. pass. *to be striven, contended for*.

ἐφᾶν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ανδάνω, impf. —ανον, *to please, be grateful or welcome to*: Ep. also ἐπιανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον.

ἐφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφαντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-άπαξ, Adv. *once for all: at once*.

ἐφ-απλόω, f. ὠσω, *to fold or spread over*.

ἐφ-άπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω: f. ἐφάψω: aor. 1 ἐφῆψα: pf. pass. ἐφῆμμαι:—*to fasten on or to*: hence *to fix firmly, decree*. II. Pass. *to be hung over, impend over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφῆπται, ἐφῆπτο, like Lat. imminet, imminet; Τρώεσσι κῆδε' ἐφῆπται *woes impend over the Trojans*. III. Med. *to lay bold of,*

*grasp, touch: to seize bold upon, claim*. 2. *to reach, attain to*, Lat. attingere; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδεος ἐπαμμένος *possessed of beauty*. Hence

ἐφ-αρμόζω, f. σω, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with*. II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate*.

ἐφαρμόσδων, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζων.

ἐφαρμόσσειε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-αρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχθην, Att. for ἐφραξάμην, ἐφράχθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφᾶτο, ἐφαντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-έδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, *a sitting at or by: a siege, blockade*, Lat. obsessio.

ἐφ-εδράω, f. ἤσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-εδρεία, ἡ, *a sitting upon*. II. *a lying in wait*, Lat. insidiae. From

ἐφεδρεύω, f. σω, *to sit or rest upon*. II. *to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for*:—also *to bait*. From

ἐφ-εδρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on*; λεόντων ἐφεδρος *seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near*. II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy*. III. *posted in reserve*, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: *an avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-έζομαι, fut. —εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2. *to sit by or near*.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐφίημι.

ἐφείην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφίημι.

ἐφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφίημι.

ἐφεισάμην, aor. 1 of φείδομαι.

ἐφείω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφίημι.

ἐφ-εκτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔκτος) 1 +  $\frac{1}{8}$  =  $\frac{9}{8}$ : τόκος ἐφεκτος *interest at the rate of  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the principal*, = 16 $\frac{2}{3}$  p. cent.

ἐφ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφελκύσαι [ῥ], aor. 1 inf. of ἐφέλκω.

ἐφ-ελκυστικός, ἡ, ὢν, *drawing on, attractive*. From

ἐφ-έλκω Ion. ἐπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλω, but the aor. 1 in use is ἐφείλκυσσα (formed from \*ἐφελκύν):—*to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a ship, to tow after*. 2. *to drink off, drain*. II.

Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing along*; οἱ ἐπελκόμενοι *the stragglers of an army*. III.

Med. *to draw or drag after one*; ἐφέλκετο μείλινον ἔγχος *he trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot)*; ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σίδηρος *iron draws men after it, i. e. attracts them, tempts them*; ἐφέλκεσθαι τὴν θύραν *to pull to the door*. 2. *to bring on, entail consequences*. 3. *to claim, assume*.

ἐφένει, Ep. for ἐφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφίημι.

ἐφ-έννυμι, = more freq. ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐφ-εξῆς Ion. ἐπεξῆς poet. ἐφεξείης, Adv. (ἐπί, ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*. II. of Time, *successively: thereupon*.

ἐφεξῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-έπω: impf. ἐφείπον Ep. ἔφεπον Ion. ἐφέπεσκον: fut. ἐφέψω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπεῖν: part. ἐπι-



σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse.

5. πύτμον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον καὶ πύτμον ἐπισπεῖν, θανέειν καὶ πύτμον ἐπισπεῖν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II.

Med., impf. ἐφειπόμην: fut. ἐφέσομαι: aor. 2 ἐφespoμένην, inf. ἐπισπείσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with.

ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρπω.

ἐφ-έρπω, f. ἐφέρψω: aor. I ἐφειρπύσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from ἐφερπύζω):—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time.

ἔφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφέσιμος δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From

ἔφεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court.

ἐφ-έσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἑσπέρα) western.

ἐφ-έσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέπομαι.

ἐφέσσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίζω.

ἔφεςσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίζω.

ἐφεςσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίζω.

ἐφίσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίζω.

ἔφισταότες Att. -ῶτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἔφισταῖν, for ἐφεστήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐφ-έστιος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἑστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφέστιος δόμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or household: hence, ἐφέστιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a household, family; θεοὶ ἐφέστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over hospitality.

ἐφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφεστρίς.

ἐφ-εστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle.

ἐφ-εστῶς, for ἐφεστηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐφ-εστῶς, for ἐφεστηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

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ἐφ-εστῶς, for ἐφεστηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐφ-ηβος Dor. ἑφᾶβος, ον, (ἐπί, ἡβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence

ἐφηβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἑφᾶβος, manhood.

ἐφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information.

ἐφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to exult over.

ἐφ-ἦκα, aor. I of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-ἦκω, to have arrived at:—to extend or reach to.

ἐφ-ἦλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἑφᾶβος.

ἐφ-ἦλώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐπί, ἦλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined.

ἐφ-ἦμαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by.

ἐφημερία, ἡ, a daily order or course. From

ἐφ-ημέριος Dor. ἑφᾶμ-, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημερία φρονεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived.

ἐφ-ήμερος Dor. ἑφᾶμ- Accl. ἑπᾶμ-, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily.

ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest.

ἐφ-ηνα, aor. I of φαίνω.

ἐφ-ἦπται, ἐφ-ἦπτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐφάπτω.

ἐφ-ἦσα, aor. I of φημί.

ἐφ-ἦσθα, for ἔφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ἦσω, fut. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-ἦθα, Dor. for ἑφᾶσα, aor. I of φθάνω.

ἐφ-ἦραμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφᾶραται.

ἐφ-ἦρα, aor. I of φθάνω.

ἐφ-ἦξατο, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγομαι.

ἐφ-ἦρα, aor. I of φθείρω.

ἐφ-ἦμιμερής, (ἐπτά, ἡμιμερής) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενθημιμερής.

ἐφ-ἦν, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθημί).

ἐφ-ἦντο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω.

ἐφ-ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω = φθίνω.

ἐφ-ἦν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίνω.

ἐφ-ἦντο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω.

ἐφ-ἦρα, pf. med. of φθείρω.

ἐφ-ἦς, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἔψω, boiled, dressed.

ἐφ-ἦζάνω, = ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf.

ἐφίζω Dor. ἐφίσδω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσαι, ἐφέσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon.

ἐφ-ἦμι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφἦκα Ion. and Ep.

ἐφἦκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἔφες, Ep. subj. ἐφείω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφίει (as if from \*ἐφείω):—to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφίεναι χεῖράς τινι to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφίεναι νόστον τινι to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), to give oneself up to. 2. to permit, allow. III. to put the male to the female, Lat. *admittere*. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. *ἔφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, to lay one's command or behest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 2. to aim at, long after, desire.

*ἐφικνέομαι* Ion. *ἐπ-*: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφῖκ-μην*: pf. *ἐφῖγμαι*: Dep.:—to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, to hit exactly: metaph., *ἐφικέ-σθαι λέγων* or *λόγῳ*, to touch the right point in speaking: absol. to extend. II. to come upon, visit, c. acc.: *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πληγὰς τὸν Ἑλλησποντον* to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

*ἐφικτός*, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., easy to reach.  
*ἐφίλαθεν*, *ἐφίλασα*, Dor. for *ἐφίλησα*, *ἐφίληθεν*.  
*ἐφίλατο*, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of *φιλέω*.  
*ἐφίληθεν*, Ep. 3 plur. aor. 1 pass. of *φιλέω*.  
*ἐφ-ίμερος*, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἡμέρος) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [ῖ]

*ἐφιμώθην*, aor. 1 pass. of *φιμύω*.  
*ἐφ-ίππιος*, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) of or for a horse or riding: τὸ *ἐφίππιον* (sub. *στρώμα*), Lat. *erbirria*, a saddle-cloth, a horse's harness.

*ἐφ-ίππος*, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) on horseback; *κλύδων ἐφιππος* a rushing wave of horses.

*ἐφ-ίπτᾶμαι*, late form of *ἐπιπέτομαι*.  
*ἐφ-ισδάνω*, *ἐφ-ισδώ*, Dor. for *ἐφίσζανω*, *ἐφίζω*.

*ἐφ-ίστημι* Ion. *ἐπ-*: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. 1 *ἐπέστησα*:—to set or place upon: to impose. 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office. 3. *ἐφιστάναι τινὶ ἀγῶνα* to found or institute games in honour of a person. II. to set by or near. III. to check, make halt. IV. *ἐφιστάναι τὸν νοῦν*, to attend to, Lat. *animum advertere*: absol., *ἐφιστάναι* to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. *ἐπέστην*, pf. *ἐφέστηκα*, plqpf. *ἐφιστήκειν*:—to stand upon: to be imposed. 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ *ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος*, i. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. *praeesse*; pf. part. Ion. οἱ *ἐπεστέωτες* Att. οἱ *ἐφιστῶτες*, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppose: metaph. to impend, be close at hand, Lat. *instare*; *Κῆρες ἐφιστᾶσιν θανάτῳ* the fates of death are close at hand. III. to halt, stop. IV. to attend to.

*ἐφλαδον*, aor. 2 of *φλάζω*.  
*ἐφόβηθεν*, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of *φοβέω*.  
*ἐφ-οδεύω*, f. *σω*, (ἐπί, ὁδός) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over.  
*ἐφ-όδια*, τά, see *ἐφόδιος*.  
*ἐφοδιάζω* Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. *άσω*, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey:—Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

*ἐφ-όδιος*, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) of or for a journey:—as Subst., *ἐφόδιον*, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., *ἐφόδια*);—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies.

*ἐφ-οδος*, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὁδός) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.

*ἐφ-οδος*, ὁ, one who goes the rounds, an inspector.

*ἐφ-οδος*, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) accessible: Sup. -*ώτατος*.

*ἐφοίτη*, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of *φοιτάω*.

*ἐφ-όλκαιον*, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a rudder.

*ἐφ-όλκιον*, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a small boat towed after a ship:—generally, an appendage.

*ἐφολκίς*, ἡ, (ἐφέλκω) a burdensome appendage.

*ἐφολκός*, ὄν, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. drawling: absol. a laggard.

*ἐφ-ομαρτέω*, f. ἡσω, to follow close upon.

*ἐφ-οπλίζω*, f. *σω*: Ep. aor. 1 inf. *ἐφοπλίσσαι*:—to equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

*ἐφορᾶτικός*, ἡ, ὄν, looking over, watchful of. From

*ἐφ-οράω* Ion. *ἐπ-*: impf. *ἐφεώραν* Ion. 3 sing. *ἐπ-ώρα*: f. *ἐπόψομαι* Ep. *ἐπιόψομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπεῖδον*:—to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on, view:—Pass., *ὅσον ἐφεώρατο τῆς νήσου* as much of the island as was in view. 3. to look out for, choose.

*ἐφορεία*, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) an overlooking:—the office or dignity of *ἐφορος*, the ephorality.

*ἐφορεῖον*, τό, the court of the ephori. From

*ἐφορεύω*, f. *σω*, = *ἐφοράω*. II. (ἐφορος) to be an ephor.

*ἐφορικός*, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐφορος) of or for the ephori.

*ἐφ-όριος*, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρος) on the frontier.

*ἐφ-ορμαίνω*, to rush on.

*ἐφ-ορμάω* Ion. *ἐπ-*: f. ἡσω: aor. 1 -*ώρμησα*:—to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. 2. intr. to rush upon, attack. II. Pass. and Med., aor. 1 *ἐφωρμησάμην* and *ἐφωρμήθην*:—to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to burry, rush forward. 2. to make a dash at.

*ἐφ-ορμέω* Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. ἡσω, to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch:—Pass. to be blockaded.

*ἐφ-ορμή*, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὁρμή) an entrance, access. II. an attempt upon a place, attack.

*ἐφορμηθεῖν*, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. pass. of *ἐφορμάω*.

*ἐφόρμησις*, εως, ἡ, (ἐφορμέω) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

*ἐφ-ορμίζω*, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) to bring a ship to her moorings:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor.

*ἐφ-ορμος*, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) at anchor.

*ἐφ-ορμος*, ὁ, = *ἐφόρμησις*, a blockade.

*ἐφορος*, ὄν, (ἐφοράω) overseeing. II. as Subst., *ἐφορος*, ὁ, an overseer, guardian, ruler. 2. at Sparta, οἱ *ἐφοροι* the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

*ἐφ-όσον*, Adv. for *ἐφ' ὅσον*, in so far as.

*ἐφρασάμαν*, Dor. aor. 1 med. of *φράζω*.

*ἐφραξα*, aor. 1 of *φράσσω*.



ἔφριξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.  
 ἔφρύαξα, aor. I of φρύσσω.  
 ἔφρυξα, aor. I of φρύγω.  
 ἔφ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.  
 ἔφῡγον, aor. 2 of φεύγω.  
 ἔφ-υδριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.  
 ἔφ-υδρος Ion. ἔπ-, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.  
 ἔφ-υμνέω, f. ἡσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descant on.  
 ἔφῡν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἔφῡσαν.  
 ἔφ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, oier.  
 ἘΦΥΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, Ephyra, old name of Corinth.  
 ἔφυρσα, aor. I of φύρω.  
 ἔφῡσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω.  
 ἔφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσα, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [ῡ]  
 ἔφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.  
 ἔφ-ῡω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], (ἐπί, ὕω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. ἐφυσμένος.  
 ἔφ' ὧ, ἔφ' ὧτε, i. e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ὥστε, on the condition that.  
 ἔφ-ῳριος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὦρα) in season, ripe, mature.  
 ἔχᾶδον, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.  
 ἔχᾶνον, aor. 2 of χαίνω or χάσκω.  
 ἔχάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.  
 ἔχαρίσάμην, ἔχαρίσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.  
 ἔχεα, aor. I of χέω.  
 ἔχ-ἑγγυος, ὄν, = ἔχων ἑγγύην, i. e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful. II. having received security, secure.  
 ἔχ-εῦμος, ὄν, (ἔχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.  
 ἔχε-μῦθίω, (ἔχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence ἔχεμυθία, ἡ, silence.  
 ἔχε-νηϊς, -νηϊδος, contr. ἔχε-νῆϊς, -νῆϊδος, ἡ, (ἔχω, ναῦς) holding ships fast.  
 ἔχε-πενκῆς, ἑς, (ἔχω, πενκή) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.  
 ἔχ-ε-σάρκος, ὄν, (ἔχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.  
 ἔχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔχω.  
 ἔχ-ε-στονος, ὄν, (ἔχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows.  
 ἔχ-ε-τλη, ἡ, (ἔχω) the plough-bundle, Lat. stiva. Hence ἔχετληεις, εσσα, εν, of the plough-bundle.  
 ἔχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἔχω.  
 ἔχευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. ἔχευάμην.  
 ἔχεφρονέω, (ἔχέφρων) to be sensible or sbrewd.  
 ἔχεφροσύνη, ἡ, good sense, sbrewdness. From ἔχ-ε-φρων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (ἔχω, φρήν) sensible, sbrewd.  
 ἔχησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔχω.  
 ἔχθαίρω, f. ἔχθαρώ: aor. I ἔχθηρα: fut. med. ἔχθα-ρῶμαι in pass. sense: (ἔχθος):—to bate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, ἔχθος ἔχθαίρειν to bear hate:—Pass., ἔχθαίρεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be bated by one.

ἔχθαρτέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἔχθαίρω, to be bated.  
 ἔχθεις, Adv., = χθεις, yesterday.  
 ἔχθιστος, ἡ, ὄν, irreg. Sup. of ἔχθρος, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most bated, most bateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.  
 ἔχθίων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, irreg. Comp. of ἔχθρος, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κερδίων from κέρδος:—more bated: more hostile.  
 ἔχθοδοπέω, f. ἡσω, to cause hatred. From ἔχθοδοπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔχθος) bateful, hostile.  
 ἘΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. odium; ἔχθος τινός hatred for one. II. a bated object.  
 ἔχθρα Ion. ἔχθρη, ἡ, hatred, enmity; ἔχθρα τινός hatred for one; δι' ἔχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.  
 ἔχθραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἔχθρος) to bate: to be at enmity with.  
 ἔχθρο-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (ἔχθρος, δαίμων) bated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.  
 ἔχθρο-ξένος, ὄν, (ἔχθρος, ξένος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.  
 ἔχθρος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔχθος) bated, bateful. II. act. bating, hostile, at enmity with. III. as Subst. ἔχθρος, ὁ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἔχθρο-τερος, ἔχθροτάτος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἔχθριον, ἔχθιστος, were in common use.  
 ἘΧΘΩ, to bate:—Pass. to be bated, bateful. Only used in pres. and impf.  
 ἔχιδνα, ἡ, (ἔχis) a viper, adder. Hence ἔχιδναῖος, α, ὄν, of or like a viper.  
 ἘΧΙΝΑΙ, ὦν, αἱ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.  
 ἔχινέες, οἱ, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)  
 ἘΧΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. ecbinus. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up. III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.  
 ἘΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, ὁ, a viper, adder.  
 ἔχμα, ατος, τό, (ἔχω) that which holds: I. a hindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence against. II. a bold-fast, stay, support; ἔχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ἔχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i. e. solid rock; ἔχματα πύργων supporting towers.  
 ἔχοισα, Dor. for ἔχουσα.  
 ἔχουν, impf. of χέω: see χώννυμι.  
 ἔχρανα, aor. I of χραίνω.  
 ἔχρησα, aor. I of χράω.  
 ἔχρησθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.  
 ἔχρισσα, aor. I of χρίω.  
 ἔχῡθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of χέω.  
 ἔχυντο, ἔχῡτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.  
 ἔχῡρός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἔχῡρῳ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence ἔχῡρως, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἔχῡρύτερον.  
 ἘΧΩ: impf. εἶχον Ep. ἔχον Ion. ἔχεσκον: fut.

ἔξω, or (in the sense of *holding*) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα Ep. ὄχῳα (in compd. συνοχωκότε): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σχές, subj. σχῶ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σχεῖν Ep. σχέμεν, part. σχών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθεῖν: Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. εἰχόμεν: fut. ἔξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔσχόμεν Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, *to have, hold*: 1. *to have, possess*; οἱ ἔχοντες those that have, i. e. the wealthy:—Pass. *to be possessed by, belong to*. 2. *to have to wife*: *to have in one's house, to entertain*: c. acc. loci, *to dwell in, inhabit*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), *to be pregnant, be with child*. 3. *of a State or Condition*; γῆρας ἔχειν *to have reached old age*, = the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν *to be always talking of*. 4. *to imply, infer*; ἀσχύνην ἔχειν *to imply disgrace*. 5. like Lat. teneo, *to know, understand, comprehend*. II. *to hold, keep*: *to hold fast*: *to keep with one, retain, detain*: *to hold tight, grip, grasp*, of the hold of wrestlers. 2. *to hold up, bear up, sustain*: hence *to hold out or bear up against, to resist*, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. 3. *to direct to, aim*: *to guide, steer*: in fut. σχήσω and aor. σχεῖν, *to land*. 4. *to hold in, check, stop*: also *to keep fast or close*, as a bar does a gate: *to allay pain*: c. gen. *to stop or hinder from a thing*. 5. *to keep, ward off*: hence *to guard, keep safe*: of armour, *to protect*. 6. *to keep doing or making, cause*. III. *to have means or power to do a thing, to be able*, like Lat. habeo: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, ποῦ, etc., *I know not how, know not where*, etc.

B. Intrans., *to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state*: esp. with Adv., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. bene, male se habet, *it is going on well*, etc.; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός *to be well off for a thing, abound in it*; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέθης *to be pretty well off for drink*. 2. *to be so and so, be*; λόγος ἔχει the story goes, prevails. 3. *to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm*. 4. *to stand up, jut out, rise, project*; κίονες ὑψόσ' ἔχοντες pillars rising high. 5. *to point towards, glance at, be directed towards*; ἐχθρὰ ἔχουσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, *to extend, reach unto*: also, ἔχειν ἀμφί or περί τι *to be about, busy, occupied with*. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρύψαντες ἔχουσι for κεκρύφασι; ἀποκλείσας ἔχεις for ἀποκέκλεικας. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of *duration* to what is being done; τί δῆτα διατρίβεις ἔχων; why then keep wasting time? ληρεῖς ἔχων you keep on trifling.

C. Med. *to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to*: metaph. *to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with*: hence *to lay bold on, claim, take possession of*. 2. of Place, *to be close, border on, next to*; ὁ ἐχόμενος that comes next or nearest; τὸ ἐχόμενον ἔτος the year next ensuing. II. *to*

*bear, wear, carry for oneself*; or *what is one's own*: also *to carry or conduct oneself*; ἔχεο κρατερῶς bear thyself resolutely. III. *to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from*: absol., σχέο, σχέσθε bold! cease!

ἔχωντι, Dor. for ἔχουσι.

ἔχουσα, aor. I of χώννυμι.

ἔχουσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of χώννυμι.

ἔχουσθην, aor. I pass. of χώννυμι.

ἐψάλαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

ἔψ-ανδρα, ἦ, (ἔψω, ἀνὴρ) boiling men, epith. of Medea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.

ἔψαυσα, aor. I of ψάω.

ἔψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.

ἔψευσάμην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.

ἔψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

ἔψησις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἔψω) a boiling: generally, cookery.

ἔψησω, fut. of ἔψω.

ἔψητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἔψω) a ripkin, pan for boiling.

ἔψητός, ἦ, ὅν, (ἔψω) boiled, sodden.

ἔψια Ion. ἔψιη, ἦ, (ψία, ψειά) a game played with pebbles: generally, amusement, pastime. Hence

ἔψιάομαι, Dep. *to play with pebbles*: generally, *to disport, amuse oneself*: *to entertain oneself with*.

ἔψιθυρίσδομες, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.

ἔψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω.

ἔψυγην [ῡ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ἔψω: impf. ἦψον (Ion. ἔψεον as if from ἔψέω): fut. ἔψήσω: aor. I ἦψησα:—Med., fut. ἔψήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἦψηθην: pf. ἦψημαι:—*to boil, seethe*, opp. to ὀπτάω: of metals, *to smelt, refine*: metaph. *to cherish, nurse*.

ἔω, Ion. for ὦ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔω, contr. for ἔάω.

ἔω, contr. for ἔάοι, 3 sing. opt. of ἔάω.

ἔω, dat. of ἔως.

ἔω, Ion. for ὦ, aor. 2 subj. of ἴημι.

ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, the dawn.

ἔωγα, pf. 2 of οἴγνυμι, *to open*.

ἔωγμα, pf. pass. of οἴγνυμι.

ἔωθα, ἔωθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plqpf. of ἔθω.

ἔωθεν Ep. ἠώθεν, Adv. (ἔως) from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day.

ἔωθινός, ἦ, ὅν, (ἔως) in the morning, early; τὸ ἔωθινόν as Adv. early in the morning; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.

ἔωθουν, impf. of ὠθέω.

ἔωκειν, plqpf. of ἔοικα.

ἔωλο-κράσια, ὅ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) a mixture or compound of dregs of wine: metaph., ἔωλοκρασίαν τῆς πονηρίας κατασκεδάσαι τινός *to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one*.

ἔωλος, ὄν, (ἔως) a day old, kept till the morrow: of food, stale: hence out of date, obsolete.

ἔώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἔλπω.

ἔωμεν, in Il. 19. 404, ἐπεὶ χ' ἔωμεν πολέμοιο when we have enough of war:—commonly considered as aor. 2 subj. of ἴημι, but sometimes referred to ἔω = ἔω, to satiate.

ἔωμεν, contr. from ἔάομεν, I pl. of ἔάω.



ἐῶμι, contr. from ἐάοιμι, 1 sing. opt. of ἐάω.  
 ἐών, Hom. and Ion. for ὦν, pres. part. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἐώνημαι, ἐώνημην, pf. and plqpf. of ἀνέομαι.  
 ἐφνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοέω.  
 ἐφξα, aor. 1 of οἶγνυμι.  
 ἐῶς, α, ον, also ος, ον, poet. ἐῶτος Ep. ἡοῖος, (ἔως) in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2. eastern, Lat. Eōus.  
 ἐῶρα, ἡ, collat. form of αἰῶρα, a being suspended, banging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for banging.  
 ἐῶρᾱ, 3 sing. impf. of ὀράω.  
 ἐῶρᾱκα, ἐῶρᾱμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὀράω.  
 ἐῶργει, for ἐόργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of \*ἐργω.  
 ἐῶρει, collat. form of αἰῶρει, whence aor. 1 part. fem., ἐῶρήσασα τοῦ μὲν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine eye.  
 ἐῶρταζον, ἐῶρτασα, impf. and aor. 1, with irreg. augm., of ἰορτάζω.  
 ἐῶρτο, for ἡορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of αἰείρω.  
 ἐῶρων, impf. of ὀράω.  
 ἔως, Att. for Ion. ἡώς, morn.  
 ἔως Ion. and Ep. εἰως Ep. εἰος: I. as Conjunction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly relative to the antec. τέως Ep. τείως. 2. = τέως, for a time. 3. till, until, until such time as. 4. = ὥς, ὅπως, ἵνα, that, in order that. II. as Adv., ἔως ὅτε, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too, ἔως οὐ; ἔως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long? 2. with Advs. of Place, ἔως ὧδε, ἔως ἔσω or ἔξω, up to this point, till within, etc.  
 ἔωσα, ἔωσάμην, aor. 1 act. and med. of ὠθέω.  
 ἔωσι, Ion. for ὦσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἔωσι, contr. for ἐάουσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἐάω.  
 ἔωσμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω.  
 ἔωσ-περ, strengthd. for ἔως, even until.  
 ἔωσ-φόρος, ον, (ἔως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst., ὁ Ἐωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.  
 ἔωυτοῦ, ἔωυτίων, Ion. for ἐαυτοῦ, ἐαυτῶν.

## Z

Z, ζ, ζήτα, τό, indecl., sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet: as numeral ζ' = ἑπτὰ and ἑβδομος (the obsol. ε', i. e. F or vau, being retained to represent εξ), but ζ' = 7000. Z is compounded of σ and δ, = σδ, whence in Aeol. and Dor. μουσίσδω ψιθυρίσδω are written for μουσίσω ψιθυρίσω. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ; and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in παῖςδω παιδνός, ἀλαπάςδω ἀλαπαδνός, etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g. ζόρξ ἰορκος, ζυγόν jugum.

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained short, ἄστυ Ζελεΐης, ὑλήεσσα Ζάκυνθος.

ZA~, Aeol. for διά: also as insepar. Prefix with intensive sense, like ἀρι-, ἐρι-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεος, ζα-μενής, etc. ζάγκλον, τό, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. falx. (Old Sicilian word.)

ζᾱ-ής, ἐς, (ζα-, ἄημι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty; ζᾱην, irreg. acc. for ζαέα, ζαῆ.

ζά-θεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, very divine, boly, ballowed.

ζᾱ-θερής, ἐς, (ζα-, θέρος) very hot.

ζαῖεν Att. ζῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω.

ζάκορος, ὁ, = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, ον, very wrathful.

ζάλη, ἡ, (ᾱλς) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trouble, distress. (Akin to σάλος, Lat. salum.)

ζᾱλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῖσα.

ζᾱλος, ζᾱλώω, ζᾱλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζᾱμενέω, ἰ. ἡσώ, to be very violent, exert all one's strength. From

ζᾱ-μενής, ἐς, (ζα-, μένος) very strong or mighty: raging, violent.

ζᾱμία, Dor. for ζημία.

Ζάν, Ζανός, ὁ, Dor. for Ζήν, Ζηνός, old form of Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.

ζά-πεδον, τό, = δάπεδον.

ζα-πληθής, ἐς, (ζα-, πληθος) very full; ζαπληθής γενειάς a bushy beard: full-sounding.

ζά-πλουτος, ον, very rich.

ζά-πῦρος, ον, (ζα-, πῦρ) very fiery.

ζατεῦσα, Dor. for ζητοῦσα.

ζατεῦω, ζατρεῖον, ζατρεύω, Dor. for ζητ-.

ζα-τρεφής, ἐς, (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat.

ζα-φλεγής, ἐς, (ζα-, φλέγω) full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολος, ον, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, ον, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζάχρειος ὁδοῦ one who wants to know the way.

ζα-χρηής, ἐς, (ζα-, χράω v) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρῦσος, ον, rich in gold.

ZA'Ω Ep. ζῶω, in later Poets ζόω, Att. contr. ζῶ, ζῆς, ζῆ; imperat. ζῆ or ζῆθι; opt. ζῶην; inf. ζάειν contr. ζῆν; impf. ἔζην (as if from ζῆμι), ἔζης, ἔζη, but 3 pl. ἔζαν; fut. ζήσω and ζήσομαι; aor. 1 ἔζησα; pf. ἔζηκα:—to live, breathe; ζῶν alive: ζῆν ἀπό τινος to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζῆν; c. acc. cognato, ζῆν ζόνην, βίον. II. metaph. to be in full vigour: to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active, powerful, efficacious.

-ζε, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, Ἀθήναζε, θύραζε, for Ἀθήνασδε, θύρασδε.

ζεγέριες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.

ZEIA', ἡ, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ζεῖ-δωρος, ον, (ζεῖα, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful.

ζεῖρά, ἡ, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζεῖω, poet. for ζέω, as πνέω for πνέω.

ζίσσα, Ep. for ἔζεσα, aor. 1 of ζέω.

ζεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, hot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *puny team of oxen*.  
 ζευγηλάττω, f. ἤσω, to *drive a yoke of oxen*. From  
 ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ζεύγος, ἐλαύνω) a *driver of a yoke of oxen*.

ζευγίτης [ῖ], οὐ, ὁ, (ζεύγος) *yoked together, two and two, in pairs*.

II. ζευγίται, οἱ, *yeomen*, the third of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from *their being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen*: the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, the second ἱππεῖς, and the fourth θῆτες.

ζεύγλη ποῖτ. ζεύγλα, ἡ, the *collar or loop of the yoke (ζυγόν)*, through which the oxen's heads were put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύγλαι.

II. the *rudder-bands*; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) *that which is linked together, a band, bond*: ζεύγμα τοῦ λιμένος a *boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour*.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ΖΕΥΓΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγνυσαν (Ep. ζεύγνυσαν) or ἐζεύγνυον (Ep. ζεύγνυον): fut. ζεύξω: aor. 1 ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐζεύχθην, more frequent aor. 2 ἐζύγην [ῦ]:—to *join or link together, yoke*:—Med., ἱπποὺς ζεύγνυσθαι to *yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses*; also to *harness*.

II. generally, to *join or fasten together, make fast*; σανίδες ἐζευγμέναι *close-shut doors*. 2. to *join in wedlock, marry, unite*:—Med. of the husband, to *wed*:—Pass. to *be married*. 3. to *join by bridges, throw a bridge across*. 4. to *undergird ships with ropes*.

ζεύγος, εος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoke or team of beasts, a pair of horses*. 2. the *carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough*: any pair or couple.

II. of *more than two things or persons joined together*, e. g. ζεύγος τριπάρθενον *three maiden sisters*.

ζευκτηρία, ἡ, a *fastening, band*; see πηδάλιον. From ζευκτηριος, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) *fit for joining or yoking*; τὸ ζευκτήριον a *yoke*.

ζεύξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξειεν, 3 pl. opt.; ζεύξον, imperat.

ζεύξις, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoking or manner of yoking oxen*. 2. a *joining by a bridge*.

ΖΕΥΞ, ὁ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Διί, acc. Δία as if from \*Δίς: ποῖτ. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζῆνα, Dor. Ζάνος, etc., as if from \*Ζήν, Ζάν:—Zeus, Jupiter, king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονίδης, Κρονίων: ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms come from him, as Zeus ὕει.

Ζεφύρη (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = Ζέφυρος, the *west wind*.

Ζέφυρος, ὁ, Zephyrus, the *west wind*, or properly the *north-west*. (From ζόφος, darkness or the *West*, as Eὔρος from ἔως, *morn or the East*.)

ΖΕΩ, fut. ζέσω: aor. 1 ἐζεσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to *boil, seethe*: generally, to *boil up*, esp. of hot springs: also simply to *be hot, throb with heat*; χθὼν ἐζεε the *earth was hot*: metaph. to *boil with passion*, like Lat. *fervere*. II. trans. to *make to boil, beat*.

ζῆ, ζῆθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζῆλος) *jealous*.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλέω) *jealous*.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζῆλος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss*.

ζηλο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (ζῆλος, μανῆναι) *mad with jealousy*.

ζῆλος, ὁ, (ζέω) *eager rivalry, emulation, in good sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy)*. 2. any strong passion, esp. *jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a thing*.

II. pass. the *object of emulation or rivalry, happiness, blessedness*.

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ζῆλος.

ζηλοτύπεω, f. ἤσω, (ζηλότυπος) to *emulate, rival, be jealous of*. 2. to *envy*. 3. to *affect, pretend to*. Hence

ζηλοτύπια, ἡ, *rivalry, jealousy, envy*.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζῆλος, τύπτω) *jealous*.

ζηλόω, f. ὠσω, (ζῆλος) to *rival, vie with, emulate*, Lat. *aemulari*: c. acc. rei, to *desire emulously, strive after*. 2. to *be jealous of, envy*. 3. to *emulate, envy, admire, commend*. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, the *object of emulation*: in pl. *high fortunes*. II. *rivalry, emulation*.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζηλόω) *emulation, imitation*.

ζηλωτής, ου, ὁ, (ζηλόω) a *rival, zealous imitator*. 2. a *zealot*.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλόω) to *be emulated, worthy of imitation*. 2. *enviable, happy, blessed*.

ζημία, ἡ, *loss, damage*, Lat. *damnum*, opp. to κέρδος; φανερά ζημία a *clear loss*. II. a *penalty*, esp. in money, a *fine*; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to *make death the penalty*. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιόω, f. ὠσω, to *cause loss to one, do one damage or hurt*: to *punish*; esp. in money, to *fine*:—Pass., with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι, aor. 1 ἐζημιώθην, to *be fined*.

\*Ζήν, ὁ, gen. Ζηνός, ποῖτ. for Ζεύς, q. v.

Ζηνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνόφρων.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) *knowing the mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles*.

ζήσομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητεῖω, ποῖτ. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΩ, f. ἤσω, to *seek, seek for, seek after*. 2. to *search out, inquire into, examine, investigate*: c. inf. to *seek to do*. 3. to *have to seek*. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, *that which is sought: an inquiry, question*.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) to *be searched*; τὰ ζητήσιμα *places to be beaten for game*.

ζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) a *seeking for, searching after*: a *searching out, inquiry, investigation*.

ζητητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to *be sought*. II. ζητητέον, one *must seek out*.

ζητητής, ου, ὁ, (ζητέω) a *seeker, searcher, inquirer, examiner*. II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were *commissioners to inquire into state-offences*.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, *sought for*.

ζιζάνιον, τό, a *weed that grows in wheat, darnel*, Lat. *zizanium, lolium*. (Eastern word.)

ζόη, Ion. for ζάη.



ζοῖα, Aeol. for ζῶη.

ζοός, ἄ, ὄν, poet. for ζῶος, ζῶς.

ζορκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = δορκάς: also ζορξ, ζορκός, ἡ.

ζοφερός, ὄν, (ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.

ΖΟΨΟΣ, ὄ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the neither world: hence the land of darkness, the neither world itself:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζόφος the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡέλιόν τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

ζοφώω, f. ὥσω, to darken:—Pass. to be dark.

ζοφώδης, ες, (ζόφος, εἶδος) dusky, gloomy.

ζῶω, for ζάω.

ζύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

ζυγίς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγὴ-φόρος, ὄν, poet. for ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke.

ζύγιος, α, ὄν, (ζυγόν) of or for the yoke; ζύγιος ἵππος a draught-horse, wheeler.

ζυγίτης, ὄν, ὄ, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμίται, those on the highest θρανῖται. [i]

ζυγό-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.

ζυγο-μάχέω, f. ἡσω (ζυγόν, μάχομαι) to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.

ΖΥΓΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ὄ, but in pl. always ζυγά:

—Lat. *jūgum*, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγό-δεσμος to the end of the pole, and having ζεύγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατὰ ζυγά in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. *transillum*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ. III. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. *transtra*. IV. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. V. the cross-straps of sandals.

ζυγός, v. sub ζυγόν.

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of ζυγόν.

ζυγώω, f. ὥσω, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.

ζυγωθρίζω, to lock up. From

ζυγωθρον, τό, (ζυγώω) the bar or bolt of a door.

ζυγωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζυγώω) drawn by a pair of horses.

ζύμη, ἡ, (ζέω) leaven. [v] Hence

ζυμίτης, ὄν, Adj. masc. leavened. [i]

ζυμώω, f. ὥσω, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment.

ζωάγρια, ὄν, τά, (ζῶος, ἄγρα) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγριος, ὄν, (ζῶος, ἄγρα) for saving life.

ζωάριον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, an animalcule. [α]

ζω-αρκής, ες, (ζῶη, ἀρκέω) maintaining life.

ζωγράφειω, f. ἡσω, (ζωγράφος) to paint from life.

ζωγράφος, ἡ, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφος, ὄ, a painter.

ζῶγρει, ζῶγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of

ζω-γρέω, f. ἡσω, (ζῶος, ἀγρεύω) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζωγρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a taking alive, taking prisoner.

ζωδιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῳδῖον) of or containing animals; ὁ ζωδιακός (sub. κύκλος) the Zodiac.

ζῳδῖον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, a small figure, painted or carved.

ζῳμέν, ζῳμέναι, for ζῳεῖν, inf. of ζῳώ = ζάω.

ζῳέσκον, Ion. impf. of ζάω.

ζῳή Dor. ζῳά Ion. and poet. ζῳή Aeol. ζοῖα, ἡ, (ζάω) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property. II. life.

ζῳ-θάλμιος, ὄν, (ζῳή, θάλλω) giving vigour of life.

ζῳικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῳον) of or for animals.

ζῳμα, ατος, τό, (ζῳννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζῳστήρ. II. also = ζῳνη, or ζῳστήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζῳμευμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From

ζῳμεύω, f. σω, (ζῳμός) to boil for broth, seethe.

ζῳμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῳμός, a little sauce.

ζῳμός Dor. δῳμός, ὄ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to eat with other dishes.

ζῳνη, ἡ, (ζῳννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζῳστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζῳνην and τρέφειν ἐν τῷ ζῳνῇ to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* to lose one's purse. II. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.

ΖΩΝΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: fut. ζῳώσω: aor. ἐζῳσα:—

Med. ζῳννύμαι, fut. ζῳσομαι: aor. I ἐζῳσάμην:—

Pass., aor. I ἐζῳσθην: pf. ἐζῳσμαι:—to gird, esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζῳνην, χαλκὸν ζῳννύσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζῳννύσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of ζῳννυμι.

ζῳο-γλύφος, ὄν, (ζῳον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζῳογλύφος, ὄ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζῳογονέω, f. ἡσω, to produce, propagate animals. II. to preserve alive. From

ζῳο-γόνος, ὄν, (ζῳον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζῳο-γράφος, ὄν, poet. for ζωγ-.

ζῳον, τό, properly contr. from ζῳῖον, a living being, animal, Lat. *animal*. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζῳα γράφειν or γράφεισθαι, for ζωγραφεῖν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζῳα γράψασθαι τὴν ζεῦξιν τοῦ Βοσπόρου to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ἤσω, (ζῶς, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken.  
ζῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ζάω) alive, living; ζῶν ἐλεῖν τινα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶ-σοφος, ὄν, (ζῶς, σοφός) wise in life.

ζωο-φόρος, ὄν, (ζῶς, φέρω) lifegiving. II.

(ζῶον, φέρω) bearing animals; ὁ ζωοφόρος (sub κύκλος) = ὁ ζωδιακός.

ζωοφύττω, f. ἤσω, to put forth live shoots. From

ζῶ-φύτος, ὄν, (ζῶς, φύω) producing plants.

ζω-πονέω, f. ἤσω, (ζῶς, πονέω) to represent alive.

ζωπύρεω, f. ἤσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶ-πύρον, τό, (ζῶς, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of hot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ἤσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ζῶς, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζωρός, ὄν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water:—as Subst. ζωρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζωρόν, τό, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., ζωρότερον κέραε mix purer wine, i. e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, ζωρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζωερός from ζῶς.)

ζῶς, neut. ζών, gen. ζώ, rarer form for ζῶς.

ζῶσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζώννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζώννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζώνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζῶστρον, τό, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζάω) of or for life. II. full of

life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax: of works of art, true to life; τὸ ζωτικὸν φαίνεσθαι πῶς ἐνεργάζη τοῖς ἀνδριᾶσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, = ζῶδιον.

ζῶ-φύτος, ὄν, (ζῶς, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζάω, to live.

## H

**H**, η, ἦτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral η'—ὀκτώ and ὀγδοός, but η = 8000. The uncial form of Eta (**H**) was a double **EΞ**, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δῆλος, ζῆλος, from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one sign (ε) for the sound of e both long and short, till the long vowel η, with ω, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with ω, ξ, ψ. The sign H, before it represented long ε, was used for the rough breathing, as ΗΟΞ for ὅς, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that **Η** represented the rough, **Ἡ** the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.; in the Attic dialect, it often passed into α, as Ion. πρήσσω, θῶρηξ are in Att. πράσσω, θώραξ. In later Att., ει and ηι were not seldom changed into η, e. g. κλειθρον κληθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρηίδες.

ἦ poet. ἦέ, Conjunction with three chief signs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. ἦ DISJUNCTIVE, or, Lat. aut; and doubled, ἦ... ἦ..., either... or..., Lat. aut..., aut...

II. ἦ INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, εἰπέ ἦ... say whether...; and doubled ἦ... ἦ..., whether... or...? Lat. utrum... an...? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an; τίπτ' εἰλήλουθας; ἦ ἵνα ὕβριν ἴδῃ Ἀγαμέμνωνος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see...?

III. ἦ COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp. Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι ἦ..., some other thing than...; ἐναντίος ἦ..., contrariwise than...; οὐδ' ὅσον ἦ..., not so much as...; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἦ... to wish rather than...; φθάνω ἦ... to come sooner than... 2. ἦ sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρησαίαι ἐλαφρότεροι πόδας εἶναι, ἦ ἀφηνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ἦ σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When ἦ οὐ, ἦ οὐκ come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μὴ οὐ.]

ἦ, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; ἦ, ἦ, σιώπα what do, be silent!

ἦ, Adv., with two signs., strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN OR CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety; ἦ μήν, Ion. ἦ μὲν, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater solemnity.

II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. num? sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be? ἦ οὐ...; Lat. nonne...?

ἦ, for ἔφη, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμί.

ἦ, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἦ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἦ, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

ἦ, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἦ, ὅ, who, what?

ἦ, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἦ, ὅν, bis, ber.

ἦ, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἦ, ὅ: also used adverbially: I. of Place, which way, where, whither, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, how, as; ἦ θέμις ἐστί as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ἦ μάλιστα or ἦ δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; ἦ τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ἦα, ἦεν, Ep. for ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἦα, contr. of ἦια, for ἦειν, Ep. impf. of εἰμί ibo.

ἦατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἡβαιός, ἁ, ὄν, Ion. for βαιός, little, small, poor, slight: mostly with a negat., οὐ οἱ ἐνὶ φρένες, οὐδ' ἡβαιαί no sense is in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἡβαιόν not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ἡβαιὸν ἀπὸ σπείους a little from the cave.



ἡβάσκω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. *pubescere*.

ἡβάω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἡβησα: pf. ἡβηκα: (ἡβη):—to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. *pubescere*; ἀνὴρ μάλα ἡβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώσα a young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

ἡβη, ἡ, man's estate, manhood, youth, Lat. *pubertas*; also the strength and freshness of youth:—as a legal term ἡβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that οἱ δέκα ἀφ' ἡβης were men of 28, οἱ τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ἡβης men of 58. 2. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit.

3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. *juventus*. II. as fem. prop. n. ἡβη, *Hebé*, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence

ἡβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες ἡβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ἡβητήρ, ἡβητής, οὐ, ὅ, (ἡβάω) in the prime of youth.

ἡβητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. *juvenilis*.

ἡβός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡβη) youthful.

ἡβουλήθη, ἡβουλόμην, for ἡβ-, aor. I and impf. of βούλωμαι.

ἡβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ἡβάω, to be youngish.

ἡβώην, Att. opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβώμι Ep. ἡβώοιμι, opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβῶν, ἡβώσα, Ep. part. of ἡβάω.

ἡγάασθε, ἡγάμην, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἡγαγον, ἡγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἄγω.

ἡγάθεος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἄγαν, θεός) hallowed, most holy.

ἡγᾶνον, τό, Ion. for τήγανον.

ἡγάπην, Dor. for ἡγάπων, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἡγάσσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγάσμαι.

ἡγγεῖλα, aor. I of ἀγγέλλω.

ἡγγίκα, ἡγγισα, pf. and aor. I of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύησα, -ήθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύων, impf. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγεῖρα, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader.

ἡγεμονεύς, gen. ἡγεμονεύου, Ep. ἡγος, ὅ, poet. for ἡγεμών.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμών) to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule, command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ἡ, (ἡγεμών) a leading the way, going first. II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates; ἡγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ἡγεμονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡγεμών) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, Lat. *princeps*.

ἡγεμόνιος, α, ὅν, (ἡγεμών) of or belonging to a guide: ὁ ἡγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ἡγεμόσυνος, ἡ, ὅν, belonging to a leader: τὰ ἡγεμόσυνα (sub. ἱερά), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

ἡγεμών, ὅν, ὁ, a leader, Lat. *dux*: 1. a guide to shew one the way, ἡγεμῶν ὁδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. *princeps, auctor*; ἡγεμῶν γίνεσθαι τινι to be one's guide or authority. 2. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief.

From

ἡγέομαι, f. ἡγήσομαι: aor. I ἡγησάμην: pf. ἡγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἄγω):—to go before, lead the way, opp. to ἐπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:—absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief.

II. like Lat. *ducere*, to suppose, believe, bold; ἡγεῖσθαι τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ἡγεῖσθαι θεούς to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἡγερέθονται, ἡγερέθοντο.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ἡγερέεσθαι.

ἡγερέθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγηλάζω, Ep. form of ἡγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. *agere*, κακὸν μὲρον ἡγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life.

ἡγημαι, pf. of ἡγέομαι.

ἡγητέον, verb. Adj. of ἡγέομαι, one must lead. II. one must suppose.

ἡγητήρ, ἡγος, ὅ, ἡγητής, οὐ, ὅ, ἡγήτωρ, ὁρος, ὅ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἡγήτορες ἡδὲ μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιαζω.

ἡγίνεον, impf. of ἀγινέω.

ἡγκαλίσάμην, ἡγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of ἀγκαλίζομαι.

ἡγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἡγλαῖσα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἡγμαι, pf. pass. of ἄγω.

ἡγνόηκα, ἡγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγνισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίζω.

ἡγνόουν, impf. of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγξα, aor. I of ἀγχω.

ἡγον, impf. of ἄγω.

ἡγοράασθε, -όωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἡγοράασθε, -ώωντο, 2 and 3 impf. of ἀγοράζομαι.

ἡγόρακα, ἡγόρασα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγοράζω.

ἡγόρευκα, ἡγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἡγουν, Conj. (ἡ, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. *scilicet*.

ἡγρίδαν, aor. I of ἀγριαίνω.

ἡγρίωκα, ἡγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγριόω.

ἡγρόμην, Ep. for ἡγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω.

ἡγρύπνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυπνέω.

ἡγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of ἀγχω.

ἡγωνίακα, -ῖα, -ῖων, pf., aor. I and impf. of ἀγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην, aor. I med. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡγωνίσθην, ἡγώνισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡ-δέ, (ἡ, δέ) and: if καί follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδὲ καί and also. II. when it answers to ἡμὲν it means, as also.

ἡδε, fem. of ὅδε.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of \*εἶδω.

ἡδεν, eis, ei, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of \*εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδισαν or ἡδισαν.

ἡδεσάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of ἐσθίω.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. of ἡδύς, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly,

ἡδέως ἔχειν to be kind: Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστα.

\*ἩΔΗ, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδη Αἴγυπτος after this lake directly begins Egypt.

ἡδη, ἡδησθα, ἡδη Att. for ἡδεν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of \*εἶδω.

ἡδίκηον, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of ἀδικέω.

ἡδίω, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολέσχεον, impf. of ἀδολέσχω.

\*ἩΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθην, rarely in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας he was glad to have heard: often used in dat. of partic., ἡδομένῳ γίνεται μοί τι I am well pleased at the thing happening, like ἀσμένῳ, βουλομένῳ. Hence

ἡδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, gladly.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure, Lat. voluptas; πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν λέγειν to speak so as to please another.

ἡδος, εὐς, τό, (ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure.

ἡ δ' ὅς, said he, for ἔφη ἐκεῖνος, v. ἡμί.

ἡδύ-βότης, ον, Dor. -βόας, α, ὁ, (ἡδύς, βοή) sweet-sounding.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) sweetening marriage.

ἡδύ-γέλως, ον, gen. ω, (ἡδύς, γέλως) sweetly-laughing.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ἡδύς, γλῶσσα) sweet-tongued.

ἡδύ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments.

ἡδύ-επής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) sweet-speaking: sweet-sounding:—poët. fem. ἡδυέπεια.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (ἡδύς, θρύος) sweet-strained.

ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) taken with pleasure.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flattering, fawning.

ἡδύ-λύρης, ον, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the lyre.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) sweet-singing.

ἡδύ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) with honey-sweet voice.

ἡδύ-μίγής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μιγῆναι) sweetly-mixed.

ἡδύμος, ον, poët. for ἡδύς, sweet, pleasant.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἔδυνάμην, impf. of δύναιμι.

ἡδυνήθην, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναιμι.

ἡδύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἡδύνα: (ἡδύς):—to sweeten, season.

ἡδύ-οἶνος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) producing sweet wine.

ἡδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, ὁσμή) sweet-smelling.

ἡδύπαθεια, ἡ, pleasant living, luxury. From

ἡδύπαθίω, f. ἡσώ, (ἡδυπαθής) to live pleasantly, enjoy oneself, be luxurious. Hence

ἡδυπάθημα, ατος, τό, enjoyment. [ᾱ]

ἡδυ-παθής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) living pleasantly.

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡδύς, πνοή) sweet-breathing: sweet-smelling.

ἡδύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πόλις) dear to the people.

ἡδυ-πότης, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) sweet to drink.

ἡδύς, ἡδεῖα, ἡδύ; Ion. fem. ἡδέα Dor. ἀδέα; Dor. acc. sing. ἀδέα, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδίω, Sup. ἡδιστος: later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδύτατος: (ἡδομαι):—sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

II. of persons, pleasant, welcome, dear, glad.

ἡδυσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σῶμα) of sweet form.

ἡδύ-φάης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, φάος) sweetly-shining.

ἡδύ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) sweet-minded.

ἡδυφωνία, ἡ, sweetness of voice. From

ἡδύ-φωνος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) sweet-voiced.

ἡδύ-χαρής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, χαρῆναι) sweetly joyous.

ἡδύ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ἡδύς, χροῖα) of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst., a kind of perfume.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἡ, or.

ἡε, Ep. for ἡει, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡει, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι.

ἡιδον, ἡισα, impf. and aor. I of αἰδω.

ἡείδεν, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of \*εἶδω.

ἡέλιος, ὁ, poët. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιώτης, Ep. for ἡλιώτης.

ἡεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡέπερ, poët. for ἡπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερέθομαι, lengthd. form of αἰέρομαι Pass., to hang floating or waving in the air: metaph., ὕπλοτέρων φρένες ἡερέθονται young men's minds are flighty.

ἡέρθην, aor. I pass. of αἰέρω.

ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡέριος, α, ον, Ep. for ἀέριος (ἀήρ) early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist (ἀήρ).

2. bigb in air.

ἡερμαι, pf. pass. of αἰέρω.

ἡερο-δίνης, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) wheeling in mid-air. [i]

ἡερο-ειδής, ἐς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) of



cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills: dim, gray.

ἡερόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡερόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡέρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοῖτις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτάω) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ἡέρτησα, ἡέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀερτάω.

ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ἡέρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαῖος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡθεῖος.

ἡθάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for ἐθάς, (ἡθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing. II. wonted, accustomed.

ἡθεῖος, α, ον, (ἡθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἡθειε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἡθελον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἡθεος, ὁ, ἡ, Att. for ἡίθεος.

ἡΘΕ'Ω, f. ἡσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ὁν, (ἡθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθληκα, ἡθλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, ὁ, (ἡθew) a strainer.

ἡθος, εος, τό, (ἔθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἡθια, seats, haunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἡθον, imp. of αἰθω.

ἡθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροίσθην, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡῖα contr. ἡῖα, τά, (ἡῖα, contr. ἡῖα, impf. of εἶμι ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. chaff, husks. [i]

ἡῖα, Ion. for ἡῖεν, impf. of εἶμι ibo: 3 sing. ἡῖε, 3 pl. ἡῖον or ἡῖσαν.

ἡῖθεος Att. contr. ἡῖθεος, ὁ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡῖθέη, a young girl.

ἡῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of εἶκα (as if from ἡῖγμην).

ἡῖξα, aor. I of αἰσσω.

ἡῖόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἡῖών) with high, steep banks.

ἡῖον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡῖος, ὁ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἡ, ἡ.

ἡῖσαν, Ep. for ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἡῖσκον, impf. of εἶσκω.

ἡῖσσον, impf. of αἰσσω.

ἡῖχθην, aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

ἡΓΩ'Ν Att. ἡῶν Dor. αἰών, ὄνος, ἡ, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [i]

ἡῖων, ονος, ἡ, (αἰών) a bearing, report.

ἡΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ā]

ἡκα, aor. I of ἡμι.

ἡκαζον, Att. impf. of εἰκάζω.

ἡκαιρεῖσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ἡκασα, ἡκάσθην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάζω.

ἡκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάζω.

ἡκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἡκέσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἡ-κεστος, η, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ἡκή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκωκή.

ἡκισάμην, aor. I med. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκίσθην, ἡκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἡκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἡσσων, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἡκιστα, least (κακός or μικρός is used as positive).

ἡκμάσα, aor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ἡκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἡκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἡ-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ἡπου.

ἡκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἡκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἡκρώμην, ἡκροῦσάμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκροῶμαι.

ἡκρωτηρίασα, ἡκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτηριάζω.

ἡΚΩ, impf. ἡκον: fut. ἡξω:—properly I have come, am here, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plqpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point; εἰς τοῦτο τόλμης ἡκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity. 2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ἡκειν τινός to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἡλάθην [ā], aor. I pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἡλαίνω, Ion. and poet. for ἀλαίνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἡλάκατα, ων, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ἡλάκάτη, ἡ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like ἄτρακτος, Lat. arundo.

ἡλάλαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάζω.

ἡλαλκον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ἡλάμην, aor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ἡλάσα, ἡλάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἡλασκάζω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ἡλασκάζει be flees from or shuns my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἡλάσκω, Ep. form of ἀλάομαι, ἀλαίνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἡλάστεον, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἡλάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλάομαι

ἡλάττωσα, ἡλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλασσώω.

ἡλγησα, aor. I of ἀλγέω.

ἡλγῦνα, ἡλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω.

ἡλδανε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδαίνω.

ἡλεάμην, aor. I of ἀλέομαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἡλειψα, ἡλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of *gold* alloyed with *silver*:—in *Ar. Eq.* 532 ἐκπιπτουσῶν τῶν ἡλέκτρων, it seems to mean, *the pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φάης, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φάος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλέκτωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, *the beaming sun*: as *Adj.*, ἡλέκτωρ Ὑπερίων *beaming Hyperion*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλέματος Dor. ἀλ-, ὄν, (ἡλεός, ἡλός) *distracted, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλεός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡλός) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*. II. act. *distracting, crazing*.

ἡλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, *to grind*.

ἡλεύατο, Ep. for ἡλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλεύομαι = ἀλέομαι.

ἡλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἡλήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἡληλίμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλθον, contr. of ἡλυθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, = ἡλιόω, (ἡλιος) *to warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, *to sit in the court* Ἡλιαία.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλήης, ἀλία) at Athens a *hall* in which the chief law-court was held: *the Heliæa* or *supreme law-court*.

ἡλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) a *jurymen in the court Heliæa*, a *Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to a *Heliast*.

ἡλίβατος, ὄν, steep, abrupt, precipitous: *bigb, buge, enormous*. II. like *Lat. altus*, *deep, profound*.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλιθα, Adv. (ἄλις) *enough, sufficiently: abundantly*.

ἡλιθιάζω, *to speak or act idly, foolishly*. From

ἡλίθιος Dor. ἀλίθ-, α, ὄν, (ἡλός, ἡλεός) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly*. Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἡλιθιόω, f. ὦσω, *to make foolish, to distract, craze*.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιξ) *time of life, age*. 2. *the vigour or prime of life, manhood*; οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ *men of age fit for service*:—*youthful heat and passion*. II.

as *Subst.*, = οἱ ἡλικίαι, *those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates*. III. generally, *age, time*: later an *age*, *Lat. seculum*. IV. of the *body, stature, growth, bulk*. Hence

ἡλικιώτης, οὗ, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, an *equal in age, fellow, comrade*, *Lat. aequalis*.

ἡλίκος, ἡ, ὄν, *Relat. to τηλίκος* or *τηλικούτος*, as *Lat. quantus* to *tantus*, as *big as, as tall as, as great as*. 2. in indirect questions, *how great or strong*: also *how old, at what age*: as *old as*. [ἱ] From

ἩΛΙΞ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, of the same age, *Lat. aequalis*:—as *Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate*.

ἡλιό-βλητος, ὄν, (ἡλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-κάης, ἐς, (ἡλιος, κάω, καίω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιό-καυστος, ὄν, = ἡλιοκαής.

ἡλιο-μᾶνης, ἐς, (ἡλιος, μανῆναι) *doting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἡλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἡέλιος, ὁ, (ἔλη *Lat. sol*) *the sun*; πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡέλιόν τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. *the East*, opp. to πρὸς ζόφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς Ἡῶ τε καὶ ἡλίου ἀνατολὰς to πρὸς ἐσπέριν. 2.

day, like *Lat. sol*. 3. οἱ ἡλιοι *the sun-beams*, like *Lat. soles*. II. as prop. n. *Helios, the sun-god*, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἡλιος, στερέω) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στιβής, ἐς, (ἡλιος, στιβεῖν) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιόω, f. ὦσω, (ἡλιος) *to warm in the sun*:—Pass. *to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλίσσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλίζω.

ἡλῖσα, ἡλῖκα, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἡλῖτον, aor. 2 of ἀλιταίνω.

ἡλῖτο-εργός, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλῖτό-μηνος, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, μήν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίφην [ἱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἩΛΙΨ, ἱπος, ὁ, said to be a *Dorian shoe*.

ἡλίωσα, aor. I both of ἀλιόω and of ἡλιόω.

ἡλιώτης, οὗ, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, poet. ἡελ-, (ἡλιος) of or belonging to the sun.

ἡλκησα, aor. I of ἐλκέω.

ἡλκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλκώω.

ἡλλάγην, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαξα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλοίωσα, ἡλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοιόω.

ἡλόησα, Ep. ἡλοῖησα, aor. I of ἀλοάω.

ἡλόκιςμαι, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίζω.

ἩΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *nail, stud*: more for ornament than use.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐλπομαι.

ἡλπίσα, ἡλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσάμην, aor. I med. of εἴλω.

ἡλύγη [ῦ], ἡ, (ἡλυξ) *shadow, darkness*: metaph., δίκης ἡλύγη *the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλυθον, Ep. for ἡλθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, *darkness*, only found in compd. ἐπηλυξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ἡλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσκω.

Ἡλύσιον πεδῖον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) *the Elysian fields*: later without πεδῖον, *Elysium*. Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρων νῆσοι.

ἡλύσιος, α, ὄν, *coming*: or *Elysian*. [ῦ] From



ἡλυσίς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.  
 ἡλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφαίνω.  
 ἡλωκα, Ion. for ἐάλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.  
 ἡλώμην, impf. of ἀλάσσομαι.  
 ἡλων, Ion. for ἐάλων, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.  
 ἡμα, τό, (ἡμι) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin.  
 ἡμαθόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἁμαθος) Ion. for ἁμ-, sandy.  
 ἡμαι, ἡσαι, ἡται, 3 pl. ἡνται Ion. ἔαται Ep. εἶαται; imperat. ἡσο, ἡσθω, etc.; inf. ἡσθαι; part. ἡμενος; impf. ἡμην, ἡσο, ἡστο, 3 pl. ἡντο Ion. ἔατο Ep. εἶατο:—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plqpf. of ἔζομαι), to be set, to sit: often with collat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter: ἡμενος χώρος, like ελαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc., ἡσθαι σέλαμα to sit on a bench.  
 ἡμαρ Dor. ἁμαρ, ἁτος, τό, poet. for ἡμέρα, day; αἰσιμον ἡμαρ, μόρσιμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day of death; ἐλεύθερον, δούλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom, of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons, ὁπωρινόν, χειμέριον ἡμαρ autumn, winter time; ἐπ' ἡματι day by day, daily, but ἐπ' ἡμαρ by day; κατ' ἡμαρ day by day; παρ' ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alternis diebus: also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ.  
 ἡμάρτηκα, ἡμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμαρτάνω.  
 ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.  
 ἡμάτιος, α, ον, (ἡμαρ) poet. for ἡμερήσιος, by day: day by day, daily.  
 ἡμάτωμαι, pf. pass. of αἵματώω.  
 ἡμβλωκα, ἡμβλωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμβλίσκω.  
 ἡμβροτον, inf. ἁμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.  
 ἡμεδαπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country, native, Lat. nostras.  
 ἡμεῖς, ἡμᾶς, nom. and acc. pl. of ἐγώ.  
 ἡμελγον, impf. of ἀμέλγω.  
 ἡμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neglectful manner.  
 ἡμελλον, Att. impf. of μέλλω.  
 ἡ-μέν., ἡ-δέ., (ἡ, μέν) poet. for καί., καί., as well., as also., Lat. et., et.: also disjunctive, if., or if., whether., whether., Lat. vel., vel., or sive., sive..  
 ἡμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡμερ'α Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἁμέρα, ἡ, day: the light of day; ἁμ' ἡμέρα or ἁμα τῇ ἡμέρα with dawn of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέρας all day long; διὰ τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die; ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdiu; ὕψὲ τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or near day. II. metaph. life: παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old age; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence  
 ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ἡμερεύειν μακρὰς κελεύθου to rest the day after a long journey. 2. to pass one's days, live.  
 ἡμερήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἡμέρα) of or for the day, by day. II. a day long; ἡμερησία ὁδὸς a day's journey.

ἡμερία, ἡ, = ἡμέρα.  
 ἡμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτερινός by night; ἄγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messenger. II. = ἐφήμερος, for the day, perisbable.  
 ἡμέριος, ον, also α, ον, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.  
 ἡμερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἡμερος, cultivated, opp. to ἄγριος, wild:—as Subst. the vine.  
 ἡμερο-δρόμος, ον, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the live-long day:—as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.  
 ἡμερο-θάλης, ἐς, Dor. for sq.  
 ἡμερο-θηλής, ἐς, (ἡμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting.  
 ἡμερό-κοιτος, ον, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i. e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.  
 ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every day, day by day, every day.  
 ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register.  
 ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, almanack.  
 ἡμερος, ον, also α, ον, tame, reclaimed, domestic, of animals; of trees, cultivated:—opp. to ἄγριος, wild. II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.  
 ἡμερο-σκόπος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day: as Subst. a day-watcher.  
 ἡμερό-φαντος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by day.  
 ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day.  
 ἡμερό-φωνος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock, herald of day.  
 ἡμερώω, f. ὠσω, (ἡμερος) to tame, make tame, reclaim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men, to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue.  
 ἡμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡμετέρειος, α, ον, = ἡμεδαπός.  
 ἡμέτερος, α, ον, (ἡμεῖς) our, Lat. noster; εἰς ἡμέτερον (sub. δῶμα) to our house.  
 ἡμέων, Ion. and Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγώ.  
 ἡμην, rare Att. form for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡμην, impf. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡμί, the same as φημί, I say, Lat. inquam; παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ boy, I say, boy!—impf. 1 and 3 sing., ἦν δ' ἐγὼ said I, ἦ δ' ὅς said he, are freq. in Att. Homer has only 3 sing. impf. ἦ, he spoke.  
 ἡμι-, freq. as a prefix, half-, Lat. semi-: the Adj. is ἡμισυς.  
 ἡμί-ανδρος, ὁ, (ἡμι-, ἀνὴρ) a half-man, eunuch.  
 ἡμι-άνθρωπος, ὁ, = ἡμιάνδρος.  
 ἡμι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, βρέχομαι) half-watered.  
 ἡμι-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμι-βρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, βιβρώσκω) half-eaten.  
 ἡμι-γένειος, ον, (ἡμι-, γένειον) with but half a beard.  
 ἡμι-γυμνος, ον, (ἡμι-, γυμνός) half-naked.  
 ἡμι-δαής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, δαίω) half-burnt.  
 ἡμι-δαρεικόν, τό, (ἡμι-, δαρεικός) a half-daric.  
 ἡμι-δεής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, δέω) wanting half, half-full.  
 ἡμι-διπλοῦδιον Att. contr. —οἶδιον, τό, (ἡμι-, διπλοῖς) a half-sbawl, or sbawl doubled in half.  
 ἡμί-δουλος, ον, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτέον, τό, a half-εκτεύς, i. e. a twelfth part of a medimnus.

ἡμι-έλλην, ηνος, ὁ, ἡ, a half-Greek.

ἡμι-εργής, ἐς, and ἡμι-έργος, ον, (ἡμι-, \*έργω) half-made.

ἡμί-εφθος, ον, (ἡμι-, ἔψω) half-boiled, half-cooked.

ἡμι-θάλης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θαλεῖν) half-green.

ἡμι-θάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) half-dead.

ἡμί-θεος Dor. ἄμ-, ὁ, half a god, demigod.

ἡμιθνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) half-dead.

ἡμί-θραυστος, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) half-broken.

ἡμί-κάκος, ον, a rogue by halves, half a villain.

ἡμι-κλήριον, τό, (ἡμι-, κληρος) half the inheritance.

ἡμί-κραιρα, ἡ, half the beard or face.

ἡμί-λεπτος, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) half-peeled, half-batched.

ἡμί-λευκος, ον, half-white.

ἡμιλλήθην, ἡμίλλημαι, aor. I and pf. of ἀμιλλάομαι.

ἡμι-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μανῆναι) half-mad.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραίνομαι) half-withered or faded. [α]

ἡμι-μεθής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) half-drunk.

ἡμι-μναῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνᾶ) of, amounting to a half-mina: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a half-mina.

ἡμιν or ἡμῖν, dat. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμί-ξηρος, ον, half-dry.

ἡμιολία (ναῦς), ἡ, a light ship with one and a half bank of oars. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὅλος) one and a half, half as much again; ἡμιόλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου half as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρότερον ἔφερον one half more than they used to receive before.

ἡμιόνειος, α, ον, (ἡμίονος) of a mule; ἄμαξα ἡμιονεῖα a car drawn by mules; ζυγὸν ἡμιόνειον a team of mules.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμιόνειος.

ἡμί-ονος, ἡ or ὁ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) a half-ass, a mule. II. as Adj., βρέφος ἡμίονον a mule-foal.

ἡμί-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) with half its proper number of bores; ἡμίοποι αὐλοὶ flutes with only three bores.

ἡμί-οπτος, ον, half-roasted.

ἡμι-πέλεκκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a half-axe, a single edged axe, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκκον.

ἡμί-πλεθρον, τό, a half-πλέθρον, i. e. 50 feet.

ἡμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλίνθος) a half-plinth, a brick, Lat. semilaterium.

ἡμί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) half-breathing, half-coked.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρόω) half-burnt. [υ]

ἡμίσεις, nom. pl. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, a half, fem. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-σοφος, ον, half-wise.

ἡμί-σπαστος, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) half torn down.

ἡμι-σταδιαῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of half a stadium.

ἡμι-στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, a half-soldier.

ἡμι-στρογγύλος, ον, half-round.

ἡμίστυς, εἰα, υ; Ion. fem. ἡμισέα: gen. ἡμίσεος rarely -εως, fem. ἡμισείας Ion. -εας: nom. pl. ἡμίσεις Att. -εις:—half, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσεις λαοὶ half the people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αἱ ἡμισεῖαι τῶν νεῶν half the ships; so also, ἡμισυς λόγος half the tale; ἡμισυς τεῖχος half the wall; neut. sing. ἡμισυ as Subst. a half, half, ἡμισυ τιμῆς.

ἡμί-τάλαντον, τό, a half-talent, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμτάλαντον two talents and a half (cf. Lat. sestertius); but, τρία ἡμτάλαντα three half-talents.

ἡμί-τέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελής) a remission of half.

ἡμί-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) half-finished.

ἡμί-τελής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect; δόμος ἡμιτελής a house but half complete, i. e. wanting its master.

ἡμί-τομος, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμεῖν) half cut through: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον a half.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, φάος) half-shining.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, half-bald.

ἡμί-φauλος, ον, half-kenavish.

ἡμί-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) half-burnt.

ἡμιωβολιαῖος, α, ον, worth half an obol. From ἡμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, a half-obol. From ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὀβολός) a half-obol.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὦρα) a half-hour.

ἡμμαι, pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε: when, while, so long as.

ἡμπεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀμπέχω.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος.

ἡμουν, impf. of ἐμέω.

ἡμπέδουν, impf. of ἐμπεδύω.

ἡμπόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπόλων, impf. of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκα.

ἡμῦνα, aor. I of ἀμύνω.

ἡμύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἡμύνω.

ἡμύστικα, pf. of ἀμυστίζω.

ἡμύνω, f. ὑσω [υ]: aor. I ἡμῦσα: (μύνω):—to sink, droop, bow down; ἡμυσε κάρη his head dropped, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ἡμύει ἀσταχύνει it bows down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: later to fall, perish.

ἡμφεγνόησα, ἡμφεγνόουν, aor. I and impf. of ἀμφεγνοέω.

ἡμφεσβήτουν or ἡμφισ-, impf. of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφεσβήτησα or ἡμφισ-, aor. I of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφίεσα, aor. I of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμφίεσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμων, contr. impf. of ἀμάω.

ἡμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἡμι) a thrower, darter, slinger.

ἦν, contr. from εἰάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. if, in case that; ἦν μή unless: in indirect questions, if, whether.



ἦν, Interject. *see! see there!* Lat. *en!*  
 ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.  
 ἦν, impf. of ἡμί = φημί.  
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. *ὅς, who*.  
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. *ὅς, ἑός, his*.  
 ἡναίνοτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀναίνομαι.  
 ἡνάλωσα, ἡνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.  
 ἡναντιώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναντιόω.  
 ἡναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.  
 ἡνᾶρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.  
 ἡνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.  
 ἡνδραπόδισα, -ίσθην, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.  
 ἡνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω.  
 ἡνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω.  
 ἡνέθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.  
 ἡνείκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.  
 ἡνειχόμεν, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.  
 ἡνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.  
 ἡνεκῆς, ἑς, (\*ἐνέκω, v. φέρω) *continuous, long*.  
 ἡνεμόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄνεμος) *windy, airy, big, elevated*. II. *light as air, subtle; φρόνημα ἡνεμόεν airy, winged thought*.  
 ἡνεον, ἡνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω.  
 ἡνεσχόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.  
 ἡνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνω.  
 ἡνέχθην, aor. I pass. of φέρω.  
 ἡνέωγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.  
 ἡνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.  
 ἡνηνάμην, aor. I of ἀναίνομαι.  
 ἡνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.  
 ἡνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.  
 ἡνθομες, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.  
 ἡνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.  
 ἡνθράκωμαι, pf. of ἀνθρακίζομαι.  
 ἡνί, Interject., = ἦν, cf. ἡνίδε.  
 ἡνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.  
 ἡνία, ἰων, τά, *the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἡνία, ἦ.  
 ἡνία, ἦ, *a bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἡνίας τοῖς λόγοις *to give a free rein to one's words*, Lat. *immittere habenas*. II. *any leathern thong, a shoe-string*.  
 ἡνιγμαι, pf. pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.  
 ἡν-ἰδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἰδε) *see! see there!*  
 ἡνικά, Adv., relat. to *τηνίκα* or *τοτηνίκα, when, at which time, at the time when*; c. optat. *whenever*.  
 ἡνιξάμην, aor. I of αἰνίσσομαι.  
 ἡνιοποιεῖον, τό, *a saddler's shop*. From  
 ἡνιο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἡνία, ποιέω) *a bridle-maker, saddler*.  
 ἡνιοστροφέω, f. ἡσω, *to guide by reins, to drive*. From  
 ἡνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἡνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*: —as Subst. *a charioteer*.  
 ἡνιο-οχεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, poet. for ἡνίοχος.  
 ἡνιο-οχεύω and -έω, *to be charioteer, hold the reins, drive*. II. *to bridle, govern, control*. From  
 ἡνί-οχος, ὁ, (ἡνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver,*

*charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραιβάτης) fought*. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.  
 ἡνίπαπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.  
 ἡνίς, ἰος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἡνίς, (ἑνός) *a year old, yearling*. [acc. ἡνῖν.]  
 ἡνίχθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.  
 ἡνον, impf. of ἄνω.  
 ἡνορέα Ep. and Ion. -έη, ἦ, (ἄνῃρ) *manhood*.  
 ἡνοψ, οπος, ὁ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἡνοπι χαλκῷ with *glittering, flashing brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἡντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.  
 ἡντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.  
 ἡντίαζον, ἡντιάσα, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάω.  
 ἡντληκώς, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.  
 ἡντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡνῦκα, ἡνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνύω, ἀνύτω.  
 ἡνυστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed*.  
 ἡνῦτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνυμι.  
 ἡνώγεα, Ion. plqpf. of ἀνωγα.  
 ἡνώγειν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ἀνωγα.  
 ἡνώρθουν, impf. of ἀνορθύω.  
 ἡνώχληκα, ἡνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.  
 ἡνώχλουν, -οῦμην, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.  
 ἡξα, aor. I both of ἄγω *to lead*, and ἄγνυμι *to break*.  
 ἡξα, aor. I of ἄσσω (contr. from αἰσσω).  
 ἡξεῖς, ἡξῶ, Dor. for ἡξεῖς, ἡξω, fut. of ἡκω.  
 ἡξίωμαι, pf. pass. of ἀξιώω.  
 Ἡοῖ, dat. of Ἡώς.  
 ἡοῖος, σ, ον, (Ἡώς) = ἡῶος, ἑῶος, *in the morning: toward morning, eastern*, Lat. *orientalis*, opp. to ἐσπέριος. II. as Subst., ἡοίη (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, *the morning*: πᾶσαν ἡοίην *all the morning*.  
 ἡομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἶμι *ibo*.  
 ῥόνιος, α, ον, (ῥιάν) contr. from ῥιόνιος, *on the shore*.  
 ἡπάομαι, aor. I inf. of ἡπῆσασθαι *to mend*.  
 ἩΠΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, *the liver*, Lat. *hepar*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.  
 ἡπάτηκα, ἡπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.  
 ἡπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἡπαρ.  
 ἡπάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπαφίσκω.  
 ἡπεδᾶνός, ἦ, ὤν, *weak, infirm: maimed, halting*: c. gen. *void of*. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 ἡπείλησα, aor. I of ἀπειλέω.  
 ἡπειρο-γενής, ἑς, (ἡπειρος, \*γένω) *living on the mainland*.  
 ἡπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἡπειρος) *to the mainland*.  
 ἡ-πειρος, for ἀπειρος (sc. γῆ), ἡ, *the mainland, continent, of the land*, as opp. to *the sea*: κατ' ἡπειρον *by land*; hence even an island is called ἡπειρος. II. *the mainland of Greece*, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called Ἡπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἡ ἡπειρος *the Continent*; and αἱ δισσαι ἡπειροί, *the two continents*, are Europe and Asia. Hence  
 ἡπειρόω, f. ὥσω, *to make into mainland*: —Pass. *to become so, when an island is joined to the mainland*.

ἡπειρώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτης ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική ξυμμαχία. II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, ἡ, ὁν, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

ἦ-περ poet. ἡ-περ, Conj. (ἦ, περ) than, than even. ἦ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὅσπερ, in the same way as, just as.

ἡ-περοπεύς, gen. ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, = ἡπεροπευτής.

ἡπεροπευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From

ἡπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen.

ἡπητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἡπάομαι) a mender, cobbler.

ἡπίαλέω, to have a fever or ague. From

ἡπίαλος (sub. πυρετός), ὁ, a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare.

ἡπίο-δίνητος, ον, (ἡπιος, δίνέω) softly-rolling.

ἡπίο-δωρος, ον, (ἡπιος, δῶρον) giving welcome gifts.

ἡπίο-θυμος, ον, (ἡπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood.

ἡπιός, α, ον, Att. os, ον, gentle, mild, kind. II. act. soothing, assuaging, calming.

ἡπίο-χειρ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing hand.

ἡπίως, Adv. of ἡπιος, gently, mildly.

ἡπλακον, for ἡμπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡ-που, or ἦ-που, Adv. or, as, or perhaps, as perhaps.

ἡ-που, or ἦ-που, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then?

ἡπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡπύτα [ῶ], ὁ, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύτα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἡπύτα. From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [ᾱ]: f. ὑσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἡπύσα: (ἔπος, εἰπεῖν):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke. II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to howl, roar.

ἡΡ, τό, poet. for ἔαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ἡρος, ἡρι are the only cases used in Prose.

ἡρῶ, 3 sing. impf. of ἐράω.

ἡρᾶ, 1 sing. aor. 1 of αἶρω.

ἡρα (ἡρᾶρον aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπίηρα.

ἡΡΑ Ion. ἡΡη, ἡ, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

ἡραιός, α, ον, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ ἡραῖον, (ἱερόν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ ἡραῖα, (ἱερά) her festival.

ἡΡΑΚΛΕΨ contr. ἡρακλῆς, ὁ: gen. ἡρακλέους contr. ἡρακλέους Ep. ἡρακλῆος: dat. ἡρακλέει contr. ἡρακλέει Ep. ἡρακλῆϊ: acc. ἡρακλέα contr. ἡρακλέα Ep. ἡρακλῆα rarely ἡρακλῆ later also ἡρακλῆν: voc. ἡράκλεες, ἡράκλεις: in Ion. also declined ἡρακλέος-κλεῦς, ἡρακλέϊ, ἡρακλέα:—Hercules, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

vocat. ἡράκλεις is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

ἡράκλειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ep. ἡρακλήιος, η, ον:—of or belonging to Hercules; βίη ἡρακλήϊη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules himself; ἡράκλειαι στῆλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ ἡράκλειον Ion. -ῆϊον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ ἡράκλεια bis festival. II. ἡράκλεια λουτρά bot baths.

ἡρακλῆς, contr. from ἡρακλῆς.

ἡράμην, aor. 1 med. of αἶρω:—also impf. of ἔραμαι.

ἡρᾶρον, es, e, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρᾶσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐράομαι.

ἡρᾶσθην, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of ἐράομαι.

ἡρᾶσσατο, Ep. for ἡράσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἐράομαι.

ἡρᾶτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of αἶρω.

ἡρᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.

ἡρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡρεθον, impf. of ἐρέθω.

ἡρει, 3 sing. impf. of αἰρέω.

ἡρεῖσα, aor. 1 of ἐρείδω.

ἡρέμα and ἡρέμας, Adv. gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly. The old Adj. ἡρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ἡρεμίστερος; ἡρεμαῖος being used instead.

ἡρεμαῖος, α, ον, (ἡρέμα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv. -ως.

ἡρεμίστερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ἡρεμαῖος, see ἡρέμα: Adv. ἡρεμίστερος.

ἡρεμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἡρεμα) to be still, keep quiet.

ἡρεμί [ι], Adv. for ἡρέμα, gently.

ἡρεμία, ἡ, (ἡρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.

ἡρεμίζω, f. σω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest. II. intr. to be at rest.

ἡρεσα, aor. 1 of ἀρέσκω.

ἡρέτιστα, aor. 1 of αἰρετίζω.

ἡρευν, Ion. for ἡρουν, impf. of αἰρέω.

ἡρη, Ion. for ἡρα.

ἡρημαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡρήμωσα, aor. 1 of ἐρημύω.

ἡρήρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρήρειστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἡρθην, aor. 1 pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρι, (ἡρ) Adv. early, at early morn; ἅμα ἡρι τοῦ θέρους early in the summer.

ἡριδᾶνός, ὁ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine.

ἡρίθμεον, impf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίθμημαι, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίκε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείκω.

ἡρίνός, ἡ, ὁν, (ἡρ) = ἱαρινός, of or in the spring: neut. ἡρινόν and ἡρινά as Adv., in spring.

ἡΡΙΟΝ, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ἡρίπον, aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἡρι-πόλη, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἡρι, πολέω) early-stirring: as Subst. the morn, dawn.

ἡρίσα, aor. 1 of ἐρίζω.

ἡρκα, ἡρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.



ἡρμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀραρίσκω.  
 ἡρνείτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀρνέομαι.  
 ἡρνησάμην, aor. I of ἀρνέομαι.  
 ἡρόθην, aor. I pass. of ἀρώ.  
 ἡρόμην, impf. med. of αἶρω.  
 ἡρπαξα or ἡρπασα, aor. I of ἀρπάζω.  
 ἡρρησα, aor. I of ἔρρω.  
 ἡρσα, aor. I of ἀραρίσκω. II. also of ἀρδω.  
 ἡρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρτάω.  
 ἡρτυναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀρτύνω.  
 ἡρύγον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεύγομαι.  
 ἡρύκακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω.  
 ἡρχόμην, impf. of ἐρχομαι; also impf. med. of ἀρχω.  
 ἡρῶ, 2 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.  
 ἡρω, poet. for ἡραι, dat. of ἡρας; ἡρω, acc.  
 ἡρώειον, τό, = ἡρῶν.  
 ἡρώησα, aor. I of ἐρωέω.  
 ἡρωϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡρας) of or for heroes, heroic:  
 ἡρωϊκὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.  
 ἡρωϊνὴ [ῖ], contr. ἡρῶν, fem. of ἡρας, a heroïne.  
 ἡρώϊος, α, ὄν, = ἡρωϊκός.  
 ἡρωῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἡρωϊνὴ, a heroïne.  
 ἡρώμην, impf. of ἀράομαι.  
 ἡρῶν, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from  
 ἡρῶος, α, ὄν, contr. of ἡρώϊος, of or for heroes,  
 heroic: ὁ ἡρῶος (sub. βυθμός), the heroic measure,  
 hexameter. From  
 ἡρας, ὄ: gen. ἡρας Att. ἡρω: dat. ἡρωι contr. ἡρω:  
 acc. ἡρα contr. ἡρω: pl. nom. ἡρας, acc. -as, rarely  
 contr. ἡρας:—a hero: in Homer not restricted to  
 warriors, but applied to all free men of that age,  
 as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II.  
 Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who  
 fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the pre-  
 sent race. III. Pindar represents them as a race  
 between gods and men, demigods, ἡμίθεοι, whether  
 those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or  
 Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great  
 service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later  
 times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities,  
 etc.; as at Athens, the ἡρας ἐπάνυμοι were the heroes  
 after whom the ten φυλαί were named. The founders  
 of a city were worshipped under this name.  
 ἡς, Dor. for ἡν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡσα, Att. aor. I of ᾔδω.  
 ἡσα, aor. I of ἦδω.  
 ἡσαι, 2 sing. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡσαν, Att. for ἦδεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense)  
 of οἶδα. II. for ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.  
 ἡσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἡδομαι.  
 ἡσειν, fut. inf. of ἡμι.  
 ἡσθα, Aeol. for ἡς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡσθαι, inf. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡσθένουν, impf. of ἀσθενέω.  
 ἡσθην, aor. I pass. of ἡδομαι.  
 ἡσθην, Att. aor. I pass. of αἰδέω.  
 ἡσθιον, impf. of ἐσθίω.

ἡσθόμην, aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι.  
 ἡσθον, impf. of ἐσθω.  
 ἡσι-επής, ἐς, (ἡμι, ἔπος) a babbler.  
 ἡσκειν, contr. for ἡσκεεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω.  
 ἡσμαι, Att. pf. pass. of αἰδέω.  
 ἡσμεν, Att. for ἡδαιμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of οἶδα.  
 ἡσο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡσσα Att. ἡττα, ἡς, ἡ, a defeat, discomfiture: c.  
 gen. defeat by, yielding to. From  
 ἡσάομαι Att. ἡττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass.  
 ἡττήσομαι, ἡσσηθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσσηθήην: pf. ἡττη-  
 μαι:—Ion. ἐσσόομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ἡσσαν):  
 —to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten,  
 worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to  
 be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause.  
 Hence  
 ἡσσητέος, α, ὄν, and, in neut. plur. ἡσσητρία, verb.  
 Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.  
 ἡσσον, Att. impf. of αἰσσω.  
 ἡσσω, ἡσσον, gen. ὄνος: Att. ἡττων: Ion. ἔσσω:  
 —less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than  
 another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing.  
 (Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably  
 formed from ἡκα, ἡκιστος being the Sup.)  
 ἡσται, 3 sing. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡστε, Att. for ἡδαιτε, 2 pl. plqpf. of \*εἶδω.  
 ἡστην, for ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡστην, Att. for ἡδείτην, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of \*εἶδω.  
 ἡστο, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμαι.  
 ἡστον, for ἡτον, 2 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡστωσα, aor. I of αἰστώω.  
 ἡσυχά, neut. pl. of ἡσυχος, used like ἡσυχῇ.  
 ἡσυχάζω, f. σω, (ἡσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest;  
 τὸ ἡσυχάζον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead  
 of night.  
 ἡσυχαιός, α, ὄν, poet. for ἡσυχος, still, quiet, at rest.  
 ἡσυχαιτέρος, α, ὄν, irr. Comp. of ἡσυχος, ἡσυχαιός.  
 ἡσυχῇ Dor. ἄσυχᾶ, Adv. of ἡσυχος, quietly, gently.  
 ἡσυχία Dor. ἄσυχ-, ἡ, (ἡσυχος) stillness, quiet,  
 peace; ἡσυχίαν ἄγειν or ἔχειν to keep quiet, be at  
 peace or at rest. 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.  
 ἡσύχιμος Dor. ἄσύχ-, ὄν, poet. for ἡσυχος.  
 ἡσύχιος, ὄν, rarely α, ὄν, poet. for ἡσυχος.  
 ἩΣΥΧΟΣ Dor. ἄσυχος, ὄν, still, quiet, at rest;  
 ἔχ' ἡσυχος keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II.  
 Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἡσυχαιτέρος, -αίτατος;  
 but also -ώτερος. III. Adv. -χως, also ἡσυχῇ,  
 and neut. pl. ἡσυχά as Adv. [ῦ]  
 ἡσχυκα, pf. of αἰσχύω.  
 ἡσχυμαι, pf. pass. of αἰσχύω.  
 ἡσχύνα, aor. I of αἰσχύω.  
 ἡσω, fut. of ἡμι.  
 ἡ-τε or ἡ τε, Conj. or also.  
 ἡ-τε or ἡ τε, Adv. surely, doubtless.  
 ἡτε, for ἡειτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.  
 ἡτηκα, ἡτησα, pf. and aor. I of αἰτέω.  
 ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.  
 ἡτιάσθε, ἡτιόωντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἡτριάσμεν, ἡτριάμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἡ-τοι, Conjunct.: II. = ἡ τοι, full, surely, verily. III. = ἡ τοι, either in truth, followed by ἡ ..., either ..., or ...

ἡτοίμασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐτοιμάζω, in med. sense.

ἤτορ, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the heart.

ἤτριον Dor. ἄτριον, τό, the warp in a web of cloth (the woof being κρύκη): in pl. ἤτρια, a thin, fine cloth: hence, ἤτρια βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise.

ἤτρον, τό, (ἤτορ) the belly, Lat. abdomen.

ἤττα, ἤττάομαι, ἤττων, etc., Att. for ἡσσ-.

ἤτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sumi.

ἡύ, neut. from ἡύς. In compds. with εὐ- or ἐϋ-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into ἡϋ-; v. sub εὐ-.

ἡύδησα, ἡύδηκα, aor. I and impf. of αὐδάω.

ἡύδοκίμουν, impf. of εὐδοκίμειν.

ἡύδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω.

ἡύλησα, aor. I of αὐλέω.

ἡύλίσθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλίζω.

ἡύξάμην, aor. I of εὐχομαι.

ἡύξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω.

ἡύξῃθην, ἡύξημαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω.

ἡύξηκα, ἡύξησα, pf. and aor. I of αὐξάνω.

ἡύρον, ἡύρέθην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ἡύς, neut. ἡϋ, Ep. for ἑὺς, good, brave.

ἡύσα, aor. I of αὖω. [ῥ]

ἡύτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ἡ, than; only once in Homer, νέφος μελάντερον ἡύτε πίσσα, blacker than pitch. [ῥ]

ἡύτρέπισμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίζω.

ἡύχόμην, impf. of εὐχομαι.

Ἡφαίστειος, α, ον, (Ἡφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: τὸ Ἡφαιστεῖον or Ἡφαιστειον (sub. ἱερόν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἡφαιστεια (sub. ἱερά), his festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

Ἡφαιστό-πονός, ον, (Ἡφαιστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan.

Ἡφαιστος, ον, ὁ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

Ἡφαιστό-τευκτός, ον, and Ἡφαιστο-τευχής, ἐς, (Ἡφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ἡφθα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡφι, Ep. for ἡ.

ἡφιε, for ἀφίει, 3 sing. impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἡφίουν, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίέω).

ἡφύσα, aor. I of ἀφύσσω.

ἡφυσσόμεν, impf. med. of ἀφύσσω.

ἡχα, pf. of ἄγω.

ἡχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἡχέω.

ἡχέτης, ου, ὁ, Ep. ἡχέτᾱ, (ἡχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicāda.

ἡχέω Dor. ἄχέω [ᾱ]: f. ἡσω:—to sound, ring, peal;

c. acc. cognato, ἀχεῖν ὕμνον, κωκυτόν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From

ἥχη Dor. ἄχα, ἡ, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like ἰαχή, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ἡχῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἡχῆ) sounding, roaring, echoing.

ἡχημα, ατος, τό, (ἡχέω) a sound.

ἡχητής, ου, ὁ, and ἡχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡχέτης.

ἡχι, Ep. for ἡ, Adv. where.

ἡχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἄχθομαι and ἔχθομαι.

ἡχθημαι, pf. pass. of ἔχθομαι.

ἡχθην, aor. I pass. of ἄγω.

ἡχθηρα, aor. I of ἐχθαίρω.

ἡχμασα, aor. I of αἰχμάζω.

ἡχος, ὁ, = ἡχή.

ἡχώ Dor. ἄχώ, ἡ, gen. -όος contr. -οὺς, = ἡχή, a reverberated sound, an echo. II. as prop. n. Ἡχώ,

Eccho, personified as an Oread.

ἡψατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄπτομαι.

ἡψησα, ἡψηθήν, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔψω.

ἡῶθεν Dor. ἄῶθεν Att. ἔῶθεν, Adv. (ἡῶς) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn.

ἡῶθι, old Ep. gen. of ἡῶς, ἡῶθι πρό before dawn.

ἡῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, Att. contr. for ἡῶν.

ἡῶς, α, ον, at morn, at break of day. II. eastern. From

Ἡῶς, ἡ, gen. ἡῶς contr. ἡῶς: dat. ἡῶι contr. ἡοῖ: acc. ἡῶα contr. ἡῶ:—Att. ἔως, gen. ἔω, acc. ἔω or ἔων:—Dor. ἄως:—Aeol. ἄως:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ἡμῶν mid-day, and δειλὴ evening: acc., ἡῶ the whole morning long; ἄμ' ἡοῖ at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to ζόφος. 3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ἡῶς came to mean a day: also the light of day. II. as prop. n. Ἡῶς, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

## Θ

Θ, θ, θῆτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral θ' = ἑννέα, ἑννατος, but θ = 9000. In Doric, θ was often changed into σ, as Lacon. σείος Ἀσάνα σάω, for θείος Ἀθάνα θάω: so also in Ion., βυσσός for θυός. Θ was also changed, Aeol. and Dor., into φ, as φῆρ φλάω φλίβω for θῆρ θλάω θλίβω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ἄμα, θάλασσα for ἄλς.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος.

θαάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θάασσον.

θαείτο, 3 sing. impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θάεο, imperat. of θαέομαι.

θαίομαι, Dor. for Att. θαέομαι Ion. θηέομαι. Hence

θάημα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, a sight, spectacle.

θαητός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός.

θαίματτα, crasis for τὰ ἱμάττα.

ΘΑΙΡΟ΄Σ, ὁ, the binge of a door or gate.

θακέω, f. ἡσω, (θάκος) to sit, esp. as a suppliant, to



take a seat: c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακεῖν to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκησις, εως, ἡ, (θακέω) a sitting, seat.

θάκος, ό, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θῶκος.

θαλάμαξ, ἄκος, ό, = θαλαμίτης.

θαλάμευμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, a dark chamber or dwelling-place.

θαλάμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, hole. [α]

θαλαμηῖος, η, ον, (θάλαμος) of or for a chamber or dwelling: fit for building one.

θαλαμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in the lady's chamber. II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος, ό or ἡ, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θαλάμιος, α, ον, (θαλάμος) belonging to the chamber. As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, ό, = θαλαμίτης. II.

θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κώπη), the oar of the θαλαμίτης. 2. (sub. ὀπή), the hole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-hole.

θαλαμίτης, ον, ό, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [ι]

θάλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

ΘΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ό, an inner room or chamber: I. the women's apartment, inner part of the house. 2. a bed-room, bride-chamber. 3. the storeroom. II. any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III. the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίται sat.

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ἡ, (ἅλς) the sea: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ἡδε ἡ θάλασσα, ἡ καθ' ἡμᾶς θάλασσα, ἡ ἔσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it *nos-trum mare*), and the Ocean ἡ ἔξω θάλασσα: metaph., θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of salt or brackish water. Hence

θαλασσαῖος, α, ον, = θαλάσσιος.

θαλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. *marinus*; θαλάσσια ἔργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια animals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαῖα. 2. skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θαλασσο-κοπέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make much ado about nothing.

θαλασσο-κρατέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be master of the sea.

θαλασσο-κράτωρ, ορος, ό, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) master of the sea.

θαλασσό-πλαγκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-driven, tempest-tossed.

θαλασσό-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) sea-beaten.

θαλασσο-πόρος, ον, (θάλασσα, πέρος) sea-faring.

θαλασσο-ουργός, όν, (θάλασσα, \*ἔργω) working at sea: as Subst., θαλασσοουργός, ό, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσο-.

θάλα, τά, (θαλεῖν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλέθω, poet. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourish.

θάλεια, ἡ, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, ἐν δαίτῃ θαλείῃ at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an obsol. Adj. θάλυς, derived from θαλεῖν. II. as prop. n.

θάλεια, ἡ, one of the Muses, the blooming one: later esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω.

θαλερός, ά, όν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous, active. II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θαλερ-ώπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ὦψ) with bright eyes.

θαλέω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θαλῆς, ό, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλῇ, acc. Θαλῆν: but also Θάλητος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλοῦ: Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θαλία, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer, wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast.

θαλλήσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω from θηλέω.

θαλλός, ό, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: ό τῆς ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also, ἰκτῆρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, ον, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olive-branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑΛΛΩ, fut. θαλῶ: aor. 2 ἐθαλόν: pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τεθηλώς, Ep. fem. τεθαλυῖα; 3 sing. plqpf. τεθήλει:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out, to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τεθηλώς is used absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant. 2. metaph. to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑΛΟΣ, εος, τό, like θαλλός, a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child, scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπιάω, Ep. part. θαλπιῶν, (θάλπω) to be or become warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ἡ, όν, warming, fostering. From θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλπω) warmth, heat, esp. summer-heat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. metaph. a sting, smart, tingling.

θαλπτήριος, ον, warming. From

ΘΑΛΠΩ, ἡ, ψω: aor. 1 ἐθαλψα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐθαλφθην: pf. inf. τεθάλφθαι:—to warm, heat. II. metaph. to heat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ἡ, a warming: metaph. a comfort.

θαλυκρός, ά, όν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

θαλύσια (sub. ἱερά), ἰων, τά, (θαλεῖν) the firstlings of the harvest, offering of first-fruits. [υ] Hence θαλυσιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., of or for the offering of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (ἄμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II. of Time, often, oft-times, frequent.

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά II.

θαμβάινω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, ἡ, ἴσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θάμβος, εος, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stupor. (From Root ΤΑΦ-, see τέθηπα.)

θαμέες, οί, αἱ, dat. θαμέσι, acc. θαμέας, (θαμά)

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύς), crowded, close, thick.

θαμειός, ἄ, ὄν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.  
θαμίζω, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμινά, neut. plur. of θαμινός, as Adv., = θαμά.  
θαμινός, ἡ, ὄν, = θαμειός.  
θάμνος, ὁ, (θαμινός) a bush, shrub.  
θανάσιμος, ὄν, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. —ως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανατάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.  
θανάτηφορία, ἡ, a causing of death. From  
θανάτη-φόρος, ὄν, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.  
θανάτιάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.  
θανάτοεις, εσσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.  
θανατόν-δε, Adv. to death.

θάνατος, ὁ, (θάνεῖν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II. as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corpse.

θανάτουσια (sub. ιερά), ἰων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast of the dead.

θανάτω, f. ὦσω, (θάνατος) to put to death: metaph. to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θάνον, Ep. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.  
θάνειν Ep. θανέειν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκω.  
θανεῖσθαι Ep. θανέεσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκω.  
θανοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.  
θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκω.

ΘΑΪΟΜΑΙ, f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἰθησάμεν: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire. II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury.

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. 1 ἔθαψα: pf. τέταφα: Pass., fut. 2 τάψήσομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. 1 ἐθάψην, aor. 2 ἐτάψην (ᾱ): pf. τέθαμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ὡν, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ὦνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλειος, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-

θαρσάλειος, α, ὄν, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαρσάλειον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλέωτερος. Adv. —έως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of θαρσέω.

θαρσέω Att. θαρρέω: f. ἡσω: (θάρσος):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; θάρσει take courage! be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρσησις, εως, ἡ, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΨΟΣ or ΘΡΑΨΟΣ Att. θάρρος, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσούντως Att. θαρρύντως, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω.

θάρσυνος, ὄν, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer. II. intr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [ῡ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάομαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of θάομαι.

θασόμενος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι.

Θάσιος, α, ὄν, (Θάσος) from Thasos, Thasian: ἡ Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκᾶν Θασίαν to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΨΩΝ Ep. θαάσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσων Att. θάττων, ὄν, Comp. of ταχύς, quicker, swifter: θάσσον as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρω, see ἕτερος.

θάττων, Att. for θάσων.

θαῦμα Ion. θῶμα or θῶμα, ατος, τό, (θάομαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαῦμα ἰδέσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαῦμα ἀκούσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαύματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. θαῦμ- or θαμ-: fut. —άσομαι Ep. —άσσομαι, later in act. form —άσω: aor. I ἐθαύμασα: pf. τεθαύμακα:—Pass., fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐθαυμάσθην: (θαῦμα):—to wonder, be astonished. 2.

c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρὼν my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαῖνω, fut. ἀνῶ Ep. ἀνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at.

θαυμάσιος, α, ὄν, Ion. θαῦμ- or θαμ-: (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —ίως, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ἡσω, (θαυμάσιος, ἔργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θαυμ- or θαμ-, ἡ, ὄν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —τῶς, wonderfully.

θαυμάτομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυματοποιέω, f. ἡσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θαυμαστός.

θαυματουργέω, f. ἡσω, = θαυματοποιέω. From

θαυμάτ-ουργός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, \*ἔργω) = θαυματοποιός.

θάψαι, aor. I inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, ἡ, ὄν, yellow-coloured, sallow. From



θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

\*ΘΑΨΩ, Ep. for the prose θηλάζω: aor. I inf. θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσθαι, to suck, milk, ἐπηετανὸν γάλα θῆσθαι milk to suck the year round: 3 sing. aor. I, θῆσατο μαζόν he sucked the breast.

\*θάω, Lacon. σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fem. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὴν θεά), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεᾶ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾶσθαι, aor. I inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θεᾶιν, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αίτητος, ον, (θεός, αἰτέω) asked of the gods.

θεᾶμα Ion. θέημα, ατος, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [α]

θεάομαι, f. θεάσομαι [α], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. I

ἰθεᾶσάμην: pf. τεθέσμαι: Dep.: (θάομαι):—to view, gaze at, behold; οἱ θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I ἰθεᾶσθην in pass. sense, to be seen.

See θάομαι, θηέομαι.

θεᾶρός, ὁ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεᾶτῆς Ion. θεητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) a spectator.

θεᾶτός, ἡ, ὅν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρίζω, f. σω, (θέατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θέατρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre.

2. collectively, the spectators, the audience.

3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show.

θε-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) = θεοειδής.

θείον, τό, poet. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θείος, ἡ, ον, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θειοῦται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θειόω.

θειόω, Ep. for θειώω, to smoke with brimstone.

θείσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θέη, ἡ, Ion. for θεᾶ.

θεῖος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for θείος, θεῖος, divine.

θε-ήλατος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god.

2. sent, caused by a god.

II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θη-μάχια, ἡ, θη-μάχος, ον, poet. for θεομ-.

θημων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμων.

θη-πολέω, θη-πολός, ὅν, poet. for θεοπ-.

θησεαι, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι.

θήσι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. for θεατῆς.

θητρός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θεῖος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. amita and matertera.

θειάζω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θειασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations.

Θεῖαθεν, Θεῖαθεν, Aeol. for Θεῖα-.

θεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖν, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείκελος, = θέσκελος.

θειλό-πεδον, τό, (εἶλη, πέδον) a place in the sunshine, where things were put to dry.

θεῖμεν, for θεῖναι, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι:—also aor. I inf. of θεῖναι.

ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. I ἔθεινα: aor. 2 ἔθενον, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part. θενών:—to strike, dash.

θειό-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δέμω) god-built.

θειόμεν, Ep. for θέωμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ep. θέειον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. sulfur.

θεῖον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity.

II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods.

2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ον, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God.

2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred.

3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΪΟΣ, ὁ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patruus and avunculus: fem. θεῖα.

θειοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of θεῖως.

θειότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θειό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (θεῖον, χρῶα) brimstone-coloured.

θειόω Ep. θειόω: f. ὠσω: (θεῖον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, θεῖσα, θέν, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θει-ώδης, ἐς, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θεῖως, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp. θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θελγεσί-μῦθος, ον, (θέλω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θελγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλω.

θελγητρον, τό, (θέλω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΛΓΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἔθελξα:—Pass., aor. I ἰθέλχην:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θέλεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θέλημα, ατος, τό, (θέλω) will.

θέλησις, εως, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θέλω) a charmer. Hence

θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλω) charming, enchanting.

θελκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a charm.

θελκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = θελκτήρ.

θελξαι, aor. I inf. of θέλω.

θελξεῖ, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλω.

θελξι-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (θέλω, νοός) charming or witching the heart.

θελξι-πικρος, ον, (θέλω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θελξι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλω, φρήν) = θελξίνοος.

θέλμισα, Dor. for θέλμισα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θέλμισα, τά, = θέμισα.

ΘΕΛΩ, imperf. θέλων: fut. θελήσω: aor. I ἐθέλησα: shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμισα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; Ἀμμωνος θέμισα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμίλια, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, = θέμισα; θεμίλια θέσαν or προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμιλιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμίλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμίλια, the foundation: τὰ θεμίλια = θεμίλια, θέμισα. From

θεμίλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμίλιος (sub. λίθος), ὁ, a foundation stone; οἱ θεμίλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμιλιώ, f. ὤσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: —Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Ep. for θείναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι.

θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, ὄν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θεμερός, ὦψ) of serious countenance, bonest.

θεμίζω, (θέμις) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poet. aor. I θεμίσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θέμις, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ἡ, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν:—in Homer as prop. n. Θέμις, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιος, voc. Θέμι: I. law, right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμις ἐστί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ἡ θέμις ἐστί as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. θέμιστες, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances. 4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμις as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, Justice.

θεμι-σκοπός, ὄν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) keeping order. θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, ὁ, reigning by right. θέμιστα, -ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμις. θεμιστεῖος, α, ον, (θέμις) lawful, righteous. θεμιστεύω, f. σω, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμις. θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμις, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful. θεμίτος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θεμιστός.

ΘΕΜΟ'Ω, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I, νῆα θέμωσε χέρσον ἰκέσθαι he forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

—θεν, inseparable particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to —δε, as, οἰκοθεν, οὐρανόθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally —θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, σέθεν, ἑθεν. θίναρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the hand with which one strikes, the flat of the hand: ἄλως θέναρ the surface of the sea.

θεό, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι.

θεοβλάβειν, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβης, ἐς, (θεός, βλαβῆναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, ἐς, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεό-γλωσσος, ον, (θεός, γλῶσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ἡ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, \*γένω) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δήλητος, ον, (θεός, δηλέομαι) hurtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-διδάκτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [ῖ]

θεό-δημιος, ον, Dor. —δημιος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμω) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόδοτος.

θεο-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beauteous as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θεαιδέστατος.

θεο-εἰκελος, ον, (θεός, εἰκελος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ἡ, a being hated by the gods. From

θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated by the gods.

θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θέμισα, Dor. for θέμισα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θεοκλύτῳ, f. ἦσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θεός, κλύω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κραινῶ) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτιστος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods; λύσσα θεομανῆς madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομαχίῳ, to fight against God: and

θεομαχία, ἡ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God.

θεο-μήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (θεός, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο-μῖσής, ἐς, (θεός, μίσω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεός, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μῦσής, ἐς, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the gods.

θεό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From



θεο-ποιός, ὄν, (θεός, ποιέω) making statues of gods.  
 θεό-πομπός, ὄν, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.  
 θεο-πόνητος, ὄν, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god.  
 θεο-πρεπής, ἐς, (θεός, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv. -πῶς.  
 θεοπροπέω, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέων; and θεοπροπία, ἡ, or -ιον, τό, a prophecy. From θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divining: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, ὁ, a prophet. II. a public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf. θεωρός.  
 θεό-πτυστος, ὄν, (θεός, πτύω) abhorred by the gods.  
 θεό-πῦρος, ὄν, (θεός, πῦρ) kindled by the gods.  
 θέ-ορτος, ὄν, (θεός, ὀρνυμαι) sprung from the gods.  
 ΘΕΟ΄Σ, ὁ, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God, as, θεός δώσει God will grant; or, θεός τις a god, some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θεῖον:—σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἄνευθε θεοῦ, Lat. non sine diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεόν against his will:—as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's name. II. fem. θεός, for θεά, θέαινα, a goddess: esp. in Att. phrase τὰ θεῶν the two goddesses, i. e. Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp. θεώτερος, more divine.  
 θεός-δοτος, ὄν, (θεός, δίδωμι) given by the gods.  
 θεός-δωρος, ὄν, poet. for θεοδώρητος.  
 θεοσίβεια, ἡ, the worship or fear of God. From θεο-σεβής, ἐς, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipping God, religious, devout. Adv. -βῶς, religiously.  
 θεό-σεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god.  
 θεο-σέπτωρ, ὄν, = θεοσεβής.  
 θεοσ-εχθρία, ἡ, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hatred of the gods, ungodliness, impiety.  
 θεός-σῦτος, ὄν, poet. for θεόσυντος, sent by the gods.  
 θεο-στήρικτος, ὄν, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God.  
 θεο-στιβής, ἐς, (θεός, στιβεῖν) trodden by God.  
 θεο-στῦγής, ἐς, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or of God, abominable. II. act. bating God.  
 θεο-στυγής, ὄν, hated of the gods.  
 θεό-σῦτος, poet. also θεός-συντος, ὄν, (θεός, σέω) sent by the gods.  
 θεό-ταυρος, ὁ, (θεός, ταῦρος) the god-bull, a name for Zeus changed into a bull.  
 θεο-τείχης, ἐς, (θεός, τεῖχος) walled by the gods.  
 θεό-τευκτος, ὄν, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God.  
 θεότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.  
 θεο-τίμητος, ὄν, (θεός, τιμάω) honoured of God.  
 θεό-τίμος, ὄν, honoured of God.  
 θεό-τρεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods.  
 θεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.  
 θεουδεῖα, ἡ, the fear of God, holiness.  
 θεουδής, ἐς, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence θεο-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (θεός, φανῆναι) a festival at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shown to the people.  
 θεο-φιλής, ἐς, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods.  
 θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός: esp. in phrase, θεόφιν μῆστωρ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, ὄν, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II. act. carrying a god or goddess.  
 θεο-φόρος, ὄν, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. II. θεόφορος, ὄν, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.  
 θεό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded, godly, devout, Lat. pius.  
 θεόω, f. ὥσω, (θεός) to make into a god, deify.  
 θεράπαινα and -νίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of θεράπων, a waiting-maid, handmaid.  
 θεράπεια Ion. -ήνη, ἡ, (θεραπεύω) a waiting on, service, attendance; θεραπεία θεῶν divine worship, 2. a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical treatment. 3. a courting, paying court. II. a body of attendants, suite, retinue.  
 θεράπευμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπεύω) service done, attendance, nurture: medical treatment.  
 θεράπεντέον, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cultivate: also one must cure.  
 θεράπεντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and θεραπευτής, οὔ, (θεραπεύω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.  
 θεράπεντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεραπεύω) inclined to serve, attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; ἡ θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.  
 θεράπενω, f. σω, (θεράπων) to wait on, attend, serve: to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to worship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, attend to, Lat. inservire commodo. 3. c. acc. rei, to take care of, provide for; θεραπεύειν τὸ παρόν to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ἡμέρην to observe a day, keep it holy. 4. to tend the sick, to treat medically, to heal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate, till.  
 θεράπητή, Ion. for θεραπεία.  
 θεράπητις, η, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for θεραπευτικός.  
 θεράπνη, ἡ, poet. for θεράπαινα, a handmaid:—and, θεραπνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, poet. contr. from θεραπαινίς.  
 θεράποντις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.  
 ΘΕΡΑ΄ΠΩΝ, ὄντος, ὁ, an attendant, servant, differing from δούλος, as implying free service: in Homer, a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so, kings were Διὸς θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες Ἄρῃος, poets Μουσῶν θεράποντες. II. in Cbios, the θεράποντες were slaves.  
 θέραψ, ὁ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in accus. θέραπα, nom. pl. θέραπες.  
 θέρειος, α, ὄν, (θέρος) of, belonging to summer, in summer; ἀνχμὸς θ. summer-drought; ἡ θέρεια, Ion. θερειή (with or without ὥρα), summer-time, summer.  
 θερέω, Ep. for θερῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω.  
 θερίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐθέρισα syncop. ἐθρίσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθερίσθην: pf. τεθέρισμαι: (θέρος):—to mow, reap, cut, harvest corn:—metaph. to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3. also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer; cf. ἐαρίζω, χειμάζω.

θερίνεος, α, ον, = θέρειος; τροπαὶ θερίνεαι the summer solstice, i. e. the 21st of June. [Υ]

θερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (θέρος) prose form for θέρειος, of, in, or during summer.

θερισμός, ὁ, (θερίζω) a mowing, reaping, harvesting.

θεριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (θερίζω) a mower, reaper, harvest-man.

θερίστριον or θέριστρον, τό, (θερίζω) a light summer-garment, opp. to χειμάστριον.

θερμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐθέρμηνα: (θερμός):—to warm, heat:—Pass. to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow: metaph., θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπίζει to glow with hope.

θέρμη, ἡ, (θερμός) heat, feverish heat. II. θέρμαι, αἱ, hot-springs, Lat. thermae.

θερμό-βλυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλύω) hot-bubbling.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) hot in counsel, rash.

θερμο-δότης, ου, ὁ, fem. θερμό-δοτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θερμός, δίδωμι) one who brought the hot water (Lat. calda) at baths or sacrifices, Lat. caldarius.

θερμο-εργός, ὄν, = θερμουργός.

θερμό-νους, ον, (θερμός, νοῦς) heated in mind.

Θερμο-πύλαι, ὤν, αἱ, (θερμός, πύλη) Hot-Gates, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [Υ]

θερμός, ἡ, ὄν, also poet. ὅς, ὄν, (θέρω): warm, hot, boiling. II. metaph. hot, hasty, rash, reckless. 2. active, ready. III. τὸ θερμόν, heat, Lat. calor: also, θερμόν (sub. ὕδωρ), hot drink, Lat. calda: τὰ θερμά (sub. χωρία), hot places, or (sub. λουτρά), hot baths.

ΘΕΨΜΟΣ, ὁ, the lupine.

θερμο-τρώγιος, f. ἡσώ, (θέρμος, τρώγω) to eat lupines.

θερμ-ουργός, ὄν, (θερμός, \*έργω) doing hot and hasty acts, rash, reckless, impetuous.

θέρμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) to warm, heat, make hot:—Pass. to grow hot.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) summer, summer-time: summer-heat: τὸ θέρος, absol., during summer; τοῦ θέρος in the course of summer. II. a harvest, a crop.

ΘΕΨΩ, fut. θέρω, to warm, heat:—Homer uses only Pass. θέρομαι, with fut. med. θέρομαι, aor. 2 ἐθέρηην in subj. θερέω for θερῶ: to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself; πυρὸς θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire.

θεός, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θέσις, εως, ἡ, (τίθημι) a setting, placing, arranging; ἐπέων θέσις a setting of words in verse, poetry. II. a deposit of money, earnest-money. III. adoption as the child of some one; cf. θετός. IV. (from Pass. τίθεσθαι) a being placed, position, situation. 2. a position or thesis to be proved. V. in metre the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (ἀρσις), in which it rises.

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θέσ-κελος, ον, (θεός, ἔσχω, ἴσχω) godlike: but generally, marvellous, wondrous, always of things, θεο-εἶκελος being used of persons; θέσκελα ἔργα works of wonder; neut. as Adv., εἶκτο δὲ θέσκελον αὐτῷ he was wondrous like him.

θέσμιος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) according to law, lawful, legitimate: θέσμία, τά, as Subst. laws, customs, rites.

θεσμο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) a lawgiver. II. the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the six junior archons: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus.

θεσμο-ποιέω, f. ἡσώ, (θεσμός, ποιέω) to make laws.

θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμός, πολέω) conversant with laws or customs.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, ὁ: irreg. pl. θεσμά, τά: (τίθημι):—a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. institutum: a rite, form, institution. 2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called θεσμοί, because each began with the word θεσμός; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, ἡ, justice, like δικαιοσύνη.

θεσμοφóρια, αν, τά, (θεσμοφóρος) the Thesmophoria, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter Θεσμοφóρος: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. σῶ, to keep the Thesmophoria; at Θεσμοφοριάζουσαι, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφóριον, τό, the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφóρος.

θεσμο-φóρος, ον, (θεσμός, φέρω) law-giving: epith. of Demeter, Lat. Ceres, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφóρω Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, mostly in pl., θεσμο-φύλακες, like νομο-φύλακες, guardians of the law, a magistracy at Elis. [Υ]

θεσ-πέσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θεός, ἔπος) of the voice, divinely sweet. II. more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally = θεῖος, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίῃ (sub. βουλῇ) as Adv., by the will of God. 2. wondrous, marvellous, excellent. 3. of anything sent by God, and so, awful, fearful. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. in divine manner; θεσπεσίως ἐφόβηθεν they trembled unspeakably.

θεσπι-δάής, ἐς, (θέσπις, δαίω λ) kindled by a god; θεσπιδαῖς πῦρ supernatural, furious fire.

θεσπι-έπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσπις, ἔπος) prophetic.

θεσπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, Ion. inf. θεσπιέειν: aor. I ἐθέσπισα Dor. -ιξα: (θέσπις):—to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine.

θεσπίξασα, Dor. for θεσπίσασα, aor. I part. fem. of foreg.

θέσπιος, ον, = θεσπέσιος.

θέσ-πις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) inspired, prophetic, sacred. II. = θεῖος II, divine, wondrous, awful.

θέσπισμα, ατος, τό, (θεσπίζω) an oracle.

θεσπιωδέω, f. ἡσώ, to sing in prophetic strain. From



θεσπι-ωδός, ὄν, (θέσπις, ᾠδή) singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὁ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ἰδος, a Thessalian: also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σύφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people.

Θέσσαισθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. 1, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσαντο, part. θεσσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ὄν, (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic.

θέσ-φάτος, ὄν, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, τά, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετίδειον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From

Θέτις, ἰδος, ἡ, Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεύ, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ὄν, Dor. for θεόμορος.

θεύς, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἡ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕΊΩ Ep. also θεῖω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν πεδίοιο to run over the plain; περὶ τρίποδος θέειν to run for a tripod; περὶ ψυχῆς Ἑκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τὸν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone. III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, ἀντὶς ἡ πυμάτη θέειν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεῶ, contr. for θεάου, imperat. of θεάομαι.

θεῶμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. III. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοῦ μὲν ὄμμα

having made my eyes behold; but see ἰαρέω. Hence θεωρήμα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre.

θεωρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεωρέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἡ, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection. II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

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θεωρητής, ὁ, (θεωρέω) a spectator, observer, beholder, one who looks at, views, beholds, observes.

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θεωρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεωροί). II. τὰ θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὁ, (θεός, ὥρα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympic, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of θεός, more divine. Θηβᾶ-γενής, ἐς, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θήβαθι, Adv. at Thebes.

Θήβαζε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘΗΒΑΙ, α, αἰ, poet. also Θήβη, ἡ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all. Hence

Θηβαι-γενής, ἐς, = Θηβαγενής: and

Θηβαιεύς, ἰως Ion. ἰος, ὁ, ep. of Jove, the Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, and Θηβαῖκός, ἡ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Θήβαι) the Thebaïs, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaïd, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θήβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θήβαζε.

Θήβη, v. Θήβαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγᾶλέος, α, ὄν, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II. act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἡ, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [α]

θηγάνω, = θήγω.

ΘΗΓΩ, f. θήξω: aor. 1 ἔθηξα:—Pass., pf. τέθηγμαι:—to sharpen, whet:—Med., δούρυ θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. II. metaph. to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θᾶέομαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. ἔθηετο Ep. θηεῖτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἔθηευντο Ep. θηεύντο: ἔθηεμέσθαι Ion. 1 pl.; θηεύμενος Ion. part.: θηήσαιο, -αιτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.: cf. θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήϊον, τό, Ep. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θήκα, Ep. aor. 1 of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ὄν, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἶκημα θηκαῖον a burial vault. From

θήκη, ἡ, (τίθημι) a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.

θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, sharpened.

θηλάζω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἄζω: (θηλή):—to give suck, suckle. II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων sucking.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.

θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ἥσω, (θηλή) to flourish, abound; c. gen., λειμῶνες ἱου ἡδὲ σελίνου θήλεον the meadows were rich with violets and parsley. II. to make to bloom.

θηλή, ἡ, (τέθηλα) the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) of female sex.

θηλυ-γλωσσος, ὄν, (θήλυς, γλῶσσα) with woman's tongue.

θηλυδρίας, ὄν, ὁ, Ion. -ίης, (θήλυς) an effeminate person.

θηλυδρι-ώδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρίας, εἶδος) of womanish kind, effeminate.

θηλυ-κρατής, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) swaying women.

θηλυ-κτόνος, ὄν, (θήλυς, κτείνω) slaying by women's hands.

θηλυ-μάνης, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῆναι) mad for women.

θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) singing in soft strain.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ὄν, ὁ, (θήλυς,μίτρα) with a woman's head-dress: fem. θηλύμιτρος, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ.

θηλυ-μορφος, ὄν, (θήλυς, μορφή) woman-shaped.

θηλυ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ουν, (θήλυς, νοῦς) of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα:—to make weak and womanish:—Pass. to become so.

θηλύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (θήλυς, πούς) θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) befitting a woman.

θήλυς, εἰα, υ, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλεα, acc. θήλεαν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθηλα):—

of female sex, female, opp. to ἄρρην; θήλεια θεός a goddess; θήλειαι ἵπποι mares. 2. generally, of or belonging to women; τὸ θήλυ the female sex. II.

of things, 1. fruitful, prolific, nourishing. 2. tender, delicate: in bad sense, womanish, weak, effeminate.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ὄν [ῥ], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεραι θεαί or γυναικες.

θηλύ-σπορος, ὄν, (θήλυς, σπείρω) born of woman; γέννα θηλύσπορος a race of females.

θηλύτερος, α, ὄν, υ. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ὄν, (θήλυς, τεκεῖν) bearing girls.

θηλυ-φρων, ὄν, (θήλυς, φρήν) of woman's mind.

θηλυ-χίτων, gen. ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (θήλυς, χίτων) with a woman's frock or dress. [ῥ]

θήμερα, by crasis for τῇ ἡμέρᾳ.

θήμετερον, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θημισυ, by crasis for τὸ ἥμισυ.

θημών, ὄν, (τίθημι) like θωμός, a bear.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely now; ἢ θην in very truth; οὐ θην surely not.

θηξάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηοῖο, Ep. for θεῶο, 2 sing. opt. of θέομαι.

ΘΗΨ, θηρός, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, ὁ, a wild beast, a beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as θήρ λέων. 2.

any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) a hunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything. II.

in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

θηράμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that which is caught, prey, booty.

θηράσιμος, ὄν, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

θηράτέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θηράω, to be caught or won. II. θηρατέον, one must catch or win.

θηρατής, οὐ, ὁ, (θηράω) a hunter, hunter after.

θηρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρατικὰ τῶν φίλων the arts for winning friends.

θηράτρον, τό, (θηράω) a thing to catch with, a net, trap.

θηράω, f. ἄσω or θηράσομαι: (θήρα):—to hunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch. 2. metaph., like

Lat. venari, to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly. II. the Med. θηρῶμαι is used in Act.

sense, to hunt after, seek for: also in Pass. to be hunted, pursued.

θήρε, dual nom. of θήρ.

θήρειος, ὄν, (θήρ) of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periphr. for ὁ θήρ, the centaur.

θήρεσσι, Ep. for θηρεί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρεύω) spoil, prey, game. II. hunting.

θήρευσις, εως, ἡ, (θηρεύω) a hunting, the chase: metaph. a hunting after.

θηρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) a hunter; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and huntsmen: also a fisher. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες θ. hunting dogs, bounds: ἡ θηρευτική (with and without τέχνη), the art of hunting, the chase.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ)=θηράω, to hunt, run down, catch: to hit, strike: metaph. to hunt or seek after:—

Pass. to be hunted: also to be preyed upon.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θηρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ἦρος, and θηρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, a hunter.

θηριομάχew, f. ἥσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight with wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, ὄν, fighting with wild beasts.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, a wild animal, beast; esp. of such as are hunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp. to

birds and men. II. as real Dim. of θήρ, a little animal. III. as a term of reproach, beast! like

Lat. bellua, ὦ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.



θηριώδης, *es*, (θηρίον, εἶδος) full of wild beasts, infested by them, Lat. belluosus.

II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

θηροβολέω, *f. ἴσω*, to strike or kill wild beasts. From

θηρο-βόλος, *ον*, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-βότος, *ον*, (θήρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts.

θηρό-θυμος, *ον*, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, *ον*, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts.

θηρ-ολέτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (θήρ, ὄλλυμι) a slayer of beasts.

θηρο-νόμος, *ον*, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-σκόπος, *ον*, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild

beasts.

θηροσύνη, *ἡ*, (θήρ) hunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, *ον*, (θήρ, τεκεῖν) producing wild beasts.

θηρο-τρόφος, *ον*, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild

beasts. II. *proparox.* θηρότροφος, *pass.* fed by

beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (θήρ, \*φένω) slaying

wild beasts.

θηρσί, *dat. pl.* of θήρ.

θήρῳον, *crasis* for τὸ ἡρῳον.

ΘΗ΄Σ, *θητός*, *ὁ*, a serf or villain, who is bound to

the soil, Lat. *ascriptus glebae*: also a hired labourer.

They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other

three being the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, ἱππεῖς, ζευγῖται.

This class took in all whose property in land yielded

less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded

from public service, but were employed as light-armed

troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-

armed. II. *fem.* θήσσα Att. θήττα, *ἡ*, a labour-

ing girl. 2. as Adj., θήσσα τράπεζα a menial's fare.

θησαι, *aor. 1 inf.* of θάω, to suckle.

θησαίατο, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.* of θάομαι = θεάομαι.

θησάμενος, *aor. 1 part. med.* of θάω, to suckle.

θησατο, *3 sing. aor. 1 med.* of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (θησαυρός) to store or treasure

up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence

θησαύρισμα, *ας*, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός, *ὁ*, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up,

treasure. II. a store or treasure-house: any re-

ceptacle for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησεῖον, τό, (Θησεύς) the temple of Theseus, a sanc-

tuary for runaway slaves. II. τὰ Θησεῖα (*sub.*

ιερά), the festival of Theseus.

θησεῖς, *θησῶ*, Dor. 2 and 1 sing. fut. of τίθημι.

θησεῖω, *Desiderat.* of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησέμεναι, *θησέμεν*, *Ep. fut. inf.* of τίθημι.

θησεύμεθα, Dor. 1 pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Θησεύς, *ἴσως*, *ὁ*, Theseus, the most famous of the

heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler,

Civiliser.)

θησθαι, *pres. inf. pass.* of θάω, to suckle.

θήσσα Att. θήττα, *fem.* of θής.

θήσω, *fut.* of τίθημι.

θητεία, *ἡ*, (θητεύω) hired service.

θητεύω, *f. σω*, (θής) to be a menial, serve for hire.

θητικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (θής) fit for menial service, menial.

θήττα, Att. for θήσσα.

-θι, *insep. affix*, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, ἀγρόθι, οἰκοθι, in the fields, at home. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termination, as in Ἰλιόθι πρό, ἡώθι πρό.

θιάσ-άρχης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (θιάσος, ἄρχω) the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers.

θιάσεια, *ἡ*, revelling. From

θιάσεύω, (θιάσος) to honour with sacred revelry:—

*Pass.*, θιασεύεται ψυχάν be has his soul imbued with Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, *ὁ*, a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company or troop. Hence

θιάσσω, to make into a festive company.

θιάσως, Dor. acc. pl. of θιάσος.

θιάσότης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (θιάσσω) the member of a company of revellers; *c. gen.*, θιασῶται τοῦ Ἐρωτος worshipers or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ- (which appears in *aor. 2* and in *te-tigi*, *pf.* of *tango*): *fut.* θίξομαι: *aor. 2* ἐθίγον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less strong than ἄπτομαι; then generally to touch: to touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγείν *Ep.* θιγέμεν, *aor. 2 inf.* of θιγγάνω.

θίγημα, *ματος*, τό, (θιγείν) a touch.

θίξομαι, *fut.* of θιγγάνω.

ΘΙ΄Σ, *gen.* θίνος, *Ep. ὁ*, later *ἡ*:—a heap of sand on the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl. θίνες, sand-heaps, sand-banks:—then any heap; θίνες νεκρῶν heaps of dead; ὑστερόφιν θίς a heap of bones. 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; θίς κελαινά a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ὥς μου τὸν θίνα ταράττεις how thou troublest the very bottom of my heart.

θλαστός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, crushed, bruised. From

ΘΛΑ΄Ω, *inf.* θλᾶν: *fut.* θλάσω [ᾶ]: *aor. 1* ἐθλάσα

*Ep.* θλάσσα:—*Pass.*, *pf.* τέθλασμαι:—to crush, bruise,

pound, bray.

ΘΛΙ΄Ω [ι]: *fut.* θλίψω: *aor. 1* ἐθλίψα:—*Pass.*, *aor. 1* ἐθλίφην, *aor. 2* ἐθλίβην [ι]: *pf.* τέθλιμμαι:

—to press, press hard, gall:—*Med.*, θλίψεται ὦμους

be will rub his shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress,

afflict, distress: *pf. part.* τεθλιμμένος, hemmed in,

confined, narrow. Hence

θλίψις, *ews*, *ἡ*, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph.

oppression, affliction.

θνάσκω, Dor. for θνήσκω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: *fut.* θανούμαι,

*Ep. inf.* θανέεσθαι: *aor. 2* ἔθανον, *Ep. inf.* θανέειν:

*pf.* τέθνηκα, whence syncop. pl. τέθναμεν, τέθνατε,

τεθνάσι; *imperat.* τέθναθι; *opt.* τεθναίην; *inf.* τε-

θνάμηναι [ᾶ] *Ep.* τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], rarely τεθνά-

ναι; *part.* τεθνεώς, τεθνεῶσα, τεθνεώς (or τεθνεός)

*Ep.* τεθνήκως, *gen.* ὠτος *Ep.* also τεθνηότος; 3 pl.

plqpf. ἐτέθνασαν:—from τέθνηκα arose the Att. future

forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:—to be dying, to die, Lat.

*morior*:—perf. τέθνηκα *I have died, am dead*; so too aor. 2 ἔθανον *I died, am dead*; part. θανών *dead*, Lat. *mortuus*. II. metaph. of things, to die, perish.

θητο-γενής, ἑς, (θητός, γενέσθαι) *born of mortals, of mortal race*.

θητο-ειδής, ἑς, (θητός, εἶδος) *of mortal nature*.

θητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Dor. θανάτος, ἁ, ὄν, (θνήσκω):—*mortal*, opp. to ἀθάνατος; θνητοί *mortals*. 2. of things, *befitting mortals, human*.

θοάξω, (θοός) trans. *to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch*. 2. intr. *to move oneself quickly, hurry along*.

II. = θάσσω, θωκέω, *to sit*.

θοίματιδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θοίματιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱμάτιον.

θοινάξω, (θοίνη) = θοινάω, *to feast*. Hence

θοινάμα, ατος, τό, *a meal, feast*.

θοινῶτηρ, ἡρος, ὅ, (θοινάω) *a feaster*.

θοινῶτηριος, ον, (θοινάω) *of or for a feast*.

θοινῶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θοινάω) *of or for a feast*.

θοινάτωρ, ορος, ὅ, = θοινῶτηρ. [α]

θοινάω, ἡ, ἴσσω, *to feast on, eat*. II. *to feast, entertain*:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med.

θοινάσσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἐθοινήθη, pf. τεθοίνῃμαι:—*to feast: to feast on, eat*. From

ΘΟΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, *a meal, feast, banquet, dinner*: generally, *food, provender*.

θοινήτωρ, ὅ, Ion. for θοινάτωρ.

θοινίζω, ἡ, ἴσσω, (θοίνη) *to feast, entertain*.

θοῖτο, for θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θολερός, ἁ, ὄν, (θολός) *muddy, thick, troubled*, Lat. *turbidus*, properly of water. II. metaph. *troubled by passion, turbid, agitated*.

θολία, ἡ, (θόλος) *a round vat to keep the sun off*.

ΘΟ'ΛΟΣ, ἡ, *a dome or circular vault*: generally, *any round or vaulted building*. 2. at Athens, *the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined*.

ΘΟΛΟ'Σ, ὁ, mud. II. *the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (sepia)*, which it emits to hide itself, Lat. *lollo*. Hence

θολόω, ἡ, ὄσσω, *to make muddy, turbid*: metaph. like Lat. *perturbare*, *to trouble, disquiet*.

θοός, ἡ, ὄν, (θείω) *quick, active, ready*; θοή νύξ *quickly-passing night*; θοή δαΐς *a hasty meal*. II.

sharp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

θοόω, ἡ, ὄσσω, (θοός) *to make sharp or pointed*.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.

θορή, ἡ, = θορός.

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θρώσκω, *to leap*, esp. *to pair, mate, couple*.

θορός, ὁ, (θορεῖν) *the semen genitale of the male*.

θοροῦμαι, fut. of θρώσκω.

θορυβεῦσιν, Dor. 3 pl. of θορυβέω.

θορυβέω, ἡ, ἴσσω, (θόρυβος) *to make an uproar*, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence, I. *to cheer, applaud*. 2. *to groan, murmur at one*. II.

trans. *to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult*:—Pass. *to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion*. Hence

θορυβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, *inclined to riot, tumultuous*.

ΘΟΥ'ΡΒΟΣ, ὁ, *the noise of a crowded assembly*, I. in token of approbation, *applause, cheers*. 2. the contrary, *a clamour, uproar, groaning*.

θορών, aor. 2 part. of θρώσκω.

θοῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θοῦδωρ, θοῦδατος, by crasis for τὸ ὕδωρ, τοῦ ὕδατος.

Θουριό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (Θοῖριον, μάντις) *a Thurian prophet, generally a soothsayer*.

θοῦρις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of sq.

θοῦρος, ὁ, (θορεῖν) *leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager*:—fem. θοῦρις, ἰδος, mostly as epith. of ἀλκή, *impetuous might*; θοῦρις ἀσπίς *shield of impetuous warrior*.

θόωκος, ὁ, Ep. lengthd. from θῶκος, *a seat*. 2. *a sitting, assembly*.

θοῶς, Adv. of θοός, *quickly, soon*.

Θράκη Ion. Θρηῖκη poet. Θρήκη, ἡ, *Thrace*.

Θράκιος, α, ον, Ion. Θρηῖκιος poet. Θρήκιος, (Θράξ) *of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian*.

θράνεύω, ἡ, ἴσσω, (θράνος) *to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan*: θρανέυσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, *to be tanned*.

θρανίον, τό, Dim. of θράνος, *a small bench, stool*.

θρανίτης, ον, ὁ, (θράνος) *one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work*; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης. [ι]

θρανίτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of θρανίτης.

ΘΡΑ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bench, form*: esp. *the topmost of the three benches in a trireme*.

Θράξ, Θρακός, ὁ; Ion. Θρηῖξ, Θρήκιος, poet. Θρήξ, Θρηκός, *a Thracian*.

θράξαι, θράξον, aor. 1 inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσσεως, Adv. of θρασύς, *boldly*: Comp. θρασύτερον, Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘΡΑ'ΣΟΣ, εως, τό, = θάρσος, *courage, confidence*: in bad sense, *over-boldness, daring, rashness, presumption, impudence*. [α]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ἡ, Ion. and poet. Θρηῖσσα Dor. Θρέῖσσα, *a Thracian woman*.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. ξω, Att. contr. from ταρασσω, *to trouble, disquiet, disturb*.

θρασύ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυῖον) *relying on strength of limb*.

θρασύ-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) *bold of heart, stout-hearted*.

θρασύ-μένων, ον, gen. ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) *bravely patient*; cf. Μέμων.

θρασύ-μήδης, ες, (θρασύς, μήδος) *bold of device, daring, resolute*.

θρασύ-μητις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (θρασύς, μήτις) = θρασυμήδης.

θρασύ-μηχανός Dor. -μάχανος, ον, (θρασύς, μηχανή) *bold in scheming or contriving*.

θρασύ-μῦθος, ον, (θρασύς, μῦθος) *bold of speech*.



θρασύνω, f. ὤνω (θρασύς) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θρασύνεσθαι τινι to rely on one.

θρασύ-πόλεμος poët. θρασυπόλεμος, ον, (θρασύς, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρασύ-πινος, ον, (θρασύς, πίνος) bold at work.

ΘΡΑΣΥΣ, εἶα, ὤ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturesome, presumptuous.

II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θρασύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-bearted.

θρασυστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence

θρασυστομία, ἡ, licence of speech, insolence. From

θρασύ-στομος, ον, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρασύτης, ητος, ἡ, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [ῥ]

θρασύ-χειρ, χειρ, ὁ, (θρασύς, χεῖρ) ἡ, bold of hand.

Θράττα, Att. for Θράτσα.

Θράττω, Att. for Θράσσω.

θραυσ-άντυξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (θραύω, ἄντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραύσμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From

ΘΡΑΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter.

II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

θρέξασκον, Ion. for ἔθρεξαν, 3 pl. aor. I of τρέχω.

θρέξομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτός, εἶα, εἶον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed.

II. θρεπτέον, one must feed. 2. (from

Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence

θρεπτήριος, ον, able to feed, feeding, nourishing.

II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing.

2. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρεττάνελό, a sound imitative of the citbara.

θρέττε, τό, = τὸ θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἐνι μοι τὸ θρέττε the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, poët. for ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

θρέψαιο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΩ, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, shriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηϊκή, ἡ, Ep. for Θράκη.

Θρηϊκίος, η, ον, Ep. for Θρήκιος, Θράκιος.

Θρηῖξ, ἱκος, ὁ, Ion. for Θρηῖξ, Θράξ.

Θρηῖσσα, ἡ, Ion. for Θρηῖσσα, Θράσσα.

Θρηκη, ἡ, Ion. for Θράκη. Hence

Θρηκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρηκηδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρήκιος, η, ον, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρηνέω, f. ἤσω, (θρήνος) to wail, lament, mourn: αἰοδὴν θρηνεῖν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and

θρηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, θρηνητής, οὔ, ὁ, a mourner, wailer.

θρήνος, ὁ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral-song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνυς, vos, ὁ, (θράνυς) a footstool. 2. a bench;

θρήνυς ἑπταπόδης, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρηῖξ, ηκός, ὁ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (θρησκεύω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκεύω, f. σω, (θρήσκος) to observe religiously, hold scrupulously.

θρησκήτι, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, ον, religious.

Θρηῖσσα, Ion. for Θράσσα.

Θρίαί, ὤν, αἱ, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph.

III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ἡ, ὄν, triumphal. From

θρίαμβος, ὁ, a hymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus.

II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκός.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκὸς κυάνοιο

a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finish.

II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκόω, f. ὤσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλὴν ἐθρίγκωσεν ἀχέρῳ be fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [ῥ]

θρίζω, poët. syncop. for θερίζω.

Θρίν-ακία Ep. -ίη, ἡ, and Θρίν-ακρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (θρίναξ) the trident-land, sub. γῆ or νῆσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίς) a trident, three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΞ, ἡ, gen. τριχός, dat. pl. θριξί:—the hair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—

Proverb., θρίξ ἀνὰ μέσσον only a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΙΓΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΙΟΣ, ὁ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ήδεστος, ον, (θρίψ, ἔδω) worm-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρίπος, ὁ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ἤσω, (θρόος) to cry aloud, shriek forth: generally, to speak, declare.

II. to frighten:—Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, es, (θρόμβος, εἶδος) curdled, clotted.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth. II. later, θρόνα are flowers or herbs used as charms. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΟ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θρούς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρυαλλίδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυαλλίς.

ΘΡΥ'ΑΛΛΙ'Σ, ἰδος, ἡ, a wick.

θρυλέω (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ἤσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλημαι: (θρύλος):—to make a noise, to keep babbling. II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρυλουμένον or τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρυλίζω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. ἴσω: (θρύλος):—to make a false note in playing on the citbara.

θρυλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered; Ep. aor. I θρυλίχθην. (Akin to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥ'ΛΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥ'ΟΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥ'ΠΤΩ, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἐθρύψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι: aor. 2 ἐθρύψην [ῥ]: pf. τέθρυμμα:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to be broken, crushed. II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated. III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεισθαι τινι to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θοροῦμαι Ion. θορέομαι: aor. 2 ἐθορον, inf. θορεῖν Ep. θορέειν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet. 2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate.

θρωσμός, ὁ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Θύβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = θυμβ-.

ΘΥ'ΓΑ'ΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγατέρος contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγατέρι θυγατρί, acc. θυγατέρα Ep. θύγατρα, voc. θύγατερ: a daughter. Hence

θυγατριδῆ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, grand-daughter.

θυγατριδοῦς, οὔ, Ion. -ιδέος, εἰς, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl

θυεία, ἡ, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a hurricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρὸς θύελλαι storms of lightning; ἄτης θύελλαι storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θύος.

θυη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύηεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θύηλή, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ἤσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices:—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολία, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings.

θυία or θύα [ῥ], ἡ, (from θύω to smell): a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θυῖαι, ὦν, αἱ, = θυιάδες.

θυῖας or θύας, gen. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύῖνος, η, ον, made of the wood of the tree θυία.

θυῖω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θύλακος, a small bag.

ΘΥ'ΛΑ'ΚΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence

θύλημα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγ-καρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ἄνῳ, (θυμός) to be wroth or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ἐς, (θυμός, ἀλγέω) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ωπος, ὁ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θυμάρειω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-άρης [ᾱ], ἐς, (θυμός, ἀρ-αρεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥ'ΜΒΡΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, ον, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δεῖπνον) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θύμβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμέλη, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the thymelé, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ἤσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ἐς, (θύμος, ἡδός) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμῖμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμῖω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμῖατῆριον Ion. -ητήριον, τό, (θυμῖω) a censer.

θυμῖω, f. ἄσω, [ᾱ]: Ion. aor. I ἐθυμῖσα: (θύμα, θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as



incense:—Pass, Ion. 3 sing. θυμῆται, for -ᾶται, to be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [ἰδ]

θυμῆμα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμῆται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμῶ.

θυμῆτήριον, τό, Ion. for θυμιατήριον.

θύμινος, η, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [ῥ]

θύμινος, ον, ὁ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρὺς) heavy at heart.

θυμοβορέω, ἰ. ἤσω, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θυμο-δακής, ἐς, (θυμός, δακεῖν) biting the heart.

θυμο-εἰδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. hot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θυμο-λέον, οντος, ὁ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θυμό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μαχέω, ἰ. ἤσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πλήθος) wrathful.

θυμο-ραϊστής, οὔ, ὁ, (θυμός, ραίω) life-destroying.

θυμός, ὁ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμὸν ἀφελέσθαι, ὀλέσαι to take away, destroy the life. II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus;

ἀνάγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμόν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῷ φιλεῖν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most precious to my soul. 2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἑδαιζέτο θυμός bis mind or purpose wavered.

θυμός [ῥ], ον, ὁ, or εος, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικός, ἡ, ὁν, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θυμό-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθορέω, ἰ. ἤσω, to break the heart. From

θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying; θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs; of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμώω, ἰ. ὠσω, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. -ώσομαι, aor. I ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμώθην: pf. τεθύμωμαι:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμούμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ἐς, = θυμοειδής.

θυμωθείς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώω.

θυμῶμα, ατος, τό, (θυμώω) wrath, passion. [ῥ]

θύνω, = θύνω.

θυνάξω, ἰ. ἄσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a barpoon.

θύννειος, α, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θυννευτικός, ἡ, ὁν, fit for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, ὁ, (θύνω, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. tinnus.

θυννοσκοπέω, ἰ. ἤσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυννο-σκόπος, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θυνν-ώδης, ἐς, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύννως, Dor. for θύννους, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [ῥ]

θύο-δόκος, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύοεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant.

θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύια.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part.

θύον.

θύος, εος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύοσ-κέω, (θύος, κέω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

Hence

θύοσκόος, ον, ὁ, the sacrificing priest.

θύώω, ἰ. ὠσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass.

ἐλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἡ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR;

θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτή a trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύρασδε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὡσεὶ θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ῆθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραϊος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖος ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θυραῖοι stranger men; ὁλβος θυραῖος the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -σιν, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θύραυλέω, to be out of doors, live in the air. And

θύραυλία, ἡ, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αὐλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρέ-ασπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θυρεός, ἀσπίς) a large shield.

θυρεός, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat. scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ῥ]

θύρη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύρίδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door; window.

θύροκοπέω, ἰ. ἤσω, to break a door open. From

θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θύρώω, ἰ. ὠσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοᾶν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μάνης, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus.

θύρσος, ὁ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing.

θυρσο-χάρης, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρωμα, ατος, τό, (θυρίω) a room with doors to it. II. a door with its frame.

θύρων, ὦνος, ὁ, (θύρα) the door-way: a hall, ante-chamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρωρός, ὁ, ἡ, (θύρα, ὥρα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσαι, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed. From

θύσανος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the αἰγίς. [ῥ]

θύσανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θυσανώω) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, ὦν, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship.

θύσια, ἡ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσῖαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θύσια) an altar.

θύσιμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστάδες

λαῖται the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θυτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θυτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θυτήριον, τό, = θυμα.

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύφω.

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐθύσα: pf. τέθυκα:

—Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:—Pass., aor. I ἐτύθην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense:

—to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμους θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν ἑκατὸν βοῦς

to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence

to take the auspices.

ΘΥΩ (B), f. θύσω [ῥ], like θύνω, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along:

generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύος, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling.

θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θῶ, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θωή, ἡ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θῶκος, Ep. lengthd. θῶκος, ὁ, Ion. for θᾶκος, a seat, chair.

II. a sitting, assembly; θῶκόνδε to the sitting.

θῶμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for θανμ-.

ΘΩΜΙΞ, ἰγγος, ὁ, a cord, string, esp. a bowstring.

θωμίζω, f. ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θῶμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ἥμισυ, the half.

θωμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) a bear.

θωπεία, ἡ, (θωπέω) a flattering, flattery.

θῶπευμα, ατος, τό, (θωπέω) a piece of flattery, a caress.

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θῶπευμα, a bit of flattery.

θωπέω, f. σω, (θῶψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle.

θωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θῶψ) fawning, flattering.

θῶπλα, crasis for τὰ ὅπλα.

θῶπτω, f. ψω, = θωπέω.

θωράκειον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωράκίζω, f. ἴσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to beat in armour, cover

with armour.

θωράκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θώραξ, ποιέω) making breastplates.

θωράκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλῶος θώρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of

breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica. 2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest.

II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήσομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for θωρήξωμεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. θωρήσσομαι, f. -ξόμαι: aor. I ἐθωρήχθην: to arm oneself,

put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεῖς, θωρηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf.

ΘΩΞ, θωός, ὁ or ἡ, the jackal.

θωῦκτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (θωύσσω) a barker, roarer.

θωῦμα, θωυμάζω, θωυμάσιος, θωυμάστης, θωυμαστός, less correct Ion. forms for θῶμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θωύσσω, f. ξω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a goat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:—c. acc. to call on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπός, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

# I

Ι, ι ἰῶτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, ι' = 10, but ι = 10,000.



The *ι subscriptum* was always *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as τῶι, not τῷ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as ΤΩΙ.

ἰ was easily exchanged with εἰ, whence forms like εἶλω ἱλλω, εἶλη ἱλη: ἰ was sometimes exchanged with ε, as ἐστία ἱστή: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in εἶν εἰς ξείνος κεινός διαί παραί for ἐν ἐς ξένος κενός διά παρά.

The Quantity of *ι* varies.

—*ι, iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. οὐτοσί, αὐτῇ, τουτί, Lat. *bicce, baecce, bocce, keinosi, odi, toutogi*, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as οὕτως, ὡδί, ἐνθαδί. Those that end in *σί* take the *ν* ἐφελκυστικόν before a vowel, as οὐτοσίν, ἐκεινοσίν, οὕτωσιν. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. αὐτῇ, οὐτοῖ.

ἸΑ' Ion. ἰή, ἡ, = βοή, a voice, cry.

ἰα, ἰῆς, ἰῆ, ἰαν, old Ion. fem. of εἰς for μία, μῖας, etc.

ἰά, τά, irreg. pl. of ἰός, an arrow. [ἰ]

ἰα, τά, pl. of ἰον, a violet.

ἰαθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἰάομαι.

ἰαί, exclam. of triumph.

ἰαβοῖ, strengthd. form of αἰβοῖ, to express disgust.

ἸΑΙ'ΝΩ, fut. ἰανῶ: aor. 1 ἰῆνα: aor. 1 pass. ἰάνθην: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph., θυμὸν ἰαίνειν to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

Ἰακχάζω, (Ἰακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

Ἰακχέω, f. ἡσώ, = Ἰακχάζω.

Ἰακχος, ὁ, (ἰάχω) Iacchos, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ἰαλεμίζω Ion. ἰηλ-, f. ἰσώ, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence

ἰαλεμίστρια Ion. ἰηλ-, ἡ, a wailing woman.

ἰάλεμος [ᾱ] Ion. ἰήλεμος, ὁ, (ἰά) a wail, lament, dirge. II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

ἰάλλω, f. ἰαλῶ: aor. 1 ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαί: —to send forth; ἐπ' ὀνείατα χεῖρας ἰαλλον they put forth their hands to the dishes; περὶ χεῖρὶ δεσμὸν ἰηλα I put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail; ἀτιμῆσιν ἰάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults. 3. to send. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [ἰ] Hence

ἰαλτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ἰάμα Ion. ἰημα, ατος, τό, (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy.

ἰαμβεῖος, ὄν, (ἰαμβος) in iambs; τὸ ἰαμβεῖον iambic verse.

ἰαμβιάζω, f. ἄσσω, and ἰαμβίζω, f. ἰσώ, (ἰαμβος), to assail in iambs: generally, to lampoon.

ἸΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long syll., as ἔγῳ. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the satiric writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Ἰάν, ὁ, pl. Ἰάνες, contr. for Ἰάαν, Ἰάονες, an Ionian. ἰάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἰαίνω.

ἸΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἰάσομαι Ion. ἰήσομαι: aor. 1 ἰασάμην Ion. ἰησάμην: Dep.: —to heal, cure: metaph. to remedy, heal, correct. II. aor. 1 ἰάθην [ᾱ], and pf. ἰάμαι, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

Ἰαοναῦ, barbarism for the vocat. of Ἰάων.

Ἰαόνες, pl. of Ἰάων.

ἸΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἰάπτειν ὀρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to rush, hurry, speed.

ἸΑΠΤΞ Ion. Ἰήπυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Ἰάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Adj. fem. of Ἰαν, Ionic. II. as Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. γλῶσσα or διάλεκτος), the Ionic dialect.

ἰᾶσι, 3 pl. pres. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰᾶσι, for ἰέασι, 3 pl. of ἰημι.

ἰάσιμος, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable.

ἰᾶσις Ion. ἰησις, εως, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ἸΑΣΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἰαστί, Adv. (Ἰάς) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Ἰασώ, gen. ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) Iaso, the goddess of healing and health.

ἰατήρ Ep. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἰατρός, a surgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [ἰ]

ἰᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἰάομαι.

ἰατορία, ἡ, (ἰάτωρ) the art of medicine.

ἰατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ἰατρεῖον, τό, (ἰατήρ) a surgery.

ἰατρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰατρός) of or for the art of healing: ἡ ἰατρικὴ (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of healing.

ἰατρό-μαντις, εως, ἡ, (ἰατρός, μάντις) the physician-seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

ἰατρός Ion. ἰητρός, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἰατήρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., ἰατρός κακῶν, ὀργῆς, etc., a healer.

ἰατρο-τέχνης, ου, ὁ, (ἰατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of the healing art.

ἰατῶται, ἰατῶταιάξ, Interj. ab, woe is me!

ἰάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. ἰήτωρ, poet. for ἰατρός. [ἰᾱ]

ἰαῦ, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

ἰαυοῖ, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [ἰ]

ἰαύω, f. σῶ: aor. 1 ἰαυσα: (αὔω): —to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place: —ἰαυεῖν πόδα to rest the foot.

ἰ-ᾠφής, ου, ὁ, (ἰός, ᾠφήμι) an archer. [ἰ]

ἰάφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἰάπτω.

ἰαχαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἰαχή) glad-sounding.

ἰάχέω, f. ἡσώ, = ἰάχω, to shout, cry aloud.

ἰαχή, ἡ, (ἰάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [ἰᾱ]

ἰάχημα, ατος, τό, (ἰαχέω) a cry, shout. [ἰᾱ]

ἰάχω, f. ἰαχῆσω: pf. ἰαχα, fem. part. ἰαχυνία: (ἰά):

—to cry, shout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim. II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰά]

Ἰάων, ονος, ὁ, Ep. for Ἰών, an Ionian.

ἰβίς, gen. Ion. ἰβίος Att. ἰβίδος, acc. ἰβιν, ἡ, the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

Ἰαδὴ or ἰγδὴ, ἡ, a mortar.

ἰγμαι, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰγνύη, ἡ, (γόνυ) the hollow or binder part of the knee, Lat. poples. [ῡ]

ἰγνύς, ὅς [ῡ], ἡ, = ἰγνύη, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύν.

Ἰδα Ion. Ἰδη, ἡ, Ida, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse. 2. timber; ἰδη ναυπηγήσιμος timber for ship-building. [ἰ]

ἰδάλιμος, ον, (ἰδος) causing sweat.

ἰδέ, Ion for ἡδέ, and. [Ὶ]

ἰδε or ἰδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω, lo, behold. [Ὶ]

ἰδε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω. [Ὶ]

ἰδέα Ion. -έη, ἡ, (ἰδεῖν) form. 2. generally, the look or appearance of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. species. 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [Ὶ]

ἰδεῖν Ep. ἰδέειν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω.

ἰδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω.

ἰδεσκον, Ion. for εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω. [Ὶ]

ἰδέω, Ion. subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of \*εἶδω.

ἰδηαι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμην, aor. 2 med. of \*εἶδω. [Ὶ]

ἰδησῶ, for εἰδησῶ, Dor. fut. of \*εἶδω. [Ὶ]

ἰδία, v. sub ἰδιος.

ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἰδιος, formed from ἰδία.

ἰδιο-βουλεύω, f. σω, (ἰδιος, βουλεύω) to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way.

Ἰδιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον: one's own, personal, private, Lat. privus, privatus: opp. to public (δημόσιος). 2. one's own, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἰδιον or τὰ ἰδια private property or concerns. 3. peculiar, separate, distinct: hence strange. II. dat. ἰδίᾳ is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδίᾳ φρενός away from one's senses. 2. on one's own account. III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος (formed from ἰδίᾳ).

ἰδιο-συγκρίσις, ἡ, (ἰδιος, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or habit of body, idiosyncrasy.

ἰδῶ, f. ἰσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ἰδισα: (ἰδος):—to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually ἰδρῶω.

ἰδίως, Adv. of ἰδιος, privately.

ἰδιωτεία, ἡ, (ἰδιότης) private life, a business.

ἰδιωτεύω, f. σω, to live as a private man. II. to

be without professional knowledge, be a layman. From ἰδιότης, ον, ὁ, (ἰδιος) a private person, one in a private station, opp. to στρατηγός, a private soldier: also an individual, opp. to πόλις. II. one who

has no professional knowledge, a layman, opp. to one

who has; ἰατρός καὶ ἰδιότης a mediciner or an unprofessional man; ποιητής ἢ ἰδιότης a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in a thing.

2. an ill-informed, common-place fellow. III. ἰδιῶται one's countrymen, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ἰδιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public. 2. commonplace, trivial, awkward.

ἰδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of οἶδα. II. Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of οἶδα.

ἰδμεναι, Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of οἶδα.

ἰδμοσύνη, ἡ, knowledge, skill. From

ἰδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) practised, skilled, versed in a thing.

ἸΑΝΟΨ, f. ὥσω, to crook, bend:—Pass. to double oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

ἰδνώθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἰδνώω.

ἰδοῖατο, Ion. for ἰδοιντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of \*εἶδω.

ἰδοῖσα, Dor. for ἰδοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of \*εἶδω.

ἰδον, Ep. for εἶδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of \*εἶδω.

ἸΔΟΣ, εος, τό, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent beat.

ἰδοῦ, imperat. med. of εἶδον. II. as Adv. written

ἰδοῦ, lo! behold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there! 2. well! as you please! 3. ironically

in repeating another's words, ἰδοῦ γ' ἄκρατον yes to be sure, sheer wine.

ἰδρεία Ion. ἰδρείη or ἰδρή [Ὶ], ἡ, (ἰδρις) knowledge, practice, skill; ἰδρείη πολέμοιο skill in war.

ἰδρις, gen. ἰδριος Att. ἰδρεως, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἰδρι, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) experienced, skilful: as Subst., ἰδρις the provident creature = μύρμηξ, the ant.

ἰδρός, ὁ, poet. for ἰδρώς. [Ὶ] Hence

ἰδρῶω, f. ὥσω, to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like ριγῶω, is contracted into ω and φ instead of ου and οι (as if it were ἰδράω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδρῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδρῶῃ, fem. part. ἰδρῶσαι.

ἰδρῦμα, τό, (ἰδρύω) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; ἰδρυμα πόλεως the stay, support of the city, like Lat. columen rerum.

ἰδρύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἰδρύω.

ἰδρύτιον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρύω, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue. II. pass.

οὐχ ἰδρῦτέον one must not sit still, loiter.

ἰδρύω, f. ὥσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ἰδρῦσα:—Pass., aor. I ἰδρῦθην [Ὶ] not ἰδρύνθην: pf. ἰδρῦμαι: (ἰζω):—Causal of ἰζομαι, to make to sit down; ἰδρῦσαι στρατὴν to encamp an army:—Pass. to be seated, sit still: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῦμένος firmly seated, steady, secure. II.

to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρῦμαι, to found or set up for oneself. III. to fix, settle, establish persons

in a place; Ἀρῆ ἐμφύλιον ἰδρῦσαι to give footing to, introduce, intestine war:—pf. pass. ἰδρῦμαι, to be placed, situated; ἰδρῦσθαι εἰς τόπον to settle in a place:—Med. to found or establish for oneself.



ιδρῶ, ιδρῶ, Ep. for ιδρῶτα, ιδρῶτι, acc. and dat. of ιδρῶς.

ιδρῶν, opt. of ιδρῶς.

ιδρῶς, ὤτος, ὅ: Ep. dat. and acc. ιδρῶ, ιδρῶ: (ἰδῶς): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ιδρῶσαι, pres. part. fem. of ιδρῶς.

ιδυῖα, ἡ, Ep. for εἰδυῖα, part. fem. of οἶδα (v. \*εἶδω), in phrase ιδυῖσι πραπίδεσσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ἰδω Ep. ἰδωμι, aor. 2 subj. of \*εἶδω.

ιδῶν, ιδούσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of \*εἶδω.

ἰε, ἰεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰει, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of ἰημι (as if from ἰέω).

ἰείη, Ep. for ἰοι, 3 sing. opt. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰείς, ἰείσα, ἰέν, pres. part. of ἰημι.

ἰείσι, 3 pl. of ἰημι.

ἰεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ἰημι.

ἰμεν, ἰμέναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of ἰημι.

ἰμενος, ἡ, ὄν, pres. part. pass. of ἰημι.

ἰεν, Aeol. for ἰεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἰημι.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of ἰημι.

ἰερᾶκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἰέραξ, a small hawk.

ἸΕΡΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. ἰέρηξ contr. ἰρηξ, ἡκος, ὁ, a hawk, falcon.

ἰεράομαι Ion. ἰρ-, Pass. (ἰερός) to be a priest or priestess.

ἰεράτεια, ἡ, (ἰερατεύω) the priest's office, priesthood.

ἰεράτευμα, ατος, τό, (ἰερατεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.

ἰερατεύω, f. σω, (ἰερεύς) to be priest or priestess.

ἰερεῖα Ion. ἰρεῖα, ἡ, fem. of ἰερεύς, a priestess.

ἰερεῖον Ion. ἰερεῖον or ἰερεῖον, τό, (ἰερός) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

ἰερεύς, ἴως Ion. ἰρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, (ἰερός) a priest, sacrificer.

ἰερευτο, for ἰερεύετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἰερεύω.

ἰερεύω Ion. ἰεύω, f. σω, (ἰερός) to offer, sacrifice. 2. to kill, slaughter.

II. intr. to be a priest.

ἰερέ, ἡ, = ἰερεῖα.

ἰερεῖον, τό, Ion. for ἰερεῖον.

ἰερία, ἡ, Att. poet. form of ἰερεῖα.

ἰερο-γλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰερός, γλύφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

ἰερο-γραμματεὺς, ἴως, ὁ, (ἰερός, γραμματεὺς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

ἰερο-δόκος, ὄν, (ἰερόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

ἰερό-θύτος, ὄν, (ἰερός, θύω) sacrificed to a god; ἰερόθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.

ἰερο-λογέω, (ἰερός, λέγω) to discuss sacred things.

ἰερο-λογία Ion. ἰερολογία, ἡ, mystic language.

ἰερο-μηνία, ἡ, or ἰερο-μήνια, τά, (ἰερός, μήν or μήνη) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.

ἰερομνημονέω, f. ἴσω, to be ἰερομνήμων. From ἰερο-μνήμων, ὄν, ὁ, (ἰερός, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things.

II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphictyonic state to their Council along with the πυλαγῶρας.

ἰερόν, τό, v. ἰερός II.

ἰερο-νίκης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἰερός, νικάω) conqueror in the games.

ἰερο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἰερός, ποιέω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ἱεροποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

ἰερο-πρεπής, ἴς, (ἰερός, πρέπω) befitting a sacred place, person or matter: holy, reverend.

ἸΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Ion. and Ep. also ἰρός, ἡ, ὄν:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2. holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ἰερός καὶ ὅσιος sacred and profane; v. sub ὅσιος.

II. as Subst.: 1. ἰερόν Ion. ἰρόν, τό, a temple. 2. ἰερά Ion. ἰρά, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: ἰερά ῥέζειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra.

III. special phrases: 1. ἰερά νόσος, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. ἡ ἰερά ὁδός the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. ἡ ἰερά τριήρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.

ἰερό-στεπτος, ὄν, (ἰερόν, στέφω) wreathed in holy fashion.

ἰεροσυλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἰερόσυλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ἰεροσυλία, ἡ, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

ἰερό-σύλος, ὄν, (ἰερόν, συλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

ἰεουργέω, f. ἴσω, (ἰεουργός) to perform sacred rites; ἰεουργεῖν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel. Hence

ἰεουργία Ion. ἰοεργία, ἡ, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

ἰερ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἰερός, ἔργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

ἰεροφαντέω, f. ἴσω, to be an initiating priest. From ἰερο-φάντης Ion. ἰρ-, ὄν, ὁ, (ἰερός, φαίνω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence

ἰεροφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. -κῶς.

ἰερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἰερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v]

ἰερό-χθων Ion. ἰρ-, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰερός, χθών) of hallowed soil.

ἰερόω, f. ὤσω, (ἰερός) to hallow, dedicate.

ἰερ-ώνυμος, ὄν, (ἰερός, ὄνομα) of holy name.

ἰερωστί, (ἰερός) Adv. in holy manner, piously.

ἰερωσύνη Ion. ἰρ-, ἡ, (ἰερός) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

ἰέσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of ἰημι.

ἰεῦ, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!

ἰζάνω, (ἰζω) Causal, to make to sit, seat.

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ΙΖΩ, impf. ἴζον Ion. ἴζεσκον: for the aor. 1, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἴξῃσω, aor. 1 ἴξῃσα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἴζειν ἐς θρόνον to take one's seat: ἴζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ἴζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἴζεσθαι ἐν τῷ Τηυγέτῳ or ἐς τὸ Τηυγέτον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, io! exclam. of joy. [ἰ] ἰή, ἡ, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound. ἰήϊος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰή) wailing, mournful, plaintive; ἰήϊος βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή.

ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαί, aor. 1 of ἰάλλω. ἰηλεμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμίστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμ-. ἰημα, τό, = ἰαμα.

ἰημι, ἰης, ἰησι, 3 pl. ἰάσι or ἰεῖσι; imperat. ἰεῖ; subj. ἰῶ; opt. ἰεῖην; inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰεῖς:—impf. ἰην, Aeol. 3 pl. ἰεν:—fut. ἰήσω:—aor. 1 ἦκα Ep. ἔηκα:—aor. 2 ἦν, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἔς, subj. ῶ, opt. εἴην, inf. εἶναι, part. εἶς:—pf. εἶκα: plqpf. εἶκειν. Pass. and Med., pres. ἰέμαι: impf. ἰέμην: aor. 1 pass. ἔθην, also εἴθην: aor. 1 med. ἠκάμην: aor. 2 med. εἴμην or ἔμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι: plqpf. εἶμην. Causal of εἶμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἰημι is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός ἐπὶ γαίαν ἰησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., καὶ δὲ κάρητος ἦκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπεὶ πόσιος καὶ ἐδητύος ἐξ ἔρον ἔντο when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἰηνα, aor. 1 of ἰαίνω. ἰη-παιήων, ονος, ὁ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰη παιάν: also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παιωνίζω, f. ἰώω, to cry ἰη παιών or παιάν! ἰήσασθαι, Ion. aor. 1 inf. of ἰάομαι. ἰησι, Ep. for ἰη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι ibo. ἰησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of ἰημι. ἰησιμος, ἰησις, Ion. for ἰασ-. Ἰησοῦς, οὔ, dat. also οὔ, acc. οὖν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Josbua*, Saviour. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for ἰατήρ. ἰητορίη, ἰητρός, ἰητῶρ, Ion. for ἰατ-. ἰθα-γενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἑς, (ἰθὺς, γένος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock. II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to ὀρυκτά.

ΙΘΑ'ΚΗ, ἡ, *Ithaca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ιθάκηνδε, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and Ιθακήσιος, α, ον, of *Ithaca*, an *Ithacan*. ἰθέα, ἡ, Ion. fem. for ἰθειά, v. ἰθὺς [ἰ] ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθὺς, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*. ἰθι, imperat. of εἶμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἰθμα, ατος, τό, (εἶμι) a step, movement. ἰθύ, neut. of ἰθὺς, used as Adv., like ἰθέως. ἰθυ-δίκης, ου, ὁ, (ἰθὺς, δίκη) giving simple justice. ἰθυ-δρόμος, ον, (ἰθὺς, δραμεῖν) straight-running. ἰθύ-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, θρίξ) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλύθριξ, woolly-haired. [ἰθ] ἰθυμάχια, ἡ, a fair, stand-up fight. From ἰθυ-μάχος, ον, (ἰθὺς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθύ-voos, ον, (ἰθὺς, νόος) honest. ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. ἰθῦνα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἰθύνθην:—Ion. and Ep. for εὐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τῷ δ' ἰθύνθῃτην they ran even with one another. 2. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνειν ἵππους to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθῦ-πόρος, ον, (ἰθὺς, πορεύομαι) going straight on. ἰθῦ-πτίων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, πέτομαι) straight-flying, of an ashen spear-shaft. [ἰ]

ΙΟΥ'Σ, ἰθειά, ἰθύ, Ion. fem. ἰθεά: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εὐθύς:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύτατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τὴν ἰθειάν (sub. ὁδόν), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐκ τῆς ἰθείης, straight-forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθὺς or ἰθύ, straight at, straight towards; ἰθὺς μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

ἰθὺς, ὅς, ἡ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also ἀν' ἰθύν, = ἀν' ὀρθόν, straight upwards. [ἰ] ἰθῦ-τενής, ἑς, (ἰθὺς, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [ἰ] ἰθῦ-τονος, ον, (ἰθὺς, τείνω) = ἰθυτενής. ἰθῦ-τριχες, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθύθριξ. ἰθῦω, f. ὕσω: aor. 1 ἰθῦσα: [ῦ]: (ἰθὺς):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθυσε νεὸς drove right against the ship. II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

ικανός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἰκ-έσθαι) befitting, becoming: I. of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; ἰκανὸς λατρικὴν sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.



considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; ἱκανὸν χρόνον a long time; τὸ ἱκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

ἱκανότης, ἡ, sufficiency, fitness.

ἱκανόω, f. ὠσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.

ἱκάνω [ā], Ep. lengthd. for ἱκω, = ἱκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. ἱκάνομαι.

ἱκανῶς, Adv. of ἱκανός, sufficiently, Lat. satis; ἱκανῶς ἔχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ἱκανώτατα.

Ἰκάριος, α, ον, (Ἰκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegean sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἱκελος, η, ον, poet. form for εἶκελος, like. [ῖ] Hence

ἱκελόω, f. ὠσω, to make like.

ἱκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκέσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκεσία, ἡ, (ἱκέτης) the prayer of a suppliant. II. as fem. of ἱκέσιος, a female suppliant.

ἱκέσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἱκέτης) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ἱκετα-δόκος, ον, (ἱκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting suppliants.

ἱκετεία, ἡ, = ἱκεσία, q. v.

ἱκετεύμα, ατος, τό, (ἱκετεύω) a mode of supplication.

ἱκετευτός, α, ον, proper to be supplicated. From

ἱκετεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἱκέτευσα [ῖ Att., ῖ Ep.]: (ἱκέτης):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

ἱκετήριος sync. ἱκτήριος, α, ον, (ἱκέτης) of or fit for suppliants. II. ἡ ἱκετηρία (sub. ἐλαία), the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

ἱκέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἱκέσθαι) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive. II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

ἱκετήσιος, α, ον, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

ἱκέτις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἱκέτης.

ἱκηαι, Ep. for ἱκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκμάζω and ἱκμαίνω, to moisten. From

ἸΚΜΑ΄Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, moisture of any kind.

ἱκμενος or ἱκμενος, only in the phrase ἱκμενος οὖρος a fair breeze, (from ἱκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

ἱκνέομαι, lengthd. from ἸΚΩ [ῖ]: fut. ἱξομαι Dor. ἱξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἱκόμην: pf. ἱγμαι, part. ἱγμένος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (ἱκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him. 3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, befits; τοῦτε μάλιστα ἱκνέεται whom it most concerns; τὸ ἱκνέμενον that which is fitting, proper.

ἱκνούνται, Dor. for ἱκνοῦνται, 3 pl. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκνούμενως Ion. ἱκνεομ-, ἱκνευμ-, Adv. part. pres. of ἱκνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

ἱκοίμαν, Dor. for ἱκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἸΚΡΙΑ, τά, the half-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.

ἱκταρ, Adv. (ἱκω) at once, close together. II.

of Place, close to, hard by, c. gen.

ἱκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἱκω) a suppliant. II. Ζεὺς

ἱκτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ἱκτήριος, α, ον, syncop. for ἱκετήριος.

ἱκτίδεος, α, ον, (ἱκτίς) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer κτίδεος. II. as Subst., ἱκτιδέα, contr.

ἱκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

ἸΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, a kite, Lat. milvus.

ἸΚΤΙΣ, ιδος, ἡ, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ἱκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἸΚΩ, impf. ἱκω: aor. 2 ἱξον: root of ἱκνέομαι, a form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time; τὰ σὰ γούνα ἱκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. ἱκνέομαι 2, ἱκέτης):—metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; ὕβρις τε βίη τε σιδήρεον οὐρανὸν ἱκει violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρειῶ ἱκει με necessity is upon me; ὕπνος, γῆρας, ἱκάνει με come upon or over me.

ἱκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱλᾶ, Dor. for ἱλη. [ῖ]

ἱλᾶδόν, Adv. (ἱλη) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [ῖ]

ἱλᾶθι, pres. imperat. of ἱλημι.

ἱλάομαι, Ep. for ἱλάσκομαι.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ον, Att. ἱλεως, ον, nom. pl. ἱλεω, neut. ἱλεα:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. ἱλεως σοί, (sc. ἔστω ὁ Θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

ἱλᾶρία, ἡ, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

ἱλᾶρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἱλαος) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful, Lat. hilaris. Adv. -ρῶς. Hence

ἱλᾶρότης, ἡ, gaiety, Lat. hilaritas.

ἱλάσκομαι, fut. ἱλάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἱλάσσομαι Dor. ἱλάζομαι: aor. 1 ἱλασάμην: Dep.: (ἱλαος):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for. III. aor. 1 imperat. pass. ἱλάσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

ἱλασμός, ὁ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation, sacrifice. [ῖ]

ἱλασάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. of ἱλάσκομαι.

ἱλάσσαι, Ep. for ἱλάση, 2 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ἱλάσκομαι.

ἱλαστήριος, α, ον, (ἱλάσκομαι) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., ἱλαστήριον, τό, propitiation or the mercy-seat.

ἱλεα, Att. neut. pl. of ἱλαος.

ἱλεως, Att. for ἱλαος.

ἱλη or εἶλη Dor. ἱλα, ἡ, (ἱλλω, εἶλω) a crowd, band, troop, company. 2. a troop of horse, squadron, Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop,

company.

3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

Ἰληθι, imperat. of Ἰλημι.

Ἰλήκω, (Ἰλαος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. Ἰλήκησι, and 2 sing. opt. Ἰλήκοις.

Ἰλημι, = Ἰλήκω, esp. in imperat. Ἰληθι Dor. ἰλάθι, be gracious, propitious!

Ἰλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακός. II. as Subst. Ἰλιάς, 1. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub. γυνή), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποίησις), the Iliad, of Homer.

Ἰλιγγιάω, f. σω: aor. I ἰλιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

Ἰλιγγος, ὁ, (ἰλλω, εἰλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [i]

Ἰλιγξ, ἰγγος, ἡ, (ἰλλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Ἰλιόθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

Ἰλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος, Adv. at Troy.

Ἰλιορ-ραῖστος, ὁ, (Ἰλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy.

Ἰλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος.

ἸΛΙΟΣ, ου, ἡ, or Ἰλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilius, also called Troy.

Ἰλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἰλλω, εἰλω) a rope, band.

Ἰλλός, ὁ, (ἰλλω) squinting.

ἸΛΛΩ, v. sub εἰλω.

ἸΛΥ΄Σ, ὅς, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. ἰλῦος Homer, later ἰλῦος.]

ἰμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμάντινος, η, ον, (ἰμάς) of leathern twongs.

ἰμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaph. one of the feelers of the polyrhus.

ἸΜΑ΄Σ, ἄντος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἰμάσι Ep. ἰμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip. 2. the

cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphrodite, Lat. caestus. 4. a latch, by which the bolt

was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb., ἰμάς κύνειός ἐστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ἰμάσθλη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, ἰμάσσω) the thong or lash of a whip, generally a whip. [i]

ἰμάσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἱμασα: (ἰμάς):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ἰματιδάριον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον. [ἰμ-δᾶ]

ἰματιδίον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον.

ἰματίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένος, clothed.

ἰματιο-κάπηλος, ὁ, (ἰμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἰμάτιον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτῶν, answering to Homer's χλαῖνα; ἰμάτια, τά, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἰματι-φύλακείω, f. ἡσω, (ἰμάτιον, φυλακείω) to take care of clothes.

ἰματισμός, ὁ, (ἰματίζω) clothing, apparel. [i] ἰμείρω Aeol. ἰμέρρω, (ἴμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἰμείρομαι as Dep., with aor. I med. ἰμειράμην, pass. ἰμέρην.

ἴμεν, I pl. of εἶμι ἴβο.

ἴμεν, ἴμεναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἴβο.

ἴμερο-δερκής, ἐς, (ἴμερος, δέρκομαι) looking longingly.

ἴμερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἴμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ἴμερο-θάλης, ἐς, (ἴμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἴμεροθηλῆς sweetly growing or blooming.

ἸΜΕΡΟΣ [i], ὁ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἰμέρρω, Aeol. for ἰμείρω.

ἰμερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰμείρω) longed for, lovely.

ἴμεναι, poet. for ἴμεναι, ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἴβο.

ἴμονιά, ἡ, (ἴμάς) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἴμονιάν, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἴν, Dor. for ἴ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἸΝΑ, Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: 1. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἦκει, ἴν' ἴδης thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλὰς ἔδωκε μένος, ἴν' ἔκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous.

3. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἴν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. ἵνα μή, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptic with other Particles, ἵνα δῆ, ἵνα περ, ἵνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb, 1. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἴν' ἔτραφεν ἡδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅποι, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἴν' οἴχεται whither he is gone.

ἰνδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλιμος, εἰδάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἰνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλεΐωνι he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟ΄Σ, ὁ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian. II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶος, α, ον, = Ἰνδικός.

ἴνες, pl. nom. of ἴς.

ἰνίον, τό, (ἴς) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [i]

ἸΝΙΣ, ὁ, a son, child.

Ἰνώ, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

ἰν-ώδης, ἐς, (ἴς, εἶδος) sineuwy, fibrous. [i]



ἱξάλος, ον, (from αἰσσω, as if contracted from αἰξά-  
λος) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing.

ἱξέσθαι, fut. inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱξευτής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἱξέω) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.

ἱξέω, f. σω, (ἱξός) to catch birds by birdlime.

ἱξοβολέω, f. ἥσω, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From

ἱξο-βόλος, ον, (ἱξός, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.

ἱξο-εργός, ὅ, (ἱξός, \*έργω) one who uses birdlime, a  
fowler.

ἱξομαι, fut. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱξον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἱκν.

ἱξοῦς, ὅ, Lat. VISCUM, misseltoe: also, the mis-  
seltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the mis-  
seltoe-berry, Lat. viscus.

ἱξο-φορέυς, ἴως, ὅ, (ἱξός, φέρω) bearing misseltoe.

ἱξῦς, ὅς, ἡ: dat. ἱξύϊ contr. ἱξυῖ: the waist.

ἱό-βακχος, ὅ, (ἰώ, βάκχε) Bacchus invoked with the  
cry of ἰώ:—a song beginning ἰὼ Βάκχε!

ἱο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἰον, βλέφαρον) violet-eyed.

ἱοβολέω, f. ἥσω, to shoot arrows. From

ἱο-βόλος, ον, (ἰός, βάλλω) shooting arrows.

ἱο-βόστρυχος, ον, (ἰον, βύστρυχος) dark-haired.

ἱό-δετος, ον, (ἰον, δέω) violet-twined.

ἱο-δόκος, ον, (ἰός, δέχομαι) holding arrows.

ἱο-ειδής, ἑς, (ἰον, εἶδος) violet-coloured, of the sea.

ἱόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰον) violet-coloured, dark.

ἱοῖην, Att. for ἱοῖμι, opt. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱοῖσαι, Dor. for ἱοῦσαι, part. fem. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱομεν, Ep. for ἱωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱο-μίγης, ἑς, (ἰός, μιγῆναι) mixed with poison.

ἱό-μωρος, ον, (ἰον, μόρος) dark-fated, miserable.

ἱόν, τό, the violet, Lat. viola. [r]

ἱον, Ep. form of imperf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱονθός, ἄδος, ἡ, shaggy, hairy. From

ἱονθος, ὅ, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [r]

ἱόνιος, α, ον, (ἱώ) of Io; ἱόνιος κόλπος the Ionian  
sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of  
the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have  
swum,—not to be confounded with the Ionian sea.

ἱόντες, part. pl. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱο-πλόκαμος, ον, (ἰον, πλόκαμος) with violet locks,  
dark-haired. [r]

ἱός [r], ὅ, with irreg. pl. ἱά, (ἱέναι inf. of εἶμι ἰβο)  
an arrow.

ἱοῦς, ὅ, rust, verdigris, Lat. aerugo.

ἱοῦς, ὅ, poison, esp. of serpents.

ἱος, ἱα, Ep. for εἶς, μία; dat. ἱῶ for ἐνί.

ἱο-στέφανος, ον, (ἱος, στέφανος) violet-crowned.

ἱότης, ἡτος, ἡ, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεῶν  
ἱότητι by the will or pleasure of the gods.

ἱο-τύπης, ἑς, (ἰός, τυπῆναι) struck by an arrow.

ἱοῦ, a cry of woe, Lat. heu! seldom, like ἰώ, a cry of  
joy. [r]

ἱουδαῖος, f. σω, to live as a Jew. From

ἱουδαϊκός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for the Jews. Adv. -κῶς.  
From

ἱουδαῖος, α, ον, of the tribe of Judah: as Subst.: 1.  
a Jew.

2. ἱουδαία (sc. γῆ) the land of Judaea.

ἱουδαϊσμός, ὅ, (ἱουδαῖος) Judaism.

ἱουλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, a red fish.

ἱουλος, ον, (οὔλος) down, the first growth of the beard;  
ὑπὸ κροτάφοισιν ἱουλοὶ the young hair beneath the  
temples, i. e. the whiskers.

ἱο-χέαιρα, ἡ, (ἰός, χαίρω) delighting in arrows, or  
(from χέω) showering arrows.

ἱπνο-κάψ, ἑς, (ἱπνός, καῖναι) baked in the oven.

ἱπνο-λέβης, ἡτος, ὅ, (ἱπνός, λέβης) a boiler, caldron.

ἱπνο-ποιός, ὅν, (ἱπνός, ποίω) working in an oven or  
furnace; as Subst. a potter.

ἱπνοῦς, ὅ, an oven or furnace, Lat. furnus. II.  
the place of the oven, kitchen. III. a lantern.

ἱπος, ὅ or ἡ, (ἱπτομαι) in a mouse-trap, the piece of  
wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a  
trap; a heavy weight. Hence

ἱπώω, f. ὠσω, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed  
down or crushed; εἰσφοραῖς ἱπούμενος squeezed hard  
by taxes. [r]

ἱππ-αγρέται, ὧν, οἱ, (ἱππεύς, ἀγείρω) three officers  
at Lacedaemon, who chose 300 youths to serve as ἱπ-  
πεῖς or body-guard for the kings.

ἱππ-αγωγός, ὅν, (ἱππός, ἄγω) carrying horses: ἱπ-  
παγωγοί (sub. ναῦς) αἱ, transport-ships for horses.

ἱππάζομαι, fut. ἄσομαι Dep. (ἵππος) to drive or  
guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; ἱπ-  
πάζεσθαι χώραν to ride over a country. II. as

Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be  
broken in.

ἱππ-αἰχμος, ον, (ἵππος, αἰχμή) fighting on horseback.

ἱππ-αλεκτρῶν, ὄνος, ὅ, (ἵππος, ἀλεκτρῶν) a horse-  
cock: a gryphon, dragon.

ἱππαλίδας, ον, ὅ, poet. form for ἱππεύς.

ἱππαῖ, (ἵππος) cry of the knights to each other in  
comic imitation of the seaman's cry ῥυπαπαῖ.

ἱππάριον, τό, Dim. of ἵππος, a little horse, pony.

ἱππ-αρμοστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἵππος, ἄρμοστής) Lacedae-  
monian word for ἵππαρχος.

ἱππαρχέω, f. ἥσω, to be a general of cavalry, to  
command the cavalry. Hence

ἱππαρχία, ἡ, the command of the cavalry.

ἱππαρχικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for cavalry. From

ἱππ-αρχος, and ἱππ-άρχης, ον, ὅ, (ἵππος, ἄρχω)  
ruling the horse, epith. of Neptune. II. a gene-  
ral of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

ἱππᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of ἱππικός; ἱππᾶς στολή a  
riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub.  
τάξις), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

ἱππᾶσία, ἡ, (ἱππάζομαι) riding, horse-exercise. 2.  
chariot-driving.

ἱππᾶσιμος, ἡ, ον, (ἱππάζομαι) fit for horses or for  
riding: easily ridden.

ἱππαστήρ, ἡρος, and ἱππαστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἱππάζομαι)  
a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.

ἱππεία, ἡ, (ἱππεύω) horsemanship, riding, driving,  
esp. racing. II. cavalry.

ἱππειος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἱππειος  
λόφος a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππ-ερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔρος) *love for horses, a horse-fever.*

ἵππευμα, ατος, τό, (ἵππεύω) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a horseman, rider. II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἱππῆς, Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback; see ἱππαγρέται.

ἱππευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἱππευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a rider, horseman: from

ἱππεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύς):—to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαῖς ἱππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, Euris equitavit per undas. II. to serve on horseback.

ἱππηῖας, Ep. pl. acc. of ἱππεύς.

ἱππηδόν, Adv. (ἵππος) like a horse. II. like a horseman.

ἱππηέσσι, Ep. for ἱππεῦσι, pl. dat. of ἱππεύς.

ἱππ-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.

ἱππ-ηλάτᾱ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἱππηλάτης.

ἱππηλάτῃω, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From

ἱππ-ηλάτης, ον, ὁ, Ep. ἱππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) a driver of horses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [α]

ἱππ-ηλάτος, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) fit for horsemanship or driving.

Ἴππ-ημολγοί, ὦν, οἱ, (ἵππος, ἀμέλω) the Mare-milkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. milking mares.

ἱππι-ἀναξ, ατος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) chief of horsemen.

ἱππικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἀγὼν ἱππικός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for

riding or horsemen, equestrian: skilled in riding. 2. ἡ ἱππική (sub. τέχνη), horsemanship, riding. III. τὸ ἱππικόν the cavalry. IV.

Adv. —κῶς, like a horseman.

ἵππιος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses.

ἱππιο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χαίτη) shaggy with horse-hair.

ἱππιο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χάρμη) one who fights from a chariot. 2. a horseman, rider.

ἱππο-βάμων [α], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίνω) going on horseback, equestrian. 2. metaph., ῥήματα ἱπποβάμονα high-paced words, bombast.

ἱππο-βάτης [α], ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαίνω) a horseman.

ἱππο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βύσσω) a feeder of horses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἴπποβύται were the knights, nobles.

ἱππό-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βίσσω) fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

ἱππο-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵππος, βουκόλος) a horsekeeper.

ἱππο-γέρᾱνοι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γέρανός) crane-cavalry.

ἱππό-γυῖποι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γύψ) vulture-cavalry.

ἱππό-δάμος, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) horse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of horses.

ἱππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. ἱππόδασυς in use, (ἵππος, δασύς) epith. of κόρυς, thick with horse-hair, with rough horse-hair crest.

ἱππό-δεσμα, αν, τά, (ἵππος, δεσμός) reins, a halter.

ἱππο-δέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a halter.

ἱππο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διώκω) a driver or rider of horses.

ἱππο-δρομία, ἡ, (ἱππόδρομος) a horse-race or chariot-race. Hence

ἱππο-δρόμιος, ον, of the horse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of horses.

ἱππό-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

ἱππο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δραμεῖν) a horse-courier.

ἱππόθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) forth from the horse.

ἵπποιϋν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἱππο-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ἱππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) driving horses: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ἱππο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a horse-centaur, half-horse half-man.

ἱππο-κομέω, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἱπποκομεῖν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ἱππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κομέω) keeping or grooming horses. II. as Subst., ἱπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian ἱππεύς in war.

ἱππό-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμη) decked with horse-hair.

ἱππο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.

ἱππο-κράτῃω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse. Hence

ἱπποκράτῃα, ἡ, victory in a skirmish of horse.

ἱππό-κρημνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) tremendously steep; ἱππόκρημνον ῥῆμα a neck-breaking word.

ἱππό-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) sounding with the tramp of horses.

ἱππό-λοφος, ον, (ἵππος, λόφος) with horse-hair crest.

ἱππο-μᾶνῆς, ἐς, (ἵππος, μανῆναι) mad for horses: luxuriant. II. as Subst., ἱππομανῆς, ἐός, τό, an

Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad. 2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a humour which falls from mares.

Hence

ἱππο-μᾶνῖα, ἡ, a mad love for horses, racing, etc.

ἱππομάχῃω, f. ἦσω, (ἱππομάχος) to fight on horseback. Hence

ἱππομάχῃα, ἡ, a horse-fight, skirmish of horse.

ἱππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) fighting on horseback: as Subst., ἱππομάχος, ὁ, a trooper.

ἱππο-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, νωμάω) driving horses.

ἱππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, πολέομαι) busied with horses: as Subst., ἱπποπόλος, ὁ, a rider or driver of horses.

ἱππο-πότᾱμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ποτάμος) the river-horse of Egypt, hippopotamus: in Herodotus, ἵππος ποτάμιος.



ἵππος, ὁ, ἡ, a horse, mare, Lat. *equus, equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀφ' ἵππων from the chariot: λαός τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ πεζοὶ horse and foot. II.

ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, χιλίη ἵππος a thousand horse. III. ἵππος

ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-laugh, v. ἵππο-κρημνός, etc.

ἵππο-σώας, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, σέω) driver of horses.

ἵππο-σόος, α, ον, horse-driving.

ἵππο-στάσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaph., Ἀελίου κνεφαία ἵπποστάσις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship. II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵπποσύνος, η, ον, = ἵππικός.

ἵπποτά, Ep. for ἵππότης.

ἵπποτής, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵπποτα, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λεῶς ἵπποτής

the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφέω, f. ἥσω, to breed or keep horses. And

ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing. From

ἵππο-τρόφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τύφια, ἡ, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

ἵππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππου-ουρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-hair.

ἵππο-φόρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, ον, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης.

ἵππο-ώδης, ες, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππων, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἵππος) a place for horses, a stable: a halting-place, station.

ἵππωνεα, ἡ, a buying of horses. From

ἵππωνέω, f. ἥσω, to buy horses. From

ἵππωνης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, ὠνέομαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵπταμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵπτομαι, f. ἵψομαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press hard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱέρα.

ἱραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, contr. for ἱέραξ, a hawk.

ἱράομαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱρεα, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱρήν, ἔνος, ὁ, Ion. for εἰρήν.

ἱρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱέραξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερεία.

ἱρίς, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. ἱρίν as well as ἱρίδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων). II. impersonated Ἴρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumias (the Wonderer).

ἱρισσιν, Ep. for ἱρισιν, dat. pl. of ἱρίς.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἱρός, δραμεῖν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ-, running in the sacred races. [i]

ἱρο-εργία, Ion. for ἱεουργία.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [i]

ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἱερός. [i]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεροφ-.

ἱρωσύνη, Ion. for ἱερωσύνη, priesthood.

Ἴς, ἡ, gen. ἰνός, acc. Ἴνα: pl. nom. Ἴνες, dat. Ἴνεσι Ep. Ἴνεσσι:—Lat. *VIS*, strength, force, nerve, thew and sinew: very freq. in periph. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχοιο the strong Telemachus. II. a muscle: the neck. [i]

ἴσα, ἴσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἴσ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἴσ-ἄδελφος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἴσάζω, f. ἴσσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or bold equal to another, c. dat.

ἴσᾱμι, Dor. for ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄμιλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμιλλα) equal in the race.

ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ἴβο. II. Ep. for ἴσαν, ἠδειςαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of εἶδω.

ἴσ-άνεμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind. [ā]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄργυρος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ἴσας, Dor. part. of ἴσημι.

ἴσᾱσι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι, and of οἶδα (v. εἶδω B).

ἴσάσκειτο [i], Ion. for ἴσάξετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἴσάζω, she likened herself.

ἴσᾱτι, Dor. for ἴσησι, 3 sing. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ηγορέω and Med. -έομαι, (ἴσος, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

ἴσηγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἴσ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἡλιξ) of the same age with.

ἴσ-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

ἴΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσᾱμι, ἴσᾱτι; pl. ἴσᾱμεν, ἴσᾱσι or ἴσαντι; part. ἴσας.

ἴσ-ἡρετμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἡρετμός) with as many oars.

ἴσ-ἡρης, ες, (ἴσος, ἀραιεῖν) equally fitted, equal.

ἴσθι, κνιω, imperat. pf. of \*εἶδω. II. ἴσθι, be, imperat. of εἶμι sum.

Ἰσθμια (sub. ἱέρα), ὠν, τά, (ἰσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

Ἰσθμιάζω, f. ἴσσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Ἰσθμιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰσθμῖος: αἱ Ἰσθμιάδες (sub. ἑορταί), the Isthmian games.

ἰσθμιον, τό, (ἰσθμός) a necklace.

Ἰσθμῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰσθμός) of the Isthmus, Isthmian.

Ἰσθμόθεν, Adv. from the Isthmus; and

Ἰσθμόθι, Adv. on the Isthmus; and

Ἰσθμοῖ, Adv. on the Isthmus. From

ἰσθμός, οὐ, ὅ, (εἶμι ἰβο) a neck: any narrow passage. 2. a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth.

ἰσθμ-ώδης, ες, (ἰσθμός, εἶδος) like an isthmus.

Ἰσιᾶς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From

Ἰσις, ἡ, gen. Ἰσιδος Ion. Ἰσιος: dat. Ἰσὶ: acc. Ἰσιν:—Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

ἸΣΚΩ or εἰσκω, to make like; ἴσκε ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγων ἐτύμοισιν ὁμοῖα speaking many lies he made them like truths. II. to hold or think like; ἐμὲ σοὶ ἴσκοντες thinking me like you: absol., ἴσκειν ἕκαστος ἀνὴρ each man imagined or supposed. III.

in late Poets, ἴσκε, ἴσκειν, = ἔλεγεν, he spake, said.

ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of οἶδα, for which Homer always uses ἴδμεν; v. εἶδω v.

ἰσο-βάρής, ες, (ἴσος, βάρος) of equal weight.

ἰσο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god. II. equal in fortune or happiness.

ἰσο-δίαίτος, ον, (ἴσος, δίαίτα) living on an equal footing.

ἰσο-ζυγής, ες, (ἴσος, ζυγῆναι) equally balanced: equal.

ἰσό-θεος, ον, (ἴσος, θεός) equal to the gods, godlike.

ἰσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger.

ἰσό-κληρος, ον, (ἴσος, κληρος) equal in property.

ἰσο-κράτης, ες, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence ἰσοκρατία, ἡ, equality of power and rights, political equality.

ἰσο-όμαλος, ον, (ἴσος, ὁμαλός) equally level, nearly equal.

ἰσο-μάτωρ, Dor. for ἰσο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) like one's mother.

ἰσό-μαχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) equal in the fight.

ἰσο-μεγέθης, ες, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size.

ἰσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ἴσος, μέτωπον) with equal forehead or front.

ἰσο-μήκης, ες, (ἴσος, μήκος) equal in length.

ἰσομοιρέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἰσόμειρος) to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence

ἰσομοιρία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, a sharing equally, equal partnership.

ἰσό-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) having an equal share of a thing; γῆς ἰσόμειρος ἀήρ earth's equal partner air. 2. generally, equal, close, resembling; φάος σκότῳ ἰσόμειρον light close akin to darkness.

ἰσό-μορος, ον, (ἴσος, μέρος) = ἰσόμειρος, resembling.

ἰσ-όνειρος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνειρος) dream-like, vacant.

ἰσό-νεκός, ον, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκος) dying the same death.

ἰσονομέομαι, Pass. (ἰσόνομος) to have equal rights. Hence

ἰσονομία, ἡ, equality of rights, political equality.

ἰσό-νομος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) having equal rights, enjoying freedom.

ἰσό-παις, παιδός, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) like a child.

ἰσο-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long.

ἰσοπαλῶ, f. ἡσώ, to be a match for. From

ἰσο-πάλης, ες, (ἴσος, πάλη) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

ἰσό-παλος, ον, = ἰσοπαλής.

ἰσό-πεδον, τό, level ground, a flat: neut. from

ἰσό-πέδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level.

ἰσο-πλάτης, ες, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadth.

ἰσο-πλάτων, ανός, ὅ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato.

ἰσο-πληθής, ες, (ἴσος, πλήθος) equal in number or quantity.

ἰσό-πρεσβυς, υ, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man.

ἰσορροπία, ἡ, equipoise, equilibrium. From

ἰσόρ-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ῥοπή) equally balanced, in equipoise: equally matched.

ἼΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσον, Att. ἴσος [ι], ἴση, ἴσον, Ep. also ἴσος [ι]:—equal to, the same as, like; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ . . . equally with; ἴσον ἐμοὶ equally with me. II. equally divided or distributed, equal; ἴση μοῖρα an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measure; προστυχεῖν τῶν ἴσων to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνὴρ a fair, upright man. 2. at Athens, of the equal division of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; ἴσαι (sub. ψῆφοι) votes equally divided. III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus;

εἰς τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere; δι' ἴσον at an equal distance or interval. IV. Adv. ἴσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσον Att. ἴσον, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially; in Att. ἴσα generally means equally, ἴσως perhaps:—so also ἐξ ἴσου equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσῳ equally; cp. ἐπίσης. V. Att. Comp. ἰσαίτερος.

ἰσοσκελής, ες, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs; ἰσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal.

ἰσοτέλεια, ἡ, (ἰσοτελής) equality of taxation.

ἰσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τελέω) accomplished for all alike.

ἰσο-τελής, ες, (ἴσος, τέλος) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the ἰσοτελεῖς were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ἰσο-τενής, ες, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.

ἰσότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) equality.

ἰσοτιμία, ἡ, equality of honour or privilege. From

ἰσό-τιμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) held in equal honour: having the same privileges.

ἰσο-φάρίζω, (ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; ἰσοφαρίζειν



τινὶ ἔργα *to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.*

ἰσοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.

ἰσο-φόρος, ον, (ἴσος, φέρω) *bearing equal weights, equal in strength.*

ἰσο-χειλῆς, ἐς, or ἰσό-χειλος, ον, (ἴσος, χεῖλος) *level with the edge or brim.*

ἰσό-χροος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόος) *equally woolly with.*

ἰσοχρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to be contemporary with.* From

ἰσό-χρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) *equal in age or time.*

ἰσοψηφία, ἡ, *equal right to vote.* From

ἰσό-ψηφος, ον, (ἴσος, ψῆφος) *having an equal number of votes.*

II. *having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.*

III. *equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum.*

ἰσό-ψυχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) *of equal spirit or soul:*

κράτος ἰσοψυχον *power of like spirit with men.*

ἰσώω, f. ὠσω, (ἴσος) *to make equal; ἰσώσας τὰ φέσει*

*τὰ τέρματα having made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. having run the whole*

*course:—Med., ὄνυχας χεῖρας τε ἰσώσαντο they made*

*their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.*

ἰστάμεν, ἰστάμεναι, Ep. for ἰσάναι, inf. of ἴστημι.

ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἴστημι.

ἰσάω, rare collat. form of ἴστημι, in 3 sing. pres.

ἴστα, and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.

ἴστε, 2 pl. of οἶδα, v. \*εἶδω B.

ἰστέαται, Ion. for ἴστανται.

ἴστημι (lengthd. from \*ΣΤΑΐν):—the tenses of

ἴστημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal,

*to make to stand, pres. ἴστημι, impf. ἴσθην, fut.*

*στήσω, and aor. 1 ἔστησα, of Act. B. Intrans.*

*to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plqpf. ἑστή-*

*κειν, together with pres. pass. ἵσταμαι, impf. ἰστά-*

*μην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι,*

*fut. 3 ἑστήξομαι), aor. 1 ἑστάθην [ᾱ], pf. ἑστάμαι,*

*plqpf. ἑστάμην. But the pres. ἵσταμαι, impf. ἰστά-*

*μην, as well as aor. 1 ἑστησάμην, must also be re-*

*garded as med., in which case they take a causal*

*sense, to place.*

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἵστασκε: 3 pl. aor. 1

Ep. ἑστάσαν for ἑστησαν: syncop. dual and plur.

perf. ἑστάτον, ἑστάμεν, ἑστάτε (or ἑστητε), ἑστάσι;

imperat. ἑστάθι; subj. ἑστώ; opt. ἑσταίην; inf. ἑστά-

ναι Ep. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι [ᾱ]; part. ἑσώς ἑσῶσα,

ἑσώς (or ἑστός), gen. ἑσῶτος; Ion. ἑστεώς, ὦτος,

also ἑστηώς (Homer uses gen. ἑσταῖος, acc. ἑσταῖον,

nom. pl. ἑσταῖοτες): aor. 2 στάσκον, ἐς, ε, 3 pl. ἑσταν,

στάν [ᾱ]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στής,

στή, 1 plur. στέωμεν and στείομεν for στῶμεν: inf.

στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, *to make to stand, set, place.* II.

*to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast,*

*fix.* III. *to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the*

*mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a*

*statue in one's honour; ἰσάναι τινά χαλκοῦν to set*

*up a person in brass, raise a brazen statue to him.*

2. *to raise, raise up, stir; ἔριν στήσαι*

*to begin a quarrel.* 3. *to set up, appoint, estab-*

*lish.* IV. *to place in the balance, weigh; τι*

*πρὸς τι one thing against another.*

B. Intrans. *to stand, be set or placed; with an*

*Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἵνα χρεῖας*

*ἕσταμεν in what need we are:—στήναι εἰς . . . or*

*παρὰ . . . to set oneself towards, go to.* 2. *to lie, be*

*situated.* II. *to stand still, take one's stand: to*

*stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease.* III.

*to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἵστα-*

*σθαι ὀρθός to rear up.* 2. *generally, to arise, be-*

*gin; ἔαρος νέον ἵσταμένοιο as spring was just begin-*

*ning; τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἵσταμένοιο*

*as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in*

*Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστά-*

*μενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month,*

*which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three*

*parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἱστά-*

*μενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων.* 3. *to be appointed.*

ἰστίη, Ion. for ἑστία.

ἰστιῆσθαι, Ion. for εἰστιᾶσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἑστιᾶω.

ἰστιητόριον, τό, Ion. for ἑστιᾶτ—.

ἰστίον, τό, (ἰστός) *a thing woven, a web, cloth,*

*sheet: a sail, ἀκροῖσι χρῆσθαι ἰστίοις to keep the*

*sails reefed.*

ἰστιο-ράφος, ον, (ἰστίον, ῥάπτω) *sail-patching:*

*metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.*

ἰστιο-φόρος, ον, (ἰστίον, φέρω) *carrying sails.*

ἰστο-βοεύς, gen. -έως Ion. -ῆος, ὁ, (ἰστός, βοῦς) *the*

*plough-tree or pole.*

ἰστο-βόη, ἡ, = foreg.

ἰστο-δόκη, ἡ, (ἰστός, δέχομαι) *the mast-bolder, a*

*rest on which the mast was laid when let down.*

ἵστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of \*εἶδω.

ἵστο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰστός, πέδη) *a hole in the keel for*

*fixing the mast in.*

ἵστο-πόνος, ον, (ἰστός, πονέω) *working at the loom.*

ἵστορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵστωρ) *to learn by inquiry: to in-*

*quire of, question, c. acc. pers.: of things, to inquire*

*about something.* II. *to narrate what one has*

*learnt, narrate historically.* Hence

ἵστορία, ἡ, *a learning by inquiry: knowledge or in-*

*formation obtained by inquiry.* II. *a narration*

*of what one has learnt, historical narrative.*

ἵστός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) *a ship's mast; ἵστον στήσαι or*

*στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or*

*pole.* II. *the web-beam of the loom (which in*

*ancient looms stood upright), the loom; ἵστον ἐποίχε-*

*σθαι to be busy about the beam, and so to weave.* 2.

*the warp that was fixed to the beam: the web.*

ἵστό-τονος, ον, (ἵστός, τείνω) *stretched on the web-*

*beam.*

ἵστ-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵστός, \*ἔργω) *to work at the loom.*

ἵστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of \*εἶδω.

ἵστώ, Dor. gen. of ἵστός: but ἵστώ, dat. of the same.

ἵστωρ or ἵστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, *knowing, acquainted*

with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ισχάς. [ἄ]

ισχάδω-πώλις, ιδος, ἡ, (ισχάς, πωλέω) a woman who sells figs.

ισχ-αιμος, ον, (ισχω, αἷμα) quenching blood: ισχαιμον, τό, a styptic.

ισχαίνω, f. l. for ισχναίνω.

ισχαλέος, α, ον, poet. for ισχνός, dry, dried.

ισχανάα, Ep. 3 sing. of ισχανάω.

ισχανάω, Ep. lengthd. form of ισχάνω, ισχω, to hold back, check, hinder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait. II. intrans. to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

ισχάνω, = ισχανάω, to check, hinder: c. gen. to keep back from a thing. [ἄ]

ισχάς, άδος, ἡ, (ισχνός) a dried fig.

ισχέμεν, ισχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ισχω.

ισχεο, imperat. med. of ισχω.

ισχίον, τό, (ίς, ισχός) the socket in which the thigh-joint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

ισχναίνω, (ισχνός) to make thin, dry, withered:—Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγῶντα θυμὸν ισχναίνειν to bring down the proud stomach.

ισχνο-πάριος, ον, (ισχνός, παρεία) with withered cheeks.

ισχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ισχω) thin, lean, withered, meagre. II. of style, poor, meagre.

ισχνό-φωνος, ον, (ισχνός, φωνή) with thin or weak voice. II. stuttering, stammering.

ισχυρίζομαι, f. ισσομαι Att. ισυμαι: aor. 1 ισχυρίσάμην: (ισχυρός): Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass. to be strengthened, gain greater force.

ισχυρός, ά, ὄν, (ισχύω) strong, mighty, powerful. 2. stiff, firm, lasting, hard. 3. severe, great, excessive: κατὰ ισχυρόν by violence, force, opp. to δόλφ. Hence

ισχυρῶς, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer:—Sup. ισχυρότατα, most certainly.

ισχύς, ύος, ἡ, (ίς, ισχω) strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.

ισχύω, impf. ισχῶν: f. ισχύσω: aor. 1 ισχῦσα [ῦ]: (ισχύς):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ισχω, a form of έχω, only found in pres., and in impf. ισχον:—to hold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to hold oneself in, check oneself: ισχεο hold! be still! c. gen., ισχεσθαί τινος to desist from a thing; ισχετο ἐν τούτῳ (impers.) here it stopped. II. later like έχω, to hold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

ισ-ωνία, ἡ, (ίσος, ὦνή) a fair price.

ισ-ωνύμος, ον, (ίσος, ὄνομα) bearing the same name. ισως, Adv. of ίσος, equally, in like manner. II.

fairly, equitably. III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with ἄν or τάχ' ἄν. IV. with numerals, about.

ισωσαίμην, aor. 1 med. opt. of ισώω.

Ἰταλία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for Ἰταλιώτης.

Ἰταλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰταλος) Italian.

Ἰταλίς, ιδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, an Italiote, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ιδος, Italian.

ἸΤΑΛΟ΄Σ, ὁ, an Italian:—as Adj. Italian.

ἰταμός, ἡ, ὄν, (ίτης) headlong, hasty.

ἸΤΕ΄Α Ion. -έη and -είη, ἡ, a willow, Lat. salix. II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

ἰτέινος, η, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

ἰτέον, verb. Adj. of εἶμι ἰβο, one must go.

ίτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ίτης, ον, ὁ, (εἶμι ἰβο) hasty, impetuous: impudent.

ἰτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἶμι ἰβο) passable.

ἰτρίνεος, α, ον, like honey-cake. From

ἰτριον, τό, a cake, made of sesamé and honey.

ἰττω, Boeot. for ἴστω, 3 sing. pf. of \*εἶδω; ἰττω Ζεὺς Zeus be witness!

ἸΤΥ΄Σ, vos, ἡ, the edge or rim of anything round, the fellow of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ἰτω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰυγή, ἡ, (λύζω) a howling, sbrieking, yelling.

ἰυγμός, ὁ, (λύζω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, sbriek.

ἰυγξ or ἰυγξ, ἰυγγος, ἡ, (λύζω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

ἸΥ΄ΖΩ, fut. λύζω: aor. 1 ἰυξα:—to shout, holla: also to howl, sbriek. (Formed from the sound.)

ἰυκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (λύζω) one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper. [i]

ἰφθίμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (ἰφι) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

ἸΦΙ, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from ἰς.

Ἰφι-γένειά, ἡ, (ἰφι, γένω) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφιάνασσα.

ἰφιος, α, ον, (ἰφι) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly.

ἸΦΤΟΝ, τό, a kind of pot-herb.

ἰχθυάζομαι, Dep. = ἰχθυάω.

ἰχθυάω, f. άσω, (ἰχθύς) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing.

ἰχθυάα, impf. ἰχθυάασκον.

ἰχθυβόλέω, f. ήσω, to strike fish, spear them. From

ἰχθυ-βόλος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish: ἰχθ. θήρα a spoil of speared fish:—as Subst.,

ἰχθυβόλος, ὁ, an harpooner, spearer.

ἰχθυ-βοτος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκω) fed on by fish.

ἰχθυδίων, τό, Dim. of ἰχθύς, a little fish.

ἰχθυ-δόκος, ον, (ἰχθύς, δέχομαι) holding fish.

ἰχθυηρός, ά, ὄν, (ἰχθύς) fishy, scaly, foul.

ἰχθυο-βόλέω, ἰχθυο-βόλος, = ἰχθυβ-.

ἰχθυο-ειδής, ές, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) fish-shaped, fish-like.



ἰχθυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰχθύς) *full of fish, fishy*. II. consisting of fish.  
 ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, θηράω) *a fisherman*.  
 ἰχθυο-λύμης, ου, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) *the plague or destruction of fish*.  
 ἰχθυο-φάγος, ον, (ἰχθύς, φάγειν) *fish-eating*; οἱ ἰχθυοφάγοι *ἀνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe*.  
 ἰχθυ-πάγης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, παγῆναι) *fish-piercing*.  
 ἸΧΘΥ΄Σ, ὅς, ὁ: acc. ἰχθύς and later ἰχθύς: the nom. and acc. pl. ἰχθύες, ἰχθύας are contr. into ἰχθύς:—*a fish*, Lat. *piscis*. II. plur. οἱ ἰχθύες, *the fish-market*. [ῥ in sing. nom. and acc., ῥ in genit. and in all compds.]  
 ἰχθυο-ληϊστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, ληστής) *a stealer of fish*.  
 ἰχθυ-φάγος, ον, = ἰχθυοφάγος. [ᾱ]  
 ἰχθυ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) = ἰχθυοειδής: *full of fish*.  
 ἰχναῖος, α, ον, (ἰχνος) *following on the track*.  
 ἰχναῖα, ἡ, (ἰχναῖω) *a casting about for the scent*.  
 ἰχν-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἰχνος, ἐλαύνω) *one who follows in the track, a tracker out*.  
 ἰχνεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἰχνεύω) *the tracker*: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, *the ichneumon or Pharaoh's rat, which hunts out crocodiles' eggs*.  
 ἰχνευσις, εως, ἡ, (ἰχνεύω) *a tracking*.  
 ἰχνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, *a tracker, hunter*. 2. *the ichneumon*: and  
 ἰχνευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *good at tracking*. From  
 ἰχνεύω, ἰ. σω, (ἰχνος) *to track or trace out, hunt after*.  
 ἰχνιον, τό, (ἰχνος) *a track, trace, footstep*.  
 ἰχνο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰχνος, πέδη) *a kind of fetter or trap*.  
 ἸΧΝΟΣ, εος, τό, *a track, footstep*: metaph. *a track, trace, mark, clue*.  
 ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἰχνος, σκοπέω) *to examine the track*.  
 ἸΧΩΡ, ὥρος, ὁ, *ichor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods*: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχῶρα.  
 ἰψ, ὁ, gen. ἰπός, nom. pl. ἰπες: (ἰπτομαι):—*a worm that eats horn and wood*. [ῖ]  
 ἰψαο, 2 sing. aor. 1 of ἰπτομαι.  
 ἰω, subj. of εἶμι ἰβο.  
 ἰω, contr. for ἰάου, imperat. of ἰάομαι.  
 ἰώ, ἰο! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. *io triumphe!* but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., *ob!*  
 ἰώ, ἰών, ἰώγα and ἰώνγα, Boeot. for ἐγώ, ἐγών, and ἐγώγε.  
 ἰωγή, ἡ, (ἰέναι) *shelter*; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγῇ *under shelter from the north wind*.  
 ἰωή, ἡ, (ἰά, ἰώ) *any loud sound*; *the sound of the lyre*; *the roaring or whistling of the wind*; *the sound of footsteps*.  
 ἰώκα, heterocl. acc. of ἰωκή, as if from ἰώξ.  
 ἰωκή, ἡ, (διώκω) *the battle-din, the rout, pursuit*.  
 ἰών, ἰώνγα, v. ἰώ, ἰών.  
 ἸΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, *Ion*, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creüsa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; οἱ Ἰῶνες *the Ionians*. [ῖ]  
 ἰωνιά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἰόν) *a violet-bed*, Lat. *violarium*.

Ἰωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰών) *Ionic, Ionian*:—Adv. —κῶς, *in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately*.  
 ἰῶτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. *an iota, a jot*.  
 ἰωχμός, ὁ, = ἰωκή, ἂν' ἰωχμόν *in chase, pursuit*.

## K

Κ, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet. As numeral κ' = 20, but κ = 20,000. κ is near akin to γ and χ; hence the older Att. changed χνόος into κνόος, γνάπτω into κνάπτω, βέγκω into κέγκω; so the Ion. χιτάν into κιθάν, δέχομαι into δέκομαι, etc.—γ before κ, as in ἄγκαθεν, is pronounced like our *ng*.

κᾱ, Dor. for the Ion. κε, = the Att. ἄν.  
 κάββαλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω.  
 καββάς, poet. for καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.  
 Κάβειροι, οἱ, *the Cabeiri*, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as κᾱγ γόνυ.  
 κάγκανος, ον, (καίω) *fit for burning, dry*.  
 καγχάζω, fut. ἄσω, = καχάζω. Hence  
 καγχᾶλάω, *to laugh aloud*, Lat. *cacbinnor*; Ep. 3 pl. καγχαλώσιν; Ep. part. καγχαλώων, —ώσα.  
 κάγχρῦς, see κάχρῦς.  
 κᾱγῶ, crasis for καὶ ἐγώ.  
 κᾱδ, Ep. for κατά before δ, as κᾱδ δέ.  
 καδδραθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδραθάνω.  
 καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατὰ δύναμιν.  
 καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor. 2 part. fem. of καταδύω.

καδεμών, Dor. for κηδεμών.  
 κᾱδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of κᾱδος: *the balloting-urn*.  
 Καδμείος, α, ον, (Κάδμος) *Cadmean*; οἱ Καδμείοι *the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes*; ἡ Καδμεία *the citadel of Thebes*. Proverbial, Καδμεία νίκη *a Cadmean victory*, i. e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polynices and Eteocles).

Καδμείων, ανος, ὁ, (Κάδμος) *a descendant of Cadmus, Theban*.

Καδμήϊος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος.  
 Καδμηῖς, ἴδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείος.  
 Κάδμος, ὁ, *Cadmos*; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμήϊα γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight Ionic, η ω θ φ χ ζ ξ ψ.

- κάδος**, ὁ, (χαδεῖν) a pail, jar, cask, Lat. *cadus*. II. an urn or box for collecting the votes. [ᾱ]  
**κάδος**, εὐς, τό, Dor. for κῆδος.  
**Κάειρα**, ἡ, fem. of Κάρ, a Carian woman.  
 Adj. fem. for Καρικῆ, Carian.  
**καεῖς**, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.  
**καήμεναι**, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of καίω.  
**καήσομαι**, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.  
**καθά**, Adv., contr. from κατά, ᾱ, according as.  
**καθ-ἀγίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγίζω) to devote or dedicate by fire. II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: devour. Hence  
**καθαγισμός**, ὁ, a devoting or dedication by fire. II. a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.  
**καθ-αγνίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγνός) to make pure, cleanse, hallow. II. to offer as an atonement or expiation.  
**καθαίμακτος**, ὄν, bloodstained, bloody. From  
**καθ-αιμάσσω**, f. ξω, (κατά, αἰμάσσω) to make bloody, stain with blood.  
**καθ-αιμάτω**, = καθ-αιμάσσω.  
**καθαίρεις**, εὐς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.  
**καθαίρετός**, ἱα, ἔον, and καθαίρετός, ἁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καθαίρω, to be put down: to be accomplished.  
**καθαίρετης**, οὐ, ὁ, a destroyer. From  
**καθ-αιρέω** Ion. καταίρω: fut. ἤσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ: aor. 2 καθεῖλον, inf. καθελεῖν:—to take down; καθελεῖν ἱστία to lower the sails; ὀφθαλμοὺς καθελεῖν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαίρειν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. *coelo deducere lunam*: generally, to take down anything hung up; hence Med., καθαίρεισθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg. 2. to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to humble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., καταίρεισθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. 4. like αἰρῖν, to take and carry off, seize.  
**καθαίρω**, fut. καθάρω: aor. I ἐκάθηρα:—Pass, aor. I ἐκαθάρθην: pf. κεκάθαρμαι: (καθαρός):—to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to have oneself purified. II. to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.  
**καθ-άλλομαι**, fut. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I καθηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap down, Lat. *desilire*: of a storm, to rush down.  
**κάθαμμα**, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) anything tied, a knot, κάθαμμα λύειν λόγου to untie a knotty point.  
**καθ-ανύω**, Att. for κατανύω.  
**καθ-άπαξ**, Adv. once for all: altogether.  
**καθά-περ** Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit. περ, even as, just as.  
**καθαπτός**, ἡ, ὄν, fastened on or to; καθαπτὸς δοραῖς clad in skins. From  
**καθ-άπτω**, f. ψω: aor. I καθῆψα: (κατά, ἄπτω):—to tie or fasten on:—Pass., βρόχῳ καθημμένος (pf. part.) fastened or attached to a noose. 2. = καθάπτομαι, to lay bold of. II. Med. καθάπτομαι, fut. -ἄψομαι:—to lay bold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. *antestari*.  
**καθαρεντίον**, one must keep clean, be pure, τινός from a thing; verb. Adj. from  
**καθαρεύω**, f. σω, (καθαρός) to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.  
**καθαρίζω**, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = καθαίρω, to cleanse, purify, make clean.  
**καθάριος**, ον, (καθαρός) cleanly, neat. Hence  
**καθαριότης**, ητος, ἡ, cleanliness, neatness.  
**καθαρισμός**, ὁ, (καθαρίζω) a cleansing, purifying.  
**κάθαρμα**, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) that which is thrown away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. II. metaph. a worthless fellow, castaway, outcast. III. a space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος within the purified ground.  
**καθ-αρμόζω**, f. σω, to join or fit to.  
**καθαρμός**, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purifying. 2. an atonement, expiation.  
**ΚΑΘΑΡΟ΄Σ**, ἁ, ὄν, clean, pure, spotless, unsoiled, of garments. II. clear, open, free; ἐν καθάρῳ (sub. τόπῳ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθάρῳ ἡλίῳ in the open sun, opp. to the shade. III. in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offence. IV. pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true. V. generally, perfect, complete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service. Hence  
**καθαρότης**, ητος, ἡ, cleanness, purity.  
**καθ-αρπάζω**, fut. ἄσω or ἄξω, to tear or snatch down.  
**καθάρσιος**, ον, (καθαίρω) cleansing, purifying, expiatory. II. as Subst., τὸ καθάρσιον (sub. ἱερόν), an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.  
**κάθαρσις**, εὐς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purification.  
**καθαρτής**, οὐ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleanser, purifier.  
**καθεδοῦμαι**, fut. of καθεζομαι.  
**καθ-έδρα**, (κατά, ἔδρα) ἡ, a seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ the hare's seat or form. II. a sitting still, lounging, delaying.  
**καθ-έζομαι**: impf. καθεζόμεν, but also ἐκαθεζόμεν (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδοῦμαι: aor. I part. καθεσθεις: Dep.:—to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.  
**καθέηκα**, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθήμι.  
**καθείατο**, Ep. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of καθήμι.  
**καθεῖλον**, aor. 2 of καθαιρέω.  
**καθεῖμαι**, pf. pass. of καθήμι.  
**καθ-εἰργνῦμι** and **καθεῖργω**, Att. for κατ-: f. -εἴρω: aor. I -εἴρφα: (κατά, εἴργω):—to shut up, enclose, confine.  
**καθ-εἰς**, for καθ' εἰς, one by one, one after another; also εἰς καθείς, for εἰς καθ' ἓνα.  
**καθεῖσα**, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω.



καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχει) to be held back.  
 καθελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαιρέω.  
 καθ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plqpf. pass. κατειλίχато, for καθειλιγμένοι ἦσαν.  
 καθ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω (as if from -ελκύω): aor. 1 καθειλκῦσα: pf. καθειλκῦκα:—Pass., aor. 1 καθειλκύσθην: pf. καθειλκυσμαι:—to draw down, esp. of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco.  
 καθελοῖσα, Dor. for καθελοῦσα, fem. of καθελάν.  
 καθελῶ, fut. of καθαιρέω.  
 καθελῶν, aor. 2 part. of καθαιρέω.  
 καθ-έννυμι, to clothe: see καταέννυμι.  
 καθεξῆς, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) in order, in succession.  
 κάθεξις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a bolding, keeping bold of.  
 καθέξω, fut. of κατέχω.  
 καθ-ερμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ἔρμα) a necklace.  
 καθ-έρπω, f. -ερπύσω (as if from -ερπύω): aor. 1 καθείρπυσα: (κατά, ἔρπω):—to creep or steal down: metaph. of the first down, to steal down the cheek.  
 κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of καθίημι.  
 καθεσθῆς, aor. 1 part. pass. of καθέζομαι.  
 καθίσταμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι.  
 καθεστηκώς, υῖα, ὅς, pf. part. of καθίστημι.  
 καθεστηξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense.  
 καθεστῶτα, ὦν, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages.  
 καθ-εύδω: impf. Ep. καθεῦδον, Att. also καθηῦδον and ἐκάθευδον: fut. καθευδήσω:—to lie down to sleep, sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest.  
 καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, to find out, discover.  
 καθ-εψιάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἐψιάομαι): Dep.:—to mock at, deride: Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιῶνται.  
 καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἔψω) to boil down, digest. II. metaph. to soften, temper.  
 κάθη, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημαι.  
 καθηγεμών, ὄνος, ὅ, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμών) a leader, guide.  
 καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.:—to lead the way, be guide: hence to shew the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe, Lat. praeire verbis. Hence  
 καθηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, a leader, guide, teacher.  
 καθήγησα, aor. 1 of καθαγίζω.  
 καθήγησα, aor. 1 of καθαγνίζω.  
 καθ-ηδύπαθέω, f. ἥσω, (κατά, ἡδύπαθέω) to squander in luxury.  
 καθῆκα, aor. 1 of καθίημι.  
 καθ-ήκω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἤκω) to come or go down, go down to fight. 2. to come down to, come or reach to, extend to. II. to reach as far as, to suffice or be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper. 2. part., τὸ καθήκον, ὄντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, that which is meet or proper, one's duty: but also τὰ καθήκοντα = τὰ καθεστῶτα, the present state of things, circumstances.  
 καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ἡλιος) to bring the sun in upon, to illuminate.  
 καθ-ημαι: imperat. κάθησο: subj. κάθωμαι: opt. καθοίμην: inf. καθῆσθαι: part. καθήμενος: impf.

ἐκαθήμην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, to have seated oneself, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait.  
 καθ-ημέριος, α, ὄν, also καθημερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (καθ' ἡμέραν) happening every day, daily.  
 κάθηρα, Ep. for ἐκάθηρα, aor. 1 of καθαίρω.  
 κάθησθε, 2 pl. of κάθημαι: but καθῆσθε, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same.  
 κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημαι:—καθῆστο, 3 sing. impf.  
 καθηῦδον, impf. of καθεῦδω.  
 καθ-ιδρύω, f. ὑσω [ῡ]:—Causal of καθέζομαι, to make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of sacred things, to consecrate:—Pass. to sit down, settle.  
 καθ-ιέμαι, Pass. of καθίημι.  
 καθ-ιερῶω, f. ὠσω, to dedicate, consecrate, devote, hallow.  
 καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ἔζω) to sit down.  
 καθίζεο, Dor. for καθίζου, med. imperat. of sq.  
 καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον or κάθιζον Att. ἐκάθιζον (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθίσω Att. καθιῶ Dor. καθίζω: aor. 1 ἐκάθισα Dor. κάθισα, Ep. part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. 1 is καθεῖσα, also written καθῖσα, always used in Causal sense: (κατά, ἔζω): I. Causal, to make to sit down; ἀγορὰς καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e. open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute. 2. to place or settle in a place, establish. 3. to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so. II. intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals: of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp.  
 καθ-ιήμι, fut. καθήσω: aor. 1 καθῆκα Ep. καθέηκα: pf. καθεῖκα, pass. καθεῖμαι: (κατά, ἔημι):—to send down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto; καθιέναι τὴν ἄγκυραν to let go the anchor; καθιέναι καταπειρητήρην to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., καθιέναι to sound:—metaph. to put forward, attempt:—Pass. to be carried down, reach or stretch down seawards; καθεῖτο τὰ τεῖχη the walls were carried down to the sea. II. to send down into the place of contest, enter for a contest. III. intr. to come down upon, attack.  
 καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of καθικνέομαι.  
 καθ-ικετεύω, to intreat earnestly.  
 καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ἰκόμην: (κατά, ἰκνέομαι): Dep.:—to come down, come to, reach to: hence to touch, probe.  
 καθ-ιμάω, f. ἥσω, (κατά, ἰμάω) to let down by a rope.  
 καθίζας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. 1 part. of καθίζω.  
 καθίζη, Dor. for καθίση, 2 sing. aor. 1 of καθίζω.  
 καθ-ιππάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to ride down, overrun with horse: generally, to trample down.  
 καθ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride down, trample under foot.  
 καθῖσα, Att. aor. 1 of καθίζω.  
 καθίστα or -τη, for καθίσταθι, imperat. of καθίστημι.  
 καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-ίστημι.

**καθ-ίστημι:** I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίστημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατεστησάμην:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans. in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. κατέστηκα, plqpf. καθεστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself. 2. to be set, established, appointed. 3. to stand quiet or calm; πνεῦμα καθεστηκός a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed. 4. to be in a certain state; εὖ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστηκώς Ion. κατεστώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστῶτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστῶντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.  
καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as.  
καθολικός, ἡ, ὅν, (κάθολος) general, universal.  
καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ὁμολογέω) to confess. II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to equip or array fully.  
καθ-οράω, f. κατόψομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεύρακα: aor. 2 κατέιδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εἶδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ἤσω, to set in motion, impel.  
καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθωρμισάμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιώω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, ὀσιος) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner.  
καθοῦ, for καθεῖσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι.  
καθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly. II. absol. to wax insolent.

κάθ-υδρος, ὄν, (κατά, ὕδωρ) full of water; κάθυδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periphr. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ἤσω, to sing of, to descant upon.  
καθ-υπεράκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὑπερ-ακοντίζω):—to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὑπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ὑπέρτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of καθύπερθε, upper, higher, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ὄν, highest, uppermost.

καθ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνύω, f. ὤσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances.

II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing.  
καθ-υφίημι, f. -υφήσω: (κατά, ὑφίημι):—to let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions. 3. Med., καθυφίεσθαι τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

κάθωμαι, subj. of κάθημαι,  
καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ὡς) according as, as.

ΚΑΙ, Conjunct., and, also. I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. τε answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, ἄρκτοι τε καὶ λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοί τε καὶ εὐτυχεῖς γεγεννημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate.

II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἐπειτά με καὶ λίποι αἰών then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, Ἑκτορα, καὶ μεμαῶτα, μάχης σχήσεσθαι ὅτω Hector will I keep away, how much soever or although he rage. 3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεὸς καὶ ἀμείνωνας ἵππους δωρήσαιο; καί is often used in this way before οὗτος; with neut. pl., καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i. e. especially an old one). 4. so also in diminishing, ἴμενος καὶ καπνὸν ἀποθρώσκοντα νοῆσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i. e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἷς ἤδὲ καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak.

III. as, after ὁμοῖος, ἴσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequae, simul, perinde, etc.; γνώμησι ἐχρέοντο ὁμοίησι καὶ σύ they held the same opinion as you. IV. of number, about; καὶ ἐς ἑβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καιάδας, ὄν, Dor. α, ὁ, a cavern or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραθρον. (Lac. word.)  
καὶ γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καὶ γὰρ δὴ for of a surety.  
καὶ . . γε, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καὶ λίην κείνους γε ἐοικότι κεῖται ὀλέθρῳ and indeed very deserved. Γε is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καὶ δὴ, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero. III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καὶ δὴ καὶ and besides that also, and moreover.

καὶ εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καὶ the thing is supposed as existing.

καίμεν, Ep. for καίειν.  
καί κε, καί κεν, Ep. for καὶ ἂν, κἂν.



καικίας, ον, ὁ, the north-east wind.  
καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, ayē and very much.  
καὶ μὴν, and verily, and certainly, Lat. et vero. II.  
and further, and besides. III. in answers, well,  
be it so.

καινίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (καινός) to make new, to  
have new; καὶ τι καινίζει στέγη the house has some-  
thing new about it; καινίσον ζυγόν bear thy new yoke;  
καινίσαι εὐχάς to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.

καινο-παθής, ἐς, (καινός, παθεῖν) newly suffered,  
never before suffered.

καινο-πηγής, ἐς, (καινός, πήγνυμι) newly fastened,  
new-made.

καινο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (καινός, πήμα) newly  
suffering, new to suffering.

καινο-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, (καινός, ποιέω) to make new,  
renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιηθὲν λέγεις; what new  
phrases art thou using? Hence

καινοποιητής, οὗ, ὁ, an inventor of new pleasures.

ΚΑΙΝΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, new, fresh, Lat. recens; καινοὶ  
λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresh, Lat.  
de novo.

II. newly introduced, new-fangled,  
strange; καινοὶ θεοὶ strange gods.

καινό-τάφος, ον, (καινός, τάφος) of a new tomb.

καινότης, ητος, ἡ, (καινός) newness freshness: novelty.

καινοτομέω, f. ἥσω, (καινοτόμος) to cut fresh into;  
in mining, to open a new vein: metaph. to begin  
something new, institute anew; to make innovations  
in the state, Lat. res novas tentare. Hence

καινοτομία, ἡ, a cutting anew: innovation.

καινο-τόμος, ον, (καινός, τεμῖν) cutting newly: be-  
ginning something new, innovating.

καινουργέω, f. ἥσω, (καινουργός) to make new. II.  
to innovate, make innovations. Hence

καινουργία, ἡ, innovation.

καιν-ουργός, ὄν, (καινός, \*ἔργω) making new, inno-  
vating: τὸ καινουργόν a novelty.

καινώω, f. ὤσω, (καινός) to make new, innovate:—  
Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II.  
to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καὶ νῦν, and now perhaps.

ΚΑΙΝΥΜΑΙ, impf. ἐκαινύμην [ῶ]: pf. (in pres.  
sense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpf. (in impf. sense)  
ἐκεκάσμην, formed as if from κάζω:—to surpass,  
excel; ἐκαίνυτο φῦλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσαι be sur-  
passed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέκαστο Πανέλ-  
ληνας be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear;  
so in part., δόλοισι κέκασμένος surpassing all in wiles;  
but κέκασμένος also well-furnished.

καὶ νῦν, and now, even now.

ΚΑΙΝΩ, fut. κᾶνῶ: aor. 2 ἐκᾶνον, inf. κᾶνεῖν: pf.  
κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

καί-περ, (καὶ περ) although, albeit.

καὶ πῶς; and how? but how? when a thing is sup-  
posed to be impossible: only interrog.

καὶ ῥα, Ep. and then, and so.

καίριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (καιρός): in season, sea-  
sonable, happening at the right or critical time, Lat.

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. of  
Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts  
of the body, vital; ἐν καιρίῳ or κατὰ καιρίον in a  
vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καιρία (sub.  
πληγῇ) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καιρία acci-  
dents. Hence

καιρίως, Adv. seasonably. II. mortally.

ΚΑΙΡΟ΄Σ, ὁ, due measure, right proportion, fitness;  
καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly. II. of

Time, the right season, the right time for action, the  
critical moment, Lat. opportunitas: generally, conve-  
nience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. και-  
ρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely;  
ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι to suit one's conve-  
nience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due  
season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπὸ or ἀνευ καιροῦ  
or παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tem-  
pore. III. of Place, the right point, right spot:  
also a vital part of the body.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, the webbing or threads to which the  
threads of the warp are fastened. Hence

καιροσέων, a gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, καιροσέων ἐθο-  
νέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven  
linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be  
for καιροέσσων, gen. pl. fem. of καιρόεις.

καιρο-φύλακίω, f. ἥσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch  
for the right time, Lat. tempora observare.

καὶ ταῦτα, and that, and besides, especially.

καὶ τοι or καί-τοι, and indeed: and yet, although.

ΚΑΙ΄Ω Att. κάω [ᾶ]: impf. ἐκαίον Att. ἐκάον Ep.  
κέιον: fut. καύσω: aor. 1 ἐκαυσα, Att. also ἐκεα, Ep.  
ἐκηα or ἐκεια (or without augm. κῆα, κεία):—Pass.,  
aor. 1 ἐκαύθην: aor. 2 ἐκάην: pf. κέκαυμαι: I,  
to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for  
oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn. II,  
to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.

κάκ, Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in κακ κεφαλῆς.

κακ, crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

κακ-ἄγγελος, ον, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) bringing ill  
tidings.

κακ-ἄγγελτος, ον, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill  
tidings; κακάγγελτα ἄχη the sorrow of ill tidings.

κακ-ἄγορος, Dor. for κακήγορος.

κακ-ανδρία, ἡ, (κακός, ἀνὴρ) unmanliness, coward-  
ice.

κάκει, by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖ, and there, there also.

κάκεῖνος, κάκεῖνον, by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖνος, etc.

κακ-εστῶ, οὖς, ἡ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp.  
to εὖεστῶ well-being.

κάκη, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness: cowardice.

κακηγορέω, f. ἥσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse,  
slander. Hence

κακηγορία, ἡ, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny;  
κακηγορίας δίκη an action for defamation.

κακ-ῆγορος, ον, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking,  
abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and  
Sup. κακηγορίστερος, -ίστατος.

κακία, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. *pravitas*.  
disgrace, dishonour.

κακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κακός) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of κακός.

κακίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [ἴ Ep., ἴ in Att. poets.]

κακκάω, (κάκκη) the Lat. *cacare*.

κακκῆαι, Ep. for κατακῆαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκεῖοντες, Ep. κατακείοντες, part. of κατακαίω.

κακ-κεφαλῆς, better divisim κακ κεφαλῆς, Ep. for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ΚΑ'ΚΚΗ, ἡ, human ordure, dung.

κακκῆαι Ep. κατακῆαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κακ κορυ-, Ep. for κατὰ κορυθῆ, κατὰ κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ep. for κατα-κρύπτω.

κακ-κύνηγέτις, ἰδος, ἡ, for κατακυνηγέτις.

κακό-βιος, ον, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a

bard life, faring bardly.

κακοβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From

κακό-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise.

κακο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad

neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

κακό-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλῶσσα) ill-tongued;

βοή κακόγλωσσος a cry full of misery. 2. slan-

derous.

κακοδαιμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an

evil genius, be like one possessed.

κακοδαιμονέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy

or unfortunate. Hence

κακοδαιμονία, ἡ, unhappiness, misfortune. II.

a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

κακο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, δαίμων) having

an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy,

wretched. II. as Subst. an evil genius.

κακοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (κακόδοξος) to be in ill repute.

κακοδοξία, ἡ, (κακόδοξος) ill repute, infamy.

κακό-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without

fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κακο-δρομία, ἡ, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage.

κακο-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, εἶμα) ill-clad.

κακοεργία, ἡ, poet. for κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From

κακο-εργός, ον, (κακός, \*ἔργω) doing ill; κακοεργός

γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. *fames im-*

*proba*.

κακο-ζοῖα, ἡ, (κακός, ζοῖα poet. for ζωή) a miserable

life.

κακοήθεια, ἡ, badness of disposition, malicious-

ness. II. bad manners or habits. From

κακο-ήθης, ες, (κακός, ἥθος) of ill habits, ill-dis-

posed, malicious: τὸ κακοῦθες an ill habit, Lat. *scri-*

*bendi cacoëthes*, an itch for writing.

κακοθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From

κακο-θήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-ar-

ranged, disorderly, careless.

κακό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ἴλιος, ἡ, = κακὴ Ἰλιος, evil or unhappy Ilium.

κακοκέρδεια, ἡ, base love of gain. From

κακο-κερδής, ες, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain.

κακό-κνήμος, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, thin-

legged.

κακο-κρίσια, ἡ, (κακός, κρίνω) a bad judgment.

κακο-λογέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of, rail at.

Hence

κακολογία, ἡ, evil-speaking, railing, abuse.

κακο-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing,

slanderous, abusive.

κακό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, = κακὸς μάντις, prophet of ill.

κακο-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding.

κακομετρέω, f. ἴσω, to give bad measure. From

κακό-μετρος, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κακο-μηδής, ες, (κακός, μῆδος) contriving ill, crafty.

κακο-μητής, ον, ὁ, (κακός, μῆτις) = κακομηδής.

κακομηχανέω, f. ἴσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base

arts. Hence

κακομηχανία, ἡ, a practising of base arts, ingenuity

in mischief.

κακο-μήχανος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting,

mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοῖρος, ον, (κακός, μοῖρα) ill-fated.

κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοιά, ἡ, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὐ-

νοία.

κακονομία, ἡ, a bad system of laws, a bad constitu-

tion, bad government. From

κακό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with

a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κακό-νοος, ον; contr. -νοος, ον, pl. κακόννοι;

(κακός, νόος) ill-disposed; disaffected; bearing malice

against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστερος, -νού-

στατος.

κακό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II.

as Subst., κακόννυμφος, ὁ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom.

κακό-ξενος Ion. -ξείνος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) having

ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξενώτερος. II.

unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

κακο-ξύνετος, ον, (κακός, ξυνετός) wise only for evil.

κακοπάθεια, ἡ, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κακοπαθίω, f. ἴσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed.

From

κακο-παθής, ες, (κακός, παθεῖν) suffering ill, dis-

tressed.

κακο-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a

maid.

κακό-πατρις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κακός, πατήρ) having a

low-born father, of low descent.

κακο-πίνης, ες, (κακός, πίνος) foul and loathsome.

κακοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a

rogue. II. trans. to hurt, spoil, lay waste. Hence

κακοποιία, ἡ, ill doing, damage.

κακο-ποιός, ον, (κακός, ποίω) doing ill, mischievous.

κακό-ποτος, ον, (κακός, πύτος) ill-fated.



κακό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) with bad feet, weak in the feet.

κακο-πράγῳ, f. ἤσω, (κακός, πᾶγος) to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise. Hence

κακοπράγῳ, ἡ, ill-success, failure.

κακο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πᾶγμα) doing evil, mischievous.

κακό-πτερος, ον, (κακός, πτερόν) ill-omened.

κακο-ρᾶφία, ἡ, (κακός, ράπτω) contrivance of ill, mischievousness. 2. ill contrivance, unskilfulness.

κακο-ρήμων, ον, (κακός, ῥῆμα) evil-speaking. II. telling of ill, ill-omened.

κακο-ροθέω, f. ἤσω, (κακός, ῥόθος) to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.

κακο-ρύπος, ον, (κακός, ῥύπος) foul and filthy.

ΚΑΚΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὅν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. bad at one's trade;

κακός ἀλήτης a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-hearted; cf. κάκη. 3. of low birth, mean, vile. 4. in a

moral sense, bad, evil, wicked. 5. of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of

words, evil, abusive, foul. II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury. 2. in moral sense, evil,

vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἐρδειν to do evil or ill to any one. III. Degrees of Comparison:—

irreg. Comp. κακίων, ον, Sup. κάκιστος, η, ον: but χείρων χείριστος, ἥσων ἥκιστος are also used as

Comp. and Sup. of κακός. IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so =

ἄγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of hurtful, unlucky, = δυσ-, as in κακό-σινος:

sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακό-πιστος: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as

Κακο-ίλιος for κακός ἴλιος.

κακο-σκελής, ἐς, (κακός, σκέλος) with bad legs.

κακο-σκηνής, ἐς, (κακός, σκήνος) of a bad, mean body.

κακ-οσμος, ον, (κακός, ὀσμή) ill-smelling,

κακό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) faint-hearted, cowardly.

κακο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) a bad crop.

κακοστομέω, f. ἤσω, to speak evil of. From

κακό-στομος, ον, (κακός, στόμα) evil-speaking foul-mouthed.

κακό-στρωτος, ον, (κακός, στρώννυμι) ill-spread, rugged.

κακο-σύνθετος, ον, (κακός, συντίθημι) ill put together, ill composed.

κακό-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) inactive, idle, lazy. II. act., κακόσχολοι πνοαί winds that

wear men out in idleness.

κακοτεχνέω, f. ἤσω, (κακότεχνος) to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago. Hence

κακοτεχνία, ἡ, the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.

κακό-τεχνος, ον, (κακός, τέχνη) using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.

κακότης, ητος, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη. II. moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.

III. evil, distress, suffering.

κακοτροπία, ἡ, bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness. From

κακό-τροπος, ον, (κακός, τρόπος) of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.

κακοτύχῳ, f. ἤσω, to be unfortunate. From

κακο-τύχης, ἐς, (κακός, τύχη) unfortunate.

κακουργέω, f. ἤσω, (κακούργος) to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to

damage, hurt, harm: to ravage a country. Hence

κακουργία Ep. κακοεργία [i], ἡ, the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villainy. From

κακ-οὔργος Ep. κακο-εργός, ον, (κακός, \*ἐργω) doing ill, knavish, villainous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal. II. doing harm

to one, damaging, hurtful.

κακ-ουχέω, f. ἤσω, (κακός, ἔχω) to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure. Hence

κακουχία, ἡ, ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία χθονός the devastation of a country.

κακό-φάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (κακός, φάτις) sounding ill, ill-omened.

κακο-φράδης, ἐς, (κακός, φράζομαι) devising ill, thoughtless, foolish. Hence

κακο-φράδῖα Ion. -ίη, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness.

κακο-φρονέω, f. ἤσω, to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice. From

κακό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) evil-minded, malicious, malignant. II. thoughtless, heedless.

κακό-χαρτος, ον, (κακός, χαίρω) rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.

κακο-χράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράσμαι) with scanty means, poor.

κακό-ψογος, ον, (κακός, ψέγω) malignantly blaming.

κακῶ, f. ὤσω, (κακός) to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to harm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκα-

κωμένος, disfigured, befouled.

κακτάμεναι, Ep. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι, inf. of κατέκτην, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κάκτανε, Ep. for κατάκτανε, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτεινε, Ep. for κατέκτεινε, 3 sing. impf. of κατακτείνω.

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, the cactus, a prickly plant.

κακύνω, f. ὕνω, (κακός) to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to mutiny. II. to revile, reproach:—Pass. to be reproached.

κακχεύει, Ep. for καταχέαι, aor. 1 inf. of καταχέω.

κακῶς, Adv. of κακός, ill, badly: with difficulty, scarcely. Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κάκωσις, εως, ἡ, (κακῶ) ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κακίων.

καλαθίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of καλάθος, a small basket.

ΚΑΛΑ-ΘΟΣ, ὁ, a basket, a wicker hand-basket,

Lat. *calatbus*.

II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

καλάϊνος, η, ον, coloured like the κάλαϊς, between blue and green, of changeable hue. From

κάλαϊς, ὁ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the topaz or chrysolite.

καλάμα, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.

καλάμεντης, οὐ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a fishing-rod.

II. stubble: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμην γέ σ' ὀϊομαι εἰσορόωντα γιγνώσκειν thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relics) of former strength.

καλάμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From καλάμη-τόμος, ον, (καλάμη, τεμῖν) cutting stalks, reaping.

καλάμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

καλάμη-φέρω, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθη, ἡ, (καλός, μίνθα) mint. Hence

Καλαμίνθιος, ὁ, Minty, name of a frog.

καλάμινος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane.

καλάμινος, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

καλάμινος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαμος.

καλάμιτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a kind of grasshopper.

καλάμοις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμούεσσα ἰαχά the sound as of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΨΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (ῥυλή), nor tree (δένδρον).

καλάμο-στεφής, ἐς, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crowned or covered with reed.

καλάμο-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάσις, ἰος, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλαῦρος, ὅς, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέεσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκετο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, aor. 1 part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. 1 med. imperat. of καλέω.

κάλεσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καλέω.

καλεῦνται, Dor. for καλοῦνται.

καλεῦντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλοῦντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕΩ, Ion. impf. καλέεσκον: fut. καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλῶ: aor. 1 ἐκάλεσα Ep. ἐκάλεσσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):—Med., fut. καλέσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐκαλεσάμην poët. καλεσσάμην:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paultopost f. κεκλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐκλήθη: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing.

2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*.

3. to call on or invoke the gods.

4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλεῖν τινα to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλεῖσθαι τινα to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλεῖν τινα ἐπικλήσιν to call by name:—Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τάδε μὲν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i. e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλήμεναι, poët. for καλεῖν, inf. of καλέω.

καλήτης, Dor. and Att. for κηλήτης.

καλήτωρ, ὅς, ὁ, (καλέω) a crier.

καλιά Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (κάλον) a wooden house, but, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden shrine for a statue.

καλίās, ἄδος, ἡ, = καλιά, a hut.

καλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. med. καλινδήσομαι, = αλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα, ἡ, = αλινδήθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλαια, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palea*: also a cock's tail.

καλλείπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλίπαις = καλή παῖς.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding.

καλλί-βοτρυς, υ, gen. υος, (καλλι-, βότρυς) with beautiful clusters.

καλλί-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γάληνη) sweetly-tranquil.

καλλί-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναιξ, gen. αἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [ῥ]

καλλι-δίνης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, δίνη) floating with beautiful eddies. [δι]

καλλί-διφρος, ον, with beautiful chariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-έλαιος, ὁ, (καλλι-, ἐλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀγριέλαιος.

καλλι-επέω, f. ἤσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιεπημένοι λόγοι high-tongued speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ἔπος) beautifully speaking, elegant.



καλλ-ιερῶ Ion. καλλ-ιρέω, f. ἤσω, (καλλι-, ιερόν): —to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *litare*, *perlitare*:—c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ζυγῆναι) beautifully-yoked.  
καλλι-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

καλλι-θρίξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful hair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθῦτέω, f. ἤσω, to offer auspiciously. From  
καλλι-θῦτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλι-καρπος, ον, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλι-κερως, ωτος οτ ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρας) with beautiful horns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-bill, a district near Troy.

καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλίκομος, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with beautiful fillets or hair-bands.

καλλι-κρήνος Dor. -κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly:—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλι-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully shaped.

καλλιμος, ον, poët. for καλός, beautiful.

καλλι-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant.

II. crowning or ennobling victory; τὸ καλλίνικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίαν, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poët. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὤψ) Caliope, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

καλλι-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II. = καλὴ παῖς, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρης, ον, (καλλι-, παρεία) beautiful-cheeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ον, of, with beautiful maidens or nymphs.

κάλλιπον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν.

καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλι-πεπλος, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκαμος, ον, with beautiful locks.

καλλι-πλουτος, ον, adorned with riches.

καλλι-πολις, εως, ἡ, beautiful city.

κάλλιπον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, aor. 2 of καταλείπω.

καλλι-πονός, ον, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ον, of beautiful rivers.

καλλι-πρωρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρῶρα) with beautiful prow, of ships: metaph. of men, with beautiful face.

καλλι-πύλος, ον, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beauteous gates.

καλλι-πυργος, ον, with beautiful towers, towering.

καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργόω) built with beauteous towers.

καλλι-πώλος, ον, with beautiful steeds or colts.

καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλ-ιρέω, Ion. for καλλ-ιερῶ.

καλλι-ροος, poët. for καλλίρ-ροος.

καλλίρ-ροος, ον, contr. καλλίρ-ρους, ον, (καλλι-, ρέω) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλῶς, most beautifully.

καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., = ἀριστεία, the meed of valour.

καλλίστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.

καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beautiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στέφανος, ον, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beauteous towers.

κάλλιστος, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλι-σφύρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλι-τοξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.

καλλίτριχας, acc. pl. of καλλίθριξ.

κάλλιφ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-φλοξ, φλογος, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.

καλλι-φυλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-χορος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χώρος, with beautiful places.

II. (χώρος) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. εος Att. ους, τό, (καλός) beauty. II. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works; κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poët. for κάλλος, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (καλός) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over:—Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κάλλος, ὤψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing:—Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment; and

καλλωπισμός, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-καγαθός, ον, i. e. καλὸς καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλον, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

κάλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

κάλο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

κάλο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcher; Ἀλκιβιάδης ὁ καλὸς Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλος beauty. II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τόπῳ or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious. III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. honestum.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, η, ον. V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλως, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εἰ, εἴται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. κάλπιν or κάλπιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a picher, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, cell. [ῥ]

καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut.

καλύκεσι, poet. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

καλύκο-στέφανος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

καλύκ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάλυξ, ὦψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ὕκος, ἡ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting. II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἡ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. -πτρη, ἡ, a woman's veil; δνοφερά καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΠΤΩ, f. ὑψω; aor. I ἐκάλυφα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύφας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκάλυψε νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with disbonour. II. to put

over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Καλυψώ, gen. -ῶς contr. -οῦς, ἡ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλχαίνω, (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλχας, ατος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy: properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ'ΛΧΗ, ἡ, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

καλῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a small cord or rope.

καλῶς, Adv. of καλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχειν or πράττειν to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχειν τινός to be well off for a thing. 2. = πάνυ, right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ'ΛΩΣ, ὁ, gen. κάλω, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ον, ὁ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατεῖναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων ἐξίασι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στροφός, ὁ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister.

κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as κάμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμακίνος, ον, made of brittle wool. From

ΚΑ'ΜΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ or ὁ, a pole, stake, a vine-prop. II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑ'ΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κάμᾱ]

καμασῆνες, οἱ, a kind of fish.

κάματηρός, ἁ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out. From

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κά]

κάματ-ώδης, ες, (κάματος, εἶδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαίνω, Ep. for καταβαίνω.

κάμε, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κάμνω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, ὁ and ἡ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἵππος, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gāmal.)

κάμινεντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάμινος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινεντήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

κάμινεντής, οὔ, ὁ, = καμινεντήρ.

καμινοῖ, dat. of καμινώ.

κάμινος, ἡ, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence

κάμινώ, οὐς, dat. οἱ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον.

καμμίξας, Ep. for καταμίξας, aor. I part. of καταμίγνυμι.

καμ-μονίη, ἡ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ον, Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated.

καμ-μύω, Ep. for καταμύω.

ΚΑ'ΜΝΩ, fut. κάμῶμαι, εἰ, εἴται: aor. 2 ἔκαμον, inf. καμεῖν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκμηκα,



Ep. pf. part. *κεκμηώς, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκμηότας*: I. intr. *to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out*: c. part., *κάμνει πολεμίζων, ἐλαύνων* *one is weary of fighting, rowing*. 2. *to feel trouble or annoyance*; *οὐκ ἔκαμον τανύων* *I found no trouble in bending the bow*. 3. *to be worsted or beaten*. 4. *to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed*. 5. *οἱ καμόντες* and *οἱ κεκμηκότες* Ep. *κεκμηότες* or *κεκμηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, *those who have finished their labours, the dead*: but, *οἱ κάμνοντες* *the sick*; and *κεκμηκότες* are also *the spirits of the dead*, Lat. *dii manes*. II. trans. *to work hard at, to bestow labour upon*. 2. *to work out, earn by toil*; in aor. 2 med., *νῆσον ἐκάμοντο* *they worked, tilled the island for themselves*.

*κάμοι*, by crasis for *καὶ ἐμοί*. **ΚΑΜΠΗ**, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) *a bending, winding, as of a river*. II. *the turning in a race-course, turning-post*: metaph., *μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν* *to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point*. III. *καμπαί*, in Music, *turns, tricks, quavers*.

*κάμπιμος*, ἡ, *ον*, (*καμπή*) *bent, turning, double*. *καμπτήρ*, ἡ, *ος*, *δ*, *a bend, an angle*. II. *the turning-point in a race-course*.

**ΚΑΜΠΤΩ**, fut. *κάμψω*: aor. I *ἔκαμψα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐκάμφθην*:—*to bend, bow*:—esp., I. *γόνυ* and *γούνατα* *κάμπτειν* *to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest*. 2. *γόνυ* *κάμπτειν* *to bend the knee in prayer*. 3. *γόνυ* *κάμπτειν* *to bend the knee in running, to run*. II. *to bend, turn, guide anything*. 2. absol. *to turn round a point*; *κάμπτειν ἄκρην* *to double a headland*; *κάμπτειν κόλπον* *to skirt the bay*: metaph., *κάμπτειν βίον* *to turn the middle point of life, i.e. to draw near to its close*; cf. *καμπή*. III. like Lat. *flecto*, *to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent*: generally, *to bend, bumble*.

*καμπύλος*, ἡ, *ον*, (*κάμπω*) *bent, curved*. [ῥ] *καμφθεῖς, καμφθῆναι*, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of *κάμπω*.

*καμψέμεν*, Ep. fut. inf. of *κάμπω*. *καμψί-πους*, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν*, τό, gen. *ποδός*, (*κάμπω, πούς*) *bending the foot, swift-running*.

*κάμψις*, *εως*, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) *a bending, curving*. *καμών*, aor. 2 part. of *κάμνω*.

*κάν*, crasis for *καὶ ἄν*:—also for *καὶ ἤν*, and if, even if. *κάν*, crasis for *καὶ ἐν*, and in.

*κάν*, Ep. for *κατά* before *ν*, as *κάν νόμον* for *κατὰ νόμον*. *κάναθρον* or *κάνναθρον*, τό, (*κάνη*) *the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage*.

*Κανανίτης*, *ον*, ὁ, Syriac word, of which the Greek *Ζηλωτής*, *Zealot*, is a translation; not to be confounded with *Χαναναῖος*, a *Canaanite*.

**ΚΑΝΑΣΣΩ**, f. *ξω*, *to make a gurgling sound with water*. (Formed from the sound.)

*κάναστρον*, τό, (*κάνη*) *a wicker basket*, Lat. *canistrum*. II. *an earthen vessel, dish*.

*κανῶ-φόρος*, Dor. for *κανηφόρος*.

*κᾶνᾶχέω*, f. *ήσω*, *to ring or clasp, clang, of metal: to splash, of water*. From

*κᾶνᾶχή*, ἡ, (*κᾶνάσσω*) *a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; κᾶναχή ὀδόντων* *the gnashing of teeth*; *κᾶναχαι αὐλῶν* *the shrill sound of flutes*. Hence

*κᾶνᾶχηδά*, Adv. *with a sharp, ringing noise*.

*κᾶνᾶχης*, *ἐς*, (*κᾶνάσσω*) *making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, splashing*.

*κᾶνάχησε*, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of *κᾶναχέω*.

*κᾶνάχιζε*, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *κᾶναχίζω*.

*κᾶνᾶχίζω*, f. *ίσω*, = *κᾶναχέω*.

*κάνδυσ*, *νος*, ὁ, *a Median garment with sleeves, also κανδύκη*. (Median word.)

*κάνεον* Ion. *κάνειον* Att. contr. *κανοῦν*, τό, (*κάννη*) *a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket*, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (*σῦλαι*) at sacrifices.

*κᾶνεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *καίνω*.

*κάνη*, ἡ, *a rarer form of κάννα*. [ᾶ]

*κανῆν*, Dor. for *κᾶνεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *καίνω*.

*κᾶνηφορέω*, f. *ήσω*, *to carry the sacred basket in procession*. From

*κᾶνη-φόρος*, *ον*, (*κάνεον, φέρω*) *carrying a basket: ἡ Κᾶνηφόρος* *the Basket-bearer*, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

**ΚΑΝΘΑ-ΡΟΣ**, ὁ, Lat. *cantbarus*, *a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt*. II. *a sort of drinking-cup*, Lat. *cantbarus*.

III. *a kind of Naxian boat*. IV. *a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis*.

*κανθήλια*, *ων*, τά, Lat. *clitellae*, *a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle*.

*κανθήλιος*, ὁ, *a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass*.

*κάνθων*, *ωνος*, ὁ, (*κάνθος*) = *κανθήλιος*, *a pack-ass*.

**ΚΑΝΝΑ** or *κάννη*, *ης*, ἡ, *a reed or cane*, Lat. *canna*: hence anything made of reeds, *a reed-mat, a reed-fence*.

*καννάβινος*, ἡ, *ον*, *bempen*, made of bemp. From

**ΚΑΝΝΑΒΙΣ**, ἡ, gen. *ιος*, acc. *ίδα*, also gen. *εως*:—*bemp*, Lat. *cannabis*. II. *anything made of it, tow*.

*καννεύσας*, Ep. for *κατανεύσας*.

*κάννη*, ἡ, = *κάννα*.

*καννόμον*, better *κάν νόμον*, Ep. for *κατὰ νόμον*.

*κᾶνονίς*, *ίδος*, ἡ, (*κανών*) *a ruler*.

*κᾶνόνημα*, τό, poet. for *κανών*, *a rule: also a ruler*.

*κᾶνοῦν*, Att. contr. of *κάνεον*.

*κᾶνεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *καίνω*.

*κᾶνῶ*, fut. of *καίνω*.

*Κάνωβος* or *Κάνωπος*, ὁ, *Canobus*, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

*κᾶνών*, *όνος*, ὁ, (*κάνη, κάννα*) *any straight rod or bar: in Homer, κανόνες* are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the wool (πηνίον) were passed between the threads of the warp (μίτος). 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called κανόνες, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the Canon or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of καίνω.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see Κάνωβος.

κάξ, crasis for καὶ ἐξ.

κάπ, Ep. for κατά before π or φ, as κάπ πεδίον for κατὰ πεδίον.

κάπειτα, by crasis for καὶ ἔπειτα, and then, and next.

κάπετος, ἡ, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. *fossa*: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΤΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

κάπηλειον, τό, the shop of a κάπηλος, a tavern, Lat. *caupona*. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (κάπηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; καπηλεύειν μάχην to make a trade of war, Ennius' *bellum cauponari*:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάπηλος) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., καπηλικῶς ἔχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλῖς, ἴδος, fem. of κάπηλος, Lat. *copa*.

κάπηλος, ὁ, (κόπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. *caupo*, opp. to ἔμπορος: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπί, by crasis for καὶ ἐπί.

καπίθη, ἡ, (κάπτω) a measure containing two χοίνικες.

κάπνη, ἡ, (καπνός) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (καπνός) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of καπνίζω.

καπνο-δόχη Ion. -δόκη, ἡ, (καπνός, δέχομαι) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΠΝΟ΄Σ, ὁ, smoke, Lat. *fumus*. Hence

καπνῶω, f. ὤσω, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπν-ώδης, es, (καπνός, εἶδος) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for κῆποι.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for κῆπος.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππαδοκίζω, f. σω, to favour the Cappadocians. II. to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From

Καππάδοξ, οκος, ὁ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for κατέπ-, aor. 2 of καταπίπτω.

καππο-φόρος, ον, (κάππα, φέρω) of a horse, marked with a κάππα: cf. κοππατίας.

καπ-πυρίζω, poet. for καταπυρίζω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

καπράω, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, ὁ, poet. for κάπρος, a wild boar. II. as Adj. like a wild boar.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *APER*, the wild-boar.

καπρο-φόνος, ον, (καπρός, \*φένω) killing wild boars.

ΚΑΨΩ, fut. κάψω: aor. 1 ἔκαψα: Ep. pf. part. κεκαφῆς, for κεκάψω:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. κάπτειν θυμόν to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. 1; see ἀποκαπύω.

καπ-φάλαρα, better κάπ φάλαρα, for κατὰ φάλαρα.

κάρ, Ep. for κατά before ρ, as κάρ ρόον for κατὰ ρόον.

ΚΑΡ, κάρος, τό, the hair of the head, akin to κάρα; τίω δέ μιν ἐν καρὸς αἴσῃ I value him but at a hair's worth. II. also for κάρα, κάρη, head, as in ἐπὶ κάρ head-long.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. Κάρος, pl. Κάρες:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., ἐν Καρί or ἐν τῷ Καρί κινδυνεύειν to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. *experimentum facere in corpore vili*:—Fem. Κάερα.

ΚΑ'ΡΑ Ion. κάρη [ᾱ], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like κεφαλή, Lat. *caput*, to express a person, as Οἰδίπου κάρα for Οἰδίου:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc. sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. κάρης, κάρη, κάρην. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. κάρητος κάρητι, κάρητος κάρητι.

κάρᾱβο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κάρᾱβος, πρόσωπον) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑ'ΡΑ'ΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. *scarabaeus*. II. a prickly kind of crab.

κάρᾱ-δοκέω, f. ἴσω, (καρά, δοκέω) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κάρᾱνιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάρᾱ) touching the head, be-beading.

κάρᾱνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for κάρηνον.

κάρᾱνος, ὁ, (κάρᾱ) a head, chieftain, chief. Hence κάρᾱνώω, f. ὤσω, like κεφαλαιῶω, (κάρᾱνον) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κάρᾱ-τομος, ον, (κάρᾱ, τεμείν) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2. cut from the head.

κάρᾱνος, ον, = βάρβαρος, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑ'ΤΙΝΑΙ or καρπάτιναι, αἱ, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κάρδαμον) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent; τί καρδαμίζεις; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

ΚΑ'ΡΔΑΜΟΝ, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. *nastur-*



*tium*: also *the seed*, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

**ΚΑΡΔΙΑ**, poet. *κράδια* Ion. *καρδίη, κρᾶδιη*, ἡ, *the heart*, Lat. *cor*; ἀπὸ καρδίας λέγειν, like Lat. *ex animo*, to speak from *the heart*. II. *the stomach*.

*καρδιακός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*καρδία*) of *the heart* or *stomach*: hence. II. *dyspeptic*.

*καρδιο-γνώστης*, ον, ὄν, (*καρδία, γινώσκω*) *knower of hearts*.

*καρδιό-δηκτος*, ον, (*καρδία, δάκνω*) *gnawing the heart*.

*καρδι-ουλκίω*, (*καρδία, ἔλκω*) to draw *the heart* out of a victim at a sacrifice.

*καρδοπέιον*, τό, *the cover of a kneading-trough*. II. a muzzle. From

**ΚΑΡΔΟΠΟΣ**, ἡ, a kneading-trough, any trough.

*Κάρεσσι*, dat. pl. of *Κάρ*.

*κάρη*, Ion. and Ep. for *κάρα*, *the bead*.

*καρήατος, καρήατι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρα*.

*κάρηβάρεια* Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *heaviness in the bead*: top-beaviness. From

*κάρηβαρέω*, ἡ, ὄν, *to be heavy in the bead*, top-heavy. From

*κάρη-βαρής*, ἡ, (*κάρη, βάρος*) *heavy in the bead*.

*κάρη-κομόωντες*, or better *κάρη κομόωντες*, οἱ, *with hair on the head, long-haired*, of the Achaeans, opp.

to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called *ὀπίθεν κομόωντες*.

*κομόωντες* is Ep. part. pl. of *κομάω*; but there is no Verb *καρηκομάω*.

*κάρηται*, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *κείρω*.

*κάρηνον*, τό, mostly in pl. *κάρηνα*, (*κάρη*) *the bead*;

*ἀνδρῶν κάρηνα*, = *ἄνδρες*; *βοῶν κάρηνα* so many *bead* of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest

of a hill: also of a town, *the citadel*.

*κάρητος, κάρητι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρη*.

*Κῆρικο-εργής*, ἡ, (*Κηρικός, ἔργον*) of *Carian work*.

*Κῆρικός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*Κῆρ*) *Carian*: *Κηρική μούσα*, ἡ, a

kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

**ΚΑΡΙΣ**, gen. *ἰδος* or *ἰδος*, ἡ, Dor. also *κουρίς* or

*κωρίς*, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. *squilla*. [ā]

*καρκαίρω*, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed

from the sound.)

**ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ**, ὁ, with heterog. pl. *καρκίνα, τὰ*, a

crab, Lat. *cancer*: also *Cancer*, the Crab, as a sign in

the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs. [ī]

*καρκινό-χειρες*, ον, pl. Adj. (*καρκίνος, χεῖρ*) with

crab's claws for bands.

**ΚΑΡΝΕΙΑ** or *Κάρνεα*, τὰ, a festival held in honour

of *Apollo Κάρνειος* by the Spartans, during nine days

of the Attic month *Metageitnion*, hence called *Καρ-*

*νεῖος μῆν*.

*καρός*, Dor. for *κηρός*.

*Καρπάθος*, ἡ, an island between Crete and Rhodes,

called in Homer *Κράπαθος*.

*καρπαλα*, ἡ, a mimic dance of the Thessalians.

*καρπαλίμος*, ον, (*ἀρπάζω*, Lat. *carpo*) *tearing, swift,*

*rapid*. Adv. *καρπαλίμως*, *rapidly*.

*κάρπασος*, ἡ, with heterog. pl. *κάρβασα, τὰ*, a fine

flax grown in Spain, Lat. *carbasus*. (Eastern word.)

*καρπίζω*, ἡ, ὄν, Att. *ἰώ* (*καρπός*) to pluck or gather

fruit:—Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the re-

turn. II. to make fruitful, fertilise.

*κάρπιμος*, ἡ, ον, (*καρπός*) bearing fruit, fruitful.

*καρπο-γένεθλος*, ον, (*καρπός, γενέθλη*) producing

fruit.

*καρπό-δεσμα*, ον, τὰ, (*καρπός, δεσμός*) chains for

the wrists or arms, armlets.

*καρπο-ποιός*, ον, (*καρπός, ποιέω*) producing fruit.

**ΚΑΡΠΟΣ**, ὁ, fruit; *καρπός ἀρούρης* corn, but also

of wine; οἱ καρποὶ *the fruits of the earth*, corn. II.

metaph. *the fruits*, produce, returns, profit of a thing.

**ΚΑΡΠΟΣ**, ὁ, the joint of the arm and hand, the

wrist, Lat. *carpus*.

*καρπο-τελής*, ἡ, (*καρπός, τελέω*) bringing fruit to

perfection: fruitful, prolific.

*καρπο-τόκος*, ον, (*καρπός, τεκεῖν*) bearing fruit.

*καρπο-φάγος*, ον, (*καρπός, φάγειν*) eating fruit.

*καρπο-φθόρος*, ον, (*καρπός, φθείρω*) spoiling fruit.

*καρποφορέω*, ἡ, ὄν, *to bear fruit*. From

*καρπο-φόρος*, ον, (*καρπός, φέρω*) fruit-bearing.

*καρπο-φύλαξ*, ἄκος, ὁ, (*καρπός, φύλαξ*) a watcher of

fruit. [ῥ]

*καρπώω*, ἡ, ὄν, (*καρπός*) to bear fruit: later to offer

fruit. II. Med. *καρπύομαι* to gather fruit or reap

crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy

the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy

a thing.

*κάρπωμα*, ατος, τό, (*καρπώω*) fruit: produce, profit.

*κάρπωσις*, εως, ἡ, (*καρπύομαι*) a reaping the fruit

of: use, profit.

*καρρέζουσα*, Ep. for *καταρρέζουσα*.

*κάρτᾱ*, Adv. (*κάρτος*) very, very much, Lat. *valde*;

*καὶ τὸ κάρτα* very much indeed, really and truly.

*καρτερέω*, ἡ, ὄν, (*καρτερός*) to be steadfast or pa-

tient. 2. c. acc. to endure manfully. 3. with a

Prep. to bold out or bear up against a thing. 4.

with part. to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

*καρτέρησις*, εως, ἡ, a bearing patiently, patience,

endurance.

*καρτερία*, ἡ, = *καρτέρησις*.

*καρτερικός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*καρτερός*) enduring, patient.

*καρτερό-θυμός*, ον, (*καρτερός, θυμός*) stout-bearded.

*καρτερός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*κάρτος*) = *κρατερός*, strong, staunch,

brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; *καρ-*

*τερά ἔργα* valiant deeds; *καρτερός ὅρκος* a binding

oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3.

master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself;

steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II.

Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in

use are *κρείσσων, κράτιστος*.

*καρτερό-χειρ*, ὁ, ἡ, (*καρτερός, χεῖρ*) strong of

hand.

*καρτερῶς*, Adv. of *καρτερός*, strongly; *καρτερῶς*

*υπνοῦσθαι* to sleep sound.

**ΚΑΡΤΙΣΤΟΣ**, ἡ, ον, Ep. for *κράτιστος*.

κάρος, εος, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, strength, vigour, courage. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, to strengthen; aor. I med., ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks; χεῖρας ἐκαρτύναντο they strengthened or armed their hands.

Καρυάτιδες, ων, αἱ, (Καρυαί) the women of Caryae in Laconia. II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [α]

καρύκη, ἡ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [υ] Hence

καρύκινος, η, ον, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red. καρύκο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.

ΚΑΡΤΟΝ, the nut; κ. Περσικόν the walnut; κ. Εὐβοϊκόν the chestnut; κ. Ποντικόν the filbert.

κάρυο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutshell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφάλεος, α, ον, (κάρφω) dry, parched: of sound, hollow.

κάρφη, ἡ, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass.

καρφηρός, α, ὄν, (κάρφος) of dry straw.

καρφίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, (κάρφος) built of dry straw.

κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. palea: dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. husks, chaff, Lat. quisquiliae. 2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called κάρφη.

ΚΑΡΦΩ, f. κάρφω, to make dry or withered:—Pass. to wither away.

καρχαλῖος, α, ον, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's siti asper.

καρχαρ-όδους or -όδων, ὄδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (κάρχαρος, ὄδους) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχαρος, ον, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sharp, biting.

Καρχηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Carthage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ον, and Καρχηδονιακός, ἡ, ὄν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρῶ, Dor. for κηρῶ.

κάς, by crasis for καὶ εἰς or καὶ ἐς.

κάσαλβάζω, f. σω, to abuse in barlot's language. From

κάσαλβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a barlot, strumpet.

κάσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, ον, ὁ, a horse's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to κῶς, κῶας.)

ΚΑΨΙΑ Ion. -ίη, ἡ, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ἡ, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κάσι-γνητος, ὁ, (κάσις, γεννάω) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nephew or niece. II. as Adj.

κασίγνητος, η, ον, brotherly, sisterly.

ΚΑΨΙΣ, ιος, ὁ or ἡ: vocat. κάσι: a brother or sister. [α]

Κασσιτερίδες, ων, αἱ, the Cassiterides or tin-islands.

ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καττίτερος, ὁ, tin, Lat. stannum; χεῦμα κασσιτέροιο a plating of tin.

κάσσυμα Att. κάττ-, ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

ΚΑΣΣΥ'Ω Att. καττώ, to stitch, sew together. II.

metaph. to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot. [υ]

κάστών, by crasis for καὶ ἐστών.

Καστόρειος, ον, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; Καστόρειος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta.

καστορίδες, αἱ, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of hounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also καστόρια κύνες.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστορνύμι.

Κάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

ΚΑΨΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσωριον, τό, a brothel. From

κάσωρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = κασαλβάς, a barlot.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GE-

NI.: I. denoting motion from above, down

from. II. down towards, down upon; κατὰ

χθονὸς ὄμματα πῆξαι to fix the eyes down upon the

ground; of a dart, κατὰ γαίης ᾤχετο it went down to

the ground:—so, τοξεύειν κατὰ τινος to shoot at one

(because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παίειν

κατὰ τινος to strike at one; ὀμόσαι κατὰ τινος to

swear upon a thing. III. against, in opposition

to; λόγος κατὰ τινος, Lat. oratio in aliquem, a speech

against one accused; but, πρὸς τινα, Lat. adversus

aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, κατὰ

ῥέον down the stream. 2. of motion or extension,

over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as κατὰ

γαίαν, πόντον: throughout, all along: also of Place,

upon, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα. 3. generally, of

Place, as, κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν by land and

sea. II. distributively, of a whole divided into

parts; κατὰ φύλα, κατὰ φρήτρας by tribes and clans;

κατὰ σφέας by themselves; so, of time, κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν

year by year; and of numbers, κατ' ὀλίγους few at a

time. III. of object or purpose, πλεῖν κατὰ

πρῆξιν to sail on a business; πλάσσεσθαι κατὰ λήϊδα to

rove in search of booty. IV. of fitness, ac-

cording to, answering to; κατὰ θυμὸν according to

one's mind; so, καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον after our liking;

κατ' ἀνθρώπον according to the capacity of a man;

κατὰ φύσιν naturally; κατὰ δύναμιν to the best of

one's power; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the

terms agreed upon. 2. in relation to, concerning;

τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον all that belongs to war; τὸ καθ' ὑμᾶς



as far as concerns you; *κατὰ τοῦτο* in this way; *κατὰ ταῦτά* in the same way. V. of numbers, *nearly, about*; *κατὰ ἐξηκόσια ἔτεα* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *throughout, during, in the course of*; *κατὰ τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατὰ Ἀμασιν* about the time of Amasis; *οἱ καθ' ἡμᾶς* those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by *ἡ κατά...*, when the qualities of things are compared; *μεῖζον ἢ κατ' ἄνθρωπον* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μεῖζω ἢ κατὰ δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κάτα*.

As Adv., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS.: I. downwards, down, as in *καταβαίνω*. II. over against, in answer to, as in *κατάδω*, Lat. *occino*. III. against, in hostile sense, as in *κατ-ηγόρεύω*. IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατα-κόπτω*, *κατα-φαγεῖν*.

*Κατά* as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before *γ*, *κάκ* before *κ*, *κάμ* before *μ*, *κάν* before *ν*, *κάπ* before *π* or *φ*, *κάρ* before *ρ*, *κάτ* before *τ* or *θ*. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέζουσα*, *κάθανε*.

*κατά*, Ion. for *καθ' αἶ*.

*κᾶτα*, crasis for *καὶ εἴτα*, and then.

*κατάβα*, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

*καταβάδην*, Adv. (*καταβαίνω*) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βά*]

*καταβαθμός*, ὁ, (*καταβαίνω*) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

*καταβαίην*, aor. 2 opt. of

*καταβαίνω*, f. -*βήσομαι*; pf. -*βέβηκα*; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. 1 pl. subj. *καταβείομεν*, for *καταβῶμεν*: *κατάβα* imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. 1 med. *κατεβήσαμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσετο*, Ep. imperat. *καταβήσεις*:—to go or come down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from; *καταβαίνειν δῖφρον* to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσατο* she came down to her chamber; but also, *κλίμακα καταβαίνειν* to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs. 2. to go down to the sea. 3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend. 4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, c. g. in speaking. II. rarely in Pass., *ἵππος καταβαίνεται* the horse is dismounted from.

*καταβακχίζομαι*, Pass. (*κατά*, *Βακχιῶω*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

*καταβάλλω*, fut. -*βάλῶ*: aor. 2 *κατέβαλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *καββαλε*: pf. -*βέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*:—to throw down, cast down, overbrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν εἰς γόνυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down. 2. to strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge. 5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

*κατα-βάπτω*, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into. *κατα-βάρειω*, f. *ήσω*, (*κατά*, *βάρω*) to weigh down, overload.

*καταβάς*, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίνω*.

*κατάβασις*, εως, ἡ, (*καταβαίνω*) a going down, descending. 2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

*κατα-βασμός*, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

*καταβάτω* [*ᾶ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

*καταβαύζω*, f. *ξω*, to bark or bay at, *τινός*.

*κατα-βεβαιόομαι*, Dep. to affirm positively.

*καταβεβλημένος*, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

*καταβείομεν*, Ep. for *καταβῶμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαίνω*.

*καταβήμεναι*, Ep. for *καταβῆναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαίνω*.

*καταβήσεο*, Ep. for *κατάβησαι*, 2 sing. aor. 1 med. imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

*καταβήσομαι*, fut. of *καταβαίνω*.

*κατα-βιβάζω*, f. -*βιβάσω* Att. -*βιβῶ*, Causal of *καταβαίνω*, to make to go down, bring down.

*κατα-βιβρώσκω*, fut. -*βρώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβραν*:—Pass., aor. 1 *κατεβρώθην*: pf. -*βέβρωμαι*:—to eat up, devour.

*κατα-βίῶω*, f. -*ώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεβίων*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

*κατα-βλάκεω*, f. *σω*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

*κατα-βλάπτω*, f. -*βλάψω*, to damage.

*κατα-βλητικός*, ὁ, ὄν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to be browsed off.

*κατα-βληχάομαι*, f. *ήσομαι*, Dep. to bleat aloud.

*κατα-βλώσκω*, f. -*μολοῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

*κατα-βοάω*, fut. -*βοήσομαι* Ion. -*βώσομαι*:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen. II. c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

*καταβοή*, ἡς, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and

*καταβόησις*, εως, ἡ, a crying out against.

*καταβολή*, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning. 2. a paying down. 3. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

*κατα-βόσκω*, f. -*βοσκήσω*, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

*κατα-βόστρυχος*, ον, with long flowing locks.

*κατα-βράβευω*, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

*κατα-βρέχω*, f. -*βρέξω*: Pass., aor. 1 *κατεβρέχθην*:—to wet through, drench.

*κατα-βρίθω* [*ι*], f. -*βρίσω*:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh. II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ι*]

\**καταβρόχω*, aor. 1 *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξεια*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

*κατα-βροχθίζω*, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιώ*, (*κατά*, *βρόχθος*) to gulp down.

*κατα-βρύκω* [*υ*], f. *ξω*, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρῶσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρῶσκω.  
κατα-βυρσῶ, (κατά, βύρσα) to cover over with hides.  
καταβῶσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβοάω.  
κατά-γαιος Att. -γείος, ον, (κατά, γαῖος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground;  
κατάγαιοι στρουθοί birds that run instead of flying, ostriches.

καταγγελεύς, έως, ό, (καταγγέλλω) a proclaimer.  
κατ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

κατ-άγγελτος, ον, denounced, betrayed.  
κατά-γείος, Att. for κατάγαιος.  
Κατα-γέλα, ή, (κατά, γελάω) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.

κατα-γέλαστος, ον, ridiculous. From  
κατα-γελῶ, f. άσσομαι [ά]: aor. I κατεγέλασα:—Pass., aor. I κατεγελάσθην: pf. -γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.

κατά-γελως, ωτος, ό, (κατά, γέλως) ridicule, mockery: also absurdity.

καταγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατάγνυμι.  
κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράσω or άσσομαι: aor. I κατεγήρασα or -εγήρανα: pf. -γεγήρακα:—to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3 sing. impf. κατεγήρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in μι, cf. γηράσκω):—to grow old, Lat. senesco.

κατα-γίγартίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, γίγартον) to take out the kernel: metaph. for stuprate.

κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 κατέγνων:—to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγιγνώσκειν τινός άνανδρίην to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—Pass., καταγνωσθείς πρήσσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγιγνώσκειν τινός θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare aliquem mortis; καταγιγνώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or decide a suit.

κατ-αγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.  
κατ-αγινέω, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down. II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γινώσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-  
κατ-αγλαίζω, f. ίσω, strengthd. for άγλαίζω.  
κατα-γλωττίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: pf. pass. κατεγλώττισμαι: (κατά, γλώττα):—to kiss by joining tongues: μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον a wanton, licentious song. II. to use the tongue or speak against one. III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence

καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanton kiss.  
κάτ-αγμα, ατος, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a piece or flock of wool.

κατα-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to bend down.  
καταγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of καταγιγνώσκω.  
καταγνούς, aor. 2 part. of καταγιγνώσκω.

κατ-άγνυμι, fut. κατάξω: aor. I κατέαξα, part. κατάξας: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέαγα Ion. κατέγηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατεάγην [ά], inf. καταγῆναι:—to break in pieces, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken. II. in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέαγα, to be broken; κατεάγεται or κατέγηναι τήν κεφαλήν to have the head broken.

κατάγνωσις, εως, ή, (καταγιγνώσκω) an unfavourable opinion. II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.

κατ-αγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.  
κατάγρᾶφος, ον, engraved, embroidered. From  
κατα-γράφω, f ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to pain over, fill with letters. II. to write down: to register, enroll.

κατ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to catch, overtake.

κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. άσω, to exercise constantly.

κατ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 κατήγαγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp. to the sea-coast. 2. to bring down from the high sea to land:—Pass. to come to land, opp. to άνάγεσθαι (to put out to sea). 3. to draw out, spin. 4. to bring down, lower. II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

καταγωγή, ή, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into harbour, landing. 2. a landing-place: hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place.

καταγώγιον, τό, (κατάγω) a place to lodge in, resting-place, inn.

κατ-αγωνίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass. to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut. -δήσομαι, to bite in pieces.

κατα-δακρυέων, ονσα, better divisim, κατὰ δάκρυ χέων shedding tears.

κατα-δακρύω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δαμάζω, f. άσω: aor. I inf. med. καταδαμάσασθαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.

κατα-δαπανάω, f. ήσω, to squander, waste utterly.

κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρθάνω: aor. 2 κατέδρθον, by poet. metath. κατέδραθον; also, in same sense, aor. 2 pass. κατέδρθην, poet. subj. καταδραθῶ, part. καταδρθείς:—to sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.

καταδεής, ές, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. καταδέεστος, weaker, inferior, see καταδεώς.

κατα-δεῖ, impers. there is wanting: see καταδέω.

κατα-δείδω, f. -δείσω: aor. I κατέδεισα:—to fear very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew clearly, point out, make known: c. inf. to shew how to do: to establish, prove.



κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā]:—to show signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδείκνυμι.

κατα-δέομαι, f. -δεήσομαι, Dep. to want or need very much: to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρακον, and in same sense pass. κατεδέρχην: Dep.:—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band: a magic knot, love-knot.

κατα-δεύω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδευσα, to wet through: to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέχομαι: Dep.:—to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take home again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast: Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison. 3. metaph. to convict of a crime. II.

to tie down, shut up, close, check.

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers: καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect: Comp. καταδυστέρως έχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ον, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-δισαίτω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην: pf. καταδεδικάσμαι:—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός: absol. to condemn:—Med. to

get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation:—Pass., καταδεδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence: a fine. [i]

κατά-δικος, ον, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect: to think, suppose: also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave: also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλωσάμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.

Κατά-δουποι, ον, οί, (κατά, δούπος) the Cataracts of the Nile: also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero Catadupa as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδραθώ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδραθάνω.

καταδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ον, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, ατος, τό, a tearing or rending. From

κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

κατα-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύω.

κατάδυσσις, εως, ή, (καταδύω) a going down under water: of the stars, a setting: generally, a descent.

κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω: fut. -δύσω: aor. I κατέδυσσα: aor. 2 κατέδυν: I. Causal, in pres. κατα-

δύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσσα:—to make to sink, Lat. mergere: καταδύσαι ναύν to sink or disable a ship.

II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυνκα, -δεδύκειν:—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun; αμ' ηελίω καταδύντι with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into: to get into the midst of: τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep bidden, lie bid.

κατ-άδω Ion. -αείδω: f. -άσομαι: rarely -άσω:—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere: absol. to sing a spell, charm. II. to deafen by singing.

κατα-δωροδοκίω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes. κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατ-άδω.

κατα-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered. II. pf. part. pass. of καθήμι, let down, banging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Epic 3 sing. aor. I med. of κάτ-ειμι.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι: impf. καταείνουν: to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αζαίνω: Ion. aor. I καταζήνασκον: (κατά, αζαίνω, αζώ):—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:—to tie or yoke together, yoke:—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened: to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζαίνω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast: Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against:—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [v]

κατα-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείω, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείομαι, Ep. for -θέωμαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείομεν, Ep. for -θέωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θέλω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθελξίς, εως, ἡ, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίζω, f. σω, (κατάθεμα) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι.

κατάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατατίθημι) a putting down: a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι:—to run down: of ships, to run in'to harbour. II. to make inroads or incursions: c. acc., καταθεῖν χώραν to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ἤσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. ξω, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θηλύνω, (κατά, θήλυς) to make womanish.

καταθησῶ, Dor. for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνομαι: aor. 2 κατέθανον Ep. κάτθανον: pf. -τέθνηκα, part. -τεθνηκώς or τεθνεώς Ep. -τεθνηώς, ὦτος, inf. -τεθνάσαι Ep. -τεθνάμεν [ā]:—to die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased. Hence

καταθνητός, ἡ, ὄν, mortal.

καταθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθρόσκω.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ἤσω, to cry down.

κατα-θρηνέω, f. ἤσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέθορον, inf. -θορεῖν:—to leap or jump down: c. acc., καταθρόσκειν τὴν αἵμασιν to leap down from the wall.

κατ-αθυμέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ἀθυμέω) to lose all heart, to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ον, also η, ον, in or upon the mind, at heart; μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος ἔστω let not death sit heavy at thy heart. II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ὕσω [ū], to sacrifice: to offer, dedicate. II. Med., καταθύεσθαι τινα to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θωρᾶκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βασις, εως, ἡ, poët. for κατάβασις.

καται-βάτης, ον, ὁ, poët. for καταβάτης, (καταβαίνω) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, hurled down, descending. 2. epith. of Ἀχέρων, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καται-βάτος, ἡ, ὄν, poët. for καταβατός, giving a passage downwards; θίραι καταιβαταὶ ἀνθρώποισι gates by which men descend.

κατ-αιδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αιδέσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -ῆδέσθην:—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατ-αιθαλώ, f. ὥσω, to burn to ashes.

κατ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, of motion, to float or hover over; πλόκαμοι νῶτον καταιθυσσον his locks floated down his back.

κατ-αίθω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

κατ-ακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wound severely: to ill-treat, disfigure.

κατ-αινέω, f. ἔσω poët. ἤσω:—to agree to, assent to, approve of; καταινεῖν ἐπὶ τινὶ to agree to a thing on certain conditions. II. to grant, promise: to

promise in marriage, betroth.

κατ-αίρω, Ion. for καθαιρέω.

κατ-αίρω, fut. -ᾶρῶ, (κατά, αἶρω):—to take or put down. 2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατ-αἰσιος, ον, (κατά, αἰσιος) righteous.

καταισχυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a disgracer. From κατ-αισχύνω, f. ὕνω, to shame, disgrace, dishonour. II. Med. to feel shame before another, to reverence.

κατα-ἴσχω, poët. for κατίσχω.

κατ-αιτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with: c. acc. to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute. II. the aor. 1 part. καταιτιαθείς occurs in pass. sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταῖτυξ, ὄγος, ἡ, a low helmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατ-αιωρέομαι, Pass. (κατά, αἰωρέω) to bang down.

κατα-καγχάζω, f. ἄσω, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαῆμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for κατακαῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. for κατακαίειν.

κατα-καίνω, fut. -κάνῶ: aor. 2 κατέκτανον:—like κατακτείνω, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. -κάω [ā]: fut. -καύσω: aor. 1 κατέκαυσα Ep. κατέκη: aor. 1 pass. κατεκαύθην, aor. 2 κατεκάνην:—to burn, burn down, consume by burning:—Pass., κατὰ πῦρ ἐκάνη the fire had burned down or out.

κατα-κάλιέω, f. ἔσω, to call down, summon, invite. II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, envelope:—Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. -κάμψω, to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty; κατακάμπτειν ἐλπίδας to bend down, break down hopes.

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:—Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσας, aor. 1 part. of κατακαίω.

κατα-καυχάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακεῖαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακεῖμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακεῖτε, 2 pl. of κατακαίω.

κατά-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Dep. to lie down: to lie bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 2. to lie sick. 3. to recline at meals.

κατακείομεν, another form of κατακείμεν, q. v.:—but also Ep. for κατακείωμεν, pres. subj. of κατακείω.

κατα-κείρω, f. -κέρῶ, to cut down, waste, consume.



κατα-κείω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακκείοντες*, Ep. part. for *κατακείοντες*.  
*κατακέκλισο*, 2 sing. plupf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.  
*κατακεκράκτης*, ον, ὁ, (*κατακράζω*) a braider.  
*κατα-κελεύω*, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing.  
*κατα-κεντέω*, f. ἤσω, to pierce through, sting severely.  
*κατα-κεραυνώω*, f. ὠσω, to strike down by thunder.  
*κατα-κερδαίνω*, f. ἀνῶ οἱ ἤσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.  
*κατα-κερτομέω*, f. ἤσω, to rail violently: to mock at.  
*κατακτημέν*, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*.  
*κατα-κηλέω*, f. ἤσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant.  
*κατακήμεν*, Ep. for *κατακήμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of *κατακαίω*.  
*κατα-κηρύω*, f. ὠσω, (*κατά, κηρύς*) to cover with wax.  
*κατα-κηρύσσω* Att. -ττω, f. ὕξω, to proclaim or command by herald.  
*κατα-κίρνημι*, poet. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well: —Pass. to be well mixed.  
*κατά-κισσος*, ον, (*κατά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed.  
*κατα-κλαίω* Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: fut. -κλαύσομαι: —to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.  
*κατακλίσσεται*, Dor. aor. 1 inf. med. of *κατακλείω*.  
*κατα-κλάω*, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 *κατέκλᾶσα*: —Pass., aor. 1 *κατεκλάσθην*: —to break down, break short off, snap.  
 II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.  
*κατακλαχθήναι*, Dor. aor. 1 pass. inf. of *κατακλείω*.  
*κατα-κλάω*, Att. for *κατακλαίω*. [ᾶ]  
*κατακλείς*, εἶδος, Ion. and Ep. *κατακλήϊς*, ἡἶδος, ἡ, (*κατακλείω*) a fastening for doors.  
*κατα-κλείω* Ion. -κλήϊω old Att. -κλήϊω: f. -κλείω Dor. -κλάζω: —Med., aor. 1 *κατεκλείσάμην* Dor. *κατεκλαζάμην*: —Pass., aor. *κατεκλείσθην* Ion. -εκληίσθην Dor. -εκλάχθην (not -εκλάσθην): —to shut up, shut fast.  
 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade.  
*κατα-κληροδοτέω*, f. ἤσω, (*κληρός, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.  
*κατα-κληρονομέω*, f. ἤσω, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.  
*κατα-κληρουχέω*, f. ἤσω, to receive as one's allotment.  
 II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.  
*κατακλιθῆναι*, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.  
*κατακλινής*, ἐς, (*κατακλινῆναι*) lying down, stretched at length.  
 II. sloping, steep.  
*κατα-κλινό-βατής*, ἐς, (*κατά, κλίνη, βαίνω*) making one lie abed.  
*κατα-κλίνω* [ῖ], f. -κλινῶ: aor. 1 *κατέκλινα*: —to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius: —Pass. to lie down, esp. at table.  
 II. to lay low, overbrow. Hence  
*κατάκλισις*, εως, ἡ, a making to lie down or sit at table: ἡ *κατάκλισις τοῦ γάμου* the celebration of a marriage.  
*κατα-κλύζω*, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: aor. 1 *κατέκλῦσα*: —to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence  
*κατακλυσμός*, ὁ, a deluge, flood.  
*Κατα-κλώθες*, αἱ, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, *Μοῖραι*, Lat. *Parcae*.  
*κατα-κλώθω*, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates.  
*κατα-κνάω*, f. -κνήσω: aor. 1 *κατέκνησα*: —to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.  
*κατα-κνίθω*, = *κατακνάω*.  
*κατα-κνίζω*, f. ἴσω: aor. 1 *κατέκνισα*: —to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellere*: —Pass. to itch.  
*κατα-κοιμάω*, f. ἤσω, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. 1 inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθῆναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep.  
 II. to sleep through, sleep out; *κατακοιμησάμεν τὴν φυλακὴν* to sleep out the watch.  
*κατα-κοιμίζω*, f. ἴσω, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.  
*κατα-κοινωνέω*, f. ἤσω, to make one a sharer, give one a share.  
*κατα-ἀκολουθῶ*, f. ἤσω, to follow closely.  
*κατα-κολπίζω*, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.  
*κατα-κομιδῆ*, ἡ, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From  
*κατα-κομίζω*, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: —to bring down, esp. to the sea.  
 2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.  
*κατά-κομος*, ον, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.  
*κατα-ἀκονά*, ἡ, (*κατά, ἀκονή*) destruction.  
*κατα-κονδυλίζω*, f. ἴσω, to buffet severely.  
*κατα-ἀκοντίζω*, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*κατά, ἀκοντίω*) to strike down with darts.  
*κατα-κόπτω*, f. ψω: aor. 1 *κατέκοψα*: —Pass., p. post f. *κατακεκύφομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεκόπη*: —to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay.  
 II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.  
*κατα-κοσμέω*, f. ἤσω, to arrange, set in order: ἐπὶ *zeugῇ κατακοσμεῖν* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.  
*κατα-ἀκούω*, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear and obey, be subject to.  
 II. to hearken to, give ear to, bear plainly.  
*κατα-κράζω*, fut. -κεκράξομαι, to cry down, outdo in crying.  
*κατα-κράτέω*, f. ἤσω, to prevail over, subdue: —absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.  
*κατα-κρέμαμαι*, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.  
*κατα-κρεμάννυμι* or -ῦω, fut. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 *κατεκρέμασα*: —to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.  
*κατα-κρεουργέω*, f. ἤσω, to cut up like a butcher.  
*κατα-κρίθην*, (*κατά, κρία*) Adv. from the head downwards from top to bottom: —metaph. entirely, utterly.  
*κατα-κρημνάμαι* or -άομαι, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.  
*κατα-κρημνίζω*, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*κατά, κρημνός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.  
*κατά-κρημνος*, ον, precipitous.  
*κατάκριμα*, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω: aor. I κατέκρινα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [i] Hence κατάκρισις, εως, ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύψῃ, ἡ, a hiding: metaph. a sub'efuge.

κατα-κρώζω, f. -κρώζω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακτέτημαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω, fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτάνῶ Ep. -κτάνέω: aor. I κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτανον roët. κατέκταν, as, α, Ep. imperat. κάκτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass., aor. I κατεκτάθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμενος: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε:—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κῦβεύω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κῦλίνδω, f. ἴσω [i]:—Pass., aor. I -εκῦλίσθην: pf. -κεκύλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκνυφα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κῦριεύω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κῦρώω, (κατά, κύρος) to ratify: aor. I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακριθείς, condemned to something.

κατα-κωλύω, f. ὕσω [y]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-άλαζονεύομαι, (κατά, άλαζών) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λάλέω, f. ἡσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλιά, ἡ, evil report, slander: and

κατάλαλος, ον, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατείληφα Ion. καταελάβηκα:—Pass., aor. I κατελήφθην Ion. κατελάμφθην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize:—Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath. III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers., καταλαμβάνει it happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ σύμβαντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to shine upon: to shine.

κατ-αλγέω, f. ἡσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατελέγην:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατελέξάμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγμην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγμενος. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol. III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue.

κατάλειπτος, ον, (καταλείπω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιπον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f. ἡσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burthens.

κατ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλεξῶ, Dor. for καταλέξω, fut. of καταλέγω.

κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ἡσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λεύω, f. σω, (κατά, λεύω) to stone to death.

κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-αλέω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. ξω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ἡ, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning. II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λιθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λιπαρίω, f. ἡσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγή, ἡ, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. όξω: aor. I κατήλαφα:—to change:—Med. to exchange, give in exchange. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile:—Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγην [ä], to become reconciled.

κατ-αλοάω, f. ἡσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army; οί εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service.

κατά-λοιπος, ον, left, remaining.

κατ-αλοκίζω, f. ἴσω, to cut into furrows.



κατα-λούω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-  
λούειν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.  
κατα-λοφάδεια, Adv. = κατά λόφον, on the neck.  
κατα-λοχίζω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence  
καταλοχισμός, ὁ, distribution into troops.  
κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλούω.  
κατά-λύμα, (κατά, λύω) an inn, lodging.  
κατα-λύμαινομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.  
καταλύσιμος, ὄν, (καταλύω) to be made an end of.  
κατάλυσις, εὖς, ἡ, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting  
down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding:  
κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: gene-  
rally, a conclusion, finishing. II. a resting, lodging:  
also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.  
καταλύτης, οὗ, ὁ, one who lodges in a place. From  
κατα-λύω, f. -λύσω: aor. I κατέλυσα:—to dissolve,  
put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put  
down a form of government: to depose from com-  
mand: to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring  
to an end, terminate: καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a  
war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace  
with him. II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.  
to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.  
κατα-λῶφάω, f. ἤσω, to rest from a thing.  
κατα-μαγεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μάγος) to bewitch.  
κατα-μαλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ:—to make soft or  
effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.  
κατα-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἄζω, to soften much,  
appease, pacify.  
κατα-μανθάνω, fut. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 -έμαθον:  
pf. -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well: to under-  
stand: to consider well.  
κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω: f. ἤσω:—to be stark  
mad.  
κατα-μάρπτω, f. -μόρψω, to catch hold of, catch.  
κατα-μαρτυρέω, f. ἤσω, to bear witness against:—  
Pass. to have evidence given against one.  
κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.  
κατ-αμάω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ἀμάω) to pile up, bear up:  
Ep. aor. I med. κατᾱμῆσάμην.  
κατ-αμβλύνω, (κατά, ἀμβλύνω) to take the edge off,  
make blunt or dull.  
κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῥ], to make drunk with  
sheer wine.  
καταμεῖναι, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.  
κατ-αμελείω, f. ἤσω, to give no heed to, neglect: ab-  
sol. to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.  
κατα-μελιτόω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed honey  
over, of the nightingale's voice.  
κατάμεμπτος, ὄν, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl.  
as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From  
κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μέμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεμ-  
ψάμην, pass. -εμέμφην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse,  
find fault with. Hence  
κατάμεμψις, εὖς, ἡ, a blaming, finding fault, ac-  
cusing.  
κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, con-  
tinue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut in pieces: to dis-  
tribute.  
κατα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure or mete out to: to  
measure.  
κατα-μηλόω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the  
probe: metaph., κημὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-  
box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make  
him disgorge stolen goods.  
κατα-μηνύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], to give information a-  
gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.  
καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.  
κατα-μῖαίνω, f. ἄνω, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass.  
to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat.  
squalere.  
κατα-μίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I κατέμιξα, Ep.  
part. καμμίξας:—to mix, mix up, compound.  
κατα-μίσγω, = καταμίγνυμι.  
κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to spend in paying public  
officers.  
κατάμομφος, ὄν, (καταμέμφομαι) faulty.  
κατα-μόνας, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.  
κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ἤσω, to conquer in single combat.  
κατ-αμπέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover.  
καταμύξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.  
κατάμυσις, εὖς, ἡ, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.  
κατ-αμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend.  
κατα-μυττωτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτόν) to make  
mincemeat of.  
κατα-μύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατέμυσα, poet. inf.  
καμῦσαι:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop  
asleep, dose: also to die.  
κατ-αναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force down into a place. II.  
to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.  
κατ-ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, a curse. Hence  
καταναθεματίζω, f. ἴσω, to curse.  
κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.  
aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασσάμην:—Pass. to  
take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.  
κατ-αναλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλῶσω: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:  
—to spend lavishly, εἰς τι upon a thing:—Pass., with  
pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.  
κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily  
upon.  
κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.  
κατα-ναυμαχέω, fut. ἤσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,  
beat at sea.  
κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign a-  
mong. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among them-  
selves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.  
to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.  
κατάνευσις, εὖς, ἡ, a nodding to, assent. From  
κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. καννεύσας:  
—to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονεύω; ἐπέσχετο καὶ κατέ-  
νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a  
nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.  
κατα-νεφύω, f. ὤσω, to overcloud.  
κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to bear or pile up.  
κατανῆσαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθρακίζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθρακώω, f. -ώσομαι: (κατά, ἀνθραξ):—to burn to cinders:—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-νίφω, f. -νίψω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένιψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἄνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act. is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντᾶ, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, es, (κατά, ἄντα) down-bill, opp. to ἀν-άντης.

κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, ἀντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. outright, downright. [i of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρασ, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξις, εως, ἡ, stupefaction, slumber. From

κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-ἀνύω Att. -ύτω: f. ύσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατήνυσα:—to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νωτίζω):—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω, f. -ξανῶ: aor. I κατέξηνα:—Pass., aor. I κατέξανθην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-άξιος, on, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξιόω, f. ώσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour. II. to bid; πολλὰ χαίρειν ευμφοραῖς καταξιῶ I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ύσω [ῥ]: Pass., pf. -έξυσμαι:—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατ-όρος, Dor. for κατήρος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, όν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downwards; καταπακτὴ θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαίω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I κατέπασα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over.

Hence

κατάπαστος, on, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πατέω, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot: metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαυμα, atos, τό, a check, bindrance; and κατάπαυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, deposing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From

κατα-παύω poet. καπ-παύω: f. σω:—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing,

binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check:—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass.

and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly; καταπειλεῖν ἔπη to use threatening words.

κατα-πειράτηρία Ion. -πειρητηρία, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελτάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with light-armed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτός, a, on, verb. Adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθέω, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπεπτηνία, Ep. pf. part. fem. of καταπτήσσω.

κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. -πέρδομαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέπαρδα:—to break wind at one.

κατα-πίσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to boil down or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπεσών, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾱ]:—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence

καταπέτασμα, atos, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 κατεπτάμην, part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πετρώω, f. ώσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπεφνών, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω: aor. I κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:—

Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ep. κάππιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2.

metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσκω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάππεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισσώω Att. -ττώ: f. -ώσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I



κατέπλᾶσα:—to spread or smear over, plaster with:—Med., καταπλάσσειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ἢ, ὄν, plastered over.

κατα-πλαστός, ὅς, ἢ, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

κατα-πλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, ὄν, also α, ὄν: Att. -πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω: (κατά, πλεος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

κατα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. -πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the high sea to shore, put into port, put in:—to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατά-πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ἦγος, ὅ, ἢ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken.

κατάπληξις, εως, ἢ, amazement, consternation. From

κατα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I κατέπληξα:—Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλήγην [ᾱ] Ep. κατεπλήγην:—pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:—Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατά-πλοος contr. -πλους, ὅ, (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour. II. a sailing back, return.

κατα-πλουτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make very rich, enrich.

κατα-πλύνω [ῦ], to bathe with water. Hence

κατάπλυσις, εως, ἢ, a bathing in water.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνέω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:—to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence

καταπνοή, ἢ, a breathing or blowing.

κατα-πόδα and κατα-πόδας, Adv., for κατὰ πόδα, κατὰ πόδας, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπίνω.

κατα-πολεμέω, f. ἴσω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to wear out by toil or suffering.

κατα-ποντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence

καταποντιστής, οὔ, ὅ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

κατα-ποντώ, f. ὦσω, = καταποντίζω.

κατα-πορνεύω, f. -εύσω, to prostitute.

κατα-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve:—Med. to achieve for oneself.

κατα-πρηνής, ἐς, head foremost, with the forepart downwards; χεὶρ καταπρηνεί with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηνώ, f. ὦσω, to throw down headlong.

κατα-πρίω [ῖ]: aor. I κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. -προδώσω, to betray.

κατα-προΐσσομαι, f. -προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι:—to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with

negat., and in bad sense: 1. absol., οὐ καταπροΐξεται ἔφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπροΐξει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμὲ

καταπροΐξεται be shall not escape for having thus insulted me; οὐ καταπροΐξει τοῦτο δρῶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. 3. c. gen. pers., ἐμεῦ δ' ἐκείνος οὐ καταπροΐξεται be shall not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτος, ὄν, = καταπύγων.

καταπτάκων, ὄντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω.

κατά-πτερος, ὄν, (κατά, πτερύξ) winged.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. -πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατὰπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poet. aor. 2 part. καταπτάκων occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or -χα, Ep. part. καταπεπτηώς:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-άπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (καταπτύω) to be spai upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτύχης, ἐς, (κατά, πτυχή) with ample folds.

κατα-πτύω, f. ὑσω [ῦ]: aor. I κατέπτυσσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτώσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπύγος, ἢ, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ὄντος, ἢ, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πύγη) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ὑσω [ῦ]: aor. κατέπυσα:—to make rotten:—Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πυκνος, ὄν, very thick.

κατα-πυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ἴσω, to consume with fire.

κατ-άρα Ion. -άρη [ᾱ], ἢ, an imprecation, curse.

καταραιομένης, Ion. for καθηρημένης, pf. part. pass. of καθαιρέω.

κατ-αράομαι, f. -άσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλὰ κατηράτο be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:—pf. part. κατηραμένος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to hurl down.

κατάρατος, ὄν, (καταράομαι) accursed, abominable.

κατ-αργέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργίς) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make useless or void:—Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make to tarry.

κάταργμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργύρω, f. ὦσω, to cover or plate with silver. II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατ-άρδω, f. ἄρσω, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατ-ἀρέομαι or -έωμαι, Ion. for καταράομαι.

κατα-ριγηλός, ἢ, ὄν, (κατά, ριγέω) making one shudder, horrible.

κατ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἤσω, to count or reckon among. 2. to count up:—Med. to recount.  
 κατ-ἀρκέω, f. ἤσω, to be fully sufficient.  
 κατ-ἀρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.  
 κατ-ἀρνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -ἀρνήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἠρνήθην:—to deny stoutly.  
 κατ-ἀρόω, f. -ἀρύσω, to plough up.  
 καταρραγήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμι.  
 καταρ-ραθύνεω, f. ἤσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ κατερραθυμμένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle.  
 καταρ-ρακώω, f. ὠσω, (κατά, ράκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. κατερρακωμένος, in rags or tatters.  
 καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.  
 καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence  
 κατάρραφος, ου, sewn together, patched.  
 καταρ-ρέζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.  
 καταρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.  
 καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρυήσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form κατερρύην:—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. κατερρύνεις, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.  
 καταρ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρρήξαντο τοὺς κίθωνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 κατερράγην [ᾱ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. κατέρρωγα to break out, burst forth.  
 καταρ-ρινάω or -έω, f. ἤσω, to file down: κατερρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-turned.  
 καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.  
 κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου, ὁ, (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.  
 καταρ-ροφίω, f. ἤσω, to gulp or swallow down.  
 καταρρυήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence  
 καταρρυής, ἐς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.  
 κατάρρυτος, ου, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.  
 κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἤσω, Ion. for κατορρωδέω.  
 καταρρώξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged.  
 κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (καταίρω) a landing-place.  
 κατ-αρτάω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρῆμα κατηρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.  
 κατ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: κατηρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence  
 κατάρτισις, εως, ἡ, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.  
 κατάρτιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.  
 κατ-αρτύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: pf. -ἤρτυκα pass. -ἤρτυμαι: aor. I pass. -ἤρτυθην [ῥ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined. II. κατηρτυκώς, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.  
 κατά-ρῦτος, ου, ποῖτ. for κατάρρυτος.  
 κατ-αρχάς, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.  
 κατ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., ὁδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγον. 2. Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χέρνιβά τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ ἱερείου to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.  
 κατα-σβέννυμι and -ύω: f. -σβέσω: aor. I κατέσβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβεσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβεσαι βοήν, ξριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.  
 κατα-σεῖω, f. -σεῖσω: pf. -σέσεικα:—to shake and throw down; κατασεῖειν τῇ χειρὶ to sign with the hand, beckon.  
 κατασείσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασήπω.  
 κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ᾱ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα, to grow rotten, rot away.  
 κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.  
 κατ-ασθμαίνω, to pant or snort against.  
 κατα-σιγάω, f. ἤσομαι, to become silent.  
 κατα-σικελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicilise, i. e. make away with.  
 κατα-σιτέομαι, f. -ἤσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on.  
 κατα-σιώπάω, f. -ἤσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.  
 κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence  
 κατασκάφῃ, ἡ, a rasing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.  
 κατασκάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence  
 κατασκάφῃς, ἐς, dug down, deep-dug.  
 κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I κατεσκεδάσα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bad



sense; κατασκεδάσαι φήμην τινός to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up. II. Pass., with pf. act. κατέσκληκα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up. κατα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build:—Med. to build, construct a house:—Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so:—Med. to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμα, ατος, τό, a contrivance, device: and κατασκευασμός, ό, contrivance. κατα-σκενή, ή, (κατά, σκενή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (παρασκευή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. ήσω, = κατασκηνώω. κατα-σκηνώω, f. ώσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, ατος, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνωσις, εως, ή, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be hurled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. II. λιταῖς κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. -σκιάσω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκιάω, poet. for κατασκιάζω.

κατα-σκιδνάμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι.

κατά-σκίος, ον, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. II. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence

κατασκοπή, ή, a viewing closely, spying. κατά-σκοπος, ον, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκώπτω, fut. -σκάψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ύνῶ, to lessen, abridge:—Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμήχω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:—Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit:—also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπάράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to pull to pieces.

κατα-σπατάλω, f. ήσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. άσω[ά], to draw or pull down; κατα-σπᾶν τινα τῶν τριχῶν to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to haul down, set afloat. II. to quaff or swallow down.

κατα-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ: aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget.

II. to besprinkle.

κατα-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω: aor. I κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:—Pass., aor. I -έσπείσθην: pf. -έσπεισμαι:—to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. II. to honour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδῖω, f. ήσω, (κατά, σποδός) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep., with aor. I pass. -έσπουδάσθην, pf. -έσπουδασμαι: (κατά, σπουδάξω):—to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

κατα-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle: νόσῳ καταστάζειν πόδα to have one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

κατασταθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. I part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στασιάζω, f. άσω, to form a counter-party. II. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατάστασις, εως, ή, a settling, appointing, establishing: an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presentation. II. intrans. a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

καταστατέον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must appoint.

καταστάτης, ον, ό, (καθίστημι) an establisher.

κατα-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover over. Hence

καταστεγασμα, ατος, τό, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, ον, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed.

κατα-στείβω, f. ψω, to tread on.

καταστείλαι, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to put in order, arrange: clothe, dress, array. 2. to keep down, check.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. 2. to sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανόω, f. ώσω, to crown.

καταστεφής, ές, wreathed, crowned. From

κατα-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreath, crown.

κατα-στηλίτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάστημα, ατος, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. ίξω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. I inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι: καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στίζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence

κατά-στικτος, ον, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled.

κατα-στίλβω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation.

κατα-στονάζω, f. ήσω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: aor. I κατεστόρεσα:—to spread or cover with a thing. II. to spread or strew on the ground: to overbrow, lay

low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. sternere aequor.

κατ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to hurl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

κατα-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

κατα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med.

to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμαι ἀκούειν I am compelled to hear. III. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέψας, aor. 1 part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέφοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

κατα-στρηνιάω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ἡ, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overthrowing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II.

a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

κατα-στρώνυμι and -ύω, f. -στρώσω: aor. 1 κατέστρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

κατα-στῦγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 κατέστῦγον:—to be horror-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abhor.

κατα-στύφελος, ον, very hard or rugged.

κατα-στωμύλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατα-σύρω, aor. 1 -έσυρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere.

κατασφάγή, ἡ, a slaughtering or killing. From

κατα-σφάζω or -σφάπτω: f. ξω: aor. 2 pass. -εσφάγην [ᾱ]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατα-σφραγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεθεῖν Ep. -έειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding back, binding. II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II. possessed.

κατα-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. ἄσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνου τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχωμέν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατα-σώχω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray.

κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τάνύω, f. ὑσω [ῡ], = κατα-τείνω.

καταταξείς, Dor. for κατατήξεις, 2 sing. fut. of κατατήκω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατεθναίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατεθνεώς and Ep. -ηώς, gen. ὠτος, pf. part. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατέθηκα, pf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert. II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself:

to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in . . . 2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέταμον: pf. κατατέμμηκα, pass. κατατέμμημαι:—to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνειν τινὰ καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέμνηντο τάφροι trenches had been cut.

κατά-τεχνος, ον, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 1 κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατατέτηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθμεν, κάθετε, κάθεσαν; καταθείμεν, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθέμεν; and in Med., καθέμεθα, καθέσθην, καθέμενοι, Ep. for κατέθεμεν, etc.; καταθείμαι, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθεῖναι ἀέθλον to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθίναί τις τι ἐς μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαι τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τίλλω, f. ἦσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ἡ, (κατατέμνω) a cutting in: outward, fleshy circumcision.

κατα-τοξεύω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατράγω.

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 κατέδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack. III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [Ὶ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub down, wear away with rubbing: of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diem terere:—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [Ὶ]



κατα-τρίζω, *to squeak, scream shrilly.*  
 κατα-τροχάζω, *f. άσω, to run down or over.*  
 κατα-τρύζω, *f. ύσω, to chatter against.*  
 κατα-τρύχω, *to rub down, wear out, exhaust.* [υ]  
 κατα-τρώγω, *fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 κατέτρωγον:—*  
*to gnaw in pieces, eat up.*  
 κατα-τρωματίζω, *Ion. for κατατραυμ-.*  
 κατα-τυγχάνω, *fut. -τεύξομαι, to hit one's mark,*  
*reach, gain, obtain: absol. to be successful.*  
 κατα-αυαίνω, *to dry, parch, or wither up.*  
 κατα-αυγάζω, *f. άσω, to illumine or light up:—Med.*  
*to gaze at.*  
 κατα-αυδάω, *f. ήσω, to speak aloud, declare.*  
 κατα-αῦθι, or better *κατ' αῦθι*, *Adv. on the spot.*  
 κατα-αυλέω, *f. ήσω, to play upon the flute to one:—*  
*Pass. to have the flute played to one: to resound with*  
*the flute.* II. *c. acc. to overpower by flute-*  
*playing: generally, to strike dumb.*  
 κατα-αυλίζομαι, *f. ίσομαι: aor. 1 med. κατηυλισά-*  
*μην and pass. κατηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to take up one's*  
*quarters, encamp, settle, lodge.*  
 κατα-αυτίκα, better *κατ' αὐτίκα*.  
 κατα-αυτόθι, *Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αὐτόθι.*  
 κατα-αυχένιος, *a, on, (κατά, αὐχὴν) on or over the*  
*neck.*  
 κατα-αυχέω, *f. ήσω, to exult much in.*  
 κατα-φάγειν, *aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to eat up, de-*  
*vour.* 2. *to consume in eating.*  
 κατα-φαίνω, *f. -φάνω, to make visible.* II. *Pass.*  
*to become visible, appear.* 2. *to be clear or plain.*  
 καταφάνηται, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence*  
*καταφάνης, ές, clearly seen, conspicuous.* 2. *ma-*  
*nifest, clear.*  
 κατάφαρκτος, *on, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.*  
 κατα-φαρμακεύω, *f. σω, to anoint with drugs: to*  
*charm, bewitch.*  
 κατα-φαρμάσσω, *f. ζω, to poison.*  
 κατα-φauλίζω, *f. σω, to depreciate.*  
 καταφερίς, *ές, (καταφέρωμαι) sloping, slanting:*  
*εὔτε ἂν καταφερὴς γίγνηται ὁ ἥλιος when the sun is*  
*near setting.* II. *inclined to a thing.*  
 κατα-φέρω, *f. κατοίσω or κατοίσσομαι: aor. 1 κατή-*  
*νεγκα:—to bring down:—Pass. to be brought down,*  
*as by a river: to be weighed down by sleep.* II.  
*to bring down from the high sea, bring to land:—*  
*Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.*  
 κατα-φεύγω, *f. ξομαι: aor. 2 κατέφυγον:—to flee*  
*for refuge or betake oneself to, to have recourse to.*  
*Hence*  
 κατα-φευκτέον, *verb. Adj. one must betake oneself.*  
 κατά-φευξις, *εως, ή, flight for refuge.* 2. *a place*  
*of refuge.*  
 κατά-φημι, *to say yes, assent to.*  
 κατα-φημίζω, *f. σω and ζω, to spread a report, an-*  
*nounce, proclaim.*  
 κατα-φθατέομαι, *Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω =*  
*φθάνω):—to take first possession of, occupy.*  
 κατα-φθείρω, *f. -φθιρῶ, to bring to nothing, ruin.*

κατα-φθινύθω, = *καταφθίω.* [υ]  
 κατα-φθίνω: *aor. 1 κατεφθίνησα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα:*  
*—to waste away, decay, perish.*  
 κατα-φθίω, I. *Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [i],*  
*aor. 1 κατέφθισα, to ruin, destroy, kill.* II. *in-*  
*trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθιμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην*  
*[i], inf. -φθίσθαι:—to be destroyed, ruined, waste*  
*away, perish; ως καταφθίσθαι ὠφελος O that thou*  
*hadst perished: part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed.*  
 καταφθορά, *ή, (καταφθείρω) destruction, ruin, death:*  
*metaph. confusion, distraction.*  
 κατα-φιλέω, *f. ήσω, to kiss tenderly, caress.*  
 κατα-φλέγω, *f. ζω, to burn down, consume.*  
 καταφλεξι-πολις, *ό, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) inflamer*  
*of cities.*  
 κατά-φλεξις, *εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) a burning.*  
 κατα-φοβέω, *f. ήσω, to strike with fear or dismay:*  
*—Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. 1 κατεφοβή-*  
*σην, to be afraid of.*  
 κατα-φοιτάω *Ion. -έω, to come down regularly.*  
 κατα-φονεύω, *f. σω, to slaughter, butcher, slay.*  
 κατα-φορέω, *f. ήσω, to carry down or along: of a*  
*river, to carry down with the stream:—Pass. to be so*  
*carried down.*  
 κατα-φράζω, *f. σω, to declare.* II. *Med., with*  
*fut. -φράσομαι, aor. 1 med. -εφρασάμην, pass. -εφρά-*  
*σθην:—to think upon, reflect upon: to remark,*  
*observe.*  
 κατάφρακτος, *on, covered, decked: shut up in. From*  
 κατα-φράσσω *Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to cover, fence in.*  
 κατα-φρονέω, *f. ήσω, to think slightly of, disdain,*  
*despise: to scorn, contemn.* II. *to fix one's*  
*thoughts upon, think of: also to aim at, Lat. affect-*  
*are.* III. *to think arrogantly, to presume: and*  
*simply to think, suppose. Hence*  
 καταφρόνημα, *ατος, τό, contempt of others; μη*  
*φρόνημα μόνον, ἀλλὰ καταφρόνημα not only spirit,*  
*but a spirit of disdain: and*  
 καταφρόνησις, *εως, ή, a low opinion of others: pre-*  
*sumption: and*  
 καταφρονητής, *οῦ, ό, a despiser: and*  
 καταφρονητικός, *ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful.*  
*Adv. -κῶς, scornfully.*  
 κατα-φροντίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to think or study a*  
*thing away.*  
 κατα-φρύγω, *f. ζω, to burn away.*  
 κατα-φυγγάνω, = *καταφεύγω.*  
 καταφύγειν, *aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence*  
 καταφύγή, *ή, a refuge, place of refuge.*  
 κατα-φύλαδόν, *Adv., for κατὰ φυλάς, in tribes, by*  
*tribes or clans.*  
 κατα-φύλασσω *Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to guard well.*  
 κατα-φυλλοροέω, *f. ήσω, to shed leaves: to decay.*  
 κατά-φῦτος, *on, (κατά, φυτόν) well-planted.*  
 κατα-φωράω, *f. άσω [ā], to catch in a theft: gene-*  
*rally, to catch in the act, detect, discover.*  
 κατα-φωτίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to illuminate, light up.*  
 κατα-χαίρω, *f. -χαροῦμαι, to exult over one.*

κατα-χαλαζάω, f. ἤσω, to shower down like hail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, ον, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleaming with brassy armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκώ, f. ὠσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, ατος, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέζω, f. -χέσομαι, to defoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ἤσω, to vote by show of hands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ἡ, condemnation by show of hands.

καταχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ep. -χεύω: fut. -χεῶ: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχευα:—Pass., aor. I κατεχύθη [ῥ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύμην [ῥ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down. II. Med. to let flow down, esp.

of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχήνη, ἡ, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χηρεύω, f. σω, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for κατηχῆς.

κατ-ἄχθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, ον, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch. II. the Act. καταχράω

is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατάχρα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφίη κατέχρα the name sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρεῖομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, ον, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρυσώω, f. ὠσω, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώζω, also -χρώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χρώσω:—to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύδην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῥ]

κατάχυσμα, ατος, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. handfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or -ύω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a heap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάζω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

κατα-ψάω, f. -ψήσω, to stroke with the band.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. -ψακάζω, f. ἄσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, invent; καταψεύδεσθαι τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ἤσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, ον, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous.

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, f. -ψήξω, to rub or grate down:—Pass. to crumble away. II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh. [ῥ]

κατέαγα, pf. of κατάγνυμι:—κατέαγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass.

κατεᾶγῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαξα, aor. I of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαξω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κάθηται, 3 pl. of κάθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατεβήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλάκευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκεύω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγυάω, f. ἤσω: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible, compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγύη, ἡ, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, impf. of καταγελάω.

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, aor. I of καταδέω (Λ).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδαρθον, aor. 2 of καταδαρθάναι.

κατέδραμον, aor. 2 of κατατρέχω.

κατέδυν, aor. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατ-έδω, Ep. for κατεσθίω.

κατεηγώς, Ion. pf. part. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέθηκα, aor. I of κατατίθημι.

κατ-είβω, poet. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., αἰὼν κατείβετο life ebbed or passed away.

κατειδέναί, inf. pf. of \*κατείδω.

\*κατ-είδω, I. in aor. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (which serves as aor. 2 to καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med. κατειδόμεν, inf. κατιδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα, inf. κατειδέναί, to know well, to be assured of.



κατ-είδωλος, ον, (κατά, εἶδωλον) given to idols.  
κατ-εικάζω, f. ἄσω, to liken to:—Pass. to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture: of evil, to suspect.

κατ-ελέω, f. ἤσω, to force into a place, coop up:—Pass. to be cooped up.

κατείληφα, κατείλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ελίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω.

κατελίχᾱτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω.

κατ-ελύω, f. ὑσω [ῡ], to cover up, wrap up.

κάτ-εimi: Ep. aor. 1 med. καταεισάμην: (κατά, εἶμι ibo) to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river, to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατεῖναι, Ion. for καθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of καθίημι.

κατ-εἰνῡμι, Ion. for καθέννυμι.

κατεῖπα, aor. 1 = κατέϊπον.

κατέϊπον, inf. κατεῖπειν, without any pres. in use: (κατά, εἶπον): to speak against, to accuse, charge. II. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of.

κατειργαθόμην, poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείργω.

κατ-εἰργνῡμι and -ύω, = κατείργω.

κατ-εἰργω Ion. -έργω, f. ξω, to shut in, enclose, confine:—to press hard, reduce to straits. II. to binder.

κατ-εἰρῡω, Ion. for κατερύω.

κατ-εἰρωνεύομαι, Dep. to use irony towards, banter: to dissemble.

κατ-εισάγω, f. ἄξω, to bring in to one's own loss. [α]

κατέκειρα, aor. 1 of κατακείρω.

κατέκηρα, aor. 1 of κατακαίω.

κατέκλᾱσα, aor. 1 of κατακλάω.

κατεκλάσθην, aor. 1 pass. of κατακλάω.

κατεκλάχθην, Dor. aor. 1 pass. of κατακλείω.

κατέκλῡσα, aor. 1 of κατακλύζω.

κατέκλων, contr. impf. of κατακλάω.

κατεκρίθην, aor. 1 pass. of κατακρίνω.

κατέκταν, Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κατέκταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κατακτείνω.

κατέκτανον, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κατέλαβον, aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. 1 κατήλασα:—to drive down: to master.

κατ-ελέγχω, f. -γξω, to convict of falsehood: to b. lie.

κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-ελεύσομαι, fut. of κατέρχομαι.

κατελήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατελθεῖν Ep. -θέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι.

κατ-ελίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω.

κατ-ελκύω, Ion. for καθελκίω.

κατ-ελπίζω, f. ἰσω, to hope confidently.

κάτεμεν, Ion. 1 pl. aor. 2 of καθίημι.

κατ-εναίρομαι, Dep., with aor. 1 med. κατενηράμην, and also aor. 2 act. κατήνᾱρον:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, Adv. (κατά, ἐναντίος) over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-ενᾱρίζω, f. ξω, strengthd. for ἐναρίζω, to kill.

κατένασσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καταναίω.

κατενεχθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of καταφέρω.

κατ-ενήνοθε, pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνις κατενήνοθεν ὤμους: cf. ἐπ-ενήνοθε, παρ-ενήνοθε; the simple ἐνήνοθε does not occur.

κατενήρατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of κατεναίρομαι.

κατενθεῖν, Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι.

κατενύγησαν [ῡ], 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω.

κατ-ένωπα and κατ-ενώπιον, Adv. (κατά, ἐνωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting.

κατ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, to rise up against, contend against.

κατέξανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of καταξάινω.

κατεξενωμένος, ὁ, received as a guest, pf. part. pass. of καταξενόω.

κατ-εξουσιάζω, f. ἄσω, to exercise authority over.

κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, Med. to make a contract or engagement with one.

κατ-επάγω, f. ἄξω, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another.

κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεφάλλομαι.

κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω.

κατ-επείγω, f. ξω, to press down, oppress. 2. to urge, impel, stimulate, hasten; τὸ κατεπείγον urgent necessity. II. intr. to hurry, make haste.

κατέπεσον, aor. 2 of καταπίπτω.

κατεπέστην, aor. 2 of κατεφίστημι.

κατέπεφνον, redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω.

κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπηξα, aor. 1 of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπλᾱσα, aor. 1 of καταπλάσσω.

κατέπλευσα, aor. 1 of καταπλέω.

κατέπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω.

κατέπτῡσα, aor. 1 of καταπτύω.

κατ-εργάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι: aor. 1 κατειργάσθην: pf. κατειργασμαι: Dep. (but aor. 1 and pf. are also used in pass. sense):—to effect, accomplish, achieve. 2. like Lat. conficere, to make an end of, destroy, despatch: hence to overpower, conquer:—pf. in pass. sense, to be overcome. 3. in good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence:—aor. 1 in pass. sense, to be prevailed on. II. to work in, make; κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey: also to manufacture.

III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour: absol. to go to work.

κατ-έργω, Ion. for κατείργω.

κατερεικτός or -ερίκτός, ὄν, bruised. From

κατ-ερείκω, to tear, rend:—Med. to rend one's garments.

II. to bruise or grind down; metaph., κατερείκειν θυμόν to wear away one's mind.

κατ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to throw or cast down: to demolish, dismantle, lay waste. II. intr. in aor. 2

κατήρῖπον, pf. κατερήρῖπα, to fall down, fall in.

κατέρεξα, Ep. aor. 1 of καταρρέζω.

κατ-ερεύγω, f. ξω, to belch at or upon.

κατ-ερέφω, f. ξω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερῶ, serving as fut. (with pf. κατείρηκα) of the aor. κατείπον:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατεῖρηται it shall be declared.

κατερήρῃπα, intr. pf. of κατερείπω.

κατ-ερητύω, fut. -ερητύσω [ῥ]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

κατερῦκάνω, poet. for κατερύκω. [ᾱ]

κατ-ερύκω [ῥ], f. ξω, to hold back, detain.

κατ-ερύω Ion. -ειρύω: f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 κατεῖρῃσα: Pass., pf. κατεῖρυσμαι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deducere naves.

κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 2 κατήλυθον contr. κατῆλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep.:—to go down, esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατερῶ, v. sub κατερέω.

κατίσβεσα, aor. 1 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατίσβηκα, κατίσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατέδηδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατίσκαμμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.

κατεσκεύασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω.

κατεσκεψάμην, aor. 1 med. of κατασκοπέω.

κατέσκληκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω.

κατίσπειρα, aor. 1 of κατασπείρω.

κατίσπεισα, aor. 1 of κατασπένδω.

κατέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασεύομαι.

κατίσταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of καθίστημι.

κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.

κατέστειψα, aor. 1 of καταστείβω.

κατεστεῶς, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. 1.

κατεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καθίστημι.

κατεστόρεσα, aor. 1 of καταστορέννυμι.

κατεστράφατο, Ion. for κατεστραμμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατέστρωσα, aor. 1 of καταστρώννυμι.

κατέστυγον, aor. 2 of καταστύγω.

κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατήκω.

κατέτηξα, aor. 1 of κατατήκω.

κατετρίβην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of κατατρίβω.

κάτευγμα, τό, (κατεύχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.

κατ-ευθύνω, f. ἔνῳ, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-ευνάζω, fut. ἄσω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep: Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 κατεύνασθεν.

κατευνάω, f. ἤσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνήσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of κατευνάω.

κατ-ευτρεπίζω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημέω, f. ἤσω, to praise loudly, extol.

κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ἄνῳ, to gladden or delight much.

κατευχή, ἡ, a wish, prayer, vow. From

κατ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse. II. to boast.

κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.

κατέφθγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω.

κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon; κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.

κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην, pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφϋγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.

κατέχϋτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω, fut. καθέξω and κατασχέσω: aor. 2 κάτ-εσχον poet. -έσχεθον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease.

II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχετο she covered her face: generally, to bide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold, stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen; εἰ κατασχέσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper hand.

IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, embezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.

κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.

κατηγεμών, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγ-.

κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατ-ηγορέω, f. ἤσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's charge:—Pass., κατηγορεῖται τι τινός a charge is brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser, appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, indicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ἡ, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, ὁ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer.

κατήκισμαι, pf. pass. of καταικίζω.

κατήκοος, ὄν, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearken-

ing to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearken-

ing to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.

κατῆλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.

κατῆλιψ, ἴφος, ἡ, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ᾱ], aor. 1 and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.



κατ-ηλογέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small account, slight, despise.

κατήλυθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence

κατήλυσις, εως, ἡ, a going down, descent.

κάτημαι, Ion. for κάθημαι.

κατημελημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.

κατηναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατεναρίζω.

κατήνεγκα, aor. I of καταφέρω.

κατηνθρακώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατανθρακώω.

κατήνυσα, aor. I of κατανύω.

κατήορος or κατήορος, ον, Dor. -άορος, (κατά, αἰωρέω) hanging down: hanging on or to.

κατ-ηπιάω, f. ἄσω, (κατά, ἡπιος) to soothe, assuage:—Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιέωντο.

κατηράμενος, pf. part. of καταράομαι.

κατηράσω [α], 2 sing. aor. I of καταράομαι.

κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράομαι.

κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to calm, appease, quiet.

κατ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (κατά, ἐρέφω) covered over, overhanging, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφές overshadowed with laurels; κατηρεφῇ πόδα τιθέναι to keep the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who stands still, opp. to ὀρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι. 2. c. gen. covered with, laden with.

κατ-ήρης, ἐς, (κατά, ὀρερεῖν) fitted out, furnished, supplied: of ships, furnished with oars.

κατηριθμημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.

κατήριπον, aor. 2 of κατερείπω.

κατηρτίσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω.

κατήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω.

κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατήφεια Ion. -εῖη, ἡ, (κατηφής) a casting the eyes downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.

κατηφέω, f. ἤσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From κατ-φής, ἐς, (κατά, φάος) with downcast eyes, dejected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence

κατηφών, ὄνος, ὁ, one who causes shame, a disgrace.

κατ-ηχέω, f. ἤσω, to resound. II. to sound a thing in one's ears, din it into one:—Pass. to be informed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth, teach the elements of religion:—Pass. to be instructed in these elements; aor. I κατηχήθην, pf. κατήχημαι.

κατ-ηχής, ἐς, (κατά, ἤχος) sounding, resounding.

κατήχθην, aor. I pass. of κατάγω.

κάτθανον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταθνήσκω.

κατθανούμαι, fut. of καταθνήσκω.

κατθάψαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταθάπτω.

κατ-θείην, poet. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι.

κατθέμεν, Ep. for καταθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι: but κάτθεμεν, Ep. I plur. aor. 2 of same.

κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατατίθημι.

κατθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατθέμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. of κατατίθημι.

κάτθεο, Ep. for κατάθου, aor. 2 imperat. med. of κατατίθημι.

κατατίθημι.

κατθέσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατ-ῖαπτω, f. ψω, to harm, hurt, damage.

κατιάσι, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (εἴμι ἰδο).

κατιάσι, Ion. for καθιάσι, 3 pl. of καθίημι.

κατῖδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.

κατῖδέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.

κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω.

κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίημι.

κατ-ιθύνω, Ion. for κατευθύνω.

κατ-ἱκετεύω, Ion. for καθικετεύω.

κατ-ιλύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], (κατά, ἰλύς) to fill with mud or dirt.

κατίμεν, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (εἴμι ἰδο).

κατιππάξομαι, κατῖρόω, κατίστημι, Ion. for καθ-.

κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. \*κατείδω.

κατ-ισχναίνω, to make to waste away, bring down.

κατ-ισχύω, f. ἴσω [ῦ], to have power over, prevail against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to one's full strength, be in full vigour.

κατ-ίσχω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold back, bold in, restrain, Lat. detineo:—Med. to keep by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέλας κατίσχει ἐξ οὐρανοῦ the light comes down upon the place from heaven.

κατιών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (εἴμι ἰδο).

κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.

κάτ-οῖδα, pf. of \*κατείδω.

κατ-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell in, inhabit:—Pass. to be dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated. Hence

κατοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a settling in a place: dwelling.

κατοικητήριος, α, ον, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting; κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.

κατοικία, ἡ, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, habitation. II. a colony.

κατ-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring or remove into a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass. to be placed, settled. II. to colonise a place:—Pass., of places, to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or established. III. to bring home, restore to one's country. Hence

κατοικίσις, εως, ἡ, a planting with inhabitants, colonisation.

κατ-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build on or in a place.

κάτ-οικος, ον, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting: as Subst., κάτοικος, ὁ, an inhabitant.

κατ-οικτεῖρω, to have compassion on. II. intr. to feel compassion, shew pity.

κατ-οικτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to have compassion on another:—Med., with aor. I pass. κατφκίσθην, to pity oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite pity. Hence

κατοικτίσις, εως, ἡ, a pitying, compassion.

κατ-οιμῶζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to bewail, lament.

κάτ-οινος, ον, (κατά, οἶνος) drunken with wine.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to have gone down; οἱ κατοιχόμενοι, the departed.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ἤσω, to shrink from doing a thing.

κατοκωχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence

κατοκώχιμος, ον, held in possession, detained. II. capable of being possessed, frantic.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip down.

κατ-όλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα: (κατά, ὀλλυμι):—to perish utterly.

κατ-ολολύζω, f. ὑζω, to sbrick over.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [v]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain.

κατ-όμνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. 1 -ώμοσα:—to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc. pers. to call to witness, swear by. 3. c. gen. pers. to take an oath against, accuse on oath.

κατ-ονίνημι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage:—Med. to have the benefit of, enjoy. [v]

κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to blame, slight.

κάτ-οξύς, εἰα, υ, (κατά, ὀξύς) very sharp, piercing.

κατ-οπάζω, f. ἄσω, to follow after.

κατ-όπιν, Adv., = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὀπισθε) Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. II. of Time, hereafter.

κατ-οπτέω, f. σω, (κατόπτης) to spy out, observe.

κατ-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κατά, ὀπτήρ) a spy, scout.

κατ-όπτης, ον, ὁ, = κατοπτήρ,

κάτ-οπτος, ον, (κατά, ὄψομαι) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to shew as in a mirror: Med. to behold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω.

κατ-οργάνίζω, f. ἴσω, to sound with music through.

κατ-ορθόω, f. ὤσω: aor. 1 κατώρθωσα:—to set upright, erect. 2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a thing:—Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well determined or purposed. II. intr. to be successful, go on prosperously. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ἤσω, to be dismayed at, dread. II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: fut. 1 pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορύχῃσομαι:—to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insultare: hence to treat spitefully, insult. II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, behold.

κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ὅτι.

κατ-ουδαῖος, ον, (κατά, οὐδας) under the earth.

κατ-ουλόω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cicatrise or form a scar over:—Pass. to cicatrise, heal over.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ἤσω, to make water upon.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to waft with a fair wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f. ὤσω, = κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρυόομαι, (κατά, ὀφρύς) to contract the eyebrows, frown.

κατοχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding fast, detention. 2. possession by a god.

κατόχῃμος, ον, incorrect form of κατοκώχιμος.

κάτοχος, ον, (κατέχω) holding fast. II. pass. held fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed, inspired.

κατ-όψιος, ον, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite.

κατόψομαι, used as fut. of καθοράω.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατὰ τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of κατατανύω.

καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin.

κάττυμα, καττύω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύω.

κατ-τῶ, Dor. for κατὰ τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-ὑπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνῶω, Ion. for καθυπνῶω.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) down, downwards. II. beneath, below, underneath, opp. to ἄνω. 2. οἱ κάτω, those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, or ἄνω κάτω upside down. III. c. gen. under, below: down from. IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, ον, Att. κατώγεως, ον, gen. ω, = κατὰ-γείος.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below. II. below, beneath.

κατ-ωθέω, f. -ήσω: aor. 1 -έωσα, to thrust down.

κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) head downwards. [κᾶ]

κατώκησα, aor. 1 of κατοικέω.

κατώκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κατοικίζω.

κατ-ωμάδιος, α, ον, (κατά, ὤμος) down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down from the shoulder. II. borne on the shoulder.

κατ-ωμάδον, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) from the shoulder, with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ἡ, (κατόμνυμι) an oath taken against one, accusation on oath.

κατ-ωνάκη, ἡ, (κάτω, νάκος) a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκος). [νᾶ]

κατ-ωραίζομαι, Ion. for καθωραίζομαι.

κατώρθωσα, aor. 1 of κατορθόω: but κατώρθωσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ῶρυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground. III. as Subst., κατῶρυξ, ἡ, a pit, cavern.

κατώτατος, η, ον, (κάτω) the lowest.



κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part.  
κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later.  
κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.

κατω-φάγας, οὐ or ἄ, ὁ, (κάτω, φαγεῖν) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερέης, ἐς, (κάτω, φέρομαι) banging downwards, precipitous.

κατ-ωχράω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ὥχρως) to turn very pale.

κανάξαις, for καττάξαις (with the digamma), 2 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of κατάγνυμι.

καύλινος, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From

ΚΑΥΛΟ΄Σ, ὁ, a stalk, stem. 2. a bundle, shaft: spear-shaft: the bill of a sword.

καῦμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) burning beat, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. in the beat. II. feverish beat.

Hence

καυμάτιζω, f. ἴσω, to scorch, wither by beat.

καυνάκης, ον, ὁ, a Persian garment. [ἄ] (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΥΝΟ΄Σ, ὁ, a lot.

καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a heat-shade, name of a broad-brimmed Macedonian hat.

καυσίμος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible.

καύσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning beat. Hence

καυσόομαι, Pass. to be on fire, intensely hot.

καύστειρα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, burning.

καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

καύσω, fut. of καίω.

καύσων, ατος, ὁ, (καίω) burning beat: a scorching wind.

καυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάζω, f. ἄσω, to sear with red-hot iron: — metaph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτης, ον, ὁ, = καυτήρ.

καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυχάομαι, fut. —ήσομαι: pf. κεκαύχημαι: Dep.: —to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akin to αὐχέω, εὐχομαι.)

καυχᾶσαι, for καυχᾶ, 2 sing. of καυχάομαι.

καύχη, ἡ, = καύχησης, a boasting, vaunting.

καύχημα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. 2. a subject of boasting.

καυχῆμων, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) boastful.

καύχησης, εως, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of boasting.

καχάζω, f. ἄσω Dor. αἰώ, to laugh loud, Lat. cacbinor: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.)

καχασμός, ὁ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.

καχ-εταιρεία, ἡ, (κακός, εἰταῖρος) ill company.

καχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ἡμέρα) living sad days, wretched.

καχλάζω, f. ἄσω, redupl. from χλάζω, to dash, splash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ηκος, ὁ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, shingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισία, ἡ, (κακός, ὀρμίζω) ill barbourage.

κάχρυσ, υος, ἡ, = κάγχρυσ, parched barley.

κάχ-ὑποπτος, ον, (κακός, ὑποπτος) suspecting evil, meanly suspicious.

ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. capsula.

κάω [ἄ], Att. for καίω, to burn.

ΚΕ, and before a vowel κεν, Ep. and Ion. for ἄν, Dor. κα: ἄν κε, κεν ἄν, are sometimes found together: κε is always enclitic.

κεάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκέασα Ep. ἐκέασσα, κέασα, and κέασσα: Pass., aor. I ἐκέασθην Ep. κέασθην: (κέω, κείω): —to split, cleave: of lightning, to shiver, shatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.

κέαρ, ἄρος, τό, Lat. cor, the heart: —contr. κῆρ, q. v.

κέας, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of κεάζω.

κέαται, κέατο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κεῖμαι.

κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for κεφαλή, the head.

κεβλή-πῦρις, (κεβλή, πῦρ) a bird called the redcap.

κεγχριαῖος, α, ον, (κέγχρος) of the size or shape of a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, fem. —ις, ιδος, (κέγχρος), like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχρος, βάλλω) scattering millet.

ΚΕ΄ΓΧΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish.

κεγχρώματα, αων, τά, (κέγχρος) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-boles in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννυμι, f. κεδάσω: Ep. aor. I ἐκέδασσα: aor. I pass. ἐκεδάσθην: —poët. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of κεδάννυμι.

κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῆδος) careful, discreet, trusty. II.

pass. cared for, dear: of things, valued, prized.

κέδρινος, η, ον, (κέδρος) of cedar, made of cedar.

κεδρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a juniper-berry.

ΚΕ΄ΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. II.

anything made of cedar: a cedar coffin or chest.

κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.

κέεσθαι, Ion. inf. of κεῖμαι.

κέεται, Ion. 3 sing. of κεῖμαι.

κεῖα, Ep. aor. I of κείω.

κειάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of καίω.

κειάντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.

κειᾶται, κειᾶτο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κεῖμαι.

κειθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence.

κειθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

ΚΕΙΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ion. κέεται; 3 pl. κείνται, Ion. and Ep. κέαται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion.

κείονται: so 3 pl. impf. ἐκείντο Ion. ἐκέατο Ep. κείατο, κέατο; subj. κέωμαι, κέη, κήνται Ep. κῆται: opt. κείμην: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενος: —fut. κείσομαι Dor. κείσευμαι. Used as Pass. to τίθημι.

Radic. sense, *to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep.* 2. *to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also to lie still, rest; κακὸν κείμενον abated, allayed evil.* 3. *of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacere: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in ruins.* 4. *of a corpse, to lie unburied: also to lie uncared for, neglected.* II. *of places, to lie, be situated.* 2. *of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied.* III. *generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand.* IV. *to be laid up, laid in store; τὰ κείμενα deposits.* V. *to be fixed, settled, laid down; κεῖται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κεῖται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κεῖται ἀεθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed.* 2. *freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κεῖται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to be dependent on a person.*

κείμεν, Dor. for ἐκείμεν, imperf. of κεῖμαι.  
κειμήλιον, τό, (κεῖμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: *beirloom.*  
κείμεν, Ep. imperf. of κεῖμαι.  
κεῖνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκεῖνος, *that, be, she, it; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.*  
κεῖνός, ἡ, ὅν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, *empty.*  
κείνως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκείνως, *in that way.*  
Κεῖος, ὁ, (Κεῶς) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Χῖος.

κείρασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of κείρω.  
κειρία, ἡ, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swabbing-band. II. *the cord or sacking of a bedstead.*  
κειρύλος, ὁ, for κηρύλος, a kingfisher. [ῥ]  
ΚΕΙΡΩ, fut. κερῶ Ion. κερῆω Ep. κέρσω: aor. 1 ἐκείρα Ep. ἐκερσα:—Med., fut. κερουμαι:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκέρθη: aor. 2 ἐκέρην [ᾱ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to clip, cut short, esp. the hair:—Med. to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:—Pass., κεκάρθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς to have their heads shorn. 2. *to cut out, bew off.* II. *to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees.* 2. *generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.*

κεῖς, contr. for καὶ εἰς.  
κεῖσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκεῖσε, *thither.*  
κείσευμαι, Dor. fut. of κεῖμαι.  
κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κεῖμαι.  
κείσομαι, fut. of κεῖμαι.  
κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κεῖμαι, *to wish to lie down or sleep; βῆ κείων he went to lie down.*

ΚΕΙΩ, to cleave, radic. form of κείω.  
κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω.  
κεκαδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω.  
κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v.  
κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.  
κεκαδών, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.  
κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.  
κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κέκαμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμνω:—subj. κεκάμω, 3 pl. κεκάμωσι.  
κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω.  
κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω.  
κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of καίνυμαι.  
κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω.  
κεκαύχημαι, pf. of καυχάομαι.  
κεκαῖφης, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω.  
κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενύω.  
κεκεύθει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω.  
κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω.  
κεκλέαται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημαι, pf. of καλέω.  
κέκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.  
κεκλείσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, *to shut.*  
κέκλεμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.  
κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.  
κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκληγόντες, as if from κεκληγώ.  
κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.  
κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλημήν, -ῖο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκληῖσθαι: part. κεκλημένος.  
κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.  
κεκλήσται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.*  
κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω.  
κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμνω.  
κεκμηώς, gen. ὠτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμνω.  
κέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναίω.  
κέκομαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονίω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω.  
κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.  
κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.  
κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.  
κεκορηώς, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε.  
κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.  
κεκοτώς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.  
κεκράανται, κεκράαντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραίνω, κραίνω.  
κέκράγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.  
κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying.  
κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κέκλειμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.  
κέκλειτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλείω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω, *to shut.*  
κέκλεμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.  
κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.  
κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκληγόντες, as if from κεκληγώ.  
κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.  
κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλημήν, -ῖο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκληῖσθαι: part. κεκλημένος.  
κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.  
κεκλήσται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.*  
κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω.  
κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμνω.  
κεκμηώς, gen. ὠτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμνω.  
κέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναίω.  
κέκομαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονίω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω.  
κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.  
κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.  
κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.  
κεκορηώς, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε.  
κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.  
κεκοτώς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.  
κεκράανται, κεκράαντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραίνω, κραίνω.  
κέκράγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.  
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κέκλειμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.  
κέκλειτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλείω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω, *to shut.*  
κέκλεμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.  
κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.  
κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκληγόντες, as if from κεκληγώ.  
κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.  
κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλημήν, -ῖο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκληῖσθαι: part. κεκλημένος.  
κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.  
κεκλήσται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.*  
κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω.  
κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμνω.  
κεκμηώς, gen. ὠτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμνω.  
κέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναίω.  
κέκομαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονίω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω.  
κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.  
κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.  
κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.  
κεκορηώς, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε.  
κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.  
κεκοτώς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.  
κεκράανται, κεκράαντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραίνω, κραίνω.  
κέκράγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.  
κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying.  
κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κέκλειμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.  
κέκλειτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλείω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω, *to shut.*  
κέκλεμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.  
κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.  
κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκληγόντες, as if from κεκληγώ.  
κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.  
κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλημήν, -ῖο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκληῖσθαι: part. κεκλημένος.  
κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.  
κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.  
κεκλήσται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.  
κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.*  
κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.  
κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω.  
κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.  
κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμνω.  
κεκμηώς, gen. ὠτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμνω.  
κέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναίω.  
κέκομαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονίω.  
κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω.  
κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.  
κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.  
κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.  
κεκορηώς, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε.  
κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.  
κεκοτώς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.  
κεκράανται, κεκράαντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραίνω, κραίνω.  
κέκράγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.  
κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying.  
κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.



κέκραμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.  
 κερᾶξι-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, (κέκραγα, δάμαω) *he who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.*  
 κερᾶξομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κέρᾶω.  
 κέρᾶσθι, imperat. of κέρᾶγα, pf. of κέρᾶω.  
 κέρᾶγα, pf. 2 of κέρᾶω.  
 κερᾶμένος, pf. pass. part. of κέρᾶω.  
 Κερροπίδαι, ὧν, οἱ, *the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.*  
 Κερρόπιος, α, ον, (Κέρροψ) *Cecropian, i. e. Athenian; Κερροπία (γῆ), ἡ, Attica; οἱ Κερρόπιοι, the Athenians.*  
 Κερροπῖς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of Κερρόπιος.  
 κερροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.  
 Κέρροψ, οπος, ὁ, *Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens.*  
 κερρυμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.  
 κερρύφαλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's head-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.* II. *the pouch or belly of a hunting-net.* III. *part of the headstall of a bridle.*  
 κερρύφεται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.  
 κέρτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κερτῆσθαι.  
 κερύθωσι [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω.  
 κερύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κελίνδω.  
 κέρυφα, pf. of κρύπτω.  
 κελᾶδενός, ἡ, ὅν, Dor. κελᾶδενός, ἁ, ὅν, (κέλαδος) *murmuting, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.*  
 κελᾶδέω, f. ἡσώ also ἡσσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 κελᾶδησα: (κέλαδος):—*to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.* 2. *to utter a cry or sound.* II. trans. *to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke.* Hence  
 κελᾶδημα, ατος, τό, *a murmur, din, roaring.*  
 κελᾶδητής, οὔ, ὁ, fem. —ῆτις, ἴδος, (κελαδέω) *loud-sounding, vocal, harmonious.*  
 ΚΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting: rarely of the sound of music.* Hence  
 κελᾶδω, = κελᾶδέω, *to murmur, roar, esp. of water.*  
 κελαιν-εγχής, ἐς, (κελαινός, ἐγχος) *with dark, bloody spear.*  
 κελαι-νεφής, ἐς, (κελαινός, νέφος) *black with clouds: cloud-wrapt.* 2. *cloud-black, livid.*  
 κελαινό-βρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) *gnawed black.*  
 κελαινός, ἡ, ὅν, cognate form of μέλας, *black, swart: dark, gloomy: murky.*  
 κελαινο-φᾶής, ἐς, (κελαινός, φᾶος) *dark-bining, murky.*  
 κελαινό-φρων, ον, (κελαινός, φρήν) *black-bearded.*  
 κελαινο-χρῶς, ὡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κελαινός, χρῶς) *black-coloured.*  
 κελαινώω, (κελαινός) *to make black:—Pass. to become black.*  
 κελαιν-ώπης, ον, Dor. —ώπας, ὁ, fem. —ώπης, ἴδος: (κελαινός, ὡψ):—*black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.*  
 κελαιν-ώψ, ὡπος, ὁ, ἡ, = κελαινώπης.  
 κελάρύζω Dor. —σδω, = κελᾶδέω, *to babble, murmur.*  
 κελάρυσθεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελάρύζω.

κέλαει, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.  
 κελίβη, ἡ, *a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.*  
 κελέοντες, αν, οἱ, (καλον, κῆλον) *the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched.*  
 κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.  
 κελευθήτης, ον, ὁ, (κέλευθος) *a wayfarer.*  
 κελευθο-ποιός, ὅν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) *road-making.*  
 κελευθο-πόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πόρος) *a wayfarer.*  
 κέλευθος, ἡ, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—*a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καὶ ἡμέρας the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day.* II. *a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.* III. *a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing.*  
 κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) *an order, command: the word of command in war: the call of the κελευστής, which gave the time to the rowers.*  
 κελευσμός, ὁ, (κελεύω) *an order, command.*  
 κελευσμοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for κελευσμός.  
 κελευστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κελεύω) *a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.*  
 κελευστός, ἡ, ὅν, (κελεύω) *ordered, commanded.*  
 κελευτιάω, Frequentat. of κελεύω, *to be continually bidding or urging on.*  
 κελεῦω, f. σω: Ep. aor. 1 κέλευσα: (κέλλω):—*to urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently:—of the κελευστής, to give time to the rowers by his call.* II. c. dat. pers. *to call to, order.*  
 κελέων, ὁ, obsol. sing. of κελέοντες.  
 κέλῃς, ητος, ὁ, (κέλλω) *a courser, race-horse, driven or ridden singly.* II. *a fast-sailing vessel, with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.*  
 κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.  
 κελητίζω, f. ἴσω, (κέλης) *to ride a race-horse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.*  
 κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλῃς.  
 ΚΕΛΛΩ, f. κέλσω: aor. 1 ἐκέλσα: I. trans. *of seamen, to drive on, push ashore; νῆα κέλσαι to run a ship ashore.* II. intr. *of ships, to run ashore, put into harbour:—generally, to reach a haven.*  
 κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and ἐκεκλόμην, 3 sing. κέκελετο, ἐκέκελετο, part. κεκλόμενος: (κέλλω):—*poet. for κελεύω, to urge on, exhort, cheer on, command.* II. also like καλέω, *to call, call to: to call by name.*  
 κέλσαι, aor. 1 inf. of κέλλω.  
 Κελτοί, οἱ, *the Kelts or Celts; later Κέλται.* Hence  
 Κελτιστί, Adv. *in Keltic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.*  
 κελύφος, εος, τό, *a husk, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικασταί, ἀντωμοσιῶν κελύφη mere affidavit-busks. (Deriv. uncertain.)*  
 ΚΕΛΩΡ, αρος, ὁ, *a son*  
 κεμάς and κεμμάς, ἁδος, ἡ, *a young deer.*

κέν, before a vowel for κε.

κεν-αγγής, ές, (κενός, ἄγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, hungry.

κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From

κέν-ανδρος, ον, (κενός, ἀνήρ) empty of men, dispeopled.

κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κενεός, αὐχή) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβριος, ον, dead: in pl., κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβατέω, f. ήσω, (κενός, ἐμβάτης) to step into a hole, stumble.

κενεός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

κενεό-φρων, ον, (κενεός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενεών, ώνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.

κεν-οδοντίς, ίδος, fem. of κενόδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vain-glory, vanity. From

κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κεν-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, ὀδούς) toothless.

**KENO'S** Ion. κεινός, ή, όν; Ep. κενεός:—empty: empty-banded. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενεά

as Adv. in vain. III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young. IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -ότατος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφείω, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.

κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενό-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενοφωνία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, prating.

κενόω Ion. κεινόω: f. ώσω, aor. I ἐκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκενώθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II. to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from \*κέντω.

II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κέντᾱσε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κενταύρειος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ον, ό, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κῶς.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, ές, (Κένταυρος, πλήθος) full of Centaurs.

Κέν-ταυρος, ό, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage

horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thesaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae.

II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.

**KENTE'Ω**, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from \*κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for ἐκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ἦνθον.

κεντόω, false form for κεντρούω.

κεντρο-ηνεκής, ές, (κέντρον, \*ἐνέγκω) goaded on.

κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μᾶνής, ές, (κέντρον, μανῆναι) spurring to madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρὸς κέντρα

λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπής, ές, (κέντρον, τυπῆναι) struck by a spur.

κεντρούω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρων, ώνος, ό, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντυρίων, ώνος, ό, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, ορος, ό, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενῶς, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κείμαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Κέος, ή, Ion. for Κέως.

ΚΕ'ΠΦΟΣ, ό, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράασθε, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κεράω.

κεράεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of κέρας.

κεράα, ή, (κέρας) a born. II. anything like a born, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a born or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.' 4. anything made of born, e. g. a bow.

κεράϊζω, f. ίσω, later ίζω: aor. I ἐκεράϊσα: (κέρας):—to lay waste, ravage. II. of persons, to kill, slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράϊς, ίδος, ή, (κέρας) a worm that eats born.

κεράϊστής, οὔ, ό, (κεραίζω) a ravager, robber.

κεραίω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix: ζαρότερον κέραις mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικος, ή, όν, (κέραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικος, ό, (κεραμεύς) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κέραμος) of clay, earthen.

κεράμεύς, έως, ό, (κέραμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεύς κεραμεῖ κοτέει potter envies potter.

κεράμεύω, f. σω, (κέραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state.

κεράμήϊος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος.

κεράμηϊς, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμινος, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ή, όν, = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κέραμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.



κεραμῖς, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [ἴ], ἡ, (κέραμος) a tile: also a tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery. III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τῷ κεράμῳ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur. IV. χαλκέῳ ἐν κεράμῳ seems to be in a brassen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ύω: fut. κέρᾱσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐκέρᾱσα Ep. κέρᾱσσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κέρᾱσσατο:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρᾱσθην and ἐκράσθην [ᾱ]: pf. κεκέρᾱσαι and κέκρᾱμαι: (κεράω):—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητῆρα κέρᾱσασθαι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον ἴσῳ κεκραμένη a cup mixed half and half. 2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. attemperare.

κεράω, ὁ, (κέρας, ξέω) polishing born, working in born; esp. for bows.

κεράδος, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρας) borned. II. made of born.

κερα-ούχος, ὄν, (έχω) = κερ-ούχος.

κέρας, τό; gen. κέρᾱτος Ep. κέρᾱος Att. contr. κέρᾱς; dat. κέρᾱτι, κέρᾱϊ, κέρᾱ:—dual κέρᾱε, κέρᾱ, gen. and dat. κέρᾱοιν, κέρᾱν: plur. κέρᾱα, κέρᾱ; gen. κέρᾱων, κέρᾱν; dat. κέρᾱσι Ep. κέρᾱσι and κέρᾱεσι:—Ion. declension κέρᾱς, κέρᾱος, κέρᾱϊ: (akin to κᾱρα):—the horn of an animal: hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of born; esp. a bow: later, a horn for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a born. III. a horn or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape. V. the wing of an army or fleet; ἐπὶ κέρᾱς Att. ἐπὶ κέρᾱς, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast. VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, born.

κέρᾱσσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κερᾱννυμι.

κεραστής, οὗ, ὁ, (κέρας) borned.

κεραστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered.

κερασ-φόρος, ὄν, (κέρας, φέρω) born-bearing.

κερατία or -ία, ἡ, (κέρας) the locust-tree: its fruit was κερᾱτίον.

κεράτινος, ἡ, ὄν, (κέρας) of born, made of born.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρᾱς, a little born. II. the fruit of the κερατία or locust-tree.

κερ-αύλης, ὄν, ὁ, (κέρας, αὐλέω) a born-blower.

κεραύνειος, ὄν, (κεραυνός) thundering.

κεραύνιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (κεραυνός) of a thunderbolt. II. thunder-stricken.

κεραυνοβολέω, f. ἤσω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ὄν, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) hurling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ὄν, ὁ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) the lightning and thunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ὄν, ὁ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. fulmen: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. tonitru, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. fulgur: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φᾱής, ἑς, (κεραυνός, φᾱός) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνόω, f. ὤσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΨΩ, Ep. Radic. form of κερᾱννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανῶ Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδᾱνα Ion. ἐκέρδᾱνα: fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρδησα: (κέρδος):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited. 2. hence to traffic, make merchandise. II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ὄν, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: sbrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέο-φρων, ὄν, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded.

κερδάνης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιστος, ἡ, ὄν, Sup. of κερδᾱν (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty. II. most profitable.

κερδίων, ὄν, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΔΟΣ, εος, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ἡ, (κέρδος) cunning, craft, sbrewdness: dat. κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, sbrewdly.

κερδῶ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, (κέρδος) the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδῶος, α, ὄν, (κέρδος) bringing gain.

κέρᾱ, Ion. for κέρᾱα, κέρᾱτα, pl. of κέρᾱς.

κερέω, Ion. for κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίζω, f. ἴσω, to close the web with the κερκίς. From κερκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum. 2. a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἡ, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda.

κέρκουρος or κερκούρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἡ, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Κερκυραϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κείρω) a slice: in plur. small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to mince up. II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

κερματιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a money-changer.  
 κερο-βάτης [ἄ], οὐ, ὁ, (κέρας, βαίνω) born-footed, born-boofed, epith. of Pan.  
 κερο-βόας, οὐ, ἡ, (κέρας, βοάω) sounding with horn, of a flute tipped with horn.  
 κερό-δετος, οὐ, (κέρας, δέω) bound with horn.  
 κέρους, ὅσσα contr. οὐσσα, ὅθεν, (κέρας) borned.  
 κερ-οίαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (κέρας, οίαξ) a rope belonging to the sailyards; cf. κέρας vi.  
 κερο-τύπew, f. ἤσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the horn; generally, to dash or knock about.  
 κερ-ουλκός, ἡ, ὅν, (κέρας, ἔλκω) drawing a bow of horn. 2. of the bow, drawn by the horns.  
 κερουντιάω, (κέρας) to toss the horns or head.  
 κερ-ουχίς, ἴδος, fem. of sq.  
 κερ-οῦχος, οὐ, (κέρας, ἔχω) having horns, horned.  
 κερο-φόρος, οὐ, (κέρας, φέρω) horned.  
 κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κείρω.  
 κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κείρω.  
 κερτομέω, f. ἤσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol. to sneer, scoff. Hence  
 κερτόμησις, εως, ἡ, jeering, mockery.  
 κερτόμια, ἡ, = κερτόμησις.  
 κερ-τόμιος and κέρ-τομος, οὐ, (κέρας, τέμνω) heart-cutting, stinging; κερτόμια ἔπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words. II. mocking, delusive.  
 κέρχνη, ἡ, (κέρχων) a kind of hawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel.  
 κερχνηίς, ἡ, ἴδος, and κερχνηῖς, ἡ, collat. forms of κέρχνη.  
 ΚΕΡΧΝΩ, to make rough or hoarse. II. intr. and in Pass. to be hoarse, of the voice.  
 κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.  
 κερῶν, part. of κερῶννυμι.  
 κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερῶν.  
 κέρς, v. sub κέρς.  
 κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.  
 κεστός, ἡ, ὅν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστός ἱμάς of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst. κεστός, ὁ, a girdle, Lat. cestus.  
 κέστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) a pickaxe, poleaxe. II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.  
 κευθάνω, poet. for κεύθω.  
 κεύθμα, ατος, τό, and κευθμός, ὁ, = κευθμών.  
 κευθμών, ὦνος, ὁ, (κεύθω) any secret place, hole, biding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the nether world, the abyss. 3. = ἄδυτον, the inmost place, sanctuary.  
 κεύθοισα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω.  
 κεύθος, εως, τό, (κεύθω) = κευθμών: in pl., κεύθεα γαίης the depths of the earth.  
 ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 ἐκῦθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Ep. κε-κεύθειν:—to cover up, bide, conceal, shroud:—Pass. to lie hidden. 2. to keep hidden or secret, conceal, disguise: with dupl. acc., κεύθειν τινά τι to keep a thing concealed from one. 3. the pf. κέκευθα is used as pres., I keep concealed; and plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν

as impf., I concealed, contained.

II. intrans. to

be concealed, lie hidden.

κεφαλῆ, Dor. dat. of κεφαλή.

κεφάλαιος, α, ον, (κεφαλή) of or belonging to the head: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal, chief.

II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλή, the head, as κεφάλαιον ραφανίδος the head of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-sum.

2. a summary, the sum of the matter; ἐν κεφαλαίῳ or ἐν κεφαλαίοις εἰπεῖν to speak summarily.

3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence

κεφαλαιόω, f. ὠσω, to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily. II. to smite on the head, slay.

κεφαλαι-ώδης, ες, (κεφαλή, εἶδος) principal, capital.

κεφαλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαιόω) the sum total.

κεφαλ-αλγής, ἐς, (κεφαλή, ἄλγος) causing pains in the head. Hence

κεφαλαλγία, ἡ, head-ache.

ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, the head, Lat. caput; ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλὴν head foremost.

2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person, just as Lat. caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλῇ, Lat. carum caput; in bad sense, ὦ κακαὶ κεφαλαί.

3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use head; παρθέμενοι κεφαλὰς setting their heads on the cast; εἰς κεφαλὴν τρέποιτ' ἐμοί on my head be it!

II. the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall: in pl. the head or source of a river.

III. κεφαλὴ περίθετος a wig or head-dress.

IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion.

κεφαλῆφι, κεφαλῆφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλή.

κεφαλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλή, a little head or bulb.

II. a head, chapter, division.

Κεφαλλήν, ἡνός, ὁ, a Cephallenian:—hence

Κεφαλληνία, ἡ, Cephallenia, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia.

κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.

κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κε-χανδύτα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει.

κεχαγαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω.

κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.

κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω.

κεχάρησομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαίρω.

κεχάρητο, κεχάρηντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρηώς, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.

κεχαρισμένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένως, charmingly, gracefully.

κεχάριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.

κεχαρίτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαριτύω. Adv. κεχαριτωμένως, agreeably, welcome.

κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάροιαιτο, Ep. for κεχάροιντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.

κεχάρωντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαίρω.



κέχηνα, pf. of χαίνω or χάσκω, *to gape*. Hence Κεχηναῖοι, *ων, οί, Gapers*, comic for Ἀθηναῖοι.  
κεχλάδως, pf. part. of χλάζω: there is also an acc. pl. κεχλάδοντας, as if from κεχλάδω, like κεκλήγοντας from κεκληγώς.

κεχλίαγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω.  
κεχλιδώς, pf. part. of χλίω.  
κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολύω.  
κεχολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολύω.  
κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of χρηματίζω.  
κεχρημένος, pf. part. of χράσμαι.  
κέχυμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.  
κέχυτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of χέω.

κεχωρίδεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω.  
κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.  
κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.  
κέωμαι, subj. of κείμαι.  
Κέως Ion. Κέος, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago.  
κη, Ion. for πη (interrog.): but κη enclit. for πη.  
κηαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καίω: but κήαι, 3 sing. opt.  
κηάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of καίω.  
κηγώ or κηγών, Dor. for κάγώ, i. e. καὶ ἐγώ.  
κηδεία, ἡ, (κηδος) *care for the dead: obsequies*. II. *affinity, connexion by marriage*.  
κηδεῖος, *ον, (κηδος) cared for, dear, beloved*. 2. *careful for*. II. *of or for a funeral, sepulchral*.  
κηδεμονεύς, *έως, ό, (κηδέω) = κηδεμών*.  
κηδεμών, *όνος, ό, (κηδέω) one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian*. II. *a relation by marriage*, Lat. *affinis*.

κηδεός, *ον, = κηδεῖος*.  
κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κηδω.  
κηδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κηδω.  
κηδεστής, *ου, ό, (κηδος) a connexion by marriage*, Lat. *affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-in-law*. Hence

κηδεστία, ἡ, *connexion by marriage, affinity*.  
κηδευμα, *ατος, τό, (κηδεύω) alliance by marriage, affinity*. 2. *one who is so connected, a connexion*, Lat. *affinis*.  
κηδεύω, *ί, σω, (κηδος) to take charge of, care for, tend*. 2. *to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one*. II. *to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied*. 2. *to make a person one's kinsman by marriage*.

κηδήσω, fut. of κηδω (as if from κηδέω).  
κηδιστος, *η, ον, Sup. formed from κηδος, like κέρδιστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most beloved*. II. *most nearly allied by marriage*.  
κηδος Dor. *κάδος, εος, τό, (κηδω) care, concern, regard for another*. 2. *trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral*. 3. *an object of care, a care*. II. *connexion by marriage*, Lat. *affinitas*.  
κηδόσυνος, *ον, (κηδος) anxious*.

ΚΗΨΩ, *ί, κηδήσω, to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress*. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. κεκαδήσομαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—*to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, η, ον, distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for: οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησόμεθα*.

κηδωκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε.  
κήεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of καίω.  
κηθάριον, *τό, a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κήκ, Dor. for κάκ, by crasis for καὶ ἐκ.  
ΚΗΚΙ΄Σ, *ίδος, ἡ, matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink*. Hence  
κηκίω, Ep. impf. κήκιον:—*to gush or ooze forth*: also in Med., *αἷμας κηκιομένα ἐλκείων* clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [Ἰ Ep., Ἰ Att.]

κήλεος or κήλειος, *ον, (καίω) burning, blazing*.  
ΚΗΛΕ΄Ω, *ί, ήσω, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wheedle, beguile, seduce*.

ΚΗ΄ΛΗ, ἡ, *a rupture, Lat. bernia*.  
κηληθμός, *ό, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination*.  
κήλημα, *ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell*.  
κήλησις, *εως, ἡ, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming*.  
κηλητήριος, *ον, (κηλέω) charming: appeasing*.  
κηλιδών, *ί, ώσω, (κηλίσ) to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, dishonour, disgrace*.

ΚΗΛΙ΄Σ, *ίδος, ἡ, a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace*.  
ΚΗ΄ΛΟΝ, *τό, the shaft of an arrow: an arrow*.  
κήλων, *ατος, ό, (κήλον) a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well*.

κηλώνειον Ion. *-ήϊον, τό, = κήλων*.  
κήμαυτόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμαυτόν.  
κήμέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.  
ΚΗΜΟ΄Σ, *ό, a muzzle or halter, put on a led horse*. 2. *the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (κάδος) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψηφοί) were dropped in the urn*.

κημόω, *ί, ώσω, (κημός) to muzzle a horse*.  
κήν, Dor. for κάν, i. e. καὶ ἐν: but κήν for καὶ ἄν.  
κήνθε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦνθε (i. e. καὶ ἦλθε).  
κήνος, Aeol. for κείνος, ἐκείνος.  
κήνσος, *ό, the Lat. census, an assessment: tribute*.  
ΚΗ΄Ξ, *κηκός, ἡ, a sea-gull, sea-mew*.

κήομεν, Ep. for κήωμεν, 1 pl. aor. I subj. of καίω.  
κήπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.  
κήπέι, κήπειτα, Dor. for κάπέι, κάπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐπ-.  
κήπευμα, *ατος, τό, (κηπέω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-herb or flower*.

κηπεύς, *έως, ό, (κηπος) a gardener*.  
κηπεύω, *ί, σω, (κηπος) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster*.  
κήπί, Dor. for κάπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.  
κηπίον, *τό, Dim. of κηπος, a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament*.

κηπο-λόγος, *ον, (κηπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden*.  
ΚΗΨΟΣ Dor. *κάπος, ό, a garden, an orchard or plantation: also the enclosure for the Olympic games: οἱ Ἀδάνιδος κήποι, cresses and other plants grown*

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, ὁ, (κῆπος, οὖρος) a gardener.

ΚΗΨ, ἡ, gen. Κῆρος, acc. Κῆρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself. II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace.

ΚΗΨ, τό, gen. κῆρος, acc. κῆρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κῆρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (κῆρ, ἡ) to harm, hurt, destroy.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (κῆρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted.

Κηρεσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κῆρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kῆres or fates.

κήρινος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ον, ὁ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of honeycombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρός) a honeycomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρεφής, ἐς, (κῆρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος.

κηρό-δετος, ον, (κηρός, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἥσω, (κηρός, δέμω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κῆρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κῆρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-παγής, ἐς, (κηρός, παγῆναι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ον, ὁ, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρό-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηρόδετος.

ΚΗΡΟ΄Σ, ὁ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax.

κηροχυτέω, f. ἥσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χυτος, ον, (κηρός, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κηρύγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by herald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρύκαινα, ἡ, fem. of κῆρυξ, a female herald.

κηρυκεία Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (κῆρυξ) the office of herald.

κηρύκειον Ion. -ῆϊον, τό, a herald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [ῥ] Properly neut. from

κηρύκειος, α, ον, (κῆρυξ) of or for a herald. [ῥ]

κηρύκεσι, Ep. for κῆρυξι, dat. pl. of κῆρυξ.

κηρύκευμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a herald's proclamation, public notice. [ῥ]

κηρύκεύω, f. σω, (κῆρυξ) to be a herald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρύκητι, -κήϊον, Ion. for -εία, -ειον.

κηρύλος Att. κειρύλος, ὁ, a sea-bird, the balcyon. [ῥ]

κῆρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (κηρύσσω) a herald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκήπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. κεκήρυχα:—Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass. sense: pf. κεκήρυγμα:—to be or act as herald: to make proclamation as a herald, summon, convene as herald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κῆρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II. to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρώ) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κηρώ) waxed:—hence, as Subst., κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κῆς, Dor. for καὶ εἰς.

κῆται, Ep. for κέται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κήτειος, α, ον, (κῆτος) of sea-monsters.

ΚΗΤΟΣ, εος, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κῆτος, \*φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon, κοίλη Λακεδαιμών κητώεσσα, either (from κῆτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κῆτος as if = καΐαδας, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κῆ, by crasis for καὶ εἰ.

κῆϋξ, ὅκος [ῥ], ὁ, (κῆξ) a sea-gull.

κῆφᾱ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἔφη.

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφήνες, οἱ, Cephenes, old name of the Persians.

κῆφθᾱ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἤφθη.

Κηφισός, ὁ, the Cephissus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισίς. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, ες, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κιάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [ᾱ]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κίβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κίβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty.

κίβδηλος, ον, (κίβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙ΄ΒΑΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβις, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κίβωτάριον and κίβωτιον, τό, Dim. of κίβωτος.

ΚΙ΄ΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffer.

κιγκλίζω, f. ἴσω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΓΚΑΙ΄Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

ΚΙΓΚΛΟΣ, ὁ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιγχανώ [ᾱ], Att. for κιχάνω [ᾱ].



κιδνάμαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread.  
**ΚΙΘΑΡΑ** Ion. -η, also κίθαρις, ιος, ἡ, Lat. *cithara*, a lyre, barp or lute, like the φόρμιγξ or λείρα.

κίθαρ-αοιδός contr. -φδός, ὁ, (κίθαρα, αοιδός) one who plays and sings to the lyre or barp, a barper:—  
 Sup. κίθαραοιδότατος. [ᾶ]

κίθαρίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (κίθαρις) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the φόρμιγξ and λείρα, so that the κίθαρα, λύρα, and φόρμιγξ must have been nearly the same.

κίθαρις, ιος, ἡ, acc. κίθαριν, = κίθαρα: also music, barping, playing.

κίθαριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κίθαρίζω) a player on the lyre or barp, a barper. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of κίθαριστής.

κίθαριστύς, ὅς, ἡ, (κίθαρίζω) a playing the lyre or barp, the art of playing it.

κίθαρωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for barp-playing. From κίθαρ-φδός, ὁ, contr. for κίθαραοιδός.

κίθων, ὦνος, ὁ, Ion. for χιτών.

κίκεϊν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἐκικον; see κίκω.

κίκι, τό, = κροτών. II. the berry of the κροτών, castor-berry.

**ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ**, ὁ, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. *cincinnus*.

κικκάβαυ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, tooowbit, tooowboo.

**ΚΙΚΚΟΣ**, ὁ, the husk, shell of fruit, Lat. *ciccus*.

κικλήσκω, poet. redupl. form of καλέω, to call, summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.

κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμι, κιννάω.

**ΚΙΚΤΣ**, ἡ, strength, vigour.

\***ΚΙΚΩ**, a verb only found in aor. 2 ἐκίκον, inf. ἐκικέειν, and Dor. aor. 1 ἐκίξα, med. ἐκίξάμην:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικάειν.)

Κιλίκιος, α, ον, Cilician. From

Κίλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, a Cilician. [ῖ] Hence

Κίλισσα, ης, ἡ, a Cilician woman. 2. as Adj., fem. of Κιλίκιος.

κιλλί-βας, αντος, ὁ, a trestle, stand or support for anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλος, ass, βαίνω: so Germ. *esel*, our *easel* and *horse*.) [ῖ]

**ΚΙΛΛΟΣ**, ὁ, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμμέριοι, οί, the Cimmerians, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the Palus Maeotis.

Κιμωλία (γη), ἡ, Cimolian earth, a kind of white clay, like fuller's earth, from Cimolus in the Cyclades.

**ΚΙΝΑΒΡΑ**, ἡ, the rank smell of a goat. Hence κίναβρᾶω, to smell like a goat.

κίναδος, εος, τό: vocat. κίναδε, as if it were masc.:—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κινάθισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling. (From κινάθίζω, = κινέω.) [νᾶ]

κιν-ᾄχюра, ἡ, (κινέω, ᾄχюра) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.

κινδύνεσμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδυνεύειν, verb. Adj. one must venture; and κινδυνεύτης, οὔ, ὁ, an adventurous person:—from κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, bazard. 2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ.

κινδύνεσμα to venture the risk. II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὗτοι γόητες εἶναι they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύει as impers. it seems to be, is likely:—Pass. to be bazarred, exposed to danger. From

**ΚΙΝΑΤΝΟΣ**, ὁ, a danger, risk, bazard, venture, Lat. *periculum*: an experiment, trial; κινδυνον ποιεῖν, Lat. *periculum facere*, to make an experiment.

κινεῖν, Dor. for κινεῖν, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω. κινέω, f. ἤσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set a-going, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence, to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2. to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger, provoke. 4. κινεῖν πᾶν χρεῖμα to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut.

med. κινήσομαι and pass. κινήθησομαι, aor. 1 ἐκινήθην: to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of κινέω.

κίνηθμός, ὁ, = κίνησις, motion.

κίνησις, εως, ἡ, (κινέω) a moving or being moved: motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance. [κῖ]

κινήτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, = κινήτης. Hence

κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.

κινήτης, οὔ, ὁ, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κίνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κινύγμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or hovering body, a phantom. [ῖ]

κινῦμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κινύμι), = κινέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [ῖ]

κινυντο, Ep. for ἐκινυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κινύμαι.

κινύρομαι [ῦ], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινὸν κινύρονται φόνον the bridles ring or clasp murderously. From

κινῦρός, ᾶ, ὄν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from the sound.)

κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion:—Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, οὐς, ἡ, Dor. for κίνησις.

κίον-κράνον, τό, = κιονόκρανον.

κίομεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for ἐκίον, impf. of κίω.

κίονό-κράνον, τό, (κίον, κράνιον) the capital of a column.

κίοσι, dat. pl. of κίον, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ἡ, Circe, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. *Odyss. lib. 10, Hor. Epist. 1. 2, 23.*

**ΚΙΡΚ-ΗΛΑΤΟΣ**, *ον*, (κίρκος, ἐλαύνω) chased by a hawk.  
**ΚΙΡΚΟΣ**, *ὁ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κίρκος. Hence

**ΚΙΡΚΩ**, *ῥ*, ὥσω, to boor in, secure by rings.  
**ΚΙΡΝΑΩ** and **-ΗΜΙ**, poet. forms of **ΚΕΡΑΝΝΥΜΙ**, to mix wine with water:—from **ΚΙΡΝΑΩ** comes 3 sing. pres. **ΚΙΡΝᾷ**, 3 sing. impf. **ἐκίρνα**: from **ΚΙΡΝΗΜΙ**, *Ἐρ.* 3 sing. impf. **κίρνη**, part. **κίρνᾱς**.

**ΚΙΨ**, *ὁ*, gen. **κίως**, acc. **κίν**, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, Lat. *curculio*.

**ΚΙΣΗΡΙΣ**, *ἑως*, *ἡ*, (κίς) the pumice-stone, Lat. *pumex*.

**ΚΙΣΣΑ** Att. **κίττα**, *ἡ*, a chattering bird, the jay. II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

**ΚΙΣΣΑΒΙΖΩ** Att. **κίτταβίζω**, *ῥ*, ὥσω, to scream like a jay.

**ΚΙΣΣΑΩ** Att. **κίτταω**, *ῥ*, ὥσω, (κίσσα II) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

**ΚΙΣΣΗΡΗΣ**, *ἑς*, (κισσός) ivy-clad.

**ΚΙΣΣΗΡΙΣ**, *ἑως*, *ἡ*, = **ΚΙΣΗΡΙΣ**, *ῥ*, *ῥ*.

**ΚΙΣΣΙΝΟΣ**, *ῥ*, *ον*, (κισσός) of ivy.

**ΚΙΣΣΟ-ΔΕΤΗΣ**, *ον*, *ὁ*, Dor. **-δέτας**, (κισσός, δέω) bound or crowned with ivy.

**ΚΙΣΣΟ-ΚΟΜΗΣ**, *ον*, *ὁ*, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

**ΚΙΣΣΟΨ** Att. **κίττος**, *ὁ*, ivy, Lat. *bedera*.

**ΚΙΣΣΟ-ΣΤΕΦΑΝΟΣ**, *ον*, and **ΚΙΣΣΟ-ΣΤΕΦΗΣ**, *ἑς*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed.

**ΚΙΣΣΟΦΟΡΕΩ** Att. **κίττ-**, to be decked with ivy. From **ΚΙΣΣΟ-ΦΟΡΟΣ**, *ον*, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

**ΚΙΣΣΩ** Att. **κίττ-**, *ῥ*, ὥσω, (κισσός) to deck with ivy.

**ΚΙΣΣΥΒΙΟΝ** [ῥ], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

**ΚΙΣΣΩΤΟΣ**, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (κισσώ) decked with ivy.

**ΚΙΨΤΗ**, *ἡ*, a box, chest, Lat. *cista*.

**ΚΙΣΤΙΣ**, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, Dim. of **κίστη**, a little chest.

**ΚΙΤΡΕΪΑ** or **ΚΙΤΡΙΑ**, *ἡ*, the citron-tree.

**ΚΙΤΡΙΝΟΣ**, *ῥ*, *ον*, (κίτρον) of citron.

**ΚΙΤΡΟΝ**, τό, the fruit of the **ΚΙΤΡΙΑ**, citron.

**ΚΙΤΤΑ**, **ΚΙΤΤΑΒΙΖΩ**, **ΚΙΤΤΑΩ**, Att. for **ΚΙΣΣ-**.

**ΚΙΤΤΟΣ**, *ὁ*, Att. for **ΚΙΣΣ-**.

**ΚΙΧΑΝΩ** [ᾱ], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. **ΚΙΧΑΝΕΙΝ**, and Med. **ΚΙΧΑΝΟΜΑΙ**: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from **ΚΙΧΗΜΙ**:—*Ἐρ.* subj. **ΚΙΧΕΙΩ**, opt. **ΚΙΧΕΙΝ**, inf. **ΚΙΧΗΝΑΙ** *Ἐρ.* **ΚΙΧΗΜΕΝΑΙ**, part. **ΚΙΧΕΙΣ** and Med. **ΚΙΧΗΜΕΝΟΣ**: so impf. **ἐκίχην**, 2 sing. **ἐκίχεις** (as if from **ΚΙΧΕΩ**); 1 pl. **κίχημεν**, 3 dual **κίχητην**: fut. **ΚΙΧΗΣΟΜΑΙ**: aor. 2 **ἐκίχον** *Ἐρ.* **κίχον**, part. **ΚΙΧΩΝ**: aor. 1 med. **ἐκίχησάμην**: Att. **ΚΙΓΧΑΝΩ** [ᾱ], *ῥ*, *ῥ*, v.:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

**ΚΙΧΕΙΝ**, opt. of **ΚΙΧΑΝΩ**.

**ΚΙΧΕΙΣ**, pres. part. of **ΚΙΧΗΜΙ**, = **ΚΙΧΑΝΩ**.

**ΚΙΧΕΙΟΜΕΝ**, *Ἐρ.* for **ΚΙΧΩΜΕΝ**, *Ἐρ.* 1 pl. subj. of **ΚΙΧΗΜΙ**.

**ΚΙΧΗΛΑ**, *ἡ*, Dor. for **ΚΙΧΛΗ**.

**ΚΙΧΗΜΕΝΑΙ**, **ΚΙΧΗΜΕΝΟΣ**, *ῥ*, sub **ΚΙΧΑΝΩ**.

\***ΚΙΧΗΜΙ**, *ῥ*, sub **ΚΙΧΑΝΩ**.

**ΚΙΧΗΣΟΜΑΙ**, fut. of **ΚΙΧΑΝΩ**.

**ΚΙΧΟΝ**, aor. 2 of **ΚΙΧΑΝΩ**.

**ΚΙΧΛΗ**, *ἡ*, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. *turdus*.

**ΚΙΧΛΙΖΩ**, *ῥ*, ὥσω Att. **κίω**, to titter, giggle, formed like **ΚΑΓΧΛΑΖΩ** from the sound. II. (**κίχλη**) to eat

**κίχλαι**, to live daintily.

**ΚΙΧΛΙΣΔΟΝΤΙ**, Dor. for **ΚΙΧΛΙΖΟΥΣΙ**, 3 pl. of **ΚΙΧΛΙΖΩ**.

**ΚΙΧΛΙΣΜΟΣ**, *ὁ*, (**ΚΙΧΛΙΖΩ**) a tittering, giggling. II. (**κίχλη**) dainty living.

**ΚΙΧΡΗΜΙ**, fut. **κρήσω**: aor. 1 **ἐχρησα**: (see **ΧΡΑΩ** c. II):—to lend. II. Med. **κίχραμαι**, fut. **κρήσομαι**:

aor. 1 **ἐχρησάμην**:—to have lent to one, to borrow.

\***ΚΙΨ**, to go, pres. not used in indicat.; subj. **κίω**, *Ἐρ.* 1 pl. **κίομεν**; opt. **κίοιμι**, part. **κίων**, **κιοῦσα**: impf. **ἐκίον** *Ἐρ.* **κίον**:—to go: of ships, to sail.

**ΚΙΨΝ**, *ονος*, *ὁ* and *ἡ*, a pillar, column. II. =

**στήλη**, a gravestone, Lat. *cippus*. [ῥ]

**ΚΛΑΓΓΑΝΩ**, collat. form of **ΚΛΑΖΩ**, of hounds, to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

**ΚΛΑΓΓΕΥΝΤΙ**, Dor. for **ΚΛΑΓΓΟΥΣΙ**, 3 pl. of

**ΚΛΑΓΓΕΩ**, = **ΚΛΑΖΩ**, of hounds, to give tongue.

**ΚΛΑΓΓΗ**, *ἡ*, (**ΚΛΑΖΩ**) any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine. Hence

**ΚΛΑΓΓΗΔΟΝ**, Adv. with a clang, noise, din.

**ΚΛΑΓΓΕΡΟΣ**, *ἄ*, *ὄν*, (**ΚΛΑΖΩ**) screaming, screeching.

**ΚΛΑΓΓΑΣ**, aor. 1 part. of **ΚΛΑΖΩ**.

**ΚΛΑΔΑΡΟΣ**, *ἄ*, *ὄν*, (**ΚΛΑΩ**) broken, fragile, brittle.

**ΚΛΑΔΑΣ**, irreg. acc. pl. of **ΚΛΑΔΟΣ**.

**ΚΛΑΔΑΣ**, Dor. for **ΚΛΕΙΔΑΣ**, acc. pl. of **ΚΛΕΙΣ**.

**ΚΛΑΔΙ**, Dor. for **ΚΛΕΙΔΙ**, dat. of **ΚΛΕΙΣ**.

**ΚΛΑΔΙΟΝ**, τό, Dim. of **ΚΛΑΔΟΣ**.

**ΚΛΑΔΙΣΚΟΣ**, *ὁ*, Dim. of **ΚΛΑΔΟΣ**.

**ΚΛΑΔΟΣ**, *ον*, *ὁ*, (**ΚΛΑΩ**) a young slip or shoot of a tree: a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

**ΚΛΑΪΪΩ**, *ῥ*, **ΚΛΑΓΓΩ**: aor. 1 **ἐκλαγα**: *Ἐρ.* aor. 2 **ἐκλαγον**, inf. **ΚΛΑΓΕΙΝ**: pf. with pres. sense **κέκλαγα** and **κέκληγα**, part. **κεκλήγως**, **ῥτος**, also **κεκλήγων**, **οντος** (as if from a new pres. **κεκλήγω**):—Pass., paullo-p. fut. **κεκλάγομαι**:—to make a sharp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clasp, clang, rattle; of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, balloo, shriek forth, cry out.

**ΚΛΑΙΕΣΚΟΝ**, Ion. impf. of **ΚΛΑΙΩ**.

**ΚΛΑΪΣ**, gen. **ΚΛΑΪΔΟΣ**, *ἡ*, Dor. for **ΚΛΗΪΣ**, **ΚΛΕΙΣ**, Lat. *clavis*.

**ΚΛΑΪΣΤΡΟΝ**, Dor. for **ΚΛΕΙΣΤΡΟΝ**, **ΚΛΕΪΘΡΟΝ**.

**ΚΛΑΪΪΩ** Att. **κλάω** [ᾱ]: *ῥ*, **ΚΛΑΪΣΟΜΑΙ** Dor. **ΚΛΑΪΣΟΜΑΙ**: also **ΚΛΑΪΗΣΩ** Att. **κλαῖω**: aor. 1 **ἐκλαυσα** *Ἐρ.* **κλαῦσα**:—Pass., paullo-p. fut. **κεκλαύσομαι**: pf. **κέκλαυμαι** and **κέκλαυσμαι**:—to weep, lament, wail: hence Att. phrase, **κλαύσεται** he shall weep, i. e. he shall repent it, have cause to rue it: so, **κλαίων** at



your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. *plorare te jubeo*. II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also

κεκλαυμένος *batbed in tears, weeping*.

κλάξ, ἄκος, ἡ, Dor. for κλείς, a key.

κλαξῶ, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλαπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλᾶρος) *apportioning by lot*. [ā]

κλᾶρος, κλᾶρόω, κλᾶρονομέω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάσε, Ep. for ἐκλάσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of κλάω.

κλασσί-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλάω, βῶλαξ) *clod-breaking*.

κλάσις, εως, ἡ, (κλάω) *a breaking*. [ā]

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) *that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel*.

κλάσσει, κλάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 act. and med. of κλάω.

κλαστάζω, ἴ. ἄσω, (κλάω) *to prune a vine*, Lat. *ramificare*: metaph. *to bring down, humble*.

κλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλάω) *broken in pieces*.

κλασῶ, Dor. for κλάσω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), *a weeping, wailing*. Hence

κλαυθμυρίζω, ἴ. σω, *to make to weep*. Hence

κλαυθμυρισμός, ὁ, *a crying like a child*.

κλαῦμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) *a weeping, wailing*. II. *a trouble, misfortune*.

κλαῦσάρα, by crasis for κλαύσει ὄρα. [sā]

κλαῦσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κλαίω.

κλαυσιάω, (κλαῦσις) *to wish to weep*; τὸ θύριον φθειγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσιά *the door is like to weep*, i. e. *shall suffer*, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσί-γέλως, ωτος, and ω, ὁ, (κλαίω, γέλως) *smiles and tears*. [γ]

κλαυσί-μάχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) *parody on the name of Lamachus, Rue-the-fight*.

κλαῦσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαουσῶμαι.

κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλαίω) *weep, bewailed: to be bewailed, mournful*.

ΚΛΑΨ, ἴ. κλάσω [ā]: aor. 1 ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάς, as if from κλημι:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—*to break, break off, break in pieces*: of plants, *to prune*:—metaph. *to weaken, enervate*.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κάω for καίω. [ā]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέα, plur. of κλέος.

κλεινός or κλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.

κληδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλεία, contr. of κλέα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.

κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδουχέω Att. κληδ-, *to hold the keys, have the charge or custody of*; κλειδουχεῖν θεᾶς *to be priestess of a goddess*:—Pass. *to be watched*. From

κλειδο-ούχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) *holding the keys, having charge or custody of*: of a goddess, tutelary.

κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg.

κλείζω, ἴ. κλείζω, Dor. for κληζῶ.

κλειθρον Att. κληθρον Ion. κληῖθρον, τό, (κλείω) *a bolt or bar for closing a door*.

κλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλείς) *famous, renowned, illustrious*. κλείζαι, aor. 1 inf. of κλείζω, Dor. for κληζῶ.

κλείς, ἡ, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλειδα Att. κλειν: pl. nom. κλειδες, acc. κλειδας contr. κλεις: Ion. κληῖς,

gen. κληιδος, acc. κληιδα: old Att. κληῖς, gen. κληιδός, acc. κληῖδα:—*a thing to close the door with*: 1.

*a key, by which the bolt (ὄχεύς) was shot or unshot from the outside*: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (ἰμάς) by which the bolt was made fast to the handle (κοράνη). 2. *a bar or bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door*. 3.

*metaph. of silence, κληῖς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ a key on the tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down*; κληῖδας ἔχειν, like κληδουχεῖν, *to watch, have the charge of*. II. *the book or tongue of a clasp*. III. *the collar-bone, Lat. jugulum*; κληῖς ἀποίργει αὐχένα *te stēthos te locks the neck and breast together*. IV. *a bench for towers*. V. *a narrow strait or pass, such as we call the key of a country*; mostly in pl., as,

Κλειδες τῆς Κύπρου.

κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληῖστός, ἡ, ὄν, *to be shut or closed*.

κλειστρον, τό, (κλείω) *a bolt, bar, Lat. claustrum*.

κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλείω v), *renowned, famous*: of things, *splendid, excellent*.

ΚΛΕΙΩ (A), ἴ. κλείσω: aor. 1 ἐκλείσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—Ion. and Ep. pres. κληῖω, ἴ. κληῖσω: aor. 1 ἐκλήισα Ep. κληῖσα:—old Att. κληῖω, ἴ. κληῖσω: aor. 1 ἐκλήισα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat. CLAUDO, *to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to confine*:—Pass. *to be shut up*.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, *to celebrate*.

Κλειώ, οὐς, ἡ, (κλέος) *Clio, the Celebrator, the Muse of Epic Poetry and History*.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) *a thing stolen: a theft*. 2. *a trick, device, stratagem*.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα, κλεία for κλέα:—*a rumour, report, common fame, news*; σὸν κλέος *news of thee*:—*a mere report, opp. to certainty*; ἡμεῖς δὲ κλέος ὅλον ἀκούομεν, οὐδὲ τι ἴδμεν *we hear a rumour only, but know not anything*. II. *good report, fame, glory*: also *repute, whether good or bad*:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν ἀείδειν *to sing the glorious deeds of heroes*; κλέος ἀρίσθαι *to win honour*.

κλέπταν, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτεόν, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, *one must withbold*.

κλεπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.

κλεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κλέπτης, ον, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief*: generally, *a rogue, deceiver*.

κλεπτίστατος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέπτης *the most arrant thief*.

κλέπτον, v. κλέπτω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ἡ, *thievery, knavery*. From

ΚΛΕΪΠΤΩ, ἴ. ψω, or med. κλέψομαι: aor. 1 ἐκ-

λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκλέφθην: aor. 2

ἐκλάπην [ᾱ], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. κέκλεμμαι:—*to steal, filch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπτων, οὔσα, ον, *thievish*; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a *thief's* look. II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*. III. *to withbold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*. IV. generally, *to do a thing stealthily or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιῇ he does it *secretly*.

κλεψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*.

κλεψί-χωλος, ον, (κλέπτω, χωλός) *disguising lameness*. [ι]

κλεψ-ῦδρα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a *water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨΩ Ep. κλείω (κλέος) = κληΐζω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol*:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. = καλέω, *to call*.

κληῖδες, Att. for κλείδες, nom. pl. of κληΐς.

κληῖδην, Adv. (καλέω) *by name*.

κληδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (κληδών) a *sign or omen*.

κληδ-ουχέω, κληδ-ούχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληδών and κληηδών: (κλέω): an *omen, presage, boding*. II. a *rumour, report: reputation, glory*. III. a *calling, invocation*.

κληΐζω (A), f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκλησα: pf. pass. κέκλησμαι:—Ion. pres. κληΐζω Dor. κλειΐζω: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*. II. *to name, call*:—Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κληΐζω (B), f. σω, late form for κληΐω, κλείω, *to shut*.

κληηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κληηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΨΩ Ion. κλήθρη, ἡ, the *alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κληθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κληΐθρον, = κλειθρον.

κληΐδεσσι, Ep. for κληΐσι, dat. pl. of κληΐς.

κληΐζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κληΐζω.

κληΐθρον, τό, Ion. for κληΐθρον, κλειθρον.

κληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλείς.

κληΐσα, Ep. aor. I of κληΐω, κλείω.

κληΐστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κληΐω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλήμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a *shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting*: esp. a *vine-twig*, Lat. *palme*. Hence

κλημάτινος, η, ον, *made of vine-twigs*.

κληματίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλήμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a *small portion*.

κληρονομέω, f. ἴσω, (κληρονόμος) *to obtain a portion or lot: to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit*. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, an *inheritance*: and

κληρονομία, ἡ, (κληρονομέω) an *inheritance, patrimony*: generally, *possession, property*.

κληρο-νόμος, ον, (κλήρος, νέμομαι) *receiving one's portion*: as Subst., κληρόνομος, ὁ, an *inheritor, heir*.

κληρο-πᾶλής, ἐς, (κλήρος, πᾶλλω) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κλήρος Dor. κλᾶρος, ον, ὁ, a *lot*: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot. 2. a *casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. an *allotment, portion*, often of conquered land: an *inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*. III. the *clergy*, as opp. to the *laity*.

κληρουχέω, fut. ἴσω, (κληροῦχος) *to possess or hold by allotment, to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, the *allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*. 2. the *body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληροῦχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) of or for a κληρουχία or *apportionment of land*.

κληρ-ούχος, ον, (κλήρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessed of an allotment of land*; esp. of land in a foreign country *portioned out among the citizens*: as Subst., κληροῦχος, ὁ, a *portion-holder*. 2. metaph., πολλῶν ἐτῶν κληροῦχος *possessed of many years, i.e. advanced in years*.

κληρώω, f. ὦσω, (κλήρος) *to choose by lot, and generally, to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*:—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one*. II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληροῦσθαι δούλη *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κλήρωσις, εως, ἡ, a *choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρώω) *appointed by lot*.

κληΐς, κληδός, old Att. for κλείς, κλειδός.

κληΐσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) a *calling*: a *calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence an *indictment, impeachment*. 2. a *calling or invitation to a feast*. 3. a *name, appellation*.

κληΐσις, εως, ἡ, (κληΐω = κλείω) a *shutting up, closing, blockading*.

κληΐσω, fut. of κληΐω = κλείω:—also of κληΐζω.

κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*. II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καλέω) one who calls, a *summoner*. II. a *witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited: welcome: called out, chosen*.

κληΐω, old Att. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλιβάνιτης, κλιβάνος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [ι], τό, (κλίνω) an *inclination, slope*. II. a *region or zone of the earth, clime: climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a *small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.



κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλίμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. *an instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.*

III. in Soph. Trach., κλίμακες ἀμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, a climax, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, abiit evasit erupit.

κλιναν, Ep. for ἐκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [ἔ]

κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινῆρης, ες, (κλίνη, ἀρᾶρεϊν) *bed-ridden.*

κλινθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινό-πετής, ες, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bedridden.*

κλινό-χαρής, ες, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλιντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [ἔ], fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλικα:

—Med., aor. I ἐκκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκκλίνθην

and ἐκκλίθην [ἔ], aor. 2 ἐκκλίνην [ἔ]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—

*to make slope or slant, incline.* 2. *to make one thing*

*slope against another, prop or rest it against.* 3.

*to turn aside; ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the*

*eyes.* 4. *to make recline or sit down, esp. at*

*meat.* II. Pass. *to be bent: to bend aside,*

*swerve.* 2. *to lean, rest, support oneself against a*

*thing.* 3. *to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discumbere.*

4. of Places, *to be sloping; λίμνη κεκλιμένη*

*sloping towards the lake.* 5. *to wander from the*

*right course.* III. Med. *to decline, verge:* so

later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν

ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον *to fall away for the worse.*

κλισία Ion. —ἴη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a place for lying down:*

*a hut, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of*

*peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were*

*of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the*

*κλισίαι, but burned them on the spot: the collected*

*κλισίαι formed a camp.* II. *a couch, bed.* III.

*a company of people sitting at meals.*

κλισιάδες, αὐ, αἱ, (κλίνω) *folding-doors or gates:*

metaph. *an entrance.* Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from

κλείω *to shut.*

κλισίηθεν, Adv. (κλισία) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλισίηνδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλισιον, τό, (κλισία) *the outbuildings round a*

*herdsman's lodge.*

κλίσιν, εως, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II.

*a lying down, reclining.* [ἔ]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, *a clime.* [ἔ]

κλιτύς, ὅς, ἡ, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) *a sloping*

*place, slope, hill-side, Lat. clivus.*

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Att. κλωός: (κλείω):—*a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.*

κλονέω, f. ἤσω, (κλόνος) *to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.*

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.

κλοπαῖος, α, ον, (κλώψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπεύς, ἴως, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret doer.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.* II. *a stealthy act,*

*fraud; ποδοῖν κλοπὰν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot.*

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλοπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοτοπεύω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλωπεύω.*

κλύδων, ανος, ὁ, (κλύζω) *a wave, billow, surge.* II.

metaph., κλύδαν κακῶν *a flood of ills.* Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. *to be tossed by the waves.*

κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδαν, *a little wave, ripple:*

but often like κλύδαν, *a wave: a surging sea.*

ΚΛΥΖΩ: Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον: fut. κλύσω [ῥ]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυμαι:

—*to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the*

*sea, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα*

*κλύζεσκον ἐπ' ἡϊόνος the waves dashed, broke against*

*the shore.* II. *to wash off or away: to wash*

*out.* 2. κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρῶ *a wooden*

*vessel washed or coated with wax.*

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, *famous.* [ῥ]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύζω) *a liquid used for washing out:*

*a clyster or drench.* II. *the part washed by the*

*waves, the beach.*

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύζω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυτό-δένδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) *famed for trees.*

κλυτο-εργός, ον, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with*

*fruit.*

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μῆτις) *famous for skill.*

κλυτό-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) *famous for toils.*

κλυτό-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (κλυτός, νόος)

*famous for wisdom.*

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous*

*children.*

κλυτό-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses.*

κλυτός, ἡ, ὅν, also ὅς, ὅν, (κλύω) *beard of, to be*

*beard of, famous, glorious, renowned.* 2. of things,

*glorious, noble, splendid, beauteous.*

κλυτο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for*

*art, renowned artist.*

κλυτό-τοξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow,*

*renowned archer.*

ΚΛΥΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυον, imperat. sing. and

pl. (as if from κλυμι), κλυθι, κλυτε, Ep. redupl. κέ-

κλυθι, κέκλυτε:—*to bear, to give ear to, listen to,*

*bearken to: but also c. gen. to obey.* 2. *to bear,*

*learn by bearing, ascertain.* 3. generally, *to per-*

*ceive.* II. *to bear oneself called, be called so and so, like ἀκούω, Lat. audio; κακῶς κλύειν to be ill spoken of.*

**ΚΛΩΒΟΨ**, ὁ, *a cage, bird-cage.*

**κλωγμός**, ὁ, (κλώζω) *the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.*

**ΚΛΩΨ**, f. κλώψω, *to croak, have a hoarse note, properly of jackdaws.*

**ΚΛΩΨ**, fut. κλώσω, *to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate. Hence*

**Κλωθώ**, οὐς, ἡ, Lat. *Clotbo*, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

**κλωμάκεις**, εσσα, εν, *stony, rocky, rugged. From*

**ΚΛΩΜΑΣ** or **κρώμαξ**, ἄκος, ὁ, *a heap of stones.*

**κλών**, γεν, κλώνος, ὁ, (κλάω) = **κλάδος**, *a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. surculus.*

**κλώνιον**, Διμ. of κλών.

**κλώος**, Att. for κλοιός.

**κλωπεύω**, f. σω, = **κλοπεύω**, *to steal.*

**κλωπικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώψ) *thievish, furtive.*

**κλωπο-πάτωρ**, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλώψ, πατήρ) *of a thievish or unknown father. [α]*

**κλωστήρ**, ἡρος, ὁ, (κλώθω) *a thread, yarn, line.*

**κλωστός**, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώθω) *spun, twisted.*

**κλώψ**, κλωπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief, Lat. fur.*

**κναίω**, = Att. **κνάω**, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc.

**κνάκων**, ωνος, ὁ, Dor. for **κνήκων**, *the goat: see κνηκός.*

**κνάμα**, Dor. for **κνήμη**.

**κνάμός**, Dor. for **κνημός**.

**κνάμπτω**, old Att. for **γνάμπτω**.

**κνάπτω** or **γνάπτω**, f. ψω: (κνάω): *to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used. II. metaph. to mangle, tear, lacerate.*

**κνάσαιο**, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of **κνάω**.

**κνάσω**, **κνάσαι**, Dor. for **κνήσω**, **κνήσαι**, fut. and aor. I inf. of **κνάω**.

**κνάφειον** Ion. -**ήϊον**, τό, (κνάπτω) *a fuller's shop.*

**κνάφεις** or **γναφείς**, έως, ὁ, Lat. *fullo*, *a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.*

**κνάφεύω**, f. σω, (κναφείς) *to full or card cloth.*

**κνάφῆϊον**, Ion. for **κναφείον**.

**κνάφος**, ὁ, (κνάω) *the prickly teasel, Lat. spina fulonica*, *a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.*

**ΚΝΑΨ**, Att. 2 and 3 sing. **κνής**, **κνή**, inf. **κνήν**; impf. 3 sing. **ἐκνη** Ep. **κνή** (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. **κνήσω**: aor. I **ἐκνησα**:—*to scrape or grate, Lat. radere: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away:—Med., κνάσθαι τὰ ὦτα to tickle one's ears.*

**κνεφάζω**, f. άσω, (κνέφας) *to cloud over.*

**κνεφαῖος**, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κνέφας) *dark, gloomy, murky. 2. in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak.*

**κνέφας**, τό, Att. gen. **κνέφους**; dat. **κνέφα** poet. **κνέφει**: (νέφος) *darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. diluculum.*

**κνή**, Ep. for **ἐκνη**, 3 sing. impf. of **κνάω**.

**κνήθω**, f. **κνήσω**, (κνάω) *to scratch.*

*II. to tickle:—Pass. to itch.*

**κνηκίας**, ου, ὁ, v. sub **κνηκός**.

**ΚΝΗΨ**, ἡ, Lat. *cnēcus* or *cnicus*, *a plant of the tibiae kind.*

**κνηκός**, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. **κνᾱκός**, ἄ, ὄν, (κνήκος) *pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνηκίας.*

**κνήμ-αργός**, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) *white-legged.*

**ΚΝΗΨ**, ἡ, *the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. tibia.*

**κνημῖδο-φόρος**, ον, (κνημῖς, φέρω) *wearing greaves to protect the leg.*

**κνημῖς**, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) *a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημῖδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφίρια); but βόειαι κνημῖδες are boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.*

**κνημός**, ὁ, (κνήμη) *the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to πούς (the foot).*

**κνησιάω**, f. άσω, Desiderat. of **κνάω**, *to wish to scratch, to itch.*

**κνήσμα**, τό, (κνάω) *an itching.*

**κνημονή**, ἡ, = **κνήσμα**.

**κνήστις**, εως and ιος, ἡ; contr. dat. **κνήστῃ**: (κνάω) *a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.*

**κνίδη**, ἡ, (κνίζω) *a nettle, Lat. urtica. [i]*

**Κνίδιος**, α, ον, *Cnidian, of or from Cnidos. From Κνίδος, ἡ, Cnidus.*

**κνίζη**, ης, ἡ, = **κνίδη**. From

**κνίζω**, f. **κνίσω**: aor. I **ἐκνισα** Dor. **ἐκνίξα**:—Pass., aor. I **ἐκνίσθην**: (κνάω):—*to scrape or grate, rasp. II. to make to itch: hence metaph. to nettle, tease, chafe, vex:—Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.*

**κνίπός**, ὄν, (κνίζω) *scraping, niggardly, miserly.*

**ΚΝΙΨ** Ep. **κνίσση**, ης, ἡ, Lat. *nidor*, *the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice. II. the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence*

**κνισάεις**, εσσα, εν, Dor. for **κνισήεις**.

**κνισάντι**, Dor. for **κνισάεντι**, dat. of **κνισάεις**.

**κνισάω**, f. ἡσω, (κνίσα) *to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice. II. intr. to raise the steam of sacrifice.*

**κνίσδω**, Dor. for **κνίζω**.

**κνισήεις** Dor. **κνισάεις**, εσσα, εν, (κνίσα) *full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.*

**κνίσμα**, τό, (κνίζω) *that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.*

**κνισμός**, ὁ, (κνίζω) *an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.*

**κνίσο-διώκτης**, ου, ὁ, (κνίσα, διώκω) *bunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.*

**κνίσσα**, **κνισάεις**, less correct forms for **κνίσα**, **κνισάεις**, etc.

**κνισωτός**, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισώω) *steaming with burnt sacrifice.*



κνίψ, ὁ, also ἡ, gen. κνίπος, pl. κνίπες, (κνίζω) a kind of emmet, which gnaws figs.

κνύζα, contr. for κόνυζα.

κνυζάομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to whine, whimper, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνυζηθμός, ὁ, a whining, whimpering.

κνύζημα, τό, = κνυζηθμός.

κνυζώω, f. ὤσω, to disfigure, make dim and dark.

κνύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ]: (κνάω) to scratch or touch gently.

κνώδαλον, τό, any dangerous animal, a monster, beast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, ὁ, (ὀδούς) a sword: pl. κνώδοντες, two projecting teeth on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφος διπλοῖ κνώδοντες a cross-hilted sword.

ΚΝΩ'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. to nod, slumber, sleep.

κοάλεμος, ὁ, a stupid fellow, booby. [α]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.

κοάω, v. κοίω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a knavish trick. From

κοβαλίκεύω, to play the knave. From

κόβαλος, ὁ, an impudent rogue, an arrant knave: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, knavish tricks, rogues. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a muscle or cockle, Lat. concha: also a muscle-shell. II. the case round a seal attached to documents: (hence ἀνακογχυλιάζω), to unseal).

κόγχος, ὁ, also ἡ, = κόγχη, a muscle or cockle.

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη. [ῥ] Hence

κογχυλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ον, ὁ, a shelly marble. [α]

κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a muscle or cockle: also its shell, generally, a bivalve-shell. [ῥ]

κοδράντης, ον, ὁ, Greek form of the Lat. quadrans, = 1/4 of an as, about 1/2 d. English.

ΚΟΕ'Ω or κοάω contr. κοῶ, Ion. for νοέω, νοῶ, to mark, perceive, bear, observe.

κόθεν, Ion. for πόθεν.

κόθορνος, ὁ, Lat. coturnus, a buskin or high boot, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2.

the κόθορνος was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the soccus of Comedy. 3. since the buskins might be worn on

either foot, ὁ Κόθορνος was a nickname for a trimmer or time-server in politics.

κόθουρος, ον, = κούλουρος, without a sting.

ΚΟΙ', sound to express the grunting of young pigs.

κοίζω, f. ἴσω, (κοί) to grunt like a young pig.

κοίη, Ion. for ποία, dat. sing. of ποῖος, Ion. κοῖος, used as Adv. how? in what manner? in what respect?

κοιλαίνω, fut. ἄνω: aor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλῆναι, Att. ἐκοίλῃνα, inf. κοιλῆναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι: (κοῖλος):—to make hollow, scoop, hollow out.

κοίλη, ἡ, a hollow, properly fem. of κοῖλος; the name of a δῆμος or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (κοῖλος) the hollow of the belly,

the belly, Lat. venter. 2. the contents of the belly, the bowels: tripe: black-puddings.

κοιλιο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (κοιλία, πωλείω) a tripe or black-pudding seller.

κοιλο-γαστρω, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, γαστήρ) hollow-bellied: hence hungry, ravenous.

κοιλό-πεδος, ον, (κοῖλος, πῖδον) lying in a hollow.

ΚΟΙΛΟΣ, η, ον, hollow, hollowed; κοῖλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς or κοίλη alone was the hollow or hold of the ship: of Places, lying in a hollow or vale: of a road, cut deep, overhung: κοῖλον, τό, a hollow place, hollow, recess; κοῖλος χρυσός gold made into hollow vessels, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ον, (κοῖλος, ὀφθαλμός) hollow-eyed.

κοιλο-χείλης, ες, (κοῖλος, χεῖλος) hollow to the rim.

κοιλόω, f. ὤσω, (κοῖλος) to make hollow.

κοιλ-ώδης, ες, (κοῖλος, εἶδος) hollow-looking.

κοιλῶμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλόω) a hollow.

κοιλ-ῶνυξ, ὤχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, ὄνυξ) hollow-boofed.

κοιλ-ῶπης, ον, ὁ, fem. κοιλῶπις, ἰδος, = κοιλῶπός.

κοιλ-ῶπός, ὄν, (κοῖλος, ὤψ) hollow-looking.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἤσω, (κείμαι) to lull to sleep, put to sleep, put to bed. 2. generally, to lull, still, calm, tranquillise, soothe, assuage. II. Med. and

Pass., fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμησάμην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην:—to fall asleep, go to bed: of animals, to lie down; κοιμήσατο χάλκειον ὕπνον he slept a brassy sleep, i. e. the sleep of death. 2. to sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήμα, τό, (κοιμάω) sleep; κοιμήματα αὐτογέννητα intercourse of the mother with her own son.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (κοιμάω) a sleeping: also 2. rest, repose.

κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = κοιμάω, to put to sleep:—to lay asleep, of the sleep of death. 2. generally,

to lay to rest, to quench; to appease, assuage. Hence

κοιμιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one putting to sleep.

κοινάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κοινάν, κοινανός.

κοινᾶνέω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσομαι, fut. of κοινῶω.

κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινῶω.

κοινῶ, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., in common, by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοινο-βουλεύω, (κοινός, βουλή) to deliberate in common.

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βωμός) community of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.

κοινό-λεκτρος, ον, (κοινός, λέκτρον) having a common bed, a bedfellow, consort.

κοινο-λεχής, ἐς, (κοινός, λέχος) sharing the same bed, a paramour.

κοινο-λογίωμα, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. -ήθην: pf. κεκοινολόγημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (κοινός, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κοινός, πούς) with common foot, coming together.

ΚΟΙΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, common, shared in common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθόν the common weal. 2. τὸ κοινόν the state, Lat. respublica; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινοῦ by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury;—τὰ κοινὰ the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible. 2. of common origin, kindred. IV. of forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινότης, ητος, ἡ, a sharing in common, fellowship. II. affability.

κοινό-τοκος, ον, (κοινός, τεκεῖν) born of common parents.

κοινο-φιλής, ἐς, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common.

κοινό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded.

κοινῶ, f. ὦσω; Dor. fut. κοινάσσομαι, aor. I ἐκοινῶσα: (κοινός):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in. 2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or unclean.

II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. 2. take counsel, consult. 3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or share in.

III. Pass. to hold communion, have intercourse with.

κοινῶν, ὠνος, Dor. κοινῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, = κοινῶνός.

κοινωνέω, f. ἤσω, (κοινωνός) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in; κοινωνεῖν τινι to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινωνημα, ματος, τό, a communication: and κοινωνία, ἡ, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κοινωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, communicative, social. From κοινωνός, ὁ, also ἡ, (κοινός) a companion, partner, fellow, associate.

II. as Adj. = κοινός.

κοινῶς, Adv. of κοινός, in common, jointly: by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοῖος, η, ον, Ion. for ποῖος, α, ον.

κοιρανέω, f. ἤσω, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master, to rule, command. 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, lordship, rule.

κοιρανίδης, ον, ὁ, = κοίρανος.

ΚΟΙΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοιῦρόμαι, Pass. (Κοιῦρα) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάζω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. I κοιταξάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, α, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, asleep. 2. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ἡ, (κεῖμαι) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed; κοίτην ἔχειν to be pregnant; κοῖται in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest. II. sleep, the act of going to bed; τῆς κοιτῆς ὥρη bed-time.

κοῖτος, ὁ, = κοίτη. 2. a going to bed: sleeping, sleep. Hence

κοιτῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, = (κοίτη) a bed-room, bed-chamber.

κόκκινος, η, ον, scarlet, Lat. coccineus. From ΚΟΪΚΟΣ, ἡ, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermes-berry, used to dye scarlet.

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo: hence a cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go.

κοκκύζω Dor. κοκκύσσω: f. ὦσω: pf. κεκόκκυκα; (κόκκυξ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. II.

to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκκυξ, ὦγος, ὁ, (κόκκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσσω, Dor. for κοκκύζω.

κόκκων, ὠνος, ὁ, (κόκκος) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκύαι, οἱ, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶ, 2 sing. fut. med. of κολάζω.

κολάζω, f. κολάσω: aor. I ἐκόλασα: also in Med., fut. κολάσσομαι, Att. contr. κολῶμαι, κολᾶ: aor. I ἐκόλασάμην:—Pass., fut. κολασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκολάσθην: pf. κεκόλασμαι: (κόλος, akin to κολούω):—to prune, retrench: metaph. to hold in check, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass.

to be punished.

Κολαινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶκεία, ἡ, (κολακεύω) flattery, fawning.

κολᾶκευμα, τό, (κολακεύω) a piece of flattery. [ᾶ]

κολᾶκευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολακεύω) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶκεύω, f. σω, (κόλαξ) to flatter, fawn on:—Pass. to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ὠνῦμος, ὁ, (κόλαξ, ὄνομα) parasite-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

ΚΟΪΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a chisel, graver. From ΚΟΛΑΪΤΩ, f. ψω, to bew, cut, chisel: of birds to peck.

κόλασις, εως, ἡ, (κολάζω) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment.

κολάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, ον, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. II. as Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = κολαστής.

κολαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κολάζω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολάστρια, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολᾶφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κόλαφος) to give one a box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, ὁ, (κολάπτω) a box on the ear, cuff.

κολεόν Ion. κουλεόν, τό, = κολεός, a sheath.

κολεός, ὁ, or κολεόν, τό, κουλεόν, τό, (κοῖλος) a sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, f. ἤσω, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ης, ἡ, glue, Lat. gluten.



**κόλλαβος**, ὁ, = **κόλλωψ**. II. a kind of *wbeaten cake*, named from its shape.  
**κολλάω**, f. ἤσω, (**κόλλα**) to glue, cement. 2. to inlay: to weld. II. to join together, unite:—Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to.  
**κολλήεις**, εσσα, εν, (**κόλλα**) glued together, close-joined.  
**κόλλησις**, εως, ἡ, (**κολλάω**) a gluing, cementing: **κόλλησις σιδήρου** a welding of iron.  
**κολλητός**, ἡ, ὄν, (**κολλάω**) glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.  
**κολλίκο-φάγος**, ον, (**κόλλιξ**, φάγειν) roll-eating.  
**ΚΟΛΛΙΞ**, ἱκος, ὁ, a long roll of coarse bread.  
**ΚΟΛΛΟΨ**, οπος, ὁ, the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., **κόλλωπα ὀργῆς ἀνεῖναι** to unscrew your passion.  
**κολλυβιστής**, οὔ, ὁ, (**κόλλυβος**) a money-changer.  
**ΚΟΛΛΥΒΟΣ**, ὁ, a small coin. 2. in plur., **κόλλυβα**, τά, small round cakes. [ῥ]  
**κολλύρα**, ἡ, = **κόλλιξ**. [ῥ]  
**κολλύριον**, τό, Dim. of **κολλύρα**, eye-salve, Lat. *collyrium*, so called because it was made up in small cakes. [ῥ]  
**κολοβός**, ὄν, (**κύλος**) docked, curtail, Lat. *curtus*: of animals, short-borned: also maimed, mutilated. Hence **κολοβόω**, f. ὠσω, to dock, curtail, shorten.  
**κολοι-άρχος**, ον, ὁ, (**κολοίος**, ἄρχω) a leader of jackdaws, a jackdaw-general.  
**κολοιάω**, f. ἄσω, (**κολοίος**) to scream like a jackdaw.  
**κολοίος**, ὁ, a jackdaw, Lat. *graculus*: proverb., **κολοίος ποτὶ κολοίον** = 'birds of a feather flock together.'  
**κολοκάσια**, ἡ, or **κολοκάσιον**, τό, the colocasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.  
**κολό-κῦμα**, τό, (**κύλος**, **κῦμα**) a large heavy wave before it breaks, the heavy swell before a storm.  
**κολοκύνθη** or **-κύντη**, ης, ἡ, the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. *cucurbita*. Hence  
**κολοκυνθίας**, ἄδος, ἡ, food prepared from pumpkins.  
**κολοκύνθινος**, η, ον, made from pumpkins.  
**κόλον**, τό, the colon or lower part of the bowels. From  
**ΚΟΛΟΣ**, ον, docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. *curtus*; **κόλον δόρυ** a spear broken short off: esp. of oxen, etc., hornless, short-borned.  
**κολοσσός**, ὁ, a colossus, gigantic statue; also simply a statue. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.  
**κολοσυρτός**, ὁ, a rabble or noisy crowd: uproar.  
**κολούω**, f. σω: aor. I **ἐκόλουσα**:—Pass., aor. I **ἐκολούην** and **-ούσθην**: pf. **κεκόλουμαι** and **-ουσμαι**: (**κύλος**):—to dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge: metaph., **ἔπος μεσσηγὺ κολουῖν** to cut short a word in the middle, Lat. *praecidere*, i.e. leave it unfinished; **δῶρα κολουῖν** to abridge, limit gifts: also 2. like **κολάζω**, to check, restrain, put down.  
**κολοφών**, ὦνος, ὁ, a top, finishing, end.

**κολπίας**, ον, ὁ, (**κύλπος**) swelling in folds.  
**ΚΟΛΠΟΣ**, ὁ, the bosom, lap: later also the mother's womb. II. the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket. III. any lap or hollow: **θαλάσσης κύλπον ὑποδύναι** to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the deep hollow between two waves. 2. a bay or creek of the sea.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. *sinus*. Hence  
**κολπόω**, f. ὠσω, to form into a lap or fold: to make a sail belly or swell.  
**κολπ-ώδης**, ες, (**κύλπος**, **εἶδος**) embosomed, embayed.  
**ΚΟΛΤΜΒΑ'Ω**, f. ἤσω, to dive: to swim. Hence  
**κολυμβήθρα**, ἡ, a place for diving, a swimming-bath: and  
**κολυμβητήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, and **κολυμβητής**, οὔ, ὁ, (**κολυμβάω**) a diver, swimmer.  
**κολυμβίς**, ἴδος, ἡ, (**κολυμβάω**) a sea-bird, a diver.  
**κόλυμβος**, ὁ, (**κολυμβάω**) a diver, swimmer. II. = **κολύμβησις**, a diving, swimming.  
**Κόλχος**, ὁ, a Colchian:—hence Adj. **Κολχικός**, ἡ, ὄν, Colchian; pecul. fem. **Κολχίς**, ἴδος.  
**κολῳάω** Ion. —έω, f. ἤσω, (**κολῳός**) to bray, scold.  
**κολῳμενος**, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of **κολάζω**.  
**ΚΟΛΩΝΗ**, ἡ, a bill, mound: esp. a sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. *tumulus*.  
**κολωνία**, ἡ, the Lat. *colonia*, a colony.  
**κολωνός**, ὁ, (**κολώνη**) a bill; **κολωνός λίθων** a heap of stones. II. *Colonos*, a demos of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.  
**κολῳός**, οὔ, ὁ, (**κολοίος**) a brawling, wrangling.  
**ΚΟΜΑΡΟΣ**, ὁ, and ἡ, the strawberry-tree, *arbutus*.  
**κομάρο-φάγος**, ον, (**κόμαρος**, φάγειν) eating the fruit of the *arbutus*.  
**κομάω** Ion. —έω, Ep. part. **κομῳαν**: fut. ἤσω: aor. I **ἐκόμησα**: (**κόμη**):—to let the hair grow long, wear long hair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to plume oneself, to be proud, haughty, arrogant; οὗτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι he aimed at the monarchy. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence **κάρη κομῳαντες** Ἀχαιοί in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year. II. of horses, to be decked with manes. III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to have leaves or foliage.  
**κομέεσκε**, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of **κομέω**.  
**ΚΟΜΕ'Ω**, f. ἤσω, to take care of, attend to, tend.  
**κομέω**, Ion. for **κομάω**.  
**ΚΟΜΗ**, ἡ, the hair, Lat. *coma*; **κείρασθαι κόμη** to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning. II. metaph. like *coma*, the foliage, leaves, of trees.  
**Κομητ-ἄμυνίας**, ον, ὁ, (**κομήτης**, Ἀμυνίας) *Cochcomb-Amyntias*.  
**κομήτης**, ον, ὁ, (**κομάω**) long-haired; ἵος **κομήτης** a feathered arrow. 2. leafy, grassy. II. a comet.  
**κομιδή**, ἡ, (**κομίζω**) attendance, attention, care: also

the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *commeātus frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores.

2. (from Med. *κομίζομαι*) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. 3. (from Pass. *κομίζομαι*) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

*κομίδῃ*, dat. of *κομιδῇ* used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, *κομίδῃ μὲν οὖν* very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

*κομιεύμεθα*, Dor. for *κομιούμεθα*, 1 pl. contr. fut. med. of *κομίζω*.

*κομίζω*, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: aor. I *ἐκόμισα* Ep. *ἐκόμισσα* and *κόμισσα*:—Med., Att. fut. *κομιούμαι*; Ep. aor. I *ἐκομισάμην* and *κομισάμην*:—Pass., f. *κομισθήσομαι*; aor. I *ἐκομισθην*: pf. *κεκόμισμαι*: (*κομέω*):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably.

2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμιζε mind thine own affairs.

II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρὸν κομίζειν to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. *ἐρύομαι*; *κόμισαί με* convey me away, rescue me.

2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive.

3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import.

4. to conduct, escort.

5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover.

III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself.

2. to come back, return.

*κομιούμαι*, Att. contr. fut. med. of *κομίζω*.

*κομίσαιο*, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of *κομίζω*.

*κόμισα* and *κόμισσα*, Ep. aor. I of *κομίζω*.

*κομιστέος*, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *κομίζω*, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

*κομιστήρ*, ἦρος, ὅ, = *κομιστής*.

*κομιστής*, οὔ, ὅ, (*κομίζω*) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian.

II. a bringer, conductor.

*κόμιστρα*, τά, (*κομίζω*) rewards or payment for saving.

*κομιῶ*, Att. contr. fut. of *κομίζω*.

*κόμμα*, τό, (*κόπτω*) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., *πονηροῦ κόμματος* of bad stamp.

2. generally, coin.

II. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence

*κομματικός*, ἦ, ὄν, framed in short clauses.

*ΚΟΜΜΙ*, τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*; indecl.

*κομμός*, οὔ, ὅ, (*κόπτω*) a striking: esp. like Lat. *planctus*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge.

II. in the

Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

*κομόωντε*, *κομόωντες*, Ep. part. dual and pl. of *κομάω*.

*κομόωντι*, Dor. for *κομῶσι*, 3 pl. of *κομάω*.

*κομπάζω*, f. *άσω*, (*κόμπος*) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., *κομπάζειν λόγον* to speak big words; *κομπάζειν*

*τέχνην* to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

*Κομπασεύς*, ὁ, Comic word, one of the borough *Κόμπος*, a Bragsman.

*κόμπασμα*, τό, (*κομπάζω*) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

*κομπέω*, f. *ήσω*, (*κόμπος*) to ring, clasp, rattle. II. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

*κομπο-λακέω*, f. *ήσω*, (*κόμπος*, *λακέω*) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

*κομπολακύτης*, ον, ὁ, braggart, boaster. [v]

*ΚΟΜΠΙΟΣ*, ὁ, a noise, din, clasp, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal.

II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

*κομπός*, ὁ, (*κομπέω*) a boaster.

*κομπο-φάκελορ-ρήμων*, ον, gen. *ονος*, (*κόμπος*, *φάκελος*, *ρήμα*) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

*κομπ-ώδης*, ες, (*κόμπος*, *εἶδος*) boastful.

*κομπεία*, ἡ, (*κομπεύω*) elegance, refinement: affectation.

*κομπ-ευρίπικῶς*, Adv. (*κομψός*, *Εὐριπίδης*) with the prettiness or affectation of Euripides.

*κομπεύω*, f. *σω*, (*κομψός*) to make elegant, refine; *κόμπευε τὴν δόξαν* refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

*κομψο-πρεπής*, ἐς, (*κομψός*, *πρέπω*) dainty-seeming.

*κομψός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*κομέω*) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *comptus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*.

2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

*κομψῶς*, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., *κομψότερως ἔχειν* to be better in health.

*κονάβέω*, f. *ήσω*, (*κόναβος*) to resound, clasp, ring: to re-echo. Hence

*κονάβηδόν*, Adv. with a clasp, ringing.

*κονάβίζω*, f. *ίσω*, = *κοναβέω*.

*ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ*, ὁ, a clashing, ringing.

*ΚΟΝΔΥΛΟΣ*, ὁ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

*κονέω*, f. *ήσω*, (*κόνις*) to raise dust, to hasten.

*κονία* Ion. and Ep. *κονίη*, ἡ, (*κόνις*) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; *ποδῶν ἐπένερχε*

*κονίη ἵστατ' αἰερομένη* from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. *κονίαι*, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenae*; *πίπτειν ἐν κονίῃσι* to fall in the dust.

2. dust or sand.

II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*.

III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ in Homer; in Att. mostly ῖ.]

*κονῖατός*, ἡ, ὄν, plastered, whitewashed. From

*κονιάω*, pf. pass. *κεκονίαμαι*: (*κονίω*):—to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; *τάφοι κεκονιαμένοι* plastered, whitened sepulchres.



κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι; see κονίω.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (κόνις, ὄρνυμι) dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: κονιορτός ὕλης κεκαυμένης a cloud of wood-ashes. II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

κόνιος, α, ον, (κόνις) dusty.

ΚΟΝΙΣ, ιος Att. εως, ἡ: dat. κόνι for κόνι: = κονία, dust. II. the dust of ashes, ashes. III. the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil. [i]

κονισάλος [i], ὁ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust.

κονίω, fut. ἴσω [i]: aor. 1 ἐκόνισα:—Pass., pf. κεκόνισμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κεκόνιστο: (κόνις):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκονιμένος all covered with dust, i.e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόνισαι λαβών make haste and take. 2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over. II. intr. to raise dust, make haste, speed.

κοννέω, contr. κοννῶ, = γιγνώσκω.

ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, the beard. 2. Κόννος, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; Κόννου ψῆφος, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὐ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. contus. 2. the shaft of a pike.

κοντο-φόρος, ον, (κοντός, φέρω) carrying a pole or pike: burling a pike.

ΚΟΝΤΖΑ contr. κνύζα, ης, ἡ, fleabane, pulicaria.

κοπάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ἐκόπασα: (κόπος):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κόπανον, τό, (κόπτω) an instrument for braying, a pestle: also 2. = κοπίς, an axe.

κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κόπτω: κοπεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass.

κοπετός, ὁ, (κόπτομαι) a wailing, mourning.

κοπεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (κόπτω) a chisel.

κοπή, ἡ, (κόπτω) a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter.

κοπιᾶω, f. ἄσω [ā]: aor. 1 ἐκοπιᾶσα: pf. κεκοπιᾶκα: (κόπος):—to work hard, work till one is weary. II. to be tired, grow weary: κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν to be exhausted by good things.

κόπις, εως, ὁ, (κόπτω) a babbler, wrangler.

κοπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κόπτω) a chopper, cleaver, bill-book.

κόπος, ον, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking, beating. II. toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence

κοπόω, f. ὤσω, to weary:—Pass. = κοπιᾶω.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was ϙ, cf. κοππατίας. In the alphabet Κορρα stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also σταῦ and σάμμι, qq. v. Hence

κοππατίας, ον, ὁ, ἵππος, a horse branded with the letter Κορρα (ϙ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόρας.

κοπράγωγέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung. From

κοπρ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (κόπρος, ἄγω) carrying dung.

κόπρειος, α, ον, (κόπρος) full of dung, filthy.

κοπρία, ἡ, (κῆρος) a dungbill.

κοπρίζω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσσω, (κόπρος) to dung, manure.

κοπρο-λόγος, ον, (κόπρος, λέγω) collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.

ΚΟΠΡΟΣ, ἡ, dung: manure: filth, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κοπρο-φόρος, ον, (κόπρος, φέρω) carrying dung: κόφινος κοπροφόρος a dung-basket.

κοπρών, ὄντος, ὁ, (κόπρος) a place for dung, privy.

κόπτουσα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω.

κοπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόπτω) beaten, bruised, pounded.

ΚΟΠΤΩ, f. κόψω: aor. 1 ἐκόψα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπώς:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπην: pf. κέκομμαι:—to strike, smite, cut. 2. to knock down, fell, slay. 3. to cut off, chop off; δένδρα κόπτειν to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., κόπτειν τὴν χώραν to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, hurt; φρενῶν κεκομμένος deprived of sense or reason. 4. to hammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. percutere nummos:—Med. to coin oneself money. 5. κόπτειν τὴν θύραν to knock or rap at the door, Lat. pulsare. 6. to cut small, chop up. 7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen. II. Med. κόπτομαι, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. plangere: also, κόπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for any one, Lat. plangere aliquem.

κορᾶκινος, ὁ, (κόραξ) a young raven.

ΚΟΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοὶ κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; ἔρρε ἐς κόρακας, or ἐς κόρακας alone, like Lat. pasce corvos, go and be hanged! βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας hang him! hang it! II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, 1. an engine for grappling ships. 2. a booked bundle of a door, like κοράνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόραυνα, ἡ, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορβάν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering. 2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (κῆρος) to dance the κῆρδαξ.

κορδακισμός, ὁ, the dancing the κῆρδαξ.

ΚΟΡΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κῆρδακα ἐλκύσαι to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΔΑΤ'ΑΗ [v], ἡ, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; whence ἐγκεκορδωλημένος wrapt or rolled up.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κορέννυμι, f. κορέσω Ep. κορέω: aor. 1 ἐκῆρεσα Ep. κῆρεσσα:—Med., aor. 1 ἐκορεσάμην Ep. ἐκορεσσάμην and κορεσσάμην:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκορέσθην: pf. κέκῆρεσμαι Ion. κέκῆρημαι; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κέκορηώς, ὅτος: (κόπος):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing.

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσασθαι to have one's fill of strife.

κορεσαίατο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορέσασατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenhood. From

κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κῶρη):—to be a maid, grow up to maidenhood.

ΚΟΡΕΨ, f. ἤσω, to sweep, brush; κορεῖν τὴν Ἑλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κῶρη Ion. κούρη Dor. κῶρα, ἡ, fem. of κόρος, κοῦρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κοῦραι Διός. II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. Κούρη, ἡ, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τῇ Μητρὶ καὶ τῇ Κούρῃ.

κῶρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κῶρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

κορθύνω, = κορθύω. [ῥ]

κόρθυς, vos, ἡ, (κόρυς) a rising, heap.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κόρυς) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:—Pass., κῦμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙ'ANNON, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κῶρη, κόριον): Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Κορίνθιος, α, on, also Κορινθιακός, ἡ, on, and fem. Κορινθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ:—Corinthian. From

Κόρινθος, ἡ, Corinth, the city and country: anciently Ἐφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθεν, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κῶρη, a little girl.

ΚΟ'ΡΙΣ, ios Att. εως, ὁ, a bug: pl. κόρεις, οἱ.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κῶρη.

κόρκορος or κόρχορος, ὁ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpinell. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορύγη, ἡ, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any hollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound)

κορμός, ὁ, (κείρω) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟ'ΡΟΣ, on, ὁ, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον ἔχειν τινός to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence II. insolence, petulance; πρὸς κόρον insolently.

κόρος, on, ὁ, Ion. κοῦρος Dor. κῶρος, (κείρω) a boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. κῶρη.

κόρος, ὁ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρη, ἡ, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; ἐπὶ κόρρης πατάσσειν to slap on the face. II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, on, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντιάω, f. ἄσω, (Κορύβας) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίζω, f. ἴσω, (Κορύβας) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορυβαντ-ώδης, es, (Κορύβας, εἶδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορύβας, αντος, ὁ, a Corybant priest of Cybele in Phrygia. [ῥ]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, = κόρυδος.

κόρυδος, ὁ, and κορυδός, ἡ, (κόρυς) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κόρυζα, ης, ἡ, (κόρρη, κόρυς) a cold in the head, a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. II. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κόρυθα, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κόρυς.

κορυθ-αῖξ, ἱκος, (κόρυς, αἶσσω) helmet-shaking, with waving plume. [α]

κορυθ-αιόλος, on, (κόρυς, αἰόλος) with glancing helm.

κόρυμβος, ὁ, pl. κορύμβας as well as κόρυμβοι: (κόρυς, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit; κόρυμβα νηῶν the high prows of the ships. II. the cluster of the ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυνάω, f. ἤσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορύνη, ἡ, (κόρυς) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [ῥ]

κορυνήτης, on, ὁ, (κορυνάω) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mace.

κορυνη-φόρος, on, (κορύνη, φέρω) club-bearing: κορυνηφόροι, οἱ, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορυνιάω, = κορυνάω: in Ep. part., κορυνιόωντα πέτηλα sprouting leaves.

κορυπτίλος, ὁ, one that butts with the head. [τ] From

κορύπτω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ὕθος, ἡ, acc. κόρυθα and κόρυν, (κάρα) a helmet, helm, casque. II. the head. Hence

κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:—Med., aor. I ἐκορυσάμην, part. κορυσσάμενος:—Pass., pf. κεκόρυθμαι:—to arm with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, δοῦρε κεκορυθμένα χαλκῷ spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide.

II. to make crested; κόρυσσε κῦμα the river reared his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, a man armed with a helmet, an armed warrior.

κορυφαία, ἡ, (κορυφή) the head-stall of a bridle.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a hunting-net:—strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, on, (κορυφή) at the head:—ὁ κορυ-



φαῖος the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορυφή, ἡ, (κόρυς) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head. 2. the top or peak of a mountain. 3. metaph. the highest point, acme, prime.

κορυφῶ, f. ὤσω, (κορυφή) to bring to a head, make peaked:—Pass., κύμα κορυφούται the wave rises to a crest. II. like κεφαλαιῶ, to bring to an end, sum up.

κορων-εκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἑκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [α]

κορώνεως, ω, ἡ, of a raven-gray colour. From κορώνη, ἡ, (κορωνός) a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow. 2. a crow or raven, Lat. cornix. II.

anything hooked like a crow's bill, as, 1. the handle on a door. 2. the tip of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. ἄσω, (κορώνη II) to bend, curve: of a horse, to arch the neck.

κορωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) as Adj. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, hooked. 2. of kine, with crumpled horns. II. as Subst. anything curved:

1. a wreath or garland, Lat. corona. 2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) shooting crows:—as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-shooting.

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled horns.

κοσκινῆδόν, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve.

κοσκινό-μαντις, ιος Att. εως, ὁ, and ἡ, (κόσκινον, μάντις) a diviner by a sieve.

ΚΟΨΚΙΝΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

κοσσυλλάτια, ων, τά, (σσύλλω) parings or shreds of leather: metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ἴσω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσμησάμενος πολιήτας having marshalled his countrymen; δόρπον κοσμεῖν to arrange a repast. II. to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick out, embellish. 2. of persons, to honour them, adorn, be an honour or ornament to. IV. in Pass. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorning.

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular.

κοσμητῶρ, ορος, ὁ, (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; τὸ κόσμιον order, decorum. Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ἡ, propriety, decorum, orderly behaviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. οἱ κόσμος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -άτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) dressing the hair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [α]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or holding together the world.

κόσμος, ον, ὁ, (κομέω) order: κατὰ κόσμον or κόσμῳ in order, duly; οὐδενὶ κόσμῳ in no sort of order. 2. good order, good behaviour, decency. 3. a set form or order: of states, government. 4. the mode or fashion of a thing. II. an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments. 2. an honour, credit. III. the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroying.

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

κόσσανβος, ὁ, Ion. for κότταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὁ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, to bear hatred against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:—Med., κοτέομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut. κοτέσσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην: (κότος):—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invideo: proverb., κεραμεὺς κεραμεῖ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jealous.

κοτῖνη-φόρος, ον, (κότινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ or ἡ, the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.

κοτῖνο-τράγος, ον, (κότινος, τράγειν) eating the wild olive.

κότορνος, ὁ, Ion. for κόθορνος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοττάβιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κότταβος) to play at the cottabus.

κότταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὁ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, a small jug, Lat. cottānum.

ΚΟΤΤᾶν, ἡ, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κύαθοι or a  $\frac{1}{2}$  ξέστης, nearly a  $\frac{1}{2}$  pint. II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone. Hence

κοτυληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, any cup-like hollow: in pl. the

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλή-  
δονόφιν. II. the socket of a joint.

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, ον, (κοτύλη, ἄρύω) that can be  
drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, -ῖσκιον, τό, and -ῖσκος, ὁ, Dimi-  
nutives of κοτύλη, a small cup.

κότυλος, ὁ, = κοτύλη.

κού, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κού and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and που.

κούκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κουλεόν, κουλεός, Ion. for κολεόν, κολεός.

κούμι, Hebrew word, arise.

κουρά, ἄς, ἡ, (κείρω) a clipping or cropping of the  
hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock  
cut off.

κουρεῖον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop.

κουρεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (κείρω) a barber, hair-cutter, Lat.  
tonsor: hence a tattler, gossip.

κούρη, ἡ, Ion. for κόρη. II. also Ion. for κουρά.

κουρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for κόρειος, youthful.

κούρητες, ων, οἱ, (κόρος, κούρος) young men, young  
warriors.

Κουρήτες, ων, οἱ, the Curētes, inhabitants of Pleuron  
in Aetolia.

κουρίας, ον, ὁ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair short.

κουριάω, f. ἄσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed  
hair. 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουρίδιος, α, ον, (κούρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully  
wedded; κουρίδιος πόσις her wedded husband; then,  
as Subst., (without πόσις), κουρίδιος φίλος her dear  
husband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κουριδίη

ἄλοχος his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concu-  
bine (παλλακίς); so, 3. κουρίδιον λέχος the bed of  
lawful marriage. 4. nuptial, bridal; κουρίδιος  
χιτών the bridal robe.

κουρίζω, f. ἴσω, (κύρος, κούρος) intr. to be a  
youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κούριμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (κουρά) fit for cutting  
or shaving hair, trenchant. II. pass. shorn, crop-

ped, clipped:—as Subst., κούριμος, ἡ, a mask with the  
hair cut short.

κουρίξ, Adv. (κουρά) by the hair.

κουρο-βόρος, ον, (κούρος, βιβρώσκω) devouring chil-  
dren; κουροβόρος πᾶχνη the blood of eaten children.

κούρος, ὁ, Ion. for κύρος, a boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ἡ, (κούρος) youthful prime, youth: hence  
youthful spirits, mirthfulness.

κουρότερος, α, ον, Comp. of κούρος, younger, more  
youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κούρος, τεκεῖν) bearing boy-child-  
dren.

κουρο-τρόφος, ον, (κούρος, τρέφω) rearing boys:  
so Ithaca is called ἀγαθὴ κουροτρόφος a good nursing-  
mother of boys.

κουστωδία, ἡ, the Lat. custodia, a watch, guard.

κουφίζω, fut. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, (κούφος): I. intr. to  
be light. II. trans. to lighten: to lift up, raise:

κουφίζειν ἄλμα to make a light leap. 2. metaph.

to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them  
from burthens. Hence

κούφισις, εως, ἡ, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, ατος, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted  
up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ἡ, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κούφος, λέγω) lightly-talking.

ΚΟΥΦΟΣ, η, ον, light, nimble: neut. pl. κούφα as  
Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light:—empty, vain,  
idle. Hence

κούφως, Adv. lightly: Comp. κουφότερον, more  
lightly, with lighter heart: Sup. κουφότατα, most  
lightly.

ΚΟΨΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, a basket.

κοχλίας, ον, ὁ, (κόχλος) a snail with a spiral shell,  
Lat. cochlea. II. anything twisted spirally, a

screw: a spiral stair.

κοχλίον, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, a small snail.

ΚΟΨΑΛΟΣ, ον, ὁ, a shell-fish with a spiral shell:  
the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat.  
concha.

κοχυδέω, Ion. impf. κοχύδεσκε:—to stream forth  
copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

ΚΟΧΩΝΗ, ἡ, dual κοχώνᾱ, the bams.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπτω.

κόψιχος, ὁ, = κόσσυφος, a blackbird.

Κόωνδε, Adv. (Κόως Ep. for Κῶς) to Cos.

κράατος, κράατι, κράατα, lengthd. forms of κράτος,  
κράτι, κράτα, gen., dat., acc. of κράς = κᾶρα, a bead.

κράββατος, ὁ, a couch, Lat. grābātus. (Maced. word.)

κράγόν, Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

κραδαίνω, (κραδάω) to swing, brandish, shake:—Pass.  
to vibrate, quiver.

ΚΡΑΔΑΪΝΩ, to brandish, shake.

κράδη, ἡ, (κραδάω) the light quivering spray at the  
end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a fig-  
tree: hence a fig-tree. [ᾱ]

κράδια, ἡ, Dor. for κραδίη, καρδία.

κραδίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for καρδία.

ΚΡΑΪΝΩ: fut. κράζω, but Att. in paullo-post  
form κεκράξομαι: aor. I ἐκράξα: aor. 2 ἐκράγον: pf.  
with pres. sense κέκραγα, I pl. contr. κέκραγμεν,  
imperat. κέκραχθι, part. κεκράγως, inf. κεκράγῃναι:—  
to croak, properly of the raven: generally, to scream,  
screech, cry: hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for  
a thing.

κράθεις, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐκρᾶνα Ep. ἐκρηνα:  
—Pass., fut. κρανθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass.  
sense κρανέεσθαι: aor. I ἐκράνην: Homer mostly  
uses the Ep. form κραιαίνω, 3 sing. impf. ἐκραιαίνεν:  
aor. I imperat. κρήνηνον κρήνηνατε, inf. κρήνηναι: 3  
sing. pf. pass. κεκράανται, and plqpf. κεκράαντο:—to  
accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute:—Pass. to be  
accomplished, brought to pass; οὐ μοι δοκέει τῇδέ  
γ' ὁδῷ κρανέεσθαι it seems to me that it will not be  
accomplished by this journey; κέκρανται ψῆφος the  
vote hath been determined; also of workmanship,



χρυσῷ ἐπὶ χεῖλεα κεκράνται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραίνειν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. III. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

**ΚΡΑΠΙΑ'ΛΗ** [ᾱ], ἡ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραπιάλης after the debauch was over.

**κραιπᾶλό-κωμος**, ον, (κραιπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

**κραιπνός**, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπ-ᾶζω, like *rapidus* from *rap-io*) tearing, sweeping, rushing: cf. *καρπάλιμος*. 2. swift, rapid. 3. metaph. hasty, hot, impetuous.

**κραιπνό-σῦτος**, ον, (κραιπνός, σεύομαι) swift-rushing.

**κραιπνο-φόρος**, ον, (κραιπνός, φέρω) swift-bearing.

**κρακτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (κράζω) clamorous.

**ΚΡΑ'ΜΒΗ**, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambe*.

**ΚΡΑ'ΜΒΟΣ**, η, ον, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

**κραμβο-φάγος**, ον, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

**κράνᾱή-πέδος**, ον, (κραναός, πέδον) with stony soil.

**κράναι**, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

**ΚΡΑ'ΝΑ'Ο'Σ**, ἡ, ὄν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. *λεπτόγειος*: οἱ Κραναιοὶ the people of Attica.

**κράνέσθαι**, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of *κραίνω*.

**κράνειᾱ** Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

**κράνῑνος**, η, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, *κρανῑνον ἀκόντιον*, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

**κράνα**, ἡ, Dor. for κρήνη. [ᾱ]

**κρανθῆναι**, aor. I inf. pass. of *κραίνω*.

**Κράνιās, Κράνίς**, Dor. for Κρηνιάς, Κρηνίς.

**κράνιον**, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull.

**ΚΡΑ'ΝΟΝ**, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. *CORNUS*.

**κράνοποιέω**, f. ἤσω, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

**κράνο-ποιός**, ὄν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making helmets: as

Subst., *κρανοποιός*, ὁ, a helmet-maker.

**κράνος**, εὖς, τό, (κάρα) a helmet. [ᾱ]

**κράντειρα**, ἡ, fem. of *κραντήρ*.

**κραντήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (κραίνω) one that accomplishes, a

doer, performer.

**κράντωρ**, ορος, ὁ, (κραίνω) a ruler, sovereign.

**ΚΡΑ'Σ**, ὁ, collat. form of *κάρα*, gen. *κράτος* (which

is sometimes fem.), dat. *κράτι*, acc. *κράτα*: plur., gen.

*κράτων*, dat. *κράσι* Ep. *κράτεσφι*: in Hom. also a

lengthd. gen. and dat., *κράατος, κράατι*, pl. nom. *κρά-*

*ᾶτα*:—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

**κράσις**, εὖς, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding,

blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. *temperies*.

III. in Gramm., *crasis*, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. *τοῦνομα* for *τὸ ὄνομα*, *ἀνὴρ* for *ὁ ἀνὴρ*.

**ΚΡΑ'ΣΠΕΔΟΝ**, τό, the edge, border, margin, hem of a thing. Hence

**κρασπεδῶ**, f. ὥσω, to surround with a border or fringe.

**κράσσω**, ον, Dor. for *κρέσσω*, *κρείσσω*.

**κράτα**, τό, indecl., = *κάρα*:—but also *κράτα*, τόν, acc. of *κράς*.

**κράτα-βόλος**, ον, (κραταιός, βάλλω) hurled with violence.

**κράται-γύαλος**, ον, (κραταιός, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corslet.

**κράταις**, ἡ, = *κράτος*, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότ' ἀποστρέψασκε *κράταις αὐτίς* then did mighty force turn it back again.

II. **Κράταις**, as pr. n. *Crataeïs*, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

**κράταί-λεως**, αν, gen. ω, (κραταιός, λᾶς) stony, rocky, rugged.

**κράταιός**, ἁ, ὄν, (κράτος) poet. for *κρατερός*, mighty, strong, resistless.

**κράταιῶ**, f. ὥσω, later form for *κρατύνω*.

**κράταί-πέδος**, ον, (κραταιός, πέδον) with hard ground or soil.

**κράταί-πους**, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also *καρ-ταίπους*: (κραταιός, πούς): stout-footed, sure-footed.

**κράταί-ρῖνος**, ον, (κραταιός, ρῖνός) strong-shelled.

**κράτερ-αίχμη**, ον, ὁ, also *καρτ-*, (κρατερός, αἰχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

**κράτερός** poet. *καρτερός*, ἁ, ὄν, (κρατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valiant; but also *hard-bearded*, cruel, harsh, rough: so, *χῶρος κρατερός* hard, solid, ground.

2. also strong, violent.

**κράτερό-φρων**, ον, gen. ονος, (κρατερός, φρήν) stout-bearded, dauntless.

**κράτερό-χειρ**, χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, χεῖρ) stout of hand.

**κράτερ-ῶνυξ**, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὄνυξ) strong-boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws.

**κρατερός**, Adv. of *κρατερός*, strongly, stoutly: sternly, roughly.

**κράτεσφι**, Ep. dat. pl. of *κράς*. [ᾱ]

**ΚΡΑ'ΤΕΥΤΑΙ**, ὦν, οἱ, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

**κράτέω**, f. ἤσω: (κράτος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι *κρατεῖν*.

2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand; of reports, to prevail, become current.

II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel.

III. c. acc. rei, to bold fast, seize, secure.

IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

**κράτηρ** Ion. *κρητήρ*, ἦρος, ὁ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; *κρητήρα*

*κεράσασθαι* to mix a bowl.

II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κράτησί-μαχος, ον, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κράτησί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κρατέω, πούς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κράτησ-ιππος, ον, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κράτι, dat. sing. of κράς.

κράτιστεύω, f. σω, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.*

κράτιστος Ep. κάρτιστος, ἡ, ον, and as irreg. Sup. of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.* 2. *best, most excellent.*—The Comp. in use is κρείσσων. [α]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ poet. κάρτος, εος, τό, *strength, might, prowess: force, violence: πύλιν ἐλεῖν κατὰ κράτος to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might.* II. *generally, might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power over.* III. *mastery, victory.*

κράτος, gen. of κράς.

κράτύνω Ep. καρτύνω: f. ὕνω: (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks:—Pass. to become strong, be strengthened.* 2. *to barden.* II. *to rule, govern, c. gen. 2. to become master, get possession of: to conquer.* [ῥ]

κράτῦς, masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτος) *strong, mighty.* [ῥ]

κραυγάζω, fut. ἄσω, (κραυγή) *to scream, shriek.*

Κραυγασίδης, ον, ὁ, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγή, ἡ, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, shrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, ὁ, (κρέας, ἀγρίω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, τό, Dim. of κρέας, *a slice of flesh.*

κρεῖνομαι, f. ἥσω, (κρεανόμος) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:—Med. to divide among themselves. Hence*

κρεῖνομία, ἡ, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεῖ-νόμος, ον, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεανόμος, ὁ, a carver, Lat. dispensator.*

ΚΡΕΑΣ Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέως: plur. κρέα: gen. κρεῶν Ep. κρεῖων; dat. κρέασι Ep. κρέεσσι:—*flesh, a piece of meat: meat.* 2. *a carcase: a body, person.*

κρεη-δόκος, ον, and κρειο-δόκος, ον, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρεῖον, τό, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρείουσα, fem. of κρείων, q. v.

κρεισσό-τεκνος, ον, (κρείσσαν, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσαν, ον, gen. ονος, Att. κρείττων Ion. κρέσσαν Dor. κάρρων:—*stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἰμί sum and part., as κρείσσαν γὰρ ἦσθα μηκέτ' ὦν ἡ ζῶν τυφλός thou wert better*

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding: ὕψος κρείσσον ἐκπηδήματος a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσον' ἀγχόνης too bad for hanging.*

III. *superior to, master of: κρείσσαν χρημάτων superior to bribes.* IV. *in moral sense, better, more excellent. (κρείσσαν is used as irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also Sup. κράτιστος.)*

κρείττων, Att. form of foreg.

ΚΡΕΙΩΝ, οντος, ὁ: fem. κρείουσα, ἡ:—*a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀναξ.*

κρεῖων, Ep. for κρεῶν, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρεκάδια, ὡν, τά, (κρέκω) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, *struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments: played, sung. From*

ΚΡΕΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐκρεξα:—*to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.* 2. *to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument.* 3. *generally, to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, ἡ, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρέμαμαι, shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμωμαι; opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρέμασθαι: impf. ἐκρεμάμην: fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννυμι rarely -ύω: fut. κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾄς, ᾄ, Ep. lengthd. κρεμούω: aor. I ἐκρέμασα Ep. κρέμασα:—Med., aor. I ἐκρεμάσάμην:—Pass., κρεμάννυμαι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—*to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα to hang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι to hang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea.* II. Pass. *to be hung up or suspended, to swing from, hang down from.* 2. *metaph. to be in suspense.*

κρεμάσας, aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κρεμάννυμι) *hung up, bung, banging: c. gen. bung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος bung by the neck.*

κρεμάστρα, ἡ, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, Root of κρεμάννυμι, *to hang, hang up.*

κρεμβάλλω, f. ἄσω, (κρέμβαλα) *to keep time with castanets. Hence*

κρεμβάλλιστος, ὅς, ἡ, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕΜΒΑΛΑ, τά, castanets.

κρεμήσομαι, fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρέμαμαι.

κρεμούω, Ep. for Att. κρεμῶ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρέξ, ἡ, gen. κρεκός, Lat. crex, (κρέκω) *a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρέο-βοτος, ον, (κρέας, βόσκω) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, Att. for κρεωκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (κρέας, πωλέω) *a butcher.*



κρεουργέω, f. ἤσω, (κρεουργός) to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher. Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and

κρεουργία, ἡ, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering.

κρε-ουργός, ὄν, (κρέας, ἔργον) cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργός, ὁ, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργὸν ἡμῶν a day of feasting.

κρεο-φάγος, ὄν, (κρέας, φάγειν) eating flesh, carnivorous.

κρέσσων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, Ion. for κρείσσων.

κρέων, ὄντος, = κρείων.

κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήγυος, ὄν, good, agreeable. II. true, real.

κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρά-δεμνον, τό, (κάρα, δέω) a sort of head-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets. II. metaph. in plur. the battlements which crown the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

κρήνηναι, aor. I inf. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραίνω.

κρήνηνον, aor. I imperat. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραίνω.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κρᾶς) from the head, from above.

κρημνάς, part. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνάω and κρήμνημι, = κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a height, cast down, bang down:—Pass. κρήμνᾶμαι, to hang down, be suspended: to float or bover in air.

κρήμνη, for κρήμναθι, imperat. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνο-βάτης [ἄ], ὄν, ὁ, (κρημνός, βαίνω) baunter of the steeps.

κρημνο-ποιός, ὄν, (κρημνός, ποιέω) talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.

κρημνός, ὁ, (κρεμάννυμι) an overhanging steep, a beelling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.

κρημν-ώδης, ἐς, (κρημνός, εἶδος) precipitous, steep.

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραίνω.

κρηναῖος, α, ὄν, (κρήνη) of or from a spring or fountain: κρηναῖον ὕδωρ spring water.

ΚΡΗΝΗ Dor. κράνα, ἡ, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water. II. a source, fountain-head. Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring; and

κρήνηνδε, Adv. to a well or spring.

κρηνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of κρηναῖος, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρᾶνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρᾶνίδες.

κρηνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κρήνη. [ἱ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραίνω.

ΚΡΗΠΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, κρηπίδες poet. for booted men. II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηπὶς self-command is the foundation of virtue. 2. the side of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido; generally, an edge. [ἱ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρής, ὁ, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν:—a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα. Hence

Κρήσιος, α, ὄν, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κεράσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι.

κρησφύγετον, τό, a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, ἡ, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence

Κρήτηθεν, Adv. from Crete; and

Κρήτηνδε, Adv. to Crete.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίζω, f. σω, (Κρής) to lie like a Cretan.

Κρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv. -κῶς, in Cretan fashion. II. κρητικόν (sub. ἱμάτιον), τό, a garment of Cretan fashion. III.

κρητικός (sub. ποὺς), ὁ, a metrical foot, e. g. 'Αντίφών [- -] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).

κρητισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (Κρητίζω) lying.

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley.

κρίβανίτης [ἱ], ὄν, ὁ, baked under a pot or pan:—

κρίβανίτης (sub. ἄρτος), ὁ, a loaf so baked. From

κρίβανος, ὁ, Att. for κλίβανος, a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [ἱ] Hence

κρίβανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = κρίβανίτης.

ΚΡΙΖΩ, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐκρίκον: pi. κέκρικα:—to creak, Lat. stridere: to screech, squeak. (Formed from the sound.)

κρίηδόν, Adv. (κρίως) like a ram.

κρίθαία, ἡ, (κριθή) a mess of barley pottage.

κρίθάω, f. ἤσω, (κριθή) to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.

κρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗ, ἡ, and in plur. κριθαί, αἱ, barley; οἶνος ἐκ κριθέων (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley. [ἱ]

κρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίθιασις, ἐως, ἡ, (κριθή) a disease of horses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.

κρίθιζω, f. σω, (κριθή) to feed with barley.

κρίθινος, η, ὄν, (κριθή) made of barley.

κρίθο-τράγος, ὄν, (κριθή, τράγειν) barley-eating.

κρίθω, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἐκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω.

κρίκος, ὁ, = κίρκος, a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνω) a judgment, sentence. 2. a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κρίμν-ώδης, ἐς, (κρίμνον, εἶδος) like coarse meal; κατανίφει κρίμνώδη it snows thick as meal.

κρίνας, aor. I part. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΝΩ, τό, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, εος, τό. [ἱ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [ἱ], fut. κρίνω: aor. I ἐκρίνα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρινούμαι: aor. I ἐκρίνάμην:—Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [ἱ], older ἐκρίνθην, whence part. κρινθείς: pf. κέκρικμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι:—the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished. 2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. for a prize; σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν to judge crooked judgments, i. e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. κρίνομαι, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel. 3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is. II. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried. 2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριξός, ὁ, Dor. for κριστός, κριστός.

κρίο-βόλος, ον, (κρίος, βάλλω) ram-slaying.

κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κρίος, πρόσωπον) ram-faced.

ΚΡΙΟΏΣ, ὁ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. a battering-ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ἡ, Crisa or Crissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. Κρίσαῖος, α, ον, Crissaeon.

κρίσις [ῥ], εως, ἡ, (κρίνω) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision.

κρίτηριον, τό, (κριτής) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κριτής, οὐ, ὁ, (κρίνω) a discernor, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. 2.

κριτής ἐνυπνίων an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κριτικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to discern and decide, critical.

κριτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρίνω, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep. for κρούω, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of κρόκη.

κροκάλη, ἡ, = κρόκη II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [α]

κρόκεος, ον, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured.

κρόκες, αἱ, heterocl. nom. pl. of κρόκη.

κρόκη, ἡ, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. κρόκες, as if from a nom. κρόξ: (κρέκω):—the woof or weft, Lat. subtemen, opp. to στήμων the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, η, ον, poet. for κρόκεος, saffron-coloured.

κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed.

κροκο-βάφης, ἐς, (κρόκος, βαφῆναι) crocus-dyed, of crocus-blue, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see κρόκος).

κροκόδειλος, ὁ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, ὁ κροκόδειλος ὁ ποτάμιος, called by the natives χάμψα.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured. II. as Subst., κροκόεις (sub. πέπλος) ὁ, a robe of saffron.

κροκό-πέπλος, ον, (κρόκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed.

ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ον, ὁ, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [ῥ], ὕδος, ἡ, (κρόκη) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool.

κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of κροκωτός, a short, saffron robe.

κροκωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κροκώω) saffron-dyed or coloured.

II. as Subst., κροκωτός (sub. πέπλος), ὁ, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to wear a saffron robe. From κροκωτο-φόρος, ον, (κροκωτός, φέρω) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμυ-οξύ-ρεγμία, ἡ, (κρόμμυον, ὄξος, ἐρευγμός) a belch of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥΤΩΝ or κρόμμυον, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ον, ὁ, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, i. e. Zeus: cf. Κρονίαν, Κρόνος. [ῥ]

Κρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κρόνος) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (Κρόνος) of Cronos or Saturn; τὰ Κρόνια (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon; Κρονίαν ὄζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ἵππος, ὁ, (Κρόνος, ἵππος) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρονίων, ὁ, gen. ἰονος [ῥ], but also Κρονίανος, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zeus.

Κρόνος, ὁ, Cronos, Lat. Saturnus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΣΣΑΙ, ὦν, αἱ, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλιζω, f. ἴσω, (κρόταλον) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κρόταφος, ὁ, (κροτέω) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora: also the sides of the face. 2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ἤσω: (κρότος):—to make to rattle or clasp. II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; εὐθὺς τὸ πρᾶγμα κροτείσθω let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.'

2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud. III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροτησμός, ὁ, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κροτέω, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled rattling along. 3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ον, ὁ, (κρούω) the sound of striking; κρότος χειρῶν a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, ὦνος, ὁ, a tick, Lat. ricinus. II. the



*palma Christi* or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κρούμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke. 2. a sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρούνισμα, ατος, τό, a gushing or stream. From ΚΡΟΥΝΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a spring, well-head: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραιο, ὁ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος) a pourer forth of weak, wasby twaddle.

κρουσι-δημέω, f. ἤσω, (κρούω, δῆμος) to play upon the people, impose upon them.

κρούσις, εως, ἡ, (κρούω) a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, one must knock at.

κρουστικός, ἡ, ὁ, fit for striking. II. metaph. striking, astonishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικόν striking eloquence. From

ΚΡΟΥΨΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἐκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέρκρουμαι and -σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν

χείρας to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα to strike the foot against the ground in dancing. 2. to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door. 4. Med. κρούεσθαι πρύμναν to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) without the knowledge of; κρύβδα Διός, Lat. clam Jove.

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.

κρύβηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρυερός, ὁ, ὁ, (κρύος) icy, chill, chilling.

κρυμός, ὁ, (κρύος) icy cold, chill, frost.

κρυμ-ώδης, ες, (κρυμός, εἶδος) icy-cold: frozen, icy.

κρυόεις, εσσα, εν, = κρυερός, icy-cold, chilling.

ΚΡΥΨΩ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, horror.

κρυπτάδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (κρύπτω): secret, bidden, clandestine.

κρυπτάζω, f. άσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεία, ἡ, (κρυπτεύω) a secret service or commission; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.

κρυπτέον, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, one must conceal.

κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. II. to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπτεύομαι, to have snares laid for one.

κρύπτη, ἡ, a covered place, vault, crypt. From

κρυπτός, ἡ, ὁ, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, bidden, secret.

ΚΡΥΨΙΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I ἐκρύψα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβησομαι, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύψομαι: aor. I ἐκρύβην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [ῥ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—to bide, cover, conceal:—Pass. to bide oneself, lie bidden. II. metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψῃς τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

κρυστάλλίζω, f. ίσω, (κρύσταλλος) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλινος, η, ον, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal.

κρυστάλλο-πηκτος, ον, or κρυστάλλο-πήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) congealed to ice, frozen.

κρύσταλλος, ὁ, (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies. 2. extreme cold, torpor. II. ὁ and ἡ, crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῥ]

κρυφαῖος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, covert. Adv. -ως.

κρυφή Dor. -φᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, in secret.

κρυφήδον, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

κρυφίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, clandestine. [ῥ]

κρυφός, ὁ, (κρύπτω) concealment, obscurity.

κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψι-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) bidding the forehead.

κρυψί-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ον: (κρύπτω, νόος): bidding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρυψίς, εως, ἡ, (κρύπτω) a bidding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

ΚΡΩΒΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head. II. the crest on a helmet. [ῥ]

κρωγμός, ὁ, (κρώω) the croaking or cawing of a crow.

ΚΡΩΖΩ, f. κρώω, to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to croak out. (Formed from the sound.)

κρῶσσαι, Ion. for κρύσσαι.

κρῶσσιον, τό, Dim. of κρῶσος.

ΚΡΩΣΣΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a water-pail, pitcher, jar. 2. a cinerary urn.

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταίην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίνω, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ᾱ]

κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ᾱ]

κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑΪΟΜΑΙ Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. I ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι

Ion. ἐκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτήμην or -ώμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold; ὁ κεκτημένος an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτημένος my master; ἡ ἐμὴ κεκτημένη my mistress. III. aor. I ἐκτηθήν is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτᾶσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι. κτέανον, ὁ, (κτάομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, as if from κτέαρ.

κτεάτειρα, ἡ, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that puts one in possession of. [ᾱ]

κτεάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτιζω, f. ἴσω; Ep. aor. I κτεάτισσα: (κτέαρ):—to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hence

κτεάτιστός, ἦ, ὄν, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτενέω or κτανέω: aor. I ἐκτεῖνα: aor. 2 ἐκτάνον: pf. ἐκτονα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτάνθη: pf. ἐκτᾶμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἐκτᾶ, ἐκτᾶν (as if from κτήμι); subj. κτέω, I pl. κτέωμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [ᾱ], for κτάναι; part. κτάς: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [ᾱ], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενος: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. ἐκτᾶθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

ΚΤΕΙΨ, ὁ, gen. κτενός, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, barrow. 4. the hand, with the fingers spread open. Hence

κτενέω, Ion. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ἴσω, to comb: to curry horses:—Med., κτενίξεσθαι κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτεῖς, a small comb.

κτενισμός, ὁ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτήμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral honours, obsequies; see κτερείζω, κτερίζω.

κτερείζω, f. ἴζω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερείζειν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω, fut. κτερίω: aor. I ἐκτέρῖσα: (κτέρεα):—to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat. justa facere, exequias facere.

κτεριοῦσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερεᾶ.

κτέω, κτέωμεν, I sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτῆθῆναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense.

κτῆμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτήματα, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like χρῆμα.

κτῆνηδόν, Adv. (κτῆνος) like beasts.

κτῆνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτῆμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτήνεα, contr. κτῆνη, property in herds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single head of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτῆσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of κτάομαι.

κτῆσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κτῆσις) of or from one's property; κτῆσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock.

II. belonging to one's own house, domestic, Lat. penetralis; κτήσιοι θεοὶ household gods.

κτῆσις, εως, ἡ, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτῆτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, held as property, possessed.

κτῆτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

κτίδεος, α, ον, (κτίς) = ἰκτίδεος, of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [ῖ]

ΚΤΙΨΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκτίσα Ep. ἐκτίσσα, κτίσσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτίσθην: pf. ἐκτισμαι:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—of a festival, to institute, establish. II. to produce, create. 2. generally, to make or render so and so. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

ΚΤΙΛΟΣ, ον, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτίλος, ὁ, a ram. [ῖ] Hence

κτιλόω, f. ὤσω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην:—to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτίμενος, η, ον, Ep. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτίζω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐν-κτίμενος. [ῖ]

κτίς, ἡ, = ἰκτίς, a marten-cat, marten.

κτίσις, εως, ἡ, (κτίζω) a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2. a created thing, creature. [ῖ]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίζω) a created thing, creature.

κτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of κτίζω.

κτίστης, ον, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, establisher.

κτιστός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = κτίστης.

κτίτης [ῖ] ον, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἐκτύπησα poet. κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἐκτύπον Ep. κτύπον: (κτύπος): I. intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass. to ring, resound. Hence

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [ῖ]

κτύπος, ον, ὁ, (τύπτω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [ῖ]

κύαθος, ὁ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure holding two κόγχοι, about  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a pint. III. a cupping-glass.

κυάμεντός, ἡ, ὄν, (κυαμεύω) chosen by beans, i.e. by lot.

κυάμεύω, f. σω, (κύαμος) to choose by beans or lot.

κυάμιατος, α, ον, (κύαμος) of the size of a bean.

ΚΥΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens; ὁ κυάμω λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτός.

κυάμο-τρώξ, ὦγος, ὁ, (κύαμος, τρώγω) bean-eater.

κυάμο-φάγία, ἡ, (κύαμος, φαγεῖν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κυᾶν-αιγίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κύανος, αἰγίς) with dark Aegis.



κῦαν-άμπυξ, ὕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, ἄμπυξ) with dark blue band or margin.

κῦαν-αυγής, ἐς, (κύανος, αὐγή) dark-gleaming, murky.

Κῦαναι (sc. νῆσοι or πέτραι), αἱ, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κυάναι Συμπληγάδες. [ἄ]

κῦαν-έμβολος, ον, (κυάνεος, ἔμβολον) with dark blue prow or peak.

κυάνεος, α, ον, (κύανος) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [ῦ]

κῦανό-βλέφαρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) dark-eyed.

κῦανό-ειδής, ἐς, (κύανος, εἶδος) dark blue, deep blue.

κῦανό-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, θρίξ) dark-haired.

κῦανό-πέζα, ἡ, (κύανος, πέζα) with feet of cyanus.

κῦανό-πεπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-veiled. [κῦ-, metri grat.]

κῦανό-πρῶρειος and κῦανό-πρῶρος, ον, (κύανος, πρῶρα) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

κῦανό-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.

ΚΥΑΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, cyanos, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel. II. the blue corn-flower.

κῦανό-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) dark-robed.

κῦαν-όφρυς, υ, gen. υος, (κύανος, ὄφρυς) dark-browed.

κῦανό-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, χείτη) dark-haired; of a horse, dark-maned.

κῦανό-χρῶς, ον, -χρῶς, ὡς, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, χρῶς, χρώς) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion.

κῦαν-ὤψης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, ὤψ) dark-eyed: fem. κῦαν-ὤπισ, ἰδος.

κύβδᾱ, Adv. (κύπτω) with the head forwards, stooping.

κύβεια, ἡ, (κυβεύω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.

Κυβέλη, ἡ, Cybele, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the Idaean Mother.

ΚΥΒΕΡΝΑΨ, fut. ἦσω, Lat. gubernare, to steer: metaph. to hold the helm of the state, guide, govern. Hence

κυβέρνησις Dor. -ᾱσις, εως, ἡ, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κυβερνήτα, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ἡρος, ὁ, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, helmsman, Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κυβερνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in steering or governing.

κυβεύω, f. σω, (κύβος) to play at dice: to run a bazaar, take the chances. 2. trans. to set upon a throw.

κυβιστάω, f. ἦσω, (κύπτω) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κυβίστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κυβιστήτης, ἡρος, ὁ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper headforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

ΚΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. cubus, a solid square, a cube. II. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; τρίς ἐξ βαλεῖν to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίνειν τι ἐν κύβοις to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κῦδάζω, no fut. in use, (κῦδος), to revile, abuse:—Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κῦδάζω is used in bad, κῦδαίνω in good sense.)

κῦδαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐκῦδάνα Ep. κύδηνα: (κῦδος):—to honour, do honour to, glorify, praise: also of the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of honour. II. seldom in bad sense, to flatter. See κῦδάζω.

κῦδάλιμος, ον, (κῦδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κῦδάλιμον κῆρ noble heart.

κῦδάνω [ἄ], = κῦδαίνω, to honour, bold in honour. II. intr. = κῦδιάω, to vaunt aloud, boast.

κῦδῆναι, aor. I inf. of κῦδαίνω.

κύδηεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κῦδαίνω.

κῦδῆεις, εσσα, εν, (κῦδος) glorious, noble.

κῦδι-άνειρα, ἡ, (κῦδος, ἀνῆρ) fem. Adj. like ἀντι-άνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άναρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κῦδιᾶω, Ep. part. κῦδιῶαν, no fut. in use: (κῦδος):—to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence to exult, rejoice.

κύδιμος, ον, = κῦδάλιμος.

κῦδιῶν, Ep. part. of κῦδιᾶω.

κῦδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κῦδρός (formed from κῦδος, as αἰσχιστος from αἶσχος), most glorious, most honoured, noblest: the greatest.

κῦδιῶν [ἰ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κῦδρός (see κῦδιστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

κῦδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = κῦδρός.

κῦδοιδοπάω, f. ἦσω, (κῦδοιμός) to make a bubblub or uproar.

κῦδοιμέω, fut. ἦσω, (κῦδοιμός) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm. II. trans. to drive in confusion.

ΚΥΔΟΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, uproar, confusion, tumult, bubblub.

ΚΥΔΟΣ, εος, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κῦδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κῦδος Ἀχαιῶν the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat. decus.

κῦδρός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῦδος) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδων or Κύδωνία, ἡ, Cydonia, a city of Crete.

Κῦδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κῦδώνιος, α, ον, (Κύδων) Cydonian, i. e. Cretan; μῆλον Κῦδώνιον the quince. II. metaph. swelling like a quince, round and plump.

κῦέω, older form for κύω, impf. ἐκύουν: fut. κῦήσω: aor. I ἐκύησα: I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. gestare. II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθε, Ep. for ἐκύθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κεύθω.

Κυθήρεια, ἡ, Cytbera, surname of Venus, from the city Κύθηρα in Crete, or from the island Κύθηρα.

Κύθηρα, ὠν, τά, Cytbera, an island on the south of Laconia, now Cerigo.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, ον, ὁ, (Κύθηρα, δίκη) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of Cytbera.

Κυθηρόθεν, Adv. (Κύθηρα) from Cytbera.

κύθηρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κῦϊσκω, only used in pres. (κύω, κνέω) to impregnate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

κῦκᾶνάω, collat. form of κυκάω, to confound.

ΚΥ·ΚΑ'Ω, f. ἤσω, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. miscere, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panic-stricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κῦκεών, ὦνος, ὁ: acc. κυκεῶνα, shortd. Ep. κυκεῶ and κυκεῖω: (κυκάω):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κῦκήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κυκάω.

κύκηθρον, τό, (κυκάω) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [ῥ]

κῦκησί-τεφρος, ον, (κυκάω, τέφρα) mixed up with ashes.

κυκλάμινος, ἡ, cyclamen, sow-bread, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (κύκλος) encircling: αἱ Κυκλάδες (sub. νῆσοι), the Cyclades, islands in the Aegean sea, which encircle Delos. II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλέω, f. ἤσω, (κύκλος) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; πόδα κυκλεῖν to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle. II. intr. to revolve, come round and round.

κυκλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (κύκλος) fem. Adj. round, circular.

κυκλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κύκλος) circular. II. those Epic poets were called οἱ Κυκλικοί, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of Ulysses.

κυκλιο-διδάσκᾱλος, ὁ, (κύκλιος, διδάσκω) a teacher of the cyclic chorus, a dithyrambic poet.

κύκλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύκλος) round, circular: neut. τὸ κύκλιον, as Subst. a circle. II. κύκλιοι χοροί, οἱ, circular or cyclic choruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of Bacchus, dithyrambic choruses; hence, κύκλια μέλη dithyrambs.

Κυκλοβορέω, f. ἤσω, to roar like the torrent of Cycloborus.

Κυκλο-βόρος, ὁ, (κύκλος, βιβρώσκω) a mountain-torrent in Attica.

κυκλο-δίωκτος, ον, (κύκλος, διώκω) driven round in a circle. [ῥ]

κυκλόεις, εσσα, εν, (poët. for κυκλικός) circular.

κυκλόθεν, Adv. (κύκλος) in a circle all around.

κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ὁ, (κύκλος, μόλιβδος) a round lead-pencil.

κυκλο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (κύκλος, ποιέω) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥ'ΚΛΟΣ, ον, ὁ, also with irreg. pl. κύκλα, a ring, round, circle: κύκλῳ as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., κύκλῳ σῆμα round about the monument; and c. gen., κύκλῳ τοῦ στρατοπέδου. II. any circular body: as, 1. a wheel. 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. corona, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people. 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. the balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (κύκλος) in or into a circle, around.

κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ἤσω, (κύκλος, σοβέω) to drive round in a circle, whirl round.

κυκλο-τερής, ἐς, (κύκλος, τείρω) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; κυκλοτερὲς τόξον ἔτεινεν he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλόω, f. ὠσω, (κύκλος) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med. II. to drive round and round, whirl round. III. to form into a circle:—Pass. to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κύκλωμα, ατος, τό, (κύκλω) anything made into a circle, as a wheel. 2. βυσσότονον κύκλωμα a circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum.

Κυκλώπειος, α, ον, (Κύκλωψ) Cyclopean, of or befitting the Cyclopes, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called Πελασγικός).

Κυκλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the Cyclops. Adv. -κῶς.

Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of Κύκλωψ.

Κυκλώπιος, α, ον, = Κυκλώπειος:—pecul. fem. Κυκλωπίς, ἰδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ἡ, (κυκλώω) a surrounding, enclosing.

κυκλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κυκλώω) rounded, round.

Κύκλωψ, απος, ὁ, (κύκλος, ὤψ) a Cyclops, i. e. Round-eye; as Hesiod says, Κύκλωπες δ' ὄνομ' ἦσαν ἐπ' ἀννυμον, οὐνεκ' ἄρα σφέων κυκλοτερὲς ὄφθαλμός ἐστιν ἐνέκειτο μετώπῳ:—in sing. of Polyphemus; but Hesiod mentions three Cyclopes, Brontes, Steropes, and Arges, who forged the thunderbolts for Zeus.

κύκνειος, α, ον, (κύκνος) of or like a swan.

κυκνό-μορφος, ον, (κύκνος, μορφή) swan-shaped.

ΚΥ'ΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, a swan, Lat. cygnus. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κύκν-οψις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (κύκνος, ὤψις) like a swan.

ΚΥ'ΛΑ, ὠν, τά, the parts under the eyes.

κῦλινδέω, f. ἤσω, late form of κυλίνδω. Hence κῦλινδήθηρα, ἡ, = ἀλινδήθηρα: and κυλίνδησις, εως, ἡ, a rolling, wallowing. 2. exercise, practice.

ΚΥ'ΛΙΝΔΩ, fut. κυλίσω [ῖ]: aor. 1 ἐκύλισα, inf. κυλίσαι: aor. 1 pass. ἐκυλίσθην:—older form of κυλινδέω, to roll, roll on or along. II. Pass. κυλινδομαι, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like



a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΛΙΞ [ῥ], ἵκος, ἥ, a cup, drinking-cup.

κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 pass. of κυλίω.

κύλισμα, ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [ῥ]

κυλίχνη, ἥ, (κύλιξ) a small cup. Hence

κυλίχνιον, τό, a little cup or box.

κυλίω [ῥ], late form for κυλίνδω.

κύλασσις Ion. κύλλησις, ιος, ὁ, Egyptian bread made from ὀλύρα.

κυλλή, ἥ, see κυλλός.

Κυλλήνη, ἥ, Cyllene, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Κυλλήνιος, ὁ.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [ῥ], ονος, ὁ, (κυλλός, πούς) maimed of foot, halting, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλός, ἥ, ὄν, crooked, crippled, halt. 2. κυλλή

χείρ is the band with the fingers bent to make a hollow for alms; ἔμβαλε κυλλῇ (sub. χεῖρ) put it into the hollow of the hand.

κύλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οἰδᾶω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swollen, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ὡς τὸ κύμα ἔστωτο when the waves abated. II. like

κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κύμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence

κύματίας, ου, ὁ, Ion. ἰης, (κύμα) surging, billowy. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κύματο-ᾠγής, ἐς, (κύμα, ᾠγνυμι) breaking like waves, stormy.

κύματοεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for κυματίας.

κύματο-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἥ, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wave-beaten.

κύματούω, f. ὥσω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over:—Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κύματ-ωγή, ἥ, (κύμα, ᾠγνυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβάλίζω, f. ἰσω, (κύμβαλον) to play the cymbals.

κύμβαλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum*.

κύμβαχος, ον, (κύπτω) bead-foremost, Lat. *pronus*. II. κύμβαχος, ὁ, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed.

ΚΥΜΒΗ, ὁ, a hollow vessel: 1. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl.

II. a boat, Lat. *cymba*. Hence

κυμβίον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύμινδις, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the night-bat; χαλκίδα κυκλήσκουσι θεοί, ἄνδρες δὲ κύμινδι.

κύμινεύω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin.

ΚΥΜΙΝΟΝ, τό, cummin, Lat. *cuminum*.

κύμιν-πρίστης, ου, ὁ, (κύμινον, πρίω) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κύμιν-πριστο-καρδαμο-γλύφος, ον, (κυμνοπρίστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cress-scraper, of an excessive miser. [ῥ]

κύμο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κύμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων.

κυναγεσία, κυναγέτας, Dor. for κυνηγ-.

κύν-ᾠγός, ὄν, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, ᾠγω):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a hunter, huntsman.

κύν-ᾠγχη, ἥ, (κύων, ᾠγχομαι) cynanche, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-ᾠγωγός, ὁ, (κύων, ᾠγω) a dog-leader, huntsman.

κύν-ᾠλώπηξ, εκος, ἥ, (κύων, ᾠλώπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κύνά-μυια, ἥ, (κύων, μυῖα) dog-fly, shameless fly.

κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [ᾠ]

κύνάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. *caninus*. II. as Subst., κυνάς (sub. θρίξ), ἥ, dog's hair, of a bad fleece.

κύνάω, f. ἦσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic.

κύνή, Att. contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of κύνεος, sub. δορά), ἥ, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for ἐκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κυνέω.

κύνειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύων) of a dog.

κύνεος, α, ον, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. shameless, unabashed.

κύνες, nom. pl. of κύων.

ΚΥΝΕΩ, fut. κύνησομαι, but also κύσω [ῥ], poet. κύσσω: aor. 1 ἐκύσα Ep. κύσα, ἐκυσσα, κίσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνῃ, ἥ, Att. contr. for κυνέη.

κυνηγεσία, ἥ, = κυνηγέσιον.

κυνηγέσιον, τό, a hunting establishment, huntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in hunting, the game. From

κύνηγετέω, f. ἦσω, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2. to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κυναγέτας, (κύων, ἡγέομαι): a hunter, huntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ἥ, ὄν, of or for hunting.

κύν-ηγέτις, ιδος, ἥ, fem. of κυνηγέτης, a huntress.

κύνηγία, ἥ, a hunt, chase. From

κύνηγός, v. sub κυναγός.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, οἱ, (κύων vi, πούς) the fetlocks of a horse.

Κύνθος, ὁ, Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis; whence Apollo is called Κύνθιος, Cynthian, and Κυνθο-γενής, Cynthos-born.

κύνιδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνικός, ἥ, ὄν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. *caninus*.

κύνισκη, ἥ, (κύων) a bitch-puppy.

κύνισκος, ὁ, (κύων) a young dog, whelp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic.

κύν-δρομέω, f. ἦσω, (κύων, δραμεῖν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύν-θαροῦς or -θρασής, ἐς, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κῦνο-κέφαλος, ον, (κύων, κεφαλή) *dog-beaded*. 2. as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, ὁ, *the dog-beaded ape*.  
 κῦνο-κλόπος, ον, (κύων, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.  
 κῦνο-κοπέω, f. ἤσω, (κύων, κόπτω) *to beat like a dog*.  
 κυνόμυια, = κυνάμυια.  
 κῦνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κύων, πρόσωπον) *dog-faced*.  
 κῦνο-ραιοστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κύων, ραίω) *a dog-tick*.  
 κυνός, gen. of κύων.

Κυνόσαργες, εὐς, τό, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κυνόσ-βάτος, ἡ, (κύων, βάτος) *dog-torn*, a kind of wild rose.

κυνόσ-ουρα, ἡ, (κυνός, οὐρά) *a dog's-tail*: esp. the Cynosure, name of the constellation *Ursa Minor*.

κῦνο-σπάρακτος, ον, (κύων, σπάρασσω) *torn by dogs*.

κυν-οὔχος, ὁ, (κύων, ἔχω) *a dog-holder, dog-leash, slip*. II. *a dog-skin sack*, used in hunting.

κυνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κύων, φρήν) *dog-minded, sordid or shameless of soul*.

κύντερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from κύων, *more dog-like, i. e. more shameless, more audacious*:—Sup.

κύντατος, η, ον, *most shameless*.

κυνώ, οὐς, ἡ, (κύων) *a she-dog, bitch*.

κύν-ώπης, ον, ὁ, (κύων, ὤψ) = κυνός ὄμματ' ἔχων, *the dog-eyed, i. e. shameless one*:—fem. κύν-ῶπις,

ἰδος, ἡ, *the shameless woman; also fierce-eyed, terrible*.

κύπαιρος, Dor. for κύπειρος.

κῦπαρίσσινος Att. -ττίνος, η, ον, (κῦπαρίσσιος) *made of cypress wood*.

ΚΥΠΑΡΙΣΣΟΣ Att. -ττος, ἡ, *a cypress*, Lat. *cypressus*.

ΚΥΠΕΙΡΟΝ, τό, or κύπειρος, ὁ, *a marsh-plant, used to feed horses, galingal*.

κῦπελλο-μάχος, ον, (κῦπελλον, μάχομαι) *at which they fight with cups*, cf. Horace's *scyphis pugnare*.

κύπελλον, τό, (κύπη) *a capacious drinking-vessel, a beaker, goblet*. [ῥ]

κύπερος, ὁ, Ion. for κύπειρος.

κύπη, ἡ, = γύπη, *a hole, hollow*.

Κυπρίδιος, α, ον, (Κύπρις) *of or like Cypris, lovely, tender, delicate*. [ῖδ]

Κύπριος, α, ον, (Κύπρος) *of Cyprus, Cyprian*.

Κύπρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, *Cypris*, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. *love*.

Κυπρο-γενής, ἐς, (Κύπρος, \*γένω) *Cyprus-born*: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια Ep. -γενέα, ἡ.

Κυπρόθεν, Adv. *from Cyprus*: and

Κύπρονδε, Adv. *to Cyprus*. From

Κύπρος, ον, ἡ, *Cyprus*, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. *cyprum*, our *copper*.)

κυπτάζω, f. ἄσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, *to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about a thing*.

ΚΥΠΤΩ, f. κύψω: aor. I ἐκύψα: pf. κέκυψα:—*to bend forward, stoop: to bow down under a burden; κέρεια κεκυφύτα ἐς τὸ ἐμπροσθεν* horns growing bent

forward; often in aor. I part. with another Verb, θέει κύψας *runs with the head down*; κύψας ἐσθίει *eats stooping, i. e. greedily*.

Κύρβας, αὐτος, ὁ, shortd. form of Κορύβας.

κυρβάσια, ἡ, *a Persian bonnet or hat*, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβιες, gen. κύρβεων, dat. κύρβεσι, *triangular tables*, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any

pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

κύρβις is used later of a *pettifogging lawyer*.

ΚΥΡΕΩ and ΚΥΡΩ [ῥ]: impf. ἐκύρουν [ῥ] and ἐκύρον with Ep. 3 sing. κύρε: fut. κῦρήσω and κύρσω: aor. I ἐκύρησα [ῥ], inf. κῦρῆσαι, part. κῦρήσας; and Ep. ἐκυρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας: 1. followed

by a case, I. dat. *to hit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with*; as λέων σώματι κύρσας. 2. dat. with ἐπί or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. gen. *to reach to, as far as: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain*. 4. acc. *to reach, obtain; also to find by chance*. II. in-

trans. *to happen, come to pass, turn out*. 2. absol. *to be right, hit the exact truth*; with part., τόδ' ἂν λέγων κῦρήσας *you would be right in saying this*. 3. as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. *to turn out, prove, happen to be so and so*; κυρεῖ ἂν *be happens to be*.

κῦρηβάζω, f. ἄσω, (akin to κυρίσω) *to butt with the horns: generally, to strike*. Hence

κῦρηβάσια, ἡ, *a butting: fighting*.

ΚΥΡΗΒΙΑ, ων, τά, *chaff, husks, bran*.

Κυρηναῖος, α, ον, *of Cyrene*. From

Κυρήνη, ἡ, *Cyrene*, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κῦρία, ἡ, *the mistress, lady*.

κῦριακός, ἡ, ὄν, (κύριος) *of, belonging to a lord or master; esp. belonging to the LORD (CHRIST)*: hence ἡ κυριακή (sub. ἡμέρα), *the Lord's day, dies dominica*: τὸ κυριακόν, *the Lord's house*, whence our *kyrk, church*.

κυριεύω, f. ἄσω, *to be lord or master of*. From

κύριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύρος): 1. of men, *having power or authority over, lord or master of*, c. gen.: κύριός εἰμι c. inf., *I have the right or am entitled to do*. II. of things, *decisive, valid: critical*. 2. *authorised, ratified*. 3. of times, *fixed, appointed, regular*: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία *an ordinary assembly*, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (*one specially summoned*). 4. *principal, chief*. 5. esp. of language, *strict, literal*. III. as Subst.,

κύριος, ὁ, *a lord, master: an owner, possessor*: 2. ὁ Κύριος = Hebr. *JEHOVAH, THE LORD*: in N. T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, ητος, ἡ, *power, rule, dominion*.

κυρίσω Att. -ττω, fut. ἴξω, (κύρος) *to butt with the horns: also to strike or dash against, of floating bodies*.



κύριως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly.

κυρκᾶνάω, rare form for κυκανάω.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εος, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Κύρος, ό, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κύρω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκυρώην: pf. κεκύρωμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κύρσαι, κύρσας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύρω.

κύρσω, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, ου, ό, (κύρτη) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΤΗ, ή, a fishing-basket, wheel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ό, = κύρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ή, όν, curved, bent, arched; ώμω κυρτώ round, bumped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave.

κυρτώ, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form.

κύρωσις, εως, ή, (κυρώω) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [v]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ό, (κύω) any hollow.

κύσί, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ή, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΤΟΣ, ό, cytisus, a shrubby kind of clover.

κυτρίς, ίδος, ή, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γαστήρ, ορος, ό, ή, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κύτταρον, τό, = sq., a pine-cone.

κύτταρος, ό, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity; κύτταρος ουρανού the vault of heaven, Lat. cavum coeli: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κύφ-αγωγός, ό, (κυφός, αγω) with arching neck.

κύφαλος, α, ον, poet. for κυφός.

κύφος, ή, όν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, ανος, ό, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which

animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κυψέλη, ή, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψελίδαι, οί, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΩ, to hold, contain: I. c. acc., like κυέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought.

II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐκύσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκυσάμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΩΝ, ό and ή, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύον:—plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνών, dat. κυσί Ep. κύνεσσι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τραπέζης house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; κύνες θηρευταί bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian. II.

a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity.

III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διός πτηνός κύων; the griffins also are Ζηνός κύνες. IV. a sea-dog. V. the dog-star.

VI. the fetlock-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κώας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc. κῶα, dat. κῶεσι: (κῆμαι):—a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶδιον. [α]

κῶδεια, ή, the bead: the bead of a poppy.

κῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩΔΩΝ, ανος, ό Att. ή, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κῶδωνος παρενεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow. II. the

mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κωδωνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to try or prove by ringing.

κωδωνό-κροτος, ον, (κῶδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρό-πωλος, ον, (κῶδων, φάλαρα, πῶλος) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (κῶδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κῶδων):—so in Pass., ἅπαντα κωδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i. e. the sentinels are challenged.

κῶα, κῶεσι, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κῶας.

ΚΩΘΩΝ, ανος, ό, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κῶθων.

κῶϊλος, α, ον, Aeol. for κοῖλος.

Κῶϊος, α, ον, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κῶκῦμα, ατος, τό, (κῶκύω) a sbriek, wail, lament.

κῶκῦτός, ό, (κῶκύω) a sbrieking, wailing. II. as pr. n., Κῶκῦτός, ό, Cocytus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥΩ, f. ύσω [v] or ύσομαι: aor. I ἐκῶκῦσα Ep. κῶκῦσα:—to sbriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, ον, ό, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλᾶς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶλον.

κωλή, ή, contr. from κωλεά or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, bind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ηπος, ἡ, (κῶλον, κωλή) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἡ, Colias, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΟΝ, τό, a limb, member of a body. II. generally, a member or part of anything. I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. one limb or half of the race-course. 3. a member or clause of a sentence.

κώλυμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. *impedimentum.* II. a defence or precaution against a thing.

κωλύμη, ἡ, = κάλυμα. [ῥ]

κωλύσι-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

κωλύτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, one must binder.

κωλύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (κωλύω) a binderer.

κωλυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κωλύω) *binderer, preventive.*

κωλύω [ῥ], f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐκώλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκωλύθην: pf. κεκώλυμαι: (κύλος):—akin to κολούω, to cut short: hence to let, binder: 1. c. inf. to binder one from doing, forbid to do. 2. c. gen. rei, to let or binder one from a thing. 3. c. acc. rei, to binder, prevent a thing. 4. absol., esp. in part., ὁ κωλύων one to binder, a preventer; τὸ κωλύον a hindrance; also οὐ κωλύει there is no hindrance. II. Pass. to be bindered.

κῶμα, ατος, τό, (κεῖμαι, κοιμάω) a deep, sound sleep, Lat. *sopor.* 2. a lethargy, a trance.

κωμάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκώμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσδω, f. ἄξομαι, aor. I ἐκώμαξα: (κῶμος):—to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry. 2. to celebrate a κῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the κῶμος. 3. generally, to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.

κωμ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη, ἄρχω) *the head of a village.*

κωμάσδω, Dor. for κωμάζω.

κωμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κωμάζω) a reveller, merryman:—of Bacchus, *the jolly god.*

κωμάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for κωμαστής.

ΚΩΜΗ, ἡ, = Lat. *vicus*, an unwall'd village or country town, a Dor. word = the Att. δῆμος; κατὰ κώμας οἰκεῖσθαι to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns. II. of a city, a quarter, ward, district. Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. in villages, Lat. *vicatim.*

κωμήτης, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη) a villager, countryman. II. in a city, one of the same ward, Lat. *vicinus*: generally, an inhabitant.

κωμήτης, ιδος, fem. of κωμήτης.

κωμῖκεύομαι, Dep. to speak like a comic poet. From

κωμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῶμος) of or for comedy, comic.

κωμό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (κῶμη, πόλις) a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.

κῶμος, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη) a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. *comessatio*, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, *festal processions*, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games. II. *the band of revellers*; metaph. any riotous band or company. III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμωδέω, f. ἤσω, (κωμωδός) to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature:—Pass. to be so satirised.

κωμωδία, ἡ, (κωμωδέω) a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition. There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence

κωμωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for comedy, comic.

κωμωδό-γελως, ατος, ὁ, (κωμωδός, γέλως) a comic actor.

κωμωδο-γράφος, ὁ, (κωμωδός, γράφω) a comic writer.

κωμωδοδιδασκαλία, ἡ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors*: generally, *the comic poet's art.* From

κωμωδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (κωμωδός, διδάσκαλος) a comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμωδο-λοιχέω, f. ἤσω, (κωμωδός, λείχω) to play the parasite and buffoon.

κωμωδο-ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, and

κωμωδο-ποιός, ὁ, (κωμωδός, ποιέω) a maker of comedies, comic poet.

κωμ-ωδός, ὁ, (κῶμη, αἰδός) a comedian: I. a comic actor. 2. a comic poet.

κωμωδο-τραγῳδία, ἡ, (κωμωδός, τραγῳδία) a tragic-comedy.

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, hemlock, Lat. *cicuta.* 2. hemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, a small cone.

κωνίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, extracted from pine-cones.

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fem. a pine or fir tree. 2. the cone or peak of a helmet.

κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) cone-bearing, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.

κωνωπέιον, τό, = κωνωπέων, Lat. *conoprium.*

κωνωπέων, ὠνος, ὁ, (κῶναψ) an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ατος, ὁ, a gnat, Lat. *culex.*

Κῶος, α, ον, of, from the island Cos, Coan. II. ὁ Κῶος, often written κῶος (sub. βύλος), the biggest throw with the dice, counting six, opp. to Χῖος, which counted one: hence the proverb, Κῶος πρὸς Χῖον.

κωπεύς, εως, ὁ, (κῶπη) a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.

κωπεύω, f. σω, (κῶπη) to propel with oars. 2. to fit out with oars.

κῶπη, ἡ, (from κάπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) any bundle, as the bundle of an oar: then, the oar itself. 2. the bundle or haft of a sword, the



*bilt*, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the bundle of a key*. 4. *the bundle or bask of a torch*. Hence  
 κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, *bilted*.  
 κωπηλατέω, f. ήσω, *to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards*. From  
 κωπ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (κώπη, ήλαύνω) *a rower*, Lat. *remex*.  
 κωπ-ήρης, ες, (κώπη, άραρείν) *furnished with oars*. II. *holding the oar*.  
 κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, *a small oar*.  
 κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη.  
 κώριον, Dor. for κούριον, κόριον.  
 κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.  
**ΚΩΡΥΚΟΣ**, ό, *a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at, like the quintain*.  
 Κώρυκος, ό, *Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi*.  
 Κως Ep. Κόως, ή, gen. Κω, the island Cos, in the Aegean sea, opposite Caria.  
 κως, Ion. for πως: but enclit. κως, Ion. for πως.  
 κωπυλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κωτίλλω.  
**ΚΩΤΙΛΛΩ**, *to prate, chatter*, Lat. *garrere: to wheedle, coax*. II. *trans. to chatter to, talk over*. Hence  
 κωτίλος, η, ου, *chattering, prattling: of a swallow, twittering*. II. *coaxing, wheedling*. [r]  
 κωφάω, f. ήσω, (κωφός) *to make deaf or dumb*. II. *to dull, blunt*.  
 κωφός, ή, όν, (κόπτω) *blunt, opp. to όξύς*. II. *of the senses*, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus*; κωφόν κύμα *a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, dumb, mute, speechless; also insensate, unmeaning*. 2. *also dull of bearing, deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of mind, stupid, obtuse*.  
 κώχετο, by crasis for καί ήχετο, impf. of οίχομαι.  
 κώψον, by crasis for καί ήψον.

## Λ

**Λ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα**, τό, indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral λ' = 30, but λ = 30,000. The Lacedaemonians bore Λ upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ.

Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ήνθον φίντατος for ήλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as, λίτρον πλεύμαν for νίτρον πνεύμαν. II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as είβω for λείβω, αίψηρός for λαιψηρός. III. Ep. poets use λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as έλλαβε for έλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τρίλλιστος. IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκραπος for ναύκληρος. V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. *lacryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *olere*

to όζειν, όδ-ωδέναι. VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μόγισ and μόλιν. VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλίλλογος έλλείπω.

**ΛΑ**, insep. Prefix with intensive force (like λαι-, λι-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. in λά-μαχος *very warlike*, λα-κατάρατος *much accursed*.

**ΛΑΑΣ**, ό, gen. λᾱος, dat. λᾱί, acc. λᾱαν: plur., gen. λᾱων, dat. λᾱεσι Ep. λᾱεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λᾱς, acc. λᾱν:—a gen. λᾱου also occurs: Lat. *LAPIS, a stone*. II. *a rock, crag*.

λαβείν Ion. λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.  
 λαβέν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but λάβεν, Ep. 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.  
 λαβή, ή, (λαβείν) *the part to hold by, a handle, bilt, bilt; λαβήν δούναι to give one a grip or hold, metaph. to give one a handle, something to lay hold of*, Lat. *ansam praebere*. II. *the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance*.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.  
 λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.  
 λαβοῖσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.  
 λαβρ-αγόρης, ου, ό, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, άγορεύω) *a bold, rash talker, braggart*.

λάβραξ, ακος, ό, (λάβρος) *a sea-wolf*.  
 λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) *to talk boldly, brag, vaunt*.

λαβρο-πόδης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πούς) *rapid of foot, impetuous*.

λαβροποτέω, f. ήσω, *to drink hard*. From  
 λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πίνω) *a hard drinker*.

**ΛΑΒΡΟΣ**, ου, *furious, boisterous, blustering, vehement*. 2. *of persons, boisterous, furious, turbulent: also gluttonous, greedy*.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστομος) *to talk boldly*. Hence  
 λαβροστομία, ή, *bold, rash talking*.  
 λαβρό-στομος, ου, (λάβρος, στόμα) *talking rashly*.  
 λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) *boisterousness: also greediness*.

λαβρό-σϋτος, ου, (λάβρος, σεύω) *rusbing furiously*.  
 λάβρως, Adv. of λάβρος, *violently, greedily*.

λαβύρινθος, ό, *a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete*. II. *anything of spiral or twisted shape*. (Foreign word.)

λαβύρινθ-ώδης, ες, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) *like a labyrinth, intricate*.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.  
 λαγαρίζω, f. σω, (λαγαρός) *to make slack or hollow:—Med. to become hollow or gaunt from hunger*.

λαγαρός, ά, όν, *slack, hollow, sunken*. II. *slack, pliant, flexible*. (Akin to λαπαρός.) Hence

λαγαρόω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. *to become slack or loose*.

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λακτίζω) = λάξ, *with the beel*.  
 λάγειος, ου, also α, ου, (λαγός, λαγώς) *of or from a hare*.

λαγέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, ό, (λαός, ήγέομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑΓΗΝΟΣ, ό, a flagon, Lat. lagena.

λάγιος, η, ου, (λαγός) of or from a bare.

λαγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a leveret.

λαγνεία, lewdness, lust, desire. From

ΛΑΓΝΟΣ, ου, lewd, lustful.

λαγο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (λαγός, δαίω) bare-devourer.

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ό, (λαγός, θηράω) a bare-bunter. Hence

λαγοθηρέω, to hunt bares.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill bares. From

ΛΑΓΟΤΟΣ, ου, ό, collat. form of λαγός, a bare.

λάγυνος, ό, also ή, = λάγηνος. [Later also ύ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩ, fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: aor. 2 έλαχον Ep. έλλαχον: pf. έιληχα poet. λέλογχα:—Pass., aor. 1 έλήχθην: pf. έιληγμαι:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχείν to have a post assigned one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κηρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate had him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by inheritance, succeed to. 3. absol. to draw lots: to obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., ό λαχών πολεμαρχείν he who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., οι λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. 4. as Att. law-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχάνειν του κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue for one's inheritance. II. with partitive gen. to receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. III. Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 λέλαχον, to put in possession of; λελαχείν τινά πυρός to grant one the right of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or share: to be assigned by lot.

λαγω-βόλος, τό, (λαγός, βάλλω) a staff for flinging at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. pedum: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγώδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a leveret.

ΛΑΓΩΝ, όνος, ή, also ό, poet. dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, any hollow: esp. like κενέων, the hollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνες, the flanks, loins.

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγός, βαλείν) biting bares.

ΛΑΓΩΟΣ, ου, ό, Ep. for λαγός, λαγός, a bare.

λαγώς, α, ου, contr. for λαγώιος, (λαγός) of or from a bare:—τα λαγώα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

ΛΑΓΩΣ, ό, gen. λαγώ, asc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. λαγώος, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a hare.

λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

λαε, dual nom. of λάας a stone.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας a stone.

λαζεύ, Dor. imperat. of λάξομαι.

λάξομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize, grasp, catch, bold; λάξεσθαι τινα άγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάξεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάξυμαι, collat. form of λάξομαι.

λάθα, ή, Dor. for λήθη.

λαθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λαθι-κηδής, ές, (λαθείν, κηδος) banishing care.

λαθί-πονός, ου, (λήθω, πόνος) forgetful of sorrow, grief; βίοςτος ύδυνάν λαθίπονός a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.

λαθί-φθογγος, ου, (λαθείν, φθογγή) robbing of voice, striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοίατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λάθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, = λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραίος, α, ου, also os, ου, secret, bidden, stealthy, covert. Adv. -ως, Sup. λαθραιύτατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρᾱ: (λαθείν): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

λαθρηδόν, Adv. = λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [ι]

λάθριος, ου, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λάθρα, βαλείν) biting secretly.

λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ό, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly.

λαθρό-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, πούς) stealthy-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λαθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λαι-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λει-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαίγξ, ιγος, ή, Dim. of λάας, a pebble.

λαίθ-αργος, ου, = λήθαργος.

λαικάζω, f. άσομαι, (ληκώ) to wench.

λαικαστής, ου, ό, (λαικάζω) a wencher: fem. λαικάστρια, a barlot.

ΛΑΙΛΑΨ, άπος, ή, a tempest, storm, hurricane.

λαίμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λήμα, αίμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ου, (λαι-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonous. II. talkative.

λαιομάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμός) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαιομη-τόμος, ου, poet. for λαιοτόμος.

λαιο-δάκνης, ές, (λαιμός, δακείν) throat-biting.

λαιοπέδη, ή, (λαιμός, πέδη) a dog-collar. II. a spring for catching birds.

λαιο-ρύτός, ου, (λαιμός, ρέω) gushing from the throat.

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ό, the throat, gullet.

λαιο-τμήτος, ου, (λαιμός, τμήτος) with the throat cut or severed.

λαιο-τόμος, ου, (λαιμός, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II.



pass. **λαιμότομος**, *ον*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

**λαῖνεος**, *α, ον*, = **λαῖνος**. [ῥ]

**λαῖνος**, *η, ον*, (**λαῖας**) of stone, stony; **λαῖνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα** thou hadst put on coat of stone, i. e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

**λαῖον**, *τό*, Dor. for **λήιον**.

**λαιός**, *ά, όν*, left; **λαιᾶς χειρός** on the left hand; so **πρὸς λαιᾶ χερί**; **ἐπὶ λαιοῦ** on the left.

**λαιο-τομέω**, *φ. ήσω*, (**λαῖον, τεμεῖν**) to plough land.

**λαισηῖον**, *τό*, (**λάσιος**) a shield or target lighter than the **ἀσπίς**, covered with raw hides.

**ΛΑΙΤΜΑ**, *τό*, the deep sea.

**ΛΑΓΦΟΣ**, *τό*, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

**λαιοψήρδ-δρομος**, *ον*, (**λαιοψήρδς, δραμεῖν**) swift-running.

**λαιοψήρδς**, *ά, όν*, (**λαιο-, ψαίρω**) light-footed, swift.

**λάκάζω**, = **λακέω, λάσκω**, to shout, bowl.

**Λάκαινα**, *ή, fem.* of **Λάκων**, Lat. *Lacaena*, *Laconian*. 2. (*sub. γυνή*), a *Laconian woman*.

**Λακαιναῖα**, Dor. gen. pl. of **Λάκαινα**.

**Λάκάνη**, late form for **Λεκάνη**.

**λα-καταπύγων**, *ον*, (**λα-, καταπύγων**) very lustful. [ῥ]

**λάκε**, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of **λάσκω**.

**Λακεδαίμων**, *ονος, ή*, *Lacedaemon*, the capital of *Laconia*; also *Laconia* itself.

**λάκεῖν**, aor. 2 inf. of **λάσκω**.

**Λακέρυζα**, *ή*, (**λακέω**) one that cries; **λακέρυζα κορώνη** a cawing crow; **λακέρυζα κύων** a yelping dog.

**Λακέω**, Dor. for **ληκέω**.

**Λακήσω**, fut. of **λάσκω**.

**Λακίζω**, *φ. ήσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to rend, tear.

**Λακίς**, *ίδος, ή*, (**λάσκω**) a rent, tearing, rending; **λακίδες πέπλων** ragged robes, tatters.

**Λάκισμα**, *ατος, τό*, (**Λακίζω**) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

**Λακιστός**, *ή, όν*, (**Λακίζω**) torn, rent; **μόρος Λακιστός** death by rending.

**Λακκό-πρωκτος**, *ον*, (**Λάκκος, πρωκτός**) a lewd person, an adulterer.

**Λακκό-πύγος**, *ον*, (**Λάκκος, πυγή**) = **Λακκόπρωκτος**.

**ΛΑΨΚΟΣ**, *ό*, any hollow, a hole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. *vinarium*.

**Λάκος**, wrong form of **Λάκκος**.

**Λακ-πάτητος**, *ον*, (**Λάξ, πατέω**) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πᾶ]

**Λακτίζω**, *φ. ήσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (**Λάξ**) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; **Λακτίζειν τὸν πεσόντα** to trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; **Λακτίζειν πρὸς κέντρα** to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

**Λακτισμα**, *τό*, a kick: a trampling on.

**Λακτιστής**, *οῦ, ό*, (**Λακτίζω**) one who tramples; **Λακτιστής ληνοῦ** a treader of the wine-press.

**Λάκων**, *ωνος, ό*, a *Laconian* or *Lacedaemonian*; and as Adj. *Laconian*: fem. **Λάκαινα**. Hence

**Λάκωνίζω**, *φ. ήσω*, to imitate the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. II.

to be in the *Lacedaemonian* interest. Hence

**Λάκωνικός**, *ή, όν*, *Laconian*; τὸ **Λάκωνικόν** the *Laconian* people:—**ή Λάκωνική**, 1. (*sub. γῆ*), *Laconia*. 2. (*sub. κρηπίς*), a kind of man's shoe.

**Λάκωνίς**, *ίδος, fem.* of **Λάκωνικός**, 1. (*sub. γυνή*), a *Laconian woman*. 2. (*sub. γῆ*), the *Laconian* land.

**Λάκωνισμός**, *ό*, (**Λάκωνίζω**) the imitation of the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the *Lacedaemonian* interest, *Laconism*.

**Λάκωνιστής**, *οῦ, ό*, (**Λάκωνίζω**) one who imitates or takes part with the *Lacedaemonians*, a *Laconizer*.

**Λάκωνο-μᾶνέω**, (**Λάκων, μανῆναι**) to be mad after the *Lacedaemonians*, to have a *Laconomania*.

**λαλαγεῦντες, λαλαγεῦντι**, Dor. for **λαλαγοῦντες, λαλαγοῦσι**, pres. part. and ind. of **λαλαγέω**.

**λαλάγιω**, *φ. ήσω*, (**λαλέω**) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

**λαλάγημα, ατος, τό**, (**λαλαγέω**) a prattling, babbling.

**λαλάζω**, to prattle, babble, of water. From

**λάλαξ**, (**λαλέω**) a prattler, babbler.

**λαλεῦμες**, Dor. pres. ind. of **λαλέω**.

**ΛΑΛΕΨΩ**, *φ. ήσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

**λάλημα**, *τό*, talk. II. a talker, prater.

**λάλητός**, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of **λαλέω**, to be talked of.

**λάλητής**, *οῦ, ό*, (**λαλέω**) a talker, prater.

**λάλητικός**, *ή, όν*, (**λαλέω**) given to talking.

**λάλητρίς**, *ίδος, ή, fem.* of **λαλητής**, a gossip.

**λαλιά**, *ή*, (**λαλέω**) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

**λάλιος**, *α, ον*, poet. for **λάλος**.

**λάλλαι, αἱ**, (**λαλέω**) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

**λάλος**, *ον*, (**λαλέω**) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. **λαλίστερος**, Sup. **λαλίστατος**.

**λαμά**, Heb. for what? why?

**Λαμαχ-ίππιον**, *τό*, (**Λάμαχος, ίππίον**) name for *Lamachus*, little jockey *Lamachus*.

**Λά-μᾶχος**, *ον*, (**Λά-, μάχη**) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

**λαμβάνω**, fut. **λήψομαι** Ion. **λάμψομαι** Dor. **λαψοῦμαι**, -εῦμαι:—aor. 2 **ἐλάβον** Ep. **έλλαβον** Ion. **λάβεσκον**, imperat. **λάβέ**, inf. **λαβεῖν**, part. **λαβών, οὔσα, όν**:—pf. **εἴληφα** Ion. **λελάβηκα**: plqpf. **εἰλήφειν**:—Med., aor. 2 **ἐλαβόμην**, Ep. redupl. inf. **λελαβέσθαι**: Pass., fut. **ληφθήσομαι**: aor. 1 **ἐλήφθην** Ion. **ἐλάμφθην**: pf. **εἴλημμαι** poet. **λέλημμαι** Ion. **λέλαμμαι**. To take, take hold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, **τὴν πτέρυγος λάβεν** he caught her by the wing:—metaph., **φρενὶ λαβεῖν** to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—Med. to keep hold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., **λαβέσθαι τῶν ὄρων** to take to the hills. II.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire. V.

λαμβάνειν τινὰ ὀρκίοισι to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense. VII.

to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife. 2. of a woman, to conceive. 3. δίκην λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. sumere poenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas.

λάμβδα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδη-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, δρόμος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδηφορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπαδηδρομία. From

λαμπάδη-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδηφόρος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch. II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-ούχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδηδρομία. II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λάμπεςκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετάω, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετόων.

λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἰδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑ΄ΜΠΗ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπος, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρὸν ὕδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 3. of the wind, fresh, keen. 4. metaph. evident, clear, manifest. II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμπροφώνια, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρύνω, f. ὕνω: Med., aor. I ἐλαμπρύνάμην:—Pass., 3 sing. pf. λελάμπρυνται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in. III.

Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὁμμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted. 2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρῶς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπτέος, ον, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτηρ-ουχία, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτηρουχίαι the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήρσι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑ΄ΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐλαμψα: pf. λέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious. II.

trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λαμῦρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton: of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρῶς, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον.

λαμφθῆναι, Ion. aor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΛΗ΄ΘΩ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Dor. λᾱσῶ: aor. 2 ἐλᾱθον: pf. λέληθα: plqpf. ἐλελήθειν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθεν Ἔκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector. 2. with part., λαν-

θάνει κλέπτων he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μὴ διαφθαρείς λάθη lest he perish without himself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ἕως σπαντὸν λάθης διαφθαρείς until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it. II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἐλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λέλᾱθον, subj. λελάθη:—to make to forget: hence, III. Med. and Pass.

λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾱσεύμαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλᾱθόμην: aor. I pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανῶ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνού.

ΛΑ΄Ξ, Adv. with the heel or foot; λὰξ πατεῖσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, hewn in stone. From

λαξεύω, (λᾱς, ξέω) to cut stones: to hew in stone.

λάξις, (λάξομαι) an allotment of land.

λᾱξις, ιος, ὁ, Dor. for λῆξις, cessation.

λάξομαι, Ion. for λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λᾱο-δάμᾱς, αντος, ὁ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing.

λᾱο-ξόος, ον, (λᾱας, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst., λᾱοξόος, ὁ, a sculptor.

λᾱο-πάθης, ἐς, (λαός, παθεῖν) suffered by the people.

λᾱο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πόρος) conveying the people.

ΛΑ΄Ο΄Σ, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. λῆός Att. λεώς:—the people:



—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also a *land-army* opp. to a *fleet*; also *the common men* opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects of a prince*.

λᾶος, irreg. gen. of λᾶας, a *stone*.

λᾶο-σεβής, ἐς, (λαός, σέβομαι) *revered by the people*.

λᾶοσ-σός, ον, (λαός, σείω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

λᾶο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (λᾶας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

λᾶο-τίνακτος, ον, (λᾶας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.

λᾶο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.

λᾶο-τύπος, ον, (λᾶας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as Subst., λαοτύπος, ὁ, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

λᾶο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) *ruining the people*.

λᾶο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, \*φένω) *slaying the people*.

λᾶο-φόρος Att. λεω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος ὁδός *a road, highway*.

λᾶπάζω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάζω, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

λᾶπάρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, *the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins, Lat. ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λᾶπαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λαπάζω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, *phlegm, Lat. pituita*: metaph., ἀνηλίψις *in sunless damp*, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [α]

λᾶπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω.

Λᾶπίθαι, οἱ, *the Lapithae, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs*. [ι]

λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. 1 ἐλαψα: pf. λέλαφα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like Lat. *lambo*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

λᾶρῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (λαρός) *fatted, fat*.

λᾶρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = λᾶρος, *a gull*.

Λᾶρίσα Ion. Λήρ-, ἡ, *Larissa, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly*. Hence

Λᾶρίσαιος, α, ον, *Larissaeon, of or from Larissa*.

λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος. [κ]

ΛΑΨΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.

ΛΑΨΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a coffer, box, chest*: a cinerary urn: *an ark*.

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ὁ, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [α, except in one passage.]

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. λαρώτατος: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον occurs as Adv.

λᾶρυγγιάω, (λᾶρυγξ) *to scream, screech*.

λᾶρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ἰω, (λᾶρυγξ) *to bawl, bellow*. II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛΑΨΥΓΞ, gen. υγγος, ὁ, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe*: also *the gullet, throat*.

λᾶς, λᾶος, ὁ, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λᾶας.

ΛΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, *always in pl. a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum, a night-stool*. [α]

λᾶσδεο, Dor. for λᾶζου, imperat. of λᾶζομαι.

λᾶσεύμαι, Dor. for λᾶσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω: 1 pl. λᾶσεύμεθα, for λᾶσόμεθα.

ΛΑΨΘΗ, ἡ, *mockery, insult*.

λασθῆμεν, Dor. for λασθῆναι, λησθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λᾶσι-αύχην, ενος, (λᾶσιος, αὐχὴν) *with sbaggy neck*.

λᾶσιό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λᾶσιος, θρίξ) *sbaggy-haired*.

λᾶσιος, α, ον, Att. os, ον, *sbaggy with hair or wool, bairy*. II. *sbaggy with bushes, busby*. (Akin to δασύς.) [α] Hence

λασιό-στερνος, ον, (λᾶσιος, στέρνον) *with bairy chest*.

ΛΑΨΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. \*λᾶκίω, λᾶκω): fut. λᾶκῆσομαι: aor. 1 ἐλάκησα [α]: aor. 2 ἐλάκων, inf. λᾶκεῖν: pf. λέλακα Ion. λέληκα, Ep. part. fem. λελακῦια:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλάκωμην, Ep. redupl. λελακόμην, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [α]:—*to ring, clasp, crasb, crackle*: of axles, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also

II. of animals, *to sbriek, scream*: of dogs, *to bowl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, sbout, sbout forth*: rarely *to sing*.

λᾶσῶ, Dor. for λᾶσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛΑΨΑΞ, ἄγος, ἡ, *a drop of wine*.

Λατο-γενής, ἐς, (λατώ, \*γένω) *born of Latona*.

λᾶτομέω, f. ἦσω, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence

λᾶτομία, ἡ, *a stone-quarry*.

λᾶ-τόμος, ὁ, (λᾶς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.

λατρεία, ἡ, (λατρεύω) *bired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

λάτρευμα, τό, *bired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρις) *to work for hire or pay*. 2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 3. *to serve the gods*, c. dat.

λάτριος, α, ον, *of a servant or service*. From

λάτρις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, *a bired servant, Lat. latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; λᾶτραν ἄτερθε *without rent or quittance*.

λαυκᾶνίη, ἡ, = λαιμός, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛΑΨΤΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ἡ, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

λᾶφυγμός, ὁ, (λαφύσσω) *greediness, gluttony*.

ΛΑΨΥΤΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war, Lat. spolia*.

λαφῦρ-αγωγέω, f. ἦσω, *to make booty of*. From

λᾶφῦρ-αγωγός, ὄν, (λᾶφυρα, ἄγω) *carrying off booty*.

λᾶφῦροπωλέω, f. ἦσω, *to sell booty*. From

λᾶφῦρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (λᾶφυρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty, Lat. sector*.

λᾶφύσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat gluttonously*, gorge, Lat. *belluari*. Hence

λᾶφύστιος, α, ον, *gluttonous*.

ΛΑΨΑΙΝΩ, f. ἄνω: aor. 1 ἐλάχνηα:—*to dig*.

λᾶχᾶνέω, f. σω, (λᾶχανον) *to plant with potberbs*:—Med. *to gather berbs*.

λᾶχᾶνη-λόγος, ον, (λᾶχανον, λέγω) *gathering berbs*.

λαχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence  
 λαχανισμός, ὁ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λαχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά,  
 garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants, pot-herbs, vegetables,  
 greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the  
 vegetable-market, the green-market.

λαχανο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a green-  
 grocer: fem. λαχανο-πωλήτρια, and λαχανό-πωλις,  
 ἰδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff.

λάχε, Ep. for ἐλάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχύς, small;  
 or fem. of an Adj. λαχύς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled,  
 fertile.

λαχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαγχάνω.

Λάχεσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (λαχεῖν) Lachesis,  
 one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II.  
 lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (λαχαίνω) a digging.

λαχναῖος, α, ον, woolly, bairy, downy. From  
 ΛΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap  
 or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, bairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with bairy limbs.

λάχνος, ὁ, = λάχνη, wool. Hence

λαχνόω, f. ὠσω, to make bairy:—Pass. to grow  
 downy.

λαχν-ώδης, ες, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.

λαχοῖην, Att. for λάχοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω.

ΛΑΧΟΣ, τό, (λαχεῖν) one's lot, fate, destiny. II.  
 the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [α]

λαχών, aor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαψεῦμαι and λαψοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

λάψων, fut. part. of λάπτω.

λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΑΨΩ, = βλέπω, to see, behold, look at; old Ep.  
 word used by Hom. in part. λάων and Ep. 3 sing.  
 impf. λάε. [α]

\*ΛΑΨΩ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.

λέαινα, ἡ, fem. of λέων, a lioness.

λεαίνω, f. λεῖνω Ep. λειανέω: aor. I ἐλέηνα Ep.  
 λέηνα: (λεῖος):—to smooth, polish, work smooth;  
 λεαίνειν κέλευθον to smooth the way. II. to

rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-  
 stroy. III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or  
 soften down.

λεάντειρα, ἡ, fem. of λεαντήρ.

λεαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λεαίνω) a polisher.

λέβης, ητος, ὁ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. II.  
 the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνιψ) was  
 handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was  
 struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan  
 kings. III. a cinerary urn.

λεγεών, ὠνος, ἡ, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion.

λέγομεν, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and  
 3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΓΩ, f. λέξω: aor. I ἐλέξα: pf. εἴλοχα:—Med.,  
 fut. λέξομαι: aor. I ἐλεξάμην:—Pass., fut. λεχθήσο-  
 μαι: paullo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐλέχθην,

aor. 2 ἐλέγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγμην, 3 sing.  
 λέκτο: pf. εἴλεγμαι or λέλεγμαι: I. Act. TO  
 LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med.  
 TO LIE, to lie down. II. to lay in order, ar-

range, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather  
 for oneself: hence to choose, pick out. III. to  
 reckon, count, tell or reckon up. IV. to recount,

tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of ora-  
 cles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any  
 communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τινος  
 to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινὰ ποιεῖν τί to tell,  
 bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to  
 speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say  
 nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak  
 of, mean, refer to, as, εἶσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν  
 λέγω go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέ-  
 γεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the  
 saying goes.

λεηλασία, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From  
 λεηλατέω, f. ἤσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle,  
 to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

λε-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (λεία, ἐλαύνω) one who drives off  
 booty, a plunderer, marauder. [α]

ΛΕΙΨΑ Ion. ληΐη, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle;  
 hence what can be driven off as booty.

λειαίνω, fut. λειονέω, Ion. and Ep. for λεαίνω.

ΛΕΙΨΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐλειψα:—to pour, pour forth:  
 mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libation. II. to

let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβε-  
 σθαι δακρύοις to melt into tears: hence to melt or  
 pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λείζομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληίζομαι.

λείηναν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λεαίνω.

λειήνας, Ep. aor. I part. of λεαίνω.

λεῖμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = λειμών, a meadow: a garden.

λεῖμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains.

λειμών, ὠνος, ὁ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a  
 meadow, mead, Lat. pratum.

λειμωνιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος; νύμφη λει-  
 μονιάς a meadow-nymph.

λειμώνιος, α, ον, (λειμών) of a meadow.

λειμωνίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.

λειμωνόθεν or -θε, Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow.

λειο-γένειος, ον, (λεῖος, γένειον) smooth-cbinned.

λειο-κύμων, ον, (λεῖος, κύμα) with gentle waves.

λειό-μίτος, ον, (λεῖος, μίτος) smoothing the threads  
 of the warp.

λειοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.

λειοντο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντ-,  
 a lion-fighter.

λειοντο-πάλης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, πάλη) poet. for λεοντ-,  
 wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΓΩΣ, α, ον, or ος, ον, Lat. LĒVIS, smooth:  
 of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth:

c. gen., λείος πετράων level and free from rocks. 2.  
 with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth,

soft, gentle.

λειότης, ητος, ἡ, (λεῖος) smootheness.



λείουσι, poet. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.

λειπτόν, verb. Adj. of λείπω, one must leave.

**ΛΕΙΠΩ**, f. λείψω: aor. 2 act. ἔλιπον, inf. λῑπειν; (aor. 1 ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα:—Med., fut. λείψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειψθήσομαι, paullo-post fut. λελείψομαι: aor. 1 ἐλείφθην: aor. 2 ἐλίπην [ῑ]: pf. λέλειμμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμην:—Lat. *LINQUO*, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memorial.

2. to desert in danger, abandon, forsake. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left remaining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part. λελειμμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of... be inferior, worse, weaker than another. 4. to be wanting or lacking. III. intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be wanting, cease, Lat. *deficere*.

λειριόεις, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-white, delicate.

**ΛΕΙΡΙΟΝ**, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. *lilium*.

λεῖστός, see ληῖστός.

λεῖτος or λείτος, ον, (λαός, λέως) of the people, Ion. for Att. δημόσιος.

λειτουργέω, f. ἤσω, (λειτουργός) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own cost: cf. λειτουργία. II. to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence

λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy, i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II. divine service, whence our word *Liturgy*.

λειτουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, performing public service, ministering. From

λειτουργός, ὄν, (λεῖτος or λείτος, ἔργον) performing public duties, serving the state. II. a priest, minister of God.

**ΛΕΙΧΗΝ**, ἡνος, ὁ, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of the ground, a blight, canker.

**ΛΕΙΧΩ**, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἔλειψα:—Lat. *LINGO*, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λελειχμότες.

λείψας, aor. 1 part. of λείβω.

λειψάνη-λόγος, ον, (λείψανον, λέγω) gathering remnants.

λείψανον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic, wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. *reliquiae*.

λειψ-ὕδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered district near mount Parnes in Attica.

λείων, ὁ, poet. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι.

λεκάνη, ἡ, (λέκος) a dish, pot, pan. [ᾱ]—Hence

λεκάνις, ἡ, λεκάνιον, τό, λεκάνισκη, ἡ, Diminutives of λεκάνη:—a little dish or pan, platter.

λεκτιθ-πώλης, ου, ὁ, fem. -πώλις, ἰδος, (λέκιθος, πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

**ΛΕΚΤΙΘΟΣ**, ὁ, pulse-porridge.

**ΛΕΚΟΣ**, εος, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent. II. suited for speaking.

λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked out. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. *lectus*: λέκτρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.

λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω.

λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λανθάνω.

λελάθοντο, λελαθέσθω, λελαθέσθαι, 3 pl. indic., 3 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λανθάνω.

λέλακα, pf. of λάσκω.

λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσκω.

λελακυῖα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσκω.

λέλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λέλασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of λανθάνω.

λέλαχον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λελάχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω.

λέλειπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of λείπω.

λελειφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.

λελειχμότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.

λέλευσμαι, pf. pass. of λείω.

λελέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.

λέληθα, pf. of λανθάνω.

λέληκα, Ion. pf. of λάσκω: part. λεληκώς.

λέλημμαι, poet. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λέλησμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λανθάνω: but λέλησμαι, pf. pass. of ληΐζομαι.

λελίημαι, old Ep. pf. of ληΐζομαι, (and therefore properly λελίημαι), to strive eagerly, long for, be zealous for: participle λελιημένος, zealous, hasty, eager.

λελιμμένος, pf. part. of λήπτωμαι.

λελογισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of λογίζομαι, deliberately, advisedly.

λέλογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

λελόγη, poet. for ἐλελόγη, 3 sing. plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

λέλοιπα, pf. of λείπω.

λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

λελύμασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμαίνομαι. [ῡ]

λέλυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω:—λέλυντο, Ep. for ἐλέλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

λελύτο, Ep. for λελύοιτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of λύω.

λελώβημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.

**ΛΕΜΒΟΣ**, ὁ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a felucca.

λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, peel, husk, skin, scale.

λέντιον, τό, the Lat. *linteum*, a linen cloth, napkin.

λέξο, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. 1 imperat. med. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

λέξις, εως, ἡ, (λέγω) a speaking, speech. 2. a way of speaking, diction, style.

λέξο, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

ΛΕΟΝΤΕΗ contr. ΛΕΟΝΤΗ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of ΛΕΟΝΤΕΟΣ.

ΛΕΟΝΤΕΙΟΣ, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΔΙΦΡΟΣ, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΚΕΦΑΛΟΣ, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-beaded.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΠΟΥΣ, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, (λέων, ποῦς) lion-footed.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΦΟΝΟΣ, ον, (λέων, \*φένω) lion-killing.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΦΟΡΟΣ, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΦΥΗΣ, ἐς, (λέων, φυή) of lion nature.

ΛΕΟΝΤΟ-ΧΛΑΙΝΟΣ, ον, (λέων, χλαῖνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΛΕΨΙΑΔΝΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ).

ΛΕΠΑΙΟΣ, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scaur or crag: craggy.

ΛΕΠ-ΑΡΓΟΣ, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

ΛΕΠΑΣ, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

ΛΕΠΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. *patella*, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

ΛΕΠΑΣΤΗ, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

ΛΕΠΙΔΟΜΑΙ, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales.

Hence

ΛΕΠΙΔΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπίδω-  
τος θώρηξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

ΛΕΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπω) a scale, busk, shell.

ΛΕΠΡΑ Ion. ΛΕΠΡΗ, ἡ, (λεπρός) the leprosy.

ΛΕΠΡΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

ΛΕΠΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprosy, mangy.

ΛΕΠΤΑΚΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for λεπταλέος.

ΛΕΠΤΑΛΕΟΣ, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

ΛΕΠΤ-ΕΠΙ-ΛΕΠΤΟΣ, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΓΕΙΟΣ, ον, Att. ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΓΕΩΣ, αν, (λεπτός, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΓΝΩΜΩΝ, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΓΡΑΜΜΟΣ, ον, (λεπτός, γραμμή) drawn fine.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΓΡΑΦΟΣ, ον, (λεπτός, γράφω) written fine.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΔΟΜΟΣ, ον, (λεπτός, δέμω) slightly built: slight.

ΛΕΠΤΟΛΟΓΕΩ, f. ἤσω, to speak subtly, to chaff logic, quibble: so too ΛΕΠΤΟΛΟΓΕΟΜΑΙ, as Dep. From

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΛΟΓΟΣ, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΜΥΤΟΣ, ον, (λεπτός, μύτος) of fine threads.

ΛΕΠΤΟΝ (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

ΛΕΠΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks:—hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτά

τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats;

λεπτά πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV.

metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

ΛΕΠΤΟΣΥΝΗ, ἡ, = λεπτότης.

ΛΕΠΤΟΤΗΣ, ητος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

ΛΕΠΤΟΥΡΓΕΩ, f. ἤσω, (λεπτουργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

ΛΕΠΤ-ΟΥΡΓΗΣ, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

ΛΕΠΤ-ΟΥΡΓΟΣ, ὄν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΥΦΗΣ, ἐς, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [ὑ]

ΛΕΠΤΟ-ΨΑΜΑΘΟΣ, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with finesand.

ΛΕΠΤΥΝΩ, f. ὑνῶ, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out:—Pass. to grow lean.

ΛΕΠΤΩΣ, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly.

ΛΕΠΥΡΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. a small busk, thin rind. From

ΛΕΠΥΡΟΝ, τό, (λέπος) a shell, busk, rind.

ΛΕΨΙΩ, fut. ψω: aor. 1 ἔλεψα:—to strip off the busks or rind, to peel or bark.

ΛΕΡΝΑ, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

ΛΕΣΒΙΑΪΩ, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

ΛΕΣΒΙΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

ΛΕΣΒΙΖΩ, = ΛΕΣΒΙΑΪΩ.

ΛΕΣΒΙΟΣ, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian, of Lesbos.

ΛΕΣΒΟΘΕΝ, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

ΛΕΣΧΑΪΩ, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

ΛΕΣΧΗ, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-hall. II. talking, gossip:

in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

ΛΕΣΧΗΝΕΥΩ, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

ΛΕΥΓΑΛΕΟΣ, α, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

ΛΕΥΪΤΗΣ, ον, ὁ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λευί), a Levite. [ι] Hence

ΛΕΥΪΤΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Levitical.

ΛΕΥΚΑΙΝΩ, (λευκός) to whiten, bleach, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

ΛΕΥΚΑΝ, Dor. for λευκῶν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

ΛΕΥΚΑΝΑΙ, aor. 1 inf. of λευκαίνω.

ΛΕΥΚ-ΑΝΘΗΣ, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθὲς κάρα a white head.

ΛΕΥΚ-ΑΝΘΙΖΩ, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

ΛΕΥΚΑΣ, ἄδος, poet. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

ΛΕΥΚΑΣ, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

ΛΕΥΚ-ΑΣΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded. II. the

λευκή, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. white poplar, Lat. *populus alba*, used for chaplets.

ΛΕΥΚ-ΗΡΕΤΜΟΣ, ον, (λευκός, ἑρετμός) with white or foaming oars.

ΛΕΥΚ-ΗΡΗΣ, ἐς, (λευκός, ἀραιεῖν) white, blanched. Λευκιππίδες, αἱ, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

ΛΕΥΚ-ΙΠΠΟΣ, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.



Λευκίτης [ι], ου, ό, = λευκός.  
 Λευκο-θέα, ή, (λευκή, θεά) the white goddess; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.  
 Λευκό-θριξ, τριχος, ό, ή, (λευκός, θρίξ) white-haired.  
 Λευκο-θώραξ, άκος, ό, ή, (λευκός, θώραξ) with white cuirass.  
 Λευκό-ϊον, τό, (λευκός, ιον) the stock or wall-flower.  
 Λευκο-κύμων, ου, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κύμα) white with waves, surfy. [υ]  
 Λευκό-λινον, τό, (λευκός, λινον) white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.  
 Λευκο-λόφας, ου, ό, and Λευκό-λοφος, ου, (λευκός, λόφος) white-crested:—Λευκόλοφον, τό, a white bill.  
 Λευκο-όπωρος, ου, (λευκός, όπωρα) with white autumn fruits.  
 Λευκο-πάριος Ιον. -πάρης, ου, (λευκός, παριά) fair-cheeked.  
 Λευκό-πεπλος, ου, (λευκός, πέπλος) white-robed.  
 Λευκό-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, (λευκός, πήχυς) white-armed.  
 Λευκο-πληθής, ές, (λευκός, πλήθος) filled with white or with persons in white.  
 Λευκό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς) white-footed: barefooted.  
 Λευκο-πρεπής, ές, (λευκός, πρέπω) white-looking.  
 Λευκό-πτερος, ου, (λευκός, πτερόν) white-winged.  
 Λευκό-πῶλος, ου, (λευκός, πῶλος) with white horses: riding a white horse.  
 ΛΕΥΚΟ΄Σ, ή, όν, light, bright, brilliant, clear: of water, bright. II. white, gray, hoary: of the skin, white, fair, but also, blanched, pale, wan. 2. λευκός χρυσός pale (i. e. alloyed) gold, opp. to άπεφθός or refined. 3. metaph. fair, happy, joyful, gay. 4. of sound, clear, like λαμπρός.  
 Λευκο-στεφής, ές, (λευκός, στέφω) white-wreathed.  
 Λευκό-στικτος, ου, (λευκός, στίζω) speckled with white, grizzled.  
 Λευκό-σφυρος, ου, (λευκός, σφυρόν) white-ankled.  
 Λευκό-τροφος, ου, (λευκός, τρέφω) white-growing.  
 Λευκο-φάης, ές, (λευκός, φάος) white-gleaming.  
 Λευκο-φόρος, ου, (λευκός, φέρω) white-robed.  
 Λεύκ-οφρυς, υ, (λευκός, όφρυς) white-browed.  
 Λευκο-χίτων, ανος, ό, ή, (λευκός, χιτών) white-coated. [ι]  
 Λευκό-χρoος, ου, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χρώα) white-coloured: heterocl. acc. λευκόχροα.  
 Λευκό-χρως, ατος, ό, ή, (λευκός, χρώς) white-skinned.  
 Λευκώ, f. ώσω, (λευκός) to whiten: to paint white:—Med., λευκοῦσθαι όπλα to whiten their shields. II. λευκοῦν πόδα to bare the foot.  
 Λευκ-ώλενος, ου, (λευκός, ώλένη) white-armed.  
 Λεύκωμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκώω) anything whitened: a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album.  
 Λευρός, ά, όν, (λεῖος) smooth, level, even. II. smooth, polished.  
 \*ΛΕΥ΄Σ, ό, = λάας, a stone: hence  
 Λεύσιμος, ου, stoning; Λεύσιμος θάνατος death by

stoning; Λεύσιμοι άραί curses that will end in stoning; Λεύσιμος δίκη the penalty of death by stoning.  
 Λευσμός, ου, ό, (λεύς, λεύω) a stoning.  
 Λεύσσω, fut. λεύσω (only in late authors), to look or gaze upon, see, behold. 2. absol. to look; ό μη λεύσσαν he that sees not, i. e. one that is dead.  
 Λευστήρ, ήρος, ό, (λεύς, λεύω) one who stones or deserves stoning:—as Adj., λευστήρ μόρος death by stoning.  
 Λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. έλεύσθην: (λεύς):—to stone.  
 Λεχε-ποίη, ή, (λέχος, ποία) with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy.  
 Λεχ-ήρης, es, (λέχος, άραρεῖν) bed-ridden.  
 Λεχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of λέγω.  
 Λέχος, εος, τό, (λέγω I) a couch, bed. 2. a bier. II. the marriage-bed: a marriage. Hence  
 Λέχοσδε, Adv. to bed.  
 Λέχριος, α, ου, slanting crosswise, oblique. From  
 ΛΕ΄ΧΡΙΣ, Adv. slanting, crosswise, atbwart.  
 Λεχώ, όος contr. οῦς, ή, (λέχος) a woman in child-bed.  
 Λεχώϊος, ου, (λεχώ) of, belonging to child-bed.  
 Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεύς, κόρα) the temple of the daughters of Leos.  
 ΛΕ΄ΩΝ, οντος, ό, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, a lion: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεύς σε Λέοντα γυναιξί θήκε Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i. e. their destroyer.  
 Λε-ωργός, όν, (Adv. Λέως, έργον) all-daring, audacious: as Subst., λεωργός, ό, a knave, villain.  
 Λεώς, ώ, ό, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεῷ, people; άκούετε λεῷ hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.  
 Λέως, Adv., Ion. for λίαν, entirely, wholly.  
 Λεω-σφέτερος, ου, (Λέως, σφέτερος) only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον έποίησαντο Τισαμενόν they made him one of their own people.  
 Λεω-φόρος, ου, (Λέως, φέρω) bearing people, frequented: λεωφόρος (sub. όδός), ή, a thoroughfare.  
 Λή, 3 sing. of \*λάω, λῶ.  
 Ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.  
 ΛΗ΄ΤΩ, f. ξω, to LAY, allay, abate, like παύω: c. gen., λήγειν χείρας φόνοιο to stay one's hands from murder. II. more freq. intr., to leave off, or cease from, λήγειν έριδος to cease from strife; c. part., λήγω έναρίζων I cease slaying:—also absol. to cease, make an end.  
 Λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) gum ladanum, gum masticb.  
 Ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λήδος, a light dress. [α]  
 ΛΗ΄ΔΟΝ, τό, the masticb, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λήδανον is found.  
 Λήδος, εος, τό, (Λείος) a thin cloth, light dress.  
 Λήζομαι, Att. for ληΐζομαι.  
 Λήθαιος or ληθαῖος, α, ου, (λήθη) of or for forgetfulness, oblivious. II. of or from Lethe, Lethean.  
 Ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω II.  
 Ληθαργικός, ή, όν, drowsy, slothful. From  
 λήθαργος, ου, (λήθη) forgetting, c. gen.: absol. forgetful, lethargic.

ληθεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληθάνω) *causing forgetfulness.*

ληθεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, poet. for λήθη.

λήθη Dor. λάθα, ἡ, (λήθομαι) *a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. oblivio.* II. *Lethe, the river of oblivion in the lower world.*

λήθος, τό, Dor. λᾶθος, = λήθη.

ΛΗ'ΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνομαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.

λη-άνειρα, ἡ, (λήϊς, ἀνήρ) *making prey of men.*

ληιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of ληϊδίας, *captive.*

ληι-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. ληϊ-βότειρα, (λήιον, βόσκω) *crop-devouring.*

ληϊδίας, α, ὄν, (λήϊς) *taken as booty, captive.*

ληίζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. λήισσομαι Ep. λήισσομαι: aor. I ἐληισάμην Att. ἐλησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. λήισσατο:—Pass., pf. λέλησμαι: Dep.: (λήϊς):—*to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force.* II. *to plunder, ravage a country.* III. pf. λέλησμαι occurs in pass. signif., *to be spoiled, taken as booty.*

ληίη, Ion. for λεία.

ληι-νόμος, ὄν, (λήϊον, νέμω) *dwelling among the corn-fields.*

ΛΗ'ΙΩΝ, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.

ληίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, *booty, spoil.* 2. a herd or flock, cattle.

ληίσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληίζομαι.

ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ληίζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληστής.

ληιστής, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. for ληστής.

ληιστῶρ, ὄρος, ὁ, = ληιστήρ.

ληιστός or λείστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ληίζομαι) *carried off as booty, to be won by force.*

ληιστός, ὄρος, ἡ, (ληίζομαι) *plundering, spoiling.*

ληίτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (λήϊς) *she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.*

λήιτον [ἴ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρυτανεῖον, the town-hall. Properly, neut. of λήιτος.

λήιτος, η, ὄν, (λεώς, λαός) *of the people, public.*

ΛΗΚΕ'Ω Dor. λᾶκέω, to sound, = λᾶσκω. Hence

ληκίνδα, Adv. *sounding: παίζειν λ. to beat time.*

ληκύθιον, τό, Dim. of λήκυθος, a small oil-flask.

ΛΗ'ΚΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [ῥ]

λήμα, τό, (\*λάω, λῶ) *wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance.*

λημαλῆος, α, ὄν, (λήμη) *bleared, purblind, of the eyes, Lat. lippus.*

λημαπῖα, (λήμα) *to be spirited or resolute.*

λημάω, (λήμη) *to be bleared: to be purblind.*

ΛΗ'ΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. gramia, a humour that gathers in the eye, rheum: αἱ λῆμαι, sore eyes.

λήμμα, τό, (εἵλημμαι) *anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.*

Λήμνιος, α, ὄν, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From

Λήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (Λήναια) *belonging to the Λήναια.*

ληναῖος, α, ὄν, (ληνός) *belonging to the wine-press: 1. Ληναῖος, Lat. Lenaeus, epith. of Bacchus*

*as god of the wine-press.* 2. Λήναια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Lenaea, an Athenian festival held in the month Ληναιών in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. 3. Λήναιον, τό, the Lenaeum, or place at Athens where the Lenaea were held.

Ληναῖτης, ου, ὁ, = Ληναϊκός.

Ληναιών, ὦνος, ὁ, old name of the Att. month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟ'Σ Dor. λᾶνός, οὔ, ἡ or ὁ, a trough, Lat. alveus: 1. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for watering cattle. 3. a kneading-trough.

ΛΗ'ΝΟΣ Dor. λᾶνος, εος, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.

λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήγω) *a cessation, end.*

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήξομαι) *appointment by lot, allotment.* II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λῆξις τοῦ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

ληός, rare Ion. form for λαός.

ληπτέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one must take or accept.

ληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f. ἤσω, (λήρος) *to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly: ληρεῖ ἔχων he keeps on acting foolishly.*

ΛΗ'ΡΟΣ, ὁ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense.

ληρός, οὔ, ὁ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

λῆς, 2 sing. of \*λάω, λῶ.

λησίμ-βροτος, ὄν, (λήθω, βροτός) *taking men unawares, a cheat.*

λησμοσύνη, ἡ, *forgetfulness.* From

λήσμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (λήθω) *forgetting, unmindful.*

λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστεία, ἡ, (ληστεύω) *a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.*

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) *to be a robber or pirate: c. acc. to plunder, sack.*

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οὔ, ὁ, (λήζομαι) *a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.*

ληστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληστής) *inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κῶς, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the manner of pirates.*

λήστις, ἡ, (λήθω) *a forgetting.*

ληστο-κτόνος, ὄν, (λήστης, κτείνω) *slaying robbers.*

ληστρικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ληστικός, *piratical: τὸ ληστρικόν a pirate-vessel.*

ληστρίς, ἴδος, peculiar fem. of ληστρικός.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, ἑς, Dor. Λᾶτ-, (Λητώ, \*γένω) *born of Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λατογένεια, of Diana.*



Λητοῖδης Dor. Λάτ-, ου, ὁ, (Λητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [r]

Λητώ, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητοῦς, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητώ, voc. Λητοῖ.

Λητώος Dor. Λάτ-, α, ου, (Λητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Λητώης, ἴδος.

Ληφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

Λήψις, ἡ, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing. 2. an accepting, receiving.

Λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΙ-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-.

ΛΙ'Α'ΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. 1 ἐλάσθην: Pass.:—to bend sideways, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λιασθείς having fallen; πτερὰ πυκνὰ λίασθεν the thick wings drooped.

λίαν Ion. λίην, Adv. (λι-) too much, over-much, like the later ἄγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [i both long and short.]

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λίγυ-θροος, ου, contr. -θρους, ουν, (λιγύς, θρόος) clear-singing.

λίγυ-μολπος, ου, (λιγύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

λίγυ-μῦθος, ου, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

λίγυ-πνείων, ουτος, (λιγύς, πνέω) sbrill-blowing, whistling, rustling.

λίγυ-πνοιος, ου, (λιγύς, πνοιή) = λιγυπνείαν.

λίγυ-πτέρυγος, ου, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) chirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγυρίζω, f. σω, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear.

λιγυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λιγύς) sbrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρῶς, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥ'Σ, λιγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, sbrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [r]

λίγυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λίγυ-φθογγος, ου, (λιγύς, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λίγυ-φωνος, ου, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ΛΙ'ΖΩ, f. ξω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λίγδην and ἐπι-λίγδην.

λίην, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λιθάζω, f. σω, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

λίθαξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λίθαξ, ἡ, a stone.

λίθας, ἄδος, ἡ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, α, ου, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

λίθη-λογής, ἐς, (λίθος, λέγω II) built of stones.

λίθιδιον, τό, Dimi. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

λίθινος, η, ου, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -ως, like stone, with stony look.

λίθό-βλητος, ου, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. II. set with stones.

λίθοβολέω, f. ἤσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From

λίθο-βόλος, ου, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones: οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

λιθόβολος, ου, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λίθο-γλύφος, ου, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone: as Subst., λιθογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor. [v]

λίθο-δερκής, ἐς, (λίθος, δέρκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λίθό-δητος, ου, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λίθο-δόμος, ου, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμος, ὁ, a mason.

λίθο-εργός, ὄν, (λίθος, \*ἐργω) turning to stone.

λίθο-κόλλητος, ου, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

λίθο-κτονία, ἡ, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

λίθό-λευστος, ου, ὁ, (λίθος, λεύω) stoned with stones; λιθόλευστος Ἀρης death by stoning.

λιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From

λιθο-λόγος, ου, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λιθολόγος, ου, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λιθολόγος, ου, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

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λιθολόγος, ου, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, ὁ, a mason, = λιθοδόμος.

Λιθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξέω) polishing stone: as Subst., λιθοξόος, ὁ, a marble-mason.

Λιθο-ποιός, ὄν, (λίθος, ποιέω) turning to stone.

Λιθορ-ρῖνος, ον, (λίθος, ρινός) with stony skin.

ΛΙΘΟΣ [ι], ον, ὁ, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔπειν to boil a stone, i. e. to lose one's labour.

2. stone as a substance. II. λίθος, ἡ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx.

IV. the piece on a draught-board.

Λιθο-σπάδης, ἐς, (λίθος, σπάω) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

Λιθο-στρωτός, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with stones, inlaid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tessellated pavement.

Λιθοτομία, ἡ, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

Λιθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

Λιθουργέω, f. ἤσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

Λιθο-ουργός, ὄν, (λίθος, \*ἔργω) working in stone: as Subst., λιθουργός, ὁ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

Λιθοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to carry stones. From

Λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones.

Λιθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) like stone, stony.

Λικμαῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From

Λικμάω, f. ἤσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn.

2. metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

Λικμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a winnower of corn.

Λικμητός, ὁ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, = λίκνον.

ΛΙ'ΚΝΟΝ, τό, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan.

II. a fan-shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iacobi.

III. a cradle of wicker-work.

Λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λίκνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred winnowing-fan in procession.

Λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, athwart. (From λέχρις, λέχριος.)

Λιλαίομαι, (λι-, λελίμαι) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, λιλαιομένη χροὺς ἄσαι longing to taste flesh: c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

Λιμαίνω, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

Λιμένεσιν, Ep. for λιμέσιν, dat. pl. of λιμήν.

Λιμενίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (λιμήν) of the harbour: presiding over the harbour.

Λιμεν-ορμίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, (λιμήν, ὀρμίζω) stationed in the harbour.

ΛΙ-ΜΗ'Ν, ἐνος, ὁ, a harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

a haven, retreat, refuge.

3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

Λιμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λιμός) hungry, starved, famished.

Λιμναι, αἱ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

Λιμναῖος, α, ον, (λίμνη) marshy, of or from the mere, ὄρνιθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant.

Λιμνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος.

Λιμνάτης [α], fem. -ατις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ήτις.

Λίμνη, ἡ, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marshy lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

Λιμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ήτις Dor. -ατις, ἰδος, (λίμνη) living or growing in marshes.

Λιμνο-φύης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φύω) marsh-born.

Λιμν-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) like a marsh, marshy.

Λίμο-θνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of hunger.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, also ἡ, hunger, famine.

Λίμο-φορεὺς, ὁ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger.

Λίμ-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμός, εἶδος) like hunger, famished.

Λιμώσσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

Λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οὺς, ἡ, οὖν, (λίνον) of flax, flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

Λίνευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (λίνον) a hunter with nets.

Λινό-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος.

Λινό-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

Λίνο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, θηράω) a hunter with nets.

Λίνο-θώραξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for λινόθωραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

Λινό-κλωστός, ον, (λίνον, κλώθω) spinning flax.

Λινό-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνου σπέρμα

lint-seed. [ι]

Λινό-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe.

Λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wasting.

Λινοπτάομαι, Dep. (λινόπτῃς) to watch the nets.

Λινό-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged.

Λίνο-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, ὄψομαι) one who watches

nets to see whether anything is caught.

Λίνορ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ράπτω) sewed of flax; δόμος

λινόρραφης a ship having her sails of linen.

Λίνος, ον, ὁ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania.

II. as appellat., Λίνος, ὁ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἶλινον.

Λίνοστᾶσία, ἡ, a laying of nets. From

λινό-στατέω, f. ἤσω, (λίνον, ἵστημι) to lay nets.

Λίνοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for λίνεος.

Λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.

Λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases

ἀλεῖψαι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίῳ, probably used as an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίπος.) [ι]



Λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint: metaph. to make fat, enrich:—Med. to anoint oneself.

Λιπαρ-άμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἄμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.

Λιπαρέω, f. ἦσω, to persist, bold out, persevere; c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c. inf., λιπαρεῖς τυχεῖν thou art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΙΠΑΡΗΣ, ἐς, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

Λιπαρήτειον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be importunate, beg hard.

Λιπαρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity.

Λιπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.

Λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.

Λιπαρο-κρήδεμνος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright bead-band or fillet.

Λιπαρο-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

Λιπαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly: ample. IV. of soil, fat, rich.

Λιπαρό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ον, and -χρως, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χροά, χρῶς) with sleek, shining body or skin.

Λιπαρῶς, Adv. of λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.

Λιπαρῶς, Adv. of λιπαρῆς, earnestly, importunately.

ΛΙΠΑΡΗΣ, αος, τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [ἴ]

Λιπαυγής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

Λιπάω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

Λίπε, λίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λείπω.

Λιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

Λιπερνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ιδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρνῃ) without dowry, destitute.

Λιπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous: ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.

Λιπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age: hence generally, of unknown age.

Λιπό-γυιος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

Λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

Λιπο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.

Λιπό-ναυς Dor. also λιπό-ναῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

Λιπο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

Λιπό-νεως, ον, = λιπόνους.

Λιπό-πάτρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

Λιπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

Λιπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

ΛΙΠΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow; or vegetable, as oil: metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.

Λιπο-σαρκής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

Λιπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

Λιπο-στράτια, ἡ, and Λιπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατιά) desertion of the army.

Λιπο-ταξία, ἡ, and Λιπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

Λιπο-τρίχης, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, τρίξ) scant of hair, bald.

Λιπο-ψυχέω, f. ἦσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. II. to lack spirit.

Λιπόων, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

Λίπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι: (formed from prefix λι-):—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

Λιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

Λίς, ὁ, acc. λῖν, Ep. for λέων, a lion:—later nom. and dat. plur. λίες, λίσσι.

Λίς, ἡ, Ep. apocopate form for λισσή, smooth; λίς πέτρῃ a bare, smooth rock.

Λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [ἴ]

Λίσση, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [ἴ]

Λίσπος, ἡ, ον, (λίσσος, λείος) smooth, polished.

Λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι.

Λισσάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of λίσσος, smooth:—as Subst., λισσάς, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff; cf. λισσός.

Λισσέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ: aor. I ἐλίσάμην Ep. ἐλλίσάμην: aor. 2 ἐλίστόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep.: —to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c. inf., λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

Λισσός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος, λίσπος) smooth; λισσὴ πέτρῃ a smooth, bare cliff; cf. λισσάς.

Λιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

Λιστρεύω, f. σω, to dig, hoe; φυτὸν λιστρεύειν to dig round a plant. From

Λίστρον, τό, (λίσσος) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, hoe.

Λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes; v. sub λῖς II.

Λιταίνω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.

Λιτανεύσομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, aor. I subj. of λιτανεύω.

Λιτάνεύω, f. σω:—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with λλ metri grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνευον, aor. I ἐλλιτάνευσας: (λιτή):—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

Λιτάνος, ἡ, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as Subst., λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.

Λιταργίζω, f. σω, to hasten, run, hurry. From λῖτ-αργός, ον, (λι-, ἀργός) running quick.

Λιτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

λιτή, ἡ, (λίσσομαι) a prayer, entreaty, supplication. II. Λιταί, Prayers, personified as goddesses, in II. 9. 502, sq.

λιτοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσομαι.

λίτομαι [ῖ], rarer pres. for λίσσομαι, to pray.

λίτος, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex.

λίτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσομαι) praying, supplicatory.

λίτρα, ας, ἡ, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

λιτραῖος, α, ον, worth a λίτρα.

λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτυέρσης, ου, ὁ, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Λίνος, Μανέρως.

λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

λίχάνος, ὄν, (λείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχανος (sub. δάκτυλος), ὁ, the fore-finger.

λιχήν, ἡνος, ὁ, v. sub λειχήν.

λιχμάζω, f. άσω, (λείχω) to lick.

λιχμάομαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

λιχναία, ἡ, daintiness, greediness.

λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty.

λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerish, greedy. 2. metaph. curious, eager.

λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus.

λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

λό', for λούε; see λούω.

λοβός, οὔ, ὁ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the ear:—the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

λογάδην, Adv. (λογάς) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [ᾶ]

λογάς, άδος, ὁ and ἡ, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

λογεῖον, τό, (λόγος) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, a little fable. [ῖ]

λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι: aor. I med. έλογισάμην, pass. έλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγος):—to count, reckon, calculate, compute; από χειρὸς λογίσεσθαι to calculate off hand. II. to take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon upon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conclude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. έλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, to be computed or calculated.

λογικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speaking. II. belonging to the reason, rational. 2. fit for reasoning: hence ἡ λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

λόγιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (λόγος) worth mention, remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λόγιος.

λόγιος, α, ον, (λόγος) skilled in words: I.

learned, esp. learned in history: as Subst., λόγιος, ὁ, a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp. to ποιητής. II. eloquent.

λογισμός, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computation. II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a conclusion.

λογιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator, computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

λογιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculating. II. skilled in reasoning or arguing.

λογογράφία, ἡ, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From λογογράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: as Subst., λογογράφος, ὁ, a chronicler, annalist. II. writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

λογο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, (λόγος, λέσχη) a prater.

λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) to strive about words. Hence

λογομαχία, ἡ, a war about words.

λογο-μάχος, ον, (λόγος, μάχη) warring about words.

λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

λογοποιία, ἡ, invention of stories, tale-telling.

λογο-ποιός, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὁ, a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. II.

at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deliver. 2. an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger.

λόγος, ὁ, (λέγω) I. the word by which the inward thought is expressed: also II. the inward thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or spoken: 1. a word, in pl. words, language; as εἰπεῖν λόγῳ in a word:—in Att., talk, pretence; τῷ λόγῳ in pretence, opp. to ἐργῳ in reality. 2. a saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. 3. conversation, discussion; εἰς λόγους ἐλθεῖν to have a conference or interview. 4. a speaking or talking about a thing; λόγου άξιος worth talking of, worth mention:—a report, rumour; λόγος έστί or έχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. 5. a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable (μῦθος) and to regular history (ιστορία): a. fictitious story, fable, such as those of Aesop. b. a story, narrative, mostly in pl., history, chronicles: in sing. one part of the narrative. 6. λόγοι, prose-writing, prose, opp. to ποιήσεις, a book. b. at Athens, speeches: a speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. 7. the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copia dicendi, λόγον τινι διδόναι to give one the right of speaking, i. e. a hearing. 8. like ῥήμα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; κατὰ λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον έαυτῷ διδόναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think over a thing. 2. account, consideration, esteem.



regard; λόγου ποιέσθαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινος ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν οὐδενὶ λόγῳ ποιέσθαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὶ λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man. 3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον διδόναι to give an account. 4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ it stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΛΟΓΟΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

ΛΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-head, javelin-head, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

ΛΟΓΧ-ῆρης, ες, (λόγχη, ἀραρεῖν) armed with a spear. ΛΟΓΧΙΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of ΛΟΓΧΗ.

ΛΟΓΧΙΜΟΣ, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear. ΛΟΓΧΟ-ΠΟΙΟΣ, ον, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears.

ΛΟΓΧΟ-ΦΟΡΟΣ, ον, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:—as Subst., ΛΟΓΧΟΦΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, a spearman, pikeman.

ΛΟΓΧΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, (λόγχη) lance-beaded. Λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of Λόγος.

Λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω. Λοέσσας, Λοεσσάμενος, Ep. for λούσας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

Λοέσσομαι, Ep. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω. Λοετρόν, Λοετρο-χόος, oldest form of λουτρο-.

Λοέω, Ep. form of λούω. Λοιβή, ἡ, (λείβω) a pouring: a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

Λοίγιος, ιον, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly. ΛΟΙΠΟ΄Σ, οὐ, ὁ, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

Λοιδορέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐλοιδόρησα:—Med. and Pass., f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσασθαι and ἐλοιδορήθη: (λοιδόρος):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another: but the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

Λοιδορησμός, οὐ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing. Λοιδορία, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

Λοιδόρος, ον, railing, abusive. ΛΟΙΜΟ΄Σ, οὐ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

Λοιπός, ἡ, ὅν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat. reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τὰ λοιπά the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

Λοισθήϊος, ον, Ep. for λοίσθιος, λοῖσθος; Λοισθήϊον ἀέθλον the prize for the last in the race.

Λοίσθιος, α, ον or ος, ον, = Λοῖσθος. Λοῖσθος, ον, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. Λοισθότατος, last of all.

Λόκη (not Λόκη), ἡ, a cloak. Λοκρίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ) Locris. From

Λοκροί, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Epichnemidian, on the Malian Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

Λοξίας, ον, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

Λοξο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (λοξός, βαίνω) walking sideways. ΛΟΞΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὅν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus:

λοξὸν or λοξὰ βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipito.

Λοξο-τρόχης, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) oblique-running.

Λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω. Λοπάδ-αρπαγίδης, ον, ὁ, (λοπὰς, ἀρπάζω) a disbsnatcher.

Λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λοπὰς, a little disb, platter. [α]

ΛΟΠΑ΄Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a flat disb, plate or platter. Λοπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Λεπίς.

Λοπός, οὐ, or Λόπος, ον, ὁ, (λέπω) a shell, husk, bark, peel.

Λουέω, Ep. for λούω. Λοῦμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

Λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω. Λοῦσεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

Λοῦσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω. Λουσῶ, Dor. fut. of λούω.

Λουτιάω, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe. Λούτριον, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

Λουτρο-δαΐκτος, ον, (λουτρόν, δαίζω) slain in the bath.

Λουτρόν Ep. Λοετρόν, τό, (Λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place. II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing. III. libations.

Λουτρο-φόρος, ον, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτροφόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

Λουτροχοέω, to pour water into the bath. From Λουτρο-χόος, ον, Hom. Λοετρο-, (λουτρόν, Λοετρόν, χέω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

Λουτρών, ὄνος, ὁ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath. ΛΟΥ΄Ω, fut. λούσω Dor. λουσῶ: aor. I ἐλousα Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I ἐλousάμην, Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:—Pass., aor. I ἐλούσθην:—pf. λέλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form Λοέω come the

Ep. impf. Λέον, aor. I inf. and part. Λοέσαι, Λοέσσας: Med., fut. Λοέσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. I ind. and part. Λοέσσατο, Λοεσσάμενος.—Several forms also come from Λόω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. Λόε, Λόον; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλούμεν (contr. from ἐλόομεν), pres. med. Λοῦμαι, Λοῦνται; impf. ἐλούτο, ἐλούντο, inf. Λέεσθαι, Λοῦσθαι. To wash, esp. to wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen., λελουμένος Ὠκεανοῖο (of a star just risen) fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

Λοφάω, f. ἤσω, (λόφος) to have a crest. 2. to be sick, ill of a crest.

Λοφεῖον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

**Λοφία** Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (λόφος) *the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφιὴ κατέχρα the mane served for a crest. II. the ridge of a bill, a bill.*

**Λοφιότης**, ου, ὁ, (λόφος) *a dweller on the hills.*

**Λοφνίς**, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπω) *a torch of vine-bark.*

**Λοφοποιός**, ὄν, (λόφος, ποιέω) *making crests: as Subst., λοφοποιός, ὁ, a crest-maker.*

**ΛΟΨΟΣ**, ου, ὁ, *the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ὑπὸ ζυγῶ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke. II. a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill. III. the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair. 2. a tuft of hair on the crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.*

**Λόφωσις**, ἡ, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest: the crest itself.*

**Λοχ-ἀγέτης**, ου, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

**Λοχᾶγέω**, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company. Hence*

**Λοχᾶγία**, ἡ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

**Λοχ-ἀγός**, οὔ, ὁ, (λόχος, ἄγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.*

**Λοχάξω**, = λοχάω.

**Λοχάω**, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχόωσι, part. pl. λοχόωντες: (λόχος):—*to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers. II. absol. to lie in wait or ambush. III. c. acc. loci, to beset with an ambush.*

**Λοχεία**, ἡ, (λοχεύω) *child-birth. II. a child.*

**Λοχεῖος**, α, ον, (λόχος) *of or for child-birth. II. τὰ λοχεῖα (sub. χωρία), a birth-place.*

**Λοχεός**, οὔ, ὁ, = λόχος, *an ambush.*

**Λόχευμα**, τό, (λοχεύω) *that which is born, a child. II. child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.*

**Λοχεύω**, f. σω, (λόχος II) *to bring forth, bear. 2. to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth. II. Pass. to travail, bear children. 2. to be brought forth, born. 3. generally, to lie imbedded.*

**Λοχηγέτης**, -ηγέω, -ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ-.

**Λοχηῖσαι**, aor. I inf. of λοχάω.

**Λοχία**, ἡ, fem. of λόχιος, name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

**Λοχίζω**, f. ἴσω, (λόχος) *to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for. 2. to place in ambush. II. to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.*

**Λόχιος**, α, ον, = λοχεῖος, *of or for child-birth.*

**Λοχίτης** [ι], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (λόχος) *one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade.*

**Λοχμαῖος**, α, ον, *haunting the woods. From*

**Λόχμη**, ἡ, (λόχος) *a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, copse-wood, a coppice. Hence*

**Λόχμιος**, ον, also α, ον, *dwelling in the coppice. 2. as Subst., λόχμα, τά, a thicket, coppice.*

**Λοχμ-ώδης**, ες, (λόχμη, εἶδος) *overgrown with copse-wood, bushy.*

**Λόχονδε**, Adv. *to ambush, for ambushade. From*

**Λόχος**, ὁ, (λέγω I, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambushade: the lair of wild beasts. 2. the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον εἶσαι to place an ambushade; λόχονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστήας to pick out the best men for an ambushade. 3. any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μόρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people. II. a lying in: child-birth, like λοχεία.*

**Λοχόωντες**, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

**Λόω**, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

**Λύα**, ἡ, (λύω) *dissolution: faction, riot, sedition.*

**Λυαῖος**, ὁ, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care, epith. of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.*

**Λύγδην**, Adv. (λύζω) *with sobs.*

**Λυγδίνεος**, α, ον, and λυγδίνος, η, ον, *of white marble. 2. white as marble, dazzling white. From*

**ΛΥΓΔΟΣ**, ὁ, *a dazzling white stone, white marble.*

**ΛΥΤΗ**, ἡ, *shadow, darkness, gloom. [ῥ]*

**Λυγίζω**, f. ἴσω Dor. λυγιζῶ: Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυγίσθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: (λύγος):—*to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling. II. Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe. 2. to be thrown or mastered.*

**Λύγινος**, η, ον, (λύγος) *of willow or withy, Lat. vītus.*

**Λυγιεῖν**, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

**Λυγισμός**, οὔ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.*

**Λύγκιος**, α, ον, (λύγξ, ὁ) *lynx-like.*

**ΛΥΤΞ**, λυγκός, ὁ, *a lynx.*

**Λύγξ**, λυγγός, ἡ, (λύζω) *a biccough or biccup.*

**ΛΥΤΟΣ**, ἡ, *any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen. II. a willow-like tree, a withy, Lat. vitex agnus castus. [ῥ]*

**Λύγο-τευχής**, ἐς, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of withs.*

**Λυγώω**, f. ὥσω, = λυγίζω.

**ΛΥΓΡΟΣ**, ἄ, ὄν, *mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal: φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; εἵματα λυγρά sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, bane, misery, ruin. II. of men, baneful, mischievous. 2. sorry, weak, cowardly. Hence*

**Λυγρῶς**, Adv. *sadly, sorely.*

**Λυδία**, ἡ, *Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.*

**Λυδίξω**, f. ἴσω, (Λυδός) *to imitate the Lydians.*

**Λυδῖος**, α, ον, (Λυδός) *Lydian; ἡ Λυδία λίθος, a stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.*

**Λυδιστί**, Adv. (Λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or fashion.*



Λυδο-παθής, ἐς, (Λυδός, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian*.

Λυδός, οὐ, ὁ, a *Lydian*.

ΛΥΖΩ, f. ξω, to have the hiccup or hiccup. II. to sob, Lat. singultire: to wbine, wimper.

Λύθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω. II.

Λύθην, aor. I part. neut. pass.

Λύθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

Λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, ὁ, filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood. (Akin to λύμη.)

Λυθρώδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) like gore, defiled with gore.

Λυκά-βας, αντος, ὁ, (\*λύκη, βαίνω) the path of light, the sun's course, the year. II. as Adj. making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ἔσται.

Λύκαινα, ἡ, (λύκος) a she-wolf. [v]

Λυκαῖον, τό, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter. II. as Subst., Λυκαῖος, ὁ, or Λυκαῖον, τό, a mountain in Arcadia. 2. Λύκαια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the festival of Lycaean Jupiter:—also the Roman Lupercalia.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. in the Lycaonian language.

Λυκ-αυγής, ἐς, (\*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twilight: as Subst., λυκαυγές, τό, early dawn.

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, a Lycaonian, inhabitant of Lycaonia, in the South of Asia Minor.

Λυκή, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a wolf's-skin: a helmet of it, cf. κυνέη.

Λύκειον, τό, the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λύκειος.

Λύκειος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, 1. from λύκος, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος; 2. from Λυκία, the Lycian god, like Λυκηγενής; or, 3. from \*λυκή (light), the god of day.

Λυκή, ἡ, Att. contr. for λυκή.

\*ΛΥΚΗ, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λευκός, Lat. luceo, lux, etc.

Λυκη-γενής, ἐς, (Λυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, Lycian-born.

Λυκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) wolf-like.

Λυκία, ἡ, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor:—Λυκίην, Adv. from Lycia: Λυκίηνδε, Adv. to Lycia.

Λυκιο-εργής contr. -ουργής, ἐς, (Λυκία, ἔργον) of Lycian workmanship.

Λυκο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.

Λυκο-θαρσής, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) bold as a wolf.

Λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.

Λυκο-ραίστης, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραίω) a wolf-warrior.

ΛΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, a wolf:—proverb., λύκον ἰδεῖν to see a wolf, i. e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Virgil, *Moe-rim lupi videre priores*. II. in pl. spikes on the

bite of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. *lupi*, *lupata*, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

Λυκό-φως, ατος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) twilight, both of morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. *diluculum*.

Λυκώω, f. ὠσω, (λύκος) to tear like a wolf:—Pass. to be torn by wolves.

Λύμα, ματος, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, offscourings. II.

moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man. (From λούω, Lat. *luo*.)

Λυμαίνομαι, f. λυμᾶνομαι: aor. I ἐλυμηνάμην: also aor. I pass. ἐλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage:—to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy: also, to persecute. II. the pres.

λυμαίνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence

Λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spoiler, destroyer: and

Λυμαντήριος, α, ον, injurious, destructive: c. gen., ruining another.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = λυμαντήρ.

Λύμασις, ἡ, = λύμη. [v]

Λυμῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

ΛΥΜΗ [v], ἡ, outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace: generally, maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction: ἐπὶ λύμη for the sake of insult.

Λύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυμηνάμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι.

Λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυπέω, f. ἤσω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy: of light troops, to harass, annoy:—Pass., with f. med. λυπήσομαι, to be sad, to be grieved.

ΛΥΠΗ [v], ἡ, pain, either of body or mind, Lat. dolor: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

Λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λυπέω) pain, distress.

Λυπηῖν, Dor. inf. of λυπέω.

Λυπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λυπέω) painful, Lat. molestus.

Λυπητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, one must feel pain.

Λυπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) wretched, distressed, poor, sorry. II. painful, distressing.

ΛΥΡΑ [v], ἡ, Lat. *lyra*, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμιγξ.

Λυρ-αοιδός, ὁ, (λύρα, αοιδός) one who sings to the lyre.

Λυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

Λυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre: as Subst., λυρικός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

Λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

Λυρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθίω) delighting in the lyre.

Λυρο-θελγής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλγω) charmed by the lyre.

Λυρο-κτύπια, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) a sounding the lyre.

Λυρο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύρα, ποιέω) making lyres.

Λυρ-ώδης, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) adapted to the lyre, lyrical.

Λυρῶδός, ὁ, contr. for λυραοιδός.

Λυρ-ἄνιας, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἄνια) ending sadness.

Λύσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of λύω.

Λυσί-γάμος, *ον*, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage.  
 Λυσί-ζωνος, *ον*, *οι* *η*, *ον*, (λύω, ζώνη) loosing the zone: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail.

Λυσί-κάκος, *ον*, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.  
 Λυσί-μάχος, *ον*, *οι* *η*, *ον*, (λύω, μάχη) ending strife.  
 Λυσι-μελής, *ες*, (λύω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.  
 Λυσι-μέριμος, *ον*, (λύω, μέριμνα) driving care away.  
 Λύσιμος, *ον*, (λύσις) able to loose or relieve.  
 Λυσι-ποθος, *ον*, (λύω, πόθος) delivering from love.  
 Λυσι-πονός, *ον*, (λύω, πόνος) freeing from toil.  
 Λύσις [*υ*], *γεν.* *εως* *Ιον.* *ιος*, *ή*: (λύω): a loosing, setting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσις *χρεῶν* liquidation of debt. 2. means or power of releasing or loosing.

Λυσιτελέω, *φ.* *ήσω*, = λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: *impers.*, λυσιτελεῖ, it profits, benefits: with a comp. force, τεθνάναι λυσιτελεῖ ἢ ζῆν it is better to be dead than alive; οὐ λυσιτελεῖ μοι it profits me not; *neut. part.* τὸ λυσιτελοῦν, τὰ λυσιτελοῦντα profit, gain, advantage. From

Λυσι-τελής, *ες*, (λύω, τέλος) paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. *Comp.* -ίστερος, *Sup.* -έστατος.

Λυσιτελοῦντως, *Adv. pres. part.* of λυσιτελέω, usefully, profitably.

Λυσι-φλεβής, *ες*, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins.

Λυσι-φρων, *ονος*, *ο*, *ή*, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the mind.

ΛΥ'ΣΣΑ Att. λύττα, *ή*, rage, fury, esp. in war, martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence λυσσαίνω, to be raging-mad, to rave.

Λυσσάς, *άδος*, *ή*, (λύσσα) raging-mad, raving.

Λυσσάω Att. λυττάω, (λύσσα) to be raging, furious, esp. in battle. 2. to be raging-mad, to rave.

Λύσσημα, τό, (λυσσάω) a fit of madness: in pl. ravings.

Λυσσῆν, *Dor. inf.* of λυσσάω.

Λυσσητήρ, *ήρος*, and λυσσητής, *οῦ*, *ο*, (λυσσάω) one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman.

Λυσο-μάνης, *ες*, (λύσσα, μανῆναι) raging-mad.

Λυσο-ώδης, *ες*, (λύσσα, εἶδος) like madness: raging-mad, raving.

Λυτίον, *verb. Adj.* of λύω, one must loose.

Λυτήρ, *ήρος*, *ο*, (λύω) one who looses, a deliverer, releaser. II. an arbitrator, settler.

Λυτήριος, *α*, *ον*, *οι* *ος*, *ον*, (λύω) loosing, releasing: c. *gen.* delivering or setting free from.

Λύτο [*υ*], *Ep.* 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* of λύω; but λῦτο, *contr.* for λύετο, *Ep.* *impf.* *pass.* of λύω.

Λύτρον, τό, (λύω) the price paid: 1. a ransom, price of redemption, mostly in pl. 2. an atonement.

Λυτρώω, *φ.* *ώσω*, (λύτρον) release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom. 2. *Med.* to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem. 3. *Pass.* to be ransomed.

Λύτρωσις, *εως*, *ή*, (λυτρώω) a ransoming. 2. Redemption.

Λυτρωτής, *οῦ*, *ο*, (λυτρώω) a ransomer, redeemer.

Λύττα, λυττάω, *Att.* for λύσσα, λυσσάω.

Λύχνα, τά, *irreg. pl.* of λύχνος.

Λυχνεῖον or λυχνίον, τό, (λύχνος) = λυχνία.

Λυχνεών, *ωνος*, *ο*, (λύχνος) a place to keep lamps in.

Λυχνία, *ή*, (λύχνος) a lamp-stand.

Λυχνίδιον, τό, *Dim.* of λύχνος, a small lamp.

Λυχνο-καΐα, *ή*, (λύχνος, καίω) a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns.

Λυχνο-ποιός, *όν*, (λύχνος, ποιέω) making lamps or lanterns.

Λυχνό-πολις, *ή*, (λύχνος, πόλις) city of lamps.

Λυχνο-πώλης, *ου*, *ο*, (λύχνος, πωλέω) a dealer in lamps or lanterns.

ΛΥ'ΧΝΟΣ, *ο*, *pl.* λύχνοι and λύχνα, a light, lamp; *περί λύχνων άφάς* about the time for lamp-lighting, i. e. at dusk.

Λυχνοφορέω, *φ.* *ήσω*, (λυχνοφόρος) to carry a lantern: *Lacon. part.* λυχνοφορίοντες.

Λυχνο-φόρος, *ον*, (λύχνος, φέρω) carrying a lamp.

ΛΥ'Ω, *fut.* λύσω [*υ*], *aor.* 1 έλῶσα: *pf.* λέλυκα:—

*Pass.*, *fut.* λυθήσομαι and paullo-post *fut.* λελύσομαι [*υ*]: *aor.* 1 έλύθην [*υ*]: *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* λύμην [*υ*], 3 *sing.* λῦτο, 3 *pl.* λύντο: *pf.* λέλυμαι, *plqpf.* έλελύμην [*υ*], 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *opt.* λελύτο, for λελύοιτο.—To loose:

to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; λύειν *εφρῶν* to unbend the brow; λ. στόμα to open the mouth; etc.:—

*Med.* to loosen or undo for oneself. 2. of horses, to unyoke, unharness. 3. generally, to loose, release, set free. 4. to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom, release:—*Med.* to release by payment, ransom, redeem. II. to loosen, weaken, relax; λύειν *γυῖα*, *γούνατα* to loose the limbs, knees, i. e. unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to slay, kill. III. to dissolve, break up. 2. to break down, lay low, demolish. 3. generally, to undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; λύειν *σπονδάς* to break a treaty. 4. to dismiss, assuage, calm. 5. to undo, atone, make up for, *Lat.* *luere*, *rependere*; so λύειν *άμαρτίας*. IV. in Att., τέλη, *μισθοῦς* λύειν to pay rates or taxes: hence, 2. λύειν τέλη = λυσιτελεῖν, to profit, avail; οὐ λύει τέλη it boots not; also λύειν, *absol.* without τέλη, to profit.

Λῶ, *contr.* from λάω, I will, wish or desire, a Doric defect. Verb only used in *sing.* λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, 3 *pl.* λῶντι; *subj.* λῆς, λῆ; *opt.* λφῆ; *inf.* λῆν; also *part. dat.* τῷ λῶντι.

Λωβάομαι *Ion.* -έομαι: *φ.* -ήσομαι *Dor.* λωβάσομαι: *aor.* 1 *med.* έλωβησάμην: (but *aor.* 1 έλωβήθην and *pf.* λελώβημαι in *pass.* sense): *Dep.*: (λώβη):—to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mutilate: to dis honour. 2. *absol.* to act outrageously or despitefully. II. *pf. part.* λελωβημένος, in *pass.* sense, mutilated.



λωβεύω, f. σω, (λώβη) to mock, make a mock of.  
**ΛΩΒΗ**, ἡ, ill-usage by word or deed, spiteful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium.  
**λωβηθῆναι**, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.  
**λωβήτειρα**, fem. of λωβητήρ.  
**λωβητήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (λωβάομαι) one who treats spitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, murderer. II. pass. a worthless wretch.  
**λωβητής**, οὐ, ὁ, = λωβητήρ; λωβητῆς τέχνης a disgrace to his trade.  
**λωβητός**, ἡ, ὄν, (λωβάομαι) ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured. II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful.  
**λωβήτωρ**, ορος, ὁ, = λωβητήρ.  
**λώια**, λώϊτερος, v. λώϊων.  
**λώϊων**, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, λώϊον, τό: Att. contr. λῶϊον, λῶϊον: neut. pl. λῶϊονα, syncop. λῶϊα: (λῶ to wish): —more desirable; better:—Sup. λῶϊστος, η, ον, contr. λῶϊστος.—There is also a second Comp. λῶϊτερος, ον.  
**ΛΩΜΑ**, ατος, τό, the hem or border of a robe.  
Hence  
**λωμάτιον**, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.  
**λῶντι**, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, to wish.  
**λώπη**, ἡ, (λέπω, λῶπος) a covering, mantle. 2. a skin, busk, shell.  
**λωπίζω**, f. ἴσω, (λώπη) to cover, wrap up.  
**λωποδύτῃ**, f. ἴσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From  
**λωπο-δύτης** [ῦ], ου, ὁ, (λῶπος, δύω) one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.  
**λῶπος**, ὁ, = λῶπη.  
**λῶστος**, η, ον, Att. contr. from λῶϊστος, Sup. of λῶϊων, most desirable, best.  
**λωτεῦντα**, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτόεις.  
**λωτίζω**, f. ἴσω, (λωτός) to pluck flowers:—Med. λωτίζομαι, to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best.  
**λωτίνος**, η, ον, (λωτός) of lotus.  
**λωτίσμα**, τό, (λωτίζω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.  
**λωτόεις**, εσσα, εν, (λωτός) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτεῦντα, Ion. for λωτόεντα, lotus-plains.  
**ΛΩΤΟΣ**, ου, ὁ, the lotus, name of several plants: I. the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed. II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called *Lotophagi*: the fruit was honey-sweet, μελιθήης: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτός is used poet. for a flute.  
**λωτο-τρόφος**, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing lotus.  
**λωτο-φάγος**, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, οἱ, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.  
**λωτρόν**, λωτρο-χόος, Dor. for λουτρο-.

λωτῶ, Dor. for λωτοῦ, gen. of λωτός.  
**λωφάω** Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, (λόφος) to rest from toil, take rest: c. gen. to have rest, abate from. 2. to abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.  
**λωφήσειε**, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω.  
**λώφησης**, ἡ, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, cessation.  
**λῶων**, neut. λῶον, Att. contr. for λῶϊον, λῶϊον.

## M

**Μ**, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, μ' = 40, but μ = 40,000.  
Changes of μ, esp. in the dialects: I. Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Aeol. μ doubled, e. g. ἄμμες ὑμμες, for ἡμεῖς ὑμεῖς. III. μ becomes ν, as μίν Dor. νίν; μή, Lat. ne. IV. μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ἴα μία, ὄσχος μόσχος, ὄχλεός μοχλεός, ἄρης Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as πίμπλημι πίπλημι, πίμπρημι πίπρημι, ἄμβροτος ἄβροτος, ὄμβριμος ὄβριμος, etc. V. μ sometimes has α or ο prefixed, as μέλγω ἀμέλγω, μέργω ἀμέργω, μόργνυμι ὀμόργνυμι. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as, σμάραγδος μάραγδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρός, σμυγερός μογερός.  
**μ**, apostroph. for με. II. very rarely for μοι.  
**μά**, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. in affirmation; ναὶ μά τόδε σκήπτρον γὰρ by this sceptre. II. in negation; οὐ μά γὰρ Ἀπόλλωνά ναι by Apollo. III. Att. μά is used absol., μά Δία by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, ναὶ μά τόν, οὐ μά τόν (sub. Δία). V. μά is sometimes omitted after οὐ; as, οὐ τόν Δία, οὐ τόν θεόν, no by Jove, etc.  
**μά**, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μά γὰρ for μήτηρ γῆ: cf. βᾶ, δῶ, λῆ.  
**μαγάδιον**, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [ᾱ] From μάγadis, ἡ, gen. ἰδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μάγαδιν:—the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.  
**μαγγάνευμα**, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and  
**μαγγάνευτής**, ου, ὁ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεύω, f. σω, (μάγγανον) to cheat by sleight of hand: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.  
**ΜΑΤΤΑΝΟΝ**, τό, any means for tricking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. II. = γάγγαμον, a bunting-net.  
**μάγεια**, ἡ, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi. 2. magic, art.  
**μαγειρεῖον**, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-shop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μαγειρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ἡ μαγειρική (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence

μαγειρικῶς, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically.

μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγεύω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μαγεύω, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician; μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, ὁ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγνήτις. II. λίθος Μαγνήτης, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἡρακλεία.

ΜΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [α]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ου, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, ἄ, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ἤσω, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald. μάδδα, Dor. for μάζα.

\*ΜΑΔΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός. μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread; μάζαν μεμάχως having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαζίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. mazonomus.

ΜΑΖΟ'Σ, ου, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέρον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστός differs from μαζός only in dialect.

μαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεῖν, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθηματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματική (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητέος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt. II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.

μαθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From

μαθητής, ου, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. discipulus: a disciple.

μαθητιάω, Desiderat. of μαθάνω, to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt. μαθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μάθοισι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω. μάθον [α], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [α], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΙ'Α, ἡ, good mother, dame. II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Μαῖα, ἡ, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Μαιάς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Μαίανδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαιεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαῖα III) to serve as a midwife: trans. to hatch.

Μαιμακτηριών, ὦνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμάκτης held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαιμάσσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαιμάσσω, = μαιμάω, to burst forth.

μαιμάω, Ep. 3 pl. μαιμῶσι, part. μαιμῶν, -ῶσα: f. ὦσω: Ep. aor. I μαιμήσα: (redupl. of μάω, as παφάσσω from φάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαίνας, ἄδος, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our herring.

μαίνις, ἰδος [ι], ἡ, Dim. of μαινῆ, a sprat.

μαινόλης, ου, ὁ, fem. μαινόλις, ἰδος, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαινόλιος, α, ου, = μαινόλης.

μαίνομαι, fut. μανήσομαι and μανούμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμνηνα, also (in pass. form) μεμάνημαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήμην, aor. 2 pass. ἐμάνην, part. μανείς, inf. μανῆναι: (\*μάω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαινόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot—μαίνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐμνηνα, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΙ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. μάσομαι [α], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαίδομαι, f. = ὦσομαι, Dep. = μαιεύομαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star.

Μαιωτιστί, Adv. in Maeotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑ'ΚΑ'Ρ [μα], ἄπος, ὁ: fem. μάκαρ or μάκαιρα:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαρες, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:



but also, *prosperous, wealthy*.

III. the dead were esp. called *μάκαρες, the blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μακάρων νῆσοι* the islands of the blest, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάρτερος, -τατος*.

*μακάρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.

*μακάρια, ἡ, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss*.

II. the abode of the blessed.

*μακάριζω*, fut. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*μάκαρ*) to call or esteem happy: to bless.

*μακάριος, α, ον, or ος, ον*, collat. form of *μάκαρ*, blessed, happy, fortunate:—in Att. one of the upper classes:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.

*μακάρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing*.

*μακάριστός, ἡ, ὁν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. -τῶς*.

*μακάριτης (ἡ), ον, ὁ*, like *μάκαρ* III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. *μακάριτις, ἰδος*.

*μακαρτός, ἡ, ὁν, = μακαριστός*.

*μακεδνός, ἡ, ὁν, (μήκος) tall, taper*.

*Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian*.

*Μακεδόνιος, α, ον, and -ονικός, ἡ, ὁν, Macedonian*.

From

*Μακεδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Macedonian*.

*μάκελλα*, poet. also *μακέλη, ἡ, (μία, κέλλω, as δίκηλα from δῖς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point*.

*μάκελλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-house, shambles, market*.

*μακεστήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (μάκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale*.

*Μακηδών, ὄνος, ὁ, poet. for Μακεδών*.

*μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest*.

*μακκοῶω, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακκοῶς, dreaming, mooning*.

*μάκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. μάκος as Adv., = μακράν, afar*.

*μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ἡ, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (βραχεῖα), which was in token of acquittal*.

*μακρ-αἰών, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αἰών) lasting long: of persons, long-lived: οἱ μακραῖωνες the immortals*.

*μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance*.

2. also of Time, at length, tediously; *μακράν εἰπεῖν* to speak at great length: also long, *μακράν ζῆν* to live long.

*μακρ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αὐχὴν) long-necked*.

*μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ἡσω, (μακρός, ἀγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence*

*μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ἡ, long-windedness, prolixity, prosing*.

*μακρ-ημερία, ἡ, (μακρός, ἡμέρα) the season of long days*.

*μακρό-βίος, ον, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: οἱ Μακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt*.

*μακρο-βίος, ον, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived, of long duration*.

*μακρό-γηρως, αν, gen. ω, (μακρός, γῆρας) very old, in advanced age*.

*μακρο-δρόμος, ον, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running*.

*μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar*.

*μακροθυμέω, f. ἡσω, (μακρόθυμος) to be long-suffering, patient: μακροθυμεῖν εἰς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence*

*μακροθυμία, ἡ, long-suffering*.

*μακρό-θυμος, ον, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. -μως, patiently*.

*μακρολογέω, f. ἡσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence*

*μακρολογία, ἡ, a speaking at length*.

*μακρο-λόγος, ον, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length*.

*μακρό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ονν, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long*.

*μακρός, ἄ, ὁν, (μάκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time: 1. of Space, long, far-stretching. 2. tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant: μακραὶ ἐπιβοήθειαι succours from a distance: ἐπὶ μακρόν far, for a long way: ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possible. 4. dat. μακρῷ is often used, like πολῷ, by far, much: μακρῷ πρώτος by far the first. II. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring: διὰ μακροῦ (sc. χρόνου) after a long time: εἰς μακρόν for a long time. 2. long, tedious: διὰ μακρῶν at great length. III. regul. Comp. μακρότερος: Sup. μακρότατος: Irreg. Comp. μάσσων, μάσσον: Sup. μήκιστος Dor. μάκιστος, formed from μήκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος. IV. the neut. pl. μακρά is used as Adv., μακρὰ βιβάζ taking long strides: μακρὰ μεμῦκως loudly bellowing: μακρὰ προσεύχεσθαι to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., μακρὸν αὐτεῖν to shout aloud.*

*μάκος, εος, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length*.

*μακρο-τένων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out*.

*μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.*

*μακρό-τονος, ον, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων*.

*μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with long throat or gullet*.

*μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ον, ὁ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater*.

*μακρο-χρόνιος, ον, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring*.

*μάκτρα, ἡ, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough*.

*μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin*.

*μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω*.

*μακῶν, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μηκάομαι*.

*μάκων [ᾶ], ανος, Dor. for μήκων, ανος*.

**ΜΑΛΛΑ**, Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite: 1. strengthening the word with which it stands: μάλα πολλά very many: μάλ' εὖ right well: μάλ' αὐτίκα quite directly: μάλα διαμπερές right through: οὐ μάλα by no means, on no account. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἡ μάλα δὴ . . . , now in very truth . . . ; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμῶς though desiring never so much. II. Comp. μᾶλλον, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. potius. 2. too much, far too much. 3. μᾶλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; ῥηίτερος μᾶλλον more easier; ἐχθίων μᾶλλον; etc. 4. μᾶλλον ἢ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant), as, πόλιν ὅλην διαφθεῖρειν μᾶλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους: in this case μᾶλλον ἢ οὐ is preceded by another negat. 5. παντὸς μᾶλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means. III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὔσι), Lat. imprimis, as much as any; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα. 2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πεντήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine: hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. vel maxime.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, malobatrum, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca. μαλακαί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading. μαλακία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness. μαλακιάω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender. μαλακίζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate. II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: aor. I med. ἐμαλακισάμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθην:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate. 2. to be softened or appeased.

μαλακίων, ὄνος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κῖ] μαλακο-γνώμων, ὄνος, gen. ὄνος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood. ΜΑ'ΛΑ'ΚΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. MOLLIS, soft; μαλακὸς λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss. μαλακό-χειρ, χειρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-handed, soothing. μαλακύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag. μαλακῶς, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him. II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ἡ, (μαλάκός) a mallow, Lat. malva. μαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑ'ΛΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. ala: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλῃς or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑ'ΛΘΑ' or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλθακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθακίος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for μαλθακός. μαλθακιστέον or -ία, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθακός, ἡ, ὄν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθακῶς, Adv. softly: gently, mildly. μαλθαάσσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλθαχθῆναι ὑπνῳ to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, α, ὄν, Dor. for μήλινος. μάλιον, τό, (μαλλός) bair, a lock of bair. [ᾱ] Μαλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλῖς, (μᾶλον, = μῆλον) a nymph who protects the flocks (μῆλα).

μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα III. μᾶλλα, by crasis for μὴ ἀλλά, nay but. μαλλό-δετος, ὄν, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μᾶλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα II. ΜΑΛΛΟ'Σ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of bair.

μαλόβαθρον, v. μαλάβαθρον. μᾶλον, Dor. for μῆλον B.

μαλο-πάρηος, ὄν, Dor. for μηλοπάρηος. μᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-. μάμμα and μάμμη, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother: like ἄππα, ἀπφά, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother. III. later a grandmother.

Μαμμάκῃθος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead. μαμμᾶν αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ἡ, (μάμμα) a mother. Μαμμωνᾶς or Μαμωνᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μήν. ΜΑ'ΝΔΡΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. mandra: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. pala, funda.

μανδράγορας, ὄν, ὁ, mandrake, a narcotic plant. μᾶνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Μανέρως, ὁ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Λίνος.

μᾶνες, Dor. for μῆνες, pl. of μήν. μᾶνῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑ'ΝΩ, fut. μᾶθήσομαι Dor. μᾶθεῖν: aor. 2 ἐμᾶθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἐμμαθες, ἐμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with. II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about. III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. teneo; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πάνυ μανθάνω, perfectly! —c. part., μάνθανε ὧν know that you are. IV.



in Att., τί μαθών; comes to mean *wherefore?* properly, *having ascertained what? for what fresh reason?* almost = τί παθών;

μανία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) *madness, frenzy*. II. generally, *mad passion, rage, fury*. III. *enthusiasm, Bacchic frenzy*.

μανιάς, ἄδος, (μαίνομαι) fem. Adj. *frantic, mad, frenzied*: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., μανιάσιν λυσσῆμασι with *mad fits of raving, like victricia arma*.

μανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μανία) *inclined to madness, mad*: βλέπειν μανικόν to look mad. Hence

μανικῶς, Adv. *in mad fashion, madly*.

μάνις, ἴδος, Dor. for μῆνις.

μανίω, Dor. for μηνίω.

μάνι-ώδης, ες, (μανία, εἶδος) *mad-like, mad*: τὸ μανιώδες *madness*.

ΜΑΝΝΑ, ἡ, a morsel, grain. 2. manna.

ΜΑΝΝΟΣ or μάνος, ὁ, Lat. monile, a necklace, collar.

μαννο-φόρος, ον, (μάννος, φέρω) *wearing a collar*.

ΜΑΝΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. rarus, thin, loose, slack, flaccid. II. of number, few, scanty. See μανῶς.

μαντεία Ion. -ήη, ἡ, (μαντεύομαι) *propheying, power of divination*: also the mode of divination. II. an oracle, prophesy.

μαντεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (μαντίς) an oracle, i. e., I. an oracular response. II. the seat of an oracle.

μαντεῖος, α, ον, or ος, ον, Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (μάντις) oracular, prophetic.

μάντευμα, ατος, τό, an oracle. From

μαντεύομαι, f. -σομαι: aor. I ἐμαντεύσαμην: pf. μεμάντευμαι: Dep.: (μάντις):—to divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle. 2. to presage, forebode, surmise: of animals, to scent. 3. to seek divinations: to consult an oracle. II. aor. I ἐμαντεύθη, inipers. in pass. sense, an oracle was given: and pf. part. τὰ μεμάντευμένα, the oracles delivered. Hence

μαντευτέον, verb. Adj. one must divine, prophesy.

μαντευτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαντεύομαι) *foretold or ordained by an oracle*.

μαντήη, -τήιον, -τήιος, Ion. for μαντεία, etc.

μάντι, voc. of μάντις.

μαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a soothsayer or diviner, prophetic: as Subst., μαντική (sub. τέχνη), ἡ, the art or faculty of divination. Adv. -κῶς.

μαντίπολέω, f. ἥσω, to prophesy. From

μαντί-πόλος, ον, (μάντις, πολέω) *inspired, frenzied*.

μάντις, ὁ, gen. εως Ion. ιος: (μαίνομαι): a diviner, soothsayer, seer, prophet: also as fem., a prophetess. 2. metaph. a foreboder. II. a kind of locust or grasshopper.

μαντοσύνη, ἡ, the art of divination, divining. [ῥ]

μαντόσυνος, η, ον, (μάντις) oracular, prophetic.

μαντῶς, α, ον, = μαντεῖος.

μάνυω, μάνυτής, μάνυσις, Dor. for μην-.

μανῶς, Adv. of μανός, rarely: comp. μανότερον, less often.

μάομαι, see μαῖομαι.

μᾶπείν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of μάρπτω.

μάραγμα, ἡ, = σμάραγμα, a lash, whip, scourge. [μα]

μάρᾰθον, τό, Dor. and Att. form of μάραθρον.

ΜΑΡΑΘΡΟΝ, τό, fennel, Lat. marathrum. [μα]

Μαράθῶν, ὠνος, ἡ, Maratbon, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (μάραθον).

Μαράθωνο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (Μαραθῶν, μάχομαι) one who fought at Maratbon: hence a brave veteran.

ΜΑΡΑΙΝΩ, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐμάρηνα Att. -ἄνα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμάρανθην: pf. μεμάραμμαι or μεμάρασμαι:—to put out, quench, extinguish:—Pass. to die away, burn low. II. metaph. to quench: to weaken, make to waste or pine away:—Pass. to die away, waste away, languish.

μαρὰν ἀθά, Syriac, the Lord cometh, sc. to judgment.

μαργαίνω, only in pres., (μάργος) to rage furiously.

μαργαρίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, a pearl, Lat. margarita.

μαργάω, only in part., (μάργος) to rage furiously.

Μαργίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, (μάργος) Margites, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

ΜΑΡΓΟΣ, η, ον, or ος, ον, raging mad, Lat. furiosus. 2. greedy, gluttonous. 3. lustful. Hence

μαργότης, ητος, ἡ, rage, madness. 2. greediness, gluttony. 3. lust.

ΜΑΡΗ, ἡ, = χεῖρ, a band. (Hence εὐ-μαρής.)

ΜΑΡΙΛΗ, ἡ, the embers of charcoal. [ῖ]

μαρίλο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (μαρίλη, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) gulper of coal-dust.

ΜΑΡΜΑΙΡΩ, only in pres. and impf., to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam, mostly of metal; ὄμματα μαρμαίροντα sparkling eyes. Hence

μαρμάρεος, α, ον, (μαρμαίρω) flashing, sparkling, glistening, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρῖνος, η, ον, (μάρμαρος) of marble.

μαρμαρόεις, εσσα, εν, = μαρμάρεος, bright, gleaming.

μάρμαρον, τό, = μάρμαρος.

μάρμαρος, ον, ὁ, (μαρμαίρω) any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it: also as Adj., πέτρος μάρμαρος a sparkling stone. II. μάρμαρος, ἡ, Lat. marmor, marble: also a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble.

μαρμαρύγη, ἡ, (μαρμαρύσσω) a flashing, sparkling: of any quick motion, μαρμαρυγαὶ ποδῶν the quick twinkling of the dancers' feet.

μαρμαρ-ωπός, ὄν, (μάρμαρος, ὦψ) with sparkling eyes.

ΜΑΡΝΑΜΑΙ, ασαι, αται, imperat. μάρναο, subj. μάρνωμαι, opt. μαρνοίμην, inf. μάρνασθαι, part. μαρ-νάμενος; impf. ἐμαρνάμην, αο, ατο, dual ἐμαρνάσθην: no other tenses in use: Dep.:—to fight, do battle, contend:—of boxers, to contend, encounter. 2. to quarrel, wrangle. 3. metaph. to struggle, strive.

μαρναμένοιν, Ep. part. gen. dual of μαρναμαι.

μάρνατο, μάρναντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of μαρναμαι.

μαρπίς, ὁ, (μάρπτω) a seizer, ravisber.

**ΜΑΡΠΤΩ**, fut. *μάρψω*: aor. 1 *ἐμαρψα*: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 *μέμαρπον*: and a shortd. aor. 2 *ἐμᾶπον*, inf. *μᾶπέειν*, whence 3 pl. opt. *μεμάποιεν*: pf. part. *μεμαρπώς*:—to grasp, bold, catch: to lay bold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

**ΜΑΡΣΙΠΟΣ**, a bag, pouch, Lat. *marsupium*.

**ΜΑΡΤΥΡ**, ὅρος, ὁ and ἡ, Aeol. for *μάρτυς*. Hence *μαρτύρεω*, f. ἡσώ:—Pass., fut. 1 *μαρτύρηθῆσομαι*, but also f. med. in pass. sense, *μαρτύρησομαι*: aor. 1 *ἐμαρτύρηθην*: pf. *μεμαρτύρημαι*:—to be a witness: to bear witness: *μαρτυρεῖν τινί* to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II.

later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

*μαρτύρημα*, ατος, τό, testimony.

*μαρτυρία*, ἡ, (*μαρτυρέω*) a bearing witness. 2. witness, testimony, evidence.

*μαρτύριον*, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., *μαρτύρια*, τά, evidence. [ὑ] From

*μαρτύρομαι* [ὑ], f. ὑροῦμαι: aor. 1 *ἐμαρτύράμην*: Dep.: (*μάρτυς*):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. *μαρτύρομαι*, I call witnesses, I protest.

*μάρτυρος*, ὁ, Ep. form of *μάρτυς*, a witness.

**ΜΑΡΤΥΣ**, ὁ or ἡ, gen. *μάρτυρος*, acc. *μάρτυρα*, as if from *μάρτυρ*, but also acc. *μάρτυν*: pl. *μάρτυρες*, dat. *μάρτυσι* poet. *μάρτυσσι*:—a witness.

*μαρυκάομαι*, *μαρύκημα*, Dor. for *μηρυκ-*.

*μαρύομαι*, Dor. for *μηρύομαι*.

*μάρψαι*, aor. 1 inf. of *μάρπτω*.

*μάσσομαι*, f. ἡσσομαι, Dep., (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) to chew.

*μάσασθαι* [ᾱ], aor. 1 inf. of Root \**μάω*, to touch.

*μάσδα*, *μασδός*, Dor. for *μάζα*, *μαζός*.

*μάσθλη*, ἡ, = *ἱμάσθλη*, a leathern thong. Hence

*μάσθλης*, ητος, ὁ, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave.

*μασθός*, ὁ, a Dor. form of *μαστός*, *μαζός*.

*μασί*, Dor. for *μησί*, dat. pl. of *μήν*.

*μάσομαι* [ᾱ], fut. of \**μάω* II.

**Μασσαλία**, ἡ, Lat. *Massilia*, *Marseilles*. Hence

**Μασσαλιώτης**, ου, ὁ, a man of *Marseilles*.

*μασσάομαι*, etc., = *μασάομαι*.

*μάσσω* Att. *μάττω*: fut. *μάξω*: aor. 1 *ἐμαξα*: pf. *μέμαχα*:—Pass., aor. 1 *ἐμάχθην*: pf. *μέμαγμα*: (\**μάω*):—to touch, handle. II. to work with the hands, to knead dough, Lat. *pinso*:—Pass., *σίτος μεμαγμένος* dough ready kneaded.

*μάσσων*, ὁ, ἡ, neut. *μάσσον*, gen. *μάσσονος*, irreg. Comp. of *μακρός* for *μακρότερος*, longer, larger.

*μάσταξ*, ἄκος, ἡ, (*μασάομαι*) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that which is chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

*μαστάρύζω* or *-ίζω*, to mumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

*μάστειρα*, ἡ, fem. of *μαστήρ*.

*μαστεύω*, f. σω, = *ματεύω*, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

*μαστήρ*, ἦρος, ὁ, (\**μάω*) a seeker, searcher. Hence

*μαστήριος*, α, ον, searching.

*μαστιγέω*, false form for *μαστιγώω*.

*μαστιγίας*, ου, ὁ, (*μάστιξ*) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. *verbero*.

*μαστιγο-φόρος*, ον, (*μάστιξ*, *φέρω*) carrying a whip: as Subst., *μαστιγοφόρος*, ὁ, a sort of constable.

*μαστιγώω*, f. ὠσω: aor. 1 *ἐμαστιγώσα*:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense *μαστιγώσομαι*: pf. *μεμαστιγώμαι*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

*μαστιγώσιμος*, ον, that deserves whipping.

*μαστιγωτέος*, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *μαστιγώω*, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

*μαστιζω*, f. ξω: aor. 1 *ἐμάστιξα* Ep. *μάστιξα*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog.

*μαστίκτωρ*, ορος, ὁ, (*μαστιζω*) a scourger.

*μάστιξ*, ἴγος, ἡ, (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) a whip, scourge; ἵππου *μάστιξ* a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge, plague; *μάστιξ Πειθοῦς* the lash of eloquence.

*μαστιλίων*, Ep. part. of *μαστιώω*.

*μάστις*, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for *μάστιξ*; dat. *μάστι*.

*μαστιλίδω*, Dor. for *μαστιζω*.

*μαστιχάω*, (*μάσταξ*) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. *μαστιχόωντι*.

*μαστιώω*, collat. form of *μαστιζω*, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., *μαστιέται πλευρὰς οὐρῇ* [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

*μαστό-δετον*, τό, (*μαστός*, *δέω*) a breast-band.

*μαστός*, οὔ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. *μαζός*. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

*μαστροπεία*, ἡ, a pandering. From

*μαστροπεύω*, f. σω, (*μαστροπός*) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

*μαστροπός*, ὁ and ἡ, (*μάω*, *μαστήρ*) a pander, pimp, Lat. *leno*, *lena*.

*μασχάλη*, ἡ, (*μάλη*) the armpit, Lat. *ala*, *axilla*. [χα]

*μασχάλιζω*, f. ἴσω, (*μασχάλη*) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them

under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

*μασχάλιστήρ*, ἦρος, ὁ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the

*λέπαδνον*: generally, a girdle, band.

*ματάζω*, (*μάτην*) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

*ματαιιάζω*, (*μάταιος*) = *ματάζω*.

*ματαιολογία*, ἡ, idle talking. From

*ματαιο-λόγος*, ον, (*μάταιος*, *λέγω*) idly talking.

*μάταιος* [ᾱ], α, ον, or ος, ον, (*μάτη*) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

*ματαιότης*, ητος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

*ματαιώς*, Adv. of *μάταιος*, idly, without reason.

**ΜΑΤΑΪΩ**, f. ἡσώ, (*μάτη*) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag; οὐ *ματᾶ* τοῦργον the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

*ματεύω*, f. σω: aor. 1 *ἐμάτευσα*: (\**μάω*):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after: to search, explore.



ματέω, rare form for ματεύω.  
of πατέω, to tread on.

II. Aeol. form

ΜΑΤΗ, ἡ, = ματία, a folly, a fault. [ᾱ] Hence  
μάτην Dor. μάταν [ᾱ], Adv. in vain, idly, foolishly,  
Lat. frustra.

2. senselessly, at random, Lat. temere.

3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc.  
of μάτη, hence εἰς μάτην at random. [ᾱ]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ᾱ]

ματῆς, Dor. for ματᾶς.

ματία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρ-αδελφίος, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-.

ματτή, ἡ, a rich, bigb-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea  
and mattya. (Foreign word.)

ματτυο-λοιχός, ὄν, (ματτία, λείχω) licking up  
dainties.

μάττω, f. ξω, Att. for μάσσω.

μαῦλις, ἰδος or ἰος, ἡ, a knife.

μαυρόω, like ἀμαυρόω, to darken: metaph. to make  
powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to  
become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μᾶ], ἡ, a large knife, worn like a dirk next  
the sword-sheath.

II. as a weapon, a short sword  
or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφος (the  
straight sword).

III. a kind of razor; διπλή  
μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιρίδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small  
knife.

2. a small razor.

μάχαιοποιεῖον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From

μάχαιο-ποιός, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, ποιέω) a cutler.

μάχαιο-φόρος, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μάχατάς, ὁ, Dor. for μαχητής.

Μαχάων [ᾱ], ὄν, ὁ, Macbaon, son of Aesculapius.

μαχεῖόμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχιομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μαχεούμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχευ, Dor. for μάχου, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι.

ΜΑΧΗ [ᾱ], ἡ, a battle, fight, combat; properly an  
engagement between armies, but also, a single combat;

μάχην νικᾶν to win a battle; but μάχη νικᾶν τινά to  
conquer one in battle.

II. a quarrel, strife,

III. an amicable contest, as for a  
prize in the games.

IV. a mode of fighting, way  
of battle.

V. a field of battle. Hence

μάχημων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, warlike.

μάχητής, οὗ, ὁ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj.  
warlike. Hence

μάχητικός, ὄν, ὁ, of or for fighting, pugnacious.

μάχιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike:

οἱ μάχιμοι or τὸ μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective  
force.

μάχιμ-ώδης, ες, (μάχιμος, εἶδος) warlike, conten-

tious.

μαχλάς, ἄδος, ποῦτ. fem. of μάχλος.

ΜΑΧΛΟΣ, ὄν, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence

μαχλοσύνη, ἡ, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχόλατο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [ᾱ], Ep. part. μαχεῖόμενος  
and μαχεούμενος: fut. μαχέσομαι Ep. μαχέσσομαι or  
μαχήσομαι Att. μαχοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐμαχέσάμην, Ep.  
inf. μαχέσασθαι or μαχήσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι:  
Dep.: (μάχη):—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat.  
pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σύν τινι with  
the sanction of; κατὰ σφείας μάχεσθαι to fight by  
themselves: but, καθ' ἑνα μάχεσθαι to fight one  
against one, in single combat.

II. generally, to  
quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, with-

stand one.

III. to contend for the prize in the  
games: to measure oneself with.

ΜΑΨ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μὲψ ὁμῶσαι  
to swear lightly, unmeaningly.

II. thoughtlessly,  
rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αῦραι, ὦν, αἰ, (μάψ, αὔρα) squalls, gusts of wind.

μαψίδιος, ὄν, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence

μαψιδίως, Adv., = μάψ foolishly, thoughtlessly: with-

out reason: recklessly.

μαψι-λόγος, ὄν, (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking.

μαψι-τόκος, ὄν, (μάψ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth in  
vain.

μαψ-ὑλάκως, ὄν, ὁ, (μάψ, ὑλακῶ) idly yelping, re-

peating again and again. [λα]

\*ΜΑΨ, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in

Med.: 1. μέμαα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. με-

μάασι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μέματον,

μέμαμεν, μέματε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμάτω [ᾱ]; 3 pl.

plqpf. μέμασαν; but most often in part. μεμαῶς, με-

μαῖνῃα, μεμαῶτος, μεμαῶτες, but also μεμαότες, μεμα-

ότε:—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly

c. inf.: also absol., πρόσσω μεμανῖαι pressing for-

ward; μεμαότες ἐγχείρῃσι pressing forward with

their spears.

2. to wish or claim to be.

II.

Med., μάομαι, μῶμαι, part. μῶμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, im-

perat. μῶεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc. of ἐγώ.

μέγᾱ, neut. of μέγας.

μεγᾱ-θαροσύνης, ες, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μεγᾱθος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μεγᾱ-θυμός, ὄν, (μέγας, θυμός) bigb-minded, mag-

nanimous.

μεγαίρω, aor. 1 ἐμέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing

as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as

too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, \*

withbold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγᾱ-κήτης, ες, (μέγας, κῆτος) huge, unwieldy.

μεγα-κλής, ες, declined (as if from μεγακλής) με-

γακλέος, -εῖ, -έα, -έες, cf. εὐκλής: (μέγας, κλέος):

—very famous.

2. pr. n. of several of the family

of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens.

μεγᾱ-κῦδης, ες, (μέγας, κῦδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγας.

μεγᾱλ-ἀνορία, μεγᾱλ-ἄνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-.

μεγᾱλ-αυχέω, f. ἤσω, (μέγας, αὐχέω) to boast bigbly,

speak haughtily:—Med. to boast oneself.

μεγᾱλ-αύχητος and μεγᾱλ-αυχος, ὄν, (μέγας, αὐ-

χέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

μεγαλειός, α, ον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of men, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ητος, η, grandeur, splendour, majesty.

μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλειός, magnificently.

μεγαληγορέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλήγορος) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγαληγορία, η, big talking.

μεγαλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, άγορεύω) talking big, vaunting, boastful.

μεγαληγορία, η, manliness, courage. 2. in bad sense, *haughtiness*. From

μεγαλ-ήνωρ, ορος, ό, η, (μέγας, άνήρ) heroic, high-minded. 2. in bad sense, *haughty*.

μεγαλ-ήτωρ, ορος, ό, η, (μέγας, ήτορ) great-hearted: magnanimous.

μεγαλίζω, (μέγας) to magnify:—Pass. to be exalted, to bear oneself haughtily.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, η, loftiness of sentiment. From μεγαλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, high-minded.

μεγαλό-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious.

μεγαλοδωρία, η, munificence, liberality. From

μεγαλό-δωρος, ον, (μέγας, δῶρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγάλ-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οίτος) very wretched.

μεγαλο-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κεύθω) concealing much: hence *capacious*.

μεγαλο-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling.

μεγαλό-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) of high design, ambitious.

μεγαλό-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

μεγαλό-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast rock.

μεγαλό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, 'Αθηναι μεγαλοπόλις the great city of Athens.

μεγαλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πράγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, η, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγαλο-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπώς Ion. -έως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

\* μέγας, v. μέγας.

μεγαλο-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength.

μεγαλό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχνον) high-spirited.

μεγαλό-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous.

μεγαλοσύνη, η, = μέγεθος.

μεγαλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγαλό-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγαλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be high-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, haughty.

μεγαλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγαλοφροσύνη, η, greatness of mind: in bad sense, *pride*, *haughtiness*.

μεγαλό-φρων, ονος, ό, η, (μέγας, φρήν) high-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, *proud*, *haughty*.

μεγαλοφωνία, η, big talking, vaunting. From

μεγαλό-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγαλοψυχία, η, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, *arrogance*. From

μεγαλό-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) high-souled, great-bearded, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) to make great or powerful:—Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. 2.

to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγαλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, όνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλως, Adv. of μέγας, greatly.

μεγαλωστί, Adv. of μέγας, over a large space: greatly, hugely: also magnificently.

μεγαλωσύνη, η, (μέγας) greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μεγ-άνωρ, ορος, ό, η, (μέγας, άνήρ) manly, heroic. [α]

Μεγάρα, ων, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεύς, έως, ό, a Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγαρικός, η, όν, (Μεγάρα) Megarian.

Μεγαρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Megarian:—as Subst. (sub. γή), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μεγάρα) from Megara: and

Μεγαροί, Adv. at Megara.

μέγαρον, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the hall. 2. a woman's apartment. 3. a bed-

chamber. II. a house, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a house in plur. III. the sacred chamber in

the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine: in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μέγαρόνδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΓΑ-Σ, μεγάλη [α], μέγα: gen. μέγαλον, ης, ον: dat. μέγαλῳ, η, ω, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγα:

dual μέγαλω, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in ος: but the regul. form ΜΕΓΑΛΟΣ is

never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.: large, big, great:—hence, 1. great, vast,

tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of

degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, important. 2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4.

in bad sense, over-great, excessive; μέγα φρονεῖν to have too high, presumptuous thoughts. III. be-

sides the Adv. μέγαλως and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μέγαλα are used as Adv., very

much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with Adjs., far, μέγ' άμείνων far better. IV. Comp.

μείζων, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. prose μέζων, ον; Dor. μέσδων, Boeot. μέσσαν: greater,

larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. μέγιστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty.

μεγ-αυχής, ές, (μέγας, αύχέω) vaunting, braggart.



μέγεθος Ion. μέγαθος, εος, τό, (μέγας) greatness, height: magnitude, bulk, size; *μεγάθει μικρός* small in size; *μεγάθει μέγας* large in size:—the acc. *μεγάθος* is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like *μεγάλας*, greatly, *λάμποντες μέγαθος* shining greatly: so too in pl., *ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔοντες μεγάθεα* rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

*μεγήρας*, aor. I part. of *μεγαίρω*.  
*μεγ-ήρατος*, ον, (μέγας, ἐρατός) passing lovely.  
*μεγιστάνες*, οἱ, (μέγιστος) the nobles, chief men.  
*μεγιστό-πολις*, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πόλις) making cities greatest or most blest.  
*μέγιστος*, η, ον, Sup. of μέγας.  
*μεγιστό-τιμος*, ον, (μέγιστος, τιμή) greatest in honour.

*μεδέων*, οντος, ὁ, = μέδων, one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; *Ἰδῆθεν μεδέων* guardian of Ida. 2. fem. *μεδέουσα*, = μέδουσα, always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over. Properly the part. of an old Verb, *μεδέω*, to rule.

*μεδήσομαι*, fut. of μέδομαι.  
**ΜΕΔΙΜΝΟΣ**, ὁ, Ion. also ἡ, the medimnus or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἑκτεῖς, 48 χοῖνικες, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

**ΜΕΔΟΜΑΙ**, fut. *μεδήσομαι*: Dep.: to give heed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., *πολέμοιο μέδεσθαι* to be thinking of, preparing for battle. II. to plan, contrive or devise.

*μέδουσα*, fem. of μέδων, like *μεδέουσα*, a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

*μέδων*, οντος, ὁ, one who rules over: a guardian, lord. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

*μέζα*, αν, τά, = μήδεα, the genitals.

*μεζόνως*, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.

*μέζων*, ον, Ion. for *μείζων*, Comp. of μέγας.

*μεθ-αιρίω*, aor. 2 *μεθειλὼν* Ion. *μεθέλεσκον*:—to catch in turn.

*μεθ-άλλομαι*: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. *μετάλμενος*:—to leap or rush upon. II. to rush after, overtake.

*μεθ-ἀμέριος*, Dor. for *μεθ-ημέριος*.

*μεθ-αρμόζω*, f. σω: aor. 1 *μεθήρμωσα*:—to dispose differently, to correct, reform:—Med., with pf. pass.

*μεθήρμωσαι*, to alter one's way of life; *μεθάρμωσαι* (aor. 1 imperat.) νέους τρόπους adopt new habits.

*μεθήκα*, Ep. for *μεθήκα*, aor. 1 of *μεθήμι*.

*μεθειν*, aor. 2 opt. of *μεθήμι*.

*μεθειλὼν*, aor. 2 of *μεθαιρίω*.

*μεθεῖναι*, *μεθείς*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of *μεθήμι*.

*μεθείω*, Ep. for *μεθείω*, *μεθῶ*, aor. 2 subj. of *μεθήμι*.

*μεθεκτέον*, verb. Adj. of *μετέχω*, one must share in.

*μεθέλεσκε*, Ion. for *μεθείλε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *μεθαιρίω*.

*μεθέμεν*, Ep. for *μεθεῖναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *μεθήμι*.

*μέθεν*, Dor. for *ἐμέθεν* = ἐμοῦ, gen. of ἐγώ.

*μεθέξομαι*, fut. of *μετέχω*.

*μεθ-έπω*, impf. *μεθειπον* Ep. *μέθεπον*: fut. *μεθήψω*: poet. aor. 2 *μετέσπον*, inf. *μετασπεῖν*, part. *μετασπών*: aor. 2 med. *μετεσπόμην*:—to follow after, follow closely, bard upon, chase, Lat. *insequi*. 2. to seek or search after. 3. to visit. 4. metaph. to manage, dispose; *ἄχθος νῶτῳ μεθίπων* disposing a burden on his back. II. trans., *Τυδείδην μέθεπεν ἵππους* he turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.

*μεθ-ερμηνεύω*, f. σω, to translate.

*μεθίστηκα*, pf. of *μεθίστημι*.

*μέθη*, ἡ, (μέθυ) strong drink. II. drunkenness.

*μεθήκα*, aor. 1 of *μεθήμι*.

*μεθ-ήκω*, to have come in quest of.

*μέθ-ημαι*, properly pf. of *μεθ-έξομαι*, to be seated among.

*μεθ-ημερίνός*, ἡ, ὄν, (μετά, ἡμέρα) happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. *diurnus*.

*μεθ-ημέριος*, ον, = *μεθημερινός*.

*μεθημοσύνη*, ἡ, remissness, carelessness. From

*μεθ-ήμων*, ον, gen. ονος, (μεθήμι) remiss, careless.

*μεθήρμωσαι*, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of *μεθ-αρμόζω*.

*μεθησέμεναι*, *μεθησέμεν*, Ep. fut. inf. of *μεθήμι*.

*μεθίεν*, Ep. for *μεθίεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *μεθήμι*. [Ὶ]

*μεθ-ίημι*, inf. *μεθιέναι* part. *μεθείς*: fut. *μεθήσω*:

aor. 1 *μεθήκα* Ep. *μεθέηκα*: aor. 2 inf. *μεθεῖναι* part.

*μεθείς*:—Med. *μεθίεμαι*: f. *μεθήσομαι*: 3 sing. aor. 2

*μεθεῖτο*, inf. *μεθέσθαι*.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing.

pres. *μεθείς*, *μεθει* (as if from *μεθείω*), Ep. inf. *μεθ-ιέμεν*, *μεθιέμεναι*: 2 and 3 sing. impf. *μεθείς*, *μεθει*

(as if from *μεθείω*), 3 pl. *μεθίεν* (for *μεθίεσαν*): aor. 1

*μεθήκα* and *μεθέηκα*: aor. 2 subj. *μεθείω* for *μεθῶ*,

inf. *μεθέμεν* for *μεθεῖναι*:—Herodotus has 3 sing.

pres. *μετίει* (not *μετιεῖ*), and also 3 sing. impf. pass.

*μετίετο* or *ἐμετίετο* (for *μεθίετο*); fut. pass. *μεθή-σομαι*; pf. pass. part. *μεμετιμένος* (for *μεθειμέ-νος*).

I. trans. to set loose, let go, I. c. acc.

pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at liberty.

2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw;

*μεθιέναι χόλον* to let go, give up one's wrath; *μεθ-ιέναι δάκρυα* to let tears flow, i. e. shed them; *μεθ-ιέναι γλῶσσαν* *Περσίδα* to let drop, utter Persian words.

3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. 6. to forgive, excuse one a fault.

II. Med. *μεθίε-σθαι*, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, *παῖδς οὐ μεθήσομαι*; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, *παῖδα οὐ μεθήσω*.

III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally, to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. 2. c.

gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., *κλαύσας καὶ ὀδυράμενος μεθέηκε* having wept and bewailed be left off. [Ὶ in Att.; Ὶ in Ep., except metri gratia.]

*μεθ-ιστάνω*, collat. form of *μεθίστημι*.

*μεθ-ίστημι*, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut.

*μετα-στήσω*: aor. I act. *μετέστησα* and med. *-εστη*

σάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change. 2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself. II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετεστάθην [ᾱ]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plqpf. μεθεστήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῷ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with. μέθ-οδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὁδός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system. μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ἤσω, to associate with, mix with. μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὄρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμάω, f. ἤσω, (μετά, ὁρμάω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθωρμηθείς following close. μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with νέας omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ME'ΘY, ὅς, τό, wine, Lat. merum. μεθ-υδριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs. Μεθ-ύδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnium.

μεθ-υπίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gubbing with wine. μεθ-υπλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, ὑποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes. μέθυσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness. μεθύσκω, f. ὕσω (ῥ), aor. I ἐμέθυσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβος. μέθυσος, η, ον, also os, ον, (μέθυ) drunken. μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later. μεθυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μεθύω) a drunkard. μεθ-υσφάλῃς, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλῆναι) reeling-drunk. μεθ-υτρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine. μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσκω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of μεθήμι. μει-ᾠγωγέω, f. σω, (μείων, ᾠγωγός) to bring too little; μειᾠωγέειν τὴν τραγωδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μείων.

MEIDAA'Ω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐμείδησα Ep. μείδησα:—to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μείδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος. Hence μείδημα and μείδιμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling. μειδιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], collat. form of μείδᾶω, to smile: Ep. part. μειδιῶν.

μειζόνως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree. μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater. μέλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ἰων, τά, (μείλισσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μείλιγμα, ατος, τό, (μείλισσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μείλιγματα θυμοῦ scraps to appease hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae. 3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μείλισσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, atonements.

μείλιος, η, ον, poet. for μέλιος, asben. μείλισσω, f. ξω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδὲ τί μ' αἰδύμενος μείλισσεο μηδ' ἐλεείρων extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μείλιχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle. μείλιχος, α, ον, also os, ον, (μείλισσω) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσανδᾶν μείλιχίοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with soothing words: cf. κερτύμα. II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλίχό-γηρυς, υ, (μείλιχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced. μειλίχό-δωρος, ον, (μείλιχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μείλιχος, ον, (μείλισσω) mild, gentle, kind. μείναι, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μείνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω. μείων, ονος, τό, neut. of μείων, less, too small. II. μείων, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείων, too light! see μει-αγωγέω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ἤσω, (μείων, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence μειονεξία, ἡ, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως ἔχειν to be too mean.

μειόω, f. ὠσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish. 2. to lessen in honour, degrade. 3. to extenuate. II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-εξαπάτης, ον, ὁ, (μειράκιον, ἐξ-απατάω) a boy-cheater. [ᾱ]



μειρακιεύομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. adolescenturire.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειρακίομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad.

μειρακίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl.

μειρακίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειρακύλλιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a mere lad.

ΜΕΙΡΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, a boy or girl, lad or lass.

ΜΕΙΡΟΜΑΙ: pf. ἔμμορα pass. εἰμαρμαι: Dep. I. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ἡμιν μείρο τιμῆς take half the honour as thy due.

II. in pf. ἔμμορα, to have or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., ἔμμορε τιμῆς be bath gotten his share of honour.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἰμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plqpf. εἰμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. εἰμαρμένος, ἡ, on, allotted, decreed; ἡ εἰμαρμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπωμένη from πέπωται.

μείς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μήν, a month.

μείωμα, ατος, τό, (μείωω) a diminution: a fine.

μείων, neut. μείον, gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and ὀλίγος.

μελάγ-γαιος, on, μελάγ-γειος, on, and μελάγ-γεως, on, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα = γῆ) with black soil, loamy.

μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned.

μελαγ-κόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black head: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, a bird, the blackcap.

μελάγ-κροκος, on, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, on, ὁ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-haired.

μελάγχειμα, on, τά, dark spots in snow. From

μελάγχιμος, on, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χιμος, as δύσ-χιμος from δύσ-).

μελαγ-χίτων, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, on, (μέλας, χλαῖνα) black-cloaked: οἱ Μελάγχλαινοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, on, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced.

II. dipped in black bile.

μελαγ-χροίης, ἐς, (μέλας, χροιά) = μελάγχρους.

μελάγ-χροος, on, contr. -χρους, on, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swartby: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχρους.

μελαγ-χρώς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρώς) = μελάγχρους.

μέλαθρον, τό, (μέλας) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice.

II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. tecta, a house.

μελαθρόφιν, poet. gen. of μέλαθρον.

μελαίνω, ἰ. ανῶ:—Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. μεμέλασμαι: (μέλας):—to blacken, make black:—Pass. to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἐς, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάφης, ἐς, (μέλας, βαφῆναι) dark-dyed.

μελάμ-βωλος, on, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.

μελαμ-πάγης, ἐς, Dor. for μελαμπηγῆς, (μέλας, πήγνυμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured.

μελάμ-πεπλος, on, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.

μελαμ-πέταλος, on, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.

μελάμ-πτερος, on, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.

μελαμ-φάης, ἐς, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φυλλος, on, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μέλαν, ατος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink.

μελάν-αιγίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αἴγίς) with dark aegis.

μελάν-αυγῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming.

μελάν-δετος, on, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black: σάκος μελάνδετον an iron-rimmed shield.

μελαν-δόκος, on, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) holding ink: κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελάν-δρυον, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) heart of oak.

μελάν-εἰμων, on, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment.

μελάνει or μελανεί, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελάνω = μελαίνω), or to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, ἐς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελάνια, ἡ, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελάνό-ζυξ, ὕγιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελάνο-κάρδιος, on, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded.

μελάν-όμματος, on, (μέλας, ὄμμα) black-eyed.

μελάνο-νεκῦο-εἰμων, on, gen. ονος, (μέλας, νέκυσ, εἶμα) clad in black shroud.

μελάνό-πτερος, on, and μελάνο-πτέρυξ, ὕγιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελάν-οστος, on, (μέλας, ὄσσε) black-eyed.

μελάν-οστος, for μελάνόστος, on, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned.

μελάν-ουρος, on, fem. μελάν-ουρίς, ἰδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελάνό-χροος, on, = μελάγχρους.

μελάνό-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρους.

μελαν-τειχῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, on, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τραγῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) black when eaten.

μελάν-υδρος, on, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [α]

ΜΕΛΑΪΣ, Aeol. μέλαις, μέλαινα, μέλαν: gen. μέλανος, μελαίνης, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

II. Comp. μελάντερος, α, on.

ΜΕΛΑΔΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:—Pass. μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαίνω, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen.

II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

μελέδημα, ατος, τό, *care, anxiety, concern.*

II.

*the thing cared for.* Hence

μελεδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, *caring for, anxious about.* II. *busy.*

μελεδών, ὠνος, ἡ, = μελεδώνη.

μελεδωνεύς, ὁ, poet. for μελεδωνός.

μελεδώνη, ἡ, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) *care, sorrow.*

μελεδωνός, ὁ, and ἡ, (μελεδαίνω) *one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender.*

μέλει, impers., see μέλω.

μελεῖστί, Adv. (μελεῖζω) *limb from limb.*

μελεο-πάθης, ἐς, (μέλεος, παθεῖν) *suffering misery.*

μελεό-πονός, ον, (μέλεος, πόνος) *labouring in misery.*

μέλεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέλω) *fruitless, vain, empty: neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain.* 2. *unhappy, wretched.*

μελεό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλεος, φρήν) *wretched in mind.*

μελεσί-πτερος, ον, (μέλος, πτερόν) *singing with its wings.*

μέλεται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.

μελετάω, f. ἥσω:—*to care for, c. gen.* II. c.

acc. *to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. excolere: to court: to practise, exercise; μελετᾶν σοφίαν to practise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τόξῳ to practise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself; ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετῶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice: absol. to take heed, take thought.* 2. c.

acc. pers. *to exercise or train one.* From

μελέτη, ἡ, (μέλομαι) *care, attention* 2. *practice, exercise.* II. *care, anxiety.*

μελέτημα, ατος, τό, (μελετάω) *a practice, study.*

μελετηρός, α, ὢν, (μελετάω) *practising diligently.*

μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, *one must practise.*

μελέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μέλω) *one who cares for, a guardian, avenger.*

μεληδών, ὠνος, ἡ, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.

μέλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλω) *an object of care: a beloved object.* II. *a charge, duty: care, anxiety.*

μελησέμεν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.

μελησίμ-βροτος, ον, (μέλησις, βροτός) *cared for by men.*

Μελητίδης [Υ], ον, ὁ, proverbial name at Athens for a blockhead, as if patronym. from Μέλητος.

ΜΕΛΙ, ἴτος, τό, Lat. MEL, *honey.*

μελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *the ash, Lat. fraxinus: from its toughness it was used for spears.* II. *a spear.*

μελί-βόας, ὁ, (μέλι, βοή) *with honey-tone.*

μελί-βρομος, ον, (μέλι, βρέμω) *honey-toned.*

μελί-γδουπος, ον, (μέλι, δουπέω) *sweet-sounding.*

μελί-γηρυς Dor. -γάρυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, γήρυς) *honey-voiced, musical.*

μελί-γλωσσος, ον, (μέλι, γλῶσσα) *honey-tongued.*

μέλιγμα, ατος, τό, (μελίζω) *song: a pipe.*

μελίζω Dor. μελίσδω, (μέλος) *to modulate, warble, play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι.* 2.

trans. *to sing of, celebrate in song.*

μελι-ηδής, ἐς, (μέλι, ἡδύς) *honey-sweet: metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing.*

μελί-θρεπτος, ον, (μέλι, τρέφω) *honey-fed.*

μελί-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (μέλι, θροέω) *sweet-sounding.*

μελί-κηρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) *a honeyscomb.*

μελί-κομπος, ον, (μέλι, κομπέω) *sweet-sounding.*

μελί-κράτος Ion. -κρητος, ον, (μέλι, κεράννυμι)

*mixed with honey: μελί-κρητον Att. -κράτον, τό, a drink of honey and milk offered as a libation.*

μελικτής, οὔ, Dor. μελικτάς, α, ὁ, (μελίζω) *a singer, player, esp. a flute-player.*

μελί-λωτον, τό, also μελί-λωτος, ὁ, (μέλι, λωτός) *melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained.*

ΜΕΛΙΝΗ, ἡ, millet, Lat. panicum: in pl. millet-fields. [Υ]

μέλινος Ep. μέλινος, η, ον, (μελία) *aspen, Lat. fraxineus.*

Μελίνο-φάγοι, οἱ, (μελίνη, φάγειν) *the Millet-eaters, name of a Thracian tribe.*

μελί-παις, παιδος, ὁ and ἡ, (μέλι, παῖς) *with honey-children, epith. of the bee-hive.*

μελί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (μέλι, πνέω) *honey-breathing, sweet-breathing.*

μελίρ-ροος, ον, (μέλι, ρέω) *flowing with honey.*

μελίρ-ρῦτος, ον, = μελίρροος.

μελίσδω, Dor. for μελίζω: μελίσδεν, Dor. inf.

μέλισμα, ατος, τό, (μελίζω) *a song, chant: a tune.*

μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ἡ, (μέλι) *a bee.* 2.

*a priestess of Delphi.* II. *honey itself.*

μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, α, ον, (μέλισσα) *of, belonging to bees; μελίσσειον κηρίον a honeyscomb.*

μελισσό-βοτος, ον, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) *fed on by bees.*

μελισσο-νόμος, ον, (μέλισσα, νέμω) *keeping bees.* II.

(μέλισσα 1. 2) *a priestess.*

μελισσο-πόνος, ον, (μέλισσα, πονέω) *tending bees.*

μελισσο-σόος, ον, (μέλισσα, σόος) *guardian of bees.*

μελισσό-τοκος, ον, (μέλισσα, τεκεῖν) *produced by bees, bonied.*

μελισσο-τρόφος, ον, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) *feeding bees.*

μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ὠνος, ὁ, (μέλισσα) *a bee-house, apiary.*

μελι-σταγής, ἐς, (μέλι, σταγῆναι) *dropping honey.*

μελί-στακτος, ον, = μελιστάγης.

μελίτεια, ἡ, (μέλι) *a herb, baulm, Lat. aspiastrum.*

μελί-τερπής, ἐς, (μέλι, τέρπω) *honey-sweet.*

Μελιτίδης, false form for Μελητίδης.

μελιτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) *bonied, sweet.* II.

*made of honey: as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτούττα*

(sub. μάζα), ἡ, *a honey-cake.*

μελιτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (μέλι, πωλέω) *a dealer in honey.*

μελιτούττα, v. μελιτόεις.

μελιτόω, f. ὥσω, (μέλι) *to sweeten with honey.*

μέλιττα, ἡ, Att. for μέλισσα, *a bee.*

μελιτίον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, *a small bee.*

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.



μελιττ-ουργός, -ουργέω, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for μελισσ-.

μελίτ-ώδης, ες, (μέλος, εἶδος) like boney.

μελίτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτόω) a boney-cake. [Ὶ]

μελί-φθογγος, ον, (μέλι, φθογγή) boney-voiced, sweet-toned, bonied.

μελί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελί-φυρτος, ον, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with boney.

μελί-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as boney, tawny.

μελί-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλι, χρῶς) boney-coloured, tawny.

μελιχρ-ώδης, ες, (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as boney.

μελί-χρος, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, χρώς) = μελίχρους.

μέλλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλησις, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do: an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλο-γάμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέλλω, δεῖπνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering; with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλό-νυμφος, ον, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of marriageable age.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, impf. ἐμελλον: fut. μελλήσω: aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ἡμελλον, ἡμέλλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι ἐμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must: μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι Διὶ πατρί it must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλετ' ἀκούμεν you are likely to have heard of it; ὅθι που μέλλουσιν ἄριστοι βουλὰς βουλευεῖν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III. to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, besitate, scruple. IV. μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; ὅ τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as ὁ μέλλων χρόνος the future time; ἡ μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλώ, οὖς, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις.

μελογράφια, ἡ, song-writing. From

μελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs.

μελοποιέω, f. ἤσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems.

μελοποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, = μελοποιός.

μελο-ποιός, ὄν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: as Subst., μελοποιός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλεα limb by limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη lyric poetry, choral songs.

2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπew, f. ἤσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μέληθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέληθρα κυνῶν a sport for dogs.

Μελπομένη, ἡ, Melpomene, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐμελσα: (μέλος):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέ-

πομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι καθαρίζων to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἐμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:—something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρὴ τάδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as ἐμοὶ δὲ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care.

2. pf. act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμήληκε, and the plqpf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλῶτα ἔργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plqpf. pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; ἢ νῦν τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' Ἀχιλλεύς surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οἱ τεῖχος the wall was a care to him.

III. the Act. μέλω, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτῶν to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πολέμοιο μεμηλῶς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθῆναι, to care for, take care of.

μελωδέω, f. ἤσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μελ-ωδός, ὄν, (μέλος, ᾠδή) singing, musical.

μέμας, pf. of \*μάω: 3 pl. μεμάασι.

μεμάθηκα [μά], pf. of μαθήσθαι.

μεμάκνυα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μακάσθαι.

μέμαμεν, Ep. for μεμάομεν, 1 pl. pf. of \*μάω.

μεμύνημαι [μά], pf. of μαινομαι, formed as if from \*μανέομαι.

μεμαότες, pf. part. pl. of \*μάω.

μεμάποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω.

μεμαρπῶς, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μέματε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of \*μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.  
μεμᾶως, μεμᾶνῖα, pf. part. of \*μάω: μεμᾶτες, μεμᾶτας, lengthd. for μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, noni. and acc. plur.

μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μέμβλωκα, pf. of βλώσσω.

μεμβράνα, ἡ, Lat. membrana, a parchment, skin.

ΜΕΜΒΡΑ'Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a small kind of anchovy. [α]

μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίημι.

μεμηκῶς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μέμηλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχανημένως, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίσσμαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

μέμιγμα, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμνᾶμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μιμνήσκω.

μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μιμνήσκω.

μεμνέωτο, Ion. for μέμνωτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of μιμνήσκω.

μέμνημαι, pf. pass. of μιμνήσκω, inf. μεμνήσθαι.

μεμνήμην, μεμνῶμην, pf. opt. pass. of μιμνήσκω.

μεμνηστυμένος, pf. part. pass. of μνηστεύω.

μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μιμνήσκομαι.

Μέμνων, ονος, ὁ, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute.

μεμόλυκα, -υσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω.

μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (\*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι.

μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύσσω.

μεμούνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονόω.

μεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blame-worthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μέμυκα, pf. of μυκάομαι: also of μύω.

ΜΕ'ΜΦΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμφομαι: aor. I med. ἐμεμψάμην, pass. ἐμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., δ μάλιστα μέμφονται ἡμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it; c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι, μοῖρα) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

μέμψις, εως, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof. 2. a complaint.

ΜΕ'Ν, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by *on the one hand* . . , *on the other*; as *well* . . as, *while*; μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by ἀλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὐτε, αὐθις; also by μέντοι, εἴτα. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as, ὡς μὲν λέγουσι as they say, (but as I do not believe). Μέν was orig. the same as μήν, and ἡ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἡ μήν as a form of protestation. II. μέν before other Particles:

1. μέν ἄρα, Ep. μέν ῥα, accordingly, and so. 2. μέν γε or μέν . . γε, yet at least, certainly, Lat. certe. 3. μέν δή however. 4. μέν οὖν or μενοῦν, Lat. imo vero, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μέν οὖν γε or μενοῦνγε, yea rather. 5. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate. b. to recall what has gone before, *now*. c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, however, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ον, ὁ, (μένω, αἰχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., μενεαίνειν μάχης to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγχης, es, (μένω, ἔγχος) steadfast in fight.

μενε-δήϊος, ον, (μένω, δῆϊος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεήνᾱμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μενεαίνω.

Μενέ-λαός, Att. Μενέλεως Dor. Μενέλας, ὁ, pr. n., (μένω, λαός) Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πτόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πτόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Μενεσθεύς, εως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (μένω) Menestheus, i. e. the Abider.

μενετέον, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετός, ἡ, ὄν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, longsuffering; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοὶ opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [ῥ]

μενε-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εικής, es, (μένος, εἰκός from \*εἰκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενοινάω, f. ἥσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινῶ, 3 sing. μενοινᾶα: Ep. aor. I μενοίνησα, 3 sing. opt. μενοινήσειε: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for. 2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ἡ, eager desire.

μενοινῶ, Ep. for μενοινάω.

ΜΕ'ΝΟΣ, εος, τό, force, strength of body, prowess. 2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. 3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένος a flow of black blood. II. spirit, ardour: μένει, dat. with fury, violently. 2. wish, bent, purpose. 3. generally, temper, disposition. III. μένος is also used in



periphr. like βίη, ἴς; as ἱερὸν μένος Ἀλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinoüs himself.

μενοῦν, μέντοι, etc., v. sub μέν II. 4, 5.

**ΜΕΝΩ**: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. un-contr. μενέω: aor. I ἔμεινα: pf. μεμίνηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. *MANEO*: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally. 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion.

II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἑσπερον ἔλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Dor. μερίσσω, f. ξω: (μερίς):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.

μερίμνη, ἡ, (μερίς, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μεριμνάω, f. ἥσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλὰ μεριμνᾶν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνητής, ου, ὁ, one who is careful about things.

μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μερίμνη, τεκεῖν) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, ου, ὁ, (μερίμνη, φροντίζω) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. *partes*.

μερισμός, ὁ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, ου, ὁ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributor.

μερίτης, ον, ὁ, (μερίς) a partaker. [i]

μέρμερος, ον, (μερίμνη) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέρμερα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέρμηρᾶ, ἡ, poet. for μέριμνα, care, trouble. Hence

μερμηρίζω, f. ἴξω: Ep. aor. I μερμήριξα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to hesitate.

II. trans. to think of, devise.

**ΜΕΡΜΙΣ**, ἰθος, ἡ, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπήϊος, ον, (μέρος) human.

**ΜΕΡΟΣ**, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος or κατὰ μέρος in turn, successively; κατὰ τὸ ἑμὸν μέρος as far as concerns me, Lat. *pro rata*; but τοῦ μόνου or τὸ σὸν μέρος as to me, Lat. *quod ad me attinet*.

3. ἐν μέρει τινὸς τιθέναι, to put in the class of .., consider as so and so, like ἐν λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. *in numero habere*.

μέρ-οψ, οπος, ὁ, (μείρομαι, ὤψ) dividing the voice, i.e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μέσ, Dor. for μέν.

μέσᾶ-βον, τό, (μέσος, βούη) a leather strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. *subjugium*.

μεσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, ἀγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολίος) poet. for μεσο-πόλιος, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον, Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτὴ) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρία, ἡ, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor. for μεσημ-.

μεσάτιος, ον, μέσᾶτος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος: so also Ep. μέσᾶτος and μεσάτιος.

μέσ-αυλος Ep. μέσσαιλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the αὐλή or hall:—as Subst., μέσσαιλος, ὁ, or μέσσαιλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλος (sc. θύρα), ἡ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μείζων.

μεσηγύ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. μεσηγύ, -ύς, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle, between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II. of Time, meanwhile, meantime.

III. as Subst., μεσηγύ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγύ ἡματος midday, noon.

μεσῆεις, εσσα, ἐν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσ-ημβρία Ion. μεσ-αμβρία, ἡ, (for μεσημερία, from μέσος, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ἵσταται 'tis high noon.

II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. *meridiari*.

μεσημβρινός, ἡ, ὄν, commoner form for μεσημε-ριός, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάληη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινός.

μεσ-ήρης poet. μεσσήρης, ες, (μέσος, ἀρρεῖν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος ἔτι μεσσήρης Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεσῖτεύω, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεσίτης, ον, ὁ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. [i]

μεσίτις, ἰδος, fem. of μεσίτης.

μεσό-γαιος or -γειος, ον, also α, ον, also μεσό-γεως, ον, (μέσος, γῆ, γαῖα) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἡ μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-δμη, ἡ, (μέσος, δέμω, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κοίλη μεσόδμη the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poet. μέσσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσο-λαβής, ἐς, (μέσος, λαβεῖν) held by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, ον, (μέσος, λεῦκος) middling white, half white.

μεσ-ὀμφαλος, ον, (μέσος, ὀμφαλός) in mid-navel, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος III.

μεσο-νύκτιος, ον, (μέσος, νύξ) of or at midnight: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv., at midnight.

μεσο-πάγης Ep. μεσσοπ-, ἐς, (μέσος, παγήναι) driven to the middle.

μεσο-πᾶλής, ἐς, Ep. μεσσοπ-, (μέσος, παλήναι) swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, ον, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ἡ Μεσopotamία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

μεσο-πύλη, ἡ, = μέση πύλη, the middle gate. [ῥ]

ΜΕ'ΣΟΣ Ep. μέσος, η, ον: I. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; μέσον ἡμαρ mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between:—proverb. from the wrestling ring, ἔχεται μέσος he is caught by the middle. II. middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank. III.

as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ἐς μέσον τιθέναι τινί τι to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in medio ponere; so, ἐς μέσον ἀμφοτέροις δικάζειν to judge fairly or impartially for both; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; διὰ μέσον between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime. IV. neut. μέσον, as Adv. in the middle, like μέσως, moderately. V. poët. Comp. μεσαίτερος, Sup. μεσαίτατος.

μεσο-σχιδής, ἐς, (μέσος, σχίζω) split in two.

μεσότης, ητος, ἡ, (μέσος) a middle, a mean between two extremes, Lat. mediocritas.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοῖχος) a partition-wall.

μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From

μεσό-τομος, ον, (μέσος, τεμείν) cut through the middle, cut in twain.

μεσο-ουράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος, οὐρανός) the meridian or zenith. 2. the mid-heaven.

μεσώω, f. ὥσω, (μέσος) to be in the middle, be half over, to reach the height, culminate; ἡμέρα μεσουσα midday, noon; θέρος μεσοῦν midsummer. 2. c.

gen. to be in the middle of, μεσοῦν τῆς ἀναβάσεως to be in the middle of the ascent.

ΜΕ'ΣΠ'ΑΛΟΝ, τό, the medlar-tree: a medlar.

μέσσατος, η, ον, = μέσατος, poët. for μέσος.

μέσσο-αυλος, ὁ, or μέσσο-αυλον, τό, poët. for μέσανλ-.

μεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύς, poët. for μεσηγ-.

μεσσηγύς, es, poët. for μεσηγύς.

Μεσσίας, ου, ὁ, Heb. the Messiah, i.e. the Anointed.

μεσσοθέν, Ep. for μεσόθεν, Adv. (μέσος) from the middle.

μεσσοθή, Ep. for μεσόθη, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσσο-πᾶλής, μεσσο-πόρος, poët. for μεσσο-.

μέσσο, η, ον, poët. for μέσος.

ΜΕΣΤΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, full, filled, filled full:—c. gen. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., μεστός ἦν θυμούμενος he had his fill of anger.

μεστόω, f. ὥσω, (μεστής) to fill full, glut, cram:—Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφα, poët. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.; μέσφ' ἡοῦς till morn:—μέσφ' ὅτε until.

μέσως, Adv. of μέσος, middlingly, moderately.

ΜΕΤΑ', poët. μετά, Dor. πεδά or πέδα:—when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.

WITH GEN. in the midst of, among, between. II. in common with, with the help or favour of; μετ' Ἀθηναίων with the help of Athena. III. with, by means of; as μετ' ἀρετῆς πρωτεύειν.

WITH DAT. only poët. properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματος μετὰ οἷς ἑταίροισιν last over and above his companions. 2. of things, in the midst of, with, as, μετὰ νηυσί, κύμασι, ἀστράσι; so also, μετὰ πνοιῖς ἀνέμοιο in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, coming into or among, as μετὰ φύλα θεῶν, μετὰ λαόν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence with a view to, looking to; πόλεμον μέτα θαρῆσσοντο they armed for the battle. II. of Place, after, next after, behind; μετὰ κτίλον ἔσπετο μῆλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether. 2. of Time, after, next to; μετὰ ταῦτα thereafter:—also, μεθ' ἡμέραν in the course of the day, Lat. interdiu. 3. of order of Rank, next to, next after, after; κάλλιστος ἀνὴρ μετ' ἀμύμονα Πηλεΐωνα the fairest man after the son of Peleus. III. after, according to; μετὰ σὸν καὶ ἐμὸν κῆρ as you and I wish. IV. among, in, between, as with dat.; μετὰ πάντας ἀριστος best of all, among all.

AS ADV. among them, with them. II. and then, next afterwards. III. thereafter, afterwards; μετὰ γὰρ καὶ ἄλγεσι τέρπεται ἀνὴρ one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Μέτα is often used for μέτεστι, q. v.

IN COMPOS. μετά implies community or participation, as in μετα-δίδωμι. II. interval of space or time, between, during, as in μετα-αἵμιον. III. succession of time, as in μετ-αὐτίκα. IV. towards, in pursuit, following, as in μετα-διώκω, μετ-οίχομαι. V. letting go, as in μεθ-ίημι. VI. after, behind, as in μετὰ-φρηνον. VII. back-wards, back again, reversely, as in μετὰ-τρέπω, μετὰ-στρέφω. VIII. most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in μετὰ-βαίνω, μετὰ-βάλλω, μετὰ-γιγνώσκω, etc.

μετάβα, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μετὰ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 μετέβην: pf. μετὰ-βέβηκα:—to pass over, to pass on: generally, to pass



from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. I

μετέβησα, inf. μεταβῆσαι, to carry over or away.

μετα-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μεταβέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i.e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν διαίταν to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose.

III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose.

3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μετα-βάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβασις, ἡ, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over, shifting, changing. II. change, alteration.

μετα-βέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἡ, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party,

μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας going over to the Greeks. 2. μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μετα-βουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeable, fickle.

μεταβῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-αγγελος, ον, ὁ and ἡ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Μετα-γεινίων, ὠνος, ὁ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Lacedaemonian Καρνείος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γινώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, = μετάνοια, repentance, remorse.

μετάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (μεταγνῶναι) change of mind.

μετα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 μετήγαγον:—to convey from one place to another.

II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμα, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μετα-δέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμιος, ον, (μετά, δῆμος) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-διαίτάω, f. ἥσω, (μετά, διαίτα) to change one's way of life.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share. II. to give after.

μετα-δίδομαι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From

μετα-διώκω, f. -διώξομαι later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely. II. intr. to follow close after.

μετα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα: pf. pass. -δέδογμα:—to change one's opinion: imper. μεταδοκεῖ,

μετέδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι

μη στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δόρπιος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετάδοσις, ἡ, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv. (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ἡ, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταξε, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

μετάθεσις, ἡ, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά.

μετα-ίζω, poet. for μεθίζω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίσσω.

μετ-αίρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute.

II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to go away, depart.

μετ-αίσσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αιτέω, f. ἥσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-αίτιος, ον, also ος, ον, (μετά, αίτιος) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνου an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. πεδ-, (μετά, αίχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground. 2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετα-καθίζομαι, f. -εδούμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καινίζω, f. σω, to model anew.

μετα-καλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετὰ-κιάθω, only used in impf., to follow after: either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II.

to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδῖον μετεκίαθον they were marching over the whole field.

μετὰ-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to remove: to change, alter:—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence

μετακίνητος, ἡ, ὄν, transposed, changed: to be changed or disturbed.

μετὰ-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετὰ-κλάω, to break and so change.

μετὰ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction:—Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετὰ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετὰ-κοινός, ὄν, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετὰ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετὰ-κυλινδέω, f. ἦσω, to roll away; μετακυλινδεῖν αὐτόν to roll oneself over.

μετὰ-κύμιος, ὄν, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves; ἅτας μετακύμιον between two waves of woe, i.e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [v]

μετὰ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a share of.

μετὰ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: pf. -είληφα: pass. -είλημαι:—to have or get a share of, to partake in:—Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τίνος to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης; μεταλαμβάνειν παλτόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

μετ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to feel remorse, to repent.

μετ-αλῆγω Ep. μεταλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἡ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing.

μεταλλάγή, ἡ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change; μεταλλαγή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλλαξις, ἡ, = μεταλλαγή, a change.

μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I μετήλλαξα: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετάλλητος.

μετ-αλλάω, f. ἦσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. = μεταλλάω, to explore.

μεταλ-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλῆσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mines. From

μέτ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry; ἄλως μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρύσεια καὶ ἀργύρεα

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρῦσος, ὄν, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) containing gold ore.

μετάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι.

μετὰ-μάζιος, ὄν, (μετά, μαζός) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετὰ-μαίσομαι, Dep. to search after, chase.

μετὰ-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι: aor. 2 μετέμαθον: to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. dediscere.

μετ-ᾄμειβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, remove. II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετὰ-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει: aor. I μετεμέλησε: I. impers. it repents me, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι οὕτως ἀπολογησαμένῳ I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me; and in part., μεταμελόν μοι, Lat. quum poeniteat me. II. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστωνι μετέμελε τὸ εἰρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἡ, change of purpose, regret, repentance.

μετὰ-μελητικός, ἡ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant.

μετὰ-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήθην: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose.

μετὰ-μελος, ὄ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετὰ-μίμπομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among.

μετὰ-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with.

μετὰ-μίσγω, = μηταμίγνυμι.

μετὰ-μορφόομαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transfigured.

μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-ᾄμωνιος, ὄν, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μεταμώνια βάζειν to talk idly.

μετ-αναγιγνώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose:—Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετὰ-ναίεταί, to dwell with.

μετὰ-ναίετης, ὄν, ὄ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετ-ανάστασις, ἡ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration.

μετὰ-νάστης, ὄν, ὄ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ὄν, like a wanderer, wandering.

μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μετανεγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετ-ανίστηκα, -ανίστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετ-ανίστημι.

μετὰ-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.



αορ. 2 μετανέστην, pf. μετανέστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3. to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ή, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv. of Place, betwixt, between; τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence μετα-παισώλη, ή, rest between times.

μετα-πειθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and

μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from

μετα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: αορ. 2 -επτόμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: αορ. 2 -έπεσον: pf. πέπτωκα:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly. 2. of votes, to change sides. 3. of

conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [α], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen.

μετα-ποινίος, ον, (μετά, ποινή) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: αορ. 1 pass. μετεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ές, distinguished among. From

μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, αορ. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργός) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ἀρίθμης, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among.

μεταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ίσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ήσω, (μετάρσιος, λέσχη) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ή, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάρσιος: (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like μετῴρος, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιόω, f. ώσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ep. αορ. 2 μετεσσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσυτο: Pass.:—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. άσω [α], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, αορ. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπών, αορ. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μέτασσαι, αί, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and έρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περισσός from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ep. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασταθῶ, αορ. 1 subj. pass. of μεθίστημι.

μεταστάς, άσα, άν, αορ. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ή, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ήλίου an eclipse. 2.

μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. de-cease. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, αορ. 1 part., and fut., of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -ί, Adv. (μετά, στοιχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονᾶχίζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μετα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift one's camp.

μεταστράφήσομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω.

μεταστρεφθείς, αορ. 1 pass. part. of μεταστρέφω.

μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—

Pass., αορ. 1 μετεστρέφθην, αορ. 2 μετεστράφην [α], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in αορ. 1 part. μεταστρεφθείς. 2. to turn round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter. II.

intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen. 3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχεῖν, αορ. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετάσχεσις, εως, ή, (μετέχω) a participation, sharing in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (μετά, σχήμα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: αορ. 1 μετέθηκα:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—

Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι τήν γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέφομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. -τρέξομαι: aor. 2 μετέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run after.

μετα-τροπαλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετάτροπος, ον, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; ἔργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τρωπάω, f. ἤσω, poet. for μετατρέπω.

μετ-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετ-αυδάω, f. ἤσω, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετ-αὐθίς Ion. -αὐτίς, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.

μετ-αὐτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert:—Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, imperf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among.

μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μεταχειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι: aor. 1 μετεχειρίσαμην:—to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίσθαι πρᾶγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practise, Lat. exercere. 4. to handle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ον, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μετάρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψαίρω, to brush against.

μετέασι, Ep. for μέτεσι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφῆσεται.

μετέγνων, aor. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. 1 of μεταδοκέω.

μετέδωκα, aor. 1 of μεταδίδωμι.

μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετέιπε, etc.

μετέησι, Ion. for μετῇ, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι.

μετέθηκα, aor. 1 of μετατίθημι.

μετείληφα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτ-ειμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. -έσομαι: (μετά, εἰμί

sum):—to be among, live with, associate with. II. impers., μέτεστί τοί τινος I have a share of a thing; part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or claim:—sometimes with a nom., μέτεστι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέτ-ειμι, (μετά, εἰμι ibo) to go between or among. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2.

to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with

vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to. III. to pass over, go over to the other side.

μετ-εἶπον Ep. μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μεταφημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among. 2. to speak thereafter, afterwards.

μετείς, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθήμι.

μετεισάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (εἰμι ibo).

μετείω, Ep. for μετώ, subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετ-εκβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκιάθον, imperf. of μετακιάθω.

μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.

μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμαθον, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω.

μετ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετ-εμβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, imperf. and aor. 1 of μεταμέλει.

μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετ-ἐμφύτος, ον, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engrafted afresh.

μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. imperf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετ-εννέπω, to speak among.

μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere.

μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἕτεροι) some others.

μετέον, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετ-έπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπεσον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -εἰλήλυθα:—to come among. 2.

to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III.

c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger:

in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with

prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασεύομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.



μετ-εύχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μεταφῆμι.

μετ-έχω, f. μεθέξω, to partake of, have a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc. μέρος) ἀγαθῶν τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another.

μετέω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετεωρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a height, raise, lift up: Pass., μετεωρισθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the high sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes.

μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to prate about the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, = μετεωρο-λόγος.

μετεωρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies. Hence

μετεωρολογία, ἡ, a treatise on the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λόγος, ου, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.

μετ-έωρος Ep. μετ-ήωρος, ου, (μετά, ἰώρα or αἰώρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air. 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. II.

metaph. of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. *spec erectus*: hence wavering, fluctuating. III. τὰ μετέωρα, things in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, abstruse, lofty speculations.

μετεωρο-σοφιστής, ὁ, a meteorological philosopher.

μετεωρο-φίναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a meteorological quack.

μετήγαγον, aor. 2 of μεταγαῖν.

μετήλθον Ep. μετήλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι.

μετήλλαξα, aor. 1 of μεταλλάσσω.

μετ-ηνέμιος, ου, (μετά, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind.

μετ-ήωρος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος.

μετήρα, aor. 1 of μεταίρω.

μετήσεσθαι, Ion. for μεθήσεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθίημι.

μετηύδων, as, a, impf. of μεταυδάω.

μετίει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of μεθίημι; also 3 sing. pres.

μετίετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθίημι.

μετ-ίημι, μετ-ίστημι, Ion. for μεθ-.

μετ-ίσχω, = μετέχω.

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = μετοικία 1. 2. the Captivity of the Jews. From

μετοικέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle in. II. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence

μετοίκησις, εως, ἡ, = μετοικία 1.

μετοικία, ἡ, change of abode, migration. II.

a settling as μέτοικος, a settlement: society. 2.

the condition of a μέτοικος or sojourner.

μετ-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to lead to another abode: —Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate.

μετοικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος: τὸ μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικοι or aliens.

μετοίκιον, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by the μέτοικοι at Athens. From

μέτ-οικος, ου, (μετά, οἶκος) changing one's abode, settling elsewhere. II. at Athens, μέτοικος, ὁ

and ἡ, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοίκιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. *inquilinus*.

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, the guardian of the μέτοικοι or aliens at Athens.

μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through.

μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω.

μετ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.

μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to change the name, call by a new name: —Pass. to take a new name.

μετ-όπιν, Adv. = μετόπισθε.

μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place, from behind, backwards: —of Time, after, afterwards.

II. as Prep. with gen. behind.

μετοπωρίνός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal. From

μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὀπώρα) the season after ὀπώρα, late autumn; cp. φθινόπωρον.

μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω.

μετ-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) the space between rows of vines.

μετ-ουσία, ἡ, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of μέτειμι *inter-sum*) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion.

μετ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way.

μετοχλίσσειε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of μετοχλίζω.

μέτοχος, ου, (μετέχω) partaking of: —as Subst. a partaker, partner, accomplice.

μετρέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτρον) to measure: I. of Space, to measure, i.e. pass over, Lat. *metiri*, *emetiri*: —Med.,

μετρεῖσθαι ἵχνη to measure the footmarks with the eyes. II. of Number, to count: to measure out,

dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence.

μέτρημα, atos, τό, that which is measured out: 1. a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.

μέτρησις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement.

μετρητής, ου, ὁ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύς, Lat. *metrēta*, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12

χόες, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a μετρητής.

μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετρέω) measured, measurable.

μετρίάζω f. σω, (μέτριος) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans. to moderate.

μετριοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From

μετριο-παθής, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθεῖν) bearing moderately.

μετριο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a moderate drinker, moderate in potations: Sup. μετριοποτίστατος.

**μέτριος**, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέτρον) *within measure, moderate*: of Size, of average or ordinary height. II. of Number, few. III. of Degree, holding to the mean, moderate: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον *the mean*. 2. tolerable. 3. of Persons, moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. 4. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. = μετρίως.

**μετριότης**, ητος, ή, (μέτριος) *moderation*.  
**μετρίως**, Adv. of μέτριος, *moderately, in due limits or measure*. 2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comparative μετρίωτερον, Superlative -ώτατα.

**ΜΕΤΡΟΝ**, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself. 3. any space measured or measurable; μέτρον ὄρμου *the size of the harbour*; μέτρον ἡβης *the full measure or prime of youth*. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fitness. III. metre, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ρυθμός (time).

**μετώκισα**, aor. I of μετοικίζω.  
**μετ-ωνυμία**, ή, (μέτα, ὄνομα) *change of name*: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy.  
**μετ-ωπηδόν**, Adv. (μέτωπον) *with the forehead foremost, fronting*: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρως, in column.

**μετωπίδιος**, ον, (μέτωπον) *on or of the forehead*.  
**μετ-ώπιον**, τό, = μέτωπον, *the forehead*.  
**μέτ-ωπον**, τό, (μετά, ὠψ) *the space between the eyes, the forehead, front*. II. the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

**μετωπο-σώφρων**, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) *with ingenuous countenance*.

**μεῦ**, Ep. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.  
**ΜΕΧΡΙ**, rarely μέχρῃ even before a vowel: I. Prep. with gen. *until, unto, to a given point*. 1. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης *as far as the sea*. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρῃ *until when?* μέχρι οὐ; μέχρι ὅσου; *until when? how long?* μέχρι τινός *for a space*; μέχρι τοῦδε *until now*. II. in Ion., μέχρι οὐ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οὐ ὀκτώ πύργων *as far as eight towers, instead of* μέχρι οὐ ὀκτὼ πύργοι εἰσίν. III. Conjunct. *until*, with indic., μέχρι ἕως ἐγένετο *till morning came*; with ἄν and subj., μέχρι ἄν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν *till we see this*: also, μέχρι οὐ in same sense.

**ΜΗ**, Adv. *not*, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while οὐ denies absolutely: μή expresses that one *thinks* a thing is *not*, οὐ that it is *not*: hence μή always follows εἰ, ἰάν, ἥν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἕως ἄν, because these speak of a thing *not as a fact, but as a supposition*: whereas ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδή are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact. 2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ἵνα, ὥς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ὥς μή . . ὕλονται *that*

*they perish not*.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πυθέσθαι μ' ἀλγύνειν ἄν *the not-knowing would grieve me*.

4. with the Participle, as, μὴ ἀπενείκας = εἰ μὴ ἀπῆναικε, *if he had not carried away*. II. μὴ is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. *ne*, it stands first in the sentence:

1. with the pres. imperat, μὴ λέγε. 2. with the subjunctive aorist, μὴ λέξης. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μὴ γὰρ ὅγ' ἔλθοι ἀνὴρ *O that he may not come!*

B. μή, CONJUNCTION, *that not, lest*, Lat. *ne*: I. with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μὴ ληφθῶ *I flee lest I may be caught*.

II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ἔφυγον μὴ ληφθείην *I fled lest I might be caught*.

III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μὴ γένηται, Lat. *vereor ne fiat*, *I fear lest it happen*, i. e. *I fear it will happen*.—For this subj. the Att. also use indic. fut.

IV. μή is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ἴστω Ζεὺς μὴ μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενείκας *Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand*: so after negat. wishes, δὲς μὴ Ὀδυσσῆα οἴκαδ' ἰκέσθαι. V. μή is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι, κωλύειν, εἰργεῖν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν *to deny the doing a thing*; also after Nouns of like sense, as κώλυμα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδών.

C. As INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, ἦ μή ποῦ . . φάσθε; *surely ye did not say?* 2. μή is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by *whether*, as, δαῖδω μὴ δὴ πάντα νημερτεῖα εἶπεν *I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true*, i. e. *I fear she has spoken all too true*.

μή γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, *no certainly*, Lat. *nullo modo*, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μὴ λεγέτω τὸ ὄνομα *let him not say the name*; Answ. μὴ γάρ [λεγέτω] *no, certainly*.

μή γε, *not at least*, strengthd. for μή.

μηδ-ἄμά and μηδ-ἄμῃ, Adv. of μηδαμός, *nowhere*. II. *in nowise, not at all*.

μηδᾰμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμός) *from no place*; μηδᾰμόθεν ἄλλοθεν *from no other place*.

μηδᾰμόθι, Adv. *nowhere*: and

μηδαμοῖ, Adv. *nowhere*. From

μηδ-ἄμός, ή, ὅν, for μηδὲ ἄμός, *not even one, not any one, no one, none*. Hence

μηδᾰμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

μηδᾰμῶς, Adv. of μηδαμός, *in no way, not at all*.

μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, Lat. *neque, nec*. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδέ . . μηδέ . ., *neither . . nor . .*, Lat. *neque . . neque . .*

II. strengthening the negative, which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, *not even*, Lat. *ne . . quidem*.

μηδ-εἰς, μηδ-εμίᾰ, μηδ-έν, gen. μηδενός, μηδεμιᾰς,



μηδενός, etc.:—declined like εἷς μία ἓν, (μηδέ, εἷς) not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. ὁ οὐ ἢ μηδέν (sc. ὢν, οὐσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody:—τὸ μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless person. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, by no means.

μηδέποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.

μηδέπω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

μηδεπώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

μηδ-έτερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two.

μηδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. to neither side.

μή δῃ, nay do not.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μηδός) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the Medes, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μηδός) Median: τὰ Μηδικὰ (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Μηδική ποία, herba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδία, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman.

Μηδισμός, ὁ, (Μηδίζω) a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest.

Μηδοκτόνος, ον, (Μηδός, κτείνω) Mede-slaying.

μήδομαι, f. μήσομαι: aor. I ἐμησάμην: Dep.: (μηδός):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. 2. to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδ-οπότερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ὁπότερος) neither of the two.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, εος, τό, only used in plur. μήδεα, counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μήτις, care, anxiety; σὰ μήδεα care for thee. II. in pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδ-οστισοῦν, neut. μηδοτιοῦν, for μηδὲ ὅστις οὖν, μηδὲ ὅ τι οὖν, no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μηδός) counsel, prudence.

Μηδοφόνος, ον, = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηθεῖς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδεῖς, μηδέν.

ΜΗΚΑΪΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μακάν: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part. μεμηκώς, shortd. fem. μεμάκνυα (so βέβρυχα, μέμυκα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον:—to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, shriek, cry.

μηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μή, ἔτι) no more, no longer, no further.

μήκιστος, η, ον, Dor. and Att. μακίστος, [α], α, ον, (μήκος), Sup. of μακρός, but formed from μήκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far:—also at length, at last.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, εος, τό, length: also height, tallness, stature. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μήκος or μήκος, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness.

μήκοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. -ύνω Ion. -ύνέω: Dor. μακύνω: (μήκος):

—to lengthen, prolong. 2. to protract: to delay, put off: μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length: also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 3. μηκύνειν βοήν to raise a loud cry. 4. Med. ἐμακύναντο κόλοσσαν erected a tall statue.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. μάκων, ανος, ἡ, the poppy. 2. the head of a poppy. 3. poppy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλία, ἡ, (μήλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus.

μηλειος, ον, also α, ον, (μήλον) of or belonging to a sheep.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Melis or Malia.

Μηλιάδες or Μηλίδης, αἱ, (μήλον α or β) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees. 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύς.

Μηλιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis. II. as Adj., Μηλιεύς κόλπος the Malian gulf.

μήλινος, η, ον, Dor. μάλινος, α, ον, (μήλον β) of an apple-tree.

Μήλιος, α, ον, of or from the island of Melos, Melian.

Μηλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, with or without γῆ, Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and μηλο-βότης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (μήλον, βόσκω) a shepherd.

μηλό-βοτος, ον, (μήλον, βόσκω) grazed by sheep.

μηλο-δόκος, ον, (μήλον, δέχομαι) sheep-receiving.

μηλο-θύτης, [ῥ], ον, ὁ, (μήλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sheep, a priest; βωμὸς μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar.

μηλολόνη, ἡ, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, ον, τό, (Α) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: ἀρσена μήλα rams, wetters: the pl. μήλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to βόες.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, ον, τό, (Β) Dor. ΜΑΛΟΝ, Lat. MALUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as, μήλον Κυδανιον the quince, μήλον Περσικόν the peach, μήλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. mālæ.

μηλο-νομεύς, ἑως, or μηλο-νόμης, ον, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ, (μήλον α, νέμω) a shepherd, goat-herd, herdsman.

μηλο-νόμος, ον, (μήλον α, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλο-πάρειος, ον, Dor. μαλοπάρης, (μήλον β, παρεία) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλό-σκοπος, ον, (μήλον α, σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλό-σπορος, ον, (μήλον β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σόος, ον, poet. for μηλοσόος, (μήλον α, σώζω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφάγέω, f. ἦσω, to slay sheep; ἱερὰ μηλοσφαγεῖν to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ον, (μήλον α, σφάζω) slaying sheep.

μηλο-τρόφος, ον, (μήλον α, τρέφω) sheep-feeding.

μηλο-οὔχος, ὁ, (μήλον β, II, ἔχω) a girdle that confines the breasts.

μηλο-φόνος, ον, (μήλον α, \*φένω) *sheep-slaying*.  
 μηλοφορέω, f. ήσω, *to carry apples*. From  
 μηλο-φόρος, ον, (μήλον β, φέρω) *bearing apples*.  
 μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, and ή, (μήλον α ογ β, φύλαξ)  
*one who watches sheep or apples*. [5]

μηλωτή, ή, (μήλον α) *a sheep's skin*.  
 μήλ-ωψ, οπος, ὁ, ή, (μήλον β, ὥψ) *looking like an apple, yellow, golden*.

μή μάν, *may verily*.

μή μέν, Ion. for μή μάν.

μήν, Dor. and Ep. μάν, a Particle strengthening affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; ή μήν or ή μάν, *in very truth, yea verily*, used at the beginning of an oath: καὶ μήν, Lat. *et vero*, and yet, *may more*: ἀλλὰ μήν *yet truly*, Lat. *verum enimvero*: οὐ μήν *assuredly not, so too μή μήν; τί μήν; what then?* i. e. *of course*.

II. = μέντοι, *however*.—Μήν was orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of the long vowel η it became the more emphatic form: but ή μέν, μή μέν, were retained in Ep. and Ion., = Att. ή μήν, μή μήν.

ΜΗ'Ν, ὁ, gen. μηνός: dat. pl. μηνί, Aeol. and Dor. μέis:—Lat. *MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: κατὰ μῆνα *month by month, monthly*. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἰστάμενος, *the month rising*, and μὴν φθίνων *the month waning*. The Attic division was into three, μὴν ἰστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as μηνὸς τετάρτη φθίνοντος *the fourth day from the end of the month*; sometimes onwards, as τῇ τρίτῃ ἐπ' εἰκάδι *on the three-and-twentieth day of the month*. II. = μηνίσκος II.

μηνάς, ἄδος, ή, = μήνη, *the moon*.

μηνάτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of μαίνομαι.

μήνεσι, corrupt form of μηνί, dat. pl. of μήν, μηνός.

μήνη, ή, (μήν) *the moon*, Lat. *luna*. Hence

μηνιαῖος, α, ον, *monthly*.

μηνιθμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μηνίω) *wrath*.

μηνίμα, ατος, τό, (μηνίω) *the cause of anger*; μηνίμα θεῶν *the cause of divine wrath*. 2. *guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness*.

ΜΗ'ΝΙΣ Dor. μάνis, ιος, ή, Att. gen. μηνίδος, *wrath, anger*: also, *malice*.

μηνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of μήνη, *a crescent*, Lat. *lunula*. II. *a crescent-shaped body, to protect the head of statues*.

μηνίω Dor. μανίω: f. μηνίσω [i]: aor. I ἐμηνίσα: (μηνis):—*to cherish wrath, be wroth against*: also *to declare one's wrath against a person*.

μηνο-ειδής, ἐς, (μήνη, εἶδος) *crescent-shaped*, Lat. *lunatus*: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.

μηνύμα, ατος, τό, (μηνύω) *an information*.

μηνυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μηνύω) *an informer, guide*.

μηνυτής, οὔ, ὁ, (μηνύω) masc. Adj. *bringing to light*. II. as Subst. *an informer*, Lat. *delator*.

μηνυτρον, τό, (μηνύω) *the price paid for information, reward*: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = μηνυτήρ. [5] From

ΜΗΝΥ'Ω Dor. μανύω: f. μηνύσω [5]: aor. I ἐμηνύσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμηνύθην [5]: pf. μεμηνύμαι:—*to disclose, reveal, make known*: *betray*. II. at

Athens, *to inform or lay public information against another*: impers. in Pass., μηνύεται *information is laid*: but in Pass. also of persons, *to be informed against*.

μή ὅπως (an ellipse for μή ὑπολάβητε ὅπως...), followed by ἀλλά, *do not suppose that... but...; not only not so... but...*

μή ὅτι, = μή ὅπως, followed by ἀλλά, *not only not so... but...; not to mention that... let alone*, Lat. *ne dicam*.

μή οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as δέδοικα μή οὐ γένηται *I fear it will not be*, opp. to δέδοικα μή γένηται *I fear it will be*. Here both negatives have their proper force: but, II. with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as οὐδεὶς σοι ἀντιλέγει τὸ μή οὐ λέξειν *no one disputes your right to speak* (where μή οὐ may be translated by Lat. *quin, quominus*), *nemo te impedit quin dicas*. 2.

generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is expressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύναμαι, οὐκ ἔστι, etc.; as οὐ οἰκός ἐστι Ἀθηναίους μή οὐ δοῦναι δίκας *it is not reasonable that the Athenians should not... Lat. non potest fieri quin...; so also, with a negat. implied, as, δεινὸν ἔδωκε... μή οὐ λαβεῖν it seemed strange not to take*. III. with a Participle, δυσάλητος γὰρ ἦν, μή οὐ κατοικτείρων *for I were unfeeling, did I not pity*.—In II. and III. μή might stand without οὐ.

μή πολλάκις, *lest perchance*, Lat. *ne forte*.

μή-ποτε, = μή ποτε, 1. with subj. *that at no time, lest ever*, Lat. *ne quando*. 2. with infin. *never*.

μή που, *lest anywhere: lest perchance*.

μή-πω, = μή πω, *not yet*, Lat. *nondum*: μήπω γε *may, not yet*.

μή-πώποτε, *never yet*.

μή-πως, = μή πως, *lest in any way, lest any how, lest perchance*. II. in case of doubt, *whether or no*.

μηρά, τά, = μηρία, *thigh-bones*.

μηρία, τά, never used in sing., (μηρός) *the thigh-bones*, which by old usage they cut out from the leg (ἐκ μηρία τάμνον), and wrapped in two folds of fat (μηρία κνίσθη ἐκάλυψαν, δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες): they were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μηροί, *the thighs*.

μηρίαῖος, α, ον, (μηρός) *of or belonging to the thigh*, Lat. *femoralis*: ή μηριαία, *the thigh*.

μήρινθος, ον, ή, (μηρύω) *a cord, line, string*; proverb., ή μήρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε *the line caught nothing*, i. e. *it was of no avail*.

ΜΗΡΟ'Σ, οὔ, ὁ, *the upper part of the thigh, the ham*.  
 μηρο-τραφέης, ἐς, (μηρός, τραφῆναι) *nursed in the thigh*, epith. of Bacchus.

μηρο-τυπής, ἐς, (μηρός, τυπῆναι) *striking the thigh*.  
 μηρυκάομαι, Dep. *to chew the cud*, Lat. *ruminare*.



**ΜΗΡΥΟΜΑΙ**, f. -ύσομαι [ὑ]: aor. I ἐμῆρυσάμην: —to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι μῆρυσσασθαι to weave the wool into the warp. II. μῆρυσσάμενος is sometimes used as Pass., κισσὸς μῆρύεται περὶ χεῖλη ivy is twined around the edge.

μῆσαο, μῆσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I of μῆδομαι. μῆσαι, Ep. 2 sing. of μῆσομαι, fut. of μῆδομαι.

μῆστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of μῆδομαι. μῆστωρ, ὤρος, ὅ, (μῆδομαι) an adviser, counsellor; μῆστωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.

μή-τε, = μή τε, and not. II. repeated, μήτε... μήτε, neither... nor.

**ΜΗΤΗΡ** Dor. **ΜΑΤΗΡ**, ἡ, gen. μητέρος, contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας:—Lat. MATER, MOTHER: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μήτηρ μέλων mother of flocks; γῆ μήτηρ Mother Earth:—ἡ Μήτηρ sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybele.

μήτι, neut. of μή-τις, μήτινος. μήτι, contr. for μήτις, dat. of μήτις, μήτιος. μητιάσθαι, μητιάσθε, Ep. for μητιᾶσθαι, μητιᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω.

μητιάω, f. μητιάσω: (μήτις):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητίετης Ep. μητιέτᾱ, ον, ὅ, (μήτις) counsellor. μητιόεις, εσσα, εν, (μήτις) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. -ίσομαι [ῖ]: aor. I ἐμῆτισάμην; Dep.: (μήτις):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιόων, Ep. for μητιῶν, part. of μητιάω. μητιόωσι, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of μητιάω.

**ΜΗΤΙΣ**, ιος, ἡ; Att. gen. ἰδος; Ep. dat. μήτι for μήτις; acc. μήτιν:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, craft. II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, ὅ, ἡ, μήτι, τό, gen. μήτινος: (μή, τίς):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. ne quis, ne quid. II. μήτι is freq. as Adv. lest by any means, that by no means: also separately, μή τι: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

μή-τοι, stronger form of μή, in nowise, nay: μήτοι γε nay upon no account.

μήτρα, ἡ, (μήτηρ) Lat. matrix, the womb. μητρ-ἄγύρτης, ον, ὅ, (μήτηρ, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybele, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-ἄδελφεός or μητρ-ἄδελφος, ὅ and ἡ, Dor. ματρ-, (μήτηρ, ἀδελφός) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-ἄλοιός or μητρ-ἄλφας, ον, ὅ, (μήτηρ, ἄλοιός) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μήτρη, ἡ, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of μήτριος.

μητρίδιος, α, ον, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. ματρ-, ον, (μήτηρ, δέχομαι) received by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. ματρόθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ἡ, (μήτηρ, κασιγνήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἥσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ον, (μήτηρ, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. μητρόκτονος, ον, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ [ᾱ], ὀρος, ἡ, = μητρὸς μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ᾱ], ὀρος, ὅ, = μητρὸς πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. ματρ-, εως, ἡ, (μήτηρ, πόλις) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πόλος, ον, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending mothers.

μητρόρ-ριπτος, ον, (μήτηρ, ρίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ον, (μήτηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ον, ὅ, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) a matricide.

μητρυιά, ἄς, Ion. μητρυιή, ἡς, ἡ, (μήτηρ) a step-mother, Lat. noverca: metaph. a rocky coast is called μητρυιὰ νεῶν.

μητρῶος Ep. μητρώϊος, α, ον, (μήτηρ) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μήτρως, ὅ; gen. μήτρωος and ω; acc. μήτρωα and ων; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, -άασθε, Ep. for μηχανᾶσθαι, -ᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμῆχανησάμην; pf. μεμῆχάνημαι; Dep.: (μηχανή):—Lat. machinari, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare. 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part. μηχανῶντας: but perf. μεμῆχάνημαι is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοῦμένην, -όφω, -όφτο, Ep. for μηχανοῦμένην, pres. opt. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανέομαι, Ion. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανή, ἡ, (μήχος) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, arts, wiles: c. gen., μηχανή κακῶν a contrivance against ills: μηδεμὴ μηχανῇ by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχάνημα, ατος, τό, (μηχανάομαι) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of μηχανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικός.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) inventive, ingenious, clever. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), mechanics.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής.

μηχανο-δίφης, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, διφάω) inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) inventive, ingenious.

μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) making machines: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὁ, an engineer, maker of war-engines.

μηχανορράφειω, f. ἤσω, to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily. From

μηχανο-ράφος, ου, (μηχανή, ράπτω) contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving.

μηχανο-ουργός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. cunningly contrived.

μηχανόωνται, -δωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχαρ, τό, = μῆχος, a means, contrivance.

ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, a means, expedient, contrivance.

μῖα, ἡ; gen. μῖας Ion. μῖης; dat. μῖα, μῖῃ; acc. μῖαν;—fem. of εἷς, one.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μῖανω: aor. I ἐμίνα Att. ἐμίᾱνα: pf. μεμίαγκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμίανθην: pf. μεμιάσμαι or -αμμαι:—to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. violare. 2. to stain, defile, soil. 3. metaph. to taint, defile, pollute.

μῖαιφονέω, f. ἤσω, (μῖαιφόνος):—to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous. Hence

μῖαιφονία, ἡ, bloodguiltiness.

μῖαι-φόνος, ου, (μῖαίνω, \*φένω) blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty:—Comp. -ώτερος; Sup. -ώτατος.

μῖανθην, Ep. for ἐμίανθην, aor. I pass. of μῖαίνω.

μῖαρία, ἡ, (μῖαρός) brutality. II. defilement.

μῖαρό-γλωσσος, ου, (μῖαρός, γλῶσσα) foul-mouthed.

μῖαρός, ἁ, ὄν, (μῖαίνω) defiled with blood. 2. generally, polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting. Adv. μῖαρῶς, brutally.

μῖασμα, ατος, τό, (μῖαίνω) a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution.

μῖασμός, ου, ὁ, (μῖαίνω) pollution.

μῖάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μῖαίνω) a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. homo piacularis. II. ἀλάστωρ, an avenger of such guilt.

μίγα, Adv. (μῖγνυμι) mixed or blended with.

μῖγάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μῖγνυμαι.

μῖγας, ἁδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖγα) mixed up, promiscuous.

μῖγδα and μῖγδην, Adv. promiscuously.

μῖγείην, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγεν, for ἐμίγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖγμα, ατος, τό, (μῖγνυμι) a mixture, compound.

ΜΙΓΝΥΜΙ and -ύω, also ΜΙΣΓΩ: f. μίγω: aor. I ἐμῖξα, inf. μῖξαι:—Med. and Pass. μῖγνυμαι and μῖσσομαι: fut. med. μίξομαι, fut. I pass. μῖχθήσομαι,

f. 2 μῖγῆσομαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: aor. I ἐμίχθην, aor. 2 ἐμίγην [γ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμῖκτο, μῖκτο: pf. μέμικμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. MIS-CEO, to mix, mix up, mingle, properly of liquids, e. g. οἶνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, to join, bring together, bring in contact with. 3. to make acquainted with, unite with: also, μῖξαι τινα ἀνθεσι to cover one with flowers.

II. Med. and Pass. to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; κλισίῃσι μῖγῆναι to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at: hence to meet, live, associate with: but also in hostile sense, to encounter: more rarely μίσγεσθαι ἐς Ἀχαιοὺς to go to join the Achaeans. 2. to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to.

μῖγνύω, = μῖγνυμι.

μῖγνυ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μῖαίνω.

μῖη-φόνος, ου, = μῖαιφόνος.

μῖκός, ἁ, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, little.

μῖκρ-αῦλαξ, ἁκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αῦλαξ) with small furrows: hence small, scanty.

μῖκρ-έμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἔμπορος) a pedlar.

μῖκρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep., (μικρολόγος) to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness. Hence

μῖκρολογία, ἡ, minute discussion, frivolity.

μῖκρο-λόγος, ου, (μικρός, λέγω) reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean. 2. cavilling about trifles, captious.

μῖκρο-πολίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ιδος, ἡ, (μικρός, πολίτης) a citizen of a petty town or state.

ΜΙ-ΚΡΟ΄Σ, Ion. and old Att. σμικρός Dor. μῖκός, ἁ, ὄν, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant: of Time, little, short. II. Adv. usages: gen.

μικροῦ (sub. δεῖ) it wants but little, almost:—dat. μικρῷ by a little: acc. μικρόν a little. 2. with

Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν for a little, but a little; κατὰ μικρόν little by little, or into small parts; μετὰ μικρόν after a little; παρὰ μικρόν within a little, almost.—

Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. μικρότερος, μικρότατος, the irr. forms ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος, μείων, μείστος, μειύτερος, μειότατος are used.

μῖκροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, petty ambition. From

μῖκρο-φιλότιμος, ου, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) ambitious of petty distinctions.

μῖκροψυχία, ὁ, littleness of soul, meanness of spirit. From

μῖκρ-ψυχος, ου, (μικρός, ψυχή) little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry.

μῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μῖγνυμι.

μῖκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μῖγνυμι) mixed, compound.

μῖλαξ, ἁκος, ἡ, Att. for σμίλαξ, the yew-tree. II. a convolvulus.

Μιλήσιος, α, ου, of or from Miletus. From

Μίλητος, ἡ, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria.

μῖλιάριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. miliarium. II. a copper vessel for boiling water in.

μίλιον, τό, a Roman mile, Lat. mille passus, = 3 stades, = 1680 yards, i. e. 80 yards less than our mile.



μιλτεῖον, τό, a vessel for keeping μίλτος in.  
 μιλτ-ηλῖφής, ἐς, (μίλτος, ἀλιφῆναι) painted red.  
 μιλτο-πάρης, ον, (μίλτος, παρειά) red-cheeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

ΜΙΛΤΟΣ, ἡ, red earth, red chalk or ochre, ruddle, Lat. rubrica. II. vermilion, Lat. minium.

μιλτο-φύρης, ἐς, (μίλτος, φυρῆναι) smeared with ochre.

μιλτώω, f. ὠσω: pass. pf. μεμίλωμαι: (μίλτος):—to colour with ochre, paint red; σχοινίον μεμιλωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μίλτος, εἶδος) of the nature or colour of μίλτος.

μίμαρκυσ, ἡ, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Μίμας, αντος, ὁ, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

ΜΙΜΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:—to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ἡ, ὄν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μιμέομαι) an imitation, copy.

μίμησις, ἡ, (μιμέομαι) imitation.

μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μιμέομαι, to be imitated. II. μιμητέον, one must imitate.

μίμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μιμέομαι) an imitator, copyist.

μίμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μιμέομαι) imitative.

μίμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μιμέομαι) to be imitated or copied.

μιμνάξω, Frequent. of μένω, μένω, to keep staying, to stay, remain. II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: aor. I ἐμνησα: (μνάω):—to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory of others. II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form ΜΝΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, μνώμαι, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐμνησάμην, pass. ἐμνησθην:—the pf. μέμνημαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. memini, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνωμαι; optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνώμην, φο, φτο, Ion. μεμνέφτο: infin. μεμνήσθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐμεμνέατο:—to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλκῆς μνήσασθαι to betink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι ἐλθὼν I remember having come. 2. to mention, make mention of. 3. to give heed to, judge of.

μῖνοντι, Dor. for μέμνουσι, 3 pl. of μέμνω. 2. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μῖμνω, for μῖ-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μῖμο-λόγος, ον, (μῖμος, λέγω) mocking one's words. II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙΜΟΣ, ον, ὁ, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime. II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μῖν [γ], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νιν: μὲν αὐτόν himself; but, αὐτόν μιν oneself, for ἑαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτούς, αὐτάς, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. ἑαυτόν.

ΜΙ'ΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, human ordure, dung. Hence μινθώω, f. ὠσω, to besoul with dung.

Μινύαι, οἱ, the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μινύειος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυήϊος, of the Minyans.

ΜΙ'ΝΥ'ΘΩ [ν], Ion. impf. μινύθεσκον, Lat. minuo, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence

μίνυνθα, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μίνυνθάδιος, α, ον, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυνθαδιώτερος.

μῖνυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μινυρός) to moan, wbine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. minurire. Hence

μῖνυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, bumming.

μῖνυρισμός, ὁ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling.

μῖνυρομαι, Dep. = μινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [ν]

ΜΙ'ΝΥ'ΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, wbinning, wbinpering.

μῖνυ-ῶριος and μινύ-ῶρος, ον, (μινύθω, ὦρα) short-lived.

Μίνως, ὁ, Minos, king of Crete: gen. Μίνωος and Μίνω; dat. Μίνωϊ, Μίνω; acc. Μίνωα, also Μίνω and Μίνων:—hence Adj. Μινώϊος Att. Μινῶος, α, ον, of Minos.

μῖξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξις, εως, ἡ, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others.

μῖξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) half barbarian half Greek.

μῖξο-θηρ, ὁ, ἡ, (μίξω, θήρ) half beast.

μῖξο-θροος, ον, (μίξω, θρόος) with mingled cries.

μῖξο-λευκος, ον, (μίξω, λευκός) mixed with white.

μῖξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξομ-βροτος, ον, for μῖξο-βροτος, (μίξω, βροτός) half mortal.

μῖξο-νόμος, ον, (μίξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μῖξο-πάρθενος, ον, (μίξω, παρθένος) half a maiden, half woman.

μῖξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μῖσσαγαθία, ἡ, hatred of good. From

μῖσ-άγαθος, η, ον, (μῖσος, ἀγαθός) bating good.

μῖσ-ἀθηναῖος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀθηναῖος) bating the Athenians.

μῖσ-ἀλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μῖσος, ἀλάζων) bating boasters.

μῖσ-ἀλέξανδρος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀλέξανδρος) bating Alexander.

μῖσ-άμπελος, ον, (μῖσος, ἄμπελος) bating the vine.

μισ-άνθρωπος, ον, (μῖσος, ἄνθρωπος) *bating mankind, misanthropic.*

μισγ-ἀγκεια, ἡ, (μίσγω, ἄγκος) *a place where several mountain glens (ἀγκη) meet, a meeting of glens*

μίσγεσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of μίσγω.

μίσγοισαι, Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω.

ΜΙΣΓΩ, see μίγνυμι.

μισ-έλλην, ηνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, Ἕλλην) *a bater of the Greeks.*

μισέω, f. ἥσω: pf. μεμίσηκα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι: aor. i. ἐμισήθην: pf. μεμίσημαι: (μῖσος):—*to hate:—Pass. to be hated.*

μίσθητρον, τό, (μισέω) *a charm for producing hatred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.*

μίσθημα, ατος, τό, (μισέω) *an object of hate.*

μισητέος, verb. Adj. of μισέω, *to be hated.*

μισητία, ἡ, (μισέω) *bateful lewdness or greediness.*

μισητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισέω) *bated, bateful, odious.*

μισητρον, τό, = μίσθητρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages, recompense.*

From

μισθ-αποδοτής, ου, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.*

μισθάριον, τό, Dim. of μισθός, *a small fee.*

μισθαρνέω, f. ἥσω, (μισθαρνος) *to work or serve for hire, receive pay. Hence*

μισθαρνία, ἡ, *a receiving of wages, hired service.*

μισθ-αρνος, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρνυμαι) *a hired servant.*

μισθ-αρχίδης, ου, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρχή) *a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.*

μισθιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μισθός) *hired, salaried.*

μισθοδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages. From*

μισθοδοτέω, f. ἥσω, *to pay wages. From*

μισθο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μισθός, δίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a paymaster.*

ΜΙΣΘΟ΄Σ, οὐ, ὁ, *wages, pay, hire: μισθός ρητός fixed wages: ἐπὶ μισθῷ for hire: δίδοναι τάλαντον μηνὸς μισθόν to give a talent as a month's pay. 2.*

*at Athens the pay of the soldiery: also, μισθός βουλευτικός the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting; μισθός δικαστικός or*

*ἡλιαστικός the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury; μισθός συνηγορικός the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day. 3.*

*generally, recompense, reward: in bad sense, punishment, retribution.*

μισθοφορά, ἡ, (μισθοφόρος) *receipt of wages: wages received, wages, pay, salary.*

μισθοφορέω, f. ἥσω, (μισθοφόρος) *to receive wages, to serve for hire: c. acc. rei, to receive as pay.*

Hence

μισθοφορητέον, verb. Adj. *one must keep in pay.*

μισθοφορία, ἡ, (μισθοφορέω) *service for wages or pay, hired service.*

μισθο-φόρος, ον, (μισθός, φέρω) *receiving wages, serving for hire: οἱ μισθοφόροι hired soldiers,*

*mercenaries; μισθοφόροι τριήρεις galleys manned with mercenaries.*

μισθόω, f. ὥσω: aor. i. ἐμισθώσα: pf. μεμίσθωκα: (μισθός):—*to let out for hire, farm out, Lat. locare:*

*c. inf., μισθοῦν τὸν νηὸν τριηκοσίων τάλαντων ἐξεργάσασθαι to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents, Lat. locare aedem exstruendam. II. Med.,*

*f. μισθώσομαι: aor. i. ἐμισθώσάμην: pf. (in med. sense) μεμίσθωμαι:—to engage or hire at a price,*

*Lat. conducere: to retain, as an advocate or physician; μισθοῦσθαι τινα τάλαντον to engage his services at a talent; c. inf., μισθοῦσθαι νηὸν ἐξοικοδομῆσαι to contract for the building of the temple, Lat.*

*conducere aedem aedificandam. III. Pass., aor. i. ἐμισθώθην: pf. (in pass. sense) μεμίσθωμαι:—to be hired for pay. Hence*

μισθώμα, ατος, τό, *that which is let for hire, a hired house. II. the price agreed on, the contract-price: rent.*

μισθώσιμος, ον, (μισθόω) *that can be hired. μίσθωσις, εως, ἡ, (μισθόω) a letting for hire. II. (μισθόωμαι) a hiring. III. = μίσθωμα, rent.*

μισθωτής, οὐ, ὁ, (μισθόω) *one who pays rent, a tenant.*

μισθωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθόω) *mercenary. μισθωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθόω) hired or to be hired: as*

*Subst. a hiring, mercenary, of soldiers. μίσθ-γάμος, ον, (μῖσος, γάμος) marriage-bating. μίσθ-γέλως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, γέλως) laughter-bating.*

μίσθ-γότης, ον, ὁ, (μῖσος, γότης) *bating imposture. μίσθ-δημία, ἡ, hatred of democracy. From*

μίσθ-δημος, ον, (μῖσος, δῆμος) *bating the commons, bating democracy.*

μίσθ-θεός, ον, (μῖσος, θεός) *bating the gods, godless. μίσθ-θηρος, ον, (μῖσος, θήρα) bating the chase.*

μίσθ-καίσαρ, ἄρος, ὁ, (μῖσος, Καίσαρ) *bating Caesar. μίσθ-λάκων, ατος, ὁ, (μῖσος, Λάκων) a Laconian-bater. [α]*

μίσθ-λάμαχος, ον, (μῖσος, Λάμαχος) *bating Lama-chus. [λα]*

μίσθ-λογία, ἡ, *hatred of argument. From μίσθ-λογος, ον, (μῖσος, λόγος) bating argument.*

μίσθ-νοθος, ον, (μῖσος, νόθος) *bating bastards. μίσθ-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, παῖς) bating children.*

μίσθ-πέρσης, ον, ὁ, (μῖσος, Πέρσης) *a Persian bater. μίσθ-πόλις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόλις) bating the state.*

μίσθ-πονηρέω, f. ἥσω, *to hate the bad. From μίσθ-πόνηρος, ον, (μῖσος, πονηρός) bating the bad.*

μίσθ-πονία, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόνος) *hatred of work. μίσθ-πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόρπαξ) bating the shield-battle, i. e. bating war: Sup. μίσθ-πορπακίστατος.*

μίσθ-πτωχός, ον, (μῖσος, πτωχός) *bating the poor. μίσθ-ρώμαιος, ον, (μῖσος, Ῥωμαῖος) Roman-bating.*

ΜΙΣΟΣ, τό, *bate, hatred: I. pass. bate borne one. 2. act. a bating, a grudge, strong dislike. II. a bateful object, = μίσθημα.*



μισο-σύλλας, ον, ὁ, (μῖσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.  
 μισο-τύραννος, ον, (μῖσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.  
 μισο-φίλιππος, ον, (μῖσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.  
 μισό-χρηστος, ον, (μῖσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.  
 μισο-ψευδής, ἐς, (μῖσος, ψεύδης) *bating lies*.

ΜΙΣΤΥΛΛΩ, ἑ, ὤλω, *to cut up meat before roasting*.  
 μίτο-εργός, ὄν, (μίτος, \*ἔργω) *working the thread*.  
 μίτορ-ραφής, ἐς, (μίτος, ραφῆναι) *sewn with thread*,  
*baving mesbes of thread*.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *a thread of the warp*, Lat. *tela*:—  
 generally, *a thread: a web*. [ἱ] Hence  
 μίτω, ἑ, ὤσω, *to stretch the warp in the loom*:—  
 Med. *to ply the loom*; metaph., φθόγγον μιτώσασθαι  
*to let one's voice sound like a harp-string*.

μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ἡ, (μίτος) *a linen girdle*  
*or band, worn below the θώραξ*: generally *a girdle*,  
*zone*. II. *a headband, a snood*. 2. *a Persian*  
*cap, like κυρβάσια*.

Μίτρα, ἡ, ἡ, the Persian Aphrodite or Venus.  
 μίτρη-φόρος, ον, (μίτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μίτρα*,  
*whether girdle or head-dress*.

μित्रό-δετος, ον, (μίτρα, δέω) *bound with a μίτρα*.  
 μίτροφορέω, ἑ, ἤσω, *to wear a μίτρα*. From  
 μίτρο-φόρος, ον, = μίτρη-φόρος.

ΜΙΤΤΛΟΣ or μύτιλος, ἡ, ον, Lat. *mutilus*, *cur-*  
*tailed, esp. hornless*. [ἱ]

μῖτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μίτος, εἶδος) *like thread, of linen*.  
 μίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of μίγνυμι.  
 μιχθήμεναι, Ep. aor. 1 pass. inf. of μίγνυμι.  
 μιχθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

ΜΝΑ Ion. μνεία, ἡ; gen. μνάς; nom. pl. μναί:—  
 the Lat. *MINA*, I. *a weight, = 100 drachmae*  
 = 15 oz. 83½ grs. II. *a sum of money, also =*  
*100 drachmae, = 4l. 1s. 3d.*:—60 μναί made a talent.

μνάμα, μνάμειον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ-  
 ΜΝΑ'ΟΜΑΙ (A), contr. μνώμαι, used in the contr.  
 forms 3 sing., 1 and 3 pl. μνάται, μνώμεθα, μνώνται;  
 imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνάσθαι; part. μνώ-

μενος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνάα inf.  
 μνάσθαι; 3 sing. Ion. impf. μνάσκετο for ἐμνάτο,  
 Ep. 3 pl. μνώντο, part. μνωόμενος:—*to woo to wife*,  
*woo, court*. II. generally, *to court, sue for, solicit*,  
*canvass for*, Lat. *ambire*.

ΜΝΑ'ΟΜΑΙ (B), contr. μνώμαι, *to remember*, Ep.  
 and Ion. for μμνήσκομαι.

μνάσθαι, inf. of μνάομαι *to woo*.  
 μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάομαι *to woo*.  
 μνάσομαι, Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκω.  
 μναστήρ, ὁ, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ-  
 μνάστις, ἡ, Dor. for μνήστις, q. v.  
 μνεία, Ion. for μνά.

μνεία, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory*. II.  
*mention*; μνείαν ποιέσθαι τινος, Lat. *mentionem*  
*facere*.

μνήμα Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι B) Lat. *mo-*  
*numentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a*  
*person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monu-*  
*ment*. II. = μνήμη, *memory*.

μνημεῖον Ion. -ήϊον Dor. μνάμειον, τό, (μνήμα)  
 Lat. *monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record*  
*of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument*.

μνήμη, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory, recol-*  
*lection*. 2. *the faculty of memory*; μνήμη ὑπο from  
*memory*. 3. *a memorial, monument*. II.  
*mention or notice of a thing*.

μνημήϊον, τό, Ion. for μνημεῖον.  
 μνημονεύω, ἑ, σω, (μνήμαν) *to remember, call to mind*,  
*recollect*. 2. *to call to another's mind, mention*,  
*say*, Lat. *memorare*. II. Pass., with f. med.

-εὔσομαι and pass. -εὐθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐμνημονεύθην:  
 —*to be remembered, had in memory, mentioned*.

μνημονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνήμαν) *of or for remembrance*  
*or memory*; τὸ μνημονικόν = μνήμη, *memory*. II.  
*of persons, of good or ready memory*.

μνημονικῶς, Adv. *from or by memory, readily*.  
 μνημοσύνη, ἡ, (μνήμαν) *remembrance, memory*, Lat.  
*memoria*. II. as prop. n. *Mnemosyne*, the mother  
 of the Muses; because before the invention of writing  
 memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημόσυνον Dor. μνάμ-, τό, (μνήμαν) *a remem-*  
*brance, memorial, record of a thing: also a reminder*,  
*refresher*. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.

μνήμων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μνήμων, (μνάομαι B) *mindful*,  
*remembering*: c. gen. *mindful of*. 2. *ever mind-*  
*ful, unforgetting*.

μνήσαι, aor. 1 inf. and aor. 1 med. imperat. of μ-

μνήσκω.

μνησαίετο, Ion. for μνήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt.  
 of μμνήσκω.

μνήσασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of μμνήσκω.

μνησάσκετο, Ion. for ἐμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med.  
 of μμνήσκω.

μνησθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of μμνήσκω.

μνησθήτι, 2 sing. aor. 1 imperat. pass. of μμνήσκω.

μνησί-δωρέω Dor. μνάσ-, ἑ, ἤσω, (μνήσις, δῶρον)  
*to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be grateful*.

μνησικακία, ἡ, ἤσω, *to remember old injuries: to*  
*bear ill-will or malice*; οὐ μνησικακεῖν *to bear no*  
*malice, pass an act of amnesty*. II. also c. acc.  
 rei, τὴν ἡλικίαν μνησικακεῖν *to remind of the ills of*  
*age*. From

μνησί-κάκος, ον, (μνάομαι B, κακόν) *remembering*  
*old injuries, bearing malice*.

μνησί-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μμνήσκω, πῆμα) *re-*  
*minding of misery*.

μνήσις Dor. μνάσις, εως, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remem-*  
*brance, memory*.

μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκω.

μνηστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) *a*  
*bride*. II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι B) *reminding of*.

μνηστεύμα, ατος, τό, (μνηστεύω) *courtskip, wooing*:  
*in plur., espousals*.

μνηστεύω, ἑ, σω: aor. 1 ἐμνηστεύσα: (μνάομαι B):  
 —Pass., aor. 1 ἐμνηστεύθην:—*to woo, court, seek in*  
*marriage: to espouse: Pass. to be courted*. II.  
*to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. to be betrothed*.

μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μνάομαι λ) a wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom. II. (μνάομαι β) calling to mind, mindful of.

μνηστήρεσσι, Ep. for μνηστήρησι, dat. pl. of foreg. μνήστις Dor. μνήστις, ιος, ἡ, (μνάομαι β) a remembering, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

μνηστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνάομαι λ) wooed, wedded. μνηστὺς, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for μνηστεία, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage.

μνήστωρ, ὅς, ὁ, (μνάομαι β) mindful of. μνήσω, fut. of μμνήσκω.

μνῖαρός, ἄ, ὄν, mossy, soft as moss. From ΜΝΙΨ, τό, moss, sea-weed.

μνός contr. μνοῦς, ὁ, fine down.

μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνῶνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνωόμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember.

μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι λ and β.

μογερός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From

μογέω, f. ἤσω, (μόγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. μογέων = μόγισ, with trouble, hardly; μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, hardly he moved. II. to labour at.

μογι-λάλος, ὄν, (μόγισ, ἀλλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μόγις, Adv. (μόγος, μογέω) with toil and trouble: hardly, scarcely: like the later μόλις. Hence

ΜΟΤΟΣ, ὄν, ὁ, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow.

μογοσ-τόκος, ὄν, (μόγος, τεκεῖν) helping women in bard travail.

μόδιος, ὁ, a dry measure, Lat. modius, =  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a medimnus, = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΨΘΟΣ, ὁ, battle, the battle-din; μόθος ἵππων the noise or trampling of horses.

μόθων, ὄν, ὁ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance.

μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of ἐγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ης, ἡ: (μείρομαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. partes.

III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, patrimony. 2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. like μόρος, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατὰ μοῖραν εἶπες thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοῖραν νέμειν τινί to give one his due: hence

4. due reverence, consideration; ἐν μοίρῃ ἄγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.

μοιράω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ] Ion. ἤσω: (μοῖρα):—to share, distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοιρη-γενής, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) fated from birth.

μοιρίδιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (μοῖρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis.

μοιρό-κραντος, ὄν, (μοῖρα, κρᾶίνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Μοῖσα, ἡ, Aeol. for Μοῦσα: Μοισᾶν, Aeol. for Μουσῶν, pl. gen.

Μοισαῖος, α, ὄν, Aeol. for Μούσειος.

μοιχ-ἄγρια, τά, (μοιχός, ἄγρια) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχᾶλις, ἴδος, ἡ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress.

μοιχάω, f. ἤσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to bold dalliance with the sea. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moecbari.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. acc. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moecbari.

μοιχίδιος, α, ὄν, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοίχιος, α, ὄν, adulterous. From

ΜΟΙΧΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μὴ μαχαίρᾳ to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΕΙΝ, aor. 2 inf. of βλώσκω.

μολιβ-αχθής, ἐς, (μόλιβος, ἄχθος) loaded with lead.

μόλιβος, ὄν, ὁ, poet. for μόλυβδος, lead.

μόλις, Adv., later form for μόγισ, hardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μόλις not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρός, οὔ, ὁ, a glutton, greedy beggar.

μολοῖσα, Dor. for μολοῦσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοσσός Att. -ττός, ὄν, Molossian; κύων Μολοσσικός the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II. ὁ μολοσσός (sub. πούς), in

Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g. πρυμνήτης.

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλώσκω.

μολπάζω, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence

μολπαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a minstrel or dancer.

μολπή, ἡ, (μέλω) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. II.

generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπήτις Dor. -ᾱτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (μολπή) a songstress.

μολύβδαινα, ἡ, (μόλυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.

μολύβδινος, η, ὄν, (μόλυβδος) leaden, of lead.

μολυβδῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (μόλυβδος) like μολύβδαινα, the leaden weight on a net. II. a leaden ball or bullet.

ΜΟΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ὄν, ὁ, lead. II. plumbago, black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χοέω, f. ἤσω, (μόλυβδος, χέω) to fix with melted lead.

μολυνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πρᾶγμα):—to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel.



**ΜΟΛΥΝΩ** [v]: f. ὕνω: pf. pass. μεμόλυσμαι:—*to stain, sully, defile, corrupt*: also *to seduce a woman*:—Pass. *to be or become vile, wallow*.

**μολυσμός**, ὁ, (μολύνω) *defilement, pollution*.

**μολών**, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of βλώσκω.

**μομφή**, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) *blame, reproof, complaint*:—*a cause of complaint*.

**μόνα**, Dor. for μόνη.

**μονάζω**, f. σω, (μόνος) *to be alone, live in solitude*.

**μοναμπύκλια**, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, *a race-horse that runs single*.

**μον-άμπυξ**, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἄμπυξ η) *having one frontlet*; **μονάμπυκες πῶλοι** horses that run single, racehorses: also of a bull, *having no yokefellow*.

**μοναρχέω** Ion. μουν-: f. ἡσω: (μόναρχος):—*to be monarch or sovereign*; ἐπὶ τούτου μοναρχέοντος in this king's reign. Hence

**μοναρχία** Ion. μουν-, ἡ, *absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy*.

**μόν-αρχος** Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, ἄρχω) *ruling alone, sovereign*.

**μονάς** Ion. μουνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μόνος) properly a fem. Adj., *solitary, single*: also masc. of a man, *alone, by oneself*. II. as Subst., **μονάς**, ἡ, *a unit*.

**μονάχῃ**, Adv. properly dat. fem. of μοναχός, *in one way only: singly or alone*.

**μονάχος**, ἡ, ὄν, (μόνος) *solitary*;—as Subst. **μοναχός**, ὁ, *a monk*.

**μον-ερέτης** Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρέτης) *one who rows singly, a sculler*.

**μονή**, ἡ, (μένω) *a staying, abiding, tarrying*. 2. *a place to stay in, mansion*.

**μον-ημέριον**, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) *a hunt of one day*.

**μον-ήρης**, ες, (μόνος, ἄρῃειν) *single*; ναὺς μονήρης *a ship with one bank of oars*.

**μόνιμος**, ον, or η, ον, (μονή) *staying, fixed*: of persons, *steadfast, constant*. 2. of conditions, *abiding, lasting*, Lat. *stabilis*.

**μόν-ιππος**, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) *with one horse, a horseman*, opp. to a charioteer.

**μονο-βάμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) *walking alone*: of metre, *consisting of one foot*. [βα]

**μονό-γάμος**, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) *marrying one wife*.

**μονο-γένεια** Ion. μοινογ-, ἡ, pecul. fem. of sq.

**μονο-γενής** Ep. and Ion. μουνογ-, ες, (μόνος, γένος) *only-begotten: born from one and the same mother*.

**μονό-γληνος**, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) *one-eyed*.

**μονο-δάκτυλος**, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) *one-fingered*.

**μονο-δέρκτης**, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, δέρκομαι) *one-eyed*.

**μονό-δουπος**, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) *of unvaried sound, monotonous*.

**μον-όδους**, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὀδοῦς) *one-toothed*.

**μονό-δροπος**, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) *plucked from one stem: cut or carved from one block*.

**μονο-ειδής**, ες, (μόνος, εἶδος) *of one kind, simple*.

**μονο-ζυγής**, ες, and μονόζυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ζυγῆναι) *having one horse yoked: generally, single, alone*.

**μονο-ήμερος**, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) *lasting but one day*.

**μονο-κέλης** Ion. μουνο-κ-, ἦτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κέλης) *a single horse*.

**μονό-κερως**, αν, gen. -κερω, acc. -κερων, (μόνος, κέρας) *one-horned: as Subst. a unicorn*.

**μονό-κλαυτος**, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) *with one mourner*.

**μονό-κλινον**, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) *a bed for one only, a coffin*.

**μονο-κοιτέω**, f. ἡσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) *to sleep alone*.

**μονο-κρήπις**, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρηπίς) *with but one sandal*.

**μονό-κροτος**, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) *with one bank of oars*.

**μονό-κωλος** Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) *with but one limb: of buildings, with but one room: περίοδος μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one clause*.

**μονό-κωπος**, ον, (μόνος, κωπή) *with a single oar: with a single ship*.

**μονό-λίθος** Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) *made out of one stone*.

**μονο-μάτωρ**, ορος, Dor. for μονομήτωρ. [α]

**μονομαχέω** Ion. μουν-, f. ἡσω, (μονομάχος) *to fight in single combat: of the Athenians at Marathon, μουνοι μονομαχήσαντες τῷ Πέρσῃ having fought single-handed with the Persian*. Hence

**μονομαχία** Ion. μονομαχίη, ἡ, *single combat*.

**μονομάχιον**, τό, = μονομαχία.

**μονο-μάχος**, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) *fighting in single combat: wielded in single combat*.

**μονο-μήτωρ**, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) *left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother*.

**μονο-νυχί** Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) *in a single night*.

**μονό-ξύλος**, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) *made from a single log*. II. *made of wood only*.

**μονό-παις**, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) act. *having but one child*. II. pass. = μόνος παῖς, *an only child*.

**μονο-πάλης** Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) *one who conquers alone in wrestling*. [α]

**μονό-πελμος**, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) *with but one sole*.

**μονό-πεπλος**, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) *left without a robe, clad in a tunic only: v. ἄπεπλος*.

**μονό-πους**, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος, πούς) *one-footed*.

**μονό-πῶλος**, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) *with one horse*.

**μον-ορύχης**, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ὀρυγῆναι) *digging with one point*. [v]

**ΜΟΝΟΣ** Ion. μουνος, η, ον, Dor. μῶνος, α, ον, *alone, left alone, forsaken*: c. gen., μόνος σοῦ *rest of, deprived of thee*. II. *alone, only*: often with gen. added, μουνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων *alone of all men*.

III. like Lat. *unus* for *unicus*, *standing alone, single in its kind, unique*.

IV. Sup. **μονώ-τατος**, *the one only person, one above all others*, cf. αὐτότατος.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., *alone, only, merely*; μόνον οὐ, Lat. *tantum non*, *all but, well nigh*.

**μονο-σίδηρος**, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) *made of iron only*.

**μονοσιτέω**, f. ἡσω, *to eat but once in the day*. From

**μονό-σίτος**, ον, (μόνος, σῖτος) *eating but once a day*.

**μονό-σκηπτρος**, *ον*, (μόνος, σκήπτρον) *wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.*

**μονο-στιβής**, *ές*, (μόνος, στιβεῖν) *walking alone, unaccompanied.*

**μονό-στιχος**, *ον*, (μόνος, στίχος) *consisting of one verse.*

**μονό-στολος**, *ον*, (μόνος, στολή) *going alone: generally, alone, single.*

**μονο-στόρθυξ**, *υγος, ό, ή*, (μόνος, στόρθυξ) *carved out of a single block.*

**μονο-σύλλαβος**, *ον*, (μόνος, συλλαβή) *of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.*

**μονό-τεκνος**, *ον*, (μόνος, τέκνον) *with but one child.*

**μονο-τράπεζος**, *ον*, (μόνος, τράπεζα) *at a solitary board, eaten apart.*

**μονό-τροπος**, *ον*, (μόνος, τρόπος) *solitary, unsocial.*

**μον-ούατος**, *ον*, (μόνος, οὖς) *one-eared: with one handle.*

**μονο-φάγος**, *ον*, (μόνος, φάγειν) *eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφαγίστατος.*

**μον-όφθαλμος** *Ion. μουν-*, *ον*, (μόνος, ὀφθαλμός) *one-eyed.*

**μονό-φρουρος**, *ον*, (μόνος, φρουρά) *watching alone.*

**μονό-φρων**, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (μόνος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.*

**μονο-φύης** *Ion. μουν-*, *ές*, (μόνος, φύη) *of simple nature: made of one piece.*

**μονό-χηλος** *Dor. -χαλος, ον*, (μόνος, χηλή) *solid-boofed.*

**μονό-ψηφος** *Dor. -ψαφος, ον*, (μόνος, ψήφος) *voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.*

**μονόω** *Ion. μουν-*: *f. ὠσω: aor. I ἐμόνωσα Ep. μούνωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμονώθην, Ion. part. μουνωθείς: pf. μεμόνωμαι Ion. μεμούνωμαι: (μόνος):—to make single or solitary: μουνούην γενεήν to give an only son in each generation:—Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken: also to be taken apart, without witnesses: c. gen., μεμουνωμένοι συμμαχών deserted by allies.*

**μονωδέω**, *f. ἤσω, (μονωδός) to sing alone, to sing a monody. Hence*

**μονωδία**, *ή*, *a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.*

**μον-ωδός**, *όν*, (μόνος, ᾠδή) *singing alone.*

**μονωθείς**, *aor. I pass. part. of μονόω.*

**μόνως**, *Adv. of μόνος, only.*

**μον-ώψ** *poët. μουν-*, *ώπος, ό, ή*, (μόνος, ὤψ) *one-eyed.*

**μόρα**, *ή*, (μείρομαι) = *μοῖρα.* 2. *one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.*

**μορία** (*sc. ἐλαίαι*), *αι*, *the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορημένοι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis. Hence Zeus Μόριος as the guardian of these sacred olives. II. μορία [i], = μαρία, folly.*

**μόριμος**, *ον*, *poët. for μόριμος.*

**μόριον**, *τό*, *Dim. of μόρος, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.*

**μόριος**, *α, ον*, *poët. for μόριμος.—For Zeus Μόριος, see μορία.*

**μορμολύκειον**, *τό*, *a bugbear, hobgoblin. From μορμολύττομαι, Dep. (μορμώ) to fright, scare.*

**μορμω-ωπός**, *έν*, (μορμώ, ὤψ) *bideous to behold.*

**μορμύρω** [*υ*], *formed from μύρω, as πορφύρω from φύρω, of water, to roar, boil, Lat. murmuo.*

**ΜΟΡΜΩ**, *gen. ὄος, contr. οὖς, ή*, *a bideous she-monster, to frighten children with; a bugbear, hobgoblin. II. in Aristophanes, a mere exclamation,*

*μορμώ τοῦ θράσους a fig for his courage!*

**μορόεις**, *εσσα, εν*, *skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining. (Deriv. unknown.)*

**ΜΟΨΟΝ**, *τό*, *the black mulberry.*

**μόρος**, *ό*, (μείρομαι) *like μοῖρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπὲρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate. 2. esp. an unhappy lot, ruin, death, Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death.*

**μόρσιμος**, *ον*, (μόρος) *appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die: hence μόρσιμον ἡμῶν the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόρσιμον fate, doom, destiny.*

**ΜΟΡΥΣΣΩ**, *to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμορυνμένος, soiled, defiled.*

**μορφά**, *μορφάν*, *Dor. for μορφή, μορφήν.*

**μορφάζω**, (μορφή) *to make gesticulations.*

**μορφάω**, *f. ἤσω, (μορφή) to shape, fashion, mould.*

**Μορφεύς**, *έως, ό*, *Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper. From*

**ΜΟΡΦΗ**, *ή*, *form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma. 2. generally, form, fashion, appearance. 3. a form, kind, sort. Hence*

**μορφής**, *εσσα, εν*, *formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.*

**μόρφνος**, *ον*, (epith. of the eagle) *of colour, dusky, dark, = ὀρφνός (from ὀρφήν), Lat. furvus.*

**μορφόω**, *f. ὠσω, (μορφή) to form, give shape to. Hence*

**μόρφωμα**, *ατος, τό*, *form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.*

**μόρφωσις**, *ή*, (μορφόω) *a shaping: form, semblance.*

**μορφωτήρ**, *ήρος, ό*, (μορφόω) *one who shapes:—sem.*

**μορφώτρια**; *σνών μορφώτρια changing men into swine.*

**μόσσην** *or μόσσην, ὕνος, ό*, *a wooden bouse or tower.*

**Μοσσύν-οικοι** *or Μοσύν-οικοι, οί*, (μόσσην *or* μόσσην, οἰκέω) *an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.*

**μόσχειος**, *α, ον*, (μόσχος) *of a calf: μόσχειος κυνοῦχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.*

**μοσχεύω**, *f. σω, (μόσχος) to plant a sucker, propagate.*

**μοσχίδιον**, *τό*, *Dim. of μόσχος, a young sucker. [i]*

**μόσχιος**, *α, ον*, (μόσχος) *like μόσχειος, of a calf.*

**μοσχο-ποιέω**, *f. ἤσω, (μόσχος, ποίεω) to make a calf.*

**μόσχος**, *ό*, *also ή, the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion. II. metaph. of the young of ani-*



mals, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer.  
boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. *juvenca*.  
any young animal.

2. a  
3.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μουνός) singly, alone.  
μουνάρχειω, Ion. for μοναρχέω.  
μουνός, Ion. for μόνος. For all Ion. forms beginning with μουν-, see under μον-.

Μουνυχία, ἡ, Munychia, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνυχίαζε, Adv. to Munychia: and

Μουνυχίασι, Adv. at Munychia.

Μουνυχίων, ὦνος, ὁ, Munychion, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of Munychian Artemis, = the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. 1 part. pass. of μονύω.

μουν-ώψ, Ion. for μονάψ.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, ἡς, Aeol. Μοῖσα Dor. Μῶσα Lacon.

Μῶα, ἡ, the Muse, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,—Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpomene, Terpsichore, Erato, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliope. II. later, music, song: also eloquence; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.

Μουσ-ἀγίτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. for Μουσηγ-, (Μοῦσα, ἡγήομαι), the leader of the Muses, i. e. Apollo.

Μουσεῖον, τό, the temple of the Muses, seat or haunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεῖα θρηνημασι ξυνφδά balls resounding with lamentations; μουσεῖα χειλιδόνων places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μούσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. Μοισαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Μοῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.

μουσίζομαι, Dep. (Μοῦσα) to sing or play.

μουσικός, ἡ, ὅν, (Μοῦσα) of the Muses or the fine arts, devoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., 1.

μουσικός, ὁ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to ἄμουσος.

2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ἡ, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική:—generally, arts, letters, accomplishments. III. Adv. -κῶς, harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. -κῶτατα.

μουσίσδω, Dor. for μουσίζω.

μουσό-δομος, ον, (Μοῦσα, δέμω) built by song.

μουσομάνειω, f. ἤσω, to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses. From

μουσο-μάνης, ἑς, (Μοῦσα, μανῆναι) smitten by the Muses.

μουσό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (Μοῦσα, μάντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (Μοῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to write poetry about. From

μουσο-ποιός, ὅν, (Μοῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: μουσοποιός, ἡ, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ον, (Μοῦσα, πολέω) serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσπόλος, ὁ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ον, (Μοῦσα, πρόσωπον) musical-looking.

μουσουργία, ἡ, a making poetry, singing. From μουσ-ουργός, ὅν, contr. for μουσο-εργία, (Μοῦσα, ἔργον) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing:—as Subst., μουσουργός, ἡ, a singing-girl.

μουσο-φίλης, ον, ὁ, and μουσό-φίλος, ον, (Μοῦσα, φιλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χάρης, ἑς, (Μοῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσώω, f. ὠσω, (Μοῦσα) to devote to the Muses:—Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεῦντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of μοχθίω.

μοχθέω, f. ἤσω, (μόχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθεῖν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo bardship, toils; μοχθεῖν μαθήματα to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, bardship.

μοχθηρία, ἡ, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, ὁ, ὅν, (μοχθέω) in sore distress, wretched. 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavish, villainous, rascally, Lat. *fravus*. Hence

μοχθηρῶς, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of μοχθέω, one must labour.

μοχθίζω, f. σω, = μοχθέω, to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

μόχθος, ὁ, (μογέω) toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardships:—μόχθος differs from πόνος, in that μόχθος always implies distress, bardship, Lat. *aerumna*, while πόνος is merely work, labour, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who beaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής he who makes the sea to beave; καινῶν ἐπῶν μοχλευτής one who beaves up new words. From

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλός) to prise up, to beave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλίω, f. ἤσω, Ion. for μοχλεύω.

μοχλίον, τό, Dim. of μοχλός.

ΜΟΧΛΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a lever or bar for prising or beaving up, a crowbar, Lat. *vectis*. II. any bar or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. *obex*.

ΜΥ΄ or ΜΥ΄, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μῦ-άγρα, ἡ, (μῦς, ἄγρα) a mouse-trap.

μῦάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μῦ-γάλη, (μῦς, γαλή) the field-mouse, shrew-mouse, Lat. *mus araneus*.

μυγμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μίζω) a moaning, muttering.

μυθαλέος, α, ον, *wet, dripping, soaked.*

*damp, mouldy.* From

μυθάω, f. ἤσω, (μύθος) *to be damp, wet, dripping.*

II. *to be damp or clammy from decay.*

ΜΥΤ' ΔΟΣ, ὁ, *damp: clamminess, decay, Lat. situs.* [ῥ]  
μυδροκτύπέω, f. ἤσω, *to forge red-hot iron.* From  
μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μύδρος, κτύπέω) *forging or welding red-hot iron.*

ΜΥΤ' ΔΡΟΣ [ῥ], ὁ, *any red-hot mass; μύδρους αἶρειν*  
*χεροῖν to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as*  
*an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.*

μυέλινος, η, ον, (μυελός) = μυελόεις.

μυελόεις, εσσα, εν, (μυελός) *full of marrow.*

ΜΥΕΛΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ὁ, Lat. MEDULLA, *marrow: metaph.*  
*of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυελός ἀνδρῶν.* 2. *the marrow of the skull, the brain.* 3. *generally, the inmost part, core.* [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

μύειω, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 ἐμύησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐμύηθην: pf. μῆμῆμαι: (μύω):—*to initiate into the mysteries.*—Pass. *to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυεῖσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ὄργια to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυεῖσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries.* 2. *generally, to instruct.*

μύζω, f. μύξω, (μῦ) *to murmur with closed lips, moan: to mutter.* II. *to drink with closed lips, to suck in.*

μυθέομαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθεῖαι, contr. for μυθέεαι, and omitting one ε, μυθεῖαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μῦθος):—*to say, speak, tell, name.* II. *to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider.*

μυθεῖν, Dor. for μυθοῦν, imperat. of μυθέομαι.

μυθεῖναι, Dor. for μυθέομαι.

μυθεύω, = μυθέομαι:—Pass. *to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.*

μυθησαίμην, aor. 1 med. opt. of μυθέομαι.

μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθέομαι.

μυθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μῦθος, *a short tale or fable.*

μυθίζω Dor. -ίσδω, later form for μυθέομαι.

μυθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μῦθος) *mythic, legendary.*

μυθίσδω, Dor. for μυθίζω.

μῦθο-λογεύω, (μῦθος, λέγω) *to tell word for word.*  
μῦθο-λογέω, f. ἤσω, (μυθολόγος) *to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or become mythical.* 2. *to tell tales, talk.* Hence

μυθολογητέον, verb. Adj. *one must tell legends.*

μυθολογία, ἡ, (μυθολογέω) *a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology.* Hence

μυθολογικός, ἡ, ὄν, *versed in mythology.*

μῦθο-λόγος, ον, (μῦθος, λέγω) *dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθολόγος, ὁ, a teller of legends.*

μῦθο-πλόκος, ον, (μῦθος, πλέκω) *weaving tales.*

ΜΥΤ' ΘΟΣ, ὁ, *anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to ἔργον, a mere word, without the deed: a speech.* II. *talk, conversation: also,*

II. *the subject of conversation, the matter itself.* III.

*advice, a command, order.* IV. *a purpose, design, plan.* V. *a tale, story: afterwards, μῦθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical account.*

2. *a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables.*

μῦθ-ώδης, ες, (μῦθος, εἶδος) *like a fable, legendary, fabulous.*

ΜΥΤ' Α Att. μῦα, ἡ, *a fly, Lat. musca.*

μυιο-σόβη, ἡ, (μυῖα, σοβέω) *a fly-flap.*

μυιο-σόβος, ον, (μυῖα, σοβέω) *flapping away flies.*

ΜΥΤ' ΚΑ' ΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἐμῦκον: Ep. pf. μέμυκα (so βέβρυχα, μέμηκα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, *to bellow: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar: also to groan from exertion.* (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάομαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

μυκτημός, ὁ, (μυκάομαι) *a bellowing: and*

μύκημα, ατος, τό, *a bellowing: the roar of thunder.* [ῥ]

Μῦκηναῖος, ον, *of or from Mycenae.* From

Μῦκήνη, ἡ, and Μῦκήναι, αἱ, *Mycene, Mycenae, an ancient Pelasgic city, superseded by the Doric Argos:—Adv. Μυκήνηθεν, from Mycenae.*

Μῦκηνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of Μυκηναῖος.*

ΜΥΤ' ΚΗΣ, ητος, ὁ, also μύκης, ον, ὁ, *a musbroom, Lat. fungus.* II. *any round body, shaped like a mushroom, as,*

1. *the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard.* 2. *the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concrescere fungos.*

μυκτήτινος, η, ον, (μύκης) *made of musbrooms.*

μυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μύζω) *the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils.* Hence

μυκτηρίζω, f. ἴσω, *to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere.*

μυκτηρόθεν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) *out of the nose.*

μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κόμπος) *sounding from the nostril.*

μῦλαῖος, ον, (μύλη) *working in a mill.*

μῦλακρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (μύλη) *of a mill; μυλακρίς λίθας a millstone.*

μῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (μύλη) *a millstone, any large round stone.*

μῦλ-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (μύλη, ἐργάτης) *one who works in a mill, a miller.* [ᾱ]

μύλη [ῥ], ἡ, *a mill, Lat. mōla, a hand-mill.* II. *the nether millstone.*

μῦλή-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pf. pass. of \*φένω) *bruised or crushed in a mill.*

μῦλιάω, (μύλη) *to gnash or grind the teeth.*

μῦλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύλη) *of or for a mill; λίθος μυλικός a millstone.*

μύλλω, (μύλη) *to crush, pound, Lat. molere.*

μῦλο-ειδής, ες, (μύλος, εἶδος) *like a millstone.*



μύλος, ὁ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. ὀνικός. [ῥ]  
μύλωθρος, ὁ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller.  
μύλων, ὄνος, ὁ, a mill-house, mill, Lat. *pistrinum*;  
βάλλειν εἰς μύλωνα, Lat. *detrudere in pistrinum*, to  
condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνω) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ῥ]  
μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off.  
μύζα, ἡ, (μύζω, μύξω) the discharge from the nose,  
*mucus*, *phlegm*.

μύζωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = μύκτῆρ, a nose, nostril.  
μύο-κτόνος, ὄν, (μύς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.  
μύραινα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. *muraena*, a sea-eel or lam-  
prey: also a sea-serpent.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μυρίος) ten thousand times.  
μυρί-άμφορος, ὄν, (μυρίος ἀμφορεύς) holding ten  
thousand measures (*ἀμφορεῖς*).

μυρί-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, and μυρί-αρχος, ὁ, (μυρίος, ἀρ-  
χω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μυριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. μυριαδῶν, (μυρίος)  
the number 10,000, a *myriad*:—when μυριάς, μυρι-  
άδες are used alone of money, δραχμῶν must be sup-  
plied; when of corn, μεδίμναν.

μυρί-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (μυρίος, ἔτος) lasting ten  
thousand years: of countless years.

μυρίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. μεμύρισμαι: (μύρον):—to  
anoint.

ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [ῖ], ἡ, Lat. *myrica*, the tamarisk. Hence  
μυρίκινος, α, ὄν, of the tamarisk; and  
μυρίκινος, ἡ, ὄν, of the tamarisk. [ῖ]  
μυρίό-βοιος, ὄν, (μυρίος, βοῦς) with ten thousand  
oxen.

μυρί-όδους, ὄδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μυρίος, ὀδούς) having  
immense teeth.

μυρίό-καρπος, ὄν, (μυρίος, καρπός) bearing count-  
less fruit.

μυρίό-κράνος, ὄν, (μυρίος, κράνον) with numberless  
beads, many-beaded.

μυρίό-λεκτος, ὄν, (μυρίος, λέγω) said ten thousand  
times.

μυρίό-μορφος, ὄν, (μυρίος, μορφή) of countless shapes.

μυρίό-μοχθος, ὄς, (μυρίος, μόχθος) of endless toil.

μυρίό-ναυς, αὐς, ὁ, ἡ, (μυρίος, ναῦς) of numberless  
ships.

μυρίοντ-αρχος, ὄν, = μυρίαρχος.

μυρίο-πάλαι, Adv. (μυρίος, πάλαι) time out of mind.

μυρίο-πλάσιον, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (μυρίος) ten thousand  
fold: infinitely more than.

μυρίο-πληθής, ἐς, (μυρίος, πλήθος) of infinite num-  
ber, countless.

ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ὄν, numberless, countless, of Number  
mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον αἶμα, χαλ-  
κός, etc.

2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite;  
ἄχος μύριον infinite sorrow.

3. of Time, endless,  
infinite.

II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μύριοι,  
αἱ, a, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be  
used, as, ἵππος μυρίη 10,000 horse. [ῥ]

μυριοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυρίος) the 10,000th.  
μυριοστύς, ὅς, ἡ, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μυριο-τευχής, ἐς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand  
armed men.

μυριο-φόρος, ὄν, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand  
talents burthen.

μυριο-φόρτος, ὄν, = μυριοφόρος.

μυρίό-φωνος, ὄν, (μυρίος, φωνή) with countless voices.

μυρί-πνοος, ὄν, contr. -πνοὺς, ὄν, (μύρον, πνέω)  
breathing of unguents or essence.

μυρί-ωπός, ὄν, (μυρίος, ὤψ) with countless eyes.

μυρμηκία, ἀς, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.

μυρμηκίας, ὄν, ὁ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.

ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ἦκος, ὁ, the ant, Lat. *FORMICA*. II.  
a beast of prey in India.

III. a sunken rock on  
the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia.

Μυρμιδόνες, οἱ, the Myrmidons, a warlike people of  
Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μυρο-βόστρυχος, ὄν, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with per-  
fumed locks.

μυρόεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub μύρω. [ῥ]

ΜΥΡΟΝ [ῥ], τό, sweet oil extracted from plants:  
generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, bal-  
sam.

II. the place where unguents were sold,  
the perfume-market.

III. metaph. anything sweet  
or charming.

μυρό-πνοος, ὄν, contr. -πνοὺς, ὄν, (μύρον, πνέω)  
breathing of unguent.

μυρο-πώλης, ὄν, ὁ, fem. -πωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (μύρον,  
πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μυρόρ-ραντος, ὄν, (μύρον, ραίνω) wet with unguent.

μυρο-φειγής, ἐς, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with un-  
guent.

μυρό-χριστος, ὄν, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with  
sweet oil.

μυρόω, f. ὠσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint.

ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat.  
*myrra*, *murrba*.

μυρρίνη [ῖ], ἡ, later Att. for μυρσ-, a myrtle twig  
or wreath.

II. μυρρίναι, αἱ, the myrtle-market.

μυρρίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. *myrtus*.

μυρρίνών, ὄνος, ὁ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.  
*myrtetum*.

ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [ῖ] later Att. μυρρίνη, ἡ, the myr-  
tle.

II. a myrtle-branch. [ῖ]

μυρσίνο-ειδής, ἐς, (μυρσίνη, εἶδος) myrtle-like.

μύρτον, ὄν, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the  
myrtle-berry, Lat. *myrtum*.

ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, the myrtle, Lat. *myrtus*.

ΜΥΡΩ [ῥ], only used in pres. and impf., to flow,  
run, trickle, stream.

II. Med. μύρομαι, to melt  
into tears: to shed tears, weep.

2. trans. to weep  
for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, αὐτος, τό, (μύρω) plaster.

ΜΥΣ, ὁ, gen. μύος, acc. μῦν, voc. μῦ, a mouse, Lat.  
*MUS*: μῦς ἀρουραῖος a field-mouse.

II. a muscle  
of the body, Lat. *musculus*.

μύσαγμα, αὐτος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = μύσος.

μύσαν [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of μύω.

μῦσαρος, ἄ, ὄν, (μύσος) *foul, loathsome, abominable*, Lat. *impurus*: τὸ μύσαρον *an abomination*.

μῦσάττομαι, f. μυσαχθήσομαι: aor. I ἐμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μύσος):—*to loathe, abominate*.

μύσος [ῥ], τό, (μύζω) *anything that causes disgust*: metaph. *an abomination, defilement*, Lat. *piaculum*.

Μῦσός, ὁ, *a Mysian*.

μυσ-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) *to run about like a mouse*.

μυστηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, *for mysteries, mystical*. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) *a mystery, secret rite*: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, *the mysteries*, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. *any mystery or secret thing*: *a mystic history or dispensation*.

μυστηρίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρικός.

μυστηριώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (μυστήριον) *belonging to the mysteries*.

μύστης, ου, ὁ, (μυέω) *one initiated*. Hence

μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for the mysteries*: *secret, mystical*.

μυστιλάομαι, Dep. *to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with*. From

ΜΥΣΤΙΛΗ [ῖ], ἡ, *a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with*.

μυστι-πόλος, ου, (μύστης, πολέω) *solemnising the mysteries*.

μυστο-δόκος, ου, (μύστης, δέχομαι) *receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated*.

μυστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μύστης, δίδωμι) *initiating, introducing into the mysteries*.

μυτίλος [ῖ], ὁ, (μῦς) *the fish muscle*, Lat. *mytilus*.

μυττωτεύω, f. σω, *to make into mince-meat*. From ΜΥΤΤΩΤΟ΄Σ, ὁ, *a mess of cheese, boney, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat*.

μύχᾱτος, η, ου, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μυχός, as μέσᾱτος from μέσος. [ῥ]

μυχθίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθίσδω, (μύζω) *to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion*. 2. *to make mouths at, sneer*. Hence

μυχθισμός, ὁ, *a snorting*: *sneering*.

μύχιος, α, ου, (μυχός) *inward, inmost, most retired*, Lat. *intimus*: irreg. Sup. μῦχοίτατος.

μυχμός, ὁ, (μύζω) *moaning, groaning*.

μύχόθεν, Adv. (μύχος) *from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers*.

μύχοίτατος, η, ου, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος; μυχοίτατος ἴζε he sat in the farthest corner.

μύχόνδε, Adv. (μυχός) *to the far corner*.

μύχος, ου, ὁ, (μύω) *the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess*, Lat. *sinus*: *the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments*, Lat. *penetralia*. 2. *a bay or creek running far inland*.

ΜΥ΄Ω, f. μύσω: aor. ἐμῶσα: pf. μέμῶκα: I. intr. *to be shut or closed*, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμυκεν all

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, *to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut*: absol., μύσας *with one's eyes shut*. 3. metaph. *to be lulled to rest, to abate*. II. trans. *to shut, close*.

μῦών, ὦνος, ὁ, (μῦς) *a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body*.

μῦών, gen. plur. of μῦς.

μῦωπάζω, (μύωψ) *to be purblind, to see dimly*.

μῦωπίζω, (μύωψ) *to spur, prick with the spur, goad*. II. Pass. *to be teased by flies*.

μῦ-ωπός, ὄν, (μύω, ὦψ) = μῦωψ 1.

μῦ-ωψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μύω, ὦψ) *closing the eyes, short-sighted*. II. as Subst., μῦωψ, ὦπος, ὁ, *the horse-fly or gad-fly*. 2. *a goad, spur*. [ῥ]

Μῶα, ἡ, Lacon. for Μοῦσα.

μῶλος, ὁ, *a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war*: *battle, war*: *a struggle, contest*: generally, *a quarrel, broil*.

ΜΩΛΥ, ὅς, τό, *moly*, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

ΜΩΛΩΨ, ὦπος, ὁ, *the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise*.

μωμάομαι, Ion. -έομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. ἐμωμήσαμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μωμάσατο: Dep.: (μῶμος):—*to find fault with, blame, chide*, c. acc.:—aor. pass. ἐμωμήθην in pass. sense, *to be blamed*.

μωμεύω, f. σω, (μῶμος) *to blame, chide, find fault with*.

μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μωμάομαι) *blamed, blamable*.

μῶμος, ου, ὁ, (μέμφομαι) *blame, censure, disgrace*. II. personified, *Momus*, the god of blame.

μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μὴ οὐν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, *it is not, is it?* Lat. *num?* e. g. μῶν ἐστι . . ; Answ. οὐ δῆτα. Sometimes however it asks doubtingly, Lat. *num forte?* and may be answered in the affirmative.

μῶνος, α, ου, Dor. for μῶννος, μόνος.

μῶ-νυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὕνυξ) *with single, solid, uncloven hoof*, Lat. *solipes*, epith. of the horse.

μῶνυχος, ου = μῶνυξ.

μωραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐμῶρανα: (μωρός):—*to be silly, foolish, to play the fool*: c. acc., πείραν μωραίνειν *to make a senseless attempt*. II. *to make foolish, convict of folly*. 2. *to make tasteless*: Pass. *to become so*.

μωρανθείς, aor. I pass. part. of μωραίνω.

μωρία, ἡ, (μῶπος) *silliness, folly, absurdity*.

μωρολογία, ἡ, *a speaking foolishly, idle talk*. From

μωρο-λόγος, ου, (μωρός, λέγω) *speaking foolishly*.

ΜΩΡΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, *dull, heavy*: generally, *stupid, silly, foolish*. 2. *tasteless, insipid*.

μωρό-σοφος, ου, (μῶπος, σοφός) *foolishly wise*.

μωρῶς, Adv. of μωρός, *foolishly*.

Μῶσα, ἡ, Dor. for Μοῦσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. \*μάω c.



## N

**N**, ν, νῦ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν: I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἐγ-γονος, ἐγ-καιρος, ἐγ-χώριος, ἐγ-ξέω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φυής, ἐμ-μανής, ἐμ-ψυχος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συρ-ράπτω.

V. into σ before σ, as σύσ-σιτος. VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρύνθην from ἰδρύω.

The νῦ ἐφελευστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as εἰλήφασιν for εἰλήφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δείκνυσιν, for ἔκτανε δείκνυσι: with the local termin. -σι, as Ἀθήνησιν Ὀλυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as ὀστέοφιν; with the numeral εἴκοσιν for εἴκοσι; the Advs. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσε; with the enclit. Parts. κέν νύν, for κέ νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νᾶες, νᾶας, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῦς.

ναῆτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ναῆτης, ου, ὅ, (ναίω) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηνός and Ναζωραῖος, ὅ, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, yea, yes, aye.

ναῖ, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῦς.

Ναῖακός, ἡ, ὅν, (Ναῖας) of or for a Naiad.

Ναῖας, ἄδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναῖάδες Ion. Νηϊάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναῖεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναίω.

ναιετάσσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιετάω.

ναιετάω: Ep. part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάεσκον: (ναίω): 1. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναῖον, Ep. impf. of ναίω B.

νάϊος, α, ου, Dor. for νηῖος.

ναῖοισα, Dor. for ναίουσα, pres. part. fem. of ναίω A.

Ναῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. Νηῖς, (νάω) = Ναῖας. [ι]

ναίχι, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΙ'Ω (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf., 1. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to lie, be situated.

Causal, in Ep. aor. I ἐνάσσα or νάσσα, for ἐνάσσα, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καί κέ οἱ Ἀργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home. 2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ ἐμὸς Ἀργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἄγχ' Ἑλικῶνος be settled near Helicon.

ναίω (B), = νάω, to flow, overflow.

ΝΑ'ΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. velus. [ᾱ]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [ᾱ]

νᾶμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence

νᾶματῖα, α, ου, flowing, running.

ναμερτής, ναμέρεια, Dor. for νημ-.

νᾶν, Dor. for ναῦν, acc. of ναῦς.

ΝΑ'ΝΟΣ, ὅ, a dwarf, Lat. nānus.

νᾶνο-φύής, ἐς, (νᾶνος, φύή) of dwarfish stature.

Νάξιος, α, ου, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos:

Νάξιοι, οἱ, the Naxians: Ναξία λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Ναξι-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work.

Νάξος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

νᾶο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ου, (ναός, πολέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὅ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. aedituus.

ναός Ion. νηός Att. νεώς, ὅ, (ναίω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). II. the

inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

νᾶός, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναῦς.

ναπαῖος, α, ου, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑ'ΠΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [ᾱ]

νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑ'ΠΥ, υος, τό, = σίναπι, mustard.

ναρδο-λίπης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. II.

nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ου, (νάρθηξ, πληρώω) filling the hollow of the νάρθηξ or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ου, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυρσοφόρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑ'ΡΘΗΞ, ηκος, ὅ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκάω, f. ἤσω: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From

ΝΑ'ΡΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. torpor.

νάρκισσος, ὅ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties.)

νᾶρός, ἄ, ἐν, (νάω) flowing, liquid.

νᾶς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῦς.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναίω; ν. ναίω II. 2.

νᾶσιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

νασμός, ὅ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring.

νᾶσος, Dor. for νησος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσσα, aor. I of ναίω.

νᾶσσα, Dor. for νησσα, νηττα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ναίω: ν. ναίω II. 2.

ΝΑ'ΣΣΩ, f. νάξω: aor. I ἐνάξα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

οι νέναγμαi:—to press or squeeze close, stamp down, compress: to pile up.

ναστός, ἡ, ὄν, (νάσσω) close-pressed, firm, well-kneaded. II. as Subst., ναστός, ὁ, a well-kneaded cake.

νάττω, Att. for νάσσω.

ναυᾶγέω Ion. ναυηγ—: f. ἤσω: (ναυαγός):—to suffer shipwreck, be shipwrecked: to crash, smash, of chariots. Hence

ναυᾶγία Ion. ναυηγία, ἡ, shipwreck, wreck.

ναυάγιον Ion. ναυήγιον, τό, a piece of a wreck, wreck; ναυάγια ἱππικά the wreck of a chariot. From ναυ-ᾶγός Ion. ναυηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, ἄγνυμι) shipwrecked, stranded, Lat. naufragus: generally, ruined, wrecked.

ναυαρχέω, f. ἤσω, (ναύαρχος) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

ναυαρχία, ἡ, the command of a fleet, office of admiral. 2. the period of his command.

ναύ-αρχος, ὁ, (ναῦς, ἄρχω) the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

ναυάτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ναύτης. [ᾶ]

ναυ-βάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) one who embarks in a ship, a seaman. II. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

ναύ-δετον, τό, (ναῦς, δέω) a ship's cable.

ναυηγός, ναυηγέω, ναυηγία, Ion. for ναυᾶγ—.

ναυκληρέω, f. ἤσω, (ναύκληρος) to be a ship-owner, master of a ship. II. metaph. to manage, govern. Hence

ναυκληρία, ἡ, the life and calling of a master of a ship, a seafaring life. 2. poet. a voyage: generally, an enterprise. 3. also a ship.

ναυκληρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναύκληρος) of or for the master of a ship.

ναύ-κληρος, ὁ, (ναῦς, κληρος) the owner or master of a ship, who carried goods or passengers. 2. poet. a seaman.

ναύ-κράρος, ὁ, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the member of a division (ναυκραρία) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 ναύκραροι belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκρατέω, f. ἤσω, to have the mastery at sea, to command the sea:—Pass. to be mastered at sea. From

ναυ-κράτης, εος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) having the mastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) commanding the sea. II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [ᾶ]

ναῦλος, ὁ, or ναῦλον, τό, (ναῦς) passage-money, fare, Lat. nautum. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ἤσω, (ναύλοχος) to lie in a harbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to sally out upon ships passing: c. acc. to lie in wait for.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναῦς, λόχος) affording safe anchorage, having a good roadstead. II. as Subst.,

ναύλοχος, ὁ, with irreg. pl. ναύλοχα, an anchorage, Lat. statio navium.

ναυμάχέω, f. ἤσω, (ναυμάχος) to fight in a ship, to fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. ναυμάχια, ἡ, a sea-fight.

ναύ-μάχος, ον, (ναῦς, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight; ξυστὰ ναύμαχα boarding pikes. II. parox. ναυμάχος, ον, act. fighting at sea.

ναυπηγέω, f. ἤσω, (ναυπηγός) to build ships:—Med., ναῦς ναυπηγέσθαι to build oneself ships:—Pass. of the ships, to be built.

ναυπηγήσιμος, ον, (ναυπηγέω) suited for ship-building.

ναυπηγία, ἡ, (ναυπηγέω) ship-building.

ναυπήγιον, τό, a place for ship-building, a dock-yard. From

ναυ-πηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) building ships: as Subst., ναυπηγός, ὁ, a ship-builder, shipwright.

ναύ-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) traversed by ships, naval. II. parox. ναυπόρος, ον, propelling a ship.

ΝΑΥΣ, ἡ, Lat. NAV-IS, a ship; ναῦς μακρά a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., ναῦς, νεώς, νηί, ναῦν; dual gen. νεοῖν; pl. νῆες, νεῶν or νηῶν, ναυσί, ναῦς:—Ion., νηῦς, νεός, νηί, νέα, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νηυσί, νέας:—Ep. νηῦς, νηός, νηί, νῆα, pl. νῆες, νηῶν, νηυσί or νήεσσι, νῆα, (but also gen. and acc. νεός, νέα, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νέεσσι, νέας):—Dor. ναῦς, νᾶός, νᾶί, ναῦν, pl. νᾶες, νᾶων, ναυσί or νάεσσι, νᾶας.

ναυσθλόω, contr. for ναυστολέω, to carry by sea. Med. to take with one by sea: to hire a ship for oneself:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυσθλώσομαι, to go by sea.

ναυσία Att. ναυτία, ἡ, (ναῦς) sea-sickness, qualmsickness, retching, Lat. nausea. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. ναυτιάω, (ναυσία) to be qualmsick, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness.

ναυσι-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναῦς, κλειτός) renowned for ships, famous by sea.

ναυσι-κλυτός, ὄν, = ναυσικλειτός.

ναυσι-πίδη, ἡ, (ναῦς, πέδη) a ship-cable.

ναυσι-πέρᾱτος Ion. νηυσιπέρητος, ον, (ναῦς, περάω) to be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships, navigable.

ναυσι-πόμπος, ον, (ναῦς, πέμπω) ship-wafting; ναυσιπόμπος αὔρα a fair breeze. [Ὶ]

ναυσι-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) = ναύπορος, traversed by ships, of a river, navigable. II. parox. ναυσιπόρος, ον, act. going in ships, sea-faring. 2. propelling a ship, ship-speeding.

ναυσι-στονος, ον, (ναῦς, στένω) lamentable to the ship.

ναυσι-φόρητος, ον, (ναῦς, φορέω) carried in a ship, going by ship.

ναύ-σταθμον, τό, (ναῦς, σταθμός) a harbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. statio navium.

ναυστολέω, f. ἤσω, (ναυστόλος) trans. to carry or convoy by sea:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυστολήσομαι, to go by sea. 2. to guide, govern. II. intr.,

like Pass., to go by sea, sail. Hence



ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, α voyage.  
 ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship.  
 ναυστόλος, ον, (ναύς, στέλλω) sending by ship. II.  
 voyaging, sailing.  
 ναυτης, ον, ό, (ναύς) Lat. nauta, a seaman, sailor. II.  
 one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.  
 ναυτία, ναυτιάω, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω.  
 ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναύς, ναύτης) of or for a ship;  
 ναυτικός στρατός a sea-force, opp. to πεζός: also,  
 ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, na-  
 val power. 2. of persons, skilled in seamanship,  
 nautical.  
 ναυτίλια, ή, (ναυτίλος) sailing, seamanship: in pl.  
 voyages. Hence  
 ναυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to  
 go by sea, make a voyage, sail.  
 ναυτίλος [τ], ό, (ναύτης) a seaman, sailor. 2.  
 Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilus, a shell-  
 fish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for  
 a sail.  
 ναυτο-λογίω, f. ήσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) to enlist sea-  
 men, take on board: generally, to receive.  
 ναυφθορία, ή, shipwreck, loss of ships. From  
 ναύ-φθορος, ον, (ναύς, φθείρω) shipwrecked; ναύφθο-  
 ρος στολή the garb of shipwrecked men.  
 ναύφι, ναύφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.  
 ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναύς, φράσσω)  
 ship-fenced, ship-girt; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look  
 like a ship of war.  
 ΝΑΨ, only found in pres. and impf. to flow.  
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναύς.  
 νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, ἀγγέλλω) newly told.  
 νεά-γενής, ές, (νέος, \*γένω) newly born.  
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος), intr. to be young  
 or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or  
 think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young  
 again.  
 νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αἰρέω) newly caught.  
 νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and  
 νεάτος, irreg. Sup.  
 νε-ακόνητος, ον, (νέος, ἀκονάω) newly-wetted, keen-  
 edged.  
 νεάλης, ές, (νέος) fresh with youth: generally, fresh,  
 vigorous.  
 νε-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, ἀλῶναι) newly caught. [α]  
 νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, ἀνθέω) new-budding, blooming.  
 νεανίας, ον, Ep. and Ion. νεηνίης, έω, ό, (νέος) a  
 young man, youth: often with another Subst., as,  
 ἄνδρες νεηνίαι, παῖς νεηνίης. II. as masc. Adj.  
 youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.  
 νεανιεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίας) to be a youth: to act like  
 a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youth-  
 ful boasts.  
 νεανικός, ή, όν, (νεανίας) youthful: fresh, impetuous,  
 vigorous. 2. high-spirited, noble. 3. in bad  
 sense, basty, wanton, insolent. 4. generally, great,  
 mighty, strong.  
 νεανικῶς, Adv. of νεανικός, vigorously.

νεανίς Ion. νεήνις, gen. ιδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν,  
 fem. of νεανίας, a young woman, girl, maiden. II.  
 as Adj. youthful: new.  
 νεανισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) to be in one's youth,  
 be a stripling.  
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ό, (νεανίας) a youth,  
 young man.  
 νε-αοιδός, έν, (νέος, αοιδός) singing youthfully.  
 νεαρός, ά, όν, (νέος) young, youthful: fresh, new,  
 recent, late.  
 νεαρο-φαής, ές, (νεαρός, φαός) coming fresh to light,  
 new-appearing.  
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ναύς.  
 νεάτος Ion. νειάτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as  
 μέστος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, ex-  
 treme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border  
 of Pylos. II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.  
 νεάτος, ό, the ploughing up of fallow land. From  
 νεάω, f. άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till  
 anew: νεωμένη (sc. γή), ή, land ploughed anew.  
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) clad in a  
 fawn-skin.  
 νεβρίζω, f. σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at  
 the feast of Bacchus. From  
 νεβρίς, ιδος, ή, (νεβρός) a fawn-skin, worn at the  
 feasts of Bacchus.  
 ΝΕΒΡΟΨ, ού, ό, the young of the deer, a fawn.  
 νέες, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναύς.  
 νέεσσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.  
 νέηαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.  
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος)  
 new-born, just born.  
 νεη-θαλής, ές, (νέος, θαλεῖν) fresh-shooting, fresh-  
 blown.  
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεακής, ές, (νέος, ἀκή) newly wetted  
 or sharpened.  
 νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, ἀκόνη) = νεηκής.  
 νε-ήλατος, ον, (νέος, ἐλαύνω) newly pounded, fresh  
 ground: as Subst., νεήλατα, τά, cakes of fresh flour.  
 νέ-ηλϋς, υδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ἡλυσις) one newly come,  
 a new-comer, Lat. advena.  
 νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεανίς.  
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.  
 νεή-φατος, ον, (νέος, φημί) fresh-uttered, new-  
 sounding.  
 νεί, Bocot. for νή.  
 νεΐαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.  
 νεΐαιρα Ion. νεαίρη, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as  
 νεΐατος for νεάτος in Sup., latter, lower; νεαίρη έν  
 γαστρί in the lower part of the belly.  
 νεΐατος, η, ον, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.  
 ναικέω, ναικείησι, ναικέεσκον, v. ναικέω.  
 ναικεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (ναικέω) a wrangler, disputer,  
 brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.  
 ναικεῦσι, Aeol. for ναικούσι, 3 pl. of ναικέω.  
 ναικέω, Ion. and Ep. ναικείω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. ναι-  
 κείησι, Ion. impf. ναικείον and ναικέεσκον: Ep. fut.  
 ναικέσσω, Ep. aor. I ναιέσσα: (ναικος):—to quarrel,

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, *νείκεα νεικεῖν*: part. *νεικέων*, holding out obstinately, contentiously. II. trans. to vex, annoy, esp. by word, to taunt, upbraid, to accuse, criminate.

*νείκη*, ἡ, = *νεῖκος*.

**ΝΕΪ ΚΟΣ**, τό, a quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife: esp. railing, a taunt, reproach. 2. a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge. 3. also, battle, fight.

II. the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel.

*Νεϊλαιεύς*, ὁ, (*Νεῖλος*) a native of the Nile.

*Νεϊλαῖος*, α, ον, (*Νεῖλος*) of or from the Nile.

*Νεϊλο-γενής*, ἐς, (*Νεῖλος*, *γενέσθαι*) Nile-born.

*Νεϊλο-θερής*, ἐς, (*Νεῖλος*, *θέρω*) fostered by the Nile.

*Νεϊλόρ-ρῦτος* poet. *Νεϊλό-ρῦτος*, ον, (*Νεῖλος*, *ρέω*) watered by the Nile.

*Νεῖλος*, ὁ, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer *Αἴγυπτος*.

*Νεϊλωῖς*, ἴδος, ἡ, (*Νεῖλος*) built on or by the Nile.

*Νεϊλώτης*, ον, ὁ, fem. -*ῶτις*, ἴδος, (*Νεῖλος*) living in or on the Nile; *χθὼν Νεϊλώτις* the land of Nile.

*νεῖμας*, aor. I part. of *νέμω*.

*νεῖμεν*, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of *νέμω*: *νεῖμαν*, 3 pl.: *νεῖμον* 2 sing. imperat.

*νεϊόθεν*, Ion. for *νεόθεν*, Adv. (*νέος*) from the bottom; *νεϊόθεν ἐκ κραδῆς* from the bottom of his heart. II. απεν.

*νεϊόθι*, Ion. for *νεύθι*, Adv. (*νέος*) at the bottom, in the inmost part.

*νειο-κόρος*, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for *νεωκόρος*.

*νείομαι*, Ion. for *νέομαι*.

*νειο-ποιέω*, f. ἤσω, (*νεῖός*, *ποιέω*) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

*νεῖός*, οὐ, ἡ, (*νέος*) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. *novale*.

*νεῖος*, Ion. for *νέος*: Sup. *νεϊότατος*, ἡ, ον.

*νειο-τομεύς*, ὁ, (*νεῖός*, *τεμεῖν*) one who breaks up a fallow.

*νεῖρα* or *νεῖρα*, ἡ, contr. for *νεῖαιρα*, the belly, stomach.

*νεῖται*, contr. for *νέεται*, 3 sing. of *νέομαι*.

*νεκάς*, ἄδος, ἡ, (*νέκυς*) a heap of slain: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκάδεσσι*.

*νεκρ-ἄγγελος*, ον, (*νεκρός*, *ἄγγελος*) messenger to the dead.

*νεκρᾶγωγέω*, f. ἤσω, to conduct the dead. From

*νεκρ-ἄγωγός*, ὁν, (*νεκρός*, *ἄγω*) conducting the dead.

*νεκρ-ἀκαδημία*, ἡ, (*νεκρός*, *Ἀκαδημία*) a school of the dead.

*νεκρικός*, ἡ, ὁν, (*νεκρός*) of or for the dead.

*νεκρο-βάρης*, ἐς, (*νεκρός*, *βάρος*) laden with corpses.

*νεκρο-δέγμων*, ον, gen. ονος, (*νεκρός*, *δέχομαι*) receiving the dead.

*νεκρο-δόκος*, Ion. for Att. -*δόχος*, ον, (*νεκρός*, *δέχομαι*) receiving the dead. Hence

*νεκρο-δοχεῖον*, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery.

*νεκρο-θήκη*, ἡ, (*νεκρός*, *θήκη*) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

*νεκρο-πομπός*, ὁν, (*νεκρός*, *πέμπω*) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

*νεκρός*, οὐ, ὁ, (*νέκυς*) a dead body, carcase, corpse, corse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj., *νεκρός*, ἄ, ὁν, dead.

*νεκρο-στολέω*, (*νεκρός*, *στέλλω*) to ferry over the dead.

*νεκρῶω*, f. ὤσω, (*νεκρός*) to make dead: —Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless. 2. metaph. to deaden, mortify.

*νεκρῶν*, ὠνος, ὁ, (*νεκρός*) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

*νέκρωσις*, ἡ, (*νεκρῶω*) a making dead. II. pass. a becoming dead, death: deadness.

**ΝΕ'ΚΤΑΡ**, ἄρος, τό, nectar, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the nectar is red (*ἐρυθρόν*), poured like wine by Hebe, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

*νεκτάρεις*, α Ion. ἡ, ον, like nectar, scented, fragrant: generally, divine. [α]

*νεκῦ-ηγός*, ὁν, (*νέκυς*, *ἄγω*) = *νεκροπομπός*, conducting, guiding the dead.

*νεκῦο-μαντεῖον* Ion. -*ήιον*, τό, (*νέκυς*, *μαντεῖον*) an oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned.

*νεκῦο-στόλος*, ον, (*νέκυς*, *στέλλω*) ferrying the dead.

**ΝΕ'ΚΤΣ**, ὅς, ὁ, Ep. dat. sing. *νέκνῃ*: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκῦεσσι* contr. *νέκυσσι*: acc. pl. *νέκναι* contr. *νέκναι*: —a dead body, a corpse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj. dead, lifeless. [υ]

**Νεμέα** Ion. -*ή*, ἡ, *Nemea*, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. *Νέμεα*, τά.

**Νέμεα** poet. *Νέμεια*, τά, the Nemean games, celebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

**Νέμεος** or **Νέμειος**, α, ον, of or from Nemea.

*νεμέθω*, poet. for *νέμω*, in 3 pl. impf. med. *νεμέθοντο*, Ep. for *ἐνέμοντο*, they grazed, fed.

*νεμεσάω*, Ion. impf. *νεμέσασκον*: fut. ἤσω: Ep. aor. I *νεμέσησα*: —Ep. pres. *νεμεσάω*, f. *νεμεσῆσω*, etc.: (*νέμεσις*): —to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, vexed. II. Med. and Pass., *νεμεσῶμαι*: f. -*ήσομαι*: aor. I pass. *ἐνεμεσῆθην* Ep. *νεμεσῆθην*; Ep. aor. I med. opt. *νεμεσῆσαιτο*: —to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with shame. 2. c. acc. rei, *νεμεσῶται κατὰ ἔργα* he shews just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.

**Νεμέσια**, (sub. *ιερά*), τά, the feast of Nemesis.

*νεμεσητός* Ep. *νεμεσσητός*, ἡ, ὁν, (*νεμεσάω*) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; οὔτοι *νεμεσητόν* it is not a thing fit to raise indignation. II. to be regarded with awe, awful.

*νεμεσίζομαι*, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised. II. like *νεμεσάομαι*, to be ashamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc., θεοὺς *νεμεσίζετο* he stood in awe of the gods. From



νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσις, εως, ἡ, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment. 2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy.

II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment; οὐ νέμεσις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation.

III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσατά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νεμέσσα, Ep. for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσάω, f. ἤσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθῶμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for νεμεσητός.

νέμεσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.

νεμέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, εος, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

NE'MΩ, fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω: aor. I ἐνεῖμα Ep. νεῖμα: pf. νεμένηκα:—Med. νέμομαι: f. νεμουμαι, later νεμήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήτην: pf. νεμένημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense):—to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use. 2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy.

III. later also in Act. to hold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited. 2. to sway, manage, wield, control. 3. like νομίζω, to esteem, consider.

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πυρὶ χθὼν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire.

II. later in Act., ὄρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πυρὶ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire.

III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νέασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

νενάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to bear.

νενήμηκα, pf. of νέμω.

ννήκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.

ννήμμαι, ννήπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.

νενόμισμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

ννήωμαι, ννήωμένος, Ion. and Dor. for ννήομαι,

ννήωμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of ννέω.

ννέ-άλωτος, ὄν, (ννέος, ἄλῶναι) = ννέ-άλωτος.

ννέ-αρδής, ἔς, (ννέος, ἄρδω) newly watered.

ννέ-γάμος, ὄν, (ννέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst., ννέ-γαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

ννέ-γενής, ἔς, (ννέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

ννέ-γίλος, ἡ, ὄν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ννέ-γενής, ἔς, = ννέ-γνός.

ννέ-γνός, ὄν, contr. for ννέ-γονος, new-born.

ννέ-γονος, ὄν, (ννέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

ννέ-γράφτος and ννέ-γράφος, ὄν, (ννέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

ννέ-γυιός, ὄν, (ννέος, γυῖον) with young, fresh limbs.

ννέ-δαμώδης, ἔς, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (ννέος, δᾶμος = δῆμος), newly enfranchised: hence those Helots were called Ννέοδαμώδεις, who were set free in reward for services in war.

ννέ-δαρτός, ὄν, (ννέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

ννέ-δίδακτος, ὄν, (ννέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

ννέ-δμήτης, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ννέ-δμητος, ὄν, (ννέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

ννέ-δμητος Dor. -δματος, ὄν, (ννέος, δέμω) new-built.

ννέ-δρεπτός, ὄν, (ννέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

ννέ-δρομος, ὄν, (ννέος, δρᾶμειν) just having run.

ννέ-δροπος, ὄν, = ννέ-δρεπτός.

ννέ-ζευκτός, ὄν, (ννέος, ζεύγνυμι) = ννέ-ζυγής.

ννέ-ζυγής, ἔς, and ννέ-ζυγος, ὄν, (ννέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

ννέ-ζυξ, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, = ννέ-ζυγής.

ννέ-θαλής, ἔς, Dor. for ννέοθαλής.

ννέθεν, Adv. (ννέος) anew: newly, lately.

ννέ-θηλός, ἔς, (ννέος, τίθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

ννέ-θηλος, ὄν, = ννέοθηλός.

ννέ-θηξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ννέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

ννέ-θλιβής, ἔς, (ννέος, θλιβῆναι) newly pressed.

ννέ-οῖα, ἡ, (ννέος) poet. for ννέοτης, youthful spirit.

ννέ-οῖκος, ὄν, (ννέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

ννέ-κατάστατος, ὄν, (ννέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

ννέ-κηδής, ἔς, (ννέος, κηδος) having a fresh grief.

ννέ-κληρόνομος, ὄν, having lately inherited.

ννέ-κλωστός, ὄν, (ννέος, κλώθω) newly spun or woven.

ννέ-κόνητος, ὄν, (ννέος, καίνω) newly shed: ννέοκόνητον αἷμα χεροῖν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

ννέ-κοπτός, ὄν, (ννέος, κόπτω) fresh-chiselled.

ννέ-κοτος, ὄν, (ννέος) strange, unheard of:—generally, fresh, new.

ννέ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ννέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed: ννέοκράς φίλος a newly made friend.

ννέ-κτιστός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (ννέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

ννέ-κτονος, ὄν, (ννέος, κτείνω) just killed.

ννέ-λαία, ἡ, (ννέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juvenus.

ννέ-λουτός, poet. ννέλλουτός, ὄν, (ννέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. ννέμαι, 2 and 3 sing. ννέται, ννέται: inf. ννέσθαι contr. ννέσθαι: Dep., only used in

pres. and impf.:—to go or come: commonly with a fut. sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μήν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-παθής, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) suffering from a late calamity.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) fresh-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or frozen.

νεό-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious; opp. to ἀρχαῖος πλουτος.

νεό-πλῦτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly washed.

νεό-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) newly shorn.

νεό-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresh-sawn.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, ὁ, (νέος, πτόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νεό-πτολις, ἡ, (νέος, πτόλις) newly founded.

νεόρ-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) newly sprinkled: fresh-reeking.

νεόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (νέος, ῥέω) fresh-flowing.

νεόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (νέος, ῥύω) just drawn.

νέ-ορτος, ον, (νέος, ὀρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

ΝΕΪΟΣ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also ος, ον: Ion. νεῖος, η, ον:—of men, young, youthful: as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. denuo: hence νέον Ion. νεῖον, as Adv., newly, lately, anew: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ἐνὴ καὶ νέα, see ἐνῆ.

II. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεῖοτατος, v. νεῖος. Hence νεός (sub. γῆ), ἡ, fresh land, fallow, Lat. novale. νεός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νεο-σίγαλος, ον, (νέος, σῖγαλόεις) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκύλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκυλεύω) newly plundered.

νεό-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) newly cleaned.

νεο-σπαδής, ἐς, and νεο-σπάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, σπάω) newly plucked or gathered.

νεό-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοσσεύω Att. νεοττεύω or νοττεύω: f. σω: (νεοσ-σός):—to hatch; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένος.

νεοσσιά Ion. -ιῆ Att. νεοττιά, ἡ, (νεοσσός) a nest of young birds, a nest: the brood of young birds.

νεόσσιον Att. νεόττιον or νόττιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσσός, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

νεοσσίς Att. νοττίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσσός, a chicken.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσσός, κομέω) rearing young birds or chickens.

νεοσσός Att. νεοττός, ὁ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

ling, chicken. 2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile: a young child: in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσός, Dor. for νεοσσός.

νεό-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted.

νεο-σφαγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγήναι) newly slaughtered.

νεότας, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νεό-τευκτος, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ητος, ἡ, (νέος) youth: also 2. youthful spirit, rashness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenus.

νεό-τμητος Dor. -τματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) newly cut.

νεό-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκεῖν) new-born. II.

νεοτόκος, ον, act. having just brought forth.

νεό-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμνέω) fresh cut or ploughed;

νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. II.

fresh cut off, plucked.

νεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young.

νεοττεύω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττός, Att. for νεοσσός.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds.

νεοργέω, f. ἥσω, to make new, renew. From

νεο-οργός, ον, (νέος, \*ἔργω) making new, renewing.

νεο-ούτατος, ον, (νέος, οὐτάω) lately wounded.

νεό-φοιτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

νεό-φονος, ον, (νέος, \*φένω) lately killed: fresh-sbed.

νεό-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) newly planted. II.

a new convert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χαράσσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, ον, (νέος) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμώω, f. ὥσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

νεό-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνός) with the first down.

νεόω, f. ὥσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change.

νέποδες, αν, οί, children; an old Epic word.

νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., = ἐνερθε, under, beneath:

also from below. II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) underground, Lat. inferus.

νερτερο-δρόμος, ον, ὁ, (νέρτερος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρτερος, α, ον, = ἐνέρτερος, lower, nether, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also

as a Posit. = νερτέριος, nether, infernal, underground;

οἱ νέρτεροι the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΪΠΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bird of prey.

νεῦμα, ατος, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign: a command.

νεῦμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέομαι.

ΝΕΥΡΑ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, a sinew, tendon. II. a

string or cord of sinew; I. a bow-string. 2.

a musical string or chord.

νευρή, ἡ, poet. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.



νευρο-λάλος, ον, (νεῦρον, λαλέω) with sounding strings.

ΝΕΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. *nervus*, a sinew, tendon: esp. in pl. νεῦρα, the tendons of the feet; νεῦρα τέμνειν to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. strength, vigour, nerve.

II. a string, cord, lace made of sinew: hence 2. a bowstring: also cord of a sling. 3. a musical string or chord.

νευρο-πλεκής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) plaited with sinews. νευρορραφείω, ἴ. ἤσω, to stitch with sinews: to mend shoes. From

νευρο-ράφος, ον, (νεῦρον, ράπτω) stitching with sinews: as Subst. a cobbler.

νευρο-σπαδής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, σπάω) drawn or strained back with a sinew or string; νευροσπαδὴς ἀτρακτος the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρό-σπαστος, ον, (νεῦρον, σπάω) drawn by strings; ἀγάλματα νευρόσπαστα puppets moved by strings.

νευρο-τενής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, τείνω) stretched by sinews.

νευρο-χάρης, ἐς, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) delighting in the bowstring.

νεύσομαι or νευσοῦμαι, fut. of νέω B.

νευστάζω, (νεύω) to nod, Lat. *nūto*; νευστάζειν κόρυθι to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; νευστάζειν κεφαλῇ to nod with the head, of one fainting; νευστάζειν ὀφρύσι to make signs with the eyebrows.

ΝΕΥΤΩ, ἴ. νεύσω, to nod, beckon, as a sign or command. 2. in token of assent, to nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod. 3. generally, to nod, bend forward; νεύειν κάτω to stoop; νεύειν κεφαλὰς to bow down, droop the head; νεύειν εἰς τι to incline towards a thing. 4. metaph. to decline, fall away.

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the cloud of death; ἄχεος νεφέλη a cloud of sorrow. II. a fine bird-net.

νεφελ-ηγερέτα, Ep. for -της, ὁ, only used in nom. and gen. νεφελεγερέταο, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller.

Νεφελο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a cloud-centaur.

Νεφελο-κοκκυγία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) Cloud-cuckoo-town, built by the birds in Aristoph. Aves. Hence

Νεφελο-κοκκυγιεύς, ὁ, citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-town. νεφελόω, ἴ. ὥσω, (νεφέλη) to make cloudy. Hence

νεφελωτός, ἡ, ὄν, made of clouds.

νεφο-ειδής, ἐς, (νέφος, εἶδος) like a cloud.

ΝΕΨΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the cloud of death, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος; so, νέφος ὀφρῶν a cloud upon the brow. 2. metaph. also, a cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.

νεφρίτις, ἰδος, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ἡ νεφρίτις (sc. νόσος), a disease in the kidneys.

ΝΕΨΟΨ, οὐ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the kidneys.

ΝΕΨΩ (A), to go, v. sub νέομαι.

ΝΕΨΩ (B), impf. ἔνεον Ep. ἔννεον: fut. νεύσομαι and νευσοῦμαι: aor. ἱ ἔνευσα:—to swim, Lat. *nāre*. 2. of shoes that are too large; νεῖν ἐν ἱμβάσιν to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

ΝΕΨΩ (C), fut. νήσω: Ep. 3 pl. aor. ἱ med. νήσαντο: aor. ἱ pass. ἐνήθην:—to spin, Lat. *nēre*.

ΝΕΨΩ (D), fut. νήσω: Ion. νήω, νηέω, νηνέω: pf. pass. νένημαι or νένησμαι:—to pile, bear, bear up.

νεωκορέω, ἴ. ἤσω, (νεωκόρος) to be a bedel, to have charge of a temple. II. metaph. to keep clean and pure. Hence

νεωκορία, ἡ, the office of a bedel.

νεω-κόρος, ὁ, (νεώς, κορέω) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a bedel, verger, Lat. *aedituus*. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god: hence Ephesus was called νεωκόρος Ἀρτέμιδος.

νέων, gen. pl. of νέος: but νεῶν, gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νεῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a dock or basin for ships.

νε-ώνητος, ον, (νέος, ἀνέομαι) newly bought.

νε-ωρής, ἐς, (νέος, ὦρα) new, fresh, late.

νε-ώριον, τό, (νεωρός) a place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

νεώς, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for ναός, a temple, like λεώς for λαός.

νεώς, Att. gen. of ναῦς.

νεώσ-οικος, ὁ, (νέος gen. of ναῦς, οἶκος) literally a ship's house, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-house, being a part of the νεώριον.

νεωστί, Adv. of νέος, lately, just now, recently.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωσε, νέωτε, next year, for next year; also, εἰς νέωτα.

νεώτατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. of νέος: Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.

νεωτερίζω, ἴ. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (νεώτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements. II. trans. to change entirely; νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέος) natural to a youth, youthful.

νεωτερισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) innovation.

νεωτεροποιία, ἡ, innovation, revolution. From

νεωτερο-ποιός, ὄν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) innovating, revolutionary.

νεώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of νέος, younger: newer, fresher: in bad sense, strange, unusual; τὰ νεώτερα or νεώτερα πράγματα, revolutionary movements, Lat. *res novae*. Adv. νεωτέρως, more recently.

νη-, inseparable Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀνα-privat., as in νη-πενθής; cf. Lat. *ne-* in *ne-fas*, etc.

ΝΗ', Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; νῆ Δία or νῆ τὸν Δία, also νῆ μὰ τὸν Δία yea by Zeus!

νήα, νήας, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναῦς.

νηγάτεος, ἡ, ον, (for νηγάτος by transposition of ε and η, from νέος, γέγραα,) new-made.

νή-γρετος, ον, (νη-, ἐγείρω) unwaking; νήγρετος ὕπνος a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., νήγρετον without waking.

νήδυια, *ων, τά, (νηδύς) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.*

νηδυόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen. of νηδύς.

νήδυμος, *ον, Homeric epith. of ὕπνος: either like νήγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ἡδύς, sweet, delightful, as if for ἡδυμος.*

ΝΗΔΥΣ, *ύος, ἡ, the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the bowels, entrails: ἐξελεῖν τὴν νηδύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.*

νήεον, Ep. impf. of νηέω.

νήες, nom. pl. of ναῦς.

νήεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναῦς.

νηέω, fut. νηήσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear or pile up.* II. *to pile, load.*

νήησαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of νηέω:—νηησάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imper. med.

νήθω, (νέω c) *to spin.*

νηί, Ion. dat. sing. of ναῦς.

Νηιάς, *άδος, ἡ, Ion. for Ναῖας.*

νήιος, *η, ον, Dor. νάϊος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δόρυ νήιον ship-timber.*

Νηίς, *ίδος, ἡ, Ion. for Ναίς.*

νήις, *ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νη-, ἰδεῖν) unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing.*

νηίτης, *ον, ὁ, (ναῦς) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [ἱ]*

νη-κερδής, *ές, (νη-, κέρδος) without gain, unprofitable.*

νή-κερως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. νή-κερος, ον, (νη-, κέρας) not horned, without horns.*

νή-κεστος, *ον, (νη-, ἀκέομαι) incurable.*

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, ἀκούω) *to give no heed to, disobey: Ep. aor. I νηκούστησα.*

νη-λεής, *ές, dat. and acc. νηλεεί, νηλεέα, as if from νηλής, (νη-, ἔλεος) without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless; νηλεὲς ἡμᾶρ the ruthless day, i. e. the day of death.* II. *unpitied.*

νηλειής, *ές, Ep. for νηλεής. Adv. νηλειῶς.*

νηλεό-θυμος, *ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of ruthless spirit.*

νηλεό-ποινος, *ον, (νηλεής, ποινή) punishing ruthlessly.*

νηλεῶς, *Adv. of νηλεής, without pity.*

νηλής, *ές, see νηλεής.*

νηλίπους, *ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -πόδος, = ἀν-ηλίπους, unsod, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [ἱ]*

νη-λίτης, *ές, (νη-, ἀλίτειν) guiltless, harmless, unoffending.*

νήμα, *ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.*

νη-μερτής, *ές, (νη-, ἀμαρτεῖν) unfailing, unerring, infallible; νημερτές ἐνισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.*

νηνεμία Ion. -ῆ, *ἡ, stillness in the air, a calm:—γαλήνη ἐπλετο νηνεμῆ there was a calm and perfect stillness. From*

νή-νεμος, *ον, (νη-, ἀνεμος) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.*

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear.*

νήνις, *ιος, ἡ, contr. for νεάνις, a girl, maiden.*

νήξις, *εως, ἡ, (νήχω) a swimming.*

νήξομαι, fut. of νήχομαι.

νηο-βάτης, *ον, ὁ, Ion. for ναυ-βάτης. [ἄ]*

νηο-πόλος Att. ναο-, *ον, (νηός = ναός, πολέω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηοπόλος, ὁ, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.*

νηο-πορέω, f. ἤσω, (ναῦς, πόρος) *to go in a ship.*

νηός, *ου, ὁ, Ion. for ναός, a temple.*

νηός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νηό-σοος poet. νηόσ-σοος, *ον, (ναῦς, σαόω) protecting ships.*

νηο-φόρος, *ον, (ναῦς, φέρω) bearing ships.*

νη-όχος, *ον, (ναῦς, ἔχω) holding ships.*

νη-πενθής, *ές, (νη-, πένθος) free from sorrow.* II. *act. soothing or assuaging sorrow.*

νηπία Ep. νηπιᾶ and νηπιέη, *ἡ, (νήπιος) childhood, infancy: in plur. childishness, folly.*

νηπιᾶζω, f. ἤσω, = νηπιαχέω.

νηπιᾶχέω, *to be childish, play like a child. From*

νηπιᾶχος, *ον, poet. for νήπιος, childish.*

νηπιέη, *ἡ, Ion. for νηπία.*

νήπιος, a Ion. *η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (νη-, ἔπος) properly, not speaking, Lat. infans; νήπια τέκνα infant children: also νήπια alone, the young of an animal.* II. *metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.*

νηπιότης, *ητος, ἡ, = νηπία.*

νή-πλεκτος, *ον, (νη-, πλέκω) not plaited: with unbraided hair.*

νη-ποινεί or -ί, *Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. impune, with impunity.*

νή-ποινος, *ον, (νη-, ποινή) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτῶν νήποινος without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.*

νηπυτεύομαι, *Dep. to behave childishly. From*

νη-πύτιος, *α, ον, (νη-, ἀπύω) childish, infantine: and as Subst. a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, heedless.*

Νηρεῖς Ion. Νηρηίς, *ίδος, ἡ, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηίδες: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναῖας.*

Νηρεύς, *gen. ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence*

Νηρή, *poet. for Νηρηίς.*

Νηρηίς, *ίδος, ἡ, Ion. for Νηρεῖς.*

νή-ριθμος, *ον, (νη-, ἀριθμός) countless, numberless.*

νή-ρίτος, *ον, poet. form of νήριθμος.*

νήσαι, *aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) to spin, and νέω (d) to pile up.*

νησαῖος, a Ion. *η, ον, (νήσος) of or for an island, insular.*

νήσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) *to spin.*

νησίδιον, *τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*

νησίον, *τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*

νησίς, *ίδος, ἡ, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*



νησίτης, ου, ὁ, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησίτις, ιδος, ἡ. [i]  
 νησιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. —ῶτις, ιδος, ἡ, (νήσος) an islander. II. as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence  
 νησιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an island or an islander; τὸ νησιωτικὸν insular situation.  
 νησο-μάχια, ἡ, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight.  
 ΝΗΣΟΣ Dor. νᾱσος, ου, ἡ, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.  
 νήσσα Att. νήπτα, ἡ, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.  
 νησάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.  
 νηστεία, ἡ, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.  
 νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός to fast from, abstain from a thing.  
 νήστις, ιος or έως, ὁ, and ἡ: nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, έσθίω):—not eating, fasting. 2. act. causing hunger, starving.  
 νησύδριον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.  
 νή-τίτος, ου, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished.  
 νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to bear) beaped up, piled up.  
 νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.  
 νήπτα, ἡ, νηττάριον, τό, Att. for νησσ-.  
 νηῦς, ἡ, Ion. for ναῦς.  
 νηυσί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναῦς.  
 νηυσι-πέρητος, ου, ν. ναυσι-πέρατος.  
 νή-υτμος, ου, (νη-, αὔτμη) breathless.  
 νηφᾶλιεύς, ὁ, = νηφάλιος.  
 νηφάλιος, α, ου, also ος, ου, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine; νηφάλια μερίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [α]  
 νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.  
 ΝΗΦΩ, f. νήψω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.  
 νή-χῦτος, ου, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.  
 νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ένηξάμην.  
 νηών, Ion. gen. pl. of ναῦς.  
 νηώς, Dor. for ναούς, acc. pl. of ναός.  
 νιγλᾶρος, ὁ, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the κελευστής to give the time in rowing.  
 ΝΙΖΩ, f. νίψω: aor. I ένιψα:—Med., f. νίψομαι: aor. I ένιψάμην: pf. νένιμμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθαι ἄλως to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify. II. to wash off.—νίζω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.  
 νικᾶξω, Dor. for νικήσω, fut. of νικάω.  
 νικασεῖν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.  
 νικατήρ, ὁ, Dor. for νικητήρ.  
 νικάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for νικητωρ.  
 νικάω, f. ήσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χρεῖονα νικά the worse prevails; τὸ εὖ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικᾶν τι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικᾶσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νίκην νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.  
 νίκειος, ου, (νίκος) victorious.  
 ΝΙΚΗ [i], ἡ, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.  
 νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ένίκα, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.  
 νικήεις Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.  
 νικηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.  
 νίκημι, Aeol. for νικάω. [i]  
 νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.  
 νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.  
 νικητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριος, α, ου, belonging to a conqueror or to victory. II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. δᾶλλον), τό, the prize of victory. 2. νικητήρια (sub. έερά), τά, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον έστιᾶν to celebrate the feast of victory.  
 νικητής, ου, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.  
 νικητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducing to victory.  
 νικήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.  
 νικηφορέω, f. ήσω, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize, win. Hence  
 νικηφορία, ἡ, a conquering, victory.  
 νίκη-φόρος, ου, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.  
 νικό-βουλος, ου, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.  
 νικο-μάχας, ου, ὁ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.  
 νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.  
 νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικάοιεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.  
 νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom. and Ion. writers use μίν.  
 νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.  
 νίπτρον, τό, (νίζω) water for washing: mostly in plur.  
 νίπτω, later form for νίζω.  
 νίσσομαι, f. νίσομαι [i] = νέομαι, to go, to go away.  
 ΝΙΤΡΟΝ, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.  
 νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. \*νίψ.  
 νιφάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (νίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a shower:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war. II. as Adj., fem. of νιφόεις, snowy, snow-capt.  
 νιφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω.  
 νιφετός, ου, ὁ, (νίφω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.  
 νιφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt.  
 νιφο-στιβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβείν) thick with snow.  
 ΝΙΨΩ [ι], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; ο θεός νίφει, or νίφει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with snow; Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf. ὕω, ὕομαι.  
 νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίζω.  
 νίψω, fut. of νίζω, and also of νίφω.  
 νοερός, ά, όν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.  
 νοέω, fut. νοήσω Ion. νώσω: aor. I ένόησα Ion. ένωσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ένοήθην:—Pass., aor. I ένοήθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion. νένωμαι: Ion. plqpf. ένενώμην: (νόος):—to see so as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely seeing, as, τόν δέ ιδών ένόησε when he saw him be perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοέων, discreet, thoughtful. 2. of words or expressions, to mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that a thing is so and so.  
 νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) that which is thought, a thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III. generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.  
 νόησις, εως, ή, (νοέω) thought, intelligence.  
 νοητικός, ή, όν, (νοέω) intelligent.  
 νοητός, ή, όν, (νοέω) perceptible, intelligible.  
 νοθα-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέσθαι) base-born.  
 νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ή, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.  
 ΝΟΎΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, illegitimate, born out of wedlock; νόθος υίός a natural son, opp. to γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious, counterfeit, adulterated.  
 νοίδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a notion.  
 νομαίος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging.  
 νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ νόμαια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.  
 νομ-άρχης, ον, ό, (νομός, άρχω) the chief of an Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.  
 νομάς, άδος, ό, ή, (νομός) roaming, ranging, wandering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οί, pastoral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads; and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae. II. grazing, feeding.  
 νόμευμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to graze, a flock or herd.  
 νομεύς, έως Ep. ήος, ό, (νέμω, νομός) a shepherd or herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributor. III. plur. νομέες = έγκοίλια, are the ribs of a ship.  
 νομεῦσι, dat. pl. of νομεύς.  
 νομευσώ, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut. of νομεύω.  
 νομεύω, (νομεύς) to pasture, feed, drive afield; βοῦσι

νομούς νομεύειν to feed down the pastures with oxen, Lat. depascere.  
 νομή, ή, (νέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder, food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, distribution; esp. of an inheritance.  
 νομήες, Ep. for νομεῖς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.  
 νομίζω, fut. νομίσω Ion. νομέω Att. νομῶ: pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ένομίσθην: pf. νενόμισμαι: (νόμος):—to hold or own as a custom or usage: said of things recognised by convention or prescriptive right; νομίζειν τοὺς θεούς to recognise the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν θεούς to recognise the existence of the gods generally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the custom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα or νενομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. instituta. 2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage; "Ελληνες άπ' Αιγυπτίων ταῦτα νενομίσασιν the Greeks have adopted these customs from the Egyptians. 3. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρηστοὺς νομίζειν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing will be.  
 νομικός, ή, όν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting on the authority of law. II. learned in the law: as Subst., νομικός, ό, a lawyer.  
 νόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law: hence 1. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful, legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμιμα, usages, customs; νόμιμα ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary offices, Lat. justa facere. II. of persons, observant of law. Hence νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομώτερον.  
 νόμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging to shepherds, pastoral.  
 νόμισις, ή, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a mode of esteeming.  
 νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a state, Lat. nummus: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an established weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any institution or custom.  
 νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as Subst., νομογράφος, ό, a lawgiver.  
 νομο-δείκτης, ον, ό, (νόμος, δείκνυμι) an explainer of the laws.  
 νομο-διδάσκαλος, ό, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ον, ό.  
 νομοθεσία, ή, law-giving, legislation. From νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver, make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence



νομοθέτημα, ματος, τό, a law, ordinance.  
νομοθέτης, ου, ό, (νόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.  
νομόνδε, Adv. (νομός) to the pasture.  
νομός, ου, ό, (νέμω) a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ὕλης a woodland pasture. 2. pasturage, herbage: generally, food. 3. metaph., ἐπέων πολλὸς νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.

II. an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

νόμος, ου, ό, (νέμω) anything assigned or apportioned, viz., I. an usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum; νόμῳ, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί.

2. χειρῶν νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμος; ἐν χειρῶν νόμῳ διαφθεῖρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; ἐς χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows.

II. a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοί war-songs.

νομοφύλαξ, ἄκος, τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) a guardian of the laws. [ῥ]

νοό-πληκτος, ου, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind, mind-distracting.

ΝΟΨ, νόου, contr. νοῦς, νοῦ, ό; later also gen. νοός, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόες:—mind, Lat. mens; νόῳ or σὺν νόῳ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; ἐκ παντὸς νόου with all his heart; κατὰ νόον according to one's mind.

II. a thought, purpose, resolve.

III. the sense or meaning of a word or expression.

νοσέρως, ά, όν, (νόσος) sickly, ill.

νοσέω, f. ήσω, (νόσος), to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind. 2. metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ή, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a running sore.

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, malady. 2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.

νοσηματ-ώδης, es, (νόσημα, είδος) sickly.

νοσηρός, ά, όν, (νοσέω) unhealthy, unwholesome, of places.

ΝΟΣΟΣ Ion. νοῦσος, ή, sickness, disease: a malady, ailment. II. metaph. distress, affliction, evil. 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

νοσο-φόρος Ion. νουσ-, ου, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing sickness or disease.

νοσσεύω, contr. for νεοσσεύω, to hatch.

νοσσιά, ή, and νοσσίον, τό, Att. contr. for νεοσσ-. νοσσίς, είδος, ή, Dim. of νοσσίος, Att. contr. for νεοσσίς, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

νοστήω, f. ήσω, (νόστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country. 2. to return safe after danger. 3. generally, to go, come, travel.

νοστήσειε, Accl. 3 sing. opt. aor. 1 of νοστήω. νοστήσεμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστήω.

νόστιμος, ου, (νόστος) of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ήμαρ the day of return. 2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.

νόστος, ου, ό, (νέομαι) a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, return to a place. 2. generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβής a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively; νόσφιν από, c. gen., like νόσφι II, aloof from.

II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from. 2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν Ἀχαιῶν apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them. 3. besides, except.

νοσφίδιος, α, ου, (νόσφι) taken away, abstracted.

νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. νοσφιῶ, (νόσφι) to put away, remove, part. II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: aor. I med. ἐνοσφισάμην Ep. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισάμενος: aor. I pass. ἐνοσφίσθην:—to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon. 2. metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated. III. act. to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc. to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate. 2. to make away with, kill, despatch.

νοσφισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of νοσφίζω.

νοσ-ώδης, es, (νόσος, είδος) sickly, ailing: generally, diseased. II. act. unwholesome, unhealthy.

νοτερός, ά, όν, (νότος) wet, damp, moist; νοτερός χειμῶν a storm of rain.

νοτία, ή, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτίαι ελαριναί spring rains.

νοτίζω, f. ίσω, (νότιος) to moisten:—Pass. to be wet.

νότιος, α, ου, also os, ου, (νότος) wet, damp, rainy; ὑψοῦ δ' ἐν νοτίῳ τήν γ' ὥρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach. II. southern, southerly.

νοτίς, είδος, ή, (νότος) moisture, damp, wet.

ΝΟΤΟΣ, ου, ό, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus. II. the south or south-west quarter.

νοττεύω, νοττίον, etc., contr. for νεοττ-.

νου-βυστικός, ή, όν, (νοῦς, βύω) croke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κῶς, cleverly.

νουθεσία, ή, a warning, admonishing: reproof. From νου-θετέω, f. ήσω, (νοῦς, τίθημι) to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonition, warning.

νουθετητός, α, ου, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, to be warned, advised.

νουθετικός, ή, όν, (νουθετέω) admonitory.

νου-μηνία, ή, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.

νουν-εχής, ές, (νοῦς, έχω) having understanding, sensible, discreet. Adv. -χῶς, discreetly, prudently.

νοῦς, ὁ, contr. for νόος, *mind*.

νοῦσος, ἡ, Ion. for νόσος.

νοῦσο-φόρος, ὄν, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.

νύ, see νῦν, νύν.

νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) *by pricking*, Lat. *punctim*.

νυγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.

νυκτερείσιος, ὄν, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.

νυκτ-ερίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who watches by night*.

νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for watching by night, fit for hunting by night*. From

νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) *to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night*.

νυκτερήσιος, ὄν, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.

νυκτερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly, by night*, Lat. *nocturnus*.

νυκτερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) *a night-bird, a bat*, Lat. *vespertilio*.

νύκτερος, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύκτερος, ὤψ) *night-faced, dusky*.

νυκτ-ηγορέω or in Med. νυκτ-ηγορέομαι, (νύξ, ἀγορά) *to assemble by night*. Hence

νυκτ-ηγορία, ἡ, *a nightly assembly or discourse*.

νυκτ-ηρεφής, ἑς, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) *shrouded by night, gloomy*.

νυκτί-βρομος, ὄν, (νύξ, βρέμω) *roaring by night*.

νυκτί-γάμος, ὄν, (νύξ, γαμέω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.

νυκτι-κλέπτῃς, ὄν, ὁ, = νυκτοκλέπτῃς.

νυκτί-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (νύξ, κόραξ) *the night-jar, goat-sucker: also the screech-owl*.

νυκτί-λαθραίο-φάγος, ὄν, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.

νυκτί-λάλος, ὄν, (νύξ, λαλέω) *nightly-sounding, serenading*.

νυκτί-λαμπής, ἑς, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky*.

νύκτιος, α, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτί-πᾶται-πλάγιος, ὄν, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *roaming about by night*. [ᾱ]

νυκτί-πλαγκτός, ὄν, (νύξ, πλάζω) *making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also 2. pass.*

νυκτίπλαγκτος εὐνή *a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed*.

νυκτι-πλάνης, ἑς, and νυκτί-πλάνος, ὄν, (νύξ, πλανῶ) *wandering, rambling about by night*.

νυκτί-πόλος, ὄν, (νύξ, πολέω) *roaming by night*.

νυκτί-σεμνός, ὄν, (νύξ, σεμνός) *solemnised by night*.

νυκτι-φανής, ἑς, (νύξ, φανῆναι) *shining or appearing by night*.

νυκτί-φαντός, ὄν, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) *appearing by night: nightly*.

νυκτι-φρούρητος, ὄν, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *keeping night-watches*.

νυκτο-θήρας, ὄν, ὁ, (νύξ, θηράω) *one who hunts by night*.

νυκτο-κλέπτῃς, ὄν, ὁ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) *a thief of the night*.

νυκτο-μάχῃω, f. ἡσώ, (νύξ, μάχη) *to fight by night*.

Hence

νυκτομάχῃα, ἡ, *a night battle, a battle in the dark*.  
νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ὄν, (νύξ, περιπλανάω) *rambling about at night*.

νυκτοπορέω, f. ἡσώ, *to go or travel by night*. From

νυκτο-πόρος, ὄν, (νύξ, πόρος) *travelling by night*.

νυκτο-φᾶής, ἑς, (νύξ, φάος) *giving light by night, shining by night*.

νυκτοφύλακῃω, f. ἡσώ, *to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch*. From

νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. *excubitor*.

νυκτῶν, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύξ, ὤψ) *with the look of night, i. e. murky, obscure*.

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night*, Lat. *noctu*.

νύμφᾱ, poet. for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλη.

νύμφᾱ, Dor. for νύμφη.

νυμφ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) *the leader of the bride: esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom*.

νυμφαῖον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs*, Lat. *Nymphaeum*. From

νυμφαῖος, α, ὄν, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.

νυμφᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.

νυμφεῖος, α, ὄν, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*. II. as Subst., νυμφεῖον (sub. δῶμα),

τό, *the bridechamber*. 2. νυμφεῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *nuptial rites, marriage:—but, also, the bride herself*.

νύμφευμα, τό, (νυμφεύω) *marriage, espousal*. II. *the person married, a match*.

νυμφευτήριος, α, ὄν, (νυμφεύω) *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (νυμφεύω) *the friend of the bridegroom, = παρανύμφιος*. II. *a bridegroom, husband*.

νυμφεύτρια, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) *a bridesmaid*. II. *the bride herself*.

νυμφεύω, f. σω, (νύμφη) *to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber*. 2. *to marry, mostly of the woman*, Lat. *nubere*: but also

of the man, Lat. *ducere*. II. Pass., with fut. med. νυμφεύσομαι, aor. I both med. and pass. ἐνυμφευσά-

μην, ἐνυμφεύθην:—*to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman*. III. Med., of the man, *to take to wife*.

ΝΥΜΦΗ, ἡ, voc. also νύμφᾱ: *a bride*, Lat. *nupta*: hence, 2. *a young wife*. 3. *any married woman*, like Lat. *nympha*. 4. *a marriageable maiden*.

II. as prop. name, *a Nymph*, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαὶ Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: spring-

nymphs were Naiads, Ναΐδες; sea-nymphs, Νηρηίδες; mountain-nymphs, Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες or ὄρεάδες; tree-nymphs, from the oak their favourite tree, Δρυ-

άδες, Ἀμαδρνάδες, Ἀδρνάδες; rain-nymphs, Νύμφαι ὑάδες; meadow-nymphs, Νύμφαι λειμωνιάδες; rock-

nymphs, Νύμφαι πετραῖαι. 2. the Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of

rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, νυμ-



φύληπτοι, Lat. *lymbati*.

φυρά of moths.

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride: bridal, nuptial.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφίος, ό, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, husband. II.

as Adj, νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: bridal.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. II. to dress a bride, lead home as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking care of a bride: bridal.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by Nymphs, i. e. rapt, entranced, Lat. *lymbatus*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) honouring the bride; μέλος νυμφότιμον the song in honour of the bride.

νυμφών, ώνος, ό, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. now, at this very time, Lat. *nunc*; οί νυν άνθρωποι men of the present day; ό νυν χρόνος the time present. 2. with the

Article, τὸ νυν or τὰ νυν, τονύν or τανύν, as to the present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of νυν.

II. νυν also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, then, thereupon.

2. also an Inference, then, therefore; μη νυν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me.

3. in enclit. form νυν, used to strengthen a command, as, δευρό νυν quick then! φέρε νυν, άγε νυν come then.

νυνί Att. νύν, strengthd. like οὔτοσί for οὔτος, now, at this moment.

νυν ότε, = έστιν ότε, at times, sometimes.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat. NOX, whether the night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. *noctu*; νύκτα during the night, the night long:—so also with preps., ανά or διά νύκτα all night long; διά νυκτός in the course of the night; εκ νυκτός just after night-fall; so also υπό νύκτα; πόρρω της νυκτός far into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murkiness.

2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. 3. the nether world.

III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos.

IV. pl. νύκτες, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξε, Ep. for ένυξε, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

ΝΥΨ, ού, ή, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρός meant a man connected by marriage.

II. generally, a bride, mistress.

νύσσα, ης, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a race-course, viz.,

1. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. *meta*: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, έν νύσση έγ- χριμθῆναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. 3.

generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥΨΩ Att. νύττω: fut. νύξω: aor. I ένυξα:—Pass, aor. 2 ένύγην, inf. νύγηναι:—to prick, spur, pierce, puncture.

νυστάζω, fut. άσω and άξω:—to nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat. *dormito*: also to hang down the head. Hence

νυστακτής, ού, ό, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχᾶ, Adv. (νύξ) = νύκτωρ, by night. [ύ]

νύχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the being roused at night, rising by night.

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, Lat. *pervigilium*. [ύ] From

νύχεύω, f. σω, (νύξ) to watch the night through.

νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμέρα) a day and night.

νύχιος [ύ], α, ον, also os, ον, (νύξ): 1. act. doing a thing by night: as if asleep. 2. dark as night, murky.

νώ, for νῶϊ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two.

νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, όδούς) toothless, Lat. *e-dentulus*.

νωδυνία, ή, ease or relief from pain. From

νώδυνος, ον, (νη-, όδύνη) = άνώδυνος, without pain, pleasing, grateful. II. act. soothing pain.

νωε, poet. for νῶϊ.

ΝΩΘΗΣ, ές, gen. έος, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νώθητι, Ion. contr. for νοήθητι, aor. I pass. imperat. of νοέω.

νωθρός, ά, όν, = νωθής, sluggish, lazy, dull.

ΝΩΪ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two, us two.

Att. νῶ: poet. νῶε: gen. and dat. dual νῶιν, of us two, to us two; Att. νῶν. Hence

νωίτερος, α, ον, of, from, or belonging to us two. [ι]

νωλεμές, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμέως, Adv. = νωλεμές.

νώμα, τό, Ion. for νόημα.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dispense. II. to direct, guide, control: 1. of

weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. 2. of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

νῶν, Att. for νῶϊν; see νῶϊ.

νώνυμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of νάνυμος, like δί-δυμος for δίδυμος, άπάλαμνος for άπάλαμος.

νώνυμος, ον, (νη-, ένυμα Aeol. for ένομα) without name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νώροψ, οπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., νώροπι χαλκῶ, νώροπα χαλκόν flashing, gleaming brass.

νωσάμενος, νώσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and inf. of νοέω.

νωτ-ἀγωγέω, f. ἤσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγός) to carry on the back.

νωτ-ἀκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (νῶτον, ἀκμων) with mailed back.

νωτῖαιος, α, ον, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτῖαια ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight.

II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πόντον νωτίσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βάτέω, f. ἤσω, (νῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩΤΟΝ, τό, the back, Lat. *tergum*: the plural νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ νῶτον from behind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back.

νωχελής, ἐς, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -ίη, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

## Ξ

Ξ, ξι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see Η, η); before this it was represented by χσ.

II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξῶ for κλήσω, παῖξαι for παῖσαι, etc.

III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσύς τρισσύς Ion. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξανῶ: aor. I ξηνα:—Pass., aor. I ξέ-ανθην: pf. ξέαμαι:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning.

2. of cloth, to full, clean.

II. metaph. to treat as in fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθός, Dor. for ξανθός, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξανθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

ξανθό-γεως, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

ξανθό-θριξ, τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-haired.

ξανθο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

ξανθός, ἡ, ὅν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. *flavus*; ξανθαί τρίχες golden hair; ξανθὰ ἵππους

chestnut mares.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., I. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander.

2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φύης, ἐς, (ξανθός, φύη) yellow by nature.

ξανθο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χιτών) with yellow coat.

ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin.

ξάντης, ου, ὁ, fem. ξάντρια, (ξαίνω) a wool-carder.

ξεν-ἀπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

ξείνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

ξεινη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινοδ-.

ξεινήιον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξενεῖον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξενίζω, Ion. for ξενίσω.

ξείνη, ξεινικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξείνιον, τό, ξείνιος, η, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξενίσαι, Ep. for ξενίσαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίσω.

ξενίσσεν, Ep. for ξένισεν, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίσω.

ξεινο-δοκέω, ξεινο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεινοδ-.

ξεινο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξεινοκτονέω.

ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

ξεινοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξεινοσύνη.

ξεινώ, Ion. for ξενώ.

ξεν-ἀγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

ξενᾶγέω, f. ἤσω, (ξεναγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-ᾠγός, ὅν, (ξένος, ἡγέομαι) conducting strangers or guests.

II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-ἀπάτης ον, ὁ, poet. ξειν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ᾱ]

ξεν-αρκής, ἐς, (ξένος, ἀρκέω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ἡ, fem. of ξένος: I. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman.

II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

ξενηλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλατέω, (ξένος, ἐλαύνω) to banish foreigners.

ξενία Ep. ξενίη Ion. ξεινίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment.

2. a friendly relation between two princes or states.

II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξενίσω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξεινίσσω: aor. I ξένισα Ep. ξείνισσα or ξείνισσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably, Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ἡ, ὅν, also ὅς, ὅν, Ion. ξεινικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign.

2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries.

II. strange, foreign, outlandish.



**ξένιος**, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, Ion. **ξείνιος** (ξένος, ξείνος):—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality; ξένιος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality. II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα), τὰ, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

**ξένισις**, ἡ, (ξενίζω) the entertainment of a guest.

**ξενισμός**, οὐ, δ, = ξένισις.

**ξενιτεύω**, (ξένος), or **ξενιτεύομαι** as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service.

**ξено-δαίκτης**, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a murderer of a guest.

**ξено-δαίτης**, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

**ξено-δοκεῖον** and **-χεῖον**, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

**ξеноδοχέω** Ion. **ξеноδοκέω**, (ξеноδόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

**ξеноδοχία**, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger.

**ξено-δόχος**, ον, Ion. **ξено-δόκος**, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., ξено-δόκος, ὁ, the host, opp. to ξείνος, the guest.

**ξено-δότης**, ον, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the host.

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**ξено-δότης**, ον, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the host.

**ξено-δότης**, ον, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the host.

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

**ξενών**, ἄνθος, ὁ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

**ξένως**, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως εἶναι to be strange.

**ξένωσις**, ἡ, (ξενόω) estrangement: innovation.

**ΞΕΡΟΣ**, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for ξηρός, dry: ποτὶ ξερὸν to dry land.

**ξέσμα**, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothened, polished: hence = ξόανον, a statue or image.

**ξεσμάω**, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

**ξέσσε**, Ep. for ξέεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

**ξέστης**, ον, ὁ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

**ξεστός**, ἡ, ὄν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothened, polished.

**ΞΕΩ**, f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσσω: aor. I ξέεσα Ep. ξέσσα:—to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. II.

to carve or work in wood or stone.

**ξηνας**, part. aor. I of ξαίνω.

**ξηραίνω**, f. ἄνω: aor. I ξήρανα:—Pass., aor. I ξήρανθην: pf. ξήρασμαι or ξήραμμαι: (ξηρός):—to parch up, dry up:—Pass. to become or be dry, parched.

2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

**ξηρ-ἀλοιφέω**, f. ἡσω, (ξηρός, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

**ξηρ-αμπέλινος**, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἀμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

**ξηρανθεῖς**, aor. I pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

**ΞΗΡΟΣ**, ἄ, ὄν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, baggard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, harsh. III. generally, drained, exhausted. IV. as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά; so also τὸ ξηρόν.

**ξηρότης**, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

**ξηρο-φαγέω**, f. ἡσω, (ξηρός, φαγεῖν) to eat dry food.

**ξίφ-ήρης**, es, (ξίφος, ἀρᾶρειν) armed with a sword, sword in hand.

**ξίφ-φόρος**, ον, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in hand.

**ξίφιδιον**, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [ῖ]

**ξίφο-δήλητος**, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

**ξίφο-κτόνος**, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. proparox. ξιφόκτονος, ον, pass. slain by the sword.

**ξίφο-μάχαιρα**, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [ᾱ]

**ΞΙΦΟΣ** Dor. σκίφος, εος, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from the sabre, μάχαιρα. [ῖ]

ξιφ-ουλκός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔλκω) *drawing a sword*.  
 ξιφ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔργον) *making swords*.  
 ξόανον, τό, (ξέω) *an image carved of wood: the statue of a god*.

ξόανο-ποιία, ἡ, (ξόανον, ποιεῖω) *a carving of images*.

ξοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξέω) *a sculptor's chisel*.

ξουθό-πτερος, ὄν, (ξουθός, πτερόν) *having dusky wings*.

ΞΟΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ξανθός, *a colour between ξανθός and πυρρός, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, shrill, thrilling; τέττιξ ξουθὰ λαλῶν the cicada with its shrill note*.

ξυγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-.

ξύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, old Att. for σύγκλεισις.

ξύγκληω, f. ἤσω, old Att. for συγκλείω.

ξύλη, ἡ, (ξύω) = κνήστις, *a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp*. II. *a curved dagger, used by the Spartans*.

ξύληγιω, f. ἤσω, *to carry wood or timber*. From

ξύλ-ηγός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) *carrying wood*.

ξύλιζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) *to carry or gather wood*, Lat. lignari.

ξύλινος, η, ὄν, (ξύλον) *of wood, wooden*. [ῥ]

ξύλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-.

ξύλο-κόπος, ὄν, (ξύλον, κόπτω) *beating, felling wood*. 2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, ὁ, *a wood-cutter*.

ξύλον, τό, (ξύω) *wood ready for use, firewood, timber, etc.: in pl, ξύλα νῆα ship-timber*. II. *a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel*. 2. *a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him*,

δησαί τινα ἐν ξύλῳ: the πεντεσύριγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs. 3. *a bench, table, esp. a money-changer's table*. 4. *πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors*.

III. *later, a tree; cp. εἶριον*.

ξύλο-τόμος, ὄν, (ξύλον, τεμῖν) *cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, ὁ, a wood-cutter*.

ξύλουργέω, f. ἤσω, (ξύλουργός) *to work wood*. Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ἡ, *the working of wood*.

ξύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) *working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργός, ὁ, a joiner, carver of images*.

ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχίσδομαι, Dep. *to gather wood*. From

ξύλ-οχος, ἡ, (ξύλον, ἔχω) *a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast*.

ξύλ-ω, f. ὥσω, (ξύλον) *to make of wood*. Hence

ξύλ-ωσις, ἡ, *the wood-work, framework of a house*.

ξύμβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνω.

ξύμβλημεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμβάλλω:

ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξύμμ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-.

ΞΥΝ, used in old Att. for the later and more common σύν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of ξυν-, v. sub συν-.

ξυνᾶγείρατο, Ep. for συνηγείρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναγείρω.

ξυνάν, ἄνος, ὁ, = ξυνάων, ξυνήων, η. v.

ξυνάων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. for ξυνήων. [ᾱ]

ξυνέαξα, aor. I of συνάγνυμι.

ξυν-εείκοσι, Ep. for ξυνείκοσι, συνείκοσι, (ξύν, εἴκοσι) *twenty at a time, twenty together*.

ξυνήκα, Ep. for ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήμι.

ξυνέκληον, old Att. impf. of συγκλείω.

ξυνελάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνελαύνω.

ξύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνήμι.

ξυνεών, ἄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ξυνήων.

ξυνῆ, Adv., = κοινῇ, *in common*, properly dat. fem. of ξυνός.

ξυνήμιος, η, ὄν, Ep. for ξύνειος, (ξυνός) *public, common: as Subst., ξυνήμια, τά, public property*.

ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήμι.

ξυνήων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. ξυνάων [ᾱ], Ion. ξυνεών Dor.

ξυνάν: (ξυνός): *a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: ἅλς ξυνάων the salt on the common table*.

ξύντε, pres. imperat. of ξυνήμι, as if from \*ξυνίω.

ξύνλει, pres. imperat. of ξυνήμι, as if from \*ξυνιέω. [ῥ]

ξύντον, Ep. for ξυνιέσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνήμι. [ῥ]

ξυνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξύν) = κοινός, from which it only differs in dialect, *common, public, general, belonging to all in common*; ξυνὰ λέγειν *to speak for the common good*: dat. fem. ξυνῇ as Adv. = κοινῇ, *in common*; so too neut. pl. ξυνά. Hence

ξυνό-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξυνός, φρήν) *like-minded*.

ξυνο-χάρης, ἐς, (ξυνός, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing with all alike*.

ξυνωνία, ἡ, = κοινωνία, *partnership, fellowship*.

ξυον, Ep. for ξέϋον, impf. of ξύω.

ξυράω or -έω: f. ἤσω: (ξυρόν):—*to shave*; proverb., ξυρεῖν ἐν χρῶ *to shave to the quick*.—Med., with pf. pass. ἐξύρημαι: *to shave oneself or get oneself shaved*: also c. acc., ξυρεῖσθαι κεφαλὴν *to shave one's head or get it shaved*.

ξυρ-ήκης, ἐς, (ξυρόν, ἀκή) *keen as a razor, with a razor's edge*. II. *close-shaven*.

ξυρο-δόκη and ξυρο-δόχη, ἡ, (ξυρόν, δέχομαι) *a razor-case*.

ξυρόν, τό, (ξύω) *a razor*: proverb. of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἵσταται ἀκμῆς... ὀλεθρος ἢ βίωται death or life stands on a razor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῖν τὰ πράγματα *our affairs rest on a razor's edge*.

ξυρο-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (ξυρόν, φέρω) *to carry a razor*.

ξυρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

ξύρω, = ξυράω: aor. I med. ἐξυράμην.

ξύσαι, aor. I inf. of ξύω.

ξύσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ξύω.

ξύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ἡ, (ξύω) *that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings*.

ξύστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ξύω) *a graving tool*, Lat. scalprum.

ξύστις, ἴδος, Att. ξύστις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a robe with a sweeping train*.



ξυστο-βόλος, ον, (ξυστόν, βαλεῖν) *spear-darting, hurling the javelin.*

ξυστόν, τό, (ξύω) *the polished shaft of a spear*, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, *a spear, dart, javelin*: generally, *a pole, shaft.* (Properly neut. of the Adj. ξυστός.)

ξυστός, ό, (ξύω) *a covered colonnade* in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor.

II. in Roman villas, *a terrace with a colonnade*, also *xystum*. (Properly masc. of the Adj. ξυστός, sub. δρόμος.)

ξυστός, ύν, (ξύω) *scraped, polished*, Lat. *rasus*.

ξυστο-φόρος, ον, (ξυστόν, φέρω) *carrying a spear.*

ξύστρα, ή, = ξυστρίς.

ξύστρίς, ίδος, ή, (ξύω) *a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil* used after bathing.

ΞΥΩ: impf. ἐξῦον Ep. ξῦον: f. ξύσω: aor. 1 ἐξῦσα: —Pass., aor. 1 ἐξύσθην: pf. ἐξυσμαι:—*to scrape, plane, smooth or polish.*

2. generally, *to make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately.* 3. ξῦσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοίων *to rub away, get rid of* sad old age.

## Ο

Ο, ο, ό μικρόν, *little*, i. e. *short o*, (in opp. to ό μέγα *great*, i. e. *long and double o*, ω being for oo): fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral ο', 70, but ρ, 70,000.

Ο came very near to diphth. ου, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μούνος νοῦσος for μόνος νόσος.

Aeol., ο is often changed into υ, as ὄνυμα μύγισ for ὄνομα μόγισ. II. Dor. often for οι, as ἀγνοιέω for ἀγνοίω πνοιά for ἀγνοίω πτοέω πνοά.

III. like α, ο is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω ὀκέλλω, δύρομαι ὀδύρομαι.

IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, ο, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. η, as θεογενής θεοδόκος ξιφοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεᾷγενής) θεηδόκος ξιφηφόρος.

Ο, Η, ΤΟ, is, A. demonstr. Pronoun; B. the definite Article; C. accentuated in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. ό, ή, τό, relative Pronoun for ός, ή, ύ.

Gen. τοῦ, τῆς, τοῦ: dat. τῷ, τῇ, τῷ: acc. τόν, τήν, τό:—dual nom. and acc. τῶ, τᾶ, τῶ: gen. and dat. τοῖν, ταῖν, τοῖν:—plur. nom. οἱ, αἱ, τᾶ: gen. τῶν: dat. τοῖς, ταῖς, τοῖς: acc. τοὺς, τὰς, τᾶ. Homer has also gen. sing. τοῖο for τοῦ, nom. pl. τοί, ταί, gen. pl. fem. τᾶων [ᾶ], dat. pl. τοῖσι, τῇς and τῇσι, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. ό, ή, τό, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN, for ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst.

not as the Article, but like Lat. *ille*, ὁ Τυδείδης *the*

*famous son of Tydeus*; Νέστωρ ὁ γέραν Nestor, *that* aged man.

II. without a Subst., *be, she, it, as*, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε for *he came*.

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: 1. before relat. Pronouns ός, ὅσος, οἷος, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐφάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλαν, τῶν, ὅσσοι Λυκίην ναιετάουσιν I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, *namely those who*, etc.

2. ό μέν... , ό δέ... , from Homer downwards a very common phrase, *sometimes* in opposition (where ό μέν refers to *the former*, ό δέ to *the latter*), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, *the one... , the other... ,* Lat. *bic... , ille... : in neut. τὸ μέν... , τὸ δέ... , in adverbial sense, partly... , partly... : also τὰ μέν... , τὰ δέ...—Ο δέ... often occurs without ό μέν... before. On the other hand οἱ μέν... is often answered by some similar word, as ἀλλά, or by ἕτερος δέ... , ἐνιοι δέ... , etc.*

B. ό, ή, τό, THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, *the*, the indefin. Pron. being τις, τι. The use of ό, ή, τό, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as τὸν ἀριστον, *him that was bravest*, came to mean simply *the bravest*; φίλους ποιῆσθαι *to make friends*, but τοὺς φίλους ποιῆσθαι *to make the friends one does make*.

Peculiar usages of the Article. 1. it may stand with prop. names, as ὁ Σωκράτης; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σωκράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος.

2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, τὸ εἶναι *the being*, τοῦ εἶναι, etc.

3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as, τὸ νῦν *the present*; οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι *the men of that time*. The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αὔριον (sc. ἡμέρα) *the morrow*.

4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gend., as, τὸ ἄνθρωπος *the word or notion man*; τὸ λέγω *the word λέγω*, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα εἶναι τῶν ζώντων ὀλβιον *the fact or statement that no living man is happy*.

5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as τὰ νῦν *now*, τὸ πρὶν *formerly*.

6. before the interrog. Pron., τις or ποῖος, mostly in neut. sing., τὸ τί; τὸ ποῖον; to make the question more precise.

II. in elliptic expressions: 1. before gen. of a prop. name, ὁ Διός *the son of Jupiter*, ἡ Λητοῦς *the daughter of Latona*, where υἱός or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as *brother, wife*, etc.

2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as τὸ τῆς πόλεως *that which belongs to the state*, nearly the same as ἡ πόλις; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, τὰ τῶν Περσῶν *the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians*, etc.; τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν *to hold the sentiments of the Athenians*, i. e. *be on their side*: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., τὸ ἐμόν, τὸ σόν

what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῇ of Place, there, that way, here, this way, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards, thither. 3. of Manner, τῇπερ in this way, thus. 4. repeated τῇ μὲν . . . , τῇ δέ . . . , of Place, here . . . , there . . . : also on the one part . . . , on the other . . . 5. relative, where, for ἧ, only Ep. II. τῷ, dat. neut., therefore, on this account. 2. thus, so, in this wise, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ὅ neut. from ὅς), wherefore. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. wherefore. V. with Prepositions, of Time, ἐκ τοῦ ever since, ἐν τῷ whilst.

C. ὅ, ἧ, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for ὅς, ἧ, ὅ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. του, τῷ, are used for τίνος, τινί, from the INDEFINITE PRONOUN τις τί. So Ion. τεο, contr. τευ: dat. τῷ: gen. and dat. pl. τεων, τεοις τεοισι:—but τοῦ; Ion. τέο; τεῦ; for τίνος; interrog., wherefore? dat. τέφ for τινί; pl. gen. τέων; dat. τέοις, τέοισι.

ὅ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ὅς; v. ὅ, ἧ, τό c.

ὅ, neut. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

ὀά, woe! Lat. *vae*! [ōā]

ὄΑΡ, ὄαρος, ἧ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὀάρων: contr. nom. ὤρ, with dat. pl. ὤρεσσι. Hence

ὀαρίζω contr. ὠρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, bold converse with. Hence

ὀαρισμός, οὔ, ὅ, familiar converse, fond discourse.

ὀαριστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ὀαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosom-friend.

ὀαριστύς, ὅς, ἧ, Ion. for ὀαρισμα, (ὀαρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, intercourse. 3. a band or company.

ὄΑΡΟΣ, ὅ, = ὀαρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

ὄΑσις, ἧ, Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὀβελίσκος, ὅ, Dim. of ὀβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὀβελός Acol. and Dor. ὀδελός, οὔ, ὅ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὀβελός, = βέλος with ο prefixed.)

ὀβολός, οὔ, ὅ, collat. form of ὀβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, 1/8th of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὀβολοστατέω, f. ἥσω, to practise petty usury. From ὀβολο-στάτης, ου, ὅ, (ὀβολός, ἵστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [ā]

ὄΒΡΙΑ, τά, the young of animals.

ὀβρίκαλα, τά, = ὄβρια. [ī]

ὀβρίμο-εργός, ὄν, (ὄβριμος, ἔργον) doing deeds of violence or wrong.

ὀβρίμό-θυμος, ὄν, (ὄβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded.

ὄβριμο-πάτηρ, ἧ, (ὄβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

ὄΒΡΙΜΟΣ, ὄν, also ἧ, ὄν, strong, mighty.

ὄγδοάς, ἧ, (ὄκτώ) the number eight.

ὄγδοάτος, ἧ, ὄν, poet. for ὄγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:—ἧ ὄγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighth day.

ὄγδοήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ὄκτώ) eighty.

ὄγδοηκοντᾶ-ετής, ἧ, ὄν, or ὄγδοηκοντ-ούτης, ἧ, (ὄγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) eighty years old.

ὄγδοηκοστός, ἧ, ὄν, (ὄγδοήκοντα) the eightieth.

ὄγδοος, ἧ, ὄν, (ὄκτώ) the eighth, Lat. *octavus*.

ὄγδῶκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὄγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. *octoginta*.

ὄγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἧ, ὄν, contr. for ὄγδοηκονταετής, eighty years old.

ὄ-γε, ἧ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. ὅ, ἧ, τό, made more emphat. by the addition of γε, Lat. *bicce*, *baecce*, *bocce*, *he*, *she*, *it*. 2. fem. dat. τῇ-γε, used as Adv. of place, here, on this spot. 3. acc. neut. τό-γε on this account, for this very reason.

ὄΓΚΑ poet. ὄΓκαίη, ἧ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her ὄΓκαῖοι or ὄΓκαῖδης.

ὄγκάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ὄγκηθμός, ὅ, a braying.

ὄγκηρός, ἧ, ὄν, (ὄγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph. stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. *molestus*.

ὄγκητής, οὔ, ὅ, (ὄγκάομαι) a brayer, i. e. an ass.

ὄγκιον, τό, (ὄγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

ὄΓΚΟΣ, ὅ, (A), (ἀγκος) a bend, curve, hence a book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

ὄΓΚΟΣ, ὅ, (B), bulk, mass; ὄγκος φρυγάνων a heap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

ὄγκῶ, f. ὥσω: aor. I ὥγκωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὥγκωην: pf. ὥγκωμαι: (ὄγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:—Pass. to be heaped up, swollen. II. metaph. to exalt, raise to honour: but also, to puff up with pride:—Pass. to be puffed up, swollen, elated.

ὄγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὄγκῶμαι.

ὄγκ-ώδης, ἧ, ὄν, (ὄγκος B, εἶδος) bulky, swollen, rounded: turgid.

ὄγκωτός, ἧ, ὄν, (ὄγκῶ) heaped up.

ὄγμεύω, f. -εύσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ὄγμενον αὐτῷ they were marching in file before him: metaph., ὄγμεύειν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man. From

ὄγμος, ὅ, (ἀγω) anything traced in a straight line; a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly bodies.



ῥΟΓΧΝΗ, ἡ, a pear-tree.

II. a pear.

ὁδ-αγός, ὁ, Dor. for ὁδηγός.

ὁδαῖος, α, ον, (ὁδός) belonging to a way or journey. II. ὁδαῖα, τά, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

ὁδάξ, Adv. (δάκνω with ο euphon.) with the teeth, by biting, Lat. mordicus. Hence

ὁδάξω or as Dep. ὁδάξομαι: impf. ὠδαξον: pf. pass. ὠδαγμαι:—to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. II. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

ὁδάω, f. ἤσω, (ὁδός) to export and sell, traffic in:—Pass. to be carried away and sold.

ὅ-δε, ἡ-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr. Pron. ὅ, ἡ, τό, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσσιν, as well as τοῖσδε: Att. more emphat. ὁδί, ἡδί, τοδί, etc. [i]:—ὅδε, ἡδε, τόδε is much the same as οὗτος, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat. bicce, haecce, bocce: as opposed to οὗτος, ὅδε marks what is to follow, while οὗτος refers to what has been before mentioned. II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. hic, as Adv. of Place, here, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as, ἐγχος μὲν τόδε κεῖται ἐπὶ χθονός here lies the lance upon the ground; Ἀχιλλεύς ἐγγὺς ὅδε κλονέων here is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers. Pron., ὅδ' εἰμί, ὅδ' ἐγὼ ἤλυθον here am I. 3. with τίς, τίς ὅδε Νausικάα ἐπεται; who is here following Nausicaa? 4. also with Verbs of motion, like δεῦρο, hither. III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῷδ' ἐνὶ δήμῳ here amid this very people. IV. ὅδ' αὐτός, stronger form for ὁ αὐτός, the very same, this very; τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος this very year. V. in Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, ὅδ' ἀνὴρ, or ὅδε alone, this man here, the man before you, i. e. myself, emphatic for ἐγώ. VI. ellipt. with gen., ἐς τόδε χρόνον to this point of time.

B. absol. usage of some cases: τῇδε of Place, here, on the spot, Lat. hac. 2. of the Way or Manner, thus. II. acc. neut. τόδε, hither, to this spot. 2. therefore, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, on this account. 2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. pl. τοῖσδε, τοῖσδε on this wise, after this fashion; also, with these words.

ὁδελός, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for ὁβελός and ὁβολός. ὁδευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a wayfarer, traveller. From ὁδεύω, f. σω, (ὁδός) to go, journey, travel. ὁδηγέω, f. ἤσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew one the way, guide, act as guide. From

ὁδ-ηγός Dor. ὁδ-αγός, ὁ, (ὁδός, ἄγω) a guide. ὁδί, ἡδί, τοδί, Att. for ὅδε, ἡδε, τόδε, q. v. [i] ὁδῖος, ον, (ὁδός) belonging to a way or journey: auspicious for the journey.

ὁδισμα, ατος, τό, (ὁδός) a means of passing, way. ὁδίτης, ον, ὁ, (ὁδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dor. acc. ὁδίταν. [i]

ὁδμή Ion. ὁσμή, ἡ, (ὄζω) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

ὁδοιπλάνέω, f. ἤσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

ὁδοι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ὁδός, πλανάομαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

ὁδοιπορέω: impf. ὠδοιπόρουν: f. ἤσω: pf. ὠδοιπόρηκα: (ὁδοιπόρος):—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

ὁδοιπορία, ἡ, a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

ὁδοιπορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a journey. Adv. -κῶς, like a traveller.

ὁδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From

ὁδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὁδός, πόρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὁδοιπόρος, ὁ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

ὁδόντα, ὁδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of ὁδούς.

ὁδοντο-φόρος, ον, (ὁδούς, φέρω) bearing teeth; κόσμος ὁδ. an ornament consisting of strings of teeth.

ὁδοντο-φύτης, ἐς, (ὁδούς, φύω) sprung from teeth.

ὁδοντώ, f. ὠσω, (ὁδούς) to furnish with teeth. Hence

ὁδοντωτός, ἡ, ὄν, furnished with teeth.

ὁδοποιέω: impf. ὠδοποιούν: f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ὠδοποίημαι: (ὁδοποιός):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:—Pass., of roads, to be made fit for use. 2. to make practicable or passable. 3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:—Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat. progredi.

ὁδοποιία, ἡ, road-making, the duty of a pioneer. From

ὁδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὁδός, ποιέω) making roads: as Subst., ὁδοποιός, ὁ, a road-maker, pioneer: a road-surveyor.

ὁδός, οὐ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, a threshold. ῥΟΔΟΨ Aeol. οὐδός, οὐ, ἡ, a way, path, road, highway: a track, pathway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the way; κατ' ὁδόν by the way. II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: οἰωνῶν ὁδοί the flight of birds; λογίων ὁδός the way, i. e. meaning, of the oracles. III. metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

ὁδ-οῦρος, ον, (ὁδός, οὔρος) watching or guarding the road: as fem. Subst., ὁδοῦρος, ἡ, a conductress.

ῥΟΔΟΥΨ, in Ion. Prose ὁδών, ὁ, gen. ὁδόντος: dat. pl. ὁδοῦσι:—a tooth, Lat. dens; ἔρκος ὁδόντων, see ἔρκος.

ὁδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὁδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [v]

ὁδός, f. ὠσω: aor. 1 ὠδωσα: (ὁδός):—to lead into the right way: to put in the way: c. inf., ὠδωσε βροτοὺς φρονεῖν be guided mortals to be wise; also to

bring, send:—Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

ὀδυνᾶσαι, for ὀδυνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of ὀδυνᾶω.

ὀδυνᾶω, f. ἤσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

ὈΔΥ'ΝΗ, ἡ, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, 2. of mind, grief, distress. [ῥ]

ὀδυνήρος Dor. -ᾱρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀδύνη) painful. 2. grievous: distressing. Adv. -ῥως.

ὀδυνή-φᾶτος, ὄν, (ὀδύνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φένω) killing (i. e. stilling, assuaging) pain.

ὀδυρμα, ατος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and

ὀδυρμός, ὄ, a wailing, lamenting. From

ὈΔΥ'ΡΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δύρομαι: Ion. 3 sing. impf. ὀδυρέσκετο: fut. ὀδυροῦμαι: aor. I ὠδύράμην, part. ὀδυράμενος:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absol. to wail, mourn. [ῥ] Hence

ὀδυρτός, ἡ, ὄν, mourned for, lamentable: ὀδυρτά, as Adv., lamentably.

ὀδύσαντο, Ep. for ὠδίσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀδύσσομαι.

Ὀδυσσεΐα, ἡ, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey. From

Ὀδυσσεύς, ἴως, ὄ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulixes, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the Odyssey: Ep. dec. ens., Ὀδυσσεύς, -ῆος, -ῆι, -ῆα: Ep. nom. also Ὀδῦσεύς: Aeol. gen. Ὀδῦσεύς.

\*ὈΔΥ'ΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. I med. ὠδυσάμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὠδίσαιο, ὠδύσατο, Ep. 3 pl. ὠδύσαντο, part. ὠδυσσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. ὠδώδυσται (redupl. for ὠδυσται):—to be grieved or worried at, c. dat.

ὀδῶδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδή, ἡ, (ὀζω) smell, scent, odour, also the sense of smell.

ὀδῶδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀδύσσομαι.

ὀδών, ὄντος, ὄ, Ion. for ὀδούς, a tooth.

ὀδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀδύω) passable: practicable.

ὀεσσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ὄεις, οἷς.

ὀζαλέος, α, ὄν, (ὀζος) branching.

ὀζήσω, fut. of ὀζω.

Ὀζόλαι, οἱ, the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.

\*ὈΖΟΣ, ὄν, ὄ, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. II.

metaph. an offshoot, scion; ὄζος Ἄρηνος scion of Mars: cf. ἔρνος, θάλος.

ὀζό-στομος, ὄν, (ὀζω, στόμα) with bad breath.

ὈΖΩ, fut. ὀζήσω: pf. with pres. sense ὀδῶδα: plqpf. with impf. sense ὠδῶδεν, Ep. 3 sing. ὠδῶδει:—to smell, to have a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, ὀζειν ἰών to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid; Κρονίων ὀζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., τῆς κεφαλῆς ὀζω μύρου I smell of ointment from the

head. II. often used impers., ὀζει ἡδὺ τῆς χροῆς there is a sweet smell from the skin; ἱματίων ὀζήσει δεξιότητος there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

ὀθεν, Adv. (ὄς) whence, from whence, Lat. unde: also of persons, from whom et which. 2. also like

οὐ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὅθι, ὅπου, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. II.

in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

ὅθι, relat. Adv., poet. for οὐ, where, Lat. ubi.

ὀθνεῖος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (ἔθνος) strange, foreign.

\*ὈΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to have a care or concern for, take heed, regard: c. part., οὐκ ὅθετο βέξων be recked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ὅθουμαι κοτέοντος I do not heed him when he is angry.

ὈΘΟ'ΝΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

ὀθόνινος, η, ὄν, made of linen.

ὀθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀθύνη, a piece of fine linen, in pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

ὀθ-οῦνεκα, for ὅθου ἐνεκα, because: sometimes also for ὅτι, that, Lat. quod.

ὀ-θριξ, gen. ὀτρίχος, poet. for ὀμό-θριξ, ὄ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, θριξ) with like hair.

ΟΙ', exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, ob! ab! Lat. heu or vae: sometimes c. nom., οἱ ἔγω: mostly c. dat., οἱ μοι.

οἱ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὁ.

οἷ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

οἱ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem., for αὐτῷ αὐτῇ, to him, to her: more rarely used in the reflexive sense himself, as the Ep. ἐοῖ is always used; often also οἱ αὐτῷ, to himself. The Nom. is wanting, gen. οὗ, acc. ἑ.

οἷ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὅς, whither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen., οἱ κακῶν to what a height of miseries.

οἰακίζω Ion. οἰηκ-, f. σω, (οἰαξ) to steer, manage.

οἰακισμα, τό, (οἰακίζω) the act of steering or governing. [ᾱ]

οἰακο-νόμος, ὄν, (οἰαξ, νέμω) holding the helm, steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἰακοστροφίω, f. ἤσω, to turn the helm, steer. From

οἰακο-στροφός, ὄν, (οἰαξ, στρέφω) guiding the helm, steering.

ΟΙ'ΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. οἷηξ, ηκος, ὄ, the tiller, handle of the rudder, the helm. 2. pl. οἷηκες, the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Οἰᾶτις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Οἶα.

οἷγνυμι or -ύω, lengthd. from ΟΙ'ΓΩ: f. οἷζω: aor. I ὤξα Ep. ὠξα, part. οἷζας:—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ὠγνυντο: aor. I ὤχην:—to open, unlock: of a cask, to broach.

οἶδα, I know, pf. with pres. sense of \*εἶδω, v. εἶδω B. οἰδάνω [ᾱ] or οἰδαίνω, (οἰδέω) to make to swell,



swell, Lat. *tumefacere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. = οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶσθα.  
οἰδέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ᾤδησα: pf. ᾤδηκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰδεῖν τῷ πόδε to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματα οἰδεύοντα unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

οἰδημα, τό, a swelling, tumour.  
Οἰδι-πόδης, ου, ὁ, properly patronym. of Οἰδίπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδίπους, Oedipus himself.

Οἰδί-πους, ποδός, ὁ: acc. -ποδα and -πουν: voc. -πους, more rarely -που: (οἰδέω, πούς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδίπος, ου, ὁ. [Ὶ]  
οἶσμα, ατος, τό, (οἰδέω) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

Οἶδος, τό, a swelling, tumour.  
οἶος, α, ου, (οἶς) of or from a sheep; ἡ οἶη (sub. δορά) a sheepskin.

οἶεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of οἶς.  
οἶ-έτης, ες, (ὁμός, ἔτος) contr. for ὁμοέτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὁθρις.

οἶζυος, ου, = οἶζυρος.  
οἶζυρος Att. οἶζυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶζυς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οἶζυρώτερος, -ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ότατος.

οἶζυς Att. οἶζυς, υός, ἡ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. οἶζυι for οἶζυι: (οἶ):—woe, misery, distress, bardship. [Ὶ] in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. ῡ.] Hence

οἶζύω Att. οἶζύω (as trisyll.): f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I οἶζυσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἰηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἰομαι.  
οἰηιον, τό, = οἰηξ, οἰαξ, a rudder, helm. [Ὶ]  
οἰηκίζω, Ion. for οἰακίζω.

οἰηξ, ηκος, Ion. for οἰαξ, ἄκος.  
οἰησομαι, fut. of οἰομαι.  
οἶς, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for οἶς, a sheep: acc. οἶδα.

οἶκα, ας, ε, Ion. for ἔοικα.  
οἶκαδε Dor. οἶκαδης, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἶκόνδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἶκοι, at home.

οἰκέαται Ion. for ᾠκηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω.  
οἰκεῖος, α, ου, also ος, ου: Ion. οἰκήσιος, η, ου, (οἶκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic:—τὰ οἰκεῖα household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἰ οἰκεῖοι friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., οἰ οἰκηιώτατοι τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ οἰκεῖον relationship.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ἡ οἰκεῖα ἡ οἰκήνη (sub. γῆ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον = τὸ καθήκον, what is suitable, befitting.

οἰκειότης Ion. οἰκηιότης, ητος, ἡ, relationship: intimacy, friendship: also marriage.

οἰκεῖω Ion. οἰκηῖω: f. ὤσω: (οἰκεῖος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκεῖως, Adv. of οἰκεῖος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκεῖως ἔχειν πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally: dutifully.

οἰκεῖω, poet. for οἰκέω.  
οἰκεῖωσις, ἡ, (οἰκεῖω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκετεῖα, ἡ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*. From

οἰκετεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From  
οἰκέτης, ου, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of οἰκέτης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῦντες, Dor. for οἰκοῦντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω.  
οἰκεύς, ἴως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. ᾤκεον contr. -οῦν Ion. οἰκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I ᾤκησα: pf. ᾤκηκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I ᾤκήθην: pf. ᾤκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι: (οἶκος): I. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilized world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκίζω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. ᾤκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern. II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ κακῶς the state is ill managed.

οἰκήας, Ep. for οἰκεῖς, acc. pl. of οἰκεύς.  
οἰκήσιος, η, ου, Ion. for οἰκεῖος.

οἰκηιότης, ητος, ἡ, Ion. for οἰκειότης.  
οἰκηῖω, Ion. for οἰκεῖω.

οἰκημα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκῆν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.  
οἰκήσιμος, ου, habitable. From

οἰκησις, ἡ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = οἰκητής.  
οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, ου, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.  
οἰκητός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = οἰκητήρ, -τής, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II. a housebold: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia. III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence

οἰκίδικός, ἡ, ὄν, of one's own house, domestic.  
οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house.  
οἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ὤκισα Ion. οἰκισα:—Med., fut. οἰκιοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκισθήσομαι: aor. I ὤκισθην: pf. ὤκισμαι Ion. οἰκισμαι: (οἶκος):—to build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκίον, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τά, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκίσις, ἡ, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκισται, Ion. for ὤκισται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω.

οἰκιστήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οἰκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκο-γενής, ἐς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἴσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκο-δεσπότης, ον, ὁ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομεῖσθαι οἶκμα to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a house built, building.

οἰκοδόμησις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκο-δόμος, ον, (οἶκος, δέμω) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοθί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οἶκοι, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τὰ οἶκοι one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκαδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home.

οἰκονομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

housebold or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ὄν, conversant with the management of a housebold or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy; also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κῶς. From

οἰκο-νόμος, ον, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a housebold or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκό-πεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκο-ποιός, ὄν, (οἶκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόριος, α, ον, Dor. for οἰκούριος.

Οἶκος, ον, ὁ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἴκους at home. 2.

part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3. a temple. II. housebold affairs, house-wifery: housebold property, house and goods. III. a housebold, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἶκος, Ion. for ἑοικός, part. neut. of ἑοικα.

οἰκό-σιτος, ον, (οἶκος, σίτος) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκο-τριβής, ἐς, (οἶκος, τρίβηναι) ruining a house or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the house, Lat. verba.

οἰκο-τύραννος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for ἑοικότως, Adv. of ἑοικῶς (part. of ἑοικα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκέω.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκουρός) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκούρημα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; οἰκούρημα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκουρία, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at home: inactivity.

οἰκούριος, ον, belonging to housekeeping; hence τὰ οἰκούρια (sub. ἔμψα), wages for housekeeping. II. keeping within doors: ἐταῖραι οἰκούρια (Dor. for οἰκούρ-) female house-mates. From

οἰκο-ουρός, ὄν, (οἶκος, οὔρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθορία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκο-φθόρος, ον, (οἶκος, φθείρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a house-guard.

οἰκτεῖρημα, τό, and οἰκτεῖρησις, ἡ, pity. From

οἰκτεῖρω: impf. ὤκτειρον Ion. οἰκτεῖρον: fut. οἰκτερώ: aor. I ὤκτειρα, (οἶκος):—to pity, have pity or com-



passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινός to pity one for or because of a thing.

οἰκτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὤκτισα: (οἰκτος):—to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Med. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οἰκτιρμός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτεῖρω) pity, compassion.

οἰκτιρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτεῖρω) merciful.

οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτίστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτρός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. αἰσχύρος, αἰσχιστος; but the Comp. is οἰκρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. most miserably.

Οἰκτος, ου, ὁ, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.

οἰκτρό-βιος, ον, (οἰκτρός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οἰκτρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἰκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκρότερος, οἰκρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτίστος.

οἰκτρο-χοέω, (οἰκτρός, χέω) to pour forth piteously.

οἰκτρῶς, Adv. of οἰκτρός, piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα.

οἰκῶς, νία, ὅς, Ion. for εἰκῶς, part. of εἰκομαι.

οἰκ-ωφελής, ἐς, (οἰκος, ὠφελέω) profitable to a house.

οἰκωφελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (οἰκωφελής) profit to a house:

hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οἶμα, ατος, τό, (\*οἶω=φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.

οἶμαι, Att. contr. from οἶομαι.

οἶμάω, f. ἤσω, (οἶμα)=ὄρμάω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.

Οἶμη, ἡ, =οἶμος, a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οἶμοι, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, woe's me! οἶμοι is used with a nom., as, οἶμοι ἐγὼ ab me! woe's me! or with a gen., as, οἶμοι τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

Οἶμος, ου, ὁ, a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph.

like οἶμη, οἶμος ἀοιδῆς the course or strain of song, a song, lay.

οἰμωγή, ἡ, (οἰμῶζω) properly a crying οἶμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οἰμωγμα, ατος, τό, a cry of lamentation, wail: and

οἰμωγμός, ὁ, a lamenting. From

οἰμῶζω, fut. οἰμῶξομαι later οἰμῶξω: aor. I ὤμωξα: (οἶμοι):—to cry οἶμοι, (as αἰάζω to cry αἶ, αἶ), to wail, lament; οἰμῶξε, as a curse, go bowl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἰμῶξεται; shall he not have to cry out? i. e. shall he not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc.

οἰμωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰμῶζω) to be pitied or bewailed.

οἰμῶξε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of οἰμῶζω.

οἶν-άνθη, ἡ, (οἶνη, ἄνθη) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine.

2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

οἶν-ανθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, =οἶνάνθη.

οἶνάρειον, τό, =οἶναρον.

οἶνἀρίζω, f. σω, (οἶναρον) to strip off vine-leaves.

οἶνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, weak, poor wine.

οἶνᾶρον, τό, (οἶνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.

Οἶ'νη, ἡ, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2. =οἶνος, wine.

οἶνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶνος) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. vinosus. II. containing wine. III. of countries, rich in wine.

οἶν-ήρῡσις, ἡ, (οἶνος, ἄρῡω) a vessel for drawing wine.

οἶνίζω, (οἶνος) to smell of wine. II. Med. to procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οἶνο-βάρειον, ὁ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οἶνο-βαρέω) =οἶνοβαρής. From

οἶνο-βάρής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βαρύς) heavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis.

οἶνο-βρεχής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. e. drunken.

οἶνο-δόκος, ον, (οἶνος, δέχομαι) receiving or holding wine.

οἶνο-δότης, ου, Dor. -δότᾱς, α, ὁ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus.

οἶνόεις, -έσσα, -δεν, contr. οἶνούς, -ούσσα Att. -ούττα, -ούν, (οἶνος) made of or with wine. II.

as Subst., οἶνούττα, ἡ, a cake or porridge of pearl-barley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οἶνό-μελι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) boney mixed with wine, mead.

οἶνο-πέδη, ἡ, and οἶνό-πεδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

οἶνό-πεδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οἶνος, πεπαίνω) ripe for making wine.

οἶνο-πίπης [ι], ου, ὁ, (οἶνος, ὑπιπτεύω) gaping after wine, formed like the Homeric παρθενοπίνης.

οἶνο-πληθής, ἐς, (οἶνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken, i. e. drunk.

οἶνοποτάζω and οἶνοποτίω, (οἶνοπότης) to drink wine.

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, and οἶνο-πότης, ου, ὁ, fem. οἶνο-πότις, ἴδος, (οἶνος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

Οἶ'νος, ου, ὁ, Lat. VINUM, wine; ἐν οἶνῳ, ἐπ' οἶνῳ, παρ' οἶνῳ, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. 2.

the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palm-wine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from grape-wine (οἶνος ἀμπέλινος).

οἶνο-τρόφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) producing wine.

οἶνούς, οἶνούσσα Att. -ούττα, -ούν, contr. for οἶνούς, εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φάγια, ἡ, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine.

οἶνοφλύγια, ἡ, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From

οἶνό-φλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, φλύω) given to drinking, drunken.

οἰνο-φόρος, ου, (οἶνος, φέρω) *carrying, holding wine*, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, ὁ, Lat. *oenophorus*, a wine-cask.  
οἰνο-χάρης, ἐς, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing in wine*.  
οἰνο-χάρων, οντος, ὁ, (οἶνος, Χάρων) *the Wine-Charon*, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἰνοχοεύω, Ep. form of οἰνοχέω, *to pour out wine*.  
οἰνοχοέω: 3 sing. impf. φῖνοχόει Ep. ἐφνοχόει: f. ἦσω: aor. 1 inf. οἰνοχοῆσαι: (οἰνοχόος):—*to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νέκταρ ἐφνοχόει she was pouring out nectar for wine*.

οἰνο-χόη, ἡ, (οἶνος, χέω) *a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups*.

οἰνο-χόος, ον, (οἶνος, χέω) *pouring out wine to drink: as Subst., οἰνοχόος, ὁ, a cup-bearer*.

οἰνό-χυτος, ον, (οἶνος, χέω) *poured of or with wine; πῶμα οἰνόχυτον a draught of wine*.

οἶν-οψ, οπος, ὁ, = οἶνοψ, *wine-coloured, wine-dark*.

οἶνώω, f. ὤσω:—Pass., aor. 1 φῖνώθην: pf. φῖνωμαι Ion. οἶνωμαι: (οἶνος):—*to make drunk with wine:—Pass. to get drunk, be drunken*.

οἶνων, ὦνος, ὁ, (οἶνος) *a wine-cellar, wine-shop*.

οἶν-ωπός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, and οἶν-ῶψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, ὦψ) *wine-coloured*.

οἶξας, aor. 1 part. of οἶγνυμι.

οἶο, Ep. for οὔ, gen. of possess. Pron. ὅς, *his, her*.

οἶό-βατος, ον, (οἶος, βαίνω) *walking alone: lonesome*.

οἶο-βουκόλος, ον, (οἶος, βουκόλος) *herdsman of a single cow*.

οἶο-βώτας, ὁ, (οἶος, βόσκω) *one who feeds alone; φρενὸς οἶοβώτας feeding his mind apart, self-willed*.

οἶό-γάμος, ον, (οἶος, γαμέω) *married only to one*.

οἶό-ζωνος, ον, (οἶος, ζώνη) *with one girdle, i. e. single-banded, alone*.

οἶόθεν, Adv. (οἶος) *from one side alone, hence generally, alone; οἶόθεν οἶος all alone*.

Οἶόμαι Ep. οἶομαι: impf. φῖόμην, Ep. 3 sing. ὤϊετο: fut. οἶήσομαι: aor. 1 Ep. ὤϊσθην part. ὤϊσθεις, Att. φῖσθην inf. οἶηθῆναι part. οἶηθείς: Ep. aor. 1 med. ὤϊσάμην, 3 sing. ὤϊσατο part. ὤϊσάμενος. The Act. οἶω or οἶω is also found: Dor. pres. οἶω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. φῖμην.

*To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.: of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear:—often used absol., αἰεὶ ὅτεαι thou art ever suspecting; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμὸς ὀϊσατό μοι my heart foreboded it: it is also once found impersonal, ὀϊεταί μοι ἀνὰ θυμὸν there comes a boding into my heart.*

2. *to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing.* 3. also used parenthetically in first person, ἐν πρώτοισιν (οἶω) κείσεται among the first (*methinks*) will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι impf. φῖμην, *I think, I suppose, I believe*, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, πῶς οἶει; πῶς οἶεσθε; *how think you?*

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the ι is long in all tenses, οἶω, οἶσατο, etc.: only the act,

pres. οἶω has sometimes ι in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εἰ, for οἶον εἰ, as if: Dor. οἶον αἰ.  
οἶο-νόμος, ον, (οἶος, νέμω) *feeding alone: lonely*.  
οἶο-νόμος, ον, (οἶς, νέμω) *feeding sheep: as Subst. a shepherd*.

οἶόν-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible: v. οἶος III.

οἶό-ποκος, ον, (οἶς, πέκω) *sborn from a sheep*.

οἶοπολέω, f. ἦσω, *to roam or haunt alone*. From

οἶο-πόλος, ον, (οἶος, πέλομαι) *being alone: lonely, solitary*. B. (οἶς, πολέω) *tending sheep*.

οἶόρ, Scyth. for ἀνήρ. Hence

οἶόρ-πατα, Scyth. word in Herodotus, = ἀνδροκτόνοι.

Οἶός, οἶη, οἶον, *alone, by oneself, lone, lonely*: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., *alone, only*: strengthd., εἰς οἶος, μία οἶη *one alone, one only*: also in dual, δύο οἶω, and in pl., δύο οἶους. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶος *left alone by them; οἶος θεῶν alone of all the gods; οἶος Ἀτρειδῶν apart from the sons of Atreus*. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. *unicus*.

οἶος, οἶα Ion. οἶη, οἶον, (ὅς) *such as, of such sort, manner or kind as . . . , Lat. qualis; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonstr. τοῖος; ὅσος οἶός τε, Lat. qualis quantusque: c. acc., οἶος ἀρετήν what a man for virtue: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, οἶος μέτεισι πόλεμόνδε βοιω he rushes into war*.

Οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by δῆ, οἶον δῆ τὸν μῦθον εἶπας *what a word hast thou spoken!*—the neut. οἶον is often used as an Adv., οἶον δῆ νυ θεοὺς βροτοὶ αἰτιύωνται *boiw do men now find fault with gods!* II. implying a Comparison, the anteced. τοῖος or τοιούσδε being often omitted; οἶος ἀστὴρ εἰσι *like as a star wanders*; and so as an exclam., οἶ' ἀγορεύεις *what art thou saying! οἶά μ' ἔοργας what hast thou done to me!* 2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, δῆ being sometimes added to express certainty; οἶος δῆ, οἶον δῆ, *such as all know*. 3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses οἶός τε, *in some such way as, οἶός τε πελώριος ἔρχεται Ἄρης some such one as Ares*; so, οἶός τις *the sort of person*. 4. when a Comparison involves Time, οἶος ὅτε is used, *like as when*. 5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου *there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself*:—it adds force to the Superl., χαρίον οἶον χαλεπώτατον, *in full τοιούτων οἶον ἐστὶ χαρίον*, ground the most difficult possible.

III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, οἶος ἔην τελέσαι ἔργον τε ἔπος τε *how able was he to make good both deed and word; οἶος ἔην βουλευμένον ἡδὲ μάχεσθαι βοιω able was he to counsel and to fight*: in this sense οἶός τε is more usual, οἶός τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν *I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it*: in neut. sing. and pl., οἶον τέ ἐστι and οἶά τέ ἐστι, *it is possible*. 2. absol.

2. absol.

2. absol.

2. absol.

2. absol.



in neut., οἶόν τε ἐστί it is possible; οὐχ οἶόν τε ἐστί it is impossible. IV. οἶος is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, οἶ' ἔργα δράσας οἶα λαγχάνει κακά having done *what kind of* actions, *what kind of* sufferings he receives! οἶαν ἀνθ' οἶων θυμάτων χάριν *what* thanks, *for what* offerings! V. as Adv. in neut. sing. οἶον, also in pl. οἶα, οἶω; also with Adj. οἶον ἐρσήςεις *how* fresh. 2. in Comparisons, as, like as, just as: οἶον ὅτε as *when*. 3. as, like, for instance. 4. about, *bard upon*, Lat. *quasi*, οἶον δέκα σταδίου about ten stades.

οἶός, οἶός, gen. of οἶς οἶς.  
οἶό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, φρήν) single in one's opinion: generally, *lonely*.  
οἶο-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, χιτών) with nothing but a tunic on, *lightly clad*.  
οἶώ, (οἶος) to leave alone: Pass. οἶόμαι, Ep. aor. 1 οἶώθην, to be forsaken.

Οἶς, ὁ and ἡ, gen. οἶος acc. οἶν; plur., nom. οἶες gen. οἶων, dat. οἶεσι Ep. οἶεσαι shortened οἶεσαι; acc. οἶας; contr. nom. and acc. pl. οἶς:—Att. nom. οἶς gen. οἶός, dat. οἶί, acc. οἶν; plur. nom. οἶες, gen. οἶων, dat. οἶσί, acc. οἶας; nom. and acc. pl. also οἶς. Lat. OVIS, a *sheep*, whether *ram* or *eive*; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, οἶς ἀρνεῖός or ἀρσὴν a *ram*; οἶς θήλυς a *eive*.

οἶσατο, οἶσάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 med. of οἶομαι. [i]  
οἶσε -ίτω, -ετε, fut. imperat. of φέρω.  
οἶσέμεν, οἶσέμεναι, Ep. for οἶσειν, fut. inf. of φέρω.  
οἶσεύμεν, Dor. for οἶσομεν, 1 pl. fut. of φέρω.  
οἶσθα, *thou knowest*, 2 sing. of οἶδα.  
οἶσθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of οἶομαι.  
οἶσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.  
οἶσομαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of φέρω.  
Οἶσπις, ἡ, the grease in unwashed wool, *greasy wool*.

οἶσ-πώτη, ἡ, (οἶς, οἶς, πάτος) the dirt on the binder part of a *sheep*.

οἶστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne. 2. neut. οἶστέον one must bear.

οἶστυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἶστυτής, οὔ, ὁ, (οἶστέω) a *bowman*, an *archer*.

οἶστέω, f. σω, (οἶστός) to shoot arrows: aor. 1 part. οἶστέυσας. II. trans. to shoot with an arrow.

οἶστο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἶστός, δέχομαι) *bolding arrows*.

οἶστός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἶσω) that must be borne, *endurable*.

οἶστός Att. οἶστός, οὔ, ὁ, (οἶσω, fut. of φέρω) an arrow, Lat. *sagitta*.

οἶστράω or οἶστρέω: f. ἦσω: aor. 1 act. ὤστρησα inf. οἶστρήσαι:—Pass., aor. 1 ὤστρήθην inf. οἶστρηθῆναι: (οἶστρος):—properly of a gadfly, to torment by stinging: generally, to sting or goad to madness: Pass. to be driven mad. II. intr. to go mad, run wild, *rage*.

οἶστρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (οἶστρος, ἡλαύνω) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οἶστρημα, ατος, τό, (οἶστράω) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, *raving*.

οἶστρο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (οἶστρος, βαλεῖν) to strike with a sting, esp. of love.

οἶστρο-δίνητος, ον, (οἶστρος, δινέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἶστρο-δόνητος, ον, and -δονος, ον, (οἶστρος, δονέω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἶστρο-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶστρος, πλήσσω) stung by a gadfly, driven mad.

Οἶστρος, ον, ὁ, the gadfly, breeze, Lat. *asilus*, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io. II. metaph. a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony. 2. any vehement passion: madness, *frenzy*.

οἶστρο-φόρος, ον, (οἶστρος, φέρω) maddening.

Οἶστυ'Α, ἡ, a tree of the osier kind. Hence οἶσύνος, η, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work.

οἶσύνη, ἡ, = οἶσπη.

οἶσυνήρος, ἁ, ὄν, (οἶσυνος) greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool, Lat. *lana succida*.

οἶσυνος, ὁ, (οἶς) = οἶσπη, οἶσύνη.

οἶσω Dor. οἶσῶ, fut. of φέρω, from Root \*οἶω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσειν.

Οἶτος, ον, ὁ, fate, lot, doom: in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death; κακὸν οἶτον ἀπόλλυσθαι to die a sad death.

Οἶτόσυρος, ὁ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

οἶχέομαι, = οἶχομαι, q. v.

οἶχνέω, Ion. impf. οἶχνεσκον, = οἶχομαι, to go, come; of birds, to fly:—generally, to walk, live.

Οἶχόμαι, Dep.: impf. οἶχόμεν: fut. οἶχήσομαι: pf. οἶχημαι Ion. οἶχημαι: also pf. med. οἶχωκα Ion. οἶχωκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. οἶχώκεε. The pres. οἶχέομαι Ion. οἶχεύμαι also occurs: I. of persons,

to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to ἦκω to have come: c. part., οἶχεται φεύγων he has fled and gone; οἶχεται θανών he is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato,

ὁδὸν οἶχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers. to have escaped from. 2. for θνήσκω, to be gone

bence, to have departed, be deceased; Att. part. οἶχόμενος the departed. 3. pf. οἶχωκα, like ὤλωκα, to be undone, ruined. II. of things, as of darts,

etc., to rush, sweep along. 2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished.

οἶω and οἶω, used by Ep. Poets for οἶομαι.

\*οἶω, see φέρω.

οἶώθην, aor. 1 pass. of οἶώ.

οἶωνίζομαι, Att. fut. οἶῶμαι: Dep.: (οἶωνός):—to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. *augurium capere*. II. to look upon as an omen, forebode, Lat. *augurari*.

οἶωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οἶωνίζομαι) divination by the flight or cries of birds, Lat. *augurium*.

οἶωνιστήριον, τό, (οἶωνίζομαι) a place for watching the flight of birds, Lat. *templum augurale*. II. the omen or augury itself.

οἰωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνίζομαι) one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.

οἰωνο-θέτης, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνός, τίθημι) an interpreter of auguries, an augur.

οἰωνό-θροος, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνός, θρόος) of the cry of birds.

οἰωνο-κτόνος, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνός, κτείνω) killing birds.

οἰωνό-μαντις, εὖς, ὁ and ἡ, (οἰωνός, μάντις) an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.

οἰωνο-πόλος, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνός, πολέω) observing the flight and cries of birds: as Subst., οἰωνοπόλος, ὁ, an augur.

οἰωνός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶος) a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle. II. a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ὄρνιθες. III. an omen, presage, Lat. *auspicium* or *augurium*; εἰς οἰωνὸν ἀριστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰωνοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.

οἰωνοσκοπέω, f. ἤσω, to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury. From οἰωνο-σκόπος, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνός, σκοπέω) watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., οἰωνοσκόπος, ὁ, an augur, soothsayer.

οἶως, Att. Adv. of οἶος, οἶος ὡν οἶως ἔχεις; being such a man in what a state art thou!

ὄκα poet. ὄκα, Dor. for ὅτε, when.

ὄκε' ἄλλω, aor. I ὤκειλα, inf. ὤκειλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on shore, strand it. II. intr. of the ship, to run aground.

ὄκη, Ion. for ὅπη.

ὄκα poet. for ὅκα.

ὄκ-κα or ὄκ κα, for ὅτε κεν, like κακ κεφαλῆς for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ὄκλαδίας (sub. δίφρος), οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκλάζω) a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.

ὄκλα' ἄλλω, f. σῶ: aor. I ὤκλασα:—to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest. 2. to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate. II. c. acc. to let sink, to bend, lower.

ὄκναλῖος, α, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκνος) poet. for ὄκνηρός.

ὄκνείω, poet. for ὄκνέω.

ὄκνέω poet. ὄκνέω: impf. ὤκνειον: f. ἤσω: (ὄκνος):—to shrink from doing, scruple or hesitate to do a thing.

ὄκνηρός, α, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκνος) shrinking, hesitating, unready. II. of things, grievous, troublesome.

ὄκνος, ὁ, a shrinking, hesitation, unreadiness: cowardice.

ὄκόθεν, ὄκοιός, ὄκόσος, ὄκότε, ὄκότερος, ὄκου, Ion. for ὀπόθεν, ὀποῖός, etc.

ὄκρίάω, (ὄκρις) to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.

ὄκρίδεις, εσσα, εν, (ὄκρις) rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.

ὄκριόντων, Ep. for ὄκριώντων, 3 pl. impf. of ὄκριάω.

ὄκρις, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, a jagged point, a crag. II. as Adj. ὄκρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, rugged, jagged.

ὄκρῦδεις, εσσα, εν, (κρῦδεις, with ο euphon.) = κρυ-ερός, cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.

ὄκτά-βλωμος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, βλωμός) consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὄκταβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.

ὄκτα-δάκτυλος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, δάκτυλος) eight-fingered.

ὄκτα-ἡμέρος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, ἡμέρα) for eight days: on the eighth day.

ὄκτακις, Adv. (ὄκτώ) eight times. [α]

ὄκτακισ-μύριοι, αι, α, eighty thousand.

ὄκτακισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὄκτακισχιλίη = ὄκτακισχίλιοι ἵππεις, '8000 horse.'

ὄκτα-κνημος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, κνήμη) with eight spokes.

ὄκτακόσιοι, αι, α, (ὄκτώ) eight hundred.

ὄκτα-μήνος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, μήν) eight months old, in the eighth month. [α]

ὄκτα-πέδος, οὐ, Dor. for ὄκταπους.

ὄκταπλάσιος, α, οὐ, and ὄκταπλάσιων, οὐ, gen. ονος, (ὄκτώ) eightfold, Lat. *octuplus*.

ὄκτα-πόδης, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, πούς) eight feet long.

ὄκτα-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὄκτώ, πούς) eight-footed. II. eight feet long.

ὄκταρ-ρίζος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, ρίζα) with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.

ὄκταρ-ρύμος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, ρυμός) drawn by eight pairs.

ὄκτα-τόνος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, τείνω) eight-stretched; ἔλικες ὄκτατόνοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.

ὄκτω, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. eight, Lat. *OCTO*.

ὄκτω-δάκτυλος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, δάκτυλος) with eight fingers.

ὄκτω-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. eighteen.

ὄκτωκαιδεκά-δραχμος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτωκαιδεκα, δραχμή) weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.

ὄκτωκαιδέκατος, η, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄκτωκαιδεκα, ἔτος) eighteen years old:—fem. ὄκτωκαιδεκ-έτις, ἴδος.

ὄκχέω, poet. form of ὀχέω, to bear, convey, carry.

ὄκχος, ὁ, poet. form of ὄχος, a chariot.

ὄκως, Ion. for ὅπως.

ὄκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

ὀλβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ὤλβισα:—Pass., aor. I ὤλβισθην: pf. ὤλβισμαι: (ὀλβος):—to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.

ὀλβιο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὀλβιος, δαίμων) of blessed lot or fortune.

ὀλβιό-δωρος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλβιος, δῶρον) bestowing bliss, bounteous.

ὀλβιο-δότης or -δότης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -δῶτις, ἴδος, (ὀλβιος, δίδωμι) bestower of bliss.

ὀλβιο-εργός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλβιος, ἔργον) making happy.

ὀλβιό-μοιρος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλβιος, μοῖρα) of happy fate.



ὀλβιος, ον, or α, ον, (ὀλβος) *happy, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *happy, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλβια δοῦναι to bestow *rich* gifts; δῶρα ὀλβια ποιεῖν to make gifts *blessed*: so in Adv. ὀλβια ζῶειν to live *happily*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλβιστος, η, ον, formed directly from ὀλβος, as αἰσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αἶσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιώτατος also occurs. Adv. -ίως.

ὀλβιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλβιος, φρήν) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλβιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὀλβιος.

ὀλβίως, Adv. of ὀλβιος, *happily, blissfully*.

ὀλβο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ὀλβο-δότης, ον, ὁ, fem.

ὀλβο-δότειρα, (ὀλβος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

'ΟΛΒΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλβο-φόρος, ον, (ὀλβος, φέρω) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέεσθαι, Ion. for ὀλεῖσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὀλεθρος) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἡμᾶρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. lost, undone.

ὀλεθρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ εἰς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρρήσεις); wilt thou not go to perdition? i. e. ruin seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ εἰς κόρακας; II. like Lat. *perniciēs*, *that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest*.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλεῖται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέκρᾱνον, τό, = ὠλέκρανον.

'ΟΛΕ'ΚΩ, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—to ruin, destroy, kill:—Pass. to perish, die.

ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλλυμι, ἀνὴρ) *man-destroying*.

ὀλέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσί-θηρ, ηρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλλυμι, θήρ) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσίμ-βροτος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, βροτός) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσι-τύραννος, ον, ποθ. ὀλεσσιν-, (ὀλλυμι, τύραννος) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλεσσε, Ep. for ὤλεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσει, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέτειρα, ἡ, fem. of ὀλετήρ, a murderess.

ὀλετήρ, ηρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) a destroyer, murderer.

ὀλέτις, ιδος, ἡ, = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀλῃαι, ὀλῃται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλίγᾱκις, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *but few times, seldom*. [α]

ὀλίγ-άμπελος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ἄμπελος) *scant of vines*.

ὀλιγανδρίω, (ὀλιγανδρος) *to be scant of men*. Hence

ὀλιγανδρία, ἡ, *fewness of men*.

ὀλίγ-ανδρος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ἀνὴρ) *scant of men*.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, ἡ, *scantiness of people*. From

ὀλίγ-άνθρωπος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ἄνθρωπος) *scant of people*.

ὀλίγ-αρχέομαι, Pass. (ὀλίγοι, ἀρχω) *to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχία, ἡ, an oligarchy, government by a few families or persons. Hence

ὀλιγαρχικός, ἡ, ὢν, oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy.

ὀλίγ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, αῦλαξ) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλίγᾱχόθεν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *from few parts or places*;

c. gen., ὀλιγαχόθεν τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγηπελέων, εουσα, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελέω), *having little power, powerless*. From

ὀλιγη-πελής, ἐς, (ὀλίγος, πέλομαι) *powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγηπελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγήριος, ον, = ὀλίγος, *small, little*.

ὀλίγ-ηροσίη, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσις) *want of arable land*.

ὀλίγ-σίπτως, ον, (ὀλίγος, σίπτα) *with a small corn-*

*bin: with little corn*.

ὀλίγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, *least*.

ὀλιγογονία, ἡ, *scantiness of produce, barrenness*. From

ὀλιγό-γονος, ον, (ὀλίγος, \*γίνω) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδρανίων, εουσα, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδρανέω, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*. From

ὀλιγο-δρανής, ἐς, (ὀλίγος, δραίνω) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδρανία, ἡ, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγο-έτης, ἐς, (ὀλίγος, ἔτος) *of few years*. Hence

ὀλιγοετία, ἡ, *fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγό-ξύλος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγό-πιστος, ον, (ὀλίγος, πίστις) *of little faith*.

'ΟΛΙΓΟΣ, η, ον, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to πολὺς.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called οἱ ὀλίγοι, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πλῆθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*).

2. c. inf. *too few to do a thing*. II. of Size, *small, little*, opp. to μέγας: the neut. ὀλίγον as Adv., *little, a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλίγῳ. III.

special phrases: ὀλίγου δεῖ there wants *but little*, i. e. *almost*; c. inf., ὀλίγου ἐδήσε καταλαβεῖν it wanted *but little to overtake, all but overtook*: hence ὀλίγου alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*.

2. δι' ὀλίγου at a *short distance*; or of Time, *after a short space, shortly after*:—but δι' ὀλίγων in *few words*.

3. ἐν ὀλίγῳ in a *small compass*; and of Time, *in short, briefly*: also, like ὀλίγου, *almost*.

4. ἐς ὀλίγον, = παρ' ὀλίγον. 5. κατ' ὀλίγον by *little and little*: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὗτοι κατ' ὀλίγους γιγνόμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought *forming themselves into small parties*.

6. παρ' ὀλίγον *within a little, all but, almost*. IV. Degrees of Comparison:—μείων, ον, gen. ονος, as also ἐλάσσων,

R 2

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. ὀλίγιστος, η, ον: ὀλιγίστου, genit. used Adv. (see ὀλίγος III) *very nearly*.  
ὀλιγοστιχία, ἡ, *the consisting of few lines*. From ὀλιγό-στιχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, στιχος) *consisting of few lines or verses*.

ὀλιγοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλίγος) *one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστός*.

ὀλιγότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀλίγος) *fewness, smallness*.

ὀλιγοτροφία, το give little nourishment. From ὀλιγο-τρόφος, ον, (ὀλίγος, τρέφω) *giving little nourishment*.

ὀλιγο-φιλία, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, φίλος) *fewness of friends*.

ὀλιγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὀλίγος, χρόνος) *lasting but little time, of short duration*.

ὀλιγοψυχία (ὀλιγόψυχος), *to be faint-hearted*. Hence

ὀλιγοψυχία, ἡ, *faint-heartedness*.

ὀλιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ψυχή) *faint-hearted*.

ὀλιγ-ῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ὀλιγαῦλαξ.

ὀλιγωρέω, f. ἤσω, (ὀλιγῶρος) *to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen.* Hence

ὀλιγωρία, ἡ, *a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt*.

ὀλιγ-ῶρος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ῶρα) *little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising: contemptuous*. Hence

ὀλιγῶρως, Adv. *carelessly*; ὀλιγῶρως ἔχειν or διακεῖσθαι *to be careless, heedless*. [ῥ]

ὀλίγως, Adv. of ὀλίγος, *a little*.

ὀλισθάνω and later -αίνω: fut. ὀλισθήσω: aor. I ὤλισθησα: pf. ὤλισθηκα: aor. 2 ὤλισθον, part. ὀλισθών, inf. ὀλισθεῖν: (ὀλισθος):—*to slip, slide, fall suddenly*; νηὺς ὀλισθών *having slipped from the ship*.

ὀλισθε, Ep. for ὤλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθήεις, εσσα, εν, = ὀλισθηρός.

ὀλισθημα, ματος, τό, (ὀλισθεῖν) *a slip, fall*.

ὀλισθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀλισθεῖν) *slippery, sliding*.

ὀλισθο-γνώμονέω (ὀλισθεῖν, γνώμη), *to make a slip or error in judgment*.

\*ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ὁ, *slipperiness: a slip*.

ὀλκός, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐλκω, ὀλκή) *a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel*.

ὀλκή, ἡ, (ἐλκω) *a drawing, trailing, dragging*. II. *a being drawn towards a thing, attraction*.

ὀλκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλκω) *attractive*.

ὀλκός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐλκω) *as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls*; ὀλκοί *machines for hauling ships on land*.

2. *a strap or trace for drawing*. II. *a track made by drawing, a furrow, track*, Lat. sulcus: *the trail of a serpent*. III. periph., ὀλκοὶ δάφνης *drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along*.

\*ΟΛΛΥΜΙ and ὀλλύω: impf. ὄλλυν: f. ὀλέσω Ep. ὀλέσσω Ion. ὀλέω Att. ὀλῶ: aor. I ὤλεσα Ep. ὤλεσσα, ὤλεσσα: pf. ὤλεκα:—Med. ὀλλύμαι, Ion. fut. ὀλέομαι Att. ὀλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὤλύμην: pf. 2 ὤλωλα: plqpf. ὤλώλειν:—οὐλόμενος, properly aor. 2 part. med. for ὀλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce.

I. Act. *to destroy, make an end of, to*

kill. 2. *to lose*.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. *perdere*. II. Med. *to perish, come to an end, die*: ὀλοιο, ὀλοιοτο, ὀλοισθε, etc., *may'st thou, may he, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined*.

2. so pf. 2 ὤλωλα, *I am undone, ruined*; οἱ ὤλωλότες *the dead*.

ὀλλύς, ὕσα, ὕν, pres. part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλμος, ὁ, (εἶλω, Lat. volvo) *a round smooth stone, a roller*. 2. *a mortar*. 3. *a kneading-trough*.

ὀλδεις, εσσα, εν, = ὀλοός, *destructive*.

ὀλοθρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλοθρεύω) *a destroyer*.

ὀλοθρεύω, f. εἴσω, (ὀλεθρος) *to destroy*.

ὀλοΐος, ον, poët. for sq., like ὁμοΐος for ὁμοιος.

ὀλοιός, ὄν, poët. for ὀλοός, *destructive*.

ὀλοΐ-τροχος or ὀλοΐ-τροχος, ὁ, Ep. ὀλοοΐ-τροχος, (prob. from εἶλω volvo, τρύχος) *a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular*.

ὀλοκαυτήω, f. ἤσω, *to bring a burnt-offering*. From ὀλό-καυτος, ον, (ὀλος, καίω) *burnt whole: as Subst., ὀλόκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering*. Hence

ὀλοκαυτώω, f. ὤσω, *to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering*. Hence

ὀλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, *a whole burnt-offering*.

ὀλοκληρία, ἡ, *soundness in all parts*. From ὀλό-κληρος, ον, (ὀλος, κληρος) *complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer*.

ὀλολῦγή, ἡ, (ὀλολύζω) *any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation*.

ὀλόλυγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀλολύζω) *a loud cry, usually of joy*.

ὀλολυγμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλολύζω) *a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy*.

ὀλολῦγών, ὄνος, ἡ, *an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog*. From

ὀλολύζω, f. -ύξομαι: aor. ὤλούξα:—*to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare*. II. *to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy*. (Formed from the sound.)

ὀλόμην, ὀλοντο, Ep. for ὤλ-, aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλοοΐ-τροχος, ὁ, poët. form of ὀλοΐτροχος.

ὀλοός poët. ὀλοιός, ὀλοΐος, η, ον, (ὀλλυμι) *destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly*; ὀλοά φρονεῖν *to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. ὀλοώτερος, ὀλοώτατος*. II. pass. *destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus*.

ὀλοό-φρων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὀλοός, φρήν) *meaning mischief, baleful*. II. *crafty, sagacious*.

ὀλόπτω, f. ψω, *to pull, pluck out: to strip off*. (Akin to λοπός, λέπω.)

\*ΟΛΟΣ Ep. οὔλος, η, ον, *whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὅλα one's all*. 2. *entire, utter*; ὅλον ἀμάρτημα *an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., ὅλον and τὸ ὅλον altogether*. II. *whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer*.

ὀλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρητος, ον, (ὀλος, σφύρα) *hammered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast*.



όλο-σχερής, ές, (όλος, σκερός) *whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer.* 2. *relating to the whole, important, considerable.* II. Adv. -ρως, *completely, entirely.*

όλο-τελής, ές, (όλος, τέλος) *quite complete, perfect.*

όλοῦμαι, fut. med. of όλλυμι.

όλο-φυγδών, όνος, ή, (όλος, φύω) *a large pimple, pustule.*

όλοφυνός, ή, όν, (όλοφύρομαι) *lamenting, wailing:*

—neut. pl. όλοφυνά, as Adv., *miserably.*

όλοφυνός, οὔ, ό, *a lamenting, lamentation.* From

’ΟΛΟΦΥΡΟΜΑΙ [υ], Dep.: f. όλοφύρομαι: aor. 1

ώλοφύραμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. όλοφύραο, όλοφύρα-  
το: aor. 1 part. pass. όλοφυνθείς, in same sense. I.

intr. *to lament, wail, moan, weep.* 2. *to lament or*

*mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to have pity*

*upon.* 3. *to beg with tears and lamentations.* II.

c. acc. *to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn.* 2.

*to pity.* Hence

όλόφυνος, ή, *lamentation.*

όλοφώιος, ον, lengthd. for όλοός, όλωίός, *destructive,*

*deadly: όλοφώια είδώς* versed in *pernicious arts.*

’ΟΛΠΗ, ή, *a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.*

’ΟΛΠΙΣ, ίος and ίδος, ή, = όλπη.

’Ολυμπία, ή, *Olympia, a district of Elis round the*

*city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held:*

*properly fem. of ’Ολύμπιος (sub. γή or χώρα).*

’Ολύμπια, τά, *the Olympic games, established by*

*Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of*

*four years in honour of Olympian Zeus by the Greeks*

*assembled at Olympia in Elis: ’Ολύμπια νικάω* to

*conquer at the Olympic games: also, ’Ολύμπια άνε-*

*λίσθαι or άναιρεκέναι* to have carried off the prize

*at the Olympic games.*

’Ολυμπιάζε, Adv. (’Ολυμπία, ή) *to Olympia.*

’Ολυμπιάθεν, Adv. (’Ολυμπία, ή) *from Olympia.*

’Ολυμπιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of ’Ολύμπιος, *Olym-*

*piian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on*

*Olympus, a goddess.* 2. ’Ολυμπιάς έλαία *the olive-*

*crown of the Olympic games.* II. as Subst., I.

*the Olympic games.* 2. *a victory at Olympia (sub.*

*νίκη): ’Ολυμπιάδα άναιρείσθαι, νικάω* to gain a vic-

*tory in the Olympic games.* 3. *an Olympiad, i. e.*

*the space of four years between the celebrations of the*

*Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.*

’Ολυμπιάσι, Adv. (’Ολυμπία, ή) *at Olympia: cf.*

*θύρᾱσι.*

’Ολυμπιάσι [ᾱ], dat. pl. of ’Ολυμπιάς.

’Ολυμπιεῖον or ’Ολυμπίειον, τό, (’Ολύμπιος) *the*

*temple of Olympian Zeus.*

’Ολυμπικός, ή, όν, (’Ολυμπος) *Olympic: ό* ’Ολυμ-

*πικός άγών* *the Olympic games.*

’Ολυμπίο-νίκης, ον, ό, (’Ολύμπια, νικάω) *a con-*

*queror in the Olympic games.* [νί]

’Ολυμπιό-νίκος, ον, (’Ολύμπια, νικάω) *conquering*

*in the Olympic games.*

’Ολύμπιος, ον, (’Ολυμπος) *Olympian, dwelling on*

*Olympus, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who*

*is called also simply ’Ολύμπιος: ’Ολύμπια δώματα* the

*mansions of Olympus.*

’Ολυμπόνδε Ep. Ούλ-, Adv. *to or towards Olympus.*

’Ολυμπος Ep. and Ion. Ούλυμπος, ό, *Olympus, a*

*high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly.*

*It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that*

*the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.*

’ΟΛΥΝΘΟΣ, ό, *a fig which grows during the winter,*

*but seldom ripens: an untimely fig, Lat. grossus.*

’ΟΛΥΤΡΑ, ή, mostly in pl., *a kind of grain, spelt,*

*mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κρί):*

*used in Egypt for making bread.*

όλώιος, collat. form of όλοός, όλοιός.

όλωλα, pf. med. of όλλυμι.

όλώλεκα, pf. of όλλυμι.

όλως, Adv. of όλος, *wholly, altogether, on the whole:*

*in short, Lat. denique: οὐχ όλως* not at all, Lat. om-

*nino non.*

όμᾱ, Adv. Dor. for όμῆ.

όμαδέω, f. ήσω, (όμαδος) *to make a noise or din.*

όμαδος, ό, (όμός) *a noise, din, made by many voices*

*together.* II. *a tumultuous crowd, throng.* III.

*the din of battle, the battle-throng.*

όμαίμιος, ον, *related by blood, kindred.* From

όμ-αιμος, ον, (όμός, αίμα) *of the same blood, related*

*by blood, akin, Lat. consanguineus: as Subst., όμαιμος,*

*ό, ή, a brother or sister.* Hence

όμαιμοσύνη, ή, *relationship by blood.*

όμ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, = όμαιμος:—Comp. όμαι-

*μονέστερος, more nearly akin.*

όμαιχμία, ή, *a fighting together: a defensive al-*

*liance, league.* From

όμ-αιχμος, ον, (όμός, αίχη) *fighting together: as*

*Subst., όμαιχμος, ό, an ally.*

όμαλής, ές, (όμαλός) *even, level: τὰ όμαλή* level

*ground.*

όμαλίζω, f. σω, (όμαλός) *to make even or level, to*

*level: to equalise.*

όμαλός, ή, όν, (όμός) *even, level: τὸ όμαλόν* level

*ground.* 2. *of equal, like degree: όμαλός γάμος*

*marriage with one of like degree.* 3. *metaph.*

*middling, average, ordinary.* Hence

όμαλότης, ητος, ή, *evenness, equality.*

όμαλῶς (όμαλός), Adv. *evenly: όμαλῶς βαίνειν* to

*match in even line.*

όμ-αρτέω: impf. ώμάρτουν Ion. —ενν: f. όμαρτήσω:

aor. 1 ώμάρτησα: (όμοῦ, άρτάω):—*to meet: 1.*

*in hostile sense, to meet in fight:—Med. to attack in*

*fight.* 2. *to walk together, esp. in part., βήσαν*

*όμαρτήσαντες* they walked in company: *to keep pace,*

*equal in speed: c. dat. to walk beside, accompany.* 3.

*to pursue.*

όμαρτή or όμαρτή, Adv. *together, jointly, another*

*form of άμαρτή, άμαρτή.*

όμάρτη, Dor. for όμάρτει, 3 sing. impf. of όμαρτέω.

όμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ώμ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of

όμαρτέω.

όμαρτήσκειν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of όμαρτέω.

ὁμαρτήτην, Ep. for ὤμ-, 3 dual impf. of ὁμαρτέω.  
 ὁμ-ασπῖς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἀσπίς) allied in arms:  
 as Subst., ὁμασπῖς, ὁ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

ὁμ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, αὔλαξ) with adjoining  
 furrows or lands.

ὁμαυλία, ἡ, a dwelling together, union. From  
 ὁμ-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλή) living together: hence,  
 neighbouring.

ὁμ-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλός) playing together on the  
 flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

ὁμβρέω, f. ἤσω, (ὁμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to  
 rain or shower down upon: to bedew, wet.

ὁμβρηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὁμβρος) rainy, watery.

ὁμβρίμος, ον, = ὄβριμος.

ὁμβριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὁμβρος) rainy: of or be-  
 longing to rain, Lat. pluviālis; ὕδωρ ὁμβριον rain-  
 water.

ὁμβρο-δόκος, ον, (ὁμβρος, δέχομαι) boding or re-  
 ceiving rain.

ὁμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (ὁμβρος, κτύπew) striking with  
 rain.

\*ΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a  
 thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.  
 metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

ὁμβρο-φόρος, ον, (ὁμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ὁμεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμ-έστιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth.

ὁμ-ενέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. ὁμενέτις, ἰδος, = ὁμεννος.

ὁμ-εννος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἐννή) sleeping together: as Subst.,  
 ὁμεννος, ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort.

ὁμ-έψιος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἐψία) a playmate.

ὁμῆ or ὁμη, Adv. (ὁμός) poet. for ὁμοῦ.

ὁμ-ηγερός, ἐς, (ὁμός, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

ὁμηγυρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call to-  
 gether. From

ὁμ-ήγυρις Dor. ὁμάγ-, ἰος, ἡ, (ὁμός, ἄγυρις) an as-  
 sembly, meeting: a throng, company.

ὁμηλικία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, (ὁμηλιξ) equality of age:—  
 as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends,  
 playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, =

ὁμηλιξ.

ὁμ-ῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp.  
 of young persons: as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,  
 playmate. II. of like stature.

ὁμηρεία, ἡ, (ὁμηρεύω) a giving hostages or securities:  
 a security, pledge.

\*Ομήρειος, α, ον, (Ὀμηρος) of Homer, Homeric.

ὁμηρεῦσαι, Ion. for ὁμηροῦσαι, part. fem. pl. of  
 ὁμηρέω.

ὁμηρεύω, f. σω, (ὁμηρος) to be a hostage, serve as a  
 pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage,  
 pledge or security.

ὁμηρέω, f. ἤσω, (ὁμηρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to  
 accord, agree.

\*Ομηρίδης, ον, ὁ, mostly in plur. \*Ομηρίδαι, οἱ, the  
 Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended  
 to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his  
 poems: generally, the admirers of Homer.

ὁμ-ηρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἀραρεῖν) joined together, united,  
 wedded. II. as Subst., ὁμηρος, ὁ, a pledge to

preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

ὁμίλαδόν, Adv. (ὁμιλος) in groups, bands, Lat. tur-  
 matim: in crowds.

ὁμίλέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ὠμίλησα: (ὁμιλος):—to be  
 together or in company with; μετ' Ἀχαιοῖς ὁμιλεῖν  
 to associate with the Achaeans; ἐνὶ πρωτοῖσιν ὁμι-  
 λεῖν to be in company among the foremost; περὶ νε-  
 κρὸν ὁμιλεῖν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol.  
 to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to

meet in battle, encounter: absol. to meet one an-  
 other. III. of social intercourse, to bold converse:

to live familiarly with, associate with: to have deal-  
 ings with. 2. absol. to be friends. IV. of

pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged  
 in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be  
 at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in: to

haunt, frequent a spot.

ὁμίληδόν, Adv. = ὁμιλαδόν.

ὁμίλησειν, fut. inf. of ὁμιλέω.

ὁμίλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὁμιλέω) a scholar, bearer.

ὁμίλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὁμιλέω) to be conversed with; οὐχ  
 ὁμίλητός unapproachable, savage.

ὁμίλια, ἡ, (ὁμιλος) a being or living together, inter-  
 course, converse, dealings with another; ἡ ἐμὴ ὁμίλια  
 converse with me; ὁμίλια χθονός intercourse with a  
 country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, as-  
 sembly; ναὺς ὁμίλια ship-mates.

ὁμ-ῖλος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng  
 of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle,  
 tumult.

ὁμίχew, f. ἤσω, = ὁμίχω.

\*ΟΜΙΧΛΗ Ion. ὁμίχλη Dor. ὁμίχλα, ἡ, misty air,  
 a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

ὁμιχλήεις Ion. ὁμιχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty.

\*ΟΜΙΧΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [i]

ὄμμα, ατος, τό, (ὠμμα, pf. pass. of ὁράω) the eye;  
 ὄμματι λοξῶ ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at; opp.  
 to ὀρθοῖς ὄμμασιν ὁρᾶν or ἐξ ὀρθῶν ὀμμάτων, Lat.  
 rectis oculis videre, to look straight at; κατ' ὄμμα  
 face to face, in full sight; ὡς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων to judge  
 by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu; ἐν ὄμμασι, Lat. in oculis,  
 before one's eyes; so also παρ' ὄμμα, πρὸ ὀμμάτων;  
 ἐξ ὀμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees,  
 a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. III.

ὄμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon; so ὄμμα αἰθέρος, of the  
 sun; generally, light; ὄμμα φήμης the light of happy  
 tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-  
 cious. V. periph. of the person, ὄμμα πελείας

for πελεία, ὄμμα νύμφας for νύμφα; cf. κάρα.  
 Hence

ὀμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὄμμα, a little eye.

ὀμμάτο-στερής, ἐς, (ὄμμα, στερέω) deprived of  
 eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes: blighting, canker-  
 ing, esp. the buds of plants.

ὀμμάτόω, f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ὠμμάτωμαι: (ὄμμα):—  
 to give eyes to:—Pass., φρήν ὠμμάτωμένη a mind



quick of sight.  
explain.

II. metaph. to make distinct,

\*OMNYMI or ὁμνύω, imperat. ὁμνυθι or ὁμνυ, 3 pl. ὁμνύντων: impf. ὁμνυν or ὁμνυνον: fut. ὁμνύμαι, εἰ, εἴται, inf. ὁμνίσθαι, later fut. ὁμνύσω: aor. I ὁμνῶσα Ep. ὁμῶσα, ὁμῶσσα: pf. ὁμώμοκα: plqpf. ὁμωμόκειν: —Pass., aor. I ὁμώσθην or ὁμώθην: pf. ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 pers. ὁμώμοσται or ὁμώμοται:—to swear; ὅρκον ὁμῶσαι to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will ..: ἢ μὴν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν ὁμῶσας to say with an oath. II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

ὁμο-βώμιος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, βωμός) having one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ὁμο-γάλαξ, ἄκτος, ὄ, ἢ, (ὁμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

ὁμό-γάμος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

ὁμο-γάστριος, ὄν, (ὁμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασίγνητος ὁμο-γάστριος an uterine brother.

ὁμο-γενέτωρ, ὄρος, ὄ, born of the same parents, a brother. From

ὁμο-γενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, \*γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with.

ὁμο-γέρων, ὄντος, ὄ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρον) a contemporary in old age.

ὁμογλωσσέω Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ὁμό-γλωσσος Att. -γλωττος, ὄν, (ὁμός, γλῶσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ὁμό-γνιος, ὄν, contr. for ὁμογένιος, (ὁμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; ὁμό-γνιοι θεοί gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

ὁμογνωμονίω, f. ἦσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

ὁμο-γνώμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (ὁμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. -μόνως.

ὁμό-γονος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

ὁμό-γραμμος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

ὁμό-δαμος, Dor. for ὁμόδημος.

ὁμο-δέμνιος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, δέμνιον) sharing one's bed.

ὁμό-δημος Dor. -δαμος, ὄν, (ὁμός, δῆμος) of the same people or race.

ὁμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From

ὁμό-δοξος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

ὁμό-δουλος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, δούλος) a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-δρομία, ἢ, (ὁμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

ὁμο-εθνής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἔθνος) of the same nation.

ὁμό-ζυγος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, ζυγῆναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

ὁμο-ήθης, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἦθος) of the same character.

ὁμο-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὄ, ἢ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

ὁμόθεν, Adv. (ὁμός) from the same place, of the same origin: ὁ ὁμόθεν a brother. II. from near at

hand, hand to hand: close upon.

ὁμό-θρονος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

ὁμοθυμᾶδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

ὁμό-θυμος, ὄν, (ὁμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

ὁμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὁμοιος) to be like, resemble.

ὁμοῖος, Ep. for ὁμοιος. [i Ep.]

ὁμοιο-κατάληκτος, ὄν, (ὁμοιος, καταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

ὁμοιοπαθέω, f. ἦσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

ὁμοιο-πάθης, ἐς, (ὁμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

ὁμοιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ὁμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ὁμοιος, α, ὄν, Ion. and old Att. ὁμοῖος, η, ὄν, Att. also ος, ὄν; Ep. ὁμοῖος, ὄν: (ὁμός):—like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὁμοῖον

ἀγει θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὁμοῖον 'birds of a feather flock together'; τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδιδόναι, Lat. par pari re-

ferre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match

for one, Lat. par. 4. in unison with, agreeing.

5. ἡ ὁμοία (sub. δίκη or χάρις), τὴν ὁμοίαν διδόναι, ἀποδιδόναι to pay any one like for like, to

make a like return; τὴν ὁμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴσῃ καὶ ὁμοίᾳ on fair and

equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίᾳ ποιεῖσθαι τι to hold a thing in like esteem. II. of the same rank or station:

οἱ ὁμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers.—The person or thing to which another is like is com-

monly in dat., but also like Lat. similis in genit.:—also followed by a Relat., ὁμοιος ὥσπερ .., like as ..;

ὁμοιος καὶ .., Lat. aequae ac .., like as ..; cf. ὁμοίως.

ὁμοιότης, ητος, ἢ, (ὁμοιος) likeness, similitude.

ὁμοιό-τροπος, ὄν, (ὁμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πως, in like manner with.

ὁμοιόω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ὥμοιώσα:—Pass. and Med., ὁμοιῶσθαι and -ωθήσθαι (in same sense): aor. I ὥμοιώθην: (ὁμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp.

to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, ὁμοιωθήμεναι ἄντην to be made like before

one. II. Med. to make a like return. Hence

ὁμοιωθήμεναι, Ep. for ὁμοιωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμοιόω.

ὁμοίωμα, ατος, τό, that which is made like, a likeness, image.

ὁμοίως, Adv. of ὁμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the neuters ὁμοιον and ὁμοια, Ion. ὁμοῖον, ὁμοῖα, were

also common as Adv.:—ὁμοίως ὡς .., like as ..; so, ὁμοίως καὶ .., Lat. aequae ac .., perinde ac ..; ὁμοιον

ὥστε .., like as; ὁμοια τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

- ὁμοίωσις**, ἡ, (ὁμοιῶ) a making like, likening. II. a becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.
- ὁμό-κλαρος**, Dor. for ὁμόκληρος.
- ὁμο-κλάω**, 3 sing. impf. ὁμόκλα, = ὁμοκλέω.
- ὁμοκλέω**, f. ἤσω: aor. I ὁμόκλησα, Ion. 3 sing. ὁμοκλήσασκε:—to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From
- ὁμο-κλή**, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, καλέω) a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.
- ὁμό-κληρος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κληρος) having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., ὁμόκληρος, ὁ, a coheir, Lat. consors.
- ὁμοκλήσασκε**, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὁμοκλέω.
- ὁμοκλητήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὁμοκλέω) one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.
- ὁμό-κλινος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλίνη) reclining on the same couch at table.
- ὁμό-λεκτρος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same bed.
- ὁμολογέω**, f. ἤσω: aor. I ὁμολόγησα: pf. ὁμολόγηκα:—Pass., aor. I ὁμολογήθην: pf. ὁμολόγημαι: (ὁμόλογος):—to speak together, to speak one language. 2. to hold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with. 3. to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπὶ τισὶ on certain terms. 4. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant you. 5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be connected with, bear affinity to. II. Med. to agree, assent to; much like the Act. III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμενα and pf. part. ὁμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence
- ὁμολόγημα**, ματος, τό, a thing agreed on, a postulate; and
- ὁμολογία**, ἡ, agreement. 2. an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.
- ὁμό-λογος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting. 2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -γως, confessedly, avowedly.
- ὁμολογουμένως**, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ὁμολογέω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.
- ὁμο-μαστιγίας**, ον, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.
- ὁμο-μήτριος**, α, ον, (ὁμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.
- ὁμό-νεκρος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) companion in death.
- ὁμονοέω**, f. ἤσω, (ὁμόνοος) to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common. Hence
- ὁμονοητικός**, ἡ, ὄν, conducing to agreement.
- ὁμόνοια**, ἡ, sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From
- ὁμό-νοος**, ον, contr. -νους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νόος) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors. Adv., ὁμονίως, unanimously.
- ὁμο-παθής**, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πάθος) having the same passions.
- ὁμο-πάτριος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father.
- ὁμο-πλεκής**, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πλέκω) inter-laced.
- ὁμό-πλοος**, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πλόος) sailing together or in company.
- ὁμό-πολις** poet. **ὁμόπολις**, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, πόλις) from the same city or state.
- ὁμό-πτερος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πτέρον) with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; νᾶες ὁμόπτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.
- ὁμό-πολις**, poet. for ὁμόπολις.
- ὁμοργάζω**, = ὁμόργνυμι, to wipe off.
- ὁμόργνυ**, Ep. for ὠμόργνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ὈΜΟΡΓΝΥΜΙ, fut. ὁμόρξω:—Med., aor. I ὠμορξάμην:—to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ὁμόρξασθαι to dry one's tears.
- ὁμορξάμενος**, aor. I part. med. of ὁμόργνυμι.
- ὁμορέω** Ion. **ὁμουρέω**, to have the same boundaries with, to border on. From
- ὁμο-ορος** Ion. **ὁμουρος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ὄρος) having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ὁμορος, ὁ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ὁμορον neighbourhood.
- ὁμορροθέω**, f. ἤσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And
- ὁμορρόθιος**, ον, rowing or swimming together. From
- ὁμόρ-ροθος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ροθέω) rowing together: generally, acting together.
- ὈΜΟ΄Σ**, ἡ, ὄν, one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis. (Akin to ἄμα: hence ὁμοιος, ὁμῶς, ὁμως, ὁμοῦ, ὁμῇ, ὁμόθεν, ὁμόσε.)
- ὁμόσαι**, ὁμόσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὁμνυμι.
- ὁμόσε**, Adv. (ὁμός) to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε λέναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ὁμόσε λέναι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.
- ὁμο-σθενής**, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, σθένος) of equal might.
- ὁμοσιτέω**, f. ἤσω, to eat or live together with. From
- ὁμό-σιτος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σίτος) eating together.
- ὁμό-σκευος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκευή) arrayed in the same way.
- ὁμοσκηνία**, ἡ, a living in the same tent. From
- ὁμό-σκηνος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.
- ὁμο-σκηνώω**, f. ὤσω, to live in the same tent with.
- ὁμό-σπλαγχνος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.
- ὁμό-σπονδος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπονδή) sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.
- ὁμό-σπορος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπείρω) sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.
- ὁμόσσαι**, ὁμόσας, Ep. for ὁμόσαι, ὁμόσας.
- ὁμο-στιχάω**, (ὁμοῦ, στείχω) to walk together with.
- ὁμό-στολος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στέλλω) sent together with,



in company with.  
of the same kind.

II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) clad alike :

ὁμό-τάφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.

ὁμό-τεχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft : as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

ὁμό-τιμος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τιμή) equally honoured, beld in equal honour : οἱ ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

ὁμό-τοιχος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τοῖχος) having one common wall, separated by a party wall : metaph. hardly different from.

ὁμο-τράπεζος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating at the same table with.

ὁμό-τροπος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same habits : ὁμότροπα ἤθια like habits :—as Subst., ὁμότροπος, ὁ, a comparison.

ὁμό-τροφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with ; ὁμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts brought up with men.

ὁμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμός), together, of Place :—also together, at once ; γαῖαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον earth and sea together. 2. together with, along with ; c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκύεσαι with or among the dead. 3. near, hard by : nearly, almost. 4.

ὁμοῦ καί, in like manner as, just like as, Lat. aequē ac. ὁμοῦμαι, fut. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμουρέω, ὁμouρος, Ion. for ὁμορέω, ὁμορος.

ὁμό-φοιτος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, φοιτάω) going together with : as Subst., ὁμόφοιτος, ὁ, a companion.

ὁμοφρονέω, f. ἤσω, (ὁμόφρων) to be of one mind with ; πόλεμος ὁμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously.

ὁμοφροσύνη, ἡ, a being of the same mind, unity. From ὁμό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.

ὁμο-φυής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, φυή) of the same age or nature.

ὁμό-φυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, φύλον) of the same race or people : as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, οἱ, men of the same race : τὸ ὁμόφυλον sameness of race.

ὁμοφωνέω, f. ἤσω, to speak the same language with. 2. to chime in with. From

ὁμό-φωνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same language with. 2. agreeing in tone, in unison with.

ὁμο-χροία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, χροία) sameness of colour. II. smoothness of surface : the surface, skin.

ὁμοχρονέω, f. ἤσω, to keep time with. From ὁμόχρονος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with.

ὁμό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, χροία) of the same colour.

ὁμό-ψηφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ψηφος) voting with. II. having an equal right to vote with.

ὁμόω, f. ὠσω, (ὁμός) to join together, unite :—Pass., aor. I ὠμώθη, to be united.

\*ΟΜΠΙΝΗ, ἡ, corn, food.

ὁμπνιακός, ἡ, ὄν, = ὁμπνιος.

ὁμπνιος, α, ον, (ὁμπνη) of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large :—Ὀμπνιά [ᾱ], ἡ, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

ὁμφᾶκίας, ον, ὁ, (ὁμφᾶξ) wine made from unripe grapes. II. metaph. as masc. Adj. harsh, austere, bitter, crabbed.

ὁμφᾶκο-ράξ, ἄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμφᾶξ, ῥάξ) with sour or unripe grapes.

ὁμφάλιος, ον, (ὁμφαλός) belonging to the navel : as Subst., ὁμφάλιον, τό, = ὁμφαλος. 2. having a boss, like a boss.

ὁμφᾶλοίς, εσσα, εν, (ὁμφαλός) having a navel or boss ; ἄσπις ὁμφαλόεσσα a shield with a central boss.

\*ΟΜΦΑΛΟΨ, οῦ, ὁ, the navel, Lat. umbilicus. II. anything like a navel : the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. umbo. 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3.

the centre : so Calypso's island Ogygia is called ὁμφαλὸς θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea : and Delphi was called ὁμφαλός as the navel or centre of Earth.

\*ΟΜΦΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, an unripe grape. 2. metaph. a young girl.

ὁμφή, ἡ, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή : a prophecy, oracle, warning voice : any token conveying divine intimation : later, tuneful voice, melody. II. fame, report ; σὴ ὁμφή the report about thee.

ὁμωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμώω.

ὁμ-ῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, — ὁμαῦλαξ.

ὁμώμοκα, pf. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 sing. ὁμώμοται, pf. pass. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμ-ωνύμιος, α, ον, and ὁμ-ώνυμος, ον, (ὁμός, ἔνομα) having the same name :—as Subst., ὁμώνυμος, ὁ, ἡ, a namesake. II. ambiguous, equivocal.

ὁμ-ωρόφιος, ον, and ὁμ-ώροφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἱροφή) living under the same roof with.

ὁμῶς, Adv. of ὁμός, equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. pariter. 2. like ὁμοῦ, together, at once, alike. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat. pariter ac ; ἐχθρὸς ὁμῶς Ἀἰδαο πύλῃσι hated like the gates of Hell.

ὁμως, Conj. (ὁμός) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen ; ὁμως μὴν or μέντοι but still, for all that :—ὁμως is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. quamvis, κλυθί μου νοσῶν ὁμως hear me although thou art diseased.

ὁμ-ωχέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὁμός, ἔχω) biding or dwelling together ; θεοὶ ὁμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

ὁν-ᾱγός, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for ὀνηγός.

ὀν-αγρος, ὁ, (ὀνος, ἄγριος) the wild ass.

ὀναίμην, ὀναιο, ὀναιτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of ὀνίνημι.

\*ΟΝΑΨ, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὑπαρ) : only used in nom. and acc. (ὄνειρος and ὄνειρον being used in the other cases) :—

proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, σκιᾶς ἔναρ the dream of a shadow. II. in Att., ἔναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep ; οὐδὲ ὄναρ not even in a dream : often opp. to ὑπαρ, ὄναρ ἢ ὑπαρ

ζῆν to live in a dream or awake.

ὀνάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀνος, a young ass.

ὄνασεῖ, Dor. for ὀνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀνίνημι.

ὄνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὀνίνημι.

ὄνασις, Dor. for ὀνησις.

ὄνειαρ, τό, gen. ὀνειᾶτος, (ὀνίνημι) anything that profits or is helpful, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refection: plur. ὀνειᾶτα, food, victuals.

ὀνειδεις, ον, (ὀνειδος) reproachful: disgraceful.

ὀνειδίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ: aor. 1 ὀνειδισα: pf. ὀνειδισα:—Pass., with fut. med. ὀνειδισομαι: (ὀνειδος):—to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. objicere. 2. to reproach, upbraid.

ὀνειδισμα, τό, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproach.

ὀνειδισμός, ὁ, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproaching: reproach.

ὀνειδιστής, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproacher, upbraider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

\*ONEIDIOS, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. fama: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

ὀνειος, ον, (ὄνος) of an ass; ὀνειον γάλα ass's milk.

ὀνειράτα, τά, used as pl. of ὀνειρον.

ὀνειρείος, α, ον, (ὀνειρος) dreamy, of dreams; ἐν ὀνειρείῃσι πύλῃσι at the gates of dreams.

ὀνειρο-κρίτης, ον, ὁ, (ὀνειρος, κριτής) an interpreter of dreams.

ὀνειρό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀνειρος, μάντις) an interpreter of dreams.

ὀνειρον, τό, collat. form of ὀνειρος, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is ὀνειράτα, -άτων, -ασι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., ὀνειράτος, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. ὀνειραρ.

ὀνειροπολῶ, f. ἡσώ, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, ἵππους of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

ὀνειρο-πόλος, ον, (ὀνειρος, πολῶ) versed in dreams: as Subst., ὀνειροπόλος, ὁ, an interpreter of dreams.

\*ONEIPOS, ὁ, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. ὄναρ, ὄνειρον. 2. as prop. n., \*Ονειρος, god of dreams.

ὀνειρο-σκόπος, ον, (ὀνειρος, σκοπέω) an interpreter of dreams.

ὀνειρό-φαντος, ον, (ὀνειρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, haunting one's dreams.

ὀνειρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀνειρος, φρήν) understanding dreams.

ὀνειρώσσω Att. -ττω, (ὀνειρος) to dream.

ὀνεύω, (ὄνος II) to draw up with a windlass, to haul up.

ὀν-ηγός Dor. ὀν-αγός, ὁ, (ὄνος, ἡγέομαι) an ass-driver.

ὀν-ηλάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (ὄνος, ἡλαύνω) an ass-driver.

ὀνήμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀνίνημι; ὀνησα, Ep. for ὀνησα, aor. 1; ὀνήσει, 3 sing. fut.

ὀνήσιμος, ον, (ὀνησις) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

ὀνησις, εως, ἡ, (ὀνίνημι) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

\*ONΘOS, ὁ, dirt, dung.

ὄνια, ἡ, Aeol. for ἄνια.

ὀνίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a little ass, donkey.

ὀνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄνος) of or for an ass; ὀνικός μύλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

ὀνίνημι, ὀνίνης, ὀνίνησι, inf. ὀνινάναι [ᾱ], part. ὀνίνας: fut. ὀνήσω: aor. 1 ὀνησα: as if from obsol.

\*ONE'Ω:—Med. and Pass. ὀνίναμαι, impf. ὀνινάμην: fut. ὀνήσομαι: aor. 2 ὀνήμην, -ησο, -ητο, or ὀνάμην; imperat. ὀνησο, opt. ὀναίμην, inf. ὄνασθαι, part. ὀνήμενος: aor. 1 ὀνήθην. I. Act. to profit, benefit, help, support; and, like Lat. juvo, to gratify, delight.

II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy help; esp. to have delight or enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, have enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. 2. freq. in aor. 2 opt. ὀναίμην, αιο, αιτο, to express good wishes, οὕτως ὀναίμην so may I thrive! ὄναιο, Lat. sis felix! mayest thou be happy! also with χάριν, ὄναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase ἐσθλός μοι δοκεῖ εἶναι, ὀνήμενος (sub. εἶη or ἔστω), he seems brave, may he be fortunate!—also ironical, ὄναιο μένταν εἴ τις ἐκπλύνει σε you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

ὀνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὄνος) ass's dung.

ὀνοίτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of ὀνομαι.

\*ONOMA, ἄτος, τό, Ion. οὔνομα Aeol. ὄνυμα:—Lat. NOMEN, a name; ὄνομα θεῖναι τινι to give one a name; ὄνομα φέρεσθαι to bear a name; ὄνομα καλεῖν τινι to call one by a name. II. name, fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to ἔργον, like λόγος. 2. a false name, pretence, pretext; ἐπ' ὀνόματι under the pretence. IV. ὄνομα is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like κάρα, as ὦ φίλτατον ὄνομα Πολυνείκους. V. a word, expression: a saying. VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. nomen, opp. to ῥῆμα, Lat. verbum, a verb.

ὀνομάζω Ion. οὔνομάζω: fut. ὀνομάσω Aeol. ὀνυμάζω: aor. 1 ὀνόμασα: pf. ὀνόμακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ὀνομάσθην: pf. ὀνόμασμαι: (ὄνομα):—to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as ὄνομα opp. to ἔργον. 3. to call one by a name, ὀνομάζειν τινά τι; also σοφιστήν ὀνομάζουσιν τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι they call the man a sophist by name: ὀνομάζειν ἀπὸ or ἐκ τινος to name or call from or after another; so also ἐπὶ τινος or τινι:—Med. to have one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

\*ONOMAI, 2 sing. ὄνοσαι, 3 pl. ὄνονται; imperat. ὄνοσο, 3 sing. opt. ὄνοιτο: fut. ὀνόσομαι Ep. ὀνόσομαι: aor. 1 ὀνοσάμην, opt. ὀνοσαίμην, αιο, αιτο, Ep. inf. ὀνόσασθαι; also aor. 1 pass. ὀνόσθην: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. οὔνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. 1 ὀνατο: Dep.:—to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., οὐδ' ὥς σε ἔολπα ὀνέσσεσθαι κακότητος not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.



ὀνομαίνω, fut. ὀνομήσω Ion. οὐνομανέω: aor. I ὠνόμηνα Ep. ὠνόμηνα: (ὄνομα):—poët. for ὀνομάζω, to name, call by name, Lat. *nominare*: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3. to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

ὀνομα-κλήδην, Adv. (ὄνομα, καλέω) calling by name, by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὀνομα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ὄνομα, κλυτός) of famous name, renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ὀνομαστί, Adv. (ὀνομάζω) by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὀνομαστός Ion. οὐν-, ἢ, ὄν, (ὀνομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ὀνοματο-λόγος, ὁ, (ὄνομα, λέγω) one who tells people's names, Lat. *nomenclator*.

ὠνόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of ὀνομαίνω.

\*ΟΝΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, an ass, Lat. *asinus*, *asina*: Proverbs: περὶ ὄνου σκιάς for an ass's shadow, like Lat. *de lana caprina*, i. e. for a mere trifle: ὄνου πόκαι ass's wool, like ὀρνίθων γάλα, of something not existing. II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to, 1. a windlass, crane, pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker, wine-cup, prob. from its shape.

ὀνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὀνομαι.

ὀνόσσεσθαι, Ep. for ὀνόσεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὀνομαι.

ὀνοστός, ἢ, ὄν, (ὀνομαι) to be blamed or scorned.

ὀνοτάζω, like ὀνομαι, to blame, rail at.

ὀνοτός, ἢ, ὄν, for ὀνοστός.

ὀνο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὄνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper.

ὄντα, τά, pl. part. neut. of εἰμί, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:—also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

ὄντως, Adv. part. of εἰμί *sum*, really, actually.

ὄνυμα, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα. Hence

ὄνυμάζω, ὄνυμαίνω, Aeol. for ὄνομα-.

ὄνυξ, ὄνυξ, ὁ, dat. pl. ὄνυξι Ep. ὄνυχεςσι: I. in

pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. *unguis*;

of cattle, a hoof; ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἀκροῦς στήναι to stand on tiptoe, Lat. *summis digitis*. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν ὄνυχων, Horace's *de tenero ungui*, from a tender age. II.

a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of it.

ὄνυχεςσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ὄνυξ.

ὄξ-άλμη, ἢ, (ὄξος, ἄλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ὄξεία, Ion. for ὄξεῖα, fem. of ὄξύς:—ὄξέσι, dat. pl.

ὄξέως, Adv. of ὄξύς, sharply.

ὄξηρός, ἢ, ὄν, (ὄξος) of or for vinegar; κέραμος

ὄξηρός a jar for vinegar.

ὄξινης [ῖ], es, (ὄξος) sour, of wine. 2. metaph.

sour-tempered, crabbed.

ὄξίς, ἴδος, ἢ, (ὄξος) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. *acetabulum*.

II. a sort of sbrimp.

ὄξος, εος, τό, (ὄξύς) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. *acetum*.

\*ΟΞΥΤ'Α or ὄξύη, ἢ, a kind of beech. II. a spear-shaft made from its wood: generally, a spear.

ὄξύ-βάφων, τό, (ὄξύς, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat. *acetabulum*: a shallow dish or saucer.

ὄξύ-βελής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, βέλος) sharp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

ὄξύ-βόας and ὄξύ-βόης, ου, ὁ, (ὄξύς, βοάω) sbrill-screaming: sbrill-buzzing.

ὄξύ-γοός, ου, (ὄξύς, γόος) sbrill-wailing.

ὄξύ-δερκής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, δέρκομαι) sbrill-sighted, quick-sighted: Sup. ὄξυδερκέστατος.

ὄξύ-δουπος, ου, (ὄξύς, δοῦπος) sbrill-sounding, sbrill-sounding.

ὄξύ-ίθειρος, ου, (ὄξύς, ἔθειρα) with sbrill, pointed hair: irreg. plur. ὄξυέθειρες.

ὄξύ-θηκτος, ου, (ὄξύς, θήγω) sbrill-edged, sbrill-pointed: metaph. sbrill goaded.

ὄξύθυμῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὄξύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

ὄξύθυμία, ἢ, quickness to anger, cholera.

ὄξύ-θυμός, ου, (ὄξύς, θυμός) quick to anger, quick-tempered, passionate, choleric.

ὄξύ-κάρδιος, ου, (ὄξύς, καρδία) quick-tempered.

ὄξύ-κίνητος, ου, (ὄξύς, κινέω) moved quickly. [ῖ]

ὄξύ-κομος, ου, (ὄξύς, κόμη) with pointed hair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

ὄξύ-κώκυτος, ου, (ὄξύς, κωκύω) loudly wailed.

ὄξύλαβῆ, (ὄξυλαβής) to seize quickly: to seize the opportunity.

ὄξύ-λαβής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, λαβεῖν) seizing quickly.

ὄξύ-λάλος, ου, (ὄξύς, λαλέω) glib-tongued.

ὄξύ-μελής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, μέλος) clear-singing.

ὄξύ-μέριμος, ου, (ὄξύς, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or studied.

ὄξύ-μήνιτος, ου, (ὄξύς, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath; φόνος ὄξυμήνιτος murder in hot blood.

ὄξύ-μολπος, ου, (ὄξύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

ὄξύ-μωρος, ου, (ὄξύς, μῶρος) pointedly foolish:—as

Subst., ὄξύμωρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, *insaniens sapientia* or *concordia discors*.

ὄξυνθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ὄξύνω.

ὄξυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a sharpener. From

ὄξύνω, f. ὕνω, (ὄξύς) to make sharp or pointed, to sharpen. 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen: also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὄξυόεις, εσσα, εν, poët. for ὄξύς, sharp-pointed; or from ὄξυα with beechen shaft.

ὄξυ-ὄστρακος, ου, (ὄξύς, ὄστρακον) with a sharp jagged shell.

ὄξυ-παγής, ἐς, (ὄξύς, παγῆναι) sharp-pointed.

ὄξυ-πυκνός, ἐς, (ὄξύς, πυκνός) sharp-pointed.

ὄξυ-πούς, ὁ, ἢ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὄξύς, πούς) swift-footed.

ὄξυ-πρωπος, ου, (ὄξύς, πρῶρα) having a sharp prow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

ὄξυ-ρεπής, ἐς, poët. for ὄξυρεπής, = ὄξυρροπος.

ὄξυρ-ροπος, ου, (ὄξύς, ῥέπω) quick-turning, nicely

*poised*, of a delicate balance; *easily swayed*: metaph. *easily roused or led on*, Lat. *propensus*.

'ΟΞΥ'Σ, ὀξεῖα Ion. ὀξεία, ὀξύ, *sharp, keen, pointed*; λίθος ὀξύς a *sharpened stone* for a knife; ἐς ὃν ἀπυγμένον brought to a point; τὸ ὀξύ the *sharp point* or *vertex* of a triangle.

II. of impressions on the senses, *sharp, keen, piercing*; of the sun, like *rapidus sol* in Virgil, *dazzling*. 2. of sight, *keen, piercing*; ὀξύτατον δέρεσθαι to be *most keen* of sight; ὀξύ ἀκούειν to be *quick* of hearing. 3. of sound, *sharp, shrill*, opp. to βαρύς. 4. of taste, *sharp, pungent*. 5. of pain or grief, *sharp, piercing*.

III. *quick, sharp, keen, hasty*, esp. *quick to anger*. IV. of motion, *quick, swift*.—Besides Adv. ὀξέως, the neut. ὀξύ, and pl. ὀξεία, are often used as Adv. *sharply*, etc.

ὀξύστομος, ον, (ὀξύς, στόμα) *sharp-toothed*; of the gad-fly, *sharp-stinging*; of a sword, *keen-edged*.

ὀξύτενης, ἐς, (ὀξύς, τείνω) = ὀξύτονος.

ὀξύτης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀξύς) *sharpness, pointedness*. II.

of sound, *highness of pitch or tone*. 2. of taste, *pungency*. III. metaph. *sharpness, cleverness*. 2.

of action, *quickness, haste*.

ὀξύτόμος, ον, (ὀξύς, τεμῆν) *sharp-cutting, keen*.

ὀξύτονος, ον, (ὀξύς, τόνος) *stretched to a point*: *sharp, piercing*: *violent*. II. *having the acute accent*, i. e. accent on the last syllable, *oxytone*.

ὀξύτόρος, ον, (ὀξύς, τείρω) *piercing, pointed, prickly*.

ὀξύφθογγος, ον, (ὀξύς, φθόγγος) = ὀξύφωνος.

ὀξύφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀξύς, φρήν) *sharp-witted*.

ὀξύφωνος, ον, (ὀξύς, φωνή) *with clear, shrill voice*.

ὀξύχειρ, χειρός, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀξύς, χεῖρ) *quick of hand*. 2.

ὀξύχειρ κτύπος a sound of *quick-beating with the hands*.

ὀξύχολος, ον, (ὀξύς, χόλος) *quick to anger*.

ὀξύωπής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, ὤψ) *sharp-sighted*.

ὄου, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of οὐς or οὔ.

ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη.

ὀπαδίω, ὀπαδός, Dor. for ὀπηδίω: ὀπηδός, an attendant.

'ΟΠΑ'ΖΩ, f. ὀπάσω Ep. ὀπάσσω: aor. I ὤπασα Ep. ὤπασσα:—Med., Ep. fut. ὀπάσσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὤπασσάμην:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολλὸν λαὸν ὀπάζειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many:—Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος ὀπάζειν τινί to give him glory to follow:—to add, attach, annex to:—generally, to give, grant, bestow; ἔργον πρὸς ἀσπίδι ὀπάζειν to put a work of art on the shield. III. to follow, pursue, press hard: absol. to force one's way:—Pass., χεῖμαρρος ὀπαζόμενος Διὸς ὕμβρω a torrent forced on (i. e. swollen with) the rain.

ὀπαῖος, α, ον, (ὀπή) *with a hole or opening*: as Subst., ὀπαῖον, τό, a hole in the roof.

ὀπανίκα, Dor. for ὀπηνίκα.

ὀπάσαιμι, aor. I opt. of ὀπάζω.

ὀπάσσε, ὀπάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I act. and med.

of ὀπάζω.

ὀπάσσει, Ep. for ὀπάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of ὀπάζω.

ὀ-πατρος, ον, for ὀμό-πατρος, (ὀμός, πατήρ) by the same father.

ὀπάων [ā], ονος, Ion. ὀπέων, -έωνος, ὁ, (ὀπάζω) like ὀπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

'ΟΠΕΑ'Σ, ἄτος, τό, an awl, Lat. *subula*: Aeol. ὕπεας, which is the usual form.

ὀπερ, Ep. for ὅπερ.

ὀπέων, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for ὀπάων.

'ΟΠΗ', ἡς, ἡ, an opening, hole: a hole in the roof, for a chimney.

ὀπη Ep. ὀπη Dor. ὀπᾶ Ion. ὀκη, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. *qua*, and so *where*, like ὅπου, Lat. *ubi*: also like ὅποι, *whither*, Lat. *quo*. 2. c. gen., ὀπη γᾶς, Lat. *quo terrarum?* to which part of the land? also like Lat. *ubi terrarum?* *where?* II.

of Manner, in what way? how?

ὀπηδίω, Dor. ὀπαδίω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From

ὀπηδός, ὄν, Dor. ὀπαδός, (ὀπάζω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. ὀπηδός, ὁ, an attendant.

ὀπηνικά, Adv. *when, at what time*. II. *since*, Lat. *quoniam*.

ὀπίας, ον, ὁ, (ὀπός) cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (ὀπός): in full τυρὸς ὀπίας.

ὀπίζομαι, f. -ίζομαι: Dep.: (ὀπίς):—to have respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, honour, obey.

ὀπίθε and ὀπίθεν, Adv., poet. for ὀπισθε, ὀπισθεν.

ὀπιθόμ-βροτος, ον, poet. for ὀπισθόμβροτος, (ὀπίθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; ὀπιθόμβροτον αὐχμημα the glory that lives after men.

'Οπικοί, οἱ, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. 'Οπικός, ἡ, ὄν, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

ὀπιπτεύω, f. σω, (\*ὀπτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch.

ὀπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. ὀπῖν or ὀπίδα, (ὤψ) regard paid to a person or thing; 1. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; ὀπίς θεῶν the vengeance of the gods. 2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. 3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. *reverentia*.

ὀπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for ὀπισθε.

ὀπισθε, and before a vowel ὀπισθεν, Ep. ὀπίθε, ὀπίθεν: (ὀπίς): Lat. *pone*: I. of Place, after, behind, opp. to πρὸς in front; οἱ ὀπισθε those left behind; οἱ ὀπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὰ or τὰ ὀπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; eis τοῦπι-σθεν back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., be- bind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, hereafter.

ὀπίσθιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ὀπισθε) binder, Lat. *posticus*: ὀπ. σκέλεα the bind-legs.

ὀπισθο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὀπισθε, βαίνω) walk- ing backwards. [ā]

ὀπισθό-γράφος, ον, (ὀπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.



ὀπισθό-δετος, ον, (ὀπισθε, δέω) bound behind or backwards.

ὀπισθό-δομος, ὁ, (ὀπισθε, δόμος) the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.

ὀπισθο-νόμος, ον, (ὀπισθε, νέμω) grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.

ὀπισθο-νύγης, ἐς, (ὀπισθε, νυγῆναι) pricking from behind.

ὀπισθό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀπισθε, πούς) walking behind, following, attendant.

ὀπισθοφύλαξ, ἡ, ἡσώ, (ὀπισθοφύλαξ) to guard the rear, form the rear-guard. II. to command the rear-guard. Hence

ὀπισθοφύλακία, ἡ, the command of the rear.

ὀπισθο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀπισθε, φύλαξ) one who watches behind: οἱ ὀπισθοφύλακες the rear-guard of an army.

ὀπίσσω, Adv., Ep. for ὀπίσω.

ὀπίστατος, ἡ, ον, (ὀπισθε) bindmost, Lat. postremus.

ὀπίσω Ep. ὀπίσσω, Adv. (ὀπισ) of Place, behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίσω, contr. τοῦπίσω, also εἰς τοῦπίσω, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, behind. II. of Time, afterwards, hereafter. III.

over again, again. [I]

ὀπλᾶς, Dor. for ὀπλῆς, gen. of ὀπλή.

ὀπλῆ, (ὀπλον) poet. for ὀπλίω, to make ready.

ὀπλή, ἡ, (ὀπλον) a hoof, properly the solid hoof of a horse: but also the cloven hoof of horned cattle.

ὀπλήεις, εσσα, εν, (ὀπλον) armed.

Ὀπλητες, οἱ, = ὀπλίται, name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.

ὀπλίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. ὤπλισα Ep. ὤπλισσα: —Med., Ep. aor. I ὤπλισσάμην: —Pass., aor. I ὤπλίσθην, Ep. 3 pl. ὤπλισθεν: pf. ὤπλισμαι: —to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον ὀπλίεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, harness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, harness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as ὀπλίται. II.

Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

ὀπλίσις, ἡ, a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.

ὀπλισμα, ατος, τό, (ὀπλίω) equipment, armour. II. an army, armament.

ὀπλισμός, ὁ, (ὀπλίω) = ὀπλισις.

ὀπλιστέον, verb. Adj. of ὀπλίω, one must arm.

ὀπλιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὀπλίω) of a warrior.

ὀπλίτ-ἄγωγός, ὅν, (ὀπλίτης, ἄγω) commanding the heavy-armed.

ὀπλίτεύω, f. σω, to be an ὀπλίτης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier. From

ὀπλίτης [I], ον, ὁ, (ὀπλον II. 2) heavy-armed, armed in full armour: ὀπλίτης στρατός an armed host. II.

as Subst., ὀπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (ὀπλον),

a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνήτες, γυμνήται. Hence

ὀπλιτικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for a heavy-armed soldier: τὸ ὀπλικόν, = οἱ ὀπλίται.

ὀπλομαι, Med. (ὀπλον) poet. for ὀπλίζομαι, to get ready for oneself.

ὀπλομανέω, f. ἦσω, to be madly fond of arms, have a mania for war. From

ὀπλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ὀπλον, μανῆναι) madly fond of arms.

ὀπλομαχία, ἡ, the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics. From

ὀπλο-μάχος, ον, (ὀπλα, μάχομαι) fighting in heavy arms. II. one who drills soldiers.

ὈΠΛΟΝ, τό, any tool or implement: I. a ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords; ὀπλα χαλκήια a blacksmith's tools; ἀρούρης ὀπλον a sickle; ὀπλον γεροντικόν a staff. II. mostly in plur.

implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, harness, armour; rarely in sing. a weapon: ἐν ὀπλοῖς μένειν to remain under arms. 2. in sing. mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὀπλίται. 3. τὰ ὀπλα, = ὀπλίται, heavy-armed soldiers. 4. τὰ ὀπλα also, the camp, quarters.

ὀπλότερος, α, ον, and ὀπλότατος, ἡ, ον, Comp. and Sup. without any Posit. in use: poet. for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὀπλα): —those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp.

to the old men and children: —then, generally, of age, ὀπλότερος γενεῇ younger by birth, Lat. minor natu: —also, ἄνδρες ὀπλότεροι men of later days.

ὀπλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier: —Pass. to have a body-guard. From

ὀπλο-φόρος, ον, (ὀπλα, φέρω) bearing arms, armed: as Subst., ὀπλοφόρος, ὁ, an armed man, a warrior. II. one of the body-guard.

ὀποδαπός, ἡ, ὅν, (ποδαπός) relat. Adj. what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. cujus.

ὀπόθεν Ep. ὀππόθεν Ion. ὀκόθεν, relat. Adv. whence, from what place.

ὀπόθι Ep. ὀππόθι, relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.

ὅποι Ion. ὅκοι, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where; ὅποι ποτέ whithersoever; μέχρι ὅποι up to what place, how far. 2. c. gen., ὅποι γῆς whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum. II. of Manner, for ὅπως, how, how far.

ὀποίος, α, ον, Ep. ὀπποίος, ἡ, ον, Ion. ὀκοῖος, ἡ, ον: (ποιός) relat. Adj. of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis. II. the correlat. of ὀποίος is τοῖος; τοῖος

.. ὀποίος such as; ὀπποῖόν κ' εἶπες, τοῖόν κ' ἐπακούσεις such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again. III. ὀποίος τις refers to a special subject; ὀποίος τις ἦ what manner of man was he. IV. ὀποίος οὖν of what kind soever, Lat. qualiscunque. V. Adv. ὀποῖως: also in neut. pl. ὀποῖα, like as, Lat. qualiter.

'ΟΠΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ὁ, juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:—metaph., ὁπός ἤβης the juicy freshness of youth.

ὁπός, gen. of ὄψ.

ὁποσάκις, Adv. (ὁπόσος) as many times as . . . , as often as . . . [ᾶ]

ὁποσάχῃ, Adv. (ὁπόσος) at as many places as . . .

ὁπόσε Ep. ὁππόσε, Adv., poet. for ὅποι, whither.

ὁπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὁππόσος, ὁπόσος, ὁππόσος Ion. ὁκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as . . . , Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as . . . , Lat. quantus.

ὁπότ' ἂν Ep. ὁππότ' ἂν, for ὁπότ' ἂν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whensoever, Lat. quando-cunque.

ὁπότε Ep. ὁππότε Ion. ὁκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since.

ὁπότερος, α, ον, Ep. ὁππότερος, η, ον: (πότερος): —which of two, whether of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὑποτερο-

σοῦν and ὑπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, utercunque. 3. neut. ὑπότερον

and ὑπότερα as Adv., for ὑπότερως, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of

two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὁποτέρωθε, -ωθεν Ep. ὁπποτ-, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain.

ὁποτέρως, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways.

ὁποτέρωσε, relat. Adv. (ὁπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

ὅπου Ion. ὅκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. 2. also c. gen., ὅπου γῆς where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum. 3. ἔσθ' ὅπου there are places, where . . . , i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi . . . , for alicubi. 4. ὅπου ἂν or ὅπου περ ἂν, wherever:—

ὅπου οὖν, ὅπου δὲ, ὅπου δὲποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque. II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when. III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really

gen. of an old Pron. \*ὄπος.)

ὅπα, Adv. poet. for ὅπα, Dor. for ὅπη.

ὅπατα, Dor. for ὅματα.

ὅπη, Adv., Ep. for ὅπη.

ὅπποθεν, ὅπποθι, Ep. for ὑπόθεν, ὑπόθι.

ὅπποῖος, ὅπποσε, Ep. for ὁποῖος, ὁπόσε.

ὅπποκά, Dor. for ὁπότε.

ὅπποσος, η, ον, Ep. for ὁπόσος.

ὅπποταν, ὅπποτ' ἂν, Ep. for ὑπόταν, ὑπότ' ἂν.

ὅπποτε, Ep. for ὁπότε.

ὅπποτερος, ὅπποτέρωθεν, Ep. for ὁποτ-.

ὅπως, Ep. for ὅπως.

ὀπτᾶλέος, α, ον, (ὀπτᾶω) roasted: also baked.

ὀπτάνιον, τό, (ὀπτᾶω) a kitchen.

ὀπτᾶσία, ἡ, (ὀψομαι) a sight, a vision.

ὀπιτᾶ' ὦ, imperf. ὀπτᾶν: f. ὀπτήσω:—Pass., aor. 1 ὀπτήθην: pf. ὀπτήμαι:—to roast or broil meat; opp. to ἔψω, to boil. 2. to bake bread; also of pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, harden by

exposure to the sun.

4. metaph. of love, to

scorch, burn.

ὀπτεύμενος, Dor. for ὀπτᾶμενος, pres. pass. part. of ὀπτᾶω.

ὀπτεύω, = ὀράω, to see.

ὀπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ὀψομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

ὀπτῆριος, α, ον, (ὀψομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὀπτῆρια (sub. δῶρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

ὀπτίλος [ῖ], ὅ, (ὀψομαι) the eye; Dor. also ὀπτίλλος.

\*ὀπτομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὀράω are formed: see ὀράω.

ὀπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀπτᾶω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; ἐφθὰ καὶ ὀπτὰ boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ὀπιτᾶ' ὦ Att. ὀπύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: I. Act. of

the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὀπιόντες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ἡμίθεοι). II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

ὀπωπα, Ion. pf. med. of ὀράω: Dor. 3 sing. ὀπῶπη.

ὀπωπή, ἡ, (ὀπωπα) poet. for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision. II. sight, power of seeing.

ὀπωπητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ὀπωπα) a spy, looker out.

ὀπιτᾶ' ὦ Ion. ὀπῶρη, ἡ, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season. II. from being the fruit-time, ὀπῶρα also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ὀπωριεύντες, Ion. for ὀπωριούντες, part. Att. fut. of ὀπωρίζω.

ὀπωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ὀπῶρα) to gather fruits. II. to gather fruits off a tree.

ὀπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀπῶρα) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; ἀστήρ ὀπωρινός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σεῖριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὀπῶρα. [ι is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

ὀπωροφορέω, f. ἤσω, to bear fruit. From ὀπωρο-φόρος, ον, (ὀπῶρα II, φέρω) bearing fruit.

ὅπως Ep. ὅπως Ion. ὅκως:—relat. Conj. of Manner, how, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. 2. sometimes put for οἷος, as, τοῖόν με ἔθηκεν, ὅπως ἔθέλει, for οἷον ἔθέλει, he has made me such as he wills.

3. ὅπως ἔχω as I am, i. e. immediately, on the spot. 4. c. gen., σοῦσθε ὅπως ποδῶν (sub. ἔχετε), run as you are off for feet, i. e. as quick as you can. 5. ὀπωσδή, ὀπωσοῦν, ὀπωσδηποτοῦν, ὀπωστιοῦν, howsoever, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὀπωστιοῦν, not in any way whatever, not in the least. 6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως it is not (i. e. cannot be) that . . . ; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin . . . , it cannot but be that . . . II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τρῶες ἐρρίγησαν, ὅπως ἶδον αἰόλον ὄφιν the Trojans shuddered when they saw.

III. like ὡς and ὅτι, Lat. quam, with Sup.



of Adv. ὅπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerrime*; ὅπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὅπως as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order that, so that*, Lat. *quo, ut*, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteceded. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὅρᾳ ὅπως γένηται he is looking *that* he may be: πείρα, ὅπως κεν ἵκηαι keep trying *that* thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ὅρα, ὁρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, ὅπως τοῦτό γε μὴ ποιήσης, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὅπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε see *that* ye be men!

II. by the Optat., if the anteceded. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὅπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) *that* it might be done.

III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὅπως Ἰθάκης ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him *with the view that* he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δεῖ σ' ὅπως δείξεις.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλὰ or ἀλλὰ καὶ. not only not so, but .., οὐχ ὅπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τούτων πολитеύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them;—in full, οὐ λέγω ὅπως I do not say *that*, etc.; so, οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all.

V. ὅπως μή, = the Conjunction μή: generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

ὁράας, Ep. for ὁράς, 2 sing. of ὁράω.

ὁράμα, τό, (ὁράω) *that which is seen, a view, sight*.

ὁραμος, ὁ, later form of ὁρόδαμος.

ὁράσις, εἰς, ἡ, (ὁράω) *seeing, the sense of sight*.

ὁράτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὁράω) *to be seen, visible*; τὰ ὁράτά *visible objects*.

'ΟΡΑ'Ω, impf. Att. ἑώραν: Ion. ὁρέω impf. ὤρεον: Ep. also ὁρόω: pf. ἑώρακα later ἑωράκα, pass. ἑώραμαι later ἑωράμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root \*ΟΠΤ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὄψομαι, with a rare aor. 1 ὠψάμην: Pass., fut. ὀφθήσομαι: aor. 1 ὤφθην inf. ὀφθῆναι: pf. ὤμμαι, ὤψαι, ὤπται, inf. ὤφθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὤπαπα, plqpf. ὤπῳπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root \*ΙΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 act. εἶδον inf. ἰδεῖν: aor. 2 med. εἰδόμην, inf. ἰδέσθαι: pf. with pres. sense οἶδα, οἶσθα, ἴκνω, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see οἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὲν ὄρα (3 Ep. impf.) *be kept looking continually at them*.

2. to have sight, like βλέπω, opp. to μὴ ὁρᾶν to be blind; ὅσ' ἂν λέγοιμι, πάνθ' ὁρᾶντα λέξομαι my words shall have eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκότῳ ὀφείατο may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be blind.

3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὄρα εἰ .. 4. c. acc. cognato, ὁρᾶν ἄλκᾳν to look prowess, look like a warrior.

5. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὁρᾶν φᾶος Ἡελίοιο (Hom.), and φᾶς ὁρᾶν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive.

II. Pass. to be seen, also to appear; c. part., ὤφθημεν ὄντες ἄθλιοι we were

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὁρώμενα *things visible*. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

ὀργάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ὤργασα: pf. pass. ὤργασμαι: (ὀργᾶω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. *subigo*.

ὀργαίνω, f. ἄνῳ: aor. 1 ὤργᾶνα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry.

ὀργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

ὀργάνον, τό, (ἔργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαίνεα Ἀμφίονος ὀργᾶνα the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes.

II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV. the work, product itself.

ὀργᾶνος, ἡ, ὄν, (\*ἔργω) working, fashioning.

ὀργᾶς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀργᾶω) a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow.

ὀργᾶω, (ὀργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., ὀργᾶ ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting.

II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

ὀργεών, ὦνος, Ep. ὀργειών, ὦνος, ὅ, (ὀργια) a priest.

ὀργή, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., ὀργαὶ ἀστυνόμοι social dispositions.

II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; ὀργῇ χρᾶσθαι to indulge one's anger; ὀργὴν ἄκρος prone to anger, passionate: ὀργῇ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὀργῆς, κατ' ὀργὴν, μετ' ὀργῆς, πρὸς ὀργὴν. 2. Πανὸς ὀργαὶ panic passions, terrors.

ὀργια, ἰών, τὰ, (ἔργον) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacrifice.

2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

ὀργιάζω, f. ἄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

ὀργίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. 1 ὤργισα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ὀργιοῦμαι, but also pass. ὀργισθήσομαι: aor. 1 ὤργισθην: pf. ὤργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wroth.

ὀργίλος [ι], ἡ, ὄν, (ὀργή) prone to anger, passionate.

ὀργιο-φάντης, ὄν, ὅ, (ὀργια, φαίνω) one who initiates others into orgies.

ὀργυιᾶ or ὀργυιᾶ, ἡ, (formed from ὀρέγω, as ἀγυιᾶ from ἄγω) the length of the outstretched arms.

2. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 ὀργυιᾶί make one stadium. Hence

ὀργυιαῖος, α, ὄν, a fathom long or large.

ὀρεγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρέγω) a stretching out: a bolding out, offering.

ὀρέγνυμι, = ὀρέγω, whence ὀρεγνύς (part. pres.)

'ΟΡΕΤΩ, fut. ὀρέξω: aor. 1 ὤρεξα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. *porrigo*: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. to reach out, hand, offer, give.

II. Med. ὀρέγομαι, with aor. I med. ὤρεξάμην, and pass. ὤρέχθην: pf. pass. ὤρεγμαι:—to stretch oneself out, reach out; χερσὶ ὀρέξασθαι to reach with the hands; ὀρέξασθαι ἐγχεῖν to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσσὶν ὤρεχάται (pf.) πολεμίζειν of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ὀρέξατ' ἰὼν be stretched himself as he went, i. e. went at full stride.

2. c. gen. to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire. 3. c. acc. to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to hand to oneself, reach for oneself.

ὄρει-άρχης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρος, ἀρχω) lord of the mountains. ὄρειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) peculiar fem. of ὄρειος, of or belonging to mountains. II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

ὄρειβάτῃω, to roam the mountains. From ὄρει-βάτης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρος, βαίνω) mountain-ranging. ὄρειδρομία, ἡ, a running wild over the hills. From ὄρει-δρόμος, ον, (ὄρος, δραμεῖν) running on the hills. ὄρεινόμος, ον, (ὄρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

ὄρεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρος) mountainous, billy. II. on or of a mountain: as Subst., ὄρεινός, ὅ, a mountaineer.

ὄρειο-νόμος, ον, = ὄρεινόμος. ὄρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ion. οὔρειος, (ὄρος) mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains. ὄρειο-χαρής, ἐς, (ὄρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the hills.

ὄρει-πλαγκτός, see ὀρίπλαγκτός. ὄρει-τύπος, ον, (ὄρος, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.

ὄρει-φοίτης, ον, (ὄρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging. ὄρει-χαλκός, ὅ, (ὄρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass.

ὄρειώτης, ον, ὅ, (ὄρος) a mountaineer. ὄρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρέγω) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

ὄρεξάμενος, ὀρέξας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ὀρέγω.

ὄρεξις, ἐως, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

ὄρεό-κομος, ον, incorrect form of ὄρεωκόμος. ὀρέοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρεοπολέω, to haunt the mountains. From ὄρεο-πόλος, ον, (ὄρος, πολέω) mountain-haunting.

ὄρεσί-τροφος, ον, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

ὀρέ-σκῖος, ον, (ὄρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains. ὀρέσ-κοος Ep. ὀρεσ-κῶος, ον, (ὄρος, κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.

ὀρέσ-αυλος, ον, (ὄρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the mountains.

ὄρεσσι, Ep. for ὄρεσι, dat. pl. of ὄρος. ὄρεσσι-βάτης, ον, ὅ, = ὄρειβάτης. [ᾱ]

ὄρεσσι-γενής, ἐς, and ὄρεσσι-γονός, ον, (ὄρος, γένος, γόνος) mountain-born.

ὄρεσσι-νόμος, ον, (ὄρος, νέμω) Ep. for ὄρεινόμος, feeding on the mountains, mountain-haunting.

Ὀρεστεία, ἡ, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

ὄρεστερος, α, ον, (ὄρος) poet. for ὄρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains.

ὄρεστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) = Ὀρειάς; Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

ὄρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of ὄρος. ὄρεὺς Ion. οὔρεὺς, ἐως, ὅ, (ὄρος a mountain) a mule.

ὄρευς, Dor. for ὄρεος, gen. of ὄρος.

ὄρεχθέω, f. ἤσω, = ὀρέγομαι, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βόες ὀρέχθεον σφάζομενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: θάλασσαν ἔα ποτὶ χέρσον ὀρεχθῆν (Dor. inf. for ὀρεχθεῖν) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

ὄρέω pl. ὀρέομεν, Ion. for ὀράω, ὀράομεν.

ὄρηαι or ὀρηαι, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὀράω.

ὄρημι, Aeol. for ὀράω, inf. ὀρῆν, part. ὀρεῖς.

ὀρητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὀρατός.

ὀρθαι, inf. of ὀρμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρθεύω, f. σω, (ὀρθός) = ὀρθόω, to set upright: set straight.

Ὀρθία, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

ὀρθια, neut. pl. of ὀρθιος: used also as Adv. aloud.

ὀρθιάδε, Adv. (ὀρθιος) straight up, upwards.

ὀρθιάζω, f. ἄσω (ὀρθιος) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud. II. to set upright.

ὀρθίασμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρθιάζω) a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.

ὀρθιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (ὀρθός) straight up, rising upwards, steep; ὀρθιον πορεύεσθαι or πρὸς ὀρθιον ἰέναι to march up hill; τὰ ὀρθια the country from the coast upwards. 2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing. 3. straight, right. II. of the voice, high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; νόμος ὀρθιος a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., ὀρθια ἤνυσε she cried aloud.

III. ὀρθιοὶ λόχοι, Livy's recti ordines, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in φάλαγξ the men stood in line; ὀρθίους τοὺς λόχους ἀγειν to bring the companies up in column.

IV. generally, like ὀρθός, straight, opp. to crooked.

ὀρθο-βάτῃω, (ὀρθός, βαίνω) to go straight on or upright.

ὀρθό-βουλος, ον, (ὀρθός, βουλή) right-counselling.

ὀρθο-δαής, ἐς, (ὀρθός, δαῖναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

ὀρθο-δίκαιος, ον, (ὀρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

ὀρθο-δίκας, Dor. for ὀρθοδίκης, ον, ὅ, (ὀρθός, δικάζω) a righteous judge. [ῑ]

ὀρθοδρομέω, to run straight forward. From



ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, δραμεῖν) *running straight forward*.

ὀρθο-ἔπεια, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, ἔπος) *correct language*.

ὀρθό-θριξ, *τριχος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, θρίξ) *with hair up-standing, or making the hair stand on end*.

ὀρθό-κραιρος, *α*, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κραιρα) *with straight or uprigbt horns*, *epith. of horned cattle: with uprigbt beaks, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. ὀρθο-κραιράων*.

ὀρθό-κράνος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high head or crown: with a lofty mound*.

ὀρθομαντεία, *ῆ*, *true prophecy*. From

ὀρθό-μαντις, *εως* *Ion* *ιος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet*.

ὀρθο-πάλη, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling uprigbt*. [α]

ὀρθό-πλοος, *ον*, *contr. -πλους*, *ονν*, (ὀρθός, πλώω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful*.

ὀρθοποδέω, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprigbtly*.

ὀρθό-πολις, *εως*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upbolding cities*.

ὀρθό-πους, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, -*πουν*, *τό*, *gen. -ποδος*, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing uprigbt*. II. *upbill, steep*.

ὈΡΘΟΣ, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, *straight*, *Lat. rectus: in height, uprigbt, standing erect*. II. *in line, straight, straight forward, in a straight line: ὀρθὸς ἀντ' ἡελίοιο τετραμμένος turned straight to front the sun: ὀρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατηρεφής when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion: βλέπειν ὀρθά to see straight or well*. III. *metaph. right, safe, prosperous*. 2. *right, true, exact: ὀρθῶ ἀκούειν to be rightly called: ὀρθῶ λόγῳ in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθῶς λέγειν to speak true*. 3. *true, genuine, real*. 4. *uprigbt, righteous, just, Lat. rectus: κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν to judge rightly*.

5. *on tiptoe, in eager expectation, Lat. erectus animo*. IV. *ῆ ὀρθή (sub. πτώσις) the nominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique cases*.

ὀρθο-στάδην, *Adv. (ὀρθός, στήναι) standing uprigbt, in a standing posture*.

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands uprigbt*. II. *an uprigbt shaft, pillar: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται uprigbt ladders*. III. *a sort of cake used in funeral oblations*. [α]

ὀρθότατα, *Adv. Sup. of ὀρθῶς*.

ὀρθότης, *ητος*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός) *straightness, uprigbt posture*. II. *metaph. rightness, fitness: the right sense*.

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός, τέμνω) *to cut straight: handle arigbt*.

ὀρθόω, *f. ὠσω*: *aor. I ὤρθωσα*:—*Pass., aor. I ὤρθω-θην*:—(ὀρθός):—*to set straight*: 1. *in height, to set uprigbt, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, repair: hence, ὀρθωθείς raised up, set on one's legs again*:—*Pass. to stand or sit uprigbt*. 2. *in a line,*

*to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight*. II.

*metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc.* 2.

*to exalt, honour, extol*. 3. ὀρθῶσαι ὕμνον *to raise the lofty song*. 4. *to guide arigbt*. III. *Pass.*

*of actions, to succeed: prosper: τὸ ὀρθούμενον suc-*

*cess: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper*. 2.

*to be right, be true*. 3. *to be uprigbt, deal justly*

*or uprigbtly*.

ὀρθρεύνω, *Dor. for -εύουσα*, *part. fem. of*

ὀρθρεῖν, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise or wake early*.

ὀρθρίδιος, *α*, *ον*, *poet. for ὀρθριος*. [ι]

ὀρθρίζω, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise, wake early*.

ὀρθρινός [ι], *ῆ*, *ὄν*, (ὀρθρος) *later form for ὀρθριος*.

ὀρθριος, *α*, *ον*, *also ος, ον*, (ὀρθρος) *at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early: irreg. Comp. and Sup.*

ὀρθριαίτερος, -αίτατος:—*Neut. τὸ ὀρθριον or ὀρθριον,*

*as Adv. in the morning, early*.

ὀρθρο-βόας, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθρος, βοάω) *the early caller,*

*Cbanticleer, i. e. the cock*.

ὀρθρο-γόη, *ῆ*, (ὀρθρος, γοάω) *early-wailing, of the*

*swallow*.

ὀρθρο-λάλος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, λαλέω) *early-twittering*.

ὈΡΘΡΟΣ, *ὁ*, *the time about daybreak, dawn, early*

*morn: τὸν ὀρθρον, absol., in the morning: so, ὀρθρον*

*γενομένου at dawn: and ἅμα ὀρθρῳ, ἐς ὀρθρον, κατ'*

*ὀρθρον, περὶ ὀρθρον: but πρὸς ὀρθρον towards dawn:*

*ὀρθρος βαθύς early morn*.

ὀρθρο-φοιτο-σῦκοφαντο-δικο-τάλαίπωρος, *ον*, (ὀρ-

θρος, φοιτάω, σῦκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαίπωρος) *ὀρθ.*

*τρόποι early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious*

*plaguy ways*.

ὀρθωθείς, *aor. I pass. part. of ὀρθόω*.

ὀρθ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) *rightly-named*.

ὀρθῶς, *Adv. of ὀρθός, rightly: uprigbtly, justly:*

*truly, really*.

Ὀρθωσία, *ῆ*, = Ὀρθία.

ὀρθωτήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (ὀρθόω) *one who sets uprigbt, a*

*restorer*.

ὀρῖ-βάτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, *dub. for ὀρειβατής*.

ὈΡΙΤΑΝΟΝ, *τό*, and ὀρίγανος, *ῆ*, *an acrid herb,*

*marjoram: ὀρίγανον βλέπειν to look origanum, i. e.*

*to look sour or crabbed*. [ι]

ὀριγνάσμαι, *Med., with fut. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass.*

*ἄριγνήθην: (ὀρέγομαι):—to stretch oneself out*. 2.

*c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at,*

*grasp at*.

ὀρίζω, *fut. ὀρίσω Att. ὀρίω: aor. I ὤρισα Ion. οὔ-*

*ρισα: pf. ὤρικα:—Med., fut. ὀριοῦμαι: aor. I ὤρισά-*

*μην:—Pass., fut. ὀρισθήσομαι: aor. I ὤρισθην: pf.*

*ὤρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (ὀρος):—*

*to divide or separate one part from another, to divide*

*as a boundary: ποταμός οὐρίζει τὴν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ*

*τὴν Νευρίδα γῆν a river is the boundary between Scythia*

*and Neuris:—Pass., of a country, to be bounded*. 2.

ὀρίζειν τινα ἀπὸ γῆς *to part, banish one from the*

*land*. II. *to mark out by boundaries, lay down,*

*mark out: to limit, define:—Med. to mark out for*

*oneself, set up, dedicate*. III. *generally, to deter-*

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. to define a word. 3. to assign, ὀρίζειν ψῆφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

ὀρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρεός) of or for a mule.

ὀρίνθειν, aor. I pass. opt. of ὀρίνω.

ὀρίνω, aor. I ὀρίνα Ep. ὀρίνα:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ὀρίνεται: aor. I ὀρίνθην Ep. ὀρίνθην: (ὀρνυμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. agitare: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τά, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ὄν, (ὄρος) of or presiding over boundaries.

ὄρισμα Ion. οὐρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

ὄριστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὀρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

ὄρί-τροφος, ὄν, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ὄρκανη, ἡ, = ἑρκάνη, ἑρκος, from ἑργω, εἶργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [α]

ὄρκ-ἄπατης, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker. [α]

ὄρκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, adjure.

ὄρκιον, τό, (ὄρκος) an oath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., ὄρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὄρκια πιστὰ ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. foedus ferire, icisse foedus: of two parties, in Med., ὄρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὄρκια συγχεῖναι, ὄρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to ὄρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like ἱερά.

ὄρκιος, ὄν, more rarely α, ὄν, (ὄρκος) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὄρκιοι θεοί the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος ὄρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

ὈΡΚΟΣ, ὄν, ὄ, an oath; ὄρκον ὁμόσαι to swear an oath; ὄρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὄρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. II. Ὀρκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ὄρκος was orig. equiv. to ἑρκος, as ὀρκούρος to ἑρκούρος.)

ὄρκ-οὔρος, ὄ, = ἑρκούρος.

ὄρκώω, f. ὠσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

ὄρκωμα, τό, (ὄρκώω) an oath.

ὄρκωμοσία, ἡ, (ὄρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath.

ὄρκωμόσιον, τό, the place of an oath. II. in pl. asseverations on oath. From

ὄρκωμοτέω, f. ἴσω, to take an oath, swear: ὄρκωμοτεῖν θεοῖς to swear by the gods. From

ὄρκ-ωμότης, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρκος, ὀμνυμι) = ὄρκωτής.

ὄρκωτής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρκώω) one who administers an oath.

ὀρμαθεῖν, an aor. 2 form of ὀρμάω, to rush, whence subj. ὀρμαθῶ: but ὀρμαθῆ is Dor. for ὀρμηθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμαθός, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

ὀρμαίνω, impf. ὠρμαινον: aor. I ὠρμηνα: (ὀρμάω):—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. II. later,

1. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame. 2. intr. to hasten, hurry, be impatient.

ὀρμάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὠρμησα: pf. ὠρμηκα: (ὀρμή):

I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to hurry or rush on:

c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen.

III. Pass. with fut. med. ὀρμήσομαι; aor. I med. ὀρμήσασθαι and pass. ὀρμηθῆναι;

pf. pass. ὠρμημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: I. to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσόνων ὀρμώμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means.

3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ὠρμηται the report flies abroad.

ὀρμέατο, Ion. for ὠρμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμειά, ἡ, = ὀρμιά.

ὀρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρμέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρμος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δυοῖν ἀγκυραῖν ὀρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow': metaph. to anchor one's hopes upon, depend upon.

ὀρμεώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμή, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. impetus; mostly of things, as, ἔγχεος ὀρμή the force of a spear; πυρὸς ὀρμή the rage of fire; κύματος ὀρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία ὀρμή with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

ὀρμηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμημα, τό, (ὀρμάω) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

ὀρμήσειε, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμητήριον, τό, (ὀρμάω) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, head-quarters.

ὀρμιά, ἡ, (ὄρμος) a fishing-line of horse-hair, Lat. linea. [i]

ὀρμίζω, fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσσω Att. -ίω: aor. I ὠρμισα: (ὄρμος):—to bring to anchorage, bring into harbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to make fast or sure. II. Med., with fut. med. ὀρμούμαι,



aor. I med. ὠρμισάμην and pass. ὠρμίσθην: pf. pass. ὠρμισμαι:—to come to anchor, anchor; ὠρμίζεσθαι πρὸς πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the harbour, i.e. to be at rest; ὠρμίζεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be dependent on a thing.

ὄρμιθ-βόλος, ον, (ὄρμις, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

ὄρμιθ-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ὄρμις, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

ὄρμις, ὅ, (εἶρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων ὄρμις a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring.

II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

ὄρνᾶπέτιον, τό, Boeot. for ὄρνειον.

ὄρνειον, τό, = ὄρνις. II. τὰ ὄρνεα, the bird-market.

ὄρνειό-φοιτος, ον, (ὄρνειον, φοιτάω) haunted by birds.

ὄρνιθ-αρχος, ὅ, (ὄρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds. [i]

ὄρνιθίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ὄρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα ὄρνιθία birds' flesh.

ὄρνιθευτής, οὔ, ὅ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From

ὄρνιθεύω, f. σω, (ὄρνις) to catch, net, snare birds.

ὄρνιθίας, ον, (ὄρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμῶν ὄρνιθίας a storm of birds.

ὄρνιθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρνις) of or for birds.

ὄρνιθιον, τό, Dim. of ὄρνις, a little bird: a nestling, chicken. [vi]

ὄρνιθό-γονος, ον, (ὄρνις, \*γένω) sprung from a bird.

ὄρνιθο-θήρας, ον, ὅ, (ὄρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὄρνιθο-λόχος Dor. ὄρνιχ-, ὅ, (ὄρνις, λοχάω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὄρνιθομαῖνέω, f. ἦσω, to be mad for birds. From

ὄρνιθο-μαῖνής, ές, (ὄρνις, μαῖνῆναι) mad after birds.

ὄρνιθο-πέδη, ἡ, (ὄρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds.

ὄρνιθος, gen. of ὄρνις: Ep. dat. pl. ὄρνιθεσσι.

ὄρνιθο-σκόπος, ον, (ὄρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θᾶκος

ὄρνιθοσκόπος an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

ὄρνιθο-τροφία, ἡ, (ὄρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

ὄρνις, ον, also ος, ον, poet. for ὄρνιθίος.

\*ΟΡΝΙΣ, ὅ, but also ἡ: gen. ὄρνιθος, etc.: acc. sing.

ὄρνιθα and ὄρνιν: pl. ὄρνιθες, etc.: Att. pl. ὄρνεις,

gen. ὄρνεων, acc. ὄρνεις: Dor. forms, gen. ὄρνιχος,

pl. ὄρνιχες, etc., as if from a Nom. ὄρνιξ:—a bird:

often added to the names of birds, as ὄρνις ἀηδάν,

ὄρνις πέρδιξ, the nightingale, the partridge. II.

also like οἰωνός, a bird of omen, ὄρνις κακός a bird of

evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the

omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of

birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III.

in Att., ὄρνις, ὅ, a cock; ὄρνις, ἡ, a hen. IV. in

pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ὄρνειον. V.

poet. Μουσῶν ὄρνιθες the birds of the Muses, i. e.

poets. VI. proverb., ὄρνιθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,'

i. e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ὄρνιχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of ὄρνις: poet. dat. pl. ὄρνιχεσσι.

ὄρνυθι, ὕτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρνύμεν, ὄρνύμεναι, Ep. for ὄρνύναι, pres. inf. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρνύμενος, η, ον, pres. med. part. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρνυμι or ὄρνύω [ῡ], lengthd. form of Root \*ΟΡΝ:

imperat. ὄρνυθι, ὕτω, etc.: impf. ὠρνυον: fut. ὄρσω:

aor. I ὠρσα, part. ὠρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ὠρσασκε: 3

sing. redupl. aor. 2 ὠραρε:—Med. ὄρνυμαι, imperat.

ὄρνυσο, ὕσθω, ὕσθε, part. ὄρνύμενος: impf. ὠρνύμην,

3 sing. and pl. ὠρνύτο, ὠρνυντο: fut. ὄρσομαι, also

ὄροῦμαι, 3 sing. ὀρείται: aor. 2 ὠρόμην, 3 sing. ὠρετο

contr. ὠρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὀροντο also ὀρέοντο;

3 sing. subj. ὀρήται; imperat. ὀρσο or ὀρσεο Ion. contr.

ὀρσεν; inf. ὀρθαι, contr. for ὀρέσθαι; part. ὀρμενος, η,

ον, for ὀρόμενος:—pf. ὠραρα, in intr. sense 3 sing.

subj. ὠράρη: 3 sing. plqpf. ὠράρει, also ὠράρει. I.

Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:—

Med., with pf. ὠραρα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκε

μοι φίλα γούνατ' ὠράρη while my limbs have power

to move. 2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of

animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase:—Med. to

start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring

up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. 3.

Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:—Pass.

and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, in-

flamed. 4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause,

excite, Lat. ciere:—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat.

oriri.

ὄρνυτο, ὄρνυντο, Ep. for ὠρνυτο, ὠρνυντο, 3 sing.

and pl. impf. of ὄρνυμι.

\*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, ὅ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

ὀρόγυια, ἡ, poet. for ὀργυιά.

ὀροδαμνίς, ίδος, ἡ, Dim. of ὀρόδαμνος, a sprig.

ὀρόδαμνος, ὅ, a bough, branch.

ὀρο-θεσία, ἡ, (ὀρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries,

boundaries.

ὀροθύνω: Ep. impf. ὀρόθυνον: also aor. I imperat.

ὀρόθυνον:—like ὄρνυμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὀροί-τυπος, ον, = ὀρείτυπος.

ὀρομαι, Dep. (οὔρος a guard) to watch, keep watch

and ward, be on guard.

ὀρο-μᾶλίδες, αἰ, (ὀρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὀρομηλίδες,

a kind of wild apples.

\*ΟΡΟΨ or ὀρρός, ὅ, whey, the watery or serous part

of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

\*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, εος, τό, a mountain, bill: a range

or chain of bills.

\*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ον, ὅ, a boundary, limit, frontier,

border: esp. a land-mark. 2. οὔροι, plur., are

marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions,

tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evi-

dence of the debt. III. the definition of a word.

\*Οροσάγγαι, οἰ, Persian word for the Benefactors of

the King, = εὐεργέται.

ὄρουω, fut. σω: aor. I ὠρουσα: (ὄρνυμι):—intr. to

*rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.*

**ὀροφή**, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) *the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.*

**ὀροφη-φάγος**, ον, (ὀροφή, φαγεῖν) *roof-devouring.*

**ὀροφη-φόρος**, ον, (ὀροφή, φέρω) *bearing a roof.*

**ὀροφίας**, ον, ὁ, *living under a roof; μῦς ὀροφίας* the domestic mouse, opp. to *μῦς ἀρουραῖος* (the field mouse); *ὀροφίας ὄφις* a tame snake.

**ὀροφος**, ὁ, (ἐρέφω) *the reeds used for thatching houses.* II. *a roof: in pl. a house, temple.*

**ὀρώω**, Ep. for *ὀράω*: part. *ὀρόων* for *ὀρῶν*.

**ὀρόωντι**, Dor. for *ὀρῶσι*, 3 pl. of *ὀράω*.

**ὀΡΙΠΗΞ** Att. *ὀρηπῆξ*, ἡκος, Dor. *ὀρηπᾶξ*, ἄκος, ὁ: —a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance. II. metaph. a scion, descendant.

**ὀρρανός**, ὁ, Aeol. for *ὀυρανός*.

**ὀρρο-πύγιον**, τό, (ὀρρος, πυγή) *the tail or tail-feathers of birds.* 2. *the tail-fin of fish.* 3. *the tail or rump of any animal.* [ῥ]

**ὀΡΡΟΣ**, ὁ, *the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.*

**ὀΡΡΟ΄Σ**, ὁ, = *ὀρός*, *webey, serum.*

**ὀρρωδέω** Ion. *ἄρρωδ-*: f. *ἤσω*:—to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. *horreo*, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing. Hence

**ὀρρωδία**, ἡ, *a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.*

**ὀρσας**, aor. I part. of *ὀρνυμι*.

**ὀρσασκε**, Ion. for *ῶρσε*, 3 sing. aor. I of *ὀρνυμι*.

**ὀρσεο**, *ὀρσευ*, Ep. for *ὀρσαι*, aor. I med. imperat. of *ὀρνυμι*.

**ὀρσί-κτύπος**, ον, (ὀρνυμι, κτύπος) *noise-arousing; Ζεὺς ὀρσίκτυπος* the rouser of thunder.

**ὀρσί-νεφής**, ἐς, (ὀρνυμι, νέφος) *cloud-raising.*

**ὀρσί-πους**, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι, πούς) *raising the foot, light-footed.*

**ὀρσο**, Ep. for *ὀρσαι*, aor. I med. imperat. of *ὀρνυμι*, *bestir thee! up! arouse thee!*

**ὀρσο-θύρη**, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι, θύρα) *a raised door approached by steps.* [ῥ]

**ὀρσολοπεύω** and *-έω*, to provoke, attack:—Pass., *θυμὸς ὀρσολοπεῖται* my heart is troubled. From

**ὀρσόλοπος**, ον, *provoking strife, turbulent.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

**ὀρσός**, Lacon. for *ὀρθός*.

**ὀρσο-τρίαινης** Dor. *-τρίαίνης*, α, ὁ; a poet. nom. *-τρίαίνα*: (ὀρνυμι, τρίαίνα):—*wielder of the trident.*

**ὀρσω**, fut. of *ὀρνυμι*.

**ὀρτάζω**, Ion. for *ἐορτάζω*.

**ὀρτάλις**, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) *the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken.* Hence

**ὀρτάλιχεύς** and **ὀρτάλιχος**, ὁ, *a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.*

**ὀρτή**, ἡ, Ion. for *ἐορτή*.

**Ὀρτυγία**, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ) properly *Quail-island*, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also *Nāσος* or *the Island*.

**ὀρτυγο-κόπος**, ον, (ὀρτυξ, κόπτω) *playing at knocking down quails.*

**ὀρτυγο-μήτρα**, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ, μήτηρ) *a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Ὀρτυγία.*

**ὈΡΤΥΞ**, ὕγος, ὁ, *the quail, Lat. coturnix, -icis.*

**ὀρῦγῆναι**, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *ὀρύσσω*.

**ὀρυγμα**, τό, (ὀρύσσω) *a place dug out, a pit, ditch, hole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown.* II. = *ὀρυξ*.

**ὀρυγμαδός**, ὁ, late form for *ὀρυμαγδός*.

**ὀρυκτός**, ἡ, ὅν, (ὀρύσσω) *dug, formed by digging.* II. *dug out, quarried, mined.*

**ὀρῦμαγδός**, ὁ, *a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.*

**ὀρυξ**, ὕγος, ὁ, (ὀρύσσω) *a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Libya, so called from its pointed horns.*

**ὀρύξαι**, aor. I inf. of *ὀρύσσω*.

**ὀρυξίς**, ἑως, ἡ, (ὀρύσσω) *a digging.*

**ὀρυς**, υος, ὁ, *an unknown wild animal in Libya.*

**ὈΡΥ΄ΣΣΩ** Att. *-ττω*: fut. *ὀρύξω*: aor. I *ὠρυξα*

Ep. *ὠρυξα*: pf. *ὠρώρυχα*: plqpf. *ὠρωρύχειν*:—Pass., aor. I *ὠρύχθην*: pf. *ὠρώρυμαι*: plqpf. *ὠρωρύμην*: —to dig, Lat. *fodio*. 2. to dig up: Med., *λίθους ὀρύσσειν* to have stones dug or quarried: Pass., ὁ *ὀρυσσόμενος* χεὺς the soil that was dug up. 3. to dig through, make a passage through, burrow. 4. to bury.

**ὀρφέα**, τό, *orphan state.* From

**ὀρφανεύω**, f. *σω*, (ὀρφανός) *to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.*

**ὀρφανία**, ἡ, (ὀρφανός) *orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.*

**ὀρφανίζω**, f. *σω*, (ὀρφανός) *to make orphan: to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be left an orphan.*

**ὀρφανικός**, ἡ, ὅν, (ὀρφανός) *orphan, fatherless; ἡμὸς ὀρφανικός* the day which makes one an orphan.

**ὀρφάνιος**, ον, = *ὀρφανικός*.

**ὀρφανιστής**, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀρφανίζω) *one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.*

**ὈΡΦΑ΄ΝΟΣ**, ἡ, ὅν, Att. *ὄς*, ὅν, Lat. *ORBUS*, *left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless.* 2. c. gen. *reft or bereft of a thing; ὀρφανοὶ γενεᾶς* reft of offspring, childless.

**ὀρφανο-φύλαξ**, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀρφανός, φύλαξ) *the guardian of an orphan.* [ῥ]

**ὀρφανόω**, f. *ώσω*, (ὀρφανός) *to make orphan:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing.*

**Ὀρφεῖος**, α, ον, of *Orpheus*. From

**Ὀρφεύς**, ἑως, ὁ, *Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard.*

**ὀρφναῖος**, α, ον, (ὀρφνη) *dark, dusky, murky.* II. *nightly, by night.*

**ὈΡΦΝΗ** Dor. *ὀρφνᾶ*, ἡ, *darkness, night: gloom.* Hence

**ὀρφνῖνος**, η, ον, *dark, dusky; ὀρφνινον χρώμα* a colour mixed of black, red and white, between *πορφύρεος* and *φοινίκινος*.



ὄρφνίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὄρφνη) *dusky*. [i]  
 'ΟΡΦΟΨ Att. ὄρφως, ὁ, a kind of *sea-perch*.  
 ὄρχαμος, ὁ, (ὄρχος) *the first of a row, a file-leader, fogle-man: the Coryphaeus or leader of the chorus*.  
 ὄρχατος, ὁ, = ὄρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's *orchard*, an orchard, garden. (From ὄρχος, like μέστος from μέσος.)  
 ὀρχέομαι, f. ἤσομαι: aor. 1 ὤρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὄρχος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὀρχεῖσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat. *Cyclopa moveri*, to dance the Cyclops. 2. to leap.  
 ὀρχηδόν, Adv. (ὄρχος) one after another, all in a row, man by man, Lat. *viritim*.  
 ὀρχηθμός Ion. ὀρχησμός, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancing, the dance.  
 ὀρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) a dance, dancing.  
 ὀρχησις, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) dancing, the dance; pantomimic dancing.  
 ὀρχησμός, ὁ, Att. for ὀρχηθμός.  
 ὀρχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὀρχηστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancer. Hence  
 ὀρχηστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, fit for dancing.  
 ὀρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) a dancing-master.  
 ὀρχηστο-μᾶνίω, f. ἤσω, (ὀρχέομαι, μανῆναι) to be dancing-mad.  
 ὀρχήστρα, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced. II. generally, a place for dancing.  
 ὀρχηστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ὀρχηστής, a dancing girl.  
 ὀρχηστύς, υός, ἡ, Ion. for ὀρχησις, (ὀρχέομαι) the dance, dancing; contr. dat. ὀρχηστῦ.  
 'ΟΡΧΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a bird, prob. the wren. [i]  
 ὀρχίπεδάω, f. ἤσω, (ὀρχίπεδον) to seize the testicles.  
 ὀρχί-πέδη, ἡ, (ὀρχις, πέδη) impotence.  
 ὀρχί-πέδον, τό, in pl. ὀρχίπεδα, τά, (ὀρχις, πέδον) the testicles, Lat. *testiculi*.  
 'ΟΡΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, ὁ, pl. ὀρχεις or ὀρχῖς Ion. ὀρχις, a testicle, the testicles.  
 'Ορχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was 'Ορχομενός Μινυεύιος in Boeotia.  
 'ΟΡΧΟΣ, ὁ, a row of trees; cf. ὄρχατος.  
 ὀρῶρα, pf. of ὀρνυμι.  
 ὀρώρει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.  
 ὀρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὀρνυμι, equiv. to ὀρῶρε: subj. ὀρώρηται.  
 ὀρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγω.  
 ὀρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρέγω.  
 ὀρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.  
 ὀρώρυχα, pf. of ὀρύσσω.  
 'ΟΣ, ἡ, ὅ; gen. οὗ, ἧς, οὗ, dat. ᾧ, ᾧ, ᾧ; acc. ὅν, ἧν, ὅ: pl., nom. οἱ, αἱ, ᾧ; gen. ὧν; dat. οἷς, αἷς, οἷς; acc. οὓς, αῖς, ᾧ. There is also an Ion. gen. οὖν, fem. ἧς; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ᾧς and ᾧσι.  
 A. RELAT. PRONOUN, *who, which or that*, Lat. *qui*: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, τῆς γενεῆς, ἧς Ζεὺς δῶκε, for ἣν Ζεὺς δῶκε: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, ὁ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, ὁ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but *what* is greatest of all, *what* is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for *ina*, as in Lat. *qui* for *ut*, to express an end or intention, as, ἀγγεῖλον ἦκαν, ὅς ἀγγεῖλειε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. *nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret*.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing., of Time, ἐξ οὗ (sub. χρόνου) *from the time when, since*: also οὗ alone, *when*; ἐστὶν οὗ *sometimes, at times*. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. *where*; ἐστὶν οὗ *in some places*. II. dat. sing. fem. ᾧ, of Place, Lat. *qua*, at which place, *where*:—later, of motion to a place, *whither*:—in full τῇ, ᾧ . . . *there, where . . . thither, whither . . .* 2. of the Way or Manner, like ὅπως, as Lat. *quomodo*; ἡ θέμις ἐστὶν as is right: so far as, Lat. *qua, quatenus*. 3. with Sup. Adv., ἡ μάλιστα, ἡ ἀριστον, etc., like ὡς μάλιστα, etc., Lat. *quam maxime*, etc. III. acc. sing. neut. ὅ, for δι' ὅ, *that, because*, Lat. *quod*. 2. *wherefore*, Lat. *quapropter*.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. ὅς γε, Lat. *qui quidem* or *quippe qui*, gives the Relat. a limiting force, *who at least, since it was he who . . .* II. ὅς κε or κέν Att. ὅς ἄν, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. *quicumque, whosoever, who if any . . .*

B. 'Os is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for οὗτος or ὅδε, *this, that*; chiefly in nom. masc. ὅς or οἷ, sometimes in fem. ἡ and neut. ὅ: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, ἡ δ' ὅς said *be*. II. in opposition, οἷ . . . οἷ . . . *these . . . those . . . the one party, the other*: Att. ὅς μὲν . . . ὅς δέ . . . *the one . . . the other*: ἃ μὲν . . . ἃ δέ . . . *partly . . . partly*. III. ὅς καὶ ὅς such and such a person, *so and so*.

C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, mostly of the third person, for ἐός, *bis, her*: Ep. gen. οἷο. II. of the second person, for σός, *thy, thine*. III. of the first person, for ἐμός, *my, mine*.

ὄσακι Ep. ὄσσάκι, Adv. (ὅσος) as many times as, as often as, Lat. *quoties*.

ὄσάτιος, α, ον, Ion. ὄσσάτιος, poet. for ὅσος. [ā]

ὄσαχού, Adv. (ὅσος) in as many places as.

ὄσδος, Aeol. for ὅζος.

ὄσδω, Dor. for ὅζω.

ὄσ-ημέραι, Adv., for ὅσαι ἡμέραι, as many days as are, i. e. daily, day by day, like Lat. *quotidie* for *quot dies*.

ὄσια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, properly fem. of ὅσιος, *divine law, the law of nature*, answering to Lat. *fas*: hence οὐχ ὀσίη Att. οὐχ ὄσια, c. inf., *it is against the law of nature to do*; πολλὴν ὄσιαν τοῦ πράγματος νομίσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing. II. the service of God, rites, offering; ὀσίης ἐπιβῆναι to perform the due rites.

III. proverb., ὀσίας ἐνεκα.

ποιεῖσθαι τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. *dicis causa*. [τ]

ὅσιος, α, ον, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τὰ ὅσια καὶ δίκαια things of divine and human ordinance. 2. as opp. to ἱερός (sacred, reserved to the gods), ὅσιος means what is not so reserved, i. e. appropriated or permitted to man's use; ἱερὰ καὶ ὅσια the property of gods and men, Lat. *sacra et profana*; ὅσιον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so = βέβηλος, Lat. *profanus*. II. more rarely of persons, pious, devout, scrupulous, religious; c. gen., ἱερῶν πατέρων ὅσιος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; ὅσιαι χεῖρες pure, clean hands.

ὀσιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὅσιος) observance of divine law, religiousness, piety, holiness.

ὀσιόω, f. ὠσω, (ὅσιος) to make holy, to hallow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. *expiare*:—Med., στόμα ὀσιόουσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

ὀσίως, Adv. of ὅσιος, religiously, piously: Comp. ὀσιώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ὀσμάομαι, Dep., like ὀδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

ὀσμή, ἡ, (ὄζω) like ὀδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

ὀσον-ὦν, Ion. for ὅσον οὖν, however little, Lat. *quantulumcunque*.

ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσον, Ep. ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσσον, Lat. *quantus*:—of Size, as great as, how great: of Quantity, as much as, how much: of Space, as far as, how far: of Time, as long as, how long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud:—its Antecedent is τόσος, after which ὄσος must be simply rendered as; ὅσα πλεῖστα or πλεῖστα ὅσα as much as possible. In plur. all that, as many as, often after πάντες. 2. of Time, ὅσοι μῆνες, ὅσαι ἡμέραι every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. *quot menses*, *quot dies*; cf. ὀσημέραι. 3. ὄσος δὴ and ὄσοσδῆποτε, how great soever he be, Lat. *quantuscunque*; ὄσος ἂν how great soever. II. neut. ὄσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., ὄσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὄσον τ' ὄργυιαν about a fathom; ὄσον τ' ἐπὶ ἡμισυ to about half. 3. ὄσον μόνον, Lat. *tantum non*, all but; so also, ὄσον οὐ; but Att. ὄσον and ὄσον μόνον only so far as, only just; ὄσον ὄσον only just. 4. ὄσσον ἐπὶ and ὄσσον τ' ἐπὶ as far as, Att. ἐφ' ὄσον. 5. with Comp. and Sup., ὄσον βασιλεύτερος ἐστὶ so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. ὄσον τάχος as quick as possible: more usu. ὄσον τάχιστα. 7. ὄσον αὐτίκα, also, ὄσον οὐκ ἤδη all but now, instantly. 8. οὐχ ὄσον not only not, Lat. *ne dicam*. III. ὄσφ inasmuch as, with Comp. ὄσφ πλέον, ὄσφ μᾶλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ὄσφ with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσούτῳ, the more . . . so much the more . . . like Lat. *quo* or *quanto melior*, *eo* . . . , etc. 3. ὄσφ περ by how much, in so far as.

ὄσος-περ, ὄση-περ, ὄσον-περ, however great or much, as great or as much as.

ὄσ-περ, ἡ-περ, ὅ-περ, (Ep. also ὄπερ masc., as ὅ τε masc. for ὅστε), who, which, indeed, the very man who or thing which, Lat. *qui quidem*.

ὄσπριον, τό, pulse, beans: vegetables.

ὄσσα, ἡ, a rumour, Lat. *fama*: a divine voice or sound. II. generally, a voice. III. a

sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. IV. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. ὀμφή.

ὄσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of ὄσος.

ὄσάκι, Adv., Ion. for ὄσάκι. [ἄ]

ὄσάτιος, Ion. for ὄσάτιος. [ἄ]

ὄσσε, τῶ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, ὄσσε φαεινά, ὄσσε αἱματόεντα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὄσσαν, ὄσσοις, ὄσσοισι.

ὄσσιχος, η, ον, Dim. of ὄσος, ὄσσος, as little, how little, Lat. *quantulus*.

ὄσσομαι, (ὄσσε) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):—to see. II. to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

ὄσσος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ὄσος.

ὄστάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀστέον, a little bone.

ὄσ-τε, ἡ-τε, ὅ-τε, (Ep. also ὅ τε for masc., as ὄπερ masc. for ὄσπερ) who, which.

ὀστέϊνος, η, ον, (ὀστέον) made of bone, bony.

ὀστεόν, Att. contr. ὀστοῦν, τό, pl. ὀστέα Att. contr. ὀστᾶ:—a bone, Lat. *OS, OSSIS*.

ὀστεόφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of ὀστέον.

ὀστινος, η, ον, (ὀστέον) = ὀστέϊνος, bony, of bone: neut. pl. ὀστῖνα, τά, as Subst., Lat. *tibiae*, bone pipes.

ὄσ-τις, ἡ-τις, ὅ τι or ὅ, τι; gen. οὔτινος, ἡστινος; dat. ὤτινι, ἡτινι, etc.: pl. οὔτινες, ἡτινες, ἄτινα, etc.; (Ep. also ὄ-τις for masc., as ὄπερ for ὄσπερ, ὅ τε for ὅστε); neut. ὅ τι. II. also declined, gen. ὄτου,

dat. ὄτῳ; Ep. gen. ὄττεο contr. ὄττευ and ὄτευ, dat. ὄτεφ; acc. ὄτινα:—plur., nom. neut. ὄτινα; gen. ὄτεων Att. ὄτων; dat. ὄτέοισιν, also fem. ὄτέησιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. ἄσσα Att. ἄττα. *Whosoever, whichever, any one who, anything which*, differing from ὄς, as Lat. *quisquis, quicunque*, from *qui*;

ὄ τις κ' ἐπίορκον ὀμόσση *whoso* forswears himself; οὐδεὶς ὄστις οὐ there is none who does not, i. e. every one; οὐδέν ὄ τι οὐκ everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for ὄς, *qui*. III. neut. ὄ τι or ὅ, τι absol. as Adv. *wherefore, for what reason*.

ὄστο-λογέω, f. ἡσω, (ὀστέον, λέγω) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

ὄστοῦν, τό, Att. contr. for ὀστέον.

ὄστο-φύης, ἐς, (ὀστέον, φνῆ) of bony nature.

ὄστράκευς, ἴως, ὅ, (ὄστρακον) a potter.

ὄστράκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ὄστρακον) to banish by potsberds, ostracise; see ὄστρακισμός.

ὄστράκινδα, Adv. (ὄστρακον) played with potsberds, of a game in which potsberds black on one side and



white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

ὄστράκινος, η, ον, (ὄστρακον) like earthenware: earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

ὄστράκισμός, ὁ, (ὄστρακίζω) banishment by potsherds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

ὄστράκιο-δερμός, ον, (ὄστρακον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

ὄστράκεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for ὄστράκινος.

ὄστρακον, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. testa: the earthen tablet used in voting.

2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware. II. the hard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

ὄστράκιο-χρῶς, ον, contr. -χρῶς, ον, (ὄστρακον, χρῶς) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

ὄστρειο-γραφής, ἐς, (ὄστρειον, γράφω) purple-painted.

ὄστρεον or -ειον, τό, (ὄστρεον) an oyster, Lat. ostrea.

II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum.

ὄστ-ῶδης, ἐς, (ὄστρεον, εἶδος) like bone, bony.

ὄσφραίνομαι, fut. ὄσφρήσομαι: aor. 2 ὠσφρόμην, part. ὄσφρόμενος: Dep.: (ὄσσω):—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, ὄσφραίνεσθαι ὀδμήν. Hence

ὄσφραντήριος, α, ον, smelling, that can be smelt. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

ὄσφρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ὄσφραίνομαι.

ὄσφρησις, ἐως, ἡ, (ὄσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

ὄσφρόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὄσφραίνομαι.

ὄσφροντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὄσφραίνομαι.

ὄσφυς, ὅς, acc. ὄσφυν and ὄσφύα, ἡ, the hip, Lat. coxa.

ὄσχος, ον, ὁ, = μύσχος I, a sucker, shoot: a vine-branch.

ὄτα, Aeol. for ὅτε, like πότα for πότε.

ὄταν, for ὅτ' ἂν, equivalent to Ep. ὅτε κεν, (ὅτε, ἂν):—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quodocunque, foll. by subj.

ὅτε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ἐνθα, or any Adv. of Time.

2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quandoquidem.

3. ὅτε μή is used for εἰ μή, unless, except, save when; οὐτέ τι σπένδεσκε θεῶν, ὅτε μή Διὶ πατρί nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πρὶν γ' ὅτε ere the time when, before that. 2. εἰς ὅτε κεν against the time when.

IV. ἔσθ' ὅτε or ἔστιν ὅτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, sometimes.

V. ὅτε is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, ὅτε μὲν ..., ὅτε δέ ..., now ..., now ...; sometimes ..., sometimes ...; at one time ..., at another time ...; but

in II. often answered by ἄλλοτε, as, ὅτε μὲν κακός, ἄλλοτε δ' ἐσθλός.

ὅτε, neut. of ὅστις, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of ὅστε.

ὅτεοισιν, Ep. for ὅστισιν, dat. pl. of ὅστις.

ὅτεν, Ion. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὅστις.

ὅτεφ, Ep. for ὅτινι, dat. of ὅστις.

ὅτεων, Ep. for ὡντινων, gen. pl. of ὅστις.

ὅτι Ep. ὅτιτι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of ὅστις, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. II. Att.

ὅτι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English. III. ὅτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οἶδ' ὅτι (sub. οὕτως ἔχει) I know that it is so; so οἶσθ' ὅτι, ἴσθ' ὅτι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον ὅτι οὕτως ἔχει.

IV. ὅτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like εἰ μή. V. μὴ ὅτι ..., ἀλλά ..., like μὴ ὅπως and μὴ ἵνα, not that so and so is the case ..., but ...; not only so, but ..., Lat. non modo non ..., sed ne quidem ... VI. μὴ ὅτι alone, without an answering ἀλλά, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that ..., not to say that ...

B. ὅτι, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod.

2. in Ep. sometimes for τούνεκα, therefore.

II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. ὅτι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime.

2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, ὅτι πλείστον χρόνον as long a time as possible; ὅτι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible.

3. with a Subst. only in phrase ὅτι τάχος for ὅτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

ὅ τι, neut. of ὅστις, anything which; often written ὅ, τι, to distinguish it from ὅτι, that.

ὅτι, Conjunction, (ὅτι) because.

ὅτινα, Ep. for ὄντινα and ἄτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of ὅστις.

ὄτινας, Ep. for οὐστινας, ἄστινας, acc. pl. of ὅστις.

ὄ-τις, Ep. and Ion. for ὅστις.

ὀτλεύω, f. -εύσω, or ὀτλέω, f. ἥσω, to suffer, endure.

From

ὀ-τλος, ὁ, suffering, distress. (ὀτλος is formed from τλῆμι, with o euphon.)

ὀτοβέω, f. ἥσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From

ὀτοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

ὀτοτοῖ, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab! woe! also lengthd. ὀτοτοτοῖ, ὀτοτοτοτοῖ.

ὀτοτύζω, (from ὀτοτοῖ, as αἰάζω from αἰαῖ) to cry ὀτοτοῖ, to wail, lament:—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

ὀτοτύξιοι, οἱ, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

ὀτου, ὀτω, gen. and dat. sing., ὀτων, ὀτοις, gen. and dat. pl. of ὅστις.

ὀτραλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. ὀτραλέος = ὀτρηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

ὀτρηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀτρήνω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

ὀτρίχες, nom. pl. of ὀτριξ.

ὀτρύναι, aor. I inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεια, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνέμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνέω, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυντός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for ὀτρυνσις, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

ὀτρύνω [ῶ]: impf. ὀτρύνων Ion. ὀτρύνεσκον: fut. ὀτρύνω Ep. and Ion. ὀτρύνω: aor. I ὀτρύνω:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to hasten. 2. of animals, to spur, goad, cheer on. 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

ὄττα, ἡ, Att. for ὄσσα.

ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν, Ep. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὅτι, that.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὅτι, neut. of ὄστις.

ὄττοβίω, ὄττοβος, wrong forms for ὄτοβίω, ὄτοβος.

ὄττομαι, Att. for ὄσσομαι.

ὄτω, Att. for ὄτινι, dat. of ὄστις.

Οὐ, before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ: in Att. also οὐχί [ι] Ep. οὐκί [ι]: negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas μή is used in dependent; οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι it is not good; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems not. II. οὐ may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative ὅς, after the Conjunctions ὅτι because, ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. οὐ is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but μή is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, οὐ λέγων = ὅτι οὐ λέγω; but μή λέγων = εἰ μή λέγω. 3. οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνυ not by any means, οὐχ ἥκιστος not the least, i. e. the greatest. III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by any, even, anywhere, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμοῦ οὐδεὶς no one ever did it. IV. οὐ is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν Ὀλυμπον ἢ, by Olympus.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οὐ νυ καὶ ἄλλοι ἔασι; are there not others too? implying *that there are*. II. the fut. with οὐ is used interrog. instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσεις; wilt thou not do it? i. e. *do it*.

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ἦν καλὸς μὲν, μέγας δ' οὐ. II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοῖς τέθνηκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὐ he is dead to the gods, not to them, no. III. when οὐ is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody:—if the vowel η precede οὐ, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ἡ οὐ, μὴ οὐ: so also ἐγὼ οὐ.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. ὅς, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. sui, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. vab!

οὐαί, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. vae, ah! woe!

οὐᾶς, αὐτοῦ, τό, poet. for οὐς, the ear. Hence

οὐᾶτοῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, with ears, long-eared. 2. with ears or handles.

οὐ γάρ, for not. II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, no—why should you?

οὐ γάρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μὴ σκώπτέ μ'· οὐ γάρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μὴ σκώπτέ με· οὐ γάρ σκωπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

οὐ γάρ οὐν, a negat. answer, why no, certainly not.

οὐ γάρ ποτε, for never.

οὐ γάρ πον, for in no manner.

οὐγώ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἐγώ.

οὐδ' ἀμά and οὐδ' ἀμῆ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way. II. in no way, in no wise.

οὐδ' ἀμόθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμός) from no place, from no side.

οὐδ' ἀμόθι, Adv. (οὐδαμός) poet. and Ion. for οὐδαμοῦ, nowhere, in no place: c. gen., οὐδαμόθι τῆς Εὐρώπης in no part of Europe.

οὐδ' ἀμός, ἡ, ὄν, for οὐδ' ἀμός, not even one, i. e. none.

οὐδ' ἀμόσε, Adv. (οὐδαμός) to no place, no way.

οὐδ' ἀμοῦ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, nowhere: c. gen., οὐδαμοῦ γῆς in no part of the earth; οὐδαμοῦ λέγειν, or οὐδαμοῦ ποιῆσθαι τινα to esteem as naught, Lat. nullo loco habere. II. of manner, in no way, not at all.

οὐδ' ἀμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμός) in no wise.

Οὐδ' ἄσ, τό, gen. οὐδεός, dat. οὐδεῖ, οὐδεῖ:—the surface of the earth, ground; οὐδας ὁδὰς ἔλιν to bite the dust; οὐδ' ἄσδε to the ground, to earth. 2. the floor or pavement in houses.—Proverb., ἐπ' οὐδεῖ καθίζειν τινά to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has.

οὐδ' ἐ, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) but not, and not, nor, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ . . . οὐδέ . . . at the beginning of two following clauses, not even . . . nor yet . . . ; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτείχισις οὐδέ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθῆναι and so not even their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing:—οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ἔμπεδον οὐδέ τίς ἀλκή.

II. strengthening the negat., not even; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advs., as οὐδ' ἡβαιόν, οὐδ' ἐτυθόν, οὐδ' ἐμίνυνθα, etc. not even a little, not even for a short space.

οὐδ' εἰς, οὐδε-μιά, οὐδ' ἐν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμιάς, οὐδενός, etc. declined like εἰς, μία, ἐν: (οὐδ' εἰς):—and not one, i. e. no one, none, no, as Lat. nullus for ne ullus: the neut. οὐδέν is used as Adv., in nothing,



by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένας, gen. οὐδένων, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. ὁ and ἡ οὐδέν (sub. ὦν, οὔσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. οὐδεὶς, a nobody, one who goes for nothing. 4. οὐδὲν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέποτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.

οὐδενόσ-ωρος, ὄν, (οὐδεὶς, ὦρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

οὐδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.

οὐδέποτε Ion. οὐδέποτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέ-πω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.

οὐδε-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

οὐδ-έτερος, α, ὄν, (οὐδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. II. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδ-ετέρως, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways.

οὐδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowither.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. and no more, no longer.

οὐ δὴ, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.

οὐ δὴ που or οὐ δὴπου, no I surely imagine not.

οὐδός, ὁ, Ion. for ὁδός (ὁ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γήραος οὐδὲ on the threshold or verge of old age.

οὐδός, ἡ, Aeol. for ὁδός (ἡ), a way.

ΟΥ'ΘΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, properly of animals, the UDDER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

οὐθατα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.

οὐθάτιος, α, ὄν, (οὐθαρ) of the udder.

οὐθ-εἰς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδεὶς, οὐδέν.

οὐ θην, surely not, certainly not.

οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.

οὐκ, crasis of ὁ ἐκ.

οὐκ ἄρα, so not, not then: surely not.

οὐκ-έτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.

οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὐκ. [ῖ]

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non ergo. 2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo.

When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὐν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐπω, not yet.

οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ῶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκοῦν.

οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐπως, by no means.

οὐλαί Att. ὀλαί, αἱ, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from οὐλος, ὀλος, as if οὐλαί or ὀλαί were the whole, unground barley-corns.)

οὐλαῖός, οὐ, ὁ, (εἰλέω) a band or throng of warriors.

ΟΥ'ΛΗ', ἡ, a wound healed or scarred over, a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

οὐλῖος, α, ὄν, (οὐλος, ὀλεῖν) baneful, deadly.

οὐλό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (οὐλος, θρίξ) with curly hair.

οὐλο-κάρηνος, ὄν, (οὐλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling hair.

οὐλόμενος, ἡ, ὄν, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὀλλυμι; but commonly used as

Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ'ΛΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. ὀλα, the gums.

οὐλοός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ὀλοός.

ΟΥ'ΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. form of ὀλος, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; οὐλος ἄρτος a whole loaf. 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3.

of sound, continuous, incessant; οὐλον κεκλήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleecy; οὐλαι κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of ὀλλυμι, = οὐλό-

μενος, οὐλοός (for ὀλόμενος, ὀλοός), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χῦται, αἱ, (οὐλαι, χέω) bruised or coarsely-ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.

Οὐλυμπος, ὁ, Ion. for Ὀλυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε for Ὀλυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

οὐλω, (οὐλος 1) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, health to thee, hail, Lat. salve.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μὴν, in truth not, assuredly not.

οὐ μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μὴν.

οὐ μέν δὴ, in truth not, nay verily.

οὐ-μεν-οὐν, for οὐ μὴν οὐν, then not.

οὐ μέν πως, like οὐπως, by no means, in nowise.

οὐ μέν-τοι, not however.

οὐ μὴ, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. II.

with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν ἐστι or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἐστι, μὴ ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

οὐ μὴν, indeed not, surely not.

οὐ μὴν ἀλλά, also οὐ μὴν ἀλλὰ καί, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still.

οὐ μὴν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

οὐ μὴν οὐδέ, nay not even.

οὐμός, by Att. crasis for ὁ ἐμός.

ΟΥ'Ν Ion. ὦν, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech. 2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὐν serves to resume. 3. in repetitions οὐν implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὐν ἐστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, certainly, but . . . but still . . . 4. attached to a relat. Pron.

or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις *whoever*, ὅστισοῦν *whosoever*; ὅπως *how*, ὅπωςοῦν *howsoever*.

οὐνεκα, before a vowel οὐνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, *on which account, wherefore*. 2. the anteced. τοῦνεκα being omitted, *therefore since, for that, because*. 3. after certain Verbs, *so far as, how or so that*. 4. *that*, like ὅτι.

II. οὐνεκα (in this sense never οὐνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, *on account of*, mostly following its case.

οὐνεσθε, Ion. for ὄνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὄνομαι.

οὐνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομαίνω, οὐνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὄνομάζω, etc.

οὐξ, contr. for ὁ ἐξ.

οὐξιών, by crasis for ὁ ἐξιών, part. of ἐξείμι *exibo*.

οὐπᾶ, Dor. for οὐπω.

οὐ περ or οὐ-περ, Adv. *by no means*.

οὐ πη, Adv. *nowhere, in no wise*.

οὐ ποθι, Adv. *nowhere*.

οὐ-ποτε Dor. οὐ-ποκα, Adv. *not ever, never*.

οὐποψ, by crasis for ὁ ἐποψ.

οὐ-πω, Adv. *not yet, Lat. nondum*.

οὐ-πώ-ποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.

οὐ-πως, Adv. *no how, in no wise, by no means*.

ΟΥΡΑ' Ion. οὐρή, ἡ, *the tail, Lat. cauda*. II.

generally, *the binder parts, the after part* of anything; of a ship, *the stern*. 2. of an army, *the rear-guard, rear: the rear-rank*; κατ' οὐράν *in rear, behind*; ὁ κατ' οὐράν *the rear-rank-man*; ἐπὶ or κατ' οὐράν *to the rear, backwards*.

οὐρα, τά, for οὐροί, ὄροι, *boundaries*: see οὐρον.

οὐρ-ᾱγός, ὄν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) *leading the rear* of an army: as Subst., οὐρᾱγός, ὁ, *leader of the rear-guard*.

οὐραῖος, α, ὄν, (οὐρά) *in or of the tail*; τρίχες οὐραῖαι *the hairs of the tail*. 2. generally, *bindward, bindmost*, οὐραῖοι πόδες *the bind feet*; τὰ οὐραῖα *the binder parts*.

Οὐρανία, ἡ, (οὐρανός) *Urania, i. e. the heavenly one*, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy. II. epith. of Aphrodite or Venus, *the heavenly*.

Οὐρανίδης, ὄν, ὁ, (οὐρανός) *son of Uranus*: generally, *a dweller in heaven, Lat. coelicola*, like Οὐρανίαν.

οὐράνιος, α, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (οὐρανός) *heavenly, of or in heaven, dwelling in heaven*; θεοὶ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίανες, Οὐρανίδαι, *Lat. coellites, coelicolae, the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings*. II. *coming from heaven, of rain*. III. *reaching to heaven, high as heaven*. 2. metaph. *enormous, awful, stupendous*; οὐράνιον ὄσον, like θαυμάσιον ὄσον, *Lat. immane quantum*:—neut. pl. οὐράνια, as Adv., *vehemently, tremendously*.

Οὐρανίων, ὄν, ὁ, (οὐρανός) like Οὐρανίδης, *the heavenly one*: in plur. Οὐρανίανες θεοὶ or Οὐρανίανες, *the gods, Lat. coellites*: fem. Οὐρανίαναι.

οὐρανό-γνώμων, ὄν, (οὐρανός, γινώμαι) *skilled in the heavens*.

οὐρανό-δεικτος, ὄν, (οὐρανός, δείκνυμι) *shewn from heaven, shewing itself in heaven*.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, *from heaven, down from heaven*: properly an old gen. of οὐρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὐρανόθεν, ἐξ οὐρανόθεν.

οὐρανόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, *in heaven, in the heavens*: but οὐρανίθι πρὶς is for πρὸ οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανόθι is gen. for οὐρανοῦ, as ὄρεσθι for ὄρεος.

οὐρανό-μήκης, ἐς, (οὐρανός, μήκος) *as high as heaven, reaching to heaven*. 2. *enormous, stupendous*.

οὐρανό-νίκος, ὄν, (οὐρανός, νικάω) *conquering heaven*.

ΟΥΡΑΝΟΣ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὄρανός, ὁ, *heaven, Lat. coelum*: in Homer *the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky* represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανός ἀστερόεις *the starry firmament*. 2. *heaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere*; πύλαι οὐρανοῦ *Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down*. II. as masc. prop. n. *Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia*.

οὐραν-οὔχος, ὄν, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) *holding heaven*.

οὔρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τό, *a mountain*.

οὔρεϊ-θρεπτος, v. l. for οὔρι-θρεπτος, q. v.

οὔρειος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τό) *of the mountain*; Νύμφη οὔρειη *a mountain-nymph*.

οὔρεδ-φοῖτος, ὄν, (οὔρος, τό, φοιτάω) *mountain-roaming*:—fem. οὔρεο-φοῖτάς, ἄδος.

οὔρεσι-βώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (οὔρος, τό, βόσκω) poet. for ὄρεσιβώτης, *feeding on the mountains*.

οὔρεσί-οικος, ὄν, (οὔρος, τό, οἰκίω) *mountain-dwelling*.

οὔρεσι-φοῖτης, ὄν, ὁ, and -φοῖτος, ὄν, = οὔρεύφοιτος.

οὔρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρεύς, *a mule*.

οὔρέω, impf. εὔρουν: f. οὔρησω or -ήσομαι: aor. 1 εὔρησα: (οὔρον):—*to make water*.

οὔρηας, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεύς: οὔρηων, gen. pl.

οὔρησεῖω, Desiderat. of οὔρέω, *to want to make water*.

οὔρητιᾶω, = οὔρησεῖω.

οὔριᾱχος, ὁ, (οὐρά) *the bindmost part, lowest part*;

ἐγχεος οὔριᾱχος *the butt-end of a spear*.

οὔρι-βάτας, ὄν, ὁ, poet. for ὄρειβάτης, *mountain-walking*.

οὔρίζω, Ion. for ὀρίζω, *to bound, limit*.

οὔρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (οὔρος) *to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously*. II. intr. *to blow fairly, give a fair passage*.

οὔρι-θρεπτος, ἡ, ὄν, (οὔρος, τό, τρέφω) poet. for ὄρείθρεπτος, *mountain-bred*.

οὔριος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (οὔρος) *with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship*. 2. of a voyage, *prosperous, fair*: generally, *prosperous, successful*:—

neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θεῖν *to run before the wind*: but ἐξ οὔριων δραμεῖν (sub. πνευμάτων), *to run with a fair breeze*. II. *prospering, favouring, propitious*. 2. οὔρια (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = οὔρος, *a fair wind*.



οὐριο-στάτης, ου, ὁ, (οὐριος, ἵστημι) *standing prosperous or secure.* [α]

οὐριόω, (οὐριος) *to give to the winds, let flow.*

οὐρισμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, *a boundary line.*

οὐρνις, by crasis for ὁ ὄρνις.

ΟΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. URINA, *urine.*

οὐρον, τό, poet. for οὐρος, ὄρος, ὁ, *a boundary*; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκου οὐρα πέλονται as far as *the boundaries* of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of a quoit's throw; (2) ὅσπον τ' ἐν νειῷ οὐρον πέλει ἡμιόνου ἵππου ὑπεκπροθέων.. ἵκετο; and (3) ὅσπον τ' ἐπὶ οὐρα πέλονται ἡμιόνων; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὐρον ἡμιόνου and οὐρα ἡμιόνων, and the distance meant is *that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time.*

οὐρός, οὐ, ὁ, (εἶρω) *a trench or channel* for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a fair wind, right astern*; πέμπειν κατ' οὐρον *to send down* (i. e. *with*) *the wind, to speed on its way*: metaph., οὐρός [ἔστι], like καιρός [ἔστι], *it is a fair time.*

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a watcher, warder, guard.*

οὐρος, ου, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρος, *a boundary.*

οὐρος, εος, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, *a mountain.*

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a wild bull*, Lat. URUS.

ΟΥΣ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen. ὠτων, dat. ὠσίν: Ion. and Ep. οὐας, οὐατος: Dor. ὠς, ὠτός:—Lat. AURIS, *the ear*; εἰς οὐς, εἰς ὠτα in or into one's ear, i. e. *secretly.* II. *an ear or handle*, of pitchers, urns, etc.

οὐσία, ἡ, (οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) *that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition*; τὰς ἀπαιδὰς ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὐσίας *her childless state for the future*, i. e. *her bearing no children for the future.* II. *the being, substance, essence of a thing.*

οὐτά, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὐτᾶ, 3 sing. impf., of οὐτάω.

οὐταε, imperat. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάζω, f. οὐτάσω: aor. I οὐτάσα: pf. pass. οὐτασμαι:—like οὐτάω, *to wound*; οὐταζὼν σάκος *they hit, shattered the shield*; c. acc. cognato, ἔλκος, ὃ με βροτὸς οὐτασεν ἀνὴρ *the wound which a man struck me with*.

οὐτάμεν, οὐτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὐτάω.

οὐτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὐτάζω.

οὐτάω, imperat. οὐταε: Ion. impf. οὐτασκον: fut. οὐτήσω: aor. I οὐτησα Ion. οὐτήσασκον: aor. I pass. οὐτήθην:—Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 οὐτᾶ (as if from οὐτημι), inf. οὐτάμεναι and οὐτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὐτάμενος [α]:—*to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword*, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile):—Pass., οὐταμένη ὠτειλή *the wound inflicted.*

οὐ-τε, Adv., *and not.*

οὐτε.., *neither.., nor..*, Lat. neque.., neque..: but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οὐτε in the first, *both not.., and..*

οὐτερος, Ion. for ὁ ἕτερος: neut. τοῦτερον.

οὐτηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of οὐτάω.

οὐτήσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὐτάω.

οὐτήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of οὐτητήρ.

οὐτητήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (οὐτάω) *one who wounds.*

οὐ-τι, neut. of οὐτις.

οὐτιδανός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (οὐτις) *useless, worthless, good for naught.*

οὐ-τι-πω, Adv., for οὐ τί πω, like οὐπω, *not at all yet.*

οὐ-τις, gen. οὐτινος, *no one, nobody*, Lat. ne ullus, nullus; neut. οὐ-τι, *nothing*, Lat. nihil:—neut. also as Adv. *by no means, not at all*: hence II. with changed accent, Οὐτις, ὁ, acc. Οὐτιν, *Noman, Nobody*, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

οὐ-τοί, Adv. (οὐ, τοί) *indeed not*, Lat. non sane.

οὐτος, αὐτή, τοῦτο, gen. τούτου, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron., *this*, as opp. to ἐκεῖνος, *the nearer of two things*, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. hic opp. to ille.

II. when opp. to ὅδε, οὐτος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow.

III. οὐτος, αὐτή are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. heus! you there! bollo you! also οὐτος σύ, heus tu! but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ὦ οὐτος, οὐτος Οἰδίπους!

IV. τοῦτο μέν.., τοῦτο δέ.., or ταῦτα μέν.., ταῦτα δέ.., stronger than μέν.., δέ.., *on the one hand.., on the other..; partly.., partly..*

V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, *and that too, and more than that*, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικούτος and *that too* being such an one; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and *that too* an old one? VI. καὶ ταῦτα μέν δὴ ταῦτα, like εἰεν, *so much for this*, Lat. haec hactenus.

VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv. *for this reason*, like διὰ ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν *for this reason then, accordingly.* 2. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ', ὦ δεσπότης *yes, master.*

VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτῃ was also used as Adv., 1. of Place (sub. χώρα), *in this spot, here.* 2. of Manner, *in this way, so.* 3. *in this respect, so far, for the matter of that.*

IX. οὐτος is often strengthd. in Att. by the demonstr. ἱ, οὐτοσί, αὐτηί, τουτί, gen. τουτουί, nom. pl. οὐτοιί, neut. ταυτί, etc., *this man here*, Lat. hicc:—before a vowel ι becomes ἱν, as οὐτοσίν; neut. τουτογί, ταυταγί.

οὐτως, before a conson. οὕτω, Adv. of οὐτος, *in this way or manner, so thus*, Lat. sic.

II. with a qualifying power, *so, only so, simply, no more than.*

III. *in wishes*, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν οὕτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἶην *would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as..* 2. *in protestations*, as, ἐγὼ γ' οὐ- τας ὀναίμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἄνδρα *I, so help me my children, hate the man.*

IV. οὕτω μέν.., οὕτω δέ.., *partly.., partly.., on the one hand.., on the other..*; cf. οὐτος IV.

V. *in beginning a*

story, οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μὴς καὶ γαλῆ so there were once upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

οὕτως, οὕτως, = οὕτως. [i]

οὐχί, Adv. for οὐ, not. [i]

οὐχίνος, by crasis for ὁ ἐχίνος.

ὀφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. ὀφειλέτης, ιδος, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debtor.

ὀφειλή, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

ὀφειλήμα, τό, (ὀφείλω) that which is owed, a debt.

'ΟΦΕΙΛΩ, imperf. ὀφείλων: fut. ὀφειλήσω: aor. 1 ὤφειλῃσα: aor. 2 ὤφελον Ion. ὤφελον Ep. ὤφελον, ὀφελον: pf. ὤφειλκα:—to owe, be indebted for, have to pay: absol. to be in debt:—Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενος, bounden, due, fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2. ζημίαν ὀφείλειν to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.: of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινί to owe one an ill turn.

II. to be under an obligation, to be bound to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ὤφελον, I ought.., of what one has not done; ὤφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εὐχέσθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, τὴν ὄφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατακτάμεν Ἀρτεμις would that Diana had slain her! Lat. utinam eam interfecisset! properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction εἴθε Ep. αἴθε, as, αἴθ' ὄφελος ἄγονος ἔμεναι ὅ that thou hadst been unborn! εἴθ' ὤφελ' Ἀργεὺς μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος would that the Argo had not sped through: also with ὥς, ὥς ὄφελον or ὤφελον ὅ that I had..! also with negat., μὴ ὄφελος would thou hadst not..! III. of anything binding upon us, esp. in Pass.; πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῦτ' ὀφείλεται παθεῖν this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πᾶσιν ἡμῖν καταθανεῖν ὀφείλεται, Horace's debemur morti, we must all pay the debt of nature.

'ΟΦΕΛΛΩ, Ep. for ὀφείλω, imperf. ὤφελον or ὀφελον, to owe: Pass., χρεῖός μοι ὀφέλλεται a debt is due to me. II. to be obliged, bound.

'ΟΦΕΛΛΩ, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. 1 ὤφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. ὀφέλλειν:—poët. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply words; ὀφέλλειν τινὰ τιμῇ to raise one in honour, Lat. honore augere: generally, to help, make to thrive:—Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

ὄφελον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὄφελος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) advantage, help, profit, usance; c. gen., τῶν ὀφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i. e. who were of no use; so, ὅ τι ὄφελος στρατεύματος what was really serviceable of the army.

ὀφθαλμία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός) a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia.

ὀφθαλμιάω, (ὀφθαλμία) to have the ophthalmia, to have sore eyes.

ὀφθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμός. [i]

ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός, δουλεία) eye-service.

ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) the eye; ἐς ὀφθαλμούς τινος before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς Lat. in

oculis, before the eyes; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight; κατ' ὀφθαλμούς to one's face.

II. like ὄμμα and ἄνθος, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμός στρατίας the flower of the army, as we say, the apple of the eye.

III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοὶ βασιλέως, the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects.

ὀφθαλμό-τεγκτος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, τέγγω) wetting the eyes.

ὀφθαλμ-ὠρύχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ὠρύσσω) tearing out the eyes.

ὀφθαλμός, Dor. for ὀφθαλμός.

ὀφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ὀράω.

ὀφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of ὀράω.

ὀφθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ὀράω.

ὀφίεσσι, Ep. for ὀφισι, dat. pl. of ὄφιν.

ὀφί-βόλος, ον, (ὄφιν, βαλεῖν) serpent-slaying.

ὀφί-πους, ποδος, (ὄφιν, πούς) with snakes for legs.

'ΟΦΙΣ, gen. εὐς Ion. ιος, ὁ, a serpent, snake.

ὀφί-ῶδης, ες, (ὄφιν, εἶδος) of serpent shape, snakey.

ὀφλεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλημα, ατος, τό, (ὀφλεῖν) a debt or a fine incurred in a lawsuit, damages.

ὀφλήσω, fut. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλισκάνω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὤφληκα: aor. 2 ὤφλον, inf. ὀφλεῖν, part. ὀφλῶν:—to owe, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλεῖν or ὀφλισκάνειν, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause; as, ὀφλῶν ἀρπαγῆς τε καὶ κλοπῆς δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, θανάτου δίκην ὀφλισκάνειν to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, ὀφλισκάνειν ἀστρατείας (sub. δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving: absol. to be cast, be found guilty, convicted: also, ζημίαν ὀφλεῖν to incur a penalty.

II. generally, of anything one brings on oneself; γέλωτα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, δειλίαν ὀφλισκάνειν to incur the charge of cowardice; μαρίαν ὀφλισκάνειν τινί to bring on oneself the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

ὀφλῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλισκάνω.

'ΟΦΡΑ, Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat. ut.

II. Adv. of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while: until.

ὀφρύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ὀφρύς, the brow or edge of a bill. [v]

ὀφρῦόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὀφρύς) on the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

'ΟΦΡΥΣ, υος, ἡ; acc. ὀφρύν later ὀφρύα; acc. pl. ὀφρύας, ὀφρῦς:—the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or pride; as, τὰς ὀφρῦς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows in token of grief; τὰς ὀφρῦς συνάγειν to knit, contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύειν and μεθίεναι τὰς ὀφρῦς to smoothe or unknot the brow.

2. ὀφρύς, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity: scorn,



pride, II. metaph. the brow of a bill, the edge of a cliff, a beetling or overhanging crag.

ὄφρῦς, contr. for ὄφρῦας, acc. pl. of ὄφρῦς.

ὄχᾱ, (έχω) Ep. Adv. by far, eminently, always with Sup. ἀριστος: later ἐξόχα.

ὄχάνη, ἡ, and ὄχᾱνον, τό, (ὄχέω, έχω) the handle of a shield, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

ὄχέεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὄχέω.

ὄχέεσσι, Ep. for ὄχεσι, dat. pl. of ὄχος.

ὄχεία, ἡ, (ὄχεύω) a covering, of the horse.

ὄχεσφι, -ιν, Ep. for ὄχεσι, dat. pl. of τό ὄχος.

ὄχετεύω, f. σω, (ὄχετός) to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct:—Pass., ὕδωρ ὀχετεύμενον water carried off by a canal.

ὄχετ-ηγός, ὄν, (ὄχετός, ἄγω) drawing off water by a conduit or canal.

ὄχετός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄχέω) a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river. 2. metaph. a channel or means of escape.

ὄχεύς, gen. έως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (έχω) any fastening: 1. the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin. 2. in pl. the clasps of the belt. 3. a bolt which fastened the door within.

ὄχευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄχεύω) a stallion: a lewd person.

ὄχεύω, f. σω, (ὄχέω) to ride: of male animals, to cover.

ὄχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχος, ὁ) collat. form of έχω, as φορέω of φέρω, to bear, endure, support, hold; φρουράν ὀχεῖν to keep watch. 2. to let ride, mount. II. in

Pass., with fut. med. ὀχήσομαι, to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσίν, ἵπποισιν ὀχεῖσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. *vehi*, to drive, ride, sail; ἐπ' ἀγκύρας ὀχεῖσθαι to ride at anchor.

ὄχηα, Ep. acc. of ὀχεύς: ὀχῆες, nom. pl.

ὄχημα, τό, (ὄχέω) that which bears or supports, a support, stay. II. a carriage, a chariot, Lat. *vehiculum*: also a vessel, ship.

ὄχθίω, f. ἦσω, to be heavy laden: metaph. to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; ὥχθησαν they were heavy at heart. (From ἄχθομαι, as ὄχέω from έχω.)

ὈΧΘΗ, ἡ, older form of ὄχθος, any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.: also, crags by a river. Hence

ὄχθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, raised, billy.

ὄχθος, ὁ, later form of ὄχθη, rising ground, a bill.

ὄχλέω, = μοχλεύω, to heave or move by a lever:—Pass. to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες ἀπασαι ὀχλεύνται (Aeol. for ὀχλοῦνται) all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.

ὄχλέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχλος) to disturb by a mob or tumult; generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.: absol. to be troublesome.

ὄχληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄχλέω) troublesome, importunate.

ὄχλίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὄχλέω, ὄχλεύω, to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.

ὄχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὄχλίζω.

ὄχλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχλος, ποιέω) to make a riot; ὀχλοποιεῖν τὴν πόλιν to set the city in an uproar.

ὈΧΛΟΣ, ὁ, a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. *turba*, opp. to δῆμος (the people in a constitutional sense). II. noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. *turba*:—generally, disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity.

ὄχλ-ώδης, es, contr. for ὄχλο-ειδής, (ὄχλος, εἶδος) like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τὸ ὀχλῶδες troublesome, turbulence.

ὄχμα, ατος, τό, (έχω) a bold, fastening. Hence ὀχμάζω, f. ἄσω, to grip, bold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.

ὄχνη, ἡ, a wild pear, late form of ὄγχνη.

ὄχος, eos, τό, (έχω) a chariot, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὀχεσφι, ὀχεσφιν, for ὀχεσι.

ὄχος poet. ὀκχος, ου, ὁ, (έχω) that which holds; νηῶν ὄχοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads. II. that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car; but, ὄχοι ἀπήνης bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels.

ὄχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (έχω) like ἐχυρός, firm, lasting, stout, strong: esp. of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable, of a fortress or the like.

ὄχυρόω, f. ὠσω, (ὄχυρός) to make fast, fortify. Hence

ὄχυρωμα, ατος, τό, a strongbold, fortress.

ὄχυρῶς, Adv. of ὄχυρός, firmly, strongly.

ὄχωκα, by metath. for ὀκωχα, perf. of έχω.

ὄψ, ἡ, gen. ὀπός, dat. ὀπί, acc. ὀπα (εἰπεῖν, έπος) a voice. II. a discourse, word.

ὄψ-ἀμάτης [μᾶ], ου, ὁ, voc. ὀψᾶματα, (ὀψέ, ἀμάω) one who mows till late at even; cf. ὀψορότης.

ὀψᾶνον, τό, (ὀψομαι) = ὀψις, a sight, vision.

ὀψάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀψον, esp. fish: a small fish.

ὀψ-ἀρότης, ου, ὁ, (ὀψέ, ἀρώω) one who ploughs late; cf. ὀψαμάτης.

ὈΨΕ, Adv. after a long time, at length, late, Lat. *sero*; ὀψέ μανθάνειν to learn too late. 2. late in the day, at even, opp. to πρωί: late in the season;

ὀψέ ἦν it was late: c. gen., ὀψέ τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day, Lat. *serum diei*: also, ὀψέ τῶν Τρωικῶν long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. ὀψιαίτερον later; Sup. ὀψιαίτατα, latest.

ὀψείω, Desiderat. of ὀράω, formed from fut. ὀψομαι, to wish to see.

ὀψεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὀράω.

ὀψι, Aeol. for ὀψέ.

ὀψία (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly fem. of ὀψιος, the latter part of the day, evening, often joined with δείλη. Opp. to ὀρθρος: see δείλη.

ὀψιαίτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ὀψιος: see ὀψέ.

ὀψί-γονος, ον, (ὀψέ, γενέσθαι) late-born, after-born, born in a later age. 2. of a son, late-born, born in one's old age. 3. later-born, i. e. younger. [τ]

ὀψιέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ὀψιος.

ὀψίζω, f. ἴσω, (ὀψέ) to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.

ὀψί-κοιτος, ον, (ὀψέ, κοίτη) going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.

ὀψιμαθῆω, f. ἴσω, to learn late or too late. From

ὀψι-μαθής, ἐς, (ὀψε, μαθεῖν) late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, c. gen.

ὀψιμος, ον, (ὀψέ) poet. for ὀψιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρας ὀψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.

ὀψί-νοος, ον, (ὀψέ, νόος) late of thought, inobservant.

ὀψιος, α, ον, (ὀψέ) late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρῶιος. —Att. Comp. ὀψιαίτερος, α, ον, Sup. ὀψιαίτατος, η, ον: Neut. ὀψιαίτερον, -τατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of ὀψέ. The forms ὀψιέστερος and ὀψιέστατος also occur.

ὄψις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ὄψομαι) a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition:—ὄψις οἰκοδομημάτων a show of buildings. 2. outward appearance, look: the face, visage. II. the power of sight or seeing, eyesight. 2. a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; ἀπικέσθαι ἐς ὄψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.

ὄψι-τέλεστος, ον, (ὀψέ, τελέω) late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.

ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄράω, formed from \*ὄπτομαι.

ὄψον, τό, (ἔψω) properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh. II. anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὄψον ποτῶ, a zest or relish to drink. III. generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, οἱ πόνοι ὄψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς labour is a sauce to good things. IV. any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties. V. at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians. 2. the market-place, esp. the fish-market.

ὄψοποιέω, Dep. (ὄψοποιός) to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence

ὄψοποιία, ἡ, the art of cookery: and

ὄψοποιικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for delicate cookery.

ὄψο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὄψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὄψοποιός, ὁ, a cook.

ὄψο-πόνος, ον, (ὄψον, πονέω) dressing food elaborately.

ὄψοφάγῳ, f. ἴσω, (ὄψοφάγος) to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence

ὄψοφάγια, ἡ, dainty living: eating delicacies.

ὄψο-φάγος, ον, (ὄψον, φάγειν) eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., ὄψοφάγος, ὁ, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. ὄψοφαγίστερος, ὄψοφαγίστατος.

ὄψ-ωνέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄψον, ὠνέομαι) to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals. Hence

ὄψώνιον, τό, properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.

## Π

Π, π, πῖ, indecl.: sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀφικ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀφηγ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the Ion., e. g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ὑπ' ὑμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ὑφ' ὑμῶν. II. in Ion. Prose, π becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κῶς ὅκως κοῖος ὅκοιός κόσος ὀκόσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὀποῖος ὅσος ὀπόσος. III. in Aeol. π is used for μ, as ὅππα for ὅμμα, πεδά for μετά. IV. in Aeol. and Dor. π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e. g. ὅππη, ὅππως, ὀπποῖος, ὀππόσος for ὅπη, etc. VII. Poët., τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πόλις, πόλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, Dor. for πῇ, πῃ.

πᾶα, Lacon. for πᾶσα.

πᾶγά, Dor. for πῃγῇ.

παγγενέτειρα, ἡ, mother of all. From

παγ-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) father of all.

παγ-γλυκερός, ἁ, ὄν, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) sweetest of all.

παγ-γλωσσία, ἡ, (πᾶς, γλῶσσα) wordiness.

πᾶγεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πῃγνυμι.

πάγεν [ᾱ], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πῃγνυμι.

πᾶγετός, ὁ, (πάγος) frost, ice.

πᾶγετ-ώδης, ἐς, (παγετός, εἶδος) frosty, icy-cold.

πάγη [ᾱ], 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πῃγνυμι.

πάγη [ᾱ], ἡ, (παγῆναι) anything that fixes or holds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the toils used in fowling: a fowling-net. 2. metaph. a snare, stratagem.

πᾶγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πῃγνυμι.

πᾶγιδεύω, f. σω, (παγίς) to lay a snare for, entrap.

πάγιος, α, ον, (πᾶγῆναι) fixed, firm, solid, steadfast.

Adv. -ίως, firmly, steadily.

πᾶγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (παγῆναι) like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἄγκυρα παγίς νεῶν the anchor which holds ships like a trap.

παγ-καίνιστος, ον, (πᾶς, καίνος) all new or fresh.

πάγ-κάκος, ον, (πᾶς, κακός) quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιςτος. Adv. παγκάκως, all miserably.

πάγ-κάλος, ον, (πᾶς, καλός) all-beautiful, all-good.

παγκαρπία, ἡ, an offering of all kinds of fruit. From

πάγ-καρπος, ον, (πᾶς, καρπός) of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.

παγ-κατάρατος, ον, (πᾶς, καταράσθαι) all-accursed.

παγ-κευθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, κεύθω) all concealed. II. act. all-concealing.



πάγκλαυτος and -κλαυτος, ον, (πᾶς, κλαίω) all-lamented, most woeful. II. act. all-tearful.

παγκληρία, ἡ, a sole inheritance, full possession. From

πάγκληρος, ον, (πᾶς, κληρος) held in full possession.

πάγκοινος, ον, (πᾶς, κοινός) common to all.

παγκοίτης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, κοίτη) giving rest to all; θάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.

παγκόνιτος, ον, (πᾶς, κονίω) covered all over with dust; ἀεθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.

παγκράτης, ἐς, (πᾶς, κράτος) all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.

παγκρατιάξω, ἢ, σω, to perform the exercises of the pancratium.

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.

παγκρότως, Adv. (πᾶς, κρότος) sounding all at once, of towers who keep good time.

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill: ὁ Ἄρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens. [α]

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) anything stiffened or barded: frozen water, ice, frost. [α]

πάγ-ουρος, ὁ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) a kind of crab.

παγ-χάλεπος, ον, (πᾶς, χαλεπός) very difficult and dangerous. Adv. -πως.

παγ-χάλκεος and πάγ-χαλκος, ον, (πᾶς, χαλκός) all-brasen, all of brass.

πάγ-χρηστος, ον, (πᾶς, χρηστός) good for all work.

πάγ-χριστος, ον, (πᾶς, χριστός) all-anointed; πάγ-χριστον πειθοῦς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγ-χρύσεος, ον, and πάγ-χρῦσος, ον, (πᾶς, χρυσός) all gold, of solid gold. [υ]

πάγχι, Adv. (πᾶς, πᾶν) Ion. for πάνυ, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.

πάγω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of πήγνυμι.

παδάω, Dor. for παδάω.

πάθει [α], Ep. for ἐπαθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω.

παθεῖν Ep. παθέειν, aor. 2 inf. of πάσχω. Hence

πάθη [α], ἡ, anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune.

πάθημα, ατος, τό, = πάθος, a suffering, misfortune; τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to learn by.

πάθησθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω.

πάθητός, ἡ, ὅν, (παθεῖν) having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer.

πάθος, εος, τό, (παθεῖν) anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity. 2. a passive condition: a passion, affection. 3. an incident.

πάθω [α], aor. 2 subj. of πάσχω.

παθών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of πάσχω.

παῖ, Ep. παῖ, vocat. of παῖς.

Παιάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. Παιήων, ονος, later Παιάν, ὄνος, Paeon or Paeon, the physician of the gods; Παιήονος γενέθλη the race of Paeon, i. e. physicians.

2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἰήε Παιάν; also to his son Aesculapius. 3. a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer. II. as appellat. παιάν Ion. παιήων, a paeon, i. e. a choral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παιάν.

2. a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song. 3. any solemn song or chant. 4. in pl., παιήονες paeon-singers. Hence

παιανίζω, ἢ, σω, to chant the paeon, sing a song of triumph.

Παιάων, ονος, ὁ, Dor. for Παιήων. [α]

παῖγμα, ατος, τό, (παίζω) play, sport; λατοῦ π. flute-playing.

παιγνιά, ἡ, (παίζω) play, sport, a game, pastime. II. a feast, festival.

παιγνια-γράφος, ον, (παιγνιά, γράφω) writing sportive poetry.

παιγνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (παιγνιά) fond of a joke.

παῖγνιον, τό, (παίζω) a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. *deliciae*, a darling. II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακὰ παῖγνια, roguish cheats. III. a sportive poem: merry noise.

παῖγνιος, ον, (παιγνιά) sportive, droll, done in play.

παιγνι-ώδης, ἐς, (παιγνιά, εἶδος) playful, sportive, merry; τὸ παιγνιῶδες playfulness.

παιδ-ἀγωγεῖον, τό, (παιδαγωγός) a school-room.

παιδᾶγωγέω, ἢ, ἡσω, (παιδαγωγός) to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate. Hence

παιδᾶγωγία, ἡ, an attending boys, education:—attendance.

παιδ-ἀγωγός, ὅν, (παῖς, ἄγω) attending or training boys: as Subst., παιδαγωγός, ὁ, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.

παιδάριον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child, a little boy or girl. II. a young slave.

παῖδω, παιδοῶν, Lacon. for παῖζω, παῖζειν.

παιδεία, ἡ, (παιδεύω) the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction. II. youth, childhood. III. bandiwork.

παῖδεος, ον, (παῖς) childish, concerning or suited to children; ὕμνοι παῖδειοι hymns sung by the boys.

παιδεραστέω, ἢ, ἡσω, to love boys. From

παιδ-εραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παῖς, ἐράω) a lover of boys.

παιδεραστία, ἡ, (παιδεραστέω) love of boys.

παῖδεσι, Ep. for παῖσι, dat. pl. of παῖς.

παῖδευμα, ατος, τό, (παιδεύω) that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil. II. that which is taught, lesson.

παῖδευσις, ἡ, (παιδεύω) a rearing, training, education. II. a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα

πόλις Ἑλλάδος παιδεύσις our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὔ, ὁ, an educator, instructor. II. a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐπαίδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα: —Pass., aor. I ἐπαιδεύθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς): —to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; ὁ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαιδευτος:—Med. to have any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or inure to a thing. 4. to correct, chasten.

παιδῆσις, η, ον, Ion. for παιδεῖσις.

παιδιά, ἄς, ἡ, (παίζω) child's play, sport, pastime: a game.

παιδία, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ὦν, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. *deliciae*. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὢν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. *puerilis*. 2. playful, sportive. II. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II. a young slave.

παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden, damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ἡ, ὢν, also ὅς, ὢν, (παίζω) childish, silly, playful. II. as Subst. παιδνός, ὁ, = ὁ παῖς, a boy, lad: παιδνή, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, \*γένω) begetting children. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομῖω, (παῖς, κομῖω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (παῖς, κόραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ἤσω, to murder children. From

παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παῖς, κτείνω) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and παιδο-ολέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παῖς, ὄλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδο-ολετήρα and παιδο-ολετίς, ἰδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying children. [v]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἤσω, (παιδοποιός) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαιδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιῖα, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children.

παιδο-ποιός, ὢν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πείρω) through which a child passes.

παιδοσπορέω, f. ἤσω, to beget children. From παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοτριβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τρίβης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a training-master for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτρίβου in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [r] Hence

παιδοτριβικός, ἡ, ὢν, of or fit for a training-master or his art. Adv. -κῶς, like a gymnastic master.

παιδό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a slave that attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἤσω, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children. Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

παιδό-τρωτος, ον, (παῖς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-ουργέω, f. ἤσω, (παῖς, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω. Hence

παιδουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife herself.

παιδοφιλέω, f. ἤσω, to be fond of boys. From παιδο-φίλης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, \*φένω) killing children; συμφορὰ παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a son; παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παίζω, f. παίζομαι or παιζοῦμαι, rarely παίζω: aor. I ἐπαισα and ἐπαιξα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίχθην: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμαι: (παῖς):—to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3. to play at a game; σφαῖρη or σφαῖραν παίζειν to play at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6. transit. to treat jocosely.

Παιήνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιήνις, ἰδος, (Παιήων) bealing.

παιήσω, fut. of παῖω to strike.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for Παιάν, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παιήων as appellat. for παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, as Adj. = Παιήνιος.

παίκτης, ον, ὁ, (παίζω) a dancer or player.

παίζομαι or παιζοῦμαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπάλῃ, ἡ, (redupl. from πόλη or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. *pollen*: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [ā] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλεις, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙΣ, παιδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παίδων Dor. παιδῶν; dat. pl. παισί, παιδεσσι: the Ep. preferred the dissyll. nom. παῖς, vocat. παῖ: I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παῖς παιδός a child's child, grandchild. 2. periph., Λυδῶν παῖδες sons of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II. of Age, a child: παῖς, ὁ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a



*maiden, girl*:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παίδων *from a child, from childhood*. III. also like Lat. *puer*, ὁ or ἡ, *a slave, servant*.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖς.

παῖσατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of παίζω.

παῖσδα, Dor. for παῖδα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσδω, Dor. for παίζω.

παίφασσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ-, the Root of φαίνω) *to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, pal-pitate*.

ΠΑΙΨΩ, fut. παῖσω and παῖσσω: aor. I ἐπαῖσα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαῖσθην: pf. πέπαισμαι:—*to strike or smite a person*:—Med., ἐπαῖσατο τὸν μηρόν *he smote his thigh*. 2. *to strike a weapon against a person*. 3. *to drive away*. 4. *to bit bard in speaking*. II. intr. *to strike against, to dash against or upon*, Lat. *illido*.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, *Paeon*, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, *a physician, healer*. II. like παιάν, *a solemn song or chant*. III. in Prosody, a *paeon*, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, —υυυ, υ—υυ, υυ—υ and υυυ—.

Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, *medicinal, healing*. παιωνίζω, f. σω, = παιανίζω, *to raise the Paeon*.

Παιώνιος, α, ον, (Παιών) *belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, healing*. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Παιωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, *the healing art, medicine*: τὰ Παιώνια *a festival of Paeon*.

παιωνισμός, ὁ, = παιανισμός, *a chanting of the paeon*. πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτή, etc.

πακτώω, f. ὦσω, (πακτός) *to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house*. 2. *to stop, to stop up, caulk*. 3. *to bind fast*.

ΠΑΛΛΑΨΘΗ, ἡ, *a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together*. [λα]

ΠΑΛΛΑΙ, Adv. *long ago, in olden time, of old*. II. *formerly, erst, before*: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὸ πάλαι.

πάλαι-γενής, ἐς, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) *born long ago, aged, full of years*.

πάλαι-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής.

πάλαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, = παλαίω, *to wrestle, fight*.

παλαιο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιο-γονος, ον, = παλαίγονος.

πάλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μή-τηρ) *ancient mother*.

πάλαιό-πλοῦτος, ον, (παλαιός, πλοῦτος) = ἀρχαῖο-πλοῦτος, *rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νέωπλοῦτος*.

πάλαιορ-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιός, ρίζα) *with aged roots*.

παλαιός, ἁ, ὄν, (πάλαι) *old, aged*. 2. *ancient, of olden time*; οἱ παλαιοὶ *the ancients*; παλαιὸς χρόνος *time long past*: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., *anciently, formerly*: ἐκ παλαιοῦ *from of old*. 3. of things, in good sense, *ancient, time-honoured, venerable*: in bad sense, *antiquated, obsolete, out of date*. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιτέρου *from the older time*. Hence

παλαιότης, ἡ, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

παλαιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) *old in mind, with the experience of age*.

παλαιόω, f. ὦσω, (παλαιός) *to make old*: hence *to abrogate, annul*, Lat. *antiquare*:—Pass. *to become obsolete*.

πάλαισμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) *a bout or fall in wrestling*: generally, *a struggle*. II. *any trick or artifice, a subterfuge*.

παλαισμοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαίω) poet. for πάλη, *wrestling, the wrestler's art*.

παλαιστή, ἡ, = παλάμη, *the palm of the hand*. II. *a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches)*.

παλαιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παλαίω) *a wrestler*: generally, *one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate*. 2. *metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow*.

παλαισπαιῖος, α, ον, (παλαιστή) *a palm long or broad*.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαιστής) *of or for wrestling*.

παλαίστρα, ἡ, (παλαίω) *a palaestra, wrestling-school*: generally *a school*. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, *presiding over the palaestra*.

παλαιότερος and παλαιότατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαιός, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαι-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) *spoken long ago*, epith. of ancient oracles. II. *spoken of long ago, legendary*. III. *primitive, ancient, olden*.

πάλαι-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) *long in the land*: as Subst., παλαίχθων, ὁ, *an old inhabitant*, Lat. *indigena*.

παλαίω, f. αἰσώ: aor. I ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη):—*to wrestle*, Lat. *luctare*. II. *metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against*:—Pass. *to be wrestled with*. 2. *absol. to labour or be distressed in battle*, Lat. *laborare*.

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in a helmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

παλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαιστή, παλαιστιαῖος.

ΠΑΛΕΥ'Ω, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. *lucta*; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, Lat. *pollen*: hence παιπάλη.

παλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ᾶ]

παλιγ-γενεσία, ἡ, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλιγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλῶσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

παλικᾶπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλιγ-κάπηλος, ὁ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλίγκοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. *recrudescens*. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλίγκοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλίγκοτοι adversaries.

παλίγ-κραιπνος, ον, (πάλιν, κραιπνός) very swift.

παλιλλογέω, f. ἤσω, to say again, reiterate. From

παλίλ-λογος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

παλίμ-βᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards.

παλιμ-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστειν) shooting up again.

παλιμβολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλίμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

παλιμ-μήκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) as long again: generally, very long.

παλίμ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

παλιμ-πετής, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλιμπετές as Adv. back, back again.

παλίμπλαγκτος, ον, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

παλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλιμπλαγχεῖς: to wander back.

παλιμ-πλᾶνής, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

παλίμ-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vamped up. II. act. vamping up old wares.

παλίμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποιμή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλίμποινον requital, retribution.

παλίμ-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, πούς) going back, returning.

παλιμ-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

παλίμ-φημος Dor. -φῦμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) dissonant, discordant.

παλιμ-φύης, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

ΠΑΛΙΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγατέρος ἧς she went back from her daughter. 2.

πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν ἐρεῖν to say to the contrary, i. e. gain-say; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man. II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

παλιν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρέω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled; ἔπος οὐ παλινἀγρετον an irrevocable word.

παλιν-αυξής, ἐς, (πάλιν, αὔξω) growing again.

παλιν-αυτόμολος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλιν-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [ᾶ]

παλινδρομέω, f. ἤσω, (παλινδρομός) to run back again. Hence

παλινδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards.

παλιν-δρόμος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμεῖν) running back again, recurring.

παλι-νηνεμία, ἡ, (πάλιν, νήνεμος) a returning calm.

παλιν-ὄρμενος, η, ον, rushing back: cf. sq.

παλιν-ορσος Att. -ορρος, ον, (πάλιν, ὀρνυμαι) hastening or darting back. II. recurring, inveterate.

παλιν-σκίος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλιν-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

παλιν-στομέω, f. ἤσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again.

παλιν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

παλιν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλιντονα τόξα, 1. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force. 2. of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλιν-τράπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλιντροπος.

παλιν-τριβής, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβῆναι) rubbed again and again: hardened, obdurate, villainous.

παλιν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. *retortus*. II. turning back. III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

παλιν-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

παλιν-ωδέω, f. ἤσω, (πάλιν, ᾠδῇ) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence

παλινωδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΙΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, *rhamnus paliurus*.

παλιουρο-φόρος, ον, (παλιουρος, φέρω) with a bundle of paliurus-wood.

παλιρ-ρόθιος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) back-flowing: κύμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.



παλίρ-ροθος, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) ebbing and flowing.  
παλίρροια, ἡ, (παλίρροος) the reflux of water, back-water, ebb.

παλίρ-ροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλίρροος.

παλίρ-ροος, ον, contr. παλίρρους, ον, (πάλιν, ρέω) flowing backwards, reflux: ebbing and flowing. II. metaph. returning on one's head, retributive.

παλίρ-ροπος, ον, (πάλιν, ρέπω) sliding back, sinking.

παλί-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) shadowed over, gloomy, dusky.

παλίς-σῦτος, ον, (πάλιν, σεύω) rushing hurriedly back; δρόμημα παλίσσυτον a backward course.

παλ-ίωξις, ἡ, (πάλιν, ιωκή) a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally.

πάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) concubinage.

Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) the statue of Pallas.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) of or sacred to Pallas.

παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) to keep as a concubine.

παλλάκη, ἡ, (πάλλαξ) a concubine.

παλλάκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = πάλλαξ, a concubine.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, a concubine, Lat. *pellea*, opp. to the lawful wife (*ἄκοιτις*, *ἄλοχος*).

Παλλάς, ἄδος [ἄ], ἡ, (πάλλω) Pallas, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλὰς Ἀθήνη or Παλλὰς Ἀθηναίη, but later used alone, = Ἀθήνη.

Πάλλῦς, αντος, ὁ, Pallas, masc. prop. n.

πάλ-λευκος, ον, (πάν, λευκός) all white.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΩ: aor. 1 ἔπηλα Ep. πήλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. πεπάλων (in compd. ἀμπεπαλών):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. πάλτο:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself. 2. κλήρους πάλλειν to shake the lots together till one leapt forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots. II. πάλλω, intr. like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake.

παλμός, ὁ, (πάλλω) intr. a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse.

πάλος, ὁ, (πάλλω) the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; ἀρχὰς πάλῳ ἀρχεῖν to hold public offices by lot.

πάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.

παλτόν, τό, anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jereed: properly neut. from παλτός.

παλτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πάλλω) brandished, hurled.

παλύνας, aor. 1 part. of παλύνω.

παλύνω, f. ὑνώ: aor. 1 ἐπάλυνα: (πάλλω):—to strew or scatter upon. II. to bestrew, besprinkle.

πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) property.

παμ-βασίλεια, ἡ, (πάς, βασίλεια) queen of all, all-powerful queen.

παμ-βδελυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πάς, βδελυρός) all-loathsome or abominable.

παμ-βίας, ον, ὁ, (πάς, βία) all-subduing.

πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πάς, βύσσω) all-nourishing.

παμ-βώτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (πάς, βώτης) all-feeding, all-nourishing.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πάς, μάταιος) all-vain, all-useless.

πάμ-μᾶχος, ον, (πάς, μάχη) all-conquering, triumphant. II. = παγκρατιαστής.

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (πάς, μέγας) very great.

παμ-μεγέθης, ες, (πάς, μέγεθος) of enormous size.

παμ-μέλας, αινά, ἄν, (πάς, μέλας) all black.

παμ-μήκης, ες, (πάς, μήκος) very long, prolonged.

πάμ-μηνος, ον, (πάς, μήν) through every month, through the live-long year.

παμ-μήτειρα, ἡ, = παμμήτωρ.

παμμήτις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάς, μήτις) all-knowing, all-planning.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (πάς, μήτηρ) mother of all. II. altogether a mother, a very mother.

παμ-μίᾶρος, ον, (πάς, μιᾶρος) all-abominable.

παμ-μίγής, ες, (πάς, μιγῆναι) all-blended, all-confounded, promiscuous.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πάς, μικρός) very small.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμιγής.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πάς, μόρος) all-bapless.

παμ-μῦσᾶρος, ἄ, ὄν, (πάς, μῦσος) = παμμίαιρος.

πάμπαν, Adv. (πάς) like πάν, quite, wholly, altogether; οὐ πάμπαν not at all, by no means.

παμ-πειθής, ες, (πάς, πείθω) all-persuasive.

παμπήδην, Adv. (πάς) like πάμπαν, entirely, totally.

παμ-πησία, ἡ, (πάς, πέπᾶμαι) entire possession.

παμ-πληθεί, Adv. with the whole multitude. From

παμ-πληθής, ες, (πάς, πλήθος) of or with the whole multitude. II. very numerous. III. neut.

παμ-πληθές as Adv. entirely.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πάς, πλήσσω) in which all kinds of blows are inflicted.

παμ-ποικίλος, ον, also η, ον, (πάς, ποικίλος) all-variegated, of rich and varied work.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πάς, πόλις) prevailing in all cities, universal.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολυ, (πάς, πολὺς) very much, very great, and in pl. very many:—neut. πάμπου as Adv. very much.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πάς, πονηρός) all-depraved, utterly base or bad.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πάς, πορφύρα) all-purple.

παμ-πότνια, ἡ, (πάς, πότνια) all-venerable.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πάς, πρέπω) all-conspicuous, splendid, refulgent.

παμ-πρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πάς, πρῶτος) the very first, first of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., first of all.

παμ-φᾶής, ες, (πάς, φᾶος) all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent. Adv. -ως.

παμ-φαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, to shine or beam brightly: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνῃσι, as if from παμ-φαίνῃμι; πρῶτον παμφαίνων, of a star first rising.

παμ-φᾶνών, fem. -ύωσα, gen. -ύωντος, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφᾶνάω) all-shining, bright-beaming, glistening.

παμ-φάρμακος, ον, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*

παμ-φειγγής, ἐς, (πᾶς, φέγγος) *all-shining, resplendent.*

πάμ-φθαρτος, ον, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*

πάμ-φλεκτος, ον, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-burnt, all-blazing.*

πάμ-φορβος, ον, also η, ον, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*

παμ-φόρος, ον, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.* II. *bearing all things with it.*

πάμ-φύλος, ον, (πᾶς, φυλή) *of all tribes or sorts.*

πάμ-φωνος, ον, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*

παμ-ψηφεί, Adv. (πᾶς, ψηφος) *with all the votes.*

πάμψυχος, ον, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, neut. of πᾶς.

Πάν, gen. Πάνος, ὁ, Pan, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—plur. Πᾶνες, = Lat. Fauni.

πάν-αβρος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀβρός) *quite or very soft.*

παν-ἀγής, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἄγος) *all-hallowed, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

παν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *all-catching.*

πᾶν-αγρεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *one who catches everything.*

πάν-αγρος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄγρα) *catching all.*

πᾶν-ἀγρυπνος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀγρυπνος) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

παν-ἀγυρις, Dor. for πανήγυρις.

Πᾶν-ἀθήναια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πᾶς, Ἀθήνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence

Πᾶνᾰθηναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenaeic.

πᾶν-ἀθλιος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἀθλιος) *all-wretched.*

πᾶν-αιγλήεις, εσσα, εν, (πᾶς, αἶγλη) *all-shining.*

πάν-αιθος, η, ον, (πᾶς, αἶθω) *all-blazing.*

πᾶν-αίολος, ον, (πᾶς, αἰόλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.* II. *metaph. manifold.*

πάν-αισχρος, ον, (πᾶς, αἰσχρός) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup. παναίσχιστος.*

πᾶν-αίτιος, ον, (πᾶς, αἰτία) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεταίτιος.*

παν-ἀκεια, ἡ, (πᾶς, ἄκος) *a panacea, universal remedy: also πανάκη, ἡ.*

πᾶν-ἀλάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀλάστωρ) *an all-avenging genius.*

πᾶν-ἀληθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv. -θῶς, all truly.*

πᾶν-αλκής, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶν-άλωτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing.* [ᾱ]

πᾶν-ἀμερος, -αμέριος, Dor. for παν-ήμερος, -ήμεριος.

πᾶν-ἀμμορος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄμμορος) *without any share in.* II. *all-luckless.*

πᾶν-ἀμωμος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄμωμος) *all-blameless.*

παν-αοίδιμος, ον, (πᾶς, αοίδιμος) *sung by all.*

παν-ἀπᾰλος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶν-ἀπενθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἀπενθής, πένθος) *without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶν-ἀπήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πᾶς, ἀπήμων) *all-harmless, all free from hurt.*

πᾶν-ἀποτμος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀποτμος) *all-hapless.*

πᾶν-ἀργυρος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀργυρος) *all of silver.*

παν-ἀρετος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶν-ἀριστος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀριστος) *best of all.*

πᾶν-ἀρκέτας, gen. fem. of πανάρκετος, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶν-αρμόνιος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἀρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass.* 2. *harmonising with all, all-harmonious.*

πάν-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

παν-ατρεκής, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶν-ἀφᾰήλιξ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἡλιξ) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶν-ἀφθίτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀφθίτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶν-ἀφυκτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inevitable.*

πᾶν-ἀφυλλος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶν-ᾰχαιοί, οἱ, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaeans.*

πᾶν-ᾰχραντος, ον, (πᾶς, ᾰχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶν-ᾰώριος, ον, (πᾶς, ᾰωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

παν-δαισία, ἡ, (πᾶς, δαίς) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

παν-δάκρυτος, ον, (πᾶς, δακρύω) *all in tears, all-tearful.* II. *all-bewept, most lamentable.*

παν-δᾰμάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πᾶς, δαμάω) *all-subduer.* [ᾱ]

παν-δαμεί, Dor. for πανδημεί.

πάν-δεινος, ον, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανδελέτειος, α, ον, (Πανδέλετος) *knaveish like Pandelus.*

παν-δερκέτης, ον, masc. Adj. and πανδερκής, ἐς, (πᾶς, δέρκομαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

παν-δημεί and -δημί, Adv. of πάνδημος, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, ἡ, *the whole people: in dat. πανδημῖα as Adv., altogether. From*

παν-δήμιος, ον, (πᾶς, δῆμος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πάν-δημος, ον, (πᾶς, δῆμος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πάν-δημος πόλις the whole body of the city.*

Πάν-δῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πᾶς, Δῖς gen. Διός) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πάν-δίκος, ον, (πᾶς, δίκη) *all-righteous. Adv. παν-δίκως, all-justly.*

Πανδιονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. patronym., *daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow.* II. (sub. φυλή), *one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

παν-δοκεῖον, τό, *a house for the reception of strangers, an inn. From*

παν-δοκεύς, ἐως, ὁ, = πάνδοκος, *a host: hence fem.*

παν-δοκεῦτρια, ἡ, *a hostess.*



παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From

πάν-δοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δόξα) all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχεῖον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ-.

πάν-δυρτος, ον, poet. for πανόδυρτος, (πᾶς, ὀδυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δυσία, ἡ, (πᾶς, δύω) the total setting of a star.

παν-δώρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth.

II. as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous.

πᾶν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ελεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-έλληνες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πᾶν-επήρατος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπήρατος) all-pleasant.

παν-επίσκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πᾶν-επ-ὄρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπὶ, ὄρφνη) all night long.

πᾶν-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἔρημος) all-desolate.

πᾶν-ἐσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἐστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐστία) with the whole household.

πᾶν-έτης, ες, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάνετε, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εὐτονος, ον, (πᾶς, εὐτονος) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

πᾶν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυρις) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζειν ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πᾶν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. -κῶς, pompously. From

πᾶν-ήγυρις Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πᾶς, ἄγυρις Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a big festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πᾶν-ἡμαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πᾶν-ημέριος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηὺς πανημερὴ a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πᾶν-ήμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θηλκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. -κτερα, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλω) charmer of all.

παν-θηλής, ες, (πᾶς, τέθηλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑ'ΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthēra.

παν-θύμαδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πᾶν-θύτος, ον, (πᾶς, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πᾶνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δαίμα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πᾶν-ίμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἴμερος) all-pleasant, all-desired. [i]

πᾶνίσδομαι, Dor. for πηνίζομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνιον, τό, = πᾶν Ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λώβητος, ον, (πᾶς, λωβάομαι) all-disfigured, hideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night. II. to watch or do anything the live-

long night; παννυχίζειν τὴν νύκτα to spend the live-long night.

παννυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παννυχίς) of or for a vigil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίη νηὺς πείρε κέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νυχίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πάν-νυχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχια as Adv., the livelong night.

πᾶν-ὀδυρτος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οἰζύς, ὁ, gen. ὄος, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and -οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

πᾶν-οικία Ion. -ίη, (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the house, household and all.

παν-οἶμοι, Interj. (πᾶς, οἶμοι) oh utter woe!

πᾶν-ὀλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

πᾶν-ομιλεί, Adv. (πᾶς, ὁμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-ὀμματος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀμμα) all eyes.

πᾶν-ὁμοιος Ep. -ομοῖος [i], ον, (πᾶς, ὁμοιος) exactly like.

πᾶν-ομφαῖος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πᾶν-οπλία, ἡ, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a heavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence πᾶν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [i]

πάν-οπλος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄπλον) in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) the all-seeing.

πάν-ορμος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄρμος) always fit for landing.

πᾶνός, ὁ, Aeol. for φανός, (φαίνω) a torch, beacon.

πανουργέω, f. ἤσω, (πανούργος) to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue; ὅσια πανουργεῖν to do a holy deed in an unholy way. Hence

πανούργημα, ατος, τό, a knavish, roguish act.

πανουργία, ἡ, (πανουργέω) villany, knavery, trickery: in plur. knavish tricks.

πανουργ-ὑπαρχίδας, ου, ὁ, (πανούργος, ὑπαρχος) a captain of rascals: οἱ = πανούργος Ἱππαρχίδης, knave Hipparchides.

πᾶν-οὔργος, ον, (πᾶν, ἔργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous: as Subst., παν-οὔργος, ὁ, ἡ, a knave, villain, rogue; πανούργον, τό, = πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, most rascally.—Adv. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. -ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄψις) seen by all, epith. of a spear.

παν-σαγία, ἡ, (πᾶς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πανσαγία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σέληνος, ον, (πᾶς, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full: ὥρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ἡ παν-σέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ἡ αὔριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πᾶν-σεμνος, ον, (πᾶς, σεμνός) very stately.

πᾶν-σκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) all-surveying.

πᾶν-σοφος, ον, (πᾶς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise.

πᾶν-σπερμος, ον, (πᾶς, σπέρμα) composed of all sorts of seeds.

παν-στράτιᾳ Ion. -ιῇ, (πᾶς, στρατός) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατίας occurs), with the whole army.

πᾶν-συδία Ion. -ιῇ, (πᾶς, σεύω) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυδία in use, with all speed.

πᾶν-συρτος, ον, (πᾶς, σύρω) swept together from every side, accumulated.

παντᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

πάντακῇ, Adv., Ion. for πανταχῇ.

παν-τάλας, αйна, ἄν, (πᾶς, τάλας) all-wretched.

παντάπᾶσι, before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (πᾶς) entirely, wholly, altogether: in replying it affirms strongly, by all means, undoubtedly.

παντάρβη, ἡ, name of a precious stone.

παντ-αρκής, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἀρκέω) all-prevailing.

παντ-άρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) ruler of all.

πάντ-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) all-ruling, absolute.

παντᾶχῇ, Ion. παντακῇ, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way. II. of Manner, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντᾶχόθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) from all places or sides.

παντᾶχοῖ, Adv. (πᾶς) in all directions, every way.

παντᾶχόσε, Adv. (πᾶς) to all places, every way.

παντᾶχού, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere.

παντᾶχῶς, Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways.

παν-τελής, ἐς, (πᾶς, τέλος) all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act. all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελῶς Ion. -έως, Adv., also παντελές, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πᾶσι, dat. pl. of πᾶς.

παν-τευχία, ἡ, (πᾶς, τεῦχος) = παν-οπλία, complete armour; ξὺν οἱ ἐν παντευχία in full armour.

πᾶν-τεχνος, ον, (πᾶς, τέχνη) assisting all the arts.

πάντη Dor. παντᾶ, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere, on every side, every way. II. in every way, by all means; οὐ πάντη not quite.

πᾶν-τίμος, ον, (πᾶς, τίμη) all-honourable.

παντό-γηρως, ων, gen. ω, (πᾶς, γῆρας) making all old, enfeebling all.

παντο-δᾶής, ἐς, (πᾶς, \*δάω) all-knowing.

παντοδᾶπός, ἡ, ὅν, (πᾶς) of every kind, of all sorts, manifold. Adv. -πῶς, in all kinds of ways.

πάντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere.

παντοῖος, α, ον, (πᾶς) of all sorts or kinds, manifold; παντοῖος γενέσθαι to take all shapes, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίως, Adv. in every kind of way.

παντο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πᾶς, κράτέω) all-mighty.

παντ-ολιγοχρόνιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλιγοχρόνιος) utterly short-lived.

πᾶν-τολμος, ον, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring, shameless.

παντο-μίσῃς, ἐς, (πᾶς, μίσος) all-bateful.

παντο-πᾶθῃς, ἐς, (πᾶς, παθεῖν) all-suffering.

παντο-πόρος, ον, (πᾶς, πόρος) all-inventive.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) all-seeing.

πάντοσε, Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways, every way.

παντό-σεμνος, ον, (πᾶς, σεμνός) all-reverend, august.

πάντοτε, Adv. at all times, always.

παντό-τολμος, ον, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring.

παντ-ουργός, ὅν, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντο-φάγος, ον, (πᾶς, φαγεῖν) all-devouring.

παντό-φυρτος, ον, (πᾶς, φύρω) all-confused, mingled.

πᾶν-τροπος, ον, (πᾶς, τρέπω) utterly routed.

παν-τρόφος, ον, (πᾶς, τρέφω) all-nourishing.

πάντως, Adv. (πᾶς) wholly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in nowise, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino. II. in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.

πάνυ, Adv. (πᾶς) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino. 2. very, very much, exceedingly. 3.

ὁ πάνυ with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; οἱ πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; ὁ πάνυ Περικλῆς the famous Pericles. II. in answers, yes by all means, certainly. [ᾱ]



παν-υπείροχος, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπείροχος) *eminent above all*.

πάν-υπέρτατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέρτατος) *hypermost; highest of all*.

παν-υστάτιος, ον, and πάν-ύστατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑστάτος) *last of all*.

πάνωλεθρία, ἡ, *utter destruction, utter ruin*. From πάν-ώλεθρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄλεθρος, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed, undone*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive, all-ruinous*.

πάν-ῶλης, ες, (πᾶς, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

πάν-ωπής, ες, (πᾶς, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

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πάξ, Lat. *pax!* *busb! still!*

πάξαι, πάξαιμι, Dor. for πῆξαι, πῆξαιμι, aor. I inf. and opt. of πῆγνυμι.

ΠΑΪΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [α]: aor. I ἐπάσάμην: pf. πέπαμαι, inf. πεπάσθαι: Dep.:—*to get, acquire*, Lat. *potior*:—the pf. is also used as a pres., *to possess, to have in possession*.

παῖπαϊ, Interj. of suffering, Lat. *vae! ob! alas!* II. of surprise, *ab!*

παῖπαϊάξ, lengthd. for παῖπαϊ.

Παπαῖος, ὁ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαῖ, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάξω, (πάππας) *to call papa, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling papa*.

παππάσας, ον, ὁ, Dim. of πάππας, *dear little papa*.

ΠΑΪΠΠΑΣ, ον, ὁ, *papa*, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, *mamma*, of μήτηρ.

παππίδιον, τό, = παππίας. [Υ]

παππίζω, = παππάξω.

ΠΑΪΠΠΟΣ, ὁ, a grandfather.

παππῶος, α, ον, (πάππος) *of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him*.

πάπραξ, ακος, ὁ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasias. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνουσα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of ΠΑΠΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐπάπτηνα:—*to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly*. II. c. acc. *to look round for, look earnestly after*.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω.

πάπυρος, ὁ and ἡ, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for πάρα in sense of πάρεστι.

ΠΑΡΑΪ Ep. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: Radical sense, *beside*:

I. WITH GENIT. *from beside, from alongside of*, whether of Place or Person: metaph. *issuing, derived, proceeding from*; παρ' ἑαυτοῦ διδόναι *to give from oneself, from one's own means*. In Att. Prose, παρά

is used like ὑπό, Lat. *a* or *ab*, *by*, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρά τινος τυφθῆναι *to be struck by any one*.

II. WITH DAT. *by the side of, beside, alongside of*, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. *apud* and *coram*; παρ' ἐμοί, Lat. *me judice, before me*; παρὰ Δαρείῳ κριτῇ *before Darius as judge*; παρ' ἑαυτῷ *at one's home*, Lat. *apud se*.

III. WITH ACCUS., 1. of Place, *running along, beside*. 2. of Motion *to, to, towards*, mostly of persons. 3. *going by, leaving on one side*; παρὰ τὴν Βαβυλῶνα παρίεναι *to go past Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark*; παρὰ δύναντον *beyond one's strength: contrary to, against*; παρὰ μοῖραν *contrary to destiny*; παρὰ δόξαν *contrary to opinion*. 4. *beside, beyond, except*; οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα *besides this, there is nothing else*; so, παρὰ ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν Ὀλυμπιάδα *he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize*; παρὰ μικρόν, παρ' ὀλίγον *within little, i. e. well-nigh, almost*; παρὰ πολὺ *by much*; παρὰ τοσούτον *by so much*; παρ' ὅσον *by how much*, Lat. *quatenus*;—so, παρὰ μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν *he came within a little of dying*; παρὰ τοσούτον κινδύνου ἔλθειν *to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little*. 5. *in comparison with*; αὐτὸς παρ' ἑαυτόν *himself compared with himself*; παρ' οὐδέν ἔστι *it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing*; παρ' οὐδέν ἡγεῖσθαι *to consider as nothing*:—also, παρ' ἡμέραν *day as compared with day, day by day*; παρὰ τὰ ἄλλα ζῶα ὥσπερ θεοὶ οἱ ἄνθρωποι βιοτεύουσι *men as compared with all other animals live like gods*; παρὰ τοὺς ἄλλους πονεῖν *to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. more than the rest*. II. of Time, *during*; παρὰ τὸν πόλεμον *in the course of the war*.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written πάρα: so also when it stands for πάρεμι or πάρεστι.

Παρά absol., as Adv., *near, together, at once*.

IN COMPOS., παρά retains its chief usages as Prep., I. *alongside of, beside*, as in παρά-κειμαι, παρ-έξομαι. II. *from one to another*, as in παρα-δίδωμι, παρ-έχω. III. *passing by*, as in παρ-έρχομαι, παρ-οίχομαι. 2. metaph. *swerving aside, i. e. amiss, wrong*, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also, *contrary to, against*, as in παρ-αίσιος. IV. of alteration or change, as in παρά-φημι, παρα-πέιθω.

παραβᾶθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω.

παρα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβώς Ep. παρβεβώς: aor. 2 παρέβην:—*to go by or by the side of: to stand beside*, c. dat. II. *to pass beside or beyond, i. e. to overstep, transgress*; ὁ παραβάς *the transgressor*:—Pass., with aor. I παρ-εβάθην [α], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, *to be transgressed or offended against*. III. *to pass over, omit*: *to let pass, let slip*: οὐ με παρέβα *it escaped me* not. IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν ἐς or πρὸς τὸ θέατρον *to step forward to address the spectators*.

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παρά-βακτρος, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, ον, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Bacchanal.  
 παρα-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 παρέβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα:—Pass., aor. 1 -εβλήθη: pf. -βέβλημαι:—to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. *obicere, projicere*: to hold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. *obicere*.

II. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, hazard, stake:—Med. to expose oneself to danger; ἐμὴν ψυχὴν παραβαλλόμενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war: so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—Med., παραβαλλόμενοι vying with one another: Pass., ἀπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλόμενα one piece of treachery set against another. III. to bring to the side of: esp. in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἄκατον to bring the boat alongside; and absol. in aor. 2 imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land. IV. to throw or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance; παραβάλλειν τὴν ὄφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, i. e. to squint. V. to deposit with one, entrust to him. VI. to deceive, betray. VII. intr. in Act. to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like Lat. *trajicio*.

παράβας, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of παραβαίνω.  
 παράβασις Ep. παραίβασις, εως, ἡ, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression. II. the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.  
 παραβάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (παραβαίνω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer. II. a transgressor, in poet. form παρβάτης.  
 παραβάτος poet. παρβατός, ἡ, ὄν, (παραβαίνω) transgressed. II. to be gone beyond, surpassed.

παράβασμα, pf. pass. of παραβαίνω.  
 παραβέβασθαι, pf. inf. pass. of παραβαίνω.  
 παραβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραβαίνω.  
 παρα-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσσομαι: Dep.:—to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.  
 παρα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβλέπειν θατέρω to wink with one eye. 2. to see wrong.

παραβλήδην, Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήδην ἀγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i. e. maliciously, invidiously.

παράβλημα, ατος, τό, (παραβάλλω) something hung beside, a curtain or screen used to cover the sides of ships.  
 παρα-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 παρέμολον: pf. παραμέμβλωκα Ep. παρμέμβλωκα:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παραβλητέος, α, ον, and παραβλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παραβλώψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρα-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to.

παρα-βοηθέω, f. ἤσω, to come to help another: absol. come to the rescue.

παραβολεύομαι, Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run bazard.

παραβολή, ἡ, (παραβάλλω II) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: hazarding: of persons, venturesome, reckless. 2. of things, hazardous, perilous.

παρα-βουλεύομαι, Dep. to shew disregard.

παράβυστος, ον, (παραβύω) stuffed in.

παρα-βύω, f. σω, to stuff in, insert. [ῶ]

παραγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παράγω.

παραγγελία, ἡ, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's partisans. 3. instruction, doctrine. From

παρ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ: aor. 1 παρήγγειλα: pf. παρήγγειλα: pass. παρήγγεμαι:—to pass an announcement from one to another. II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. *imperium per manus tradere*:—also to give the word of command, give orders:—then 2. generally, to recommend, exhort. 3. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. *imperare frumentum*: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given. III. also to encourage, cheer on. IV. to summon to one's help, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παράγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement passed from one to another. II. an order, word of command. III. instruction.  
 παράγγελσις, ἡ, (παραγγέλλω) an announcing. II. in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command.  
 παρα-γεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:—Med. to taste slightly of a thing.  
 παρα-γηράω, f. ἄσσομαι, to be the worse for old age.  
 παρα-γίνομαι later -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 παρεγενόμην:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support. 2. of things, to be at hand, to come, happen, belong to. II. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's destination. 2. to come to maturity.

παρα-γιγνώσκω later -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 παρέγνων:—to decide beside the right, i. e. to decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, ἀγκάλη) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace.

παρ-αγκωνίζομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἀγκών) to push aside with the elbows, elbow.

παραγνούς, παραγνῶναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of παραγιγνώσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατος, τό, (παραγράφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.



παραγράφῃ, ἡ, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφή).

παρα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. παραγέγραμμαι, to have a thing written by the side: to have a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment; absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφή.

παρα-γυμνῶ, f. ὠσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph. to lay open, disclose.

παρ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past. 2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line. II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense. 2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert. III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness. IV. to bring in stealthily. V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way: pass away. Hence

παράγωγῃ, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across. 2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line. 3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash in coming out of the water. II. a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallacy, quibble. III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρα-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], to weep beside or along with.

παρα-δαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομαι: aor. 2 παρέδαρθον Ep. παρέδραθον, inf. παραδραθέειν:—to sleep beside or by.

παράδειγμα, τό, (παρδείκνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example; ἐπὶ παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρα-δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματῶδης, ες, (παράδειγμα, εἶδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward. 2. to represent as so and so, to represent, portray. 3. to band over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δειπνόν) to go without one's dinner.

παράδεισος, ὁ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary. 2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλόω, f. ὠσω, to disclose by a side hint.

παρα-διᾶκονέω, f. ἤσω, to attend and serve.

παρα-διατρίβῃ, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or hand over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender: to hand over to justice: also to betray. 3. to hand down, transmit to posterity. II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. I pass. subj. of παραδίδωμι.

παραδοξο-λογία, ἡ, (παράδοξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel.

παρά-δοξος, ον, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -ξως.

παράδοσις, ἡ, (παραδίδωμι) a banding down, bequeathing, transmission. 2. a giving up, surrender. 3. the transmission or banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

παραδοτέος, α, ον, or παραδοτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραδίδωμι, to be banded down, etc.:—neut. παραδοτέον or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παραδούς, aor. 2 part. of παραδίδωμι.

παραδοχή, ἡ, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another. 2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδραθῆν Ep. -είν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδραθάνω.

παραδραμῆν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω.

παρα-δράω Ep. παρα-δρώω: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ἡ, (παραδραμῆν) a running beside or by; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter.

παράδρομος, ον, (παραδραμῆν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παραδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρα-δυναστεύω, f. σω, (παρά, δυνάστης) to govern or reign with one.

παράδυσσις, ἡ, a slinking in beside. From

παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι Epic παραδύμεναι:—to creep or slink past. 2. to creep in underhand, slink or steal in.

παραδωσείω, Desiderat. of παραδίδωμι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρ-αείδω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρ-αείρω contr. παραίρω (παρά, αείρω contr. αἶρω), to lift up and set beside:—Pass. to hang on one side; Ep. aor. I pass. παρήρθη Att. παῖρθη.

παρα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζηλόω, f. ὠσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird to the side, bang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσιδῖος Att. -ττίδῖος, ον, = παραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seashore.

παρα-θάλλω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.  
 παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence.  
 παραθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.  
 παραθείς, παράθες, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.  
 παρα-θέλω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.  
 παρα-θερμαίνω, to heat or inflame to excess.  
 παράθεσις, εως, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice.  
 παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.  
 παρα-θεωρέω, f. ἤσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare. II. to overlook, slight.  
 παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to whet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.  
 παραθήκη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a hostage.  
 παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.  
 παῖρά, poet. for παρά.  
 παραιβάσις, ἡ, poet. for παραβασία, transgression.  
 παραιβάτω, παραιβάτης, poet. for παραβ-.  
 παραιβόλος, ον, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήδην.  
 παρ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, to stir up, kindle. II. intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.  
 παραινέσις, ἡ, (παραινέω) advice, counsel.  
 παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. 1 παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. 1 παρήνέθην: pf. παρήνημαι:—to advise, recommend, counsel.  
 παραιπεπίθησιν, παραιπεπιθοῦσα, Ep. for παραπίθη, παραπιθοῦσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραπείθω.  
 παραίρεσις, ἡ, a taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailing. From  
 παρ-αίρω, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. 1 παρήρέθην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; παραιρεῖν ἄρ' ἐν εἰς παῖδα to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence  
 παραίρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selva of cloth: generally, a band, strip.  
 παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet. παρ-αείρω.  
 παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to bear of by the way.  
 παρ-αίσιος, ον, (παρά, αἴσιος) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.  
 παρ-αἰσσω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. 1 παρήξα:—to dart past.  
 παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—to beg of or from another: I. c. acc. rei, to obtain by prayer or entreaty. 2. c. acc. pers. to move by entreaty, obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do. II. like Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. Hence  
 παραίτησις, ἡ, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.  
 παρ-αίτιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αἰτία) being in part the cause: accessory to.  
 παραι-φάμενος, η, ον, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, exhorting, encouraging.  
 παραι-φάσις, ἡ, poet. for παράφασις, (παραφήμι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.  
 παραι-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.  
 παρ-αιωρέω, f. ἤσω, to bang up beside:—Pass. to be hung or bang beside.  
 παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.  
 παρακαθεζέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of παρακαθίζω.  
 παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθῆσθαι, Dep. to sit beside or near.  
 παρα-καθίζω, f. -καθίζω Att. -καθῶ, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. 1 -εκαθισάμεν:—to sit down beside.  
 παρα-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down by the side: so also in Med. παρα-καθίεμαι.  
 παρα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.  
 παρα-καίριος and παρά-καιρος, ον, (παρά, καιρός) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.  
 παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.  
 παρα-κἀλέω, f. -καλῶ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call to one, i. e., I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite. II. to call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite. III. to demand, require.  
 παρακάλυμμα, τό, a covering: metaph. a cloak, veil. From  
 παρα-κἀλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover by hanging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.  
 παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 παρακάββαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to throw or put down beside; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence  
 παρακαταβολή, ἡ, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.  
 παρακαταθήκη, ἡ, (παρακατατίθημι) anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust.  
 παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. -καταθανοῦμαι: aor. 2 -κατέθανον Ep. -κάτθανον:—to die beside or near.  
 παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.  
 παρα-κατακλίνω, f. ἴνω, to lay down beside.



παρα-καταλέγομαι, f. ξομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρκατέλεκτο.

παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's hands.

παρα-καταπήγνυμι, f. -καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-κατατίθω, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's hands:—Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping.

παρα-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:—Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-καττώ, Att. for παρα-κασσώ, to sew on or to:—metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κεισθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρ-κέσκετο: Pass.:—to lie beside, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at hand: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακείμεμα, ματος, τό, = παρακείμεσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exhort, encourage, cheer on by shouting: 3 sing. plqpf. παρακεκέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders had been given. Hence

παρακείμεσις, ή, a calling out to, cheering on.

παρακείμεσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exhortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ό, = παρακείμεσις.

παρακελευστός, ή, όν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κελητίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνεσις, ή, a desperate venture. From

παρα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or hazard a thing: c. inf. to have the hardihood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the hazard: in Pass., έπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a hardy, venturesome phrase.

παρα-κινέω, f. ήσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter.

2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad.

3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσούμαι:—to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω, to bar or shut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κληίω, Ion. for παρακλείω.

παράκλησις, ή, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. 3. exhortation, encouragement.

παρακλητέος, α, ον, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, one must call on.

παρακλητικός, ή, όν, (παρακαλέω) of or for exhorting, hortatory.

παράκλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, ό, an advocate. 2. generally, a helper; hence in N. T., ό Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλινών, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παρακλίνω, ορος, ό, = παρακλίτης. From

παρα-κλίνω [ι], f. -κλινώ, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν την θύραν to set the gate ajar. 2.

metaph. to make to swerve, distort; άλλη παρακλίνουσι δίκας they turn righteous judgments aside. II.

Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρεκλίθην [ι]: pf. παρακέκλιμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere. III. intr. in Act. to turn aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ον, ό, one who lies beside at meals. [ι]

παρα-κλύνω, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong.

παρ-ακμάζω, f. άσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρα-κοάω, Ion. for παρα-νοέω.

παράκοή, ή, (παρακούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρα-κοινάομαι, Med. (παρά, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare.

παρα-κοίτης, ον, ό, (παρά, άκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, husband.

παρ-άκοιτις, ίος, ή, acc. ήν: Ep. dat. παρακοίτι: (παρά, άκοιτις) a wife, consort.

παρ-άκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow close or hard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to hold good throughout. II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρακομίδή, ή, (παρακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey:—Med. to have a thing brought one:—Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-άκονάω, f. ήσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρ-άκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw the dart with others.

παρακοπή, ή, (παρακόπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph. madness, frenzy.

παράκοπος, ον, (παρακόπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; άνδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat:—Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρ-άκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, (παρά, άκούω) to hear beside or by the way, to hear talk of. II. to hear or learn underhand. III. to hear wrong, misunderstand.

παρα-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμώ:—to let hang on the side.

παρακρεμάσας, aor. 1 part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

παρα-κρίνω [i], f. -κρίνω: aor. I παρέκρινα: pf. παραέκρινα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρίθην [i]: pf. παραέκριμαι:—to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρα-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to pat, touch on the side.

παράκρουσις, ή, (παρακρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρα-κρούω, f. σω: pf. παραέκρουκα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρούσθην: pf. παραέκρουσμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρα-κτάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραέκτημαι, to have over and above.

παρ-ακτίδιος, ον, and παρ-άκτιος, α, ον, (παρά, ακτή) on the seashore, on the shore.

παρα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέκνυφα:—to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectedly. 2.

generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρακωχή, see παροκωχή.

παρα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον, inf. -λαβεῖν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι:—to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. V. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παρα-λέγω, f. ξω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέξομαι: aor. I παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παραλειπτεόν, verb. Adj. one must omit. From παρα-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment. παραλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω.

παρα-λεύσσω, = παροράω.

παραληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παραληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παρα-ληρέω, f. ήσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παραληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παράληψις, εως, ή, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

παράλια (sub. χώρα), ή, the sea-coast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, ἅλς) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παραλλάγή, ή, (παραλλάσσω) a passing from band to band, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παράλλαγμα, ματος, τό, (παραλλάσσω) an exchange.

παραλλάξ, Adv. (παραλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. I -ηλλάχθην: aor. 2 -ηλλάγην [ā]: pf. -ήλλαγμα:—to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ον, (παρά, ἄλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρα-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II. to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παραλογισμός, ό, false reckoning: a fallacy.

παρά-λογος, ον, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρά-λογος, ό, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

παρ-άλος, ον, (παρά, ἅλς) by or near the sea, naval, maritime. II. οἱ Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία); opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos. III. ή Πάραλος (sub. ναῦς or τριήρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμινία.

παρα-λύπείω, f. ήσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυποῦντες, the refractory.

παραλύτικός, ή, όν, (παραλύω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παρα-λύω, f. -λύσω [ū]: aor. I παρέλυσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., aor. I παρελύθην [ū]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose from the side, loose and take off, detach from. 2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. to be disabled on one side, to be palsied, pf. part. παραελυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-αμείβω, f. ψω: aor. I παρήμειψα: (παρά, ἀμείβω):—to change or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-αμελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρημελήκεε: (παρά, ἀμελέω):—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.



παραμένημαι, pf. of παραμνήσκομαι.  
παρα-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I παρέμεινα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast. 2. to stay at a place, stay behind. 3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, on, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ā]  
παρα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare. II. to measure out.

παρ-άμεύω, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med., παραμεύεσθαι τινος μορφῇ to surpass one in beauty.

παρα-μηρίδιος, on, (παρά, μηρός) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρα-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίσγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμαι:—to mingle, intermix with, τινί τι. 2. to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, on, (παρά, ἄμιλλα) vying or racing with.

παρα-μνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι: pf. -μένημαι: Dep.:—to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρα-μίνω, poët. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.

παρα-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίγνυμι.

παρα-μνάομαι, Ion. for παραμνήσκομαι.

παραμολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλάσκω.

παραμόνιμος, on, also η, on, (παραμένω) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρμόνιμον, as Adv., steadfastly.

παρά-μονος poët. πάρμονος, on, (παραμένω) lasting.

παρά-μουσος, on, (παρά, Μοῦσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence barsb, horrid.

παρ-αμπέχω or -αμπίσχω: f. παραμφέξω: aor. 2 παρήμπισχον: (παρά, ἀμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρ-αμπύκίζω Lacon. -πυκίδω: (παρά, ἄμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a fillet or head-band.

παρα-μυθεόμαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I -εμυθησάμην: Dep.:—to address with soothing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παραμύθια, η, encouragement: also persuasion.

παραμύθιον, τό, (παραμυθεόμαι) an address, exhortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.

παρα-μυκάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.

παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγινώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομαι: (παρά, ἀναγιγνώσκω):—to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρα-ναιετάω, to dwell beside or near.

παρ-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavish.

παρ-ανατέλλω, to arise beside or near.

παρα-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νευσούμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρανέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to hear) to hear or pile up beside: Ion. παρα-νηέω and -νηνέω.

παρα-νήχομαι, f. ἔσομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρα-νικάω, f. ἤσω, to corrupt by conquest.

παρα-νίσσομαι, Dep. = παρανέομαι, to pass beside or near.

παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

παρα-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

παράνοια, η, derangement, madness, folly.

παρ-ανοίγνυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά, ἀνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρα-νομέω: impf. παρενόμουν: aor. I παρενόμησα: pf. παρανενόμηκα: Pass., aor. παρενομήθην: pf. παρανενόμημαι: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be ill-used, maltreated. Hence

παρανόμημα, atos, τό, an illegal act, transgression.

παρανομία, η, (παρανομέω) transgression of law, habitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, on, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. II. as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν

to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρανόμων γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρά-νοος, on, contr. παρά-νους, on, (παρά, νόος) distraught, frenzied.

παρ-αντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίος) sideways, sideways.

παρ-αντέλλω, poët. for παρανατέλλω.

παρά-νυμφος, η, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.

παρα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

παρά-ξενος, on, with a false claim to friendship or hospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρα-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, on, (παρά, ἄξων) beside or near the axle: παραξόνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρα-ξύω, f. -ξύσω [ῡ], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

παρα-παίω, f. -παιήσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat. excidere: παραπαίειν φρενῶν to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρα-πάλλω, to hurl beside:—Med. to vault or bound aside.

παρά-παν, Adv., for παρὰ πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ διηκόσια τὸ παρά-παν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-ἀπάτάω, f. ἤσω, to mislead, cajole.

παρ-ἀπάφισκω, fut. -απαφήσω: aor. 2 παρήπαφον:—poët. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρα-πείθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παραιπεπίθησι; part. παρπεπιθών, παραιπεπιθούσα, παρπεπιθόντες.

παρὰ-πειράομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā], Dep. to make trial of.  
παρὰ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέπεμψα:—to send by  
or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send  
or echo back.

2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships. II. to send besides or in addition. III. metaph. to let pass, take no heed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παρὰ-πεσών, aor. 2 part. of παραπίπτω.

παρὰ-πέτδμαι, = παραπέτομαι.

παρὰ-πετάννυμι and -ύω, f. -πετάσω: pf. -πεπέ-  
τασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence

παρὰ-πέτασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread out  
before, a curtain, veil.

παρὰ-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι, syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παρὰ-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant  
beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be  
fixed or planted beside.

παρὰ-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c.  
acc. to overleap, transgress.

παρὰ-πικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence

παρὰ-πικρασμός, ό, provocation: contumacy.

παρὰ-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside  
or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παρὰ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-  
πτωκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way,

fall in with:—of things, to befall, happen, offer it-  
self. III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

παρὰ-πλάγξας, aor. I part. of παραπλάζω.

παρὰ-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω: aor. I παρέπλαγα: Pass.,  
aor. I παρεπλάγχθην:—to make a person wander from  
the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course:  
—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II.

metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong.

παρὰ-πλευρῖδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the  
sides of war-horses.

παρὰ-πλέω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευ-  
σοῦμαι: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρέπλω (as if from a Verb  
in -μι):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail  
along a coast: to sail past.

παρὰ-πλήγας, acc. pl. of παραπλήξ.

παρὰ-πληκτος, ον, (παραπλήσσω) stricken aside:  
metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παρὰ-πλήξ, ἦγος, ό, ἦ, (παραπλήσσω) struck side-  
ways: ἡμίονες παραπλήγες a shelving beach, on which  
the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against  
a cliff). II. metaph. = παρὰ-πληκτος, mad.

παρὰ-πλήσιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, πλησίος)  
coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about  
the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώτατος.—Neut. παρα-  
πλήσιον, παραπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv.  
παραπλησίως, nearly, almost; παραπλησίως ἀγωνί-  
ζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρὰ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike on the side:  
—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, de-  
ranged, frenzied.

παρὰ-πλόμενος, η, ον, coming to a place, Ep. syncop.  
part. from an obsol. pres. παραπέλομαι.

παρὰ-πλοος contr. -πλους, ό, (παραπλέω) a sailing  
beside, coasting along. 2. a passage over the sea,  
Lat. *trajectus*.

παρὰ-πλώω, Ion. for παραπλέω.

παρὰ-πνεύσας, aor. I part. of παραπνέω.

παρὰ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the  
side, to escape by the side.

πορὰ-πόδιος, ποët. παρπόδιος, ον, (παρά, πούς) at  
the feet, close by, present.

παρὰ-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make  
falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παρὰ-πόλλυμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολώ, to destroy,  
ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. med. -απολούμαι, pf.,

-απόλωλα, plqpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near.

παρὰ-πομπή, ἦ, (παραπέμπω) a conveying, procur-  
ing. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παρὰ-πόντιος, ον, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea.

παρὰ-πορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρὰ-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or  
near a river, situated or dwelling on a river; οἱ παρα-  
ποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παρὰ-πράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω,  
to do beside or beyond the main purpose. II. to

do with another, join or help in doing.

παρὰ-πρεσβεία, ἦ, a false or dishonest embassy.  
From

παρὰ-πρεσβεύω, Act. and Med. to execute an em-  
bassy faithfully or dishonestly.

παρὰ-πρισμα, ατος, τό, that which falls off in saw-  
ing, saw-dust. From

παρὰ-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι, to saw beside or gently. [i]

παρὰ-ἄπτω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:  
—Pass., παραπτομένα χερσὶ πλάτα the oar grasped  
by the hands:—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παρὰ-ἄπτωμα, ατος, τό, (παραπίπτω) a fall beside:  
metaph. a transgression.

παρὰ-πύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which  
prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games  
(Πύθια).

παρὰ-ραθυμείω, παρα-ραίνω, etc., v. παρὰ-  
ρά-ἄρος Ion. πάρηρος, ον, like παρήγος, (παρά,

αίρω) deranged in mind.

πάρῳρος, ον, Dor. and poët. for παρήγος, distraught.

παρὰ-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω, later ἄξω, to take away from  
the side, filch.

παρὰ-ράπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass.  
to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παρὰ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. παρερρήκα: aor. 2 in  
pass. form παρερρήην: (παρά, ρέω):—to flow beside,  
by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραρρεῖν τινι to slip  
off it.

II. to slip away, to slip from one's me-  
mory. III. to slip in unawares.

παρὰ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I παρέρρηξα: (παρά,  
ρήγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of  
battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass.,

with pf. med. παρέρρωγα, to break or burst out beside



or from; παρέρωγεν ποδὸς φλέψ a vein has burst out from his foot.

παρρηρητός, ἢ, ὄν, (παρά, ῥητός) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παρρηρηγώω, (παρά, ῥηγώω) to freeze beside or near.

παρρηρηρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing. II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παρρηρηρίπτω, aor. 2 opt. of παρρηρηρίπτω.

παρρηρηρυθμός poet. παρρηρηρυθμός, ὄν, (παρά, ῥυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παρρηρηρύμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παρρηρηρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ῥύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρρηρηρτάω Ion. -έω: f. ῥήσω: pf. pass. παρρηρηρηταί: —to bang or attack alongside or upon. II. Ion.

παρρηρηρτέομαι, I. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, bold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρρηρηρτήμα, τό, anything banging at the side.

παρρηρηρσάγγης, ὄν, ὁ, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρρηρηρσάπτω, f. ῥήσω, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρρηρηρσειρος, ὄν, (παρά, σείρω) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παρρηρηρσειρος ἵππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφόρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρρηρηρσεύω, f. ῥήσω, to swing beside one.

παρρηρηρσημαίνω, f. ῥήσω, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρρηρηρσημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of παρρηρηρσημος.

παρρηρηρσημος, ὄν, (παρά, σῆμα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρρηρηρσιτέω, f. ῥήσω, (παρρηρηρσιτός) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παρρηρηρσιτικός, ἢ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ἡ παρρηρηρσική (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παρρηρηρσίτος, ὄν, (παρά, σίτος) eating at the table of another: as Subst., παρρηρηρσίτος, ὁ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρρηρηρσκευάζω, f. ῥήσω: aor. I παρρηρηρσκεύασα: Pass., pf. παρρηρηρσκεύασμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. παρρηρηρσκευάδατο: —to get ready, prepare: to bold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. παρρηρηρσκεύασμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς παρρηρηρσκεύαστο when preparations had been made; παρρηρηρσκευάδατο τοῖς Ἕλλησι preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρρηρηρσκεύασμα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρρηρηρσκευή, ἢ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπὸ or ἐκ παρρηρηρσκευῆς of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' ὀλίγης παρρηρηρσκευῆς with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II.

that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρρηρηρσκηνέω, f. ῥήσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παρρηρηρσκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρρηρηρσκηνόω, f. ῥήσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρρηρηρσκήπτω, f. ῥήσω, to light or fall beside or near.

παρρηρηρσκιρτάω, f. ῥήσω, to leap beside or near.

παρρηρηρσκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρρηρηρσκώπτω, f. ῥήσω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly.

παρρηρηρσπάω, f. ῥήσω [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρρηρηρσπίζω, f. ῥήσω, (παρά, ἀσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παρρηρηρσπιστής, ὄν, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρρηρηρσπονδέω, f. ῥήσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρρηρηρσπονδος, ὄν, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παρρηρηρσταδόν, Adv. (παρρηρηρσταμαι) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παρρηρηρσταλήν, παρρηρηρστάς, ᾶσα, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρρηρηρστήμι.

παρρηρηρστάς, ἄδος, ἢ, (παρρηρηρσταμαι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. παρρηρηρστάδες, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παρρηρηρστάς.

παρρηρηρστάσις, εως, ἢ, (παρρηρηρστήμι) a putting aside, banishing. II. (παρρηρηρσταμαι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παρρηρηρστατέω, f. ῥήσω, to stand by or near. From

παρρηρηρστάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (παρρηρηρσταμαι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as προστάτης is one's front-rank-man, ἐπιστάτης one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παρρηρηρστάτης, ἴδος, ἢ, a helper, assistant, ally.

παρρηρηρστείχω, aor. 2 παρρηρηρστίχων, to go by, past or beyond, pass by: pass into.

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and 1 inf. of παρίστημι. παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέσω Att. -στορῶ:—to stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφω, f. ήσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ, to drag or sweep away, hurry along, as a flood. 2. παρασύρειν ἔπος to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφάλῶ: aor. 1 παρέσφηλα:—to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παρασχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρασχεῖν Ep. παρασχέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of παρέχω, used absol., see παρέχω v.

παράταξις, ή, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; ἐκ παρατάξεως in battle-array. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 παρέταξα: Pass., pf. παρατέταγμα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. παρατετάχατο:—to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

παρα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. 1 παρέτεινα: pf. παρατέτακα: Pass., aor. 1 παρετάθην: pf. παρατέταμαι:—to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a line; παρατείνειν τάφρον to draw a long trench. 2. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3. to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; πολιορκία παρατείνεσθαι to hold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, atos, τό, (παρά, τειχίζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. 1 παρετεκτηνάμην: Med.:—to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ poet. -τάμῶ:—to cut off at the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ή, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρατιθεί, and 2 and 3 sing. impf. παρτίθεις, -ει (as if from παρατιθέω): fut. -θήσω: aor. 1 παρέθηκα: Med., aor. 2 παρεθέμην: Pass., pf. παρατίθειμαι:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, supply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. II.

Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake, hazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλλῶ, to pluck the hair off:—Med. to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., pf. part. παρατετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, on, (παρτείνω) stretched out beside or along, hanging down by the side. παρατρᾶγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρτρᾶγω.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; ποταμόν παρτρέπειν to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph. to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι: aor. 2 παρέδραμον:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. τρέσω, to start, swerve aside from fear.

παρα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; παρτρίβειν χρυσόν ἀκήρατον ἄλλῳ χρυσῷ (sc. εἰς βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydus and see the difference of the marks they leave; Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [i]

παρα-τροπέω, = παρτρέπω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

παρτροπή, ή, (παρτρέπω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, on, (παρτρέπω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poet. for παρτρέχω.

παρα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 παρέτράγον:—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, poet. for παρτρέπω, to turn away, divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 παρέτυχον:—to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, Lat. praesto esse. 2. ὁ παρτυχών whoever chanced to be by, any chance person; τὸ παρτυχάνον or τὸ παρτυχόν, whatever happens. 3. παρτυχόν, absol. like παρόν, παρασχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, on, (παρά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρτύχων, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of παρτυγχάνω.

παρ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak to, address. 2. to make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk over to a thing.



παρ-αυλίζω, or in Med. παρ-αυλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλός) out of tune.

πάρ-αυτᾶ, Adv. for παρ' αὐτά (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρῆμα, immediately, on the spot. II.

in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αυτίκα, Adv. (παρά, αὐτίκα) immediately, on the instant: with the Art., αἱ παρ-αυτίκα ἡδοναί present, momentary pleasures.

παρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αὐχὴν) beside or on the neck.

παραφθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παρ-εσθίω.

παρ-αφαίνω poët. παρ-φ-: f. -φᾶνω: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παραφαίνειν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II.

Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παράφασις poët. παρ-αίφασις and πάρφασις, ἡ, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurements, persuasion.

παρ-αφέρω, f. παρ-οίσω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table. 2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παραφέρειν νόμον to propose a law. 3. to turn aside or away: to avert. 4.

to carry away: Pass. to be carried away. II. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err. III. intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρ-αφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and οὔμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρά-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade. II. to speak deceitfully.

παραφθαίνην, aor. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.

παραφθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω.

παρ-αφθάνω [ᾶ], f. -φθάσω [ᾶ] and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 παρέφθην part. παραφθᾶς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforehand with, surpass.

παρ-αφθέγγομαι, f. -φθέξομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρ-αφθήσι, Ep. for παραφθῆ, aor. 2 subj. of παραφθάνω.

παρ-αφορά, ἡ, (παρ-αφέρω) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παρ-αφορέω, = παρ-αφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παρά-φορος, ον, (παρ-αφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παράφραγμα, ατος, τό, (παρ-αφράσσω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρ-αφράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρ-αφρονέω, f. ἤσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παραφρόνησις, εως, ἡ, παραφρονία, ἡ, and παραφροσύνη, ἡ, (παράφρων) derangement of mind.

παρ-αφρόνιμος, ον, = παράφρων.

παρ-αφρυκτωρεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, φρυκτωρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παρά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρ-αφύλασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρ-αφύσσω, f. ἤσω, to puff up.

παρ-αφύω, f. -φύσω [ῦ], to make grow beside. II. Med., with act. pf. πέφυκα, aor. 2 παρέφυν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παρ-αχαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.

παρ-αχειμάζω, f. ἄσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρ-αχειμάσια, ἡ, a wintering in a place.

παρ-αχέω, f. -χεῖω: aor. I παρέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour in beside, pour in: to bear up beside.

παρ-αχορδίζω, f. σω, (παρά, χορδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρ-αχράομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in Ion. part. παραχρεώμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρ-αχρήμα, Adv. for παρὰ τὸ χρήμα, on the spot, forthwith, straightway; ἡ παραχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ παραχρήμα off-band, on the spur of the moment.

παρά-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ον, (παρά, χροά) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρ-αχώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

παρ-αχωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παρ-αχωρητέον, verb. Adj. one must give way.

παρ-αψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshment, comfort. From παρ-αψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [ῦ]

παρ-αβάτης, ον, ὁ, poët. for παραβάτης. [βᾶ]

παρ-αβεβᾶως, poët. for παραβεβαῶς, pf. part. of παραβαίνω.

ΠΑΡΔΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], ον, wet, damp.

παρ-αδάλιη Att. contr. παρ-αδάλῃ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a leopard-skin. From

πάρ-αδάλις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, = πάρδος, Lat. pardalis, a pard, leopard or panther.

παρ-αδάλωτός, ἡ, ὅν, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard.

παρ-αδεῖν, παρ-αδήσομαι, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω.

ΠΑΡΔΟΣ, ὁ, like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leopard or panther.

πάρ-αδω, aor. 2 subj. of πέρδω.

παρ-εᾶσι, Ep. for παρ-εῖσι, 3 pl. of πάριμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εβᾶθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of παραβαίνω.

παρ-εβᾶλον, aor. 2 of παραβάλλω.

παρ-εβῆν, aor. 2 of παραβαίνω.

παρ-εγγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφεις, aor. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγυάω, f. ἤσω, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυάν τὸ ξύνημα to pass on the watchword or word of command. 2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage. 3. to pledge one's word to another.

II. to band over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ἡ, and παρ-εγγυήσις, ἡ, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, aor. 1 pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρέδραθεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραδραθάνω.

παρέδραμον, aor. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σω, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidēre. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ἡ, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside. II. the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρ-εδρος, ον, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδρος, ὁ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρέδων, aor. 1 and 2 of παραδίδωμι.

παρ-ίζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρ-ίξο, παρεζόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίζω.

παρεθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρέθηκα, aor. 1 of παρατίθημι.

πάρεια, ἡ, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον. II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

πάρειας, ον, ὁ, = παρώας.

παρ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, εἶδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρείθην, aor. 1 pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰκω, f. ξω: poet. aor. 2 παρείκαθον, inf. -αθεῖν: —to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow. II. impers., παρείκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπη παρείκοι wherever it was practicable; κατὰ τὸ αἰετὶ παρείκον as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-εἰλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρεῖμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

πάρ-εἰμι inf. παρεῖναι: impf. παρήν: f. παρέσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum):—to be by, to be present. 2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or at. 3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. adesse. 4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρόν

Ion. παρόν, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν.

πάρ-εἰμι inf. παρίεναι: impf. παρήειν: (παρά, εἰμί ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alongside. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. 3. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III.

generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself.

παρεῖναι, inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εἶπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-αφημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part. παρείπων, παρείπουσα, metri grat.]

παρ-εἰρύω, Ion. for παρερύω.

παρ-εἶρω, (παρά, εἶρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμους παρείρων seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεῖς, 2 sing. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit. II. to introduce secretly. Hence

παρείσακτος, ον, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εισδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εισδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 -έδυν, pf. -δέδυκα, and plqpf. -δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ἤλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εισφέρω, to bring in beside; παρεισφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρεῖται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

πάρ-έκ, before a vowel πάρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐκ) as Prep., 1. c. gen. outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; παρὲκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρὲξ Ἀχιλλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly. 3. beside, except, παρὲκ ἢ ὅσον... except so long as...

παρ-εκβαίνω, f. -εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol. to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρέκβασις, ἡ, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away. παρεκίσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f. ξω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; παρεκπροφύγησι, Ep. for -φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ-εκτάνύω, f. ὕσω, = παρεκτείνω.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τεύω, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ-εκτελέω, f. ἔσω, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρέχω, one must furnish.

παρ-εκτός, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn aside, divert from the way.

παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρέλαβον, aor. 2 of παραλαμβάνω.



παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ἄ], Ep. -ελάσσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. I παρήλασα Ep. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or past.

II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω.

παρелеύντα, Dor. for παρελῶντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνω.

παρелеύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρειμι (εἶμι ibo) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλκω, f. παρέλξω or παρελκύσω [ῥ]: aor. I παρείλκυσα: pf. pass. παρείλκυμαι: (παρά, ἔλκω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν ἐκ γῆς to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look askance.

παρεμβολή, ἡ, (παρεμβαλεῖν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. ὑσω [ῥ], to push or stuff in.

παρέμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρειμι (εἶμι sum).

παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of.

παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. ἥσω, to traffic underhand in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of small value. From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.

παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon.

παρενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενεῖδον, inf. -ιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρηνήνεον, impf. of παρανηνέω (see παρανέω).

παρηνθεῖν, παρηνθω, Dor. for παρελθεῖν, παρέλθω, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρηνθήκη, ἡ, (παρηντίθημι) something put in beside, an appendix; παρηνθήκη λόγου a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ἥσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνώχλημαι, to be troubled besides.

παρ-ενσάλεύω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

παρ-έξ or πάρ-έξ, v. παρέκ.

παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξανλέω, f. ἥσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηλημένος worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρεξίβην, aor. 2 of παρεκβαίνω.

παρ-έξειμι, inf. παρεξίεναι, (παρά, ἔξειμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελεῶ:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππον, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.

παρεξελθών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι.

παρεξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act. aor. 2 παρεξήλθον pf. παρεξελήλυθα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. ἄσω, to search out by comparison.

παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρεξίμεν [ι], Ep. inf. of παρέξειμι (εἶμι ibo).

παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change.

παρεοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρειμι (εἶμι sum).

παρέπεισα, aor. I of παραπείθω.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παρεφάλλομαι.

παρ-επιδείκνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επίδημος, ον, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι, to inspect beside.

παρεπιστροφή, ἡ, (παρεπιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of παραπλάζω.

παρέπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρεργάτης, ον, ὁ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ἄ]

παρ-εργος, ον, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., πάρεργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν πάρεργῳ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; ἐκ πάρεργου ποιεῖσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendage.

παρέργως, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally.

παρέρπω, f. παρερπύσω [ῥ]: aor. I παρερπύσα:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρειρύω, f. ὑσω, (παρά, ἐρύω) to draw along the side. [ῥ]

παρ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρειμι (εἶμι ibo): Dep., with aor. 2 -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλυθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, to pass; ὁ παρελθὼν χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθόν and ἐν τῷ παρελθόντι in time past, of old. II. to pass by, outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, circumvent. III. to pass by without heeding, pass over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over. 2. also to transgress. IV. to pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public.

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον, inf. -φαγεῖν: —to eat besides. II. to eat a piece of, gnaw or nibble at, c. gen.

πάρεσις, ἡ, (παρήμι) a letting pass, a letting go: also remission, forgiveness.

παρεσκευάδαται, παρεσκευάδατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of παρασκευάζω.

παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώς, contr. παρεστώς:—neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήν, aor. 2 of παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ον, (παρά, ἐστία) by or at the hearth.

παρέσχον, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρετήρουν, impf. of παρατηρέω.

πάρετος, ον, verb. Adj. of παρήμι, relaxed, palsied.

παρέτρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of παρατρέω.

παρ-ευδοκιμέω, f. ἤσω, to surpass in reputation.

παρ-ευνύω, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [v]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ἤσω, (παρά, εὐκῆλος) to calm, soothe.

παρ-ευνάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. to lie or sleep beside.

παρ-ευνος, ον, (παρά, εὐνή) lying beside or with.

παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -εὐρήσω: aor. 2 -εὔρον:—to find out or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ἴσω, to put in order, arrange. 2. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω v.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω, f. παρέξω or παρασχέσω: pf. παρέσχηκα: aor. 2 παρέσχον poet. παρέσχεθον:—to hold beside, hold in readiness: to furnish, supply. II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render. III. to offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement. IV. to allow, grant. V. impers., παρέχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχον and παρασχόν (used absol. like παρόν, ἔξον, etc.), it being or having been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or

liceret. VI. absol. in imperat., πάρεχ' ἐκποδών get yourself out of the way.

B. Med. παρέχομαι, f. παρέξομαι or παρασχέσομαι: pf. παρέσχημαι:—to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρέχεσθαι τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a witness. II. generally, to have as one's own, produce as one's own; παρέχεσθαι τινα ἄρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πόλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest city. III. to make or render so and so. IV. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of.

παρ-ηβᾶω, f. ἤσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

παρ-ηβος, ον, (παρά, ἡβη) past one's prime.

παρήγγελα, aor. 1 of παραγγέλλω.

παρήγον, impf. of παράγω.

παρηγορέω, impf. παρηγόρουν, rarely ἐπαρηγόρουν: f. ἤσω: aor. 1 παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος):—to address, exhort, encourage: to advise, exhort. II. to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. παρηγορέομαι is also used like the Act. Hence

παρηγορία, ἡ, an addressing, exhortation, persuasion. 2. a consolation.

παρ-ήγορος, ον, (παρά, ἀγορεύω) addressing, encouraging, cheering. 2. consoling.

παρηέρθην, aor. 1 pass. of παραείρω.

πάρηιον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παρειά (which he only uses in plur.), the cheek: the jaw of a wild beast. II. the cheek-ornament of a bridle.

πάρης, -ῆδος, contr. Att. παρῆς, -ῆδος, ἡ, = παρήιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. 1 of παρήμι.

παρ-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or towards. II. to come forth, appear. III. of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασα, aor. 1 of παρελαύνω.

παρήλθον, aor. 2 of παρέρχομαι.

παρ-ῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, like πάρηβος, past one's prime.

παρ-ῆμαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: properly the pf. pass. of παρίζω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one: to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ῆμερος Dor. παράμερος, ον, (παρά, ἡμέρα) coming day by day, daily.

παρήνουν, impf. of παραινέω.

παρήξαι, aor. 1 of παραίτσω.

πάρηξις, ἡ, (παρήκω) arrival alongside, coming to shore.

παρ-ηονίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (παρά, ἡών) lying on the shore. [i]

παρηορία, ἡ, (παρήγορος) the reins by which the outside horse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ήοπος Dor. παρ-όπος, ον, (παρά, αἶρω) banging beside: παρήοπος (sub. ἵππος) a horse which draws by the side of the regular pair (ξυνωρίς) an outrigger, also called παράσειρος or σειραφόρος, opp. to συγίτης



or ζύγιος. II. lying along, sprawling, belpless:

—also beside oneself, distraught, silly.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαφίσκω.

παρῆς, -ῆδος, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρῆς, -ῆδος.

παρῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρῆσθεν, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραιοσθάνομαι.

παρῆτημαι, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθέμενος, poët. aor. 2 med. part. of παρατίθημι.

παρθενεία and -ία, ἡ, (παρθενεύω) maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθένεια, τά, = παρθένια, τά.

παρθένιος Ion. -ῆιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενεύω) virgin estate or condition: in plur. the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενεύω, f. σω, (παρθένος) to bring up a virgin: —Pass. παρθενεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

παρθένια, ἡ, = παρθενεία.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing: —properly neut. from παρθένιος.

παρθενική (sub. κόρη), ἡ, poët. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid: strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρθένος) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένος) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. 2. παρθένιος, ὁ, as Subst., the son of an unmarried woman.

II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθεν-οπίης [i], ον, (παρθένος, ὑπιπτεύω) one who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. virgo: —sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. 2.

Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II.

as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφαγος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγήναι) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

παρθενών, ὦνος, ὁ, (παρθένος) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. II. the

temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθεν-ωπός, ὄν, (παρθένος, ὦψ) of virgin aspect.

πάρθεσαν, poët. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a deposit, pledge.

παρ-ταύω, (παρά, ταύω) to sleep beside or with.

παρτρεῖν, inf. of παρτρεῖν.

παρ-τρυώ, f. σω, to set up beside: —so also in Med.

παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans.

to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμεν, inf.

παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ίημι, fut. παρήσω: aor. I παρήκα: pf. παρείκα:

Med., aor. 2 παρείμην: Pass., aor. I παρείθην, inf.

παρεῖναι: pf. παρείμαι, part. παρειμένος: —to let

drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by,

past, through. 2. metaph. to let pass, disregard,

neglect, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, to let

pass. III. to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere. 2.

c. gen., τοῦ ποδὸς παριέναι to let go one's bold of,

slack away the sheet: metaph. to yield, give way: —

Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres.

part. παριέμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρειμένος,

exhausted, Lat. remissus. 3. to remit, Lat. con-

donare: hence to forgive, pardon. IV. to yield,

give up, Lat. concedere: to allow, permit: hence to

admit, let in. V. Med. παρίεσθαι, to win a per-

son over: to beg off a thing, beg to be excused: to

ask pardon.

παρ-ίκω, old poët. form of παρήκω. [i]

παρ-ιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride

along or over.

πάρ-ισος, ον, (παρά, ἴσος) almost equal, just like.

παρ-ισόω, f. ὠσω, to make just like: —Pass., aor. I

παρισώθην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παρίστασο, pres. med. imperat. of

παρ-ίστημι, f. παραστήσω: I. trans. in pres.,

impf., fut. and aor. I, to make to stand beside, to place

by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one. 2. to

set before the mind, present, offer, suggest: —to prove,

show. 3. the Med., esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and aor. I

-έστησάμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side,

produce: —to bring to one's side, to bring over by

force, overcome, subdue: also to win over, persuade:

hence also to dispose for one's own views. II.

intrans. in Pass. -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην,

pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand by, beside, or

near: hence to stand by, to help or defend. 2. of

events, to be near, be close at hand: τὸ παρισταμένον

present circumstances: so too, τὸ παρεστώς or παρ-

εστώς, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκός. 3. to come

to the side of another: metaph. to come over to his

opinion: absol. to come to terms, surrender, sub-

mit. 4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to

one. 5. of events, to take place, occur, happen: so

too in fut. med. -στήσομαι. 6. to be in one's power,

hence absol., pf. part. παρεστηκός, = παρόν, ἐξόν, it

being in one's power to do, Lat. quum liceat.

παρ-ιστίδιος, α, ον, (παρά, ἰστός) by or at the loom.

παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to have by, bold

in readiness: to present, offer.

παρ-ιτητέον and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (εἰμι

ibo), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλεκτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω,

as if from παρακατελέγην.

παρκείμενος, Ep. part. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύπτω, Ep. for παρακύπτω; Dor. part. fem.

παρκύπτουσα, for παρακύπτουσα.

παρμέμβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλώσκω.

παρ-μένω, Ep. for παραμένω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poët. for παραμόνιμος.

πάρ-μονος, *ον*, poet. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [α], *α, ον*, Ion. Παρνήσιος, *η, ον*, also *ος, ον*, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, *ἄδος*, and Παρνησίς, *ἰδος*. From

Παρνασσός Ion. Παρνησός, *ὁ*, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double σ).

Παρνήθιος, *α, ον*, of or from Parnes. From

Πάρνης, *ἡθος, ἡ* or *ὁ*, Parnes, a mountain of Attica.

Παρνησός, *ὁ*, Ion. for Παρνασσός.

ΠΑΨΝΟΨ, *οπος, ὁ*, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, *φ. σω*, to journey by.

παροδίτης [ι], *ον, ὁ, voc. -ῖτα*: fem. παροδίτις, *ἰδος*: (πάροδος):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer.

πάρ-οδος, *ἡ*, (παρά, ὁδός) a way past, passage. 2. a going by or past, passing; ἐν παρόδῳ in passing.

II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach.

III. a coming forward to speak before the assembly. 2. the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

παρ-οίγνυμι and παρ-οίγω: *φ. -οίγω*: aor. 1 -έψα:—to open at the side or a little, set ajar: c. gen., παροίξας τῆς θύρας having opened a little of the door.

πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep. with gen. before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. 2. of Time, before.

II. Adv. of Place, before, in front. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore; πάροιθε πρὶν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οικίω, *φ. ἦσω*, to dwell by, beside, or near. II. to sojourn. Hence

παροικησία and παροίκησις, *ἡ*, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία, *ἡ*, (πάροικος) a dwelling in a place as πάροικος, sojourning.

παροικίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, (πάροικος) to place or settle near another:—Pass. to settle or live near.

παρ-οικοδομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across. II. to keep off by a wall or bank.

πάρ-οικος, *ον*, (παρά, οἰκίω) dwelling beside or near, neighbouring.

II. as Subst., πάροικος, *ὁ*, a neighbour:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (πάροιμος) a by-word, proverb, adage, saw. 2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμιακός (sub. στίχος), *ὁ*, a paroemiac, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-οιμος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω: impf. ἐπαρώνουν and aor. 1 ἐπαρώνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρώνηκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. 1 ἐπαρωνήθη: pf. πεπαρώνημαι: (πάροινος):—to behave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks.

II. trans. to maltreat one in drunkenness: generally, to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (πάροιμος) drunken violence: a drunken frolic.

παροιμικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, disposed to drunkenness. From παρ-οίνιος, *ον*, and πάρ-οινος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶνος) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups.

παροίτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάρος, of Place, the foremost.

παροίτερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of πάροιθε, πάρος, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, *φ. -οιχήσομαι*: pf. παρόχηκα Ion. παροίχωκα, and in late writers pass. παρόχημαι: Dep.: to have past by, pass on.

2. of Time, to be gone by, spent; ἡ παροιχομένη νύξ the bygone night; ἄνδρες παροιχόμενοι men of bygone times.

II. to be gone, be dead, like οἰχομαι. III. c. gen. to shrink from. 2. to wander, depart from; ὅσον μοίρας παροίχῃ how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παροκωχή, *ἡ*, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnishing.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later -αίνω: fut. -ολισθήσω:—to slip in secretly.

παρ-ομοιάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (παρά, ὅμοιος) nearly like, much alike: nearly equal.

παρόν, ὄντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάρεμι (είμι sum), used absol., see πάρεμι 5.

παροξυντικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, fit for inciting, provoking. From παρ-οξύνω, *φ. ὕνω*: aor. 1 παρώξυνα:—to make keen for a thing: metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, *ὁ*, irritation: a provoking, inciting.

παρόρασις, *ἡ*, (παροράω) an overlooking: carelessness.

παρ-οράω, *φ. παρόψομαι*: aor. 2 παρείδον (v. sub ὁράω):—to look at by the way, notice, remark.

II. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. III. to look sideways.

παρ-οργίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to provoke to anger:—Pass. to be or be made angry at. Hence

παροργισμός, *ὁ*, provocation to anger.

παρ-ορίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

παροριστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, an encroacher.

παρ-ορμάω, *φ. ἦσω*, to put in motion, urge on:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to pass rapidly, rush at.

παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. -ιῶ, to bring to anchor side by side.

πάρ-ορνις, ἴθος, *ὁ, ἡ*, ill-omened, with evil auspices.

παρ-ορύσσω Att. -τω: *φ. ξω*: aor. 1 παρώρυξα:—to dig beside or along.

II. to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games.

παρ-ορχίωμαι, *φ. -ήσομαι*, Dep. to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance.

ΠΑΨΟΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., τὸ πάρος or τοπάρος, formerly.

2. with inf., like πρὶν, Lat. priusquam, πάρος ἢν γαῖαν ἰκέσθαι before he should reach his



own land. 3. πάρος, followed by πρίν γε as relat., Lat. *prius* . . , *quam*, rather . . , *than*. 4. too soon. 5. rather, sooner. II. of Place, before, in front.

B. Prep., poet. for πρό, before, both of Time and Place. II. before, rather than: also for, instead of.

Πάριος, α, ον, of the island of Paros, Parian; Πάριος λίθος Parian marble. From

Πάρος, ἡ, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. ὤνω, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία, ἡ, (παρών, παρούσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = ἄνδρες οἱ παρόντες; παρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρῆναι. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρόντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ἡσω, (παρά, ὀχέω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ἡ, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing.

παρ-οχλίζω, f. ἰσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

πάρ-οχος, ὁ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄψον) a dainty side-dish.

παρόψομαι, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsol. παρόπτομαι.

παρ-οψωνέω, f. ἡσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., παροψώνημα τῆς χλιδῆς a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπῖθών, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπείθω.

παρ-ρησία, ἡ, (πᾶς, ῥῆσις) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -ᾶσομαι, Dep. to speak freely.

παρσένος, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παρσταίην, παρσῑάσα, Ep. for παρασταίην, παρασῑάσα, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίστημι.

παρστήτητον, Ep. for παραστήτητον, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of παρίστημι.

παρταμεῖν, poet. for παραταμεῖν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτίθει, poet. for παρατίθει, = παρατίθησιν.

παρ-ὑφαίνω, f. ἄνω: pf. pass. παρύφασμαι:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρυφασμένα armed men hemming in a crowd.

πάρφαινε, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παράφημι.

παρ-φᾶσία, ἡ, poet. for παραφασία.

πάρ-φᾶσις, ἡ, poet. for παράφασις.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φύγειν, poet. for παραφυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

πάρφυκτος, ον, poet. for παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

πᾶρώας, ον, ὁ, (παρώς) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρωδία, ἡ, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-ωδός, ὄν, (ᾠδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -αθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οὔσα, ὄν, part. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-ώνυμος, ον, (πάρα, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

πᾶρώς, ὄν, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ωρείτης, ον, ὁ, (παρά, ὄρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

πάρ-ωρος, ον, (παρά, ὥρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάρωρα as Adv., unseasonably.

παρ-ωροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὀροφή) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρῶχετο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι.

παρῶχημαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρῶχημένος.

ΠΑΨ, πᾶσα, πᾶν: gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός: gen.

pl. masc. and neut. πάντων, fem. πᾶσων Ion. πᾶσέων, Ep. also πᾶσάων: dat. pl. masc. and neut. πᾶσι poet.

πάντεσσι, fem. πάσαις:—all, Lat. *omnis*: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἡ πᾶσα βλάβη she who

is all mischief; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to the uttermost of evil:—ὅσοι, not οἱ, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὅσοι . . , Lat. *omnes quicunque* . . , all whosoever!

πᾶς τις every one taken one by one, every single one: παντός μᾶλλον more than anything, above everything.

II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all. III. in dat. pl.

masc. πᾶσι, in the judgment of all; ὁ πᾶσι κλεινός the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. πᾶσι as neut., in all things, altogether.

IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίγνεσθαι, like παντοῖος γίγνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα εἶναι τινα to be everything to one.

2. τὸ πᾶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogether; οὐ τὸ πᾶν not at all; so also εἰς τὸ πᾶν, ἐπὶ πᾶν on the whole; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to every extremity of evil; περὶ παντός ποιεῖσθαι τινα to esteem one above all.

3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, entirely, utterly, wholly: but, τὰ πάντα in every way, by all means.

4. διὰ παντός continually, always.

πασᾶν, Dor. for πασῶν, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶς.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πατέομαι.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πᾶσι-μέλουσα, ἡ, (πᾶς, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πατέομαι.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλη [ᾶ], ἡ, = παιπάλη, the finest meal: a

*morsel, scrap*; ὕπνου οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσαλεῦτός, ἡ, ὄν, pinned down. From πασσαλεύω Att. πατταλεύω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to pin to. 2. to drive in like a bolt.

πάσσαλος Att. πάτταλος, ὁ, (πήγνυμι) a peg, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a peg; κρεμάσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a peg: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat. II. a gag.

πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλος. πασσαμένος, πασσασθαι, Ep. for πασάμενος, πασασθαι, aor. 1 part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πάσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλος.

πάσσε, Ep. for ἔπασσε, 3 sing. impf. of πάσσω.

πάσσοφος, ὄν, for πάνσοφος.

πασσῶδεις, πασσῶδεις, Adv. for πανσῶδεις, etc.

ΠΑΨΣΩ Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ᾶ]: aor. 1 ἐπάσθη: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπάσθη: pf. πέπασμαι:—to sprinkle upon:—metaph. to sprinkle in or upon, interweave, work in embroidery. II. to besprinkle with a thing.

πάσσω, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλύσσω from γλυκύς: thicker, broader, stouter.

παστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. porticus. II. an inner chamber: a bridal chamber.

παστέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πάσσω, to be besprinkled.

παστός, ὁ, = παστάς, a bridal chamber or bridal bed: a shrine.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the Passover, paschal lamb: also the time or feast of the Passover. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑΨΧΩ, fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part. pf. πεπαθῆναι, Ep. for πεπονθῆναι:—to suffer or be affected by anything whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εἰ τι πάθοιμι or ἦν τι πάθω if aught were to happen to me, Lat. si quid mihi acciderit, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to become of me? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχεις; what is the matter with me or you? so in part. τί παθών; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελάσμεθα θούριδος ἀλκῆς; what ails us that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; κακῶς πάσχειν to be ill off, in evil plight; κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be ill used, evilly entreated by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be well off, in good case; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be well used, well treated by... receive kindness from a person. III. πάσχειν is also used of states or conditions; ἵνα μὴ ταῦτ' ὁ παθῇτε τῷ ἵππῳ that ye be not in the same case with the horse: so, of Things, to be liable to certain affections; πάσχειν ταῦτ' ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be liable to the same as others; so, πάσχει τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with cress.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν. πατάγιω, f. ἦσω, (πάταγος) to clatter, clasp, crash,

of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to dasb, plasb: hence to chatter, scream, as birds.

ΠΑΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a clattering, clashing, any sharp noise made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος ὀδόντων a chattering of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the plasb of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάταικοι or Παταῖκοί, οἱ, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of πατάσσω, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐπάταξα:—intr. to beat, knock, throb; Ἐκτορι θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν his heart was beating, throbbing in his breast. 2. to clap the hands. II. trans. to strike, wound, beat, smite.

ΠΑΤΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 1 ἐπάσάμην, Ep. part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to feed on, eat, taste.

πατέοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat.

πατερίζω, f. ἴσω, (πατήρ) to say, call father.

πατέω, f. ἦσω, (πάτος) to tread, walk, step. II. trans. to tread on, tread; πορφύρας πατεῖν to walk on purple carpets. 2. to tread constantly, frequent, traverse a place: metaph., like Lat. terere, to thumb with using, as, πατεῖν Αἴσωπον to be always thumbing Aesop. 3. to tread under foot, trample on.

ΠΑΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρι contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl. πατρῶν is used as well as πατέρων, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [ᾶ]:—a father; πατὴρ πατήρ a grandfather. II. among the gods Jove is emphat. called πατήρ. III. πατήρ is used like ἄπφα, ἄττα, as a mode of address to an older person. IV. in plur., forefathers, ancestors.

πατησεῖς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut. of πατέω. πατήσμος, ὁ, (πατέω) a treading on.

πάτην, ἡ, Dor. for φάτην.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a trodden or beaten way, path. [ᾶ] πάτρω, as Ion. πάτρη, ης, ἡ: (πατήρ) one's fatherland, native land, country, like πατρίς. II. a body of persons claiming the same race or descent, a house, clan, Lat. gens.

πατρ-ἀδελφεός, ὁ, poët. for πατρ-ἀδελφος.

πατρ-ἀδελφος, ὁ, = πατρὸς ἀδελφός, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

πατράθε, Adv., Dor. for πάτρηθε.

πατρ-ἀλοίας, gen. α and ὄν, voc. -αλοῖα, ὁ, (πατήρ, ἀλοῖα) one who strikes or slays his father, a parricide.

πάτρη, ἡ, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτρηθε and -θεν Dor. πατράθε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας, from one's native land. II. from a race or lineage.

πατριά, ἡ, Ion. πατρίη, ης, ἡ, (πατήρ) lineage, descent. II. a house, clan.

πατρι-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (πατριά, ἀρχή) the father or chief of a family, a patriarch.



πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa.  
πατρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary. II. of or from one's father; ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus. II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρίς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου, ὅ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριώτης, ἰδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριώτης γῆ, = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριώτης στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δωρητός, ὄν, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κασίγνητος, ὅ, = πατρὸς κασίγνητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὅ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλῆος, acc. Πατροκλῆα, voc. Πατρόκλειε occur in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλέυς.

πατροκτονέω, f. ἤσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ὄν, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority.

πατρο-παράδοτος, ὄν, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) handed down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὅ, = πατρὸς πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἐς, (πατήρ, στερείω) rest of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οὔχος, ὄν, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατροὔχος (sub. παρθένος), ἡ, a sole-beiress, opp. to a co-beiress.

πατρο-φονεύς, ἐως Ep. ἦος, ὅ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ὄν, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου, ὅ, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ὄν, poet. form of πατῶος.

πατρ-ωνύμιος, ὄν, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατῶος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, poet. πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ὄν: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἔχθρα πατῶα hereditary feud.

πάτρως, ὅ, gen. ωος and ω, dat. ω, acc. ωα and αν: (πατήρ): = πατροκασίγνητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρως, one by the mother's side.

πατταλεύω, πάτταλος, Att. for πασσ-.

παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παυέσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills. II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυράκις or -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ὄν, poet. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ἐς, (παῦρος, ἔπος) of few words.

παῦρος, α, ὄν, little, small: of Time, short, brief. 2. mostly in pl. παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦρος λαός few people:—Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut. pl. παῦρα as Adv. seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ὄν, (παύω, άνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυσί-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσί-νόσος, ὄν, (παύω, νόσος) checking sickness.

παυσί-πονός, ὄν, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to. II. from παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριος, ὄν, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσωλή, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥ'Ω, f. παύσω: aor. I ἔπαυσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. ἔπαυσάμην, pass. ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην: pf. πέπαυμαι:—to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay. II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from. III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦε, stop! have done!

Παφλαγών, ὄνος, ὅ, a Papblagonian.

παφλάζω, f. άσω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποι-πνύω from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc. II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ὄν, ἡ, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

παχθῆ, Dor. for πηχθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. subj. of πήγνυμι.

πάχιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίων, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

πάχνη, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) boar-frost, rime, Lat. pruina. 2. metaph. clotted blood. Hence

παχνόω, f. ὤσω, to cover with boar frost or rime:—Pass. to be so covered. II. metaph. to strike chill, to freeze; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ἦτορ he made his heart's blood run cold:—Pass. to be struck with chill, to be frozen.

πάχος, εος, τό, (παχύς) thickness: acc. πάχος is used absol., in thickness, as μήκος in length, εὖρος in breadth, etc. [α]

παχύ-κνήμος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) with stout calves.

παχύνω [υ], f. ὕνω: aor. 1 ἐπάχυνα: pf. pass. πεπάχυσμαι:—to thicken, to fatten: also to make dull or gross of understanding:—Pass. to become thick: to grow fat, to be swollen: also to look large, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ὄλβος ἄγαν παχυνθείς wealth 'when it has waxed fat.'

παχύς, Dor. for πῆχυσ.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, thick, large, stout; παχύς λάας a large heavy stone: of linen, etc., thick, coarse. 2. of the consistence of a mass, thick, curdled, clot-  
ted. 3. later, stout, fat, Lat. pinguis. 4. generally, great, large, considerable. II. οἱ παχείες, opp. to δῆμος, the men of substance, the wealthy. III. thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. pinguis. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also παχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup. πάχιστος: later the regul. παχύτερος (Ep. πάχετος) and παχύτατος.

παχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (παχύς) thickness, of the skin, etc.: the sediment or lees of liquor. [υ]

πέδα, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάασκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αίρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίχμιος.

πεδ-αμείβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-άορος, ον, Aeol. for μετήορος. [α]

πεδ-άρσιος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάζω, Aeol. for μεταυγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) wise too late.

πεδάω, f. ἥσω: Ep. aor. 1 πέδησα: (πέδη):—to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast: generally, to shackle, trammel, constrain.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ἡ, (πέζα) a fetter, Lat. pedica, compes; ζεύγος πεδῶν a pair of fetters. II. a mode of breaking in a horse.

πεδητής, οὔ, ὁ, (πεδάω) one who fetters: a binder.

πεδιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (πεδίον) flat, even, level; ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), the plain country. II. on a

plain or level country: λόγχη πεδιάς the spear (i. e. battle) on a fair field.

πεδιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (πεδίον) a man of the plain.

πεδι-ήρης, ες, (πεδίον, ἀραιεῖν) abounding in plains.

πέδιλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. sandals, a pair of sandals.

II. any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers; also boots, brogues.

III. a tie for cows at milking time. IV. metaph., Δωρίῳ πεδίῳ φωνᾶν ἐναρμόζειν to suit one's voice to the Dorian march, i. e. to write in Doric rhythm.

πεδινός, ἡ, ὅν, (πεδίον) flat, level, even. II. of, from the plain, living in or on the plain.

πεδίον, τό, (πέδον) a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field, Lat. campus; πεδία πόντου the fields of the sea, Lat. Neptunia arva. Hence

πεδίωνδε, Adv. to the plain.

πεδο-νόμος, ον, (πεδίον, νέμομαι) haunting the fields.

πεδο-βάμων [α], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαίνω) walking upon earth, of the earth.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) from the ground: metaph. from the ground or bottom of the heart.

πέδοι, Adv. (πέδον) on the ground, on earth.

πέδοικος, ον, Acol. for μέτοικος.

πεδο-κοίτης, ον, ὅ, (πέδον, κοίτη) making one's bed or lair on the ground.

ΠΕΔΟΝ, ον, τό, the ground, earth: generally, land, soil. Hence

πέδονδε, Adv. to the ground, earthwards.

πεδόσε, Adv. = πέδονδε.

πεδο-στιβής, ες, (πέδον, στείβω) treading, pacing the earth. 2. on foot, opp. to ἱππηλάτης.

πεδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves.

πεδ-ὠρύχος, ον, (πέδον, ὠρύσσω) digging the soil.

πέζα, ης, ἡ, (πέδον) the foot: metaph. the bottom of anything; ἐπὶ ῥυμῶ πέζῃ ἐπὶ πρώτη on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment.

πέζ-αρχος, ον, (πεζός, ἀρχω) leading infantry or a land-army: as Subst., πέζαρχος, ὁ, a leader of foot.

πεζ-ἐταῖροι, οἱ, (πεζός, ἐταῖρος) the foot-guards in the Macedonian army.

πεζεύω, f. σῶ, (πεζός) to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving. 2. to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea: Pass. to be traversed by travellers.

πεζῆ, v. sub πεζός.

πεζικός, ἡ, ὅν, (πεζός) on foot or by land; πεζικὸς λεώς foot-soldiers, infantry as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.

πεζο-βόας, α, ὁ, Dor. for -βόης, (πεζός, βοή) one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier.

πεζομαχέω, f. ἥσω, to fight by land. From

πεζο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) fighting on foot, as opp. to cavalry. 2. fighting on land, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ἡ, a battle by land, opp. to ναυμαχία.

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζός, νέμω) commanding by land.

πεζοπορέω, to go on foot. 2. to go by land. From



πεζο-πόρος, ον, (πεζός, πορεύω) going on foot, walking. 2. going by land.

πεζός, ή, όν, (πέζα) on foot, walking; πεζοί foot-soldiers, opp. to ίππεις; so, πεζός στρατός is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force; ό πεζός, and τδ πεζόν are also so used. II. on land, going or travelling by land; Dat. fem. πεζή as Adv. (sub. όδω), on foot or by land; πεζή έπεσθαι to follow by land.

πει, Dor. for πη, ποῦ.

πειθ-άνωρ Ion. πειθήνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (πειθόμεαι, άνήρ) obeying men, obedient.

πειθαρχέω, f. ήσω, also Med. -έομαι, (πειθαρχος) to obey one in authority, be obedient. Hence

πειθαρχία, ή, obedience.

πειθ-αρχος, ον, (πειθόμεαι, αρχή) obeying one in authority, obedient.

πειθήμει, Aeol. for πείθω.

πειθός, ή, όν, (πείθω) = πιθανός, persuasive.

ΠΕΙ'ΘΩ, fut. πείσω: aor. I έπεισα: aor. 2 έπιθον Ep. redupl. πέπιθον, I pl. subj. πεπιθόμεν, opt. πεπιθόμεν, inf. πεπιθειν, part. πεπιθών: pf. πέπεικα:—Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 έπιθόμεν Ep. πιθόμεν, imperat. πίθου, Ep. redupl. opt. πεπιθόιτο, inf. πιθέσθαι: pf. med. πέποιθα; plqpf. πεποίθεα, contr. I pl. έπέπιθμεν: pf. pass. πέπεισμαι. Homer has also a fut. πιθήσω and aor. I part. πιθήσας, intr. as if from πιθέω: but the redupl. aor. I subj. πεπιθήσω is transit.: I. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθειν τινά χρήμασι to bribe one. 3. to impel, stir up. 4. c. dupl. acc., πείθειν τινά τι to persuade one of a thing. 5. c. acc. rei only, to argue a point. II. Med. and Pass. to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. 2. πείθεσθαι τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with; γήραι πείθεσθαι to yield to old age. 3. πείθεσθαι τινι to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' έγώ σοι οὔ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that ... III. pf. med. πέποιθα, inf. πεποιθέναι, to trust, rely, have confidence in. IV. pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Πειθώ, όος contr. οὗς, ή, Persuasion personified as a goddess, Lat. Suada, Suadēla. II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. πειθοί by fair means, opp. to βία by force. 4. obedience.

ΠΕΙ'ΝΑ or πείνη, ή, hunger, famine, Lat. fames. 2. metaph. hunger or longing for a thing. Hence

πεινάλεος, α, ον, hungry, empty. [α]

πεινάμες, Aeol. for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω.

πεινάντι, Dor. for πεινώντι, dat. pres. part. of πεινάω: also for πεινώσι 3 pl. pres.

πεινάω contr. πεινώ, ής, ή; inf. πεινήν Ep. πεινή-

μεναι; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινάσω [α]: (πεινα): aor. I έπεινησα, later -άσα: pf. πεπεινηκα:—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished. II. c. gen. to hunger after: metaph. to hunger after or for, crave after.

πεινέω, Ion. for πεινάω.

πεινή, = πείνα.

πεινήν, inf. of πεινάω; Ep. πεινήμεναι.

ΠΕΙ'ΡΑ, ή, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence experience; πείραν έχειν to have experience, to make proof of; έπὶ πείρα by way of test or trial. II.

an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise.

πείρα, Ep. for έπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

πειρά, ή, (πείρω) a point, edge.

πειράζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. I έπειράσθην: pf. πεπειρασμαι:—like πειράω, to make proof or trial of one:—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. II. to attempt a thing.

Πειραιεύς or Πειραιεύς, ό, Peiræus, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Πειραιέως or -αιώς; dat. -αιεί; acc. -αιά.

Πειραιοί, Adv. at or in Peiræus.

πειραίνω, f. άνω: aor. I έπειρήνα: (πείρα):—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σειρήν έξ αυτού πειρήναντε tying a rope from or to it. II.

lengthd. for περαίνω, to end, complete, finish; in Pass., πάντα πεπείρανται (3 sing. pf.) all has been completed.

πείραν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of πείρω.

ΠΕΙ'ΡΑΡ, άτος, τό, poet. for πέρας, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαίης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes. II. the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object. III. act. that which

finishes; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης the finishers of art.

πειράσις, ή, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt.

πειρασμός, ό, (πειράζω) a tempting, temptation.

πειράτέον, or in plur. -έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειράτήρ, ήρος, ό, collat. form of πειρατής.

πειράτήριον Ion. πειρητ-, τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, i. e. torture. II. a pirate's nest.

πειράτης, οῦ, ό, (πειράω) one who attempts: a pirate, Lat. pirata.

πειράτικός, ή, όν, piratical.

πειράω, f. άσω Ion. ήσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασείσθε: aor. I med. έπειράσάμην Ion. έπειρησάμην; pass. έπειράθην [α] Ion. έπειρήθην: pf. pass. πεπειράμαι Ion. πεπειρήμαι: (πείρα):—to attempt, undertake, try. 2. c. gen. pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on. 3. absol.

to try one's skill or luck in a thing. II. the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial

of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him. 2. c. gen. τει, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of. 3. absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πεπείρημαι μύθοις I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθείν, πειρηθῆναι, aor. 1 opt. and inf. pass. of πειράω, πειράομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειράτήριον.

πειρητίζω, f. ἴσω, = πειράω, to attempt, try, prove. II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πέρινθς, ἰνθος, ἡ: acc. πέρινθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage.

ΠΕΙΡΩ, fut. περῶ: aor. 1 ἐπείρα Ep. πείρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐπάρην [ᾱ] pf. πέπαρμαι: (πέρας):—to pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit; κρέα ἀμφ' ὕβελοῖσιν ἐπείραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., ἥλοισι πεπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., ὀδύνῃσι πεπαρμένος pierced with pain. II. metaph., κύματα πείρειν to cleave the waves; πείρε κέλευθον cleave her way (through the waves).

πείσα, ης, ἡ, (πείθω) poët. for πειθῶ, persuasion or obedience, subjection.

πείσεις, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of πείθω.

πεισί-βροτος, ον, (πείθω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πεισέμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πείσμα, ατος, τό, (πείθω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope. II. that on which one may trust.

πεισμονή, ἡ, (πείθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation.

πείσομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.

πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of πᾶσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. II. (from Pass.) one must obey: cf. ἀρκετέον.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πείθω) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πείθω) persuasive.

πείσω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

πεκτέω, f. ἤσω, (πέκω) to shear, clip.

ΠΕ'ΚΩ Ep. πείκω: f. πέξω: aor. 1 med. ἐπεξάμην, part. πεξάμενος; aor. 1 pass. ἐπέχθην:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: med., χαίτας πεξαμένη having combed her hair. 2. to shear, clip.

πελάγίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded, swamped. II. to be out at sea.

πελάγιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πελάγιτης [ι], ον, δ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (πέλαγος) of or on the sea.

ΠΕ'ΛΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό: Ep. dat. pl. πελάγεσσι:—the sea, the big sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, πέλαγος κακῶν a 'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω, f. πελάσω Att. πελῶ: aor. 1 ἐπέλασα Ep. πέλασα, ἐπέλασσα and πέλασσα: aor. 1 med. ἐπελάσασθην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπελάσθην poët. ἐπλάσθην [ᾱ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλῆντο, πλῆντο and ἐπληντο: pf. pass. πέπλημαι part. πεπλημένος:—πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: (πέλας): I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any point: absol. to come near, draw near or nigh. II. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh; πελάζειν νευρὴν μαζῶ to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάζειν τινὰ ὀδύνῃσι to bring him near to anguish; so, ἔπος ἐρέω, ἀδάμαντι πελάσσας I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant; φυγὰ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτε (sc. ὑμῖν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεῶν thou may'st bring light near the ships. III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near: so in Ep. aor. 2, ἀσπίδες ἐπληντ' ἀλλήλησι the shields were brought close to each other; πλῆντο χθονὶ be came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, πελασθῆναι ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh to the god. 2. to approach or wed a woman.

πελάθω [ᾱ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr.

πέλανος, ὁ, any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood. II. of a mixture offered

to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πελαργίδεὺς, ὁ, (πελαργός) a young stork.

πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork. From

πελ-αργός, ὁ, (πελός, ἀργός) the stork.

ΠΕ'ΛΑ'Σ, Adv. near, hard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquem locum. II. absol. near, nigh at hand:

οἱ πέλας one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing., ὁ πέλας one's neighbour.

πελασαίαιτο, Ep. for πελάσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. med. of πελάθω.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγός, ὁ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οἱ, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, fem. -άτις, ἰδος, (πελάζω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. accola: also an invader, intruder. II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., 1. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.



πέλεθος or σπέλεθος, ὁ, (πηλός) *ordure, dung*.  
 πέλεθρον, τό, lengthd. poet. form for πλέθρον.  
 πέλεια, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,  
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of  
 the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic  
 doves of Dodona.

πελειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πέλεια.  
 Πελειάδες, αἱ, = Πλειάδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.  
 Πελειύς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a Pleiad*.

πελειο-θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *pigeon-feed-*  
*ing*.

πελεκάν, ἄνος, or πελεκᾶς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκᾶς, ἄ,  
 ὁ, (πελεκᾶω) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.  
*the pelican*.

πελεκᾶω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυς) *to beat or shave with an*  
*axe, rough-beat*, Lat. *dolare*.

πελεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυς) *to strike with an axe, to*  
*behead*, Lat. *securi percutere*.

πελεκῖνος, ὁ, = πελεκάν η, a water-bird of the *peli-*  
*can* kind.

πελέκκησε, for ἐπελέκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of  
 πελεκᾶω.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυς) *an axe-bundle*.

πέλεκυς, εὖς Ion. εὖς, ὁ: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Ep. πε-  
 λέκεσσι:—*a double-edged axe, an axe*; οὐ δόρασι  
 μάχεσθαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ πελέκεσι *to fight not with spears*  
*only, but also with axes*, i. e. not soldiers only, but  
 every man.

πελεμίζω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμῃα: aor. I pass.  
 ἐπελεμήχην: (πάλλω):—*to swing, shake, to make to*  
*shake, quiver or tremble*:—Pass. *to be shaken, to*  
*tremble, quake*: *to be driven away, flee trembling*.

πελεμήχην, Ep. for ἐπελεμήχην, aor. I pass. of  
 πελεμίζω.

πελέσκεο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.

πέλευ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

πεληιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.

πελιδνός or πελιτνός, ἡ, ὄν, (πελιός) *livid*.

πελιός, ἄ, ὄν, (πελός) of the body, discoloured by a  
 bruise, *livid*.

ΠΕ'ΑΛΑ Ion. πέλλη, ης, ἡ, *a wooden bowl, milk-*  
*pail*, Lat. *muletra*. II. *a drinking-cup*.

ΠΕΛΛΟ'Σ or πελός, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *PULLUS*, dark-  
 coloured, blackish, dusky.

πέλομες, Dor. for πέλομεν, I pl. of πέλω.

Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, *the Peloponnesians*.

Πελοποννησιῶν, Adv. in *the Peloponnesian* (i. e.  
 Dorian) dialect. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, ἡ, = Πέλοπος νῆσος, *the Pelopon-*  
*nesus*, now the Morea.

πελός, ἡ, ὄν, v. πελλός.

Πέλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (πελός, ὤψ) *Pelops*, i. e. *dark-face*,  
 son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia,  
 and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

πελτάζω, f. σω, (πέλτη) *to serve as a targeteer*.

πελταστής, οὗ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) *one who bears a target*  
*or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield*  
*(δύλον), a targeteer*, Lat. *cetratus*: they held a place

between the ὀπλίται or heavy-armed infantry, and the  
 ψιλοὶ or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *skilled in the use of the target*:  
 τὸ πελταστικόν, = οἱ πελτασταί, *the body of targeteers*.

ΠΕ'ΑΤΗ, ἡ, *a small light shield without a rim*  
*(ἴτυς)*, orig. used by the Thracians. 2. *a body of*  
*targeteers (πελτασταί)*, as ἀσπίς for ἀσπισταί, ὄπλον  
 for ὀπλίται. II. *a shaft, pole*. III. *a horse's*  
*ornament*.

πελτο-φόρος, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.

ΠΕ'ΑΩ, more common as Dep. πέλομαι, only used  
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop.  
 forms, as 3 sing. impf., act. ἐπλεν for ἐπελεν; 2 sing.  
 impf. med. ἐπλεο, ἐπλεν, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing. ἐπλετο  
 for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and  
 3 sing. πελέσκεο, πελέσκετο: imperat. πέλευ: the  
 pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,  
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but  
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. *to be in*  
*motion, to go or come, rise*; κλαγγὴ πέλει οὐρανόθι  
 πρό the cry goes up to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος  
 ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται old age and death come upon  
 men. II. *to be*, implying continuance, *to be used*  
 or *wont to be*: *to become*.

ΠΕ'ΑΩΡ, τό, undeclined, *a monster*, of anything  
 huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

πελώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, = πέλωρος, *monstrous*,  
*huge, immense*; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια *the mighty ones of*  
*old*.

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, *a monster*; πέλωρα θεῶν por-  
 tents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) *monstrous, prodigious, huge*,  
*portentous*; and so, *terrible*: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-  
 λωρα, *bugely, portentously*.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμαι) *any kind of dressed*  
*food*: esp. in plur. *cakes, sweetmeats*.

πεμμάτ-ουργός, ὁ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) *a pastry-cook*.

πεμπάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεμπάς, ἀρχω) *a commander of*  
*a body of five*.

πεμπάζω, f. ἄσω, *to count on the five fingers, count*  
*by fives*: generally, *to count*. From

πεμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, *the number five*:  
*a body of five*.

πεμπαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) *one who counts by fives*:  
 generally, *one who counts*, μύρια πεμπαστής *reviewing*  
*by tens of thousands*.

πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, *five*.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.

πεμπταῖος, α, ον, (πέμπτος) *in five days, on the*  
*fifth day*.

πεμπτ-άμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-  
 ἡμερος, *of five days*.

πεμπτόν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *one must send*.

πέμπτος, η, ον, (πέντε) *the fifth*; ἡ πέμπτη (sub.  
 ἡμέρα) *the fifth day*.

πεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *sent*.

ΠΕ'ΜΠΩ, fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἐπέμψα Ep. πέμψα:  
 pf. πέπομφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμφθην: pf. πέπεμμαι,

3 sing. πέπεμπται:—to send, despatch. II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; χρή ξείνον παρόντα φιλεῖν, ἐθέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge. III. to convey, attend, escort, conduct; ὁ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; πομπὴν πέμπειν to conduct a procession. 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., πέμπεσθαι τινα to send for one. 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπ-ώβολον, τό, (πέμπε, ὀβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψειας, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω. πέμψμεναι, Ep. for πέμψειν, fut. inf. of πέμπω. πέμψις, εως, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission. πέμψω, πέμψει, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει. πένεστέρος, πένεστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πένης. πένεστης, ου, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the πένεσται were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Εἰλωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II, generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

πένης, ητος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens*, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πένεστέρος, Sup. πένεστατος.

πενητο-κόμος, ου, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor. πενθαλέος, α, ου, (πένθος) sad, mourning. πένθεια, ἡ, collat. form of πένθος. πενθείετον, Ep. for πενθεῖτον, 3 dual of πενθέω. πενθερά, ἡ, fem. of πενθερός, a mother-in-law, Lat. *socrus*.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also ἑκυρός. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθέω, ἴ, ἡσώ: Ep. 3 dual πενθείετον for πενθέετον, πενθεῖτον: pres. inf. πενθήμεναι for πενθεῖν: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθέω) lamentation, mourning. πενθήμεναι, Ep. inf. pres. of πενθέω. πενθ-ήμερος, ου, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days: πενθήμερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ημίμερης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμίμερης) consisting of five halves, i. e. of two and a half; hence in Prosody, τομή πενθημιμερης the caesura after two feet and a half, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to τομή ἐφθημιμερης the caesura after three feet and a half.

πενθ-ημίποδιαῖος, α, ου, (πέντε, ἡμιπόδιον) consisting of five half feet, i. e. of 2½ feet.

πενθήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ὀρᾶρεῖν) lamenting, mourning.

πενθητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer.

πενθητήριος, α, ου, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning.

πενθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of πενθητήρ.

πενθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πενθικῶς ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πένθιμος, ου, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful. II. mournful, wretched. From

ΠΕ'ΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, (πένομαι) poverty, need.

πενιχράλεος, α, ου, collat. form of πενιχρός, poor.

πενιχρός, ἄ, ὄν, like πένης, poor, needy.

ΠΕ'ΝΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From

πεντά-δραχμος, ου, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-αέθλιον, τό, poet. for πεντάθλιον.

πεντ-αέθλον, τό, poet. for πένταθλον.

πεντ-αέθλος, ὁ, poet. for πένταθλος.

πενταετηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years. II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντᾶ-έτηρος, ου, poet. for πενταετής, five years old.

πεντᾶ-ετής, ἐς or πεντα-έτης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) five years old. II. of Time, lasting five years: hence

πεντάετες, as Adv. for five years.

πεντ-άθλιον, τό, collat. form of πένταθλον.

πέντ-αθλον Ion. πεντ-αέθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them. II. metaph. one who tries his

band at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αιχμος, ου, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed.

πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times.

πεντᾶκισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000.

πεντᾶκισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, five times 1000 = 5000.

πεντᾶκόσιοι Ep. πεντηκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, πεντακοσία ἵππος five hundred horse. II. at Athens,

οἱ πεντακόσιοι, = ἡ βουλή, the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οἱ ἀπὸ κνάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντᾶκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ου, (πεντακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens

the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι formed the first class, the other three being the ἱππεῖς, ζευγῖται, θῆτες.

πεντᾶκοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πεντᾶ-κῦμία, ἡ, (πέντε, κύμα) the fifth wave, sup-



posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρι-κυμία, δεκακυμία*.

*πεντὰ-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five hand-breadths wide.*

*πεντά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, (πέντε, πῆχυς) five cubits long or broad.*

*πενταπλάσιος [α], α, ον, (πέντε) fivefold.*

*πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.*

*πεντά-πολις, ή, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns, as Τρίπολις was a state of three, Δεκάπολις of ten.*

*πεντάρ-ράγος, ον, (πέντε, ράξ) with five berries.*

*πεντα-σπίθαμος, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans long or broad. [ε]*

*πεντά-στίχος, ον, (πέντε, στίχος) of five lines or verses.*

*πεντά-στομος, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths or openings, of the Nile and Danube.*

*πεντά-τευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεῦχος) consisting of five books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc. βίβλος), ή, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.*

*πεντὰ-φύης, ές, (πέντε, φύη) five in nature or number.*

*πένταχᾶ, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions.*

*πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.*

**ΠΕΝΤΕ** Acol. πέμπε, οί, αί, τά, indecl. five, Lat. *quinque*. In Compos. it takes the form *πεντα-* as well as *πεντε-*.

*πεντε-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. fifteen.*

*πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, ή, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) a squadron of fifteen ships.*

*πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαντον) of fifteen talents worth or weight.*

*πεντε-και-δέκατος, η, ον, fifteenth.*

*πεντεκαίδεκ-ήρης, ές, with fifteen banks of oars.*

*πεντε-σύριγγος, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes or bores; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine furnished with five bores, through which the head, arms, and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.*

*πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit.*

*πεντ-ετηρίς, ίδος, ή, a term or space of five years; διὰ πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five years.*

**II.** a festival celebrated every five years, such as the *Panathenaea* at Athens. From

*πεντ-έτης, ές, (πέντε, έτος) of five years, lasting five years.*

*πεντε-τρίάζω, to conquer five times.*

*πεντήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty.*

*πεντηκοντά-εις, ίδος, ή, fem. of*

*πεντηκοντά-ετής, ές or -έτης, ές, contr. -ούτης, (πεντήκοντα, έτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years.*

*πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) fifty-headed.*

*πεντηκοντά-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) = πεντηκοντακάρηνος.*

*πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, consisting of fifty children.*

*πεντηκόντ-αρχος, ό, (πεντήκοντα, άρχω) the commander of fifty men.*

**II.** one who commands a

*πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.*

*πεντηκόντερος, ή, = πεντηκόντορος.*

*πεντηκοντήρ, ήρος, ό, (πεντήκοντα) the commander of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army.*

*πεντηκοντό-γῦος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γῦα) of fifty acres of corn-land.*

*πεντηκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, όργυια) fifty fatboms deer, bigb, etc.*

*πεντηκόντορος, ή, with and without ναῦς, (πεντήκοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars.*

*πεντηκοντ-ούτης, ές, contr. for πεντηκονταέτης.*

*πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ep. for πεντακόσιοι.*

*πεντηκοστεύω, f. σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pass. to pay the tax.*

*πεντηκοστή, ή, see πεντηκοστός.*

*πεντηκοστήρ, ήρος, ό, = πεντηκοντήρ.*

*πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collecting the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοστολόγος, ό, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.*

*πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς) with fifty children.*

*πεντηκοστός, ή, όν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftieth.*

**II.** as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, 1. (sub. μερίς), the fiftieth part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent., imposed on all exports and imports. 2. (sub. ήμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost. Hence

*πεντηκοστός, υος, ή, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.*

*πεντ-ήρης, ές, (πέντε, έρέσσω) with five banks of oars: as Subst., πεντήρης (sub. ναῦς), ή, a quinquereme.*

*πέντ-οζος, ον, (πέντε, όζος) having five branches or points: Hes. calls the hand πέντοζον, the five-pointed.*

*πεντ-όργυιος, ον, (πέντε, όργυια) of five fatboms.*

*πεντ-ώβολος, ον, (πέντε, όβολός) of or worth five obols: as Subst., πεντώβολον, τό, a five-obol piece: πεντώβολον ήλιάσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day.*

*πεντ-ώβολος, ό, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.*

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*πεντ-ώβολος, ό, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.*

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι.  
 πέπανος, ον, collat. form of πέπων, *ripe, mellow*.  
 πεπαρῆν, an old aor. 2 inf. *to display, manifest*.  
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πείρω: inf. πεπαρῆναι.  
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πείρω.  
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέομαι.  
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, *to possess*.  
 πέπασμαι, πεπάσμεν, pf. and plqpf. of πατέομαι.  
 πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.  
 πεπείθαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.  
 πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω.  
 πέπειρος, ον, also fem. πέπειρᾶ, = πέπων, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.  
 πέπεισθῆ, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.  
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.  
 πεπέρασμαι, pf. pass. of περαίνω.  
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.  
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.  
 πεπίεσμαι, pf. pass. of πιέζω.  
 πεπιθίσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.  
 πεπιθήσω, Ep. fut. of πείθω.  
 πέπιθον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιθόμεν 1 pl. subj.; πεπιθόμεν, πεπιθόειν 1 and 3 pl. opt.: inf. πεπιθείν, fem. part. πεπιθοῦσα.  
 πεπλανημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, *roaming, wandering*.  
 πέπλασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.  
 πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.  
 πεπληγίμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.  
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω.  
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.  
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάζω.  
 ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, ὁ, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, *τά*, Lat. *peplum*, any woven cloth used for a covering, a sheet, bawling, curtain. II. a large full robe or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival. III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress.  
 πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλῦσθαι.  
 πέπλωμα, ατος, τό, (πέπλος) a flowing robe, garment.  
 πέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., *to have breath or soul*; metaph. *to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage*; 2 sing. πέπνυσαι; inf. πεπνῦσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πέπνυσο:—part. πεπνυμένος used as Adj. *sage, wise, prudent*.  
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέπνυμαι.  
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, *to trust, rely on*. Hence πεποίθη, Ep. for ἐπεποίθειν, plqpf. med. of πείθω.  
 πεποίθησις, ἡ, *trust, reliance, boldness*.  
 πεποιθοίην, opt. of πέποιθα.  
 πεποιθόμεν, Ep. for πεποιθόμεν, 1 pl. subj. of πέποιθα.  
 πεποιθῶ, subj. of πέποιθα.  
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πολίζω.  
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.  
 πεπόννητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.  
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρθω.  
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.  
 πεποτήταται, Ep. for πεπότηνται, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf. of same.  
 πέπρᾶγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.  
 πέπραγμα, pf. pass. of πράσσω.  
 πέπρᾶκα, πέπρᾶμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.  
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω.  
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb \*πύρω (from which also comes aor. 2 ἔπορον):—it has, had been fated; part. πεπρωμένος, fated: ἡ πεπρωμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like εἰμαρμένη.  
 πέπτᾶμαι, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. πεπταμένος.  
 πεπτέαται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.  
 πεπτεῶτα, for πεπτῶτα, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πίπτω.  
 πεπτηώς, Ep. for πεπτηκώς, pf. part. of πτήσσω, *frightened, timid, shy*.  
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.  
 πεπτώς, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.  
 πέπτω, sec πέσσω.  
 πεπύθοιτο [ῥ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι.  
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάζω.  
 πέπυσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεπύσθαι.  
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.  
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω.  
 ΠΕΨΩΝ, ον, gen. ονος; Comp. and Sup. πεπαίτερος, -τατος:—of fruit, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *mitis, maturus*. II. metaph. *soft, tender, gentle*: also *softened, assuaged*: often used in addressing a person, ὦ πέπον, as Subst., *oh my friend*: so, κριε πέπον my pet ram: in bad sense, ὦ πέπονες ye weaklings, ye dastards.  
 ΠΕΨ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much, very*, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἰμί, ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκες γε μινυνθάδιόν περ ἔόντα since you have given birth to me all short-lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, κρατερός περ strong as he is; or with an Adv., μινυνθά περ for a very little time; ὀλίγον περ little as it is. 2. to call attention to something objected to, *albeit, though, however*; so, λιγύς περ ἔων ἀγορητής however loud-tongued a talker he be. 3. also to strengthen a negation, οὐδέ περ, *no, not even, not at all*, where, as in Lat. *ne .. quidem*, οὐδέ is divided by one or more words from περ. II. to call attention to one or more things, *however, at any rate, yet, as*, ἅλλους περ ἐλέαιρε pity others at any rate. III. περ is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as ὅσπερ, ἥπερ, διόπερ, ὥσπερ, etc.  
 πέρᾳ, Adv. *beyond, across or over further*, Lat. *ultra*; μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὐ as far as the middle, but no further. II. of Time, *beyond, longer*: c. gen., πέρα μεσούσης ἡμέρας beyond midday. III. metaph. *beyond measure, excessively*: c. gen., πέρα



δίκης beyond all justice. IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἀπίστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περᾶν, Ep. for περᾶν, pres. inf. of περάω.

περάσκει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

πέραθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαίνω, aor. I ἐπέρανα: Pass., aor. I ἐπεράνθην: pf. πεπέρασμαι, inf. πεπεράνθαι: (πέρας):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end. II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαιός, α, ον, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II. ἡ περαιή (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαιῶ, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐπεραιώσα: Pass., f. περαιώθησμαι: aor. I ἐπεραιώθην: pf. πεπεραιώμαι:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιότερος, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further; ὁδοὶ περαιότεραι roads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαιότερον, further, beyond.

πέραν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; πέραν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia. II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος πέραν. III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (περαίνω) conclusive.

περ-άπτω, Aeol. for περιάπτω.

πέρᾱς, ἄτος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [ā]

πέρασις, ἡ, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίου πέρασις passage from life (to death).

πέρᾱτος, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior. II. ἡ περάτη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περᾱτός Ion. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περᾶν Ep. περάαν: Ion. impf. περάσκον: fut. περάσω [ā] Ion. περήσω, Ep. inf. περησέμεναι: aor. I ἐπέρασα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πεπέρακα (πέρα): I. trans. to drive right across or through.

2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφρος ἀργαλή περάαν a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περᾶν to pass through a danger; περᾶν ὄρκον to go through or recite the terms of an oath. 3. to let go through. II. intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2. to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B), fut. περάσω [ā] Ep. περάσσω Att. περῶ: aor. I ἐπέρᾱσα Ep. ἐπέρασσα: pf. pass. πεπέρημαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περᾶν τινὰ Λήμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγᾱμία, ἡ, = Πέργαμος.

Πέργαμος, ἡ, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΔΙΞ, ἴκος or ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -icis.

ΠΕΡΔΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἐπαρδον, pf. πέπορδα:—to break wind.

περιεμμένον, Aeol. for περιειμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιέννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν.

πέρην, Adv., Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ep. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω.

περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for περᾱτός.

πέρθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. πέρσω: pf. πέπορθα: aor. I ἐπερσα: aor. 2 ἐπράθον, inf. πρᾶθειν Ep. πρᾶθειν:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 inf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, rase. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ', Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE:

I. of Place, around, about, near.

II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περὶ νόστου ἀκουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περὶ τινος to speak of a subject.

2. about, for, on account of; βουλευεῖν περὶ φόνον to lay plans for the slaying.

3. of contending for an object; περὶ θανόντος for the dead; θεῖν περὶ ψυχῆς to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περὶ πτόλιος to fight for the city.

4. of the motive; περὶ ἐριδος μάρνασθαι to fight for very enmity's sake.

5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ περὶ as to number.

III. like Lat. *prae*, before, above, beyond; περὶ πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen.

IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: περὶ πολλοῦ ἐστὶν ἡμῖν it is of much consequence to us; περὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι or ἡγεῖσθαι τι to reckon a thing worth much; περὶ πλείονος, περὶ ὀλίγου, περὶ οὐδενός ποιεῖσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about:

I. of Place, around, round about; περὶ χροῖ close round the skin; χεῖρ περὶ ἔγχεϊ the hand round, grasping the spear; ἀσπαίρειν περὶ δουρί to quiver round or on the spear.

2. bard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one. II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περὶ οἷσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. *propter*: περὶ φόβῳ for fear; περὶ χάρατι for joy.

WITH ACCUS. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, about, around, near, by; ἡ περὶ Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidus; περὶ τὰ ἔλεα οἰκέουσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῖντες περὶ ἕνα many round about one, many to one. II. of persons who are about one, as attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἀμφὶ τινα; τὰ περὶ τι all that belongs to a thing. III. of the object with which one is occupied, esp. of the place; περὶ δόρπα πονεῖσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ἡ φιλοσοφία περὶ ἀλήθειάν ἐστι philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τὰ περὶ τὸν Κύρον οὕτως ἐγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus. IV. of Time, about, Lat. *circa*; περὶ τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers, περὶ τρισχιλίουσιν about 3000.

IN POSITION, περί may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes paroxyt. περί.

As ADV., περί, around, about, also near, by. II. also περί, with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases, περί κῆρι, περί θυμῷ beyond measure in heart or soul; where περί must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Πέρι sometimes stands for περίεστι.

IN COMPOS., all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in περι-βάλλω, περι-έχω, περι-βαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in περι-γίγνομαι, περι-εργάζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in περι-καλλής, περι-δείδω, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus*, *per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *i* in περί is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel.

περι-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round. II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. ναῦς to order ships.

περι-αγής, ἐς, (περί, ἔαγα) broken in pieces. II. Dor. for περιηγής.

περι-άγνυμι and -ύω, f. -άξω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., ὅψ περιάγνυται the voice is echoed all round.

περι-άγω, f. -άξω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med. 3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round. II. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις to go round the cities. [ᾱ] Hence περιάγωγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, a machine for twisting round, a tourniquet.

περιαγωγή, ἡ, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution. περιαιρετός, ἡ, ὅν, able to be taken off. From περι-αιρέω, f. περιαιρήσω: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελείν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one. II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρεῖσθαι κυνέην to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περιαιρεύμενος taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act. III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.

περι-αλγίω, f. ἤσω, to be greatly distressed. περι-αλείφω, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over. περι-άλλος, ὄν, (περί, ἄλλος) beyond or before others:—neut. pl. περίαλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly. περι-ἄλουργός, ὄν, (περί, ἄλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοῖς περιἄλουργός double-dyed in villany.

περίαμμα, ατος, τό, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 περιήμπεσχον:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on. II. to cover all round.

περι-αμπίσχω, impf. -ήμπισχον, = περιαμπέχω. περίαπτος, ὄν, bung about or upon:—as Subst., περίαπτον, τό, = περίαμμα. From

περι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

περι-αρμόζω Att. -όττω, f. ὄσω, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.

περι-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten or flash all round. περι-ασχολέω, f. ἤσω, to be busy about a thing.

περι-αυχένιος, ὄν, (περί, αὐχὴν) worn round the neck; as Subst., περιαυχένιον, τό, a necklace.

περιᾶχον, Ep. for περίαχον, impf. of περιάχω.

περι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέβην: pf. περιβέβηκα:—to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβῆναι ἀδελφείου κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

περι-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 περιέβαλον: pf. περιβέβληκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινὰ χαλκεύματι to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. περιβέβληται, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., τεῖχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν to build a wall round a city. II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person. 3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be fond of a place. III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*; pf. pass. to be in



possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.

περι-βαρίδες, αἱ, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βαρυν, υ, gen. εος, exceeding heavy.

περιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.

περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.

περίβη, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.

περιβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περίβλεπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.

II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περίβλητος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.

περιβόητος, ον, (περιβοάω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against.

II. act. with loud cries. περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ἡ, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ξίφους the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town.

II. a space enclosed, compass. III. a circumference, circuit. IV. metaphor, a compassing, aiming at.

περίβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling.

II. as Subst., περίβολος, ὁ, = περιβολή, anything thrown round; οἱ περίβολοι walls thrown round a town.

2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ἤσω, to bum round.

περί-βουνος, ον, surrounded by hills.

περι-βρῦχτιον, τό, (περί, βραχίων) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περι-βρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round [v]

περί-βωτος, ον, Ion. for περιβύητος.

περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape from.

2. of things, to remain over and above. 3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίειμι (εἰμί sum).

περι-γλαγγής, ἐς, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνάομαι, Dep. (περί, γλήνη):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλῶσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, fetch a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, ον, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγραφή, ἡ, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round.

2. to define, determine. II. to draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.

III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περίδδισα, Ep. for περιέδδισα, aor. 1 of περιδείδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δεής, ἐς, (περί, δέος) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ῶς, in great fear.

περιδεΐδια, Ep. pf. of περιδείδω.

περι-δεΐδω, f. -δεΐσομαι: aor. 1 περιέδδισα Ep. περιδδισα, part. περιδδίσας: pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδεΐδια:—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περί-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δεῖπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξις, ον, like ἀμφιδέξις, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter.

II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέσκομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about.

II. trans. to look earnestly at.

περι-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed.

περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -δίδοις, -δίδοι: f. -δώσω:—to give round.

II. Med. περιδίδομαι, fut. -δώσομαι: aor. 2 -εδόμην:—to stake or wager, c. gen. rei; τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod; ἐμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself; περιδίδομαι περὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol., περίδου νῦν ἐμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δίνεω, f. ἤσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 1.

περί-δινής, ἐς, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδείδω: to be much afraid about one.

περίδου, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περίδραμον, Ep. for περιέδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the hand.

περι-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of περίδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ἡ, (περίδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit.

2. a revolution, orbit.

περίδρομος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular.

2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached.

II. as Subst., περίδρομος, ὁ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as 1. the string that runs round a net for closing it.

2. a gallery running round a building. 3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 περιδρύφθη, be had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδόμεθον, 1 dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.  
περι-εδέδετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιδέω.

περι-έζωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι.

περι-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω being used instead:—to look about for, await. 2. to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass, allow, suffer.

II. pf. περίοιδα with pres. sense; plqpf. περιήδειν with impf. sense, Att. περιήδη; inf. περιειδέναι Ep. περιίδμεναι: to know or understand better; βουλήν περιίδμεναι ἄλλων to be better in counsel than others.

περιειλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (περιείλω) wound round, encircling.

περι-ελίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιεῖλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-εἶλλω or -εἰλέω, to fold or wrap round:—Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περί-ειμι, (περί, εἰμί sum) to be around; τὰ περιόντα circumstances. II. to be better than or superior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number, outnumber. III. to over-live, outlive: absol. to survive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be over and above, to remain in hand. IV. to remain as a result or consequence, come about, ensue: cf. περιγίγνομαι.

περί-ειμι, (περί, εἰμί ibo) to go round or about, fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass; περιέναι φυλακὰς to go the rounds of the guards. II. to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνου περιόντος as time came round.

περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round.

περιέκρῦβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of περικρύπτω.

περιέλασις, εως, ἡ, a driving or riding round: a place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω: aor. 1 -ἤλασα: pf. -ελήλακα:—to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to drive about, harass, distress. II. (sub. ἄρμα, ἵππον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

περι-ελίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -ελίσσω:—f. ξω:—to roll or wind round:—Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-έλκω, f. -ελεύσω [ῥ], to drag round or about.

περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.

περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, aor. 2 of περιπίπτω.

περι-έπω, impf. περιεῖπον: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2 περιέσπον, inf. περισπεῖν: fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι: aor. 1 pass. inf. περιεφθῆναι:—to be busy about, tend diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with attention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but, τρηχέως περιέπειν to handle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι ὑπό τινος to be roughly handled by one; καλῶς περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also, περιέπειν τινά ὡς or ὅτε πολέμιον to treat one as an enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: Dep.:—to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; τῷ θυλάκῳ περιειργάσθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word). 2. to meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργος, ον, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts. 2. meddling, interfering, officious. II. pass. overwrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous.

περι-έργω Att. -εἰργω, f. ξω, to enclose all round, encompass.

περι-ερρύην, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρέω.

περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχόμεν: f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, go about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire: c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of Time, to come round. II. to go round and return to a spot, to come round to; ἡ τίσις περιῆλθε τὸν Πανιάνιον vengeance came at last upon him. III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περιέσκεμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπάω.

περί-εσσι, Ep. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περίειμι (εἰμί sum).

περιεστώς, pf. part. of περιίστημι.

περι-έσχάτος, η, ον, about the last.

περιέσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έφθος, ον, (περί, ἐφθός) thoroughly boiled.

περι-έχω, f. περιέξω and περισχήσω: aor. 2 περιέσχον, inf. περισχεῖν: aor. 2 med. περιεσχόμεν, inf. περισχέσθαι:—to hold around, encompass, embrace, surround: of a city, to beleague or blockade. II. like περίειμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass, overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III. Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to protect. 2. to hold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to. 3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμένης) very powerfully or violently.

περι-ζέω poet. -ζείω, f. -ζέσω, to boil round about.

περί-ζυγος, ον, also περίζυξ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (περί, ζυγόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so of horses' harness, περίζυγα are spare straps.

περίζωμα, ατος, τό, an apron. From

περι-ζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζώσω: to gird round:—Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron. Hence

περιζωσάμενος, aor. 1 med. part.

περι-ζώστρα, ἡ, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.

περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about, shew the way round. Hence

περιηγής, ἐς, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγησις, εως, ἡ, like περιγραφή, a sketch, outline: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plqpf. of περίοιδα: see περιείδον.

περι-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come round to one, to have



arrived at last: c. acc., τὰ σὲ περιήκοντα *that which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.*

περιήλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσαι, ἡ, (περιέρχομαι) *a coming round, revolution.*

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ἥσω, *to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him. (The deriv. of ἡμεκτέω is uncertain.)*

περιήνεκα, Ion. aor. 1 of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ἥσω, *to echo or ring all round.*

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θάλπος) *very warm or hot.*

περιθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περίθεσις, εως, ἡ, (περιτίθημι) *a placing or putting round, putting on.*

περιθετός, ἡ, ὄν, and περίθετος, ὄν, (περιτίθημι) *put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.*

περι-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, *to run round.*

περι-θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, *to go round and observe.*

περί-θυμος, ὄν, (περί, θυμός) *very wrathful. Adv.,*

περιθύμως ἔχειν *to be very angry.*

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, *to wound all round.*

περι-ιάχω [ᾱ], *to ring around, re-echo: Ep. 3 sing. impf. περιάχε [ῖ] for περιάχε.*

περιιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιεῖδον.

περιιδμεναι, Ep. for περιειδέναι, inf. of περίοιδα.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. *to sit round about.*

περι-ίστημι, f. περιστήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα:—*to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state. 2. aor. 1 med. περιεστησάμην is also trans., to place round oneself. II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην: pf. -έστηκα: plqpf. -εστήκειν:—to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass. 2.*

*to come round to, devolve upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, especially for the worse. 3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun.*

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περίειμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, *an offscouring, defilement: hence a polluted wretch.*

περι-καθέζομαι, Dep. *to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.*

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάθημαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέζομαι):—*to be seated round, to sit round; περικαθῆσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.*

περι-καίω, fut. -καύσω, *to set on fire, burn round about:—Pass. to be scorched all round: metaph. to be inflamed.*

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) *very beautiful.*

περι-καλύπτω, f. ψω, *to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over. II. to cover all round, cover completely.*

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. ἄξω, *to break all round.*

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, *to embrace all round. 2. to overtake. 3. to constrain, compel.*

περι-καταρρίω, f. -ρεύσομαι, *to fall down all round, go to ruin.*

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, *to tear down round about, rend off:—Med. to rend one's own garment.*

περι-κάθημαι, Ion. for περικάθημαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ᾱ]

περί-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι:—*to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol., τεῖχος περίκειται a wall is round about. 2. metaph. to be over and above, profit; οὐ τι μοι περίκειται there is no advantage for me. II. to have round one, to have on one; περικείμενος ὕβριν clad in arrogance.*

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, *to shear or clip all round:—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.*

περικεκλημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἡ, (περί, κεφαλή) *a helmet.*

περι-κήδομαι, Dep. *to be very anxious or concerned about one.*

περί-κηλος, ὄν, (περί, κῆλον) *exceeding dry, well-dried.*

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. *to spread round about.*

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, *to break around.*

περι-κλεής, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) *far-famed.*

περί-κλειτος, ὄν, *famous all round, far-famed.*

περι-κλείω Ion. -κλήω old Att. -κλήω: f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω: (περί, κλείω):—*to shut in all round, enclose, environ: to surround, of ships.*

περι-κλύζω, f. -ύσω, *to wash all round:—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island. Hence*

περίκλυστος, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ος, ὄν, *washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.*

περι-κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, *heard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclutus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.*

περι-κνίδιον, τό, *a stalk or sprig.*

περι-κνίζω, f. -ίσω, *to scratch all round:—Med., poet. aor. 1 περιεκνιζάμην, to gnaw all round.*

περι-κοκκύζω, f. σω, *to cry cuckoo all round.*

περι-κομίζω, f. -ίσω, *to carry round:—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.*

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικόπτω) *that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμματα ἐκ σοῦ σκευάσω I will make minced meat of you.*

περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περί-κομψος, ὄν, *very elegant, exquisite.*

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φίλα, ἡ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πῶρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, *exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.*

περικοπή, ἡ, *a cutting all round, mutilation. From*

περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, *to cut all round, clip, mutilate. 2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.*

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) *having full command of.*

περι-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ], Att. -κρεμῶ:—*to hang up all round:—Pass. to be hung about, cling to, c. dat. Hence*

περι-κρεμής, *és*, *bung round with a thing.*  
 περι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or knock all round.  
 περι-κρύβω [*ύ*], late form of περικρύπτω.  
 περι-κρύπτω, *f. ψω*, to cover all round, conceal: to bide oneself.

περι-κτίονες, *όνων*, *οί*, *Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι*, (*περί*, *κτίζω*) like ἀμφι-κτίονες, the dwellers around, neighbours.

περι-κτίται [*ι*], *ών*, *οί*, = περικτιόνες.  
 περι-κυκλόμαι, *f. -ήσομαι*: *Dep. to encircle, encompass, enclose.*

περι-κυκλώω, *f. ὠσω*, to encircle, encompass. Hence περικύκλωσις, *ή*, an encircling.

περι-κυλινδέω, *f. -κυλίω* [*ι*]:—to roll round: *Pass. to be rolled about.*

περι-κύμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (*περί*, *κύμα*) surrounded by the waves.

περι-κωμάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to go about with a party of revellers (*κῶμος*): to carouse around.

περι-κωνέω, *f. ἥσω*, (*περί*, *κῶνος*) to smear all over with pitch: περικωνεῖν τὰ ἐμβάδια to black shoes.

περι-λαλέω, *f. ἥσω*, to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.

περι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι*: *aor. 2 περιέλαβον*:—to seize around, embrace. 2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:—

*Pass. to be caught.* II. to comprehend, take in.

III. to constrain, compel.

περι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to shine or beam round about.

περι-λείβομαι, *Pass. to be shed all over.*

περι-λείπω, *f. ψω*, to leave remaining:—*Pass. to be left remaining, survive.*

περι-λείχω, *f. ξω*, to lick all round: lick clean.

περίλεξις, *ή*, (*περιλέγω*) circumlocution.

περι-λέπω, *f. ψω*, to strip off all round.

περι-λεσχήμενος, *ον*, (*περί*, *λεσχηνεύω*) talked about on all sides, much discussed.

περι-λιμνάζω, *f. ἄσω*, (*περί*, *λίμνη*) to surround with water, insulate.

περι-λιχμάομαι, *Dep. = περιλείχω.*

περί-λοιπος, *ον*, left remaining.

περι-λούω, *f. σω*, to wash all round, wash carefully.

περί-λύπος, *ον*, (*περί*, *λύπη*) exceeding sorrowful.

περι-μαιμάω, to gaze eagerly round: *Ep. part. fem. περιμαιμώωσα.*

περι-μαίνομαι, *Dep. to rage round about.*

περι-μακής, *és*, *Dor. for περιμήκης.*

περι-μάρναμαι, *Dep. to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.*

περι-μάσσω *Att. -ττω*: *f. ξω*:—to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.

περιμάχητος, *ον*, fought about, fought for; and so, to be desired. From

περι-μάχομαι [*α*], *Dep. to fight around.*

περι-μένω, to wait for one, await, expect. II. intr. to wait, abide.

περί-μεστος, *ον*, full all round, very full.

περί-μετρον, τό, (*περί*, *μέτρον*) the circumference.

περί-μετρος, *ον*, (*περί*, *μέτρον*) above measure, very large, immense. II. measuring round: as Subst., περίμετρος (*sub. γραμμή*), *ή*, a circumference.

περι-μήκετος, *ον*, *poët. for περιμήκης.*

περι-μήκης, *és*, (*περί*, *μήκος*) very tall, big or long.

περι-μηχανάομαι, *f. -ήσομαι*: *Ep. 3 pl. impf. -μηχανόωντο*: *Dep. to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for.*

περι-μυχάομαι, *Dep. to bellow around.*

περι-ναιετάω, to dwell round about or near. 2. in pass. sense to be inhabited.

περι-ναίετης, *ον*, *ό*, a neighbour. From

περι-ναίω and *Med. -ναίομαι*, to dwell round.

περι-νέφελος, *ον*, (*περί*, *νεφέλη*) overclouded.

περι-νέω, *f. ἥσω*: *aor. 1 inf. περινήσαι* *Ep. -νήσαι*: (*περί*, *νέω*):—to pile round.

περί-νεως, *ό*, *gen. -νεω*, *nom. pl. περίνεω*: (*περί*, *νεώς* *gen. of ναῦς*): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (*πρόσκαπος*).

περινήσας *Ep. -νήσας*, *aor. 1 part. of περινέω.*

περι-νίσσομαι, *Dep. to go round: of Time, to recur.*

περι-νοέω *f. ἥσω*, to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.

περίνοια, *ή*, intelligence. II. over-wiseness. From

περί-νοος, *ον*, (*περί*, *νόος*) exceeding wise.

περι-νοστέω, *f. ἥσω*, to go round or about.

πέριξ, strengthd. for *περί*: I. Prep. round about, all round; c. *gen.*, but mostly c. *acc.* II. Adv. round about.

περι-ξεστός, *ή*, *όν*, polished all round.

περι-ξέω, *f. -ξέω*, to polish all round.

περι-ξυράω *Ion. -έω*, *f. ἥσω*, to shave all round.

περί-οδος, *ή*, a going round, the making a circuit round. II. a way round: a circuit, compass; τὴν περίοδον *absol.*, in circumference. III. a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart. IV. a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time. 2. a course at dinner; περίοδος λόγων *table-talk.* 3. the orbit of a heavenly body. 4. a fit that recurs at intervals. V. a well-rounded sentence, period.

περίοδος, *pf. of περιείδω*: see περιείδω II.

περι-οικέω, *f. ἥσω*, to dwell round about: c. *acc.* to dwell round a person or slave.

περι-οικίς, *ίδος*, *ή*, *fem. of περίοικος*, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. II. as Subst., περίοικίς (*sub. γῆ* or *χώρα*), *ή*, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.

περι-οικοδομέω, *f. ἥσω*: *pf. pass. -φκοδόμηναι* *Ion. -οικοδόμηναι*:—to build round about. II. to enclose by building round:—*Pass. to be built up, walled in.*

περί-οικος, *ον*, (*περί*, *οικέω*) dwelling round about or near, neighbouring. II. *οί περίοικοι* were, in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.



περιοίσω, fut. of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περίειμι (εἰμί sum).

περι-οπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of περιοράω (see περιόφωμαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.

II. neut. περι-οπτόν, one must overlook.

περί-οπτος, ον, (περιόφωμαι) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.

περι-οράω, imperf. περιέωρων Ion. περιώρων: pf. περιεώρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεώραμαι:—f. περιόφωμαι, from an obsol. verb περιόπτομαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώφθην, pf. περιώμμαι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περίοιδα, see περι-είδον):—to look around for, wait for.

II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do.

III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from. 2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv. -γώς, very wrathfully.

περί-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ορθρος) daybreak, dawn.

περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries. Hence

περιορισμός, οὔ, ὁ, a marking out by boundaries.

περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ήσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίειμι) that which is over and above: a surviving. 2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty. 3. superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ον, more than enough, abundant. 2. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.

περιόφωμαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from \*περιόπτομαι.

περι-παπαίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πατέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

περιπατητικός, ή, ὄν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

περί-πάτος, ὁ, (περί, πατέω) a walking about, strolling, Lat. ambulatio.

II. a place for walking, a covered walk. III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πείρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.

περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενος: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or about. 2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur.

περίπεμπος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent round.

περι-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιεπέμφθην:—to send round, despatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περιπεσεῖν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθεῖς cajoled.

περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [α]: pf. παύ-πέπταμαι or -πέπτασμαι:—to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, ὄν, spread round, outspread.

περιπέτεια, ή, (περιπετής) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.

περιπετής, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2. enfolded, encompassed; but,

έγχοσ περιπετές the sword on which he had fallen. II. falling in with. III. changing suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances.

περι-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly around.

περι-πενκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sharp or keen.

περι-πήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to put as a fence round. II. to make to congeal round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: imperf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επίμπρα, -επίμπρασιν.

περι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace

2. to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against.

2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into; έαυτῷ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare. III. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλανάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or hover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence

περιπλάνιος, ον, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From

περι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to twine round about. 2. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf. -πέπλεγμαι: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c. dat.; έστῶ περιπλεχθείς folded round the mast.

περί-πλευρος, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.

περιπλέχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέκω.

περι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.

περί-πλεως, ον, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion. περί-πλεος, ον:—quite full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πληθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέω) a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέω) enfolded: entangled.

περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπέλωμαι.

περί-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round.

περί-πλοος, ὁ, contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περι-πλύνω [ῥ], to wash all round, wash clean.

περι-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνέω, poet. for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe round.

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθίω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περι-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησις, εως, ἡ, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ον, or -αρχος, ον, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἀρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περι-πολέω, f. ἥσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περι-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., 1. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.

περι-πόνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περι-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) edged with purple, Lat. praetextatus.

περι-ποτάομαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, to bower about.

περι-πρό, Adv., = περί πρό, very, especially.

περι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., ἔπος θυμὸν περιπροχῦθεῖς ἐδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.

περίπτισμα, ατος, τό, a husk, skin. From

περι-πτίσσω, to strip off the husk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπτισμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.

περίπτυγμα, ατος, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περι-πτύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, envelop, ensound: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence

περιπτύχῃ, ἡ, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τειχέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναύλοχοι περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχης, ἐς, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνῳ περιπτυχῆς fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρραγῆς, ἐς, (περιρραγῆναι) broken or rent round about.

περι-ραίνω, f. ἄνω, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρραγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρρήγνυμι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περι-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην:—to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ ἀσπίς περιερρύη εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περι-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 -ερράγην [ᾱ]: intr. pf. -έρρωγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ ὄξυ τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρήγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηδῆς, ἐς, (περιρρέω) falling round or upon.

περιρροή, ἡ, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περίρροος, ον, contr. -ρρους, ον, (περιρρέω) like περίρρυτος, surrounded with water.

περίρρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περι-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περι-σεύω poet. περισσεύω, f. σω, to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμνος, ον, also η, ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly honoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

περισθενέω, f. ἥσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

περι-σθενής, ἐς, (περί, σθένος) exceeding strong or powerful.

περι-σκελής, ἐς, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or hardened all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περι-σκελῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.



περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.  
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.  
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ἤσω, to leap round or about.  
 περι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -έσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι, formed from \*περισκέπτομαι:—to look round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look at from all points: to watch and see: to look about one, be circumspect.

περι-σκυλακισμός, ου, ὁ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round.

περι-σμάραγγέω, f. ἤσω, to rattle all round.  
 περι-σμήνω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [v]  
 περι-σοβέω, f. ἤσω, to chafe or rub about. II. intr. to run round about, c. acc.

περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.  
 περι-σπάω, f. άσω [α], to draw off from around, strip off:—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II. to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different ways, distracted.

περισπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπω.  
 περισπερχέω, = περισπερχής εἰμι, to be very indignant. From  
 περι-σπερχής, ές, (περί, σπέρχω) very hasty or hurried; περισπερχής πάθος an over-hasty death.  
 περί-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνον) great-bearted.

περισ-σαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.  
 περισσεῖα, ή, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abundance. II. superiority, preeminence.

περισ-σεῖω, poet. for περισεῖω.  
 περίσσευμα, τό, superabundance: that which is left or is over, a remnant. From

περισσεύω later Att. -ττεύω: impf. ἐπερίσσευον: (περισσός):—to be over and above, outnumber, be too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough; τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surplus; τοσούτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσευε such an abundance of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be overmuch or superfluous. III. to have more than enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal sense, to make to abound.

περισσο-λογία, ή, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking, wordiness, verbiage.

περισσός later Att. περιττός, ή, ὢν, (περί) above measure, more than the average, above the common: uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; περισσός άλλων πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange, unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraordinary.

II. more than sufficient; τὸ περισσόν a surplus, residue; περισσαι σκηναί spare tents.

III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive; περισσὰ δρᾶν to be over-busy; περισσὰ φρονεῖν to be over-wise.

2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined overmuch: artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven, Lat. impar, opp. to ἄρτιος.

περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, ή, (περισσός) superfluity, excess.

περισσό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ή, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσῶς, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly: Comp. περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσότερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else; so, οὐδὲν περισσότερον ἢ εἰ . . . no otherwise than if.

περι-στάδον, Adv. (περίστημα) standing round about.

περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.  
 περιστάθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημα. [α]  
 περισταῖην, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημα.

περιστάς, -στάσα, -σάν, aor. 2 part. of περίστημα.  
 περί-στάτος, ον, (περίστημα) surrounded, admired by the crowd.

περι-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fence about with a palisade, fortify or fence round:—Med. to fortify oneself with a palisade.

περιστεῖλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.  
 περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.

περιστεῖωσι, Ep. for περιστῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περίστημα.

περι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. I -έστελα:—to dress, clothe, to wrap round: to lay out a corpse, Lat. componere; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover, cloak. III. to take care of, protect, maintain;

περιστελλεῖν αἰοδᾶν to uphold minstrelsy; περιστελλεῖν ἔργα to attend to agriculture.

περι-στενᾷχίζω, f. ίσω, to sigh, groan about or over, bemoan:—Med. to echo around.

περι-στένω, to cram full all round: Pass. to be crammed full. II. to groan around.

περίστεπτος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed.  
 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ, ή, a dove, pigeon.

περιστερεών, ὠνος, ὁ, a dove-cote. From  
 περι-στεφᾶνῶ, f. ώσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle, surround as with a crown.

περιστεφής, ές, wreathed, crowned; ἀνθέων περιστεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining, encircling. From

περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, enwreath.

περίστησαν, Ep. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of περίστημα.

περιστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of περίστημα.

περιστήωσι, Ep. for περιστῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περίστημα.

περι-στίζω, f. ξω: aor. I -έστιξα:—to dot at equal intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2. c. dat. to stick round with things.

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.

περι-στίχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.

περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοῖχος) to surround with toils or nets:—Med. to bedge in.

περί-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στοῖχος) set round in rows.

περι-στονᾷχίζω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: aor. I -εστρατοπεδενσάμην: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege, beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, f. ψω, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, ἡ, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, f. ἴσω, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστρωφόμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στῦλος, ον, (περί, στῦλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περί-στῦλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφάλλης, ἐς, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery.

περι-σφύριος, ον, (περί, σφῦρόν) round the ankle:—as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an anklet.

περί-σφῦρος, ον, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, Ep. for περισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέχω.

περίσχεο, Ep. for περίσχου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, f. ἴσω, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σώζω, f. σω, to save alive, save from death:—Pass. to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, Ion. for περιτέμνω.

περι-ταφρεύω, f. σω, (περί, τάφρος) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

περι-τείνω, f. -τενῶ, (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω, to wall all round, fortify. 2. to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round. Hence

περιτειχίσις, ἡ, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτειχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, ὁ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, f. ἴσω, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμεῖν, inf. fut. of περιτέμνω.

περι-τέμνω Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut round, clip round about:—Med., περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αἰδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms. II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land. III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted.

περι-τέρμων, ον, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round.

περι-τέχνησις, ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. 1 -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην, imperat. -θες:—to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τίμηεις, εσσα, εν, (περί, τιμή) much honoured.

περιτομή, ἡ, (περιτέμνω) circumcision.

περι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot, outshoot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω: aor. 1 -έτρεψα:—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 of περιτρέω.

περι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. 1 -έθρεψα:—to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from \*περι-δρέμω, —f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον: pf. -δέδρομα:—to run round, spin or whirl round. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about.

περιτριβής, ἐς, (περιτριβῆναι) worn all round. From

περι-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 -έτριψα:—Pass, aor. 2 -ετρίβην [ι]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, ατος, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass., σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσιν all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. acc. to drive about, harass.

περιτροπή, ἡ, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; ἐν περιτροπῇ or ἐκ περιτροπῆς by turns.

περι-τρόχαλος, ον, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about.

περι-τροχάω, collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round.

περι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρώγον:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιττεύω, περιττός, etc., later Att. for περισσεύω, περισσός, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον: pf. -τετύχηκα:—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περι-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

περι-φαίνομαι, Pass. to be visible all round; ἐν περιφαινομένῳ (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around.



περιφάνεια, ἡ, α being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [α] From

περι-φάνης, ἐς, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έστατος.

περίφαντος, ον, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris.

περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφανής, manifestly.

περι-φείδομαι, Dep. to spare so that he survives, c. gen.

περιφέρεια, ἡ, a circumference: a round figure. From

περιφερής, ἐς, (περιφέρω) carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding. 2. surrounded by.

περι-φέρω, f. περιοίω: aor. I περιήνεγκα:—to carry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to

move a thing round in a circle: to band round. II.

οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things. III. to endure, hold out. IV.

Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time. 2. to wander or range about.

περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι:—to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc. 2. to escape from illness, get over an attack.

περι-φλεύω, pf. pass. περιπέφλευσμαι:—to scorch or burn all round.

περί-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιός) with bark all round.

περι-φλύω [ὑ], = περιφλεύω.

περι-φοβέομαι, Pass. to fear greatly.

περί-φοβος, ον, (περί, φόβος) in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.

περί-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about.

περιφορά, ἡ, (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round. II. (from

Pass.) a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.

περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence

περιφορητός, ὄν, carried about. II. going or ranging about. III. notorious, infamous.

περιφράδης, ἐς, very thoughtful, very careful, considerate. Adv. -δέως, carefully. From

περι-φράζομαι, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.

περίφρακτος, ον, fenced round:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, an enclosure. From

περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to fence round.

περι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to

contemn, despise.

περι-φρουρέω, f. ήσω, to guard on all sides, blockade.

περί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ή, voc. περίφρον, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ὑπέρ-φρων,

baughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.

περιφύγή, ἡ, (περιφυγεῖν) a place of refuge.

περιφύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.

περι-φύσσητος, ον, (περί, φύσάω) blown upon from all sides.

περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [ὑ]: aor. I -έφῦσα:—trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. -φύσομαι [ὑ]: with pf. act. περιπέφυκα: aor. 2 περιέφυν, inf. περιφύναι, part. περιφύς [ὑ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.

περι-χάρᾱκώ, f. ώσω, (περί, χάραξ) to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.

περι-χάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to scratch or cut all round.

περιχάρεια, ἡ, exceeding great joy. From

περι-χάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆναι) exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές = περιχάρεια.

περι-χειλώω, f. ώσω, (περί, χεῖλος) to surround with a rim or border.

περι-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περι-χεύω, aor. I περιχεῖα: Pass., aor. I -εχύθην [ὑ]: pf.

-κέχῃμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon;

περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέρασι to put gold round the horns:

—Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.

περι-χθών, ὄνος, ὁ, ή, round about the earth.

περι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance round or about.

περι-χρῦσώω, f. ώσω, to gild all over.

περι-χώομαι, f. -χώσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχωσάμην:—to be exceeding angry or wroth.

περι-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.

περί-χωρος, ον, (περί, χώρος) round about a place; as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γῆ), ή, the country round about.

περι-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν: fut. -ψήσω:—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence

περίψημα, τό, anything wiped off, offscouring.

περι-ψιλώω, f. ώσω, (περί, ψιλος) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., περι-

ψιλωθῆναι τὰς σάρκας to have the flesh all stripped off.

περι-ψδέω, f. ήσω, (περί, ψῆδῃ) to subdue by spells.

περιωδύνια, ή, excessive pain. From

περι-ώδυνος, ον, (περί, ὀδύνη) exceeding painful. II. suffering great pain.

περι-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωσμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.

περι-ωπή, ή, (περί, ὦψ) a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπῆς by a bird's-eye view. II. cir-

cumspection, caution.

περι-ώσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος, immense, vast, as Adv. περιώσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as

Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων far beyond the rest.

περκάζω, f. σω, (περκός) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

πέρκη, ή, the perch, Lat. perca.

ΠΕΡΚΝΟ΄Σ, ή, ὄν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.

πέρκος, η, ον, = περκνός.

πέρνα, ή, a bam, Lat. perna.

πέρνημι, 3 pl. περνᾶσι, part. περνάς: 3 sing. Ion. impf. πέρνασκε: (περάω):—to carry beyond seas for

sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

**πέρ-οδος**, ἡ, Aeol. for **περίοδος**.  
**περόναμα**, -ατρίς, Dor. for **περόνημα**, -ητρίς.  
**περονάω**, f. ἤσω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med.,  
 χλαῖναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.  
**περόνη**, ἡ, (πέρω, περάω) anything pointed for  
 piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle,  
 brooch, Lat. fibula. II. the small bone of the  
 arm or leg, Lat. radius, fibula.  
**περόνημα** Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = **περονητρίς**.  
**περονητρίς** Dor. -ατρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (περονάω) a robe  
 fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.  
**περονίς**, ἰδος, ἡ, = **περόνη**.  
**περπερεύομαι**, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a  
 braggart. From  
**ΠΕΡΠΕΡΟΣ**, ον, vainglorious, braggart.  
**πέρρ-οχος**, ον, Aeol. for **περίοχος**.  
**πέρσα**, Ep. for **ἐπερσα**, aor. 1 of **πέρθω**.  
**περσέ-πολις** poet. **περσέπτολις**, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πέρθω,  
 πόλις) destroyer of cities. II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις)  
 Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.  
**Περσεύς**, εως Ep. ἦος later Ion. εος, ὁ, **Perseus**, son  
 of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian  
 heroes.  
**Περσεφόνη**, ἡ, poet. **Περσεφόνεια** also **Περσέφασ-**  
**σα**:—**Persephone**, **Proserpine**, Lat. **Proserpina**, daugh-  
 ter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as  
 his consort she reigned in the lower world.  
**Πέρσης**, ον, ὁ, acc. **Πέρσην** or **Πέρσεα**, voc. **Πέρσᾱ**  
 or **Πέρση**, a Persian, native of Persis. (The Greeks  
 derived the name of the people from Perseus.)  
**Περσίζω**, f. σω, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the  
 Persians. 2. to speak Persian.  
**Περσικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence 1.  
 αἱ **Περσικαί** a sort of thin shoes or slippers. 2.  
**Περσικὸς ὄρνις** the common cock. 3. τὸ **Περσικόν**  
 a Persian dance. 4. ὁ **Περσικός** or τὸ **Περσικόν**  
 (sub. μῆλον), the peach.  
**Περσίς**, ἰδος, poet. fem. of **Περσικός**, Persian. II.  
 as Subst. 1. (sub. γῆ), Persis, Persia. 2. (sub.  
 γυνή), a Persian woman. 3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a Per-  
 sian cloak.  
**Περσιστί**, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in  
 the Persian tongue.  
**Περσο-διώκτης**, ον, ὁ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of  
 the Persians.  
**Περσο-νομέομαι**, Pass. to be governed by the Persian  
 laws or by Persians. From  
**Περσο-νόμος**, ον, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians.  
**πέρυσι** or -ιν, Adv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ἡ  
 πέρυσι κωμῳδία the comic play of last year. Hence  
**περυσίνος**, ἡ, ὄν, of last year, last year's.  
**Πέρφρες**, οἱ, the name of the five officers who  
 escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.  
**πεσδᾶ**, Adv., Dor. for **πεσῆ**.  
**πέσε**, Ep. for **ἐπεσε**, 3 sing. aor. 2 of **πίπτω**.  
**πεσεῖν** Ep. **πεσέειν**, aor. 2 inf. of **πίπτω**.  
**πέσημα**, ατος, τό, (πεσεῖν) a fall: a falling or  
 fallen body.

**πέσος**, τό, = **πέσημα**, **πτῶμα**, a fall, slaughter.  
**πεσοῦμαι**, fut. med. of **πίπτω**.  
**πessεία** Att. **πεττ-**, ἡ, the game of draughts. From  
**πessεύω** Att. **πεττ-**, (πessός) to play at draughts.  
**πessο-νομέω**, f. ἤσω, (πessός, νέμω) to set the **πessοί**  
 in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.  
**ΠESSO'S** Att. **πεττός**, ὁ, pl. **πessοί** and **πessά**,  
 an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our  
 draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board  
 on which the game was played: it was divided by five  
 lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the  
 middle line was called **ἱερὰ γραμμή**. 3. **πessοί**, ol,  
 also, the place in which the game was played: the  
 game itself.  
**ΠE'SΣΩ** Att. **πέττω**, later also **πέπτω**: fut. **πέψω**:  
 aor. 1 **ἐπέψα**:—Pass., aor. 1 **ἐπέφθην**: pf. **πέπεμαι**,  
 inf. **πεπέφθαι**:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to  
 ripen. II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress:  
 also to bake; Med., **πέσσεσθαι πέμματα** to bake one-  
 self cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat.  
 coquere, concoquere. 2. metaph. to stomach or  
 digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so **γέρα**  
**πessέμεν** (Ep. for **πέσσειν**) to brood over or dwell on  
 one's honours; **βέλος πέσσειν** to nurse or bave to heal  
 the wound of a dart.  
**πessών**, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of **πίπτω**.  
**πετάλισμός**, ὁ, petalism, a mode of banishing citi-  
 zens practised in Syracuse, like the **δστρακισμός** of  
 Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citi-  
 zen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds.  
 From  
**πέταλον** Ion. **πέτηλον**, τό, a leaf: hence 2.  
 used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. **ψῆφος**. (Properly  
 neut. from **πέταλος**.)  
**πέταλος** Ion. **πέτηλος**, ἡ, ον, (πετάννυμι) spread out,  
 unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.  
**πέταμαι**, = **πέτομαι**, q. v.  
**ΠEΤA'NNY'MI** or -ύω: f. **πετάσω** [ᾶ] Att. **πετῶ**:  
 aor. 1 **ἐπέτασα** Ep. **πέτασα** and **πέτασσα**: Pass., aor.  
**ἐπετάσθην** Ep. **πετάσθην**: pf. **πεπέτασμαι** Ep. **πέπα-**  
**μαι**: Ep. plqpf. **ἐπεπτάμην**, **πεπτάμην**:—to spread,  
 stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph., **θυμὸν**  
**πετάσαι** to open one's heart:—pf. pass. **πέπταμαι**, to  
 be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. **πε-**  
**πταμένος**, ἡ, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding  
 doors.  
**πέτασε**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of **πετάννυμι**.  
**πέτασμα**, ατος, τό, (πετάννυμι) anything spread  
 out: in plur. hangings, curtains, carpets.  
**πετάσσας**, Ep. aor. 1 part. of **πετάννυμι**.  
**πέτ-αυρον** or **πέτ-ευρον**, τό, (πέδαυρος Aeol. for **με-**  
**τέωρος**) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.  
**πετεινός**, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. **πετεεινός**, Ion. **πετηνός** and  
**πετεηνός**, able to fly, winged, flying: **πετηνά**, **πε-**  
**τεηνά** winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2. of  
 young birds, fledged.  
**πέτευρον**, τό, = **πέταυρον**.  
**πέτηλον**, τό, Ion. for **πέταλον**.



πετοῖσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πίπτω.

**ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ**: impf. ἐπετόμην Ep. πετόμην: f. πετήσομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πτάται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἐπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἵπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πωτάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i. e. make haste. II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing. 2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

πετόντεσσι, Aeol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of πίπτω.

**ΠΕΤΡΑ** Ion. πέτρη, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus; πέτρος being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείος πετράων free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: δίστομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

πετραῖος, α, ον, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.

πετρηεῖς, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky.

πετρ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [ῖ]

πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From

πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones.

πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock.

πετρορ-ρίψης, ἐς, (πέτρα, ῥίπηναι) hurled from a rock.

**ΠΕΤΡΟΣ**, ὁ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα.

πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμείν) cutting or hewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, ὁ, a stone-cutter.

πετρόω, f. ὥσω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned.

πετρ-ώδης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρώω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμω πετρώματι θανεῖν to die by stoning.

πεττεῖα, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ-.

πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

**ΠΕΤΘΟΜΑΙ**, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπευθόμην. Hence

πευθῶ, οὖς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πευκάεις, Dor. for πευκήεις.

πευκάλιμος [α], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πυκινός (cf. λευγαλέος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκη) keen, piercing.

**ΠΕΥΚΗ**, ἡ, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence

πευκήεις Dor. πευκάεις, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir,

πυκνὴν σκάφος a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. sharp, keen, piercing.

πυκνός, η, ον, (πύκη) of or made of fir-wood; πυκνὰ δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πυσομαι Dor. πυσοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πυστήριος, α, ον, of or for enquiry: ἡ πυστηρία (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πυφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πυφάνται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass. of \*φένω.

πυφαργμαί, Att. for πυφραγμαί, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πυφασμαί, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. πυφασμένος, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πυφενγώς, pf. part. of φεύγω.

πυφηνά, pf. of φαίνω.

πυφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πυφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of \*φένω.

πυφιδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πυφιδήσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πυφιδόιμην, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πυφιλδμένος, Dor. for πυφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πυφίμωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φῖμω.

πυφνε, πυφνέμεν, πυφνων, etc., v. sub \*φένω.

πυφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of φοβέομαι.

πυφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv. πυφοβημένως, timorously.

πυφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πυφραγμαί, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πυφράδδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf.

πυφράδέειν and πυφράδέμεν.

πυφρίκα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πυφρίκοντες.

πυφύασι, Ep. for πυφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω.

πυφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

πυφυζότες, Ep. for πυφενγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. \*φύζω, = φεύγω.

πυφύκα, pf. of φύω.

πυφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πυφύκα: Ep. impf. πυφύκων.

πυφύλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω: —Adv. πυφύλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πυφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πυφύα, Ep. for πυφυκία, pf. part. fem. of φύω.

πυφύωτες, Ep. for πυφυκότες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.

πη Ion. κη Dor. πῶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῇ μὲν .., πῇ δὲ .. now one way, now another; partly .., partly .. II. πῇ; Ion. κῇ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: 1. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. how? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also where?

πηγάζω, f. ἄσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth. II. trans. to make to gush forth.

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πηγαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΗΓΑΨΟΝ, τό, rue, Lat. ruta: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίνῳ οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνῳ not even at the parsley nor the rue, i.e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or hardened: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάσος. [ᾱ]

Πηγάσις, ἴδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγάσις κρήνη = Ἴππου κρήνη: see Πηγάσος.

Πήγασος, ὁ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγαί) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Bellerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (Ἴππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεσί-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

ΠΗΓΗ Dor. παγά, ἡ, a spring, well, Lat. fons; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαί ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαί δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i.e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούουσα the fount of hearing, i.e. the ear; πηγαί γάλακτος streams of milk; πηγή πυρός the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (i.e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πήγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΓΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: fut. πήξω: aor. 1 ἔπηξα Ep. πήξα: Pass., pres. πήγνυμι: fut. πᾶγήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐπήχθην, aor. 2 ἐπάγην [ᾱ]: pf. πέπηγα, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνὴν πήγνυμι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., σκηνὰς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἄμαξαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. III. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. pangere; ὕρκος παγείς a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγός, ἡ, ὄν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong.

πηγῦλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεῦγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called οἶαξ. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ᾱ]

ΠΗΔΑΨΩ, Ion. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ἴσω or ἥσομαι: aor. 1 ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδᾶν to

take a leap; hence πηδᾶν μείζονα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδᾶν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδάω) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΔΟΣ, ὁ, or ΠΗΔΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηκτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of harp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγάdis. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηκτή a sort of cage to catch birds. 3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δωματῶν the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηκτή Dor. πακτά, cream-cheese.

πήλαι, πήλας, αor. 1 inf. and part. of πάλλω.

πήλε, Ep. for ἔπηλε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of πάλλω.

Πηλείδης, ου Ep. εω and αο, ὁ, patronymic of Πηλεὺς, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλείων, ατος, ὁ, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλείωνάδε to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεὺς, ἴως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληιάδης, εω, ὁ, Ep. for Πηλείδης.

Πηληῖος, η, ον, Ep. Adj. (Πηλῆος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεὺς) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ηκος, ἡ, (πήλαι) a helmet, casque.

Πηλιᾶκος, ἡ, ὄν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Πήλιον) of or from Mount Pelion.

πηλίκος [ι], η, ον, interrog. of τηλίκος, ἡλίκος, how great? how much? how old? Lat. quantus?

πήλινος, η, ον, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. luteus.

Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, of or from Pelion.

πηλο-βάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, (πηλός, βαίνω) mud-walker, name of a frog.

πηλοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build of clay. From

πηλό-δομος, ον, (πηλός, δέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [ᾱ], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, ὁ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. lutum: also mud, Lat. coenum.

πηλ-ουργός, ὄν, (πηλός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλουργός, ὁ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry clay. From

πηλό-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χῦτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλ-ώδης, ες, (πηλός, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πῆμα, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, πῆμά τινα a bane or sorrow to ... Hence

πημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ Ion. ἀνέω: aor. 1 ἐπήμηνα: Med., fut. πημαίνουμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor. 1 ἐπη-



μάνθην Ep. πημάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to harm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέος, α, ον, possible to be injured.  
πημάνειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πημαίνω.  
πημονή, ή, poet. for πῆμα, suffering.  
πημοσύνη, ή, = πημονή, πῆμα, suffering.  
Πηνελόπη Ep. Πηνελόπεια, ή, Penelope, daughter of Icarus, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web, πῆνη).

πηνέλοψ, οπος, ό, a kind of duck.  
ΠΗ'ΝΗ, ή, like πῆνος, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

πηνίζομαι Dor. πανίσδομαι: Dep.: (πηνίον):—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝΙ'ΚΑ [r], Adv. at what point of time? at what hour? πηνίκε' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας; what hour of day is it?

πηνίον, τό, Dim. of πῆνος or πῆνη, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound.

πήνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίζω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πήξαι, aor. I inf. of πήγνυμι.  
πήξε, Ep. for ἐπήξε, 3 sing. aor. I of πήγνυμι.

πηός Dor. παός, ου, ό, (παόμαι) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

ΠΗ'ΡΑ Ion. πήρη, ή, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πήρα, a little wallet.  
πηρό-δετος, ον, (πήρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

ΠΗΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. mancus.

πηρώω, f. ώσω, (πηρός) to maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.  
πηχυαίος, α, ον, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

ΠΗ'ΧΥΣ, εως, ό: gen. pl. πήχεων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the arm.

II. the centre-piece, which joined the two horns of the bow. III. in pl., πήχες are the horns or sides of the lyre, opp. to ζυγόν the bridge.

IV. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πῆχυς βασιλῆως was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches.

V. a cubit-rule.

πιάζω, f. άσω and άζω: aor. I part. πιάξας: Dor. form of πιέζω, to press: to lay bold of, apprehend.

πιαίνω, f. άνω: aor. I ἐπιάνα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf. pass. πεπιάσμαι: (πίων):—to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge.

2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάξας, Dor. aor. I part. of πιάζω.

πίαρ, τό, indecl. (πίων) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph. the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιᾶρός, ά, όν, (πίαρ) fat, rich.

πίασμα, τό, (πιαίνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδάκτις, ιδος, ή, (πίδαξ) of the spring or fountain.

πιδάκοις, εσσα, εν, (πίδαξ) gushing.

πιδάκ-ώδης, ες, (πίδαξ, είδος) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

ΠΙ'ΔΑΞ, άκος, ή, a spring, fountain. Hence

πιδήεις, εσσα, εν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πίε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω: but also Ep. for έπε, 3 sing. indic.

πιέειν, Ep. for πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πιέζω, = πιέζω: and hence Ep. impf. πιέζειν and Ion. part. pass. πιεζέμενος.

ΠΙ'Ε'ΖΩ, f. πιέσω: aor. I ἐπίεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπείσθην or ἐπιέχθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι or πεπίεγμαι:—to press, squeeze, crush, press hard upon.

II. to lay bold of.

πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πίειρα [i], ή, pecul. fem. of πίων, fat, rich: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαῖς πίειρα a plentiful meal:—of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πίεμεν, Ep. for πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Πιερίδες, αλ, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Πιερήθεν, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

πιέσαι, for πιεῖ, 2 sing. fut. of πίνω.

πιεσθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of πιέζω.

πίηεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for πίων, fat, rich.

πίησθα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of πίνω.

πίθάκη Att. φιδάκη, ή, (πίθος) a wine-cask, wine-jar.

πίθακος, Dor. for πίθηκος, an ape.

πιθανολογέω, f. ήσω, (πιθανολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πιθανολογία, ή, the use of probable arguments.

πιθανο-λόγος, ον, (πιθανός, λέγω) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πιθανός, ή, όν, (πειθω) act. calculated to persuade: 1. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural.

II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous. 2. obedient.

πιθάνως, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πιθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πιθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.

πιθεών, ώνος, ό, (πίθος) a place for casks, a cellar.

πιθηκίζω, f. ίσω, (πίθηκος) to play the ape. Hence

πιθηκισμός, ό, a playing the ape, aping.

πίθηκος Dor. πίθακος, ό, (πειθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes.

πιθηκο-φάγέω, (πίθηκος, φαγεῖν) to eat ape's flesh.

πιθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πίθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes.

πιθήσας, aor. I part. of πείθω, as if from πιθέω.

πίθι, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω.

πιθ-οιγία, ή, (πίθος, οἶγνυμι) an opening of casks.

πιθοίγια, τό, (πίθος, οἶγνυμι) *the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.*

πιθόμην, Ep. for ἐπιθόμην, aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, ὁ, *a wine-jar made of earthenware.* [I]

πίθων, ὁ, = πίθηκος, *an ape.* [I]

πίθων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἄνω, (πικρός) *to make sharp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger:—Pass. to grow angry.*

πικρία, ἡ, (πικρός) *bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.*

πικρό-γάμος, ὄν, (πικρός, γαμέω) *embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded.*

πικρό-γλωσσος, ὄν, (πικρός, γλῶσσα) *of sharp or bitter tongue.*

πικρό-καρπος, ὄν, (πικρός, καρπός) *bearing bitter fruit.*

ΠΙΚΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *sharp, keen, piercing: of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sharp, piercing, shrill.* 2. of persons, words, acts, etc., *bitter, cruel, harsh, stern, morose, severe: also hateful, hostile.* II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ύτατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

πικρότης, ἡτος, ἡ, *bitterness: harshness, cruelty.*

πικρό-χολος, ὄν, (πικρός, χολή) *with bitter gall: splenetic.*

πικρῶς, Adv. of πικρός, *sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.*

πιλῶ, = πιλόω:—Pass. *to be close pressed.*

πιλίδιον, τό, Dim. of πῖλος, *a little felt-hat, Lat. pileolus.* [ΛΙ]

πῖ-λιπής, ἐς, (πῖ, λιπεῖν) *wanting the letter πῖ.*

πιλνάω, = πελάζω, *to bring near to:—Pass. πιλναμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.*

ΠΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, *wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt-cloth.* II. *a felt-cap, hat; πῖλος χαλκοῦς a brassen hat, i. e. helmet: also a felt cuirass.*

πῖλοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, *used to wear a felt-hat.* From

πῖλο-φόρος, ὄν, (πῖλος, φέρω) *wearing a felt-hat.*

πῖλόω, f. ὥσω, (πῖλος) *to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.*

πῖμελή, ἡ, (πῖων, πῖαρ) *fat, Lat. adeps.* Hence

πῖμελής, ἐς, *fat, Lat. pinguis.*

πῖμπλαντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πῖμπλημι.

πῖμπλάνω, poet. for πῖμπλημι, hence pres. med. πῖμπλάνεται for πῖμπλαται.

πῖμπλέω, = πῖμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. πῖμπλεῦσαι.

ΠῖΜΠΛΗΜΙ, inf. πῖμπλάναι [ᾱ]: 3 pl. impf. ἐπῖμπλασαν: (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. πλησώ: aor. I ἐπλησα, med. ἐπλησάμην: Pass., aor. I ἐπλήσθην: pf. πέπλησμαι:—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλητο, πληντο, imperat. πλησο, opt. πλημην or πλείμην:—*to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei; or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei.* 2. c. acc. pers. only, *to fill full, satisfy, glut.* 3. *to fulfil, discharge an office.* II. Med. *to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.* III.

Pass. *to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, have enough of a thing.*

ΠῖΜΠΡΗΜΙ, inf. πῖμπράναι [ᾱ]: (tenses formed from πρήθω): fut. πρήσω: aor. I ἐπρησα: Pass., aor. ἐπρήσθην: pf. πέπρησμαι:—*to kindle, burn, set on fire:—Pass. πῖμπραμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.*

πῖν, poet. inf. of ἐπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

πῖνᾱκηδόν, Adv. (πῖναξ) *like planks.*

πῖνᾱκίον, τό, Dim. of πῖναξ, *a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.*

πῖνᾱκίσκος, ὁ, = πῖνᾱκίον.

πῖνᾱκο-πώλης, ὄν, ὁ, (πῖναξ, πωλέω) *one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.*

ΠῖΝᾱΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a board, plank: a writing-tablet: a votive tablet.* 2. *a wooden trencher, dish, plate, or platter.* 3. *a board for painting on, a picture, Lat. tabula.* 4. *a plate engraved or written upon: a chart or map.* 5. *a board for public notices: a register, list.*

πῖνᾱρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πῖνος) *dirty, squalid.*

πῖνᾱώ, (πῖνος) *to be dirty.*

πῖνέμεν, πῖνέμεναι, Ep. inf. of πίνω.

πῖνεσκον [ῖ], Ion. impf. of πίνω.

πῖνηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for πῖναρός.

ΠῖΝᾱ and πῖννη, ἡ, *a kind of muscle, the pinna.* πῖννο-τήρης, ὄν, ὁ, (πῖννα, τηρέω) *a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasite.*

πῖνᾱεῖς, εσσα, εν = πῖναρός.

ΠῖΝΟΣ, ὁ, *dirt, filth, Lat. squalor.* [ῖ]

πῖνύσκω, aor. I ἐπίνυσσα; pass. ἐπινύσθην: (πέπνυμαι, pf. pass. of πνέω):—*to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform.* Hence

πῖνύτή, ἡ, *understanding, wisdom.*

πῖνύτης, ἡτος Dor. ᾱτος, ἡ, = πῖνυτή.

πῖνύτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῖνύσσω) *wise, understanding.*

πῖνύτό-φρων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (πῖνυτός, φρήν) *of wise or understanding mind.*

ΠῖΝΩ [ῖ], fut. πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐπιον, imperat. πῖε, also πῖθι, inf. πῖεῖν: from Root ΠΟ—*come* pf. πέπωκα, aor. I pass. ἐπόθην: pf. pass. inf. πεπόσθαι:—*to drink, Lat. bibo; c. gen. to drink of a thing: metaph. to drink up, absorb: pf. πέπωκα, to have drunk, to be drunken.*

πῖν-ώδης, ἐς, (πῖνος, εἶδος) *dirty, squalid.*

πίοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of πίνω.

πίομαι, fut. of πίνω: but also used as pres. med.

πῖον, Ep. aor. 2 of πίνω.

πῖος, α, ὄν, poet. for πῖων.

πῖότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (πῖος, πῖων) *fatness, richness.*

πῖπίσκω, f. πῖσω [ῖ]: aor. I ἐπίσα: Causal of πίνω, *to give to drink, c. dupl. acc.; πῖσω σφε Δίρκας ὕδωρ I will give them the water of Dirce to drink.*

πῖπλω, poet. for πῖμπλημι, impf. ἐπιπλον, *to fill.*

πῖπίζω, f. ἰσω, *to chirp like young birds.* (Formed from the sound.)

πῖπράσκω Ion. πῖπρήσκω, redupl. form of περάω:



pf. πέπρακα: Pass., fut. 1 πρᾶθήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπράσσομαι [α]: aor. 1 pass. ἐπράθην [α]: pf. πέπραμαι Ion. -ημαι: (περάω):—to sell beyond seas, like περάω: generally, to sell:—Pass. to be sold: metaph. to be bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for πι-πέτω, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: Ep. impf. πίπτον: fut. πεσοῦμαι Ion. πεσέομαι: aor. 2 ἐπεσον, inf. πεσεῖν: pf. πέπτωκα, Ep. part. πεπτηώς and πεπτεώς, -ῶτος Att. πεπτώς, -ῶτος, syncop. from πεπτωκώς:—to fall, fall down; c. acc. cognato, πίπτειν πτώματα, πεσήματα: absol. in pf. πέπτωκα, to be fallen, lie low.

II. Special usages: πίπτειν ἐν τινι to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. 2. πίπτειν ἐκ τινος to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. decidere de...; ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί to fall out of or lose one's favour. 3. πίπτειν μετὰ ποσσὶ γυναικός to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e. to be born.

4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, leave off; ἀνεμος πέσε the wind fell. 6. πίπτειν ὑπὸ τινος to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome; ὁ στρατὸς αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἑωυτοῦ ἐπεσε the army failed of itself, Lat. mole sua corruit.

7. to fall short, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. cadere. 8. of the dice, to fall in a certain position; τὰ δεσποτῶν εὖ πεσόντα θήσομαι I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, εὖ or καλῶς πίπτειν, to be lucky:—so also, to fall, turn out, happen.

πίρωμις, an Egypt. word = καλὸς κἀγαθός, noble. πίσινος, η, ον, (πίσιος) made of peas, ἔντος πρίσινον pea-soup.

ΠΙΨΟΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. pisum. [ι] πίσιος, τό, (πίσω fut. of πιπίσκω) only in nom. and acc. pl. πίσεια, moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΨΣΑ Att. πίττα, ἡ, pitch, Lat. pix: proverb., μελάντερον ἢ τε πίσσα blacker than pitch.

πισσῆρης, es, (πίσσα) of or like pitch, pitchy.

πίσσινος Att. πίττινος, η, ον, (πίσσα) pitched over, coated with pitch.

πισσώω Att. πιττ-, f. ὦσω, to pitch, cover with pitch.

πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω) a pledge of good faith.

πιστευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to trust, confiding. From πιστεύω, f. σω, (πίστις) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., χαλεπὸν πιστεύειν hard to believe; πιστεύειν εἰς τινα to believe on a person:—Pass. to be believed or trusted.

2. to believe, comply, obey. II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so.

III. to entrust or confide something to another.

πιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid.

πιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίστις) trusty, faithful. 2. persuasive. 3. pure, genuine.

πίστις, εως, ἡ, (πείθω, πείθομαι) trust in others, faith, belief; Lat. fides, fiducia; πίστις θεῶν faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance.

2. good faith, faithfulness, honesty, Lat. fides. 3. credit, trust; εἰς πίστιν διδόναι to give in trust. II. that

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; πίστιν καὶ ὅρκια ποιεῖσθαι to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid; τὰ πιστά liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πείθω) of persons, faithful, trusty, true: in Persia οἱ πιστοὶ or τὰ πιστά were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors; πιστὰ πιστῶν, like ἔσχατ' ἐσχάτων, = πιστότατοι, most trusty. 2. believed, trusted. II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible.

2. τὸ πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant; πιστὸν or πιστὰ δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν to give and receive pledges: also τὸ πιστόν = πίστις, good faith.

III. act. believing, relying on. 2. obedient. Hence

πιστότης, ητος, ἡ, good faith, honour, faithfulness.

πιστώω, f. ὦσω, (πιστός) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. II. Pass.

to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant; ὅρκῳ πιστωθῆναι to pledge oneself by oath. 2. to feel trust, to be persuaded; πιστωθεὶς trusting, confiding.

III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth. 2. πιστοῦσθαι τινα ὑφ' ὅρκων to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking-trough or cup.

πίστρον, τό, (πίνω) = πίστρα.

πίστωμα, ατος, τό, (πιστώω) an assurance, guarantee, pledge. 3. γηραλῆα πιστώματα = πιστοὶ γέροντες, as πιστὰ Περσῶν is used for πιστοὶ Περσῶν.

πιστῶς, Adv. of πιστός, faithfully: persuasively.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of πιστώω.

πίσυνος, η, ον, (πείθω) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat.

πίσυρες, οἱ, αἱ, πίσυρα, τά, Aeol. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

πίσω [ι], fut. of πιπίσκω.

πίτνα, Ep. for ἐπίτνα, 3 sing. impf. of πίτνημι.

πιτνάς, ασα, άν, part. of πίτνημι.

πίτνημι, collat. form of πέταννυμι, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω, = πετάννυμι, to spread out: impf. ἐπιτνον.

πίτνω [ι], poet. form of πίπτω, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as μέμνω is used for μένω, when the penult. is to be long.

πίττα, ἡ, Att. for πίσσα.

πίττινος, η, ον, Att. for πίσσινος.

πιττώω, Att. for πισσώω.

πίττω-κάμπτης, ου, ὁ, = πιττω-κάμπτης.

πίττω-λέω, f. σω, (πίττω) to fly the plashing oar.

ΠΙΨΥΛΟΣ [ι], ὁ, the measured plash of oars; ἐνὶ πιτύλῳ with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops; πίτυλος σκύφου the plash of wine poured into a cup. 2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the hands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. 3. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, ὁ, (πίτυς, κάμπτω) *the pine-bender*, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ου, (πίτυς, τρέφω) *growing pines*.

πίτυρον, τό, (πίττω) *bran, the husk of corn*: generally, *refuse*, Lat. *furfur, fursura*; mostly used in pl.

ΠΙΤΥΣ, υος, ἡ, poet. dat. pl. πίτυσσιν: *the pine-tree*, Lat. *pinus*: proverb., πίτυος δίκην ἐκτρίβεσθαι *to be destroyed like a pine-tree*, i. e. *utterly*, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτυ-στεπτος, ου, (πίτυς, στέφω) *pine-crowned*.

πιφαύσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. *to let be seen, shew, reveal by a token*: mostly, *to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal*. 2. *πιφαύσκομαι* as Dep. *to make manifest, make known, declare*.

πίω, aor. 2 subj. of πίνω.

ΠΙΩΝ [ι], ὁ, ἡ, neut. πῖον, gen. πίνων:—Lat. *PINGUIS*, *fat, plump, sleek*, of animals: *oily, rich*. II. of soil, *fat, rich, fertile*: also *wealthy*. III. Comp. and Sup. πῖότερος, πῖοτάτος (as if from πῖος).

πίων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή.

πλαγιάζω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) *to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside: to tack to and fro*.

πλαγί-αυλος, ὁ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) *the cross flute, German flute*.

πλάγιος, α, ου, also ος, ου, *placed sideways, slanting, atbwart*; εἰς πλάγιον *sideways*; τὰ πλάγια *the sides*, in military sense, *the flanks of an army*; εἰς τὰ πλάγια *right and left*; κατὰ πλάγια *in flank*; ἐκ πλαγίου *on the flank*; πλαγίους λαβεῖν τοὺς πολεμίους *to take the enemy in flank*. II. metaph. *sideways, askance, treacherous*.

πλαγιόω, (πλάγιος) *to turn or move sideways*.

πλαγιώς, Adv. of πλάγιος, *aslant*.

πλαγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλάζω) act. *be that leads astray, a misleader*. 2. pass. *a wanderer, rover*.

πλαγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πλάζω) *wandering, roaming*. II. metaph. *wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled*. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

πλάγξομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλαγχθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδᾶρός, ἁ, ὄν, *wet, moist*. From

ΠΛΑΨΩ, ὁ, *moisture*.

ΠΛΑΨΩ, Ep. impf. πλάζον: f. πλάγξω: aor. I ἐπλαγξα:—*to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away*: metaph. *to lead astray*: generally, *to mislead, seduce*. II. Pass., with fut. med. πλάγξομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλάγχθην Ep. πλάγχθην, *to wander, go astray: to glance or slide off*.

πλάθανη, ἡ, (πλάσσω) *a platter or mould to bake in*.

πλάθανον, τό, πλάθανος, ὁ, = πλάθανη.

πλάθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω.

πλάθω, collat. form of πελάζω, intr. *to approach, draw near, come nigh*. [α]

ΠΛΑΨΙΟΝ, τό, an oblong figure or body; ἰσό- πλευρον πλαΐσιον *a square*: of an army, ἐν πλαΐσι τετάχθαι *to be drawn up in square*, Lat. *agmine quadrato*, as opp. to marching order, *agmine longo*.

πλακεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλέκω.

πλάκερός, ἁ, ὄν, (πλάξ) = πλατίς, *broad*.

πλάκινος, η, ου, (πλάξ) *made of a board or plank, wooden*. [α]

πλάκοῦς, οὔντος, ὁ, contr. from πλακούεις, (πλάξ) *a flat cake*.

πλάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

πλάν, Dor. for πλήν.

πλανάω Ion. -έω, f. ἡσω, (πλάνη) *to lead astray, lead wandering about*: of ships, *to drive from their course*: generally, *to mislead, lead into error*. II.

Pass. πλανάομαι, with fut. med. πλανήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλανήθην, pf. πεπλάνημαι:—*to wander, roam about, stray*: c. acc., πλανᾶσθαι χθόνα *to wander over a land*, Lat. *oberrare*: πλανᾶσθαι ἐν λόγῳ *to be at a loss in one's story: to wander in mind, be at a loss*.

ΠΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, *a wandering or roaming about, straying: erring, error*. [α]

πλάνημα, ατος, τό, (πλανάω) *a wandering, going astray*.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) *a wanderer, roamer, rover*, Lat. *erro*; πλάνητες ἀστέρες *wandering stars, planets*.

πλάνησις, εως, ἡ, (πλανάω) *a leading astray: a dispersing*. [α]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of πλανάομαι, *one must wander*.

πλάνητης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (πλανάω) = πλάνης, *a wanderer*. 2. *a planet*.

πλάνιος, α, ου, poet. for πλάνος.

πλαν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, ὁδός) *a wrong way, by-way*. [πλᾶ- metri grat.]

ΠΛΑΨΟΣ [α], η, ου, also ος, ου, act. *leading astray, deceiving*: as Subst., πλάνος, ὁ, *a deceiver*. 2. pass. *wandering, roaming*.

ΠΛΑΨΟΣ, ὁ, = πλάνη, *a wandering about, roaming, straying*; φροντίδος πλάνοι *wanderings of thought*.

πλάνο-στιβής, ἐς, (πλάνος, στείβω) *trodden by wanderers*.

πλάνυττω, = πλανάομαι, *to wander about*.

ΠΛΑΨ, ἡ, gen. πλάκός, *anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain*; πόντου πλάξ *the ocean plain: the flat top of a bill, table-land*:—also *a flat stone, tombstone*.

πλάξεν, Dor. for ἐπληξεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πλήσσω.

πλάξ-ιππος, ου, Dor. for πλῆξιππος.

πλάσμα, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) *anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure*; πλάσματα πηλοῦ *vessels of clay*. II. *that which is imitated, a forgery*.

ΠΛΑΨΩ Att. -ττω: f. πλάσω [α]: aor. I ἐπλάσσα Ep. ἐπλασσα, πλάσσα: pf. ἐπλάκα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλάσθην: pf. πέπλασμαι:—*to form, mould*,



shape, fashion, Lat. *figere*, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. *to be moulded, made, fashioned*.

II. generally, *to mould, shape*, of the mind and body:—Med., *πλασάμενος τῇ ὄψει* having formed himself in face, i. e. having composed his countenance.

III. metaph. *to make up, fabricate, forge*: absol., *δόξω πλάσας λέγειν* I shall seem to speak from invention; *κόμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος* no false boast. Hence

*πλαστής*, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *πλάστειρα*, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

*πλάστιγξ* Ion. *πλήστιγξ*, ἰγγος, ἡ, (*πλήσσω*) the tongue or scale of a balance. II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for horses. III. a whip.

*πλαστός*, ἡ, ὁ, doubtful form of *πελαστός*.

*πλαστός*, ἡ, ὁ, (*πλάσσω*) formed, moulded, modelled.

II. metaph. *made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal*; *πλαστός πατήρ* a supposititious son.

*πλάτᾱγιω*, f. ἡσω, *to clap the hands loudly: to clasp, crack*.

II. *to beat*, so as to make a loud noise. From

*πλάτᾱγη*, ἡ, (*πλάτᾱσσω*) a rattle.

*πλάτᾱγμα*, ατος, τό, (*πλάτᾱγιω*) a clapping.

*πλάτᾱγων*, ὦνος, ὁ, (*πλάτᾱγιω*) anything that rattles or cracks.

*πλάτᾱγωνιον*, τό, Dim. of *πλάτᾱγων*, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

*Πλάταια*, ἡ, mostly in plur. *Πλαταιαί*, ὦν, αἱ, *Plataea*, a city in Boeotia: adverbial dat., *Πλαταιᾶσι* at Plataea. Hence

*Πλαταιεῖς* Ion. —έες Att. —ῆς, οἱ, the Plataeans.

*πλάτᾱμων*, ὦνος, ὁ, (*πλάτᾱς*) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

*πλάτᾱνιστος*, ἡ, = *πλάτανος*. Hence

*πλάτᾱνιστοῦς*, οὐντος, ὁ, contr. for *πλάτανιστόεις*, a plane-tree grove.

*πλάτᾱνος*, ἡ, (*πλάτᾱς*) the oriental plane, the plane-tree, Lat. *platanus*, so called from its broad, flat leaf.

*πλάτᾱία*, ἡ, see *πλάτᾱς*.

*πλάτᾱίζω* Dor. —άσδω: f. άσω: (*πλάτᾱς*):—to speak or pronounce broadly, esp. with a Doric accent.

*πλάτᾱως*, Adv. of *πλάτᾱς*, broadly.

*πλάτᾱη* Dor. *πλάτα*, ἡ, (*πλάτᾱς*) the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula remi*: the whole oar. 2. a sheet of paper.

*πλάτᾱιον*, Adv., Dor. for *πλησίον*.

*πλάτᾱτις*, ἰδος, ἡ, (*πλάτᾱω*) poet. for *πλάτις*, a wife.

*πλάτος*, εος, τό, (*πλάτᾱς*) breadth, width: absol. in acc., τὸ πλάτος or πλάτος in breadth.

*πλάτᾱτός*, ἡ, ὁ, (*πλάτᾱω*) = *πλάστος*, *πελαστός*.

*πλάτᾱω*, f. ὦσω, (*πλάτᾱη*) to form the flat of oars.

*πλάτᾱγίζω*, f. σω, (*πλάτᾱς*) to beat the water with the blade of an oar: to splash about: metaph. to make a splash, splutter, swagger.

*πλάτᾱ-λέσχης*, ον, ὁ, (*πλάτᾱς*, *λέσχη*) a babbler.

*πλατυντίον*, verb. Adj. of *πλατύνω*, one must widen.

*πλάτύνω*, f. ὤνω, (*πλάτᾱς*) to make broad, widen, extend:—Med., *πλατύνεσθαι τὴν γῆν* to widen one's territory. 2. to open wide: 3 sing. pf. pass. *πεπλάτυνται* has been opened.

*πλάτᾱ-νωτος*, ον, (*πλάτᾱς*, *νωτός*) broad-backed.

*πλάτᾱρ-ροος*, ον, contr. —ρους, ον, (*πλάτᾱς*, *ρέω*) broad-flowing.

*ΠΛΑΤΥΨ*, εἶα, ὅ, Ion. fem. *πλατέα*:—flat, wide, broad:—metaph., *πλατὺς κατάγελας* flat mockery. 2. as Subst., ἡ *πλατεῖα* (sub. ὁδός), a street: also (sub. χεῖρ), the flat of the hand.

II. salt, brackish, because *πλατὺ ὕδωρ* was originally used of the sea. III. Comp. and Sup., *πλατύτερος*, *πλατύτατος*.

*πλάτᾱτης*, ητος, ἡ, (*πλάτᾱς*) breadth, width: generally, size, bulk. [ῥ]

*πλέας*, acc. of *πλέες*, q. v.

*πλέγδην*, Adv. (*πλέκω*) in plaits or braids.

*πλέγμα*, ατος, τό, (*πλέκω*) anything twined or plaited, a net: in pl. wreaths, chaplets.

*πλέες*, οἱ, acc. *πλέας*, Ep. for *πλείονες*, Comp. of *πολύς*, more: Dor. contr. *πλεῖς*.

*πλεθρίαῖος*, α, ον, of the size of a *πλέθρον*.

*ΠΛΕΘΡΟΝ* Ep. *πέλεθρον*, τό, as measure of length, a *plethron*, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade. 2. a race-course or race of this length. II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

*Πλειάς*, άδος, ἡ, in plur. *Πλειάδες* Ion. *Πληιάδες*, αἱ, the Pleiads, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were placed among the stars.

*πλείμην*, εἶο, εἶτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of *πῖμπλημι*.

*πλεῖν*, Att. for *πλέον*, like *δεῖν* for *δεόν*, more. 2. inf. of *πλέω* to sail.

*πλείος*, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for *πλέος*, full.

*πλειότερος*, η, ον, Comp. of *πλείος*, fuller.

*πλειστάκις*, Adv. (*πλείστος*) most times, mostly, very often.

*πλειστήρης*, ες, (*πλείστος*) manifold; ἅπας *πλειστήρης χρόνος* the whole extent of time. Hence

*πλειστηρίζομαι*, Dep. to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

*πλειστο-βόλος*, ον, (*πλείστος*, *βαλεῖν*) throwing the most, throwing the biggest.

*πλειστόμ-βροτος*, ον, (*πλείστος*, *βροτός*) thronged with people, crowded.

*πλείστος*, η, ον, Sup. of *πολύς*, most, Lat. *plurimus*: very much; also, very great:—οἱ *πλείστοι* the greatest number; τὸ *πλείστον* the greatest part; so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ *πλείστος τοῦ βίου* the most part of life:—ἡ *πλείστη γνώμη* ἦν his opinion was mostly; *πλείστός εἰμι τῇ γνώμῃ* I am mostly of opinion; ὅσοι *πλείστοι* the most possible; ἐν τοῖς *πλείστοι* about the most, like ἐν τοῖς *πρώτοι*:—neut. *πλείστον* as Adv. most: τὸ *πλείστον* for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ *πλείστου* at the greatest distance; ἐπὶ *πλείστου* to the greatest extent; περὶ *πλείστου* of the greatest importance or value.

πλείω, Ep. pres. for πλέω, to sail.

πλείων or πλέων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. ονος; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλέες πλέας, Dor. πλείς: πλεῦν, πλεῦνος, πλεῦνες etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέον, πλέονος, etc.: πλείν Att. for πλέον, like δειν for δέον: Ep. dat. pl. πλεόνεσσι: Comp. of πολὺς:—more: also greater, larger, of size as well as number:—οἱ πλέονες Ion. and Dor. οἱ πλεῦνες, the greater number, and so, like οἱ πολλοί, the many, the people, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον the greater part: so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ the greater part of night.

II. the neut. πλέον has various usages, more of a thing, Lat. plus; τὸ πλέον, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλεῦν, as Adv. mostly; οὐ τὸ πλέον not so much; πλέον ἢ.. more than.; but the ἢ may be omitted, πλείω ἐβδομήκοντα more than seventy:—πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη his opinion rather tended; πλέον ἔχειν to have the best of it, opp. to ἔλαττον ἔχειν to be beaten:—with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as Adv. more, further; ἐς πλέον more; περὶ πλείονος of more importance, of higher value.

πλειών, ὦνος, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) a full space of time, a year.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, wickerwork.

πλεκτάνάω, f. ἴσω, to twist into wreaths, coil. From πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ a wreath of smoke. [ᾱ] πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτός, a coil, wreath. 2. a twisted rope, cord, string.

πλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) of or for plaiting. πλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) plaited, twisted, twined; πλεκταὶ στέγαι wicker coverings, i.e. cars; τὰ πλεκτά any plaited instruments, ropes.

ΠΛΕΪΩ, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐπλεξα: pf. πέπλεχα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλέχην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [ᾱ]: pf. πέπλεγμαι:—to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold, Lat. plico, plecto: also to knit; Med., πλέξασθαι πείσμα to twist oneself a rope. 2. metaph. to plan, devise, contrive. II. Pass. to be plaited or woven. 2. to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace.

πλέον, neut. of πλέων, more: also neut. of πλέος, full.

πλεονάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλέονακα: (πλέον):—to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much: to presume on, c. dat. II. to exaggerate, overstate.

πλεονάκις, Adv. (πλέων) more frequently, oftener: too often. [ᾱ]

πλεον-εκτέω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, = πλέον ἔχω to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping: to gain some advantage. 2. c. gen. to have or gain the advantage over another:—Pass. to be overreached, defrauded. 3. c. gen. rei, to have a greater share of a thing; πλεονεκτεῖν ψυχούς to bear more cold. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, ατος, τό, an advantage, gain: in pl. gains, successes.

πλεον-έκτης, ου, ὁ, = ὁ πλέων ἔχων, one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης a grasping, overbearing speech. And

πλεονεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to take more than one's share. From

πλεονεξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share. 2. advantage, superiority; πλεονεξία τινός advantage over another; ἐπὶ πλεονεξία for one's advantage or gain.

πλεόνως, Adv. of πλέων, too much.

ΠΛΕΪΟΣ, α, ον, Ion. πλείος, η, ον, Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέφ, πλέα (for πλέαι), πλέα:—full, filled, c. gen.: hence satisfied, cloyed: of Time, full, complete. Comp. πλειότερος.

πλέτο, poet. for ἐπλετο, 3 sing. impf. of πέλομαι. πλεῦν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέον: so πλεῦνος, πλεῦνες, for πλέονος, πλέονες, etc.

πλεύνως, Adv. Ion. for πλεόνως, too much.

ΠΛΕΤΡΑ', ας, ἡ, a rib, Lat. costa: in pl. the ribs, the side or sides. II. later, the page of a book.

πλευρίτις, ιδος, ἡ, (πλευρά) pain in the side, pleurisy.

πλευρόθεν, Adv. (πλευρά) from the side.

πλευρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) to smite the ribs.

ΠΛΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a rib, an older poet. form of πλευρά: in pl. the ribs, the side.

πλευρο-τύπης, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) striking the sides.

πλεύρωμα, ατος, τό, like πλευρόν, the side.

πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πλέω.

πλευστήον, verb. Adj. of πλέω, one must sail.

πλευστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέω) fit for sailing, fair.

ΠΛΕΪΩ Ep. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλεύσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: cp. the Ion. form πλώω:—to sail, go by sea; c. acc. cognato, ἱγρὰ κέλευθα πλεῖν to sail the watery ways:—to swim, float:—metaph., πλεῖν κατ' ὀρθύν to go on prosperously.

πλέω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέων, more.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, q. v.

πλέως, πλέα, πλέων, pl. πλέφ, πλέα (for πλέαι), πλέα, full, Att. for πλέος.

πληγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ἡ, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe:—also a wound, Lat. plūga: also a beating or fighting with clubs: metaph. a blow, stroke, shock.

πλήγμα, ατος, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πίμπλημι) a great number, a mass, throng, crowd: the greater part, the mass, main body; hence the people, the commons: also the government of the people, democracy. II. number or quantity: also magnitude, size, bulk. III. sometimes length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [υ], f. ὑνῶ, (πληθύς) to make full: to increase, multiply: Pass. to increase (intr.), to be completed; of persons, to be fully resolved. II. intr. = πληθύω.



πληθύνω, ύος, ή, Ep. dat. πληθύνει, Ion. for πληθύνω, a throng, crowd.

πληθύνω, (πληθύνω) to be or become full; ἀγορῆς πληθύνουσης when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα: (πλέος):—to be or become full; πλήθουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ή, (πλήθω) fulness: satiety.

πληκτής, ου, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. III. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

πληκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plectrum. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πληκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ή, (πλημμελής) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελῶ, f. ήσω, (πλημμελής) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλημμελής, ές, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, harsh. Adv. -λῶς.

πλήμμη, ή, = πλήσμη.

πλήμμυρα, ή, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide: a flood. Hence

πλημμυρίω, f. ήσω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ίδος, ή, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίς εκ πόντου the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [ὕ Ep., ὕ Att.]

πλήμμη, ή, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond: I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. II. as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλήν ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλήν ὅταν save when; πλήν ὅτι except that; πλήν εἰ or εἰάν, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλήν ἓν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπληξα, aor. I of πλήσσω.

πλήξ-ιππος, ον, (πλήσσω, ἵππος) striking or driving horses.

πληρεύντες, -εύμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρόω.

πλήρης, ες, gen. εος contr. ους, (πλέος) full of, c.

gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim. 2. generally, full, complete, sufficient. 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ή, full conviction, certainty.

πληρώω, f. ὠσω: pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληροῦν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θωρακεία man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληροῦν τήν χρείαν to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. IV. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew: of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ή, (πληρώω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πλησαίαιτο, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλησθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. πεπλησίακα: (πλησίος):—to bring near:—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιαιτέρος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος: Adv. Comp. πλησιαιτέρω, nearer.

πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησίος, α, ον, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, bard by, close to. II. as Subst., πλησίος, ὁ, a neighbour.

III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by: ὁ πλησίον (sub. ὦν) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλάτιον.

IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαιτέρος, -αίτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησιό-χωρος, ον, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

πλησ-ίστιος, ον, (πίμπλημι, ιστίον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσμη, ή, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησμονή, ή, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΗ'ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐπληξα Ep. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγην, in compds. ἐπλάγην [α]: pf. πέπληγμαι:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμεν:—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

λειν (to strike with a missile): of Jove, to strike with lightning: to strike back, drive away:—Med., πλή-  
ξασθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief:—Pass.  
to be struck, stricken, smitten: also to be beaten: to  
be stricken by misfortune: but, πλήσσεσθαι δώροισι  
to be touched by bribes. II. metaph. of violent  
emotions, to strike, amaze, confound, stun; πληγὴς  
ἔρωτι smitten with love.

πλήστιγξ, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II.

3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάζω, be came near.

πλινθεύω, f. σω, (πλίνθος) to make into bricks. 2.  
absol. to make bricks. II. to build of brick.

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) in the shape of a brick.

πλινθίνος, η, ον, (πλίνθος) made or built of brick.

πλινθίον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, a small brick.

πλινθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος: a whetstone.

πλινθο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (πλίνθος, ποιέω) to make bricks.

πλίνθος, ἡ, a brick, Lat. later; πλίνθοι ὑπταί baked

bricks; πλίνθους ἐλκύσαι or εἰρύσαι Lat. ducere late-

res, to make bricks: δόμοι πλίνθου layers of brick. 2.

anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of

metal. 3. the plinth of a column.

πλινθουργέω, f. ἴσω, to make bricks. From

πλινθ-ουργός, ὄν, (πλίνθος, \*ἔργω) making bricks:

as Subst., πλινθουργός, ὁ, a brick-maker.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry bricks. From

πλινθο-φόρος, ον, (πλίνθος, φέρω) carrying bricks.

πλινθώ, f. ὦσω, (πλίνθος) to make of brick: Med.

to build for oneself.

πλινθ-ὑφής, ἑς, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) brick-built.

ΠΛΙ'ΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίσσομαι: pf. πέπλισμαι: Dep.:

—to cross one's legs in walking: to walk briskly, trot.

πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλόος, τεκεῖν) producing naviga-

tion.

πλοιάριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, a skiff, boat.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a ship of any

kind; πλοῖα λεπτά small craft; πλοῖα ἱππαγωγά

transport-vessels; πλοῖα μακρά ships of war, Lat.

longae naves; πλοῖα στρογγύλα ships of burthen,

Lat. naves onerariae:—as distinguished from ναῦς (a

ship of war), πλοῖον was a merchant-ship or trans-

port.

πλοκάμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) a braid, lock, or curl

of hair: also curly hair. [ἴ]

πλόκαμος, ὁ, (πλέκω) a braid, lock or curl of hair:

in pl. the locks, the hair. II. a twisted rope.

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέκω) anything plaited or woven, a

web: metaph. a web of deceit.

πλόκος, ὁ, (πλέκω) a lock or curl of hair. II.

a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὁ, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.:

(πλέω):—a sailing voyage: time or tide for sailing:

—proverb., δεύτερος πλοῦς the next best way.

πλουθ-ὑγίεια, ἡ, (πλοῦτος, ὑγίεια) health and wealth.

πλοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, α, ον, (πλοῦτος) rich, wealthy: c. gen.

rei, rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum. II. ample,

abundant. III. Adv. -ίως, like a rich man.

Πλουτεύς, ἑως, ὁ, poet. for Πλούτων.

πλουτέω, f. ἴσω, (πλοῦτος) to be rich, wealthy: c.

gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence

πλουτηρός, ἁ, ὄν, enriching.

πλουτίζω, f. ἴσω, (πλοῦτος) to enrich, make wealthy.

πλουτο-γαθής, ἑς, Dor. for πλουτογαθής, (πλοῦτος,

γαθήω) delighting by or in riches.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, ὁ,

(πλοῦτος, δίδωμι) giver of riches.

πλουτο-κρατία, ἡ, (πλοῦτος, κρατέω) an oligarchy

of wealth.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, wealth, riches. II. as masc.

prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτό-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πλοῦτος, χθών) rich in

the treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ανος, ὁ, Pluto, god of the nether world:

a name of Αἰδης, derived from πλοῦτος, because corn,

the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the

earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὔ, ὁ, (πλέκω) mostly in pl. locks, bair.

πλῦναν, Ep. for ἐπλυναν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [ῦ], Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλύνος, ὁ, (πλύνω) a trough or pit to wash clothes

in: a washing trough or tub.

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing: τὰ

Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερά) a festival at Athens, in which

the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΛΥΝΩ [ῦ], fut. πλυνῶ Ion. πλυνέω: aor. 1

ἐπλῦνα Ep. πλῦνα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλύνθη: pf. πέ-

πλῦμαι:—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούομαι

(to bathe), or νίζω (to wash the hands or feet). 2.

to wash off dirt. II. metaph., πλύνειν τινά to

give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel. Hence

πλύσις, εως, ἡ, a washing. [ῦ]

πλωάς, ἁδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. floating.

πλωίζω, f. σω, (πλώω) to sail on the sea, use ships,

practise navigation.

πλώιμος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing: of a ship, fit

for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable. 2. of the sea, to

be sailed over, navigable: in neut., πλωιματέραν γε-

νομένων or ὄντων as circumstances became or were

more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, ον, = πλώιμος, to be sailed over.

πλωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλώω) a seaman, sailor. II.

a swimmer.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλώω) sailing, floating, swim-

ming. II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

πλώω, f. ὦσω: aor. 1 ἐπλωσα: pf. πέπλωκα: Ep.

and Ion. for πλέω, to sail, float: there is also (as if

from a Verb in μι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἐπλων, ως, ω, part.

πλῶς, gen. πλῶντος.

πνέω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεῦμα, ατος, τό, (πνέω) wind, air. II. breath,

πνεῦμα βίου the breath of life; πνεῦμα ἀφιέναι to give

up the ghost, spend one's spirit, life. 2. spirit,

inspiration. III. a Spirit, spiritual Being:—



Πνεῦμα and ἅγιον Πνεῦμα the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost. Hence

πνευματικός, ἢ, ὄν, belonging to wind or breath. II. of the spirit, spiritual: Adv. -κῶς, spiritually.

πνευματώω, f. ὠσω, (πνεῦμα) to turn into wind or air: to inflate. 2. to agitate with wind.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (πνέω, πνεῦμα) used both in sing. and pl. the organs of breathing, the lungs.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕΨΩ Ep. πνέω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσοῦμαι, later πνεύσω: aor. I ἐπνευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπνεύσθην: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):—to blow, breathe, of the wind. II. to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale: c. gen. rei, to smell of a thing, be redolent of; rarely c. dat. rei, to smell with it. III. of animals, to breathe hard, pant, gasp. IV. to draw breath, breathe: to live. V. metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνέοντες breathing spirit; Ἄρεα πνεῖν, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα πνεῖν to be of a high spirit. VI. to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui.

πνίγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (πνίγω) an oven: or 2. a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame.

πνίγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πνίγω) choking, stifling, of throttling or heat.

πνίγιζω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) a choking.

πνιγμός, ὁ, (πνίγω) a choking, stifling beat.

πνιγόμενος, εσσα, εν, choking, stifling. From

πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) a choking, stifling, of heat.

ΠΝΙΓΩ [i], fut. πνίξω or med. πνίξομαι: aor. I ἐπνίξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [i]:—to stifle, choke: to seize by the throat, throttle:—Pass. to be stifled or choked: also to be drowned. II. to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew.

πνιγώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) stifling.

πνικτός, ἢ, ὄν, (πνίγω) stifled, strangled.

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοιά:

(πνέω):—a wind, blast, air; ἅμα πνοῆς ἀνέμοιο along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind; πυρὸς πνοαὶ blasts of fire: metaph., πνοαὶ Ἄρεος blasts of Ares. II. a bard-drawn breath, breath. III. a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhalation. IV. the breath of a wind-instrument.

ΠΝΥΞ, gen. πυνκός (not πνυκός), ἡ, the Pnyx, the

place at Athens where the ἐκκλησίαι or meetings of

the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill

just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a

theatre.

ΠΟΪΑ, ἡ, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία:—grass:

ποία Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne.

II. a grassy place, meadow. III.

grass-time, summer.

ποδ-αβρός, ὄν, (πούς, ἄβρός) soft of foot.

ποδ-αγός, ὄν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, guiding the

foot: as Subst., ποδαγός, ὁ, a guide, an attendant.

ποδ-άγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) a trap or snare for the feet. II. gout in the feet, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγρᾶω, to have gout in the feet.

ποδαγρικός, ἢ, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) liable to gout, gouty.

ποδαγρός, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) gouty.

ποδ-α-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πούς, νίζω) a vessel for

washing the feet in, foot-ban.

ποδ-α-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίζω) water for washing

the feet in.

ποδ-α-πός, ἢ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. = ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἀπό;

from what country? Lat. cujas?

πόδ-αργός, ὄν, (πούς, ἀργός) swift- or white-footed.

ποδ-άρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) able of foot, swift-

footed.

ποδ-ένδυτος, ὄν, (πούς, ἐνδύω) drawn up to the

foot. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, a robe or gar-

ment reaching to the feet.

ποδεών, ὠνος, ὁ, (πούς) in plur. the ragged ends

formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals;

δέρμα λέοντος ἀφημμένον ἄκραν ἐκ ποδεώνων a lion's

skin hung round one's neck by the ends. II. the

neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by

one of these ends, the other being sewn up. III.

any similar extremity; ποδεών στενός a narrow strip

of land. 2. the lower end or corner of a sail, the

sbeet.

ποδ-ηγός, ὄν, see ποδ-αγός.

ποδ-ηγετής, ες, (πούς, ἡνέγκω) reaching down to

the feet.

ποδ-ήνεμος, ὄν, (πούς, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind.

ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀρᾶρην) reaching down to the

feet; πέπλος ποδήρης a robe that falls over the feet:

hence, ποδήρης στῦλος a tall straight pillar; ποδήρης

ἀσπίς the large shield which quite covered the body:—

τὰ ποδήρη, the feet.

ποδιαῖος, α, ὄν, (πούς) of the measure of a foot, a

foot long, broad, or high.

ποδιζω, f. ἴσω, (πούς) to bind the feet, tether:—Pass.,

of horses, to have the feet tied, be tethered.

ποδί-κροτος, ὄν, (πούς, κροτέω) fixed on or to the feet.

ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ποδίζω) reaching over the feet;

πέπλος ποδιστήρ a long garment that entangles the

feet in it.

ποδίστρα, ἡ, (ποδίζω) a strap or snare for the feet.

ποδοῦν, Ep. gen. and dat. dual for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (πούς, κτύπέω) a dancing-girl.

ποδορ-ράγης, ες, (πούς, ραγῆναι) bursting forth at

a stamp of the foot.

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) a snare or trap to

catch the feet.

ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) a cloth to rub the

feet on, a foot-cloth, mat.

ποδώκεια, ἡ, swiftness of foot, fleetness. From

ποδ-ώκης, ες, (πούς, ὠκός) swift-footed, fleet of foot:

generally swift, quick.

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, grass.

ποθέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθεῖω.

ποθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ποθίω) *longed for, desired, missed, regretted*: hence *mourned for*.

πόθεν Ion. κόθεν, interrog. Adv. *whence? from what place?* Lat. *unde?* τίς, πόθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν; *who, whence art thou of men?* πόθεν τῆς Φρυγίας; *from what part of Phrygia?* II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be? how possibly?* III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθέν, enclit. Adv. *from some place or other*.

ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω.

ποθ-έσπερος, ὄν, Dor. for προσέσπερος.

ποθεῦντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθίω.

ποθεῦντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθίω.

ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω or ποθέσομαι: aor. 1 act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπόθεσα Ep. πόθεσα: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—*to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for*; and so *to miss, regret*, Lat. *desiderare*: τὸ ποθοῦν = πόθος, *one's desiring, one's desire*. 2. c. inf. *to long or be anxious to do*. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φρήν *the longing soul*.

ποθή, ἡ, Ep. = πόθος, *fond desire of, regret for*; σὴ ποθή *a longing after thee*.

ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποθέω) *desired, longed for, regretted*.

πόθι, interrog. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *where?* II. for ποῖ, *whither?*

ποθί, enclit. Adv., poet. for που, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perhaps*. II. of Time, *some time*: *at length*.

ποθό-βλητος, ὄν, (πόθος, βάλλω) *love-stricken*.

πόθ-οδος, ἡ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεῦσα, for προσορῶσα, part. fem. of προσορᾶω.

ΠΟ'ΘΟΣ, ὁ, *desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for*, Lat. *desiderium*; ὁδὸς πόθος *a yearning after thee: love*.

ποῖ, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. *quo?* c. gen. ποῖ χθονός; *to what spot of earth?* 2. for ποῦ; Lat. *ubi?* *where?* II. *to what end?* Lat. *quorsum?*

ποι, enclitic Adv. *somewhither*.

ποίη, ἡ, Dor. for πόα, *grass*.

ποιεύμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποίεω.

ποιεύμην, Ep. impf. med. of ποίεω.

ποιεῦντα, Dor. for ποιοῦντα, pres. part. acc. of ποιεῖν.

ΠΟΙΕ'Ω, f. ἥσω: I. *to make, produce, execute*, esp. of works of art:—Med. *to make for oneself*, of bees, οἰκία ποιήσασθαι *to make themselves houses*: also *to have a thing made*. 2. *to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect*; ποιεῖν ἱρά, Lat. *sacra facere, to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice*; ποιεῖν Ἰσθμια *to celebrate the Isthmian games*. 3. *to make, shape, create: to beget*: of corn, etc., *to produce, grow, raise*: also *to make or render so and so*:—Pass. *to be made so and so, to become*:—Med. *to make so and so for oneself, ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἐταῖρον* *to make him one's friend*: ποιεῖσθαι τινα νῖόν *to make*

a person one's son, i. e. *to adopt him as son*; ἐαυτοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι *to make a thing one's own*: generally *to hold, reckon, esteem a thing as ..*, συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι τι *to take, reckon a thing for a visitation*; δεινὸν ποιεῖσθαι τι *to esteem it a grievous thing*; περὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. *magni facere, to esteem a thing of great moment*. 4. *to compose, write, esp. in verse, to make*: also *to invent*:—also *to make, represent in poetry* (whence ποιητής a poet): periphr. in Med., ὀργὴν ποιεῖσθαι for ὀργίζεσθαι, θαῦμα ποιεῖσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου, for ἀγγέλλειν.

II. *to do*; Σπαρτιητικὰ ποιεῖν *to act like a Spartan*: c. acc. dupl. *to do something to another, κακά or ἀγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα* *to do one good or evil*. 2. *to put*. III. intr. *to be doing, to do*; ποιεῖν ἢ παθεῖν *to do or have done to one*. 2. there is also a pecul. usage, ἡ εὖνοια παρὰ πολλὸν ἐποίησεν τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους *good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians*. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, ποι-.]

ποίη, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, *grass*. ποιήεις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) *grassy, rich in grass*. ποιήμα, ατος, τό, (ποιέω) *anything made or done*: 1. *a work, piece of workmanship*. 2. *a poetical work, poem*. 3. *an act, deed*.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ποιήμα, *a little poem*.

ποιηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ποίη) *grassy*.

ποιησειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of ποίεω. ποίησις, εως, ἡ, (ποιέω) *a making: a forming, creating*. II. *the art of poetry*. 2. *a poem*.

ποιητέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ποίεω, *to be made or done*. II. neut. ποιητέον *one must make or do*.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποιέω) *one who makes, a maker*. II. *a maker, i. e. a poet*.

ποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιέω) *capable of making, productive: poetical*:—ἡ ποιητική (sub. τέχνη) *the art of poetry, poetry*. Adv. -κῶς.

ποιητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιέω) *made, fabricated, worked*. II. *made by oneself, invented*.

ποιη-φάγιω, (ποίη, φαγεῖν) *to eat grass*. ποικιλ-άνιος, ὄν, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ἡνία) *with broidered reins*.

ποικιλ-είμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) *with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb*.

ποικιλία, ἡ, (ποικίλος) *an embroidering, embroidery: a piece of embroidery: metaph. cunning*.

ποικίλλω, f. ἱλῶ: ἐποίκιλα: Pass., pf. πεποίκιλμαι: (ποικίλος):—*to broider, work in embroidery*. II. *to embroider: to diversify, vary: metaph. to trick out with fair words, embellish*. Hence ποίκιλμα, ατος, τό, *anything wrought in various colours*. 2. *broidered work, broidery*.

ποικιλό-βουλος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, βουλή) *of changeeful or subtle counsel*.

ποικιλό-γηρυς Dor. -γάρυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, γήρυς) *of varied voice, many-toned*.

ποικιλό-δειρος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, δείρα) *with variegated neck*.



ποικίλο-δέρμων, ον, ζεν. ονος, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργός, ον, (ποικίλος, ἔργον) of varied work.

ποικίλο-θρίξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) with spotted hair, spotted, brindled.

ποικίλο-μήτης, ον, ὁ, and ποικίλο-μητις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μήχανος, ον, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) full of various devices.

ποικίλο-μορφος, ον, (ποικίλος, μορφή) of variegated form, variegated.

ποικίλο-μῦθος, ον, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) of various discourse.

ποικίλο-νωτος, ον, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) with back of varied hues.

ποικίλο-πτερος, ον, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) with wing of changeable hue.

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΑΟΣ, η, ον, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled. II. worked in various colours, of varying colour; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῷ arms inwrought with brass. III. generally changeable, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeable, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος Aeol. -σάμβαλος, ον, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) with brodered sandals.

ποικίλο-στολος, ον, (ποικίλος, στολή) with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.

ποικίλο-τερπής, ἐς, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) with varied delights: delighted by variety.

ποικίλο-τευκτος, ον, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) curiously wrought.

ποικίλο-τραυλος, ον, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) twittering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ) accompanied by the various notes of the harp.

ποικίλο-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, φρήν) with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτής, οὔ, ὁ, fem. ποικιλτρία, ἡ, (ποικίλλω) one who embroiders: a broderer.

ποικίλ-φδός, ον, (ποικίλος, φῶδῃ) of riddling song.

ποικίλως, Adv. of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως ἔχειν to be different.

ποιμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ποιμήν) to feed, tend, Lat. pascere: absol. to keep flocks, be a shepherd. 2. metaph. to tend, cherish, foster:—to guide, lead, govern:—also to soothe, lull, beguile, like Lat. pascere: hence to deceive. II. Pass. to graze, Lat. pasci: to range over in grazing, to stray; πᾶς πεποιμάνται τόπος every place has been ranged over, traversed.

ποιμάν, ὁ, Dor. for ποιμήν.

ποιμάνοριον, τό, (ποιμάνωρ) a herd: metaph. an army under its leader.

ποιμανῶ, fut. of ποιμαίνω.

ποιμάνωρ [ᾱ], ορος, ὁ, (ποιμαίνω) = ποιμήν, a herdsman, shepherd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief.

ποιμήν, ἐνος, ὁ, (ποιός) a herdsman, a shepherd; ποιμήν λαῶν a shepherd of the people, i.e. a prince, chief.

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ποιμήν, ἡ, (ποιμήν) a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep.

ποιμνήτης, η, ον, (ποιμήν) of or for a flock or herd.

ποιμνιον, τό, Dim. of ποιμήν, a little flock.

ποιναῖος, α, ον, (ποινή) punishing, avenging.

ποινάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, an avenger, punisher. [ᾱ]

ποινάω, f. ἀσώ [ᾱ] Ion. ἤσω, to avenge, punish:—Med. to avenge oneself on one. From

ποινή, ἡ, a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital: also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, Lat. poena; ἀνελέσθαι ποινήν τῆς ψυχῆς to take vengeance for his life; ποινήν τίσαι Ξέρξη τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολομένων to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποινὰς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; ποινὰς λαμβάνειν to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas. 2. in good sense, recompense, reward. II. personified, Ποίνη, ἡ, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.

ποινήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.

ποινῖμος, ον, (ποινή) avenging, punishing.

ποιολογέω, f. ἤσω, to gather herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From

ποιο-λόγος, ον, (ποιός, λέγω) gathering herbs.

ποιο-νόμος, ον, (ποιός, νέμω) feeding on grass or herbs. II. ποιό-νομος, ον, (ποιός, νομή) with grassy pastures.

ΠΟΙΟΣ α, ον Ion. κοῖος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of what nature? of what sort? Lat. qualis? in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποῖον τὸν μῦθον εἶπες! what manner of speech hast thou spoken! II. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, ὁ ποῖος; III. fem. dat. ποίᾳ Ion. κοίῃ (sub. ὁδῶ); as Adv., = πῶς; Lat. quomodo? how? in what manner?

ποιός, ἄ, ὄν, indef. Adj. of a certain nature, kind or quality.

ποιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ποιός) quality.

ποιπνύω, f. ὑσώ [ῠ], (redupl. from πνέω), to be out of breath; hence generally, to hasten, burry, bustle: also to work hard, be busy.

ποιφύγμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From

ποιφύσσω, f. ξω, (redupl. from φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort. II. to blow out, puff up.

ποι-ώδης, ἐς, (ποιός, εἶδος) like grass, grassy.

πόκα or ποκά, Dor. for πότε or ποτέ.

ποκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόκος) wool, hair.

ποκίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω, (πόκος) to shear wool:—Med. to shear or clip for oneself.

πόκος, ὁ, (πέκω) wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-shearing. III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb εἰς ὄνου πόκας to an ass-shearing, i.e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκόω, f. ὤσω, to cover with wool: Pass. to be covered or clothed in wool.

πόκως, Dor. for πόκους, acc. pl. of πόκος.

πολλές, ἑων, ἑέσσι, ἑας, Ep. plur. of πολὺς.

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πολλές, ἑων, ἑέσσι, ἑας, Ep. plur. of πολὺς.

πολλές, ἑων, ἑέσσι, ἑας, Ep. plur. of πολὺς.

πολεμαδόκος, Dor. for πολεμηδόκος.

πολεμαρχεῖον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and πολεμαρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be Polemarch. From πολέμ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἄρχω) one who begins or leads the war, a leader, chieftain. II. at Athens the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally commanded in battle; he was present at the battle of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta the commander of a division or μόρα. 3. at Thebes it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ἤσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήθην: (πόλεμος):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight, give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with one.

II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one; so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense.

III. in Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; ὅσα ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος, δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήσιος, ον, Ion. form of πολέμεσιος, (πόλεμος) warlike. II. hostile.

πολεμησεῖω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war.

πολεμητέον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go to war.

πολεμίζω poet. πτολ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω: (πόλεμος):—poet. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another: later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute.

II. trans. to make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike; τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the art of war: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of war, war. 2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for battle.

II. hostile: also causing hostility. Hence πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion; πολεμικῶς ἔχειν to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belonging to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war.

2. rarely like πολεμικός, warlike. II. hostile:—as

Subst., πολέμιοι, οἱ, the enemy. 2. ἡ πολεμία (sub.

γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country. 3. τὸ πολέμιον, hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.

πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of or belonging to a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ἄρματα war-chariots. II.

τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ep. πτολ-, οὐ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a warrior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταί war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the din of war.

πολεμό-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war.

πολεμο-λάμ-αχαιικός, ἡ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος, Λάμαχος and Ἀχαιικός, like a Greek Lamachus in war.

πόλεμόνδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war, into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: generally, war; πόλεμον αἰρεσθαι τινι to levy war against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by war.

πολεμώ, f. ὤσω, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεύω, (πόλος) intr. to go or range about, Lat. versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, haunt. II. trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to plough.

πόλεων, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. for πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πολὺς.

πόληες, αν, as, Ion. for πόλεες, πόλεις, plur. of πόλις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόληος, πόληι.

πολιαίνομαι, Pass. (πολιός) to grow gray or white.

πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιόχοχος, πολιούχος, q. v.

πολί-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἄρχω) prince of a city or state.

Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith. of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Ἀθηνα Παρθένος and Ἀθηνα Πρόμαχος.

πόλιες, πολίεσσιν, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of πόλις.

πολίζω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλιστα Ep. πόλιστα: Pass., pf. πεπόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city: generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II. to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιόχοχος = πολιούχος.

πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολίτης, a citizen: also a fellow-citizen, a countryman.

πολιήτις, ιδος, fem. of πολίτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρόταφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray hair on the temples, growing gray.

πολι-ορκέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρησα: Pass., fut.

πολιορκηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι:

aor. I ἐπολιόρκηθην: (πόλις, εἶργω, or ἔρκος):—to hem in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to besiege, importune. Hence

πολι-ορκητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. that must or can be taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieging a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, α, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν:—gray, white; of hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαί (sub. τρίχες), gray or white hair; ἅμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσαις as the gray hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and temples to the beard): πολιός absol. a gray-bearded man. II. metaph. bright, serene. III. metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολι-οὔχος, ον, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιό-χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολιός, χρώς) with white skin: white.

πολι-πόρθης, ον, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εως, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Att.



poët. also πόλεος Ep. πόληος, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόληι: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:—Plur., nom. πόλεες Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλεις: gen. πόλιων: dat. πόλισι Ep. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. πόλιας, πόλεις Ion. πόλεις:—a city: πόλις ἄκρη, = ἀκρόπολις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called ἄστυ. II. a whole country, state.

III. when πόλις and ἄστυ are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, ἄστυ their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλιςμα, ατος, τό, (πολίζω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολιςσο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολις-σόος, ον, (πόλις, σώζω) guarding a city.

πολιςσο-ούχος, ον, poët. for πολιοῦχος.

πολίτ-άρχης, ου, ό, (πολίτης, ἄρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολίτεια Ion. -ηία, ή, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civitas. 2. the life of a citizen.

II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community.

πολιτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or free-man, live in a free state. 2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. i med. ἐπολιτεύσαμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολίτευμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state. 2. to take part in the government. III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτήης, ή, Ion. for πολιτεία. πολιτής [i], ου, Ion. πολιήτης, εω, ό, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοί πολῖται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ή, όν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ό, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ή πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολιτικῶς, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ή, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχνιον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town.

πολλάκις poët. πολλάκι [α], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκις perhaps, perchance, Lat. si forte; μή πολλάκις Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger: followed by ή, ήπερ..., or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ιόνως.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλαχῇ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often. II. in various manners.

πολλαχόθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλαχόθι, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλαχόσε, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλαχού, Adv. = πολλαχῇ, many times, often. II. in many places.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός = πολύς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [α]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολύς, πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολύς.

πολλοστός, ή, όν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many, Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II. of Time, πολλοστῶ ἔτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστῶ χρόνῳ after a very long time. Adv. -τῶς, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ό, (πέλω, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. 2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγρα) catching much game.

πολύ-ἄθλος, όν, (πολύς, ἄθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶξ) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἵμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἶνετος, ον, and πολύ-αινος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-αἶψ, ἱκος [i], (πολύς, αἶσσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολυαἶψ weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυανδρέω, to be full of men, to be populous. From

πολύ-ανδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνὴρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons, numerous.

πολύ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολύ-ανθής, ές, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming.

πολυανθρωπία, ή, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολύ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολυ-άνωρ [α], ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) = πολυάνωρ: much frequented. II. of many husbands.

πολυ-ἀργύρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀργυρος) rich in silver.  
πολυ-ἀρητος Att. -ἀράτος, ον, (πολύς, ἀράομαι) much prayed for, much desired.

πολυ-ἀρκής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, supplying many, abundant.

πολυ-ἀρματος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots.  
πολυ-ἀρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, ἀρμονία) many-toned.

πολύ-ἀρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολυάρνι: (πολύς, ἀρνός): with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολυ-ἀρχία, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀρχω) the government of many.

πολυ-αστράγαλος, ον, (πολύς, ἀστράγαλος) with many joints.

πολυ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολυ-ἄσχολος, ον, (πολύς, ἄσχολος) much-busied.

πολυ-αὔλαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, αὔλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολυ-αύχενος, ον, (πολύς, αὐχὴν) with many necks.

πολυ-βᾶφής, ἐς, (πολύς, βαφῆναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολυ-βενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολυ-βότειρα Ep. πολυβότειρα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσκω) fem. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτρυς, υος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling, exceeding wise.

πολυ-βούτης, ον, ὅ, (πολύς, βούς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) with many nooses.

πολυ-γαθής, ἐς, Dor. for πολυγηθής.

πολυ-γηθής, Dor. -γαθής, ἐς, (πολύς, γηθέω) much-cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολυ-γήρως, ων, (πολύς, γῆρας) exceeding old.

πολύ-γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεῦκος) abounding in must or new wine.

πολύ-γληνός, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύς, γλῶσσα) many-tongued: harmonious.

πολύ-γναμπος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύς, γινώσκω) well-known.

πολύ-γομφος, ον, (πολύς, γόμφος) fastened with many nails, well-bolted.

πολυγονέομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γονος, ον, (πολύς, γόνος) producing many, prolific.

πολυ-δαίδαλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly wrought, richly digbt. II. act. working with great art, very skilful.

πολυ-δάκρυος, ον, and πολύ-δακρύς, gen. ὕος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence much-weep, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολυ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολυ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύς, δαπάνη) causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολυ-δεράς, ἄδος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, δειρή) with many ridges or necks of land.

πολυ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύς, δένδρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρεσσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρη.

πολυ-δερκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δέρκομαι) much-seeing.

πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands, strong-bound.

πολυ-δευκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δεῦκος = γλεῦκος) very sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ὅ, Polydeuces, Lat.

Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολυ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-watered, afflicted with drought.

πολύ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δόξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμεῖν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δροσος, ον, (πολύς, δρόσος) very dewy.

πολυδωρία, ἡ, liberality, munificence. From

πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δῶρον) with rich gifts, well-dowered.

πολυ-ειδής, ἐς, (πολύς, εἶδος) of many kinds, diverse, various.

πολυ-έλαιος, ον, (πολύς, ἔλαιον) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολυ-ἐλικτος, ον, (πολύς, ἐλίσσω) many-folded, mazy, complicated.

πολυ-επαίνετος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) much-praised.

πολυ-επής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔπος) of many words, wordy.

πολυ-έραστος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved.

πολυ-εργής, ἐς, and πολύ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, ἔργον) much-working, hard-working.

πολυ-ετής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔτος) of many years, full of years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολύ-εύχεται, ον, (πολύς, εὔχομαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζῆλος) much envied, much desired. II. full of envy.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλόω) much envied or desired.

πολύ-ζυγος, ον, (πολύς, ζυγόν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγορεύω) speaking much, wordy.

πολυ-ήρατος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved, very lovely.

πολυ-ηχής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἦχος) many-toned: much-resounding.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύς, ἡχέω) loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαρσής, ἐς, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-courageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ-θηρος, ον, (πολύς, θῆρ) with much game, full of wild beasts.



πολυ-θρέμμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters.  
 πολύ-θρεπτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέφω) much-nourishing.  
 πολύ-θρήνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνέω) much-bewailed.  
 πολύ-θρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνος) much-wailing.  
 πολύ-θριξ, *τριχος*, *ο*, *ή*, (πολύς, θρίξ) with much hair.  
 πολύ-θροος, *ον*, *contr. -θρους*, *ουν*, (πολύς, θρόος) with much noise, clamorous.  
 πολύ-θρύλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρύλέω) much talked of, notorious.  
 πολύ-θύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύρα) with many doors or apertures. 2. *metaph.* with many leaves.  
 πολύ-θύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύω) celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices.  
 πολύ-ἰδμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, = πολυῖδρις.  
 πολυῖδρεια, *ή*, (πολυῖδρις) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.  
 πολύ-ἰδρις, *Ιον. γεν. ιος* *Att. εως*, *ο*, *ή*, (πολύς, ἰδρις) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.  
 πολύ-ἵππος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἵππος) having many horses, rich in horses.  
 πολυ-ἰστωρ, *ορος*, *ο*, *ή*, (πολύς, ἴσημι) = πολυῖδρις.  
 πολυ-ἰχθύος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) abounding in fish.  
 πολυ-καγκής, *ές*, (πολύς, \*κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.  
 πολυ-κάης, *ές*, (πολύς, καίω) much-burning.  
 πολυ-κάμμορος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμμορος) very ill-fated or miserable.  
 πολυ-καμπής, *ές*, (πολύς, κάμπω) with many twists and turns.  
 πολυ-κάνής, *ές*, (πολύς, καίνω) much-slaughtering.  
 πολυ-καπνος, *ον*, (πολύς, καπνός) much-smoked: with smoky rafters.  
 πολυ-κάρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάρηνον) many-beaded.  
 πολυκαρπία, *ή*, abundance of fruit. From  
 πολυ-καρπος, *ον*, (πολύς, καρπός) with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful.  
 πολυ-κέλαδος, *ον*, (πολύς, κέλαδος) much-sounding.  
 πολυκέρδεια, *ή*, great craft or cunning. From  
 πολυ-κερδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κέρδος) very cunning or crafty.  
 πολυ-κερως, *ωτος*, *ο*, *ή*, (πολύς, κέρας) many-horned; *π. φόνος* the slaughter of much horned cattle.  
 πολυ-κεστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κεστός) much-wrought with the needle, well-stitched.  
 πολυ-κηδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κηδος) full of care, grievous.  
 πολυ-κήριος, *ον*, (πολύς, κήρ) very deadly.  
 πολυ-κήτης, *ες*, (πολύς, κήτος) full of monsters.  
 πολυ-κλαυστος *ο* *-κλαυτος*, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πολύς, κλαίω) much deplored or lamented.  
 πολυ-κλεής, *ές*, (πολύς, κλέος) far-famed.  
 πολυ-κλειτος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πολύς, κλειτός) far-famed, of great renown.  
 πολυ-κληεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.  
 πολυ-κλήις, *ιδος* [*ι*], *ή*, (πολύς, κλείς) with many benches of towers, with many banks of oars.  
 πολυ-κληρος, *ον*, (πολύς, κληρος) with a large lot or portion, rich in land.

πολύ-κλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, καλέω) called from many a land.  
 πολύ-κλυστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλύζω) much dashing or swelling. II. *pass.* wasped by many a wave.  
 πολύ-κμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμνω) much-wrought, wrought with much toil. 2. later, laborious.  
 πολύ-κνημος, *ον*, (πολύς, κνημός) with many boulders, of mountains: mountainous.  
 πολύ-κοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοινός) common to many.  
 πολυκοιρανία *Ιον. -ίη*, *ή*, the rule of many. From  
 πολυ-κοίρανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοίρανος) wide-ruling.  
 πολυ-κόλυμβος, *ον*, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) oft-diving.  
 πολυ-κράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κράνον) many-beaded.  
 πολυ-κράτης, *ές*, (πολύς, κράτος) very mighty.  
 πολυ-κροτος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πολύς, κροτέω) ringing loud or clearly.  
 πολυ-κρουνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κρουνός) with many springs.  
 πολυ-κτέανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτημων.  
 πολυ-κτημων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, κτήμα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.  
 πολυ-κτητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτημων.  
 πολυ-κτόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.  
 πολυ-κύδιστος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πολύς, κύδιστος) held in highest honour, most glorious.  
 πολυ-κύμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, κύμα) swelling with many waves.  
 πολυ-κώκυτος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωκύω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.  
 πολυ-κωμος, *ον*, (πολύς, κῶμος) much-revelling.  
 πολυ-κωπος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωπή) of many oars.  
 πολυ-κώτιλος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωτίλος) much-battering, much-warbling.  
 πολυ-λήιος, *ον*, (πολύς, λήιον) with many corn-fields.  
 πολυλ-λίθος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίθος) very stony.  
 πολυλ-λίστος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; *νηὸς πολύλλιστος* a temple where many prayers are offered.  
 πολυλ-λίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολύλλιστος.  
 πολυλογία, *ή*, much speaking, much talk. From  
 πολυ-λογος, *ον*, (πολύς, λόγος) much-talking, talkative. 2. much talked of.  
 πολυ-μάθης, *ές*, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) having learnt much, knowing much. *Adv. -θῶς*, in a very learned way.  
 πολυ-μανής, *ές*, (πολύς, μανῆναι) very furious.  
 πολυ-μάχητος, *ον*, (πολύς, μάχομαι) much or often fought for. [*α*]  
 πολυ-μεθής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέθη) very drunk.  
 πολυ-μελής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέλος) with many limbs or members. II. many-toned, musical.  
 πολυ-μερής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέρος) consisting of many parts. *Adv. -ρῶς*, in many ways.  
 πολυ-μετρος, *ον*, (πολύς, μέτρον) holding many measures: generally, abundant.  
 πολυ-μηκάς, *αδος*, *ο*, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) much-bleating.

πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύς, μῆλον) with many sheep: rich in flocks.

πολύ-μηνις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μῆνις) very wrathful.

πολύ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μῆτις) of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.

πολύμηχανία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness. From

πολύ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.

πολύ-μίγῃς, ἐς, (πολύς, μιγῆναι) mixed of many parts, motley.

πολύ-μίσῃς, ἐς, (πολύς, μῖσος) much-bated.

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) receiving much pay, hired at a high rate.

πολύ-μίτος, ον, (πολύς, μίτος) consisting of many threads; πέπλοι πολύμιτοι pictured or brocaded robes.

πολυ-μνήστη, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάομαι) as fem. Adj. much courted, wooed by many.

πολύ-μνηστος, ον, (πολύς, μνάομαι) much-remembering, mindful, grateful. II. pass. much-remembered, never to be forgotten.

πολυ-μνήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάομαι) remembering much, mindful.

Πολύμνια, ἡ, contr. from Πολυ-ύμνια, (πολύς, ὕμνος) Polymnia, i. e. the Muse of many hymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry.

πολύ-μουσος, ον, (πολύς, Μοῦσα) with many arts or accomplishments.

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) much-labouring, much-enduring. II. pass. won by much toil.

πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) of many words, wordy, talkative. II. pass. much-talked-of, famous in story, storied.

πολύ-ναός, ον, (πολύς, ναός) with many temples.

πολύ-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, ναύτης) with many sailors.

πολύ-νείκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νεῖκος) much-wrangling: often as a prop. n. Polynices.

πολύ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) overcast with clouds, very cloudy: there is also a Dor. form πολυ-νεφέλας, gen. α.

πολύ-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νικάω) a frequent conqueror.

πολύ-νιφής, ἐς, (πολύς, νίφω) deep with snow.

πολύ-ξείνος, ον, Ion. for σκ.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξείνος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, ξένος, ξείνος):—of persons, entertaining many guests, very hospitable. II. visited by many guests.

πολύ-ξεστος, ον, (πολύς, ξέω) much-polished.

πολύοινέω, to be rich, abound in wine. From

πολύ-οινος, ον, (πολύς, οἶνος) abounding in wine.

πολύ-όλβος, ον, (πολύς, ὄλβος) very wealthy: rich in blessings: abundant.

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμβρος) very rainy.

πολύ-όμματος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμμα) many-eyed.

πολύ-όρνιθος, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) abounding in birds.

πολύοψία, ἡ, abundance of dainties: abundance of food. From

πολύ-οψος, ον, (πολύς, ὄψον) abounding in dainties: luxurious.

πολυ-πάθῃς, ἐς, (πολύς, παθεῖν) much-suffering.

πολύπαιδία, ἡ, (πολύπαις) abundance of children.

πολύ-παίπαλος, ον, (πολύς, παιπάλη) exceeding crafty.

πολύ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, παῖς) with many children.

πολύ-πάμ-φᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πᾶς, φᾶος) very bright.

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πέπαιμαι) with great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύπειρία, ἡ, long experience. 2. frequent or daring enterprise. From

πολύ-πειρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) much-experienced.

πολύ-πείρων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) with many boundaries: of or from many countries.

πολύ-πενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, πένθος) much-mourning, very mournful. II. pass. much-mourned.

πολύ-πένθιμος, ον, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυπημονίδης, ου, ὁ, son of Polyphemon, in allusion to the meaning of the word; v. πολυπήμων.

πολύ-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πῆμα) causing manifold woe, baneful.

πολύ-πηνος, ον, (πολύς, πῆνη) close-woven.

πολύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, πίδαξ) with many springs or fountains.

πολύ-πικρός, ον, (πολύς, πικρός) very keen or bitter; neut. pl. πολύπικρα as Adv. very bitterly.

πολύ-πίνῃς, ἐς, (πολύς, πίνος) very dirty.

πολύ-πλαγκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλάζομαι) much-wandering, roaming far a-field: much-erring. II. act. (πολύς, πλάζω) leading far astray: metaph.

beguiling, delusive.

πολυ-πλάνῃς, ἐς, (πολύς, πλανᾶμαι) roaming far or long; πολυπλανῆς κισσός the wandering ivy. 2. much-erring.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύς, πλανᾶμαι) far- or oft-wandering: of blows, showered from all sides.

πολύ-πλάνος, ον, = πολυπλανής.

πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = πολλαπλάσιος.

πολύ-πλεθρος, ον, (πολύς, πλέθρον) many πλείρα in size: generally far-extending.

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) closely-twined.

πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) with many locks: of the polypus, with many feelers.

πολυπλοκία, ἡ, intricacy, cunning, craft. From

πολύ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) much-tangled, thick-wreathed. 2. metaph. tangled, intricate, complex. II. act. entangling intriguing.

πολύ-πόδης, ου, ὁ, poet. πολυπόδες, = πολύπους.

πολύ-ποικύλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

πολύ-πονος, ον, (πολύς, πόνος) much-labouring, much-suffering; also causing much pain, painful.

πολύπος, ου, ὁ, see πολύπους.



πολύ-πόταμος, ον, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers.*

πολύ-πόντιος, ἡ, (πολύς, πόντιος) *very venerable.*

πολύπους [ῥ], -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. πολύπουν, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed.* II. as Subst. πολύπους or

more commonly (even in Att.) πουλύ-πους, ον, ὁ, *the many-footed one, the sea-polyrus*; gen. πουλύποδος; acc. πουλύπουν or πολύποδα; plur. nom. πολύποδες, etc.; poet. nom. πουλύπος, ον; Dor. πώλυπος; Lat. *pōlyrus*.

πολυπραγμονέω Ion. -πρηγμονέω, f. ἤσω, (πολυπράγμων) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy; to be meddlesome or officious; to meddle in public affairs, intrigue.*

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ἡ (πολυπράγμων) *officious interference, meddling; a meddling, active character.* From

πολυ-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πράσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent.*

πολύ-πρᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild.*

πολυ-πρηγμονέω, Ion. for πολυπραγμονέω.

πολυ-πρόβατος, ον, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle*; Sup. πολυπροβατώτατος.

πολυ-πρώτιστος, ἡ, ον, = πολὺν πρώτιστος.

πολυ-πτόητος Ion. -πτοίητος, ον, (πολύς, πτοέω) *much-scared, timorous.*

πολύ-πτύχος, ον, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many folds; with many glens or valleys.*

πολύ-πυργος, ον, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers.*

πολύ-πῦρος, ον, (πολύς, πυρός) *rich in corn.*

πολύρ-ραπτος, ον, = πολύρραφος.

πολύρ-ράφος, ον, (πολύς, ῥάπτω) *much-worked, highly-wrought.*

\*πολύρ-ρην, ηνος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, \*ῥήν = ἀμνός) *rich in sheep or flocks*; only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.

πολύρ-ρηνος, ον, = \*πολύρρην.

πολύρ-ρίζος, ον, (πολύς, ῥίζα) *with many roots.*

πολύρ-ροδος, ον, (πολύς, ῥόδον) *abounding in roses.*

πολύρ-ροθος, ον, (πολύς, ῥόθος) *much-dashing, loud-roaring; very clamorous.*

πολυρ-ροϊβδητος, ον, (πολύς, ροιβδέω) *much-whizzing.*

πολύρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ον, and πολύρ-ρύτος, ον, (πολύς, ῥέω) *much-flowing; of blood, shed in streams.*

ΠΟΛΥΨ, πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, ἡς, οὗ; dat. πολλῷ, ἡ, ᾧ; acc. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ;—Ion. nom. πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν; the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολεῖς; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσσι, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολεῖς; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [ᾱ]:—πουλός, neut. πουλύ, are also Ep. forms.

I. Of Number, *many*, opp. to ὀλίγος *few*; also of anything often repeated; πολλὸν ἦν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος

this word was often repeated.

2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολὺς νιφετός *a heavy storm of snow*; πολὺς ὕπνος *deep sleep*; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολὺς *great and large*; πολλὴ κέκλημαι *I have been much extolled*; πολλὸς λόγος *a far-spread report*; πολλὴ ἀνάγκη *strong necessity*.

3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος *worth much*; πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι τι, Lat. *magni facere*, to reckon of much consequence.

4. c. gen., as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τρῶες; πολλὸν σαρκός for πολλὴ σὰρξ.

5. πολὺς is often joined to another Adj., πολέες τε καὶ ἰσθλοὶ *many men and good*.

6. in Att. with the article, οἱ πολλοὶ *the many, a majority*; so also, τὸ πολὺ; ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ for *the most part*.

7. πολὺς is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμί, as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσόμενος *he was urgent in his entreaties*.

II. of Space, *large, far, wide*; πολλὴ ὁδός *a long way*.

III. of Time, *long*. As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., πολὺ Ion. πολλόν, πολλά, *much, very*; also *many times, oft-times, often*, often strengthd. by μάλα; of Space, *a great way*; of Time, *long*; of Degree, *far, very much*.

2. πολὺ is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; πολὺν or πολλὸν ἀμείναν *much better*; with Comp. Adv., πολὺ μᾶλλον *much more*; with Sup., as πολὺν πρῶτος *much the first*.

3. πολλά *many times, often*; τὰ πολλά *mostly, usually*.

4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολὺ for *long*; ἐπὶ πολλόν *far*.

Comp. πλείων Att. πλείων; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύ-σαθρος, ον, (πολύς, σαθρός) *very rotten.*

πολύ-σαρκία, ἡ, (πολύς, σὰρξ) *fleshy, plumpness.*

πολύ-σέβαστος, ον, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august.*

πολύ-σεμνος, ον, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable.*

πολύ-σημάντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a ruler over many.*

πολύ-σίνης, ἡς, (πολύς, σίνομαι) *very hurtful, baneful, mischievous.*

πολύ-σιτία, ἡ, *abundance of corn or food.* From

πολύ-σίτος, -σίτον, (πολύς, σίτος) *abounding in corn.*

II. *big-fed, full of meat.*

πολύ-σκαλμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαλμός) *many-oared.*

πολύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift; bounding.*

πολύ-σκηπτρος, ον, (πολύς, σκῆπτρον) *wide-ruling.*

πολύ-σκιος, ον, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady.*

πολυ-σκόπελος, ον, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky.*

πολυ-σπάθης, ἑς, (πολύς, σπάθη) *thick-woven.*

πολυ-σπερής, ἑς, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.*

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) *of great mercy or compassion.*

πολύ-σπορος, ον, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful.*

πολυ-στάφυλος, ον, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes.*

πολύ-στάχυς, υ, gen. υος, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn, yielding rich crops.*

πολυ-στελέχος, ον, *with many stems.*

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύς, στενάζω) *deep-sighing, miserable.*

πολυ-στέφανος, ον, *with many wreaths.*

πολυ-στεφής, ἐς, (πολύς, στέφω) *crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel.*

πολύ-στικτος, ον, (πολύς, στίζω) *much-spotted, dappled.*

πολυστιχία, ἡ, *a number of lines.* From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *of or in many lines.*

πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στοιχος) *with many rows.*

πολυστομέω, *to speak much.* From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) *many-mouthed.*

πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) *much sighing, mournful, melancholy.*

πολυ-στροφία, ἡ, *a turning oneself to and fro.* From

πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύς, στρέφω) *much-twisted: pliant, versatile.*

πολύ-σύλλαβος, ον, (πολύς, συλλαβή) *of many syllables.*

πολυ-σφόνδύλος, ον, *many-jointed.*

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) *split into many parts, branching.*

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύς, σχοῖνος) *many-corded.*

πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύς, σωρός) *yielding large heaps of corn.*

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) *weighing or worth many talents.*

πολυ-ταρβής, ἐς, (πολύς, τάρβος) *much-frightened.*

πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) *bearing many children.*

πολυτέλεια, ἡ, (πολυτελής) *great expense, costliness, expensiveness.*

πολύ-τελής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέλος) *very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.*

πολυτελῶς, Adv. of πολυτελής, *expensively:—Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costliest manner.*

πολύ-τερπής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέρπω) *much-delighting.*

πολύ-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, οἱ πολυ-τέχνης, ον, (πολύς, τέχνη) *one skilled in many arts.*

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, τιμάω) *highly honoured or revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τίμος, ον, (πολύς, τιμή) *much revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιτος, ον, (πολύς, τίω) *held in high honour: also worthy of high honour. [i metri grat.]*

πολύ-τλας, αντος, ὁ, (πολύς, τλήναι) *much-enduring.*

πολυ-τλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τλήμων) *much-enduring, very patient.*

πολύ-τλητος, ον, (πολύς, τλήναι) *having had much to endure, hence unfortunate.*

πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολύς, τέμνω) *much-cut, much-lacerated.*

πολυ-τρήρων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρήρων) *abounding in doves.*

πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύς, τρητός) *much-pierced, perforated, full of holes, porous.*

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρίπους) *with many tripods.*

πολυτροπία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *variety of resources, versatility, craft.* From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) *much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering.* II. *turning many ways, versatile, ingenious: changeful.* 2. *manifold.*

Hence

πολυτρόπως, Adv. *in divers manners.*

πολυ-τρόχᾶλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) *running about much, bustling.*

πολύ-ὑμνητος, ον, (πολύς, ὑμνέω) *much-famed in song, much-renowned.*

πολύ-ὑμνος, ον, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *much sung of, famous: honoured with many hymns.*

πολύ-φάρμακος, ον, (πολύς, φάρμακον) *knowing many drugs or charms.*

πολύ-φᾶτος, ον, (πολύς, φημί) *much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.*

πολύ-φήμος Dor. -φamos, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) *with many tales or legends: also with loud cries.* II.

*wordy, full of the din of voices: ἡ πολύφημος, as Subst., = ἀγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly: ἵς πολύφημον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.*

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύς, φθείρω) *destroying many, baneful, pernicious.* II. *pass., πολυφθορος, α, utterly destroyed or ruined.*

πολύ-φίλος, ον, (πολύς, φιλέω) *having many friends, much-beloved.*

πολύ-φίλτρος, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) *suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick.*

πολύ-φλοισβος, ον, (πολύς, φλοῖσβος) *loud-roaring, epith. of the sea.*

πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολύς, \*φένω) *killing many, murderous.*

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) *feeding many, bountiful.*

πολύφορία, ἡ, *productiveness.* From

πολύ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) *bearing much; πολυφόρος οἶνος wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.*

πολυ-φραδής, ἐς, (πολύς, φράζω) *very eloquent, wise, sagacious.*

πολύ-φροντις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φροντίς) *full of care.*

πολυ-φρόντιστος, ον, (πολύς, φροντίς) *much-thinking, thoughtful.*

πολυφροσύνη, ἡ, *fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding.* From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φρήν) *much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.*

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) *abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper vessels or money.* II. *wrought of solid brass, all-brasen.*

πολυ-χανδής, ἐς, (πολύς, χανδάνω) *wide-yawning.*

πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) *very warlike.*

πολύ-χειρ, -χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, χεῖρ) *many-banded, with many bands: also with many bands or men.*

Hence



πολύ-χειρία, ἡ, a multitude of hands or workmen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύς, χορδή) many-stringed: hence many-toned.

πολυχρηματία, ἡ, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy.

πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρῦσος, ον, (πολύς, χρυσός) rich in gold, adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χώννυμι) big-bearied.

πολυ-ψάμθος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμαθος), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ἡ, number or diversity of votes. And πολυ-ψήφης, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψήφος) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύς, ψοφέω) loud-sounding.

πολύ-ώδυνος, ον, (πολύς, ὀδύνη) very painful. II. pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ὄνυμος, ον, (πολύς, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names. II. of great name, famous, renowned.

πολυ-ὠπής, ἑς, and πολὺ-ὠπός, ον, (πολύς, ὠπή) with many holes or cells, close-meshed.

πολύ-ὠρέω, (πολύς, ὠρα) to pay much regard or attention to, to esteem highly.

πολύ-ὠφελής, ἑς, (πολύς, ὠφελος) very, highly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυαφελέστατος. Adv. -λῶς, in a very serviceable manner.

πολύ-ὠψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, = πολυωπός.

πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πέπομαι) a drink, draught.

πομπαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πομπή) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world.

πομπάν, πομπᾶς, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπῆς.

πομπεία, ἡ, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering, ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus and Ceres.

πομπεῖον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πομπός) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομπή):—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. II. to lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending away, a sending home to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. III. an inter-

vention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπῆς, -ῆας, nom. and acc. pl. of πομπεύς.

πομπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn procession: showy, stately.

πόμπιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: homeward. II. pass. sent, brought.

πομπός, ὁ, (πέμπω) one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plur. πομποί attendants, guards. 2. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading:

πῦρ πομπόν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλος) to conduct a fleet or ship.

πομφολύγο-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφολύζω, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονέυμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or med. of πονέω.

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. πονέομαι, with fut. med. -ήσομαι; aor. I med. ἐπονήσαμην and pass. ἐπονήθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι: I. absol. to toil, work hard; πονέεσθαι κατὰ ὑσμίνην to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. 2. metaph. to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II. c. acc. to work at, work hard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq., f. -πονήσω: aor. I ἐπόνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι: I. c. acc. pers. to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or hardship: c. acc. cognato, πονεῖν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From

πονηρεύομαι, Dep. (πονηρός) to be evil or wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ἡ, (πονηρός) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitas: also cowardice.

πονηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (πονέω) causing pain or hardship: hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition; πονηρὰ πράγματα a bad state of things. 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρῶς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρῶς ἔχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονῆσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of πονέω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, hard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνος, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug of war. 2. a task. II. pain of body or mind, suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. III. the fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of πόντιος.

ποντίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*:—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνιος or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the hazel.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντο-θήρης, ον, ὁ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea.

ποντο-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

ποντοπορεύω and -πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδῶν, ὦνος, ὁ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the high sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full,

Πόντος Εὐξείνιος. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken.

ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πόπανον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πόπανον.

ποποί, the cry of the boopoe.

ποποῖ, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, ob! fie! shame! akin to παπαί!—also ᾧ ποποῖ.

ποποπό, cry of the boopoe.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσδω: fut. ποππύσω: aor. I ἐπόπυσα: Pass., aor. ἐποππύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry busb! also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence

ποππυλιάζω Dor. -ἄσδω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσδω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

πόππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ποππύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, ὁ, ἡ, older form of πάρδαλις.

πορδή, ἡ, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for ἔπορε; see \*πόρω.

πορεία, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*. II. a going, a journey, pas-

sage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθεῖς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι.

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βροτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. -εύσω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II.

Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc.

loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ἤσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to be-

siege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθησις, εως, ἡ, (πορθέω) the sack of a town.

πορθητής, οὐ, ὁ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πορθητής, a ravager.

πορθμεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πορθμεύω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-

boat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. *naulum*.

πόρθμευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πορθμεύω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *portitor*: a seaman.

πορθμεύω, f. σω, (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass.

to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμεῖον.

πορθμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, ὁ, (πέριω) a ferry: a strait, firth. II. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med., f. ποριούμαι: Pass., f. πορισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθην:

pf. πεπόρισμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring

about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is

in one's power to do ...

πόριμος, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive:

c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιος, ἡ, poet. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὁ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means. 2. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence



ποριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for purveying: able to procure.  
ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, ον, ὄ, a ring or hoop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ἡ, (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution.  
πορνείον, τό, (πορνεύω) a brothel.  
πορνεύω, f. σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a harlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνάω) a harlot.  
πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [νῖ]  
πορνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόρνη) of or for harlots.  
πορνοβοσκέω, f. ἤσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping.  
πορνο-βοσκός, ὁ, (πόρνη, βύσκω) a brothel-keeper.  
πόρνος, ὁ, (πόρνη) a fornicator.  
πόρος, ὁ, (περάω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frib. 2. πόροι ἁλός the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving: πόρος ὁδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.

πόρπαμα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πόρπη) the handle of a shield.

πορπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ] Ion. ἤσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πέιρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω. Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and  
πόρρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορσαίνω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρόσω, further, furthest.

πορσύνω [ῡ]: Ep. fut. πορσυνέω contr. -υνῶ: (\*πόρω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide:—Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., = πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.

πόρταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = πόρτις, a calf.

πόρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young heifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves.  
πορφύρα Ion. -ύρη [ῡ], ἡ, (πορφύρω) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, η, ον, Att. contr. πορφύρεος, ᾱ, οῦν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beautiful, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεος, ἴος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a purple-dyer.

πορφύρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφύριον, ανος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-ειδής, ἴος, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark.

πορφύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, fem. -πώλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πωλέω) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφύρο-στρωτος, ον, (πορφύρα, στράννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορφύρεος, ᾱ, οῦν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος.

πορφύρω [ῡ], a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμύρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ὡς ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κακῶ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολὺ ἄλς): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδίη πόρφυρε much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

\*ΠΟΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. πέπωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Ep. πόρον, part.

πορών:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὖχος πορεῖν to fulfil a wish. II.

pf. pass. πέπωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπωται, and 3 sing. plqpf. πέπωτο, it has, had been fated, and part. πεπωμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ πεπωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τὸ πεπωμένον.

\*ΠΟΣ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅς, whence ποῦ, ποῖ, πῇ, πῶ, also, πόθεν, πόθι, πόσε, πότε, and the Adj. πότερος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσσάκι [ᾱ], Adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (\*πός) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδᾶν and Ποτειδᾶν, ανος, ὁ, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν.

Ποσειδάνιος and -αόνιος, α, ον, Dor. for Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδεῖον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδεῖος, α, ον, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδεῶν, ανος, ὁ, Poseideon, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδῶν, ανος, ὁ: acc. Ποσειδῶν: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδάων [ᾱ], ανος, acc. ἄωνα, voc. Ποσειδάων: Dor. Ποτειδᾶν or Ποτιδᾶν, ανος: Ion.

Ποσειδέων, ανος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptuneus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

Ποσειδῶν, ανος, ὁ: acc. Ποσειδῶν: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδάων [ᾱ], ανος, acc. ἄωνα, voc. Ποσειδάων: Dor. Ποτειδᾶν or Ποτιδᾶν, ανος: Ion.

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Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, sacred to Neptune: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of Neptune.

ΠΟΨΘΗ, ἡ, membrum virile.

πόσθων, ὄνος, ὅ, (πόσθη) a little boy.

ποσί, dat. pl. of πούς: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσις.

Ποσιδήιον, τό, Ion. for Ποσειδειον.

Ποσιδήιος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσειδειος, sacred to Poseidon or Neptune.

ΠΟΣΙΣ, ὁ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ep. πόσει, voc. πόσις or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσις, Ep. acc. πόσις:—husband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνὴρ, πόσις was a lawful husband, ἀνὴρ a paramour.

πόσις, ἰος Att. εως, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout; παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, Lat. inter pocula, over their cups.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—how great? how much? of what value? Lat. quantus? II. ποσός, ἡ, ὄν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. aliquantus: ἐπὶ ποσόν to a certain degree.

ποσσ-ἡμαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ἡμαρ) in how many days? within how many days?

ποσσί or -ίν, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of πούς.

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) beaten by the foot in dancing.

πόσις, εως, ὁ, poet. for πόσις, a husband.

ποσταῖος, α, ον, (πόστος) in how many days? on which day?

πόστος, η, ον, (πόσος) which of a number? Lat. quotus? πόστον δὴ ἔτος ἐστὶν ὅτε...; how many years is it since...? II. how small? Lat. quantulus.

πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρὸς, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῷ, πὸτ τὸν, πὸτ τό, etc.

πότα, Accl. for πότε.

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of προσάγω.

ποτ-αείσομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαιίδω.

ποτ-αῖνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποτί = πρὸς, αἶνος) like πρόσφατος, newly told of, fresh, new, Lat. recens: metaph. unwonted, unheard-of.

ποτάμειος, α, ον, = ποτάμιος. [ᾱ]

ποτάμειψατο, Dor. and poet. for προσημείψατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσαμείβω.

ποτάμείζομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαμείζω.

ποτάμηδόν, Adv. (ποτάμιος) like a river.

ποτάμηιος, η, ον, Ion. and poet. for ποτάμειος.

ποτάμηις, ἰδος, poet. fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποτάμ-ἡρῦτος, ον, (ποτάμιος, ἀρῦτω) drawn from a stream or in streams.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποτάμιος) of or from a river, on a river.

ποτάμῳ, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποτάμιος, οὐ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) a river, stream.

II. personified, Ποτάμιος, ὁ, a river-god.

ποτάμο-φόρητος, ον, (ποτάμιος, φορέω) carried away by a river.

ποτᾶνός, ἄ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, winged, flying, furnished with wings.

ποτάομαι, poet. for πέτομαι, to fly: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήθη Dor. -άθη: pf. πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήσεται: 3 sing. plqpf. πεπότητο:—to be upon the wing, hover, flit about.

ποτάπός, ἡ, ὄν, = ποδαπός. Adv. -πῶς.

ποτ-αυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω.

ποτ-ᾱῶς, α, ον, Dor. for προσῆῶς.

πότε Ion. κότε, (\*πος) interrog. Particle, when? at what time? II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, at some time, at any time, once, erst. In answering clauses,

ποτέ μὲν... ποτέ δέ... at one time... at another...; sometimes... sometimes; Lat. modo... modo...:—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίποτε; how ever? how possibly?

Ποτειδάν, ἄνος, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν.

ποτεμάξατο, Dor. for προσεμάξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσμάσσω.

ποτέομαι, Ep. for ποτάομαι, to fly.

ποτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πίνω, to be drunk, drinkable. II. ποτέον, neut. one must drink.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω.

πότερος, α, ον Ion. κότερος, η, ον, (\*πος, ἕτερος) whether or which of the two? Lat. uter? 2. the neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον... ἢ...; like Lat. utrum... an...? whether... or...? II. without

interrog., like ὑπότερος, either of the two, Lat. alteruter.

ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) on whether of the two sides...? on which of two sides? at which of two places?

ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, in which of two ways? Lat. utro modo?

ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) to whether of two sides? to which of two places?

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) flight.

πότημα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτ-ῆμεν, Dor. for προσεῖναι, inf. of πρόσκειμι.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτάμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ἡ, ὄν, v. ποτᾶνός.

ποτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτής, ἡτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) drink.

πότης, ου, ὁ, fem. πότις, ἰδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., πότης λύχνος a tippling lamp:—Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτη a bard drinker.

ποτητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged; ποτητά, τά, fowls, birds.

ποτί, Dor. for πρὸς.

ποτ-ιάπτω, ποτ-ῖ-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσ-βάλλω.

ποτ-ῖ-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.



ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.  
 ποτ-ιδεῖν, Dor. for προσιδεῖν.  
 ποτ-δέρκομαι, -δεύομαι, -δόρπιος, Dor. for προσδ-.  
 ποτ-ελέω, Dor. for προσελέω.  
 ποτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.  
 ποτίθει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι.  
 ποτίκεκλῖται, Dor. for προσκέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίνω.  
 ποτιλέξατο, Dor. for προσελέξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of προσλέγω.  
 πότιμος, ον, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh, opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.  
 ποτ-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.  
 ποτίπεπτηυῖα, Ep. pf. part. fem. 1. of προσπτήσω. 2. of προσπίπτω.  
 ποτι-πύσσω, Dor. for προσπύσσω.  
 ποτίσσω, Dor. for ποτίζω.  
 ποτι-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.  
 ποτίστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης.  
 ποτ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.  
 ποτι-τρόπαιος, ον, Dor. for προστρόπαιος.  
 ποτι-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις.  
 πότιμος, ὁ, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny; death.  
 πότινᾶ, ἡ, Ep. for πότνια.  
 πότινᾶ, ἡ, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρῶν queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνιαι is used of Ceres and Proserpine.  
 ποτινάδες, αἱ, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals. 2. also as pl. to πότνια, awful, used of the Erinyes.  
 ποτινάομαι, Dep. to call out πότνια, πότνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.  
 ποτ-όδδω, Lacon. for προσόζω.  
 ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σῖτα καὶ ποτά meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.  
 ποτ-οπάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπάζω.  
 ποτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (v. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.  
 πότος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.  
 ποτ-όσσω, Dor. for προσόζω.  
 ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. for πρὸς τό, πρὸς τόν, πρὸς τοῦ, πρὸς τοῦς, πρὸς τήν, etc.  
 ποτ-ώκει, Dor. for προσ-εφίκει.  
 ποῦ; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (\*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., ποῦ γῆς; ποῦ χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. how? in what manner? II. πού as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.  
 πολυ-βότεια, ἡ, Ion. for πολυβύτεια.  
 πολυ-παθής, ἐς, Ion. for πολυπαθής.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, Ion. for πολυπλάνητος.  
 πολυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.  
 πολυ-πους, πολυπόπος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος.  
 πολύς, neut. πολύ, Ep. for πολύς, πολύ.  
 ΠΟΥΣ, ὁ, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί, ποδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοῖν:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλινος πούς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πύξ . . ἡ δὲ πόδεσσι in boxing and in the foot-race; ποσὶν ἐρίζειν to race on foot: but, ἐς πύδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot. 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδος or ποδῶν, προπάροιθε ποδῶν just before one's feet, i. e. before one;—so also, ἐν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδί, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδῶν what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ἡ κατὰ πόδας ἡμέρα the very next, following day:—ὡς ποδῶν ἔχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—ἐξω τινὸς πόδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—ἐξ ἐνὸς ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; ἐξ ἡσύχου ποδός quietly. II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. 2. in a ship, πόδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλᾶν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it tight. III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.  
 πρᾶγμα Ion. πρήγμα, ατος, τό: (πράσσω):—that which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα ἐστὶ μοι, c. inf., it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρᾶγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ἣν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκλήδης παρὰ βασιλεῖ Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an action, affair. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job. II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; οἱ ἐν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers. 3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα ἔχειν to have trouble about a thing; πράγματα παρέχειν τινὶ to cause one trouble.  
 πραγμάτεια, ἡ, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.

πραγματεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ-: Dep. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματεύσάμην, pass. ἐπρηγματεύθην: pf. pass. πεπραγματεύμαι: (πράγμα):—to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat. negotiari: to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business. II. pf. πεπραγματεύμαι also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγματίον, τό, Dim. of πᾶγμα, a petty lawsuit. πραγματο-δίφης, ου, ὁ (πράγματα, διφάω) one who bunts up lawsuits, a pettifogger. πᾶγος, εος, τό, poet. for πᾶγμα: also = πράγματα, state-affairs.

πραῖως, Adv. of πᾶς, mildly, gently. πᾶθειν, Ep. for πᾶθειν, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθω. πᾶθεις, aor. I pass. part. of πιπράσκω. πᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκω. πραιτώριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do. πρακτῆρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence πρακτήριος, ου, executing, accomplishing. πρακτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πράκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πρηκτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker. II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer. 2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερὶ πράκτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνειος or Πράμνιος οἶνος, ὁ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramne in the island of Icaria.

πρᾶν, Doric Adv., = πρὶν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πρᾶν ποκα a short time ago. [ā]

πρᾶνῆς, ἐς, Dor. and Att. for πρηνῆς.

πράξις, εως Ion. πρηξις, ιος, ἦ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ πρηξιν on business, for purposes of traffic. 2. the progress or result of a business; οὐ τις πρηξις πέλεται γόοιο no good comes of weeping; πρηξις χρησμών the issue of the oracles. II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering. III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition. IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πράδνως, Adv. of πᾶος, formed from obsol. πᾶων, temperately.

ΠΡΑΪΟΣ, neut. πᾶον: the fem. in use is πραεῖα, from πᾶς (Ion. πρηῖς), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πᾶοι and πραεῖς in nom., πᾶοις and πραεῖσι in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is πραεῖα, rarely πᾶα:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle; of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. soothing, taming.—Comp. πᾶότερος or πᾶύτερος Ion. πρηύτερος. Hence

πᾶότης, ἦτος, ἦ, mildness, meekness, gentleness.

ΠΡΑΪΨ, ἴδος, ἦ, mostly used in pl. πᾶνίδες, αἱ, = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding, 2. like φρένες, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [X]

πᾶσιᾶ, ἦ, (πᾶσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot: πρασιαὶ πρασιαί by companies.

πᾶσίμος, ου, (πᾶσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

πᾶσις, εως Ion. πρησις, ιος, ἦ, (πιπράσκω) a selling, sale.

πᾶσό-κουρον, τό, (πᾶσον, κείρω) a leek-slice.

ΠΡΑΪΣΟΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [ā]

Πρασσαῖος, ὁ, poet. for πᾶσαῖος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πᾶσσομες, Dor. for πᾶσσομεν.

Πρασσοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for Πᾶσο-φάγος, (πᾶσον, φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

ΠΡΑΪΣΣΩ Ion. πρησσω Att. πᾶττω: fut. πᾶξω Ion. πρηξω: aor. I ἐπᾶξα Ion. ἐπρηξα: pf. πέπᾶχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπᾶγα:—Pass., fut. πᾶχθήσομαι, paullo-post f. πεπᾶξομαι: aor. I ἐπᾶχθην: pf. πέπᾶγμαι:—properly, to pass through, like περάω; ἄλλα πᾶσσειν to pass through the sea; ὁδὸν πᾶσσειν to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; πᾶσσειν κλέος to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing. II. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πᾶττειν τὰ ἴδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πᾶττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆς πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol., ἱκανὸς πᾶττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πᾶττειν Θηβαίους τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans. III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent. IV. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εὖ or κακῶς πᾶττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπᾶγα. 2. εὖ and κακῶς πᾶττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards. V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πᾶττειν τινά τι to do something to one. VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πᾶττειν τινὰ ἀργύριον to exact money from one: metaph., φόνον πᾶττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πεπραγμένος τὸν φόρον having the tribute exacted:—Med., πᾶξασθαι to exact or extort for oneself. VII. c. acc. pers., πᾶττειν τινά to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone, utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πᾶσω, fut. of πιπράσκω. [ā]



πράτήρ Ion. πρητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (πέ-πράμαι) a seller, dealer.

πράτήριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πράμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράπιστος, Dor. for πρῶτιστος. [α]

πράτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσκω, to be sold.

πράτος, α, ον, Dor. for πρῶτος.

πράττω, Att. for πράσσω.

πρᾶϋ-γέλως Ion. πρηϋγ-, ὡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

πρᾶϋ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, μῆτις) of gentle counsel.

πράϋνσις, εως, ἡ, a softening, appeasing. From

πράϋνω Ion. πρηϋνω [ϋ]: fut. πραϋνῶ: aor. I ἐπράϋνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπράϋνθην: pf. πεπράϋσμαι: (πραῦς):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down; of passion, to abate.

πρᾶϋ-πάθεια, ἡ, (πραῦς, πάθος) gentleness.

πρᾶϋς, πρᾶϊα, πρᾶϋ, Ion. πρηϋς, = πρᾶος. Hence

πρᾶϋτης, ητος, ἡ, mildness, gentleness.

πράως, Adv. of πρᾶος, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕΨΝΟΝ, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, becomingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

ΠΡΕΠΩ, fut. πρέψω: aor. I ἐπρεψα: no pf. is found:—to be clearly seen or heard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. III.

to become, beseech, suit; c. dat. pers., θνατὰ θνατοῖσι πρέπει mortal things beseech mortal men. 2. im-

pers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it becometh, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows

alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι οὕτω, ὡς ἐκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge our-

selves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ἦν δαίμονος τοῦ 'μοῦ τόδε

this were well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly,

fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, ες, (πρέπω, εἶδος) fitting, becoming, suitable, proper.

πρέσβᾶ, ης, ἡ, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, honoured.

πρεσβεία, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) age, seniority; κατὰ πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dig-

nity. III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassy, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβεῖον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβεύω) a gift of honour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβεῖος, α, ον Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (πρέσβυς) venerable.

πρέσβειρα, ἡ, = πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσις, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) a serving on an embassy, embassy.

πρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβεύω, f. εὔσω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυς): —intr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take the place of

others, properly, by right of seniority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best. II. trans. to place as oldest, first,

to put first in rank: hence to pay honour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place:

also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse. III. to be an ambassador, treat

or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ πε-

πρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβη, ἡ, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβεῖον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβεῖος.

πρεσβής, ἰδος, ἡ, = πρέσβα; πρεσβῆις τιμή the highest or most valued honour.

πρέσβις, ἡ, poet. for πρεσβεία, age.

πρέσβιστος, η, ον, poet. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ἡ, seniority of birth. From

πρεσβυ-γενής, ἐς, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born. ΠΡΕΨΒΥΣ, vos and εως, ὁ, an old man, poet. for

πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβιστος. II. an elder: then, since the elders

were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οἱ, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambas-

sador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, honoured.

πρεσβύτεριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, bigger,

more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιέσθαι ἢ τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσ-

βύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτης [ϋ], ον, ὁ, (πρέσβυς) an old man, Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβυτίς, ἰδος, an old woman. Hence

πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρευμένεια, ἡ, kindliness, graciousness. From πρευ-μενής, ἐς, (πρηϋς, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly,

gracious. II. propitiating.

πρών, ὄνος, ὁ, = πρῶν.

πρήγμα, Ion. for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορέων or πρηγορών, ὦνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθῆναι, Ion. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πιπρίσκω.

ΠΡΗ'ΘΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: no perf. in use: (see πίμπρημι):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἔπρησεν δ' ἄνεμος μέσον ἱστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail. 2. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαίνω, (πρήθω) to blow, blow hard.

ΠΡΗΝΗ'Σ Dor. πρᾶνῆς, ἑς, gen. ἑος contr. οὐς, Lat. pronus, bent forward, head-foremost, opp. to ὕψιος. 2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to ὀρθιος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἔπρηνίχθην:—to throw headlong:—Pass. to fall headlong.

πρηξαι, Ion. for πρᾶξαι, aor. I inf. of πράσσω.

πρηξίς, ἰος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶξις.

πρησεν, Ep. for ἔπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω.

πρησις, ἰος, ἡ, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πράσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a hurricane.

πρήστις, εως, ἡ, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of πίμπρημι to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, a market.

πρητύ-νομος, ον, Ion. for πρᾶτύνομος, (πρητύς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [ῥ]

πρηύνω, Ion. for πρᾶύνω: [ῥ] From

πρηύς, εἶα, ὁ, Ion. for πρᾶύς. [ῥ]

πρητύ-τένων, οντος, ὁ, (πρηύς, τένων) with tamed neck. [ῥ]

πρηών, ὦνος Ep. ονος, ὁ, = πρῶν, a jutting rock, foreland, headland, promontory.

πριαίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ὠνέομαι.

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ὠνέομαι.

Πριάμικός, ἡ, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμης, ἰδος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, ὁ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from περί or πρίν).

Πριάπιζω Ion. Πριηπίζω, f. ἴσω, to be like Priapus. From

Πριάπος Ion. Πρίηπος, ὁ, Priāpus, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ὠνέομαι.

πριάσο, imperat. aor. 2 of ὠνέομαι.

πριάτο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμην, aor. 2 of ὠνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, to saw.

Πρίηπος, ὁ, Ion. for Πριάπος. [ῥ]

ΠΡΙ'Ν Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. prius: also with the Art., τὸ πρίν or τοπρίν, formerly. 2. before that, first, sooner; πρίν δέ κεν οὔτι δεχοίμην beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρίν ποτε once on a time; πολὺ πρίν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρίν Αἰγεύς (sc. ὁ πρίν ὦν), ancient Aegeus; ἡ πρίν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρίν οὔσα), the day before. II. πρίν is often followed by ἢ, so that πρίν ἢ is exactly like the Lat. priusquam, before that... followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἢ, πρίν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἀνὴρ πρίν τλαίῃ, πρίν λύσασθ' ἐτάρους:—πᾶρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first πρίν:—but πρίν is also very often used alone for πρίν ἢ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like priusquam.

πρίνιδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρίνινος, ἡ, ον, (πρίνος) made from the bolm or evergreen oak, Lat. ilignus: metaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνδρες πρίνινοι hearts of oak.

ΠΡΙ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, the bolm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. ilex. II. the scarlet oak.

πρίν-ώδης, ες, (πρίνος, εἶδος) like bolm-oak, tough as oak.

πρίον-ώδης, ες, (πρίων, εἶδος) like a saw, jagged.

πρισθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίω.

πρίσις, εως, ἡ, (πρίω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστήρες ὀδόντες the incisors or front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ἡ, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ἡ, the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρίω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

πρίω, = πριάσο, imperat. aor. 2 of ὠνέομαι.

πρίωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὠνέομαι.

ΠΡΙ'Ω, imperat. πρίε: aor. I ἐπρίσα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. II. to grind

or gnash the teeth, Lat. stridere or frendere dentibus; esp. with rage: generally, to bite. III. to seize

as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. stringere. [ῥ]

πρίων, ονος, ὁ, (πρίω) a saw. [ῥ]

πρίων, ανος, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer. [ῥ]

ΠΡΟ', before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH GENIT.,

I. of Place, before, in front of; πρὸ οἴκου, πρὸ δόμων in front of the house, hence outside. 2. of persons, going before another. 3.

in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρὸ Τρώων to stand in front of, i.e. in defence of, the Trojans: hence in favour of, for. 4. πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the road, i.e. forwards. II. of Time, before,

opp. to μετά c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τοῦ-του and πρὸ τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρὸ δ τοῦ, for δ πρὸ τοῦ, the one before the other. III. of

Choice, before, sooner or rather than; αἰρεῖσθαι τι πρὸ τίνος to choose one thing before another. IV.

of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; ἐν πρὸ πολλῶν one thing in lieu of many. V. of Cause,

Lat. prae, for, because of; πρὸ φόβοιο for fear; πρὸ τῶνδε therefore.

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ



and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θι, as, Ἰλιόθι πρό, οὐρανόθι πρό.

πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth. II. of Time, before, beforehand, sooner.

IN COMPOS., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in προ-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κιν-δυνεύω. II. of Time, before, beforehand, earlier, as in προ-αγγέλλω. III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αἰρέομαι. IV. strengthening, as in πρό-πας, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce beforehand. προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing beforehand: as Subst., προάγγελος, ὁ, a herald, har- binger.

προάγγελσις, ἡ, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ηγόρευσα pf. -ηγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προερῶ, προείπον, προείρηκα:—to tell beforehand: c. inf. to tell before- band that...: to forewarn. 2. to foretell, pro- phecy. II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice.

προ-ἄγω, f. ἄγω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχα: Pass., aor. I προήχθην: pf. προήγμαι:—to lead for- ward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct on- ward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear. 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to pro- mote, advance:—Pass. to advance, increase. II. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγία, ἡ, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From προάγωγός, ὁ, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer. προ-ἄγων, ὦνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἄγων) a preliminary contest. προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-ἄδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong another first: to com- mit the first wrong.

προ-ἄδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor. I pass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προ- ηδέατο for -ηντο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αἰρέομαι, v. sub προαίρέω.

προαίρεσις, ἡ, (προαίρέομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ προαίρεσεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατὰ προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αἰρετέον, verb. Adj. of προαίρέομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαἰρετικός, ὁ, ὄν, (προαίρέομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαἰρετός, ὁ, ὄν, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αἰρέω, f. ἴσω: aor. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:— to take away before or first. 2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly. II. Med. προαἰρέομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. 2 προειλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρημαι:—to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another. 2. ab- sol. to choose deliberately, prefer. 3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to un- dertake.

προ-αἰσθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 -ησθόμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforehand. 2. to learn before.

προ-αἰτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to accuse before- band.

προακήκοα, pf. of προακοίω.

προ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin before- band:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to hear beforehand.

προ-ἄλῃς, ἴς, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: overhanging, abrupt.

προ-ἄλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -έάλων, -έάλωκα:—to be taken or convicted before- band.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -ἄμαρτήσομαι: pf. -ημάρτηκα:— to fail or sin before.

προ-ἄμύνομαι, f. -αμύνουμαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforehand: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναίρειω, f. ἴσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀναιστίμω, f. ὦσω, to use up, spend before:— Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προαναισιμωμένος for προανησι- μωμένος), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανακινέω, f. ἴσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανᾶλίσκω, fut. -ανᾶλώσω: aor. I -ανάλωσα: —to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάζω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforehand.

προ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ἡ, a former departure.

προ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to hold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἄνύτω [ῦ] and -ανύω: f. -ανύσω [ῦ]:—to ac- complish or complete first.

προ-απαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforehand.

προ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to remove before- band:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-απαντάω, f. ἴσω, to go forth to meet, meet be- foreband, be beforeband with.

προ-ἄπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απείπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω): pf. προαπείρηκα: Med., aor. 1 προαπειπάμην:—to renounce first.

προαπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass.:—to be bated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first.

προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before or first: of a coward, to die beforehand.

προ-αποθρηνέω, f. ἥσω, to bewail beforehand.

προ-αποκληρόω, f. ὠσω, to assign away beforehand.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill beforehand.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforehand.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforehand. II. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first:—Pass., with fut. med. -οιοῦμαι, pf. 2 act. -ύλωα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποστᾶλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of

προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστελῶ, to send away or despatch in advance:—Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. ξω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforehand:—Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ἥσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάζω, f. ἄξω and ἄσομαι, to snatch up first.

προ-ἄστειον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (πρό, ἄστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. promerium.

προ-ἄστιον, τό, = προἄστειον.

προ-αυδάω, inf. πρωδᾶν, contr. for προαυδᾶν, f. ἥσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αύλιον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αὐλός) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ-: f. -ῆσομαι: Dep.:—to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι: Dep.:—to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. -απέστην, -αφέστηκα:—to revolt beforehand. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

προβάδην [ᾱ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along: going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 προ-έβην contr. προύβην, inf. προβῆναι, part. προβάς: Ep. pres. part. προβιβᾶς, ᾱσα, ἄν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβιβᾶν -ῶντος (as if from προβίβω):—to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; ἄστρα προβέβηκε the stars are far gone; προβῆναι πόρρω μοχθηρίας to be far gone in knavery; of Time, to go on, wear away, ἡ νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to

go before, hence to be before, be superior to another. II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. 1 -έβησα,

to move or put forward, advance, promote. III.

the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχῆιος, ὁ, Ion. for προβακχειος, (πρό, βάκχειος) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ: aor. 2 προύβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw or cast before, throw to: to put forth beyond. II. to throw forward,

throw away. III. to expose or give up to a thing; προβάλλειν ἑαυτὸν to give oneself up for lost. IV.

to put forward, put in the foreground: to propose:—also bazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse.

B. Med. to throw before one, throw away. II. to throw beyond, beat in throwing: hence, to surpass, excel. III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself.

IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. designare: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: to use as an excuse or pretext. V. to hold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. in Pass. to stand on guard:—hence also, προβάλλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance: so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield; προβεβλημένος, η, ον, defensive. VI. to denounce or accuse of a thing:—Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβάλοιμι [ᾱ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω.

προβάς, ᾱσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βᾶσανίζω, f. ἴσω, to try or torture before.

πρόβασις, ἡ, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. as a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβατεία, ἡ, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβατευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to the breeding of cattle: ἡ -κῆ (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. pecuaria. From

προβατεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep: ἡ προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep: προβατίου βίος the life of a poor sheep, i. e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβατο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle: metaph. a good judge of character.

πρόβατον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβατο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πρόβατον, πωλέω) a sheep-dealer.



προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω.  
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.  
 προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλωμαι.  
 πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward.  
 προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίνω.  
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.  
 προ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.  
 προβιβάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.  
 προβιβών, ὤντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.  
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.  
 πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρῶν a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.  
 προβλής, ἤτος, ὅ, ἡ, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.  
 πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.  
 προ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 προύμολον, inf. προμολεῖν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.  
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, cry out.  
 προβόλαιος, ου, ὅ, (προβάλλω) a spear held out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.  
 προβολή, ἡ, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἱ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.  
 προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon held out for attack or defence, a spear.  
 πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.  
 πρό-βοσκος, ὅ, (πρό, βόσκω) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.  
 προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.  
 προβουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.  
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ἡ, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice premeditation.  
 προ-βούλωμαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.  
 προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ἡ, (πρόβουλος, παῖς):—προβουλόπαις Ἀτῆς, = πρόβουλος παῖς Ἀτῆς the crafty child of Ate.  
 πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforehand or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οἱ, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.  
 προ-βύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχνον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.  
 προ-βωθίω, Ion. for προβοηθίω.  
 προ-βώμιος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.  
 προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.  
 προ-γάστρω, ορος, ὅ, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a paunch in front, pot-bellied.  
 προ-γένειος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.  
 προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ον, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.  
 προ-γεννήτωρ, ορος, ὅ, a forefather, ancestor.  
 προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [i]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προύγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγεγέννημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier; οἱ προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγεννημένα things that occurred of old.  
 προ-γιγνώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforehand: to foreknow. II. to judge or decide beforehand.  
 πρόγνωσις, ἡ, (προγιγνώσκω) a perceiving beforehand, foreknowledge.  
 πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ὅ, an ancestor; οἱ πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασσαι.  
 πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.  
 προγραφή, ἡ, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement. 2. also used for the Lat. proscripio.  
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.  
 προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforehand.  
 προδαείς, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root \*δάω: see προδαῖναι.  
 προδαῖναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προὔδαην with act. signif., from the root \*δάω, to know beforehand.

προδίδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δεῖδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δείελος, ον, (πρό, δείελος) happening or doing before evening.

προ-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to shew beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foreshew. II. to point before one; σκήπτρῳ προδεικνύναι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.

III. χερσὶ προδεικνύναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. *praeludere*: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δειμαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for προδείκτωρ, (προδείκνυμι) one who foreshews: a foreshewer.

προ-δέσκομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to see beforehand.

πρό-δηλος, ον, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforehand; ἐκ προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλόω, f. ὥσω, to make clear beforehand.

προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to raise prejudices against beforehand.

προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decree beforehand.

προ-διαίττω, f. ἤσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησις, ἡ, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with aor. I pass.

-διελέχθην:—to speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforehand. [v]

προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: aor. I -έφθειρα: pf. act.

-έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι:—to ruin or destroy beforehand: to corrupt or seduce beforehand.

προ-διδάσκω, f. ἄξω, to teach beforehand: to teach thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforehand.

προ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: pf. act. -δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι:—to give beforehand, pay in advance. II. to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. *prodo*.

2. to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάρις προδοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving traitor.

3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. *deficere*.

4. to give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διερχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ἤσω, to discover by searching beforehand. Hence

προδιερευνητής, οὔ, ὁ, one sent out to march beforehand.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι, aor. 2 -ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforehand, premise. Hence

προδιήγησις, ἡ, a detailing beforehand.

πρό-δικος, ὁ, (πρό, δίκη) an advocate, defender; an avenger.

2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διοικῶ, f. ἤσω, to regulate, order, manage beforehand.

προ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue further or to a distance.

προδοθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δοκέω, pf. pass. προδέδογμα, 3 sing. plqpf. προὔδεδокτο:—to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προὔδεδокτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκή, ἡ, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης ἐν προδοκῇσιν in the lurking holes of the rock.

πρό-δομος, ὁ, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the hall, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, ον, being before the house.

προ-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to form an opinion beforehand.

προδοσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

πρόδοσις, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) payment beforehand. II. a giving up, betrayal.

προδοτής, ον, ὁ, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ἰδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to betray, traitorous.

πρόδοτος, ον, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, ον, serving for a slave.

προδοῦναι, προδοῦς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

προδραμεῖν, προδραμών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. \*δρέμω.

προδρομή, ἡ, (προδραμεῖν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, ον, (προδραμεῖν) running before, speeding forward. II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἱ, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστυχέω, f. ἤσω, to be unhappy beforehand.

προέδραμον, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμεῖν.

προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδρος) to be president; προεδρεύειν τῆς βουλῆς to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency.

2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour.

3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, ον, (πρό, ἔδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, ὁ, a president:

in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called; see πρύτανις.

προ-εἶργω, Ep. for προείργω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προέηκα, Ep. for προῆκα, aor. I of προῆμι.

προ-εθίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom or inure beforehand.

προ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προῖδάν, inf. προῖδεῖν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide against.

προειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαιρέω.

πρό-ειμι, (πρό, εἶμι ibo) serving in Att. as fut. of



προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προ-  
όντος τοῦ χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go  
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προῖέναι εἰς τι  
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of  
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω  
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:—  
to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or  
bid beforeband, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-  
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προεἶρηκα, see προερέω.

προ-εισάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ξω:—to bring in,  
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own  
use before, import before.

προεισενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρειν.

προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.

προεισοίσω, fut. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.

προ-εισφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the  
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence  
προεισφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-  
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rush  
bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforeband.

προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεμαι:—to  
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξελεγμένα  
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforeband.

προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforeband.

προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω, to terrify beforeband.

προ-εκπονέω, f. ἥσω, to work out or finish before.

προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἥσω, to terrify before. Hence

προεκφόβησις, ἡ, a previous panic.

προεἰλᾶσις, ἡ, a going or riding forward. From

προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -εἰλάκα, pass. -εἰ-  
λαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.  
ἵππον), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-  
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρόσω  
τῆς νυκτὸς προεἰλήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the  
night was far advanced.

προελθεῖν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-  
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.

προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.

προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,  
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προῖμεν, Ep. for προεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of προῖημι.

προῖμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προῖημι.

προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before.

προενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προῦννέπω, to announce before  
or publicly.

προ-ενοικέω, f. ἥσω, to dwell in before. Hence

προενοίκησις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.

προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. εἰλω, to announce beforeband.

προ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to bring out beforeband or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in  
front:—Pass. to go out first. [ᾱ]

προ-εξαίσσω Att. -ᾰίσσω, f. ξω:—to dart out before.

προ-εξάμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην,  
pf. -ανέστηκα, p. q. pf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go  
out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise  
before others and march against the barbarians: in a  
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.

προ-ἔξιμι, (πρό, ἐξ, εἶμι ibo) to go out before, to  
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπίσταμαι contr. προῦξ-: fut. med. -ἐπι-  
στήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. προῦξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to  
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforeband.

προ-εξερευνάω contr. προῦξ-, to investigate or  
search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προῦξ-, οὐ, ὁ, an explorer  
sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον: pf. -εξεῆλ-  
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-  
ward.

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before.

προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προῦξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-  
band.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἥσω, to set out or start beforeband.

προ-επαγγέλλω, f. εἰλω, to announce before:—Med.  
to promise before.

προ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise beforeband, or in the  
presence of others.

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-  
fore: generally, to set in' motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεποίητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforeband.

προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, ἐπιξενόω) to be received  
as a guest before, abide in one's house first.

προ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. 1 pass.  
προῦπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-  
band.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἥσω, to undertake or attack before.

προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προεἰργασμαι: Dep.:  
—to do or work at beforeband: esp. of the ground,  
to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,  
τὰ προεἰργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεἰργασ-  
μένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. ἔσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search out before:—Med.,  
οἱ προερευνώμενοι ἵπποι the horse reconnoitring in  
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερώ, serving as fut. to  
προεἶπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from  
the same root come pf. προ-εἶρηκα, pass. -εἶρημαι;  
aor. 1 pass. προεῤῥήθην contr. προῦρρήθην:—to fore-  
tell. II. to order beforeband or publicly, give  
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προεἰρημένος, fore-  
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor. 1 from

προ-ερίω, f. ἔσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-ερίσαι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ἦλθον; pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρήγματα ἐς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προεληλυθὼς ἡλικία, Lat. *provectus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προίημι.

προεστῆτε or προέσταντε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προίστημι.

προεστώς, contr. from προεστηκώς, pf. part. of προίστημι.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.

προετέον, verb. Adj. of προίημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ἢ, ὄν, (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforehand, esp. to preach the gospel beforehand.

προ-εὐλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἥσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλαβήην: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious beforehand.

προέφθασα, aor. I of προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προῦχω: f. προέξω:—to hold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προῦχομαι, impf. προῦχόμεν, to hold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or hold out as a pretext. 2. to hold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforehand. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὕδω προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προῦχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγέμων, ὄνος, ὅ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ἦρος, and προηγητής, οὐ, ὅ, one who goes before to shew the way.

προηγόρεω, f. ἥσω, (προήγορος) to speak for others.

προ-ἡγόρος, ὅ, (πρό, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγούμενος, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προῆκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-ἦκης, ἐς, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ἦκω, f. ξω, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προῆχα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-θάλής, ἐς, (πρό, θαλεῖν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίθημι.

προ-θέλυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θέλυμον) by the roots; προθελύμους ἔλκετο χαίτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμα χαμαὶ βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθελύμῳ φράξαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact;—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

πρόθεσις, ἡ, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the shew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσμιος, α, ὄν, (πρό, θεσμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ἴσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέεσκον: pf. -θεύσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίθημι, to put forward, permit; τούνεκά οἱ προθέουσιν ὀνειδέα μυθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθορώ, aor. 2 part. of προθρώσκω.

προθρύλιω, f. ἥσω, to bruit abroad beforehand.

προ-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προῦθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the harbinger of another.

πρόθυμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι, Att. impf. προθυμούμεν: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προθυμήην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθυμία Ion. -(ῆ, ἡ, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάσῃ προθυμίᾳ with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for. II.

bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed. III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively:

Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύραιος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύραια the space before a door.



πρό-θύρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. 2. the space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.

προῖ, Adv. (πρό) = πρώτ.

προ-ιάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.

προ-ιάπτω, f. ψω: aor. I προίαψα:—to send forward, send before the time.

προϊδών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προεἶδον.

προΐειν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προΐημι.

προΐεις, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of προΐημι.

προΐζω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.

προ-ΐημι, 3 sing. προΐει and opt. προΐοι (as if from προ-ίω): Att. impf. προΐειν, εις, ει: fut. προήσω: aor. I προήκα Ep. προέηκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. πρόεσαν, imper. πρόες, προέτω, inf. προέμεν, Ep. for προεῖναι:—Med., aor. 2 προηκάμην: aor. 2 opt. προεῖμην or προοῖμην:—Pass., pf. προεῖμαι: plqpf. προεῖμην:—to send before, send on or forward: generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip; ἔπος προέηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αἰετῶ προέηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προέηκεν οὐρον ἀνναι be sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προέσθαι to throw words away: also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.

προΐημι, Dor. for προΐησι.

προῖκα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προῖξ.

προῖκτης, ου, ὁ, (προῖξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.

προῖξ Att. προῖξ, ἡ, gen. προικός, dat. προικί, acc. προῖκα:—a gift, present; προικός γεύεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προικός is used as Adv. freely, without return, Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προῖκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

ΠΡΟΨΣΟΜΑΙ: f. προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι: Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ΐστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. I προῦστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας: aor. 2 προῦστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προῦστάθην, part. προσταθείς, εἶσα, ἐν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστήατε, part. προεστηκώς Ion. προεστεώς or προεστώς. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front. 2. so also in Med. προίσταμαι, aor. I προεστησάμην, to

put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or pretence. II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief; προστήναι φόνου to be the author of slaughter: οἱ προεστώτες Ion. -εῶτες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

προ-ΐσχω, = προέχω, to bold before, bold out. II. Med. προΐσχομαι, to bold out before oneself, stretch forth. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.

προΐών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προέμι (εἶμι ibo).

προ-ΐωξις, ἡ, (πρό, ἰώκω = διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp. to παλίωξις.

πρόκα or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. -καθευδήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάτῃμαι, properly perf. of προκαθέζομαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσοῦτο πρὸ τῆς ἄλλης Ἑλλάδος προκατῆσθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίζω Ion. προ-κατίζω, f. ἴσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι:—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down beforehand: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην; pf. -καθέστηκα; plqpf. -εστήκειν:—to be set or posted before.

προ-καθοράω, f. -κατῶμαι, to view or examine beforehand.

προ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κάκοπαθέω, f. ἥσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κάκος, ον, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-καλέω, f. ἔσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, Lat. provoco. 2. to invite beforehand. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.

προ-καλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-καλινδέω, to make roll forward or in front:—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, ατος, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph. a screen or blind. From

προ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to bang before as a covering:—Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τι] παρη-

ἴδος putting no veil over her face.  
over, veil.

II. to cover

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμῃμαι: aor. 2 προῦκαμον: pf. -κέκμηκα:—to work or toil before.

II. to work

for another. III. to grow weary, faint too soon.

IV. to have a previous illness: to be distressed beforehand.

προκαμών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προκαμνω.

προ-κάρηνος, ὄν, (πρό, κάρηνον) head-foremost.

προκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforehand.

προ-καταγέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγιγνώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσσομαι: pf. -έγνωκα:—to vote against beforehand, condemn by a prejudgment: πρ. φόνον τινός to give a verdict of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudge against one that...

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before.

προ-καταθίω, f. -θείσσομαι, to run down beforehand.

προ-κατακαίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.

προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to seize upon or occupy beforehand: to take possession of before another: metaph. to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforehand.

προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforehand:—Med. to adjust or compose beforehand: προκαταλύεσθαι τὴν ἔχθρην to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforehand.

προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before; προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforehand.

προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforehand.

προ-κατέχω, aor. 2 -κατέσχον:—to gain possession of or occupy beforehand, preoccupy:—Med. to bold before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforehand. Hence

προκατηγορία, ἡ, previous accusation.

προ-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for προκαθῃμαι.

προ-κατίζω, Ion. for προκαθίζω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

πρό-κειμαι, impf. προῦκείμεν, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι: fut. -κέισομαι:—used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, jut out.

II. to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρόκειται περὶ σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety; ἀεθλος προκείμενος a task proposed; τὸ προκείμενον πρῆγμα the matter in debate.

III. to lie before one, lie exposed; to lie dead, ὁ προκείμενος the corpse.

IV. to be held out, set forth.

προ-κέλευθος, ὄν, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, ὁ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.

προ-κενόω, f. ὠσω, to empty beforehand.

προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for.

προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.

προ-κηρύκευομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Med. to have proclaimed by herald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by herald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ἤσω, to move forward: to urge on:—Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep beforehand or openly. II. trans. to bewail beforehand.

προκληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (προκαλέω) a calling forth:—a challenging to combat; ἐκ προκλήσιος in pursuance of a challenge. II. an invitation, proposal.

III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lean forward.

πρόκλυτος, ὄν, beard formerly: legendary. From

προ-κλύω, to bear or learn beforehand.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring forward. II. to carry on before:—Pass. to be carried away.

προ-κόμιον, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front hair: the forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ἡ, progress on a journey. II. metaph. progress, advancement, improvement. From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προῦκοπτον: f. ψω, to cut away before one, or clear the way in front: hence to forward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

πρόκριμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From

προ-κρίνω [ῖ], f. -κρίνῶ: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others. II. to judge beforehand, decide.

πρόκριτος, ὄν, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροστος, η, ὄν or ος, ὄν, (πρό, κροσσαι) with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νέες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πόντον ἐπὶ ὀκτώ ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of a cup, πέριξ αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλαί πρόκροστοι ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.

προ-κύλινδew, f. -κυλίσω [ῖ]:—to roll forth, set rolling forward:—Pass., προκυλινδεῖσθαι τινι to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.



προ-κῦρόω, f. ὠσω, to confirm or ratify before.  
προ-κύων, -κυνός, ὁ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κῶμιος, ον, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel : τὸ προκῶμιον ὕμνου the prelude of a hymn.

πρό-κωπος, ον, (πρό, κῶπη) grasping the bilt, sword-in-hand. II. pass. grasped by the bilt.

προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.

προ-λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.

προ-λαλέω, f. ἤσω, to prate before.

προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 προῦλάβον : pf. -έληφα, pass. -έλημαι :—to take beforeband : to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another : to take away before. 3. to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the start of ; προλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁδοῦ to get a start on the road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time : hence to prejudge. III. to repeat from the beginning.

προ-λέγω, f. ξω :—pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι :—to pick out or choose before others, prefer. II. to say beforeband : to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim : to warn : to profess, declare : to order.

προ-λείπω, f. ψω : pf. προλέλοιπα :—to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake ; μητίς σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee : also to quit beforeband ; χώραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2. to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband : absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.

προ-λεκτικός, ἢ, ὄν, (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.

προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προλελεσχήμεναι : Dep. :—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering.

προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.

προλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.

προλιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, ὁ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech : in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus : after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω : pf. pass. προλελόχισμαι :—to lay an ambush before :—Pass., αἱ προλελοχισμέναι ἐνέδραι the ambush that had before been laid. II. to beset with an ambuscade.

προμᾶθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μᾶλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband.

προ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃω : aor. 2 προῦμάθον :—to ascertain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ήϊη, ἡ, the right of consulting the oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.

προ-μαντήϊη, ἡ, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ, a prophet or prophetess : ἡ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [ῥ]

προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ἡ, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

προ-μαχέω, = προμαχίζω.

προμαχέων, ὠνος, ὁ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμαχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχος) to fight before or in front of : also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχήσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι : Dep. :—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.

πρό-μαχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front : as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost fighters, champions. II. fighting for, τινός.

προ-μελετάω, f. ἤσω, to practise beforeband.

Προμείνεια, ἡ, name of a prophetess of Dodona.

προ-μεριμνάω, f. ἤσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια [ᾱ], ἡ, (προμηθής) foresight, forethought : consideration.

Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prometheus.

Προμηθεῖος, α, ον, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθείομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι : aor. 1 pass. προῦμηθήην : Dep. : (προμηθής) :—to take care beforeband, to provide for : to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere : c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (προμηθής) Prometheus, Forethought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought : inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἐντεχνον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forethought, caution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμᾶθής, ἑς, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary : caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, = προμήθεια.

προμηθικός, ἢ, ὄν, (προμηθής) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κῶς, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (πρό, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμίγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμίγνυμι.

προ-μίγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband :—Pass., aor. 2 inf. προμῖγηναι, to have intercourse with beforeband.

προ-μισθόω, f. ὠσω, to hire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another : generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit : to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

προ-μνηστῖνοι, αι, α, one by one, one after the other. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμνηστρία and προμνηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (προμνάομαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοῖρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προβλάσκω. Hence προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλάσκω.

πρόμος, ὁ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ἤσω, to work beforehand.

πρό-ναός or πρό-ναῖος, α, ον Ion. προ-νήιος, η, ον, (πρό, ναός) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple.

II. Προναία Ion. Προνήη, ἡ, a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. III.

πρόναος, ὁ, the hall or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ἤσω, to fight at sea for or in defence of, τινός.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforehand: to hold forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

προ-νέω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

προ-νήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναῖος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ἤσω, to gain a victory beforehand.

προ-νοέω, f. ἤσω; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἤσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προύνοησάμην, προύνοησθην:—to perceive or observe beforehand. II.

to plan or devise beforehand: to provide. 2. c. gen. to provide for, take thought for. 3. absol. to be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary. II. of things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κῶς, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοίη, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or knowing beforehand. II. foresight, forethought, forecast; ἐκ προνοίας with forethought, advisedly, Lat. ex consulto, and of crimes, with malice pre-

2. the providence of the gods.

προνομαία, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομεία, ἡ, a foraging, plundering. From προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ον, (προνέμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νοος, ον, (πρό, νόος) thinking beforehand, wary:—Comp. προνούστερος.

προ-νωπής, ἐς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

προ-νώπιος, ον, (πρό, ἐνώπια) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a hall or court.

ΠΡΟΪ, gen. προκύς, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, ὁ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

προξενέω, impf. προὔξενον: f. ἤσω: aor. I προὔξენησα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf. to contrive for one that . . : also to advise, give directions. 3. to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. hospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador. From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, ὁ, (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένος, i. e. a public guest or host: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that ξένος did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to son. II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυράω, f. ἤσω, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare beforehand.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst., πρόοδοι, οἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οἶδα, inf. προείδεναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf. προήδειν: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—to know beforehand. Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the pf. πεφροιμιάσμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

προ-οῖμιον Att. contr. φροῖμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμος) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. 2. a hymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: Dep.:—to have gone on before.

προ-όμνυμι and -ῶ, to swear before or beforehand: to testify on oath before.

προοπτεόν, verb. Adj. of προοπάω, one must look beforehand, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόοπτος Att. contr. προὔπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of προοπάω (as if from \*προὔπτομαι), foreseen: manifest.



προοράτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-οράω, f. προύφομαι: aor. 2 προείδον: pf. προ-εώρακα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προοράομαι, to foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out beforehand, to pre-determine.

προ-ορμάω, f. ἤσω, to drive forward or onward:—Pass. to rush or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω, to moor before or in front.

προ-οφείλω Att. contr. προῦφείλω: f. -οφειλήσω:—to owe beforehand:—Pass. to be due beforehand or before, to remain as a debt.

πρό-οψις, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing. II. a seeing before one.

προ-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from \*προόπτομαι).

προ-παγής, ἐς, (πρό, πάγηναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach beforehand.

πρό-πάλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-παρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. II. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforehand.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare beforehand:—Pass. to be prepared beforehand.

προ-παρίχω, to supply beforehand: to offer before.

προ-πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπάροιθε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροιθε θυράων before the door. II. Adv., 1. of Place, in front, forward, before. 2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρό-πᾶς, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, πρόπαν ἡμαρ all day long; νῆας προπάσας all the ships together: neut. πρόπαν as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to suffer before or beforehand: to be ill-treated before.

προ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πρό, πατήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather: in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προ-πειθω, f. σω, to persuade beforehand.

πρό-πειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιέσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforehand: also as Dep. προ-πειράομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. προεπειράθην [α], προεπειράμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I προῦπεμψα:—to send before or beforehand: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμπειν ἰούς to shoot forth arrows: also to afford, furnish. II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. III. to pursue.

προπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πέτάσω [α], to spread out before.

προπέτεια, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste. From

προπετής, ἐς, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. prociduus, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death. II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετῶς, Adv. forwards. II. in headlong

haste.

προπέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, ἡ, ὄν, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω.

προ-πηδάω, f. ἤσομαι, to spring out before: to

spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (πρό, πηλός):—to

cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, ἡ, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ, contumelious treatment.

προ-πίνω [ι], impf. προῦπινον: f. προπίομαι: aor. 2 προῦπιον: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to

drink before or to one, to drink to another's health, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as

also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged. 2.

as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to

compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππῳ to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέπεται τὰ

τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 προῦπεσον, inf. προπεσεῖν: pf. προπέπτωκα:—to fall or throw oneself

forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforehand.

προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence

πρό-πλοος, ὄν contr. -πλους, οὖν, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, ὄν, going before to shew the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, πούς) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

προ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to do beforehand, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforehand.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπόλεμα, atos, τό, service rendered. From

προπολεύω, f. σω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρό-πολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a rower. 2.

one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a temple-servant. II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμπω) a sending on before. II. an attending, escorting, conducting.

προ-πομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπός, ὁ, (προπέμπω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπὸς χοάς carrying drink-offerings in procession. II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

προ-πονέω, f. ἤσω, to work or take pains beforehand. II. to labour for or instead of another.

III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it. IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεποννημένα things formerly pursued with zeal.

V. Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.

πρό-πονός, ον, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.

Προ-ποντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προ-πορεύω, f. σω, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. —πορεύσομαι, and pass. —πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, to provide beforehand:—Pass. to be provided beforehand.

πρόποσις, εως, ἡ, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II. a drink.

προπότης, ὁ, (προπίνω) one who drinks healths.

πρό-πους, —ποδος, ὁ, the projecting foot of a mountain.

προ-πράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω to do before. II. to exact beforehand.

προ-πρέων, ὦνος, ὁ, inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.

προ-πρηνής, ἐς, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηνές as Adv., forward.

προ-πρό, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπρο-κυλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλίνδομαι, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.

προ-πταίω, f. σω, to stumble before.

προ-πύλαιος [ῦ], ον, (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τά, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρό-πύλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule.

προ-πυνθάνομαι, f. —πεύσομαι: aor. 2 προϋπνύθην: Dep.:—to learn by inquiry before, hear or ascertain beforehand.

πρό-πυργός, ον, before or for towers; θυσίαι πρό-πυργοι offerings made for the city.

προ-ρέω, f. —ρεύσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profluere.

πρόρ-ρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥησις) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions or orders. II. a proclamation, public notice.

πρόρ-ρητος, ον, (πρό, ῥητός) foretold. II. proclaimed, commanded.

πρόρ-ριζός, ον, (πρό, ῥίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.

ΠΡΟΣ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen. implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [υυ], contrd. πότη.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότον on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Αἰθιόπων garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; Ἀβδηρα ἰδρυται πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλλησπόντου, μᾶλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i. e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρὸς πατρός on the father's side: also on the part of, at the hand of, ἔχειν τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, πρὸς Διὶ εἰσι ξεινοί τε πτωχοί τε strangers and the poor are sent by Jove. 3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert σέ between the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰτῶ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro.

II. with a passive Verb = ὑπό, as, διδάσκεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be dishonoured by one. III. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρὸς δίκῃ agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικός ἐστι it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, hard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαίῃ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλησιν ἔχεσθαι to cling close to each other. II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils. III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.

WITH ACCUS., it expresses motion, I. of Place, towards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡῷ towards the East: κλαίειν πρὸς οὐρανόν to cry to heaven. 2. in hostile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., Lat. in. 3. without hostile sense, εἰπεῖν πρὸς τινα to address oneself towards or to one. II. of Time, towards, near, hard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τὴν φήμην at the news; so, πρὸς τί; to what end? 3. in proportion to, in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κῦρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας τοὺς ἄλλους in com-



parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *prae aliis omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρός* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρός βίαν*, *πρός ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρός καιρόν* in season; *πρός χάριν* τινί to please one; *πρός τὸ βίαιον* = *βιαίως*.

ABSOL. AS ADV., *besides, over and above*.

IN COMPOS. it implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*.

II. addition, *besides*, as in *προσ-κτάομαι*.

III. a being by or *besides*: a remaining beside, as in *πρόσ-εἰμι* (*εἰμί sum*).

*προ-σάββατος*, *ον*, (*πρό, σάββατον*) before the Sabbath: as Subst., *προσάββατον. τό*, the eve of the Sabbath.

*προσ-αγγέλλω*, *φ. ελῶ*, to announce: to denounce.

*προσαγόρευσις*, *εως, ή*, an addressing. From

*προσαγορευτός*, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. to be called or named. From

*προσ-αγορεύω*, *φ. σω*: aor. *-ηγόρευσα*: pf. *-ηγόρευκα*: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are *προσερῶ*,

*προσεῖπον*, *προσεῖρηκα*:—to address, accost. II.

to name, call by name.

*προσ-άγω*, *φ. ξω*: aor. 2 *προσῆγάγον*, rarely aor 1. *προσῆξα*: fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάξομαι*:—to

bring to or upon: to supply, furnish. 2. to put to,

add. 3. to bring to, move towards, employ. 4.

to bring in, introduce. 5. to lead on, induce. II.

intr. to draw near, approach; *πρόσαγε* come on! III.

Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's

side. 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do

a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import:

hence in Pass., *τὰ προσαχθέντα* imports. Hence

*προσάγωγός*, *εως, ὁ*, one who brings to, an intro-

ducer.

*προσάγωγή*, *ή*, (*προσάγω*) a bringing to or towards:

acquisition. II. (from the intr. sense of *προσά-*

*γω*) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance.

*προσαγωγός*, *όν*, (*προσάγω*) bringing to, attractive,

persuasive.

*προσ-ᾄδω*, Dor. *φ. ποτ-αείσομαι*:—to sing to; *τὴν*

*ποταείσομαι*, Dor. for *σοὶ προσάδομαι*, to thee will I

sing. 2. *προσάδειν τραγῳδίαν* to sing the songs

in a Tragedy to music. II. to harmonise or

chime in with, Lat. *concinere*.

*προσαίξας*, aor. I part. of *προσαῖσσω*.

*προσ-αἰρέομαι*, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to

oneself. II. to choose or elect in addition to.

*προσ-αῖσσω* Att. *-ᾄσσω*, *φ. ξω*, to spring or rush

to: to come quickly upon or over.

*προσ-αἰτέω*, *φ. ήσω*, to ask besides: to demand in

addition. II. to continue asking, to beg of one:

absol. to beg hard. Hence

*προσαίτης*, *ον, ὁ*, a beggar.

*προσ-ακοντίζω*, *φ. σω*, to shoot like a javelin.

*προσ-ακούω*, *φ. -ακούσομαι*, to hear besides.

*προσ-ακτίον*, verb. Adj. of *προσάγω*, one must bring to.

*προσ-ἀλείφω*, *φ. ψω*, to rub or smear upon.

*προσ-ἀλίσκομαι*, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast

in a lawsuit besides.

*προσ-άλλομαι*, *φ. -αλούμαι*: aor. I *-ηλάμην*: Dep.:—

to jump up, at or upon one.

*προσ-αμείβομαι*, Dor. poet. aor. I *ποταμειψάμην*,

to answer.

*προσ-ἀμέλω*, *φ. ξω*, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med.

(in pass. sense) *ποταμέλεται* will yield milk besides.

*προσ-αμπέχομαι*, (*πρός, ἀμπέχω*), Pass. to be held

fast in a thing.

*προσ-ἀμύνω* [*ῥ*], *φ. ῥνῶ*, to come to aid one.

*προσ-αμφιέννυμι*, Att. fut. *-αμφιῶ*, to put on over.

*προσ-αναβαίνω*, *φ. -βήσομαι*, to climb up to: of

riders, to mount besides. Hence

*προσανάβασις* poet. *προσάμβ-*, *ή*, a going up to,

approach; *κλίμακος* *προσαμβάσεις* approach and as-

cent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

*προσανάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *προσαναβαίνω*.

*προσ-αναγιγνώσκω*, to read besides.

*προσ-ἀναγκάζω*, *φ. ἄσω*, to force or constrain be-

sides. 2. to bring under command, discipline. II.

to force one to do a thing.

*προσ-αναγορεύω*, to announce besides.

*προσ-αναγράφω*, *φ. ψω*, to write or note down besides.

*προσ-αναιρέω*, *φ. ήσω*, to lift up besides: Med. to

take upon oneself or undertake besides. II. of

an oracle, to give an answer besides.

*προσ-ἀναισιμόω*, *φ. ὠσω*, to spend or consume besides.

*προσανάκλιμα*, *τό*, that on which one leans. From

*προσ-ανακλίνομαι*, Pass. to lean on. [*ῖ*] Hence

*προσανάκλινσις*, *ή*, a leaning or lying on.

*προσ-αναλαμβάνω*, *φ. -λήψομαι* to take up or re-

ceive besides. 2. metaph. to recruit or refresh

besides.

*προσ-ἀναλίσκω*, *φ. -ανᾶλῶσω*, to spend or consume

besides:—aor. I part. *προσανᾶλῶσας*.

*προσ-αναπληρῶω*, *φ. ὠσω*, to fill up by pouring into,

fill up the measure of.

*προσ-αναρτάω*, *φ. ήσω*, to hang up besides or upon.

*προσ-αναστέλλω*, to bold in check besides.

*προσ-ανατίλλω* poet. *προσαντ-*, to rise up towards.

*προσ-ανατίθημι*, *φ. -θήσω*:—to offer or dedicate

besides:—Med. to take something additional on one-

self: to contribute besides: also II. to confer

or consult with.

*προσ-ανδράποδιζω*, *φ. ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to enslave besides.

*προσ-ἀνείμι* (*ἀνά, εἶμι* *ibo*), to go up to.

*προσ-ἀνείπον*, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσα-*

*ναγορεύω* being used instead) to announce, publish or

order besides.

*προσ-ἀνής*, *ές*, Dor. for *προσηνής*.

*προσ-ἀντης*, *ες*, gen. *εος*, (*πρός, ἄντην*) rising up

against or so as to meet one, up-bill, Lat. *ardu-*

*us*. II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeas-

ing, painful. III. of persons, adverse, hostile.

*προσ-απαγγέλλω*, *φ. ελῶ*, to report besides.

*προσ-απαγορεύω*, to forbid besides.

*προσ-απαιτέω*, *φ. ήσω*, to demand besides.

*προσ-ἀπειλέω*, *φ. ήσω*, to threaten besides.

*προσ-ἀπέειπον*, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides.

προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides.

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and -ύω: f. -ολέσω:—to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides:—Med., with pf. 2 act. προσ-απόλωλα, to perish besides or with others.

προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides.

προσ-αποστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to defraud besides.

προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ήσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides: to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. III. Med. προσάπτομαι, to touch, lay bold on, meddle with.

προσ-αράρίσκω, f. -άρσω: aor 2 -ήρᾶρον:—to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-άρᾶρα Ion. -άρηρα: 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσ-άρηται:—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash against.

προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσ-αράρίσκω.

προσ-ἀρήρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσ-αράρίσκω.

προσ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω: f. όσω: pf. pass. -ήρμοσμαι:—to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to fasten or attach to:—Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to.

προσ-άσσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω.

προσ-ἀτιμόω, f. ώσω, to dishonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αναίνομαι, Pass. (πρός, αἵναιω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ήσω: impf. προσ-ηύδαν, 3 sing. -ηύδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην:—to speak to, address, accost.

προσ-αύλειος, ον, (πρός, αὐλή) near a farm-yard, rustic.

προσ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute.

προσ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase besides:—Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away besides:—Med. to take away for oneself besides:—Pass. to have a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at.

προσ-αφίστημι, f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides:

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀπέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβησάμην:—to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near: to come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, ἀρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. 3. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to heart, attend to it:—Med. to throw oneself upon, attack.

II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assail: to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.

πρόσβασις, ή, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach, access.

προσβατός, ή, όν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. προσ-βιασθῆναι, to be forced or hard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έμολον:—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.

προσ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call to:—Med., Ion. aor. I προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθίω Ion. -βωθίω, f. ήσω, to come to aid, come up with succour: to bring succour or support to.

προσβολή, ή, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon: applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault.

προσβολή Ἀχαιῶν an attack of the Achaeans. 2. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, harbour.

πρόσ-γειος, ον, (πρός, γέα=γη) near the earth: near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ον, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ᾱ], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγέννημαι: Dep.:—to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to, happen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil: τὰ προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to:—Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνεισμαι, to have lent one, borrow in addition.



προσ-δαπανάω, f. ἤσω, to spend besides.  
 πρόσδεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσδέχομαι) reception.  
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.  
 προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.  
 προσ-δέομαι Dor. ποῖτ. ποτι-δεύομαι: f. -δεήσω; aor. 1 pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.  
 προσ-δέρκομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρκομαι: fut. med. -δέρξομαι: aor. 1 pass. -εδέρχθην; and in same sense aor. 2 act. -εδράκον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:—to look at, behold.  
 πρόσδετος, ον, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.  
 προσ-δεύομαι, ποῖτ. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτιδ-  
 προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part. ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.  
 προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.  
 προσ-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to need besides.  
 προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.  
 προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to insinuate besides.  
 προσ-διαίριος, Dep. to distinguish further.  
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. 1 pass. -διελέχθην, Dep. to converse besides with.  
 προσ-διαμαρτύρῳ, f. ἤσω, to testify in addition.  
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.  
 προσ-διαπασσάλλω, to fasten to with nails.  
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.  
 προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [ᾱ]:—to destroy besides:—Pass. to perish besides.  
 προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition.  
 προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate besides.  
 προσ-δικάζω, f. άσω, to award as a judge to a person:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.  
 προσ-διορθόω, f. ώσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.  
 προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.  
 προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.  
 προσ-δοκάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἤσω: aor. 1 -εδόκησα:—to expect, look for: to await.  
 προσ-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. 1 -έδοξα:—to seem or be thought besides.  
 προσδόκητος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected.  
 προσδοκία, ή, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρόσδοκιαν according to expectation.  
 προσδόκιμος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for,

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδόκιμος expected to come against Miletus.  
 προσ-δόρπιος Dor. ποτιδόρπιος, ον, (πρός, δόρπον) belonging to or serving for supper.  
 προσ-δράκιν, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρκομαι.  
 προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.  
 προσ-εάω, f. άσω [ᾱ], to suffer to go further.  
 προσ-εβήν, aor. 2 of προσβαίνω.  
 προσ-εβήσεται, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of προσβαίνω.  
 προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.  
 προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.  
 προσ-εγγυάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.  
 προσ-εγχρίω, f. ίσω [ι] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.  
 προσ-εδάφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.  
 προσεδρεία or -ία, ή, a sitting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assiduitas:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From  
 προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside or near, be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.  
 προσεδρία, ή, = προσεδρεία.  
 πρόσ-εδρος, ον, (πρός, ἔδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρόσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke.  
 προσ-είπε, Ep. for προσεῖπε: see προσεῖπον.  
 προσ-εῖθηκα, aor. 1 of προστίθημι.  
 προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:—Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.  
 προσ-εἰδέναι, -δώς, inf. and part. of πρόσσοιδα.  
 προσ-εἶδον, inf. προσιδεῖν, part. προσιδών: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon.  
 II. Pass. προσεἶδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.  
 προσ-εῖκα, Att. for προσέοικα, q. v.  
 προσ-εἰκάω, f. σω: aor. 1 -ἤκασα:—to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.  
 προσ-εἰκελος, η, ον, also ος, ον, somewhat like.  
 προσ-εἰλέω Dor. προτι-εἰλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.  
 προσ-εἰληφα, -εἰλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσλαμβάνω.  
 προσ-εἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.  
 πρόσ-εἰλος, ον, (πρός, εἰλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.  
 πρόσ-εἰμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ῆναι Ion. -ῆια Att. -ῆα: aor. 2 part. προσιών: (πρός, εἶμι ibo):—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. of Time, to come on. III. to come in; τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσιόντα alone, the public income, revenue, Lat. *reditus*.

πρόσ-ειμι, inf. προσεῖναι: impf. προσῆν: (πρός, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-εἶπον, inf. προσειπεῖν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

προσ-εἰσπράσσω, f. ξω, to exact payment of besides.  
προ-σεῖω, f. σω, to bold out and shake; προσεῖειν χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to bold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.  
προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.  
προσ-εκπύρῳ, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.  
προσ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.  
προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.  
προσέκυρσα, aor. 1 of προσκυρέω.  
προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.  
προσ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ἄ], Att. -ελῶ: aor. 1 -ἤλασα:—to drive towards. II. intr., 1. (sub. ἵππον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, Lat. *adequitare*. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.  
προσελέω, false form for προυσελέω.  
προσελθεῖν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 -εἰλκῦσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.  
προσ-εμβαίνω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ενέβην:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. *insultare*.  
προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.  
προσ-εμπικραίνομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -ανοῦμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερής, ἐς, resembling.  
προσ-ένῳχε, Dor. for προσ-ἐνῆχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχῦράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-εννέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-εννοέω, f. ἥσω, to think on or observe besides.  
προσ-εντείνω, f. -τενῶ, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

προσ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξᾶμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξέργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.  
προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-έοικα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῖκα, inf. προσεῖκέναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήγμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit. III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise besides.  
προσ-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ἄ]:—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, = προσεμβαίνω.  
προσ-επεξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.  
προσ-επιβάλλω, f. -βάλῳ, to throw upon besides, to add over and above.

προσ-επιγράφω [ἄ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.  
προσ-επίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.  
προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιορκέω, f. ἥσω, to swear a false oath besides.  
προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.  
προσ-επιπονέω, f. ἥσω, to trouble oneself still more.  
προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -ηπιστήθην: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ: to notify, enjoin, charge besides; esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτέρπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπεύω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνέω, f. ἥσω, to say by way of addition.  
προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσεπτάμην [ἄ], aor. 2 of προσπέτομαι.  
προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -εργασμαι: Dep.:—to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ὄν, (πρός, ἔργον) industrious.  
προσ-ερεύγομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaph., κύματα προσερεύγεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.



προσερέω Att. contr. προσερῶ, fut. to προσεῖπον:—to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-έρομαι, f. -ερήσομαι: aor. -ηρύμην, inf. -ερέσθαι: Dep.:—to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθέρπω: f. ψω: aor. I προσείρ-  
πυσα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; ὁ  
προσέρπων χρόνος the coming time; τὸ πρόσεργον the  
coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. I of προσήγγνυμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, = προσερεύγομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. -ηρχόμην, f. -ελεύσομαι (but  
the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήειν, πρόσκειμι): Dep.  
with act. aor. 2 -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or  
go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw  
nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, asso-  
ciate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march  
against. II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides.

προσ-έσπερος Dor. ποθ-έσπερος, on, verging to-  
wards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv.,  
towards evening.

προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend,  
choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence

προσεταιριστός, on, joined with as a comrade, at-  
tached to a party.

προσ-έτι, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσευξαι, aor. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides:  
be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, ή, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From

προσ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to offer prayers or  
vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a  
thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφηνι.

προσεχής, ές, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bor-  
dering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 προσέσχον: pf. προσ-  
έσχηκα:—to have besides or in addition. II. to

bold to, bring to or near; προσέχειν ναῦν to bring a  
ship to port or to land; and without ναῦν, to put in  
or touch at a place; προσέχειν τῇ γῇ, τῇ νήσῳ to  
touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυσὶ προσ-  
έχειν. III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's  
mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum

advertere: also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend; προσ-  
έχειν ἑαυτῷ to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote  
oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV.

Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it:  
also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V.

Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.

προσ-εῶς, on, (πρός, έως) towards dawn or morn-  
ing.

προσ-ξεύγνυμι, f. -ξεύξω, to yoke or fasten to:—  
Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, on, (πρός, ήβη) near manhood.

προσήγαγον, aor. 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly:  
to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, ατος, τό, the object of an address.

προσηγορία, ή, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly,  
friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, on, (πρός, άγορεύω) addressing, ac-  
costing; αἱ προσήγοροι δρύες the speaking oaks: c. gen.,  
εύχμάτων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers  
to Pallas: generally, affable. II. pass. addressed,  
accosted:—as Subst. προσήγορος, ο, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδάφίζω.

προσηΐξαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσείοικα.

προσηκάμην, aor. I med. of προσίημι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably,  
fitly, becomingly.

προσηκον, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it  
being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or con-  
veniret.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a  
place: to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to be-  
long to. II. impers., προσήκει πρὸς τινα it con-  
cerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is  
my business. 2. it belongs to, beseems, befits: see

προσηκον. III. the Partic. προσήκων, ονσα, on,  
is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseeming;  
and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντες (in full  
οἱ προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ  
προσηκον or τὰ προσήκοντα that which belongs to  
one, all that is proper to oneself; τὴν προσήκουσαν  
σωτηρίαν ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own  
safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's  
duties.

προσ-ήλιος, on, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, ex-  
posed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, to nail, join, or affix to. II.  
to nail up, shut close up.

προσήλυτον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ήλυτος, on, (προσήλυτον) come to, arrived at:  
—as Subst., προσήλυτος, ο, a new comer, stranger,  
Lat. advēna: hence, one who has come over to Ju-  
daism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass.:—to  
sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προ-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ: aor. I προεσήμνηα:—to give  
previous or public intimation: to foretell, an-  
nounce. II. to proclaim, publish.

προσηνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, on, (πρός, άνεμος) towards the wind,  
windward.

προσηνέχθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω.

προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, ές, (πρός, έως) soft,  
gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suit-  
able to. Adv. προσηνῶς.

προσήρτημαι, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσαυδάω.

προσ-ηῶς, on, (πρός, ήως) Ion. for προσεῶς, to-  
wards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αῶν,  
towards morning.

προσ-θακέω, f. ἤσω, to sit beside, near or upon.  
 πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.  
 προσθῆναι, προσθείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθηναι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).  
 As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front. II. of Time, before, formerly, of old: also c. Art., ἡ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly. III. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. *potius*; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ἢ . . . to die sooner than . . .

προσθῆοιτο, Ion. for προσθεῖτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of προστίθηναι.

πρόσθε, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθηναι.  
 πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθηναι) a putting to, application. II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθηναι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ον, or η, ον, verb. Adj. of προστίθηναι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θέω, f. -θέυσομαι, to run towards or to.  
 προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθηναι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere accident. II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθηναι) an addition.  
 προσ-θιγγάνω, f. -θίξω: aor. 2 προσέθιγον, inf. προσθιγεῖν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, α, ον, (πρόσθεν) the foremost: οἱ πρόσθιοι πόδες the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, ὁ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.  
 προσθοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθηναι.

προσ-θροέω, f. ἤσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ον, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προστίδεν, προστῖδων, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσεῖδον.

προσ-ζάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. *instare*.

προσ-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-ίημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 προσῆκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply. II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2.

to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3. to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; ἐν οὐ προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσικτωρ, οπος, ὁ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near. II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2. metaph., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἤσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ίσχω, = προσέχω, to bold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσιτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρόσσειμι (εἶμι ibo), approachable.

προσιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσσειμι (εἶμι ibo).

προσ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. *obsidere*.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάττημαι, properly pf. of προσκαθέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. *obsidere*.

προσ-καθέλκω, aor. 1 -καθείλκυσα, to haul down besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cognato, θάκον προσκαθίζειν to sit on a seat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλίζω, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

πρόσ-καιρος, ον, lasting but for a time, transitory.

προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—Pass., pf. προσκέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκενή προσκεκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κἀλέω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon:—Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att. of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against: in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας

προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against . . . but commonly without δίκην;

προσκαλεῖν τινα ἀνανδρίας (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass., ὁ προσκληθεὶς

the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ον, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ἤσω, to persevere in a thing. 2.

to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτέρησις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to besides.

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn besides. II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-καταισχύνω, f. ὕνω, to disgrace still further.

προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides,



προσ-καταριθμέω, f. ἤσω, to count besides.  
 προσ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.  
 προσ-κατασύρω [ῥ], to pull down besides.  
 προσ-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.  
 προσ-κατηγορέω, f. ἤσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.  
 προσ-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.  
 πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. προσ-κέομαι, f. -κέισομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκεῖσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκεῖσθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story: to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or hard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.  
 προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.  
 προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δήσω, to gain besides.  
 προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.  
 προσ-κηδής, ἐς, (πρός, κῆδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.  
 προσ-κηρύκευομαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.  
 προσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.  
 προσ-κιγκλίζω, (πρός, κύκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εὖ ποτεκιγκλίσδεν (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσεκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.  
 προσ-κλάω, f. άσω [ά], to shatter or shiver against.  
 προσ-κληρώω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.  
 πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.  
 προσ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. προσκέκλιμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλειται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence  
 πρόσκλισις, εως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.  
 προσ-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.  
 προσ-κνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.  
 προσ-κοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.  
 προσ-κοινῶω, f. ώσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.  
 προσ-κολλάω, f. ἤσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.  
 προσ-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.  
 πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.  
 προσ-σκοπέω, fut. προσκέψομαι and aor. I προύσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σκέπτομαι, which does not occur):  
 pf. προύσκεμμαι:—to see beforehand, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforehand. Hence  
 προσ-σκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforehand.  
 προσ-κοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.  
 πρόσ-σκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.  
 προσ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ. τὸν ποῦν to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be angry at.  
 προσ-κορής, ἐς, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, falling, disgusting.  
 πρόσ-κρᾶνος, ον, (πρός, κρᾶνον) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρᾶνον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.  
 προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.  
 προσ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. -κέκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.  
 προσ-κυλίω, f. -κυλίω [ι]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.  
 προσ-κύνέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I προσεκύνησα poet. προσέκυσσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence  
 προσκύνητής, οὔ, ὁ, a worshipper.  
 προσ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκυφα:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.  
 προσ-κῦρέω, f. ἤσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκύρω, aor. I προσέκυρσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat.: to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.  
 προσκύσαι, πρόσκυσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκυνέω.  
 πρόσ-κωπος, ον, (πρός, κώπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκωπος, ὁ, a rower.  
 προσλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.  
 προσλαβών, προσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.  
 προσ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 -έλαχον: pf. -είληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.  
 προσ-λάζυμαι, Dep. = προσλαμβάνω.  
 προσ-λαλέω, f. ἤσω, to talk to or with.  
 προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -είληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take bold of: to take part in:—to take bold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.  
 προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέ-  
λεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to  
meditate.

προσ-λεύσσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming  
besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπᾶρέω, f. ἤσω, to persist or persevere in. II.  
to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι, Dep. to  
reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.

Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must  
count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.  
From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτυρέω, f. ἤσω, to bear witness besides,  
bear additional witness: to confirm by additional  
evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ξω: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I  
προσεμάχθην: pf. -μέμαγμα:—to knead or plaster  
against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πει-  
ραιᾶ τῇ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the  
city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμα-  
χθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass.  
sense, ποτιμαζόμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the  
hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾱ], f. -μαχέσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι:  
Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμεῖναι, προσμεῖνας, aor. I inf. and part. of  
προσ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to abide or wait still longer;  
προσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. II.

trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand  
one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Med. to contrive be-  
sides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fas-  
tened to.

προσ-μίγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -μίξω:—to mingle or  
join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come

into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land,  
arrive at. 2. of persons, to hold intercourse with,  
meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in  
battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling  
with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an  
attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μῖσέω, f. ἤσω, to bate besides.

προσ-μισθόω, f. ὠσω, to let out for hire or interest  
besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλώσκω.

πρόσ-μορος, ον, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθέομαι, f. ἤσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to  
address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἤσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [v]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἤσω, to build ships in addition.  
προσ-νάχω [ᾱ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I -ένειμα:—to allot,  
assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be  
assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to de-  
vote, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks  
to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim  
towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go  
to. II. to come against.

προσ-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ἤσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-  
συν-.

προσ-όδιος, ον, (πρός, ὅδιος) belonging to a solemn  
procession, processional: τὸ προσόδιον (sub. μέλος) a  
solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach,  
advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a  
solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-  
ward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent,

esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, re-  
turns, profits, Lat. redditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα)  
to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe  
thanks beside.

προσ-οικειόω, f. ὠσω, to assign to a person as his own.

προσ-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell by or near; of towns,  
to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near  
a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build in addition or near.

πρόσ-οικος, ον, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bor-  
dering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὅ, a  
neighbour.

προσοιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be  
added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οίσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ῶκειλα, to run ashore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἤσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἤσω, to hold intercourse or converse  
with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain

at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with,  
be engaged with a thing.

προσ-όμνυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-όμοιος, ον, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοιόω, f. ὠσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἤσω, to concede or grant be-  
sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to pro-  
mise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to

terms. Hence

προσ-όμουρος, ον, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν  
θεούς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτάζω Dor. ποτ-, poet. for προσοράω.



προσ-οράω, f. -όσομαι: aor. 2 -εἶδον:—to look at:—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after: c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσ-ορθρος, ον, (πρός, ὀρθρος) towards morning: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτόρθρον, at dawn.

προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides:—Med. to mark out for oneself besides; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place:—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμοῦμαι, aor. 1 -ωρμίσάμην and -ωρμίσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσ-ορμίσσις, ἡ, a coming to anchor or to land.

προσ-οὔδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οὔδας) to dash to earth.

προσ-οὔρέω, f. ἤσω, to make water upon.

πρόσ-οὔρος, ον, Ion. for πρόσορος, (πρός, ὄρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent; τὰ πρόσορα the adjacent parts; ἵν' αὐτὸς ἦν πρόσορος where he was his own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσ-οφείλω, f. ἤσω, to owe yet more, be in debt besides:—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσ-οφλισκάνω, f. -οφλήσω: aor. 2 -ᾠφλον, inf. -οφλεῖν:—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt: generally, to incur or deserve besides: as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with: to be offended at.

πρόσ-οψις, ἡ, appearance, aspect, look; σὴ πρόσ-οψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. II. a seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίσομαι: aor. 1 -ἐπαίσα:—to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-παιος, ον, (πρός, παῖω) striking upon: sudden, new, fresh, recent: ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσ-παλαίω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.

προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition.

προσ-παρακαλέω, f. ἔσω, to call in besides, invite.

προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.

προσπαρδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρδω.

προσ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to furnish or provide besides.

προσ-πασσάλευω Att. -παττάλευω, f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg.

προσ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be affected besides. II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσ-πεινος, ον, (πρός, πείνα) hungry, a-bungered.

προσ-πελάζω, f. ἄσω, to bring near to, drive against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come nigh to.

προσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send to: conduct or convoy to.

προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. -ἐπαρδον, oppedere.

προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides:—Med. to put round oneself:—Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.

προσ-περονάω, f. ἤσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.

προσπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.

προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτάμην [ᾱ], for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used: Dep.:—to fly to or towards: to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσ-πεύθομαι, poet. for προσπυνθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on: affix to the cross.

προσ-πίέζω, f. ἔσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πίλνδμαι, Dep. to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall upon or against: strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to: to embrace: to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one: to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to prostrate oneself: c. acc. to fall down to, supplicate.

προσ-πίτνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon: to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.

προσ-πλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come near, draw nigh, approach.

προσ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: pf. pass. -πέπλασμαι:—to form or mould upon.

πρόσπλάτος, ον, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. pres. προσπλώω:—to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρόω, f. ὤσω, to fill up or complete a number: to man ships besides, man more ships; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι:—to blow or breathe upon, inspire: impers. with gen., προσπνέει μοι κρέων there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make over to, attach or add to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself: of persons, to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. generally, to pretend, feign, affect; c. inf. to pretend to do: also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce: δεῖ μὴ προσποιεῖσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησις, ἡ, a gaining for oneself, an acquisition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσποιητός, ὄν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμώ, f. ἤσω, to carry on war against, be at war with: also to attack or harass in war.

προσ-πολεμώω, f. ὤσω, to make hostile besides:—Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ἤσω, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From

πρόσ-πολος, ον, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, ὁ and ἡ, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach.

προσ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to procure besides.

προσ-πορπάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, f. -πράξομαι: aor. I -επραξάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπταισμα, ατος, τό, a stumble. From

προσ-πταίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, balt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.

προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; ἄκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηνῆαι (Ep. and Dor. for προσπεπτηνῆαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.

πρόσπτυγμα, ατος, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, aor. I -έπτυξα:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτι- or προτι-πτύσσομαι: f. -πτύξομαι: pf. -έπτυγμαι:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.

προσ-πτύω, f. -πτύσω [ῥ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύσας, spitting in sign of contempt.

προσ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 -επυθόμην:—to enquire or learn besides.

προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From

προσ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew on.

προσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -εppyήν:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, ἡ, an addressing, accosting: a name.

προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or honour besides.

πρόσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσθεν, forwards, onwards.

προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάζω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στείχω, aor. 2 -έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med. to keep close to.

προσ-συκοφαντέω, f. ἤσω, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to recommend further.

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ἤσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σωρεύω, to heap up besides.

προστακέις, προστακῆναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστήκω.

προσταθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of προϊσθῆμι.

προσ-σφάζω or -σφάττω, f. ξω, to slay at or near.

πρόσταγμα, ατος, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command; ἐκ προσταγματος by command.

προσ-τάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προϊσθῆμι.

προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστασσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἤσω, to persist or persevere still further.

πρόσταξις, ἡ, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; πρόσταξιν ποιῆσθαι to make an assessment.

προ-στασία, ἡ, (προϊσθῆμι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patronship. 2. partisanship, party, faction. II. a place before a building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προσετατάχασθαι the Indians had been assigned to . . . 3. to appoint as commander.

II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

προστατεία, ἡ, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.

προ-στατεύω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὅπως . . ., to provide or take care that . . .

προ-στατέω, f. ἤσω, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατὼν be that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian.

III. ὁ προστατὼν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence

προστατήριος, α, ον, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or flitting before one.

προστάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (προϊσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler,

leader: the leader of a party. III. one who stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose as his patron, standing to him in much the same



relation as the Roman *cliens* to his *patronus*; γράψασθαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ἰδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress. προ-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along. προ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθμι. προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-στείχω, to advance, go before. προ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to pay or spend besides. προ-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαι τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προῦστάλην [ἄ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start. προ-στενάζω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigh or grieve beforehand.

προ-στερνίδιος, ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before the breast: as Subst., προσστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος, ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before or on the breast. προ-τέρπω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside. προστεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of προστάσσω. προ-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to devise besides. προ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II. intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετάκην [ἄ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προϊστήμι. προ-τίθμι, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to add. 3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5. to hand over, to deliver over, consign to. II. Med. προστίθεμαι: aor. 2 -εθέμην, imperat. -θοῦ, subj. -θῶμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμιον to make one's enemy besides; προστίθεσθαι δάμαρτα to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προ-τίλω, f. ἥσω, to befoul with dung. προ-τίμω, f. ἥσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence προστίμημα, ατος, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty. προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate. προ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in. προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2. in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προ-τρίβω [ἴ], f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [ἴ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ον: I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταί suppliant prayers. 2. also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. homo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον αἷμα polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; θεὸς προστρόπαιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ἡ, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings; πόλειως προστροπήν ἔχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικῶν a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ον, (προστρέπω) turning towards: hence, like προστρόπαιος, a suppliant.

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύσομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to hit or light upon, meet with, obtain, c. gen. 2. of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ προστυγχάνων, ὁ προστυχών the first person one meets, anybody; τὰ προστυχόντα ξένια the gifts that come to one's share.

προ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίγνομαι Att. προ-ξυγγ-, Dep. to be with beforehand, converse with beforehand.

προ-συμμίσγω, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ἥσω, to live together before.

προ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise besides.

προ-φάγιον, τό, (πρός, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρό-σφαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προ-σφάζω later -ττω, to sacrifice beforehand. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφημι.

πρό-σφάτος, ον, (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of \*φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. προσφάτως, lately.

προσφερέης, ἐς, (προσφέρω) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = πρόσ-

φοπος, serviceable, conducive.

προ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίσω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενέγχθην Ion. -ενείχθην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. 3. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσοίσομαι, to be borne towards: of ships, to put in. 2. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:—to rush. 3. to approach, converse, have dealings with. 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. 5. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερής, ἐμπερής. 6. to be put or imposed upon one.

προσ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee for refuge to. Hence προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φεύγω iv.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: impf. or aor. 2 προσέφην, ης, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθέγξομαι: Dep.:—to call to, address, accost, salute. II. to call by name, call.

προσ-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθάρεις.

προσφθεγκτός, ὄν, addressed, saluted. II. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγος, ὄν, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

προσ-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to oppose through envy.

προσφιλία, ή, (προσφιλής) kindness, good will.

προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλῶς.

προσ-φιλής, ές, (πρός, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus. II. of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful.

προσ-φιλοσοφείω, f. ήσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλῶς, Adv. of προσφιλής, kindly; προσφιλῶς ἔχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

προσφορά, ή, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply. 2. to present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ὄν, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύεω, Ion. Adv. of προσφύης: see προσφύω.

προσφύης, ές, (προσφύω) growing upon, hanging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύς, aor 2 part. of προσφύω.

πρόσφῦσις, ή, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon, a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφῦσα:—to make to grow to or upon, to bring upon, fasten to. II.

Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφυν, part. προσφύς, ὕσα, ὕν; pf. προσπέφῦκα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφύως Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφύης, with natural fitness, suitably, ably.

προσ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to call or speak to, address, accost. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of. 3. to address or dedicate a thing to another.

προσφωνήεις Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφώνημα, ατος, τό, (προσφωνέω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνησις, εως, ή, (προσφωνέω) an addressing. 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνομαι: aor. 2 προσέχανον: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέκχηνα:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inbiare.

προ-σχεθεῖν, poet. for προσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχω:—Med., προσεσχεθόμην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, ατος, τό, (προέχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a screen, cloak, pretence, pretext; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament; so

Miletus is called πρόσχημα τῆς Ἰωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχώννυμι, to dam up.

προσ-χρήζω, f. ήσω: Ion. προσχρηίζω, f. ήίσω:—to require or desire besides; προσχρηίζω ὑμῶν πείθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

πρόσχυσις, ή, (προσχέω) a pouring upon.

προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χώσω (from προσχόω): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχώννυναι χωρία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to have earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ὄν, (πρός, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ὁ, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ή, (προσχώννυμι) a heaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω, to touch upon, touch.

προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψιθυρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to



πρόσω poet. πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πόρσω later πόρρω, like Lat. *porro*, Adv.: (πρό, πρὸς): I. as Adv., 1. of Space, forwards, onward, further on; opp. to ἐγγύς, far off, afar: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσσω forward. 2. of Time, before. II. c. gen. far towards or to: πρόσσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ far into the river; προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσσω Ἑλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont. 2. of Time, πρόσσω τῆς νυκτός far into the night.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, -άτω.  
προσ-φθία, ἡ, (πρὸς, φθῆ) a song sung to or accompanied by music. II. the tone or accent of a syllable.  
προσ-φθός, ὄν, (πρὸς, φθῆ) singing or sounding to, in harmony with.  
πρόσωθεν Att. πόρρωθεν Ep. πόρροθεν, Adv. (πρό-σω) from afar. II. from long ago.  
προσ-ωνέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to buy besides.  
προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.  
προσωπεῖον, τό, (πρόσωπον) a mask.  
προσωποληπτέω, to be a respecter of persons. From προσωπο-λήπτης, ον, ὁ, (πρόσωπον, λήληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) a respecter of persons.  
προσωποληψία, ἡ, (προσωποληπτέω) respect of persons.  
πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ep. προσώπατα, Ep. dat. προσώπασι: (πρὸς, ὤψ):—a face, visage, countenance; κατὰ πρόσωπον in front, face to face. II. also one's look, countenance, Lat. *vultus*; τὸ σὺν πρόσωπον, periphr. for σὺ. III. = προσωπεῖον, a mask, Lat. *persona*:—hence like πρόσχημα, sbow, outward appearance. IV. later, a person.  
προσ-ωρεύνω, f. σω, to pile or bear up before.  
προσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, furthest:—hence Adv. προσωτάτω, or neut. plur. προσώτατα as Adv., furthest.  
προσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, further off: hence Adv., προσωτέρω or τὸ προσωτέρω, further.  
προσ-ωφελέω, f. ἤσω, to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to: absol. to be of use or assistance. Hence  
προσωφέλημα, ατος, τό, assistance in a thing: and προσωφέλεις, ἡ, a helping, aiding, advantage.  
προσωφελήτεον, verb. Adj. of προσωφελέω, one must assist.  
προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, one must place or post in front. 2. one must prefer.  
προ-τάμιεύω, (πρό, ταμίας) to lay in beforeband.  
προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.  
προτάμοίμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω.  
προτάμων, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.  
προ-ταρβέω, f. ἤσω, to fear beforeband. II. to fear or be anxious for one.  
προ-ταρῖχεύω, f. σω, to salt or pickle beforeband: generally, to preserve or prepare for keeping.  
πρότασις, ἡ, (προτέτασαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προ-

τείνω) a stretching forward. II. that which is put forward: in Logic, a proposition assumed, a premiss. 2. in Gramm., the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσις.  
προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω: aor. I -έταξα: pf. -τέταχα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to place or post in front: Med., προετάξατο τῆς φάλαγγος τοὺς ἱππείας he posted his horse in front of the phalanx:—Pass. to be stationed first, take the lead; τὸ προταχθέν or οἱ προτεταγμένοι, the front ranks, van. II. generally, to determine or arrange beforeband.  
προ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: aor. I -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχην [α]: pf. -τέταμαι:—to stretch out, put forward: to expose to danger. 2. metaph. to bold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse. II. to stretch forwards or forth, bold out, as a suppliant. 2. to offer, tender, proffer: also to bold out, show at a distance, Lat. *ostentare*. III. Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι to claim or demand as a reward. IV. intr. to stretch or project forward.  
προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to protect by a wall. Hence προτείχισμα, τό, an advanced work, outwork.  
προ-τέλειος, ον, (πρό, τέλος) before a solemnity or religious rite. II. προτέλεια (sc. ἱερά), τά, sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity; προτέλεια γάμων the sacrifice before the marriage-rite; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of. 2. προτέλεια, generally, a beginning, outset.  
προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband.  
προ-τελίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, τέλος) to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage.  
προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) the precincts or entrance of a τέμενος or sacred place.  
προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 προὔταμον:—to cut up beforeband. II. to cut off in front, cut short, Lat. *praecidere*. III. to cut forward or in front of one: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ ὦλκα διηνεκέα προταμοίμην if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me.  
προτενθεύω, f. σω, to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to help oneself first to anything. From.  
προ-τένθης, ον, ὁ, one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
προτεραῖος, α, ον, (πρότερος) on the day before, like δευτεραῖος, τριταῖος, etc.: ἡ προτεραία (sub ἡμέρα), the day before; τῇ προτεραίᾳ, Lat. *pridie*, on the day before; c. gen., τῇ προτεραίᾳ τῆς καταστάσιος on the day before the audience.  
προτεραίτερος, α, ον, Comp. of προτεραῖος, for πρότερος, very long before, much earlier.  
προτερέω, f. ἤσω, (πρότερος) to be before, in front, at the head; προτερεῖν τῆς ὁδοῦ to be forward on the way. 2. of Time, to be beforeband, get the start.  
πρότερος, η, ον, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being πρῶτος), answering to Lat. *prior*: of

Place, before, in front, forward; πόδες πρότεροι the fore-feet.

II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεῇ elder in age; πρότεροι παῖδες children by a former marriage; τῇ προτέρῃ (sc. ἡμέρᾳ), on the day before, like προτεραιᾶ.

2. as Comp. c. gen., ἐμέο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I.

3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ἢ οἱ ἥπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον: πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst., e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

προτέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, further, forward.

προτέρωσε, Adv. (προτέρω) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make or do beforehand: pf. pass. inf. προτετύχθαι, to have been done beforehand, to be past.

προτί, old Ep. form for πρὸς. [Ἰ]

προτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

προτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

προτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

προτιειλεῖν, Dor. of προσειλέω.

προτιείποι, Dor. for προσείποι, opt. of προσεῖπον.

πρότιθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of προτίθημι.

προ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. 1 προέθηκα Att. προῦθηκα: aor. 2 προέθην contr. προῦθην, inf. προθεῖναι:—to place or set before, set out: to hand to, present to:—Med. to have meat set before one.

2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger.

3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix.

II. Med. to put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain.

III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθεῖναι νεκρὸν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view.

IV. to put forward: to bold forth, offer, tender.

2. to bold out as a pretext.

V. to put before or over.

VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τίμᾶω, f. ἤσω, to honour before or above another, to prefer to another.

2. to prefer in honour: to bold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in honour; προτιμᾶσθαι ἐς τὰ κοινὰ to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take heed of, care for.

4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

προτίμησις, ἡ, a preferring in honour, preference.

προτιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

προ-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) honoured before, worth more than.

προτι-μῦθέομαι, Dor. for προσ-μῦθέομαι.

προ-τίμωρέω, f. ἤσω, to help beforehand or first:—Med. to revenge oneself before.

προτί-οπτος, ον, Dor. for πρὸς-οπτος.

προτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (προτί Dor. for πρὸς, ὄσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [Ἰ], to honour before another, prefer; προτίειν τινὰ τάφου to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other.

πρότμησις, ἡ, (προτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

προ-τολμάω, f. ἤσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ἡ, (προτέμνω) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to haul up with ropes.

From πρότονος, ὁ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast.

2. a balyard.

προ-τοῦ, for πρὸ τοῦ, = πρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

προ-τραπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

προτρεπτικός, ἡ, ὢν, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. -κῶς, persuasively. From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exhort to: also c. dupl. act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προετρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προῦτρά-πομην in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight: metaph., ἄχεϊ προτραπέσθαι to give oneself over to grief.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 προῦδράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth.

II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

πρό-τρίτα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards, head-foremost, headlong, with headlong speed. [ᾶ]

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to happen before or beforehand: also to meet with first; τὸ προτύχον the first thing that came to hand.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρῶες προῦτυψαν the Trojans burst forward.

II. trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προῦτπείς, driven, urged on.

προτύχων, οὔσα, ὢν, aor. 2 part. of προτυγχάνω.

προῦβάλλον, προῦβην, for προεβ-, aor. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

προῦγρᾶφον, for προέγραφον, impf. of προγράφω.

προῦδιδάξατο, προῦδωκα, προῦθετο, for προεδ-,

προῦθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of προτίθημι.

προῦθυμήθην, for προεθ-, aor. 1 of προθυμέομαι.

προῦθυμούμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προῦκᾶμον, for προέκαμον, aor. 2 of προκάμνω.

προῦλαβον, for προελ-, aor. 2 of προλαμβάνω.



προὔκειτο, προὔκινδύνευε, for προεκ-.  
 προὔμαθον, for προεμ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.  
 προὔμηθήην, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμηθέομαι.  
 προὔμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλώσκω.  
 προὔννεπω, v. sub προενν-.  
 προὔνοησάμην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι.  
 προὔξενήσε, for προεξ-, aor. 1 of προξενέω.  
 προὔξ-επίσταμαι, προὔξ-ερευνάω, for προεξ-.  
 προὔξερευνάω, for προεξερευνάω.  
 προὔξεφίεμαι, for προεξεφίεμαι.  
 προ-ὑπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.  
 προ-ὑπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προὔπηργμαι: (πρό, ὑπάρχω):—to be beforehand in a thing, begin with: c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to exist before; προὔπαρξαντα things that happened before, past events; τὰ προὔπηργμένα a man's antecedents.  
 προὔπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. 1 of προπέμπω.  
 προ-ὑπεξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before.  
 προὔπεσον, for προέπ-, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.  
 προ-ὑπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προὔπαρχω.  
 προὔπινον, προὔπιον, for προεπ-, impf. and aor. 2 of προπίνω.  
 προὔπιστήην, for προεπ-, aor. 1 of προεπίσταμαι.  
 προ-ὑπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.  
 προ-ὑποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.  
 προ-ὑπόκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before.  
 προ-ὑπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforehand.  
 προὔπτος, on, contr. for πρόοπτος.  
 προὔπυθόμην, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προπυνθάνομαι.  
 προὔργιαίτερος, α, on, see προὔργου.  
 προὔργου, contr. for πρὸ ἔργου, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προὔργου τι δρᾶν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προὔργιαίτερος, α, on, more serviceable, useful, important; προὔργιαίτερον ποιεῖσθαι to deem of more consequence:—Sup. προὔργιαίτατος, η, on, most serviceable, etc.  
 προὔρρηθην, aor. 1 pass. of προερίω.  
 προουσελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)  
 προὔστάλην, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.  
 προὔστησα, προὔστην, for προεστ-, aor. 1 and 2 of προϊσθῆμι.  
 προὔτιθει, προὔτυψα, for προετ-.  
 προὔφαινε, for προέφαινε.  
 προ-υφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from one before.  
 προὔφείλω, for προοφείλω.  
 προὔχω, προὔχουσι, προὔχοντο, for προέχ-.  
 προ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to bring forth to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew forth by word, to declare:—Pass., aor. 2 προὔφάνην [ᾱ], part. προφανείς, εἶσα, ἐν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προὔφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II. to shew beforehand, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a prospect beforehand, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III. intr. to shine forth: hold a light before.

προφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.  
 προφάνης, ἐς, (προφανῆναι) shewing itself from afar: quite plain or clear; ἀπό or ἐκ τοῦ προφανοῦς openly.

πρόφαντος, on, (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar, far-famed. II. foreshewn, disclosed beforehand.

προφασίζομαι, impf. προὔφασιζόμην: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. 1 προὔφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις):—to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c. acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. 1 pass. προφασισθῆναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made a pretence.

πρόφασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (προφαίνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. πρόφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. προφάσει, absol. for appearance, for a shew or pretence; ἐπὶ προφάσεως and ἐπὶ προφάσει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν or παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόφασιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος ἔχεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.

πρόφᾶτος, on, (προφαίνομαι) shewn forth, renowned.  
 προ-φᾶτεύω, προ-φάτης [ᾱ], Dor. for προφήτ-.

προφερέης, ἐς, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, α, on, προφερέστατος, η, on, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος.

προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω.  
 προ-φέρω, f. προοίω: aor. 1 προήνεγκα: aor. 2 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, present. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command.

II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away, to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put forward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προφέρειν τινὰ ὁδοῦ to further one on the road. V. intr. to surpass, excel.

προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύχομαι: aor. 2 προὔφυγον:—to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, shun, avoid.

πρό-φημι, to say beforehand, foretell.  
 προφητεία, ή, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching.

προφητεύω Dor. προφᾶτ-: f. σω: aor. 1 ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to expound publicly, preach.

προφήτης, on, ό, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημι): one who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will of a god, Διὸς προφήτης ἐστὶ Λοξίας πατρός Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Μουσῶν προφήται interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) oracular.

προ-φήτις, ἰδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess.

προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 προῦφθην:—to outrun, anticipate, be beforehand with.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.

προ-φθίμενος, η, ον, dead or killed before. [ἴ]

προ-φοβέω, f. ἤσω, to frighten beforehand:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforehand.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the west to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro.

προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to foretell.

πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, having forethought, thoughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. -έως, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

πρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, hearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,

προφύγοισθα, Ep. for προφύγοις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφύλακή, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαὶ outposts, picquets: διὰ προφυλακῆς on guard.

προφύλακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναὺς προφυλακίς a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an advanced guard. [ῥ]

προ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπὶ τινὶ to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω.

προ-φύραω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:—to knead beforehand. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυκα, to be born before another.

προ-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to utter or declare beforehand. II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforehand: 3 sing. imperat. προχαιρέτω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαῖρε, χαίρετω, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforehand.

προ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to put into the band, deliver up:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείς, and pf. προκεχειρισμένος, to be taken in band, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforehand. II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιού-

μαι, to take into one's band, to make ready, make use of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειρος, ον, (πρό, χεῖρ) at hand, close to, convenient: bandy, ready. 2. easy, common. 3. of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f. ἤσω, to elect before.

προχείρως, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offband, readily: Comp. -οτέρως.

προ-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I προέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα: Pass., aor. I προεχύθην [ῥ]: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ἐς πεδίον προχέοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχυν, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; πρόχυν ὑλέσθαι to perish in a kneeling state, i. e. in wretched plight.

προχοή, ἡ, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur. προχοαί, the mouth of a river.

προχόη, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.

προ-χοῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a pot.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χους, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχουσι: (προχέω):—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, picher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl.

προ-χρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ον, previous, prior.

πρόχυσις, ἡ (προχέω), a pouring or spreading out; πρόχυσιν ποιῆσθαι οὐλὰς κριθῶν = προχέειν οὐλὰς κριθῶν, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχυτός, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ον, ὁ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a jug or picher: an urn, vase. [ῥ]

προχυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) poured forth.

πρό-χωλος, ον, very lame or halt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εὖ προχωρεῖν to go on well: impers., προχωρεῖ it goes on well; ὡς οἱ δόλφ οὐ προεχώρει when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I προέωσα:—to push forward, push or urge on; προωθεῖν αὐτόν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, ες, (πρό, ὕλλυμι) ruined beforehand.

προώρισα, aor. I of προορίζω.

πρό-ωρος, ον, (πρό, ὥρα) before the time, untimely.

προωφειλόμην, impf. pass. of προοφείλω.

πρυλές, αν, οἱ, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)



πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem. of πρυμνός (sub. ναῦς), the bindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop, Lat. *purpiss*: ἐπὶ πρύμνην ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἄνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνην the wind impels us right astern: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λῦσαι mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεως the Acropolis; πρύμνα Ὀσσεας the foot of Mount Ossa.

πρυμναῖος, α, ον, (πρύμνα) of a ship's stern.

πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα.

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the ship's stern: generally, from behind.

πρυμνήσιος, α, ον, (πρύμνη) of or from a ship's stern:—as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, stern-cables, Lat. *retinacula*.

πρυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, (πρύμνη) the steersman, helmsman: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the stern. II. from the lowest part, Lat. *funditus*: utterly, root and branch.

πρυμνόν, τό, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρυμνός.

πρυμνός, ἡ, ὅν, the bindmost, undermost, endmost: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, πρυμνός βραχίον the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ὕλην ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the root.—Sup. πρυμνότατος, at the lowest end.

πρυμν-οὔχος, ον, (πρύμνα, ἔχω) holding the ship's stern. II. detaining the fleet.

πρυμν-ώρεια, ἡ, (πρυμνός, ὄρος) the bottom or foot of a mountain.

πρυτάνεια Ion. -ῆς, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) the prytaneia or presidency, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the prytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλή or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανείαν by presidencies, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. any public office held by rotation for given periods: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρας the chief command for the day.

πρυτάνειον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (πρύτανις) the presidents' hall, town-hall, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a law-court at Athens.

III. pl. πρυτανεία, a sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. *sacramentum*; τιθέναι πρυτανείαν τινι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him.

πρυτάνεύω, f. σω, (πρύτανις) to be πρύτανις or pre-

sident, bold sway.

II. at Athens, to bold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταί were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλή πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανις, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύσας he who put a question to the vote. III. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνη, -ῆιον, Ion. for πρυτανεία, -εῖον.

πρυτάνις, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότερος): a prince, ruler, lord. II. a Pry-

tanis or President: at Athens the πρυτάνεις were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming  $\frac{1}{10}$  part of the βουλή or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as chief-president (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) not of their own body, formed the Presidency (πρυτανεία). The φυλή which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλῆ] ἐπρυτάνευε, Φαίινιππος ἐγραμμάτευε, Νικιάδης ἐπιστατεί, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phae-nippus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεῖον.

πρῶ or πρῶ, Adv., Att. for πρῶ.

πρῶν Dor. πρῶαν, (πρῶ) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. *nuper*. II. the day before yesterday; proverb., μέχρι οὗ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e. till very lately.

πρωθ-ῆβης, ου, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἥβη) a youth in his first bloom.

πρωθ-ῆβος, ον, also η, ον, (πρῶτος, ἥβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρῶ [ι], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. *mane*: c. gen., πρῶ ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρας still early in the day; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶ the early part of the day; ἅμα πρῶ at early morn; ἀπὸ πρῶ from morn. 2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. *mature*, *tempestive*. II. Comp. πρῶταίτερον, earlier, Sup. πρῶταίτατα, earliest, formed from πρῶτος.

πρῶια (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, fem. of πρῶιος, morning. [ι] πρῶταίτερον, πρῶταίτατα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶ. πρῶιος, ον, = πρῶιος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρῶιζα, like πρῶν, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

πρῶμος, ον, (πρῶ) early.

πρῶινός, ἡ, ὅν, = πρῶιος. [ι]

πρῶιος Att. πρῶος, α, ον, (πρῶ): early, early in day, at morn; δειλὴ πρῶια the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δειλὴ ὥρα, the latter part; πρῶιας, absol. as Adv., early. II. early in the season; πρῶα τῶν καρπῶν early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίς) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, ὁ, (προάγω) the anus, the binder parts, back, tail.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρῆν, πρῆνος; nom. pl. πρῶνες, as if from πρῶν:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ἄλιος πρῶν ἀμφοτέρας κοινὸς αἶας the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρῶος, α, ον, Att. for πρῶιος.

πρῶρα, as Ion. ης, ἡ, (πρῶ) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶρος) νηὺς πρῶρη the prow of a ship, like νηὺς πρυμνή; πνεῦμα τοῦκ πρῶρας a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρύμνην, a stern-wind. II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρῶρᾱθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) from the ship's head, from the front.

πρῶρᾱτεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out ahead. From

πρῶράτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (πρῶρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρῶρεῦς, ἑως, ὁ, (πρῶρα) = πρῶράτης.

πρῶρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῶρᾱθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσον, contr. for προ-ῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προωθέω.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ-ᾱγός, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγοί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-ᾱγρία, τὰ, (πρῶτος, ἄγρα) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ᾱγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarium partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρῶτ-αρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

πρωτεῖον, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεία the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-ηρότης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀρότης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρῶτιστος, η, ον, also ος, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρῶτιστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτό-βολος, ον, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) first thrown at or struck. II. παροχ. πρωτο-βόλος, ον, act. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύφης, ἐς, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved. πρωτό-γονος, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2. of rank, high-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτό-ζυξ, ὕγος, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) newly married.

πρωτό-θρονος, ον, filling the first seat: irreg. pl. πρωτόθρονες (as if from πρωτόθρων).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλίσια, ἡ, (πρῶτος, κλίνω) the first place or seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, ὁ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λεια, τὰ, (πρῶτος, λεία) the first spoils in war, the firstfruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ἡ, the right of speaking first. From

πρωτο-λόγος, ον, (πρῶτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτό-μορος, ον, (πρῶτος, μόρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-παγής, ἐς, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) first put together, i. e. newly made.

πρωτο-πήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πῆμα) burling first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτό-πλοος, ον, Att. contr. -πλους, ουν, (πρῶτος, πλόος) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρῶτος, ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

πρῶτος, η, ον, Sup. of πρῶ, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρόατος, Dor. πρᾶτος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. prius; ἐν πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἄθλα) the first prize; τὰ πρῶτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; ἐς τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐν τὰ πρῶτα τῶν Ἐρετριέων being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there. 3. τὴν πρῶτην, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with εἶναι, τὴν πρῶτην εἶναι, like ἐκὼν εἶναι, at first. 4. neut. sing. and plur. πρῶτον, πρῶτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. 5. after a Relative, πρῶτον means once, once for all, as, ὅντινα πρῶτον λάβωσιν ἄελλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all. 6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρῶτοι first among the first. II. πρῶτος

is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρῶτον ἢ... = πρὶν ἢ..., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτό-σπορος, ον, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, οἱ πρωτόσταται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [ᾱ]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, a bearing her firstborn: and

πρωτοτόκια, ον, τὰ, the privilege of the first-born, birthright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκεῖν) bearing her first-born. II. προπαροχ. πρωτότοκος, ον, pass. first-born.



πρωτό-τομος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεμείν) *first cut or cut off*.  
πρωτό-φυτος, ον, (πρῶτος, φύω) *firstborn*.  
πρωτό-χνοος, ον contr. -χνοος, ονν, *with the first down*.

πρωτό-χυτος, ον, (πρῶτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.  
πρωῦδαν, contr. for προ-αυδαν, inf. of προαυδάω.  
πρώων, ονος, ὁ, Ep. lengthd. form for πρῶν.

πταίοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of πταίω.  
ΠΤΑΙΨΩ, f. πταῖω: aor. 1 ἐπταῖρα: aor. 2 ἐπταῖρον:  
—to sneeze; μέγ' ἐπταῖρε be sneezed aloud, which  
was taken for a good omen:—metaph. of a lamp, to  
sputter.

πταῖσμα, τό, (πταίω) a stumble, false step: metaph.  
a mistake, blunder. II. a failure, misfortune.

ΠΤΑΙΩ, f. πταίω: aor. 1 ἐπταῖσα: Pass., aor. 1  
ἐπταίσθην: pf. ἐπταίσμαι:—to make to stumble, Lat.  
offendere. II. intrans. (sub. πόδα), to strike the  
foot, stumble; πταίειν πρὸς τινι to stumble against;  
also, περί τινι, as, μὴ περί Μαρδονίῳ πταίσῃ ἡ Ἑλλάς  
lest Hellas should get a fall over him. 2. metaph.  
to make a false step or mistake, to fail.

πτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [α]  
πτανός, Dor. for πτηνός.  
πτάξ, gen. πτάκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πτήσσω) the covering  
animal, i. e. the hare.

πταρμός, ὁ, (πταίω) a sneezing, sneeze.

πταρνύμαι, Dep. = πταίω, to sneeze.

πτάς, part. of ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέταμαι.

πτάτο, Ep. for ἐπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ΠΤΕΛΕ΄Α Ion. -έη, ἡ, the elm, Lat. ulmus.

πτέρινος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (πτερόν) made of fea-  
thers; πτέρινος κύκλος a fan of feathers. II.  
feathered, winged.

πτερίς, ἰδος, and πτέρις, εως, ἡ, (πτερόν) a kind of  
fern, so called from its leaves being like feathers.

ΠΤΕ΄ΡΝΑ Ion. -νη, ἡ, the beetle. II. = πέρνα,  
a bam.

Πτερνο-γλύφος, ὁ, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) Ham-scraper,  
name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-τρώκτης, ον, ὁ, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) Ham-nib-  
bler, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-φάγος, ὁ, (πτέρνα, φάγειν) Ham-eater, name  
of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόνητος, ον, (πτερόν, δονέω) moved with flap-  
ping wings: metaph. high-soaring, high-flown.

πτερόεις, εσσα, εν, contr. fem. πτερούσσα, gen.  
πτερούντος: (πτερόν):—feathered, winged: also light  
as a feather: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἐπεα  
πτερόεντα winged words.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) a feather, mostly in  
plur. feathers. 2. wings; ὑπὸ πτεροῖς εἶναι to be  
under their mother's wings. II. a winged crea-  
ture. 2. for οἰωνός, an augury, omen. III. of  
anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἐρετμά,  
τά τε πτερὰ νηυσὶ πέλονται which are the wings of  
ships. 2. ἀέθλων πτερὰ the prize which wafts the  
Poet as it were to heaven. 3. the leafage of trees,

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, the rows of columns  
along the sides of Greek temples, whence the terms  
ἄπτερος, δίπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποίκιλος, ον, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) motley-fea-  
thered, of pied plumage.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, πούς) wing-footed.

πτερορ-ροέω and -ρύέω, f. ῥέω: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—  
to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult: metaph. to  
be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned.

πτερο-φόρος, ον, (πτερόν, φέρω) feathered, winged;  
πτεροφόρα φύλα the feathered tribes.

πτερο-φύέω, (πτερόν, φύω) to grow feathers or wings.

πτερόω, f. ὠσω, (πτερόν) to furnish with feathers or  
wings, to feather; πτεροῦν βιβλίον to tie a letter to  
a feathered arrow and shoot it off:—Pass. to be fea-  
thered. 2. of ships, to furnish with oars.

πτερύγεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγιζω, f. ἴσω, (πτέρυξ) to flutter or flap the wings.

πτερύγιον [ῥ], τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, a little wing. II.  
anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or,  
a pointed roof, a pinnacle.

πτερύγ-ωκῆς, ἐς, (πτέρυξ, ὠκός) swift of wing.

πτερύγωτος, ἡ, ὄν, (πτερυγώω) fledged, winged,  
wing-shaped.

πτέρυξ, ὄγος, ἡ, (πτερόν) a wing. II. anything  
like a wing, as 1. a rudder. 2. in plur. the  
skirts of a coat of mail. 3. the wing of a build-  
ing. III. anything that covers or protects like  
wings, a fold, flap or cape. IV. metaph., πτέ-  
ρυγες γούων the wings, i. e. the flight or flow, of grief.

πτερύσσομαι, f. ῥομαι, Dep. = πτερνγίζω.

πτέρωμα, ατος, τό, (πτερόω) that which is feathered,  
a feathered arrow.

πτέρωσις, ἡ, (πτερόω) a feathering, plumage.

πτερωτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πτερόω) feathered:  
winged.

πτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, inf. of ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (πτηνός, ὀλλυμι) bird-killing.

πτηνός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. πτανός, ἡ, ὄν, (πτήναι) fea-  
thered, winged: πτηνά, τά, fowls, birds. II. of  
young birds, fledged. III. metaph., πτηνοὶ μῦθοι,  
like ἐπεα πτερόεντα, winged, passing words; πτηναὶ  
ἐλπίδες fleeting hopes.

πτήξαι, aor. 1 inf. of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, ἡ, (πτήναι) a flying, flight.

πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗ΄ΣΣΩ, fut. πτήξω: aor. 1 ἐπτηξα Ep. πτήξα:  
aor. 2 ἐπτάκον, only found in compd. καταπτάκων:  
pf. ἐπτηχα, Ep. part. πεπτηώς, ὤτος:—to frighten,  
scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. terrere. II. intr. to  
crouch down or cower for fear; πτήσσειν βομόν to  
flee cowering to the altar. 2. c. acc. to crouch for  
fear of a thing.

πτήται, Ion. for πτᾶται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of  
πέτομαι.

ΠΤΙΛΟΝ [ι], τό, a feather: plumage: esp. of the  
under feathers, down. II. a wing.

πιλό-νωτος, ον, (πίλον, νῶτον) with feathered back.  
 πτίσανη [ἄ], ἡ, (πτίσσω) peeled barley. II. a  
 drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel.

ΠΤΙΣΣΩ, fut. πτίσω: aor. I ἐπτίσα: Pass., aor. I  
 ἐπτίσθην: pf. ἐπτισμαι:—to husk, peel or winnow  
 grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.

πτόα Ion. πτοίη, ἡ, (πτοέω) fear, terror.

ΠΤΟΕΨΩ, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἐπτόησα poet. ἐπτοίησα:  
 —Pass., aor. I ἐπτοήθην poet. ἐπτοιήθην: pf. ἐπτόη-  
 μαι poet. ἐπτοίημαι:—to frighten, scare away:—Pass.  
 to be scared or dismayed. II. metaph. to flutter,  
 excite, agitate:—Pass. to be in a flutter, be agitated:  
 to be wild, distracted; τὸ πτοηθέν distraction. Hence

πτόησις or πτοίησις, εὖς, ἡ, terror: any vehement  
 passion, excitement.

πτοίεω, πτοίησις, πτοιητός, v. sub πτοέω.

πτολεμίζω, πτολεμιστής, etc., Ep. for πολεμ-.

πτόλεμος, ὁ, Ep. for πόλεμος, war.

πτολί-αρχος, ον, Ep. for πολίαρχος.

πτολίεθρον, τό, Dim. of πτόλις, but used like πόλις,  
 a city.

πτολί-πορθος and πτολι-πόρθιος, ον, (πτόλις,  
 πέρθω) sacking or wasting cities: also πτολι-πόρθης,  
 ον, ὁ.

πτόλις, Ep. for πόλις.

πτόλισμα, Ep. for πόλισμα.

πτόρθος, ὁ, a young branch, shoot, sucker, sap-  
 ling. II. a sprouting, shooting, budding.

πτύγμα, ατος, τό, (πτύσσω) anything folded, a fold.

πτυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πτύσσω) folded; πτυκτὸς πίναξ,  
 folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood,  
 one folding upon the other.

πτύξ, πτύχος, ἡ, later πτύχη, ἡς, ἡ, (πτύσσω):—  
 anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχες  
 σάκεος plates forming a shield. II. of the clefts

or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look  
 like folds; a cleft, dell, coomb: so also of the sky,  
 folds or clouds. III. in form πτυχή, a folding

tablet. IV. in Comedy, wrinkles.

πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. πτύοφιν, (πτύω) a winnowing-  
 shovel or fan, Lat. vannus.

ΠΤΥΡΩ [ῥ], f. πτύρῳ:—to frighten, scare, terrify:  
 —Pass. πτύρομαι, aor. 2 ἐπτύρην [ῥ]: to be frightened.

πτύσμα, ατος, τό, (πτύω) spittle.

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπτυξα: Pass., aor. I  
 ἐπτύχθην: pf. πέπτυγμα:—to fold or double up,  
 fold and lay by. II. Pass. to be folded or

doubled up: of spear-points, to be folded or bent  
 back. 2. to fold or cling round or to. III.

Med. to fold round oneself. Hence

πτύχη, ἡ, see πτύξ.

ΠΤΥΩ, f. πτύω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐπτύσα: pf. pass.  
 ἐπτυσμαι:—to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo. II.

to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth. III.

metaph., πτύσας having spat, with an expression of

disgust; πτύσας πρόσωπον with loathing in his face.  
 πτωκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πτῶξ, πτώσσω) shy, timorous,  
 fearful.

πτῶμα, ατος, τό, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a fall: a mis-  
 fortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus. II. that  
 which has fallen, a corpse, carcase.

πτῶξ, ὁ, ἡ, gen. πτωκός, (πτῶσσω) the cowering  
 animal, i. e. the hare.

πτῶσιμος, ον, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) fallen, slain.

πτῶσις, εὖς, ἡ, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a falling, fall.

πτωσκάζω, poet. for πτώσσω, to crouch for fear.

ΠΤΩΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. to crouch or cower  
 from fear: also to go cowering about, like a beggar,  
 to visit like a beggar. 2. to flee affrighted: c. acc.  
 to flee from.

πτωχεία Ion. -ηία, ἡ, (πτωχεύω) begging, beggary.

πτωχεύω, Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πω-  
 χός):—to be a beggar, beg. II. trans., I.  
 c. acc. rei, to get by begging. 2. c. acc. pers. to beg  
 or ask an alms of.

πτωχήη, Ion. for πτωχεία.

πτωχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πτωχός) of or for a beggar, beg-  
 garly.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχός.

πτωχο-ποιός, ὄν, (πτωχός, ποιέω) drawing beggarly  
 characters, of a poet.

πτωχός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πτῶσσω) one who  
 crouches or cringes; as Subst., πτωχός, ὁ, a beggar:  
 also πτωχὸς ἀνὴρ a beggarman. II. as Adj. beg-  
 garly, mean, sorry:—later also poor.—Comp. and

Sup. πτωχότερος, -ύτατος; irreg. Comp. πτωχί-  
 στερος.

Πυᾶνέψια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πύανος, ἔψω) the Pyan-  
 epsia, an Athenian festival in the month Πυανεψιών,  
 in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish  
 of beans then eaten. Hence

Πυᾶνεψιών, ὦνος, ὁ, the fourth month of the Attic  
 year, so named from the festival Πυανεψία: corre-  
 sponding to the latter part of October and former of  
 November.

ΠΥΨΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a bean.

πύγαϊος, α, ον, (πυγή) of or on the rump: τὸ πυ-  
 γαῖον ἄκρον the tip of the rump.

πύγ-αργος, ον, (πυγή, ἀργός) white-rump, name of  
 a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle.

ΠΥΓΗ, ἡς, ἡ, the rump, buttocks. Hence

πυγίδιον, τό, Dim. a thin, narrow rump. [Υ]

πυγμαῖος, α, ον, (πυγμή η) about a foot long or  
 tall. II. Πυγμαῖοι, οί, the Pigmies, a fabulous

race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been  
 attacked and destroyed by Cranes.

πυγμαῖος, f. ἡσώ, to practise boxing, be a boxer.  
 And

πυγμαῖος, ἡ, boxing, Lat. pugilatus. From

πυγ-μάχος, ον, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) fighting with the  
 fist: as Subst., πυγμαῖος, ὁ, a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυγμή, ἡ, (πύξ) a fist, Lat. pugnus: also a battle  
 with fists, boxing-match; πυγμὴν νικᾶν to be con-  
 queror in the contest of boxing. II. a measure

of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles,  
 = 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 1½ inches. III.



πυγμή, dat. used as Adv., either = πύκα, often, frequently; or up to the elbow.

πύγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγή, στολή) with sweeping train, with trailing robe.

πυγούσιος, α, ον, about 15 inches long. From

ΠΥΓΩΝ, όνος, ή, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασται, about 15 inches.

πυθαρίζω, f. ίσω, to hop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΘΕΛΟΣ, ή, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a bathing-tub: a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ου Dor. α, ό, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

Πυθαγορίζω, f. ίσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras.

Πυθαγοριστής, ου, Dor. -ικτάς, ά, ό, (Πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πύθεισθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πυνθάνομαι.

πύθειν, Dor. for πύθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυνθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. ίέρεια), ή, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. ίερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθώ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, άδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Όλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ή, όν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πύθιο-νίκης, ου, ό, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πυθίο-νίκος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, α, ον, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, οί, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμήν, ένος, ό, (βυθός) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμήν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. II. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοί, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or Delphi.

πυθοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι.

Πυθοΐδε, Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet; Πυθόμαντις έστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθο-χρήστης, ου, Dor. -τας, α, ό, (Πυθώ, χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πυθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πυθώ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΘΩ [υ]: fut. πύσω: aor. 1 έπύσα Ep. πύσα:—to make rot, to rot, corrode:—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πυθώ, gen. ους, dat. οί, ή, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθώθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, ώνος, ή, older form for Πυθώ.

Πυθωνόθεν, Adv., = Πυθώθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκινός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πυκάζω old Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: aor. 1 έπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. 1 έπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα):—to make thick or close, cover up closely, envelop; πυκάζειν στεφάνοις to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. 1 and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείς and πεπυκασμένος, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσδω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

πυκί-μηδής, ές, (πυκινός, μήδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

πυκίνος, ή, όν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut. πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbrewdly.

πυκινό-φρων, ονος, (πυκινός, φρήν) wise-minded.

πυκινώς, Adv. of πυκινός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνίτης, ου, ό, = πυνκίτης, (Πνύξ) assembling in the Pnyx. [i]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνό-πτερος, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered.

πυκνο-ράξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) or πυκνο-ρώξ, -ώγος, ό, ή, (πυκνός, ρώξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πυκίνος, ή, όν, (πύξ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκινά βέλεα a thick shower of darts. II. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. III. great, excessive. IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence sbrewd, discreet, wise. V. besides the regular Adverbs πυκνώς and πυκινώς, Homer also uses neuters πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv., 1. closely, firmly, fast. 2. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbrewdly.

πυκνός, gen. of πνύξ.

πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίζω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ητος, ή, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness,

denseness. II. frequency. III. metaph. wisdom, shrewdness, discretion.

πυκνός, f. ὦσω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid: to pack close, roll into small compass, condense:—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνός, Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλιζω, f. σω, = πυκτεύω, to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar: to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πύττω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-αγόρας or Πυλ-αγόρος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλαγορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a Πυλαγόρας, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-αγόρος, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, αἱ, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνοδος), ἡ, fem. of πυλαῖος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council: also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχος, ου, ὁ, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylos.

πυλαῖος, α, ου, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2. (Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [ῥ]

πύλ-άρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀραρίσκω) he that keeps the gate of bell: Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὥρα) Ep. for πυλωρός, keeping the gate: as Subst., πυλαωρός, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, ἡ, a gate: in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door): but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἱ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πυλαγόρας.

πύλ-ηδόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.

πύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλοθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πύλόνδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylos.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled: there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

πύλ-ουρός, ὁ, (πύλη, οὐρός) a gate-keeper.

πύλώω, f. ὦσω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates:—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλων, ὦνος, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house: also a porch or vestibule.

πυλωρέω, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὥρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύματος, η, ου, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last: πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακος, ὁ, (πυθμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πυνθόμαι: f. πυνθόμαι Dor. πυνθούμαι: aor. 2 ἐπυνθόμην, imperat. πυνθού Dor. πυνθεν, inf. πυνθέσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πεπυνθόιτο: pf. πέπυνσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυνσαι Ep. πέπυνσαι: plqpf. ἐπεπύνσμεν, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυνστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύνσθην: —to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry: to bear, learn, understand: c. gen. to bear of, bear news of: also c. acc. to inquire about: c. inf. to bear or learn that . . .

ΠΥΞ, Adv. with clenched fist; πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πυξίνεος, α, ου, and πύξινος, η, ου, (πύξος) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΞΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree: also its wood.

ΠΥΟΨ or πύος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππαξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo!

ΠΥΡ, πῦρος, τό, fire; πῦρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish hope.

III. to express things terrible; κρείσσον ἀμυμακέτου πυρός stronger than invincible fire; διὰ πυρὸς λέναι to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρά, ὦν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρά, ας, Ion. πύρη, ἡς, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled: a funeral-pyre: also a burial-place. 2. an altar for burnt-sacrifice: also the fire burning upon the altar.

πῦρ-άγρα, ἡ, (πῦρ, ἀγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs.

πῦρ-αγρέτης, ου, ὁ, = πυράγρα.

πῦρ-αἶθω, (πύρά, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πῦρ-ακτέω, f. ἦσω, (πῦρ, ἄγω) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

πύράμινος, η, ου, (πυρός) = πύρινος, of wheat, unbeaten.

πύραμις, ἴδος, ἡ, a pyramid:—an Egyptian word.

πύραμους, οὔντος, ὁ, contr. for πυραμύεις, (πυρός) a cake of roasted wheat and boney; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch: generally, the meed or prize of victory.

πῦρ-αυγής, ἐς, (πῦρ, αὐγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πίργος) like a tower. II. of soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἦσω, to shut up in a tower:—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From



πυργίης, *es*, (πύργος, ἀρᾶρειν) *shut up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργινος, *η, on*, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πυργο-δαίκτης, *ον*, (πύργος, δαίζω) *destroying towers.* [α]

πυργο-μάχέω, (πύργος, μάχομαι) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΓΟΣ, ὁ, a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark; πύργος θανάτων a bulwark against death. 3. the highest part of any building. II. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργηδόν.

πυργο-φόρος, *ον*, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a tower-guard, warder. [υ]

πυργόω, *f. ὦσω*, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers:—Med. to build towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.* II. *to raise up to a towering height: metaph., πυργῶσαι ῥήματα σεμνά* 'to build the lofty rhyme: hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate:—Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, haughty.

πυργώδης, *es*, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πύργωμα, *ατος, τό*, (πυργόω) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls.

πυργῶτις, *ιδος, fem. Adj.* (πυργόω) *towering.*

πυρ-δαής, *es*, (πῦρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πῦρεϊον Ion. πῦρῆιον, τό, (πῦρ) plur. πῦρῆια, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.

πῦρεσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πῦρέσω: aor. 1 ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετός):—to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πῦρετός, *οῦ, ὁ*, (πῦρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. *feverish heat, a fever; πυρετός τριταῖος, τεταρταῖος* a tertian, quartan fever.

πῦρεῦς, *έως, ὁ*, (πῦρ) a fire-proof vessel.

πῦρῆ, *ης, ἡ*, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πῦρῆιον, τό, Ion. for πυρεῖον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πῦρ-ἡνεμος, *ον*, (πῦρ, ἄνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πῦρ-τόκος, *ον*, (πῦρ, τεκείν) *wheat-producing.*

πῦρ-φάτος, *ον*, (πῦρ, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of φένω) *wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.*

πῦρ-φόρος, *ον*, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πῦρ, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πῦρία, ἡ, (πῦρ) a vapour-bath, consisting of an airtight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.

πῦριάτη [α], ἡ, (πῦρ) a pudding made with beestings, i. e. the first milk after calving.

πῦριῦτήριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πῦριάω, (πῦρία) *to put into a vapour-bath.*

πῦρ-βλητος, *ον*, (πῦρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πῦρ-γενέτης, *ον, ὁ*, = πυριγενής.

πῦρ-γενής, *es*, (πῦρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πῦρ-γόνος, *ον*, (πῦρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πῦρ-δαπτος, *ον*, (πῦρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πῦρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πῦρ.

πῦρ-ήκης, *es*, (πῦρ, ἀκή) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praenustus.*

πῦρ-καής, *es*, = πυρίκαυστος.

πῦρ-καυστος, *ον*, (πῦρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πῦρ-κοίτης, *es*, (πῦρ, κοίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep.*

πῦρ-λαμπής, *es*, (πῦρ, λάμπω) *bright with fire.*

πῦρ-ῖνος [υ], *η, on*, (πῦρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πῦρ-ῖνος [υ], *η, on*, (πῦρ) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πῦρ-πνέων, *ουσα, on*, (πῦρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πῦρ-πνοος, *ον contr. -πνους, on*, (πῦρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πῦρ-σπαρτος, *ον*, (πῦρ, σπείρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πῦρ-σπείρητος, *ον*, (πῦρ, σπείρω) *swathed in fire.*

πῦρ-στακτος, *ον*, (πῦρ, στάζω) *streaming with fire.*

πῦρ-ίτης [ι], *ον, ὁ, fem. πῦρ-ίτις, ιδος*, (πῦρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πῦρ-τρόφος, *ον*, (πῦρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πῦρ-φάτος, *ον*, (πῦρ, πέφαται) *slain by fire.*

Πῦρ-φλεγέων, *οντος, ὁ*, (πῦρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πῦρ-φλεγής, *es*, and πῦρ-φλέγων, *οντος, ὁ*, (πῦρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πῦρ-φλεκτος, *ον*, (πῦρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πῦρ-ίχη, ἡ, poet. for πυρρίχη.

πῦρ-καεύς, *έως, ὁ*, (πῦρ, καίω) a fire-kindler.

πῦρ-καῖα Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (πῦρ, καίω) any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre. 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. II. an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πῦρ-καῖα, *α, on*, (πῦρ, καίω) fit to eat, ripe.

πῦρ-κλόνος, *ον*, (πῦρ, κλέπτω) fire-stealing.

πῦρ-λόγος, *ον*, (πῦρ, λέγω) reaping wheat.

πῦρ-πώλης, *ον, ὁ*, (πῦρ, πωλέω) a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.

πῦρ-ραγής, *es*, (πῦρ, ραγῆναι) bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. πυροραγής, cracked.

πῦρ-ός, ὁ, wheat: in plur. grains of wheat. (From πῦρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πῦρ-φόρος, *ον*, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing.

πῦρ-φόρος, *ον*, (πῦρ, φέρω) wheat-bearing.

πῦρ-όω, *f. ὦσω*, (πῦρ) to set on fire, to burn: to burn

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-παλάμαω, f. ἤσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to handle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks.

πυρ-πάλαμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire.

πύρ-πνοος, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ἤσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τοὺς ἀνθράκας to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίας, ον, δ, (πυρρός) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [ῖ]

πυρρίχιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre.

πυρρίχιζω, f. ἴσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, ὁ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. ποὺς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετά, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called παρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, οὔ, δ, (πυρρίχιζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red.

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειον) red-bearded.

πυρρό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired.

πυρρ-οπίης [ῖ], ον, δ, (πυρρός, ὀπιτεύω) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πῦρ-οπίης ogling wheat, i. e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. ἡ, ὄν, old Att. πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρό-τρίχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red.

πυρσεύω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting.

πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed.

πυρσός, οὔ, ὁ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ): a fire-brand, torch. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρσ-ώδης, ες, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

πυρσ-ώρος, ὁ, (πυρσός, ὥρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἤσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἱστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεὸς πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i. e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, εἰδὲ μηδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπός, οὔ, (πῦρ, ὤψ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πυρόω) a setting on fire, burning.

πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πῦτιζω, f. ἴσω, (πτύω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτιναῖος, α, ον, plaited with willows. From ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [ῖ]

πύτισμα, ατος, τό, (πυτίζω) that which one spits out.

πῶ Ion. κῶ, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, Litberto, mostly with negat. II. πῶ; Sicilian for ποῦ; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, ὠνος, ὁ, the beard; πῶγων πυρός a beard or tail of fire. Hence

πῶγωνίας, ον, ὁ, bearded; ἀστὴρ πῶγωνίας a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

πῶγωνιον, τό, Dim. of πῶγων, a little beard.

πῶγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πῶγων, φέρω) wearing a beard.

πῶεα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶῦ.

πωλεία, ἡ, (πωλεύω) a breeding of foals.

πωλέομαι Ion. πωλεῖμαι, whence part. πωλεύμενος, imperf. πωλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. imperf. πωλέσκετο: fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πολέω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., ἀγγελίης πωλεῖσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλεύμην, Ep. for ἐπωλούμην, imperf. of πωλέομαι.

πῶλευσις, ἡ, (πωλεύω) horse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse.

πωλέω, Ion. imperf. πωλέεσκον: f. ἤσω; (\*πολάω, which occurs in ἐμ-πολάομαι):—to sell, opp. to ἀνείσθαι: πωλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one:—πωλεῖν τέλη to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πιπράσκω.

πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

πώλησις, ἡ, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητής.

πωλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer. II. at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπώλουν, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,



of or for horses; ἀπήνη πωλική a chariot drawn by horses. II. poet. virgin, maidenly.

πωλίον, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony.

πωλοδαμνέω, f. ἥσω, to break young horses. 2.

metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ου, ὁ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a horse-breaker.

πωλο-μάχος, ου, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on horse-back or in a chariot. [ᾱ]

ΠΩΛΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a young girl, maiden, like μόσχος, πόρτις, Lat. ju-venca: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πῶλυ-πος, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)

πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πῶ-μᾶλα, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; how in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶς, not the least, by no means.

πῶ-ποτε, (πω, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat.

πῶριος, η, ου, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone.

πῶρος, ὁ, tuff-stone, Lat. topbus, Ital. tufa, friable and porous.

πωρόω, f. ὠσω, (πῶρος) to petrify, turn into stone.

II. generally, to barden, make cal- lous.

III. metaph. in Pass. to become barded or callous, of the heart.

πῶρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πωρόω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. πωρόομαι, bardness of heart, cal- lousness.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. how? in what way or manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit., πῶς ἀγῶνος ἤκομεν; how are we come off in the con- test? II. at the beginning of a speech, How now?

πῶς γάρ...; as if something had gone before, How should that be, for it cannot be that...? so also πῶς δῆ; πῶς γὰρ δῆ; III. πῶς ἂν with the opt. ex- presses a wish, O how might I...? would that I could! πῶς ἂν ὁλοίμην; would that I could pe- rish! IV. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet how can that be? but how? V. πῶς οὐ; Lat. quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; how think you? i. e. you cannot think how.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. aliquo modo.

(Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of \*πός; quis? whence ποῦ, ποῖ, πῇ, etc.)

πωτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι, to fly. Hence

πώτημα, ατος, τό, flight.

ΠΩΥ, εως, τό, pl. πῶα, τά, a flock of sheep, with or without οἰῶν, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλαι.

## P

P, ρ, ῥῶ, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral ρ' = 100, but ρ = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, οὔτορ μάρτυρ for οὔτος μάρτυς: so in Lat. arbor arbos, honor bonos. II.

in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρσ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρην θάρρος, for ἄρσιν θάρρος. III. Att., ρ

was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκρατος σιγηρός, for κλίβανος ναύκληρος σιγηλός. IV. in Poets,

ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for θράσος. V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat.,

and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἀρ-ρωστος, ἔρριψε. VI. ρ at the beginning of a word

sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρὴ ὑπὸ ῥιπῆς, σπεύδειν ἀπὸ ῥυτῆρος. VII. ρ was called by the ancients

littera canina,—irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plu- rima dicat, Lucil.

ῥά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἄρα, q. v. [ᾱ]

ῥΑ or ῥᾶ, Adv. easily: see ῥέα, ῥεῖα.

ῥαββί, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, Rabb-i, i. e. my master:—so also ῥαββονί or ῥαββονί, ὁ, Rabb-oni,

my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

ῥαβδίω, f. σω, (ῥάβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

ῥαβδίον, τό, Dim. of ῥάβδος, a small wand.

ῥαβδονομέω, f. ἥσω, to sit as umpire. From

ῥαβδο-νόμος, ου, (ῥάβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or wand: as Subst., ῥαβδονόμος, ὁ, = ῥαβδοῦχος, the Roman Lictor.

ῥΑΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, switch. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes. 3. a fish-

ing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. ῥάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ῥαβδουχέω, f. ἥσω, (ῥαβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor:—Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

ῥαβδουχία, ἡ, the office of lictor.

ῥαβδ-οῦχος, ου, (ῥάβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod:—as Subst., ῥαβδοῦχος, ὁ, one who bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire. 2. a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle:—at Rome, a lictor.

ῥαβδο-φόρος, ου, = ῥαβδοῦχος.

ῥαβδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥάβδος) striped, streaked, Lat. virgatus.

ῥᾶγας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ῥαγῆναι) a rent, cink.

ῥᾶγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῥήγνυμι.

ῥαγδαῖος, α, ου, (ῥάσσω) tearing, furious.

ῥᾶγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάξ) to gather grapes.

ῥᾶγο-λόγος, ου, (ῥάξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

ῥαδινάκη, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

ῥΑΔΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. βραδινός, ἄ, ὄν, slender: taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ῥᾶδιος, α, ου, Att. also os, ου, Ion. ῥηίδιος, η, ου [ῖ], or ῥῖδιος, η, ου (ῥᾶ, ῥέα, ῥεῖα), easy, easy to make or do; οἶμος ῥηιδίη an easy road: c. inf., τάφρος ῥηιδίη περῆσαι a trench easy to cross:—also light,

simple, little-beeded.

II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. *facilis*, *commodus*.

2. in bad sense, heedless, reckless.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root ῥα:—Comp. ῥάων, neut. ῥᾶον Ion. ῥήιον, ῥήιον Ep. ῥήτερος contr. ῥάτερος:—Sup. ῥᾶστος, ἡ, ον Ion. ῥήιστος Dor. ῥάιστος Ep. ῥήιτατος.

ῥαδιουργέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥαδιουργός) to do with ease.

II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life.

Hence

ῥαδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and ῥαδιουργία, ἡ, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility.

II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ῥαδι-ουργός, όν, (ῥάδιος, ἔργον) doing things easily, ready.

II. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ῥαδίως Ep. and Ion. ῥηιδίως, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, readily; ῥαδίως φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ῥαθάμιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) a drop. II. of solids, a grain, bit.

ῥαθᾶ-πυγίζω, (ῥάσσω, πυγή) to slap one on the back.

ῥαθυμέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥάθυμος) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless.

II. to slacken work, be idle.

Hence

ῥαθυμία, ἡ, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, carelessness.

II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggishness, laziness.

III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

ῥα-θύμος, όν, (ῥάδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless.

II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence ῥαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; ῥαθύμως φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ῥαιβό-κράνος, όν, (ῥαιβός, κράνιον) crook-beaded.

ῥΑΙΒΟ΄Σ, ἡ, όν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ῥαιβο-σκελής, ές, (ῥαιβός, σκέλος) crook-legged.

ῥαίζω Ion. ῥηίζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάδιος) to grow easy: to find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ῥΑΙΝΩ, fut. ῥανῶ: aor. 1 ἔρρανα, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. ῥάσσετε (as if from \*ῥάζω): pf. pass. ἔρρασμαι (also from \*ῥάζω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. ἔρράδαται, -ατο:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

ῥαισέμεναι, Ep. for ῥαίσειν, fut. inf. of ῥαίω.

ῥαίση, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ῥαίω.

ῥαιστήρ, ἡρος, ό, (ῥαίω) a breaker, crusher: a hammer.

ῥΑΙ΄Ω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἔρρασα:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered, crushed.

II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

ῥακά, ό, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ῥάκιον, τό, Dim. of ῥάκος, a rag, sbred, patch: in plur., rags. [ᾶ]

ῥάκιο-συρραπτάδης, όν, ό, (ῥάκιον, συρράπτω) a rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ῥάκό-δύτος, όν, (ῥάκος, δύω) clad in rags: ragged.

ῥάκεις, εσσα, εν, ragged, tattered. II. wrinkled. From

ῥΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], εος, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. ῥάκια, ῥάκη, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or sbred of cloth.

2. in plur. wrinkles. 3. metaph., σώματος ῥάκος a sbred of life, of an old man.

ῥακόω, f. ὠσω, (ῥάκος) to tear in strips. Hence ῥάκωμα, ατος, τό, = ῥάκος, a rag: in pl. rags. [ᾶ]

ῥΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence ῥαμνούς, ούντος, ό, Rhamnús, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from ῥαμνός, εσσα, εν, thorny. Hence

ῥαμνούσιος, α, όν, of Rhamnús: ἡ ῥαμνουσία the Rhamnusian goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at Rhamnús.

ῥΑΜΦΟΣ, εος, τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ῥανίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ῥαντήριος, α, όν, (ῥαίνω) sprinkled: reeking.

ῥαντίζω, f. σω, (ῥαίνω) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

ῥαντισμός, ό, (ῥαντίζω) a sprinkling, purification.

ῥάξ, gen. ῥάγος, ἡ, a grape; cp. Lat. *racemus*.

ῥᾶον, neu., of ῥάων, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ῥρόνως, Adv. of ῥάων, more easily.

ῥᾶπίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ῥεράπισμαι: (ῥαπίς):—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel.

II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ῥᾶπίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ῥάβδος) a rod, stick.

ῥάπισμα, ατος, τό, (ῥάπίζω) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ῥαπτός, ἡ, όν, (ῥάπτω) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together.

II. worked with the needle, embroidered; ῥαπτὴ σφαῖρα a ball patched of divers colours.

ῥΑΠΤΩ, f. ῥάψω: aor. 1 ἔρραψα Ep. ῥάψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἔρράφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔρραμμαι:—to sew or stitch together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for oneself.

II. later, to work with the needle, embroider.

III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρραψας μὲν σύ, ὑπεδήσατο δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i.e. you planned the plot, but he executed it.

IV. to link or string together.

ῥάριος, α, όν, from Raros, Rarian: ῥάριον (sub. πεδίων), τό, the Rarian plain near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called ῥαριάς. From

ῥάρος, όν, ό, Raros, father of Triptolemus.

ῥάσσετε, Ep. aor. 1 imperat. of ῥαίνω (as if from \*ῥάζω).



**ΠΑ'ΣΣΩ**, f. *ξω*: aor. I *ἔπραξα*:—like *ἀπάσσω*, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. *ρήσσω*, *ρήγνυμι*. *ῥᾶστα*, neut. pl. of *ῥᾶστος*, as Adv., most easily. *ῥᾶστος*, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of *ῥᾶδιος*, contr. of *ῥαῖστος*, most easy.

*ῥαστωνεύω*, = *ῥαθυμέω*, to be idle, listless. From *ῥαστώνη* Ion. *ῥηστώνη*, η, (*ῥᾶστος*) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. *facilitas*; *ἐκ ῥηστώνης τῆς Δημοκλήδεος* from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

*ῥᾶτερος*, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of *ῥᾶδιος*, more easy. *ῥᾶφᾶνιδόω*, (*ῥαφανίς*) to punish as an adulterer. *ῥᾶφᾶνίς*, ἴδος, η, the radish, Lat. *rapbanus*. From **ΠΑ'ΦΑ'ΝΟΣ**, η, cabbage. [*ῥᾶ*] *ῥᾶφεύς*, ἔως, ὁ, (*ῥάπτω*) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner. *ῥᾶφή*, η, (*ῥάπτω*) a seam; *ῥαφή κρανίου* the suture of the skull.

*ῥᾶφῆναι*, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *ῥάπτω*. *ῥᾶφιδεύς*, ἔως, ὁ, = *ῥαφεύς*. *ῥᾶφίς* Dor. *ῥαπίς*, ἴδος, η, (*ῥάπτω*) a needle, pin. *ῥῦχία* Ion. *ῥηχία*, η, (*ῥάσσω*) like *ῥηγμίν*, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to *ἀμπωτίς* the ebb: generally, a big tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

*ῥᾶχιζω*, f. *ἴσω*, (*ῥάχισ*) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, hew in pieces.

*ῥάχισ* [*ᾶ*], gen. *ἰος* Att. *ἔως*, η, the back of men or animals, the spine: also the backbone, Lat. *spina dorsi*; *ὑπὸ ῥάχιν παγῆναι* to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

*ῥαχός* Ion. *ῥηχός*, οὐ, η, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-hedge. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig.

*ῥάψαι*, aor. I inf. of *ῥάπτω*.

*ῥαψωδέω*, f. *ἴσω*: (*ῥαψωδός*):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that ... II. c. acc. pers. to sing of one. Hence *ῥαψωδία*, η, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

*ῥαψωδός*, ὁ, (*ῥάπτω*, *ᾠδή*) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called *rhapsodies*, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called *ῥαψωδὸς κύων*, from proposing her riddle.

*ῥᾶων*, ον, irreg. Comp. of *ῥᾶδιος*, more easy.

*ῥεᾶ*, Ep. Adv. for *ῥᾶ* (whence *ῥᾶδιος*), easily, lightly. [*υ υ*, but also contr. as one long syll.]

**Ρέα**, η, Ep. and Ion. **Ρείη** or **Ρένη**, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from *ἔρα*, Earth?)

**ΡΕΤΚΩ**, f. *ρέγξω*, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

**ΡΕΤΟΣ**, εος, τό, = *ῥήγος*, a rug, coverlet.

*ρέγγω*, = *ῥέγκω*, q. v.

*ῥέδη*, η, a wagon, from the Lat. *rbeda*.

*ῥέθρον*, τό, Ion. and poet. for *ῥεῖθρον*, a stream.

**ΡΕ'ΖΩ**, Ion. impf. *ῥέζεσκον*: fut. *ῥέξω*: aor. I *ἔρεξα* and *ἔρρεξα*: of Pass. only aor. I *ῥεχθῆναι* is used:—like *ἔρδω*, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., *κακῶς ῥέζειν τινά* to maltreat one. II. *ἱερὰ ῥέζειν θεῷ* to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. *sacra facere*: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. *operari, facere*.

**ΡΕ'ΘΟΣ**, εος, τό, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

*ῥεῖα*, another Ep. form of *ῥεᾶ*, Adv. of *ῥᾶδιος*, easily, lightly, carelessly.

*Ρεῖη*, η, Ep. and Ion. for *Ρεᾶ*.

*ῥεῖθρον*, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. *ῥεῖθρον*, (*ῥέω*) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

*ῥέκτηρα*, η, fem. of *ῥεκτήρ*.

*ῥεκτήρ*, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ῥέζω*) a doer, agent.

*ῥέμβομαι*, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

*ῥέξαι*, *ῥέξας*, aor. I inf. and part. of *ῥέζω*.

*ῥέος*, τό, (*ῥέω*) a stream.

**ΡΕ'ΠΩ**, f. *ψω*, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. *vergere, inclinare*: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards ... II. trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., *ἴσως ῥέπεσθαι* to be equally balanced or poised.

*ῥεῦμα*, ατος, τό, (*ῥέω*) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

*ῥεῦσομαι*, fut. of *ῥέω*, to flow.

*ῥεχθείς*, aor. I pass. part. of *ῥέζω*.

**\*ΡΕ'Ω**, to say, root of some tenses given under *ἔρέω*, *εἶπον*.

**ΡΕ'Ω**, f. *ρεύσομαι*: Att. fut. *ῥνήσομαι* and aor. 2 *ἔρρῆν*, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. *ἔρρῆκα*:—to flow, run, stream, gush; *ῥέειν αἵματι γαῖα* the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognate, *ῥεῖτω χώρα γάλα, μέλι* let the land flow with milk, honey; *ῥεῖν ἀπὸ χιόνος* to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away. II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ρήγμα, ατος, τό, (ρήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

ρηγμίν or -μίν, gen. ἱνός, ὁ, (ρήγνυμι) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf. 2. metaph. the verge or edge of a thing.

ΡΗΤΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: 3 sing. impf. ρήγνυσκε, Ion. for ἑρρήγνυ: fut. ρήξω: aor. 1 ἑρρηξα: pf. 2 ἑρρωγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. ρήξομαι: Ep. aor. 1 ρηξάμην:—Pass.: fut. 2 ράγῃσομαι: aor. 1 ἑρρήχθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἑρράγην [ᾱ]: pf. ἑρρηγμαι:—to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign of grief. 2. as a term of war, to break a line of battle; τὸ μέσον ρήξαι to break through the centre:—also in Med., ρήξασθαι στίχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., ρήξαι, ρήξασθαι, to break or force one's way through. 3. to let break loose, to unchain, let loose; ρήξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's rumpere vocem: so, ρήξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; ρήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form ρήσσω, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. III. intr. chiefly in pf. ἑρρωγα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ρήγνυσκε, Ion. for ἑρρήγνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ρήγνυμι.

ΡΗΓΟΣ, εος, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ρήδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from ρηίδιος, easy.

ρηθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ῥέω, ῥῶ: ρηθῆναι inf.

ρηίδιος, η, ον, Ion. for ράδιος, easy.

ρήιστος, η, ον, Ion. for ρᾶστος, Sup. of ράδιος.

ρήιτατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of ράδιος.

ρήιτερος, η, ον, Ep. Comp. of ράδιος.

ρηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

ρήμα, ατος, τό, (\*ῥέω = ῥῶ) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. 2. also the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to ὄνομα (a noun).

ρημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ρῆμα, a little word, a pet phrase.

ΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. ρηνός, acc. ρήνα, a sheep, lamb.

ρηνο-φορεὺς, ὁ, (ρήν, φέρω) wearing sheepskin.

ρήξαι, ρήξας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of ρήγνυμι.

ρήξηνορία, ἡ, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ρήξ-ήνωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ρήγνυμι, ἀνὴρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

ρήξι-κέλευθος, ον, (ρήγνυμι, κέλευθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

ρηξι-νοος, ον, (ρήγνυμι, νόος) breaking the spirit. ρήξις, εως, ἡ, (ρήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

ρήσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (\*ῥέω = ῥῶ) a saying, speaking; a word, speech; καταπλέξαι τὴν ῥῆσιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, legend. III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play.

ρήσσω, rarer collat. form of ρήγνυμι; ρήσσειν τύμπα to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. tripudiare.

ρηστῶν, ἡ, Ion. for ραστῶν.

ρητέον, verb. Adj. of \*ῥέω, one must say.

ρητήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (\*ῥέω = ῥῶ) like ρήτωρ, a speaker.

ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ρήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

ρητορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical:—ἡ ρητορικὴ (sub. τέχνη), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of \*ῥέω = ῥῶ, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. ratus; ἐπὶ ρητοῖς γέραςι with specified prerogatives; ἐπὶ ρητοῖσι on set terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ρήτρα Ion. ῥήτρη, ἡ, (\*ῥέω = ῥῶ) a word, saying, maxim. 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ῥήτραι. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ρήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (\*ῥέω = ῥῶ) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator. II. a rhetorician, Lat. rhetor.

ρητῶς, Adv. of ρητός, in express terms.

ρηχίη, ἡ, Ion. for ραχία.

ρηχός, ἡ, Ion. for ραχός.

ρίγεδᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὅς, ὄν, making one shudder, chilling; ῥιγεδανὴ Ἑλένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ρίγέω, f. ῥῶ: aor. 1 ἐρρίγησα Ep. ῥίγησα: pf. ἐρρίγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἐρρίγαντι (for -ᾱσι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. ἐρρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. ἐρρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (ρίγος):—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal. II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

ρίγελός, ὄν, making one shiver, chilling.

ρίγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ῥίγος, more chilly. II. metaph. more horribly.

ρίγιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. ῥίγιον) from ῥίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most horrible.

ρίγο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (ρίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [ᾱ]

ΡΙΤΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FRIGUS, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. horror.

ρίγώω, f. ὦσω, (ρίγος) like ῥιγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes



contracts into  $\omega$  instead of  $\sigma\upsilon$  (as if it were  $\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\acute{\alpha}\omega$ ), as, part.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\omega\nu$ ,  $\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\omega\sigma\alpha$ , dat.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\omega\nu\tau\iota$ ; also opt.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\omega\eta\nu$ .

**PI’ZA**,  $\eta\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , a root: in pl. *the roots*: metaph. *the roots of the eye*; *the roots or foundations of the earth*, of a mountain, etc. II. *that from which anything springs*: metaph. *a root, stem, stock of a family*, Lat. *stirps*: *a race, family*. 2. *the root or origin of anything*.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\iota\sigma\tau\iota\nu$ , τό, Dim. of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$ , a little root.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\acute{\omicron}\theta\epsilon\nu$ , Adv. ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$ ) from the root or roots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron$ -τόμος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$ ,  $\tau\epsilon\mu\epsilon\acute{\iota}\nu$ ) cutting root’s, esp. for purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron\omega$ , f.  $\acute{\omega}\sigma\omega$ : pf. pass.  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega\mu\alpha\iota$ : ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$ ):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; τυραννὶς  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega\mu\acute{\epsilon}\nu\eta$  a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass., of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast. II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega\mu\alpha$ ,  $\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$ , τό, ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$ ) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta$ -ωρύχος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$ ,  $\omega\upsilon\acute{\rho}\acute{\upsilon}\sigma\sigma\omega$ ) digging for roots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\nu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\omicron\varsigma$ ) stiff or stark with cold: withered, shrivelled.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\nu$ -ώδης,  $\epsilon\varsigma$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\nu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ ,  $\epsilon\acute{\iota}\delta\omicron\varsigma$ ) shrivelled-looking.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\alpha}$ , Adv. ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$ ) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi$ -άρματος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$ ,  $\acute{\alpha}\rho\mu\alpha$ ) of a swift chariot:  $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\alpha}\rho\mu\alpha\tau\omicron\iota$   $\acute{\alpha}\mu\iota\lambda\lambda\alpha\iota$  swift racing of chariots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , later form for  $\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$ .

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\alpha}\omega$ , f.  $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

**PI’NH**,  $\acute{\eta}$ , a file, rasp. [ $\acute{\iota}$ ]

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\eta\lambda\acute{\alpha}\tau\epsilon\omega$ , f.  $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to track by the nose, follow by scent, hunt down. From

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu$ -ηλάτης,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$ ,  $\epsilon\lambda\acute{\alpha}\nu\omega$ ) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron}$ -βολος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$ ,  $\beta\acute{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\omega$ ) forced through the nostril, snorting.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron}\nu$ , τό, a hide, skin. 2. an ox-hide, a shield.

**PI’NO’Σ**,  $\sigma\upsilon\breve{\nu}$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}$  and  $\acute{\eta}$ , the skin of a man. II. the hide of a beast, esp. an ox-hide: a wolf’s skin. 2. an oxhide shield.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\omicron$ -τόρος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ ,  $\tau\omicron\rho\acute{\epsilon}\omega$ ) piercing shields.

**PI’ON**, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end of a promontory, a headland, foreland.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\epsilon\sigma\sigma\iota$ , Ep. pl. dat. of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\varsigma$ .

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ ) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. impetus;  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$  πυρός the rush or blast of fire. 2.

a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:—also the quick glancing of feet.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\tau\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$ , f.  $\acute{\iota}\sigma\omega$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\iota\varsigma$ ) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. conflare.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\tau\iota\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\iota}\delta\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$ ) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady’s fan.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\iota\sigma\mu\alpha$ ,  $\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$ , τό, ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega$ ) the air or wind of a fan.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\epsilon\omicron\varsigma$ , τό, ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\varsigma$ ) a mat or wicker burdle.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omega$ , f.  $\acute{\alpha}\sigma\omega$ , Frequentative of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ , to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. *jactare*:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\alpha\sigma\kappa\omicron\nu$ , Ion. impf. of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ .

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\epsilon}\omega$ , a form of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ , used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}\nu$ , verb. Adj. of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ , thrown, cast, hurled;  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$  μόρος death by being thrown down a precipice.

**PI’PTΩ**, f.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omega$ : aor. 1  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$  Ep.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$ : pf.  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$ : Pass., fut. 1  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\acute{\eta}\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ , fut. 2  $\rho\acute{\iota}\phi\acute{\eta}\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ , paullo-p. fut.  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\phi\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$ : aor. 1  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\phi\theta\eta\nu$ , and aor. 2  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\phi\theta\eta\nu$  [ $\acute{\iota}$ ]: pf.  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\mu\mu\alpha\iota$ : Ep. 3 sing. plqpf.  $\epsilon\pi\acute{\epsilon}\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omicron$ :—to throw, cast, hurl;  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$  χθονί to throw on the ground: to cast a net,  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\alpha\iota$  ὁ βόλος the cast has been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste. 4. to throw about. 5. to throw forth, let drop, utter, of words;  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$  τί τινος to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down;  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$  ἑαυτόν. 7.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$  κίνδυνον to make a venture or hazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

**PI’Σ**,  $\acute{\eta}$ , gen.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ , acc.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\alpha$ : plur.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\epsilon\varsigma$ , Ion. gen.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\epsilon}\omega\nu$ :—the nose:—in pl. *the nostrils*, Lat. *nares*.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\theta\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$ ,  $\rho\acute{\iota}\phi\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$ , aor. 1 and 2 pass. part. of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ .

**PI’Ψ**,  $\acute{\eta}$ , gen.  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ , mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. *crates*.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$ , Ep. for  $\epsilon\pi\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\pi\alpha$ , aor. 1 of  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ .

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\psi$ -ασπισ,  $\acute{\iota}\delta\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ ,  $\acute{\alpha}\sigma\pi\iota\varsigma$ ) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\psi\iota\varsigma$ ,  $\epsilon\omega\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ ) a throwing: a casting. II. a being thrown, falling.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\psi\omicron$ -κίνδυνος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ ,  $\kappa\acute{\iota}\nu\delta\upsilon\nu\omicron\varsigma$ ) running needless risk, foolhardy; see  $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$  7.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\psi$ -οπλος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}\pi\lambda\omicron\nu$ ) throwing away one’s arms, panic-struck.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\alpha$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , see  $\rho\acute{\rho}\acute{\iota}\alpha$ .

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\eta$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , the thread spun, woof, weft. From

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{\omicron}\nu$ , ( $\kappa\rho\acute{\alpha}\delta\acute{\alpha}\omega$ ) waving, quivering.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\alpha$  contr.  $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\epsilon\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ) of roses, Lat. *roseus*.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , contr. for  $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\alpha$ .

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\iota}\nu\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ) made or twined of roses.

**Ρόδιος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , (**Ρόδος**) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -δάκτυλος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ,  $\delta\acute{\alpha}\kappa\tau\upsilon\lambda\omicron\varsigma$ ) rosy-fingered.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -ειδής,  $\acute{\epsilon}\varsigma$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\acute{\iota}\delta\omicron\varsigma$ ) rosy-like, rosy.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\omicron}\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ ,  $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$ ,  $\epsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ) of roses.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -κισσος,  $\acute{\omicron}$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ,  $\kappa\acute{\iota}\sigma\sigma\acute{\omicron}\varsigma$ ) rose-ivy.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -μήλον Dor. -μαλον, τό, ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ,  $\mu\acute{\eta}\lambda\omicron\nu$ ) a rose-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

**ΡΟ’ΔΟΝ**, τό, the rose, Lat. *rosa*.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -πηχυς Dor. -παχυς,  $\upsilon$ , gen.  $\nu\omicron\varsigma$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ,  $\pi\acute{\eta}\chi\upsilon\varsigma$ ) rosy-armed.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\omicron}$ -πνοος,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$  contr. -πνους,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ , ( $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$ ,  $\pi\nu\acute{\epsilon}\omega$ ) breathing of roses.

**Ρόδος**,  $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , the island of Rhodes, Lat. *Rhodus*.

ροδό-χρως, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ρόδον, χρώς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ροδωνία, ἡ, (ρόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. *rosarium*.

ροή Dor. ροά, ἡ, (ρέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμπέλου ροή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ροαὶ streams of events, the tide of affairs.

ροθέω, f. ἤσω, (ρόθος) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. to murmur, sound hoarse or loud.

ροθιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ρόθιος) to dash with the oar. 2. of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

ροθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of ρόθιος, roaring, dashing.

ρόθιον, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ρόθιος, ον, also α, ον, (ρόθος) rushing, roaring, dashing.

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; ἐξ ἐνὸς ρόθου with one stroke, all in time. 2. a hoarse or tumultuous noise, din. II. a rushing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ροιά or ρόα Ion. ροιή, ἡ, a pomegranate-tree. II. the fruit, a pomegranate.

ροιβδέω, f. ἤσω, (ροιβδος) to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle.

ροιβδήσειεν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of ροιβδέω.

ροιβδησις, ἡ, (ροιβδέω) a whistling, piping.

ροιβδος, ὁ, any rushing noise or motion, the whirling or flapping of wings, the rushing of the wind.

ροίζασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ροιζέω.

ροιζέω, f. ἤσω, (ροίζος) to make a whistling or rushing sound, whistle, burtle, wbiz, Lat. *stridere*. Hence

ροιζηδόν, Adv. with a rushing noise or motion.

ροιζήμα, ατος, τό, (ροιζέω) a rushing noise or motion, the flapping of wings.

ΡΟΙΖΟΣ, ὁ, Ion. ἡ, any whistling or rushing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

ΡΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked.

ρομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

ρόμβος, ὁ, (ρέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. *turbo*. 2. a magic wheel, Lat. *rhombi rota*. II. a spinning, whirling motion; ρόμβος αἰετοῦ the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a

rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ρομβώω, f. ὤσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus.

ρομβωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβώω) panelled in lozenge.

ρομφαία, ἡ, a large sword or scimitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

ρόος Att. contr. ροῦς, ον, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream, current; κατὰ ρόον, Ep. καθ' ὅρον, down stream, with stream; ἀνὰ ρόον up stream, against stream.

ρόπαλον, τό, (ρέπω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass. II. a knocker on a door.

ροπή, ἡ, (ρέπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ροπῆς μῆς ἐστὶ it is just on the turning-point; ροπή βίου the turning-point, verge of life.

II. the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρὰ παλαιὰ σώματ' ἐντάζει ροπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

ροπτρόν, τό, (ρέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a house-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

ροῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for ρόος.

ροφέω, f. ἤσομαι, (ρόφος), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a swallowing or gulping down. 2. that which is gulped down.

ροχθέω, f. ἤσω, to roar, of the waves. From

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

ρο-ώδης, es, (ρόος, εἶδος) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

ρύαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rains: a stream of lava.

ρύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ρύομαι.

ρύγχ-ελέφας, ατος, ὁ, (ρύγχος, ἐλέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ρύγχιον, τό, Dim. of ρύγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ρύγχος, εος, τό, (ρύχω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ρύδην and ρυδόν, Adv. (ρέω) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

ρυείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of ρέω.

ρύησομαι, Att. fut. of ρέω.

ΡΥΖΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.)

ρύη, Ep. for ἐρρύη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ρέω.

ρυθμίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐρρυθμισμαι: (ρυθμός): —to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time. II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; ὡδ' ἐρρυθμισμαι thus have I been controlled.

ρυθμός Ion. ρυσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ρέω) measured motion, time, Lat. *numerus*, *rhythm*, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ρυθμῷ in time, Lat. *in numerum*; ρυθμὸν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάπτονα ρυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). II. proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

ΡΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, a plane, Lat. *runcina*. [α]

ρύμα, ατος, τό, (\*ρύω = ἐρύω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξον ρύμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχης

ισχίς the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐκ τόξου ρύματος within bow-shot. II. (ρύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ρύμβος, ον, ὁ, Att. for ρόμβος.

ρύμη [ῦ], ἡ, (\*ρύω = ἐρίω) the force, swing, rush of a



body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *περύγων ῥύμη* the rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. ῥύμη with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. *vicus*; also a lane, alley.

ρύμμα, ατος, τό, (ῥύπτω) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥύμος, οὔ, ὁ, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) the pole of a car.

'ΡΥ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. ῥύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἔρρυσάμην Ep. ῥυσάμην: aor. 2, 3 sing. ἔρρῡτο Ep. ἔρῡτο, 3 pl. ἔρυντο Ep. ῥύατο; inf. ῥύσθαι: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., ῥύεσθαι τινα θανεῖν to rescue one from death:—absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver. III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, hold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of ῥύπος.

ῥυπαίνω, f. ανῶ: aor. I ἔρρῡπᾶνα: (ῥύπος):—to cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥυπαρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From

ῥυπαρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ῥύπος) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. -ῶς.

ῥυπάω Ep. ῥυπόω: impf. ἔρρῡπων: (ῥύπος):—to be foul or dirty.

ῥυπόεις, εσσα, εν, (ῥύπος) foul, dirty.

'ΡΥ'ΠΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. ῥύπα, τά, but also regul. ῥύποι, οί. II. Att. sealing-wax. [ῥ] Hence

ῥυπόω, f. ὤσω, pf. pass. βερύπωμαι:—to make dirty:—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥυπόω, Ep. for ῥυπάω.

ῥυππαπαῖ, a cry of the Athenian rowers, γοβοὶ τὸ ῥυππαπαῖ is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτω, f. ψω, (ῥύπος) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥυσαίνομαι, Pass. (ῥυσός) to be wrinkled.

ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῥύομαι.

ῥυσιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ῥύσιον) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥυσί-βωμος, ον, (ῥύομαι, βωμός) defending altars.

ῥυσί-διφρος, ον, (ῥύομαι, δίφρος) preserving the chariot.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle. II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; ῥύσια, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. ῥύσια, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. *res repetundae*. 3. in plur., ῥύσια, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσιος, ον, (ῥύομαι) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥυσί-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥύομαι, πόλις) saving the city.

ῥυσί-πονός, ον, (ῥύομαι, πόνος) setting free from toil and trouble.

ῥύσις, ἡ, (ῥέω) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσκομαι, collat. form of ῥύομαι, Dep. to save, rescue: hence ῥύσκειν, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for ῥυθμός.

ῥυσός, ἡ, ὄν, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, shrivelled.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of \*ῥύω=ἔρύω, to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλὰ ῥυστάζεσκε (3 sing. Ion. impf.) περὶ σῆμα be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence

ῥυστακτής, υός, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, ες, (ῥυσός, εἶδος) wrinkled-looking.

ῥυτ-ἄγωγός, εως, ὁ, (\*ῥύω, ἄγωγός) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥυτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the

thong by which one holds a horse, a rein; ἀπὸ ῥυτήρος with loose rein, at full speed. II. (ῥύομαι) a savor, defender, rescuer.

ῥυτίδο-φλοιός, ον, (ῥυτίς, φλοιός) with shrivelled rind.

ῥυτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) dragged along. II. as neut. Subst., ῥυτά, τά, poet. for ῥυτήρ, a rein.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ῥέω) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥύτωρ [ῥ], ορος, ὁ, (\*ῥύω=ἔρύω) one who draws; ῥύτωρ τόξου a Bowman, archer. II. (ῥύομαι) a savor, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (ῥύπτω) a cleansing, purifying.

\*'ΡΥ'Ω, =ἔρύω, to draw, not used in Act.; see ῥύομαι.

ῥωγᾶλός, α, ον, (ῥῶξ) broken, rent, torn, ragged.

ῥωγᾶς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥῶξ) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; ῥωγᾶς πέτρα a cloven rock.

Ῥωμαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν and Ῥωμαῖος, α, ον, (Ῥώμη) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. -κῶς, in Roman fashion. Hence

Ῥωμαῖστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.

ῥωμαλός, α, ον, (ῥώμη) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥώμη, ἡ, (ῥώομαι) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III.

Ῥώμη, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

ῥώννυμι or -ύω, f. ῥώσω: aor. I ἔρρωσα: (ῥώομαι):—to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.

Pass. ῥώννυμαι, but the pf. ἔρρωμαι is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. ἔρρωμην as impf.: aor. I ἔρρωσθην:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. ἔρρωσο fare-well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; also, φράζω τινὶ ἔρρωσθαι, like Lat. *jubeo valere*:—see ἔρρωμένος.

ῥῶξ, ἡ, gen. ῥωγός, (ῥήγνυμι) a cleft, narrow passage; ῥῶγες μέγαροι the narrow entrance of a room.

'ΡΩ'ΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. ἔρρῶοντο Ep. ῥῶοντο: 3 pl. aor. I ἔρρῶσαντο: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; ῥῶεσθαι περὶ πυρὴν to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, χορὸν ἔρρῶσαντο

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ἐρρώντο μετὰ πνοιῆς ἀνέμοιο it streamed on the wind.

ῥωπήιον τό, (ῥώψ) Ep. and Ion. for ῥωπειὸν (which is not used), a thicket, coppice: in plur. bushes, brushwood, underwood.

ῥωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥώπος) of or like small wares: hence cheap, worthless.

ῥΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, any small wares, frippery, trumpery.

ῥωσθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥωχή, ἡ, = ῥωχμός.

ῥωχμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ῥώξ) like ῥήγμα, a cleft; ῥωχμός γαίης a gutter or channel worked out in the earth.

ῥΩΨ, ἡ, gen. ῥωπός, a low shrub, bush; in plur. underwood, brushwood.

## Σ

Σ, σ, σῖγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ' = 200, but σ = 200,000.

The final σ was written *z*. This *z* must not be confounded with *z*, *stau*, which was in fact the digamma, *f*, *vau*, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence *z*' = 6. There was another form, *san* or *sampi*, Σ, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of σ in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as ὀδμή ἴδμεν for ὀσμή ἴσμεν.

II. Dor. into θ, as σιός ἀγασός παρσένος for θεός ἀγαθός παρθένος.

III. Aeol. and Dor. into τ, as in τὴν τέ φατί for σὺ σέ φησί.

2. also in later Att., as μέτ-αυλος τήμερον τῦκον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦκον:—so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττός for θάλασσα δισσός.

IV. Aeol. and Ep., σ was often doubled, as ὕσσοι μέσσοι for ὅσοι μέσσοι, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω ἔσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω ὀλέσω κομίσσω; so ὀπίσσω for ὕπίσω.

V. σσ and πτ were sometimes interchanged, as πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω.

VI. Dor. σ becomes ξ in fut. and aor. 1 of Verbs, as θεσπιξῶ for θεσπίσω: so, διξύς τριξύς for δισσύς τρισσός.

2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξύν.

VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, *us*, *sus*, *als* *sal*, *ex* *sex*, *septem*, *serpo*.

2. σ was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. μ and τ, as μάραγδος σμάραγδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρός, τέγος στέγω Lat. *tego*.

3. σ was inserted by Poets in the 1 pers. pl. pass. and med., as τυπτόμεθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in -θεν, as ὕπισθεν for ὕπθεν.

VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as ἄρρην χερρὸς θάρρος for ἄρσιν χερσὸς θόρσος.

IX. σ is added to οὕτω ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μήν;

Σαβάζιος, ὁ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Bacchus himself.

σαβάκτης, οὐ, ὁ, (σαβάζω) a shatterer, destroyer, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σαβαχθα-νί, Chaldaean form, *tbou-bast-forsaken me*, or *bast-tbou-forsaken me*?

σαβαώθ, Hebrew plur. noun, hosts, armies.

Σάββασι, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββατίζω, f. ἴσω, (Σάββατον) to keep the Sabbath.

Σαββατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbath. 2. for a Jew.

Σαββατισμός, ὁ, (Σαββατίζω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.e. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest:—also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββας. 2. a week.

σάγαρις, ιος, ἡ; pl. σαγάρεις, Ion. -īs:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

σάγη or σαγή, ἡ, (σάττω) the housings, harness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: esp. armour, harness.

σαγηνάιος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net.

σαγηνεύς, ἑως, ὁ, = σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who fishes with a drag-net: hence a comb is called τριχὼν σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνεύω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a drag-net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net.

ΣΑΓΗΝΗ, ἡ, a large drag-net for taking fish, a seine.

σαγηνό-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.

σαγηνό-δετος, ον, (σαγήνη, δέω) attached to a net.

σάγμα, ατος, τό, (σάττω) the housings of a horse, a saddle, packsaddle.

II. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak.

III. the covering of case of a shield.

IV. a heap or pile.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ον, ὁ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, α, ὄν, = σαπρός, rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked.

II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perishable.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σᾶνω: aor. 1 ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσανα:—to wag the tail, fawn.

II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; σαίνειν μόρον to deprecate, shrink from death.

2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer, please.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. σᾶρῶ: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσηρῶς Dor. σεσᾶρῶς, vīa, ὅς, Ep. fem. σεσᾶρῶ:—to shew the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. *ringi*;

esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to smile.

II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σάκισ-πᾶλος, ον, (σάκος, πᾶλλω) wielding or brandishing a shield.

σάκεσ-φόρος, ον, (σάκος, φέρω) shield-bearing.

σάκιον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ον.

σακκέω, (σάκκος) to strain, filter.



σακκίον Att. σάκιον, τό, Dim. of σάκκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γενειο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) cherishing a large beard.

ΣΑΚΚΟΣ or σάκος, ὁ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. cilicium: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth: 1. a sack, bag. 2. a sieve, strainer. III. a shaggy beard.

σάκος, ὁ, v. sub σάκκος.

σάκος, ὁ, Dor. for σηκός.

σάκος [ἄ], gen. σάκεος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ον, ὁ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; Αἰδου σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-ὑφάντης, ον, ὁ, (σάκκος, ὑφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ἄ], ὠνος, ὁ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμίν-ἄφειτης, ον, ὁ, (Σαλαμίς, ἀφίημι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σαλαμίνιος [μῖ], α, ον, also ος, ον, Salaminian, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμινία (sub. ναῦς or τριήρης), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. παράλος. From

Σαλαμίς, gen. ἱνός, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σαλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαι: (σάλος):—to cram full, stuff.

σαλεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσαλεύθην: pf. σεσάλευμαι: (σάλος):—to shake much: to make to totter:—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel. II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, ὁ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπυγγο-λογχ-ὑπηνάδαι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, trump: the σαλπίγξ was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙ'ΖΩ, fut. -ίξω, aor. I ἐσάλπιγξα: later fut. σαλπίσω, aor. I ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάλπιξ, ἱγος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Σαμαρείτης, ον, ὁ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem.

Σαμαρείτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Same, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

σαμῆον, τό, Dor. for σημείον.

Σάμιος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηίκη, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ion. -θρηίκιος η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμο-θραξ Ion. -θρήξ, ἱκος, ὁ, a Samothracian.

Σάμος [ἄ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands: 1. an old name for Κεφαλληνία: also called Σάμη. 2. Σάμος Θρηική, = Σαμοθράκη. 3. the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπῖ, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόρας, ον, ὁ, (σάν, φέρω) a horse branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα): cf. κοππατίας.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλισκος, ὁ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδράκη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. sandaraca. [pā] Hence

σανδράκινος, η, ον, of or like σανδράκη, bright-red.

σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σανίς, a panel: a trencher.

σανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοῖ, 3 sing. of σαύω.

ΣΑ'ΟΣ, as posit., found only in contr. form σῶς, safe: Comp. σῶτερος.

σάο-φρονέω, σάο-φροσύνη, σάο-φρων, poet. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σώφρων.

σάω Ep. σώω, = σώζω, to save:—3 sing. pres. σαοῖ, 3 pl. σαοῦσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσάω Ep. σώω: 2 sing. imperat. σάου or σώω: fut. σαώσω: aor. I act. ἐσάωσα, pass. ἐσαώθην: fut. med. σαώσομαι.

σαπίην, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.

σαπίς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.

σαπίη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.

σαπίηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σαπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σαπῆναι) rotten, putrid: diseased, Lat. *tabidus*: decayed, unsound. II. generally, worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty.

σάπφειρος, ἡ, the sapphires or the lapis lazuli, a precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οὐς, vocat. Σαπφοῖ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence

Σαπφῶς, α, ον, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σαπών, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ἡ, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a plait, band. [α]

σαρδάνιος, α, ον, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc. γέλωτα] γελᾶν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph; μεῖδῃσε δὲ θυμῷ σαρδάνιον μάλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α, ον, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ), which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, εων, Ion. Σάρδιες, ἰων, αἱ, Sardis, the capital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιανός Ion. -τηνός, and Σαρδιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardis; βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i. e. scarlet, dye, hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [ῖ], ἡ, or σαρδίνος, ὁ, the sardine.

σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardinian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ὄν, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonix, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδῶ, gen. ὅος contr. οὐς, ἡ, Sardinia: hence Adj., Σαρδῶς, α, ον, Σαρδωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Σαρδώνιος and Σαρδόνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sardinia, Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the upper edge of a hunting-net.

σάρισσα or rather σάρισσα, ἡ, the sarissa, a long pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.

σαρκασμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ον, ὁ, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκίζειν τὸ δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκινος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λίπης, ἐς, (σάρξ, λιπεῖν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-παγής, ἐς, (σάρξ, παγεῖν) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγος, f. ἡσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh. II.

λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγος, ὁ, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκόω, f. ὥσω, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἔναι-μοι καὶ σαρκώδεις gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, ἡ, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. 2. flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρον, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάρῳ, f. ὥσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνος, also ἡδοντος, ἡδοντι, ὁ; voc. Σαρπηδόν:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σάρῳ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σατάνας, ἄ and Σατάν, ὁ, indecl. Satan; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατίνη, ἡ, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car.

σάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατράπεια Ion. -τή, ἡ, a satrapy, the office or province of a satrap. From

σατράπῃω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατράπης, ον, ὁ, a satrap, Lat. *satrāpa*, title of a Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian word.)

ΣΑΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. 1 ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. 1 ἔσάχθην: pf. σέσαγμα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἔσε-σάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, harness: Pass. to be armed or harnessed. 2. to load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily: in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένος laden with woes; σεσαγμένος πλούτου overloaded with riches. III.

to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σατύρικος, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σατύρισκος, ὁ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΥΡΟΣ [ῦ], ὁ, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus, represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόομαι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effeminate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτιύω, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, η, ον, conceited, affected, effeminate.

ΣΑΥΡΑ Ion. σαύρη, ἡ, a lizard, Lat. *lacerta*.

ΣΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, = σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. *lacertus*.

σαυρωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spike at the butt-end of a spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the butt-end.

σαυτοῦ, σαυτῆς contr. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σάφᾳ, poet. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly;

σάφα εἰδώς knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα

εἰπεῖν to tell plainly, speak truth. [σά]

σάφᾳνής, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνής.

σάφέστερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of σαφής.

σάφῃς, Ion. for σαφῶς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, ἀγορεύω) speak-

ing truth.

σάφηνεια, ἡ, (σαφηνής) clearness, plainness: the

truth.

σάφηνέως, Ion. for σαφηνῶς.



σαφηνής Dor. σαφανής, *és*, (σαφής) *clear, plain, open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.*

σαφηνίζω, *f. iō*, (σαφηνής) *to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.*

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, *clearly, plainly.*

ΣΑΦΗ'Σ, *és*, gen. *éōs* contr. *ōs*, *clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain: τὸ σαφές the truth: of seers, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.*

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like *σάφα*, *clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.*

σαχθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of *σάπτω*.

ΣΑ'Ω, Root of *σήθω*, *to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σῶσι.*

σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of *σαώω*.

σαωθείς, -θῆναι, aor. 1 part. and inf. of *σαώω*.

σαωσέμεν, Ep. for *σαώσιν*, fut. inf. of *σαώω*.

σάωσω, fut. of *σαώω*.

σάωτερος, Comp. of *σάος*.

σάωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for *σωτήρ*, *a saviour, deliverer.*

σάωτης, ον, ὁ, (σαώω) poet. for *σωτήρ*, *a saviour.*

σβείην and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of *σβέννυμι*.

σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. *σβέσω*: aor. 1 *ἔσβεσα* Ep.

*σβέσα*, Ep. inf. *σβέσαι*:—*to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere.* 2. generally, *to quench, quell, put out, put down.* II. Pass. *σβέννυμαι*: aor. 1

*ἔσβέσθην*: pf. *ἔσβεσμαι*: with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 *ἔσβην* Dor. *ἔσβαν*, opt. *σβείην*, inf. *σβῆναι*:

pf. *ἔσβηκα*:—*to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extingui: to die.* 2. of liquids, *to become dry, be exhausted.* 3. generally, *to become still, lull, cease.*

σβέσαι, Ep. for *σβέσαι*, aor. 1 inf. of *σβέννυμι*.

σβεστήριος, α, ον, (σβέννυμι) *serving to quench or put out.*

σβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of *σβέννυμι*.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting *motion towards*, as, *ἄλλο-σε to some other place, etc.*

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεωυτοῦ, -τῆς, -τοῦ, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of *thyself*, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, *ὑμῶν αὐτῶν*, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses *σοὶ αὐτῷ, σ' αὐτόν*.

σεβάζομαι, *f. -άσομαι*: aor. 1 *ἔσεβασάμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *σεβάσατο*: also aor. 1 part. *ἔσεβάσθην*: Dep.: (*σέβας*):—*to feel awe of, to dread.*

σέβας, τό, (*σέβομαι*) *reverential awe, a feeling of awe; generally reverence, worship, honour, respect, awe.* II. *the object of reverential awe, majesty.* 2. *an object of wonder, a wonder.* III.

*an honour conferred on one.*

σέβασμα, ατος, τό, (*σεβάζομαι*) *an object of awe or worship.*

Σεβαστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, special fem. of *Σεβαστός*, *Augusta*, title of the Roman Empresses.

σεβαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (*σεβάζομαι*) *reverenced, awful, august.* II. the Lat. *Augustus*, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by *Σεβαστός*.

σεβίζω, *f. ἰσω*: aor. 1 *ἔσέβισα*:—*to worship, honour.*

ΣΕ'ΒΟΜΑΙ: aor. 1 *ἔσέβην*: Dep.:—*to feel awe*

*or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid.* 2. *to worship, pay high regard or respect to.*

ΣΕ'ΒΩ, *f. σέψω*, = the earlier form *σέβομαι*, *to worship, honour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.*

σέθεν, old poet. form of *σοῦ*, gen. of *σύ*.

Σειληνός, ὁ, *Silenus*, a companion of *Bacchus*, the most famous of the *Satyrs*.

σεῖο, Ep. for *σοῦ*, gen. of *σύ*.

σεῖος, σεῖα, σεῖον, Lacon. for *θειός*, α, ον.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ἡ, (*εἶρω*) *a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain.* II. *a cord with a noose, a lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.*

σειραῖος, α, ον, (*σειρά*) *joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger; see σειραφόρος.*

σειρᾶ-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ον, (*σειρά*, *φέρω*) *having a rope attached, led by a rope: ὁ σειραφόρος (sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or collar:—metaph. a partner, coadjutor.* A quadriga (*τέθριππος*) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἡνος, ἡ, *a Siren: in pl. Σειρῆνες, αἱ, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them.* II. metaph. *a Siren, deceitful woman.*

σειριό-καντος, ον, (*σειρίος*, *καίω*) *scorched by the heat of the dog-star.*

σειρίος, α, ον, (*σειρός*) *hot, scorching: epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σειρίος ἀστήρ the sun: but, ὁ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύνων σειρίος or Κύνων.*

ΣΕΙΡΟ'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, *hot, scorching, of summer-heat.*

σειρο-φόρος, ον, (*σειρά*, *φέρω*) = *σειραφόρος.*

σεῖσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of *σεῖω*.

σεισ-άχθεια, ἡ, (*σεῖω*, *ἄχθος*) *a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.*

σεισί-χθων, ονος, ὁ, (*σεῖω*, *χθών*) *earth-shaker.*

σεισμός ὁ, (*σεῖω*) *a shaking, shock: the shock of an earthquake, an earthquake.*

σειστός, ἡ, ὄν, (*σεῖω*) *shaken.*

-σεῖω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, *Desideratives*, like Lat. -*urio*. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as *δράω*, *δράσω*, *δρα-*

*σεῖω*: *γελάω*, *γελάσω*, *γελασεῖω*.

ΣΕΙ'Ω, *f. σεῖσω*: aor. 1 *ἔσεισα*: Pass., aor. 1 *ἔσεισθην*: pf. *σέσεισμαι*:—*to shake, move to and fro, brandish.* 2. absol., *σεῖει there is an earthquake (see σεισμός)*, like *ῥεῖει it rains*, etc. 3. Pass. and Med.

*to be shaken, shake, heave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earthquake.* II. in Att. *to harass, annoy with accusations*, so as to extort money.

σίλα, for *σίλαϊ*, dat. of *σέλας*.

**σελαγέω**, f. ἤσω, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

**σελαη-γενέτης**, ου, ὁ, (σέλας, \*γένω) father of light.

**σελάνα**, **σελαναία**, Dor. for **σελήνη**, **σεληναία**.

**ΣΕ'ΛΑΣ**, αος, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

**σελασ-φόρος**, ου, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing.

**σέλᾱχος**, τό, a shark.

**Σεληναίη**, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for **Σελήνη** Att. **Σεληναία**:—the Moon.

**σεληναῖος**, α, ου, lighted by the moon; **σεληναία νύξ** a moonlight night. From

**σελήνη**, ἡ, (σέλας) the moon; **σελήνη πλήθουσα** the full-moon; **πρὸς τὴν σελήνην** by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; **δεκάτῃ σελήνῃ** in the tenth moon.

**σεληνιαζομαι**, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

**σελιδη-φάγος**, ου, (σελίς, φάγειν) devouring leaves of books.

**ΣΕ'ΛΙ'ΝΟΝ**, τό, parsley, Lat. *apium*: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

**ΣΕΛΙ'Σ**, ἴδος, ἡ, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλματα). II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

**Σελλοί**, οἱ, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

**σέλμα**, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. *transtra*. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

**σεμίδᾱλις**, ιος and εως, ἡ, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. *simila*, *similago*.

**σεμνό-θεσμος**, ου, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

**σεμνολογέω**, f. ἤσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. **σεμνολογέομαι**, to talk in solemn speech. From

**σεμνο-λόγος**, ου, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.

**σεμνό-μαντις**, εως, ὁ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.

**σεμνομῦθέω**, f. ἤσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

**σεμνο-μῦθος**, ου, (σεμνός, μυθέομαι) talking solemnly.

**σεμνοπροσωπέω**, f. ἤσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

**σεμνο-πρόσωπος**, ου, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

**σεμνός**, ἡ, ὁ, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called **σεμναὶ θεαί** or **Σεμναί**. II. of men,

grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; **σεμνὸν βλέπειν** to look grave and solemn. III. of things, stately, solemn, august,

grand.

**σεμνό-στομος**, ου, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

**σεμνότης**, ητος, ἡ, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

**σεμνό-τιμος**, ου, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.

**σεμνώω**, f. ὠσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

**σεμνύνω** [ῦ], f. ὕνω, (σεμνός) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. **σεμνύνομαι**, aor. 1 **ἐσεμνυνάμην**, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

**σεμνῶς**, Adv. of **σεμνός**, solemnly, grandly.

**σέο**, Ep. for **σοῦ**, gen. of **σύ**.

**σεπτός**, ἡ, ὁ, verb. Adj. of **σέβομαι**, august, holy.

**ΣΕ'ΡΙΣ**, εως or ἴδος, ἡ, endive or succory.

**σέρφος**, ὁ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

**σέσαγμα**, pf. pass. of **σάττω**.

**σεσᾱρωμένος**, pf. pass. part. of **σαρώω**.

**σεσᾱρώς**, υῖα, ὅς, Dor. for **σεσηρώς**, pf. part. of **σαίρω**:—**σεσᾱρύϊα**, Ep. fem.

**σέσεισμαι**, pf. pass. of **σείω**.

**σέσηπα**, pf. of **σήπω**.

**σεσηρώς**, pf. part. of **σαίρω**.

**σεσοφισμένως**, Adv. pf. pass. part. of **σοφίζω**, cunningly, cleverly.

**σεσύλημαι**, pf. pass. of **σύλλάω**.

**σέσυρκα**, **σέσυρμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of **σύρω**.

**σίσωσμαι**, pf. pass. of **σώζω**.

**σεσωφρονισμένως**, Adv. pf. pass. part. of **σωφρονίζω**, temperately, soberly.

**σέτω**, Lacon. for **θέτω**, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of **τίθημι**.

**σεῦ** enclit. **σεν**, Ion. and Dor. gen. of **σύ**.

**σεῦα**, Ep. for **ἐσσενα**, aor. 1 of **σεύω**: part. **σεύας**.

**σεῦμαι**, contr. for **σεύομαι**, pres. pass. of **σεύω**: 3 sing. **σεῦται**.

**σεῦτλον**, τό, Ion. for **τεῦτλον**.

**ΣΕΤ'Ω**, with **σσ** in augm. tenses, impf. **ἐσσευον**, pass. and med. **ἐσσευόμην**: aor. 1 **ἐσσενα**, med. **ἐσσενάμην**; also Ep. without augm. **σεῦα**, **σεῦε**, **σεῦατο**:

pf. pass. **ἐσσύμαι**, part. **ἐσσύμενος**: plqpf. (in aor. sense) **ἐσσύμην** [ῦ], 2 sing. **ἐσσύο** for **ἐσσυσο**, 3 sing. **ἐσσύτο** Ep. **σύτο**; part. **σύμενος**: aor. 1 pass. **ἐσσύθην** [ῦ]. There is also 3 sing. **σεῦται** from a contr.

pres. **σεῦμαι**: also **σοῦμαι**, 3 pl. **σοῦνται**: imperat. **σοῦ**, 3 sing. **σοῦσθω**, 2 pl. **σοῦσθε**: inf. **σοῦσθαι**. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away. 4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; **αἷμα ἐσσενα** I made blood spout forth:—Med., **αἷμα σύτο** blood spouted forth. II.

Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; **συνθεῖς** having started, gone. 2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; **ὅτε σεύατο διώκειν** when he basted to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

**σεφθεῖς**, aor. 1 pass. part. of **σέβω**.

**σέω**, Dor. for **θέω**, to run.

**σεωντοῦ**, fem. **σεωντῆς**, Ion. for **σεαυτοῦ**, **σεαυτῆς**.



σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκός) to drive into a pen, coop up, shut up.

σήκασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάζω.

σηκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σηκός) a bousekeeper, portress.

σηκίτης, ου, ὁ Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σακίταν ἄρνα a bouse-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ου, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, ὁ, a berdsman.

ΣΗΚΟ΄Σ Dor. σακός, ὁ, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, sbrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκώω, f. ὠσω, to weigh, balance. Hence

σήκωμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, sbrine.

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σᾶμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead. 2. a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battle-sign, signal. 4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb. 5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices. 6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal. 7. a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from

σημαίνω, fut. -άνω Ion. -άνειω: aor. I ἐσήμηνα or ἐσήμᾶνα, inf. σημήναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθην: pf. σεσήμασμαι, but 3 sing. σεσήμανται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σήμα):—to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token. II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνων a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής), like σαλπίζει, signal is given: τοῖς Ἕλλησι ὡς ἐσήμηνε when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack. III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is. IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα things sealed, opp. to ἀσήμαντα. V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. 2. to mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίς γῆ clay used for sealing.

σήμαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημάντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a berdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῆμα. [ᾱ]

σηματόεις, εσσα, εν, (σήμα) full of tombs.

σηματ-ουργός, ὢν, (σήμα, \*ἔργω) making devices for shields.

σημειο-γράφος, ου, (σημεῖον, γράφω) writing in cipher. [ᾱ]

σημεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σήμα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace. 2.

a sign from the gods, an omen. 3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle. 4. a

flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the

general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign. 5.

a device upon a shield: also on a seal: a seal itself. II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειώω, f. ὠσω, (σημεῖον) to mark:—Med. to

mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ἡμέρα

with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub.

ἡμέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημεῖον.

σημηνα, Ep. for ἐσήμηνα, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνθιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron.

σημό-θετος, ου, (σήμα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines.

σηπεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (σήπω) decay, putrefaction: of

quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠ΄Α, ἡ, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pur-

sued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗ΄ΠΩ, f. σήψω: aor. I ἐσηψα:—to make rotten

or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass.

σήπομαι: aor. 2 ἐσάπην [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπήν,

for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or

become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh,

to mortify.

Σήρ, Σηρός, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σῆρες, the Seres, an

Indian people, from whom silk was first brought:

hence, II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, ὁ, Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραγξ, αγγος, ἡ, (σαίρω, σέσηρα) a hollow rock,

a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.

σηρικός, ἡ, ὢν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ου, Lacon. for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗ΄Σ, ὁ, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σέες, gen. σέων: later

also gen. σητός:—a moth, Lat. tineia: a book-worm.

σῆς, Ion. for σαῖς, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σή, σόν.

σησαμαῖος, α, ου, made of sesame. From

σησάμη, ἡ, sesame, an eastern leguminous plant. [ᾱ]

σησαμή, ἡ, a mixture of sesame-seeds roasted and

pounded with boney, a sesame-cake.

σησαμῖνος, η, ου, (σησάμη) made of sesame: σησα-

μινον ἔλαιον sesame-oil. [ᾱ]

σησαμόεις, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesame: ὁ σησα-

μοῦς (sub. ἄρτος) a sesame-cake.

σήσαμον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the

sesame-tree (σησάμη).

σησαμό-τύρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρός) sesame-cheese.

σησαμοῦς, οὔντος, contr. from σησαμότης.

Σηστός, ἡ, also ὁ, Sestos, a town on the European

side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σῆτες Att. τῆτες, (ἔτος) this year: see σήμερον.

σητό-βρωτος, ου, (σής, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths,

moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ου, (σής, κοπήναι) fretted by moths.

σθενᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, εος, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἀελίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντὶ σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periphr., like βίη, ἴς, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἑκτορος Hector himself.

σθενώω, f. ὥσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong.

σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρὶ, ποσὶ to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙΓΑΓΩΝ Ion. σιηγών, ὄνος, ἡ, the jaw-bone, jaw.

ΣΙΓΑΛΟΝ Ion. σιέλον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a fat hog: also with another Subst., σὺς σιάλος, like σὺς κάπριος, etc. II. fat, grease.

Σίβυλλα, ἡ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.)

[Υ] Hence

Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline.

Σιβυλλιάω, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οὗ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner.

ΣΙΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνης, ον, ὁ, a bunting-spear. [Υ]

σιγᾶ, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα bush! be still!

σίγα, imperat. of σιγάω, bush! be still!

σίγα, Ep. for ἐσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σίγα, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγάω, f. ἄσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγαλέος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγαλόεις, εσσα, εν, (σίαλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγαλός, Dor. for σιγηλός.

σιγᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγάω, f. —ήσομαι, later —ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσιγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, bush! be still! —Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγεῖν, Lacon. for θιγεῖν.

σιγή Dor. σιγά, ἡ, (σίζω) silence, a being silent; σιγήν ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγήν ποιῆσαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῇ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῇ νυν silence now! σιγῇ ποιῆσαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2.

secretly: also as a Prep, σιγῇ τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός unknown to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηλός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. σιγαλός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, bushed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence.

σιγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγηλός.

σιγητέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent.

σίγλος or σίκλος, ὁ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίζω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σίγυνης, ου, ὁ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος.

III. the Σιγύναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγῶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σίδαρος, ὁ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδήρ—.

ΣΙΔΗ, ἡ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [Ι]

σιδηρεία, ἡ, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηρούς, ἁ, οὖν, Ep. σιδήρειος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [ᾱ], α, ον: (σίδηρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ἦτορ an iron heart. II.

σιδάρεοι, οἱ, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδηρεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σίδηρος) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδήριον, τό, (σίδηρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σιδηρίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, fem. —ιτις, ιδος, Dor. σιδᾶρίτας, α, ὁ, (σίδηρος) of iron.

σιδηρο-βρίθης, ἐς, (σίδηρος, βρίθω) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σίδηρος, δάκτυλος) iron-fingered.

σιδηρό-δετος, ον, (σίδηρος, δέω) iron-bound, shod with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, κάμνω) slain by iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, μήτηρ) mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σίδηρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σιδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for —πληκτος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σίδαρος, ὁ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine. II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle.

III. a place for selling iron, a cutler's shop.

σιδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σίδηρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (σίδηρος, τέκτων) a worker in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεκεῖν) iron producing.

σιδηροτομέω, f. ἥσω, to cleave with iron. From



σιδηρο-τόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεμείν) cutting with iron.

σιδηροφορέω, f. ἤσω, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as Dep. -έομαι. From

σιδηρο-φόρος, ον, (σίδηρος, φέρω) wearing iron, bearing arms.

σιδηρό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (σίδηρος, φρήν) of iron heart.

σιδηρό-χαλκος, ον, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) of iron and copper.

σιδηρο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) fighting in iron, epith. of mailed war-horses.

σιδηρόω, f. ὠσω, (σίδηρος) to make of iron, overlay with iron:—impers. in plqpf. pass. ἐσεσιδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου ξύλου iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood.

σίδιον, τό, (σίδη) pomegranate-peel. [σῖ]

Σιδονίηθεν, Adv. from Sidon. From

Σιδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. Adj. Σιδόνιος or Σιδώνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sidon; fem. also Σιδωνιάς, ἄδος.

Σιδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a man of Sidon.

ΣΙΨΩ, impf. ἔσιζον Ep. σῖζον: no fut. in use:—to hiss, of hot iron plunged into water; σῖζ' ὀφθαλμὸς ἐλαϊνέφ' περὶ μοχλῶ the eye of the Cyclops hissed when the burnt stake was thrust into it. II. to set a dog on.

Σιθωνία, ἡ, Sitbonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: Adj. Σιθώνιος and Σιθόνιος, α, ον, Thracian: Σιθών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Sitbonian; and Σιθονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a Sitbonian woman.

Σικανία, ἡ, Sicania, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, οὐ, ὁ, a Sicanian (see Σικανία): Adj. Σικανικός, ἡ, ὄν, Sicanian.

σικάριος, ὁ, the Lat. sicarius, assassin. [α]

Σικελία, ἡ, (Σικελός) Sicily: Adj. Σικελικός, ἡ, ὄν, Sicilian. Hence

Σικελίζω, f. ἴσω, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σικελικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σικελός) of or like a Sicilian.

Σικελιώτης, ον, ὁ, a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily, as distinguished from the Σικελοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. Ἰταλιώτης.

Σικελός, ἡ, ὄν, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, Lat. Siculus: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιώται were the later Greek settlers.

σίκερα [ῖ], τό, gen. σίκερος, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebr. sbakar, to be intoxicated.)

σίκινις or σίκινις, ἴδος, ἡ, the Sicinnis, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

σίκλος, ὁ, = σίγλος.

σίκυα Ion. σικύη, ἡ, a fruit like the cucumber or gourd, but eaten ripe. II. a cupping glass, from its shape, Lat. cucurbita. [ῖ]

σίκυος, ὁ, the common gourd or cucumber.

Σικυών, ὄνος, ἡ, Sicyon, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: Adj. Σικυώνιος, α, ον, Sicyonian: Adv. Σικυώνοθεν, of or from Sicyon.

σικχαίνω, to loathe. From

ΣΙΚΧΟ΄Σ, ὁ, a squeamish, fastidious person.

Σιληνός, ὁ, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, τό, the palma Christi, called also σιλλικύπριον.

σιλλαίνω, (σίλλος) to insult, mock, jeer.

σιλλικύπριον, τό, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΙΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, one who looks askance: a satirist. II. a satire, satirical poem.

ΣΙΛΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a river-fish, prob. the sbad, Lat. silurus.

ΣΙΛΦΗ, ἡ, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. blatta. II. a book-worm.

ΣΙΛΦΙΟΝ, τό, Lat. laserpitium, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the assa-foetida. Hence

σιλφιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, prepared with silphium.

σιμβλεύω, f. σω, (σίμβλος) to form or grow in the hive, of honey.

ΣΙΜΒΛΟΣ, ὁ, a bee-bive: metaph. any store or board.

σιμι-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημι-κίνθιον.

Σιμόεις, -όντος contr. Σιμούς, -ούντος, ὁ, the Simois, a river near Troy:—Adj. Σιμοίντιος contr. Σιμούντιος, α, ον, of, near the Simois: fem. also Σιμοεντίς, ἴδος.

ΣΙΜΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, flat. II. of other things, steep, up-bill, Lat. acclivis; πρὸς τὸ σιμόν διώκειν to pursue up-bill. 2. bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, ητος, ἡ, (σιμός) the shape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σιμούς, -ούντος, ὁ, contr. form of Σιμόεις.

σιμόω, f. ὠσω, (σιμός) to turn up the nose, bend upwards. Hence

σίωμα, ατος, τό, anything bent upwards. From

σινάμωρέω, f. ἤσω, to damage wantonly: generally, to handle roughly. From

σινά-μωρος [ᾶ], ον, (σίνος, μῶρος) mischievous, hurtful: c. gen. rei, τῶν ἑωντοῦ σινάμωρος ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd.

σινάπι, εως, and σινάπυ, ὄνος, τό, (νάπυ) mustard, Lat. sinapi: the better Att. form was νάπυ.

σινδώ, οὐς, ἡ, Att. for σινδάν.

σινδών, ὄνος, ἡ, sindon, a fine Indian cloth, muslin. II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth.

σινέομαι, Ion. for σίνομαι.

σίνηπι, ιος, and σίνηπυ, υος, τό, Ion. for σίναπι, σίναπυ. [σῖ]

σινιάζω, f. σω, (σινίον) to sift, fan, winnow.

ΣΙΝΙ΄ΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

σίνις, ἴδος, ὁ, acc. σίνιν, (σίνομαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as Adj. destroying, ravaging. II. as prop. n., Σίνις, ὁ, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [σῖ]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [ῖ] Ion. σινέομαι: Ion. impf. σίνεσκό-

μην: aor. 1 ἐσινάμην: Dep.:—to plunder, spoil, pillage: to barry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to damage, distress. 2. also to hurt, wound. Hence

σίνος [ἴ], εὐς, τό, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II. anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, ὁ, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring.

σίντις, ιος, ὁ, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιες, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, ορος, ὁ, = σίντης.

Σινώπη, ἡ, Sinope, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea:—Σινωπίτης, ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of Sinope:

Adj. Σινωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sinope.

ΣΙ΄ΟΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σιός, Lacon. for θεός.

σιπύη, ἡ, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙ΄ΡΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. defrutum.

σιρός, ὁ, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σίσύμβριον, τό, = σίσυμβρον.

ΣΙ΄ΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or thyme.

σίσυρα [ῥ] or σίσυρνα, ἡ, a shaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ου, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ου, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σισυφίς, ιδος. From

Σί-σῦφος [ἴ], ου, ὁ, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σίτος.

σίταγωγέω, f. ἤσω, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σίταγωγία, ἡ, conveyance of corn to a place.

σίτ-αγωγός, ὄν, (σίτος, ἄγω) transporting corn to a place; σιταγωγὰ πλοῖα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάθην, Dor. for ἐσιτήθην, aor. 1 pass. of σιτέω.

σίτεύσιμος, η, ου, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fatted.

σίτευτός, ἡ, ὄν, fatted, stalled, Lat. altilis. From σιτεύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σίτος):—to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σιτέω, f. ἤσω, (σίτος) to feed:—Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. ἐσιτήθην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σιτηγέω, f. ἤσω, (σιτηγός) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτηγία, ἡ, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σίτ-ηγός, ὄν, (σίτος, ἄγω) conveying corn.

σίτηρέσιον, τό, (σίτηρός) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σίτηρός, α, ὄν, (σίτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτησις, εως, ἡ, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions; σίτησις ἐν Πρυτανείῳ public maintenance in the Prytanæum.

σιτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σίτος) to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σιτίον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread; generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet; σιτία τριῶν ἡμερῶν three days' provision; τὰ ἐν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία public maintenance in the Prytanæum, like σίτησις.

σιτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fatted: as Subst. a falling.

σίτο-δεία Ion. -δήλη, ἡ, (σίτος, δέομαι) want or scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σίτο-δόκος, ου, (σίτος, δέχομαι) holding food.

σίτοδοτέω, f. ἤσω, to furnish with corn, victual:—Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σίτο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (σίτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn.

σίτο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σίτο-νόμος, ου, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or food; σιτονόμος ἐλπίς the hope of getting food.

σίτοποιέω, f. ἤσω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn for food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals:—Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σίτοποιία, ἡ, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σίτοποιικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for bread-making.

σίτο-ποιός, ὄν, (σίτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ἡ, a woman that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός ἀνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σίτο-πομπία, ἡ, (σίτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convoy, an escort, a convoy.

σίτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σίτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΙ΄ΤΟΣ, ὁ, irreg. pl. σίτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink; σίτος ἡδὲ ποτὴς meat and drink.

σίτο-φάγος, ου, (σίτος, φάγειν) eating corn or bread.

σίτο-φόρος, ου, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σίτο-φύλακες, οἱ, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peiræus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

σίττα and σίττε, a cry of drovers to their flocks, st! when ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρὸς follows, to call them on.

σίτ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (σίτος, ὠνέομαι) a buyer of corn.

σίτωνία, ἡ, (σιτώνης) a buying of corn, purchase of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, crippled, maimed: also lame, limping: of the eyes, blind. Hence



σιφλόω, f. ὥσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. 1 opt.

Σίφνιος, α, ον, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. From Σίφνος, ἡ, Siphnus, one of the Cyclades.

σίφων, ὠνος, ὁ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σιφώνίζω, f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιωπάω, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence; σιωπᾶν τινι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα bush! be still! II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere:—Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ, ἡ, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῇ, in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιωπηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σιωπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπήσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence. II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

ΣΚΑΨΩ, f. ἄσω, to limp, halt. II. σκάζων, also χωλίαμβος (sub. ποὺς), ὁ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left hand or side, like ἀριστερός:—ἡ σκαιά (sub. χεῖρ), the left hand.

II. western; westward, for the Greek auspex turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαίαι πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy). 2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek auspex, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιός). III. metaph. like French gauche, left-handed, awkward, clumsy, uncouth. Hence

σκαίος, ἡ, = σκαίότης.

σκαίότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαί-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙ΄ΡΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαίως, Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθυρμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθυρμα, a trifling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλάθύρω, = σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [v]

σκαλεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σκάλλω) one who boes: a boer or a boe.

σκαλεύω, = σκάλλω, to stir, boe; σκαλεύειν ἄνθρακας to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκαληνός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὅς, ὄν, (σκάζω) limping, halt-

ing.

II. uneven; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑ΄ΛΛΩ, to stir up, boe, barrow.

σκαλμός, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the pin or tbole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπότηρ, Lat. scalmus, raxillus.

σκάλεψ, οπος, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.

Σκάμανδρος, ὁ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὃν ἔάνθον καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκάνα, Dor. for σκηνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' ἱστᾶς ἐπὶ ὧν setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδαλίζω, f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκάνδαλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδικο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (σκάνδιξ, πωλείω) a dealer in cervil.

ΣΚΑ΄ΝΔΙΞ, ἱκος, ἡ, cervil, Lat. scandix.

σκάπανη, ἡ, (σκάπτω) a spade or hoe. [πᾶ]

σκάπετος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs.

σκαπτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπτον, τό, Dor. for σκηπτρον.

σκαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτὴ ὕλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκηπτρον.

ΣΚΑ΄ΠΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [ᾱ]: pf. ἐσκαμμαι:—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδά-μύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):—to blink, wink.

σκαρῖφισμός, ὁ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαρῖφισμοὶ λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκαρῖφος, ὁ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing outlines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτος, genit. of σκάρ.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκατός, φαγεῖν) dung-eating.

σκάφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σκαφῆναι) a digger, delver, ditcher.

σκάφη, ἡ, (σκαφῆναι) anything dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. scārba.

σκαφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff. II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock.

σκάφος, εὖς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. alveus, and generally a ship, boat. III. a digging-tool, spade. [ᾱ]

σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, lengthd. from obsol. \*σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ᾱ] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾱς, ᾱ: aor. I ἐσκεδάσα Ep. σκέδασα: Pass., aor. I ἐσκεδάσθην: pf. ἐσκεδάσμαι:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. II. Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκέδασα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.

σκέδασις, ἡ, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing.

σκεδῶ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεθρός, ἄ, ὄν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σκεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκείρων, ὄνος, ὁ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκείρωνος ἀκταί, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκειρωνίδες πέτραι: Σκειρωνικὸν οἶμα the sea off this coast.

σκελίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Att. σελίς.

σκελίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg.

ΣΚΕΛΛΩ, fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἐσκηλα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass.

σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελούμαι: with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐσκλην, inf. σκληναι (as if from \*σκλημι): pf. ἐσκληκα with pres. signif.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕΛΟΣ, εὖς, τό, the leg: ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἐσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος.

σκέπα, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας.

σκεπάω, f. ἄσω, (σκέπας) like σκεπάω, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπανον, τό, (σκέπας) a covering.

σκεπανός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκέπαρνος, ὁ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕΠΑΣ, αὖς, τό, a covering, shelter: ἐπὶ σκέπας in or under shelter; σκέπας ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάω) = σκέπας.

σκεπάω Ep. σκεπόω, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΠΗ, ἡ, like σκέπας, a covering, shelter: metaphor., ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war; ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπόωσι, Ep. for σκεπῶσι, 3 pl. pres. from σκεπάω.

σκεπτεόν, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέψομαι: aor. I ἐσκεψάμην: pf. ἐσκεμμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἐσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch. II. of

the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.

ΣΚΕΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκεπάω.

σκερβολέω and σκερβόλλω, (σκέρβολος) to scold, abuse, revile. From

σκέρβολος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευᾶγωγέω, f. ἤσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευ-ᾶγωγός, ὄν, (σκεῦος, ᾶγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, ὁ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σκευάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐσκεύασα: Pass., pf. ἐσκεύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκευάδεται; Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσκευάδατο: (σκεῦος, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise. II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκεῦος or σκευή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [ᾱ]

σκευαστέον, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare.

σκευαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκευάζω) prepared, artificial.

σκευή, ἡ, (σκεῦος) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκεῦος: the tackling of a ship.

σκευοθήκη, ἡ, (σκεῦος, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σκευοποιέω, f. ἤσω, (σκευοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor.

σκευοποιός, ὄν, (σκεῦος, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΥΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκευή, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. impedimenta: the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors. II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκευοφορέω, f. ἤσω, (σκευοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage; βάρος σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burden. From

σκευοφόρος, ὄν, (σκεῦος, φέρω) carrying baggage: οἱ σκευοφόροι the sutlers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκευοφυλακέω, f. ἤσω, to watch the baggage. From

σκευο-φύλαξ, αὖς, ὁ, (σκεῦος, φύλαξ) a storekeeper.

σκευωρέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, pf. pass.



ἐσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick.

σκευωρία, ἡ, (σκευωρέομαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευ-ωρός, ὄν, (σκεῦος, ὥρα) looking after baggage.

σκεψάμενος, αογ. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω.

σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion.

σκήλαι, αογ. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλει, 3 sing. opt.

σκηναόμαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνέω, f. ἥσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗ, ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, bouse: a temple. II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνέω)=σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [νῆ]

σκηνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, =σκηνή.

σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [ῖ]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνοπήγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγια, τά.

σκηνο-πήγος, ου, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent.

σκηνο-ποιός, ὄν, (σκηνή, ποίω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκηνο-ράφος, ου, (σκηνή, ῥάφηναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνορράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκᾶνος, εος, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σκήνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώω) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό, =σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτο-βάμων [ᾱ], ου, gen. ονος, (σκήπτρον=σκήπτρον, βαίνω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτρον, τό, =σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκᾶπτρον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt.

II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-ούχος, ου, (σκήπτρον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as

Subst., σκηπτούχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ου, =σκηπτρο-φόρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκᾶπτρον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff

or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre,

to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτροφορέω, f. ἥσω, to bear rule over. From

σκηπτρο-φόρος, ου, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω: αογ. I ἐσκηψα: I. trans. to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light.

II. Pass. and Med. to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκήπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκήπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ανος, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ, ἡ, as Ion. σκίη, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of trees; πετραῖη σκίη the shade of a rock; ἐν σκίᾳ indoors. 3. a shady place.

σκιᾶγράφω, f. ἥσω, (σκιαγράφος) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

σκιᾶγράφία, ἡ, (σκιαγραφέω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιᾶ-γράφος, ου, (σκιά, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γρᾱ]

σκιᾶδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιᾶδίσκη, ἡ, =σκιᾶδειον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιᾶζω, f. σκιᾶσω Att. σκιῶ: αογ. I ἐσκίασα: (σκιά):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιᾶ-μάχew, f. ἥσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i. e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar. II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ᾱ], οἱ, (σκιά, πούς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιᾶρό-κομος, ου, (σκιᾶρός, κόμη) shady with leaves.

σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερός.

σκιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σκιά) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκίασμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάζω) a shadow.

σκιά-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f. ἡσω: (σκιά, τρέφω): —to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, shun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ep. σκιάω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ἡ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἄμα ἡλίου σκιδναμένως as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκιά) shady, shaded. σκίη, ἡ, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙ'ΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla.

σκιμαλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκιμπος, -ποδος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabātus.

σκιμπτω, f. ψω, = σκήπτω.

σκινδάλαμος, ὁ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σχινδάλαμος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω): a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόγων ἀκριβῶν σχινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλαμο-φράστης, ον, ὁ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκιά, εἶδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκίοεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (σκιά) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκίπων, ὠνος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a staff, Lat. scipio. [ἱ]

Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἡ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια.

σκίραφειον, τό, a gambling-house. From

σκίραφος [ἱ], ὁ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκίριται, οἱ, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτις.

ΣΚΙ'ΡΟΝ [ἱ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκιροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκιροφοριῶν.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese parings.

ΣΚΙ'ΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριῶν.

Σκίρο-φοριῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑ'Ω, f. ἡσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκίρτημα, ατος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, πούς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτῶεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίταλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκίφιζω, Dor. for ξιφίζω.

σκίφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [ἱ]

σκι-ώδης, ἐς, = σκιοειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκληῖναι, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ᾄγωγέω, (σκληρός, ᾄγωγή) to bring up bardy. σκληρο-καρδία, ἡ, (σκληρός, καρδία) bardness of heart.

σκληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκληῖναι) dry, bard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, hoarse, harsh, rough.

3. of taste and smell, harsh, rough. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tough. II. metaph., 1. of things,

bard, austere. 2. of persons, bard, harsh, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ητος, ἡ, (σκληρός) hardness, harshness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [ἱ]

σκληρύνω [ῡ], f. ὑνῶ: aor. 1 ἐσκληρυνα: pf. pass. ἐσκληρυνμαι: (σκληρός):—to harden, esp. to harden the heart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶς, Adv. of σκληρός, in hard or rough fashion.

σκηπταῖος, α, ον, (κνέφας) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκολιός, θρίξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟ'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding. II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιῶς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟ'ΛΟΨ, ὀπος, ὁ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλοπες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, ἀνασκολοπίζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟ'ΛΥ'ΜΟΣ, ὁ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύνος and πηλαμύς were varieties.

σκοπ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (σκοπός, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκόπελος, δραμεῖν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπεύω, = σκοπέω.



σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. 1 ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἔσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to behold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to; σκοπεῖν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπία Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak. 2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula.

II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιὴν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore. II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπιάω) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ωρέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπία, ὥρα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another. 2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place. 3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger.

II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδινάομαι Ion. -έομαι: f. ἴσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμη, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλμη) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἔσκορόδισμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἔσκοροδισμένος primed with garlic.

σκορόδιον, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόμμυον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκευτρία, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-bread-selling-bossess.

ΣΚΟΡΠ'ΕΩ, f. ἴσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠ'ΟΣ, ὁ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ον, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νῶς.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δάσϋ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσϋς, πυκνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότος, δίνος) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτόεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μαινα, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night.

σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὤσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότῳ κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος,

εὖς, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence

σκοτόω, f. ὤσω, to make dark, darken, to blind.

σκοτώδης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κύνας βαλεῖν.)

σκυδμαίνω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΖΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκύθαινα, ἡ, fem. of Σκύθης. [ῥ]

Σκύθης, ου, ὁ: voc. Σκύθα:—a Scythian: proverb., Σκυθῶν ἐρημία a Scythian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scythian.

II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [ῥ] Hence

Σκυθίζω, f. ἴσω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians. 2. to drink like a Scythian. 3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκυθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκύθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scythian bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρῶπάζω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρῶπος) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ῶπος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (σκυθρός, ὤψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρῶπως ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-wolf.

σκυλάκευμα, ατος, τό, a wolf, cub. From

σκυλάκεύω, f. σω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκυλάκ-ώδης, ἐς, (σκύλαξ, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τὸ σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a wolf, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From

σκυλεύω, f. σω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei,

Κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκυλεύσαντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκυλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

**Σκύλλα** or **Σκύλλη**, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who *rended* her prey in pieces: (hence called **Σκύλλα** from σκύλλω.)

**ΣΚΥΤ'ΑΛΩ**, aor. I ἔσκυλα:—properly *to flay*: generally, *to rend, mangle, tear*: metaph. *to trouble, annoy*, Lat. *vehere*. Hence

**σκύλαμα**, ατος, τό, *a piece plucked out*.

**σκυλμός**, ὁ, (σκύλλω) *a rending, mangling*: metaph. *trouble*.

**σκυλοδεψέω**, f. ἤσω, *to tan hides*. From

**σκυλο-δέψης** or **-δέψος**, ου, ὁ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφω) *a tanner of hides*.

**σκύλον**, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. **σκύλα**, *the arms stripped off a slain enemy, spoils*, Lat. *spolia*; **σκύλα γράφειν** *to write one's name on arms gained as spoils*: rarely in sing. *booty, spoil, prey*.

**σκύλος** [ῥ], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) *the skin of an animal, a lion's hide*.

**σκυλο-φόρος**, ου, (σκύλον, φέρω) *receiving the spoil*.

**σκυλο-χαρής**, ές, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in spoils or booty*.

**ΣΚΥΤΜΝΟΣ**, ὁ, like **σκύλαξ**, *any young animal*; but properly *a lion's whelp*, as **σκύλαξ** was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

**σκύμνω**, Dor. for **σκύμνους**, acc. pl. of **σκύμνος**.

**Σκῦρος**, ἡ, the isle of *Scyros*, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: **Σκῦρόθεν**, Adv. *from Scyros*.

**σκυτάλη** [ἄ], ἡ, (akin to **ξύλον**) *a stick, staff, cudgel*: at Sparta, *a staff*, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence **σκυτάλη** meant *a Spartan despatch*, and metaph. *a message*.

**σκυτάλιον**, τό, Dim. of **σκύταλον**, *a cane*. [ἄ]

**σκυτάλις**, ίδος, ἡ, Dim. of **σκυτάλη**.

**σκυτάλον**, τό, = **σκυτάλη**, *a cudgel, club*. [ῥ]

**σκυτεύς**, έως, ὁ, (σκῦτος) *a shoemaker, cobbler*.

**σκυτεύω**, f. σω, (σκυτεύς) *to be a shoemaker*.

**ΣΚΥΤΗ** Dor. **σκυτά**, ἡ, *the neck*.

**σκυτίνας**, η, ου, (σκῦτος) *leathern, made of leather*; τὸ **σκυτίνον** *a leathern ornament or appendage*.

**σκῦτος**, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. *cutis*) *a skin, hide*, esp. *a dressed or tanned hide, leather*. II. *anything made of leather, a whip, thong*.

**σκυτοτομεῖον**, τό, *a shoemaker's shop*. From

**σκυτοτομέω**, f. ἤσω, (σκυτοτόμος) *to cut leather for shoes, to be a shoemaker*.

**σκυτοτομικός**, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a shoemaker. From

**σκυτο-τόμος**, ου, (σκῦτος, τεμῆν) *cutting leather*: as Subst., **σκυτοτόμος**, ὁ, *a worker in leather, shoemaker*.

**σκυτο-τραγέω**, (σκῦτος, τραγῆν) *to consume leather*.

**σκύφος**, ου, ὁ, and **κύφος**, εος, τό, (akin to **κύπελλον**, **κύπη**) *a cup, beaker, can, flagon*.

**σκοληκό-βρωτος**, ου, (σκόληξ, βιβρώσκω) *eaten of worms, worm-eaten*.

**ΣΚΩΛΗΞ**, ηκος, ὁ, *a worm*, Lat. *lumbricus*.

**ΣΚΩΛΟΣ**, ὁ, *a pointed stake: a thorn, prickle*.

**σκῶμμα**, ατος, τό, (σκῶπτω) *a jest, joke, gibe, scoff*.

**σκωμμάτιον**, τό, Dim. of **σκῶμμα**, *a pretty joke*.

**σκωπτόλης**, ου, ὁ, (σκῶπτω) *a mocker, jester*.

**ΣΚΩΠΤΩ**, fut. **σκάψομαι**: aor. I **ἔσκαψα**: aor. I pass. **ἔσκάφθην**:—*to mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at*:—absol. *to jest, joke, be in fun*.

**ΣΚΩΡ**, τό, gen. **σκάτος**, *dung*.

**σκῶψ**, ὁ, gen. **σκωπός**, nom. pl. **σκῶπες**: (from **σκέπτομαι**, as **κλώψ** from **κλέπτω**) *a kind of owl*.

**σμᾶνος**, Dor. for **σμήνος**; dat. pl. **σμάνεσσι**.

**σμάραγδινος**, η, ου, *of emerald*. From

**ΣΜΑΡΑΓΔΟΣ** or **μάραγδος**, ὁ and ἡ, Lat. *smaragdus*, *a precious stone of green colour*: prob. not *the emerald*.

**ΣΜΑΡΑΤΕΩ**, f. ἤσω, *to crash*: of the sea, *to roar*: of birds, *to scream*, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

**Σμάραγος**, ὁ, (σμεραγέω) *a brawling goblin*.

**σμάω**, f. **σμήσω** Dor. **σμάσω**: aor. I **ἔσμησα**: in the pres., the Att. contr. is **σμῶ**, **σμή**, **σμή**, inf. **σμήν**: (**μάω**):—*to smear, rub: to anoint*: Med., **σμάσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν** *to anoint one's head*. 2. *to rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse*. Cp. **σμήχω**.

**σμερδαλέος**, έα Ion. έη, έον, *terrible, fearful, awful*:—neut. **σμερδαλέον** as Adv. *terribly*.

**σμερδνός**, ἡ, ὄν, = **σμερδαλέος**.

**σμέω**, Ion. for **σμάω**.

**σμηνο-δόκος**, ου, (σμήνος, δέχομαι) *holding a swarm of bees*.

**σμήνος**, εος, τό, (from **ἔσμός**) *a bee-bive*. II. *a swarm of bees*: generally, *a swarm, crowd, throng*.

**σμήχω**, f. **ξω**: aor. I pass. **ἔσμήχην**:—collat. form of **σμάω**, *to rub, wipe off or away*. 2. *to wipe clean*. See **σμάω**.

**σμίκρο-**, for words beginning thus, see **μικρο-**.

**σμίκρός**, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and old Attic for **μικρός**. [ῖ]

**σμίκρότης**, **σμίκρύνω**, v. sub **μικρ-**.

**σμικρῶς**, Adv. of **σμίκρός**, *but little*.

**σμίλαξ**, ἄκος, ὁ, = Att. **μίλαξ**, *the yew*, Lat. *taxus*.

**σμίλευμα**, ατος, τό, (σμίλεύω) *carved work*: metaph., **σμιλεύματα έργων** *finely carved works*.

**σμίλευτός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **σμιλεύω**, *carved*.

**σμίλεύω**, f. σω, *to cut out, carve finely*. From

**ΣΜΙΛΗ** [ῖ], ἡ, *a knife for cutting or carving*, Lat. *scalprum*: *a graving tool, chisel*: generally, *a knife*.

**Σμινθεύς**, έως, ὁ, epith. of *Apollo*, from **Σμίνθη** *a town in the Troad, the Sminthian*.

**σμίνχη**, ἡ, *a two-pronged hoe or mattock*, Lat. *bidentis*.

**σμῦγρός**, Adv. -ρῶς, poet. for **μογερός**, -ρῶς.

**σμῦζαι**, aor. I inf. of **σμύχω**.

**σμύρνα** Ion. -νη, ἡ, (**μύρρα**) *myrrh*, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence



σ μυρναῖος, α, ον, of myrrh. II. Σ μυρναῖος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.

σ μυρνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σ μύρνα) to flavour with myrrh.

Σ ΜΥΨΧΩ [ψ], f. ξω: aor. I ἔσ μυψα: Pass., aor. I ἔσ μυψθην: pf. ἔσ μυψμαι:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.

Σ ΜΩΔΙΕ, σ μώδιγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. *vibex*.

σ μώχω, f. ξω, = σ μήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σ οβάρεσθαι, Dep. (σ οβαρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.

σ οβάρω-βλέφαρος, ον, (σ οβαρός, βλέφαρον) with haughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

σ οβάρως, ἄ, ὄν, (σ οβείω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σ οβείω, f. ἴσω, to make the noise σ οῦ, σ οῦ (shoo! shoo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr.

in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σ οί, dat. of σ οῦ.

σ οῖο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σ οῖς.

σ ολοικία, ἡ, = σ ολοικισμός.

σ ολοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σ ολοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνῇ Σκυθικῇ σ ολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σ ολοικισμός, ὁ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σ ολοικιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σ ολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

σ όλοικος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph.

awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

Σ ΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.

σ όος, η, ον, Ep. form of σ όως, safe and sound in body, whole, un hurt, Lat. *integer*.

σ ορο-πηγός, ὁ, (σ ορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.

Σ ΟΡΟΣ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σ ός, ἡ, ὄν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σ ύ, tby, tbyne, of tbee, Lat. *tuus, tua, tuum*: also objective, σ ός πόθος regret for tbee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεά), τεόν.

σ οῦ, gen. of σ ύ; also of σ ός.

σ οῦ, σ οῦ, shoo! shoo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σ οῦμαι: see σ οβείω.

σ ουδάριον, τό, the Lat. *sūdarium*, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σ οῦμαι, contr. for σ όομαι, = σ εύω, σ εύομαι.

σ οῦνεκα, by crasis for σ οῦ ἔνεκα, on tby account.

Σ ουνι-άρατος, ον, (Σ ούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σ ουνίας, ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σ ουν-ιέρακος, ὁ, (Σ ούνιον, ιέραξ) hawk of Sunium.

Σ ούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.

σ οῦσθαι, inf. of σ οῦμαι: σ οῦσθε, σ οῦσθω, imperat.

Σ ουσί-γενής, ἐς, (Σ οῦσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.

σ οῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σ οῦσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σ οῦσιος, ὁ, a man of Susa: fem. Σ οῦσις, ἰδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa: or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.

σ οῦστί, by crasis for σ οῖ ἐστί.

σ οφία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (σ οφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, sbrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σ οφίζω, f. ἴσω, (σ οφός) to make σ οφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be

wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sopsist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I

inf. σ οφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. III. σ οφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι,

pf. σ εσόφισμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, sbrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σ όφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a

person is called σ όφισμ' όλον a trick all over.

σ οφιστεύω, to act as a sopsist, give lectures. From σ οφιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σ οφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or sbrewd in matters of life, a prudent man: so the seven Sages are called σ οφισταί: hence a wise man, philosopher. II. at Athens, one who pro-

fessed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sopsist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sopsist, quibbler, cheat.

σ οφιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σ οφιστής) of or for a sopsist: τὸ σ οφιστικόν the body of the sopsists.

Σ οφοκλής contr. -κλῆς; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σ οφός, κλέος): Sophocles, the tragic Poet.

σ οφό-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ουν, (σ οφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.

Σ ΟΦΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σ οφός λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, sbrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly

devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σ οφώς, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα. Hence

σ οφ-ουργός, ὄν, (σ οφός, \*έργω) working skilfully. σ όω, Ep. for σ ώζω.

σ παδίζω, f. ἴζω, (σ πάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ᾱ], ἱκος, ἡ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. *spadix*.

σπάδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπάδονισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [ᾱ], ωνος and οντος, ὁ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. *spado*.

σπάθᾱω, f. ἤσω, (σπάθη) to strike down the woof with the σπάθη (q. v); λίαν σπαθᾶν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money. II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. *texere*: see *ράπτω*, *ὑφαίνω*.

ΣΠΑΘΗ [ᾱ], ἡ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. 2. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθη, a little spatula. [ᾱ]

ΣΠΑΙΡΩ, = ἀσπαίρω.

σπάκα, Persian for κύνα.

σπάλεις, Aeol. for σταλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπάνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάνις) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. σπανία, as Adv. = σπανίως. II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want.—Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

σπάνιότης, ητος, ἡ, want, lack, need.

σπάνις, εως, ἡ, (σπάνος) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνις [ἐστίν], c. inf., 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπάνιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ΣΠΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ᾱ]

σπάνο-σιτία, ἡ, (σπανός, σῖτος) lack of corn or food.

σπάραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a sbred. II. a rending, tearing.

σπάραγμός, ὁ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐσπάραξα; (σπάω):—to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. *lacerare*; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up.

σπαργανιώτης, ου, ὁ, a child in swaddling-clothes. From

σπάργανον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. *monumenta*, *crepundia*. Hence

σπαργανόω, f. ὠσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑΨΩ, f. ἤσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. *turgere*.

ΣΠΑΨΩ, f. ξω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes. σπαρψίς, σπαρψήναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπαίρω.

σπαρνός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπάρτη, ἡ, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος.

Σπάρτη, ἡ, Sparta in Laconia:—Adv., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπαίρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Sownmen, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαῖοι.

ΣΠΑΨΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω.

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for σπασ-, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, ὁ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπατάλαω, f. ἤσω, to live riotously. From

σπατάλη, ἡ, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot.

σπατάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπαταλάω) = σπατάλη.

σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπατάλος, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπατίλη [ῖ], ἡ, excrement, dung. (From σκατός, gen. of σκώρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑΨΩ, f. σπάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐσπάσα Ep. σπάσα: pf. ἐσπάκα: Med., aor. I ἐσπασάμην Ep. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. I ἐσπάσθην: pf. ἐσπασμαι:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc.

II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἐσπασε ταύτη γε 'be took nothing by his motion.'

V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔπω.

σπεῖο, Ep. for σπέο, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔπομαι.

σπεῖος, τό, Ep. for σπέος.

ΣΠΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. *spira*, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls *spires*). 3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπεῖραι βόειαι tbongs or straps of ox-hide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman *manipulus*, = two centuries: but also a cohort.



σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα.

σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.

σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.

σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. -άμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρα) a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.

σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.

σπειρ-ούχος, ό, (σπείρα, έχω) containing a spiral figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπερῶ: aor. I έσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2 έσπάρην [ά]: pf. έσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ή σπειρομένη Αίγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. *serere arenam*. II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.

σπείσαι, σπείσας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.

σπείσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.

σπείσω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ό, the Lat. *speculātor*, a guard.

ΣΠΕΝΔΩ, f. σπείσω: aor. I έσπεισα Ep. σπείσα: Pass., aor. I έσπείσθην: pf. έσπεισμαι:—there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδεσκε, σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδῃσθα:—to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοίς, Διί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle. II. Med., f. σπείσομαι: pf. έσπεισμαι (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι ειρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι ανάγειν τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.

ΣΠΕ'ΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπείος, gen. σπείους, dat. σπῆϊ, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπείσσι and σπῆεσσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπερμ-άγοραιο-λεκίθο-λάχανο-πωλῖς, ιδος, ή, (σπέρμα, άγοραιός, λέκιθος, λάχανον, πωλέομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget.

σπερμολογέω, f. ήσω, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ή, babbling, gossip.

σπερμολόγος, on, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ό, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, on, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed.

Σπερχείος, ό, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheus*, a river of Thessaly, the *Rapid* (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ή, όν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally, basty, hot, violent.

ΣΠΕ'ΡΧΩ, f. έω: aor. I pass. έσπέρχθην:—to drive, hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or bastyly, to baste; σπέρχεσθαι έρετμοίς to ply rapidly with oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., basty, rapid: of the mind, eager, vehement:—of temper, to be basty, hot; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry with one. II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of έπομαι, as σχείσθαι of έχομαι.

σπείσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπείος.

ΣΠΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. σπείσω: aor. I έσπενυσα, Ep. subj. I pl. σπεύσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. έσπενυσμαι: I. trans. to urge on, press on, hasten, quicken: also to seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr. to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly: to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to baste, hurry.

σπεύδωμεν, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπεύδω.

σπευστέον, verb. Adj. of σπεύδω, one must hasten.

σπῆεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπείος.

σπῆϊ, Ep. dat. sing. of σπείος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπείος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spe-laeum*.

σπήλυγξ, υγγος, ή, (σπείος) = σπήλαιον, Lat. *spe-lunca*.

ΣΠ'ΔΗ'Σ, ές gen. έος, only in Il. II. 754, διὰ σπιδέος πεδίοιο through the far-stretched, broad plain.

ΣΠ'ΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat. *pipio*.

ΣΠ'ΘΑ'ΜΗ', ή, the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *dodrans*:—as a measure, about 7½ inches.

ΣΠ'ΛΑ'Σ, άδος, ή, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock, cave.

ΣΠ'ΛΟΣ, ό, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemish. Hence

σπῖλώω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. έσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάρῖξ, ιγγος, ή, and σπινθάρῖς, ιδος, ή, = σπινθήρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘΗ'Ρ, ήρος, ό, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.

σπίνος [ι], ό, (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of finch.

σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I έσπλαγχνίσθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, ό, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

**σπλάγχνον**, τό:—mostly in plur. **σπλάγχνα**, τά, Lat. *viscera*, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. *visceratio*. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

**ΣΠΛΗΝ**, ὁ, gen. **σπληνός**, the milt, spleen.

**σπογγία**, ἡ, = **σπόγγος**, a sponge, Lat. *spongia*.

**σπογγίζω**, f. **ίσω**, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

**σπογγίον**, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

**ΣΠΟΤΤΟΣ** Att. **σφόγγος**, ὁ, a sponge.

**σποδά**, ἡ, Lacon. for σπουδή.

**σποδ-εῦνης**, es, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on ashes.

**σποδέω**, f. **ήσω**, (σποδός) to beat off ashes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδούμενος νιφάδι pelted by the storm; σποδούμενος πρὸς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς κακῶς σποδούμενος an army handled roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

**σποδιά** Ion. -**ιή**, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of ashes: ashes.

**σποδίζω**, f. **ίσω** Att. **ιῶ**, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

**ΣΠΟΔΟΣ**, ἡ, ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς κυλίκων a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

**σποδόω**, f. **ώσω**, to burn to ashes:—Med. to strew with ashes.

**σπολάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For στολάς, from στέλλω.)

**σπόμενος**, aor. 2 part. med. of ἔπομαι.

**σπονδ-αρχία**, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

**σπονδεῖος**, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδεῖος (sub. πούς), ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τῆμῃ, so called because at σπονδαί slow solemn melodies were used.

**σπονδή**, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. *libatio*: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονδαί, αἱ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαὶ ἄκρητοι a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδὰς τέμνειν (like ὅρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

**σπονδο-φόρος**, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

**σπονδύλη**, ἡ, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [ῥ]

**σπορά**, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II. the seed sown. 2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὺς σπορά the female race.

**σποράδην**, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. *passim*. [ᾱ]

**σποράς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ Σποράδες (sub. νῆσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

**σπορεύς**, ἑως, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

**σπορητός**, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀμητός.

**σπόριμος**, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

**σπόρος**, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

**σπου**, in Scythian, an eye.

**σπουδάξω**, f. -**άσομαι**: aor. I ἐσπούδασα: pf. ἐσπούδακα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπούδάσθην: pf. ἐσπούδασμαι: (σπουδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

**σπουδαιολογέω**, f. **ήσω**, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

**σπουδαιο-λόγος**, ον, (σπουδαῖος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

**σπουδαῖος**, α, ον, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαῖος εἰς ὄψιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -έστατος. Hence

**σπουδαῖως**, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

**σπουδ-άρχης**, ον, ὁ, (σπουδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

**σπουδ-αρχίδης**, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-άρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

**σπούδασμα**, ατος, τό, (σπουδάξω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

**σπουδαστέος**, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπουδάξω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

**σπουδαστής**, οὔ, ὁ, (σπουδάξω) a zealous supporter.

**σπουδή**, ἡ, (σπεύδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδῇ in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῆν. II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδῆς ἄξιος worth pains: dat. σπουδῇ as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, hardly. 2. σπονδαί in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries. III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπουδῇ, in earnest, seriously. IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπουδὰς through regard of persons, through party influence.

**σπυρίδιον**, τό, Dim. of σπυρίς, a band-basket. [ι]



σπυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a fish-basket.

στάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα τῆς ἀνθεμουργοῦ, periphr. for honey.

στάγων, ὄνος, ἡ, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδαῖος, α, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; ἔγχη σταδαῖα spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἵστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [ᾶ]

στάδιοδραμοῦμαι, irreg. fut. of

στάδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ᾶ], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οἱ, or στάδια, τά:—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὀργυιαί, i.e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about ⅙ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστος 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεῖν ἢ σταδίῳ λαλίστερος more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικᾶν to win a race; ξύλινον στάδιον a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (ἵστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίῳ ὑσμίνῃ a close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑΪΖΩ, fut. στάξω: aor. 1 ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κῆρα ἰδρῶτι to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e.g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἵστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [ᾶ]

στάθερός, ἄ Ion. ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερά μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῆ), the solid earth.

στάθευτός, ἡ, ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From

στάθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry.

στάθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἵστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

σταθμάω, f. ἥσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. II. σταθμάομαι, f. —ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἑσταθησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἡ, (ἵστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρὰ στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homewards. From

σταθμός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οἱ: (ἵσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles. II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts. III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμόν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμόν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμός, f. ὥσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. 1 ἑσταθμωσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταῖην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἵστημι.

σταῖμεν, σταῖτε, σταῖεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταίητε, σταίησαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΑΙΓΣ or σταῖς, τό, gen. σταίτος, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίπινος, η, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἡ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [σῑ]

στάλαγμός, ὁ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping: also = στάλαγμα, a drop.

σταλάσσω, f. ξω, and σταλάω, to fall in drops, drop, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

σταλήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἵστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στηλ-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

\*σταμίν or σταμῖς, ἴνος, ὁ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσσι: (ἵστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱκρία ἀπαρὰν θαμέσι σταμίνεσσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὁ, also ἡ, (ἵστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

σάν, Aeol. for ἔσαν, ἕστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἵστημι.

σταξεῦμεν, Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἡ, (στάζω) a dropping.

στάς, στάσα, σάν, aor. 2 part. of ἵστημι.

στασιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινί against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στασί-αρχος, ὁ, (στάσις, ἄρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

**στασιασμός**, ὁ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition.  
**στασιαστικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάζω) seditious.  
**στάσιμος**, ὄν, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. **στάσιμον**, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.

**στάσις** [ᾱ], εὖς, ἡ, (ἵσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, **στάσις τοῦ νότου**, τῆς μεσημβρίας. 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. 2. sedition, faction.

**στασι-ώδης**, ες, (στάσις, εἶδος) seditious.  
**στασί-ωρον**, τό, = **στάσις ἐν ὄρει**, a mountain-fold; but better **στασί-ωρος**, ὁ, (στάσις, ὥρα) watcher of the station or fold.

**στασιώτης**, ὄν, ὁ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence

**στασιωτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.

**στάσκε**, Ion. for **ἔστη**, 3 sing. aor. 2 of **ἵστημι**.

**στασῶ**, Dor. for **στήσω**, fut. of **ἵστημι**.

**στατήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also **τετράδραχμος**, worth about 3s. 3d. 2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him **Darics**, **στατήρες Δαρεικοί**, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

**στατίζω**, poet. for **ἵστημι**, to place: Pass. **ἵσταμαι**, to stand. II. intr. also in Act., to stand.  
**στατικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ **στατική** (sub. **τέχνη**), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

**στατός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **ἵστημι**, placed, standing; **στατός ἵππος** a stalled or stall-fed horse; **στατὸν ὕδωρ** standing water.  
**σταῦ**, see Σ, σ.

**σταυρός**, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

**σταυρο-φάνης**, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -νῶς.

**σταυρο-φόρος**, ὄν, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross.

**σταυρόω**, f. ὥσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

**σταύρωμα**, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

**σταύρωσις**, ἡ, (σταυρόω) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

**σταφίς**, ἰδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also **ἀσταφίς**. (Akin to **σταφυλή**.)

**ΣΤΑΦΥΛΗ**, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., **σταφύλη**, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; **ἵπποι σταφυλῇ ἐπὶ νῶτον ἱσταί** horses matched in height by the level.

**σταφύλῃς**, ἰδος, ἡ, = **σταφυλή**, a bunch of grapes.  
**σταφύλο-κλοπίδης**, ὄν, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

**στάχυ-τόμος**, ὄν, (στάχυς, τεμείν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

**στάχυ-τρόφος**, ὄν, (στάχυς, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

**στάχυ-φόρος**, ὄν, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

**στάχυ-μήτωρ**, ορος, ἡ, (στάχυς, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

**στάχυό-θριξ**, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυς, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

**στάχυο-στέφανος**, ὄν, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

**ΣΤΑΧΥΣ**, vos, ὁ: pl. nom. and acc. **στάχυες**, -αι, contr. **στάχῡς**:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [σ-]

**στέαρ**, τό, gen. **στέατος** [as trochee], contr. **στήρ**, **στητός**: (ἵστημι):—hard fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to **πιμελή** soft fat, Lat. adeps.

**στεγάζω**, f. ἄσω, = **στέγω**, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

**στεγάνη**, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾱ]

**στεγανός**, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, water-proof. II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

**στεγανῶς**, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. **στεγανώτερον**, more closely.

**στέγ-αρχος**, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the bouse.

**στέγασμα**, ατος, τό, (στεγάζω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

**στεγαστέον**, verb. Adj. of **στεγάζω**, one must cover.

**στεγαστρίς**, ἰδος, ἡ, (στεγάζω) fem. Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

**στέγαστρον**, τό, (στεγάζω) a cover, wrapper.

**στέγη**, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in pl., like Lat. tecta, a bouse, dwelling, abode; **κατὰ στέγας** at home.

**στεγνός**, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from **στεγανός**, covered, close, water-tight.

**στεγνο-φυής**, ἐς, (στεγνός, φυή) of a thick nature.

**στέγος**, εος, τό, = **στέγη**, a roof: a bouse. 2. an urn for the dead.

**ΣΤΕΓΩ**, f. ξω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., **νῆες οὐδὲν στέγουσαι** ships not water-tight. 2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med., **στέγεσθαι ὁμβροῦς** to keep off rain from oneself. II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold. 2. to bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret. III. to hold water; **τὸ μὴ στέγον** a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

**ΣΤΕΙΒΩ**, fut. **στείψω**: aor. 2 **ἔστιβον**:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; **στείβον ἐν βόθροισιν εἴματα** they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash



them. 2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk; χορὸν στεῖβειν to tread a measure, dance: to tread, walk on a road, etc.:—Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.

στεῖλα, Ep. for ἔστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

στελειά Ion. -εῖ, ἡ, (στέλλω) the bole for the handle of an axe. Hence

στελειόν, τό, the handle or belve of an axe fitted into the στελειά.

στειν-αὐχὴν, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στείνος Ion. for στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στεινό-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενό-πορος.

στείνος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στεῖνος, εος, τό, (στείνω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στεῖνος ὁδοῦ a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph. press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.

στεινώω, (στείνος) Ion. for στενώω, = στείνω.

στείνω, (στείνος) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten:—Pass. to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.

στειν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός.

στελόμεν, Ep. for στῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στεῖρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, (στεῖρος) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στεῖρα, ἡ, pecul. fem. of στεῖρος, barren.

στεῖρος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) barren, Lat. sterilis.

ΣΤΕΙΨΩ, f. στεῖψω: aor. I ἔστειψα: aor. 2 ἔστίψον:—to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato,

στεῖψεν ὁδόν to go a journey; also, ἀνὴρ ὀπλίτης κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στεῖψεν an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στεῖω, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στελεά Ion. -εῖ, ἡ, = στελειή.

στελεόν, τό, = στελειόν, a handle. Hence

στελεώω, f. ὥσω, to fit with a handle or haft.

στελεχη-τόμος, ον, (στελέχος, τεμῖν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στελεχόω, f. ὥσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεόν.

στέλλω, fut. στέλω Ep. στελέω: aor. I ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἑστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. ἑσταλμαι: plqpf. ἑστάλην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στεῖλαι to fit out an armament:—Med., στεῖλαισθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes:—Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked. II. to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an expedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, travel. 2. intr. in Act. to start, set forth. III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα to send for one.

IV. as a nautical term, ἱστία στέλλειν to take in sail, shorten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

στελμωνῖαι, αἱ, (τελαμών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. στέμματα, τά, a sbrine decked with chaplets.

στεμματώω, f. ὥσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στεναγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάζω) a groan, moaning.

στεναγμός, ὁ, (στενάζω) a groaning, moaning.

στενάζω, f. ὄξω, Frequentat. of στένω, to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στενάζω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αὐχὴν, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στενᾶχίζω, f. ἴσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενάχω [ᾱ], lengthd. form for στένω, to sigh, groan, moan: metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοὰ στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fulness. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From

στενο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler.

στενό-πορθμος, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait.

στενό-πορος Ion. στεν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or outlet:—τὰ στενόπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ion. στείνος, ἡ, ὄν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: ἐν στενῷ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενόν the strait (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ἡ, a narrow strip of land. II.

metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ion. στεινότερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur. Hence

στενός Ion. στείνος, εος, τό, a strait, difficulty, trouble.

στενότερος, Comp. of στενός, ἡ, ὄν.

στενότης Ion. στειν-, ητος, ἡ, (στενός) narrowness, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ἥσω, (στενός, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room. II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ἡ, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph. straits, difficulty, distress.

στενός, f. ὥσω, (στενός) to make narrow.

Στέντωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor.

στενυγρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στένω, only used in pres. and impf., (στενός) to sigh, groan, moan. 2. transit. to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore.

στεν-ωπός Ion. στείν-ωπός, ὄν, (στενός, ὤψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arctus. 2. as Subst., στενωπός, ἡ, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. angiportus.

στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέφω) crowned.

στέργηθρον, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm. II. love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, ατος, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.

στέργοισα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of

ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐστεργα: pf. 2 ἐστοργα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέρχην: pf. ἐστεργμαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people. II. to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III. to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc. IV. to pray, beg, entreat that . . , c. acc. et inf.

ΣΤΕΡΕΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. rigidus. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel. II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic; στερεὸς ἀριθμός a cubic number. Hence στερεότης, ητος, ἡ, stiffness, firmness.

στερεό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (στερεός, φρήν) hard or firm of soul, stubborn-bearded.

στερεόω, f. ὥσω, (στερεός) to make firm or strong: to confirm.

στερέσαι, aor. I inf. of στερέω.

ΣΤΕΡΕ΄Ω, fut. στερήσω Att. στερεῶ: aor. I ἐστέρησα, Ep. inf. στερέσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, στεροῦμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστερήθην, ἐστέρημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything. II. to take away a thing: Pass. to have a thing taken away.

στερέωμα, ατος, τό, (στερέω) a solid body. 2. a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness. 3. the firmament of heaven.

στερεῶς, Adv. of στερεός, firmly, strongly, fast.

στέρημα, ατος, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.

στέρησις, ἡ, (στερέω) privation, loss.

στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.

στερίσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.

στέριφος, η, ον, = στερεός, στερρός, firm, hard, solid. II. unfruitful: of women, barren.

στερκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, to be loved, lovely.

ΣΤΕΡΝΟΝ, τό, the breast, chest. 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart.

στερνα-τύπης, ἐς, (στέρνων, τυπῆναι) of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast. Hence

στερνοτύπια, ἡ, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. planctus.

στερν-οῦχος, ον, (στέρνων, ἔχω) with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.

ΣΤΕΡΟΜΑΙ, Pass., aor. 2 ἐστέρην:—collat. form of στερέομαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.

στεροπή, ἡ, = ἀστεροπή, ἀστραπή, a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare.

στεροπ-ηγερέτᾱ, ὁ, (στεροπή, ἀγείρω) Acol. for στεροπηγερέτης, collector of lightning.

Στερότης, ον, ὁ, (στεροπή) Lightner, name of one of the three Cyclopes.

στέροψ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.

στερρό-γυιος, ον, (στερρός, γυῖον) strong-limbed.

στερρός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen. II. of countries, hard, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis. III. stiff with age. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel. Hence

ΣΤΕΡΦΟΣ, τό, a bide, skin.

ΣΤΕΡΩ, see στέρομαι.

στερρῶς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.

στεῦμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεῦται, στεῦτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στεῦνται: (ἵστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.

στεφανεύνται, Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.

στεφάνη [ᾱ], ἡ, (στέφω) anything that encircles the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet. II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a head-dress. III. the brim or border of anything, brow of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφάνηπλόκειω, f. ἥσω, (στεφανηπλόκος) to plait wreaths or chaplets.

στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, the wreath-market. From

στεφάνη-πλόκος, ον, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) plaiting wreaths or chaplets.

στεφάνηφορέω, f. ἥσω, (στεφανηφόρος) to wear a wreath or chaplet. Hence

στεφάνηφορία, ἡ, the wearing a wreath of victory. II. the right of wearing a crown.

στεφάνη-φόρος, ον, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; ἄγων στεφανηφόρος a contest in which the prize was a crown. II. στεφανηφόροι, οἱ, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στεφάνίζω, f. σω: Dor. aor. I ἐστεφάνιξα: (στέφανος):—to crown.

στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνισκος, ὁ, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνιτης [ι], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, (στέφανος) of



or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης ἀγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, ὁ, (στέφω) that which encircles; στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war. II. a crown, wreath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma.

These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κύτινος) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφανόω, f. ὥσω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανος):—to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περὶ νῆσον πόντος ἐστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island. II. to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανοῦν εὐαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings:—Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown:—Med. to crown oneself, win a crown. 2. to crown, honour. III. in Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ῶδης, ες, (στέφανος, εἶδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στεφανόω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐστεψα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέφθην: pf. ἐστεμμαι:—to put round as a crown. II. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath:—Med. to crown oneself:—Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2. generally, to crown, to honour.

στέωμεν, Ion. for στῶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στήης, στήη, Ep. for στῆς, στῆ, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στήθειςφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

στηθο-μελής, ες, (στήθος, μέλος) singing with or from the breast.

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, the breast, chest, Lat. pectus. II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. e. the feelings, affections: cf. στέρνον.

στήκω, formed from ἔστηκα, pf. of ἵστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατὰ τὴν στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post; the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta: —Στήλαι Ἡρακλήαι the pillars of Hercules.

στηλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [i] στηλίτεύω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στηλίτης [i], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στημορ-ράγιω, f. ἤσω, (στήμων, ραγῆναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to shreds.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στητός, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στηρίγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στηρίγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.

ΣΤΗΡΙΞΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστήριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἐστηρίχθην: pf. ἐστήριγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐστήρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. III. the Act. also is intrans. to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ἵστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἵστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στιβάρος, ἄ, ὄν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτερος. Adv. -ρῶς, closely.

στιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rushes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στιβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στιβέω, f. ἤσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στείβω):—to tread, walk upon; πᾶν ἐστίβηται πέδον all the plain has been traversed, searched.

στίβη [i], ἡ, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στίβος [i], ὁ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep; κατὰ στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στιγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματίζω, to bear brand-marks. From

στιγματίζω, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ἡ, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a ma-

thematical point, Lat. punctum.

jot, tittle: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ'ΖΩ, f. στίξω: aor. I ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἔστιγμαι, inf. ἐστίχθαι:—to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark; στίγματα στίξιν τινά to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίξιν to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted. 3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίξω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χρῶς, ὄν, contr. -χρῶς, οὖν, (στικτός, χρῶς) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙ'ΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten; στίλβειν ἀστράπας to flash lightning.

2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙ'ΛΗ [ι], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (στίλβω) glittering, glistening.

\*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. στιχός, and in nom. and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός or στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στείβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*: hence sturdy, tough, stout.

στίφος, εὖς, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεῶν στίφος the close array of the ships; στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ἄ, ὄν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, ὁ, (στίχος, αἰδῶ) a verse-maker, poet.

στίχας, acc. pl. of \*στίξ.

στίχάω, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. στιχάομαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστιχῶντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἱ, pl. nom. of \*στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ὄν, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses.

στίχος [ι], ὁ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχός, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στίχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees. II. a line of writing, a verse.

στίχός, τῆς, gen. from \*στίξ.

ΣΤΛΕΓΓΙ'Σ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἵστημι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*.

II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for corn. 2. ἡ βασιλείος στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεύς sat. 3. the Poecile, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called οἱ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάξω, f. ἄσω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

στοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up. II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχεῖον, τό, Dim. of στοῖχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language.

2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements. 3. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, f. ἤσω, (στοῖχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγχορέω, f. ἤσω, (στοῖχος, ἀγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f. ἴσω, (στοῖχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοῖχος, ὁ, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατὰ στοῖχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file. II. a line of poles with hunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ὄν, ἄ (στόλος, ἄρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) going in a body. II. as Subst., στολάς, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολιδόω, f. ὠσω, (στολίσ) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδῶμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδύω) a fold of a robe.

στολιδῶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στολιδύω, folded, hanging in folds.

στολίζω, f. ἴσω, (στολίσ) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολίσ, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρῶν στολίδες garments of sawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὁ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ὁ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ἰδίῳ στόλῳ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινῷ στόλῳ in a journey on behalf of the state. 2. the purpose or cause of a journey.

3. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρόπας στόλος all the people. II. a ship's beak.

στόμα Aeol. στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. *os*, *oris*; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. *ora*, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face; κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα πτολέμοιο the very jaws of battle. 2. the mouth, tongue: speech, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memory;



ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἐξ ἑνὸς στόματος with one voice, all at once. II. the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces: also a cleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weapons, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies: also the front ranks of the battle, the front; οἱ ἀπὸ στόματος the front ranks; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμαργος Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στοματ-ουργός, ὄν, (στόμα, \*ἔργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, ὄ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II. the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt. III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομόω, f. ὠσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, harden.

στομφάξω, f. ἄσω, (στόμφος) to rant, mouth: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στομφαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, ἡ, (στόμφος) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, ὄ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, bombast, rant.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομόω) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ἡ, (στομόω) a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν ἔχον a mouth that has much mouting or sharpness of tongue.

στοναχέω, f. ἤσω, (στοναχή) to groan, sigh, moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στοναχή, ἡ, (στενάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνος, ὄ, (στένω) a groaning, sighing, wailing.

στόνουξ, ὕχος, ὄ, like ὄνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ἡ, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΥΜΙ shortd. στόρνυμι, by metath.

στρώνυμι and στρωνύω: fut. στορέσω Att. στορῶ, also στρώσω: aor. I ἐστόρεσα, also ἐστρώσα: pf. pass. ἐστρωμαι:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχος στορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, ὁδὸν μυρσίνησι στορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level; ὁδὸν στορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

στορέσαι, aor. I inf. of στορέννυμι.

στορεσεύντι, Dor. for στορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of στορέννυμι.

στορεστής, οὔ, ὄ, (στορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

στόρνυμι, a later form of στορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. —άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος):—to aim or shoot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοχάζομαι) able to hit: able to guess, sbrewd, sagacious. Adj. —κῶς.

ΣΤΟΧΟΣ, ὄ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγεύω, f. σω, (στράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγεύομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ἡ, (στράγγε, οὐρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουριάω, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΩ, fut. στράγγω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress.

στράγγε, ἡ, gen. στραγγός, (στράγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ον, ὄ, (στράτος, ἄρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ὄ, = στρατάρχης.

στρατάω, (στράτος) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατεύοντο.

στράτεια Ion. —ήνη, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατείας εἶναι to be on foreign service; οἶκοι καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεια, ἡ, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva.

στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στρατεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στράτευσις, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. one must march. From

στρατεύω, f. σω, (στράτος) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, having been a soldier.

στράτηγιον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον.

στράτηγέω, f. ἤσω, (στρατηγός) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command. II.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στράτηγμα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στράτηγία Ion. —ία, ἡ, (στρατηγός) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στράτηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

**στρατηγικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. scientia rei militaris. II. fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters. Adv. -κῶς, like a general.

**στρατήγιον**, τό, (στρατηγός) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings. II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp.

**στρατηγίς**, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general; πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναὺς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ἡ στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

**στράτ-ηγός**, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. at Athens, οἱ στρατηγοί were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. στρατηγὸς ὑπάτος the Roman Consul; στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.

**στρατήγη**, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.  
**στράτληδασία** Ion. -λη, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

**στράτληδᾶν**, f. ἤσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

**στράτ-ηλάτης** [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

**στράτιά** Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (στρατός) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II. = στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

**στράτι-άρχος**, ὁ, = στρατόρχης, a general.

**στράτιος**, ου, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στράτιον as Adv., valiantly.

**στράτιότης**, ου, ὁ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military service: a soldier. Hence

**στράτιωτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. ἀργύριον), the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλῆθος) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

**στρατιωτικῶς**, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

**στράτιωτις**, ἴδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίς (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, a troop-ship, transport.

**στράτο-λογέω**, f. ἤσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

**στράτό-μαντις**, εως, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

**στράτοπεδ-άρχης**, ου, ὁ, (στρατόπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

**στράτο-πέδεια**, ἡ, and

**στράτο-πέδευσις**, ἡ, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

**στράτοπεδεύω**, also as Dep. **στρατοπεδεύομαι**, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

**στράτο-πέδον**, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τὰ, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure. 2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army. 3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

**ΣΤΡΑΤΟ΄Σ**, ὁ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament. II. the soldiers as opp. to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

**στρατόφι**, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

**Στράτ-ωνίδης**, ου, ὁ, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατ-ώνης (στρατός, ὠνέομαι) a dealer in armies.

**στράφεις**, **στράφῃναι**, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

**στραφθῆς**, aor. 1 pass. part. of στρέφω.

**στρέβλη**, ἡ, (στρεβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press. II. an instrument of torture, rack.

**στρεβλός**, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted.

**στρεβλόω**, f. ὠσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

**στρέμμα**, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.

**στρέπτ-αιγλος**, η, ου, (στρέφω, αἶγλη) whirling-bright.

**στρεπτήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

**στρεπτός**, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτῶν a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτά, τὰ, necklaces. II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλῶσσα a glib, pliant tongue. III. bent, curved.

**στρεπτο-φόρος**, ου, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

**στρεύγομαι**, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

**στρεφε-δινέω**, f. ἤσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

**στρεφθῆς**, aor. 1 pass. part. of στρέφω.

**ΣΤΡΕΨΩ**, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἔστρεψα Ep. στρέψα: pf. ἔστροφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἑστρέφην Dor. ἑστράφην: aor. 2 ἑστράφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἑστραμμαι.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ἵππους στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II. to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III.

to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph.

to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept. VI.

intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to



turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, to revolve, circle.

2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεισθαι* to twist about, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, to shuffler, evade; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφεισθαι* to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion.

3. c. gen., *στρέφεισθαι τινας* to turn oneself to, attend to.

II. to attach oneself, stick close, adhere.

III. of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated.

IV. to roam about: of things, to be rife.

*στρέψασκον*, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *στρέφω*.

*στρέψις*, εως, ἡ, (στρέφω) a turning, twisting.

*στρεψο-δικέω*, f. ἤσω, (στρέφω, δίκη) to twist or pervert justice.

*στρεψοδικο-πανουργία*, ἡ, (στρεψοδικέω, πανουργία) cunning villany in the perversion of justice.

*ΣΤΡΗΝΗ'Σ*, ες, rough, barsb, grating.

*στηνιάω*, f. άσω [ā], (στηνός) to riot, to wax wanton.

*στηνός*, εως, τό, (στηνής) excess of strength: insolence, wantonness.

*στρίβιλίκιγξ*, Comic word, the very least fraction or particle.

*ΣΤΡΙ'ΖΩ*, collat. form of *τρίζω*, to cry in a shrill tone, to scream.

*στροβέω*, f. ἤσω, (στρόβος):—to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy:—Pass., with fut. med. *στροβήσομαι*, to spin round and round. Hence

*στροβητός*, ἡ, ὄν, whirled round or about.

*στροβιλίζω*, f. ίσω, (στρόβιλος) to twist about.

*στρόβιλος*, ὁ, (στροβέω) anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pine-cone.

2. a whirlwind.

3. a whirling dance, pirouette.

*στροβιλός*, ἡ, ὄν, (στροβέω) spinning, whirling.

*στροβιλώδης*, ες, (στρόβιλος, εἶδος) like a pine-cone.

*στρόβος*, ὁ, (στρέφω) a whirling round.

*στρογγύλλω*, (στρογγύλος) to round off: to twirl.

*στρογγύλος* [ῥ], ἡ, ὄν, (σπάγγω) round, rounded;

*στρογγύλη ναὺς* a merchant ship, from its round shape, opp. to the long ship of war (*μακρὰ ναὺς*), Lat. *navis longa*.

II. metaph. well-rounded, neat, terse.

*στρομβέω*, f. ἤσω, (σρόμβος) = *στροβέω*, to whirl.

*στρομβηδόν*, Adv. (στρομβέω) spinning like a ball.

*στρόμβος*, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything whirled round, a top.

2. a spiral shell.

*στρούθειος*, α, ὄν, (στρουθός) of or for small birds:

*στρούθειον μῆλον* a quince.

*στρουθίον*, τό, Dim. of *στρουθός*, a young sparrow.

*ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟ'Σ*, ὁ, also ἡ, any small bird, esp. a sparrow.

II. any bird, as an eagle:—ὁ μέγας *στρουθός* the large bird, the ostrich, called *στρουθός* κατάγαιος from its running along the ground: also simply *στρουθός* (ἡ).

*στροφαῖος*, α, ὄν, (στροφή) cunning, versatile; also (from *στροφεύς*) standing at the door-post:—name of Mercury, in both senses.

*στροφάλιγξ*, ιγγοι, ἡ, (στροφάλιζω) a whirl, eddy. [ā]

*στροφάλιζω*, a lengthd. form of *στρέφω*, to turn quickly; *ἡλάκατα στροφάλιζειν* to whirl the spindle.

*στροφάς*, ἄδοι, ὁ, ἡ, (στρέφω) whirling, circling; ἀρκτου *στροφάδες κέλευθοι* the Bear's circling paths.

*στροφεῖον*, τό, (στρέφω) a twisted noose, cord.

2. a wooden windlass.

*στροφεύς*, εως, ὁ, (στρέφω) one of the vertebrae.

II. the socket in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. *στροφίγξ*.

*στροφίω*, = *στρέφω*: esp. to have the colic.

*στροφή*, ἡ, (στρέφω) a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling.

2. a twist, a slippery trick.

3. in Music, a twist or turn.

II. the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the ὀρχήστρα: hence also the song sung during this evolution, the strophe, to which the ἀντιστροφή answers.

*στροφίγξ*, ιγγοι, ὁ, (στρέφω) the pivot or axle on which a body turns.

2. *στροφίγγεις* were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. *στροφείς*.

3. *στροφίγξ γλώττης*, of a well-bung tongue.

*στρόφιον*, τό, Dim. of *στροφός*, a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast.

*στροφίς*, ιος, ἡ, (στρέφω) a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler.

*στροφίς*, ἰδος, ἡ, = *στρόφιον*, a band, girdle.

*στροφο-δινέομαι*, Pass. (στροφός, δινέομαι) to wheel eddying round, of birds.

*στροφός*, ὁ, (στρέφω) a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope.

2. a swaddling-band.

II. a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. *tormina*.

*Στρυμόνιαι* Ion. -ίης, ὁ, a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind.

*Στρυμόνιος*, α, ὄν, of the Strymon. From

*Στρυμών*, ὄνος, ὁ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace.

*στρυφνός*, ἡ, ὄν, (στυφώ) sour, barsb, rough to the taste.

II. metaph. sour, barsb, austere, morose.

*στρώμα*, ατος, τό, (σπώννυμι) anything spread out for lying or sitting upon: in pl. the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. *vestis stragula*.

*στρωμάτο-δεσμον*, τό, (σπώμα, δεσμός) a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes.

*στρωματο-φύλαξ*, ακος, ὁ, (σπώμα, φύλαξ) one who has the care of the bedding.

*στρωμνή*, ἡ, a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding. From

*σπώννυμι* and *σπώννυω*, f. *σπώσω*, formed by metath. from *στόρνυμι*, *στορέννυμι*: v. *στορέννυμι*.

*σπώσον*, aor. I imperat. of *σπώννυμι*.

*σπρωτός*, ἡ, ὄν, (σπώννυμι) spread, laid, covered, Lat. *stratus*, of bed-furniture.

*σπρωφάω*, Ion. Frequent. of *στρέφω*, as *τρωπάω* for *τρέπω*:—to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding:—Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. *versari*, to stay or dwell in a place.

*στυγ-άνωρ* [ā], οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (στυγέω, ἀνήρ) bating the man or men in general.

**στυγερός**, ἄ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. bearing malice or hatred towards a man.

**στυγερ-ώπης**, ες, and **στυγερ-ωπός**, ὄν, (στυγερός, ὦψ) *with hateful look*: *bateful*.

**στυγερώς**, Adv. of **στυγερός**, *to one's sorrow, miserably*.

**στυγέω**, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), aor. I ἐστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 ἐστυγον: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—*to bate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than **μισέω**, *to express abhorrence*. II. *to make bateful or horrid*.

Hence

**στύγημα**, ατος, τό, *a bated object, abomination*. [ῥ]

**στυγητός**, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, loathed*: *bateful*.

**Στύγιος**, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Στύξ) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian*. II. = **στυγητός**. [ῥ]

**στυγνάζω**, f. ἄσω, (στυγνός) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance*.

**στυγνός**, ἡ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abhorred, bateful, hostile*. II. *sad, gloomy*, Lat. *tristis*:—neut., **στυγνόν** as Adv., *gloomily*.

**στυγνόω**, f. ὠσω, (στυγνός) *to make sad or gloomy*:—Pass. *to be or become gloomy*.

**στυγό-δεμνος**, ον, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) *bating the marriage-bed*.

**στύγος**, εος, τό, (στυγέω) *hatred, abhorrence*: *gloom, horror*. II. *an object of hatred, an abomination*. [ῥ]

**ΣΤΥΛΟΣ**, ὁ, *a pillar*: also, 2. *a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship*.

**στυλόω**, f. ὠσω, (στυλος) *to support with pillars*.

**στύμα** [ῥ], ατος, τό, Aeol. for **στόμα**.

**ΣΤΥΞ**, ἡ, gen. **Στυγός**, *the Styx*, i. e. *the Hateful, Horrible*, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths. II. *that which is hated, an abomination*.

**στύξαιμι**, aor. I opt. of **στυγέω**.

**στυπεῖον** or **στυππεῖον**, τό, like **στύπη**, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: *a rope or balter made of it*.

**στυπειο-πώλης** or **στυππ-**, ον, ὁ, (στυπεῖον, πωλείω) *a hemp or rope-seller*.

**ΣΤΥΨΗ**, ἡ, *tow, the coarse part of flax or hemp*. [ῥ]

**στύπος**, εος, τό, (στύφω) *a stem, stump*, Lat. *stipes*: also *a stick*. [ῥ]

**στυπηρία** Ion. -ίη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *an astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

**στυπήριος**, α, ον, (στύφω) *binding, astringent*.

**στυράκιον**, τό, Dim. of **στύραξ**. [ᾱ]

**ΣΤΥΡΑΞ**, ἄκος, ὁ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft*. [ῥ]

**ΣΤΥΡΑΞ**, ἄκος, ἡ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax*. [ῥ]

**στυφελιγμός**, ὁ, *a striking, beating, pushing about*: generally, *ill-usage*. From

**στυφελίζω**, f. ξω, (στυφελός) *to thrust or push*

*rudely, shake, smite*: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat*.

**στυφελός**, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (στύφω) *close, solid, tough*: of flavour, *sour, acid*. 2. metaph. *barb, crabbed, cruel*.

**στυφλός**, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, shortd. from **στυφελός**, *bard, rugged*. 2. *rough, stern*.

**στυφο-κόπος**, ον, (στύπος, κόπτω) *striking with a stick*.

**στύφω**, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., **χείλεα στυφθεῖς** *having one's lips drawn in*. [ῥ]

**στωά**, ἡ, Dor. for **στοά**.

**στωικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico*. II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: **Στωικός**, ὁ, *a Stoic*.

**στωμύλιω**, = **στωμύλλω**. Hence

**στωμύλια**, ἡ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip*.

**στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης**, ον, ὁ, (στωμύλια, συλλέγω) *a gossip-monger*.

**στωμύλλω** or as Dep. **στωμύλλομαι**, (στωμύλος) *to be talkative, to chatter, prate*: in good sense, *to talk, converse*.

**στώμυλμα**, ατος, τό, = **στωμύλια**, *chattering*: of persons, *a gossip, chatterer*.

**στωμύλος**, ον, (στόμα) *mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent*. [ῥ]

**ΣΥ** Dor. **ΤΥ**, Lat. **TU, THOU**; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. **τύνη**:—gen. σου, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σεῦ, σέο, σεῖο, σέθεν, enclit. σευ, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd. τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Aeol. and Dor. τεῦς, τεοῦς.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τεῖν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφῶι, σφῶ: gen. and dat. σφῶιν, σφῶν: pl. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν or ὑμῖν, ὑμᾶς, Ep. ὑμεας.

**συ-αγρεσία**, ἡ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *a boar-hunt*.

**σύ-αγρος**, ὁ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *one who hunts wild boars*.

**Συβαρίζω**, f. ἴσω, *to live like a Sybarite*, i. e. *luxuriously, effeminately*. From

**Συβαρίς** [ῥ], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, *Sybaris*, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.

**Συβαρίτης** [ῖ], ον, ὁ, (Συβαρίς) *a Sybarite*: *a luxurious liver, voluptuary*.

**Συβαρίτικος**, ἡ, ὄν, (Συβαρίς) *of or like to Sybaris*.

**Συβαρίτις**, ιδος, fem. of **Συβαρίτης**, *a woman of Sybaris*.

**σὺβήνη**, ἡ, *a flute-case*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

**σὺ-βόσιον**, or rather **σὺ-βοσεῖον**, τό, (σῦς, βόσκω) *a herd of swine*. II. *a pigsty*.

**Σύ-βοτα** [ῥ], τά, (σῦς, βόσκω) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite*; originally, *swine-pastures*.

**σὺ-βότης** and **σὺ-βώτης**, ον, ὁ, (σῦς, βόσκω) *a swineherd*.

**σύγ-γάμος**, ον, (σύν, γαμέω) *united in marriage, married, wedded*: as Subst., **σύγγαμος**, ὁ, ἡ, *a bus-*



band or wife. 2. sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.

συγγείτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on. συγγελάω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.

συγγένεια, ἡ, (συγγενής) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin. 2. kinsfolk, kin, family.

συγγενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγίγνομαι.

συγγενέτειρα, ἡ, a common mother: fem. of

συγγενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father.

συγγενής, ἐς, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. II. of the same stock, descent or family, akin: οἱ συγγενεῖς kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ συγγενές, = συγγένεια, kin, relationship. 2. metaph. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.

συγγενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kinsmen. Adv. -κῶς, like kinsfolk.

συγγέρων, οντος, ὁ, (σύν, γέρον) a fellow in old age.

συγγεωργέω, f. ἥσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From

συγγεωργός, ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.

συγγηθίω, f. ἥσω, to rejoice with.

συγγηράσκω, f. -άσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old together with.

σύν-γηρος, ον, (σύν, γῆρας) growing old together.

σύν-γίγνομαι later -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι:—to be with, hold communication or associate with, live with, hold intercourse with, converse with. 2. to come to assist. 3. absol. to come together, meet.

σύν-γινώσκω later -γινώσκω: f. συγγινώσομαι: aor. 2 συνέγνω: pf. συνέγνωκα:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree. II. to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in Med. to grant, allow. III. συγγινῶναι ἑαυτῷ to be conscious. IV. to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.

σύν-γινωια, ἡ, = συγγνώμη.

σύν-γνώμη, ἡ, (σύν-γινῶναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.

σύν-γινωμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σύν-γινῶναι) inclined to make allowance, indulgent. II. of things, pardonable.

σύν-γινωμοσύνη, ἡ, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From

σύν-γινῶναι, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν-γινῶναι) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent. II. pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.

σύν-γινῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγινώσκω.

σύν-γινωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of συγγινώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.

σύν-γονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Subst., σύγγονος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

σύν-γραμμά, ατος, τό, (σύν-γράφω) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.

σύν-γραφεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (σύν-γράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. II. συγγραφεῖς, οἱ, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.

σύν-γραφῆ, ἡ, (σύν-γράφω) a writing or noting down. II. that which is written, a book, a history. 2. a written contract, a covenant, engagement. III. work done by contract.

σύν-γραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to writing history. From

σύν-γράφω, f. ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe. II. to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc., πόλεμον συγγραφεῖν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose. III. to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written contract. 2. to draw up a resolution. IV. to paint by contract.

σύν-γυμνάζω, f. ἄσω, to exercise with.

σύν-καθαιρέω Ion. -καταιρέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 2 συγκαθεῖλον:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

σύν-καθαρμόζω, f. σω, to join in arranging or burying.

σύν-καθίζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: Med.:—to sit with or together.

σύν-καθεῖργω Ion. συγ-κατείργω, to shut up or enclose with others.

σύν-καθίλω, f. -ελκύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -είλκυσα: fut. pass. -ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ἔλκω):—to drag down, destroy with.

σύν-καθεύδω, f. ἥσω, to sleep with.

σύν-κάθημαι, properly pf. of συγκαθίζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.

σύν-καθίζω, f. ἥσω, to make to sit or place together:—Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation. II. intr. also in Act. to sit with.

σύν-καθήμι, f. -καθήσω, to let down with or together:—Pass. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.

σύν-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.

σύν-καίω Att. -κάω [ᾱ]: fut. -καύσω:—to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo.

σύν-κάκοπαθίω, f. ἥσω, to suffer with or together. II. to feel with or for any one in suffering.

σύν-κάκουχέομαι, Pass. (σύν, κακουχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.

σύν-κάλιω, f. ἑσω: pf. -κέκληκα pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself. 2. to call together, invite to a feast.

σύν-καλυπτίος, α, ον, to be covered or veiled: and

σύν-καλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, covered, enwrapped. From

συγ-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, shroud:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.

συγ-κάμνω, f. -κάμῃμαι: aor. 2 -έκᾱμον:—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ἡ, (συγκάμπω) a joint.

συγ-κάμπω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee:—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κάσιγνήτη, ἡ, one's own sister.

σύγ-κάσις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to condescend.

συγ-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβᾶλῶ: aor. 2 -κατέβαλον:—to pay down together.

συγκατάβασις, ἡ, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condescension, submission, accommodation.

συγ-καταγηράσκω, f. -γηράσομαι [ᾱ]:—to grow old with or together.

συγ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with: to join in bringing back.

συγ-καταδαρθάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to sleep with.

συγ-καταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγ-καταδουλόω, f. ὠσω, to join in enslaving.

συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω: aor. 2 -κατίδυν:—to sink or set together with.

συγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph., συγκαταζεύξαι τινα ἄτη to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγκατάθεσις, ἡ, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγ-καταθέω, to make an inroad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγ-καταίθω, to burn all together.

συγ-καταίνεω, f. έσω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγ-κάταινος, ον, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγ-καταιρέω, Ion. for συγκαθαιρέω.

συγ-κατακαίω Att. -κάω [ᾱ]: f. -καύσω:—to burn down along with:—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγ-κατακλείω Ion. -κλήϊω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγ-κατακλίνω, to make lie down with:—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγ-κατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς, ᾱσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to slay with or together.

συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to help to depose.

συγ-καταμίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγ-καταναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering.

συγ-κατανέμω, to allot jointly:—Med. to share among themselves.

συγ-καταπλήμνημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγ-καταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ], to pour over at the same time:—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 2. to furnish completely.

συγ-κατασκηνόω, f. ὠσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγ-κατασκηπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγ-κατασπάω, f. -σπάσω [ᾱ], to pull down together. II. to gulp down together.

συγ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγ-κατατάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγ-κατατίθειμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγ-κατατρώγω, aor. 2 -έτρώγον, to eat up together.

συγ-καταφαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθίω.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγ-κάτειμι, (σύν, κατά, είμι ibo) to go down with.

συγ-κατείργω, Ion. for συγκαθείργω.

συγ-κατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—to help or join in accomplishing a work: to coöperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying.

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγ-κατεσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat up with or together.

συγ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάττημαι, Ion. for συγκάττημαι.

συγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγ-κατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together:—Med. to bewail with or together.



συγ-κατορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to bury with.

συγ-καττώ, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.

συγκίας, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.

σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to

have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.

III. to be agreed on; δ συγκείμενος χρόνος, or τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms of the agreement.

2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφι since it had been agreed to by them.

συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω.

συγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω; Ion. συγκεκλήμαι.

συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.

συγκέκρμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.

συγκεκράμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράννυμι, in a tempered manner.

συγ-κεκροτημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκροτέω, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.

συγκεκύρηκα, pf. of συγκύρῃω.

συγκέκῡφα, pf. of συγκύπτω.

συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.

συγ-κεντέω, f. ἥσω, to pierce or stab together.

συγ-κεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. -κέκρμαι pass. -κέκρμαι: aor. I pass. -εκράθην [ᾶ] Ion.

-εκρήθην:—to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing:—Med., συγκεράσασθαι φι-  
λίαν to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be

mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.

συγ-κεραυνόω, f. ὤσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, as-  
tounded.

συγ-κεφαλαιόω, f. ὤσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.

συγκέχῡμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχώννυμι.

συγ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.

συγ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move or put in commotion with.

συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep or lament with.

συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -κέκλασμαι:—  
to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.

σύγκλεισις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, a shutting up, closing up. From

συγ-κλείω, f. -κλείσω, Ion. συγκληίω, f. ἥσω, old Att. ξυγκλήω, f. ἥσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ῆμαι Ion.

-κεκλήσμαι or -ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, en-  
close. 2. to shut, close. 3. to close up; συγ-  
κλείειν τὰς ἀσπίδας to lock their shields. II.

Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.

συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.

συγ-κληίω, Ion. for συγκλείω.

συγ-κληρονόμος, on, a joint-heir.

σύγ-κληρος, on, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by the same lot. Hence

συγ-κληρόω, f. ὤσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.

σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισις.

σύγκλητος, on, (συγκαλέω) called together, convened. II. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.

συγκλήω, Att. for συγκλείω.

συγκλινία, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From

συγ-κλίνω [ῖ], f. ἱνῶ, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.

συγ-κλονέω, f. ἥσω, to shake up together, confound.

σύγ-κλυς, ὅδοις, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύζω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.

συγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence

συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and

συγκοίμησις, ἡ, a sleeping together.

συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.

συγ-κοινόομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.

συγκοινωνέω, f. ἥσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From

συγ-κοινωνός, ἡ, ὅν, partaking jointly of a thing.

σύγ-κοιτος, on, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.

συγ-κολλάω, f. ἥσω, to glue or stick together. Hence

συγκολλητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.

σύγ-κολλος, on, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. συγκόλλως, in accordance with.

συγκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest, a gathering in, bousing. From

συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ιῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, bouse it; in Pass., ὄργᾳ συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:—

Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυ-  
τόν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be

gained together. II. to help in burying.

συγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncope, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From

συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.

συγ-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to set in order together, arrange. II. to confer honour on.

συγ-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to help to lighten.

σύγκρᾱσις, εως, ἡ, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing to-  
gether, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, ον, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγ-κρίνω [i], f. -κρίνω, to compound, put together. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence

σύγκρισις, ἡ, a putting together, compounding. II. a comparing, comparison.

συγ-κροτέω, f. ἤσω: pf. pass. -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together; συγκροτεῖν τὴν χεῖρα to clap the hands: absol. to clap, applaud. II. to beat, hammer, or weld together. 2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—Pass. to be well trained, in good discipline. 3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσις, εως, ἡ, a collision. II. a quarrel. From

συγ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τὴν χεῖρα to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to bide.

συγ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι, Dep. to gain along with, help to acquire.

συγ-κτίζω, f. ἴσω, to join in colonising. Hence

συγκτίστης, ον, ὁ, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκυβευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamster. From

συγ-κυβεύω, to play at dice with.

συγ-κυκλάω, f. ἤσω, to throw into an utter ferment.

συγ-κυλινδέομαι, Pass. to roll about or wallow together.

συγ-κύνηγός Dor. and Att. συγκύνᾱγός, ὁ, ἡ, a fellow-hunter, fellow-huntress.

συγ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκυφα:—to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay heads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ἐς ἐν ἐστὶ συγκεκυφός this comes all to one point. II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγ-κυρέω, f. -κυρήσω or -κύρσω: aor. I -έκυρησα or -έκυρσα: pf. -κεκύρηκα:—to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II.

of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: impers., συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκυρία, ἡ, a coincidence.

συγκύρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύγ-κωλος, ον, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συγ-κωμάζω, f. ἄσω Dor. ἄζω, to march together in a κῶμος or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύγ-κωμος, ον, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

συγ-κωμῶδέω, f. ἤσω, (σύν, κομῶδέω) to play with in a comedy.

συγ-χαίρω, f. med. -χαρήσομαι: aor. 2 pass. -εχάην [α]:—to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II.

to wish one joy, congratulate.

συγχαρήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of συγχαίρω.

συγχείας, aor. I part. of συγχέω.

συγ-χειμάζω, f. ἄσω, to winter with or at the same time:—Pass. to weather the same storm.

συγ-χειρουργέω, f. ἤσω, to bear a hand at the same time, to perform together.

συγχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of

συγ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I συνέχεα Ep. συνέχευα, inf.

συγχεύαι: pf. -κέχυκα: Pass., aor. I -εχύθη [υ], and 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. σύγχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:

to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

συγχορευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a partner in a dance. From

συγ-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance with.

συγχορηγέω, f. ἤσω, to assist in supplying. From

συγ-χορηγός, ον, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύγ-χορτος, ον, (σύν, χόρτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συγ-χόω, Ion. for συγχάννυμι.

συγ-χράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, Dep. to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύγ-χρως, ον contr. -χρως, ον, (σύν, χρῶς) of like colour, of one colour.

συγ-χύνω [υ], late form of συγχέω.

σύγχυσις, εως, ἡ, (συγχέω) a mixing together, blending: confounding: a breaking through, violating.

σύγχυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt together, to melt down.

συγ-χώννυμι and -ύω: Ion. pres. συγχώω, inf.

συγχοῦν: f. συγχάσω: aor. I συνέχωσα: pf. pass.

συγκέχωμαι:—to heap all together, to heap up with earth, bank up. II. to make into ruinous heaps, dismantle, demolish. III. to heap one thing on another, confound.

συγ-χωρέω, f. ἤσω and ἤσομαι:—to come together, unite. II. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. 2. c. acc. rei, to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: absol. to agree, acquiesce. 4. impers. συγχαρεῖ, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συγχωρητέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must agree to, concede.

σύδην [υ], Adv. (σεύω) with rushing motion, hurriedly.

σύειος, α, ον, (σὺς) of swine, Lat. suillus; χρίσμα σύειον hog's-lard.

συ-ζάω, inf. συζῆν: f. -ζήσω:—to live with, live together.

συ-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω: f. -ζεύξω Pass., aor. 2 συνεζύγην [υ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in marriage:—Pass. to be yoked or coupled with:—Med. to yoke for oneself.

συ-ζητέω, f. ἤσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

συστήσις, ἡ, joint inquiry: a disputation; and



**συζητητής**, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-inquirer: a disputer.  
**συζοφδομαι**, Pass. (σύν, ζόφος) to grow dark together.  
**συζύγια**, ἡ, (συζεύγνυμι) union: a joint. II. a yoke or pair of animals.  
**συζυγῆναι**, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι.  
**συζύγιος** [ῥ], α, ον, poet. for σύζυγος, yoked together, joined, united.  
**σύζυγος**, ον, (συζυγῆναι) yoked together, paired, united, esp. wedded:—as Subst., σύζυγος, ἡ, a wife: but also, σύζυγος, ὁ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.  
**σύζυξ**, ὅ, ἡ, = σύζυγος.  
**σύζωμα**, ατος, τό, a girding together. II. a girdle. From  
**συ-ζώννυμι**, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up:—Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.  
**συ-ζωοποιέω**, f. ἤσω, to quicken at the same time.  
**σῦθεῖς**, aor. 1 pass. part. of σεύω.  
**σύθεν**, Aeol. for ἐσύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of σεύω.  
**σῦκάζω**, f. ἄσω (συκῇ) to gather ripe figs.  
**σῦκάμινον**, τό, the fruit of the σῦκάμινος, a mulberry, Lat. morum.  
**σῦκάμινος**, ἡ, the mulberry-tree, Lat. morus.  
**σῦκία**, εἰς, Ion. and Ep. σῦκή, ἐς contr. σῦκῇ, ἡ; Ion. gen. pl. σῦκῶν: (σῦκον):—the fig-tree, Lat. ficus.  
**σῦκίδιον**, τό, Dim. of σῦκον, a small fig.  
**σῦκίζω**, f. ἴσω, (σῦκον) to fatten with figs.  
**σῦκίνος**, η, ον, (σῦκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree or figs; σῦκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. II. metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σῦκίνοι ἄνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows: also with allusion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.  
**σῦκίς**, ἰδος, ἡ, (συκῇ) a slip or cutting from a fig-tree, a young fig-tree.  
**σῦκολογέω**, f. ἤσω, to gather figs. From  
**σῦκο-λόγος**, ον, (σῦκον, λέγω) gathering figs.  
**σῦκο-μορέα**, ἡ, = σῦκομορος.  
**σῦκό-μορος**, ἡ, (σῦκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an Egyptian kind, called also σῦκάμινος ἡ Αἴγυπτία.  
**ΣΥΚΟΝ**, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.  
**σῦκο-πέδιλος**, ὁ, (σῦκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.  
**σῦκο-τραγέω**, f. ἤσω, (σῦκον, τραγείν) to eat figs. Hence  
**συκοτραγίδης**, ον, ὁ, a fig-nibbler.  
**συκοφαντέω**, f. ἤσω, (συκοφάντης) to be an informer: c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slander. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a thing: but, συκοφαντεῖν τριάκοντα μῶνας to extort 30 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντεῖν τί τινας to extort money from another by false informations. Hence  
**συκοφάντημα**, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander, misrepresentation.  
**σῦκο-φάντης**, ον, ὁ, (σῦκον, φαίνω) properly a fig-shower, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking the tree; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed against persons exporting figs from Attica: but used

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser, slanderer.  
**συκοφαντία**, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a sycophant, false accusation, slander. Hence  
**συκοφαντίας**, ον, ὁ, the Sycophant-wind.  
**συκοφαντικός**, ἡ, ὅν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycophant, slanderous. Adv. -κῶς.  
**συκοφάντρια**, ἡ, fem. of συκοφάντης, a female informer.  
**συκοφάσις**, εως, ἡ, poet. for συκοφαντία.  
**συκοφορέω**, f. ἤσω, to carry figs. From  
**συκο-φόρος**, ον, (σῦκον, φέρω) carrying figs.  
**συκόω**, f. ὠσω, to feed with figs.  
**σύλα**, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.  
**σῦλ-ἀγωγέω**, f. ἤσω, (σῦλον, ἄγω) to carry off as booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.  
**σύλασκε**, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.  
**ΣΥΛΛΑΨΩ**, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 ἐσύλησα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσυλήθην: pf. σεσύλημαι:—to strip off the arms of a slain enemy: c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms from a person, or to strip him of his arms: so also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei:—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only, to strip off: hence to take away, carry off:—Pass. to be taken away or carried off as spoil: generally, to be taken away.  
**συλεύμενος**, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part. of συλέω.  
**συλεύω** and **σῦλέω**, collat. forms of σῦλάω, to despoil. 2. to rob secretly, defraud: to trick, cheat.  
**σύλη**, ἡ, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur. σῦλαι, αἱ, or σῦλα, τά, (σῦλάω) the right of seizing the ship or cargo of a foreign merchant: the right of seizure, right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to modern letters of marque.  
**σῦληθεῖς**, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of σῦλάω.  
**σῦλητήρ**, ἦρος, and **σῦλητῶρ**, ορος, ὁ, (σῦλάω) a robber:—fem. σῦλήτειρα.  
**συλλαβεῖν**, aor. 2 inf. of συλλαμβάνω.  
**συλλαβέσθαι**, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.  
**συλλαβή**, ἡ, (συλλαβεῖν) that which holds together. II. (from pass.) that which is held together, esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; ἐν γραμμάτων συλλαβαῖς in written words.  
**συλλαβίζω**, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables.  
**συλ-λαλέω**, f. ἤσω, to talk or converse with.  
**συλ-λαμβάνω**, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 συνέλαβον, inf. συλλαβεῖν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημαι: cf. λαμβάνω:—to bring together or collect into a body, to rally troops. II. to put together, close the mouth and eyes (of a corpse). III. to take together, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. IV. to comprehend, comprise: of the mind, to comprehend, understand. V. to receive all together, to enjoy. VI. of a woman, to conceive. VII. c. dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in a thing: absol. to assist: so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

νομαι, to help to take hold of a thing, and so to help, assist.

συν-λέγω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνείλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: aor. I συνελέχθην, aor. 2 συνελέγην: pf. συνείλεγμαι and συλλέλεγμαι:—to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere:—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass., of things, to become customary.

σύν-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, ὁ, ἡ, the partner of one's bed, husband or wife.

συνλήβδην, Adv. (συνλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συν-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease or come to an end together. συλληπτήριον, verb. Adj. of συνλαμβάνω, one must lay hold of together.

συνλήπτρια, ἡ, fem. of συλληπτήριον.

συνλήπτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (συνλαμβάνω) one that takes hold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor.

συνληφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συνλαμβάνω.

σύνληψις, εως, ἡ, (συνλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together. II. a seizing, laying hold of, apprehending.

III. a grasping with the mind, comprehension. IV. conception in the womb.

συνλήψομαι, fut. of συνλαμβάνω.

συνλογή, ἡ, (συνλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2. a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio.

II. an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συν-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συνλογίμαϊος, α, ον, (συνλέγω) collected from different places.

συνλογισμός, ὁ, (συνλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up. II. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, ὁ, (συνλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly. II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συν-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συν-λοχίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, (σύν, λόχος) a soldier of the same λόχος or company.

συν-λύπew, f. ήσω, to hurt together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or condole with.

συν-λυσάομαι, Pass. to be mad in company with.

συν-λύω, f. ύσω [υ], to help in loosing or setting free.

σύνλον, τό, see σύλη.

σύν-όνυξ, ύχος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνάω, ύνυξ) paring the nails.

συμβαίνην, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβῆναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβᾶσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβᾶς: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβᾶθῃ: pf. inf. ξυμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίνω):—to

stand with the feet together.

II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist.

III. to come together, meet: hence, like συμμίσγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοῖς to fall in with evils.

2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on.

3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting.

IV. to fall to one's lot. V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, happen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it happens or happened that ..; so, συμβαίνει εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι:—τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance.

2. to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ἦν ξυμβῇ ἡ πείρα if the attempt succeed.

3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, ὁ, ἡ, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συμ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμβᾶλναι: pf. -βέβληκα: Med., fut. -βλήσομαι: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήμην in forms ξύμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βληντο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος:—to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect:—συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας to lock, join closely their shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond:—Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in; ξυμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δέματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i. e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίαν to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to hold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful.

II. to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle; ἐχθραν, ἐριν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc.

2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance.

III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; τὸ Βαβυλώνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλεόμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοϊκόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboeic.

2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand.

IV. Med. to agree upon.

V. intr. to come together: to meet, join.

2. to engage, encounter.

συμβάς, ᾄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βᾶσειω, Desiderat. of συμβαίνω, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συμ-βᾶσιλεύω, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.

σύμβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (συμβαίνω) an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.



συμβατήριος, *ον*, and συμβατικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβαίνω) tending to agreement, conciliatory.  
 συμβεβάναι [α], Ion. for συμβεβηκέναι, perf. inf. of συμβαίνω.  
 συμβεβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίνω.  
 συμβέβηκα, pf. of συμβαίνω.  
 συμβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίνω.  
 συμ-βιάζω, f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time.  
 συμ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω, Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of συμβαίνω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another. II. to compare, contrast. III. to prove. IV. to teach, instruct.  
 συμ-βιόω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 συνεβίον, inf. συμβιῶναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.  
 συμβιωτής, *ον*, *ό*, one who lives with, a companion.  
 συμβλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.  
 συμβλήσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.  
 συμβλητός, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, comparable.  
 συμ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, *τινί*: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.  
 συμβοηθεία, *ή*, joint aid or assistance. From  
 συμ-βοηθέω, f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.  
 συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom. II. plur. συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent. 2. intercourse.  
 συμβόλαιος, *α, ον*, (σύμβολον) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.  
 συμβολέω, f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with.  
 συμβολή, *ή*, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together. II. (from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. 3. a contribution, subscription:—plur. συμβολαί, αἱ, contributions to provide a common meal; *δειπνεῖν ἀπό συμβολῶν*, Lat. *de symbolis esse*; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence  
 συμβολικός, *ή, όν*, of or for a contribution or common meal.  
 σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. *tesserae hospitalitatis*. 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. *tessera*, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence. II. σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιεῖσθαι πρὸς πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, *ον*, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental. II. σύμβολος (sub. οἰανός), *ό*, an augury, omen.  
 συμβούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (συμβουλεύω) advice given.  
 συμβουλευτός, *α, ον*, (συμβουλεύω) to be deliberated upon. 2. to be advised.  
 συμβουλευτικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative.  
 συμ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. *consulere alicui*; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing. II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. *consulere aliquem*: absol. to consult together, deliberate.  
 συμβουλή, *ή*, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given. II. a taking counsel, consultation.  
 συμβουλία, *ή*, = συμβουλή 1.  
 συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. II. a council.  
 συμ-βούλομαι, fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with.  
 σύμ-βουλος, *ό*, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.  
 συμ-βύω, f. ύσω [υ], to cram together.  
 συμμάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.  
 συμμαθητής, *ου, ό*, (συμμαθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. *condiscipulus*.  
 συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμμεμένα: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [α]:—to rave or be mad along with or together.  
 συμ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον:—to learn along with one:—*ό συμμαθών* one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.  
 συμ-μάρπτω, f. ψω, to grasp together.  
 συμμαρτύρῶ, f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And  
 συμμαρτύρομαι [υ], Dep. = συμμαρτύρῶ. From  
 συμάρτυς, *υρος, ό, ή*, a fellow-witness.  
 συμμάχῶ, f. ήσω, (σύμμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to help, aid. Hence  
 συμμάχια Ion. -ίη, *ή*, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas *ἐπιμαχία* is a defensive alliance):—generally, aid, succour, help. II. = οἱ σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence  
 συμμάχικός, *ή, όν*, of or for alliance; *θεοὶ ξυμμαχικοί* the gods invoked at the making of an alliance. II. τὸ συμμαχικόν, = οἱ σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2. a treaty of alliance.  
 συμ-μαχίς, *ιδος*, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος, allied: *ή ξυμμαχίς* (sub. πόλις), an allied state. II. the body of allies.  
 συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.  
 σύμ-μαχος, *ον*, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, *ό*, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.  
 συμμεμίγμαι, pf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.  
 συμ-μεθέπω, to sway jointly with.  
 συμ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to practise with or together.  
 συμ-μένω, fut. -μενῶ, to stay together, keep together. 2. to hold together, abide, continue.

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μετέχω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ον, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly.

συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From

σύμ-μετρος, ον, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in

due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. re-

sembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with. III. Adv., συμμέτρως έχειν to be in

proportion: Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγξ, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From

συμμιγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμιγῆς, ές, (συμμιγῆναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίγνυμι or -ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμίσγω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person.

II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίξομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, όν, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence

συμμιμητής, ον, ή, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μιμνήσκομαι, pf. -μένημαι, Dep. (σύν, μιμνήσκω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμιξαι, aor. 1 inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύμμιξις, εως, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμ-μίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

σύμ-μολπος, ον, (σύν, μολπή) in harmony or unison with, harmonious.

συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαί or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ον, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: οί ξύμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίζω, = συμμορφύω. From

σύμ-μορφος, ον, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφόω, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω [ū]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθής) fellow-feeling, sympathy.

συμπάθω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From

συμ-πάθής, ές, (σύν, παθείν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθια, ή, poet. for συμπάθεια.

συμπάθως, Adv. of συμπάθής, sympathetically.

συμ-παιανίζω, f. ίσω, to raise the paean with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίζειν

έορτήν μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ον, ή, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτηρια.

συμ-παίκτηρ, ορος, ή, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίζειν.

συμ-παιστής, ον, ή, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, play-fellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή.

συμ-παίστωρ, ορος, ή, = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παίω, f. -παίήσω: aor. 1 -έπαισα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. in-

trans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμ-παραβύω, f. ύσω [ū], to cram in along with.

συμ-παραγίγνομαι, Dep. to come in or come to hand at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραθίω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with.

συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακαλέω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμ-παράκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.



συμ-παροκομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convoy along shore.

συμ-παροκύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.

συμ-παρολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take along with.

συμ-παρομένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat.

συμ-παρομίσγω or -ύω, f. -μίσγω, to mix in together.

συμ-παρονεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συμ-παρονήχομαι, f. -νήσομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συμ-παροπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.

συμ-παροπόλλυμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συμ-παροσκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συμ-παροσπᾶν, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From

συμπαροστάτης, ου, ό, (συμπαρίσταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.

συμ-παροτάσσομαι Att. -ττομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.

συμ-παροτηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συμ-παροτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.

συμ-παροφέρω, f. -παροίσω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παροδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.

συμ-παροίμι, inf. -παροίμαι, (είμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.

συμ-παροίμι, inf. -παροίμαι, (είμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παροισέρχομαι, fut. -παροισέσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παροίλθον, pf. -παροίλκυθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.

συμ-παροίπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.

συμ-παροίχω, f. ξω, to offer or present along with.

συμ-παροίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παροίστημι, to place together by the side of:—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παροίστην, pf. -παροίστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. ύνω, to provoke together with.

σύμ-πᾶς Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύμπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύμπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συμ-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike along with or together.

συμ-πάττω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, ό, a fellow-countryman.

συμ-πεδάω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind band and foot: metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συμ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.

σύμ-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing.

συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.

συμ-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr. to mourn together with.

σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συμ-περαίνω, f. άνω, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-περῶ, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.

συμ-περιάγω, f. ξω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.

συμ-περίειμι, inf. -ιέναι, (είμι ibo) to go about along with.

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.

συμ-περινοστέω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.

συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμα, pf. of συμφράζομαι.

συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω.

συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. II.

Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. 2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.

συμ-πίεζω, f. έσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.

συμ-πίνω [i], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμ-πιεῖν:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3.

of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, concur. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III.

to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere; σῶμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συμ-πίτνω, poet. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλακῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέκω.  
 σύμ-πλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roaming about together.

συμπλάσας [ᾱ], aor. 1 part. of συμπλάσσω.

συμ-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσσω [ᾱ]: aor. 1 συνέπλᾶσα:—to mould or fashion together, γαίης out of clay. II. metaph. to fabricate together.

συμ-πλάτῳ, f. ἥσω, to clap together.

σύμπλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From

συμ-πλέκω, f. ξω: aor. 1 συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνέπλεκα [ᾱ]: pf. συμπέπλεγμαι:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. II.

Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; ἵχνη συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along with or together.

συμ-πληγᾶς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or clashing together. II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέτραι), αἱ, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυνάεαι νῆσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνδρομάδες.

συμπλήγῃ, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or clashing together.

συμ-πληθύνω [ῡ], to multiply together.

συμ-πληθύνω, to help to fill, swell, increase.

συμ-πληρώω, f. ὥσω, to help to fill, fill completely: of ships, to man with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, ἥς, ἡ, (συμπλέκω) an intertwining. II. a close struggle.

σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέκω) entwined, interwoven.

σύμπλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ον: (συμπλέω):—sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλους, ὁ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing.

συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.

συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe together. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare;

συμπνεῖν ἐμπαίοις τύχαις to blow with, i.e. be carried along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πνίγω [ῖ], f. -πνιξοῦμαι, to throttle: to choke up.

συμ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to tie the feet together, bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.

συμ-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, to help in doing.

συμ-ποιμαίνω, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed together: to herd together.

συμ-πολεμέω, f. ἥσω, to take part in a war with.

συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ἥσω, to join in besieging, besiege jointly.

συμπολιτεύω, f. σω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολιτεύομαι; οἱ συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens.

From συμ-πολίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis.

συμ-πομπεύω, f. σω, to accompany in a procession.

συμ-πονέω, f. ἥσω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villany, play the knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. 1 pass. συνεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.

συμ-πορθέω, f. ἥσω, like συμπερθεώ, to help to demolish or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, to help in procuring or providing.

συμποισία, ἡ, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμποισί-αρχος, ὁ, (συμπόσιον, ἄρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bibendi.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ον, ὁ, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon-companion. Hence

συμποτικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτικός, ὁ, a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a helper, assistant; συμπράκτωρ ὁδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From

συμ-πράσσω Att. -πτω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω: aor. 1 συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσσομαι, to help in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρεπής, ἑς, (σύν, πρέπω) befitting, befitting.

συμπρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From

συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending an embassy.

σύμ-πρεσβυς, εως, ὁ, a joint-ambassador.

συμ-πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, a fellow-presbyter or elder.

συμ-πρήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for συμπράκτωρ.

συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμ-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνανέομαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμ-προθύμιομαι, f. med. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. -προθύμηθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promoting, to have equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share one's eagerness.

συμ-προξενέω, f. ἥσω, to help in furnishing with means.

συμ-προπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in escorting.

σύμπτυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together. From

συμ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to fold together, fold up and lay by.

συμπτωθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω.

σύμπτωμα, ατος, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that has befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

σύμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.

συμ-πύρω, f. ὥσω, to burn up or consume along with or together.

συμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω.

σύμπερον, τό, see συμφέρω II. 3. Hence

συμφερόντως, Adv. profitably, with expediency.



συμφερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together, united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνοίσω: aor. 1 συνήνεγκα Ion. -ήνεκα: aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνενήνοχα: (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute. 2. to match together. 3. to bear along

with or jointly, help to bear; συμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. II.

intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage. 2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitable, expedient. 3. part. συμφέρων, οὔσα, ὄν, use-

ful, expedient: neut. συμφέρων, ὄντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with:

to assist: to come to terms with, give way to. 5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out. III.

Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: aor. 1 pass. συνηνέχθην Ion. συνηνείχθην: pf. συνήνεγμαι:—to

come together, meet: in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congregari. 2. to agree together, agree

with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in. 4. of events, to happen,

turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

σύμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that...

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with. συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [ι], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. συνέφθιτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, ὄν, sounding together. συμ-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love mutually, join in loving.

συμ-φιλονεικίω, f. ήσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φιλοσοφίω, f. ήσω, to join in philosophic study. συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emu-

lous efforts. συμ-φλέγω, f. ήσω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

συμ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -έω: fut. ήσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence

συμφοίτησις, ἡ, a going to school together. And συμφοιτητής, οὗ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together. συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἡ, (συμφέρω) a bringing to-

gether. II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a misad-

venture, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορεύς, ὁ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ήσω, to bring together, gather, bear up. συμφόρησις, εως, ἡ, (συμφορέω) a bringing together.

συμφορητός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ὄν, (συμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρως, Adv. profitably: συμφόρως ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -άτατα.

συμφράδμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. 1 συνεφράσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσατο: pf. pass. συμπέφρασμαι:

Dep.:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ήσω: aor. 1 συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into

an enclosed space. συμ-φροντίζω, f. ήσω, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ὄν, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward to-

gether; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ἐμοί the chamber that keeps watch with me, i. e. in which I lie without sleeping.

σύμ-φρων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile. συμφυείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφύω.

συμ-φυής, ἐς, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, at-

tached to, congenital. συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [υ]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. ήσω, to keep guard along with or together. 2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φῦλότης, ὄν, ὁ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribūlis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φῦλος, ὄν, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ὄν, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω [υ]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φῦσάω, f. ήσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

συμ-φῦτεύω, f. σω, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφυτος, ὄν, (συμφύω) planted together with, con-

genital, innate, inborn; σύμφυτος αἰών one's natural age; ἐς τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 συνέφῦσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφῦκα,

aor. 2 συνέφῦν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφυείς:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison. II. generally, to agree with, to make

an agreement or engagement with. Hence συμφώνησις, ἡ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

συμφωνία, ἡ, (σύμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony. II. symphony or unison of voices or

instruments in concord. σύμ-φωνος, ὄν, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, har-

monious: as Subst. a musician. II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch one another.

συμ-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν: f. -ψήσω: aor. I συνέψησα:—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. συμ-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

σύμ-ψηφος, ον, voting with another.

σύμ-ψυχος, ον, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous.

ΣΥΝ old Att. ξύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:—along with, in company with, together with. 2.

with collat. notion of help, σὺν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σὺν τινι εἶναι to be with another, on his side. 3. furnished with, endued with; σὺν ὅπλοις with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σὺν τῷ σῷ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σὺν τοῖς νόμοις in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σὺν νεφέεσσι κάλυψεν γαῖαν καὶ πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

συν- in Compos., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σὺν in συγ-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο two and two together, by twos. II. συν-, before β, μ, π, φ, ψ, changes into συμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into συλ-; before σ into συσ-

σύν, acc. of σὺς.

συνᾱγαγεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συνάγω.

συνᾱγαγον, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συν-ἄγγελος, ὁ, a fellow-messenger.

συν-ἄγειρω, f. -αγερω: aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ξυνάγειρα: Pass., aor. I συνηγέρθη, Ep. 3 pl. συνάγεσθαι:—to gather persons together, assemble or collect them: Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; συναγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., those assembled. II. to collect things: and in Med. to collect for oneself. III. συναγείρειν ἑαυτὸν to collect oneself: Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.

συν-αγίνεω, f. ἤσω, to bring together, to collect.

συν-αγκεία, ἡ, (σύν, ἄγκος) = μισγαγκεία.

συν-ἄγνυμι, f. -ἄξω: aor. I συνέαξα:—to break together, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-ἄγορεύω, f. σω, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending: to agree to, concur in. II. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἄγρα) to join in the chase.

συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω.

συν-ἄγω, f. -ἄξω: aor. I σύνηξα: aor. 2 συνήγαγον: Att. pf. συνῆχα, later συναγήσχα: pf. pass. σύνηγμαι:—to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συνάγειν Ἀρησ, πόλεμον to join battle; also

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine;

συνάγειν γάμους to contract a marriage. 2. metaph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνᾱγωγεύς, ὅς, ὁ, one who brings together, a uniter.

συνᾱγωγή, ἡ, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. II. a drawing together, contracting.

συν-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. -ἴσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to help in a contest. Hence

συνᾱγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant.

συν-ἄδελφος, ον, one that has a brother or sister.

συν-ἄδικίω, f. ἤσω, to join in doing wrong or injury.

συν-ᾄδω Ion. συν-αείδω: f. -ᾄσομαι:—to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. II. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αείρω, aor. I -ἤειρα, poet. form of συναίρω. II. to yoke together: Med. to yoke together for oneself.

συν-αίξω, poet. for συναύξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ἤσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-ᾄθροίζω, f. σω, to gather together, assemble.

συν-ᾄττην, Adv. (σύν, ἄττω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ον, (σύν, αἷμα) of common blood, kindred; νεῖκος ξύναιμον strife between kinsmen; Ζεὺς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, ὁ, ἡ, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister.

συναίμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. ἔσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αίνυμαι, defect. Dep. to take bold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναίνυτο.

συν-αιρέω, fut. ἤσω: fut. 2 συνελῶ: aor. 2 συνεἶλον Ep. σύνελον, part. συνελῶν: (cf. αἰρέω):—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, ξυνελὼν λέγω I say briefly. II. to help to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poet. συναείρω (q. v.), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up accounts. II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to help bear or support, undertake jointly. III. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel together.

συν-αίτιος, ον, also α, ον, (σύν, αἰτία) being the joint cause of a thing, helping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to:—as Subst., συναίτιος, ὁ, ἡ, an accomplice, τινός in a thing.



συν-αιχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.  
 συν-αιχμάλωτος, ον, a fellow-prisoner.  
 συν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.  
 συν-ακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.  
 συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.  
 συν-ακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely: to follow an argument, understand.  
 συν-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.  
 συν-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to hear along with or at the same time. 2. to hear one another.  
 συνακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.  
 συνακτικός, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together: τὸ συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.  
 συν-αλάζω, f. άσω, to cry aloud with.  
 συν-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in: absol. to share in sorrow.  
 συν-αλγηδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief:—in plur. = αἱ συναλγουσαι, partners in grief.  
 συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over: to help to anoint.  
 συν-αλιάζω, f. ξω, (σύν, άλία) = συναλίζω.  
 συν-αλίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I Ion. συνάλισα: to gather together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.  
 συναλλάγή, ή, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange; λόγων ξυναλλαγαί interchange of words: absol. a making up of strife, reconciliation; pl. ξυναλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition; νόσου ξυναλλαγή by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.  
 συνάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.  
 συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I συνήλλαξα:—Pass., aor. I συνηλλάχθην: pf. συνήλλαγμα:—to interchange with: to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with: to reconcile:—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.  
 συν-αλοάω poet. -αλοιάω: f. ήσω: aor. I συνηλοίησα:—to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces, smash.  
 συν-άμα, Adv. for σύν άμα, together.  
 συν-αμιλλάομαι, f. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to race or contend together.  
 συν-αμπέχω, fut. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 -ήμπεσχον, inf. -αμπισχεῖν:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaphor. to shroud.  
 συν-αμπίσχω, = συναμπέχω.  
 συν-αμφότερος, α, ον, both together: used both in sing. and plur.  
 συν-αναβαίνω, f. -αναβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ανέβην:—to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together.  
 συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.  
 συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with:—Pass. to go to sea together.  
 συν-αναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together.  
 συν-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.  
 συν-ανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.  
 συν-ανακλίνομαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [i]  
 συν-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.  
 συν-αναμίγνυμι, f. -αναμίξω, to mix up with at the same time:—Med. and Pass. to associate with.  
 συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.  
 συν-αναπειθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.  
 συν-αναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together.  
 συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together.  
 συν-αναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to join in exacting payment.  
 συν-αναρριπτεύω, f. ήσω, to throw up together.  
 συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another.  
 συν-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together:—Pass. to live along with or among.  
 συν-ανατήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together.  
 συν-ανατρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with.  
 συν-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.  
 συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.  
 συν-αναφύρω [ψυ], to knead or mix up together:—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.  
 συν-αναχρέμπομαι, Dep. to cough up together.  
 συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.  
 συν-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ήσω: aor. I -ήντησα:—to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence  
 συν-άντησις, ή, a meeting.  
 συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.  
 συν-αντιάζω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.  
 συναντιλάβηται [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of  
 συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay bold of along with: to take part with, help.  
 συν-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together: συναντλεῖν πόνους τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exaurire labores.  
 συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.  
 συν-ανύτω [υ], to come to an end together with.  
 συν-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to join in thinking fit: generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αοιδός, ὄν, = συνωδός.  
 συν-άορος, ὄν, Dor. for συνήορος.  
 συν-απάγω, f. ξω, to lead away with :—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.  
 συν-άπας, ἄσα, ἄν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.  
 συν-άπειμι, inf. -απιέναι, (εἶμι ibo) to go away together.  
 συν-απεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.  
 συν-απίσταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.  
 συν-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together : to disembark along with.  
 συν-αποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ᾱ] : aor. 2 -ἀπέδραν :—to run away or escape along with.  
 συν-αποδοκίμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.  
 συναποθνήσκω, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.  
 συν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθανοῦμαι : aor. 2 -ἀπέθανον :—to die together with.  
 συν-αποικίζω, f. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.  
 συν-αποκάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.  
 συν-αποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.  
 συν-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι :—to receive from another with or together : to take or receive in common.  
 συν-απολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.  
 συν-απόλλυμι, fut. -απολῶ :—to destroy with or together ; συναπολλύναι τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own ruin :—Pass., with pf. 2 -ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.  
 συν-απολογίομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.  
 συν-απομαραίνω, to make to wither away together :—Pass. to fade away or wither together.  
 συν-απονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.  
 συν-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.  
 συν-απορρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together.  
 συν-αποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with.  
 συν-αποστερέω, f. ἴσω, to help to strip or cheat, join in robbing.  
 συν-αποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together.  
 συν-αποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.  
 συναπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied : continuous. From  
 συν-ἄπτω, f. -ἄψω : aor. 1 συνῆψα : Pass., pf. συνῆμαι :—to tie or join together, unite ; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet ; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes ; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss ; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan ; συνάπτειν τινὶ κακὰ to fasten evil upon him. II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action ; συνάπτειν μάχην to join battle. 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person ; συνάπτειν ἑαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινὶ to enter into conversation with a person ; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc. ; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι or εἰς λόγους τινὶ (sub. ἑαυτὸν) ; συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage. III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to : to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand. IV. Med. to reach, attain to : to take part with, contribute towards.  
 συνᾶραι, aor. 1 inf. of συναίρω.  
 συν-ἄρᾶρίσκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρᾶρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.  
 συν-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash together : to dash in pieces, crush, destroy :—Pass. to be dashed in pieces ; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλὰς to get their heads broken.  
 συν-ἄρέσκω, f. -ἄρέσω :—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρίσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.  
 συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναραρίσκω.  
 σύν-ἄρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together : in accordance with.  
 συναριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count along with.  
 συν-ἀριθμός [ᾱ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.  
 συν-ἄριστάω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.  
 συν-ἄριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.  
 συν-ἄριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄριστον) breakfasting with. [ᾱ]  
 συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω : f. ὅσω Dor. ὄξω : Pass., aor. 1 συν-ηρμόσθην : pf. -ἡρμωσμαι :—to fit together, close, join exactly ; συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids ; εὐχερέϊα συναρμόσαι βροτούς to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.  
 συν-αρμολογέω, f. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.  
 συναρμοστής, οὐ, ὁ, (συναρμόζω) one who joins together ; συναρμοστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.  
 συν-αρμόττω, Att. for συναρμόζω.  
 συν-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι : aor. 1 συνήρπασα :—to carry off or away with one :—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to hold fast together :—Med. aor. 1 ξυναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.  
 συν-αρτάω, f. ἴσω : aor. 1 συνήρτησα :—to bang up with : to fasten on along with, knit together :—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.  
 συν-άρχω, f. ξω, to rule jointly with : to be a colleague in office ; ὁ συνάρχων a colleague.  
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.  
 συν-ἄσεβέω, f. ἴσω, to join in impiety.  
 συν-ασκέω, f. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.  
 συν-ἄσοφέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσοφος) to be unwise or foolish along with.  
 συν-ασπιδόω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, ἀσπίς) to keep the shields locked close together.  
 συν-ασπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ : (σύν, ἀσπίς) :—to hold the shields together : generally, to fight together, be comrades ; συνασπίζειν τινὶ to be his messmate.  
 συν-ασπιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.  
 συν-ασχαλάω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.



συν-ἀτυχέω, f. ἤσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδάω, f. ἤσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἤσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence

συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert; συναυλίαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert. 2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυρίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηνυλίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with; σ. μανία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἤσω, to take away together:—Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -ίστην

pf. -ίστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-ἀχθομαι, fut. med. -αχθήσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίξω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσω, to feast along with or together; συνδαίσαι γάμους τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate.

συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite or clamp together, hold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ἴσω [ῦ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἤσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δεῖπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάξω, f. ἄσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: aor. I pass. -εδέσθην: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:—that which binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμός, ον, ὁ, a fellow-prisoner.

σύν-δετος, ον, (συνδέω) bound together, bound band and foot, Lat. constrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδετον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together; συνδεῖν τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.

συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. -διαιτήσομαι: Dep.: (σύν, διαίταω):—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἤσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [ῦ], to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ἤσω, to endure hardship with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατρίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together: esp. with a master, of τῷ Σωκράτει συνδιατρίβοντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things, to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διοίσω, to carry through or over with. II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφυλάσσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξιμι, inf. -διεξιέναι (εἶμι ibo) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεκα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. I of συνδιαφέρω.

συν-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to help to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or jurymen.

συνδικέω, f. ἤσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δίκος, ον, (σύν, δίκη) helping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer. 2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοι were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. συνδίκως, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ἤσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διοράω, f. -διύψομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώξομαι, to chase away along with. II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution.

συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεῖ, impers. like Lat. placet, συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν we are all agreed: —the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἅπασιν ὑμῖν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; σύνδοξαν πατρί since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to agree in opinion. II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συνδόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, ὁ, ἡ, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, ὁ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing; αἷμα συνδρᾶν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of σύνδρομος; αἱ συνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπληγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ἡ, (σύν, δρόμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ὄν, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες. II. running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δύάξω, f. ἄσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (σύν, δύο) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστυχέω, f. ἤσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβαλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγυς, Adv. quite near, close to, hard upon.

συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another: —Pass. to rise together.

συνέδραμον, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οἱ συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ἡ, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

sembled in council, a council-board, council: —in N.T. the Sanhedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. curia.

σύν-εδρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἔδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council.

II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, ὁ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for συνεἰκοσι.

συν-εἰργάθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνείργω.

συν-εἰργω, Ep. for συνείργω.

συνέζευξα, aor. I of συζεύγνυμι.

συνέηκα, Ion. for συνῆκα, aor. I of συνίημι.

συν-θέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual: —Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδέναι, inf. of σύννοια; v. \*συνείδω. Hence

συνείδησις, ἡ, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.

\*συν-εἶδω, in aor. 2 συν-εἶδον, inf. -ἰδεῖν: —to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-όψομαι, pf. συν-εώρακα.

II. pf. σύννοια in pres. sense, inf. συνειδέναι: plqpf. with impf. sense συνήδειν Att. συνήδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνηδέατε: also fut. συνείσομαι: —to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. συνειδώς an accomplice: τὸ συνειδὼς = συνείδησις.

2. c. dat. pers. to know the same as another; συνειδέναι ἑαυτῷ οὐδ' ὅτι οὖν σοφὸς ὢν I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύννοια ἑμαυτῷ οὐδὲν ἐπισταμένῳ I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his plans or opinions.

συν-εἰκοσι Ep. συνεἰκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. viceni.

συνελεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-εἰλέω, f. ἤσω, to crowd or throng together: —of persons, to bind firmly together: —Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνείληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνείληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνείλκυσα, aor. I of συνέλκω.

συνείλοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-ειμι, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, εἰμί sum) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνεῖναι νόσῳ = νοσεῖν; συνεῖναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares; συνεῖναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; οἱ συνόντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-ειμι, (σύν, εἰμι ibo) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war.

3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet



to deliberate.

4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-εἶπον, inf. -εἰπεῖν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-εἰργνύμι, = συνείργω.

συν-εἰργω Ep. -εἰργω old form -εργω: Ep. impf. συνέργον: Ep. aor. 2 συνέργαθον: f. συνείργω:—to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-εἰρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of συνίημι.

συν-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in with or together.

συν-εισβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with.

συν-εισβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εισέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εἰσῆλθον, pf. -εἰσελήλυθα: Dep.:—to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use; v. \*συν-εἶδω II.

συν-εισπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.

συν-εισπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-εισφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (εἰσφορά).

συν-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εκβιβάσω Att. -εκβιβῶ, Causal of συνεκβαίνω, to help in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, on, travelling with: as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [ῥ], to strip off together:—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνουμαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away; συνεκκλέπτειν γάμους to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. to help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, όν, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμαχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, εκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [α], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [ι], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to rush out along with.

II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead heat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to help in working out or achieving: to coöperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκποτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -πτω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίνω [ι], f. -τίσω [ι], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον:—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνεκύρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εφοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνελάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλαλέω.

συν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [α]: aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα: pf. -ελήλακα:—to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνειν οδόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight. 2. intr., ἐριδι συνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελεῖν, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναιρέω.

συν-ελευθερώω, f. ώσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνείλκυσα (as if from συν-ελκύω):—to draw together or to a point. 2. to draw up, contract.

II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναιρέω.  
 συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in. II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad. Hence  
 συνεμβολή, ἡ, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή κώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.  
 συνέμεν, poet. for συνέιναι, aor. 2 inf. of συνήμι.  
 συνέμιξα, aor. 1 of συμμίγνυμι.  
 συνέμιχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of συμμίγνυμι.  
 συνεμπύρημι, fut. -εμπρήσω; aor. 1 -ενέπρησα:—to burn along with or together.  
 συν-έμπορος, ον, travelling with; as Subst., συν-έμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.  
 συνεμπρήσαι, aor. 1 inf. of συνεμπύρημι.  
 συνενέγκαντες, aor. 1 part. pl. of συμφέρω.  
 συν-ενείκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.  
 συν-ενθουσιάζω, to be inspired together with.  
 συν-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.  
 συν-εξαιρέω, f. ἤσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.  
 συν-εξᾱκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to hear of a thing all together.  
 συν-εξᾱμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.  
 συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.  
 συν-εξᾱπάτάω, f. ἤσω, to cheat along with or together.  
 συν-έξιμι, (εἶμι ibo) to go out along with or together.  
 συν-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στρατόν, ἵππον) to march or ride out together.  
 συν-εξέρύω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.  
 συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go or come out with.  
 συν-εξετάζω, f. ἄσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.  
 συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together.  
 συν-εξορμάω, f. ἤσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.  
 συν-εοχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.  
 συν-επάγω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.  
 συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.  
 συν-επαίνέω, f. ἔσω Ep. ἤσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.  
 συν-έπαινος, ον, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.  
 συν-επαίρω, f. -επαρῶ, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, aor. 1 of συμπαίω.  
 συν-επαιτιάομαι, f. -ἄσσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.  
 συν-επακολουθέω, f. ἤσω, to follow together, follow close.  
 συν-επαμύνω, f. -αμύνω, to join in repelling.  
 συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.  
 συν-επανορθόω, f. ὥσω, to join in re-establishing.  
 συνέπαξα, Dor. aor. 1 of συμπήγνυμι.  
 συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφάπτομαι.  
 συνεπέδησα, aor. 1 of συμπεδάω.  
 συν-έπειμι, (σύν, ἐπί, εἶμι ibo) to go with against, join in attacking.  
 συν-επεισφέρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in.  
 συν-επεκπίνω [i], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly.  
 συν-επελαφρύνω [u], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.  
 συν-επερίζω, f. ἴσω, to contend with.  
 συνέπεσον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.  
 συνεπεσπόμεν, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.  
 συνεπέστην, aor. 2 of συνεφίστημι.  
 συν-επεύχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.  
 συν-επηχέω, f. ἤσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.  
 συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.  
 συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.  
 συν-επιγρᾱφεύς, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.  
 συν-επιθυμέω, f. ἤσω, to desire along with.  
 συν-επικέμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.  
 συν-επικοσμέω, f. ἤσω, to help to array or adorn.  
 συν-επικουρέω, f. ἤσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.  
 συν-επικουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to lighten at the same time.  
 συν-επικρᾱδαίνω, to move backwards and forwards together with.  
 συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.  
 συν-επιμαρτυρέω, f. ἤσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.  
 συν-επιμελέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επεμελήθην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint charge of: to join in providing.  
 συν-επιμελητής, οὐ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.  
 συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.  
 συν-επιπλέκω, f. ξω, to help to twine or plait.  
 συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.  
 συν-επιρρώννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to help to strengthen.  
 συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι: pf. -επέσκεμμαι:—to examine along with or together.  
 συν-επισπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to draw on together:—



Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπείσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπείδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επίσταμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send with or together.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. σω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:

—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω [ι], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, ό, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλᾶσα, aor. 1 of συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. 1 of συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 -εσπόμην, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποιμναις συνέπεσθαι to follow the flocks. II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επόμνυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. 1 of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. 1 of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, ου, ό, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From

συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συν-εράσθαι τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [α], ου, ό, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργατίνης [ι], ου, ό, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [α], ιδος, ή, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, ό, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ή, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, όν, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργός, ό or ή, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a cooperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνείργω.

συν-έρδω, f. ξω, to join in a work, cooperate with.

συν-ερίδω, f. σω: aor. 1 συνήρεισα:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:

—Pass., aor. 1 συνηρείσθην: pf. συνήρηναι or -ερίσθην:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερίω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead): —I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-έριθος, ό, also ή, a fellow-worker, helpmate.

συνερκτικός, ή, όν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together.

συνέρραξα, aor. 1 of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμαι, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. 1 of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf.

-ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together. II.

to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle,

encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in. 3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείαν συνελθεῖν to join

in an expedition; συνελθεῖν λέχος σόν to share thy bed. III. of things, to be joined in one, be

united. IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the

same time. II. to establish a point by questioning:

—Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind! mark!

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ή, (συνίημι) a joining, meeting together. II. the faculty of apprehension,

judgment, understanding, intelligence. 2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. 1 of συσπάράσσω.

συνεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνέπομαι.

συνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστάλην [α], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστείλα, aor. 1 of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. άσω [α], to entertain in one's house:

—Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστή, ή, (σύν, έστία) a common feast.

συν-έστιος, ου, (σύν, έστία) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν-

έστιος, ό, ή, an inmate, guest. 2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστώς, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχον, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-έταιρος, ό, (σύν, έταῖρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνεταράχθην, aor. 1 pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετάφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of συνθάπτω.

συνεταχθην, aor. 1 pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετέθειντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνέτλᾶν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ξυνίημι.

συνετός, ή, όν, (συνίημι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. easy

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. συνετά as Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [ἴ], aor. 2 pass. of συνετρίβω.

συνετῶς, Adv. of συνετός, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἤσω, to share in happiness with.

συν-ευδοκέω, f. ἤσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ ξυνεύδων χρόνος the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, ὁ, a bedfellow, husband, consort: fem. συνευνέτις, ιδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ου, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., σύνευνος ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort, husband or wife.

συν-ευπάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ἤσω, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτυχέω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευωχέομαι, to feast with or together.

συνέφᾳγον, used as aor. 2 of συνεσθίω.

συν-εφάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -εφάψομαι: Dep.:—to lay hold of, put hand to along with or together, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλκω, f. ξω: aor. I -εφέλκῃσα:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, aor. 2 -εφεσπόμην Ion. -επεσπόμην: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-εφήβος, ου, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. τὸν νοῦν) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -επέστην, pf. -εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνέφραξα, aor. I of συμφράσσω.

συνεχάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of συγχαίρω.

συνέχεια, aor. I of συγχέω.

συνέχεια, ἡ, (συνεχής) a continuous series of things, continuity. II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχευα, Ep. aor. I of συγχέω.

συνεχέως, Ion. for συνεχῶς.

συνεχής, ἐς, (συνέχω) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent. II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. συνεχές is used as Adv., = συνεχῶς.

συν-εχθαίρω, to hate along with, join in hating.

συν-έχθω, poet. for συνεχθαίρω.

συνεχύθην [ῦ], aor. I pass. of συγχέω.

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: f. -έξω: aor. 2 συνέσχον:—to hold or keep together:—συνέχειν τὴν εἰρεσίαν to keep the rowers together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., συνέχεσθαι αἰχμησί to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of συνεχής, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψιάω, (σύν, ἐψιάομαι) to play together.

συνεώνημαι, pf. of συνωνέομαι.

συν-ηβάω, f. ἤσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ου, (σύν, ἡβη) young at the same time: as Subst., σύνηβος, ὁ, ἡ, a young friend or comrade.

συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of συνάγω.

συνηγορέω, f. ἤσω, (συνήγορος) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος; συνηγορεῖν τῷ κατηγορῷ to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ἡ, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a συνήγορος or advocate; τὸ συνηγορικόν, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public συνήγοροι while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ου, (σύν, ἀγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., συνήγορος, ὁ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος.

συνήδην Att. ξυνήδη, plqpf. of σύννοια.

συνηδέατε, Ion. 2 pl. plqpf. of \*συνεῖδω.

συν-ήδομαι, fut. -ησθήσομαι: aor. I -ήσθην: Dep.:—to rejoice together; συνήδεσθαί τινι to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, ἡ, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. consuetudo. II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ήθης, ἐς, gen. εὖς contr. οὖς: gen. pl. συνηθέων contr. συνηθῶν: (σύν, ἥθος):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to; συνήθης τινί well-acquainted or intimate with him; χειρὶ συνήθης = χειροήθης, tame. II. habitual, customary: familiar.

συνηθροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of συναθροίζω.

συνήθως, Adv. of συνήθης, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. I of συνίημι.

συν-ήκω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλασα, aor. I of συνελαύνω.

συνήλθον, aor. 2 of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ηλικιώτης, ου, ὁ, = συνήλιξ.

συν-ήλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, ἡλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. aequalis: as Subst., συνήλιξ, ὁ, ἡ, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνηλεύσις and συνήλυσις, ἡ, (συνέρχομαι, συνελεύσομαι) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ἡμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.



συνημοσύνη, ἡ, union, connexion: in plur. covenants, solemn promises. From

συνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (συνήμι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ήμος Dor. and Att. συν-άμος, ον, (σύν, αἰωρέω) hanging together, linked with, wedded to: as Subst., συνήμος, ὁ, ἡ, a consort, a husband or a wife.

συν-ηπεροπύω, f. σω, to join in cheating or tricking.

συν-ηρετέω, f. ἡσω, (σύν, ἑρετής) = συνηρετμέω.

συν-ηρετμέω, f. ἡσω, to row with: generally, to work or ply with, be friends with.

συνηρεφέω, f. ἡσω, to throw a shade over. From

συν-ηρεφής, ἐς, (σύν, ἑρέφω) thickly shaded, covered over.

συν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for συνάριθμος.

συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάζω.

συνήρπασα, aor. 1 of συναρπάζω.

συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συνήρων, impf. of συνεράω.

συν-ησσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered or overcome together.

συνηυλίσθην, aor. 1 of συναυλίζομαι.

συν-ηχέω, f. ἡσω, to sound or ring together.

συνήχθην, aor. 1 pass. of συνάγω.

συνήψα, aor. 1 of συνάπτω.

συνθακέω, f. ἡσω, to sit with or together, to sit in council with, take counsel with. From

σύν-θακος, ον, sitting with or together. 2. sharing in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβέω, to be astounded along with.

συν-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm with or together: metaph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury with or together:—Pass. to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to view together, to see a spectacle together. 2. to examine together, examine carefully. Hence

συνθεατής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.

συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, fem. of συνθεατής.

συνθεῖς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, poet. for συνεθέλω.

σύνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο, Ep. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions, instructions.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together, compounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a combination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement, treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting together.

σύνθετο, Ep. for συνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ον, also η, ον, (συντίθημι) put together, compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged.

III. metaph. agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement, Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θείω, f. -θείσομαι, to run along with, to run together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet.

συν-θεωρέω, f. ἡσω, to contemplate together: to go to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II. an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put together. II. anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watchword, Lat. tessera.

3. an agreement, covenant, engagement. Hence

συνθηματίας, α, ον, agreed upon: bargained for.

συνθηράτης, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-bunter. From

συν-θηράω, f. άσω [ā], to hunt with or together:—Med. to catch together:—Pass. to be caught and bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, = συνθηρατής. From

συν-θηρεύω, = συνθηράω, to hunt together:—Pass. to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ον, (σύν, θήρα) hunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιάσωτης, ον, ὁ, a partner in the θιάσος or sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. άσω [ā], to crush along with or together.

συν-θλίβω [ī], f. ψω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. -θάνουμαι: aor. 2 -έθανον, inf. -θανεῖν:—to die with or together.

συν-θοινάτωρ [ā], οπος, ὁ, (σύν, θοινάω) a partaker of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θρανόω, f. άσω, to break in pieces, shiver.

συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver.

σύν-θρηνος, ον, mourning with or together.

σύν-θρονος, ον, sitting on the same seat or throne with: ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ον, sounding with, in harmony with.

συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph. to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [ū], to offer sacrifice along with.

συνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of \*συνείδω.

συνίει [ī], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνήμι.

συνιέμεν, Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. pres. of συνήμι.

σύνιεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνήμι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ἡσω, to join in sacrifice with.

συν-ιζάνω, to settle down, collapse, shrink. 2. to sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to hold a sitting.

συν-ίημι Att. ξυνίημι [for the quantity, see ἴημι]: impf. συνίην or συνιέιν: f. συνήσω or συνήσομαι: aor. 1 συνήκα: pf. συνεῖκα:—also (as if from συνιέω) 3 pl. pres. συνιούσι, inf. συνιέιν, imperat. ξυνίει, inf. συνιέμεν; 3 sing. impf. συνιέει, 3 pl. ξυνιέσαν Ep. ξυνιέν; also (as if from συνίω) impf. 3 pl. ξύνιον; aor. 1 ξυνέκα: aor. 2

imperat. ξύνες; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. ξύνετο, 3 pl. subj. συνώμεθα:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. committere.

II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know.

III. Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. of σύνειμι (εἴμι ἰδο). [ἔ]

συνιούσι, 3 pl. pres. of συνίημι, as if from συνιένω.

συν-ἱππαρχος, ὁ, a joint commander of horse.

συν-ἱππεύς, ἑὺς, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a fellow-knight.

σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of σύνειμι (εἴμι ἰδο), they went together.

II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of σύνοιδα, they shared in the knowledge.

συνίστασι, 3 pl. of σύνοιδα.

σύνισθι, imperat. of σύνοιδα.

σύνισμεν, 1 pl. of σύνοιδα.

συν-ίστημι, impf. συνίστην: f. συστήσω: aor. 1 συνέστησα:—to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to.

2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together.

3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do.

4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one.

5. to make firm or solid, barden.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. συνέστην; pf. συνέστηκα, part. συνεστηκώς contr. συνεστώς, ὦσα, ὡς, Ion. συνεστεώς, ἐῶσα, ἐῶς:—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's ground.

2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., συνεστηκότων τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute.

3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; τὸ ξυνιστάμενον or τὸ συνεστηκός, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied.

4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing.

5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to hold together, endure, continue.

6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, ἡ, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing; θεοὶ συνίστορες the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχυαίνω, to help dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to help to strengthen.

συνιῶν, Ion. for συνιείς, pres. part. of συνίημι.

συν-ναίω, to dwell along with or together.

συν-νάσσω, f. ξω, to pack tight together.

συν-ναυβάτης, ον, ὁ, a shipmate. [ᾱ]

συν-ναύκληρος, ον, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ναυμαχέω, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ναυστολέω, f. ἦσω, to be shipmate with another.

συν-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-νεάζω, f. σω, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννεύεται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of συννέω.

συν-νεύω, f. σω, to bend together: also,

2. intr.

to incline to the same point, converge.

II. to

assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφος, ον, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast.

συννεφέω, f. ἦσω, to collect clouds.

II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. συννεφεῖ it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity.

From συν-νεφής, ἑς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. συννένημαι, Ion. 3 pl.

συννενέσται:—to pile or heap together, heap up.

συν-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.

συν-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to have part in a victory with.

II. transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med.

Hence σύννοια Ion. -οίη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious

thought, trouble.

2. consciousness.

συν-νομοθετέω, f. ἦσω, to be a joint-lawgiver.

σύν-νομος, ον, (σύν, νέμω) feeding or herding to-

gether, consorting:—metaph. consorting with.

2. partaking or sharing in a thing: hence,

3. as Subst., σύννομος, ὁ, ἡ, one who lives with, a consort;

of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, com-

panion, congener.

σύν-νοος, ον Att. contr. -vous, ον, thinking deeply,

thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέω, f. ἦσω, to be ill together or along with.

σύν-νους, ον, contr. for σύννοος.

συν-νυμφοκόμος, ον, helping to deck a bride.

συν-οδεύω, f. σω, to journey along with.

Hence συνοδία, ἡ, a journey in company.

II. a party of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, ον, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

συνοδοιοπέω, f. ἦσω, to travel together.

And συνοδοιοπρία, ἡ, a travelling together.

From συν-οδοιόπος, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, ὁ, ἡ, = συνοδοιόπος.

σύν-οδος, ἡ, a coming together, assembly, meeting;

also an association.

2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. concursus.

3. of things, a coming together; χρημάτων σύνδοι a

coming in of money, income, like πρόσδοι.

4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of \*συνείδω, q. v.

συν-οικειόω, f. ὠσω, to bind one to another by ties

of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. ἦσω: pf. -ώκηκα:—to dwell or live

together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country,

to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to

live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed:

metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery.

II. to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country,

to be thickly peopled.

Hence συνοίκημα, ατος, τό, that with which one lives; σ.

ἀχαριτώτατον a most unpleasant bouse-mate.

συνοίκησις, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a dwelling or living to-

gether: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικήτωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνοικέω) one that lives with.

συνοικία Att. ξυνοικία, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a living to-



gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community. II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to οἰκία, as Lat. insula to domus (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνοικία (sub. ἱερά), τά, (συνοικέω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

συν-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live with: to give in marriage. 2. to make to live together, to join in one city; ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilene. II. to join in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συνοικίσις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (συνοικίζω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξύνοικος ἀλλαγῇ βίου associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., συνοικουρὸς κακῶν a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσω, fut. of συμφέρω, med. συνοίσομαι.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμι, f. -ολέσω Att. -ολώ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλως, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὁμαιμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαίμων, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομᾶλιξ, Dor. for συν-ομήλιξ.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομήλιξ Dor. -ομᾶλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to converse or associate with.

συν-ὀμνῦμι or -ύω: f. -ομόσω: aor. I -ώμοσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form a league or conspiracy. II.

to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομόσαι θάνατόν τινι to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὁμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπαδός, ὄν, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὄπλον) armed together, allied. συν-οράω, f. συνόψομαι (as if from συνόπτομαι): aor. 2 συνείδον, inf. συνιδεῖν (as if from συν-εἶδω):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι: aor. I pass. συν-ωργίσθην: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [ι], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὄρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύν, ὄρμή) clashing together.

συνόρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συνόρνυμι.

συν-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring to anchor together.

συν-ὀρνῦμι, = συνορίνω: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. συν-ὀρμενος, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σύνουρος, ον, bordering on; κόνις πηλοῦ κάσις ξύνουρος dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφώω, f. ὦσω, (σύν, ὀροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ion. for σύνορος.

συν-ουσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (from συνάν, συνοῦσα, part. of σύνειμι) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II.

a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρυόομαι, f. med. ὦσομαι: pf. pass. -ωφρύνωμαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὀφρύς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. ξυνοχή, ἡ, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph.

straitness, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. holding together.

συν-οχμός, ὁ, Ep. συντοχμός, = συνοχή, junction.

σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) held together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for συνόκωχα, Ep. intr. pf. of συνέχω, to be held together, come together; ὦμω ἐπὶ στήθος συνοχωκότε shoulders contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. of συνοράω.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκω.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἴσω, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμνω.

συν-τάνύω, = συντείνω, to bring together into one.

σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops. 4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. —σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-τάρασσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -ετάραξα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην: pf. -τετάραγμαi:—to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet:—Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere: to regulate, ordain: to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III.

Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τάχυνω [v], to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συντεθραμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφω.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι:—to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεκνώνω, f. ώσω, to help in breeding: also to breed.

συν-τελέθω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ή, (συντελής) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at

Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελείς.

III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. έσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute

equally; συντελείν εις τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war. 2. συντελείν εις τοὺς ἱππεῖς to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, ές, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share; συντελής πόλις the city which

had to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down,

cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. ὀδόν), to make

a short cut: (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνοντος as the time became short.

συν-τερετίζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, on, gen. onos, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαi, pf. pass. of συνταράσσω.

συντετέλεισμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέω.

συντέτηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκω.

συν-τετραίνω, f. -τρήσω: aor. I -έτρησα: pf. pass. -τέτρημαι:—to bore through so as to meet, to perforate:—Pass. to be connected by openings or channels. II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μῦθον δι' ὠτων

to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετρίφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, ό, ή, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, ό, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. I -έτηξα:—to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down,

dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass. συντήκομαι, aor. I συνετήχθην: aor. 2 συνετάκην [α]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα:—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely; to preserve, keep safe: keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form

a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put

together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι: aor. I συνεθηκάμην: aor. 2 συνεθέμην:—to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take

heed to; σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take heed. 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude: to

covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to value together:—Med. to fix an estimate:—Pass. to increase in value, rise in price.

συν-τίνάσσω, f. ξω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to confuse, confound.

συν-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places. \*συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνέτλην, to venture together.

σύντομος, on, (συντεμείν) cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος

ὁδός a short cut; συντομώτατον or τὰ συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, short.

Hence



συντόμως, Adv. concisely, shortly: Comp. -ώτερον and -ωτέρως: Sup. -ώτατα and -ωτάτως.

σύντονος, ον, (συντείνω) on the stretch, strained tight. 2. metaph. intense, excessive: of persons, earnest, serious, vehement: neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. earnestly, vehemently. II. (σύν, τόνος) in harmony or unison with.

συν-τραγῳδέω, f. ἴσω, to act tragedy together.

συν-τράπεζος, ον, (σύν, τράπεζα) eating at the same table: as Subst., συντράπεζος, ὁ, ἡ, a messmate.

σύν-τρις, οἱ, αἱ, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρεῖς) three together, three and three.

συν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed besides, help to feed: —Pass. to grow up together, live together. II.

of liquids, to congeal: —Pass. to be congealed, freeze.

συν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι, or more commonly -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον: —to run together, gather together: to commingle. 2. of enemies, to rush together, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere. 3. as friends, to come together, agree: generally, to concur, coincide. 4. to meet with. 5. to run or shrivel up.

συντρήσαι, aor. 1 inf. of συντετραίνω.

συν-τριαινώω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, τρίαῖνα) to overbrow with a trident: generally, to overwhelm in ruin.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντριβω.

συν-τρίβω [ῖ]: f. ψω: aor. 1 -έτριψα: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [ῖ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι: —to rub together. II. to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat. conterere: συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς to stave the ships in: Pass., συντριβῆναι τῆς κεφαλῆς to have one's head broken. III. metaph. in Pass. to run against, clash with.

συντριηραρχέω, f. ἴσω, to be a συντριηραρχος. From συν-τριηραρχος, ὁ, a partner in fitting out a trireme.

σύντριμμα, ατος, τό, (συντρίβω) a fracture, destruction. II. a stumbling-block, offence.

σύντριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, ἡ, (συντρίβω) shattering, smashing; of a lubber-head that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, ἡ, a being reared together: a brood. From

σύντροφος, ον, (συντρέφω) brought up together with: of the same origin as. 2. generally, living with: familiar, ordinary, common: of animals, brought up together. 3. natural, usual, common. II.

act., σύντροφος ζωῆς helping to preserve life.

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον: —to meet with, fall in with: to converse, speak with: ὁ συντυχάνων, like ὁ τυχάνων, the first that meets one, any one: τὸ συντυχόν the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean. II. of accidents, to happen to, befall: absol. to happen, fall out, chance; εὖ συντυχόντων if things should go well: impers., συνετύχανε, συνέτυχε it happened that ...

συν-τυμβωρύχέω, f. ἴσω, to help in robbing graves.

συν-τύραννοκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to join in slaying tyrants.

συν-τύρω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, τυρός) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquere.

συντύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of συγτυγχάνω.

συντύχια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (συντυχεῖν) an occurrence, incident: a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event: also a mischance, accident.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. to play a part along with. to help in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to help in putting under: Med. to help in composing.

συν-υπουργέω, f. ἴσω, to join in serving or assisting.

συν-ὑφαίνω, aor. 1 -ὑφηνά [ῖ]: aor. 1 pass. -ὑφάν-θην: —to weave together: metaph. to combine as in one web, frame cunningly.

συν-ωδίνω [ῖ], to be in travail together: to share in any agony.

συν-ωδός, ὄν, (σύν, ᾠδή) singing or sounding in unison: echoing or responsive to: metaph. according with, in unison with.

συνώκησα, aor. 1 of συνοικέω.

συνώμεθα, 1 pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνήμι.

συνωμοσία, ἡ, (συνόμνυμι) a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy: confederacy.

συνωμότης, ον, ὁ, (συνόμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate.

συνώμοτος, ον, (συνόμνυμι) leagued or banded by oath: confederate.

συν-ωνέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: pf. pass. -έωνημαι: Dep.: —to buy together: to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay. II. to buy up, Lat. coemere: pf. also

in pass. sense, ὁ συνεωνημένος σῖτος corn bought up.

συν-ώνυμος, ον, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of like name or meaning.

συνωριαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνωρίς) one who drives a pair-horsed chariot.

συνωρίζω, f. σω, (συνωρίς) to yoke together: —Med. to link with oneself.

συνωρίκεύομαι, Dep. to drive a συνωρίς. From συνωρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (συνάροπος) a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot. II. generally, a pair or couple of anything, Lat. biga. III. that which

binds together, a pair of fetters.

συν-ωφελέω, f. ἴσω, to join in helping: absol. to be of use, assist together: —Pass. to derive profit together.

συνωφρυνόμενος, pf. part. of συνοφρυνόομαι.

συν-ωχᾶδόν, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, perpetually, continually: continuously.

σὺο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (σὺς, κτείνω) a slaying of swine.

σὺο-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (σὺς, \*φένω) a slayer of swine.

σὺο-φόντις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of σὺοφόντης.

Σύρα, ἡ, fem. of Σύρος, a Syrian woman.

Συράκουσαι [ᾱ], αἱ, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκοσαι, Syracuse. Hence

Συράκούσιος, α, ον, Ion. Σύρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Συράκόσιος, Syracusan.

σύρ-γαστρος, ὁ, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the belly, of a worm or snake.

σύρδην, Adv. (σύρω) rushing furiously. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) the land of the Syrians, Syria.

σῦρίγμα, ατος, τό, (σῦριττω) the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound.

σῦριγμός, ὁ, (σῦριττω) the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling.

σῦριγξ, ἰγγος, ἡ, a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe. II. anything in shape like a pipe, as, 1. a spear-case. 2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. 3. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΖΩ Att. σῦριττω Dor. σῦρισδω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἐσῦριξα later ἐσῦρισα, inf. σῦρισαι:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σῦριγξ). II. to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. explodere.

Συριη-γενής, ἐς, (Συρία, γένος) Syrian-born.

σῦρικτᾶς, ἄ, ὁ, Dor. for σῦριστῆς, οὔ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) Syrian.

σῦρίσδω, σῦρισδες, Dor. for σῦρίζω, σῦρίζεις.

σῦρισμα, ατος, τό, = σῦριγμα.

σῦριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = σῦριστῆς.

σῦριστῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (σῦρίζω) a player on the Pan's pipe (σῦριγξ), a piper.

Σῦριστί, Adv. (Σύρος) in the Syrian language.

σῦρίττω, f. ἴξω, = σῦρίζω, q. v.

σύρμα, ατος, τό, (σύρω) anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train.

συρμαία Ion. -αῖη, ἡ, (συρμός) an emetic or purgative draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called συρμαῖη. Hence

συρμαῖζω, f. σω, to take an emetic or purge.

συρμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύρω) anything swept together, refuse, rubbish.

συρμός, ὁ, (σύρω) any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc. II. that which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

σύροισα, Dor. for σύρουσα, part. fem. of σύρω.

Σύρος, ὁ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρίη.

Σύρος, ὁ, a Syrian. [ῥ]

Σύρο-φοίνιξ, ἱκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) a Syrophenician: fem. Σύροφοίνισσα, a Syrophenician woman.

συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew or stitch together, sew up.

συρ-ράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, = συρρήγνυμι in intr. sense, to dash together, clash together, fight with, Lat. conflagere.

συρ-ρέζω, f. ξω, to sacrifice together.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύομαι: pf. -εppύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -εppύην:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

συρ-ρήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I συνέρρηξα: Pass. aor. 2 συνερράγην [ᾱ]: pf. συνέρρηγμα, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέρρωγα:—to break to pieces: συρ-ρήξαι εἰς ἓν to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέρρωγα): to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: of rivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out.

συρ-ρίζομαι, (σύν, ρίζω) Pass. to have the roots united: to take root together with.

Σύρτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σύρω) a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.

σύρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σύρω) = συρφετός. II. as Adj. swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

συρφετός, ὁ, (σύρω) anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquilliae. II. metaph. a mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡΩ [ῥ], f. σῦρῶ: aor. I ἐσῦρά: pf. σέσυρκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσύρην [ῥ]: pf. σέσυρμαι:—to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, hale: generally, to sweep away.

ΣΥΣ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. σῦός, acc. σῦν: nom. pl. σῦες, acc. σῦας contr. σῦς, dat. συσί Ep. σύεσσι:—Lat. SUS, = ūs, a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or sow; σῦς κάπριος a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω, to toss all about.

συ-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare; to contrive, concert. II. Med. to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. συνεσκευασμένος or συσκευασάμενος all packed up, in marching order. 2. to prepare, make ready, provide. 3. to contrive, concert. 4. generally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence

συσκευασία, ἡ, a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march.

συ-σκευοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to carry baggage together.

συ-σκευορέομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to contrive, devise, concert.

συ-σκηνέω, f. ἤσω, to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who lives in the same tent, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis.

συσκηνητρία, ἡ, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ἡ, (σύσκηνος) a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together.

συσκήνιον, τό, a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σύ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) living in one tent: as Subst., σύσκηνος, ὁ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis. Hence

συ-σκηνώω, f. ὠσω, = συσκηνέω.

συ-σκιάζω, f. ἄσω, to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely.

σύ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) shaded over, shaded.

συ-σκοπέω, to contemplate along with or together.

συ-σκοτάζω, f. ἄσω, to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοτάζει it grows dark.

συ-σκυθρωπάω, f. σω, to look sad or gloomy together.



συσπαράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces.  
συσπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw or squeeze together :  
of skins, to sew together.

συσπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα) to be coiled up  
together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to  
march in close order.

συσπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.

συσπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to join in making a liba-  
tion :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.

συσπεύδω, f. σω, to join in hastening or promoting,  
to lend a helping hand.

συσπλάγχυνω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to help to  
the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.

σύσπονδος, ον, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation  
with : joining in the same treaty.

συσπουδάξω, f. άσω, to make haste along with or  
together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans.  
to pursue or manage zealously together.

συσσειώ, f. σω, to shake together : to make to quiver  
or tremble.

συσσημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in  
sealing and signing.

σύσσημος, ον, (σύν, σήμα) marked in common : as  
Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

συσσιτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with :  
to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσίτησις, εως, ή, = συσσιτία : and

συσσιτία, ή, a messing together or in common. II.  
a club or mess.

συσσίτιον, τό, (συσσιτέω) : I. in pl. a common  
meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together accord-  
ing to the institution of Lycurgus. II. a dining-  
room, hall.

σύσσιτος, ον, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or  
in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.

συσσώζω, f. σω, to help to save or deliver.

σύσσωμος, ον, (σύν, σῶμα) united in one body.

συσσωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in tem-  
perance.

συστάδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close toge-  
ther : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.

συστάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι.

συστάλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.

συστασιάζω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious  
with. Hence

συστασιαστής, ού, ό, one who takes part in a sedi-  
tion, a fellow-rioter.

σύστασις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together,  
meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, bat-  
tle : σύστασις γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an

union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness,  
barsbness, rigour.

συστασιώτης, ον, ό, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of  
the same party, a partisan.

συστατικός, ή, ύν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing  
together, introductory, commendatory : ή συστατική  
έπιστολή a letter of introduction.

συσταυρώω, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

συστεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover together or entirely.

συστέλλω, f. -στελῶ : aor. I -έστειλα : pf. act. -έστ-  
αλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι :—to draw together, draw in :  
hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, com-  
press, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller :

συστέλλεσθαι εις εὐτέλειαν to be drawn in towards  
economy, i. e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part.  
συνεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow com-  
pass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, bumble,  
abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to

wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συστέλλεσθαι  
θοιμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one : συ-  
στέλλεσθαι έαυτόν to gird up one's loins : so aor. 2  
pass. part. συσταλεις ready for action. III. in  
Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συστενάζω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.

συστεφανώω, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together.

σύστημα, ατος, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put  
together, a composite whole : a composition : a col-  
lege, assembly.

συστοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοιχος) to stand in the  
same row or line with : to be coordinate or in conform-  
ity with, to correspond to.

συστολίζω, f. ίσω, = συστέλλω, to put together, fa-  
bricate. II. to unite.

συστρατεία, ή, a common campaign or expedition.  
From

συστρατεύω, f. -εύσω : also as Dep. συστρατεύο-  
μαι, f. -εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along  
with or together, to join or share in an expedition.

συστρατηγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of.  
From

συστράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.

συστρατιώτης, ον, ό, a fellow-soldier.

συστρατοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.

συστρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 συνεστράφην [ά] :  
pf. συνέστραμμαι :—to twist or coil up together, roll  
into a mass, Lat. conglobare : generally, to collect in  
one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid  
body : συστρέφειν έαυτόν to rally or collect oneself :

—Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club  
together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress,  
condense, make terse or concise : συνεστραμμένη λέ-  
ξις a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl

round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all  
together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into  
a ball. II. any dense or compact mass : a body  
of men, a crowd, Lat. globus : a coming together,  
gathering.

συσφάζω, f. ξω : aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ά], inf.  
συσφαγῆναι :—to slay along with or together.

συσφίγω, f. γέω, to lace or bind close together.

συσχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to  
another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's ex-  
ample.

συσχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or to-  
gether.

σύτο [ὑ], Ep. for ἔσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σέω.

σῦφείος, ὁ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σῦφεός, ὁ, (σῦς) a hog-sty; συφεόνδε = εἰς or πρὸς συφεόν, to the sty.

σῦ-φόρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σῦ-φορβός, ὁ, (σῦς, φέρβω) = ὑφορβός, a swine-herd.

σύφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σοφός.

ΣΥΧΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent. 3. the dat. συχνῶ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῶ, as, συχνῶ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφαγεῖον, τό, (σφαγήναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφαγεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφαγεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγεύς ἔστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφαγή, ἡ, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαὶ πυρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιαζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act.

σφαγιαζω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. 1 part. σφαγιασθείς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σφαγιασμός, ὁ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δοῦλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ᾱ]

σφάγιος, ον, also α, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σφαγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΖΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφαδασμός, ὁ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάζω: aor. 1 ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. 1 ἔσφάχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφάγην [ᾱ]: fut. σφαγήσομαι: pf. ἔσφαγμαi:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΡΑ, ας, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with: σφαῖρην παίζειν to play at ball; σφαῖραν ῥίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαῖρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω, (σφαῖρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαῖρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαῖρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, ἐς, (σφαῖρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώ, f. ὥσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαίρωμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαῖρα):—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαίρωτο his chest was round and arched. II. to tip with a ball or button;

ἀκόντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαιρώ) rounded, made globular. II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφακελίζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισέ τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφάκελος, ὁ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ᾱ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ᾱ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφαλεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφαλερός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάλλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. -ρῶς.

σφαλῆναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ, f. σφαλῶ: aor. 1 ἐσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφαλῆσομαι, σφαλῶμαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ᾱ]: pf. ἔσφαλμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἔσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overthrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; οὐ τι μὴ σφαλῶ γ' ἐν σοὶ ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφάξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάξας, aor. 1 part. of σφάζω.

σφαράγιομαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with fullness, be full to bursting.

σφαράγίζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΡΑΓΟΣ, ὁ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφαρά]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφεῖς.

σφᾶς [ᾱ], acc. pl. fem. of σφός.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφεῖς, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. bim, ber.

σφέᾱ, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφεῖς.

σφέας, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφᾶς.

σφεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vehemently.



**ΣΦΕΙΓΣ**, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. σφέα: gen. σφῶν: dat. σφίσι: acc. σφᾶς, neut. σφέα. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. σφεῖς: genit. σφέων Ep. also σφείων: dat. σφῖ and σφῖν, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. σφέας Ep. also σφείας, also σφε (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms,—nom. σφές, dat. φῖν and ψῖν, acc. ψε. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέας αὐτούς. II. there is a rare usage of σφεῖς for 2nd pers. pl., μετὰ σφίσιν for μεθ' ὑμῖν.

**ΣΦΕΛΑΣ**, ατος, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur. σφέλα, for σφέλατα, σφέλαα.

**σφενδάμνινος**, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. *acernus*: metaph., ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινοι 'beards of maple.' From

**ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ**, ἡ, the maple, Lat. *acer*.

**σφενδονάω**, f. ἤσω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

**σφενδόνη**, ἡ, a sling, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end. II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*.

III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

**σφενδονήτης**, ου, ὁ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

**σφές**, Aeol. and Dor. for σφεῖς.

**σφετερίζω**, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. σφετερίζομαι, whence Dor. aor. I part. σφετεριζάμενος.

**σφέτερος**, α, ον, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. σφεῖς, their own, their, belonging to them:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., *bis*, *bers*. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: 1. of the 2nd pers. pl., = ὑμέτερος, your own: and of the 2nd pers. sing., = σός, thy, thine own. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = ἡμέτερος, our own: and of the 1st pers. sing., = ἐμός, my own, mine.

**σφέων**, Ep. and Ion. for σφῶν, gen. of σφεῖς.

**σφῖ**, dat. fem. of σφός.

**σφηκία**, ἡ, (σφήξ) a wasps' nest.

**σφηκίσκος**, ὁ, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

**σφηκο-ειδής**, ἐς, (σφήξ, εἶδος) = σφηκώδης.

**σφηκώω**, f. ὠσω, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:—Pass., πλοχμοὶ χρυσῷ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφικάντο (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

**σφηκ-ώδης**, ἐς, contr. for σφηκοειδής, (σφήξ, εἶδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

**σφήκωμα**, ατος, τό, (σφηκώω) the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

**σφήλαι**, aor. I inf. of σφάλλω.

**σφήλα**, Ep. for ἔσφηλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.

**ΣΦΗΝ**, σφηνός, ὁ, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

**σφηνο-πώγων**, ανος, ὁ, (σφήν, πᾶγων) with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

**σφηνόω**, f. ὠσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

**ΣΦΗΞ**, ηκός, ὁ, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

**Σφηττός**, ὁ, an Attic deme: Adv. **Σφηττοῖ** at *Sphettus*: Adj. **Σφήττιος**, α, ον, a *Sphettian*.

**σφῖ**, σφῖν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of σφεῖς: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

**σφιγγίον**, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

**ΣΦΙΓΓΩ**, f. σφίγξω: aor. I ἔσφιγγα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφιγχθην: pf. ἔσφιγμαι:—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

**σφιγκτήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, a tight binder, a lace, band.

**σφιγκτός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σφίγγω, tight-bound: θάνατος σφιγκτός death by strangling.

**σφίγκτωρ**, ορος, ὁ, poet. for σφιγκτήρ.

**Σφίγξ**, ἡ, gen. Σφιγγός, the *Sphinx*, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From σφίγγω, so the *Sphinx* properly means the *Throttler*.)

**σφῖν**, v. σφι.

**σφίστι**, σφίστιν, dat. of σφεῖς.

**σφογγία**, σφόγγιον, σφόγγος, Att. for σπογγ-.

**σφόδρα**, Adv., properly neut. pl. of σφοδρός, very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

**ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ**, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, vehement, violent, excessive. II. of men, violent, impetuous: also active, zealous.

**σφοδρύνω**, (σφοδρός) to make vehement:—Pass. σφοδρύνομαι, to be violent or overbearing: σφοδρύνεσθαι τι to put overweening trust in a thing. [v]

**σφοδρῶς**, Adv. of σφοδρός, violently: Sup. σφοδρότατον.

**σφονδύλη**, ἡ, Att. for σπονδύλη, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

**σφονδύλιος**, ὁ, like σφόνδυλος, a vertebra.

**σφονδύλο-δίνητος**, ον, (σφόνδυλος, δινέω) twirled on a spindle.

**σφόνδυλος**, ὁ, Att. for σπόνδυλος, a vertebra. II. any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle.

**σφός**, σφή, σφόν, (σφέ) sing. masc., *bis*, *bis own*; fem., *ber*, *ber own*. II. (σφεῖς) plur. masc. and fem., *their*, *their own*, like σφέτερος.

**σφραγίδιον**, τό, Dim. of σφραγίς.

**σφραγιδ-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης**, ου, ὁ, (σφραγίς, ὄνυξ, ἄργος, κομέω) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring.

**σφραγίζω** Ion. σφρηγ-: f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἔσφρά-

γισμαι: (σφραγίς):—to seal: to seal up, shut up. II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp. III. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal. III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.

σφρίγῶ, f. ἥσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere. II. metaph. to swell with pride; σφριγῶν μῦθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμός, ὁ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ξω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a hammer. II. an implement of busbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφῦράς, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. for σφυράς, σφύραθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφῦρ-ήλατος, ον, (σφῦρα, ἐλαύνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle: metaph., ὀρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῶ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright. II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσσω, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφῶ, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι: gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶιν.

ΣΦΩΕ', dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΙ', nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν:—you two, both of you.

σφωίτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶι, of or belonging to you two. 2. as possess.

Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφωέ, of or belonging to them two or both of them. II. also used as possess.

Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., his, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp. II. the cell of a honeycomb, the honeycomb, Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐσχασα:—to slit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν ἱππικὴν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf. 2. to check, stop, master. 3. to let go;

σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχάω, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχές.

σχεδία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεδία διφθερίνη a raft of hides: poet. a boat, ship. 2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχέδιος) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδίην, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχέδιος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

σχέδιος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, hand to hand.

σχεδόθεν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at hand: also nigh at hand, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen. 2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but; σχεδὸν πάντες nearly all; σχεδὸν ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

σχέθον, Ep. for ἐσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθεῖν Ep. σχεθέειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω: see ἐσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σκελῖς, mostly in plur. σχελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχέμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχένδyla or σχενδύλη, ἡ, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχίω, Ep. for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἡ, Scheria, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, ὁ, used only in the phrase ἐν σχερῶ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερώ.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχέσις, εως, ἡ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχετλίος) to complain of hardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, ὁ, angry complaining, invective.

σχετλίος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear: I. of Persons, hardhearted, merciless, cruel, savage. 2. much-suffering, unflinching, hardy. 3. miserable, unhappy. II.

of Things, cruel, shocking, horrid, abominable. Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλιώτατα.

σχίτο, Ep. for ἐσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχῆμα, ατος, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person. 2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence. 3.

the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur.



gestures. 4. the fashion, manner, way of a thing; σχῆμα στολῆς fashion of dress. 5. the state, nature, constitution of a thing. 6. a figure in dancing; in plur. steps. Hence

σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to form, fashion, shape, arrange: so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην to dress her hair, Lat. fingere. 2. intr. to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance.

II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way. 2. to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθεῖς εἶναι they pretend to be unlearned. 3. to gesticulate.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα: in plur. the figures of a dance; σχημάτια Λακωνικά Laconian figures.

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing:—Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχῆσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σχίζω) = σχίζα.

σχίζα Ion. σχίζη, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, latb, splint, Lat. scindula: in plur. wood cleft small, firewood. II. an arrow, spear.

ΣΧΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἔσχισα: Pass., aor. I ἐσχίσθην: pf. ἐσχισμαι:—to split, cleave, Lat. scindo: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide:—so in Pass., Νεῖλος σχίζεται τριφασίας ὁδοῦς the Nile branches into three channels; ἐσχίζοντο σφεων αἱ γνώμαι their opinions were divided. Hence

σχινδάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, the mastic tree, Lat. lentiscus. II. a squill.

σχίνο-τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (σχῖνος, τρώγω) one who chews mastic-wood.

σχισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίσις, εως, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleaving, parting, division.

σχίσμα, ατος, τό, (σχίζω) that which is cloven or parted: a rent, cleft, division. II. generally, division, schism.

σχισμός, ὁ, (σχίζω) a cleaving, splitting, rending.

σχίσσα, poet. for ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχίζω) split, cloven, parted, divided; σχιστή ὁδός a road that branches off.

σχοῖδο, poet. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῖην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῖνινος, η, ον, (σχοῖνος) of rusbes, made of rusbes.

σχοινίον, τό, (σχοῖνος) a rope twisted of rusbes: generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σχοῖνος) = σχοινίον.

σχοινίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, (σχοῖνος) made of rusbes: fem. σχοινίτις, ἴδος.

σχοινο-βάτης [α], ου, ὁ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) a rope-dancer, Lat. schoenobates.

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, a rusb, Lat. juncus. 2. a sharp, tough rusb or reed, used as an arrow; also as a spit. 3. a place where rusbes grow, a rusbed. II. anything twisted or plaited of rusbes, a

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοῖνος a wicker basket. III. in Greece, the σχοῖνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight. II. twisted or plaited of rusbes.

σχολάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχολή) to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to have rest or respite from a thing: c. inf. to have leisure or time to do a thing. 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. II.

σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. vacare rei, to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything: also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one.

σχολαῖος, α, ον, (σχολή) at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ἡ, slowness, laziness.

σχολαίως, Adv. of σχολαῖος, leisurely:—Comp. σχολαίτερον or -αίτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαιέτερος.

σχολαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχολάζω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. otiosus. II. devoting all

one's leisure to learning, learned: hence pedantic. ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium: σχολῇν ἄγειν to be at leisure: σχολῇς ἔργον a work for leisure: ἐπὶ σχολῇ at leisure: so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σχολῇς, κατὰ σχολῇν. II. dat. σχολῇ absol.

as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly: (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, hardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. III. c. gen. leisure, rest from a thing. IV. idleness.

V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. schola. VI. the place

where such lectures were given, a school. σχολῇ, dat. of σχολή, used as Adv.: in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2. scarcely, hardly, not at all.

σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἔχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. σχῶμεν.

σχών, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σῶοι.

σῶεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.

σώζω, lengthd. from ΣΑΪΩ, ΣΑΟΪΩ, ΣΩΪΩ: f. σώσω: aor. I ἔσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσώθην: pf. σέσωμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σαώω are formed fut. σῶσω, aor. I act. ἐσάωσα [α]: fut. med. σῶσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσῶθην. 2. from contr.

pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώεσκον. 3. from σώω, subj. σώη, σώης, σώωσι. To save, keep: esp. to keep alive, preserve:—Pass. to be saved, preserved; σώξο, Lat. salvus sis! vale! God be with you! 2. of things, to keep safe, preserve. 3. of the laws, to keep, observe. 4. to

keep in mind, remember, opp. to διολλύναι to forget; mostly in Med. II. σώζω is often used with the

additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to:—Pass. to get safe or escape to a place; ἐς οἶκον σωθῆναι to be brought or get safe home. 2.

σῶζειν ἐκ πολέμου to carry off safe, rescue from war;

ἐχθρῶν σῶσαι χθόνα to rescue a country from the enemy.

σωθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of σώζω.

σώκω, f. ἤσω, like λᾶύω, to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf. From

ΣΩΚΟΣ, δ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτεω, f. ἤσω, to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc. From

Σωκράτης, gen. εὐς contr. οὐς: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκρατήν: vocat. Σώκρατες:—Socrates, the philosopher. Hence

Σωκράτιδον, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [τῖ]

Σωκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic; of Σωκρατικοί the philosophers of his school, Socratics.

ΣΩΛΗ'Ν, ἦνος, δ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σῶμα, ατος, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body. 2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή); τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα bodily labours; αὐ τοῦ σώματος ἡδοναί pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures. 3. one's bodily existence, life. II. any material body. III. a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκίω, f. ἤσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκήω) to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling. Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, bodily exercise, training.

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus. Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [ᾱ]

σωματο-ειδής, εἰς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) of the nature of a body, corporeal.

σωματο-φθορέω, f. ἤσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) to corrupt or enervate the body.

σωματο-φυλάκιον, τό, (σῶμα, φυλακή) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre. [ᾱ]

σῶος, α, ον, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν; v. σῶς.

σωπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, to be silent.

σώρευμα, ατος, τό, (σωρεύω) that which is heaped up: a heap, pile.

σωρεύω, f. σω, (σωρός) to pile or heap one thing on another. II. to heap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΡΟΣ, δ, a heap, Lat. cumulus: a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.

ΣΩΣ, δ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶς: defect. Adj. σῶος = σῶος, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σαώτερος):—safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. saluus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer. 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσί-πολις, εως, δ, ἡ, (σώζω, πόλις) saving the city or state. [r]

σωστίον, verb. Adj. of σώζω, one must save.

σῶστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σῶστρα, τά, (σώζω) like ζῳάγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-

offering for deliverance from a danger; σῶστρα τοῦ παιδὸς θύειν θεοῖς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance.

II. the reward for bringing back a runaway slave.

σώτεια, ἡ, fem. of σωτήρ, she that saves. II.

epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχα.

σωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, vocat. σῶτερ, (σώζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Ἑλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease. 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σωτήρ, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτεια, as epith. of Τύχη. II. poet.

as Adj. saving, preserving: even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμαί the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus. 2. a safe return; ἡ οἰκάδε σωτηρία a safe return home. 3. a keeping safe; ἐπὶ σωτηρία for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering: neut. pl., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ἡ, deliverance, safety. 2. σωτήρια (sc. λερά), τά, an offering in return for safety. II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σῶτρον, τό, (σώζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπίσωτρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -ίστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ἤσω: poet. σαοφρονέω: (σώφρων):—to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate. 2. to learn moderation, to recover one's senses. Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control.

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σώφρων) to moderate, control, chasten. 2. to chastise, correct.

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) disposed to temperance, moderate, sober. Adv. -κῶς.

σωφρονισμός, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) a making temperate: chastening.

σωφρονιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων, temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.

σωφροσύνη Ep. σαοφροσύνη, ἡ, the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia. From

σώ-φρων Ep. σαόφρων, ονος, δ, ἡ: neut. σῶφρον: (σῶς, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -ίστατος.



σώχω, Ion. form for ψάχω, to rub to pieces.  
σώω, Ep. for σώζω.

## T

**T**, τ, ταῦ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, τ' = 300, but τ = 300,000.

Changes of τ: in Aeol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τυ (Lat. tu), τοί, τέ, τῦκον, φατί, etc. for σύ, σοί, σέ, σῦκον, φησί, etc. 2. in new Att., ττ for σσ, as πράττω, τάττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω. 3. in Ion., τ for θ, as αὐτίς for αὐθίς: in the substantive termin. -τρον for -θρον, as in κόσμητρον, φόβητρον, for κόσμηθρον, φόβηθρον. 4. τ is inserted in some words metri grat., as πτόλις, πτόλεμος, for πόλις, πόλεμος. 5. in Dor. and Ion., τ is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as κέραος, τέραος, for κέρατος, τέρατος.

τ', apostroph. for τε, and. 2. the particle τοι is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as τάν, τᾶρα, μεντάν, for τοι ἄν, τοι ἄρα, μέντοι ἄν. 3. the Artic. τό, τά, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as τάγαθόν for τὸ ἀγαθόν.

τά, neut. pl. of ὁ, ὅ, and ὅς.  
ταβέρνη, ης, η, the Lat. taberna, a tavern, inn: τρεῖς ταβέρναι the Three Taverns, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθὰ.  
τῦγεία, ἡ, (ταγεύω) the office or rank of Tagus: generally, command, rule.  
τᾶγείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.  
τᾶγεύω, f. σω, (ταγός) to be Tagus: generally, to command, rule:—Pass. to be united under one ταγός.  
τᾶγέω, f. ἡσω, (ταγός) to be commander or ruler.  
τᾶγή, ἡ, = τάξις, an ordering, arraying.  
τᾶγή, ἡ, (τᾶγός) authority: as Collective Noun, the commanders.

τᾶγηνον, τό, like τήγανον, a frying-pan.  
τᾶγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐγκλημα.  
τᾶγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) an ordinance, command. 2. a regular body of soldiers, a corps, division.  
τᾶγός, ὁ, (τάσσω) an orderer, commander, ruler: esp. as title of the Chief of Thessaly.  
τᾶγ-οὔχος, ὁ, (ταγή, ἔχω) he that has the command or rule, a commander, ruler.

τᾶδελφοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ.  
τᾶδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀδικον.  
τᾶθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of τείνω.  
τᾶθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of τείνω. [ᾶ]  
ταί, Ep. and Ion. for αἱ, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. ὁ.  
Ταῖνᾶρος, ὁ, ἡ, also Ταῖνᾶρον, τό, Taenarus, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of Laconia.

ταινία, ἡ, (τείνω) a band, riband, fillet, Lat. taenia: esp. a riband or headband worn in token of victory.  
ταινιό-πωλις, ἡ, (ταινία, πωλέω) a dealer in ribands.

ταινιόω, f. ὠσω, (ταινία) to bind with a ταινία or head-band, esp. as conqueror:—Med. ταινιόομαι, to wear a head-band or fillet.

ταῖπιον, crasis for τὸ αἶπιον.  
τᾶκεῖ, τᾶκείνων, crasis for τὰ ἐκεῖ, τὰ ἐκείνων.  
τᾶκερός, ὁ, ὄν, (τακῆναι) fluid, melting, soft, tender: metaph. melting, languishing.

τᾶκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τήκω.  
τακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τάσσω) fit for ordering or arranging, of or fit for military tactics; τὰ τακτικά military tactics.

τακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τάσσω, ordered, arranged, fixed, stated; τακτὸν ἀργύριον a stated sum.  
τάκω, Dor. for τήκω.

τᾶλᾶ-εργός, ὄν, (τλάω, ἔργον) enduring labour, painful, drudging: generally, much-enduring.  
τάλαινα, fem. of τάλας.

τᾶλαιπωρέω, f. ἡσω: pf. τεταλαιπώρηκα: also as Dep. τᾶλαιπωρόομαι, with f. med. -ήσομαι, aor. pass. ἐταλαιπώρηθην: (ταλαίπωρος):—to endure bardship, do bard work: suffer bardship or distress. II. trans. to weary, wear out, annoy grievously. Hence

τᾶλαιπωρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, bard work, severe labour: in pl. bodily bardships or exertions. 2. bodily pain, suffering: affliction, misery.

τᾶλαίπωρος, ὄν, (τάλας) enduring toil, laborious. II. suffering bardship, miserable. Adv. -πως.

τᾶλαί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, wretched: also stout-hearted, daring.

τᾶλᾶ-κάρδιος, ὄν, (\*τλάω, καρδία) patient of heart, stout-hearted. 2. much-enduring, miserable.

τᾶλάντερος, α, ὄν, τᾶλάντατος, η, ὄν, Comp. and Sup. of τάλας.

τᾶλαντεύω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) to balance: Pass. to sway to and fro, oscillate. 2. to weigh out, measure out by weight.

τᾶλαντιαῖος, α, ὄν, (τάλαντον) worth a talent. 2. weighing a talent.

ταλαντίζω, = ταλαντεύω, q. v.  
ΤΑΛΑΝΤΟΝ [τᾶ-], τό, a balance: in plur. a pair of scales. II. anything weighed: but mostly used of a fixed weight, a talent: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. the talent of weight: the Euboic or old Attic talent weighed about 57 lb. avoird., and the Aeginetan 95. 2. the talent of money, i.e. a talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this, which would make the Euboic or old Attic talent worth in our money 243 l. 15 s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae. 3. that which is weighed out or apportioned to one.

τᾶλαντ-οὔχος, ὄν, (τάλαντον, ἔχω) holding the scale or balance: metaph. turning the scale of battle.

τᾶλᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, (\*τλάω) = τάλας, patient, enduring: hence bard-fated, wretched.

τᾶλᾶ-πεῖριος, ὄν, (\*τλάω, πείρα) one who has suffered much, epith. of Ulysses: hence later rambling, vagabond.

τάλα-πενθής, ἐς, (\*τλάω, πένθος) *enduring great woe, patient in woe.* 2. of things, *toilsome.*

ΤΑΛΑΨΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, a basket, Lat. *qualus*: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρως, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάρος.

τάλας, τάλαινα (sometimes τάλας), τάλαν: gen. ἄνος, αἰνης, ἄνος: voc. τάλαν or τάλας: (\*τλάω):—*suffering, wretched*, Lat. *miser*: *enduring, patient*: also *fool-hardy, headstrong*; τάλαν *O wretch!* Comp. τάλαντερος, α, ον: Sup. τάλαντατος, η, ον. [τάλας: Dor. also τάλᾱς.]

τάλασειος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. τάλᾱσήιος, η, ον, (ταλασία) of *wool-spinning*.

τάλασία, ἡ, (τλάω) *wool-spinning*.

τάλασιουργέω, f. ἥσω, (ταλασιουργός) to *spin wool*: generally, to *spin*.

τάλασιουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *wool-spinning*. From τάλᾱσι-ουργός, ὄν, (ταλασία, \*έργω) *spinning wool*: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ὁ, ἡ, a *wool-spinner*.

τάλασί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (\*τλάω, φρήν) *patient of mind, stout-hearted, of enduring spirit*.

τάλασσης, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of \*τλάω.

τάλαυ-ρίνος, ον, (\*τλάω, ρίνος) with *shield of tough bull's-hide*: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον *πολεμίζειν* to fight on *toughly, stoutly*.

τάλα-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a *damsel, maiden*.

ΤΑΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a *marriageable maiden, bride*.

τάλλα or τᾶλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [ᾱ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τάμεῖν Ep. τᾱμέειν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεῖον, τό, = ταμεῖον, a *chamber, closet*.

τάμεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεσί-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, (τάμνω, χρώς) *cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding*.

τάμία, Ep. -ίη, ἡ, fem. of ταμίας, a *housekeeper, housewife*; also γυνή ταμῆ.

ταμίας Ep. ταμῆς, ον, ὁ, (τάμνω) *one who cuts up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a manager, overseer.* II. a *steward, receiver, treasurer*; ταμῆς τοῦ ἱεροῦ the *comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens.* 2. = Lat. *quaestor*.

ταμεία, ἡ, (ταμιεύω) the *office of steward, house-keeping, management.* II. = Lat. *quaestura*, the *quaestorship*.

ταμείον, τό, (ταμιεύω) a *magazine, storehouse, treasury*.

ταμείωμα, ατος, τό, (ταμιεύω) *management, house-keeping.*

ταμιευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *housekeeping.* II. = Lat. *quaestorius*, of the *quaestor or the quaestorship.* From

ταμιεύω, f. σω, and Dep. ταμιεύομαι, f. σομαι: (ταμίας):—to be a *housekeeper, manager or steward*;

οὐκέτι ταμιεύσεις μοι *thou shalt no longer be my steward.* 2. to be *quaestor.* II. trans. to

serve out *stores, dispense.* III. to *regulate, manage.* 2. to *husband, save, store up*: metaph.

to turn to *good account.*

ταμίη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

ταμῆς, ον, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor. for τῆμος.

ταμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαλιν.

ταμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or τᾶν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase ὦ τάν or ὦ τᾶν, as a form of address, *sir, my good friend.*

τᾶν, Att. crasis for τοὶ ἄν.

τᾶν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τάναγρα, ἡ, Tanagra, a town of Boeotia. Hence Ταναγραῖος, α, ον, of or from Tanagra.

τᾶνᾱ-ηκής, ἐς, (ταναός, ἀκή) with *long point or edge, cutting far or deep.*

τᾶνᾱί-μῦκος, ον, (ταναός, μυκάομαι) *bellowing so as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing.*

τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τᾶνᾱό-δειρος, ον, (ταναός, δειρή) *long-necked.*

τᾶνᾱός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (τανύω, τείνω) *stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.*

τᾶνᾱύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τανύπους.

τᾶνδον or τᾶνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνδον.

τᾶνδρί, τᾶνδρός, Att. crasis for τῷ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρός.

τᾶνη-λεγής, ἐς, (ταναός, λέγω) *stretching one at length, epith. of death.*

τᾶνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τᾶνίκα, Dor. for τῆνίκα.

Ταντάλειος or Ταντάλεος, α, ον, of or for Tantalus: and

Ταντάλις, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Tantalus. From Τάνταλος, ον, ὁ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντάλω, f. ὤσω, (τάλαντον) quasi *ταλαντώω*, to swing:—aor. 1 pass. part. τανταλωθείς, swung, hurled, dashed down.

τᾶνύ-γλωσσος, ον, (τανύω, γλώσσα) *long-tongued, chattering, noisy.*

τᾶνυ-γλώχης, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, γλωχίς) with *long point or head.*

τᾶνύ-δρομος, ον, (τανύω, δρόμος) *running at full stretch.*

τᾶνῦ-έθειρος, ον, (τανύω, ἔθειρα) *long-haired, with flowing hair*: fem. also ταννέθειρα.

τανῦ-ήκης, ἐς, like ταναήκης, (τανύω, ἀκή) with a *long point or long edge.* II. *far-stretching.*

τανῦ-ῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, ῆλιξ) of *extended age.*

τᾶνύ-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, θρίξ) *long-haired, shaggy.*

τᾶνύ-κραιρος, ον, (τανύω, κραιρα) *long-borned.*

τᾶνῦμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend.

τᾶνῦ-μήκης, ἐς, (τανύω, μήκος) *long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering.*

τανῦν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, now at present.



τανύ-πεπλος, ον, (τανύω, πέπλος) with flowing robe.  
 τανύ-πλεκτος, ον, (τανύω, πλέκω) in long plaits.  
 τανύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) long-sided, enormous.

τανύ-πους Ep. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, πούς) stretching the feet, long-striding, long-sbanked.

τανύ-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) shorter form for τανυσίπτερος.

τανύ-πτέρυγος, ον and τανυ-πτέρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, πτέρυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπτερος.

τανύρ-ριζος, ον, (τανύω, ρίζα) with spreading roots.

τανύσειεν [ῥ], 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of τανύω.

τανυσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τανύω.

τανύσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τανύω: Ep. 3 pl. τανυσθεν.

τανυσί-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) with extended wings, long-winged.

τανυσσα, Ep. aor. I of τανύω.

τανυστός, ὅς, ἡ, (τανύω) a stretching, straining: τανυστὺς τόξον a stringing of the bow.

τανύ-σφυρος, ον, (τανύω, σφυρόν) with taper ankles.

τανύ-φλοιος, ον, (τανύω, φλοιός) with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth.

τανύ-φυλλος, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) with long-pointed leaves, of the olive. II. with thick foliage, leafy.

τανύω [ῥ]: fut. ὕσω, Ep. also -ύω: aor. I ἐτάνυσα Ep. ἐτάνυσσα or τάνυσσα: Pass., aor. I ἐτανύσθην: pf. τετάνυσμαι:—Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, stretch out; τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string it; ἱμάσι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins. 2. to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length. 3. metaph. to strain, make more intense. II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out. 2. to lie stretched out, to extend; aor. I pass. part. τανυσθείς, stretched on the ground. 3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch.

ταξιαρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a taxiarch or commander of a division. From

ταξι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, = ταξίαρχος.

ταξι-αρχος, ὁ, (τάξις, ἄρχω) a taxiarch, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier. II. at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, ον, (τάξις, λόχος) commanding a division of an army.

ταξιόω, f. ὥσω, (τάξις) to arrange, set in order.

τάξις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (τάσσω) an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army. 2. battle-array, order of battle, Lat. acies. 3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo. 4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post. 5. like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cohort: generally, a band, company. II. an arranging, ar-

rangement. 2. an assessment of tribute.

order; ὕστερον τῇ τάξει later in order.

the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἐχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy. 2. one's duty towards another; ἡ εὐνοίας τάξις the duty of good-will. V. an order, class of men.

III. IV.

TA'ΞΟΣ, ὁ, the yew tree, Lat. taxus.

TA'ΠΕΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, low, Lat. bumilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low. 2. of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, bumbled, lowly. 3. bumbled, bumiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, humble. Hence

ταπεινότης, ἡ, ὅς, ἡ, lowness of stature. 2. of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement. 3. lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in good sense, lowliness, humility.

ταπεινοφροσύνη, ἡ, lowliness of mind. From

ταπεινό-φρων, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (ταπεινός, φρήν) low-minded, base. 2. lowly in mind, humble.

ταπεινός, f. ὥσω, (ταπεινός) to make low, lower, humble, abase: also to make light of a thing. 2. to cast down, discourage. 3. to make lowly or humble.

ταπεινῶς, Adv. of ταπεινός, humbly, poorly.

ταπεινώσις, ἡ, (ταπεινός) a lowering, bumbling. 2. lowliness, humility.

TA'ΠΗΣ, ἡ, ὅς, ὁ, Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool. [α]

τάπι, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπεικῃ, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπικῇ.

ταπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, later form of τάπη.

τάπό, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρῶτα, Adv. for τὰ πρῶτα, at first.

τάρα, Att. crasis for τοὶ ἄρα.

τάραγμα, ατος, τό, (ταράσσω) disquietude, trouble.

τάραγμός, ὁ, (ταράσσω) = τάραξις.

τάρακτρον, τό, (ταράσσω) a thing to stir with: a ladle.

τάράκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ταράσσω) a disturber, disquieter, agitator.

Τάραντινίδιον, τό, (Τάρας) a fine Tarentine garment.

Τάραντινος, η, ον, (Τάρας) Tarentine.

τάραξι-κάρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) heart-troubling, vexing the heart.

τάραξ-ιππό-στράτος, ον, (ταράσσω, ἵππος, στρατός) troubling troops of horse.

τάραξις, ἡ, (ταράσσω) disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult.

Τάρας, ατος, ὁ, also ἡ, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.

TA'PA'ΨΣΩ Att. -τω, Att. also contr. θράσσω: fut. τάραψω contr. θράψω: aor. I ἐτάραψα: Pass., fut. παραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τάραψομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐταράχθην: pf. τετάραψμαι:—to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; τάρασσειν τὸν θῖνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke. 2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—Pass. to be in disorder. 3. of political matters, to

agitate, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy. II. to this Verb belongs the intrans.

pf. τέτρηχα, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plqpf. Ep. 3 sing. τετρήχει: part. τετρηχώς, vĩa, troublous, disturbed, confused. Hence

τάρᾱχή, ἡ, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult.

τάρᾱχος, ὁ, (τάρᾱσσω) = τάρᾱχή.

τάρᾱχ-ώδης, ες, (ταραχή, εἶδος) troublous, fond of troubling or perplexing. II. troubled, disordered: confused:—Adv. -δως, in confusion.

ταρβᾱλέος, α, ον, (τάρβος) frightened, fearful.

ταρβέω, f. ἤσω, (τάρβος) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: τὸ ταρβεῖν the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

ΤΑΨΒΟΣ, εος, τό, fright, alarm, terror: also awe, reverence. II. an object of alarm, a cause of dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for τάρβος.

ταρβόσυνος, η, ον, (τάρβος) affrighted.

τάργα or τάργα, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔργα.

τάργυριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.

τάριχία Ion. -ήη, ἡ, (ταριχεύω) a preserving, pickling, salting: ταριχηῖαι were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

τάριχευσις, ἡ, (ταριχεύω) = ταριχεῖα, an embalming.

τάριχευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ταριχεύω) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

τάριχευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled. From

τάριχεύω, f. -εύσω, (τάριχος) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. II. to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; τεμάχη τεταριχευμένα preserved, pickled meat. III. metaph. in

Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

τάριχιον, τό, Dim. of τάριχος. [pī]

τάριχοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From

τάριχο-πωλέω, f. ἤσω, (τάριχος, πωλέω) to sell dried or salt fish. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάριχος, ον, ὁ, or τάριχος, εος, τό, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρπῆναι Ep. -ῆμεναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τέρω.

ταρρός, ὁ, Att. for ταρσός.

Ταρσεύς, ἔως, ὁ, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρσός Att. ταρρός, ὁ, (τέρσσομαι) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. crates, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like τάλανος. II. any broad, flat surface; ταρσὸς ποδός the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel. 2. ταρσὸς κωπέως the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. palmula: generally, an oar. 3. ταρσὸς πτέρυγος the flat of the wing,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:—from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, α, ον, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἡ: irreg. pl. Τάρταρα (as in Lat., Tartarus, Tartara):—Tartarus, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Later, Tartarus was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Ταρτάρω, f. ὤσω, to hurl into Tartarus.

ταρφέες, οἱ, ταρφέα, τά, pl. of ταρφύς.

ταρφεῖός, ἄ, ὄν, = ταρφύς, thick, close, frequent.

τάρφθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of τέρω.

τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of τέρω.

τάρφος, εος, τό, a thicket. From

ΤΑΡΦΥ΄Σ, εἶα or ὕς, ὅ, thick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. ταρφέα as Adv., oftentimes, often. The Ep. fem. ταρφειαῖ belongs to ταρφεῖός: if referred to ταρφύς, it must be written ταρφεῖαι.

ταρχύω, f. ὤσω, shortened form of ταριχεύω, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσις, εως, ἡ, (τείνω) a stretching, straining. [ā]

ΤΑΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. τάξω: aor. 1 ἔταξα: pf. τέταχα: Pass., fut. ταχθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. τετάξομαι: aor. 1 ἐτάχθην: aor. 2 ἐτάγην [ā]: pf. τέταγμα:—to arrange or put in order, esp. in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., ἐπὶ τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς ναῦς having drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., τάσασθαι to draw up, form in order of battle:—Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to post, station. 3. to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:—Pass. to be appointed to do, τοῦτο τετάγμεθα this we have been charged to do. 4. to order, command, give instructions. 5. to assign to a class. 6. to fix or assess payments to be made:—Med. to agree to pay a sum, χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι having covenanted to return the money: absol. in part. ταξάμενος, paying at intervals or by instalments. 7. to assign or impose punishments. 8. generally, to fix, settle, ὁ τεταγμένος χρόνος the appointed time.

τατάω, Dor. for τητάω.

τάτιον, Att. crasis for τὸ αἶτιον.

τάττω, Att. for τάσσω.

ταύρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ταῦρος) of bulls, oxen or cows, Lat. taurinus: in Homer, of bull's-bide.

ταυρ-ελάτης, ον, ὁ, (ταῦρος, ἐλαύνω) a bull-driver; a bull-fighter.

ταύρεος, α, ον, (ταῦρος) = ταύρειος.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (ταῦρος) like a bull: savagely, Lat. torvo vultu.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (ταῦρος, βαλεῖν) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, ον, (ταῦρος, βορά) devouring bulls.

ταυρο-γαστήρ, ορος, ὁ, (ταῦρος, γαστήρ) with the paunch or body of a bull: enormous.



ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) binding bulls: fem.

ταυρο-δέτης, ιδος.

ταυρό-κερως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρας) with bull's horns.

ταυρό-κράνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κράνον) bull-beaded.

ταυροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to slaughter or sacrifice bulls: with cognate acc., ταυροκτονεῖν βοῦς. From.

ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) bull-slaying. II. προπαροχ. ταυρόκτονος, slain by a bull.

ταυρό-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) bull-formed.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πατήρ) sprung from a bull.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολέω) hunting bulls, epith. of Diana.

ταυρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (ταῦρος, πούς) bull-footed.

ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, a bull: joined with another Subst., ταῦρος βοῦς, like σὺς κῆριος.

ταυροσφάγιον, f. ἴσω, to cut a bull's throat: ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος to cut its throat (so that the blood runs) into a hollow shield. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, σφάττω) bull-slaughtering: sacrificial. [α]

ταυρο-φάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, φάγειν) bull-eating: a beef-eater.

ταυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, φένω) bull-slaughtering: sacrificial.

ταυρώω, f. ὥσω, (ταῦρος) to change into a bull:—Pass., ταυρόομαι, to be or become savage as a bull, to look savagely at, eye savagely.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.

ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, the same.

ταύτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. in this way or manner.

ταυτί [i], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταυτό Ion. ταυτό, Att. also ταυτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, the same.

ταυτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταῦτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) repeating the same that has been said, tautologous.

ταυτόματον, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματον, what falls out by accident, a bar, chance; ἀπὸ ταυτόματου, for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance: cf. αὐτόματος.

τάφε, in Pindar for ἐτάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use: see τέθηπα.

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφήιος.

τάφεις, ἑως, ὁ, (θάπτω) one who buries the dead, a burier.

ΤΑΦΗ, ἡ, (θάπτω) burial, Lat. sepultura: a mode of burial: in plur. a burial-place.

τάφήιος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) of a burial or a grave; φᾶρος ταφήιον a burial-cloth, winding-sheet, shroud.

τάφηναι, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [α], α, ον, (τάφος) of a grave; τάφιος λίθος a gravestone.

τάφodia, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφodia.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [α], ὁ, (θάπτω) a burial, Lat. funus: also a

funeral-feast, wake; τάφου τυχεῖν to obtain the rites of burial. II. the grave, tomb: in plur. a burial-place.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [α], τό, (τέθηπα) astonishment, amazement.

Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεύω, f. σω, (τάφρος) to make a ditch.

τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑΨΡΟΣ, ἡ, a ditch, trench; τάφρον ἐλαύνειν to draw a trench.

τάφων, part. of aor. 2 ἔταφον: see τέθηπα.

τάχα, Adv. (τάχως) quickly, soon, Lat. statim. II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with ἄν, when it means, probably, perhaps, like ἴσως:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

τάχως, Adv. of ταχύς, quickly.

τάχινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ταχύς, swift, speedy.

τάχιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίαν, Comp. of ταχύς, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see τάχως.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ταχύς, quickest, swiftest.

τάχων, ονος, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχύς. [i]

ΤΑΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness; τάχος ψυχῆς quickness of mind. II.

τάχος is often used as Adv. for ταχέως, quickly, with speed; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅ τι τάχος, like ὡς or ὅ τι τάχιστα, with all speed; ὡς εἶχον τάχους as they were for speed, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) conquered or captured quickly.

τάχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) quick or hasty of counsel.

τάχύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) soon moved to tears.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ον, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) fast-running.

τάχυν-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) quickness in working.

τάχυν-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, ἐρέσσω) fast-rowing.

τάχυν-μηνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μῆνις) quick to anger.

τάχυν-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) being quickly a mother.

τάχυν-μορος, ον, (ταχύς, μόρος) quick-dying, short-lived.

τάχυν-ναυτέω, (ταχύς, ναύτης) to sail fast.

τάχυνω [υ], f. ὕνω, (ταχύς):—to make quick, to hasten, to urge on. II. intr. to make haste, speed.

τάχυν-πειθής, ες, (ταχύς, πείθω) soon persuaded, credulous..

τάχυν-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) quickly-sending, quick-sailing.

τάχυν-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πόρος) quick-passing, quick of motion.

τάχυν-ποτμος, ον, (ταχύς, πότμος) quick-fated, short-lived. [υ]

τάχυν-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, πούς) swift-footed.

τάχυν-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) with swift beels, swift-footed.

τᾶχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτερόν) *swift-winged*.  
 τᾶχύ-πῶλος, ον, (ταχύς, πῶλος) *with swift, fleet horses*. [ῥ]

τᾶχύρ-ροθος, ον, (ταχύς, ῥοθέω) *rusbing rapidly*.  
 τᾶχύρ-ρωστος, ον, (ταχύς, ῥώομαι) *borne quickly along, quick-rusbing*.

ΤΑΧΥΤ'Σ, εἶα, ὦ, *quick, swift, fast, fleet*. 2. of events, *quick, speedy*. II. Comparison: 1. regul. Comp. τᾶχύτερος, α, ον only in Ion. 2. irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -ττων, neut. θάσσον, gen. ονος; neut. θάπτον, also used as Adv. *more quickly*. 3. another Comp. is ταχίων [ῖ], neut. ιον: Sup., τάχιστος, η, ον; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., *most quickly, most speedily*; ὅτι τάχιστα as *soon as may be, as soon as possible*; also in Prose, τὴν ταχίστην (sub. ὁδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way, i. e. most quickly*.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*.  
 τᾶχυτῆς, ἦτος, ἦ, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*.  
 τᾶχυ-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ταχύς, χεῖλος) *over which the lips run quickly, of a flute*.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.  
 ΤΑΩΣ, ὁ, gen. ταῶ, acc. ταῶν: nom. pl. ταῶ: another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl. ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. *PAVO*, a peacock: metaph. of coxcombs.

ΤΕ, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as καί answers to *et*. When it stands before another τε or before καί, it takes the sense of *both*; εἰδὺς τε μέγεθος τε *both in form and in size*; αὐτοὶ τε καὶ ἵπποι *both themselves and their horses*. II. in Ep. and Ion., τε is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as, ὅσπερ, ὅσος τε, etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός τε, ἐφ' ᾧ τε. It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as ἔνθα τε, ὅτε τε, ὡσεὶ τε, ἵνα τε, ἀλλὰ τε, etc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.  
 τέ', apostroph. for τεά, nent. pl. of τεός.  
 ΤΕΓΓΩ, fut. τέγξω: aor. I ἔτεγξα: aor. I pass. ἐτέγχθην:—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew with tears. 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα to shed tears: Pass., ὁμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was poured, fell. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent. III. to dye, stain, Lat. *tingere*: metaph. to stain or mix with anything else.

Τεγία Ion. -ῆς, ἦ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence Τεγεάτης [ᾱ] Ion. -ῆτης, ὁ, a man of Tegea, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγεαίτις, ἰδος, (sub. γῆ) the land of Tegea. Hence Τεγεατικός Ion. -ητικός, ἦ, ὢν, of or for a Tegeate.

τέγεος, ον, (τέγος) with a roof, roofed, or near the roof.

ΤΕΓΟΣ, εος, τό, like στέγος, a roof, covering of a

house or room, Lat. *tectum*. II. a room, chamber, garret: a brotbel.

τέθαλα, τεθαλῶς, ὅτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.  
 τεθαλνῖα, Ep. for τεθηλυῖα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω.  
 τεθάλφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλλω.

τέθαιμαι, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.  
 τεθάφθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.  
 τεθάψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.  
 τεθέαται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.  
 τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.  
 τεθεμελίωτο, 3 sing. pass. plqpf. of θεμελιόω.  
 τέθηγα, pf. pass. of θήγω.  
 τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθήλει.  
 τεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τέθηπα, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use:—intr. to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chiefly used in part. τεθηπῶς: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf. ἔτεθήπεα. II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἔταφον, with part. ταφών, astonished or amazed.

τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.  
 τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.  
 τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.  
 τέθμιος, α, ον, Dor. for θέσμιος, fixed, settled, stated, regular, Lat. *solennis*: generally, due, fitting.  
 τεθμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τέθναθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾱ], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκω.  
 τέθναμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνάσαι [ᾱ], rarely τεθνᾶσαι, pf. inf. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνασι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνεώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεός.  
 τεθνεός, -ῶτος, ὁ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκω; fem. τεθνεῶσα; neut. τεθνεός and τεθνεός.

τέθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνήσομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκω.  
 τεθνήσας, -ῶτος, Ep. for τεθνεός, masc. and neut. part. pf. of θνήσκω: Ep. gen. τεθνηότος, acc. -ῶτα: but the fem. is τεθνηκυῖα formed from the orig. τεθνηκῶς.

τεθνώς, poet. for τεθνεός.  
 τεθορεῖν, redupl. for θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.  
 τέθραμαι and τέθρεμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.  
 τεθρ-ἡμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) a time of four days.

τεθριππο-βάμων [ᾱ], ονος, ὁ, (τέθριππος, βαίνω) driving a four-borsed chariot: a driver of four horses.  
 τεθριππο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (τέθριππος, βαίνω) driver of a four-borsed chariot. [βᾱ]

τέθρ-ιππος, ον, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) with four horses yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό, a four-borsed chariot; τέθριππον ἵππων a team of four abreast.

τεθριπποτροφίω, f. ἦσω, to keep a four-borsed chariot. From

τεθριππο-τρόφος, ον, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) keeping



a four-horsed chariot; *τεθριποτρόφος οἰκία* a family that could furnish such a chariot in the games.

*τεθυμένος*, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

*τεθυμένος*, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

*τέι*, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

*τέιν*, Dor. for *σοι*, dat. of *σύ*. [i]

*τέιδε*, Dor. for *τῇδε*, *this way, here*.

*τεῖνα*, Ep. for *ἔτεινα*, aor. I of *τείνω*.

**ΤΕΙΝΩ**, f. *τενῶ*: aor. I *ἔτεινα*: pf. *τέτακα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐτάσθην* [α]: pf. *τέταμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *τέτατο*, 3 dual *τετάσθην*, 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόξον τείνειν* to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to the full; *ιστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taut; *νύξ τέταται βροτοῖσιν* night is spread over mankind. II. to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; *ταθεῖς ἐπὶ γαίῃ* stretched upon the ground. III. metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also, to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2. to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards ..: absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, belong to, Lat. *spectare*, *pertinere ad* ..; *τείνει ἐς σέ* it has reference to you.

*τείος*, Adv., Ep. for *τείως*, *τέως*.

*τείρεα*, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

**ΤΕΙΡΩ**, impf. *ἔτειρον*; only found in pres. and impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, distressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

*τειρεσι-πλήτης*, ου, ὁ, (*τείχος*, *πελάζω*) approacher, assailer, stormer of walls.

*τειρέω*, f. ἤσω, (*τείχος*) to build walls: to build. II. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

*τειρήρης*, es, (*τείχος*, *ἀραρεῖν*) enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged.

*τειρίζω*, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ: aor. I *ἐτείχισα*: pf. *τετείχικα*: Pass., pf. *τετείχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τετείχιστο*: (*τείχος*):—to build a wall, generally, to build; *τείχος τετίχισσθαι* to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετείχιστο*, impers., there were buildings. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

*τειχίδεις*, εσσα, εν, (*τείχος*) walled.

*τειχίον*, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town (*τείχος*, *τείχη*).

*τειχίσσις*, ἡ, (*τειρίζω*) the work of walling, building a wall.

*τείχισμα*, ατος, τό, (*τειρίζω*) a wall or fort, a raised fortification.

*τειχισμός*, ὁ, (*τειρίζω*) = *τείχισσις*.

*τειχοδομέω*, f. ἤσω, to build a wall or fort. From

*τειχο-δόμος*, ον, (*τείχος*, *δέμω*) building a wall.

*τειχομαχέω*, f. ἤσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τειχομαχεῖν δυνατόι* skilled in conducting sieges. From

*τειχο-μάχης*, ου, ὁ, (*τείχος*, *μάχομαι*) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [α]

*τειχομαχία* Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (*τειχομαχέω*) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of Il. 12.

*τειχο-μελής*, ἐς, (*τείχος*, *μέλος*) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

*τειχο-ποιός*, ον, (*τείχος*, *ποιέω*) building walls or forts: οἱ *τειχοποιοί*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

**ΤΕΙΧΟΣ**, εος, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τειχέων καθῶνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τείχεα ῥήξασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοιχος*, *τείχιον*, as Lat. *murus*, *moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a house-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

*τειχο-φύλαξ*, ἄκος, ὁ, (*τείχος*, *φύλαξ*) one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

*τειχύδριον*, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

*τείως*, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τέως*.

*τέκε*, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

*τεκεῖν*, *τεκέσθαι*, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*.

*τεκμαίρομαι*, fut. *τεκμαρῶμαι*: aor. I *ἔτεκμηράμην*: Dep.: (*τέκμαρ*):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs

and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καινὰ τοῖς παλαιοῖς* to judge of new by old events: to conjecture. III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

**ΤΕΚΜΑΡ** Ep. *τέκμωρ*, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; *Ἰλίου τέκμωρ* the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge.

*τέκμαρσις*, ἡ, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

*τεκμηράμην*, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

*τεκμήριον*, τό, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; *τεκμήριον δέ* is sometimes put in an independent clause, here is the proof. II. in

Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible *σημεῖον*. Hence

*τεκμηριόω*, f. ὤσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

*τεκνίδιον*, τό, = *τεκνίον*.

*τεκνίον*, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

*τεκνογονέω*, (*τεκνογόνος*) to bear children. Hence *τεκνογονία*, ἡ, child-bearing.

*τεκνο-γόνος*, ον, (*τέκνον*, \**γένω*) begetting or bearing children.

*τεκνο-κτόνος*, ον, (*τέκνον*, *κτείνω*) child-murdering.

ΤΕΚΝΟΛΕΤΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τέκνον, ὄλλυμι) *losing or having lost one's children*: fem. ΤΕΚΝΟΛΕΤΕΙΡΑ, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

ΤΕΚΝΟΝ, ον, τό, (τεκεῖν) *that which is borne or born, a bairn, child, whether son or daughter*: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, ΤΕΚΝΟΝ ἔμον *my son*: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον. 2. of animals, *the young*.

ΤΕΚΝΟΠΟΙΕΩ, f. ἤσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children, of the mother*:—Med. *to beget children, of the father*; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

ΤΕΚΝΟΠΟΙΙΑ, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*.

ΤΕΚΝΟ-ΠΟΙΝΟΣ, ον, (τέκνον, ποινή) *child-avenging*.

ΤΕΚΝΟ-ΠΟΙΟΣ, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

ΤΕΚΝΟ-ΣΠΟΡΙΑ, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

ΤΕΚΝΟ-ΤΡΟΦΕΩ, f. ἤσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

ΤΕΚΝΟΥΣ, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) *contr. from τεκνύεις, ὄεσσα, ὄεν, having children*.

ΤΕΚΝΟ-ΦΑΓΟΣ, ον, (τέκνον, φάγειν) *eating children*.

ΤΕΚΝΟΦΟΝΕΩ, *to murder children*. From

ΤΕΚΝΟ-ΦΟΝΟΣ, ον, (τέκνον, \*φένω) *child-murdering*.

ΤΕΚΝΩΩ, f. ὠσω (τέκνον) *to furnish with children*. II. *to beget children, of the father*:—Med.

of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., χθὼν ἔτεκνῶσατο τέκνα *the earth gave birth to her children*: also of wealth, etc.:—Pass. *to be born*.

ΤΕΚΝΩΣΙΣ, εως, ἡ, (τεκνύω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

ΤΕΚΟΙΕΝ, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίκτω.

ΤΕΚΟΝ, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

ΤΕΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ΤΕΚΕΣΣΙ, ΤΕΚΕΕΣΣΙ: (τεκεῖν):—poët. for τέκνον, *a child*.

ΤΕΚΤΑΙΝΟΜΑΙ, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

ΤΕΚΤΗΝΑΙΤΟ, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of τεκταίνομαι.

ΤΕΚΤΗΝΑΤΟ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of τεκταίνομαι.

ΤΕΚΤΟΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

ΤΕΚΤΟΝΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., τεκτονικός, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) *carpentry*.

ΤΕΚΤΟΣΥΝΗ, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder: carpentry, building*. From

ΤΕΚΤΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; νηῶν τέκτων *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*. 2. *any craftsman or workman, a master of any art*; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτονες ὕμνων *makers of songs*. II. *a planner, contriver, plotter*: generally, *an author*.

ΤΕΚΩΝ, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

ΤΕΛΑΜΩΝ, ὦνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leather strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. *a*

*broad linen bandage or roller for wounds*; also for swathing mummies.

ΤΕΛΕΙΣ, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελήεις.

ΤΕΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσκε:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

ΤΕΛΕΙΟΝ, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From ΤΕΛΕΙΟΣ or ΤΕΛΕΟΣ, α, ον, in Att. also ος, ον: (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, ἱερὰ τέλεια *are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*. 2. of animals, *full-grown*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*. 3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*. 4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*; ἀρὰ τελεία *a curse working its own fulfilment*. 2. *able to do or bring about*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a man who has full rule or authority*.

ΤΕΛΕΙΟΤΗΣ, ητος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*.

ΤΕΛΕΙΩΩ or ΤΕΛΕΩΩ, f. ὠσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect: to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment: to make successful*. 2. generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*.

ΤΕΛΕΪΤΑΙ, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελέω.

ΤΕΛΕΪΩ, Ep. for τελέω.

ΤΕΛΕΪΩΣ, doubtful form for τελέως.

ΤΕΛΕΪΩΣΙΣ, ἡ, (τελειόω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*.

ΤΕΛΕΙΩΤΗΣ, οὔ, ὁ, (τελειόω) *a perfecter, finisher*.

ΤΕΛΕΟ-ΜΗΝΟΣ, ον, (τέλεος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; ἄροτος τελεόμηνος, i. e. *a full twelve-month*.

ΤΕΛΕΟΝ, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

ΤΕΛΕΟΝΤΕΣ, οί, *one of the four original Attic tribes, (τελέω II) Payers, Farmers; or (τελέω III), Priests*.

ΤΕΛΕΟΣ, α, ον, (τέλος) = ΤΕΛΕΙΟΣ.

ΤΕΛΕΪΣΙΑ, Accl. aor. 1 opt. of τελέω.

ΤΕΛΕΣΘΕΪΣ, aor. 1 pass. part. of τελέω.

ΤΕΛΕΣΜΑ, ατος, τό, (τελέω) *a payment, outlay*.

ΤΕΛΕΣΣΑ, Ep. aor. 1 of τελέω.

ΤΕΛΕΣΣΙ-ΔΟΤΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, poët. for τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δίδωμι) *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*.

ΤΕΛΕΣΣΙ-ΦΡΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τελεσίφρων, (τελέω, φρῆν) *working its complete will*.

ΤΕΛΕΣΤΗΡΙΟΝ, τό, (τελέω) *a place of initiation*. II. plur. τελεστήρια, τά, *a thank-offering for success*.

ΤΕΛΕΣΤΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, poët. for τελεστής, (τελέω) *a magistrate*.

ΤΕΛΕΣΦΟΡΕΩ, f. ἤσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

ΤΕΛΕΣ-ΦΟΡΟΣ, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; τελεσφόρον εἰς ἐνιαυτόν *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*. II. act. *bringing to an end, accomplishing*; πεσεῖν ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον *to fall with fruitless result, i. e. powerless, idle*. 2.



bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελούμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελούντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταῖος, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευτάω, f. ἤσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. I ἐτελεύτηθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II.

τελευτᾶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased; τελευτᾶν ὑπὸ τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίου to make an end of life. 2.

intrans. to come to an end, finish; αἱ εὐτυχίαι ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ὦσα, ὦν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κὰν ἐγίγνετο πληγὴ τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτέω, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες. τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end: βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτοιο τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσῃα, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτάω.

τελέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελῶ: aor. I ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέομαι Ep. -είομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ep. τελέομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. I ἐτελέσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere: to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. arrive at it. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἱππέας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἕλληνας, ἐς Βοιωτοὺς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; εἰς ἀστούς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III.

to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari; Διονύσῳ τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Dionysos; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεῖα to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερά to perform sacred rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

τελήεις, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; ῥέζειν τεληέσσας ἑκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τεληέντες οἰανοί birds of sure augury; ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). II.

τελήεις ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΛΩ, f. τελῶ: aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plqpf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἐτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise; ἡλίου τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέλμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return. 3. τέλος is often used adverbially; τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐς τὸ τέλος, εἰς τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II.

the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλεια in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνίθων τέλεια flocks of birds. IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πρίασθαι to farm a tax; λύειν τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be advantageous, like λυσίτελέω. 2.

at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

sessed: hence a class or order of citizens. VI. consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, the mysteries themselves. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. towards the end or term.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλσον ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Τελχίν, ἴνος, ὁ, (θέλω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνες σῆτες mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ἥσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ὠνέομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ἡ, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering.

τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-house, custom-house.

τέμαχος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fish.

τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ου, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts: φυλλὰς τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem., ἡ ἄκρα ἢ Τεμενίτις the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land. II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called

τέμενος Νεῖλοιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάμνω: fut. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Ep. and Ion. ἔταμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτμήθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery. II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:—since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, ὅρκια τάμνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus ictum. III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, hew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δοῦρα τάμνεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάμνεσθαι to have stone wrought or hewn. 2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν to contrive a means. 3. τέμνειν γῆν, πεδῖον to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, etc. IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide. V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν ἀρουραν to plough corn land; τέμνειν ὀχέτους to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν ὁδούς to cut or make roads: τέμνειν ὁδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to bold a middle course. 2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go. VI. to cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempe, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the river Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμῶ, fut. of τέμνω.

τενδγίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, used as Adj., shallow. From

ΤΕΝΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, shallow, Lat. vadum.

ΤΕΝΔΩ Att. τένθω, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence

τενθεία, ἡ, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, ὁ, (τείνω) a sinew, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog. τίς. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of enclit. τίς.

τέο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τέοισι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίς.

τέός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for σός, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦς, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράζω, f. ἄσω, (τέρας) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμον or τέρεμον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber; only used in plur.

ΤΕΡΑΣ, gen. ατος Ep. aos Ion. εος, τό: plur., nom. τέρατᾱ Ep. τέραᾱ contr. τέρα; Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τεράσι Ep. τεράεσσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent. II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the heavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τεῖρεα.

τερα-σκόπος, ου, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, α, ου, (τέρας) of portents, portentous.

τεράτεια, ἡ, (τεραπεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery. From

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portentosa loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor.

τερατολογέω, f. ἥσω, (τερατολόγος) to tell of marvels.

τεράτολογία, ἡ, (τερατολογέω) a telling of marvels.

τεράτο-λόγος, ου, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents. II. pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ου, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, ὁ, a soothsayer.

τεράτουργία, ἡ, a working of wonders. From

τεράτ-ουργός, ὄν, (τέρας, ἔργω) wonder-working.



τεράτ-ώδης, *es*, (τέρας, εἶδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τεράτ-ωπός, *όν*, (τέρας, ὤψ) with a marvellous face; τερατωπὸς ιδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

τερεβίνθινος, *η, ον*, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

ΤΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, *ή*, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβινθ-ώδης, *es*, (τερέβινθος, εἶδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

ΤΕΡΕΙΝΑ, *fem.* of τέρην.

τέρεμνον, *τό*, = τέραμνον.

τέρενος, *η, ον*, collat. form of τέρην.

τερετίζω, *f. σω*, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.)

Hence

τερέτισμα, *ατος, τό*, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, *τό*, a borer, gimlet, Lat. *terebra*. From

τερέω, *f. ήσω* and *έσω*, (τείρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερηδών, *όνος, ή*, the wood-worm, Lat. *terēdo*.

τέρην, *εινᾶ, εν, gen. τέρενος, είνης, ενος, etc.*: (τείρω): —worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. *tener*:—

Comp. *τερενώτερος*.

τερθρεύομαι, *Dep.* = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρθριος, *ό*, (τέρθρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρθρον), the brace.

ΤΕΡΘΡΟΝ, *τό*, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, *ατος, τό*, an end, boundary, Lat. *terminus*: the goal round which horses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. *meta*. 2. a mark for throwing or shooting at. II. an end, limit: in plur. the boundaries. 2. metaph. the finishing point: the acme, height, summit.

τερμίνθινος, *η, ον*, = τερεβινθινος.

τέρμινθος, *ή*, = τερέβινθος.

τερμιόεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; ἄσπις *τερμιόεσσα* a shield that covers one from top to toe; *χιτῶν* *τερμιόεις* a tunic reaching to the ground.

τέρμιος, *α, ον*, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, *τερμία ήμέρα* the day of death.

τερμόνιος, *α, ον*, (τέρμων) at the far-end.

τέρμων, *ονος, ό*, = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an end.

τερπύ-κέραυνος, *ον*, (τέρπω, κεραυνός) delighting in thunder.

τερπνός, *ή, όν*, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.—

Comp. and Sup. *τερπνότερος, -ότατος*. Hence

τερπνώς, *Adv.* agreeably, pleasantly.

ΤΕΡΠΩ, *f. ψω*: *aor. I* *έτερψα*:—Pass., *aor. I* *έτέρφθην* or *έτάρφθην*: *aor. 2* *έτάρπην*, *inf.* *ταρπῆναι* Ep. *ταρπήμεναι*, Ep. *I* sing. and pl. subj. *τράπείω, τράπείομεν*:—Med. *aor. I* *έτερψάμην*: *aor. 2* *έταρπόμην*, Ep. redupl. *τεταρπόμην, τετάρπετο*, *I* pl. subj. *τεταρπώμεθα*, *part.* *τεταρπόμενος*:—to delight, please. II. in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry:—absol., *πῖνε καὶ τέρπου* drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. *τεῖ*, to have enough of, have one's full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc.,

*τέρπεσθαι ὄνησιν* to enjoy profit. Hence

τερπωλή, *ή*, poet. for *τέρψις*, delight.

τερσαίνω, *aor. I* *έτέρσηνα* Ep. *τέρσηνα*: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wipe up; *αἷμα μέλαν τέρσηνε* be dried up the black blood. Cp. *τέρσομαι*.

τερσιά, *ή*, like *ταρσιά, τρασιά*, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΣΟΜΑΙ, *aor. 2* *inf.* *τερσῆναι* Ep. *τερσήμεναι* (but no indic. *έτέρσην* occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be staunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., *ὅσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο* his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. *τέρσω* occurs in Alexandr. poets, = *τερσαίνω*.

τερφθείη, *3* sing. *aor. I* pass. opt. of *τέρπομαι*.

τερψίμ-βροτος, *ον*, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the heart of man.

τερψί-voos, *ον*, (τέρπω, νόος) gladdening the heart.

τέρψις, *εως, ή*, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρᾱ, *ή*, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichore, one of the nine Muses.

τερψί-χορος, *ον*, (τέρπω, χορός) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, *neut.* of *τέσσαρες*.

τεσσαρά-βοιος, *ον*, (τέσσαρα, βούς) worth four steers.

τεσσαρά-καί-δεκα, *τά*, see *τεσσαρες-καί-δεκα*.

τεσσαράκαιδεκά-δωρος, *ον*, (τεσσαραικάδεκα, δώρον) fourteen handbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαράκαιδεκ-έτης, *ον, ό*, (τεσσαραικάδεκα, έτος) fourteen years old: *fem.* -έτις.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τεττάρᾱκοντα, *οί, αἱ, τά*, indecl. (τέσσαρες) forty, Lat. *quadraginta*. [ρά]

τεσσαράκοντᾱ-έτης, *ον, ό*, and -έτης, *ές*, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντ-όργυιος, *ον*, (τεσσαράκοντα, όργυια) forty fathoms high, deep, etc.

τεσσαράκοντ-ούτης, *ον, ό*, contr. for *τεσσαρακονταέτης*.

τεσσαράκοστός, *ή, όν*, (τεσσαράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. *quadragesimus*. II. *ή* *τεσσαρακοστή* (sub. μοῖρα):

1. a tax of one fortieth, i. e.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. 2. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕΣΣΑΡΕΣ, *οί, αἱ, τέσσαρα, τά*; *gen.* *τεσσάρων*; *dat.* *τέσσαρσι* poet. *τέτρασι*:—Att. *τέτταρες, τέτταρα*: in Ion. prose *τέσσερες, τέσσερα*, *dat. pl.* *τέσσερσι*: Dor. *τέττορες* or *τέτορες*: Aeol. *πίσυρες*:—four, Lat. *quatuor*.

τεσσαρες-καί-δεκα Ion. *τεσσερες-*, *οί, αἱ, τά*, indecl. = *τέσσαρες καὶ δέκα*, fourteen: the neut. form *τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα* is very rare. Hence

τεσσαρεςκαιδέκατος, *η, ον*, Ion. *τεσσερεςκ-*, the fourteenth.

τεσσαράκοντα, Ion. for *τεσσαράκοντα*.

τέσσερες, τέσσερα, Ion. for *τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα*.

τεσσαρήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσαράκοντα.

τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv.

τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly.

τεταγών, ὄντος, ὁ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no pres. in use; ῥίψε ποδὸς τεταγών he threw him taking him by the foot.

τέτακα, pf. of τείνω.

τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω.

τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω.

τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τείνω.

τετάνος, ὄν, (τείνω) stretched, strained, smooth.

τέτανος, ὁ, (τείνω) a stretching, straining: tension.

τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τάνύω.

τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω.

τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of ταραάσσω:—hence Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly.

τετάρπετο, -πώμεσθα, -πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρπω.

τεταρταῖος, α, ον, (τέταρτος) of or for four days: on the fourth day.

τεταρτη-μόριον, τό, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.

τέταρτος Ep. τέτρατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth, Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., the fourth time.

II. ἡ τετάρτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the fourth day.

2. (sub. μοῖρα), a liquid measure, a quart.

τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τείνω.

τέτατο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τείνω.

τετάχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.

τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.

τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέω.

τετεύξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω.

τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω.

τετεύχεται, τετεύχαστο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.

pass. of τεύχω.

τετεύχετον, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω.

τετεύχημαι, inf. τετευχῆσθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without any pres. τευχέω in use:—to be armed.

τέτηκα, intr. pf. of τήκω.

τετίημαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τιέω in use, to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn:—used in 2 dual τετίησθον; but more commonly in part. τετιημένος, τετιημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in phrase τετιημένος ἦτορ grieved at heart.

τετιήως, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pres. τιέω in use, = τετιημένος, grieved, sorrowing.

τέτιμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.

τετίμησθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάω.

τέτισμαι, pf. pass. of τίνω.

τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι.

τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of \*τλάω.

τετλαῖην, Ep. pf. opt. of \*τλάω.

τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [ᾱ], Ep. pf. inf. of \*τλάω; but τέτλαμεν, 1 pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.

τετλάτω [ᾱ], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω.

τέτληκα, pf. of τλήμι.

τετληώς, υῖα, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. part. of \*τλάω.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνω.

τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.

τετμηώς, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.

τέτμοιμεν, 1 pl. opt. of τέτμον.

τέτμον, Ep. for ἐτετμον, an aor. 2 without pres. in use, to overtake, come upon.

2. c. gen. to partake of.

τετοκώς, τετοκυῖα, pf. part. of τίκτω.

τέτορες, οἱ, αἱ, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρες.

τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω.

τετρα-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in compd. words.

τετρα-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαίνω) four-footed, quadruped. [βᾱ]

τετρα-γλώχης, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τετρα-, γλωχίς) with four points or angles, square.

τετρα-γῦος, ον, (τέτρα-, γύα) as large as four acres (γύαι) of land.

II. τετράγυνον, τό, as Subst., a measure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.

τετραγωνέω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to stand in square with, c. acc.

τετραγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον) square-faced, like otters and beavers.

τετρα-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal angles, square:—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square, a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quadratum.

II. perfect as a square, complete, perfect.

III. τετράγωνος ἀριθμός a square number, i. e. a number multiplied into itself.

τετράδιον, τό, (τετράς) the number of four, four persons or things, a quaternion. [ᾱ]

τετρα-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα-, ἐλίσσω) four times wound or coiled.

τετρα-ένης, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἐνος) = τετραετής. [ᾱ]

τετρα-ετής, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἐτος) four years old.

II. of four years.

τετρα-ζυγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with four horses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) a four-horsed chariot.

τετρα-θέλυμος, ον, (τετρα-, θέλυμον) of four layers; τετραθέλυμος σάκος a shield of four ox-bides.

TETRAINΩ, fut. τετραῖνω: aor. 1 ἐτέτηνα Ep. τέτηνα: aor. 1 pass. ἐτετράνθη: also (from the root ΤΡΑΪΝ), fut. τρήσω: aor. ἔτρησα: pf. pass. τέτρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate.

τετρα-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. -ετις, ιδος, (τετρα-, καί, δέκα, ἐτος) fourteen years old.

τετρα-κερως, ον, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-horned. [ᾱ]

τετρα-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-headed.

τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [ᾱ]

τετρακισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) four times ten thousand, forty thousand. [ῠ]

τετρακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, (τετράκις, χίλιοι) four thousand. [χί]

τετρα-κλῖνος, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or couches to recline on at table.

τετρα-κνήμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-, κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked wheel.



τετρά-κόρυμβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.

τετρά-κόρωνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κορώνη) four times a crow's age.

τετράκοσιοι, *αι, α*, (τετρα-) four-hundred. Hence

τετράκοσιοστός, *ή, όν*, the four-hundredth.

τετρακτῦς, *ύος, ή*, (τετράς) the number four.

τετρά-κυκλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κύκλος) four-wheeled.

τετρά-λογία, *ή*, (τετρα-, λόγος) a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a *trilogy*, *τριλογία*, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.

τετρά-μετρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μέτρον) consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. *versus octonarius*; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. *στίχος*), *ό*, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.

τετρά-μηνιαῖος, *α, ον*, and τετράμηνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μήν) of four months, lasting four months.

τέτραμμαι, pf. pass. of *τρέπω*.

τετράμοιρία, *ή*, a fourfold portion. From

τετρά-μοῖρος, *ον*, (τετρά-, μοῖρα) consisting of four parts, fourfold.

τετρανθείς, aor. I pass. part. of *τετραίνω*.

ΤΕΤΡΑΞ, *άγος*, and *άκος, ό*, prob. the pheasant, Lat. *avis Phasianus*.

τετράορία, *ή*, a four-horsed chariot. From

τετρά-ορος contr. *τέτρωρος, ον*, (τετρα-, αείρω) yoked four together; τετράορον *άρμα* a four-horsed chariot. II. four-legged. [*α*]

τετρά-πάλαι, Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.

τετρά-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) of four spans, four spans long or broad.

τετρά-πηχυς, *υ, gen. εος*, (τετρά-, πῆχυς) four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet high.

τετράπλάσιος, *α, ον*, (τετρα-) fourfold, four times as much, Lat. *quadruplus*. [*πλᾶ*]

τετρά-πλευρος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πλευρά) four-sided.

τετράπλη, Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.

τετράπλοος, *η, ον* contr. -*πλοῦς, ή, ούν*, (τετρα-) fourfold, Lat. *quadruplus*: as Subst., τὸ τετραπλοῦν = τετραμοῖρία, a fourfold portion.

τετρά-ποδηδόν, Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on four feet.

τετρά-ποδιστί, Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on all fours.

τετρά-πολις poët. τετράπολις, *εως, ή*, (τετρά-, πόλις) of, with four cities.

τετρά-πολος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πολέω) turned up or ploughed four times.

τετρά-πους, *ό, ή, -πουν, τό*, (τετρά-, πούς) four-footed:—as Subst., τετράποδα, *τά*, quadrupeds. II. of four feet in length.

τετρά-πτερος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πτερόν) four-winged. Hence

τετρα-πτερυλλίς, *ίδος, ή*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust.

τετρά-πίλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πῖλον) four-winged.

τέτραπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *τρέπω*.

τετρά-πολις, *ή*, poët. for τετράπολις.

τετράρ-ῥῦμος or τετρά-ῥυμος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ῥυμός) with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.

τετραρχέω, to be a tetrarch. From

τετρά-ἀρχης, *ον, ό*, (τετρα-, ἀρχω) a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence τετραρχία, *ή*, a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.

τετράς, *άδος, ή*, (τέτταρες) the number four. 2. the fourth day.

τετρα-σκελής, *ές*, (τετρα-, σκέλος) four-legged, four-footed.

τετρα-στάτηρος, *ον*, (τέτρα-, στάτηρ) worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings.

τετρα-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) of four syllables.

τετρά-σώματος, *ον*, (τετρα-, σῶμα) with four bodies.

τέτρατος, *η, ον*, poët. for τέταρτος, fourth:—neut. τὸ τέτατον as Adv., for the fourth time.

τετρά-τρῦφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) broken or that may be broken into four pieces.

τέτράφα, pf. of *τρέπω*.

τετρά-φάληρος, *ον*, of a helmet, — τετράφαλος. [*φᾶ*]

τετρά-φᾶλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φᾶλος) of a helmet, with four φᾶλοι; see φᾶλος.

τετράφᾶται, -*φᾶτο*, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of *τρέπω*.

τετράφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of *τρέπω*.

τετρά-φῦλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φυλή) divided into four tribes.

τέτράχᾶ, Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts.

τετράχῃ, Adv. = τέτραχα.

τετραχθά, Adv. poët. for τέτραχα.

τετρά-χοος, *ον* contr. -*χους, ουν*, (τετρα-, χοεύς) holding four χόες.

τετρά-χορδος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χορδή) four-stringed:—as Subst., τὸ τετράχορδον, the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.

τετρά-χυτρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χύτρος) made of four pots.

τετρεμαίνω, redupl. form of *τρέμω*, to tremble.

τέτρημαι, pf. pass. of *τετραίνω*.

τέτρηνα, Ep. for *ἐτέτρηνα*, aor. I of *τετραίνω*.

τέτρηχα, intr. pf. with pres. signif. of *ταράσσω*; part. fem. *τετρηχῦα*; 3 sing. plqpf. *τετρήχει*.

τετρίγει, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of *τρίζω*. [*ι*]

τετρίγως, *τετριγῦα*, pf. part. of *τρίζω*.

τετρίγῳτος, Ep. for *τετριγώτας*, acc. pl. pf. part. of *τρίζω*.

τέτριμμαι, pf. pass. of *τρίβω*.

τετρά-όργυιος, *ον*, (τετρα-, όργυια) four fatboms long or broad.

τέτροφα, pf. of *τρέπω*; also intr. pf. of *τρέφω*.

τετρῦσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of *τρίνω*.

τετρ-ώβολος, ον, (τετρα-, ὀβολός) weighing or worth four obols :—as Subst., τετρώβολον, τό, a four-obol piece.

τετρώκοστος, η, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, fortieth.

τέτρωμαι, pf. pass. of τιτρώσκω.

τετρ-ώρος, ον, contr. for τετράρος.

τετρ-ώροφος, ον, (τετρα-, ὀροφή) of four stories.

τετρ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of τετρώργιος.

τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, Father, like ἄττα, πάππα.

τεττάρακοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-.

τεττῖγο-φόρος, ον, (τέττιξ, φέρω) wearing a τέττιξ or cicada : epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες.

τεττῖγ-ώδης, ες, (τέττιξ, εἶδος) like a τέττιξ or cicada.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, ὁ, a kind of grasshopper, the cicada, Lat. cicada, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise :—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμαι, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύγμην, Ep. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύκειν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω.

τετύκίσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχω.

τετυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω.

τετύφωμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφύω, stupidly.

τετύχηκα, pf. of τυγχάνω. [ῥ]

τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

τεῦ, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of τίς, σύ.

τεῦ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.). II. τευ, enclit. gen. for τινός, from τίς (enclit.).

τεῦγμα, ατος, τό, (τεύχω) that which is made, a work.

τευθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a cuttle-fish, Lat. sepia, loligo.

τευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, made, prepared, wrought.

τεύξα, Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω : opt. τεύξαι.

τεύξομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. 2. fut. med. of τεύχω.

τεύτλιον, = τεῦτλον, beet.

ΤΕΥΤΛΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεῦτλον, a kitchen-herb, beet, Lat. beta.

τεύχεια, τά, see τεύχος.

τευχεσ-φόρος, ον, (τεύχεια, φέρω) bearing arms, wearing armour.

τευχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, or τευχηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (τεύχεια) an armed man, warrior.

τεύχοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

τεύχος, εος, τό, (τεύχω) like ὄπλον, a tool, implement, utensil : mostly in plur. τεύχεια implements of war, armour, arms, harness. 2. in plur. also the tackle or rigging of a ship. 3. a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funereal urn. 4.

a book, whence the term Pentateuch or Five-books.

ΤΕΥΧΩ, f. ξω : aor. I ἐτεύξα : Ep. aor. 2 τέτυ-

κον : pf. τέτευχα : Med., fut. τεύξομαι : Ep. aor. 2 τετύκωμην : Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι : aor. I ἐτύχθην : pf. τέτυγμαι : Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. τετεύχεται, τετεύχάτο :—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge : to weave : also metaph. to work, bring about, cause : to form, create :—Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύχεσθαι χρυσοῖο to be wrought of gold.

II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so : and pf. pass. τέτυγμαι is often used = εἰμί or γίγνομαι, to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so ; γυναικὸς ἀντὶ τέτυξο ἰδοὺ ἡδὲ ἔσθαι, i. e. ἰδοὺ wert, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. τετυγμένος commonly means well or fitly made, well-wrought, compact, lasting ; metaph. of a field, well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous.

τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, ἡ, (τύφω) ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief : the ashes of the funeral pile.

τεφρώω, f. ὦσω, (τέφρα) to reduce to ashes, consume.

τεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω.

τεχνάζω, f. ἄσω, (τέχνη) to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly.

τεχνάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for τεχνήεις.

τέχνασμα, ατος, τό, (τεχνάζω) anything made by art, a piece of bandiwork. II. an artifice, trick.

τεχνάομαι, f. ἥσομαι : aor. I ἐτεχνησάμην : Dep. : (τέχνη) :—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully : also followed by a relat., to contrive that ... II. τεχνάομαι also occurs as a Pass., with pf. τετέχνημαι, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) art, skill, regular method of making a thing ; τέχνη by rules of art. 2. art, craft, cunning, sleight : in plur. cunning devices, arts, wiles. 3. generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained ; μηδεμίῃ τέχνῃ in no wise ; πᾶσιν τέχνῃ by all means ; παντοίῃ τέχνῃ by all manner of means. II. an art, craft, trade. III. a work of art.

τεχνήεις, εσσα, εν, (τέχνη) cunningly wrought, ingenious. Adv. τεχνηέντως, artfully, with art.

τέχνημα, ατος, τό, (τεχνάω) that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a bandiwork. II. an artful device, trick, artifice : of a man, all trick and cunning.

τεχνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, = τεχνήεις.

τεχνήσσα, contr. for τεχνήεσσα, fem. of τεχνήεις.

τεχνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέχνη) artistic, skilful. Adv. -κῶς, artistically.

τεχνίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, (τέχνη) an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman : one who works by rules of art.

τεχνίτις, ἴδος, fem. of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for τέχνη, art, skilfulness.

τέψω, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίς (interrog.). 2. τεψ

Ion. for τινί, dat. from τίς (enclit.).

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (interrog.). 2. for τινῶν, gen. pl. of τίς (enclit.).

τέως Ep. τεῖως, Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while ; also before, ere this :—antecedent to the relat. ἕως. II. absol. a while, for a time. [τέως :

but it also occurs as one long syllable.]



τῇ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there! take!* always followed by a second imperat., as τῇ, σπείσον Διί . . *take and pour a libation to Jove* . . : τῇ, πῖε οἶνον . . *take and drink wine*.

τῇ, dat. fem. of the Art. ὅ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ὅς. II. as Adv., like ταύτῃ, *here, this way*.

τῇδε, dat. fem. of ὅδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way*.

τῇδί, dat. fem. of ὀδί, used as Adv. = τῇδε.

ΤΗ'ΘΗ or τῇθῇ, ἡ, a grandmother.

τῇθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τῇθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

ΤΗ'ΘΟΣ, εὖος, τό, an oyster.

Τηθύς, ὕος, ἡ, (τῇθη) Tetys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a sea deity. II. later, put for the sea itself.

τῆκεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (τῆκω) a melting away, wasting away: hence consumption, decline, pthisis.

τῆκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τῆκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in: soluble.

ΤΗ'ΚΩ Dor. τᾰκω: fut. τῆξω: aor. 1 ἔτηξα: I. transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph. to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τῆξομαι, pass. τᾰκῆσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἔτάκην [ᾰ]:—to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres. pass., and plqpf. ἔτετήκειν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηκύτα sodden flesh.

τῆλ-αυγής, ἐς, (τῆλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τῆλαυγεστέρος, -ίστατος. Adv. τῆλαυγῶς, clearly, distinctly.

ΤΗ'ΛΕ, Adv., like τῆλου, far off, far away, far: abroad: c. gen. far from.

τῆλε-βόας, οὐ, ὅ, (τῆλε, βοάω) shouting afar or loud.

τῆλε-βόλος, οὐ, (τῆλε, βαλεῖν) striking from afar.

τῆλε-γονος, οὐ, (τῆλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τῆλεδᾰπός, ἡ, ὄν, (τῆλε) from a far country, foreign: also afar off, distant.

τῆλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τῆλεθάων, Ep. -ῶν, ὥσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, ὕλη, ἐλαῖαι, δένδρεα, etc.: metaph., παῖδες τῆλεθάοντες blooming children; χαίτη τῆλεθύωσα luxuriant hair.

τῆλε-κλειτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλέος) far-famed.

τῆλε-κλητός, οὐ, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τῆλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τῆλε-κλειτός.

τῆλε-μάχος, οὐ, (τῆλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὁ, a son of Ulysses.

τῆλε-πλᾰνος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πλανᾰομαι) far-wandering, devious.

τῆλε-πομπος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πέμπω) sent from afar, far-journeying.

τῆλε-πορος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πόρος) far-reaching.

τῆλε-πύλος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πύλη) with gates far apart.

τῆλε-σκόπος, οὐ, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. II.

proparox. τῆλεσκοπος, οὐ, pass., far-seen, conspicuous.

τῆλε-φάνης, ἐς, (τῆλε, φανῆναι) appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, heard from afar.

τῆλε-φίλον, τό, (τῆλε, φίλος) far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

ΤΗΛΙ'Α, ἡ, any flat board with a raised rim, as, 1. a sieve, the hoop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

ΤΗΛΙ'ΚΟΣ, ἡ, οὐ, Dor. τᾰλίκος, α, οὐ [ῖ]:—of such an age, so old or so young: generally, so great, Lat. tantus: antec. to the Relative ἡλίκος, Interrog. πηλίκος. Hence

τῆλίκόσδε, -ῆδε, -ὄνδε, and τῆλίκουτος, -αὐτῇ οἱ -οὔτος, -οὔτο, Att. for πηλίκος, so very, so much.

τῆλόθεν or -θε, Adv. (τῆλου) from afar, from a foreign land: c. gen. far from.

τῆλόθι, Adv. (τῆλου) = τῆλε, τῆλου, far, afar, at a distance: also c. gen., τῆλόθι πάτρης far from fatherland.

τῆλο-πέτης, ἐς, (τῆλε, πέτομαι) far-flying.

τῆλο-ορός, ὄν, collat. form of τῆλουρός.

τῆλόσε, Adv. (τῆλου) to a distance, far away.

τῆλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τῆλου, furthest away.

τῆλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τῆλου, further away.

τῆλου, Adv., like τῆλε, afar, far off or away, in a far country: also c. gen. far from.

τῆλο-ουρός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὄρος) with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.

τῆλύγετος, ἡ, οὐ, also ος, οὐ, an epith. of sons, who have no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling: hence in bad sense, τῆλύγετος ὥς like a spoilt child or pet. II. born afar off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, \*γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τῆλο-ωπός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὥψ) looking afar, seeing to a distance. II. pass. perceived or heard from afar.

τῆμελέω, f. ἡσώ, to take care of, c. gen. 2. to heed, look after, see to, c. acc. From

τῆ-μελής, ἐς, careful, heedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τῆ- added.)

τῆμερα, τῆμερον, Att. for σῆμερον.

τῆμη, Att. crasis for τῆ ἔμη.

τῆμος, Adv. then, thereupon: ἐς τῆμος till then.

τῆμόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆμοῦτος, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆνεῖ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there: also for ὧδε here.

τῆνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τήνελλα ὦ καλλίνικε, χαίρε*; hence *τήνελλα καλλίνικε* became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

*τήνελλος*, ὁ, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of *τήνελλα*, a victor in the games.

*τηνικά*, Adv. (*τήνος*) at this or that time of day, then. [I]

*τηνικάδε*, Adv. (*τηνίκα*) at this time of day, so early; *αὔριον τηνικάδε* to-morrow at this time of day. [α]

*τηνικάυτα*, commoner form for *τηνίκα*, at this particular time: c. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θέρος* at this time of the summer. II. in this case, then.

*τηνόθι*, Adv. (*τήνος*) Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

*τήνος*, *τήνα*, *τήνο*, Dor. for *κῆνος*, = *κεῖνος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, that. Hence

*τηνῶ*, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

*τηνῶθε* and *-θεν*, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖθεν*, thence.

*τηξι-μελής*, ἐς, (*τήκω*, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

*τῆπερ*, Ep. and Ion. for *ἧπερ*, dat. fem. of *ὅσπερ*, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

*τηρέω*, f. ἡσώ, (*τηρός*) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; *τηρεῖν εἰρήνην* to keep, observe peace. 2. metaph. to observe, watch for a person or thing; *τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέληνον* having watched for a moonless night. II.

Med., f. ἡσομαι, like *φυλάσσομαι*, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. *τηρήσομαι* is also used in pass. sense. Hence

*τήρησις*, εως, ἡ, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.

*ΤΗΡΟ΄Σ*, ὁ, a watch, guard.

*τῆς*, *τῆσι*, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὁ and ὅς.

*τητάω*, f. ἡσώ, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

*τῆτες*, Adv., Att. for Ion. *σῆτες*, this year, of or in this year. (From *ἔτος*, as *τῆμερον* from *ἡμέρα*.)

*τήτινος*, η, ον, (*τῆτες*) of this year, Lat. *bornus*.

*τηύσιος*, α, ον, empty, idle, vain. Adv. *-ίως*, in vain.

*τί* and *τι*, neut. of *τίς* (interrog.) and *τις* (enclit.).

*τιάρα* [α], ἡ, or *τιάρας* Ion. *τιήρης*, ον, ὁ, a *tiāra*, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

*τιάρο-ειδής*, ἐς, (*τιάρα*, εἶδος) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

*τιέμεν*, *τιέμεναι*, Ep. inf. for *τίειν*.

*τίεσκεν*, *τίεσκετο*, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of *τίω*.

*τίη*, strengthd. for *τί*; why? wherefore?

*τιήρης*, ον, ὁ, Ion. for *τιάρας*.

*τιθαιβώσω*, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to *τιθήνη*, *τιθασός*.)

*τιθάς*, ἄδος, ἡ, (*τιθασός*) a barn-door fowl.

*τιθῶσσευτής*, οὔ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates.

From

*τιθᾶσεύω*, to tame, break in, domesticate. From

*τιθᾶσός*, ὄν, (*τίτθη*, *τιθήνη*) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., *τιθασός Ἀρης* domestic strife.

*τιθέαμεν*, for *τίθεμεν*, like *διδόαμεν* for *δίδομεν*, 1 pl. pres. of *τίθημι*: so *τιθέασι*, 3 pl. for *τιθεῖσι*.

*τιθεῖς*, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of *τίθημι*.

*τίθεις*, *τίθει*, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

*τιθεῖς*, *τιθεῖ*, 2 and 3 sing. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

*τιθέμεν*, Ep. for *τιθέναί*, inf. of *τίθημι*: but *τίθεμεν*, 1 pl.

*τίθεν*, Aeol. and Dor. for *ἐτίθεσαν* Ep. *τίθεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *τίθημι*.

*τίθεσκε*, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *τίθημι*.

*τίθεσο* Ep. *τίθεσσο*, pres. med. imperat. of *τίθημι*.

*τιθέω*, poet. form of *τίθημι*, whence 2 and 3 sing.

*τιθεῖς*, *τιθεῖ*, and impf. *ἐτίθεις*, *ἐτίθει* Ep. *τίθει*.

*τιθήμεναι*, Ep. for *τιθέμεναι*, *τιθέναί*, inf. of *τίθημι*.

*τιθήμενος*, Ep. for *τιθέμενος*, pres. med. part. of *τίθημι*.

*τίθημι*, *τίθης*, *τίθησι*, also Ep. 2 sing. *τίθησθα*;

3 pl. *τιθεῖσι* Ion. *τιθέασι*; inf. *τιθέναί* Ep. *τιθήμεναι*, *τιθέμεν*;

Impf. *ἐτίθην*, Ep. 3 pl. *τίθεσαν*;

Ion. *τίθεσκον*: (there are also some forms from the pres. *τιθέω*, q. v.): Fut. *θήσω*, Ep. inf. *θησέμεναι* or

*θησέμεν*: Aor. 1 *ἔθηκα* Ep. *θήκα*: Pf. *τέθεικα*, plqpf.

*ἐτεθείκειν*: Aor. 2 *ἔθην* only used in pl. *ἔθεμεν*, *ἔθετε*,

*ἔθεσαν* Ep. *θέσαν*; imperat. *θές*; subj. *θῶ* Ion. *θίω*,

1 pl. *θέωμεν*; lengthd. Ep. *θειώ*, 2 sing. *θήης*, pl.

*θειόμεν* for *θειώμεν*, *θῶμεν*; opt. *θείην*, pl. *θειήμεν*

or *θειόμεν*, *θειῖτε*, *θεισαν*; inf. *θειναί* Ep. *θέμεναι*,

*θέμεν*; part. *θείς*.—MED. *τίθεμαι*, *τίθεσαι*, *τίθεται*;

imperat. *τίθεσο*, *τιθοῦ*, Ep. part. *τιθήμενος*: impf.

*ἐτιθέμην*: Fut. *θήσομαι*: Aor. 1 *ἔθηκάμην*, Ep. 3

sing. *θήκατο*: part. *θηκάμενος*: Aor. 2 med. *ἔθιμην*;

imperat. *θέο* contr. *θοῦ*; opt. *θείμην*, 3 sing. *θείτο*.—

PASS. *τίθεμαι*: fut. *τεθήσομαι*: aor. 1 *ἐτέθην*: pf.

*τέθειμαι*: plqpf. *ἐτεθείμην*. To place, put, set, Lat.

*ponere*; *θεῖναι* τινί τι ἐν χειρὶ to place a thing in a

person's hands: metaph., *θεῖναι* τινί ἔπος ἐν φρεσὶ or

*βουλήν* ἐν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc.,

in his mind; but, *τιθέμεν νόψ* to lay a thing to

one's own heart, bear in mind.—MED., *θέσθαι θυμὸν*

*ἐν στήθεσσι* to lay up or treasure anger in one's

heart. II. to fix, settle, determine; *τιθέναί*

*ἀγῶνα* to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, *θεῖναι*

*ἐς μέσον* to set them in the middle, propose them for

competition; also of sovereign power, *ὕμιν ἐς μέσον*

*ἀρχὴν* *τιθεῖς* throwing it open to you publicly. 2.

to assign, award; *θεῖναι νόμον* to lay down, fix the

law, of a king or legislator; *θέσθαι νόμον* to give

oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, estab-

lish, order, institute. 4. in Med. to fix in common

with others, agree upon, settle. III. to set up,

in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to

represent, portray, depict. IV. to assign to a

place or class, to bold, reckon, esteem: to believe,

consider. V. in Med., *τίθεσθαι ψῆφον* to put

down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence *τίθεσθαι*

*τὴν γνώμην* to determine, decide: *τίθεσθαι* τινί (sc.



τὴν ψῆφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι τῇ γνώμῃ to agree or subscribe to an opinion. 2. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII.

in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three senses: 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position. 2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender.

VIII. τίθημι is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λαὸν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint. 2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. 3. παῖδα τίθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι.

IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. 2. εὖ or καλῶς θέσθαι τι to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. X. τίθημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρίφον, θεῖναι αἶνον, for κρίπτειν, αἰνεῖν, etc.

τίθηνέω, f. ἤσω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τίθηνη, ἡ, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τίθηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιθηνέω) = τιθηνός. Hence

τίθηνητήριος, α, ον, nursing, tending.

τίθηνός, ὄν, (τίτθη) nursing: as Subst., τιθηνός, ὁ, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [ῖ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing. of τίθημι.

τίθητι [ῖ], Dor. for τίθῃσι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

τιθυμαλος, ὁ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—*spurge*, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τίθωνός, ὁ, *Titbonus*, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root \*TE'KΩ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκοῦμαι, inf. τεκεῖσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκον Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, υῖα, ὅς:—Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world, 1. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence, 3. οἱ τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκὼν the father; ἡ τεκοῦσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκὼν his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ὡς τίκτειν to lay eggs. III. of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

τίλλουσα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω. ΤΙΛΛΩ, f. τίλλω: aor. 1 ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμαι:—to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one. 3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τιλμός, ὁ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἡ, = σίλφη.

τίλων, ὁ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιμαλφίω, f. ἤσω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ἑς, (τιμή, ἀλφειν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμᾶντα, Dor. for τιμήντα, acc. of τιμήν.

τιμ-άορος, ον, Dor. for τιμωρός.

τιμά-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμούχος, beld in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμᾶσεντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 ἐτίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass. sense): aor. 1 ἐτιμήσαμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut. τετιμήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐτιμήθην: pf. τετίμημαι: (τιμή):—to deem or hold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, hold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμήσθαι τιμῆς to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῖα τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοῦ τιμᾶσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to hold in much account. II. c. dat. rei, to honour with a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφῳ, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. III. as Att. law-term: 1. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litem aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακρὰν τινι to award the long line, i. e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινι θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. 2. Med., of the accuser, τιμᾶσθαι τινι [δίκην] δεσμών, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι or ὑποτιμᾶσθαι.

τιμή, ἡ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity. 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. *honor*: a reward, present. III. a prizing, valuing. 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήεις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμήης, acc. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμάεις:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. -έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

τύμβου the honour of a tomb. II. an estimate, valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment; a fine. 2. the value at which an Athenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [i]

τιμῆντα, poet. for τιμήντα, contr. acc. of τιμήεις.

τιμή-ορος, ον, Ion. for τιμάορος, τιμωρός.

τιμῆς, poet. contr. for τιμήεις.

τίμησις, εως, ἡ, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [i]

τιμήσσα, contr. poet. for τιμήεσσα, fem. of τιμήεις.

τιμητεία or τιμητία, ἡ, (τιμητής) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be honoured. II. τιμητέον, one must honour.

τιμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor. II. at Rome, a censor.

τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τιμητής) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment. II. at Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτίμητος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τίμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable. 2. of high price, dear, Lat. carus. Hence

τιμιότης, ητος, ἡ, worth, value, preciousness.

τίμος, ὁ, poet. form for τιμή.

τιμωρέω, f. ἤσω, (τιμωρός) to help, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμωρεῖν τινι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τετιμωρῆσθαι τινι to have vengeance taken for any one. II. Med., f. —ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τετιμωρῆμαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμωρεῖσθαι τινά τινος to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance. Hence

τιμωρημα, ατος, τό, help, aid, succour. II. an act of vengeance.

τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punish.

τιμωρητής, ητος, ὁ, (τιμωρέω) a helper, aider. 2. an avenger.

τιμωρία Ion. —ίη, ἡ, (τιμωρέω) help, aid, succour.

II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμωρός, ὄν, (τιμή, αἰρώ) contr. from τιμάορος: helping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμωρός, ὁ, a helper, aider. II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τίν, like τείν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σύ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τίνάσσω) a shake, quaking.

τίνακτήρ, ητος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (τίνάσσω) one who shakes, a shaker: fem. τινάκτειρα.

τιναξάσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I of τινάσσω.

τίνάσσω, f. ξω, (τείνω) to swing, shake, brandish: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:—Pass. to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τίναχθής, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τίνάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

τίνυμαι, Med., poet. for τίνομαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol. to avenge oneself. 2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τίνω [i Ep., i Att]: f. τίσω [i]: aor. I ἔτισα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνειν χάριν τινί to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίνειν ἀμοιβὴν βοῶν to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay. II. Med. to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:—mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσασθαι τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίνεσθαι τινι φυγῇ to requite, punish with exile: absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.

τιό, τίό, imitation of a bird's note.

τίον, Ep. for ἔτιον, impf. of τίω.

τί-ποτε; contr. τίπτε; Adv. (τί, πότε) what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem?

ΤΙΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat. τινί Ep. τῷ or τεῷ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά; gen. τινῶν; dat. τισί; acc. τινάς, τινά:—indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, a, an: of places and things, νηὶός τις an island, etc.; neut. anything, something: εἴ τις, εἴ τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. II. τις is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ὦδε δέ τις εἶπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus men said. 2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, each, each one, every one; εὗ μὲν τις δόρυ θηξάσθω let each man look to sharpening his spear; ἀλλὰ τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself. 3. so in Att., φοβεῖται τις some one fears, fear is among them; πείσεται τις some one will suffer.

III. τις, τι, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ἡὔχεται τις εἶναι



you boasted that you were *somebody*: opp. to οὐδείς, μηδείς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδέν λέγειν. 2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τις ἢ κύων a man or a dog; but also in sign of contempt, *somebody or other*, Θερσίτης τις ἦν there was one Thersites: hence τις is used for a slave.

IV. joined with Adjs., τις makes them less precise; μαινόμενος a madman, μαινόμενός τις a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, οἷός τις such a kind of person as...; πᾶς τις every one; εἷς τις some one; ὀλίγοι τινές some few; τρεῖς τινες some three or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, somewhat, in a certain way; ἥττον τι somewhat less.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΨ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att. τοῦ; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίνα, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τέων; dat. τίσι; acc. τίνας, τίνα;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. *who? which?* neut. *what? which?* Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ἐς τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὗτος ἔρχεται; *who art thou that comest?* II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, *who could, who would* do so? when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσαστο *who could do it?* i. e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἡρώτα δὴ ἔπειτα, τίς εἶη καὶ πόθεν ἔλθοι he asked thereupon *who* he was, and *whence* he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; *who is he, and from whom descended?*

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; *of what sort?* as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πρότερος; as Lat. quis for uter?

VI. τί; alone, *what?*—it takes the Article, τὸ τί; when the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., *how? for why? wherefore?*

2. τί δέ; *but how?* 3. τί δή; τί δή ποτε; *why ever? how pray?* expressing surprise.

4. τί μήν; *why not? how else?* i. e. yes surely! Lat. quidni?

[τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

τίσαίαιτο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

τίσις [ι], εως, ἡ, (τίνω) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιν δοῦναι to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare.

II. a requital in good sense, reward. III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

τίσον, aor. I imperat. of τίνω; inf. τίσαι.

τίσω [ι], fut. of τίνω; also aor. I subj.

τῖταινω, aor. I ἐτίθηνα, Ep. for τείνω, τανύω, to stretch: Med., τόξα τῖταινεσθαι to stretch one's bow. 2. to spread out or along, spread, ex-

tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread. 3. to draw along:—in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τῖταινόμενος πεδίῳ stretching on over the plain; ἄψ ὥσασκε τῖταινόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

τῖταινων, part. from Τῖτάν, only in passage, φάσκε δὲ τῖταινοντας ἀτασθαλίῃ μέγα βέβαιον ἔργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Τῖτάν [ι], ἄνος, ὁ, mostly in plur. Τῖτᾶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τῖτῆνες, οἱ, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τῖτάνις Ion. Τῖτηνίς, ἰδος, fem. of Τῖτάν, a Titaness.

Τῖτᾶνος, ἡ, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

Τῖτᾶν-ῶδης, es, (Τῖτάν, εἶδος) like Titans; Τῖτᾶν-ῶδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

τίτας, ου, ὁ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμαρὸς, an avenger. [ι]

Τῖτῆνες, οἱ, Ep. and Ion. for Τῖτᾶνες.

τιθεῖα, ἡ, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From

τιθεύω, f. σω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

Τῖτῶν, ἡ, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse.

τιθῖον, τό, Dim. of τίθος, a nipple, teat.

Τῖτῶν, ὁ, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast.

τίτλος, ου, ὁ, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω: aor. I ἔτρωσα: Pass., fut. τραθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἔτρώθην: pf. τέτρωμαι: (formed from Root \*ΤΡΩ'Ω):—to wound, hurt; τετρώσθαι τὸν μηρὸν to have been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

τιτῦβίζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup. (Formed from the sound.)

Τῖτυο-κτόνος, ὁ, (Τῖτύος, κτείνω) slayer of Tityos.

Τῖτύος, ὁ, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τίτυσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare.

II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; ἅντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object.

2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i. e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

Τῖφῆ, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [ι]

τίφθ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate.

τίφος, εος, τό, a pool.

Τῖν [ι], Ep. inf. τίμεν: impf. ἔτιον: Pass., pres.

τίομαι: pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τίεσκόμην, 3 sing. τίεσκετο:—to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίκην τίουσιν the gods honour right.

2. to value or rate at a certain worth. II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτίσάμεν, are only used

in the sense of *τίνω, τίνομαι*:—in Act. *to pay a price, make return*: in Med. *to have a price paid, or return made one*: see *τίνω*.

τλά-θύμος, *ον*, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαίην, aor. 2 opt. of \*τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, aor. 2 part. of \*τλάω.

\*ΤΛΑΨ, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut. τλήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔτλην (formed as if from τλημί), imperat. τλήθι, opt. τλαίην, Ep. 3 pl. τλαίεν (for τλαίησαν), inf. τλήναι, part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν: pf. τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat. τέτλαθι, τετλάτω [ᾱ]; opt. τετλαίην; inf. τετλάναι [ᾱ] Ep. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ep. part. τετληώς, τετληυῖα, gen. τετληύτος:—there is also a poet. aor. 1 ἔτάλασα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep. ἔτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ης, η:—*to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship*: sometimes absol., esp. in imperat. τλήθι, *bear up, endure*: so in pf. part., τετληότι θυμῷ with *enduring, patient heart*. II. *to bear steadfastly, hold out*: c. inf. *to dare to do something, whether good or bad*: also c. acc. *to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it*.

τλή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of \*τλάω.

τλή-θύμος Dor. τλά-, *ον*, (\*τλάω, θυμός) of *enduring soul, stout-hearted*.

τλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of \*τλάω.

τλημόνως, Adv. of τλήμων, *patiently*.

τλημοσύνη, ἡ, *that which is to be endured, misery, distress*. II. *endurance, patience*. From

τλήμων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, vocat. τλήμων, (\*τλάω) *suffering, enduring*: hence, I. *patient, steadfast, stout-hearted*: also *bold, daring*: in bad sense, *reckless, rash*, Lat. *audax*. II. *full of suffering, wretched, miserable*.

τλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of \*τλάω.

τλησὶ-κάρδιος, *ον*, (\*τλάω, καρδία) of *patient heart, much-enduring, miserable*. II. *hard-hearted*.

τλήσομαι, fut. of \*τλάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω.

τλητός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of \*τλάω: I. act. *suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour*. II.

pass. *suffered, endured*: *to be suffered, endurable*.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω. [ᾱ]

τμάγον, Ep. for ἔτμαγον, aor. 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: aor. 1 ἔτμηξα: aor. 2 ἔτμαγον: aor. 1 med. ἔτμηξάμην: aor. 2 pass. ἔτμάγην [ᾱ] and ἔτμήγην:—Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, *to cut, cleave*:—Pass. *to be divided, be parted asunder*. Hence

τμήδην, Adv. *by cutting, scratching, grazing*.

τμηθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τέμνω.

τμήξας, aor. 1 part. of τμήγω.

τμητός, ἡ, ὅν, (τέμνω) *cut, be cut, cut into shape*. 2. *cut lengthwise, furrowed*.

τμητο-σίδηρος, *ον*, (τμητός, σίδηρος) *cut down with iron*.

τοδί, neut. of ὁδί.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ) *hence, thence*. II. *hence, therefore, thereupon*.

τόθι, demonstr. Adv. *there, in that place*. II. also for relat. ὅθι, *where*.

τοι, enclit. Particle of inference, *therefore, accordingly*; also strengthening an assertion, *in truth, in sooth, verily*: it is often joined with other Particles: with ἄρα it coalesces by crasis into τᾶρα, with ἄν into τᾶν, with μέντοι ἄν into μεντάν.

τοι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σύ: always enclitic.

τοί, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. ὁ and the Relat. ὅς.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι, *so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly*.

τοι-γάρ-οὖν Ion. τοι-γάρ-ῶν, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, *therefore indeed, therefore assuredly*.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῖν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of ὁ.

τοί-νυν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle τοι, *so then, therefore*. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, *further, moreover*.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

τοῖος, τοία Ion. τοίη, τοίον: (from τοῖο, old gen. of ὁ, ἡ, τό):—*of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like*, Lat. *talis*, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. οἷος, interrog. ποῖος, and indefin. ποιός correspond: τοῖος in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, *the following*. 2. τοῖος c. inf., *such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do*; τοῖοι ἀμυνέμεν *able to assist*; cf. οἷος. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Adj. more prominent, *so very, just*; ἐπιεικὲς τοῖος *just of moderate size*; κερδαλέος τοῖος *so very crafty*. III. Homer uses neut. τοῖον as Adv., *so, thus, so very, so much*.

τοιόσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοιήδε, τοιόνδε: Att. also τοιοσδί, etc., like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense, *of such kind, nature or quality*; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιοῦτος properly refers; ἕτερος τοιόσδε *just such another*.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιούτο, Att. also τοιούτον: and in strengthd. form Att. τοιούτοσί, like τοῖος and τοιόσδε, *of such kind, nature or quality*: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, *such as the foregoing*: absol., ἐν τῷ τοιούτῳ, ἐν τοῖς τοιούτοις in *such a state of things*: strengthd., τοιούτος ἕτερος: also in neut. ἕτερον τοιούτον, ἕτερα τοιαῦτα.

τοιούτό-τροπος, *ον*, (τοιούτος, τρόπος) of *such fashion or kind, such like*. Adv. -τρόπως, *after such a fashion*.

τοιούτ-ώδης, *ες*, (τοιούτος, εἶδος) of *such kind or form*.

τοῖσδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσιν, Ep. forms for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε.



τοίχαρχος, ὁ, (τοίχος, ἄρχω) captain of the towers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, ὁ, (τεῖχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τεῖχος, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb., ὁ εὖ πρᾶττων τοίχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρῦχέω, f. ἥσω, (τοιχωρύχος) to be a house-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence

τοιχωρῦχία, ἡ, housebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρύχος [ῥ], ὁ, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a house-breaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοιῶς, τοιῶσδε, Adv. of τοῖος, τοιούσδε.

τόκᾱ, Dor. for τότε.

τοκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. foeta: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

τοκετός, ὁ, = τόκος.

τοκεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκῆες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, ὁ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II. metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out,

interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾱ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. audacia: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾶσεῖς, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμῆτε Dor. for τολμᾶτε: f. ἥσω: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾶν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾶν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. -αῖς, Ep. contr. τολμῆς, ἥσσα, ἦν (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-hearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, atos, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. -ρῶς, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρότατα.

τολμῆς, ἥσσα, ἦν, Ep. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v.

τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man.

τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

το-λοιπόν or divisim τὸ λοιπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολῦπεύω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

ΤΟΛΥΠΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [ῥ]

τομαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καυσίς καὶ τομή cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. ἱερά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf. τέμνω.

τομός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατος.

τόμος, ὁ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύζω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τόνοι τῶν κλινέων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2. of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξάμετρος hexameter measure. 3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian. III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νῦν, = τὸ νῦν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκότης, ον, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer.

τόξ-αρχος, ὁ, (τόξον, ἄρχω) master of the bow, a Bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξόται at Athens.

τόξευμα, atos, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξευμα ἐξικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowsbot. II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξόται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a Bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινός to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

**τοξήρης**, *ες*, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow. 2. of or for the bow.

**τοξικός**, *ή, όν*, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. *ή τοξική* (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

**τοξοδάμας**, *αντος, ό*, and **τοξόδαμνος**, *ον*, (τόξον, δαμάω) subduing with the bow; **τοξόδαμνος** Ἀρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

**ΤΟΞΟΝ**, τό, a bow, its arrows being ὕιστοί or *λοί*, the string *νευρά* or *νεῦρον*: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πῆχυς in the middle; τόξα *τεταίνειν* to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξον *ῥῦμα*, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχης *ισχύς*, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see **τοξόδαμνος**. II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

**τοξοποιέω**, *φ. ήσω*, to make like a bow, to arch. From **τοξοποιός**, *όν*, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

**τοξοσύνη**, *ή*, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

**τοξοτευχής**, *ές*, (τόξον, τεύχεια) armed with the bow.

**τοξότης**, *ου, ό*, (τόξον) a Bowman, archer. II.

at Athens, *οί τοξόται* were the police, also called **Σκῦθαι**, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

**τόξοτις**, *ιδος*, fem. of **τοξότης**, an archeress; as Adj., **τόξοτις χείρ** an archer hand.

**τοξουλκός**, *όν*, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; **τοξουλκόν λῆμα** the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

**τοξοφόρος**, *ον*, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., **τοξοφόρος, ό**, = **τοξότης**, an archer, Bowman.

**τοπάζιον**, τό, = **τόπαζος**.

**ΤΟΠΑΖΟΣ**, ό, the topaz, a precious stone.

**τοπάζω**, *φ. άσω*, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

**το-πάν**, Adv., = **τὸ πᾶν**, altogether, quite, wholly: *ἐς τοπᾶν* in general, for the mass.

**το-πᾶραυτίκα**, Adv., = **αὐτίκα**, immediately, on the instant.

**το-πάροιθε**, -θεν, Adv., = **πάροιθε**.

**το-πάρος**, Adv., = **πάρος**. [ᾱ]

**τόπ-αρχος**, ό, also *ή*, (τόπος, ἄρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., **τόπαρχος**, ό, *ή*, a master or mistress.

**ΤΟΠΟΣ**, ό, a place, spot, Lat. locus; *χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος* the whole space of earth. 2. place, position.

3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus. II. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

**το-πρίν**, Adv., = **τὸ πρίν**.

**το-πρόσθεν**, Adv., = **τὸ πρόσθεν**.

**το-πρῶτον**, Adv., = **τὸ πρῶτον**, first, at first, in the first place.

**τόρευμα**, τό, embossed work, work in relief. II. = **τόρνευμα**, a circling or wheeling round.

**τορεύς**, *έως, ό*, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

**τορευτός**, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of **τορεύω**, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

**τορεύω**, properly, = **τορέω**, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

\***ΤΟΡΕΨ**, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 **έτορον**, also aor. 1 **έτόρησα**, part. **τορήσας**, and redupl. fut. **τετορήσω**:—to bore, pierce. II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

**τόρμος**, ό, a hole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

**τορνευτο-λῦρ-ασπίδο-πηγός**, ό, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ἀσπίς, πηγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

**τορνεύω**, *φ. σω*, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

**τόρνος**, ό, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

**τορνόομαι**, *φ. -ώσομαι*, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; **τορνώσαντο σῆμα** they rounded off the barrow; **έδαφος νηὸς τορνώσεται ἀνήρ** he will round him off the ship's bottom.

**τορός**, *ά, όν*, (τείρω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II.

of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

**τοροτίγξ** or **τοροτίξ**, imitation of a bird's note.

**τορύνη**, *ή*, (τείρω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ῡ]

**τορύνω**, (τορύνη) to stir, stir up or about. [ῡ]

**τοσάκις** Ep. **τοσσάκι** [ᾱ], Adv. (τόσος) so many times, so often.

**τόσος** Ep. **τόσσος**, *η, ον*, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. **όσος**; but **τόσος** often stands alone in Homer, as **τρίς τόσοι** thrice as many. In Homer **τόσον** and **τόσσον** are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; **λίην τόσον** so much too much. 2. **ἐκ τόσου** so long since.

**τοσόσ-δε** Ep. **τοσσόσ-δε**, -ήδε, -όνδε, = **τόσος**, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. II.

**τοσόνδε** Ep. **τοσσόνδε**, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

**τοσουν-ἀριθμός**, *ον*, (τοσουῖτος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ᾱ]

**τοσουῖτος** Ep. **τοσσουῖτος**, -αὐτή, -οῦτο Att. -οῦτον, = **τόσος**, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence **τοσουῖτον**, only so much, so much and no more; *ἐς τοσουῖτο*, Lat. eatenus, so far; **έτερον τοσουῖτο** as great, as much or many again. II.

**τοσουῖτο** or -ον, Ep. **τοσσουῖτο** or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

**τοσουτοσί**, **τοσαυτή**, **τοσουτονί**, Att. for **τοσουῖτος**. **τοσσάκι** and **τοσσάκις**, Adv. Ep. for **τοσάκις**. [ᾱ]

**τόσσας**, in Dor. form **τόσσαίς**, = **τυχάνω**, aor. 1 part. of an obsol. pres., = **τυγχάνω**, to hit, hit upon.

**τοσσηνός**, Dor. for **τοσουῖτος**.

**τόσσος**, *η, ον*, Ep. for **τόσος**.



τοσσόσδε—ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσσόσδε.  
 τοσσούτος, -αύτη, -ούτο and -ούτον, Ep. for τοσσούτος.  
 τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much.  
 τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., aforetime, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time. 2. joined with other Particles, τότε δή, τότε ἔπειτα, δὴ τότε γε. 3. with the Article, οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.  
 τότε, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τότε μὲν . . . , τότε δέ . . . , at one time . . . , at another; τότε ἢ τότε at one time or other.  
 το-τέταρτον, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπρωτον, etc.  
 το-τηνικά, or divisim τὸ τηνίκα, Adv., = τηνίκα. [ἴ]  
 τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note.  
 το-τρίτον, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτέταρτον. [ἴ]  
 τοῦ, gen. of Art. ὁ, and interrog. Pron. τίς.  
 του, enclit., gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.  
 τοῦβολου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ.  
 τοῦκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.  
 τοῦλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλασσον.  
 τοῦλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.  
 τοῦλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον.  
 τοῦμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.  
 τοῦμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.  
 τοῦμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων.  
 τοῦμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.  
 τοῦμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές.  
 τοῦμφύλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφύλον.  
 τοῦναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον.  
 τοῦνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, therefore.  
 τοῦνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε.  
 τοῦνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.  
 τοῦντεῦθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, henceforth.  
 τοῦπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.  
 τοῦπος or τοῦπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.  
 τοῦργον or τοῦργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.  
 τοῦρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ.  
 τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II. so many times, so often. [ἄ]  
 τουτεί, Adv., Dor. for ταύτη, in that direction, there, yonder.  
 τοῦτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἕτερον.  
 τουτόθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.  
 τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.  
 τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. ὅφρα. II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol., meantime, meantime.  
 τραγάλλω, = τρώγω.  
 Τραγάσαιος, α, ον, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ὡς τραγασαῖα φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαίου πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.  
 τραγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τράγιος, α, ον, poet. for τράγεος: τραγείη (sub. δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [ἄ]  
 τραγ-ἐλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, ἔλαφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.  
 τράγεος, α, ον, (τράγος) of or from a be-goat; τραγῇ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [ἄ]  
 τραγήμα, ατος, τό, (τράγειν) mostly in plur. sweetmeats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.  
 τραγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζομαι.  
 τραγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικός λῆρος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. -κῶς, in tragic style.  
 τραγίνος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγιος, of a be-goat.  
 τραγίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat.  
 τραγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for shearing be-goats.  
 τραγό-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered goats.  
 τραγο-μάσχᾶλος, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with arm-pits smelling like a be-goat.  
 τραγό-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, πούς) goat-footed.  
 τράγος, ὁ, (τράγειν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.  
 τραγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-shanked, of Pan.  
 τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πῶτος for πῶτος. [ἄ]  
 τραγωδίω, f. ἤσω, (τραγωδός) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph. to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically. Hence  
 τραγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγωδός.  
 τραγωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τραγωδός) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.  
 τραγωδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (τραγωδός, διδάσκω) a tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.  
 τραγωδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγωδός, ποιέω) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιός, ὁ, a tragic poet.  
 τραγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τράγος, αἰδός contr. φῖδός) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγωδός was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.  
 ΤΡΑ-ΝΗ-Σ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain, distinct.  
 τρανός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τρανής.  
 τρανώω, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.  
 τρανώς, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.  
 τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [ἄ]  
 τρά-πεζα [τρά], ης, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table; ξενίη τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέζη καὶ κοίτη

δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2. a table, dinner, meal. II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τετρα-, πέξα; acc. to others from τρι-, πέξα: Horace speaks of mensa tripes.) Hence

τραπεζεύς, έως, ό, at or of a table; κύνες τραπεζῆς dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τραπεζιτεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τραπεζίτης [i], ου, ό, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τραπεζιτικός, ή, όν, concerning a banker or banking. τραπέομεν, Ep. for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τέρπω and τρέπω.

τράπεσδα, ή, Dor. for τράπεζα.

τραπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [α]

ΤΡΑΠΕΨΩ, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τραπήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

τραπητέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [α]

τρασιά, ή, (from ταρσός, as if ταρσιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίζω, f. ίσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

ΤΡΑΥΛΟΣ, ή, όν, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραῦμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τό, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, hurt; από του τρώματος αποθνήσκειν to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III. metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυματίας, ου, ό, Ion. τρωμ-, a wounded man.

τραυματίζω Ion. τρωμ-, f. ίσω, (τραῦμα) to wound.

τραφέμεν, Ion. for τραφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφω: see τρέφω III.

τράφεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτράφησαν 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [α]

τραφερός, ά, όν, (τρέφω) like τρόφις, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τραφερή (sub. γῆ), as opp. to ὑγρή, dry land, ἐπὶ τραφερὴν τε καὶ ὑγρὴν over dry land and sea: as Subst. οἱ τραφεροί or τὰ τραφερά, the fishes.

τράφη [α], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω.

τραφῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [α]

τραχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, barsbly; τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι to be roughly handled.

τραχήλια, τά, (τράχηλος) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

τραχηλιάω, (τράχηλος) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph. to be baugbly, headstrong.

τραχηλίζω, f. ίσω, (τράχηλος) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τραχηλο-δεσμός, ου, ό, (τράχηλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

ΤΡΑΧΗΛΟΣ, ό, the throat, neck. [α]

Τραχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, ίνος, ή, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύς). Hence

Τραχίνιος, α, ου Ion. Τρηχίνιος, η, ου, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; αἱ Τραχίνιαι the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τραχύνω Ion. τρηχύνω [υ]: f. ὕνω: pf. τετράχυνκα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτραχύνθην: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυνμαι: (τραχύς):—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τραχύς ό δημος just before, call them, make them rough.

ΤΡΑΧΥΨ Ion. τρηχύς, εἶα, ύ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, barsb, savage.

τραχύτης, ητος, ή, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, barsbness.

τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [α]

τραχών, ὠνος, ό, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ιδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τρία, τά; gen. τριῶν; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεῖς-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τρια-καί-δεκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρεῖω, poet. for τρέω.

τρέμω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver. II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπτεόν, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.

ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τράπω: f. τρέψω: aor. 1 ἐτρεψα: aor. 2 ἐτράπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Medi., aor. 2 ἐτράπόμεν: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτρέφθην Ion. ἐτράφθην: aor. 2 ἐτράπην, whence Ep. 1 plur. τραπέομεν (for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν): pf. τέτραμμαι, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqpf. ἐτετράμμεν, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο:—to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινα εἰς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Medi. to turn, be-take oneself, Lat. converti; ἐπὶ ἔργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀντ' ἡελίοιο τετραμμένος turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι ὁδόν to turn oneself to (i. e. take) a course; ποῖ τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; τρέπειν τὴν ὀργὴν εἰς τινα to divert anger on any one: Pass. and Medi. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Medi. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οἶνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour. III. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν εἰς φυγὴν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight:—Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee:—Medi. to turn oneself to flight, flee. IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent. V. to overturn, upset. VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, aor. 1 inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τρέπω.



**ΤΡΕΨΩ** Aeol. and Dor. **τράφω** [ἄ]: fut. **θρέψω**: aor. 1 **ἔθρεψα**: Ep. aor. 2 **ἔτράφον**: pf. **τέτροφα**: Pass., aor. 1 **ἔθρεφθην**: aor. 2 **ἔτράφην** [ἄ]: pf. **τέθραμμαι** and **τέθρεμμαι**, inf. **τεθράφθαι**:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; **γάλα θρέψαι** to curdle milk; **τυρόν τρέφειν** to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. **τέτροφα**, to become firm, curdle, congeal.

II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, be.

2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: **τρέφειν κόμην** to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. *comam alere*: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. *nutrire, alere*: hence poet. to contain, have.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. **ἔτραφον** in intrans. or pass. sense, as, **ἔτραφε** for **ἔτράφη**, **ἔτραφέτην** for **ἔτραφήτην**, inf. **τραφέμεν** (Att. **τραφεῖν**) = **τραφήναι**.

**ΤΡΕΨΩ** Dor. **τράχω** [ἄ]: fut. **θρέξωμαι**: aor. 1 **ἔθρεξα**: but more commonly (from Root \*ΔΡΕΨΩ), fut. **δράμωμαι** Ion. **δραμέομαι** poet. **δράμομαι**: aor. 2 **ἔδραμον**: pf. **δεδράμηκα** [ἄ] poet. **δέδρομα**:—to run, Lat. *currere*: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over.

3. c. acc. cognato, **τρέχειν δρόμον** to run a course; metaph., **ἀγῶνας δραμεῖν περὶ ἑαυτοῦ** to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without **δρόμον** or **ἀγῶνα**, to run a risk or chance, as **τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς** to run a race for one's life; also, **παρ' ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν** he was within one bout of carrying off the victory.

**τρέψειαν**, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of **τρέπω**.

**ΤΡΕΨΩ** poet. **τρέω**, inf. **τρεῖν**: f. **τρέσω**: aor. 1 **ἔτρεσα** Ep. **τρέσσα**:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: **ὁ τρέσας** the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

**τρήμα**, ατος, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or bored through: a hole, aperture.

**τρημάτοις**, εσσα, εν, (τρήμα) with many holes, porous.

**τρήρων**, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρέω) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (**πέλειαι** or **πελειάδες**): hence later as Subst., **τρήρων**, ἡ, = **πέλεια**, a dove.

**τρήσω**, fut. of **τιτράω**.

**τρητός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **τιτράω**, bored or pierced through: **τρητά λέχρα** bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

**τρηχᾶλέος**, η, ον, poet. for **τρηχύς**, **τραχύς**.

**τρηχύς**, εἶα, ὅ, Ion. for **τραχύς**: Adv. **τρηχέως**, Sup. **τρηχύτατα**.

**τρι-**, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. *ter*.

**τρίδ**, neut. from **τρεῖς**.

**τριάζω**, f. **άσω**, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, **διὰ τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι** to be utterly undone.

**τρίαινα**, ἡ, (τρία) Lat. *tridens*, a trident, the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear. Hence

**τριαινώω**, f. **ώσω**, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overbrow; **τριαινούν την γῆν δικέλλη** to break up the ground with a mattock.

**τριάκας** Ep. and Ion. **τριηκας**, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς, τρία), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. **τριάκαδες**.

III. also any

division of thirty.

**τριάκονθ-άμματος**, ον, (τριάκοντα, ἄμμα) with or of thirty knots.

**τριάκονθ-ἡμέρος** Ion. **τριηκοντήμερος** Dor. **τριακοντάμερος**, ον, (τριάκοντα, ἡμέρα) of thirty days.

**τριάκοντα** Ep. and Ion. **τριήκοντα**, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl.: (τρεῖς, τρία), Lat. *TRIGINTA*, thirty. II.

as Subst. οἱ **τριάκοντα**: 1. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by

Lysander (B. C. 404).

**τριάκοντ-ετής** Ion. **τριηκ-**, ἑς, (τριάκοντα, ἔτος):—thirty years old. II. of or lasting thirty years:

also fem. -έτις, ἴδος:—Att. contr. **τριακοντούτης**, ἑς: fem. **τριακοντούτις**, ἴδος, whence **τριακοντούτιδες σπονδαί** a thirty years' truce.

**τριάκοντ-ζυγος**, ον, (τριάκοντα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

**τριάκοντ-αρχία**, ἡ, (τριάκοντα, ἀρχή) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. **τριάκοντα** II. 2.

**τριάκοντ-όργυιος**, ον, (τριάκοντα, ὄργυια) of thirty fathoms.

**τριάκοντορος** Ion. **τριηκόντερος**, ον, with thirty oars:—as Subst. **τριακόντορος** (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a vessel of thirty oars.

**τριάκοντ-ούτης**, ἑς, see **τριακονταετής**.

**τριάκοντ-ώρυγος**, ον, more correct form of **τριακοντ-όργυιος**.

**τριάκοσιοι** Ion. **τριηκόσιοι**, αἱ, α, (τρεῖς, τρία) three hundred, Lat. *triceni*.

**τριάκοσιο-μέδιμνος**, ον, (τριάκοσιοι, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οἱ **τριακοσιομέδιμνοι** those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian Ἰππεῖς.

**τριάκοστός** Ion. **τριηκ-**, ἡ, ὄν, (τριάκοντα) the thirtieth: ἡ **τριακοστή** (sub. μοῖρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

**τριακτήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (τριάζω) a conqueror: see **τριάζω**.

**τρι-ἄρμενος**, ον, (τρία, ἄρμενα) with three sails.

**τριάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς) the number three, a triad.

**τριάσσω**, ἄζω, = **τριάζω**.

**τρίβᾶκος**, ἡ, ὄν, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. *tritius*: ἡ **τριβακή** a threadbare coat: cf. **τρίβων**.

**Τρίβαλλοι**, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

**τρι-βελής**, ἑς, (τρι-, βέλως) three-pointed.

**τριβή**, ἡ, (τριβῆναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; **βίος οὐκ ἄχαρις ἐς την τριβήν** a pleasant life in the spending. 2. a busying oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.

3. that about which one is busied, the object of one's care. 4. delay, putting off, evasion; ἐς τριβὰς ἐλάν to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβὰς ἐτι no more delays.

τριβῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρίβω.

τριβολ-εκτραπέλος, ον, (τριβολος, εκτραπέλος) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτραπέλα unmannerly, coarse jests. [α]

τρι-βολος, ον, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) three-pointed, three-pronged. II. as Subst., τριβολος, ὁ. I. a prickly plant, burr.

2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes. 3. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τριβος, ἡ, also ὁ, (τριβῆναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, highway. 2. metaph. a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like τρίψις.

III. metaph. practice. 2. delay.

ΤΡΙΒΩ [ι], f. τρίψω: aor. 1 ἐτριψα, inf. τρίψαι: pf. τέτριψα: Pass., fut. 1 τριφθήσομαι, fut. 2 τριβήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. τετριψομαι, also fut. med. τρίψομαι in pass. sense: aor. 1 ἐτρίφθην: aor. 2 ἐτρίβην [ι]: pf. τέτριμμαι:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τρίψαι ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνῳ τρίβειν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with. II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. 2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τρίβειν βίον to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry. 3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. 4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τριβωμε [ι], Dor. for τρίβωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of τρίβω.

τριβων [ι], ὄνος, ὁ, (τριβῆναι) a worn garment, threadbare cloak. II. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc. 2. absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τριβωνικῶς, Adv. (τριβων) in the fashion of a τριβων, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τριβων, a small cloak, a cape.

τρι-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

ΤΡΙΤΛΑ, ἡ, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

τρι-γληνος, ον, (τρι-, γληνος) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, ον, (τριγλα, φέρω) catching mullets.

τρι-γλύφος, ον, (τρι-, γλύφω) thrice-cloven: as Subst., τριγλυφος, ἡ, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλώχης, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γλωχίς) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, ὁ, = τρισμός.

τριγωνία, ἡ, the third generation. From

τρι-γονος, ον, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τρίγονοι κόραι three daughters.

τρι-γωνος, ον, (τρι-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τριγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [ι]

τρι-δουλος, ον, (τρι-, δούλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave.

τρι-δραχμος, ον, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δύστηνος, ον, thrice wretched.

τρι-έλικτος, ον, (τρι-, ἐλίσσω) thrice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, ον, (τρι-, ἐμβολον) with or like three ships' beaks.

τρι-έσπερος, ον, (τρι-, ἐσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, ἴδος, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἑορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, ον, ὁ, (τρι-, ἔτος) of three years, three years old. Adv. τριέτες, three years long.

τριετία, ἡ, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. triennium.

τρι-ζυγής, ἐς, and τρί-ζυγος, ον, and τρί-ζυξ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τρίξω; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense; part. τετριγώς, Ep. pl. τετριγώτες for τετριγότες; plqpf. ἐτετριγέιν Ep. τετριγέιν, with sense of impf.:

—of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετριγέι their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. stridere. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριηκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακ-.

τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμι-, πούς) three half feet, i. e. a foot and half.

τριηραρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be a τριήραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχεῖν νηὸς to be captain of a ship. II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ἡ, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme. II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for a trierarch or his office.

τριήρ-αρχος, ὁ, (τριήρης, ἀρχω) the captain of a trireme. II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αὔλης, ον, ὁ, (τριήρης, αὔλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. εὖς Ion. εὖς; acc. εἶα, ἡ; plur., nom. εἶς, εἰς; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρῶν: (τρίς, ἀρᾶ-ρεῖν or ἐρέσσω): properly an Adj. thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers



being called *θαλάμιοι*, the middle *ζυγῖται*, and the topmost *θρανῖται*; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadriremes* (*τετρήρεις*), *quinqueremes* (*πεντήρεις*), etc., came into use.

**τρι-ηρίτης** [ῖ], *ον, ὅ*, (*τριήρης*) *one who serves on board a trireme.*

**τριηρο-ποιός**, *ον*, (*τριήρης, ποιέω*) *building triremes.*

**τρί-κάρηνος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, κάρηνον*) *three-beaded.* [κᾶ]

**τρί-κέφαλος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, κεφαλῇ*) *three-beaded.*

**τρί-κλινος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, κλίνη*) *with three beds or couches,*

*for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst.,*

*τρίκλινος* (sc. *οἶκος*), *ὅ*, like the Roman *triclinium*, *a*

*dining-room with three couches; also* *τρίκλινον, τό.*

**τρί-κλωστος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, κλώθω*) *thrice spun.*

**τρί-κόρυθος**, *ον*, and **τρί-κορυς**, *ὑθος, ὅ*, (*τρι-, κόρυς*)

*with triple plume.*

**τρί-κόρωνος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, κορώνη*) *thrice a crow's age.*

**τρί-κράνος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, κράνον*) *three-beaded, with*

*triple crest.*

**τρί-κύαθος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, κύαθος*) *holding three κύαθοι.*

**τρί-κύμια**, *ή*, (*τρί-, κύμα*) *the third wave, a huge,*

*overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also*

*every tenth, cf. δεκακυμία) was supposed to be larger*

*than the rest: metaph.,* *τρικυμία κακῶν* *a flood of*

*evils.*

**τρί-λυστος**, *ον*, *poët.* for *τρίλυστος*, (*τρι-, λίσσομαι*)

*thrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.*

**τρίλογία**, *ή*, (*τρί-, λόγος*) *a trilogy; see* *τετραλογία.*

**τρίλοφία**, *ή*, *a triple crest.* From

**τρί-λοφος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, λόφος*) *with three crests.*

**τρί-μακαρ**, *-μακαίρα*, (*τρί-, μάκαρ*) *thrice-blessed.*

**τρί-μετρος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, μέτρον*) *of verses, consisting*

*of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot*

*as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; τόνος*

*τρίμετρος* *trimeter iambic verse.*

**τρί-μηνος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, μήν*) *of three months, three*

*months old: ή* *τρίμηνος* *a period of three months.*

**τρίμμα**, *ατος, τό*, (*τρίβω*) *that which is rubbed: me-*

*taph., like* *τρίβων*, *a practised, backneyed knave.*

**τριμμός**, *ὅ*, (*τρίβω*) *a beaten road, like* *τρίβος.*

**τρίμοιρία**, *ή*, *triple pay.* From

**τρί-μοιρος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, μοῖρα*) *threefold, triple.*

**τρί-μορφος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, μορφή*) *three-formed, triple:*

*Μοῖραι* *τρίμορφοι* *the three fates.*

**Τρίν-ακρία**, *ή*, (*τρι-, ἄκρα*) *epith. of Sicily, from its*

*three promontories (ἄκραι): also written* *Τρινακία*

*Ion. -ίη* (from *τρίναξ*).

**Τρίν-ακριος**, *α, ον*, of *Trinacria* or *Sicily, Sicilian.*

**τρίν-αξ**, *ἄκος, ή*, (*τρίς, ἀκή*) *a trident.*

**τριξός**, *ή, ὄν*, *Ion.* for *τρισσός*, *threefold, triple; so*

*διξός* for *δισσός.*

**τρί-οδος**, *ή*, (*τρι-, ὁδός*) *a meeting of three roads,*

*three cross-roads, Lat.* *trivium.*

**τρι-όδους**, *-ὀδοντος, ὅ, ή*, (*τρι-, ὀδούς*) *with three*

*teeth: as Subst.,* *τριόδους, ὅ, a trident.*

**τρι-όργυιος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, ὄργυια*) *three fathoms long.*

**τρι-όροφος**, *ον*, = *τριώροφος.*

**τρι-όρχης**, *ον, ὅ*, and **τρί-ορχος**, *ον, ὅ*, (*τρι-, ὄρχις*) *a*

*kind of falcon or kite.*

**τριοτό**, *a sound imitative of a bird's voice.*

**τρί-πάλαι**, *Adv.* (*τρί-, πάλαι*) *thrice long since, i. e.*

*very long ago.*

**τρί-πάλαιστος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, παλαιστή*) *thrice hands*

*broad, long, etc.*

**τρί-παλτος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, πάλλω*) *thrice-brandished;*

*metaph. furious, fierce.*

**τρί-πάνουργος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, πάνουργος*) *trebly a rogue.*

**τρί-πάχυιος**, *ον*, *Dor.* for *τριπήχυς*, *q. v.*

**τρί-πέτηλος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, πέτηλον*) *thrice-leaved.*

**τρί-πηχυς**, *υ, gen. εος*, (*τρι-, πῆχυς*) *thrice cubits long.*

**τρί-πίθηκινος**, *η, ον*, (*τρι-, πίθηκος*) *thrice apish.*

**τρίπλαξ**, *ἄκος, ὅ, ή*, (*τρίς*) *triple, threefold, Lat.*

*triplex.* [ῖ]

**τρίπλάσιος**, *α, ον*, (*τρι-*) *thrice as many, thrice as*

*much, thrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον* *as*

*Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ* *thrice as much as you.*

**τρί-πλεθρος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, πλέθρον*) *three plethra long.*

**τρίπλη**, *v. τριπλούς.*

**τριπλοιστός**, *όν*, (*τριπλός*) *made threefold, tripled,*

*trebled.*

**τρίπλόος**, *η, ον* *contr. τριπλοῦς, ή, ούν*, (*τρεῖς*)

*triple, threefold. Adv. -πλῶς*, but *dat. fem. τριπλῇ*

*is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.*

**τρίποδες**, *Ep. dat. pl. of* *τρίπους.*

**τρί-πόδης**, *ον, ὅ*, (*τρί-, πούς*) *three feet long.*

**τρί-πόθητος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, ποθέω*) *thrice longed for,*

*much or earnestly desired.*

**τρί-πολις**, *εως* *Ion. ιος, ὅ, ή*, (*τρί-, πόλις*) *with three*

*cities; cf. δεκάπολις.*

**τρί-πόλιστος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, πολίζω*) *thrice-built, triply*

*or firmly founded.*

**τρί-πολος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, πολέω*) *thrice turned up or*

*ploughed, bearing three crops in a year, of corn land.*

**τρί-πόνητος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, πονέω*) *thrice-worked: έρις*

*τριπόνητος* *a dispute between three labourers.*

**τρί-πορθος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, πορθέω*) *thrice wasted.*

**τρί-πος**, *ον, ὅ*, *poët.* for *τρίπους.* [ῖ]

**τρί-πους**, *-ποδος, ὅ, ή, -πουν, τό*, (*τρί-, πούς*) *three*

*footed, three-legged or with three feet: measuring three*

*feet.* II. *going on three feet; proverb. of an*

*old man who leans on a staff, τρίποδας ὁδοῦς στεί-*

*χει.* 2. *as Subst., τρίπους, ὅ, a tripod, a three-*

*footed brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often*

*made of exquisite material and workmanship, and de-*

*dedicated in temples.* 3. *the stool or throne of the*

*Delphic priestess.*

**τρί-πράτος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, πιπράσκω*) *thrice sold.*

**τριπτήρ**, *ήρος, ὅ*, (*τρίβω*) *a rubber or tool for rubbing*

*with, a pestle.*

**τρίπτης**, *ον, ὅ*, (*τρίβω*) *a rubber, shampooer.*

**Τρι-πτόλεμος**, *ὅ*, *Triptolemus*, an *Eleusinian*, who

*established the worship of Demeter.*

**τρί-πτύχος**, *ον*, (*τρι-, πτύσσω*) *consisting of three*

*layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply* *thrice.*

**τρί-πῶλος**, *ον*, (*τρί-, πῶλος*) *of or with three horses.*

τρίρ-ρῦμος, ον, (τρι-, ρυμός) with three poles, i. e. with four horses abreast.

τρίς, Adv. of τρεῖς, thrice, three times, Lat. *ter*; τρίς τύσος thrice as much; ἐς τρίς up to three times: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like Lat. *ter*, and our *thrice*. Proverb., τρίς ἐξ βάλλειν to throw thrice six, i. e. the highest throw (there being three dice), hence to have the best luck. [I]

τρίσ-άθλιος, α, ον, thrice-unhappy.

τρίσ-άλαστος, ον, thrice-tormented.

τρίσ-ἀριθμος, ον, thrice-numbered.

τρίσ-άσμενος, η, ον, thrice-pleased, i. e. well-contented.

τρίσ-άωρος, ον, very untimely.

τρίσ-δείλαιος, ον, = τρισάθλιος.

τρίσ-δύστηνος, ον, trebly, i. e. very, miserable.

τρίσ-εινάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρίς, ἐννεάς) sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 29th.

τρί-σέληνος, ον, (τρι-, σελήνη) of three moons or nights.

τρίσ-ἐπαρχος, ὁ, (τρίς, ἐπαρχος) thrice an overseer.

τρίσ-θάνης, ἐς, (τρίς, θανείν) thrice worthy of death.

τρίσ-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = τρεῖσκαίδεκα.

τρίσκαδεκά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, thirteen cubits high, long, etc.

τρίσκαδεκα-στάσιος, ον, (τρίσκαίδεκα, ἴστημι) of thirteen times the weight or value. [στᾶ]

τρίσκαδέκατος, η, ον, (τρίσκαίδεκα) the thirteenth.

τρίσκαδεκ-έτης, ον, ὁ, fem. τρίσκαδεκέτις, ἰδος, (τρίσκαίδεκα, ἔτος) of thirteen years, thirteen years old.

τρίσ-κᾶκοδαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.

τρί-σκαλμος, ον, (τρί-, σκαλμός) with three benches of rowers; νῆες τρίσκαλμοι = τριήρεις.

τρίσ-κᾶτάρᾱτος, ον, (τρίς, καταράσμαι) thrice accursed.

τρίσ-κοπάνιστος, ον, (τρίς, κοπανάω) thrice struck; ἄρτος τρίσκοπάνιστος thrice-kneaded bread.

τρίσ-μάκαρ, fem. -μάκαιρα, gen. -μάκαρος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρίς, μάκαρ) thrice blest; τρισμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις, Virgil's *terque quaterque beati*.

τρίσ-μακάριος, α, ον, = τρίσμακαρ.

τρίσμος, ὁ, (τρίζω) a squeaking: a squeak.

τρίσ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τρίς, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000: also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, τρισμυρία ἵππος thirty thousand horse. [ῥ]

τρίσ-μυριό-πᾶλαι, (τρίσ-μύριοι, πᾶλαι) Adv. thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, ον, ὁ, (τρίς, Ὀλυμπιονίκης) thrice victorious at Olympia. [ν]

τρι-σπίθαμος, ον, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) three spans long.

τρί-σπονδος, ον, (τρι-, σπονδή) thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering.

τρίσάκις, Adv. (τρίς) thrice, three times. [ᾱ]

τρίσάτιος, η, ον, poet. for τρισσός. [ᾱ]

τρίσόθεν, Adv. (τρισσός) from three sides.

τρίσσός Att. τριττός Ion. τριξός, ἡ, ὄν, like δισός, διξός, (τρίς) threefold, Lat. *triplex*: in plur. = τρεῖς. Adv. -σῶς, three times.

τρίσσο-φαής, ἐς, and τρισσό-φωτος, ον, (τρίς, φάος, φῶς) in a threefold light.

τρί-στεγος, ον, (τρι-, στέγη) of or with three stories: τὸ τρίστέγον (sub. οἶκημα), the third story.

τρι-στοιχεί or -χί [ι], Adv. of τριστοιχος, in three rows.

τρί-στοιχος, ον, (τρι-, στοῖχος) in three rows.

τρί-στομος, ον, (τρι-, στόμα) three-mouthed. II. three-edged or three-pointed.

τρίσ-χίλιοι, αι, α, (τρίς, χίλιοι) three thousand: also in sing. with a collective Subst., τρισχίλια ἵππος 3000 horse. [χ]

τρί-σώματος, ον, (τρι-, σῶμα) with three bodies, Lat. *tricorpor*.

τρίτᾱγωνιστέω, f. ἥσω, to be a τριταγωνιστής, to play third-rate characters. From

τρίτ-ᾱγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (τρίτος, ἄγωνιστής) the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer.

τρίταῖος, α, ον, (τρίτος) of time, in three days, on the third day; τριταῖοι ἐγένοντο they arrived on the third day. 2. three days old; τριταῖος γενόμενος after being three days dead. 3. three days ago. 4. generally for τρίτος, third.

τρί-τάλαντος, ον, (τρι-, τάλαντον) of three talents weight or worth. [τᾱ]

τρί-τάλας, τάλαινα, τάλαν, (τρι-, τάλας) thrice-wretched. [τᾱ]

τρί-τάνυστος, ον, (τρι-, τανύω) triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long.

τρίτᾱτος, η, ον, poet. lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσ-στος for μέσος. [ι]

τρίτη-μόριος, α, ον, (τρίτος, μέρος) equal to a third part, forming a third part: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (sub. μέρος), τό, a third part.

τρίτη-μορίς, ἰδος, ἡ, like τριτημόριον, a third part.

τρίτο-βάμων [ᾱ], ον, gen. ονος, (τρίτος, βαίνω) going as third, forming a third foot.

Τρίτο-γένεια, ἡ, the Triton-born, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τρίτανις in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, εος, ἡ, = Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκέω, to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth. From

τρι-τόκος, ον, (τρι-, τεκεῖν) bearing thrice or three at a birth.

τρίτος, η, ον, (τρίς, τρεῖς) the third, Lat. *tertius*; τρίτος ἐλθεῖν to come as third, i. e. with two others;

τρίτος γενέσθαι to be third in a race; ἐς τρίτην ἡμέραν on the third day, i. e. the day after to-morrow.

II. τρίτον as Adv. thirdly, also τὸ τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτου or ἐκ τρίτων, in the third place.

III. τὰ τρίτα λέγειν τινί to play the third part to any one, like τριταγωνιστεῖν τινί. [ι]

τρίτό-σπονδος, ον, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρισπονδος, crowned with triple libation; τριτόσπονδος αἰών a life



in which one pours the third libation (to Zeus Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τριτόσπορος, ον, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριττός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. for τρισσός.

τριτύς, ὅς, ἡ, also τριτύς, (τρεῖς) the number three, Lat. ternio.

II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *su-ove-taurilia*).

III. at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrite.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis.

II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [ῖ] Hence

Τριτωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, like Τριτανίς, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτωνιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τριτωνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena.

2. epith. of Minerva.

τριφάσιος, α, ον, (τρεῖς) threefold, Lat. triplex: also simply three. [ᾱ]

τριφίλητος Dor. -ᾱτος, ον, (τρι-, φιλέω) thrice-beloved.

τριφύλλον, τό, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover.

τριφύλος, ον, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχῇ, Adv. (τρίς) threefold, in three parts, Lat. trifariam: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [ῖ]

τριχάϊκες [ῖ], οἱ, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τριχάλεπτος, ον, (τρι-, χαλέπτω) very angry.

τριχᾶλος, ον, Dor. for τρίχηλος, (τρι-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, αἱ, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [ῖ]

τριχῇ, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [ᾱ] Hence

τριχθάδιος, α, ον, threefold. [ᾱ]

τρίχτινος, ἡ, ον, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρι]

τρίχτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τρίχόβρωτος, ὅς, ἡ, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. e. moths.

τριχοίνικος, ον, (τρι-, χοῖνιξ) holding three χοῖνικες: τριχοίνικον ἔπος a most capacious word.

τριχόλωτος, ον, (τρι-, χολύω) thrice-detested.

τριχόμαλλος, ον, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like hair.

τριχορρυῖω, f. ἤσω, to shed or lose the hair. From

τριχορ-ρῦής, ἑς, (θρίξ, ῥέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τριχοῦ, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τριχρῶμος, ον, (τρι-, χρῶμα) three-coloured.

τριχῶμα, ἄτος, τό, (τριχῶω) a growth of hair, shock of hair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριψαί, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημερέω, f. ἤσω, (τρίβω, ἡμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. terere tempus.

τριψις, ἑως, ἡ, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. II.

firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.

τριψεῖς, αἱ, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, τό, (τρι-, ὀβολός) a three-obol piece, i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρι-ώροφος, ον, (τρι-, ὀροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst., τριώροφον, τό, the third story.

τριώρυγος, ον, more correct Att. form of τριόργυιος.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ηθεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροίανδε Ion. -ηνδε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροίη, ἡ, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

τρομεοίατο, Ion. for τρομέοιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω.

2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, f. ἤσω, (τρόμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid.

II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, ὁ, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub. πνοή), ἡ, (τροπαῖος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit.

2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαῖον, τό, properly neut. of τροπαῖος; a trophy, Lat. trophaeum, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc.; taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στήσαι or στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαῖος, α, ον, (τρέπω) of a turning or change.

II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοὶ τροπαῖοι the gods who caused the defeat; Ἐκτορος ὄμμασι τροπαῖοι terrible to the eyes of Hector.

III. turning away, averting, Lat. averruncus.

τροπαιο-φόρος, ον, (τρόπαιον, φέρω) bearing trophies.

τροπαλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, ἡ, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about;

τροπαὶ ἡελίοιο the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαὶ θεριναί and χειμεριναί, Lat. solstitium and bruma.

II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινος ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; ἐν τροπῇ δορός in the rout of the spear.

2. (from Pass. τρε-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio in fugam*. 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, ὁ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour.

τροπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: ὁ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπις, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρώπιν: (τρέπω):—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρώπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, ὁ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρώπῳ τοιῶδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρώπῳ in no wise; παντὶ τρώπῳ by all means; ἔκουσιν τρώπῳ willingly; τρώπῳ φρενός according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρόποις Ἰξίωνος after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρώπον in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρώπον in barbarous fashion. 3. ἐκ παντὸς τρόπου by all means. III.

of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοῦμοῦ τρόπου not after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρώπον suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπός, ὁ, (τρέπω) a twisted leather thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπώω, f. ὠσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπός): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = τροπός, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφαίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφεῖα, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ὦ τροφῆς ἐμοί ye who have fed me.

τροφέω, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίου τροφή a livelihood, living: one's means of living. II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τρόφιμος, η, ου, also ος, ου, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῇ τρώφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

τρόφισ, ὁ, ἡ, τρώφι, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρώφι κῦμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφέεις, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφός, ὁ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse.

τροφο-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφώντιος, ὁ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [α]

τροχάζω, f. ἄσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχαῖος, α, ου, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, ὁ τροχαῖος (sc. πούς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round. τροχηλάτῳ, f. ἤσω, to drive a chariot. II.

metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [α], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ήλατος, ου, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ἴσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχιλία, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. *troclea*.

τροχίλος, ὁ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [γ]

τροχιός, α, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly. τρώχης, ιος and εως, ὁ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.

τροχο-δινέω, f. ἤσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-ειδής, ἐς, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular.

τροχοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιός, ὅς, (τροχός, ποιέω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ὁ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὔ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. *Graecus trochus*. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΒΑΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρύγᾳ, f. ἤσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγᾶν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμας τρυγᾶν (sc. ἀμπέλους) to strip un-

watched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [υ], ἡ, (τρύγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop



of corn, fruit, grapes, etc.

II. a gathering of

such fruits; ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρύγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τρύγαν) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρύγητος, ὁ, (τρύγαν) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage.

2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρύγητρια, ἡ, fem. of τρυγητήρ, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον, (τρύγη, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρύγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρύξ) made of lees. II. = τρυ-

γωδικός, of or for comedy.

τρύγο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρύξ, δαίμων) for τρυγικός, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρύγ-οἶπος, ὁ, (τρύξ, ἵπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρύγος, Ep. for τρυγών, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγάν.

ΤΡΥΓΩ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρύγ-ωδία, ἡ, (τρύγος) = κωμωδία, comedy. Hence

τρύγ-ωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κωμωδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρύγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τρύξ, ᾠδή) a must-singer or lees-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κωμωδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρύγων, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρύξω) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΓΩΝ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρύμ-αλιά, ἡ, (τρύμ) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle.

τρύμη, ἡ, (τρύμ) a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρύξ, ἡ, gen. τρύγος, (τρύγω) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine,

dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρύπανον, τό, (τρύπαν) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρύπαν, f. ἥσω: pf. pass. τετρύπημαι: (τρύπη):—to bore, pierce through, perforate; ὦτα τετρυπημένα ears pierced for earrings; ψῆφος τετρυπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through it).

τρύπη, ἡ, (τρύμ) a bole.

τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρύπαν) that which is bored, a bole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρύπῳ, contr. for τρυπάοι, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάν.

τρύσ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρύμ, ἀνὴρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, harassing. [ῥ]

τρύσι-βιος, ον, (τρύμ, βίος) wearing out life. [σ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ, ἡ, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutinā. [ῥ]

τρύ-φάλεια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρύμ and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλος.)

τρύφᾶν, f. ἥσω, (τρύφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφών, ὦσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρύφεραῖνομαι, Pass. (τρύφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφειρανθείς, with a fastidious air.

τρύφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρύφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρύφερότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρύφερός) delicacy, luxury.

τρύφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρύφηλός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρυφερός.

τρύφημα, ατος, τό, (τρύφᾶν) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρύφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρύφος, εος, τό, (τρύφῆναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρύχηρός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρύχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρύχνος, ὁ, = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρύχος, εος, τό, (τρύχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, shred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence

τρύχῳ, rare form of τρύχω.

τρύχω, f. ξω, (τρύω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρύχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρύχεσθαι τινος to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τετρύμαι, part. τετρυμένος, inf. τετρυῖσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρυῖσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρωάς, ἁδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρώς, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γᾶ]

τρώγλη, ἡ, (τρώγω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into boles; οἱ Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwelt in boles or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into boles.

τρωγοίσας, Dor. for τρωγούσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω.

ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώξομαι: aor. I ἐτρώξα: aor. 2 ἐτρώγον: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτρώγην [ᾶ]: pf. τέτρωγα:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλια.

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρώς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώιος, η, ον, Ep. for Τρώός, Trojan: fem. Τρωιάς, ἁδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτης, ον, ὁ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called τρώκται, greedy knaves; so as Adj., τρώκται χεῖρες greedy, grasping hands.

τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, gnawed, nibbled at; of vegetables, fruit, etc., eaten raw, eatable: neut. τρωκτά, τά, as Subst., = τρωγᾶλια.

τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματίης, Ion. for τραυμ-.

τρώμη Dor. τρώμᾱ, ἡ, = τρώμα, Ion. for τραῦμα.

τρώξις, εως, ἡ, (τρώγω) a gnawing.

Τρώος, ἄ, ὄν, contr. for Τρώιος, (Τρώς) Trojan.

Τρωο-φθόρος, ον, (Τρώς, φθείρω) destructive to the Trojans or to Troy.

τρωπάω, Ep. for τρέπω, to turn, to change, alter;—Med. to turn oneself, turn about or back; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. τρωπάσκετο φεύγειν be turned himself to flight.

Τρώς, ὁ, gen. Τρώος, Τρός, the founder of Troy: plur. Τρώες, οἱ, gen. Τρώων, dat. Τρώσι, Trojans.

τρώσσεισθαι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώσκω.

τρώσω, fut. of τιτρώσκω.

τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκω, wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable.

τρωῦμα, false reading for τρώμα, Ion. for τραῦμα.

τρωχάω, Ep. for τρέχω, to run.

ΤΡΩ'Ω, radic. form of τιτρώσκω, to wound: to hurt, harm, damage, do one a mischief.

τύ, Dor. for σύ: also acc. for σέ. [ῥ]

τύβι, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. τεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἐτύχον, Ep. subj.

τύχωμι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐτύχησα [ῥ]: pf. τετύχηκα [ῥ],

Ion. also τέτευχα: plqpf. ἐτετευχειν:—to hit, esp. to

hit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is lifeless.

II. generally, to hit, hit upon, light upon: so of persons, to meet by chance, fall in with, c. gen.

2. of things, to meet with, hit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing, also c. gen.

3. in aor. 2 part., ὁ τυχών one who meets one by chance, the first one

meets, any one whatever, Lat. quivis; οἱ τυχόντες

every-day men, the ordinary run of men; τὸ τυχόν

any chance thing. 4. in bad sense, βίας τυχεῖν to

meet with, suffer violence. III. absol. to hit the

mark, gain one's end or purpose; καλῶς τυχεῖν to

fare well, succeed, in speaking, to hit the mark, i. e. to

be right. 2. generally, to have the lot or fate.

Intr. to happen, to be at a place. 2. of things,

to come to pass, fall out, occur by chance; often impers.,

ὅπως ἐτύγχανεν, ὥσπερ ἐτύχεν, etc., as it chanced,

by mere accident. 3. of events or undertakings, to

happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share, c. dat.

pers.: esp. to fall out well, come to a good end, suc-

ceed. II. in Att. τυγχάνω was used almost as

an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the par-

ticiples of other Verbs, τυγχάνω ἔχων I happen to

have, i. e. I have in possession; παρὼν ἐτύγχανον I

chanced to be by; ἐτύχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθὼν

he happened to come at that nick of time; but, τυγ-

χάνω ὦν = εἰμί, I am; so also without any part., εἰ

σοι χαρτὰ τυγχάνει τάδε if these things are pleasant

to thee. 2. in such phrases as ὅτι ἂν τύχῃσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι, we must supply a part. from the other Verb, ὅτι ἂν τύχῃσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν, etc.

Τυδεύς, ἑως, Ep. εὖος, ὁ, Tydeus.

τυῖδε, Adv. Dor. for τῇδε, here.

τυκίζω, f. ἴσω, (τύκος) to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones. Hence

ΤΥ'ΚΗ, ἡ, (τέτυγμα) mason's work. [τῦ]

τύκισμα, ατος, τό, a working or dressing of stones:

in plur., κανόνων τυκίσματα walls of stone worked

square by rule. [ῥ]

τύκος, ὁ, (τέτυγμα) a tool to dress stones with, a ma-

son's hammer or pick. II. a battle-axe, pole-axe. [τῦ]

τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by

τέλειον δεῖπνον βασιλῆιον.

τυκτός, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέτυγμα), made,

made ready: esp. made by art, artificial, as opp. to

natural: τυκτὴ κρήνη a fountain made by man's hand:

esp. well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully.

ΤΥ'ΛΗ, ἡ, like τύλος, any swelling or lump:

esp., I. a place worn hard by rubbing, Lat. cal-

lus: the shoulder. II. a pad for carrying bur-

dens on, a porter's knot. III. a cushion. [ῥ in

Att., ῥ later.]

τύλος, ὁ, = τύλη, a knot or callus; esp. on the

hands, as from rowing, etc. II. anything rising

like a lump, a knob, knot; esp. a wooden nail or bolt

used in ship-building. [ῥ]

τυλώω, freq. used in pf. part. τετυλωμένος: (τύ-

λος):—to make hard or callous:—Pass. to grow hard

or callous from rubbing, as the hand from rowing or

digging; ῥόπαλα σιδήρῳ τετυλωμένα clubs knobbed

or knotted with iron: cf. τυλωτός.

τυλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τυλώω; ῥόπαλα τυ-

λωτά clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) a burial, grave. II.

the corpse to be burnt or buried.

τυμβεύω, f. σω, (τύμβος) to bury, burn or entomb

a corpse. 2. χοᾶς τυμβεύσαι τινα to pour libations

as an offering on one's grave. II. intr. to be

entombed.

τυμβ-ήρης, es, (τύμβος, ἀρρεῖν) buried, entombed,

interred, sepulchred. II. like a grave or tomb.

τυμβίτης [ῖ], ου, ὁ, fem. τυμβίτις, ιδος, (τύμβος) in

or at the grave.

τυμβο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (τύμβος, γέρων) an old man

on the verge of the grave.

τυμβ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (τύμβος, ὄλλυμι) a destroyer of

tombs: fem. τυμβόλετις, ιδος.

ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, the place where a dead body is burnt,

Lat. bustum: commonly, a mound of earth heaped

over the ashes, a cairn, barrow, Lat. tumulus: gene-

rally, a tomb, grave. II. metaph., γέρων τύμ-

βος, = τυμβογέρων, a decrepit old man: so also τύμ-

βος, absol.

τυμβ-οῦχος, ον, (τύμβος, ἔχω) dwelling in a tomb,

sepulchral.

τυμβο-φόνος, ον, (τύμβος, \*φένω) tomb-destroying.



τυμβοχοέω, f. ήσω, (τυμβοχόος) to throw up a cairn or barrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence τυμβοχοή, a throwing up a cairn or barrow.

τυμβο-χόος, ον, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a cairn or barrow. II. pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb.

τυμβό-χωστος, ον, (τύμβος, χάννυμι) beaped up into a cairn or barrow.

τυμβωρυχέω, f. ήσω, to break open graves. From τυμβωρύχος, ον, (τύμβος, δρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβωρύχος, ό, a grave-robber. [pύ]

τύμμα, ατος, τό, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound.

τυμπανίζω, f. ίσω, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum. II. generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado.

τυμπανισμός, ό, (τυμπανίζω) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybele.

τυμπανιστής, ού, ό, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τύμπανον, a drummer: fem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybele.

τύμπανον, τό, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπείν) a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybele. II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel. III. in Lat., tympana were wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers.

Τυνδάριος, α, ον, or os, ον, of Tyndarus. From Τυνδάρεος Att. Τυνδάρεως, εω, ό, Tyndarēus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda.

Τυνδαρίδης [r], ον, ό, (formed as if from Τύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Τυνδαρίδαι, οί, Castor and Pollux: fem. Τυνδαρίς, ίδος, daughter of Tyndarus.

τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for τύ, σύ, as έγώνη for έγώ.

τυνός, ή, όν, akin to τυτθός, so small, so little. Hence

τυννούτος, ον, Att. τυννουτοσί, -ονί, so small, so little, Lat. tantillus.

τυντλάζω, to dabble in the mud or mire: esp. to grub round the roots of a vine. From

ΤΥΝΤΛΑΟΣ, ό, mud, mire, dirt.

τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of τύμπανον, preserved also in Latin tympanum.

τύπειν, ης, η, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω.

τύπεϊν, aor. 2 inf. of τύπτω.

τύπεϊς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. pass. of τύπτω.

τύπή, ή, (τύπτω) a blow, wound.

τύπηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τύπτω.

ΤΥΠΟΣ, ό, a blow. II. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; τύποι στίβου the prints or tracks of footsteps. 2. figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a man. 3. an outline, sketch, draught; τύπη λέγειν to describe in outline. 4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure. 5. a system, form of doctrine. III. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet. Hence

τύπόω, f. ώσω, to impress, stamp. II. to form, mould, model.

τύπτοντι, Dor. for τύπτουσι.

ΤΥΠΤΩ, fut. τύψω or τυπήσω: aor. 1 έτυψα: aor. 2 έτύπον: Pass., fut. τυπήσομαι: aor. 1 έτύφην: aor. 2 έτύπην [ύ]: pf. τέτυμμαι:—to beat, strike, smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at heart: άχος όξυ κατά φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart; ή άληθήη έτυψε Καμβύσεα the truth of it struck Cambyzes: later of bees, etc., to sting. In Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck hand to hand, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. άλα τύπτειν έρετμοίς to beat the sea with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπτων the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. plangor, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc. pers., τύπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for a person. III. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc. cognato, τύπτομαι πολλάς (sc. πληγάς) I get many blows.

τύπωμα, ατος, τό, (τύπόω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύπωμα χαλκόπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline.

τύραννέω, f. εύσω and τυραννέω, f. ήσω: fut. med. τυραννήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννος):—to be a τύραννος or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυραννέειν Αθηνών to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. 1 τυραννέυσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to have made oneself tyrant. II. Pass. τυραννέομαι or -έομαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power.

τύραννικός, ή, όν, (τύραννος) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup. τυραννικώτατος.

τύραννίς, ίδος, ή, vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty.

τύραννος [ύ], ό also ή, properly Dor. for κοίρανος (from κύρος, κύριος) a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννος:—hence also, ή τύραννος was the queen, princess; as ό τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II. τύραννος, ον, as Adj., like τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic; τύραννον δώμα the king's palace.

τύραννο-φόνος, ον, (τύραννος, \*φένω) slaying tyrants.

τυρβάζω f. άσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together. From

ΤΥΡΒΗ, ή, disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. turba.

τύρευμα, ατος, τό, (τυρεύω) that which is curdled, cheese. [ύ]

τυρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and τυρευτήης οὐ, ὁ, (τυρεύω) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εύσω, and τυρέω, f. ήσω: (τυρός):—*to make cheese*.

II. metaph. *to stir up, jumble, confound*. 2. *to concoct, brew a thing cunningly*.

Τύριος, α, ον, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ὑ]

τυρίσδω, Dor. for συρίζω.

τυρόεις, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, ούσσα, ούν, (τυρός) *like cheese*: as Subst., τυρούς Dor. τυρώς, ὁ, *cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese*.

τυρό-κνηστις, ή, (τυρός, κνάω) *a cheese-grater*.

τυρό-νωτος, ον, (τυρός, νώτος) *with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese*.

τυροπωλέω, f. ήσω, *to sell cheese, sell like cheese*.

From

τυρο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (τυρός, πωλέω) *a cheesemonger*.

ΤΥΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, *cheese*. II. *the cheese-market*.

Τύρος, ὁ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ὑ]

τυρούς, contr. for τυρόεις.

τυρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) *bearing cheese, spread with cheese*.

Τυρρην-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Τυρρηνός, ὄλλυμι) *destroyer of Tyrrhenians*.

Τυρρηνός Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ή, ὁν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρσηνοί or Τυρρηνοί *the Etruscans*:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ή, ὁν, *Etruscan*.

ΤΥΡΣΙΣ, ή, gen. ιος: acc. τύρσιν: nom. pl. τύρσεις, gen. έων, dat. εσι, Lat. TURRIS:—*a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion*.

τυρώς, ὠντος, Dor. for τυρούς.

ΤΥΤΘΟΣ, ὁν, also ή, ὁν, *little, small, young, of children*. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., *a little, a wee bit*: hence *scarcely, hardly*: of the voice, *low, softly, gently*. 2. also in pl., τυτθα διατμήξαι *to cut into small pieces*.

Τυφάων, ονος, ὁ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφών: hence, Τυφαόνιος, α, ον, poet. for Τυφάνιος.

τυφεδανός, ὁ, (τύφω) *one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard*.

τυφ-ήρης, ες, (τύφος, ἀρᾶρειν) *set on fire, burning*.

τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ή, (τυφλός, πούς) *with blind foot, stepping in blindness*.

τυφλός, ή, ὁν, *blind*, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός *τινος blind to a thing*. 2. metaph., τυφλός τά τ' ὠτα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὄμματα *blind in ears and mind and eyes*.

3. of things, *dark, unseen, dim, obscure*; τυφλαί σπιλάδες *blind, i. e. sunken, rocks*.

τυφλώω, (τυφλός) *to blind, make blind*:—Pass. *to be blinded or blind*. II. metaph. *to blind, dull, baffle, dim*. Hence

τυφλώς, Adv. of τυφλός, *blindly*.

τύφλωσις, ή, *a making blind, blinding*.

τυφλώττω, (τυφλός) *to be blind*.

τύφο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (τύφω, γέρων) *a silly old man, a dotard*; cf. τυμβογέρων.

τύφος, ὁ, (τύφω) *smoke, mist, cloud*. II. me-

taph. *conceit, vanity*, Lat. fucus.

τύφωω, f. ὠσω, (τύφος) *to wrap in smoke or mist*: metaph. *to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure*: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, *to be sbrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd*.

ΤΥΦΩ [ὑ], f. θύφω: aor. 1 ἐθύφα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [ὑ]: pf. τέθυμμαι:—*to raise a smoke*; c. acc. cognato, καπνὸν τύφειν *to make a cloud of smoke*. II. *to smoke*; καπνῶ τύφειν μελίσσας *to smoke bees*, and metaph., καπνῶ τύφειν πόλιν *to fill the town with smoke*.

III. *to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke*:—Pass. *to smoke, smoulder*.

Τυφωεύς, έως, Ep. έός, ὁ: contr. Τυφώς, ὦ:—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφώς.

Τυφών, ὠνος, Ep. Τυφάων, αονος, ὁ, Typhon, Typhaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφώς, Τυφωεύς.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean *a furious storm, hurricane, typhoon*. Hence

Τυφωνικός, ή, ὁν, of or from Typhon. II. *stormy, tempestuous*.

Τυφώς, ὁ, contr. for Τυφωεύς. II. as appellat., τυφώς, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῶ, acc. τυφῶ:—*like τυφῶν II, a furious storm, hurricane*.

τύχε, Ep. for ἐτύχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχεϊν, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [ὑ], ή, *what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck*, Lat. fortuna: κοινὸν τύχη *luck is a thing common to all*; τύχα θεῶν, σὺν θεοῦ *τύχα by luck from the gods*; esp. in phrase, *θεία τύχη by divine providence*; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, *chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck*; often with an Adj. to shew which; e. g. τύχη ἀγαθῇ was often used in public acts, by crasis *τύχάγαθῇ*, also ἐπ' ἀγαθῇ τύχῃ and μετ' ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit.

3. Adverbial usages, *τύχη by chance*, Lat. forte, forte fortuna:—so also ἀπό or ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην.

II. *a chance, hap, lot, accident*: in plur., *τύχαι ὑμέτεραι your fortunes*. Hence

τύχηρός, α, ὁν, *fortunate, lucky*. 2. *by chance, accidental*. Hence

τύχηρως, Adv. *luckily*.

τύχησας, aor. 1 part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχοιμι [ὑ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχόν, Adv., *by chance, perhaps*; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, ούσα, ὁν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. 1 of τύπτω.

τῶ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., *therefore, so, in this wise*.

II. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίς; *quis?*

τῶ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τίς, *aliquis*.

τῶγαλμα, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλμα.

τῶδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτως, *in this manner, thus*.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσδω: fut. -άσομαι: aor. 1



ἰτῶθασα, subj. τωθάσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τωθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τωθάζω.

τῶληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τῶποβαῖνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

τῶρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τῶς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῶς; and to the Relat. ὡς, = ὡς, οὕτως, so, in this wise. II. Dor. = οὐ, where.

τῶτρεκίς, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκίς.

τῶυτό, gen. τῶντού, dat. τῶντῶ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῷ αὐτῷ.

## Υ

Υ, υ, ὕ ψιλόν, τό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 400,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of Υ ψιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνυμα ὕμοιος μύγης for ὄνομα ὅμοιος μύγης. They often inserted υ after α and ε, as, θεύω χεύω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οι, as Μοῖσα for Μούσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

Ῥάδες, αν, αἱ, (ῥω) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. Pluviae, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Eur.]

Ῥαινᾶ, ἡ, (ῥς) a Libyan wild beast, the hyena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly bog's mane (whence the name).

Ῥακίνθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

Ῥακίνθινο-βαφής, ἐς, (ῥακίνθινος, βαφῆναι) dyed byacintb colour. [ῥ]

Ῥακίνθινος, η, ον, (ῥακίνθος) byacintbine, byacintb-coloured.

Ῥακίνθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

Ῥακίνθος, ὁ or ἡ, the hyacintb, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ῬΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἶ αἶ; hence it is called γραπτά Ῥακίνθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. Ῥακίνθος, ἡ, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphires, a precious stone of blue colour.

Ῥαλέος, α, ον, contr. Ῥαλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, (Ῥαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

Ῥαλίνος later Ῥελίνος, η, ον, (Ῥαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

Ῥαλόεις, εσσα, εν, (Ῥαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy.

Ῥαλος or Ῥελος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανής ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἀπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire. II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called Ῥαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

Ῥαλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, contr. for Ῥαλέος.

Ῥαλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ον, (Ῥαλος, χροῶ) glass-coloured.

Ῥαλο-χρώδης, ἐς, = Ῥαλόχροος.

Ῥβ-βάλλω, Ερ. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

Ῥβό'ς, ἡ, ὄν, bent outwards, bump-backed.

Ῥβρίζω, ἰ. ὑβρίσω Att. -ιῶ: aor. I ὑβρισα: pf.

ὑβρικα: plqpf. ὑβρίκειν. Med., fut. ὑβριούμαι: Pass., fut. ὑβρισθήσομαι: aor. I ὑβρίσθην: pf. ὑβρισμαι:—

to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank. II. with regard to others, to treat

despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ὑβρίζειν εἰς τινα

to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ὑβρίζειν ἐπὶ τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognato,

ὑβρίζειν ὑβρεις to commit outrages; so, ὑβρίζειν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do

one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [υ naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

Ῥβρίς [ῥ], εως Ερ. ἰος, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness. 2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, spiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ὑβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being αἰκία [ἰ]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit. 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss. II. as mascul. Adj., ὑβρις ἀνὴρ, = ὑβριστής.

Ῥβρίσδω, Dor. for ὑβρίζω, 3 sing. ὑβρίσδει for ὑβρίζει.

Ῥβρισμα, ατος, τό, (ὑβρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia. II. the object of insult.

Ῥβριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ὑβριστής.

Ῥβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑβρίζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man. II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence

Ῥβριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. -κῶς, insolently.

Ῥβριστος, η, ον, (ὑβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ὑβριστότερος, -τατος.

ὑγιάζω, f. σω: aor. I ὑγίασα (ὑγιής) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὑγιαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὑγίανα: (ὑγιής):—to be sound, healthy, Lat. bene valere: to be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy; τὸ ὑγιαῖνον τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3.

ὑγίαίνε, like χαῖρε, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [ὑ, but ὕ in augmented tenses.]

ὑγίειά Ion. -είη, ἡ, and sometimes in Att. ὑγίειά: (ὑγιής):—health, soundness of body, Lat. salus; ὑγίεια φρενῶν soundness of mind. [ὑ]

ὑγιεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑγιής) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons,

sound, healthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [ὑ] Hence

ὑγιεινῶς, Adv. healthily:—Comp. ὑγιεινότερος and -ρον; Sup. -ότατα.

ὑγίεις, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ὑγιής: acc. masc. ὑγίεντα. [ὑ]

ὑγιηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὑγιής) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus:—Sup. ὑγιηρότατος.

ὑγιής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ὑγιά or -ιῇ Ion. -έα: plur. nom. neut. ὑγιά or -ιῇ:—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, Lat. sanus; σῶς καὶ ὑγιής safe and sound. II.

sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν ὑγιές προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιέστερος, -έστατος. [ὑ]

ὑγραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ὑγρός) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ὑγρο-βόλος, ὄν, (ὑγρός, βαλεῖν) wetting, moistening.

ὑγρο-μελής, ἐς, (ὑγρός, μέλος) with pliant limbs.

ὑγροπορέω, f. ἤσω, to traverse water. From

ὑγρο-πόρος, ὄν, (ὑγρός, πόρος) traversing water.

ὑγρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὑ, ὑδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ξηρός (siccus); ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat; ἀνεμοὶ ὑγρὸν ἀέντες winds blowing moist or rainy: ἡ ὑγρά Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσος the dry land; so, ὑγρά κέλευθα, or ὑγρά alone, the watery ways: τὸ ὑγρὸν and τὰ ὑγρά, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: θῆρες ὑγροὶ water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple,

lithe, waving, Lat. mollis; κέρας ὑγρὸν a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint. III. of the eyes, swimming,

melting, languishing; ὑγρὸς πῦθος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., ὑγρά δεδορκώς with languishing glances. Hence

ὑγρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὑγρός) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

ὑγρό-φθογγος, ὄν, (ὑγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὑγρῶς, Adv. of ὑγρός, in liquid fashion: softly, pliantly.

ὑγρώσω, poet. for ὑγραίνω, to be wet or moist.

ὑδαρής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑδωρ) watery, wasby: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ὑδάτινος, η, ὄν also ὄς, ὄν, (ὑδωρ) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments.

II. like ὑγρός, pliant, supple, flexible.

ὑδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὑδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὑδατόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery, like water.

ὑδατοποσία, ἡ, water-drinking. And

ὑδατοποτέω, f. ἤσω, to drink water. From

ὑδατο-πότης, ὄν, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, Lat. aquae potor.

ὑδατος, gen. of ὑδωρ.

ὑδατο-τρέφης, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὑδατ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water: watery, wet, sloppy.

ὑδερὸς, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) the dropsy.

ὑδνης, ὄν, ὄ, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) watered, nourished.

ὑδρα, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρος, a water-serpent, Lat. hydra.

ὑδραίνω, (ὑδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water:—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρὰ ὑδράνασθαι χρὸς to pour water over one's body.

ὑδρεία, ἡ, (ὑδρεύω) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὑδρεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (ὑδρεύω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὑδρεύω, f. σω, (ὑδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water:—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὑδρήιον, τό, Ion. for ὑδρεῖον.

ὑδρηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὑδρηναμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of ὑδραίνω.

ὑδρία, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II.

a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funereal urn.

ὑδριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὑδωρ) of or from the water.

ὑδριά-φόρος, ὄν, (ὑδρία, φέρω) carrying a water-vessel.

ὑδρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water, watery.

ὑδρόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery.

ὑδροποσία, ἡ, water-drinking; and

ὑδροποτέω, f. ἤσω, to drink water. From

ὑδρο-πότης, ὄν, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ὑδρορ-ρῶα or -ρῶη, ἡ, (ὑδωρ, ῥῶη) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὑδρος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρα, a water-serpent.

ὑδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ὑδρο-φόρος, ὄν, (ὑδωρ, φέρω) carrying water:—as Subst., ὑδροφόρος, ὄ or ἡ, a water-carrier.

ὑδρο-χόος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, χέω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῦν, as if from ὑδροχοεύς.

ὑδρό-χυτος, ὄν, (ὑδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ὑδρωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑδρωψ) dropsical.

ὑδρωψ, ὤπος, also ὀπος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) dropsy. II.

a dropsical person.

ὑδωρ, τό, gen. ὑδατος: Ep. dat. ὑδρὶ:—water of any kind; of rivers, ὑδατα Καφίσια the waters of



Cephisus; ὕδωρ πότιμον *fresh* water; ὕδωρ πλατύ *salt* water:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰς ὕδωρ to write in water. 2. rain-water, and then rain, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the water of the water-clock (κλεψύδρα), and also the time it took in running out; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the water (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ῥ]

ύεικός, ἡ, ὄν, and ύειος, α, ον, (ύς) of or belonging to a swine. [ῥ]

ύελινος, ύελίτης, Ion. forms of ύαλ-.

ύελος, ν. sub ύαλος.

ύεσσι, dat. pl. of ύς.

ύέτιος, α, ον, and ύετόεις, εσσα, εν, (ύετός) rainy, bringing or causing rain.

ύετός, ὁ, (ύω) rain, Lat. *pluvia*: a heavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. *nimbus*; whereas ὄμβρος, Lat. *imber*, is a lasting rain, and ψεκάς or ψακάς, a drizzling rain.

II. as Adj. in Sup., άνεμοι ύετώτατοι the rainiest winds.

ύηνία, ἡ, swinishness, boggishness. From

ύηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ύς) swinish, boggish.

ύθλέω, f. ήσω, (ύθλος) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifle, Lat. *nugari*.

ΥΤΘΛΟΣ, ὁ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. *nugae*.

ύια, ύιας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of ύίός, as if from ύίς.

ύιάσι, poet. dat. pl. of ύίός. [ᾱ]

ύιδεύς, έως, ὁ, (ύίός) a son's son, grandson: fem.

ύιδή, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

ύιδιον, τό, Dim. of ύίός, a little son. II. Dim.

of ύς, a little pig.

ύιδούς, οὔ, ὁ, (ύίός) a son's son, grandson.

ύίϊ, Ep. dat. of ύίός.

ύϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ύς) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, boggish.

ύιο-θεσία, ἡ, (ύίός, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

ύίος, Ep. gen. of ύίός, as if from ύίς.

ΥΙΟΏ, ὁ, declined regul. ύιού, ύιῶ, ύιόν, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. \*ύιεύς,—gen. ύιέος, dat. ύιέϊ, ύιέϊ, acc. ύιέα; Dual ύιέε, ύιέοιν; Plur. ύιέες or ύιέϊς, gen. ύιέων, ύιῶν, dat. ύιέσιν, acc. ύιέας, ύιέϊς:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. ύίς,—gen. ύίος, dat. ύίϊ, acc. ύία; Dual ύίε; Plur. ύίες, dat. ύιάσι, acc. ύίας:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a son; ύιόν ποιέισθαι or τίθεσθαι τινι to adopt as son. 2. later, the plur. was often periphr., ιατρῶν ύιέϊς, ρητόρων ύιέϊς sons of physicians, sons of orators, i. e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, ύίες 'Αχαιῶν for 'Αχαιοί.

ύιωνός, οὔ, ὁ, (ύίός) a child's child, a grandson.

ύλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ύλάω) the bark of a dog, a bark, howl, yell; metaphorically in plur. snarling words. [ῥ]

ύλαγμός, ὁ, (ύλάω) a barking, baying. [ῥ]

ύλαγωγέω [ῥ], f. ήσω, to carry wood. From

ύλ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ύλη, άγω) carrying wood. [ῥ]

ύλάεις, Dor. for ύλήεις.

ύλαῖος, α, ον, (ύλη) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest. [ῥ]

ύλακή, ἡ, (ύλάω) a barking, howling. [ῥ]

ύλακό-μωρος, ον, (ύλακή) ever barking, howling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like έγγεσίμωρος, λόμωρος.

ύλακτέω, f. ήσω, (ύλάω) to bark, bay, howl, Lat. *latrare*; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yell, bark: also, άμουσα ύλακτεῖ he howls his uncouth songs. II. transit. to bark or yell at, Lat. *allatrare*. Hence

ύλακτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ῥ]

ύλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ύλακτέω) yelping.

ύλᾱς, gen. άντος, contr. for ύλάεις, -ήεις.

ύλάσκω, = ύλακτέω.

ΥΛΑΏ [ῥ], radic. form of ύλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. ύλάοντο in same sense. II. transit. to bark or bay at.

ΥΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *SPLVA*, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of corpse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timber-trees. II. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel,

logs of wood. III. generally, like Lat. *materia*, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*. 2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ύλήεις, εσσα or -εις, εν, (ύλη) woody, wooded.

ύλη-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (ύλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood. [ῥ]

ύλη-τόμος Dor. ύλᾱτ-, ον, = ύλοτόμος.

ύλη-φόρος, ον, = ύλοφόρος.

ύλη-ωρός, ὄν, (ύλη, οὔρος) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [ῥ]

ύλο-δρόμος, ον, (ύλη, δραμεῖν) wood-ranging.

ύλό-κομος, ον, (ύλη, κόμη) overgrown with wood.

ύλο-νόμος, ον, (ύλη, νέμομαι) baunting the woods.

ύλοτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut or fell wood. From

ύλο-τόμος, ον, (ύλη, τεμεῖν) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ύλοτόμος, ὁ, a woodcutter, woodman. II. proparox. ύλότομος, ον, pass. cut in the wood:—as Subst., ύλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [ῥ]

ύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ύλη, \*έργω) working wood:—as Subst., ύλουργός, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [ῥ]

ύλο-φάγος, ον, (ύλη, φάγεῖν) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φορβός, ὄν, (ύλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φόρος, ον, (ύλη, φέρω) carrying wood.

ύλ-ώδης, ές, (ύλη, είδος) woody, wooded, bushy.

ύμεῖς [ῥ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ύμμες Ion. ύμέες Dor. ύμές: gen. ύμῶν Ion. ύμέων, Ep. also ύμέων: dat. ύμῖν, old Aeol. ύμμῖ, ύμμῖν: but ύμῖν [-υ] or ύμῖν, only in Trag.: also ύμᾱς Ion. ύμέας: Aeol. ύμμε Dor. ύμέ, in Trag. also ύμάς [-υ] or ύμᾱς.

—Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σύ, ye, you.

ύμέναιος [ῥ], ὁ, (Υμήν) *hymenaeus*, a wedding-song, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house. II. later, = Υμήν, *Hymen*,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ὑμῆν ὦ Ὑμέναιε Dor. Ὑμᾶν ὦ Ὑμέναιε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence

ὑμεναιόω, f. ὦσω, to sing the wedding-song. II. to take to wife. [ὑ]

ὑμενῆιος, ὁ, (Ὑμῆν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy.

ὑμενό-πτερος, ον, (ὕμην, πτερὸν) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ὑ]

ὑμεν-όστρακος, ον, (ὕμην, ὄστρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [ὑ]

ὑμέις, Dor. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμέτερος, α, ον, (ὑμεῖς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερόνδε to your house; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ὑ]

ὙΜΗ'Ν [ὑ], ἑνός, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ὙΜΗ'Ν [ὑ], ἑνός, ὁ, Hymen, the god of marriages, cf. Ὑμέναιος. II. like ὑμέναιος, a wedding-song.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμι, ὑμμιν, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for ὑμός, ὑμέτερος.

ὑμν-ἀγός, ον, ὁ, (ὑμνος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ὑμνέεται [ᾱ], Ion. for ὑμνηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνείω, Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέομε, Dor. for ὑμνέομεν, 1 pl. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ὑμνεῖσι, part. fem. ὑμνεῖσα: fut. ἥσω: aor. 1 ὕμνησα: pf. ὕμνηκα: (ὑμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descant upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνούμενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *increpare*. 3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep harping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν νόμον ὑμνεῖν to recite the form of the law. II. intr. to sing, chant.

ὑμνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ὑμνητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ὑμνίω, Dor. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑμνος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., ὑμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ὑμνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὑμνος, ποιέω) making hymns: as Subst. ὑμνοποιός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ὑμνο-πόλος, ον, (ὑμνος, πόλλω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ὙΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, a song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ὑμνωδέω, f. ἥσω, (ὑμνωδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ὑμνωδία, ἡ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ὑμν-ωδός, ὄν, (ὑμνος, ᾠδή) singing hymns or odes; ὑμνωδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ὑμός, ἁ and ἡ, ὄν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your.

ὑν, acc. of ὕς.

ὑο-μουσία, ἡ, (ὕς, Μοῦσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ὑός, gen. of ὕς.

ὑοσ-κύαμος, ὁ, (ὕς, κύαμος) bog-bean, answering to our *ben-bane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ὑπ-άγγελος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ὑπ-αγκάλιζω, f. ἰῶ, (ὑπό, ἀγκαλίζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ὑπηγκαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ὑπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ὑπ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to dictate, Lat. *praeire verbis*.

ὑπ-άγω [ᾱ]: impf. ὑπῆγον: f. ὑπάξω: aor. 2 ὑπήγαγον:—to lead or bring under; ὑπάγειν ἵππους ζύγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ὑπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power:—Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*:—

Pass., ὑπαγομένου τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ὑπάγειν τινὰ ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ὑπάγειν τινὰ θανάτου ὑπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ὑπάγειν τινὰ alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*;

to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ὑπαγε, like ἄγε, come! cheer up!

ὑπ-ἀγωγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ὑπάγω) a trowel or tool for shaping bricks.

ὑπ-ἀγωγή, ἡ, (ὑπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ὑπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, (ὑπό, ᾄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ὑπαί, poet. for ὑπό.

ὑπαιδεῖδοικα, Ep. for ὑποδέδοικα, pf. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπ-αἰδέομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

ὑπαιθᾶ, Adv. (ὑπαί poet. for ὑπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ὑπ-αἶθριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, αἶθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ὑπ-αἶθρος, ον, = ὑπαιθρίος, mostly in phrase, ἐν ὑπαιθρῷ, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ὑπ-αἶθω, = ὑποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ὑπ-αινίσσομαι Att. -πτομαι: f. -φομαι: Dep.:—



to intimate darkly, give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αιρέω, Ion. for ὑφαιρέω.

ὑπ-αἰσσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αἰσχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύνω) to be somewhat ashamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αἰτιος, ov, (ὑπό, αἰτία) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τιμι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπακοή, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) bearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσον, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. I imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to listen, bearken, give ear to: to listen to and answer. II.

to bearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 2. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like salve. II. to anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself;

ὑπαλείφεισθαι τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-αλεύομαι, imperat. -αλεύεο: Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλεύω):—to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.; mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλενόμενος.

ὑπαλλάγη, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange. II. hypallage, a figure of speech, by

which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. I part. of ὑπαλύσκω.

ὑπάλυξ, εως, ἡ, an avoiding, shunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-αλύσκω, f. ξω: aor. I part. ὑπαλύξας:—like ὑπαλεύομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.; χρεῖος ὑπαλύξας having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγιγνώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι:—to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακινέω, f. ἥσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω: aor. I -ανάλωσα:—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπαναστάτιον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up to make room for another.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἥσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπ-ανδρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνὴρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλώθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσκω.

ὑπ-αντιάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἥσω:—to trouble or vex a little:—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω: aor. I -ανέστησα:—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass.,

with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:—to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused; ὑπαναστήναι τῆς ἑδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. assurgere alicui; ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανοίγω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ἥσω:—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

Hence

ὑπάντησις, εως, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντιάω, f. ἄσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλώ, f. ἥσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-ἀπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκινέω, f. ἥσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.:—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινητέον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -τρέχομαι and -δράμομαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑφάπτω.

ἽΠΑΡ, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὕπαρ a mere dream: οὐκ ὕπαρ, ἀλλ' Ἵπαρ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. II. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [5]

ὑπαργμαί, Ion. for ὑπηργμαί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργυρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver. II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III. of silver-gilt. IV. bired for silver, venal.

ὑπ-αρνος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀρνός gen. of ἀρνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb: metaph. suckling an infant.

ὑπαρξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning; ἐξ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ό, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ξω: aor. I ὑπῆρξα: Pass., pf. ὑπηργμαί: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπηρκετο: (ὑπό, ἀρχω):—to begin: c. gen.: 1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιῶν τινα he begins doing good to one. 3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one: Pass., τὰ ἐκ τινος ὑπαργμένα (Ion. for ὑπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμένα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin.

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be: ὑπάρχει impers., the case is ..; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑποκείμαι, to be taken for granted; τούτου ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. his positis, this being granted, this being the case. IV. to belong to, fall to: of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπάρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, I have.

V. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., it

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχον, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπίδιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [τ]

ὑπ-ασπίζω, f. ἴσω, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ὑπασπιστής, οὔ, ὅ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπατος II) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [ῥ], η, ον, contr. for ὑπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἱ ὑπατοί, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi).

2. of Place, highest, topmost; ἐν πυρῇ ὑπάτῃ on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοί λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, highest, best. 4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus.

II. ὑπατος, ὁ, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάζω, f. ἄσω, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, f. ἡσω, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, ον, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, αὐχήν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. -ἀπέστην, pf. -ἀφίστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-άφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ὑπαφρόνesteros.

ὑπέασι, Ion. for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ὑπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-έγγυος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπεδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδδισαν, Ep. for ὑπέδδισαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπ-εδείδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπέδειξα, aor. 1 of ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμον, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, aor. 2 of ὑποδύω.

ὑπεδύστετο [ῥ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ὑποδύω.

ὑπεθερμάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ὑπ-ειδόμην, (ὑπό, \*εἶδω), aor. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ὑπ-εἰκάθον, inf. ὑπείκαθιν, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπείκω.

ὑπ-εικτέον, verb. Adj. one must give way. From

ὑπ-εἰκω Ep. ὑποεἰκω: fut. -εἴξω or -εἴξομαι: aor.

ὑπέιξα Ep. ὑπέειξα: poet. aor. 2 ὑπέεικαθον:—to retire, withdraw; ὑπείκειν τινὶ ἔδρῃς to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπείκειν τινὶ λόγων to give him the first word. 2. c. acc.

to escape, sbun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμὰς ὑπόειξε he scraped my hands.

II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέασι μελάθρῳ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot.

II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom.

2. to be laid down, granted, assumed.

3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else.

III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at command.

IV. to be subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί ibo) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ὑπιέναι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour.

II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπέιζομαι, fut. med. of ὑπείκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπέιξεαι.

ὑπέιπον, (ὑπό, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praeire verba: also

to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest.

2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπεῖρ, poet. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is

needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑπεῖρ ἄλα. [ῥ]

ὑπερέβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπεῖρ-εχον, Ep. for ὑπέριεχον, impf. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπεῖρηκα, ὑπεῖρημαι, see ὑπερέω.

ὑπεῖρ-οχος, ον, poet. and Ion. for ὑπέροχος.

ὑπέισας, Ion. for ὑφείσας, aor. 1 part. of ὑφείσα

having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εἰσέδυν, pf.

-εἰσδέδυκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεῖμι, (εἰμί ibo) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with

gen., out from under, from beneath: also written

divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξέδυν, pf.

-εκδέδυκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, sbun,

escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκέχυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκκαίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below or

by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below or a

little.

ὑπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπεκκαίω) fuel put under to

light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a pro-

vocative, incentive.

ὑπ-έκκειμαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be

put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκκομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry out or away

secretly:—Med., ὑπεκκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all one's

goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to carry off underhand.

ὑπεκλίνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποκλίνω.



ὑπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underband; ὑπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ὑπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

ὑπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρῆσομαι, to flow forth from under.

ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύσομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ὑπεκπροφυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.

ὑπεκρύφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.

ὑπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.

ὑπ-εκτάνύω, to stretch out under.

ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.

ὑπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f. -θρέσομαι and -δρᾶσθαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον (cf. τρέχω):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.

ὑπέκυψα, aor. 1 of ὑποκύνω.

ὑπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III. intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὁδῶν to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύσομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ὑπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ά], to slacken from below or slightly.

ὑπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ὑπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ά] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.

ὑπελείφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπέλοντο, Ep. for ὑφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαιρέω.

ὑπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπελύσαο [υ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. 1 med. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ὑπομένω.

ὑπεμνάσθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.

ὑπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπημύω, to bang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with head utterly bung down: see ἡμύω.

ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ὑπ-εναντίος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite. II. set against, hostile: as Subst., οἱ ἐπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ἐπεναντίον τούτου in opposition thereto.

ὑπεναντίως, εως, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.

ὑπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ἐνδύμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.

ὑπ-ἐνερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

ὑπ-ἐξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.

ὑπεξάγαγοι [γᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω.

ὑπ-ἐξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ὑπ-ἐξαιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -ἐξήρημαι Ion. -ἐξα-ραίρημαι: aor. 2 -ἐξεῖλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually; τοῦ πικλῆμ' ὑπεξελάν having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τουτέων ὑπεξαρημμένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

ὑπ-ἐξαιρώ, to raise, lift up from below.

ὑπ-ἐξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὑπεξᾶλίσσθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπεξᾶλέομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλεύομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὑπ-ἐξᾶλύσκω, f. ὑξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

ὑπ-ἐξανabaίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.

ὑπ-ἐξανάγομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -ἐξηγαγόμεν, to sail out and away secretly. [άγ]

ὑπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -ἐξανέδυν, pf. -ἐξανεδέδυκα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.

ὑπεξαναδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.

ὑπ-ἐξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.

ὑπ-ἐξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.

ὑπεξαράιρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὑπ-ἐξείμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἶμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; ὑπεξίεναι τινί to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.

ὑπ-ἐξείρῳ, Ion. for ὑπεξείρω.

ὑπ-ἐξελαύνω, fut. -ἐξελάσω [ά] Att. -ἐξελῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

ὑπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὑπ-ἐξερύω Ion. -ἐξείρῳ, to draw out from under, draw away underband.

ὑπ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἐξήλθον, pf. -ἐξεληλυθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.

ὑπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσαώω, = ὑπεκσώζω.

ὑπεξίφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπ-ἐξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.

ὑπ-ἐξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἐξέστην, pf. -ἐξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly. II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid:

c. dat. *to give place to, rise up and make way for.* III. c. gen. rei, *to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.*

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτωτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπέταμαι.

ΥΠΕΡ Ep. ὑπεῖρ, in phrases ὑπεῖρ ἀλός and ὑπεῖρ ἄλα: Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. SUPER. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτερος, -τατος. [ῥ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that *over* which something is:

1. of Place, *over*: of rest, *over, above*; ὑπερ κεφαλῆς στήναι *to stand over a person's head.*

2. of motion, *over, across*; or *over, beyond.*

II. (from the notion of *standing over* to protect) *for, in defence of, in behalf of*; ὑπερ τῆς πατρίδος ἀμύνειν *to fight in defence of one's country.*

2. *for, because of, by reason of*: *for the purpose of, for the sake of*; ὑπερ τοῦ μὴ ἀποθανεῖν *for the sake of not dying.*

3. *for, instead of, in the name of, acting for*; ὑπερ ἑαυτοῦ *in his stead.* III. like περί, *on, of, concerning, respecting*, Lat. *de.*

WITH ACCUS., expressing that *over* and *beyond* which a thing goes:

I. of Place, *over, beyond, past.*

II. of Measure, *over, above, exceeding, beyond*; ὑπερ τὴν ἡλικίαν *above his years.* 2. *beyond what is right, against, contrary to*; ὑπερ αἴσαν *contrary to right*; ὑπερ θεόν *contrary to the will of the god.*

III. of Number, *above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over*; ὑπερ τὸ ἥμισυ *above half.*

POSITION: ὑπερ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπερ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπερ signifies *over, above, of Place*, as in ὑπερ-βαίνω.

2. *in defence of, in behalf of*, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen.

3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ἥφανος.

ὑπέρα, ἡ, (ὑπερ) *the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίκρια), by means of which the sails are shifted.* [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἄβέλτερος, ον, also α, ον, *above measure simple or silly.*

ὑπερ-ἀγάμαι, Dep. *to admire above measure.* [ἀγ]

ὑπερ-ἀγανακτέω, f. ἤσω, *to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.*

ὑπερ-ἀγαπάω, f. ἤσω, *to love exceedingly.*

ὑπερ-ἀγωνιάω, *to be in great distress of mind.*

ὑπερ-ᾄής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπερ, ᾄημι) *blowing down from above or blowing very hard.*

ὑπερ-αιμώω, (ὑπερ, αἷμα) *to have overmuch blood.*

ὑπερ-αίρω, *to lift up over*: Med. and Pass. *to rise above, be lifted up.* II. *to rise up over, to climb over, scale*, Lat. *transcendere*, c. acc.

2. *to transcend, excel, outdo*: *to conquer.* 3. *to overshoot, go beyond, exceed*, c. acc.

4. absol. of a river, *to overflow.*

ὑπερ-αισχος, ον, *exceeding base or ugly.*

ὑπερ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. *to feel much ashamed.*

ὑπερ-αιωρέω, f. ἤσω, *to hang up over or above.* II. Pass. *to be suspended over, project*

*over a thing*:—of ships, c. gen. loci, *to lie off a place.*

ὑπερ-ακμος, ον, (ὑπερ, ἀκμή) *beyond the bloom of youth.*

ὑπερ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, *to overshoot, hence to outdo, surpass*: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινὰ κλέπτων *to outdo one in stealing.*

ὑπερ-ἄκριβής, ἐς, *exceedingly accurate or careful.*

ὑπερ-ἄκρίζω, f. σω, *to mount and climb over.* II. *to project or beetle over*, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ἄκριος, ον, (ὑπερ, ἄκρα) *over or upon the heights*: τὰ ὑπεράκρια *the heights above the plain*; οἱ ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, *the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.*

ὑπερ-ἄκρος, ον, (ὑπερ, ἄκρος) *over the top*: metaph. *going to extremes*; Adv. ὑπεράκρως, *to excess.*

ὑπερ-αλγέω, f. ἤσω, *to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing*: *to grieve exceedingly at a thing*: absol. *to feel great pain of mind.*

ὑπερ-αλγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπερ, ἄλγος) *exceeding grievous or painful.*

ὑπερ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring or leap over*, c. gen.; also c. acc.

ὑπερ-ἄλλος, ον, *over or above others.*

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπερ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. *to be surpassed in impudence.*

ὑπερ-αναίσχυντος, ον, *exceeding impudent.*

ὑπερ-ανατείνω, f. -ανατενῶ, *to stretch excessively.*

ὑπερ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, *to stand up or project above.*

ὑπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπερ, ἀντλέω) *to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.*

ὑπερ-αντλος, ον, *quite full of water, waterlogged*: metaph. *overwhelmed, borne down.* II. act. *overflowing, overwhelming.*

ὑπερ-άνω, Adv. *over, above*: ὑπεράνω γίγνεσθαι *to get the upper hand of.* [ᾠ]

ὑπερ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπερ-ᾠπάτω, f. ἤσω, *to deceive or cheat excessively.*

ὑπερ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθανοῦμαι, *to die for.*

ὑπερ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. *to answer for any one, vindicate.* [ῖ]

ὑπερ-απολογέομαι, fut. med. ἤσομαι: Dep. *to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.*

ὑπερ-αρρωδέω, f. ἤσω, Ion. for ὑπερρρωδέω, *to be exceedingly afraid*, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπερ-ασθμος, ον, (ὑπερ, ᾠσθμα) *gasping or panting exceedingly.*

ὑπερ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. *to be exceedingly fond of, greet very kindly.*

ὑπερ-ἀτοπος, ον, *beyond measure absurd.*

ὑπερ-αττικός, ἡ, ὅν, *excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess.* Adv. -κῶς.

ὑπερ-αυγής, ἐς, (ὑπερ, αὐγή) *exceedingly bright.*

ὑπερ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, *to increase or enlarge*



above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond measure.

ὑπερ-αύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be over-proud. From

ὑπερ-αυχος, ον, (ὑπερ, αὐχή) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ον, Dor. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὑπερ, ἀχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέβην Ep. ὑπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks. 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend. 3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence to omit. 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed. II. Causal, in aor. 1 ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπερ-βάλλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερ-έβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to overshoot: to beat at throwing, to throw further. 2. to outstrip in racing. II. to overshoot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρὸν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far. 2. to go on further and further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more. 3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun. 4. to be over and above. 5. part. ὑπερβάλλων, οὔσα, ον, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding big estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere; of ships, to double a headland. 2. of rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβεβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὑπερ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερβᾶσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβασία, ἡ, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled. II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπερβή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπερ, βιάζω):—to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπερ-βίος, ον, (ὑπερ, βία) of overwheleling strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπερβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [α]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything; οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further; εἰς or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise, hyperbole. II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc. 2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass. III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπερ, βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὑπερ, βριθος) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρύω, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπερ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere. II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπείργασμαι ψυχὴν ἔρωτι I have been subdued in my soul by love. III. = ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ον, (ὑπερ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to overfill, overload.

ὑπερ-γῆρειος, and ὑπερ-γῆρος, ον, = ὑπεργῆρος.

ὑπερ-γῆρος, ον, (ὑπερ, γῆρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπεργῆρον extreme old age.

ὑπερ-δαῖς, υ, gen. ἐως, very hairy.

ὑπερ-δεής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -α: (ὑπερ, δέος): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δείδω, f. -δείσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπερ-δενος, ον, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπερ-δέξιος, ον, placed high above one on the right hand. 2. placed above or over; ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground; ἐξ ὑπερδεξίου from vantage-ground. II. superior.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ὑπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδικέω, f. ἥσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπερ-δικος, ον, (ὑπερ, δίκη) exceeding righteous or just. II. pleading for.

ὑπερ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδον, inf. ὑπερῖδεῖν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. \*εἶδω.

ὑπ-ερείδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπήρπον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκεῖνος) on yon side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-εκθεράπεύω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], to bang out over.

ὑπερ-εκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπὲρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπεσοῦμαι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπέπληγμαι:—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἑαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-εκτίνω [ῖ], f. ἰσω [ῖ], to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-εκχέω, f. -χεῶ, also ὑπερ-εκχύνω [ῦ], to pour out over:—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-έλαφρος, ον, exceedingly light or active.

ὑπερ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπερ-εμφορέομαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύξομαι, to intercede for another.

ὑπερ-εξηκοντα-έτης, es, gen. εος, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) above sixty years old.

ὑπερ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω and ἦσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-επιθυμέω, f. ἦσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερέτομαι.

ὑπ-ερέπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρέπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat immoderately.

ὑπερέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπερσεύω.

ὑπερέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-έσχον, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπέρ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὖγε, bravo, capital.

ὑπερ-ευτυχία, ἡ, exceeding good luck.

ὑπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπερ-εχθαίρω, to hate exceedingly, c. acc.

ὑπερ-έχω Ep. ὑπερέχω: Ep. impf. ὑπείρεχον: f. ὑπερέξω: aor. 2 ὑπερέσχον poet. -έσχεθον:—to hold over, esp. to hold over so as to protect; ὑπερέχειν

χειράς τινος to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e. g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; οἱ ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful; ἐὰν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερσχηῖ if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

4. to outflank, overlap.

5. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπέϊπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπερ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερηδέως, Adv. of ὑπέρηδus, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερήδιστα.

ὑπερ-ήδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ὑπερήδετο ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπέρ-ηδus, υ, exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. -ήδιστος.

ὑπερηκόντισα, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίζω.

ὑπερ-ἡλιξ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, above a certain age.

ὑπέρ-ημαι, properly pf. of ὑπερέζομαι, to sit above.

ὑπερ-ημερία, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisances, a distraining of goods, execution.

ὑπερ-ήμερος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c. gen., ὑπερήμερος γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπερ-ἡμίους, υ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμῖους) above half, more than half.

ὑπ-έρημος, ον, somewhat desolate.

ὑπερ-ηνορέων, οντος, ὁ, (ὑπέρ, ἡνορέη) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἦνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνὴρ) overbearing.

ὑπερήσω, fut. of ὑπερίημι.

ὑπερηφάνεω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηνορέων, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

ὑπερηφάνια, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανέω) arrogance, haughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερή-φάνος, ον, = ὑπερ-φανής with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θάλασσιδιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [σῖ]

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθωμ-, f. ἄσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.

ὑπερ-θαύμαστος, ον, exceedingly admirable.

ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; ὑπερθεν εἶναι ἡ.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.



ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond. 2. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.  
 ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνουμαι, to die for or instead of.  
 ὑπερ-θορεῖν Ion. -εῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω.  
 ὑπερ-θοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.  
 ὑπερ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέθορον Ep. ὑπέρθορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν: —to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc.  
 ὑπέρ-θῦμος, ov, high-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too big-couraged, restive. Hence  
 ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.  
 ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ῥ]  
 ὑπέρ-θύρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Subst., ὑπέρθυρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον.  
 ὑπερ-ιάχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c. gen. [ᾱ]  
 ὑπερίδειν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπερεῖδον.  
 ὑπερ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl beyond the mark.  
 ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.  
 Ὑπερίωνίδης, ov, ὁ, patronym. from Ὑπερίων [ῖ], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.  
 ὑπερ-ίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἵστημι): —to stand over, c. gen.: to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.  
 ὑπερ-ίστωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, knowing but too well, c. gen.  
 ὑπερ-ίσχυρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἰσχυρός) exceeding strong.  
 ὑπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to hold above. II. intr. to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect, c. gen.  
 Ὑπερ-ίων [ῖ], onos, ὁ, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as Ὑπερίων Ἥλιος, or Ἥλιος Ὑπερίων. (Said to be derived from ὑπέρ, ἰών, he that walks on high.)  
 ὑπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.  
 ὑπερ-καλλής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.  
 ὑπερ-κάμνω, f. -κάμουμαι, to suffer or labour for any one, c. gen.  
 ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, to get down over.  
 ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, ov, exceedingly absurd.  
 ὑπερκατίβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω.  
 ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, to laugh outright.  
 ὑπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above.  
 ὑπερ-κηλέω, f. ἤσω, to charm beyond measure.  
 ὑπερ-κολᾷκεύω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.  
 ὑπέρ-κομπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νῆες ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.  
 ὑπέρ-κοπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόπτω) like ὑπέρκομπος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence  
 ὑπερκόπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ἤσω, to overfill or glut.  
 ὑπέρ-κοτος, ov, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. -τως, overmuch, exceedingly.  
 ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. -κρεμῶ: —to hang up over or out of the way.  
 ὑπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: aor. 1 -εκτησάμην: —to acquire over and above.  
 ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of  
 ὑπερ-κύδας, αντος, ὁ, (ὑπέρ, κύδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.  
 ὑπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, peep over. 2. c. acc. to overstep.  
 ὑπέρ-λαμπρος, ov, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.  
 ὑπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to shew great eagerness. [ῥ]  
 ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably. [ῖ]  
 ὑπερ-λύπέω, f. ἤσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress: —Pass. to be distressed beyond measure.  
 ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass., with f. med. -μάνουμαι: aor. 2 pass. ὑπερεμάνην [ᾱ]: —to be struck mad.  
 ὑπερ-μάκης, ἐς, Dor. for ὑπερμήκης.  
 ὑπερ-μαχέω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.  
 ὑπερμαχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to fight for another.  
 ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μᾱ], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.  
 ὑπέρ-μαχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, ὁ, a champion.  
 ὑπερ-μεγάλης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾱ]  
 ὑπέρ-μεγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great.  
 ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγέθης [ᾱ], ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.  
 ὑπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. 1 -μεθύσθην: Pass.: —to be excessively drunk.  
 ὑπερ-μενέτης, ov, ὁ, poet. for ὑπερμενής.  
 ὑπερμενέων, onτος, ὁ, excessively mighty. From  
 ὑπερ-μενής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.  
 ὑπέρ-μετρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. -τως.  
 ὑπερ-μήκης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding long, high, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.  
 ὑπερ-μῖσέω, f. ἤσω, to hate exceedingly.  
 ὑπέρ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.  
 ὑπερ-νέφελος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.  
 ὑπερ-νικάω, f. ἤσω, to be more than conqueror.  
 ὑπερ-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc.  
 ὑπερ-νότιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.  
 ὑπέρ-ογκος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or bulk, overgrown, immensely great.  
 ὑπερ-οιδάινω or -άνω, to swell, be much swollen.  
 ὑπερ-οιδάω Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, to swell excessively.

ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell above or beyond.

ὑπερ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οἰκέω) dwelling above, beyond.

ὑπεροπλία, ἡ, (ὑπεροπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [i Ep.]

ὑπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὑπλίζω) to vanquish by force of arms.

ὑπερ-οπλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄπλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπερ-οπλον εἰπεῖν to speak haughtily, arrogantly. II. generally, excessive, immense.

ὑπερόπτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπερόψομαι) a contemner, disdainful: absol. disdainful, haughty.

ὑπεροπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. -κῶς, disdainfully. From

ὑπερ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, haughty: neut. pl. as Adv. haughtily.

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. -ύψομαι: aor. 2 -εἶδον inf. -ἰδεῖν: aor. 1 pass. -ώφθην: (cf. ὁράω):—to look over, survey. II. to overlook, pay no heed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.

ὑπερ-όριος poet. -ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὅρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ ὑπερορία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.

ὑπερ-όρνυμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὄρνυμι) to rise up over a thing.

ὑπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ἤσω:—to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.

ὑΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, or ὑπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and pound with.

ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐρανός) above the heavens.

ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preeminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.

ὑπέροχος Ep. ὑπείροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπείροχον ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ώτατος.

ὑπεροψία, ἡ, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From

ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.

ὑπερ-πάγῃς, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγές extremely hard frost.

ὑπερ-παθέω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.

ὑπερ-παίω, f. -παιήσω: pf. -πέπαικα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-παλύνω, to strew or scatter over. [v]

ὑπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εύομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.

ὑπερ-πέρισσος, ἡ, ον, excessive:—Adv. -σως, beyond measure.

ὑπερ-πέταμαι, Dep., = ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [α], to stretch over.

ὑπερ-πέτομαι or -πέταμαι: fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτάμην [α], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέρπτατο: we also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπερέπτα, from ὑπερέπτην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέττω, Att. for ὑπερπέσσω.

ὑπερ-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.

ὑπερ-πίκρος, ον, exceeding sharp or bitter.

ὑπερ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.

ὑπερ-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink overmuch. [i]

ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall over or beyond. II. of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. άσω, to abound exceedingly.

ὑπερ-πλήθης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant.

ὑπερ-πληρώω, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.

ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ἤσω, to be exceeding rich. From

ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλούτος) exceeding rich.

ὑπέρ-πολυς, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολὺς) overmuch, very much or many.

ὑπερ-πονέω; f. ἤσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονείσθαι τινος to take trouble on oneself for another.

ὑπερ-πόντιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea.

ὑπέρπτατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πυπιάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύπιαξ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly.

ὑπερ-πυρριάω, f. άσω [α] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) to redden or blush for another.

ὑπερ-πωτάομαι, Ep. for ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερράγην, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορρήγνυμι. [α]

ὑπερ-σεμνύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύνω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.

ὑπέρ-σοφος, ον, extremely wise or clever.

ὑπερ-σπουδάζω, f. σω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.

ὑπερ-στάτέω, = ὑπερίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.

ὑπέρσχη, ὑπέρσχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρτατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑπατος: there is also a form ὑπερώτατος. [v]

ὑπερτεῖλας, aor. 1 part. of ὑπερτέλλω.

ὑπερ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch over or above: to hold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιάν σειρίου κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πύδα ἀκτῆς to stretch one's foot over the beach, i. e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρας to outflank the enemy's wing.

2. metaph. to surpass, excel.

ὑπερτελέω, to pass quite over, overleap. From

ὑπερ-τελής, ἐς, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen., ἀθλων ὑπερτελής one who has reached the end of his labours. II. = ὑπερτέλλων, rising over or above.

ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. -τελῶ: aor. 1 -έτειλα:—to rise or



appear over or above; ὑπερτείλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun having risen above the horizon; ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to hang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage. From

ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, bigger: hence better, more excellent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερος higher by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέρτερα θείναι to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., μαντείων ὑπέρτερον better than soothsayers. III. further, more.

ὑπερτίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην: —to put or set over:—Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

ὑπερτίμαω, f. ἤσω, to prize or honour above measure.

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.  
ὑπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπερτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ὑπερτοξεύσιμος, ον, to be overshot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot.  
ὑπερ-τρέχω, f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέδραμον:—to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρύφω, f. ἤσω, to revel extravagantly.  
ὑπ-ερυθρίαω, f. άσω [ά], to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.

ὑπ-έρυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.  
ὑπερ-ύψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.  
ὑπερ-υψώω, f. άσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly.  
ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [ά]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ὑπερ-φάλαγγέω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend one's phalanx so as to outflank.

ὑπερφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence ὑπερφάνης, ές, gen. έος, appearing over or above.  
ὑπέρ-φάτος, ον, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. I act. -ήνεγκα, pass. -ήνέχθην:—to carry over or across. II. intr. to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπέρ-φεν, Adv. like ὑπερφνῶς, excessively, overmuch: too highly.

ὑπερ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 -έφθιτο: Pass. to perish for or in behalf of one.

ὑπερφιάλος, ον, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμός ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also haughtily, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φιλίω, f. ἤσω, to love beyond measure.

ὑπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

ὑπέρ-φοβος, ον, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπερ-φορέω, to carry over.

ὑπερ-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπερφρονέω, f. ἤσω, to have high thoughts, to be overproud. 2. to look down upon, disdain. From

ὑπέρ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) highminded, highspirited: haughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπέρφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ὑπερ-φνῆς, ές, (ὑπέρ, φνῆ) beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extra-

ordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφνῆς ὅσος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.

ὑπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έφυν pf. -πέ-φῦκα:—to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to outshoot, surpass, excel.

ὑπερφνῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφνῆς, excessively, marvelously; ὑπερφνῶς ὥς wonderfully how, i. e. most wonderfully.

ὑπερφύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ὑπερ-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat. II. c. part. to delight in doing.

ὑπερ-χάλαω, f. άσω [ά], to let down over.

ὑπερ-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth.

ὑπερ-χλιδάω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for χλιδάω, like ὑπερτρυφάω, to be over wanton or arrogant.

ὑπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλῡθον or -ήλθον: pf. -ελήλῡθα: (cf. έρχομαι): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into:

metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive. IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπέρ-χρεως, ον, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt.

ὑπ-ερώω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπό, ἐρώω) to shrink back, recoil.

ὑπερώη Att. ὑπερώα, ἡ, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερῶος.

ὑπερωιόθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερῶον, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερώιον, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερῶος (sub. οἴκημα).

ὑπερῶος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερώιος (from ὑπέρ, as πατῶος from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead.

ὑπερώτατος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for ὑπέρτατος.

ὑπερσεΐται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of ὑπείμι (είμι sum).

ὑπέστην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑφίστημι, also 2. Dor. for ὑπέστην, 1 sing. of same.

ὑπέστειλα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑπέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέχω.

ὑπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέσχημαι, pf. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέτρεψας, 2 sing. aor. I of ὑποτρέπω.

ὑπέτυπα, aor. I of ὑποτύπτω.

ὑπ-εύθυνος, ον, (ὑπό, εὐθύνη) liable to give account,

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-ενύομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, ἐνύω) to lie under.

ὑπέφθηα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρισσα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ὑπ-έχω, f. ὑφέξω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχον poet. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to hold under or underneath. 2. to put under or place under. 3. to hold out the hand

as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὖς, Lat. praeberere aurem, to lend an ear: hence to hold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to hold from underneath, uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrase, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

ὑπηγμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγον, ὑπήγαγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, hearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, οἱ, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to hang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπήνικαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρω.

ὑπ-ηνέμιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηνέμιον ὠόν a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

ὑπ-ήνεμος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηνέμου on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπηνήτης, ον, ὁ, a bearded man; πρῶτον ὑπηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπ-ηοῖος, ἡ, ον, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηργμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπηρεσία, ἡ, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of rowers. 2. Collective for οἱ ὑπηρέται, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρέσιον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρετέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπηρέτηκα, pass. ὑπηρέτημαι: (ὑπηρέτης):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμῶν εἰς ὑμέας ὑπηρετέεται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, bournour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρέτημα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparitor; ὑπηρετής ἐργου a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπηρέτης) of or fit for rowing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an ὑπηρέτης or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ιδος, fem. of ὑπηρέτης, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπήρπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφίημι.

ὑπ-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ίημι, Ion. for ὑφίημι.

ὑπ-ίλλω: aor. I ὑπύλλα: (ὑπό, ἔλλω = εἶλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπύλλειν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑπιοῦσα, part. fem. of ὑπείμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑφίστημι.

ὑπ-ισχνέομαι, contr. -οῦμαι Ion. ὑπύσχομαι: fut. ὑποσχέσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπεσχόμεν, imperat. ὑπόσχου: pf. ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω = ἔχω):—to bold oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ίσχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπνᾶλῆος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπν-ᾠάτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, ᾠάται) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνίδιος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [νῖ]

ὑπνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νόμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ὑπνο-μάχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

ῥΥΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death. II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώω, f. ὤσω: pf. act. ὑπνώκα, pass. ὑπνώμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνω, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπν-ώδης, es, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνῶν, Lacon. for ὑπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνώσσω Att. -τω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

ῥΥΠΟ', Prep, governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poet. ὑπαί, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under; βέει



κρήνη ὑπὸ σπείους a fountain flows from under a cavern; ἵππους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ὑπ' ἀρνείου λυόμεν I loosed myself from under the ram.

2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχήσας having hit him under the chest.

II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινος to be slain by a man; θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' ἑαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινος to hear, i. e. be told by, one.

2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος to flee by reason of one; ὑπὸ κήρυκος προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of herald.

3. ὑπό is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέους, χαρᾶς, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.; hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑπ' ἀρετῆς to do somewhat by reason of courage; ὑπὸ δέους by reason of fear, etc.; ὀρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστιγῶν to dig by constraint of the lash.

4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶσιν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway.

5. ὑπό is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰωῆς at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κωμάζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοῆς θῦσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing is:

I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσσὶ under one's feet; ὑπὸ τῇ ἀκροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑφ' ἄρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χειρὶ δαμῆναι to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεῖσθαι ὑπὸ τινι to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινος βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance.

II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπὸ τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' ἑαυτῶ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ σπέος ἤλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην λέναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἄγειν to bring under the judgment-seat.

2. under an object, without signif. of motion, ὑπ' ἡῶ τ' ἡελίον τε under morning and the sun.

II. of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τὴν ἑω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νηὸν κατακαέντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSITION: ὑπό sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὑπο.

Ῥπό stands absol. as Adv., under, below, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

IN COMPOS.: I. under, either of rest, as in ὑπ-ειμι to be under; or of motion, as in ὑπο-βαίνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in ὑπ-ἀργυρος, ὑπό-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δμῶς. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewhat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θαπτεύω.

ὑπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 -έβην; pf. -βέβηκα;—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base.

II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; τεσσαράκοντα πόδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] τὸ αὐτὸ μέγεθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω Ep. ὑββάλλω, f. -βάλλω; pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι;—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. substernere.

II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, παλμ a supposititious child upon one.

2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort.

IV. to suggest, submit to one. ὑπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαίνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένθιος, ov, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below.

ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω; f. -βήξω;—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπο-βαίνω, to draw or bring down;—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ov, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding.

II. pass. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, a, ov, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ὑπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέχω, f. ξω; pf. pass. -βέβρεγμα;—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately;—pf. pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ov, also a, ov, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ὑ]

ὑπόβρυχος, ov, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαιος or ὑπόγειος, ov, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch.

II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, *ον*, = ὑπόγειος.

ὑπο-γελάω, *ι*. -άσομαι [*ᾱ*]:—to laugh at. II. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. *subridere*.

ὑπο-γενειάζω, *ι*. *σω*, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίγνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην: Dep.:—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. *subnasci*.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, *ον*, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκύς) to sweeten a little: metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνάμπω, *ι*. *ψω*, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπογνώσῃς, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ὑπογινώσκω.

ὑπόγραμμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπο-γραμματεὺς, *ἑως*, ὁ, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμματεύω, *ι*. *σω*, to be a ὑπογραμματεὺς, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

ὑπογράφεύς, *ἑως*, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφή, ἡ, a subscription, signature: an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print. II. a sketch, design, outline, Lat. *adumbratio*. III. a painting under of the eyelids. From

ὑπο-γράφω [*ᾱ*], *ι*. *ψω*: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. *subscribere accusationem in aliquem*. 2. in drawing, to sketch, draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat. *adumbrare*: metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III. to paint under the eyelids.

ὑπό-γυιος or -γυος, *ον*, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the hand, close at hand: fresh, new; hence late, recent. II. sudden, unexpected; ἐξ ὑπογύου off hand, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυῖως or -γύως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. ὑπογυϊότερον more recently; Sup. ὑπογυϊότατα very lately.

ὑπό-γυος, *ον*, = ὑπόγυιος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, *ι*. *ύσω* [*ῡ*], to weep a little or in secret.

ὑπο-δάμᾶω, *ι*. *άσω* [*ᾱ*]: pf. -δέδμηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑπεδμήθην: pf. -δέδμημαι:—to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome: aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδμηθεῖσα, having yielded to.

ὑπο-δάμνημι, = ὑποδᾶμάω; so also in Med.:—Pass. ὑποδᾶμνάμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

ὑποδδείσας, Ep. aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑποδέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεδεμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδέδηγμαι, pf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεδιώς, pf. part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑποδεδιώς, ὁ, (ὑπό, δεδιώς) literally, crouching for fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδέδρομα, poet. pf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δεῖς, *ἑς*, gen. *ἑος*, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in Comp., ὑποδεέστερος inferior; ἐκ πολλῶ ὑποδεεστέραν with means much inferior.—Comp. Adv. ὑποδεεστέρας, in inferior numbers.

ὑπόδειγμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark. II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δεῖδω, *ι*. *σω*: aor. I ὑπέδεισα Ep. ὑπέδδεια: Ep. pf. ὑποδεῖδια: 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδεῖδισαν: poet. pf. ὑπαιδεῖδοικα, for ὑποδέδοικα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink in fear from, cower before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ὑπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω: aor. I ὑπέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew underhand or secretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand. II. to mark out: to shew, teach by example. III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to: also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δειλιάω, *ι*. *άσω* [*ᾱ*], to be somewhat cowardly.

ὑπο-δειμαίνω, to stand in secret awe of.

ὑπο-δειπνέω, *ι*. *ήσω*, to dine instead of another.

ὑποδείσας, aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέμω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδεξίη, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest, means of entertainment. [*ῖ* in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, *α*, *ον*, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

ὑπο-δερίς, *ιδος*, ἡ, (ὑπό, δέρη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑπόδεσις, *ἑως*, ἡ, (ὑποδέω) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes.

ὑποδέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: *ι*. -δέχομαι: aor. I -εδεξάμην: pf. -δέδεγμαι: also aor. I pass. -εδέχθην (in pass. sense): Dep.:—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain; ὁ ὑποδεξάμενος one's entertainer or host. 3. to give ear to, hearken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. *in se recipere*: also to undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχεσθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. to endure, bear. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. *excipere*. 2. to follow in rank or order: to come next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δέω, *ι*. -δήσω: pf. pass. ὑποδέδεμαι:—to bind or tie under:—Med. to bind under one's feet, put on shoes, etc., κοθόρνους ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's buskins: absol., ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's shoes: pf. pass. part., ὑποδεδεμένος, with one's shoes on; ὑποδεδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.



ὑπο-δηλώω, f. ὤσω, to shew secretly, indicate.  
ὑπόδημα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδέω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.  
ὑποδηῖσαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.  
ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.  
ὑπό-δικος, ον, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.  
ὑπο-δίφθερος, ον, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.  
ὑποδμηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω.  
ὑπο-δμῶς, -ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.  
ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a barbouring, as of slaves.  
II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour.  
III. a supposition, assumption.  
IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακεῖν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα ἰδῶν looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδρακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.  
ὑποδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.  
ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.  
ὑποδρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.  
ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμεῖν) a running under or into the way of a thing.  
ὑπόδρομος, ον, (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχουσι a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροςος, ον, somewhat dewy or damp.  
ὑποδρώωσι, poet. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω.  
ὑπο-δύνω, = ὑποδύω. [ὑ]  
ὑποδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύω.  
ὑπόδυσσις, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under.  
II. refuge, escape from a thing. From  
ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω [ὑ]: f. -δύσω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑπέδυσαι:—to put on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc. II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, aor. I ὑπέδυσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑποδέδυκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 2. c. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from. 3. to go under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, take on oneself, c. acc. 4. of feelings, to steal into or over, come on gradually. 5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδεδυκότες sunken eyes.

ὑπο-εἰκω, f. ὑπο-εἶχομαι, Ep. for ὑπέικω, ὑπέιχομαι.  
ὑπο-εργός, ον, contr. ὑπουργός, q. v.  
ὑπο-ζάκορος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.  
ὑπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω: aor. I. ὑπέζευξα: Pass., aor. 2 ὑπέζυγην [ὑ]: pf. ὑπέζευγμα:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζυγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ζυγῶω, f. ὤσω, = ὑποζεύγνυμι.  
ὑπόζωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ύω: f. -ζώσω: pf. act. ὑπέζωκα, pass. ὑπέζωμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλπω, f. ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.  
ὑπο-θερμαίνω, to beat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπό-θερμος, ον, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too hasty or passionate.

ὑποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.  
ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.  
II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumptio. 2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race. III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice. II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.  
ὑπο-θλίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορυβέω, f. ἥσω, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποταράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep.:—to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck. II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ὑπο-θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underband:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-ιάχω [ᾶ], to sound forth a little or below.

ὑπ-οίγνυμι and ὑπ-οίγω, f. ὑποίξω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπ-οικέω, f. ἥσω, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπ-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίζω) = ὑποικέω.

ὑπ-οικοδομέω, f. ἥσω, to build under or beneath.

ὑπ-οικουρέω, f. ἥσω, to keep bouse, stay at home. II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underband. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.

ὑπ-οιμῶζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush. 2. c. acc. pers. to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ἰῶ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back. 2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare. II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under:—Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάτημαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [ᾱ]

ὑπό-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον ἱερῶ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυοῖν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὕλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελυστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by voice of herald:—Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κινέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 1 -εκίνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις ἂν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently.

ὑπο-οκλάζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underband:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. 1 ὑπεκλίνην, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἥσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ἥσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be hidden under.

ὑπο-κλύζω, f. ὕσω, to wash or cleanse from below:—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίζω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom; as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, ατος, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορισμός, ὁ, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέκω, f. ξω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's hand: to sound in harmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [ι]

ὑποκρίναιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ι]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ι]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [ι], f. -κρινούμαι: aor. 1 med. ὑπεκρινάμην, pass. ὑπεκρίθην [ι]: Med.:—to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθεῖα to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσῖα, ἡ, = ὑπόκρισις.

ὑπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκρίτης, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκρίτικός, ἡ, ὢν, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 pass. ὑπεκρύφθην:—to bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρώζω, f. ξω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ον, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ὑπέκυψα:—to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ὑπέκυψαν Πέρσῃσι the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place. II. c. acc., ὑποκύπτειν τὴν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.



ὑπο-κύομαι, Med. (ὑπό, κύνω) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. 1 part. ὑποκῦσάμενη.  
 ὑπο-κώλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.  
 ὑπο-κωμώδew, f. ἤσω, to ridicule a little or underhand.  
 ὑπό-κωφος, ον, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.  
 ὑπολαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.  
 ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι; aor. 2 ὑπέλαβον; pf. ὑπέληφα, pass. ὑπέλημαι; (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake; of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in aor. 2 part., ἔφη ὑπολαβὼν he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II. = ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protection. 2. to accept or entertain a proposal. III. to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed; ἡ ὑπειλημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underhand: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἵππον to hold up or check a horse.  
 ὑπολαμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From  
 ὑπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.  
 ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to.  
 ὑπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave behind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείψομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at home; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. 3. absol. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.  
 ὑπό-λεπτος, ον, somewhat fine or delicate.  
 ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.  
 ὑπο-λευκαίνω, to make white underneath:—Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.  
 ὑπο-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.  
 ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.  
 ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must suppose or understand.  
 ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; ἐξ ὑπολήψεως in turn, alternately. 2. a rejoinder, reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.  
 ὑπο-ολίζων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ολίζων) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.  
 ὑπό-λιθος, ον, somewhat stony.  
 ὑπο-λιμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λίσπος Att. -λίσφος, ον, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.  
 ὑπό-λιχνος, ον, somewhat dainty.  
 ὑπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep.:—to take into account or consideration.  
 ὑπό-λογος, ὁ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιεῖσθαι τινος to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.  
 ὑπο-λόγος, ον Adj. taken into account, beld accountable, responsible.  
 ὑπό-λοιπος, ον, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.  
 ὑπο-λόχαγος, ὁ, a lieutenant.  
 ὑπο-λύριος, ον, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑπολύριος a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [ῥ]  
 ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ]; aor. 1 -έλῡσα; pf. -λέλῡκα; Pass., pf. -λέλῡμαι; plqpf. -ελελύμην; Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλυτο, 3 pl. ὑπέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ὑπέλυσε γυῖα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ὑπέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him:—Med. to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to ὑποδίσσθαι.  
 ὑπό-μακρος, ον, rather long, longish.  
 ὑπο-μαλᾶκίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίζω) to grow soft or cowardly by degrees.  
 ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees:—Pass. to be softened gradually.  
 ὑπό-μαργος, ον, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότερος.  
 ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.  
 ὑπο-μειδιάω, f. ᾶσω [ᾶ], to smile a little or gently.  
 ὑπομεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπομένω.  
 ὑπο-μείων, ον, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομείονες, οἱ, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to ὅμοιοι (peers).  
 ὑπο-μενετέον or -ητέον, verb. Adj. one must abide, endure. From  
 ὑπο-μένω, fut. -μενῶ; aor. 1 -έμεινα:—to stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remain alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 3. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 4. to uphold, support, maintain.  
 ὑπο-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω; pf. pass. -μέμιγμαι:—to mix among or up with. II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; ὑπομίξαι τῇ γῇ to run close under land.  
 ὑπο-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω; aor. 1 ὑπέμνησα; 1. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest. II. Pass. and Med., f. -μνή-

σομαι: aor. I -εμνησάμην: pf. -μέμνημαι:—to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, ον, serving for pay, hired, retained.

ὑπο-μνάομαι contr. -μνῶμαι: Dep.:—to court a woman underband or behind her husband's back.

ὑπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομιμνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, ατος, τό, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

ὑπομνήσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομιμνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπομιμνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underband.

ὑπό-μνυμι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπομνῶμαι, f. ὑπομοῦμαι: aor. I ὑπωμοσάμην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II. a holding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, ον, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.

ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νείφω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ὑπο-νέμομαι, aor. I -νεμιάμην: Med.:—to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νέφελος, ον, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds.

ὑπο-νήιος, ον, (ὑπό, Νήιον) under the promontory Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. -ήξομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive.

ὑπο-νίφω [ἱ], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow:—Pass., νύξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοεῖν τι εἰς τινα to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a hidden meaning or sense: I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2.

the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From

ὑπόνομος, ον, (ὑπονέμω) going underground, underground.

II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe.

ὑπο-νοσέω, f. ἤσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἤσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting.

ὑπο-ξενίζω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, ον, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ὑπο-ξύραω or -έω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρμένος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξύριος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ξυρόν) under the razor.

ὑπο-ξύω, f. ὕσω, [ῡ], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

ὑπο-παρωθίω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underband.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. -πάσω [ᾱ], to strew under.

ὑπο-πεινάω, f. ἤσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, ον, despatched underband, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. sub-mittere.

ὑποπεπτηῶτες, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπτήσω.

ὑποπέπτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ὑπέπαρδον: Dep.:—to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

ὑπο-περκάζω, f. ἄσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾱ]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι:—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, ον, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ὑπέπλησα, pass. -επλήσθην:—to fill a little, fill by degrees:—Pass., τέκνων ὑποπλησθῆναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [ἱ], f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα:—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tipping: ὑποπεπωκώς rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2 ὑπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. 2. to fall down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. II.

to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πισσώ Att. -ττώ, f. ὠσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάκιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount Placos near Troy: cf. ὑπονήιος. [ᾱ]

ὑπό-πλάτυς, υ, somewhat flat or extended. II. somewhat salt: cf. πλατύς.

ὑπό-πλεος, ον Att. -πλεως, αν, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, αν, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, πούς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to bring under:—Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, ον, (ὑπό, πολίος) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, ιος, ἡ, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πράύνω Ep. and Ion. -πρήύνω, to appease a little or by degrees. [ῡ]



ὑπο-πρίσσει, Dep. to buy under the price.  
 ὑπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [i]  
 ὑπό-πτερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged: swift-winged, fleet: also soaring, flighty.  
 ὑποπτεύω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of, suspect that, c. inf.: also to suspect, surmise:—Pass. to be suspected, mistrusted. From  
 ὑπ-όπτως, ον, ὄ, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc. Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, shy.  
 ὑπο-πτήσσω, f. ξω: pf. -πέπηχα, Ep. part. -πεπηγώς, pl. -πεπηγότες:—to crouch or cover down from fear; πετάλοις ὑποπεπηγότες crouching under the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cover before another: absol. to be modest, abashed.  
 ὑποπτος, ον, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at from under: looked askance at, viewed with suspicion or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fearing, Lat. suspicax: as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion, jealousy.  
 ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.  
 ὑπ-όρθριος, ον, also, α, ον, (ὑπό, ὄρθρος) towards morning, about dawn, at break of day.  
 ὑπο-ρῖπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ῥίπιν) to fan from below or gently.  
 ὑπ-όρνυμι, f. -όρσω: aor. I -ῶρσα:—to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually:—Pass. ὑπόρνυμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπῶρτο: pf. 2 -ῶρσα:—to arise from under or gradually.  
 ὑπ-όροφος, ον, = ὑπόροφος. II. sounding softly from a reed; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe.  
 ὑπο-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up: metaph. to devise, make up.  
 ὑπο-ρέω, f. pass. -ρύνσομαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρύην (in act. sense): pf. -ερρύηκα:—to flow away under: to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere; to flow or fall in gradually. 2. to slip away: of the hair, to fall off: of Time, to run on.  
 ὑπο-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break underneath:—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break gradually open.  
 ὑπό-ρηγος, ον, (ὑπό, ῥήν) poet. for ὑπαργος, with a lamb under it.  
 ὑπο-ρῖπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ὑπορῖπίζω.  
 ὑπο-ρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, undermine.  
 ὑπο-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to music.  
 ὑπό-σαθρος, ον, somewhat rotten, tainted.  
 ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ἰγξω, to sound the trumpet slightly.  
 ὑπο-σεῖω Ep. ὑποσσεῖω: f. -σεῖσω:—to shake from below or gently, set in motion a little.  
 ὑπο-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to give a hint of, intimate, indicate quietly: c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to make signal by sound of trumpet.  
 ὑπο-σιγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during.  
 ὑπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence.  
 ὑπο-σκάζω, f. ἄσω, to bait a little.  
 ὑπο-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.  
 ὑπο-σκελίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.  
 ὑπό-σκιος, ον, (ὑπό, σκιά) under the shade, overshadowed: of suppliants, shaded by their olive-branches.  
 ὑπο-σμήχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:—Pass. to smoulder away. [v]  
 ὑπο-σπᾶνίζομαι, pf. ὑπεσπᾶνισμαι: Pass.:—to suffer want a little, c. gen. rei, βορᾶς ὑπεσπᾶνισμένους stinted or in want of food.  
 ὑπο-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ā], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly:—Med., ὑποσπάσασθαι τὸν ἵππον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.  
 ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty, secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce or treaty: τοὺς νεκροὺς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποδιδόναι or ἀναιρεῖσθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.  
 ὑποστάθμη, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.  
 ὑποσταίην, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.  
 ὑποστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.  
 ὑπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under, a support: metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III. subsistence, reality: substance, nature, essence.  
 ὑποστατός, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set under. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.  
 ὑπο-σταχύομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχυς) to grow up gradually like ears of corn.  
 ὑπό-στεγος, ον, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under cover of a house. 2. covered over.  
 ὑπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, bide under.  
 ὑπο-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ: aor. I ὑπέστειλα: pf. ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι:—to let down, lower, take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear: absol. to dissemble; οὐδὲν ὑποστειλάμενος with no dissimulation.  
 ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ξω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or moan in an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νῶτοισι ὑποστενάξει be groans under the weight of heaven on his back.  
 ὑπο-στεναχίζω, f. ἴσω = ὑποστενάζω.  
 ὑπο-στένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to sigh or groan.  
 ὑποστήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.  
 ὑπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.  
 ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.  
 ὑπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.  
 ὑποστολή, ἡ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lowering of sails: a shrinking back. II. submission.  
 ὑπο-στοναχίζω, = ὑποστεναχίζω.  
 ὑπο-στορέννυμι also -στόρνυμι and -στρώννυμι:

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω: aor. I ὑπεστόρεσα and -έστρωσα: pf. ὑπέστρωκα, pass. ὑπέστρωμαι:—to spread, lay or strew under:—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself: 3 sing. pf. pass., ᾧ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ὑποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑποστράτηγέω, f. ἤσω, to serve under as lieutenant. From

ὑπο-στράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρεφθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from

ὑπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I -εστρέφην: pf. -έστραμμαι:—to turn round about, guide back. II. intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee: to return: so in fut. med. ὑποστρέφωμαι and aor. I pass. 3. to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρεψεία, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστροφῇ, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round: a turning about, either to flee or to rally; ἐξ ὑποστροφῆς, Lat. *denuo*, again, anew: also on the contrary.

ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστρώννυμι) that which is spread or strewn under, a bed, litter.

ὑπο-στρώννυμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-σῦρίζω or -ίττω, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down: to trip up. [ῡ]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑποσχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑποσχέσθην, ἡ, Ep. for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

ὑποσχέσιον, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπισχνέομαι) a promising, promise, engagement; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑποσχών, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποταγή, ἡ, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection.

ὑπο-ταμνόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ὑπο-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, contr. -θράσσω: f. ξω: pf. pass. -τετάραγμαi:—to stir up, trouble from below or a little:—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἤσω, to be somewhat afraid: c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρτάριος, ον, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπόταξις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτείνω) a stretching or spreading out from under; πεδίων ὑποτάσεις the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. -τέταγμαi:—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: aor. I -έτεινα:—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before

or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer:—Med. to propose by way of question, submit. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-τειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to build a wall under or across: to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτείχισις, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall; and ὑπο-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate: absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τελής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. *vectigalis*, *tributarius*. II. act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ and -τάμωμαι: aor. 2 ὑπέταμον: Pass., aor. I -ετμήθην: pf. -τέτμημαι:—to cut away or under: to cut unfairly. II. to cut off, Lat. *intercipere*; ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope; so also in Med., ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage:—Pass., ὑποτάμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I ὑπέθηκα: aor. 2 ὑπέθην:—to place under: to put under, make subject. 2. to place under as a foundation, to lay down: esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument: to propose to do.

II. to suggest, mostly in Med.: c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish: c. inf. to advise one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage: hence, 2. to stake, hazard, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τιμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med.: as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτρώω, to bore through below.

\*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ὑποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ὑπέτλην, pf. ὑποτέτληκα:—to bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-τονθορίζω or -ύζω, to murmur or hum softly.

ὑποτοπεύω, = ὑποτοπέω.

ὑποτοπέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ὑπετόπησα: also as Dep.

ὑποτοπέομαι: aor. I ὑπετοπήθην: (ὑποπτος):—to suspect or surmise that: also c. acc. to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f. σω, to lisp a little.

ὑπο-τρέω, Ep. for ὑποτρέω.

ὑπο-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession: Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι and -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 ὑπέδραμον: pf. ὑποδέδρομα:—to run in under; ὁ κύων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοὺς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs. II. to run under or below.

III. to run in between, intercept. IV.

to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

ὑπο-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble a little: to shrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually. II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish; cf. ὑπότριμμα. [ῖ]



ὑπο-τρίζω, to chirp or whistle softly.  
 ὑπότριμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποτρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑπότριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.  
 ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἤσω, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.  
 ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.  
 ὑποτροπή, ἡ, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, repulse. II. a return, recurrence.  
 ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.  
 ὑπο-τροχάω, poet. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.  
 ὑπο-τρύζω, to bum in an undertone.  
 ὑπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρωγον:—to eat underhand or secretly.  
 ὑπο-τύπώω, f. ὤσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.  
 ὑπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψας κηλωνήφιν ἀντλέει he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπτουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἔδωρέτο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.  
 ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτύπώω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy, pattern.  
 ὑπο-ουθάτιος, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὔθαρ) under the udder, hence sucking. [α]  
 ὑπο-ουλος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, hollow, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.  
 ὑπο-ουράνιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐρανός) under heaven or the heavens: reaching up to heaven.  
 ὑπουργέω, f. ἤσω: pf. act. ὑπούργηκα, pass. ὑπούργημαι: (ὑπουργός):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρηστὰ Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence  
 ὑπούργημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered.  
 ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.  
 ὑπουργία, ἡ, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.  
 ὑπο-ουργός, όν, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, \*έργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.  
 ὑπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to shew or bring to light from under; θρήνυν ὑπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. III. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπω.  
 ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφανσις, ἡ, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From  
 ὑπο-φαύσκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine.  
 ὑπό-φαντις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. for ὑπόφασις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.  
 ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear.  
 ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑποίσω: aor. 1 ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ὑπήνεκα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III. to bold out under or before: to bold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.  
 ὑπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee from under, evade: to retire a little, shrink back.  
 ὑποφήτεύω, to bold the office of ὑποφήτης. From  
 ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ό, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.  
 ὑπο-φθάνω [α], f. ὑποφθήσομαι later also -φθάσω [α]: aor. 1 ὑπέφθασα: aor. 2 ὑπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθάς: pf. ὑπέφθακα:—to baste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθὰς δουρὶ μέσον περὶνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτεῖνεν he killed him beforehand.  
 ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἤσω, to feel secret envy at.  
 ὑπό-φθονος, ου, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -ως, somewhat jealously.  
 ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or beat from below.  
 ὑπο-φόνιος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.  
 ὑπο-φραδμοσύνη, ἡ, suggestion: in plur. counsels. From  
 ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.  
 ὑπο-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. -πέφρικα:—to sbudder a little.  
 ὑποφϋγών, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.  
 ὑπο-φωλεύω, to lie bidden under.  
 ὑπο-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to call gently to.  
 ὑπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκᾶδόμην: Dep.:—to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.  
 ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [νι], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ἡ, a kind of snaffle-bridle.  
 ὑπο-χᾶροπος, όν, (ὑπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.  
 ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.  
 ὑπο-χείριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the band: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίους ποιεῖσθαι to make subject.  
 ὑπο-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. 1 ὑπέχεα Ep. ὑπέχευα: pf. pass. -κέχυμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχυτο:—to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strew or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass. to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστή ὑπεκέχυτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, *ον*, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterraneous.*

ὑπό-χθων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑποχος, *ον*, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control, τινί to one: also c. gen., ὑποχοί τινος a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, *ων*, *gen. ω*, (ὑπό, χρέος) *subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρίω, *ῖ*, -χρίσω [*ῖ*]: *aor. I act. ὑπέχρισα, pass. ὑπεχρίσθην:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.*

ὑπό-χρῦσος, *ον*, *containing a mixture of gold.*

ὑπο-χωρέω, *ῖ*, ἥσομαι, *to go back, recoil: ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain: ὑποχωρεῖν τινί τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one, give it up to him. 2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting. II. to go on in succession.*

ὑπό-ψαμμος, *ον*, *having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: Comp. -ότερος, somewhat sandy.*

ὑποψία *Ion. -ίη, ἡ*, (ὑπόψομαι) *suspicion, jealousy: ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατὰ τινος to entertain suspicion of a person: of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion. II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.*

ὑπόψιος, *ον*, (ὑπόψομαι) *viewed from below, Lat. suspectus: hence viewed with suspicion.*

ὑπόψομαι, *serving as fut. of ὑποράω.*

ὑπο-οψωνέω, *ῖ*, ἥσω, (ὑπό, ὀψωνέω) *to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.*

ὑπτιάζω, *ῖ*, ἄσω, (ὑπτίος) *to bend oneself back: to carry one's head high. II. transit. to bend or throw back: Pass., ὑπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched back.*

ὑπτίασμα, *ατος, τό*, (ὑπτιάζω) *that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost: ὑπτίασματα χερῶν hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supinis manibus. II. a backward fall.*

ὑπτιαστίον, *verb. Adj. of ὑπτιάζω, one must throw back.*

ὑπτίος, *α, ον*, (ὑπό) *with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat. supinus, resupinus: of one falling, πέσεν ὑπτίος he fell on his back: ὑπτίους σέλμασιν ναυτίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards: γαστήρ ὑπτία belly uppermost. 2. generally, anything turned up, inverted: κράνος ὑπτίον a helmet with the hollow uppermost; so, ἀσπίς ὑπτία; but, κύλιξ ὑπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost: ἄψις ὑπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost. 3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence*

ὑπτιώω, *ῖ*, ὤσω, *to turn over, upset.*

ὑπ-ωθέω, (ὑπό, ὠθέω) *to push or thrust away.*

ὑπ-ωλένιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ὠλένη) *under the arm or elbow.*

ὑπωμοσάμην, *aor. I med. of ὑπόμνυμι.*

ὑπωμοσία, *ἡ*, (ὑπόμνυμι) *an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ἀνθυπωμοσία.*

ὑπωπιάζω, *ῖ*, ἄσω, (ὑπώπιον) *to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly. Hence*

ὑπωπιασμός, *ὁ*, *a striking under the eye: affliction.*

ὑπ-ώπιον, *τό*, (ὑπό, ὤψ) *the part under the eyes, the face. II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, a blow under the eye, a black eye.*

ὑπ-ωρεία or ὑπ-ωρέα, *ἡ*, (ὑπό, ὄρος) *the foot of a mountainous track: plur. ὑπωρέαι, the roots of a mountain, Lat. radices montis.*

ὑπώρορε, *3 sing. pf. intrans. of ὑπόρρυμι.*

ὑπ-ωρόφιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) *under the roof, under cover of a house, in a house: generally, under shelter.*

ὑπ-ώροφος, *ον*, -ὑπωρόφιος.

ῥΥΡΧΑ, *ἡ*, *an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar, Lat. orca. (Aeol. word.)*

ῥΥΣ, *ὁ* and *ἡ*, *gen. ὕος [ῥ]*: *acc. ῥν:—like σὺς, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig: but ῥς ἄγριος a wild boar.*

ῥΥΣΓΗ, *ἡ*, *a shrub from which comes the dye ῥσγινον.*

ῥσγίνο-βάφης, *ἑς*, (ῥσγινον, βαφῆναι) *dipped or dyed in ῥσγινον, scarlet.*

ῥσγινον, *τό*, (ῥσγη) *a vegetable dye of scarlet colour.*

ῥσδος, *for ὀσδος, Aeol. for ὄζος.*

ῥσθην, *aor. I pass. of ῥω.*

ῥΥΣΜΙ'ΝΗ [*ῖ*], *ἡ*, *irreg. dat. ῥσμίνι, a fight, battle, combat: πρώτη ῥσμίνη the front of the fight: ῥσμίνηνδε to the fight. Ep. word.*

ῥσπλαγίς, *ίδος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ῥσπληγίς, = ῥσπληγῆ.*

ῥσπλαγῆ, *αγγος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ῥσπληγῆ.*

ῥσπληγῆ, *ηγγος, or -πληγῆ, ηγος, ἡ*, *a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start. II. the snare of the fowler. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

ῥσσωπος, *ἡ*, *the aromatic plant byssop. (Oriental word.)*

ῥστάτιος, *α, ον*, = ῥστατος, (*cp. μεσσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος = τόσσος*), *last, bindmost: neut. ῥστάτιον as Adv., last, at last. [ᾱ]*

ῥστᾶτος, *η, ον*, (*Comp. ῥστερος, q. v.*) *last, utmost, bindmost, of space: also of time, ἡ ῥστάτη (sc. ἡμέρα) the last day:—neut. ῥσστατον and ῥστατα, as Adv., last, at last.*

ῥστέρα *Ion. -έρη, ἡ*, (ῥστερος) *the womb, mostly in plur. ῥστέραι, αἱ, Ion. gen. -έων.*

ῥστεραῖος, *α, ον*, (ῥστερος) *properly on the day after: ἡ ῥστεραία (sub. ἡμέρα) the day after, following day: τῇ ῥστεραίᾳ Ion. -αίη, on the following day, next day, Lat. postridie: generally, = ῥστερος, later, next.*

ῥστερῶ, *ῖ*, ἥσω: *aor. I ῥστέρησα: pf. ῥστέρηκα: Pass., aor. I ῥστερήθην: (ῥστερος):—to be behind, come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards. II. of Time, c. gen. rei, to come later than, come too late for: ῥστερῶν τῆς μάχης πέντε ἡμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: c. dat. pers. to be too late for him: absol. to come late*



or too late. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of:—in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό, α coming short, deficiency.

ὑστέρησις, εως, ή, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want, need.

ὑστερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὑστερίσα: (ὑστερος):—to come after, come later or too late. II.

c. gen. rei, to come later than: ἡμέρη μὴ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν to be one day behind the day appointed. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack.

ὑστερό-ποινος, ον, (ὑστερος, ποιμή) late-avenging. ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, with late foot, late-coming.

ὑστερος, α, ον, (Sup. ὑστατος, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. II. of Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὑστερός τινος later than a person: c. gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., ἐς ὑστερον afterwards; so, ἐν ὑτέρῳ, ἐξ ὑτέρου and ἐξ ὑτέρης. III. standing after, inferior, weaker; γυναικὺς ὑστερος under a woman's power. IV. the neut. ὑστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future; also ὑστερα; c. gen., ὑστερον τούτων later than these events.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὑστερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying.

ὑστερό-φωνος, ον, (ὑστερος, φωνή) sounding after, echoing.

ὑστρίξ, ἴχος, ό and ή, a hedgehog, porcupine. Hence

ὑστρίχίς, ἴδος, ή, a whip for punishing slaves.

ὑφάγευ, Dor. for ὑφηγεύ, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑφηγεόμαι.

ὑφ-αιμος, ον, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, blood-shot. II. bot-blooded.

ὑφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

ὑΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφᾶνῶ: aor. I ὑφῆνα later ὑφᾶνα: Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθη: pf. ὑφασμαι:—to weave; ἱσ-τὸν ὑφαίνειν to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom. III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μῆτιν or δόλον ὑφαίνειν. 2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ὑφαίρεσις, εως, ή, (ὑφαίρειν) a taking away under or underband, a purloining, pilfering.

ὑφ-αιρέω Ion. ὑπ-αιρέω: f. -αιρήσω: aor. 2 ὑφείλον: pf. ὑφῆρηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑφῆρέθη: pf. ὑφῆρημαι, part. ὑφῆρημένος Ion. ὑπαρρημένος:—to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. II. to draw from under. 2. to take away something of, c. gen. 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin: ὑφαίρεισθαι τινά τι or τινος to deprive one secretly of a thing. 2. to make away with underband, keep out of the way.

ὑφ-ἄλος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄλς) under the sea; ὑφαλον Ἐρεβος the darkness of the deep.

ὑφάντης, ον, ό, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὑφαντικός, ή, όν, of or for weaving: skilled in weaving.

ὑφαντο-δόνητος, ον, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, woven.

ὑφαντός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, woven: τὰ ὑφαντά cloth inwoven with figures.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω: f. ψω: aor. I ὑφῆψα Ion. ὑπῆψα: pf. pass. ὑψημαί:—to set on fire from underneath: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. 2. absol. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place.

ὑφ-αρπάζω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάζω: f. -άσομαι later -άσω: aor. I ὑφῆρπασα:—to snatch away from under, take away underband, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ὑφαρπάμενος, poet. for ὑφαρπασάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [ὑ]

ὑφάω, poet. for ὑφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὑφώωσι.

ὑφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑφίημι: Adv. ὑφειμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submisce.

ὑφ-εἶσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίζω, I placed under or secretly: Ion. part., ὑπέισας ἄνδρας having set men in ambush.

ὑφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support.

ὑφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλκω, one must draw away under or underband.

ὑφ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑφείλκυσα: (cf. ἔλκω):—to draw away under, underband or gently; ὑφέλκειν τινὰ ποδοῖν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:—Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ὑφελόιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαίρειν.

ὑφέντας, acc. pl. of ὑφείς, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίημι.

ὑφ-έρπω, f. -έρψω or -ερπύσω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑφείρπυσα: (cf. ἔρπω):—to creep under or secretly; ὑφ-εἶρπε πολύ it crept far on secretly, spread abroad. II. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὑφ-έσπερος, ον, (ὑπό, ἑσπέρα) towards evening: neut. pl. ὑφέςπερα as Adv., about evening.

ὑφή, ή, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὑφαί woven garments.

ὑφ-ηγεμών, όνος, ό, = ἡγεμών.

ὑφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: pf. ὑφῆγημαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to shew the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ὑφήγησις, εως, ή, a leading, guiding; and ὑφηγητήρ, ἦρος, ό, and ὑφ-ηγητής, οὔ, ό, one who leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser.

ὑφῆνα, aor. I of ὑφαίνω.

ὑφηνιοχέω, f. ἦσω, to be a charioteer:—Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ὑφ-ηνίοχος, ό, (ὑπό, ἡνίοχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

ὑφ-ήσσω, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (ὑπό, ἥσσω) somewhat less or younger.

ὑφ-ίζανω, *ι*, ζήσω, = ὑφίζω.

ὑφ-ίζω, *ι*, ζήσω, (ὑπό, ἴζω) to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in.

ὑφ-ίημι Ion. ὑπίημι: *ι*, ὑφήσω: aor. I ὑφηκα: pf. ὑφεικα, pass. ὑφειμαι: (see ἴημι):—to send down, let down, to lower; ὑφιέναι ἱστὸν to lower the mast; ὑφιέναι ἱστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, ὑφιέσθαι μαστοῖς to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage secretly, Lat. *submittere*: hence pf. pass. part. ὑφειμένος, secretly lurking.

II. intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, ὑφιέναι τῆς ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in Med., ὑφιέσθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ὕδωρ ὑπίεται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness. 2. absol. to submit, give in, slacken, abate.

III. in Pass. absol. to submit, surrender: c. inf. to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλεῖν ὑφειμένη to sail with lowered sails.

ὑφίητι, Dor. for ὑφίησι, 3 sing. of ὑφίημι.

ὑφ-ίστημι: (cf. ἴστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in *ι*, ὑποστήσω and aor. I ὑπέστησα:—to place or set under. 2. to post secretly. 3. to submit, propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. I med. to lay down, suggest; εἰ μὴ τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσει unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑφέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑφιστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐφιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the cream.

2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: c. acc. cognato, ὑποσθῆναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol. to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to do. 4. c. acc. rei, to submit to. 5. ὑποσθῆναι ἀρχὴν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. *subsistere*.

ὑφ-οράω, or as Dep. ὑφοράομαι: fut. ὑπόψομαι: (ὑπό, ὁράω):—to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. *suspiciere*, *suspiciari*.

II. to keep in view.

ὑ-φορβός, ὁ, (ὑς, φέρβω) a swineherd.

ὑφ-ορμίζω, *ι*, ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour secretly:—Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

ὑφόρμισις, ἡ, a place for ships to run into, harbour.

ὑφος, εὐς, τό, = ὑφή.

ὑφώσι, Ep. for ὑφῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑφάω.

ὑφ-υδρος, *ον*, (ὑπό, ὕδωρ) under water.

ὑψ-αγόρας, *ον*, ὁ, Ion. -αγόρης, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) a big talker, a boaster, braggart.

ὑψαυχενέω, *ι*, ἥσω, and ὑψαυχενίζω, *ι*, ἴσω, to carry the neck high, strut proudly. From

ὑψ-αύχην, *ενος*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, αὐχὴν) carrying the neck high: hence stately, towering: haughty.

ὑψ-ερεφής, *ές*, (ὑψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

ὑψ-ηγόρας, Ion. for ὑψαγ-.

ὑψ-ήγορος, *ον*, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) talking loftily, vaunting.

ὑψήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, poet. for ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλός, Dor. for ὑψηλῆς, fem. gen. of ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλ-αυχενία, ἡ, (ὑψηλός, αὐχὴν) a carrying the neck high.

ὑψηλό-κρημνος, *ον*, (ὑψηλός, κρημνός) with high crags.

ὑψηλός, ἡ, ὁ, *ον*, (ὑψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλή a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.

ὑψηλοφρονέω, *ι*, ἥσω, to be highminded, bearing oneself haughtily. From

ὑψηλό-φρων, *ενος*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψηλός, φρήν) highminded, high-spirited, haughty.

ὑψ-ηρεφής, *ές*, gen. *έος*, = ὑπερεφής.

ὑψ-ηχής, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (ὑψι, ἦχος) sounding on high.

ὑψι, Adv. high, aloft, on high: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. ὑψίων, Sup. ὑψιστος.

ὑψι-βάτος, *ον*, (ὑψι, βαίνω) set on high, standing high, high-placed.

ὑψι-βρεμέτης, *ον*, ὁ, (ὑψι, βρέμω) high-thundering.

ὑψι-γέννητος, *ον*, (ὑψι, γεννάω) high-grown, topmost.

ὑψι-γυῖος, *ον*, (ὑψι, γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed. [r]

ὑψι-ζυγός, *ον*, (ὑψι, ζυγόν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.

ὑψι-θρόνος, *ον*, (ὑψι, θρόνος) high-throned.

ὑψι-κάρηνος, *ον*, (ὑψι, κάρηνον) with high head, high-topped. [ā]

ὑψι-κέλευθος, *ον*, (ὑψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ὑψικέρατα, irreg. acc. of ὑψικέρως.

ὑψι-κέρως, *ων*, gen. *ω*, (ὑψι, κέρας) with high or lofty horns; there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, ὑψικέρατα πέτρων a high-peaked rock.

ὑψι-κομός, *ον*, (ὑψι, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the oak.

ὑψι-κόμπως, Adv. (ὑψι, κόμπος) with high boasts, arrogantly.

ὑψι-κρημνος, *ον*, (ὑψι, κρημνός) with high steeps or cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ὑψι-λοφος, *ον*, (ὑψι, λόφος) high-crested. [r]

ὑψι-μέδων, *οντος*, ὁ, (ὑψι, μέδω) high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ὑψι-μέλαθρος, *ον*, (ὑψι, μέλαθρον) high-built.

ὑψι-νεφής, *ές*, (ὑψι, νέφος) dwelling high in the clouds.

ὑψι-παγής, *ές*, (ὑψι, παγήναι) built on high.

ὑψι-πέδος, *ον*, (ὑψι, πέδον) with high ground, high-placed.

ὑψι-πετήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, poet. for ὑψιπέτης.

ὑψι-πέτηλος, *ον*, (ὑψι, πέτηλον) with high leaves or foliage.



ὑψιπέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, πέτομαι) *flying on high, soaring.*

ὑψίπολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, πόλις) *bigbest in one's city.*

ὑψίπους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. -πουν, gen. -ποδος, (ὑψι, πούς) *high-footed: on high, sublime.*

ὑψίπυλος, ου, (ὑψι, πύλη) *with high gates.*

ὑψίπυργος, ου, (ὑψι, πύργος) *high-towering.*

ὑψιστος, η, ου, Sup. from Adv. ὑψι, *bigbest, loftiest; τὰ ὑψιστα the biggest heavens.*

2. of persons, *most high, dwelling on high.*

ὑψίτερος, α, ου, Comp. from Adv. ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψίφαής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φάος) *beaming on high.*

ὑψιφανής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φανῆναι) *seen on high.*

ὑψιφόρητος, ου, (ὑψι, φορέω) *high-borne, soaring on high.*

ὑψίφρων [γ], ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, φρήν) *high-minded, haughty.*

ὑψιχαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, χαίτη) *long-haired.*

ὑψίων, ου, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. from ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψόθεν, Adv. (ὑψος) *from on high, from aloft, from above, Lat. desuper.*

II. *high, aloft, on high, above, over.*

ὑψόθεν, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high.*

ὑψόροφος, ου, (ὑψι, ὀροφή) *high-roofed, high-vaulted.*

ὑψος, εος, τό, (ὑψι) *height: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc. ὑψος, in height.*

ὑψόσε, Adv. (ὑψος) *on high, upwards, aloft, up.*

ὑψοῦ, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high, up.*

ὑψόω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὑψωσα: Pass., fut. ὑψωθήσομαι: aor. I ὑψώθην: (ὑψος):—*to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt. Hence*

ὑψωμα, ατος, τό, *height, elevation.*

ΥΩ, f. ὠσω [ῶ]: aor. I ὠσα: Pass., fut. med. ὠσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ὠσθην: pf. ὠσμαι:—*to wet, water: to rain, Zeus ὤε Jove sent rain; so, ὁ θεὸς ὤει the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon omitted, and ὤει used impers., like Lat. pluit, it rains; εἰ ὤε if it rained; part. neut. used absol., ὄντος πολλῶ as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπὶ τὰ ἑπτὰ ὄντα οὐκ ὤε τὴν Θῆβην for seven years it did not rain on Thera: c. acc. cognato, ὤσε χρυσόν it rained gold.*

II. Pass., of places, *to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὄμενος a lion drenched with rain; ὤσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ὤεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.*

## Φ

Φ, φ, φῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral φ' = 500, but φ = 500,000.

The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was used to express the Lat. *f*.

## Changes of Φ.

I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίσπος σπύγγος σπονδύλη for λίσπος σφόγγος σφονδύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανός φάτρα for πανός πάτρα.

II. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion., φ is put for θ, as φῆρ φλάω for θῆρ θλάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in ὤφεις, quasi ὄφεις.

φᾶ, Dor. and poet. for ἔφα, ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φᾶανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἑφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φαάντατος, η, ου, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, *most brilliant, brightest.*

φαάντερος, α, ου, Ep. Comp. of φαεινός, *more brilliant, brighter.*

ΦΑΓΕΪΝ Ion. φαγείν Ep. φαγέμεν, inf. of ἑφαγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.*

φάγες, Ep. for ἑφάγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγεῖν.

φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν.

φάγος, ὁ, (φαγεῖν) *a glutton.* [α]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν. [α]

φᾶε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φαεθοντίς, ίδος, poet. for φαέθουσα, fem. of φαέθων, *shining.*

φαέθω, (φᾶος) *to shine; only found in part. φαέθων, beaming, radiant: hence φαέθων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχτα καὶ φαέθοντα whole nights and days.*

Φαέθων, ὁ, (properly part. of φαέθω) *Shining, one of the steeds of Morning.* 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαεινός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. φαεινός, (φᾶος) *shining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαεινότερος.*

2. also like λαμπρός, of the voice, *clear, distinct.* 3. generally, *splendid, brilliant.*

φαείνω, poet. form of φαίνω, *to shine, give light.*

φαεινός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. form of φαεινός.

φαεσίμ-βροτος, ου, (φᾶος, βροτός) *bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.*

φαεσ-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ου, (φᾶος, φέρω) *light-bringing.*

φᾶη, contr. for φᾶεα, pl. of φᾶος.

φᾶθί, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίαξ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαίηξ, ηκος, ὁ, a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.

φαιδιμόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. form of φαίδιμος.

φαίδιμος, ου, also η, ου, (φαίνω) *shining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. clarus.*

φαιδρό-νους, ουν, (φαιδρός, νοῦς) *of cheerful, joyous mind.*

φαιδρός, ἁ, ὅν, (φᾶω, φαίνω) *beaming, radiant:*

metaph. *beaming or radiant with joy, jocund, gay.*  
Adv. -δρῶς, *joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. *φαιδρά*  
as Adv. Hence

**φαιδρότης**, ητος, ή, *brightness, lustre.* II. metaph. *joyousness.*

**φαιδρώω**, f. ὥσω, (φαιδρός) *to make bright.* II. metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous.*

**φαιδρύντρια**, ή, *a washer, cleanser.* From

**φαιδρύνω** [ῦ], f. ὕνω: aor. 1 ἐφαιδρῦνα: (φαιδρός):  
—*to make bright, clean, cleanse.* II. metaph. *to cheer, please*:—Pass. *to brighten up with joy.*

**φαιδρ-ωπός**, ὄν, (φαιδρός, ὦψ) *with a bright, joyous look.*

**φαῖην**, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

**φαικάς**, ἄδος, ή, (φάος) *a kind of white shoe.*

**φαῖμεν**, for φαίμεν, 1 pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

**φαινέμεν**, Ep. for φαίνεμεν, inf. of φαίνω.

**φαινέσκειτο**, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.

**φαινόλης**, ου, ὄ, formed from the Lat. *paenula*, *a thick upper garment or cloak.*

**φαινολής**, ἰδος, ή, (φαίνω) *light-bringing.*

**φαινομένηφι**, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι.

**φαίνω**, f. φᾶνω: Att. also φᾶνῶ: aor. 1 ἔφηναι, inf. φῆναι Dor. ἔφᾶνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf.

πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηναι: Pass. and Med. φαί-

νομαι: fut. φᾶνοῦμαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φᾶνήσομαι:

also poet. paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφάνθην,

Ep. 3 sing. φᾶνθη, 3 pl. φᾶνθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep.

inf. φᾶνήμεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φάω). I. *to bring*

*to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or*

*known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence*

*almost to grant, as, γόνον Ἑλένη φαίνειν to grant*

*Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρὰν φαίνειν to pro-*

*claim a levy, call out the array.* 2. *of sound, to*

*make distinct, make ring clear.* 3. *to bring to*

*light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound.* 4.

*in Att. to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform*

*of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles in-*

*formed against as contraband.* 5. aor. 1 med. φῆ-

νασθαι *to shew or display as one's own.* II. intr.

*to give light, shine forth.* 2. *to appear, like the*

*Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηναι.* III.

*Pass. to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or*

*manifest.* 2. *of the rising of heavenly bodies, to*

*appear: ἅμα ἡοῖ φαινομένηφιν at break of day.* 3.

*generally, to appear to be, c. part. or c. inf., which*

*are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting*

*what appears or is likely: φαίνεται c. part. what is*

*apparent or manifest: as, φαίνεται εἶναι be appears*

*or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται ἰὼν be manifestly*

*is.* 4. often in dialogue, φαίνεται σοι ταῦτα; *does*

*this appear so? is not this so? Answ., φαίνεται it*

*does appear so, yes.* 5. the phrase φανῆναι ὁδὸν

*to appear on the road, is shortd. for λέναι ὁδὸν ὥστε*

*φανῆναι: so also, κέλευθον φανείς.* 6. in Att., esp.

*in aor. 1 ἐφάνθην, to be denounced, informed against;*

*see φαίνω 1. 4.*

**ΦΑΙΟ΄Σ**, ἁ, ὄν, *dark, dun, gray*, Lat. *fuscus*. II. also like Lat. *fuscus*, of the voice, *deep, hollow.*

**φαιο-χίτων**, ὤνος, ὄ, ή, (φαιός, χιτῶν) *dark-robed.*

**ΦΑ΄ΚΕΛΟΣ**, ὄ, α *bundle*, Lat. *fasciculus*.

**φᾶκῆ**, ης, ή, (φακός) *a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-porridge.*

**ΦΑ΄ΚΟ΄Σ**, ὄ, the plant *lentil*; also *its fruit*, which was eaten at funerals.

**φᾶλαγγηδόν**, Adv. (φάλαγξ) *in phalanxes.*

**φᾶλάγγιον**, τό, (φάλαγξ) *a venomous kind of spider.*

**φᾶλαγγομάχέω**, f. ἥσω, *to fight with or in a phalanx: to fight in the ranks.* From

**φᾶλαγγο-μάχης**, ου, ὄ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) *one that fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.*

**ΦΑ΄ΛΑΓΞ**, αγγος, ή, in Homer, *a line or order of battle, battle-array*: mostly in plur. *the ranks of an army in battle.* 2. later, *the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep:*

*the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν to lead in*

*phalanx*, Lat. *quadrato agmine.* 3. generally, *the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα).* 4. also *a camp.* II. *a round piece of wood, a trunk or log; φάλαγγες ἐβένου logs of ebony.* III. *a spider: see φάλαγγιον.*

**φάλαγξι**, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

**ΦΑ΄ΛΑΙΝΑ**, ή, *a whale*, Lat. *balaena*: hence of a *devouring monster.* [φᾶ]

**φᾶλάκρα**, ή, (φαλακρός) *baldness, a bald head.*

**φᾶλᾶκρός**, ἁ, ὄν, (φᾶλος) *bald-beaded, bald-pated.*

**φᾶλᾶκρῶ**, f. ὥσω, (φαλακρός) *to make bald: Pass.*

*to become bald.*

**φᾶλανθίας**, ου, ὄ, *a bald man.* From

**φᾶλανθος**, ου, (φᾶλος) = φαλακρός. [φᾶ]

**φᾶλᾶρα**, τά, (φᾶλος) *the cheek-pieces of the helmet.*

II. *the cheek-pieces of horses: generally,*

*trappings.* [φᾶ]

**φᾶλᾶρίς** Ion. **φαληρίς**, ἰδος, ή, (φαλᾶρός) *a coot,*

*Lat. fulica, so called from its bald white head.*

**φᾶλᾶρός**, ἁ, ὄν, Dor. for Ion. **φαληρός**, (φᾶλος)

*having a patch of white, white-crested.*

**Φᾶληρεύς**, ἑως, ὄ, *a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian.*

**φᾶληριάω**, (φαληρός) *to be or become white: Ep.*

*part., κύματα φαληριύωντα waves crested with white*

*foam.*

**Φᾶληρον**, τό, *Phalerum, the western harbour of*

*Athens: Φαληρόθεν from Phalerum; Φαληρόνδε to*

*Phalerum.* [ᾶ]

**φᾶληρός**, ἁ, ὄν, Ion. for **φαλαρός**.

**φᾶλῆς** or **φᾶλης**, ητος, ὄ, = φᾶλλος.

**φᾶλλαινα**, ή, = φᾶλαινα.

**ΦΑΛΛΟ΄Σ**, ὄ, *membrum virile, a figure thereof,*

*which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic*

*orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in*

*nature.*

**ΦΑ΄ΛΟΣ**, ὄ, *a part of the helmet worn by the*



Homeric heroes: either the peak or fore-piece, or perh. a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume (λόφος) was fixed. [α]

φάμα, ἡ, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for ἔφαμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2. poet. for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [α]

φάμεν (enclit.), 1 pl. pres. of φημί.

φάμενα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [α]

φάμι, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poet. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [α]

φάναι, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [α]

φάναι, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνειμεν, Att. for φανείμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Aeol. and poet. for ἔφανησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω: but φάνέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [α]

φάνερός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (φαίνω) open to sight, visible: manifest, evident: freq. joined with part., ἐπισπεύδων φανερὸς ἦν he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ = Adv., φανερώς, plainly, clearly: so, ἐν φανερώ, ἐν τῷ φανερώ, κατὰ τὸ φανερὸν. 2. of persons, known, famous, conspicuous. 3. of property, tangible, real, opp. to money.

φάνερόω, f. ὤσω, (φανερὸς) to make visible or manifest. II. to make known or famous:—Pass. with aor. 1 -ᾶθην:—to become known or famous. Hence φανερῶς, Adv. of φανερὸς, openly, manifestly: Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φάνέρωσις, ἡ, a making visible: a manifestation. φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [α]

φάνη, ἡ, (φαίνω) a torch: in plur. φανάι, torch-processions.

φάνη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω.

φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [α]

φάνημεναι, for φανῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω.

φάνησομαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φάνιον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), a small torch, taper.

φάνοιην, for φανοῖμι, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φάνός, ἡ, ὄν, (φαίνω) light, bright; τὸ φανόν brightness:—of garments, washed clean. 2. bright, joyous, like φαιδρός. Comp. and Sup. φανότερος, -έτατος. [α]

φάνός, also πάνός, ὁ, (φαίνω) a lamp, lantern, torch.

φάνομαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. ᾶσω, (φαίνω) to make visible, clear or manifest. II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. I ἔφαντάσθην:—to become visible, appear, shew oneself. 2. to make a show or parade, Lat. se ostentare. 3. φαντάζεσθαι τινι to be like, assume a likeness to some one. 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συγκοφαντεῖσθαι, to be informed against. Hence

φαντάσια, ἡ, a making visible, displaying. 2. display, parade, Lat. ostentatio. II. as a term

of philosophy, the power of the mind, by which it places objects before itself, presentative power.

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) an appearance, image, phantom, like φάσμα: also a vision, dream. 2. an image presented to the mind by an object, Lat. visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.

φαντί, Dor. for φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φῶς, φωτός: Ep. also φῶς: (φάω):—light, daylight; ἐν φάει by daylight; ἔτι φάους ὄντος while there was still daylight; often in phrases ὄραν φάος ἡλείοιο, or φάος βλέπειν, to see the light of the sun, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ἡλείοιο, i. e. to be dead; εἰς φῶς λέναι to come into the light, i. e. into public. 2. the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light. II. metaph. light, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ὦ μέγιστον Ἑλλησιν φάος O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. III. plur. φάεα, the eyes, Lat. lumina: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΡΑΓΞ [φᾶ], αγγος, ἡ, a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully. (Akin to φάρνγξ.)

φάρᾶω, to flough.

φάρετρα Ion. -τρη, ἡ, (φέρω) a quiver for carrying arrows, Lat. pbaretra. Hence

φάρετρεών, ὄνος, ὁ, = φάρετρα.

φάρετριον, τό, Dim. of φάρετρα, a small quiver.

φάρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φάρετρα, φέρω) quiver-bearing.

Φαρισαῖος, ον, ὁ, a Pharisee: pl. οἱ Φαρισαῖοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison. II. to require medicine, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμακεία, ἡ, (φαρμακεύω) the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery.

φαρμακία, ἡ, poet. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, εως, ὁ, (φάρμακον) one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner: fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τι εἰς τὸν ποταμὸν to use a thing as a charm to calm the river. 2. c. acc. pers. to drug, purge.

φαρμακίς, ἰδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, a sorceress, witch.

φαρμακόεις, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) drugged, poisonous.

ΦΑΡΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσον a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύπης, a remedy against grief. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα or καταπλαστά plasters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

pills, and πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts or potions. II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. III. an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also a means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίας an expedient to procure safety. V. a means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμάκο-ποσία, ἡ, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμάκο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (φάρμακον, πωλέω) one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

φαρμάκος, ὁ, ἡ, (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύς. II. one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an arrant rascal, polluted wretch, Lat. homo piacularis.

φαρμάκο-τρίβης [Υ], ὁ, (φάρμακον, τριβῆναι) one who grinds and prepares drugs or colours.

φαρμάκω, f. ὦσω, (φάρμακον) to endue with healing power.

φαρμάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμαι: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. II. to enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [ᾱ] or φάρος [ᾱ], εὖς, τό, a cloth, sheet, web: sail-cloth. II. a wide, loose cloak or mantle, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; πύματον φάρος my last rag.

Φάρος, ἡ, Pharos, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as appellat. φάρος, ὁ, a lighthouse.

φάρωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φάραω.

φάρσος, εὖς, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσέα πόλιος the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ἡ or ὁ, gen. ὕγος, (φάρω) the throat. II. a gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth: cf. φάραγξ. [ᾱ]

ΦΑΡΩ, f. φάρω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part.

φάς, φᾶσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

φασγάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of φάσγανον, a knife.

φάσγανον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to cut with, a sword.

φασγᾶν-ουργός, ὢν, (φάσγανον, \*ἔργω) forging swords.

φᾶσε, Dor. and poet. for ἔφησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of φημί.

φάσηλος [ᾱ], ὁ, a sort of bean, Lat. phaselus. II. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

φᾶσί, 3 pl. of φημί.

Φᾶσιανικός, ἡ, ὢν, from the river Phasis, but with a play on συκο-φαντικός, informing-like.

Φᾶσιανός, ὢν, (Φᾶσις) from the river Phasis: hence ὁ φασιανός (sub. ὄρνις) the Phasian bird, pheasant,

Lat. phasianus: but Φασιανός ὠνήρ with a play on συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιανικός.

φάσις, εὖς, ἡ, for φάνσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [ᾱ]

φάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence. II. affirmation, assertion. [ᾱ]

Φᾶσις, εὖς, ὁ, the river Phasis in Colchis or Pontos.

φάσκω, impf. ἔφασκον Ep. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of φημί):=φημί, to say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. prae se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do.

φάσμα, αὖτος, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα ἀνδρός the phantom of a man. 2. a sign from heaven, a portent, omen. 3. a monster, prodigy, portent; φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull.

ΦΑΨΣΑ Att. φάττα, ἡ, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. palumbes.

φασσο-φόνος, ὢν, (φάσσα, \*φένω) dove-killing, of the hawk; as Subst., φασσοφόνος, ὁ, name of a kind of hawk.

φᾶσῶ, φᾶσεῖς, Dor. for φήσω, φήσεις, fut. of φημί. φᾶτέ, 2 plur. of φημί.

φᾶτειός, ἄ, ὢν, (φημί) poet. for φατός, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φᾶτέον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φᾶτί, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing. pres. of φημί.

φᾶτίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω: aor. 1 ἐφάτισα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφατίσθην: pf. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτις):—to say, speak, report; τὸ φατιζόμενον used absol., as the saying is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. III. to call, name.

φάτις, εὖς Ion. εὖς, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, report; κατὰ φάτιν as the report goes; ἡ φάτις ἔχει μιν the report goes of him. II. one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. III. the saying, answer of an oracle. [ᾱ]

φάτην, ἡ, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib.

φάτο, Ep. for ἔφατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φᾶτός, ἡ, ὢν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., οὐ φᾶτός unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous.

φάττα, ἡ, Att. for φάσσα.

φαυλ-επί-φαυλος, (φαῦλος, ἐπί, φαῦλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (φαῦλος) to hold cheap, to depreciate, disparage.

ΦΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὢν, also ος, ὢν, like φλαῦρος, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad. II. of persons, low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account; οἱ φαῦλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated, as opp. to οἱ σοφοί. 2. of outward appearance, ugly, mean-looking. 3. careless, thoughtless.

φαυλότης, ἡτος, ἡ, meanness, paltriness. 2. want of accomplishments; ἡ ἐμὴ φαυλότης my lack of judgment.

φαύλως, Adv. of φαῦλος, easily, lightly; φαύλως



φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2. at a rough guess; φαύλως λογίσασθαι to estimate *roughly*; φαύλως εἰπεῖν to speak *loosely*.

φauσίμ-βροτος, ον, = φαεσίμβροτος.

ΦΑΨΩ, Root of φαίνω, to give light, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦΕΨΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΤΤΟΣ, εος, τό, light, splendour, lustre: sunlight, daylight; δεκάτῳ φέγγει ἔτους, periphr. for in the tenth year. II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence φέγγω, to make bright:—Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φείδεο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, spare thrifty meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate together the same frugal meal. 2. also the common ball, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΙΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πεφιδήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφεισάμην Ep. φεισάμην: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 πεφιδόμην, opt. πεφιδόμην, πεφιδόιτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. parcere, c. gen.: of provisions, to use sparingly or thriftily: also to draw back or from, turn away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly, thriftily, charily.

φειδώ, όος contr. οὐς, ή, (φείδομαι) a sparing, refraining. II. thrift, stinginess.

φειδωλή and φειδωλία, ή, = φειδώ. From φειδωλός, ή, όν, (φειδώ) sparing, thrifty, chary of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλός χρημάτων sparing of money. Adv. -λώς, sparingly, thriftily.

φείσασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of φείδομαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of φείδομαι.

φειστέον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare.

φελλεύς, έως, ό, stony ground or soil: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλινος, η, ον, (φελλός) made of cork.

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. φελλεύς.

φελλό-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, neut. -πουν, (φελλός, πούς) cork-footed.

ΦΕΛΛΟΣ, ό, the cork-tree, Lat. quercus suber. 2. the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. cortex.

φενάκίζω, f. ίσω, (φέναι) to play the impostor, cheat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick:—Pass. to be cheated. Hence

φενάκισμός, ό, quackery, imposture, trickery.

ΦΕΝΑΞ, άκος, ό, a cheat, quack, impostor.

\*ΦΕΝΩ, to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. aor. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. ἐπεφνον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part. πέφνων (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:—Pass., pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσεαι.

φερ-ανθήs, έs, (φέρω, άνθος) bringing flowers.

φέρ-ασπιs, ίδος, ό, ή, (φέρω, άσπίς) shield-bearing.

φερ-αυγήs, έs, (φέρω, αύγή) bringing light, shining.

ΦΕΨΩ, plqpf. ἐπεφέρβειν:—to feed, nourish: to preserve. II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: hence to eat, consume, Lat. depasci: metaph. to feed on.

III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing; φέρβεσθαι νόον to feed one's mind.

φερ-έγγυος, ον, (φέρω, έγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, capable, competent: c. inf., λιμήν φερέγγυος διασώσαι τὰς νέας a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty:—cf. έχέγγυος.

φερέμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελίης, poet. for φερεμελίης, ον, ό, (φέρω, μελία) a warrior bearing an aspen spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

φερέ-νίκος, ον, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory, victorious.

φερέ-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οίκος) carrying one's house with one, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, ό, the house-carrier, i. e. snail: cf. πουλύπους, άνόστεις.

φερέ-πονος, ον, (φέρω, πόνος) bringing trouble or sorrow.

φερέσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φερεσ-σάκης, έs, gen. έός, (φέρω, σάκος) shield-bearing, heavy-armed.

φερε-στάφυλος, ον, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρετρον contr. φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat. feretrum.

φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.

φέριστος, η, ον, like φέρτατος, stoutest, bravest, best: mostly in addresses, ώ φέριστε.

φέρμα, ατος, τό, (φέρω) that which is borne, a load, burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.

φερνή, ή, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife, a dowry, portion, Lat. dos; φερναί πολέμου the dowry of war, i. e. a wife won in battle.

φείροισα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάτιον Att. Φερρεφάτιον, τό, a temple or sanctuary of Persephone. From

Φερσέφασσα Att. -ττα, and Φερρέφαττα, ή, = Περσέφασσα, -ττα, Περσεφώνη, Proserpine.

Φερσεφώνη, ή, = Περσεφώνη.

φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From φέρω, as Lat. fortis from fero.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better, mightier, more powerful. See φέρτατος.

φερτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne, enduring.

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΡΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρτε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root \*ΟΙΩ comes the fut. οἶσω, med. οἶσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσέμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root \*ΕΝΕΤΚΩ come aor. 1 ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεια Ep. ἐνεια, subj. ἐνείκω, inf. ἐνείκαι; aor. 2 ἤνεγκον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνείκμεν; Ion. aor. 1 pass. ἤνείχθην; 3 pl. aor. 1 med. ἤνείκαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut. pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἤνέχθην. I. like Lat. FERO, to bear or carry a load.

II. to bear along, with an idea of motion added, as of horses, ἄρμα φέρειν, etc.

III. to bear, endure, suffer, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it; opp. to κούφως φέρειν τι, Lat. leviter ferre, to bear a thing cheerfully, take it easily.

IV. to fetch: to bring, present, give; δῶρα φέρειν to bring presents; and Med. to bring with one or for one's own use:—χάριν τινὶ φέρειν to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness; but later, to shew gratitude to one. 2. to occasion, cause, work; as, κακόν or πῆμα φέρειν. 3. to bring in, pay, discharge; φόρον or δασμὸν φέρειν to pay tribute; τιμὴν φέρειν to pay a fine. 4. ψῆφον φέρειν to give one's vote, Lat. ferre suffragium.

V. to bear, bring forth, produce: absol. of the earth or of trees, to bear fruit, be fruitful: metaph. to bring in, yield, produce; ἀγῶν ὃ τὸ πᾶν φέρων the contest that bestows everything.

VI. to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ ἄγειν, Lat. agere et ferre, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἄγειν to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν to rob. 2. to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain: also to receive one's due, e. g. to receive pay:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀέθλον φέρεσθαι to carry off a prize; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι to win and hold the first, the second rank: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, to lead to a place; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρει, like Lat. via fert or ducit. 2. of a tract of country, to stretch, extend, verge to or towards: metaph. to lead or tend to an end or object; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, to contribute or conduce to or towards. 3. to aim at, hint or point at, refer to a thing; ἐς ἀρτίους ἀγῶνας φέρον τὸ μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers.,

πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη, c. inf., his opinion inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμφέρει, it tends [to one's interest], is expedient. VIII. to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι to be well or ill spoken of. 2. to be carried about, to be in circulation.

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., bear, carry, bring: but, like ἄγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., come, now, well, before the 1 sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω come let me hear; φέρε στήσωμεν come let us set.

Pass. to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily; to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along, Lat. ferri; ἰθὺς φέρεσθαι to rush right upon; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινήτας bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλήῃ bearing down she ran into a friendly ship. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, to hasten, run, fly, speed. 3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., to turn out, prosper well or ill; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad state.

ΦΕΥ, Exclamation of grief or anger, ab! alas! woe! like Lat. vab, vae, our sye!: c. gen., φεῦ τῆς Ἑλλάδος woe for Hellas! II. of astonishment or admiration, ab! ob!

φευγέμεν, -έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω. φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat., let them flee: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥΓΩ, Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῦμαι; aor. 2 ἔφϋγον; pf. act. πέφυγα, pass. (inact. sense) πέφυγμαι: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζότες, as if from φύζω:—to flee, take flight: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγὴν to flee in flight: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδόν] to flee [the way] by the sea. 2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour to flee, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ὥς φεύγων προφύγη κακὸν ἢ ἄλῃ it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν. 3. φεύγειν ὑπό τινος to flee before any one. 4. c. inf. to shun or shrink from doing: absol. to fear, flinch.

II. c. acc. to flee, shun, avoid: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγον ἡνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένος μοῖραν, ὄλεθρον having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλων escaped from toils.

III. to flee one's country for a crime; φεύγειν ὑπό τινος to be banished by one: hence to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished, Lat. exulare. IV. as Att. law-term, to be accused or prosecuted at law, opp. to διώκω: hence, ὁ φεύγων the accused, defend-



*ant*, Lat. *reus*, ὁ διώκων *the accuser, prosecutor*; c. acc., φεύγειν γραφήν or δίκην *to be put on one's trial* on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνον (sc. δίκην) *to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e. to be charged with murder*.

φεύζω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐφευξα:—*to cry* φεῦ, *cry* ωε, *wail*. (From φεῦ, as οἰμῶζω from οἶμοι, αἰάζω from αἶ αἶ.)

φευκτίον, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *one must flee*.

φευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided*.

φευξείω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, *to wish or desire to flee*.

φεύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φύξις.

φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῦμαι, fut. of φεύγω.

φεύξω, fut. of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

ΦΕΨΑΛΟΣ, ου, ὁ, and φεψάλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, *a spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes*. Hence

φεψάλλω, f. ὦσω, *to reduce to ashes, to burn up*.

φεψάλυξ, υγος, ὁ, = φέψαλος. [α]

φή, Ion. for ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγίνεος, α, ον, and φηγίνος, η, ον, (φηγός) *oaken, of oak*, Lat. *faginus*.

φηγινοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φηγινέος.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ἡ, *a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. fagus (beech)*. II. *the esculent fruit of the same tree*.

φήη, Ep. for φῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί

φήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, (φηλός) *deceiver, name of a wildfig, which seems ripe when it is not really so*.

φηλητεύω, f. σω, *to cheat, deceive, trick*. From

φηλήτης, ου, or φηλητής, οὖν, ὁ, (φηλός) *a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief*.

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *deceitful, knavish*. Hence

φηλόω, f. ὦσω, *to deceive, cheat, trick*. Hence

φήλωμα, ατος, τό, *a deceit, deception, cheat*.

φήμη Dor. φάμα, ἡ, Lat. *fama*, (φημί) *a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury*.

II. *any voice or words, a speech, saying: also a song*. 2. *a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage*.

3. like Lat. *fama*, *a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character*.

4. *a message*.

ΦΗΜΙ, φῆς, φησί: aor. 2 ἔφην (the impf. being ἔφασκον, see φάσκω), ἔφησθα Ep. φῆσθα, ἔφη; imperat. φάθι; inf. φάναι; part. φάς, φάσα, φάν: fut.

φήσω: aor. 1 ἔφησα. Med., aor. 2 ἐφάμην [α], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 ἐφάμην; also pf. pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep.

forms 1 pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φαίημεν; 3 sing. subj. φῆη for φῆ; aor. 2 φῆν, φῆς, φῆ, for ἔφην, ἔφης, ἔφη, and 3 pl. ἔφαν, φάν for ἔφασαν; med.

imperat. φάο for φάσο:—Ἡμί is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσκω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic.

φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φῆς. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts:

hence, *to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine*, esp. in Med.; ἴσον ἐμοὶ φάσθαι *to fancy himself equal to*

me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its pronoun, as, ἔφην ἐγὼ *said I*; ἔφη ὁ Σωκράτης *said Socrates*: φημί is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, ἔφη λέγων, ἔλεγε φάς, etc. II. φημί

often means, *to say yes, affirm, assert*: opp. to οὐ φημι or φημί οὐχί, *to say no, deny, refuse*.

φημίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ Dor. ἰζω: aor. 1 ἐφήμισα: (φήμη):—*to speak, utter, name*:—Med. *to express in words*.

φήμις, ιος, ἡ, poet. for φήμη, *speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δῆμοιο φήμις the voice or judgment of the people*.

φήν, Ep. for ἔφην, aor. 2 of φημί.

φήναι, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.

φήναι, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of φαίνω.

ΦΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, *a kind of vulture*.

φήρ, ὁ, gen. φήρος, Aeol. for θήρ, esp. in plur. Φῆρες, *the Centaurs*.

φηρο-μάνης, ες, gen. έος, (φήρ, μανῆναι) *madly fond of wild animals or hunting*.

φῆς, 2 sing. of φημί: but 2. φῆς, Ep. for ἔφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήτρη, ἡ, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φθάνω.

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of φθάνω. [α]

φθάν, Ep. for ἔφθασαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

ΦΘΑ'ΝΩ, fut. φθήσομαι, later also φθάσω [α]:

aor. 1 ἐφθάσα: aor. 2 ἔφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for ἔφθασαν, subj. φθῶ, Ep. 3 sing. φθήη and φθήσιν, Ep. 1 pl. φθέωμεν, 3 pl. φθέωσιν, opt. φθαίην, inf. φθῆναι, part.

φθάς: pf. ἔφθακα: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. φθάμενος [α]: Dor. fut. φθαξῶ, aor. 1 ἐφθαξα. To come before, do,

reach before; ὁ φθάσας *the first comer*; φθάνειν εἰς τὴν πόλιν *to come first into the city*:—c. acc. pers.

*to be beforehand with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate*, Lat. *praevenire*; and sometimes simply *to arrive*;

ἔφθησαν τὸν χειμῶνα *they anticipated the storm*; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the

agent, ἔφθη βαλὼν αὐτόν *he was beforehand in striking him*; ἢ κε πολὺ φθαίη πόλις ἀλούσα *the city would be beforehand in being taken, i.e. it would be taken first*.

II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. *before, sooner, first*;

ἔφθην ἀφικόμενος *I came sooner or first*: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb,

οὐκ ἄλλος φθὰς ἐμεῦ κατήγορος ἔσται *no other shall be an accuser before me*; φθάσας προσπεσοῦμαι *I will first fall upon you*; so part. φθάσας with imperat.,

λέγε φθάσας *speak quickly*. III. φθάνειν with οὐ and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*,

denotes two actions following close on each other, οὐ φθάνει ἐξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς ὁμοίως ἔστι *no sooner is he brought out than he is like*; οὐκ ἔφθη μοι συμβάσα ἡ ἀτυχία καὶ εὐθὺς ἐπεχείρησαν *scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they at-*

*tempted*. IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω de-

notes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἂν φθάνοις; will you not be quick and run off? i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἂν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθείρω.

φθαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθείρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθᾶς, φθᾶσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι: aor. 1 ἐφθεγγάμην: pf. ἐφθεγγαί: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσθαι ἔπος to utter or say a word. III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.

φθείμεν, Ep. for φθέωμεν, φθῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΪΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρός, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine.

φθειριάω, f. ἄσω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τραγέω, f. ἡσω, (φθείρ, τραγεῖν) to eat lice, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθείρ.

φθείρω, fut. φθερῶ Ep. φθέρσω: aor. 1 ἐφθειρα: pf. ἐφθακα, pf. 2 ἐφθορα: Pass., pf. ἐφθαρμαι, 3 pl. ἐφθάρηται: aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [ᾱ]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθείρου was a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθερσί-γενής, ἐς, (φθείρω, γένος) destroying the race or family.

φθέωμεν, φθέωσιν, Ep. for φθῶμεν, φθῶσιν, 1 and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for ἐφθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

φθῆη, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

φθῆσιν, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, ας, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ἡ, Phtbia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [ῖ]

Φθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Φθίος, a Phtbian woman.

φθίεται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Phtbia. [ῖ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Phtbia. [ῖ]

φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω. [ῖ]

φθινάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φθίνω) intr. perishing, wasting,

waning.

II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδες wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθίνω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [ῖ]

φθινάω and φθινέω, (φθίνω) to waste or pine.

φθινό-καρπος, ον, (φθίνω, καρπός) with blighted fruit.

φθινοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φθινοπωρον) autumnal.

φθινοπωρίς, ἴδος, fem. of φθινοπωρινός.

φθιν-όπωρον, τό, (φθίνω, ὄπωρα) the last part of ὄπωρα or the time after ὄπωρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθινύθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [ῖ]

φθινύθω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II.

trans. to consume, waste. [ῖ]

ΦΘΙ'ΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [ῖ]

φθίωμα, Ep. for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.

Φθίος, α, ον, (Φθία) Phtbian; οἱ Φθίοι the Phtbians.

φθίσεσθαι [ῖ], fut. med. inf. of φθίνω.

φθίς-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φθίνω, ἀνὴρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω, φθίνω.

φθίσίμ-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότος) man-destroying.

φθίσις, εως, ἡ, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [ῖ]

φθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω: but, 2.

φθίτο [ῖ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθίτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed,

dead; οἱ φθιτοί the dead.

ΦΘΙ'Ω, impf. ἐφθίον, more common in form

ΦΘΙ'ΝΩ [ῖ Hom., ῖ Att.]: fut. φθίσομαι [ῖ]: pf. pass.

(in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμαι: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [ῖ]:

—but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3

pl. ἐφθίετο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίομαι, 3 sing. φθί-

εται (for φθίηται), 1 pl. φθιόμεσθαι (for φθιόμεθα);

opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτο; inf. φθίσθαι; part. φθί-

μενος [ῖ]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away,

perish, die; οἱ φθιμένοι the dead: of Time, πρὶν κεν

νύξ φθίτο first would the night come to an end;

φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθινόντων

in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end:

in Homer's time, the month was divided into two

parts, μὴν ἱστάμενος and μὴν φθίνων, as in phrase,

τοῦ μὲν φθινόντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at

the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at

Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μὴν

ἱστάμενος, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίνων; in the two first

of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the

last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither,

die. II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [ῖ], aor. 1 act.

ἐφθίσα (like βῆσω, ἐβησα):—to make to decline, de-

cay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc.,

to waste, squander.

Φθιώτης, ον, ὁ, (Φθία) a man of Phtbia:—fem.

Φθιώτις, ἴδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Phtbia.

φθογγή, ἡ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, the voice of

men: also the cry of animals.



φθόγγος, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.

ΦΘΟΥΣ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθοῖς, a kind of cake.

φθονερός, ἄ, ὄν, (φθόνος) envious, jealous; τὸ θεῖον πάν ἐστι φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous. Adv. φθονερώς ἔχειν to be enviously disposed.

φθονέω, ἰ. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήθην: (φθόνος):—to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will; c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι εὖ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μὴ φθονήσης bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, οὐ τοι ἡμῶν φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules.

2. c. acc. rei, to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy. 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέοιμι ἀγορεύσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθόνησαν ἄνδρα ἕνα τῆς τε Ἀσίας καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεῦσαι they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe. 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, to be envied or begrudged, Lat. invidetur (in Horace). Hence φθόνησις, εὖς, ἡ, an envying, a being jealous or grudging: envy.

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia: οὐδεὶς φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθόνος jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυσον intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy.

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἡ, (ἐφθορα) corruption, decay: destruction, ruin: also a mortality, perdition, death. 2. seduction of a woman. II. moral corruption, depravity, wickedness.

φθόρος, ὁ, = φθορά, destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἄπει]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin? i. e. go bang. II. like ὄλεθρος, a pestilent fellow.

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑΛΗ [ἄ], ἡ, a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:—from its broad flat shape, Ἀρεος φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaph. for ἀσπίς a shield.

φιάλλω, ἰ. φιάλῳ, to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φιαρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. φιερός, ἡ, ὄν (πῖαρ) sleek, plump.

φιβάλεοι Att. φιβάλεω, αἰ, with or without ἰσχάδες, a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλις, a district of Attica or Megaris.

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) wilfully thoughtless, wayward.

φιλ-ἀγαθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) loving goodness.

φιλ-ἀγλαός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγλαός) loving splendour.

φιλ-ἀγραιλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγραιλος) fond of a country life. [ἄγρ]

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἄγρᾱ) a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἰδος, a huntress.

φιλ-ἀγρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) fond of the country or of a country life.

φιλ-ἀγρυπνος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρυπνος) fond of waking or watching, wakeful. [ἄγρ]

φιλ-ἀγων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἀγών) fond of contests: used in contests. [ἄ]

φιλἀδελφία, ἡ, brotherly or sisterly love. From φιλ-ἀδελφος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly. [ἄ]

φιλ-ἀέθλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀέθλον) fond of the games.

φιλ-ἀθηναῖος, ὄν (φίλος, Ἀθηναῖος) fond of the Athenians.

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αἰακτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰάξω) fond of wailing: lamentable.

φιλ-αιδήμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (φίλος, αἰδώς) loving modesty.

φιλ-αἰμάτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἷμα) fond of blood, blood-thirsty.

φιλαιτέρος, α, ὄν and φιλαίτατος, ἡ, ὄν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, dearer, dearest.

φιλ-αἰτιος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰτία) fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious. II. liable to blame.

φιλ-ἀκόλουθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) readily following.

φιλ-ἀκράτος Ion. -ἀκρητος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκρατος) fond of sheer wine: given to wine. [ἄκρ]

φιλᾶμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φιλάμενος, poet. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἀμπελος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄμπελος) friend of the vine.

φιλανδρία, ἡ, love for a husband: love for men. From φιλ-ανδρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνὴρ) loving one's husband, conjugal. II. loving men. [ἰ]

φιλ-ανθήης, ἑς, (φίλος, ἀνθος) fond of flowers.

φιλ-ανθράκευς, ἑως, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) friend of colliers.

φιλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιλανθρωπεύομαι, to act humanely or kindly.

φιλανθρωπία, ἡ, (φιλάνθρωπος) love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindness, clemency: in plur. acts of humanity or kindness.

φιλ-ἀνθρωπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνθρωπος) loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind. Hence

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. humanely, kindly: Sup. -ύτατα, most humanely.

φιλ-ἀνὼρ [ἄ], ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for φιλήνωρ, (φίλος, ἀνὴρ) loving one's husband, affectionate.

φιλ-αιοδός, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰοδός) fond of singing or singers.

φίλαοιδῶ, Dor. gen. of φίλαοιδός.

φιλ-ἀπεχθημοσύνη, ἡ, fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels: in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From

φῖλ-ἄπεχθήμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (φίλος, ἀπεχθάνομαι) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling.* Adv. —μόνος.

φῖλ-ἄπλοϊκός, *ή, όν*, (φίλος, ἀπλόος) *fond of simplicity or frankness.*

φῖλ-ἀπόδημος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) *fond of going abroad or travelling.*

φῖλαργῦρία, *ή*, *love of money, covetousness.* From

φῖλ-ἀργῦρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀργυρος) *fond of money, covetous, avaricious.*

φῖλ-ἀριστείδης, *ον, ό*, (φίλος, Ἀριστείδης) *a friend of Aristides.*

φῖλ-ἀρμάτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄρμα) *fond of chariots or the chariot-race.*

φῖλαρχία, *ή*, *love of rule, lust of power.* From

φῖλ-αρχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀρχή) *fond of rule, ambitious.*

[φῖλ]  
φῖλᾱσε, —άσας, Dor. for ἐφίλησε, φιλήσας.

φῖλᾱσεῖ, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω.

φῖλ-αστράγαλος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) *fond of playing at dice.* [τρᾱ]

φῖλ-ἄσωτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄσωτος) *fond of profligacy.*

φῖλᾱτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of φιλέω. [ῖ]

φῖλ-αυλος, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐλός) *fond of the flute.* [ῖ]

φῖλ-αυτος, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐτοῦ) *fond of oneself, self-loving, selfish.* Adv. —τως. [ῖ]

φῖλέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. imperf. of φιλέω.

φῖλ-έθειρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔθειρα) *loving the hair, i.e. worn in the hair.*

φῖλ-έλλην, *ηνος, ό, ή*, (φίλος, Ἑλλην) *fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.*

φῖλ-έννυχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔννυχος) *loving night.*

φῖλέοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl. of φιλέω.

φῖλέοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω: but also pres. part. dat. sing.

φῖλ-έορτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐορτή) *fond of feasts or holidays.*

φῖλ-ἐπιτιμητής, *ου, ό*, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) *fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.*

φῖλ-εραστής, *ου, ό*, (φίλος, ἐραστής) *dear to lovers.*

φῖλεργία, *ή*, *love of labour, industry.* From

φῖλ-εργός, *όν*, (φίλος, ἔργον) *loving work, working willingly, industrious.*

φῖλ-ἐρίθος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐρίθος) *fond of wool-spinning.*

φῖλ-ερως, *ωτος, ό, ή*, (φίλος, ἔρως) *prone to love, full of love.* [ῖ]

φῖλ-ἑσπερος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑσπέρα) *fond of evening.*

φῖλεταιρία, *ή*, *love of comrades, friendship.* From

φῖλ-ἐταιρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐταῖρος) *fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them.* Adv. —πως.

φῖλ-εὐϊος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐοῖ) *loving the cry of εὐοῖ, epith. of Bacchus.*

φῖλ-εὐ-λειχος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐ, λείχω) *fond of dainties.*

φῖλ-ευνος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐνή) *fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed.* [ῖ]

φιλεῦντα, φιλεῦντι, φιλεῦσα, Dor. for φιλοῦντα, φιλοῦντι, φιλοῦσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φῖλ-εὐτακτος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐτακτος) *fond of order.*

φῖλ-ἐφηβος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔφηβος) *fond of youths.*

φῖλ-εχθής, *ές, γεν. έος*, (φίλος, ἔχθος) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.*

φιλέω, *ῖ. ήσω*: aor. 1 ἐφίλησα: pf. πεφίληκα: Med., Ep. aor. 1 ἐφιλάμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλωνται; part. φιλάμενος in pass. sense, *beloved*; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paullo.-p. fut. πεφιλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφιλήθην: pf. πεφίλημαι: (φίλος):—*to love*: Pass. *to be beloved* by one. From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, *to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend*; παρ' ἡμῖν φιλήσεται *thou shalt be welcome with us.* 2. *to shew signs of love, esp. to kiss*; φιλεῖν τῷ στόματι *to kiss on the mouth*:—Med. *to kiss one another.* 3. *to like, be fond of, practise.* II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, *to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do*: impers., φιλεῖ γίνεσθαι *it is wont to happen, usually, happens*: absol., οἷα δὴ φιλεῖ *as is wont, Lat. ut solet.* [ῖ, except in Ep. aor. ἐφιλάμην.]

φίλη, *ή, fem. of φίλος, a mistress.* [ῖ]  
φίληδέω, *to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat.* From

φῖλ-ηδής, *ές*, (φίλος, ἡδός) *loving pleasure.* Hence  
φῖληδία, *ή*, (φιληδέω) *fondness for pleasure, delight.*  
φῖλ-ἡδονος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡδονή) *fond of pleasure.* 2. *causing pleasure.*

φῖληκοῖα, *ή*, *fondness for listening, attentiveness.* From

φῖλ-ήκοος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀκοή) *fond of listening: fond of bearing discussions.*

φῖλ-ηλάκατος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡλακάτη) *fond of the spindle.* [ᾱ]

φῖλ-ηλιαστής, *ου, ό*, (φίλος, ἡλιαστής) *one who delights in trials, esp. as a jurymen in the court Heliaca.*

φίλημα, *ατος, τό*, (φιλέω) *a kiss.* [ῖ]  
φῖλημάτιον, *τό*, Dim. of φίλημα, *a little kiss.*

φῖλήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of φιλέω.  
φίλημι, Aeol. for φιλέω. [ῖ]

φῖλημοσύνη, *ή*, (φιλέω) *friendliness.*

φῖλ-ηνιος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡνία) *obeying the rein, tractable.*

φῖλ-ἡρετμος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡρετμός) *loving the oar, fond of the sea.*

φίλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, aor. 1 of φιλέω. [ῖ]  
φῖλησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω.

φῖλησί-μολπος, *ον*, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.

φῖλητέον, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, *one must love.*

φῖλητής, *ου, ό*, *a kisser, lover.*

φῖλήτωρ, *ορος, ό*, = φῖλητής, *a lover.*

φιλία Ion. φιλίη, *ή*, (φιλέω) *love, friendship, Lat. amicitia; φιλία ἡ ἐμή, ἡ σή friendship for me, for thee.*

φῖλικός, *ή, όν*, (φίλος) *of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate; φιλικά proofs or marks of friendship.*

Adv. —κῶς, *in a kind, friendly way*: Comp. φιλικώτερον; Sup. —ώτατα.

φίλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (φίλος) *of or from a friend, friendly, kindly*: opp. to πολέμιος, *friendly, in alliance with one*: ἡ φιλία (sc. χώρα) *a friendly*



country, opp. to ἡ πολεμία. 2. Ζεὺς φίλιος, Jove as god of friendship. II. beloved, dear. Adv. φιλίως, in a friendly way. [φί]  
**Φιλίππειος**, α, ον, of Philip.  
**Φιλίππῆσιος**, ον, (Φίλιπποι) of or from Philip: as Subst. a Philippiian.  
**Φιλίππιζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (Φίλιππος) to be on Philip's side or party, to Philippiize.  
**Φίλιπποι**, αἱ, a town in Thrace.  
**φίλ-ιππος**, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of horses: Sup. φιλιππότατος. II. as masc. pr. n., Philip. [φί]  
**φιλίτιον**, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον.  
**φιλίων**, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer.  
**φιλίως**, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.  
**φίλο-βακχος**, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.  
**φιλο-γαθής**, ἐς, Dor. for φιλογηθής.  
**φίλο-γαιος**, ον, (φίλος, γαῖα) loving the earth.  
**φίλο-γάμος**, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage.  
**φιλο-γαστροίδας**, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.  
**φιλο-γέλοιος**, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.  
**φίλο-γελως**, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.  
**φιλογεωργία**, ἡ, fondness for farming or for a country life. From  
**φιλο-γεωργός**, ὄν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.  
**φιλο-γηθής** Dor. -γαθής, ἐς, gen. ἑος, (φίλος, γῆθος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.  
**φίλο-δαφνος**, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.  
**φίλο-δενδρος**, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees.  
**φιλο-δέσποτος**, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.  
**φίλο-δημος**, ον, (φίλος, δῆμος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.  
**φιλοδικέω**, f. ἥσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From  
**φίλο-δίκος**, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: litigious.  
**φίλ-οδίτης**, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, ὁδίτης) a friend of travellers. [ί]  
**φίλο-δοξος**, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving honour or glory.  
**φίλο-δουπος**, (φίλος, δοῦπος) loving noise.  
**φίλ-όδυρτος**, ον, (φίλος, ὀδύρομαι) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.  
**φίλο-δωρος**, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -ρως.  
**φιλο-εργός**, ὄν, (φίλος, ἔργον) fond of work, industrious.  
**φιλο-ξέφυρος**, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-wind.  
**φίλο-ζωος**, ον, (φίλος, ζῷον) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζῷον) fond of animals.  
**φιλο-θεάμων** [α], ον, (φίλος, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.  
**φίλο-θεος**, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.  
**φιλοθηρία**, ἡ, love of hunting, love of the chase. From

**φίλο-θηρος**, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of hunting.  
**φίλο-θουκυδίδης**, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of Thucydides.  
**φίλο-θρηνής**, ἐς, (φίλος, θρήνος) fond of wailing or lamentation.  
**φίλο-θύτης**, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [υ]  
**φίλο-θύτος**, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλόθυστα ἔργα sacrifices offered with zeal.  
**φίλ-οικόδομος**, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of building.  
**φίλ-οικτίρμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οἰκτεῖρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μόνως.  
**φίλ-οίκτιστος**, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίζω) = φίλοικτος.  
**φίλ-οικτος**, ον, (φίλος, οἶκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [ι]  
**φίλοινία**, ἡ, love, fondness of wine. From  
**φίλ-οῖνος**, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine.  
**φίλ-οίφης**, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.  
**φιλοκαλέω**, f. ἥσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From  
**φίλο-κάλος**, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of honour, seeking honour.  
**φιλο-καμπής**, ἐς, gen. ἑος, (φίλος, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.  
**φιλο-καρποφόρος**, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.  
**φιλοκερδεια**, ἡ, (φιλοκερδής) love of gain.  
**φιλοκερδέω**, f. ἥσω, to be greedy of gain. From  
**φιλο-κερδής**, ἐς, gen. ἑος, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.  
**φιλο-κέρτομος**, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.  
**φιλο-κηδεμών**, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.  
**φιλο-κίνδυνος**, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturesome, enterprising, bold. Adv. -νως, venturously, in an enterprising way.  
**φιλο-κισσοφόρος**, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.  
**φίλο-κνίσος**, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching.  
**φίλο-κοινός**, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.  
**φίλο-κρημνος**, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.  
**φίλο-κρινέω**, f. ἥσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.  
**φίλο-κρόταλος**, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.  
**φίλο-κροτος**, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loving noise or din.  
**φίλο-κτέανος**, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτεανώτατος, most covetous, most grasping.  
**φιλο-κτῆμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτῆμα) = φιλοκτέανος.  
**φίλο-κύβος**, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice or gambling.

φιλο-κυδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, κυδός) loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.

φιλο-κύνηγέτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) a lover of hunting or the chase.

φιλό-κωμος, ον, (φίλος, κῶμος) fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.

φιλο-λάκων, ανος, ό, (φίλος, Λάκων) fond of the Lacedaemonians. [α]

φιλο-λήιος, ον, poet. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήϊα, λεία) loving booty.

φιλό-λιχνος, ον, (φίλος, λίχνος) loving dainties.

φιλολογία, ή, love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history. From

φιλό-λογος, ον, (φίλος, λέγω) fond of words, wordy. II. fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλό-

λογος, ό, a student of language and history, a learned man.

φιλο-λοιδορος, ον, (φίλος, λοιδορος) fond of reviling, abusive.

φιλομάθεια, ή, love of knowledge. [μα] From

φιλο-μαθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, μαθεῖν) fond of learning, loving knowledge. Adv. -θῶς.

φιλό-μαντις, εως, ό, (φίλος, μάντις) loving soothsayers or soothsaying.

φιλό-μαστος, ον, (φίλος, μαστός) loving the breast.

φιλομαχέω, f. ήσω, to be fond of fighting, eager to fight. From

φιλό-μαχος, ον, (φίλος, μάχη) loving fighting, warlike.

φιλ-όμβριος and φιλ-ομβρος, ον, (φίλος, ὄμβρος) rain-loving.

φιλομήλα Ion. -λη, ή, the nightingale, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομήλειος, α, ον, of, belonging to the nightingale.

φιλο-μήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, μήτηρ) loving one's mother.

φιλομ-μειδής, ές, poet. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδάω) laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.

φιλό-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) loving the dance and song.

φιλομουσέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσος) to love the Muses.

φιλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσέω) love of the Muses.

φιλό-μουσος, ον, (φίλος, Μούσα) loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.

φιλό-μῦθος, ον, (φίλος, μῦθος) fond of fables.

φιλό-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) given to find fault, censorious.

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμουσος.

φιλο-ναύτης, ον, ό, (φίλος, ναύτης) loving sailors.

φιλονεικέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόνεικος) to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρω φιλονεικεῖν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy. Hence

φιλονεικία, ή, love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.

φιλό-νεικος, ον, (φίλος, νεῖκος) fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.

φιλονικέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόνικος) to strive for victory. Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. one must strive for victory.

φιλό-νίκος, ον, (φίλος, νίκη) striving for victory.

φιλο-νύμφιος, ον, (φίλος, νύμφιος) loving the bridegroom or bride.

φιλό-ξενος, ον, poet. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος poet. -ξενος, ον, (φίλος, ξένος) loving strangers, hospitable. Adv. -νως, hospitably.

φιλό-οινος, ον, poet. for φίλοινος.

φιλο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παίγμα) fond of play or sport, playful, sportive.

φιλό-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, (φίλος, παῖς) loving one's children, loving boys.

φιλο-πατρία, (φίλος, πατρίς) love of one's country. 2. (φίλος, πατήρ) love of one's father.

φιλό-πάτρις, ιδος, ή, acc. -πάτριν, (φίλος, πατρίς) loving one's country.

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, πατήρ) loving one's father.

φιλό-πλεκτος, ον, (φίλος, πλέκω) constantly braided.

φιλό-πλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ουν, (φίλος, πλόος) fond of sailing.

φιλ-όπλος, ον, (φίλος, ὄπλον) loving arms or war.

φιλοπλουτία, ή, love of riches. From

φιλό-πλουτος, ον, (φίλος, πλούτος) loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος ἄμιλλα the race for wealth.

φιλο-ποίμνιος, ον, (φίλος, ποίμνη) loving the flock.

φιλο-πόλεμος poet. φιλοπτόλεμος, ον, (φίλος, πόλεμος) fond of war, warlike. Adv. -μως.

φιλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. ιος, ό, ή: acc. -ιν: poet. also φιλόπτολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—loving one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, ό, a patriot:

φιλόπολις ἀρετή or τὸ φιλόπολις patriotism:—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.

φιλοπονέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόπονος) to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονεῖν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.

φιλοπονηρία, ή, love of bad men. From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ον, (φίλος, πονηρός) fond of bad men.

φιλοπονία, ή, (φιλοπονέω) love of labour, patient industry.

φιλό-πονος, ον, (φίλος, πόνος) loving labour, diligent, industrious. II. of things, toilsome, laborious.

Adv. -νως, laboriously: Comp. -νώτερον; Sup. -νώτατα.

φιλοποσία, ή, love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia. From

φιλο-πότης, ον, ό, (φίλος, ΠΟ - Root of some tenses of πίνω) a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus.

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ή, a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness. From

φιλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πρᾶγμα) fond



of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπρά-  
γμαν, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv. —μόνος.

φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability,  
courtesy. From

φιλο-προσήγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσήγορος) easy of  
address, affable.

φιλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to  
be first or in the front rank.

φιλο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for φιλοπόλεμος.

φιλό-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πῦρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φιλο-οπωριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὀπώρα) a lover of  
autumn fruits.

φιλο-όργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλο-όρθιος, ον, (φίλος, ὀρθιος) loving what is right.

φιλο-ορμίστρια, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρμίζω) she who loves  
the harbour.

φιλο-ορνιθία, ἡ, fondness of birds. From

φιλορνις, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of birds:  
sheltering, harbouring birds.

φιλο-ρώξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥώξ) loving or bearing  
grapes.

φιλο-όρτυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρτυξ) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with  
neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear,  
Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ,  
Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend  
of Jove: in addressing others, ὦ φίλος, ὦ φίλε, ὦ  
φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kins-  
men, one's kitb and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends  
have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing;

φίλον ἐστὶ μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat.  
cordi est. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for  
the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart,  
limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος  
θυμός, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is  
implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλῃ Ἀλθαίῃ χεόμενος κῆρ  
enraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to  
denote possession or custom, φίλα εἴματα their own  
garments; φίλος πόνος their wonted labour. II.

in Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving,  
friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel  
kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness.

φίλος has several forms of Comparison: 1.  
Comp. φιλίων, ον: Sup. φίλιστος, ἡ, ον, 2. Comp.  
φίλτερος: Sup. φίλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος,  
Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φιλό-σίτος, ον, (φίλος, σῖτος) fond of corn, agri-  
cultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φιλό-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκῆπτρον) sceptered.

φιλο-σκήπων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκῆπων) loving or  
carrying a staff.

φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκύπελος) loving or  
baunting the rocks.

φιλο-σκώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, σκῶμμα) loving  
a jest.

φιλοσοφίω, f. ἤσω: pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα: (φιλόσο-  
φος):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge, study hard, Lat. philo-  
sophari. II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a

subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically,  
Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφεῖν to seek out a  
philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work

at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτέον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom.

φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφίω) love of knowledge and  
wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the

systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investiga-  
tion, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia  
or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or  
knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called him-  
self φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage:  
hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar  
(οἱ πολλοί). 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who

professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one  
who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philo-  
sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπηλυγξ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπηλυγξ) fond  
of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-  
offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal,  
zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns,  
wreathed, garlanded.

φιλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or  
groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv. —ως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From

φιλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly,  
affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv. —ως.

φιλο-στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the  
soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σῶμα) loving, indulging  
the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος [α], α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children  
or offspring.

φιλοτεχνέω, f. ἤσω, to love art, practise an art. From

φιλό-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, inge-  
nious: of things, curious.

φιλότης, ητος, ἡ, (φίλος) friendship, love, affection:  
also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φιλότης) of friend-  
ship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια  
ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτησία κύλιξ, or

absol. ἡ φιλοτησία (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to  
friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτησίαν λαβεῖν to have  
one's health drunk; φιλοτησίαν προπίνειν to drink a  
health.

φιλοτιμέομαι, fut. med. ἤσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλο-  
τιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτίμη-  
μαι: Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love honour or distinc-  
tion; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's  
fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμεῖσθαι τι or πρὸς τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμεῖσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πάνυ ἂν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλω σοι χρῆσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φιλοτιμία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry: hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy. 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. II. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

φίλο-τιμός, ον, (φίλος, τιμή) loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-honoured.

φιλοτάριον, τό, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φίλο-φθογγος, ον, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

φίλο-φίλος, ον, loving one's friends.

φίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

φίλο-φρονέομαι, f. med. ἡσόμεαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρων):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθηναι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους. II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, α, ον, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

φιλοφροσύνη, ἡ, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome. II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόσυνος, η, ον, = φιλόφρων.

φίλο-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρόνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φίλο-χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the choral dance.

φίλο-χορος, ον, (φίλος, χορός) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φιλοχρηματέω, f. ἡσώ, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρηματία, ἡ, love of money, covetousness.

φίλο-χρήματος, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φίλο-χρηστος, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

φίλο-χριστος, ον, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.

φίλο-χρῦσος, ον, (φίλος, χρυσός) greedy of gold.

φιλοχωρέω, f. ἡσώ, (φιλόχωρος) to be fond of a place or country, to haunt a particular spot. Hence

φιλοχωρία, ἡ, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or haunt.

φίλο-χωρος, ον, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.

φίλο-ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐως, (φίλος, ψεύδος) fond of lies or lying.

φίλο-ψογος, ον, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

φίλοψυχέω, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Hence

φίλοψυχία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φίλο-ψυχος, ον, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -χως.

φίλτατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φίλτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φίλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespeare's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον. II. in plur. charms, loveliness.

φίλ-υβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φίλ-ύδρηλος, ον, (φίλος, ὑδρηλός) abounding in moisture.

φίλ-υμνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [Ὶ]

φίλ-υπνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΛΥΤΡΑ Ion. φιλύρη, ἡ, the lime or linden tree, Lat. tilia. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat. philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [Ὶ]

φιλύρινος, η, ον, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [Ὶ]

φίλ-ωδός, ον, (φίλος, ᾠδή) fond of singing or song.

φίλ-ωρείτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

φίλως, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΓΜΟ΄Σ, ὁ, with irreg. neut. pl. φῖμά, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrum, fiscella. II. the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached.

III. a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus. Hence

φῖμόω, f. ὤσω: aor. I pass. ἐφιμάθην: pf. πεφίμαμαι:—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle; φιμοῦν τῷ ξύλῳ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence; Pass., φιμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμασο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟ΄Σ, ὁ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φῖτυ, τό, poet. contr. for φῖτυμα, as δῶ for δῶμα.

φῖτύμα, ατος, τό, (φῖτύω) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φῖτυ-ποιμήν, ἐνος, ὁ, (φῖτυ, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φῖτύσσαι, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φῖτύω.

φῖτύω, f. ὤσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ἐφίτυσα: (φῖτυ):=φυτεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

\*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἐφλαδον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασῶ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.



φλαττόθρατ and φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From φλαῦρος, α, ον, collat. form of φαῦλος, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, ἡ, = φαυλότης. φλαυρ-οὔργος, ον, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly: φλαυροὔργος, ὁ, a sorry workman.

φλαύρως, Adv. of φλαῦρος, badly, meanly; φλαύρως ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρως ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΨΩ, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα: f. φλάσω [ᾱ] Dor. φλάσῃ: aor. I ἔφλασα: Pass., aor. I ἔφλάσθην: pf. πέφλασμαι:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγίθω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt. II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, heat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, heat. 2. pblegm, Lat. pituita.

φλεγμαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἔφλεγμᾶνα and ἔφλεγμῆνα: (φλέγμα):—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, ας, ἡ, Pblegra; Φλέγρας πεδίων a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραιός, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Pblegra, Pblegraeon. φλεγύας, ον, ὁ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

φλεγυρός, α, ὄν, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning, scorching: metaph. hot, ardent.

ΦΛΕΤΩ, fut. φλέξω: aor. I ἔφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash; φλέγειν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλίδων, ονος, and φλεδών, ὠνος, ὁ, (φλέω) an idle talker, babbler. ΦΛΕΪΞ, εως, ἡ, name of an unknown bird. φλέψ, ἡ, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water. ΦΛΕΨΩ, to gush, teem, overflow. φλέως, ω, ὁ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rush or reed.

φληνᾶφάω, f. ἴσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνᾶφος, ὁ, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter. ΦΛΙΓΑΨ, ἡ, in plur. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs. φλίβω, f. ψω, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβω. [i]

φλόγεος, α, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογερός, α, ὄν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ἴσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγιος, η, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning. φλογιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, ὁ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation. φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing. φλογ-ώδης, ες, (φλόξ, εἶδος) like flame, fiery hot. φλογ-ώπος, ὄν, (φλόξ, ὥψ) fiery-looking, flaming. φλόγωσις, εως, ἡ, (φλογόω) burning heat.

φλογ-ῶψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, = φλογωπός. φλόϊνος, η, ον, (φλοῦς, φλέως) of or from the water-plant φλοῦς or φλέως; ἐσθῆτες φλόϊναι garments made of φλοῦς, mat-garments.

φλοιός, ὁ, (φλέω) the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass. φλοῖστος, ὁ, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ἡ, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα ἐγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οἴνου the fiery heat of wine: pl. φλόγες, flames, fire. φλοῦς, ὁ, Ion. for φλέως.

φλυᾶριον Ion. φλυαρ-: f. ἴσω: (φλύαρος):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence φλυᾶρία, ἡ, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλυᾶρος, ὁ, (φλύω) silly talk, foolery. II. a silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ἡ, (φλίω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

φλύος, τό, = φλυαρία, idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἔφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβᾶθῆς, Dor. for φοβηθῆς, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, α, ὄν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable; πλήθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ ὄρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἐστι] μὴ there is reason to dread that . . . II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic: anxious.

φοβερῶς, Adv. of φοβερός, fearfully, both in act, and pass. sense.

φοβεσι-στράτη, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβεύμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐφόβησα: (φόβος):—to strike with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to flight.

II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφοβησάμην, and pass. ἐφοβήθην: pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπό τινος φοβέσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβεῖσθαι τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβεῖσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβεῖσθαι ἀμφί τινι, περί τινος or τινι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβεῖσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦΟΨΗ, ἡ, a lock, curl or tuft of hair, hair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φύβαι, the Gorgon's snaky locks. II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἰων φύβαι tufts of violets.

φοβηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.  
φόβηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for ἐφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, ατος, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror.  
φοβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid.

φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror.

φόβος, ὁ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέος the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread of another:—φόβονδε ἵππους ἔχειν, τραπᾶσθαι, ἀίσσειν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε ἀγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ἦν φόβους λέγει. 2. an object of terror, a terror.

II. Φόβος, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δεῖμος.

φοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, (φοῖβος) to cleanse, purify. II. (Φοῖβος) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Φοῖβος) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ἤσω, (φοῖβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wash.

Φοῖβειος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, Ion. Φοιβήιος, η, ὄν: (Φοῖβος): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοῖβη, ἡ, Pboibe, Lat. Pboebe, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of Φοῖβειος.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ὄν, Ion. for Φοιβόληπτος, (Φοῖβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

Φοῖβος, η, ὄν, (φάος) pure, bright, radiant, beaming. II. as prop. n., Φοῖβος, ὁ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φοῖβος Ἀπόλλων.

Φοινῆεις, εσσα, εν, (φοινῆς) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων Φοινῆεις a blood-red dragon.

Φοινῆ-ἀνθεμος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, ἀνθεμον) with purple flowers; Φοινῆ-ἀνθεμον ἔαρ, Lat. purpureum ver.

Φοινίκεος, α, ὄν, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, οὔν, (φοῖνιξ) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [i]

Φοινίκη [νι], ἡ, (Φοῖνιξ) Pboenicia.

Φοινίκηος, η, ὄν, Ion. for Φοινίκεος, = Φοινίκινος,

of the date or palm-tree; ἐσθῆς Φοινικήη a garment of palm-leaves; Φοινικήιος οἶνος palm-wine. II. = Φοινικικός, Pboenician.

Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φοῖνιξ) Pboenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv.—κῶς, in Pboenician fashion. II. = Φοινίκεος, red.

Φοινίκινος, η, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ) = Φοινικήιος, of, from the palm-tree; Φοινίκινον μύρον palm-unguent. [νι]

Φοινίκιους, οὔσσα, οὔν, = Φοινίκεος, purple, crimson. Φοινικίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φοῖνιξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 2. a red curtain. 3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the

admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

Φοινικιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φοῖνιξ) among the Persians, a wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

Φοινικό-βαπτος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

Φοινίκο-βάτέω, f. ἤσω, (φοῖνιξ, βαίνω) to climb palms.

Φοινίκο-γενής, ἐς, (Φοῖνιξ, \*γένω) Pboenician-born.

Φοινίκο-δάκτυλος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, δάκτυλον) crimson-fingered.

Φοινικόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for Φοινίκεος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

Φοινικό-κροκος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, κροκός) of purple wool.

Φοινίκο-λόφος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, λόφος) purple-crested.

Φοινίκο-πάρειος Ion. —πάρης, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, παρεία) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows.

Φοινικό-πεδος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

Φοινικό-πεζα, ἡ, (φοῖνιξ, πέζα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

Φοινικό-πτερος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., Φοινικόπτερος, ὁ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

Φοινικό-ροδος, ὄν, (φοῖνιξ, ῥόδον) red with roses.

Φοινίκο-σκελής, ἐς, (φοῖνιξ, σκέλος) red-legged, red-shanked.

Φοινίκο-στερόπης, ὄν, Dor. —ας, α, ὁ, (φοῖνιξ, στεροπή) hurling red lightnings.

Φοινικό-στολος, ὄν, (Φοῖνιξ, στέλλω) sent by Pboenicians.

Φοινίκους, ἡ, οὔν, contr. for Φοινίκεος.

Φοινίκο-φάης, ἐς, (φοῖνιξ, φάος) red-shining.

Φοῖνιξ, ἰκος, ὁ, a Pboenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοῖνιξ ἀνὴρ ἀπατήλια εἰδώς a Pboenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοῖνισσα, ἡ, a Pboenician woman. 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus.

Φοῖνιξ, ἰκος, ὁ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Pboenicians. II. the palm, date-

palm: the male palm is called by Herodotus ὁ Φοῖνιξ ἔρσην, to distinguish it from ἡ Φοῖνιξ βαλανηφόρος the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the fruit of

the palm, date. 3. a musical instrument, like a



guitar, invented by the Phoenicians. III. the fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῖνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, also fem. φοίνισσα, Adj. purple-red, purple or crimson, red; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῖνιξ, φοινίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοίνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοίνιος) blood-red: hence blood-stained, bloody, Lat. *cruentus*: also warlike.

Φοίνισσα, fem. of Φοῖνιξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman. II. φοίνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Adj.)

φοίνισσω, f. ξω: aor. 1 pass. ἐφοίνισθην: (φοίνιος):—to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, blurb.

φοινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόνος) blood-red: blood-stained, bloody.

φοιτάλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοιτάω) straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, frenzied. II. act. driving madly about, maddening.

φοιτάλιωτης, ον, ὁ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτάς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροῖς on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτάω Ion. ἴω: f. ἡσω: (φοῖτος):—to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοίτων ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. 2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς. 3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρτα τὰ ἐς Ἑλλάδα φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σιτός σφισι πολλὰς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day. 2. φοιτᾶν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τινός to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοίτησις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω.

φοιτητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτίζω, poet. for φοιτάω.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, a going to and fro. II. madness, frenzy.

φολκός, ὁ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάλα ἔλκειν) squint-eyed; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὀλκός) bandy-legged, Lat. *valgus*.

φόλλις, εως, ἡ, also ὁ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *follis*.

φονάω, f. ἡσω, (φόνος) to be athirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνεσμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ; acc. φονέα or φονέα: nom. pl. φονέες, φονεῖς, acc. φονέας: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναῖς in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to tend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody. II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λιβής, ες, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (φόνος, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, ὁ, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: in plur. murders. 2. blood shed in murder, gore, blood, Lat. *cruor*. 3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χειλος, ὁ, (φοξός, χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξός ἦν κεφαλὴν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment. 3. a bearing, producing.

II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ἀκοντίου the javelin's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

III. (also) from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden. 2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*. 3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φοράδην [ᾱ], Adv. (φέρωμαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρω) giving pasture or food, feeding. II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεία, ἡ, (φέρω) the balter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fiers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. imperf. of φορέω.  
 φορέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.  
 φορέιον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a handbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. sella, lectica.  
 φορέοισα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.  
 φορεύντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.  
 φορεύς, έως Ion. ηος, ό, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.  
 φορέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 έφόρησα Ep. φόρησα:—Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελίην φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, άγγελίας φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:—Pass. to be borne violently along, be hurried along: to be tossed about at sea:—Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.  
 φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.  
 φόρημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.  
 φορήμεναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.  
 φορήναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.  
 φορητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.  
 φόριμος, ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.  
 Φορκίδες [τ], ίδων, αί, the daughters of Phorcys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryale, Medusa.  
 Φόρκος, ό, = Φόρκυς.  
 Φόρκυς, υνος and υος, ό, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.  
 φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or wattling: crosswise, atwart.  
 φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ή, the phorminx, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From φέρω, because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.) Hence  
 φορμίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to play the φόρμιγξ or lyre. Hence  
 φορμικτής, ου, ό, Dor. -τάς, a lyre-player, harper.  
 φορμίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.  
 φορμο-ράφέω or φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμός, ράπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, straitened, hampered.  
 φορμός, ό, (φέρω) anything made of wicker-work: 1. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, etc. 2. a mat, Lat. storea: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.  
 φόρον, ου, τό, the Lat. forum; Φόρον 'Αππίου Appii Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.  
 φόρος, ό, (φέρω) that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φόρον ύποτελεῖν to pay tribute; φόρον τάσασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάσαι to impose tribute; φόρον ύποτελής subject to pay tribute.  
 φορταγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορτ-αγωγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) carrying freights; ναύς φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.  
 φορτηγέω, f. ήσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγέω.  
 φορτηγικός, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; πλοῖον φορτηγικόν a ship of burden, merchantman. From  
 φορτ-ηγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός, ό, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, merchant.  
 φορτίζω, f. ίσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίζειν τινάς to load men with loads:—Med., τὰ μείονα φορτίζεισθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:—Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένος heavy laden.  
 φορτικός, ή, όν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar:—so of things, φορτική κωμωδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence  
 φορτικώς, Adv., vulgarly.  
 φορτίον, τό, (φόρτος) a burden, load: a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. II. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.  
 φορτίς, ίδος, ή, (φόρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.  
 φόρτος, ό, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. II. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.  
 φορύνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile. [v]  
 φορύσσω, f. ξω, = φορύνω, to stain, defile.  
 φορϋτός, ό, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. quisquilliae: also cbaſſ, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware.  
 φόως, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φώς, light. Hence  
 φόωσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.  
 φραγέλλιον, τό, the Lat. flagellum, a scourge. Hence  
 φραγελλώω, f. ώσω, the Lat. flagello, to scourge.  
 φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.  
 φράγήσομαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.  
 φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.  
 φραγμός, ό, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II. like φράγμα, a bedge, fence, paling.  
 φράγνυμι, = φράσσω.  
 φράδαζω, f. άσω: aor. 1 έφράδασα poet. φράδασα: (φραδή):—to tell of, make known.  
 φράδη, ή, (φράζω) understanding, knowledge. II. advice, a hint, warning, intimation. Hence  
 φράδής, ές, gen. έος, understanding, sbrewd, cunning.  
 φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning. From  
 φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φράζω) = φραδής. From  
 ΦΡΑ'ΖΩ, f. φράσω: aor. 1 έφράσα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep. aor. 2 πέφραδον or έπέφραδον, inf. πεφραδέειν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers. et inf. to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σήματα πέφραδε he gave indications by signs:—φράζειν χειρί to make signs, signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:



3 sing. Ion. impf. φραζέσκειτο: fut. φράσομαι: aor. 1 med. ἐφράσάμην, pass. ἐφράσθην: pf. pass. πέφραδμαι and πέφρασμαι: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφὶς φράζεσθαι to think differently.

2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him.

3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that.

4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also 5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἡ, gen. φράνός, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράσσω.

φράξας, ασα, αν, aor. 1 part. of φράσσω.

φράσδω, Dor. for φράζω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράζω.

φρασθείς, εἶσα, έν, aor. 1 pass. part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐφραξα: Pass., fut. φράγήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφράχθην: aor. 2 ἐφράγην [ᾱ]: pf. πέφραγμα:—in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρξασθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφαργμαι for πέφραγμα, φαρκτός for φρακτός:—to fence in, hedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; φράξαι δέμας ὕπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο τὸ τεῖχος they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass. to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. πεφραγμένος, fenced, secured.

II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δόρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέρεα having put up the shields as a fence.

III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φράζω) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ ὁδῶν a man who tells one the way, a guide:—φραστήρες ὁδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράττηρ, ερος, or φράτωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, (φράτρα) a member of a φράτρα: pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of the same φράτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγειν τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τοὺς φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφυσε φράτερας he has not yet got his φράτερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὁδόντες (see φραστήρ). [ᾱ]

φράτορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράττη Ion. φρήττη Dor. πάτρα, ἡ:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρῖν' ἄνδρας κατὰ φρήττας, ὡς φρήττη φρήττην ἀρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood: but,

II. at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρίαί, whose

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλέται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φράτρία, ἡ, = φράτρα.

φράτριάζω, f. ἄσω, to be in the same φρατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ and φράτρί-αρχος, ὁ, (φρατρία, ἄρχω) president of a φρατρία, Lat. magister curiae. φράτριος, α, ου, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φράτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary deities of the φρατρίαί. [ᾱ]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, see φράττηρ.

ΦΡΕ΄Α΄Ρ, τό, gen. φρέατος: Ion. φρεῖαρ, gen. φρεῖατος:—a well; or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat. puteus: an oil-jar. Hence

φρεᾶτία, ἡ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεᾶτίας, ου, ὁ, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρεῖαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρεν-ᾠπάτάω, f. ἡσω, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρενᾠπάτης, ου, ὁ, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρεν-ήρης, ες, gen. εος, (φρήν, ἀρᾶρην) master of his mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἡ, damage of the understanding. From

φρενο-βλάβης, ες, (φρήν, βλαβῆναι) damaged in understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γηθής, ες, (φρήν, γῆθος) of glad heart, delighting the heart.

φρενο-δᾶλής, ες, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενός, from the heart, heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ου, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, ου, ὁ, (φρήν, ληστής) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μᾶνης, ες, (φρήν, μανῆναι) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μόρως, Adv. (φρήν, μόρος) only found in phrase φρενομόρως νοσεῖν to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγής, ες, (φρήν, πληγῆναι) giving a stroke to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ου, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind, smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, = φρενόπληκτος.

φρενο-τέκτων, ου, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενώω, f. ὥσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενοῦν οὐκέτ' ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαίων φρενώσεις θου shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ώλης, ες, (φρήν, ὕλλυμι) destroyed in mind, frenzied.

ΦΡΕ΄Ω, f. φρέσω, a root, which is found only in the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰς-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

φρε-ωρυχέω, f. ἤσω, (φρέαρ, ὀρύσσω) to dig tanks: metaph. of a gnat, to make a hole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. φρενός, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρασίν:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρενῶν ἐκστῆναι to be out of one's wits; φρενῶν ἐπήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἄκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan.  
φρήτηρην, Ep. dat. of φρήτηρ.  
φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion. for φράτριος.  
φρίκη [ῖ], ἡ, = φρίζ, the ruffling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.  
φρικ-ώδης, ες, (φρίζ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φρικῶδες as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑ'ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. -ττομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:—to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle: to move briskly or wantonly.  
φρίζ, ἡ, gen. φρίκος, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. horror; μέλαινα φρίζ the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίζαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.  
φριξο-κόμης, ον, ὅ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίζος, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From  
ΦΡΙ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίζω: aor. I ἐφριξα: pf. πέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες formed as if from a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. borriere, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; πτεροῖσι νῶτα πεφρίκοντες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to thrill or quiver with delight; ἐφριξ' ἔρωτι I thrilled with love.

φροϊμάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (φροῖμον) contr. for προοϊμάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., φροϊμάζεσθαι θεούς to begin with invoking the gods.

φροῖμιον, τό, contr. for προοῖμιον (cp. φροῦδος) a prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.

φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνεον: f. ἤσω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστοι μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονούντες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding. 2. to be in one's sound senses; ἔξω ἐλαύνειν τινὰ τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits. 3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονῶν ἔπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἰθὺς φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγωγή ἡμῶν this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὰ or φίλα φρονεῖν τι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τι to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονέειν to be of the better mind, hold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πυκνὰ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be high-spirited; σμικρὸν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἀνθρώπον φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλῃ φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing. IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονηματίας, ον, ὁ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.  
φρόνησις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. high-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητέον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόνιμος, ον, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἀπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully.  
φρόνις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom.  
φρονούντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐφρόντισα: (φρον-

φρίζαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.

φριξο-κόμης, ον, ὅ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίζος, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From

ΦΡΙ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίζω: aor. I ἐφριξα: pf.

πέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες formed as if from

a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to

bristle, Lat. borriere, as of corn fields, or spears; of

hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc.,

φρίσσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; πτεροῖσι

νῶτα πεφρίκοντες bristling on their backs with

feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple,

Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill,

which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the

hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one,

to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also

c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3.

also to thrill or quiver with delight; ἐφριξ' ἔρωτι I

thrilled with love.



τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζειν ὅπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. III. c. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζειν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περὶ τίνος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντίσης heed not. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντικὸς βλέπειν to have a careworn look. φροντίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind. φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention. φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζω, one must take care. φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for hard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes. φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φροντίζω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστῆς τῶν μετέωρων or φροντιστῆς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence φροντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. —κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully. φροῦδος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (contr. from πρὸ ὁδοῦ, as φροίμιον from προοίμιον):—gone away: 1. of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοί [εἰσι] διώκοντές σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εἰ θανάων thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2. of things, gone, vanished. φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ἡ, (φρουρός) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ἀδειν (sub. ἕνεκα) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν φαίνειν, see φαίνω. φρουραρχία, ἡ, the post of commandant. From φρούρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἀρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress. φρουρέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐφρούρησα; Pass., f. med. —ήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρούρηθην: (φρουρός):—to keep watch or guard; οἱ φρουροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence φρούρημα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείας βουκόλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρούρημα ἔχειν to keep watch. φρουρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison. φρούριον, τό, (φρουρός) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place. φρουρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φρουρός) a guard-ship. φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρουρός, δόμος) watching or guarding the house. φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φροῦδος from πρὸ ὁδοῦ): a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city. φρουρῶμες, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω. φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρύασσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance. φρυαγμο-σέμνακος, ον, (φρύαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and naughty. φρύασσομαι Att. —πτομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent. φρύγανίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. (φρύγανον) to gather sticks for fuel. φρύγανισμός, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood. φρύγανον[ον], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta. φρύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω. ΦΡΥΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [i] Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Pbyrgian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Pbyrgian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [v] Hence Φρύγιστί, Adv. in Pbyrgian fashion; of music, in the Pbyrgian mode. ΦΡΥΓΩ [v], also ΦΡΥΣΣΩ Att. —πτω: f. φρύξω Dor. —ξω: aor. I ἐφρυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγην [v]: pf. πέφρυγμα:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence φρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι αἰρῶνται ἐς τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place. φρυκτωρέω, f. ἤσω, (φρυκτωρός) to give signals by fire:—Pass., ἐφρυκτωρήθησαν νῆες προσπλεύουσai the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence φρυκτωρία, ἡ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals. φρυκτ-ωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, οὔρος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires. ΦΡΥΓΗ, ἡ, a toad. [v] ΦΡΥΞ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγος, a Pbyrgian. φρύξω Dor. —ξω, fut. of φρύγω. φρύσσω Att. —πτω, = φρύγω. φρυχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω. φῦ, faugh! an exclamation of disgust.

φῦ, Ep. for ἔφυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φυά, Dor. for φυή.

φύαδε, Adv. (φυγή) like φύβονδε, to flight; φύαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππους he turned his horse to flight.

φύαδεύω, f. σω, (φυγᾶς) to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish. II. intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φύαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυγᾶς) fit for an exile or refugee; φυαδική προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμης, ον, ὄ, (φυγεῖν, αἰχμή) fleeing from the spear, unwarlike, cowardly.

φύγας, ἄδος, ὄ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδας to recall the exiles; κατιέναι or κατελθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a deserter.

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδᾶ, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for ἔφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγῃ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: dat. φυγῇ, in hasty flight, hastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων ἀμηχάνων φυγὰς ξυμπέφρασται he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγὴν φεύγειν to live in banishment. 2. as a collective

Noun φυγή, =φυγάδες, a body of exiles or refugees.

φύγησι, Ep. for φύγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγο-δέμνιος, ον, (φυγεῖν, δέμνιον) shunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δίκη, f. ἡσω, (φυγεῖν, δίκη) to shun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation.

φύγο-ξενος, ον, (φυγεῖν, ξένος) shunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable.

φύγο-πτόλεμος, ον, ποët. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πόλεμος, πτόλεμος) shunning war, cowardly.

φύγων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν.

φυεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) ποët. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence

φυζᾶκινός, ἡ, ὄν, flying, shy, scared.

φυζᾶλός, α, ον, =φυζακινός.

φυή Dor. φυά, ἡ, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φυή, for φυή, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φυῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φυῆν, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φῦκίεις, εσσα, ἐν, (φῦκος) full of sea-weed, weedy.

φῦκίον or φύκιον, τό, (φῦκος) sea-weed.

φῦκο-γείτων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (φῦκος, γείτων) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea.

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φῦκος, Lat. fucus.

φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, =φευκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be shunned or escaped, that can be escaped. II. shunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φῦλακή, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubiae; φυλακὰς ἔχειν to mount the night-guard; φυλακὰς φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; τὰς φυλακὰς καταστήσασθαι to set the watches. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security. II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχειν τινὰ ἐν φυλακῇ to keep in custody:—also φυλακὴν ἔχειν, =φυλάττεσθαι to take heed or care, be cautious; δεινῶς ἔχειν ἐν φυλακῇσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φῦλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (φυλακή) to throw into prison.

φῦλακος, ὄ, ποët. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φῦλακτήρ, ἡρος, ὄ, =φύλαξ, a guard. Hence

φῦλακτήριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια

were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φῦλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φῦλάσσω) fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen. II. cautious:—Adv. -κῶς.

φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; οἱ φύλακες the garrison: also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδός a protector of the lad.

φῦλαξεῖς, Dor. for φυλάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ἡ, (φῦλάσσω) a watching, guarding. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution.

φῦλαρχέω, f. ἡσω, to command the contingent of a tribe (φυλή). II. to command the cavalry. From

φῦλ-αρχος, ὄ, (φῦλή, ἄρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φῦλασσίμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΑΪΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φυλάξω: aor. I ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάζομαι: aor. I ἐφυλάχθην: pf. πεφύλαγμαι: I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; νύκτα φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans.

to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τινὰ ἀπό τινος to guard one from a person or thing. 2. to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν ὅρκια to keep, respect oaths; φυλάσσειν ἔπος to observe a command. III. Med. to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,



πεφυλαγμένοις εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, sbun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, ον, ὁ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribūlis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood. II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΛΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἡδὴ κατακαρφομένης when his leaf now becoming sear and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; ραφανίδων φυλλεῖα radish-tops.

φύλλινος, η, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves.

φυλλοβολέω, ἡ, ἴσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves.

φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΟΝ, τό, a leaf: in plur. leaves, foliage; οἷη περ φύλλων γενεή, τοιήδε καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-ροος, ον, (φύλλον, ρέω) leaf-shedding. Hence

φυλλορροεῖω, ἡ, ἴσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ον, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἀγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χοεῖω, ἡ, ἴσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

φύλο-κρίνέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (φύλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds. 3. sex, τὸ γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex. II. a race, people, nation. III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλο-οπίς, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. φύλοπιν or φυλόπιδα:—(φύλον, ὤψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φῦμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φυξ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνήρ) fleeing men. [ā]

φύξηλις, ἰος and ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, shy, cowardly.

φύξιμος, ον, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμός τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύραμα, ατος, τό, (φύρω) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύραω, ἡ, ἴσω [ā]: aor. 1 ἐφύρασα Ion. -ησα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφύραθην [ā] Ion. -ήθην: pf. πεφύρημαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἐραστὰς φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φύρηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, ἡ, φύρω: aor. 1 ἐφύρην: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [ū]: pf. πέφυρμαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [ū]

φύς [ū], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son.

φῦσα, ης, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φῦσαθίς, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of φυσάω.

φῦσαλῖς and φῦσαλλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustula. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φῦσαλος, ὁ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself up. [ū]

φύσας, aor. 1 part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [ū]

φῦσατήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσητήριον.

φῦσάω Ion. -έω: ἡ, ἴσω: (φῦσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δεινὰ φῦσάν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φῦσάν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένος, blown out, swollen. 2. metaph. to cheat; φῦσάν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. to be puffed up, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. 4. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument.

φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεώμενος, Ion. for φῦσώμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ἡ, Ion. for φῦσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φῦσαω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

*snorting* : a roaring, raging : of a horse, a *snorting*, *snuffing* : αἷματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φύσητέον, verb. Adj. of φύσάω, one must blow up.

φύσητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φύσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φύσιᾶμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From φύσιᾶω, Ep. part. φύσιῶν, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant. II. transit. to blow or puff up :—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φύσιγγόομαι, Pass. (φύσιγξ) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks : of the Megarians, ὀδύναις πεφυσιγγωμένοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara : cf. φύσιγξ.

φύσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.

φύσιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove of garlic : garlic itself.

φύσι-ζοος, ον, (φύω, ζῶ) producing or sustaining life, life-giving.

φύσικος, ἡ, ὅν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύσιογνωνόμεν, f. ἦσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks.

φύσιογνωνομία, ἡ, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσιο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

φύσιῶω, f. ὠσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φύσιῶν, Ep. pres. part. of φύσιᾶω.

φύσις [ῥ], εως, ἡ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing : φύσις ἀριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis ; φύσεως ἀποστήναι χαλεπὸν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature ; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like φύς.

4. natural order, nature ; φύσει or κατὰ φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νόμον (by custom, conventionally) ; ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμοις διοικεῖται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws ; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp. to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature ; so, προδότης ἐκ φύσεως a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth ; φύσει by birth. III. a creature ; θνητὴ φύσις mankind ; πόντου εἰναλία φύσις the creatures of the sea ; θήλεια φύσις woman-kind.

φύσιωσις, εως, ἡ, (φυσιῶω) a being puffed up, vanity.

φύσκη, ἡ, (φυσάω) the large intestine : a sausage or black pudding.

φυστή or φύστη, ἡ, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εως, ἡ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φῦτάλια, ἡ, (φυτόν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρουρα). II. a plant, esp. of the vine.

φῦτάλμιος, ον, (φυτός) producing, nourishing, fostering ; fatherly. II. by nature, from one's birth ; ἀρα καὶ ἦσθα φυτάλμιος δυσαίων ; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth ?

φῦτεία, ἡ, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a plantation ; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Acol. and Ep. for ἐφῦτεῖθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω : but φύτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φυτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φυτεύω, f. σω : aor. I ἐφύτευσα : Pass., aor. I ἐφῦτεύθην : pf. πεφύτευμαι : (φυτόν) :—to plant trees or plants : mostly as opp. to ἀρύω (to sow). 2. metaph. to beget ; ὁ φυτεύσας πατήρ or ὁ φυτεύσας alone, the father ; οἱ φυτεύσαντες the parents :—

Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees ; φυτεύειν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees :—Pass., γῇ πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ἡ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φῦτο-εργός, ὅν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φῦτόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature : of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτός.

φῦτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φῦτο-σκάφος, ον, (φυτόν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants ; φυτοσκάφος ἀνὴρ a gardener.

φῦτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτόν, σπείρω) planting trees :—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπόρος, ὁ, a father.

φῦτ-ουργός poet. φυτο-εργός, ὅν, (φυτόν, \*ἐργω) cultivating plants or trees : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [ῥ] : aor. I ἐφῦσα : in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow ; τρίχας φύειν to make hair grow ; φύειν πτερά to put forth, grow wings ; of a country, φύειν καρπὸν τε θανμαστὸν καὶ ἀνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits and brave men :—also to beget, generate : ὁ φύσας the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρένας φύειν to get understanding ; δόξας φύειν to get or gain reputation. II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι : f. φύσομαι : the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφῦν, inf. φῦναι, part. φύς, φῦσα, φύν ; later in pass. form ἐφῦην, φῦναι, φυείς : perf. πέφυκα, plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν :—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύασι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφύως, πεφυνῖα, πεφυνῶτος, for πεφῦκως, -κυῖα, -κύτος : there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφῦκον, as if from a pres. πεφύκω ; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2



ἐφυν for ἐφῦσαν: aor. 2 opt. φύην for φύϊν:—to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. 2. of men, to be begotten or born, μὴ φύναι νικᾶ not to have been born were best:—φύναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φύς the son, opp. to ὁ φύσας the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἄνθρωπος πεφυκώς man according to his nature, as he is.

φωίς, ἰδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φωδός: pl. φωίδες, φῶδες: (φῶς):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn, blister.

Φώκαια Ion. -αίη, ἦ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαίεύς Att. -αεύς, εως, and Φωκαίτης, ὁ, a Phocaeian: fem. Φωκαίς, ἰδος, a Phocaeian woman. Φωκεύς, εως, ὁ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian. ΦΩΚΗ, ἦ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. pboca. Φωκικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian. Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἰδος, ἦ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia. φωλάς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. Adj. (φωλεύς) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear. φωλειός, ὁ, Ep. for φωλεύς. ΦΩΛΕΟ΄Σ, ὁ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice. φωλεύω, f. εὔσω, or φωλέω, f. ἥσω, (φωλεύς) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole. φωνάεις, Acol. and Dor. for φωνήεις. φωνᾶσαι, Dor. for φωνῆσαι, aor. I inf. of φωνέω. φωνασκέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ἦ, practice of the voice. φων-ασκός, ὄν, (φωνή, ἀσκέω) practising the voice. φωνεῦντες, φωνεῦντα, Dor. for φωνοῦντες, φωνοῦντα, pres. part. from φωνέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνέειν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry. 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνήεντα. II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ΄, ἦ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνὴν ῥηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. 3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνᾶντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνᾶντα συνετοῖσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἀφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, ατος, τό, (φώνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφώνησα, aor. I of φωνέω.

ΦΩΡ΄, ὁ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωροί, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρῶν λιμὴν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἦς, ἦ, (φώρ) a theft. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ᾱ]: pf. πεφωράμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a theft: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωρᾶσθαι κλέπτῃς ὢν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη ἐξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φωρή, Ion. for φωρά.

φωριδμός, ὁ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for φώριος, stolen.

φώριος, ον, (φώρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit.

φῶς, ὁ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶτε, φωτᾶν; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: (\*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνὴρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φᾶος.

φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, ον, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light: as Subst., φωσφόρος, ὁ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2. φωσφόροι κέρα, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἄγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἦ, an opening for light, a window.

φωτεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light.

φωτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (φῶς) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, ὁ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

## X

X, χ, χῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but ,χ =

600,000: also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of χ, esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as ὄρνιχος for ὄρνιθος. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κιθών κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτών χύτρα. III. put before λ, as χλαῖνα for λαῖνα, χλιαρός for λιαρός.

Like φ, χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in φαιδχίτων.

χάδε, Ep. for ἐχάδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδεῖν Ep. χᾷδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω.

ΧΑΪΖΩ, Ep. fut. κεκάδησω: Ep. aor. 2 κέκαδον, for κέχαδον:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Ep. χάσσομαι: aor. 1 ἐχασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσσατο, Ep. part. χασσάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκάδοντο for κεχάδοντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκαδόμην:—to give way, give ground, draw or shrink back, recoil, retire: absol., ὀπίσω χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat back.

2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from; πυλάων χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι ἐτάρων εἰς ἔθνος to retire into the troop of his companions.

3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

ΧΑΪΝΩ, seldom used in pres. and impf., ΧΑΪΣΚΩ, ἐχασκον being used instead: fut. χᾷνοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐχᾷνον: pf. κέχηνα, with pres. sense:—to gape, open wide; τότε μοι χᾷνοι εὐρεῖα χθών then may earth gape wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, γαῖω.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or γαῖω from weariness or in eager expectation; ἄνω κεχηνέναι to look gaping up; οἱ κεχηνότες gapers, starers: χάσκειν πρὸς τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρὸς τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. *biscere*, c. acc.; δεινὰ ῥήματα κατὰ τινος χανεῖν to speak foul words against any one.

ΧΑΪΤΟΣ, α, ον, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαίρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαίρω.

χαίρετιζω, f. σω, (χαῖρε) to greet. Hence

χαίρετισμός, οὔ, ὅ, a greeting.

χαίρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like ἀλγηδών.

χαίρην, Dor. for χαίρειν, inf. of χαίρω.

χαίροισα, Dor. for χαίρουσα, pres. part. fem. of χαίρω.

χαίρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω.

ΧΑΪΡΩ, f. χαίρησω Ep. κεχᾷρήσω: pf. κεχᾷρηκα,

Ep. part. κεχᾷρήως:—Med., fut. χᾷροῦμαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐχηράμην, 3 sing. χήρατο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κεχᾷρόμην the 3 pl. ind. κεχᾷροντο, 3 sing. and pl.

opt. κεχᾷροιτο, κεχαροίατο: Pass., in same sense as

Act., fut. χᾷρήσομαι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχᾷρήσομαι:

aor. 2 ἐχάρην [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. χάρη, opt. χαρείην, inf.

χαρῆναι, part. χαρείς: pf. κεχᾷρημαι, later κέχαρμαι:

Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. κεχᾷρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; χαίρειν νόφ to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, χαίρειν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαίρω δέ σ' εὐτυχοῦντα I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., χαίρω ἀκούσας I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; χαίρεις ὁρῶν φῶς thou rejoicest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., χαίρω is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., οὐ χαίρήσεις thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαίρων with impunity; οὐ χαίροντες ἀπαλλάξετε ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. χαῖρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, hail, welcome, Lat. *salve*; or at parting, farewell, Lat. *vale*; so in part., χαίρων ἴθι fare-thee-well.

IV. inf. χαίρειν, in phrase χαίρειν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαῖρε; προσειπὼν τινα χαίρειν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Κῦρος Κναξάρη χαίρειν [sc. λέγει], Lat. *salvere jubet, salutem dicit*.

2. in bad sense, χαίρειν εἶναι or κελεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλὰ χαίρειν εἰπεῖν τινι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαίρέτω, like ἐρρέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

ΧΑΪΤΗ, ἡ, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. *juba*.

II. of trees, like Lat. *coma*, leaves, foliage. Hence

χαίτης Dor. -ᾱεις, εσσα, εν, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαῖτη, hair, the plume of a helmet.

χαλά, ἡ, Dor. for χηλή.

ΧΑΛΑΖΑ, ἡ, Dor. bail: a hail-shower, hail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

χάλαζάω, to bail. II. to have pimples or tubercles.

χαλαζ-επής, ἐς, (χάλαζα, ἔπος) burling abuse as thick as hail.

χάλαζήεις Dor. -ᾱεις, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like hail, thick as hail, pelting, pitiless.

χάλαζο-βολέω, f. ἤσω, (χάλαζα, βαλεῖν), to strike with hail.

χάλαίνω, poet. for χαλάω.

χάλαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (χαλάω) slackened, loosened, slack; χαλαρὰ κοτυληδών a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χάλαρότης, ἡ, slackness, looseness.

ΧΑΛΛΑΨ, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. 1 ἐχάλασα Ep. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάσας; pf. κεχάλακα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐχάλασθην: pf. κεχάλασμαι:

I. transit. to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλᾶν τόξα to unstring the bow; ἡνίας χαλᾶν to slack the reins; χαλᾶν πόδα to slack the sheet of the sail.

2. to let down, let fall or droop; μέτωπον χαλᾶν to smooth



the brow. 3. to let loose, loose, release; κλῆθρα or κλῆδας χαλᾶν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. 2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from. 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. 4. absol., like εἶκειν, to give in, yield:—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Χαλδαῖος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαῖστί, Adv. in the Chaldean tongue.

χαλ-ειμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χαλάω, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χαλεπαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάνην: (χαλεπός):—to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or show harshness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπὶ τινί to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπῆναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω.

χαλεπηρής, ἐς, poet. for χαλεπός.

ΧΑΛΕΠΟ΄Σ [ᾱ], ἡ, ὄν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπά hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep. II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry; οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitterer enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότης, ητος, ἡ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπῶ, Dor. for χαλεποῦ, gen. of χαλεπός.

χαλεπῶς, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty; χαλεπῶς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2. scarcely, Lat. aegre. II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶς.

χάλι-κράτος Ion. χάλι-κρητος, ὄν, (χάλις, κεράν-νυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

χάλιν-ἀγωγέω, f. ἤσω, (χαλινός, ἄγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χάλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλάω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδρακύν to champ the bit; χαλινὸς διδύναι to give a horse the rein. 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινός the curb imposed by Jove.

χάλινός, f. ὦσω, to bridle or bit a horse:—Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χάλινωσις, εως, ἡ, a bridling. [i]

χάλινωτήρια, τά, (χαλινώω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑ΄ΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ā]

χάλις, ιος, ὁ, (χαλάω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χάλιφρονέω, f. ἤσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χάλιφροσύνη, ἡ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.

χάλι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλάω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-ἀρμάτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brassen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brassen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brassen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεύω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκειος, α, ὄν Ion. χαλκήιος, η, ὄν, poet. for χάλκεος, (χαλκός) of brass, brassen.

χαλκ-ἐλάτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) poet. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-ἐμβολάς, poet. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-ἐμβολος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἐμβολον) with brassen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, ἐς, (χαλκός, ἔντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκεό-γομφος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brassen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brassen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεό-πεζος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed.

χαλκέ-οπλος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, ὄπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἑα Ion. ἐη, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὔν: poet. χάλκειος Ion. -ήιος, η, ὄν: (χαλκός):—of copper or bronze, brassen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεὺς a brassen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἱστάναι τινά to raise a brassen statue to one. 2. metaph. like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brassen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ἐς, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brassen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brassen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εως, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) a worker in copper, a

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith.

χαλκευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύς: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ἡ χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκός) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II.

intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; τὸ χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεῶν, ὤνος, ὁ, = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy.

χαλκηδών, ὄνος, ὁ, (χαλκός) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκεῖον.

χαλκήιος, η, ον, Ion. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ήλατος also χαλκ-έλατος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἀρᾶρειν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.

χαλκί-οικος, ον, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a brassen house or shrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκός) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a bird of prey.

Χαλκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοάρης, ες, gen. εος, poet. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [α]

χαλκο-βαρής, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, βάρος) heavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρής.

χαλκο-βατής, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brassen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, βοή) with voice of brass.

χαλκο-γένειος, ον, (χαλκός, γένειον), and χαλκό-γενυς, υ, gen. υος, (χαλκός, γένυς) with teeth of brass.

χαλκο-γλώχιν, ἰνος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, γλωχίς) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαϊδάλος, ον, (χαλκός, δαϊδάλλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sharpening brass.

χαλκό-δετος, ον, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, θώραξ) = χαλκεο-θώραξ, with brassen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, κνήμις) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brassen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ον, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brassen-boofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ον, (χαλκός, νῶτος) brass-backed.

χαλκο-παγής, ες, (χαλκός, παγῆναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. —πάρᾱος, ον, (χαλκός, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πεδος, ον, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass.

χαλκό-πλευρος, ον, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, πλήθος) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. —πλακτος, ον, (χαλκός, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό; gen. —ποδος (χαλκός, πούς):—brassen-footed, with brassen tramp. II.

with steps of brass, brassen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ον, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

ΧΑΛΚΟ΄Σ, οὐ, ὁ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. aes, called from its colour ἐρυθρός and αἰθωψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκός was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκός was used for σίδηρος. Later, χαλκός was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts. II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brassen arms: also a brassen vessel, urn.

χαλκο-σκελής, ες, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ον, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ον, (χαλκός, στόμα) with brassen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ον, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of brass.

χαλκο-τευχής, ες, (χαλκός, τεύχος) in brassen armour.

χαλκό-τοξος, ον, (χαλκός, τόξον) with brassen bow.

χαλκοτορέω, f. ἤσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκό-τορος, ον, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass.

χαλκο-τύπος, ον, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, ὁ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2.

striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybele. II. χαλκότυπος, ον, pass.,

struck with brass, inflicted with brassen arms.

χαλκ-οὐργος, ὁ, (χαλκός, \*ἔργω) a coppersmith.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὐν, Att. contr. from χάλκεος. II.

as Subst., χαλκοῦς, ὁ, a copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ον, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φᾶ]

χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκός.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brassen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, χιτών) brassen-coated, brass-clad.



**χαλκό-χυτος**, *ον*, (χαλκός, χέω) *cast in copper or brass*.

**χαλκώ**, *ἴ. ὤσω*, (χαλκός) *to cover with brass*:—*aor. I pass. part. χαλκαθείς, clad in brass.* II. *to make in brass or bronze.*

**χάλκωμα**, *ατος, τό*, (χαλκός) *anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.*

**χαλυβδικός**, *ή, ὄν*, (χάλυψ) *of steel*; τὸ χαλυβδικόν *steel*.

**χάλυβος**, *ὁ*, *poët. for χάλυψ, steel.*

**Χάλυψ**, *ὑβος, ὁ*, *one of the nation of the Cbalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel.* II. *as appellat., χάλυψ, ὑβος, ὁ, barded iron, steel.*

**χάμαδις** [μᾶ], *Adv. (χαμαί) poët. for χαμαῖε, on the ground, to the ground.*

**χαμαῖε**, *Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.*

**χάμαθεν**, *Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground.*

**ΧΑΜΑΙ**, *Adv. on the earth, on the ground.* 2. *like χαμαῖε, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.*

**χάμαι-γενής**, *ἐς, gen. ἐός, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-born, sprung from the soil.*

**χάμαι-ευνάς**, *ἄδος, poët. fem. of sq. [αἷ metri grat.]*

**χάμαι-εὐνής**, *ον, ὁ, (χαμαί, εὐνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [αἷ metri grat.]*

**χάμαιζηλος**, *ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: ὁ χάμαιζηλος (sub. δίφρος), a low stool.* II. *metaph. fond of mean things, bumble; τὸ χάμαιζηλον humility.*

**χάμαικοιτέω**, *ἴ. ἤσω, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From*

**χάμαι-κοίτης**, *ον, ὁ, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.*

**χάμαιλεχής**, *ἐς, gen. ἐός, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χάμαι-κοίτης.*

**χάμαι-λέων**, *οντος, ὁ, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.*

**χάμαιπετέω**, *ἴ. ἤσω, to fall to the ground; γνώμα χαμαιπετοῖσα a thought that falls to the ground. From*

**χάμαι-πετής**, *ἐς, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ-Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust.* 2. *lying or sleeping on the ground.* 3. *on the ground.* II. *metaph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless.*

**χάμαιπετοῖσα**, *Dor. for χαμαιπετοῦσα, part. fem. of χάμαιπετέω.*

**χάμαι-τυπεῖον**, *τό, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a brotbel.*

**χάμ-ερπής**, *ἐς, (χαμαί, ἔρπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.*

**χάμ-εὐνη**, *ή, for χαμαιεὐνη, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed.* II. *a bedstead.*

**χάμ-ευνίς**, *ἴδος, ἡ, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed.*

**χάμηλός**, *ή, ὄν, (χαμαί) on the ground.* 2. *diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.*

**χάμόθεν**, *Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from the ground.*

**χάμψαι**, *οἱ*, *the Egyptian name for crocodiles.*

**χάν**, *ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.*

**Χαναναῖος**, *α, ὄν, Canaanitish, of Canaan*:—*as Subst., Χαναναῖος, ὁ, a Canaanite; Χαναναία, ἡ, a Canaanitish woman. See Κανανίτης.*

**χανδάνω**, *fut. χείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐχάδον Ep. χάδον: pf. with pres. sense κέχανδα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κεχάνδει:—to bold, take in, comprise, contain, ἐξ μέτρα χάνδανε κρητὴρ the bowl beld six measures: οὐκ ἐδυνήσατο πάσας αἰγιαλὸς νῆας χαδέειν the beach could not bold all the ships.*

**χανδόν**, *Adv., (χαίνω) gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.*

**χάνειν**, *aor. 2 inf. of χαίνω.*

**χάνοι** [ᾱ], *3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χαίνω.*

**ΧΑ'ΟΣ** [ᾱ], *εὐς, τό, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass.* 2. *infinite space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.*

**χᾶος**, *ὄν, like χᾶος, genuine, true, good.*

**χάρᾱ**, *ή, (χαρῆναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρῇ with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.*

**χάραγμα**, *ατος, τό, (χάρασσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνης the serpent's bite.* 2. *a graven mark or line, character, inscription.*

**χάρᾱδρα** *lon. χαράδρη, ἡ, (χάρασσω) like χείμαρρος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χάρασσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. torrens.* II. *the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence*

**χάραδραῖος**, *α, ὄν, of or from a mountain-torrent.*

**χάραδριός**, *ὁ, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.*

**χάραδρώω**, *ἴ. ὤσω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαράδρωθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies: χώρη κεχαράδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.*

**χάρᾱκός**, *ἴ. ὤσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, fortify.* II. *to prop with a pole or stake.*

**χάρακτήρ**, *ἡρος, ὁ, (χάρασσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a thing.* 2. *metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ἀνδρῶν οὐδεὶς χαρακτήρ ἐμπίφυκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men.* 3. *a likeness, image, exact representation.*

**χάρακτός**, *ή, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χάρασσω, cut in, notched, like a saw.*

**χάρᾱκωμα**, *ατος, τό, (χάρᾱκός) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp.* II. *a paling, palisade, Lat. vallum.*

**χάρᾱκωσις**, *εὐς, ἡ, (χάρᾱκός) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.*

**χάραξ**, *ἄκος, ὁ, also ἡ, (χάρᾱκός) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole.* II. *a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence* 2.

collectively, a place paled in, a fortified camp, Lat. *vallum*.

**ΧΑΡΑΨΣΩ** Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐχάραξα: Pass., aor. I ἐχαράχθην: pf. κεχάραγμα:—to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χάρῃναι, aor. I inf. pass. of χαίρω.

χάρῃσομαι, later fut. of χαίρω.

χάρϊ-δότης, ου, ὁ, (χάρις, δίδωμι) he that gives joy or grace.

χάρις, χαρίεσσα, χαρίεν, gen. εντος: (χάρις):—graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant.

II. in Att., χαρίεις was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; οἱ χαρίεντες men of taste and refinement, men of education.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written χάρϊεν. Hence

χάρϊεντίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδῇ χαρίεντίζεσθαι to jest in earnest.

χάρϊέντως, Adv. of χαρίεις, gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χάρϊ-εργός, ὄν, (χαίρω, ἔργον) delighting in the arts, epith. of Minerva.

χάρϊζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, also f. pass. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχαρίσαμην and ἐχαρίσθην: pf. κεχάρισμαι both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (χάρις):—to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι to indulge one's body.

II. c. acc. rei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χαρίζεσθαι ἀλλοτριῶν to give freely of what does not belong to one; ταμίη χαρίζομένη παρεόντων the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοῖσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχάριστο it was done to please the Euboeans. 2. pf. part. κεχαρισμένος, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most welcome to my heart; κεχαρισμένος ἦλθεν he came wished for, was welcome.

χαριξῆ, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι.

χάρις [α], ἡ, gen. χάριτος: acc. χάριν or χάριτα: plur. χάριτες, dat. pl. χάρισι Ep. χαρίτεσσι poet. also χάρισι: (χαίρω):—favour, grace, Lat. *gratia*: I. outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάριν καταχευαί τινι to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a charm.

II. grace or favour felt, either, 1. by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases χάριν εἶδέναι to feel gratitude; χάριν ὀφείλειν to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; χάριν or χάριτα κατατίθεσθαι τινι to lay up

a store of gratitude with a person, i. e. earn his thanks; χάριν λαμβάνειν to receive thanks.

3. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. *gratia*; χάριτι πλεῖον ἢ φόβῳ more by favour than fear.

III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; χάριν φέρειν τινί to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, χάριν θέσθαι, νέμειν, δρᾶσαι to confer a grace, favour, kindness.

IV. a gratification, delight; φόρμιγγος from the harp. 2. δαιμόναν χάρις homage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; εὐκταία χάρις a gift in consequence of a vow.

V. special usages: acc. sing. absol. χάριν, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, χάριν Ἑκτορος for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic., τὴν Ἀθηναίων χάριν for the sake of the Athenians:—it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = ἔνεκα, Lat. *gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of*: so too, ἐμὴν χάριν, σὴν χάριν for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. *mea, tua gratia*.

2. εἰς χάριν τινός to do one a pleasure; πρὸς χάριν λέγειν τινί to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, πρὸς χάριν ἐμᾶς σαρκός for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it.

3. ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν τινά to decide from partiality to one. 4. διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι τινι to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one.

VI. in Mythology, αἱ Χάριτες the Charites or Graces were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, Aglaia, Euphrosyne, Thalia.

χάρισμα, atos, τό, (χαρίζομαι) a grace, favour: a free gift, grace.

χάρισσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of χαρίζομαι.

χαριστήριος, ου, (χαρίζομαι) in token of thanksgiving. II. as Subst., χαριστήριον, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ χαριστήρια (sub. ἱερά), thank-offerings.

χάρϊτία, ἡ, (χάρις) a jest, joke.

χάρϊτο-βλέφαρος, ου, (Χάρις, βλέφαρον) with eyelids like the Graces.

χάρϊτο-γλωσσέω Att. -ττέω, f. ἤσω, (χάρις, γλῶσσα) to speak to please, glaze with the tongue.

χάρϊτόω, f. ὠσω, (χάρις) to shew favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be bigbly favoured.

χάρϊτ-ώπης, es, (χάρις, ὤψ) graceful of aspect: fem. χαριτωπῖς, ἰδος.

χάρμα, atos, τό, (χαίρω) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ἡ, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (χάρμα) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights.

χαρμόσυνος, η, ου, (χάρμη) joyful, glad; χαρμόσυνα ποιεῖν to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (χάρμα, φρήν) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιός, ὄν, (χαρά, ποιέω) causing joy, gladdening.

χάρ-οπός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (χαρά, ὤψ) glad-eyed, bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, much like γλαυκός.



χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.

χάρτης, ου, ὁ, (χαράσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus.

χαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, delightful, gladdening, cheerful.

Χάρυβδις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, *Charybdis*, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a whirlpool, gulf: metaph. of a greedy rapacious person, like Lat. *baratrum*.

Χάρων [ἄ], ὄνος, ὁ, *Charon*, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. χαροπός,

χασκάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of χάσκω, c. acc. to keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκω, ἔχασκον, to gape, yawning, used as pres. and impf. of χαίνω: see χαίνω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning hollow, a chasm, gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat. *riectus*.

III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμέμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. *riectus*.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

χάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι.

ΧΑΤΕΨΩ, f. ἤσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c.

gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χατίζω, f. ἴσω, like χατέω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, have need of: χατίζειν ἐργοιο to want or be without work: absol. in part. one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χᾶτις, ἡ, and χᾶτος, εος, τό, want, need, = χητίς, χῆτος.

χαυλιόδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, ὀδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth. II. χαυλιόδοντες ὀδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding, tusky: absol., χαυλιόδοντες sharp, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ου, ὁ, (χαῦνος, πολίτης) an open-mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [ἱ]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ου, (χαῦνος, πρωκτός) wide-breeched.

χαῦνος, η, ου, and ος, ου, (χαίτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous. II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ητος, ἡ, looseness, porousness. II. metaph. folly, vanity.

χαύνωσις, εως, ἡ, (χαυνύω) a making loose or slack. II. metaph. making a thing light, weakening its force.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.

χεζητιάω, like χεσεύω, Desiderat. of χέζω, to wish to ease oneself.

ΧΕΖΩ, f. χεσούμαι: pf. κέχοδα: aor. I ἔχεσα: aor. 2 ἔχεσον: pf. pass. κέχεσμαι:—to ease oneself:—Pass., σπέλεθος ἀρτίως κεχεσμένος dung just dropt.

ΧΕΙΑ' Ion. χείη, ἡ, a bole, esp. of serpents.

χείλευς, Dor. for χείλεος, gen. of χείλος.

χείλο-ποτίω, f. ἤσω, (χείλος, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛΟΣ, εος, τό: plur., gen. χείλεων contr. ὦν: dat. χείλεσι Ep. -εσσι:—a lip: proverb., χείλεσι γελᾶν to laugh with the lips (only): χείλεα μὲν τ' ἐδίην', ὑπερώην δ' οὐκ ἐδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not. 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χείμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. *hiems*: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χεῖμα absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [ἄ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters: χειμαδίῳ χρῆσθαι Λήμνῳ to fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters. From

χειμάζω, f. ἄσω: (χείμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the winter. II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. *biemare*. III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. 2. absol. χεῖμαζε (sc. ὁ θεός), there is a storm, like ὕει, νίφει, etc.: ἐχεῖμαζε ἡμέρας τρεῖς the storm lasted three days. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering.

χειμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (χείμα) to distress by a storm or tempest:—Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-tost. II. intr. to be stormy.

χείμαρος, ὁ, (χείμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρ-ροος, ου, Att. contr. -ρους, ουν: (χείμα, ῥέω):—winter-flowing, swollen in winter: χειμάρροος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., χειμάρρους, ὁ, a water-drain, conduit. II. wintry, stormy.

χείμαρρος or χειμάρρος, ου, poet. for χειμάρροος.

χειμάσια Ion. -ία, ἡ, (χειμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χειμερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (χείμα) to pass the winter, winter.

χειμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (χείμα) of or in winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy: χειμερινὸν χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χειμέριος.

χειμέριος, α, ου, Att. also ος, ου: (χείμα):—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry: ὥρη χειμερῖν the winter-season: μῆνες χειμεριώτατοι the most wintry, i. e. most stormy, months: ἀκτὰ χειμερία κυματοπλήγῃ a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χειμερία λύπη raging pain.—Generally, χειμέριος and χειμερινός are distinguished thus:—χειμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy: χειμερινός wintry, in winter-time.

χειμο-θνής, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, (χείμα, θνήσκω) frozen to death.

χειμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter: τὸν χειμῶνα during winter: χειμῶνος in winter.

time.

II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; *χειμῶν νοτερός* a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

*χειμῶνο-τύπος*, *ον*, (*χειμῶν, τύπτω*) beating tempestuously.

**ΧΕΪΡ**, ἡ, gen. *χείρος*: plur. *χείρες, χειρῶν, χερσὶ*: Ion. decl., *χείρ, χερός, χερί, χέρα, χέρες*, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are *χεροῖν* (rarely *χειροῖν*) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. *χείρεσι* and *χείρεσσι*:—the hand, or rather the hand and arm, the arm; *ἄκρα χεῖρ* the hand; *χεῖρ σιδηρᾶ* an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapnel.

2. *χείρ* is often joined with *δεξιός* and *ἀριστερός*, to mark the side on which a thing is; see *ἀριστερός, δεξιός*. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; *ἔπεσιν καὶ χερσὶν ἀρήξειν* to assist with word and deed; *προσφέρειν χείρας* to apply force; of deeds of violence, *χειρῶν ἀρχειν* to begin the fray. 4. like Lat. *manus*, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork.

II. special usages: *χείρὸς ἔχειν τινά* to have, hold one by the hand; *χείρας ἀνασχεῖν θεοῖς* to raise one's hands to the gods in prayer; *χείρας ὀρέξαι* to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty.

2. *ἄγεσθαί τι ἐς χείρας* to take a thing in hand; *ἐν χερσὶ, μετὰ* or *διὰ χείρας ἔχειν τι* to have a thing in hand, be engaged in it.

3. *ἐν χερσὶ, ἐν χερσὶ* in one's hand or hands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, *ἐν χερσὶ* in the fray, in close fight, Lat. *cominus*.

4. *εἰς χείρας ἐλθεῖν* to fall into anyone's hands or power, but also to come to blows.

5. *ἐκ χείρὸς* out of hand, off hand; *ἀπὸ χείρὸς λογίσασθαι* to reckon off hand, roughly.

6. *πρὸ χειρῶν* at hand, in readiness.

7. *ὑπὸ χείρὸς* or *χειρῶν* under the hands, under the power; cp. *ὑποχείριος*.

*χειρ-ἄγρα*, ἡ, (*χείρ, ἄγρα*) gout in the hand; as *ποδ-ἄγρα* in the feet.

*χειρᾶγωγέω*, f. ἦσω, to lead by the hand. From

*χειρ-ἄγωγός*, *ον*, (*χείρ, ἄγω*) leading by the hand: as Subst., *χειραγωγός*, *ὁ*, one that leads by the hand.

*χειρ-απτάζω*, f. ἄσω, (*χείρ, ἄπτω*) to touch with the hand, take in hand, bundle.

*χείρεσι, χείρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *χείρ*.

*χειρῖδωτός*, *ον*, (*χείρ*) having sleeves, sleeved, of the *χιτῶν* or tunic: the *χιτῶν* without sleeves was called *ἐξωμῖς*.

*χείριος*, *α, ον*, (*χείρ*) in the hands, in the power of, subject, captive.

*χειρίς*, ἴδος, ἡ, (*χείρ*) a covering for the hand, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

*χείριστος*, *η, ον*, irreg. Sup. of *χείρων*, worst, Lat. *pessimus*: *οἱ χείριστοι* men of lowest degree.

*χειρο-βολέω*, f. ἦσω, (*χείρ, βαλεῖν*) to throw with the hand.

*χειρό-γράφος*, *ον*, (*χείρ, γράφω*) written with the hand, in handwriting:—as Subst., *χειρόγραφον*, *τό*, a handwriting, written decree.

*χειρο-δαΐκτος*, *ον*, (*χείρ, δαΐζω*) slain by the hand.

*χειρό-δεικτος*, *ον*, (*δείκνυμι*) pointed out by the hand, Lat. *digito monstratus*: manifest, confessed.

*χειρο-δίκης*, *ου, ὁ*, (*χείρ, δίκη*) one who asserts his right by force of hands, who uses the right of might. [ῖ]

*χειρο-δράκων*, *οντος, ὁ*, (*χείρ, δράκων*) with serpent-bands or arms. [ᾱ]

*χειρο-ήθης*, *ες*, (*χείρ, ἦθος*) accustomed to the hand, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. *mansuetus*: used or habituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

*χειρό-μακτρον*, *τό*, (*χείρ, μάσσω*) a cloth for wiping the hands, a towel, napkin, Lat. *mantile*: the Scythians used scalps as *χειρόμακτρα*.

*χειρομαχέω*, f. ἦσω, to fight with the hands. From *χειρο-μάχος*, *ον*, (*χείρ, μάχομαι*) fighting with the hand.

*χειρο-μύλη*, ἡ, (*χείρ, μύλη*) a hand-mill. [ῡ]

*χειρονομέω*, f. ἦσω, (*χειρονόμος*) to move the hands to a certain time or order; *σκέλεσι χειρονομεῖν* to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

*χειρονομία*, ἡ, measured motion of the hands, gesticulation.

*χειρο-νόμος*, *ον*, (*νέμω*) moving the hands regularly gesticulating: as Subst., *χειρονόμος*, *ὁ*, Lat. *pantomimus*, a pantomimic performer.

*χειρόνως*, Adv. of *χείρων*, worse.

*χειρο-πληθής*, *ές*, (*χείρ, πίμπλημι*) filling the hand, as large as can be held in the hand.

*χειρο-ποιέομαι*, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to make or do by hand. Hence

*χειροποίητος*, *ον*, made by hand, artificial: made on purpose.

*χειρό-σοφος*, *ον*, (*χείρ, σοφός*) skilled with the hands: hence = *χειρονόμος*.

*χειρο-τένων*, *οντος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*χείρ, τείνω*) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

*χειρότερος*, *α, ον*, poet. for *χείρων*, worse.

*χειρο-τέχνης*, *ου, ὁ*, (*χείρ, τέχνη*) a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; *χειροτέχνης ἰατρίας* a chirurgian, surgeon. Hence

*χειροτεχνία*, ἡ, handicraft, art.

*χειροτεχνικός*, ἡ, *ον*, (*χειροτέχνης*) of or for handicraft or a handicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. *-κῶς*.

*χειροτονέω*, f. ἦσω, (*χειροτόνος*) to stretch out the hand, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian *ἐκκλησία*.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to *λαγχάνειν κλήρον* to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

*χειροτονητέον*, verb. Adj. one must vote.

*χειροτονητός*, ἡ, *ον*, verb. Adj. of *χειροτονέω*, elected by show of hands; *ἀρχὴ χειροτονητῆ* an elective magistracy.

*χειροτονία*, ἡ, (*χειροτονέω*) a stretching out of hands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of hands; *χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου* election by the people. II. a vote, Lat. *suffragium*: also collectively, the votes.



**χειρο-τόνος**, *ον*, (χείρ, τείνω) *stretching out the bands*; of prayers, offered with outstretched bands.

**χειρο-τύπης**, *ἐς*, (χείρ, τυπεῖν) *striking with the bands*.

**χειρουργέω**, *φ.ήσω*, (χειρουργός) *to do with the bands, execute; to commit acts of violence*. Hence

**χειρουργία**, *ἡ*, a working by band, practice of a handicraft or art. II. a trade, business.

**χειρ-ουργός**, *όν*, (χείρ, \*έργω) *working or doing by band, practising a handicraft or art*. 2. as Subst.,

**χειρουργός**, *ὁ*, a *chirurgion, surgeon*.

**χειρώω**, *φ.ώσω*: Med., *φ.χειρώσομαι*: aor. I *ἐχειρώσαμην*: Pass., fut. *χειρωθήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐχειρώθην*: pf. *κεχειρώμαι*: (χείρ):—*to take in band, bandage*:

*to get into one's hands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner*:—Pass. *χειροῦμαι*, *to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner*. Hence

**χείρωμα**, *ατος, τό*, *that which is done by hand*; *τυμβοχόα χειρώματα* offerings to the dead poured by one's own hand.

II. *that which is brought into one's hands or under one's power, a conquest*. 2. a deed of violence.

**χείρων**, *ὁ, ἡ*, neut. *ον*; gen. *ονος*; plur., nom. and acc., *χείρονες*, *χείρονας* contr. *χείρους*, neut. *χείρονα* contr. *χείρων*; dat. *χείροσι* poet. *χείρόνεσι*: Ep. *χερείων*, *ον*: Dor. *χερῶν*: poet. also *χειρότερος*, *χεριότερος*:

irreg. Comp. of *κακός* (formed from \**χέρης*):—*worse, meaner, inferior*: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, *οὐ τι χερίον ἐν ὥρῃ δειπνον ἐλέσθαι* 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, *οὐ χεῖρόν [ἐστι]* it is well: of persons, *ὁ χείρων* one of lower degree; *οἱ χείρονες* men of lower degree:—*ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον τρέπεσθαι* to fall off. II.

*χείρον*, as Adv., *worse*.—See *χείριστος*.

**Χείρων**, *ωνος, ὁ*, *Cheiron*, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. *χειρουργός*).

**χειρ-ῶναξ**, *ατος, ὁ*, (χείρ, ἄναξ) *one who is master of his band, a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic*, like *εὐώπης ἀναξ*: also as Adj., *πᾶς ὁ χειρῶναξ* *λέως* all the mechanic sort. Hence

**χειρ-ωνάξια** Ion. *-ίη, ἡ*, *skill in workmanship, handicraft, trade*.

**Χειρωνίς**, *ίδος, fem.* Adj. of *Cheiron*: as Subst. (sub. *βίβλος*) a book on surgery.

**χειρωτός**, *ἡ, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of *χειρώω*, *subdued: to be subdued*.

**χείσομαι**, fut. of *χανδάνω*.

**χείω**, Ep. for *χέω*, *to pour*.

**χελιδόι**, irreg. voc. of *χελιδών*, as if from *χελιδώ*.

**χελιδονίζω**, *φ.ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (χελιδών) *to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language*.

**χελιδόνιον**, *τό*, (χελιδών) *swallow-wort, celandine*, of which there were two kinds, *χελιδόνιον κυάνεον* (or *γλαυκόν*) and *χλωρόν*. Properly neut. of

**χελιδόνιος**, *α, ον*, (χελιδών) *of the swallow, like the*

*swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown*.

**χελιδόνισμα**, *ατος, τό*, (χελιδονίζω) *the swallow-song, an old popular song at the return of the swallows*.

**χελιδών**, *όνος, ἡ*: irreg. vocat. *χελιδοῖ* (as if from *χελιδώ*):—*the swallow*, Lat. *hirundo*. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for *χελιδόναν μουσεῖα*, see *μουσεῖον*: proverb., *μία χελιδὼν ἔαρ οὐ ποιεῖ* one swallow does not make a summer. II. *the*

*frog in the hollow of a horse's foot*.

**χελύνη** [*ῥ*], *ἡ*, (χεῖλος) *the lip*; *χελύνην ἐσθίειν ὑπ' ὀργῆς* to bite the lip from passion. II. Aeol. for *χελώνη*.

**ΧΕ'ΛΥ'Σ**, *ῥος, ἡ*, a *tortoise*, Lat. *testudo*: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. *the shell or lyre itself*, Lat. *testudo*. II. *the arched breast, the chest*.

**χελώνη**, *ἡ*, (χέλυς) a *tortoise*: proverb., *ὡς χελῶναι μακάριαι τοῦ δέρματος* oh tortoises, happy in your thick hides! 2. *the shell of the tortoise*. II. *the lyre*: see *χέλυς*. III. as a military term, a *pent-house* formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman *testudo*, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a *shed or moveable roof* for protecting besiegers.

**χένας**, poet. for *χῆνας*, acc. pl. of *χῆν*.

**χένιον**, *τό*, a kind of quail.

**χερ-άγρα**, *ἡ*, = *χειράγρα*.

**ΧΕ'ΡΑ'ΔΟΣ**, *τό*, *the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, silt*.

**ΧΕΡΑ'Σ**, *ἄδος, ἡ*, doubtful form of *χέραδος*.

**χέρεια**, see *χέρης*.

**χεριότερος**, *α, ον*, Ep. Comp. for *χερίων*.

**χερείων**, *ὁ, ἡ*, neut. *χέρειον*, poet. for *χείρων*, *worse*.

**χέρεσι**, poet. for *χερσί*, dat. pl. of *χείρ*.

**ΧΕ'ΡΗΣ**, an obsol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives *χείρων* and *χερίων* are formed, used in dat. *χέρη*; acc. *χέρη*; nom. pl. *χέρηες*; acc. neut. *χέρη* or *χέρεια*:—*χέρης* itself has a comparative sense, *weaker, worse, inferior*.

**χερῶν**, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Dor. for *χερίων*.

**χερῖ-άρης**, *ον, ὁ*, (χείρ, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *fitting with the hand*.

**χερῖ-φύρης**, *ἐς*, gen. *έος*, (χείρ, φύρω) *mixed or kneaded by hand*.

**χερμάδιον**, *τό*, = *χερμάς*, properly neut. of *χερμάδιος*.

**χερμάδιος**, *ον*, of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing. [*ᾶ*] From

**χερμάς**, *ἄδος, ἡ*, a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a *sling-stone*. (Deriv. doubtful: either from *χέραδος*; or from *χείρ*, a stone that can be grasped in the hand.)

**χερμαστήρ**, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (χερμάς) a *slinger*: as masc. Adj., *χερμαστήρ μιν* *ἐς* the leather of a sling.

**χέρνης**, *ητος, ὁ*, (χείρ) *one who lives by the work of his hands, a day-labourer: a poor, needy man*. II. as Adj., *poor, needy*.

**χερνήτης**, *ον, ὁ*, = *χέρνης*.

χερνῆτις, ἰδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χερ-νίβειον and χερ-νίβον, τό, (χείρ, νίβω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water: to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. *lustrare*. From

χέρ-νιψ, ἴβος, ἡ, (χείρ, νίβω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice. II. plur.

χέρνιβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργεσθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνίπτομαι.

χερο-μύσῃς, ἐς, (χείρ, μύσος) hand-defiling.

χερό-πληκτος, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the hand.

χερός, Ion. and poet. gen. of χείρ.

χερρό-νησος, ἡ, Att. for χερσύνησος. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ-.

χέρρος, Att. for χέρσος.

χερσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl; also of landmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χέρσονδε, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, ον, ὁ, (Χερσύνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονησο-ειδής Att. χερρον-, ἐς, (χερσύνησος, εἶδος) like a peninsula, peninsular.

χερσό-νησος Att. χερρόν-, ἡ, (χέρσος, νῆσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησ-ώδης Att. χερρον-, ἐς, contr. for χερσονησοειδής.

ΧΕΨΟΣ Att. χέρρος, ἡ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἰκέσθαι to reach the land. II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώπη the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, hardened: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

χερύδριον, τό, Dim. of χείρ, a little hand or arm.

χεσεῖω, Desiderat. of χέσω, to want to ease oneself.

χεύαι, χεύαν, χεῦε, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεῦμα, ατος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω.

χεύω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕΨΩ, fut. χέω Ep. χεύω: aor. I ἔχεα Ep. ἔχενα or χεῦα; imperat. χέον Ep. χεῦον; subj. χέω Ep. χεύω, Ep. I pl. χεύομεν; inf. χέαι Ep. χεύαι, part. χέας Ep. χέυας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχενάμην: Pass., f. χυθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχύθην [ῥ]: pf. κεχύμαι [ῥ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κέχυτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [ῥ], used in 3 sing. ἐχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἐχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:—Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth. 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed:—Med.

to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χοὴν χεῖσθαι νεκύεσσι to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χύω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χεῖν to raise a mound. 2. χεῖν δοῦρα to pour or shower spears. 3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or heaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow. 2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χέαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χεῖν ἡέρα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη throwing herself around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χᾱλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἄμυλλαι the racing of fleet horses. χηλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ', ἡ, a horse's hoof: also a cloven hoof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws. II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλινός, ἡ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΟΨ, οὔ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χαίνω, κέχνηα):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἄλώπηξ, εκος, ὁ, (χην, ἄλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake.

χηνεῖος, α, ον, (χην) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χηνεός, η, ον, Ion. for χηνεῖος.

χηνίσκος, ὁ, (χην) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χίρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, see χῆρος.

ΧΗΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, a kind of muscle.

χηρᾶμο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (χηραμός, δίω) one who creeps into holes. [ῥ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a hole, cleft, gap, hollow.

χίρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χαίρω.

χηρεία, ἡ, (χηρεύω) widowhood, widowed estate.

χήρειος, α, ον, (χῆρος) widowed.



χηρεύω, f. σω, (χήρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νῆσος ἀνδρῶν χηρεύει the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

χηρήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for χήρειος.  
χήρος, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., χήρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence

χηρώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἐχρήρωσα Ep. χήρωσα, pass. ἐχρήρωθην:—to bereave, make desolate or deserted. 2. c. gen. to bereave of.; Ἄργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχρήρωθην was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr., like χηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence

χηρωστής, οὔ, ὁ, a collateral relation, heir-at-law.  
χήσειτε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ἤσετε, fut. of ἵημι.  
χήτης, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, = χῆτος.

χῆτος, εος, τό, (χατίω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χῆτεϊ τοιοῦτο ἀνδρός from want or loss of such a man; χῆτι (Ion. dat. of χῆτης) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ἡ, want, need, destitution.  
χῆφθα, Dor. for καὶ ἤφθην, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.  
χθαμᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕ΄Σ, Adv., lengthd. ἐχθές, yesterday; πρῶην τε καὶ χθές or χθὲς καὶ πρῶην yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χθιζός, of yesterday; τὸ σκόροδον τὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see χθιζός.  
χθιζίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χθεσινός.

χθιζός, ἡ, ὄν, (χθές) = χθεσινός, of yesterday; ὁ χθιζὸς πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζὸς ἔβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζά are used as Adv., = χθές, of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρῶιστα yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθὲς καὶ πρῶην.

χθόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοὶ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. Inferi; χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στιβής, ἐς, (χθών, στιβεῖν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρέφης, ἐς, gen. εος, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished by or growing on earth.

ΧΘΩ΄Ν, ἡ, gen. χθονός, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονὸς κεκευθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. οἱ ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi. II. Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

ΧΙΔΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χιδρα, τά, a dish of unripe unbeaten groats toasted:—as ἀλφίτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [ᾶ]  
χιλί-ανδρος, ον, (χίλιοι, ἀνὴρ) containing a thousand men.

χιλι-άρχης or χιλί-αρχος, ον, ὁ, (χίλιοι, ἀρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιαρχία, ἡ, the office or post of χιλίαρχος, command of 1000 men.

χιλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χιλι-έτης, ον, ὁ, or χιλι-ετής, εος, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.

ΧΙΛΙΟΙ, αι, α, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χιλία ἵππος a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵππος, etc.

χιλιό-ναυς, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

χιλιο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (χίλιοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης ἀρωγή the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χιλιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.

χιλιοστὺς, ὅς, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand.

ΧΙΛΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχεσθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ξηρός hay. Hence

χιλόω, f. ὠσω, to turn out to graze.

χίμαιρα [ι], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαρος. II. as prop. n., Χίμαιρα, ἡ, Chimæra, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χίμαιρο-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (χίμαιρα, βαίνω) epith. of Pan, he who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χίμαιρο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, (χίμαιρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χίμαιρο-φόνος, ον, (χίμαιρα, φένω) slaying goats.

χίμαρ-αρχος, ὁ, (χίμαρος, ἀρχω) leading goats; τράγος χιμάραρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙΜΑ΄ΡΟΣ [ι], ὁ, a he-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος.

χίμαρο-σφάκτης, ον, ὁ, (χίμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρως, Dor. for χιμάρους, acc. pl. of χίμαρος.

χίμετλον [ι], τό, (χεῖμα) a chilblain, kibe.

ΧΙΩ-γενής, ἐς, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Cbian birth or growth, of wine.

χιών, τό, (χίος) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½ χούς, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, α, ον, (χιών) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ἴσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εἰ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώραν if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιόνιζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον, (χιών, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

**χιονοβόσκος**, *ον*, (χιών, βόσκω) *fostering snow, snow-clad*.

**χιονοθρέμμων**, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (χιών, θρέμμα) *feeding snow, snow-clad*.

**χιονόκτυπος**, *ον*, (χιών, κτυπέω) *snow-beaten*.

**χιονοτρόφος**, *ον*, (χιών, τρέφω) *nursing snow, snow-clad*.

**χιονόχρως**, *ωτος* and *οος*, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χιών, χρώς) *with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white*.

**χιονώδης**, *ες*, (χιών, εἶδος) *like snow, snow-white*.

**Χίος**, *ἡ*, *Cbios*, an island in the Aegean sea, now Scio. Hence

**Χῖος**, *α, ον*, *Cbian*, of or from Cbios: *οἱ Χῖοι* the Cbians.

**II. ὁ χῖος** (sub. βόλος), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was *χῖος ἀστράγαλος*, the opp. side with the size-dot was called *Κῶος*, Lat. *unio*; cp. *Κῶος*. The proverb *οὐ Χῖος ἀλλὰ Κεῖος* referred to the contrast between the dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians.

**ΧΙΤΩΝ**, *ὁ*, in Ion. Prose *κιθών*, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. *tunica*, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called *φᾶρος*, *χλαῖνα*, or *ἱμάτιον*: the *χιτών* sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called *χιτὼν ποδήρης*: with sleeves it was called *χιτὼν χειρῶν*.

**II.** of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; *χιτῶνες λεπίδος σιδηρέης* coats of iron scales.

**III.** in plur. *the pieces of a shoe*. **IV.** metaph. any coat, case or covering; *λάινος χιτῶν* a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; *τειχέων κιθῶνες* coats, lines of walls: also in plur. *the coats of an onion*.

**χιτώνιον**, *τό*, Dim. of *χιτῶν*, a little tunic, short coat.

**χιτώνισκος**, *ὁ*, = *χιτώνιον*.

**ΧΙΤΩΝ**, *ὄνος, ἡ*, *snow*; properly *fallen snow*, opp. to *νιφάς* or *νιφετός*, *falling snow*; *χιών τηκομένη* melting snow.

**II.** *snow-water*.

**ΧΛΑΪΝΑ**, only found in pf. *κέχλαδα* part. *κεχλαδώς*, and plur. *κεχλαδόντες* (for *κεχλαδότες*):—to sound, ring, shout: hence redupl. *καχλάζω*.

**ΧΛΑΙΝΑ** Ion. *χλαῖνη*, *ης, ἡ*, Lat. *laena*, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the *χιτών*: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the *φᾶρος* and *ἱμάτιον*.

**χλαινίον**, *τό*, Dim. of *χλαῖνα*, a small cloak.

**χλαινώω**, f. *ώσω*, (χλαῖνα) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

**χλαινώμα**, *ατος, τό*, a clothing, covering.

**χλαμυδὴ-φόρος**, *ον*, (χλαμύς, φέρω) wearing a *χλαμύς* or horseman's cloak: as Subst., *χλαμυδηφόρος, ὁ*, a horseman, cavalier.

**χλαμυδ-ουργία**, *ἡ*, (χλαμύς, \*έργω) the making of cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.

**χλαμύς**, *ύδος [ῥ]*, *ἡ*, a short cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. *paludamentum*. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to *χλαῖνα*.)

**χλανίδιον**, *τό*, Dim. of *χλανίς*, a small cloak or coverlet. [νῖ]

**χλανίδο-ποιία**, *ἡ*, (χλανίς, ποιέω) the art or trade of cloak-making.

**χλαῖνίς**, *ἰδος, ἡ*, (χλαῖνα) an upper garment of wool, like the *χλαῖνα*, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence *χλανίδα φορεῖν*, to wear the *χλανίς*, was a mark of effeminacy.

**χλανισκίδιον** [κῖ], or **χλανίσκιον**, *τό*, and **χλανίσκος**, *ὁ*, Dim. of *χλανίς*, a small cloak.

**χλευάζω**, f. *άσω*, (χλεύη) to joke, jest, scoff. **II.** trans. to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully. Hence

**χλευασία**, *ἡ*, and **χλευασμός**, *ὁ*, mockery, scoffing.

**ΧΛΕΥΉ**, *ἡ*, a joke, jest; *χλεύην ποιεῖν* or *ποιεῖσθαι* *τινα* to make one a jest.

**ΧΛΗΪΔΟΣ**, *ὁ*, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a house, Lat. *quisquilliae*.

**χλιαίνω**, f. *άνω*: aor. *ἔχληνα*: (χλίω):—to make warm:—Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warm. **II.** to soften by warmth, melt.

**χλιαρός**, *ά, ὢν* Ion. **χλιερός**, *ἡ, ὢν*, (χλίω) warm, lukewarm, Lat. *tepidus*.

**χλιδαίνω**, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:—Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

**χλιδανός**, *ἡ, ὢν*, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

**χλιδάω**, f. *ήσω*, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; *χλιδαν ἐπὶ τινι* to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

**χλιδή**, *ἡ*, (χλίω) delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness. 2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. 3. any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. *fine raiment, costly ornaments*, Lat. *deliciae*: also *charms, beauty*.

**χλιδημα**, *ατος, τό*, (χλιδάω) = *χλιδή*. [ῖ]

**χλιερός**, *ἡ, ὢν*, Ion. for *χλιαρός*.

**χλιόω**, Ep. for *χλιάω*.

**ΧΛΙΩ**, only used in pres. and impf., to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate. [ῖ]

**χλόα**, see *χλόη*.

**χλο-αυγής**, *ές*, (χλόη, αύγή) with a greenish lustre.

**χλοερός**, *ά, ὢν*, poet. lengthd. for *χλωρός*.

**χλοερο-τρόφος**, *ον*, (χλοερός, τρέφω) producing green herbs, grass-growing.

**χλοερ-ῶπις**, *ἰδος, ἡ*, (χλοερός, ὤψ) greenish looking.

**ΧΛΟΉ**, *ης*, and **χλόα**, *ας*, also Ion. **χλοή**, *ἡ*, the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poet. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.

**χλοη-κομέω**, f. *ήσω*, (χλόη, κόμη) to be green as a young leaf.

**χλο-ήρης**, *ες*, (χλόη, ἀρᾶρεῖν) = *χλοερός, χλωρός*.

**χλοη-τόκος**, *ον*, (χλόη, τεκεῖν) producing young shoots.



**χλοη-φόρος**, *ον*, (χλόη, φέρω) putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.

**χλοιάω**, (χλοΐη) *Ion.* for χλοάω.

**χλοΐη**, *ή*, *Ion.* for χλόη.

**χλούνης**, *ον*, *ή*, Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean feeding or living alone: later as Subst. = κάπρος, the wild boar itself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

**χλοῦνις**, *ή*, a doubtful word in Aesch. Eum. 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean green age, i. e. youth, freshness.

**χλωρ-αύχην**, *ενος*, *ό*, *ή*, (χλωρός, αὐχὴν) with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale: see χλαρής.

**χλωρής**, *ιδος*, poet. fem. of χλωρός, for χλαρά, pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.

**χλωρό-κομος**, *ον*, (χλωρός, κόμη) green-leaved.

**χλωρός** poet. χλοερός, *ά*, *όν*, (χλόη) pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass: also of the colour of honey and sand, yellow. II. generally, pale, pallid. III.

without regard to colour, green, fresh, as opp. to dry; τυρὸς χλωρός fresh cheese: metaph. fresh, blooming, youthful: tender, delicate.

**χναύω**, = κνάω, to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.

**χνοάζω**, *f. άσω*, (χνόος) properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων ἄρτι λευκανθὲς κάρα having his head just sprinkled with white.

**χνοάω**, = χνοάζω.

**ΧΝΟΉ** *Ion.* χνοΐη, *ή*, the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself. 2. metaph., χνόαι ποδῶν the joints on which the feet are set.

**χνόϊος**, *α*, *ον*, (χνόος) downy.

**ΧΝΟΪΟΣ** Att. contr. χνούς, *gen.* χνού, *ό*, any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like ἀχνή.

**χόα**, *acc.* of χόος, χούς.

**χοανεύω** contr. χωνεύω, to cast metal. From

**χοάνη** contr. χώνη, *ή*, a funnel. II. = χάσας. [α]

**χόανος**, *ό*, (χέω) the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.

**χόες**, *οί*, *nom. pl.* of χόος, χούς.

**χοή**, *ή*, (χέω) a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.

**χο-ήρης**, *es*, *gen.* εος, (χοή, ἀρᾶρεῖν) furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; ἄγγος χοήρης a vessel filled with them.

**χοη-φόρος**, *ον*, (χοή, φέρω) bearing drink-offerings.

**χοϊκός**, *ή*, *όν*, (χοῦς) of rubbish, of earth or clay.

**χοινίκις**, *ιδος*, *ή*, (χοῖνιξ) an iron ring.

**χοῖνιξ**, *ικος*, *ή*, a choenix, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 1½ pint Engl.) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the choenix of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; ὅς κεν ἐμῆς γε χοίνικος ἄπτηται whoever tastes of my rations. II. from the shape, the box or nave of a wheel. 2. a kind of shackle or stocks for fastening the legs in.

**χοϊράς**, *άδος*, *ή*, (χοῖρος) a low rock rising above the sea, like a hog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοῖράς ἀμυδρά a sunken rock; χοῖράς Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos. II.

**χοϊράδες**, *αί*, glandular swellings.

**χοῖρειος**, *α*, *ον*, (χοῖρος) of a swine or hog.

**χοῖρεος**, *α*, *ον*, poet. for χοῖρειος: χοῖρεα (sub. κρέατα), *τά*, hog's-flesh.

**χοιρίδιον**, *τό*, Dim. of χοῖρος, a little pig. [ρ]

**ΧΟΙΡΙΝΗ**, *ή*, a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting. [ι]

**χοιρίον**, *τό*, Dim. of χοῖρος, a little pig, porker.

**χοιρίσκος**, *ό*, Dim. of χοῖρος, = χοιρίον.

**χοιρο-κομείον**, *τό*, (χοῖρος, κομείω) a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.

**χοιρο-κτόνος**, *ον*, (χοῖρος, κτείνω) slaying swine. II.

**χοιρόκτονος**, *pass.* of or belonging to a slain swine; αἷμα χοιρόκτονον blood of a slain swine.

**χοιρο-πώλης**, *ον*, *ό*, Dor. -πώλας: (χοῖρος, πωλείω):—a dealer in swine.

**ΧΟΙΡΟΣ**, *ό*, a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus: generally, a pig.

**χολάς**, *άδος*, *ή*, (χολή) in plur. χολάδες, the bowels, intestines.

**χολάω**, (χολή) like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad. II. = χολόομαι, to be angry, rage.

**ΧΟΛΗ**, *ή*, = χόλος, gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis; χολή μέλαινα black, i. e. diseased bile: pl. χολαί, the gall-bladder. II. metaph. like Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.

**ΧΟΛΙΞ**, *ικος*, *ή*, mostly in plur. χολίκες, like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.

**χόλιος**, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (χόλος) enraged, angry.

**ΧΟΛΟΣ**, *ό*, like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή. II.

bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παῦσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath: c. gen., χόλος τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself. Hence

**χολόω**, *f. άσω*, to stir one's gall or bile: hence to make angry, embitter. II. Med. and Pass., *f.*

**χολώσομαι**, paullo-post fut. κεχολώσομαι: aor. I med. ἐχολώσαμην, *pass.* ἐχολώθην: pf. *pass.* κεχόλωμαι:—to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered; κεχολωμένος τινί angry at or with a person.

**χολωθείς**, *είσα*, *έν*, aor. I *pass.* part. of χολόω.

**χολώθην**, Ep. aor. I *pass.* of χολόω.

**χολωσέμεν**, Ep. fut. inf. of χολόω.

**χολωτός**, *ή*, *όν*, verb. Adj. of χολόω, angry, wrathful, passionate.

**χόνδρος**, *ό*, a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica; ἄλς χόνδροι lumps of salt. 2. wheat-groats. 3.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χόνδρον λείχειν* to sip gruel.

**χοῦδρός**, ἄ, ὄν, (*χόνδρος*) like groats; *χοῦδροι ἄλεις* coarse-grained salt, opp. to *λεπτοὶ ἄλεις*, fine salt.

**χόος**, see *χοῦς*.

**χορ-άγιον**, **χορ-ᾄγός**, Dor. and Att. for *χορηγ-*.

**χόρδευμα**, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-pudding. From

**χορδεύω**, f. σω, (*χορδή*) to make into sausages: metaph., *χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα* to make mincemeat of state affairs.

**χορδή**, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

**χορεία**, ἡ, (*χορεύω*) a dancing: the choral dance.

**χόρευμα**, ατος, τό, (*χορεύω*) a choral dance.

**χορευτέον**, verb. Adj. of *χορεύω*, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

**χορευτής**, οὔ, ὁ, (*χορεύω*) a choral dancer; *θεοῦ χορευτής* the votary of a god.

**χορεύω**, fut. -εύσω: aor. I *ἐχόρευσα*: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I *ἐχορευσάμην*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχορεύθην*: pf. *κεχόρευμαι*: (*χορός*):—to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognato, *χορείας χορεύειν* to ply the dance; *φροῖμιον χορεύσομαι* I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., *κεχόρευται ἡμῖν* our dance has been danced. II. trans. to celebrate with choral dances.

III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

**χορηγέω** Dor. **χορᾷγέω**: f. ἡσω: (*χορηγός*):—to lead a chorus. II. in Att. of the *χορηγός*, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; *χορηγεῖν ταῖς αὐτοῦ ἡδοναῖς* to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; *χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι, χορηγεῖται δὲ ὁ δῆμος* the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them. III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

**χορηγία**, ἡ, the office of *χορηγός*: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian *λειτουργία*. II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

**χορηγικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορηγός*) of or for a *χορηγός*; *χορηγικοὶ ἀγῶνες* rivalry in bringing out choruses.

**χορήγιον** Dor. and Att. **χοράγιον**, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

**χορ-ηγός** Dor. and Att. **χορᾷγός**, ὁ, (*χορός*, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = *κορυφαῖος*: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus. II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

**χορ-ῖαμβος**, ὁ, (*χόριος*, ῖαμβος) in metre, a *choriambus*, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a *chorius* (or trochee) and *iambus*, as *ἱππομέδων*.

**χορικός**, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορός*) of or for a choral dance; τὸ *χορικόν* the choral song.

**ΧΟΡΙΟΝ**, τό, skin, leather, Lat. *corium*: Doric proverb., *χαλεπὸν χορίω κύνα γεῦσαι* 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's *canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto*.

**χόριος**, ὁ, (*χορός*) a metrical foot, = *τροχαῖος* or *trochee*, e. g. *ἱππός*.

**χορο-διδάσκαλος**, ὁ, (*χορός*, διδάσκαλος) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = *χοραγός* or *κορυφαῖος*, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

**χορο-ήθης**, ἐς, gen. *εὐς*, (*χορός*, ἥθος) accustomed to the dance.

**χοροι-θάλής**, ἐς, gen. *εὐς*, (*χορός*, θαλεῖν) rejoicing in the dance.

**χοροι-μᾶνία**, ἡ, (*χορός*, μανία) a rage for dancing.

**χοροιτυπία**, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

**χοροι-τύπος**, ον, (*χορός*, τυπεῖν) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. *χοροῖτυπος*, ον, pass. played to the choral dance.

**χορο-μᾶνής**, ἐς, gen. *εὐς*, (*χορός*, μανῆναι) mad after dancing.

**χορόνδε**, Adv. (*χορός*) to the festive dance.

**χορο-παίγμων**, ον, gen. *ονος*, and **χορο-παίκτης**, ον, ὁ, (*χορός*, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

**χορο-ποιός**, ὄν, (*χορός*, ποιέω) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

**ΧΟΡΟΣ**, οὔ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3.

generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, *χορὸς ἀστρῶν* the company of the stars; *χορὸς καλάμων* a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the *χορὸς κυκλικός* performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the *χóρος τραγικός* consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the *κωμικός* of twenty-four, and the *σατυρικός*. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (*χορὸν ἔδωκε*) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called *χορηγός*: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called *χοροδιδάσκαλος*.



**χορτάζω**, f. ἄσω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence **χορτάσια**, ἡ, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

**χόρτασμα**, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

**ΧΟΡΤΟΣ**, ὁ, a feeding-place; αὐλῆς ἐν χόρτῳ in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; **χόρτοι** λέοντος the haunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to σίτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

**χορ-ωφελήτης**, ου, ὁ, (χορός, ὠφελέω) helping or cheering the chorus.

**χοῦν**, inf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

**χοῦσι**, 3 pl. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

**χοῦς**, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χοῦς; dat. χοῖ; acc. χοῖα: plur. χόες, χοῶν, χουσί, χόας: but also, gen. χοῶς, acc. χόα [ᾱ] (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. οἱ Χόες the feast of Pitchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

**χοῦς**, ὁ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound.

**χόω**, see χώννυμι.

**χραίνω**, f. χράνω: aor. I ἐχράνα: = χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2. metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

**χραισμέω**, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραίσησα: aor. 2 χραίσημον, 3 sing. subj. χραίση and -ησι, inf. χραισμεῖν:—like ἀμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; ὀλεθρόν τι χραισμεῖν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῖν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

**χραισμήιον**, τό, a means of help, remedy.

**χραισμησέμεν**, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

**χραίσησι**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

**χράομαι**, see χράω c.

**ΧΡΑΨ** (A), Aeol. χραύω, f. σω, to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

**ΧΡΑΨ** (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερός οἱ ἔχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρής, χρήθα = χρήσεις.

**ΧΡΑΨ** (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χρεῖω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἐχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I ἐχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, aor. I ἐχρήσθην: pf. κέχρημαι and κέχρημαι. — χράω contracts αε into η, as χρής, χρή, inf. χρήν, etc., but Ion. into ᾱ, as χράς, χρά, χράν, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρεόμενος, ἐχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλήν Διὸς ἀνθρώποιςιν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2.

Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τὸ χρησθὲν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεχρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχῇ χρησόμενος Θεβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias; hence, χρήσθαι μαντηίῳ, χρηστηρίῳ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράομαι to use; see below. II. in

aor. I ἐχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, aor. ἐχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, ὄμματα χρησάμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes. III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, sbew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσὶ γὰρ κέχρητ' ἀγαθῆσιν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; ὀργῇ or θυμῷ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; ὁμολογία χρήσθαι to come to an agreement; ἀνὴρ καὶ πράσει χρήσθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μὶρον χρήσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρήσθαι τέχνῃ to follow a trade; χρήσθαι ἀνομίᾳ to practise lawlessness. 3. χρήσθαι τινι εἰς τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτῳ; what use shall I make of him? χρήσθαι τινι ὅτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; ἀπορέων ὅτι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it. 4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρήσθαι τινι ὡς φίλῳ, ὡς πολεμίῳ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρήσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν ἑαυτὸν τινι χρήσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., οἱ χρώμενοι friends. 5. absol., or with an Adv., οὕτω χρώνται οἱ Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. 6. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' ἀγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεχρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεχρημένος occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορῇ κεχρημένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἱ νῆες οὐκ ἐχρήσθησαν the ships were not used.

**χρίᾱ**, Ep. shortened for χρέα, acc. pl. of χρέος. **χρέεσθαι**, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράομαι.

χρεία, ἡ, (χράομαι) *use*, Lat. *usus*: *advantage, service*: τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρείαν things of no *use or service*: in plur. *services*.

2. *using, usance, use*; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις *having and using*. 3. of persons, *acquaintance, intimacy*. II. like Lat. *opus, need, necessity*; ἐν χρείᾳ εἶναι or γίνεσθαι τινος *to be in need, want of a thing*.

2. *want, poverty, lack*: c. gen. *want, lack of a thing*. 3. *need of a person's help*, hence a *request on the score of necessity*: generally, a *request*. 4. a *needful matter, business*; ἐν πάσαις ταῖς τοῦ σώματος χρείαις in all *functions of the body*.

χρεῖη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of χρή.

χρεῖος, τό, Ep. for χρέος.

χρεῖος, ον, (χρή) *useful: needful, fitting*. II. act. *needing, being in want of*, c. gen.: absol. *needy*.

χρεῖω, Ep. for χρέω, χράω, *to deliver an oracle*.

χρεῖω, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, Ep. for χρεῶ.

χρεμετίζω, f. ἴσω, *to neigh, snort*, Lat. *binnire*, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ὁ, *a neighing*.

χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for ἐχρεμέτισαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of χρεμετίζω.

ΧΡΕΨΙΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. *to hawk and spit, expectorate*.

χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι: part. χρεόμενος.

χρεόν, Ion. for χρεών.

χρέος, τό, gen. χρέεος contr. χρέους: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. χρέᾱ Att. χρέᾱ: Ep. nom. sing. χρεῖος Att. χρέως: (χράομαι, χρή): I. like χρεία, *want, need*. II. a *needful matter, business, affair*; κατὰ χρέος τινὸς ἐλθεῖν *to come for need of a person or thing*; ἐφ' ὃ τι χρέος ἐμόλετε; *for what need came ye?*—also, like χρήμα, *a thing*. III. *a debt*;

χρεῖος ὀφείλεται μοι *a debt is due to me*; χρέος ἀποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν *to pay and recover debts*;

τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε *he left all property in outstanding debts*. 2. metaph. *a debt, trespass, sin*. 3. *a debt, due, duty*; κατὰ χρέος according to *what is due*: hence a *promise due*, ἀρᾶς τίνειν χρέος *to pay the debt*, i. e. *do the work*, of a curse.

χρέω, Ion. for χράω, *to deliver an oracle*.

χρεῶ Ep. χρεῖω, gen. ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ: (χρέος, χρεία):—*want, need*, hence *desire, longing, urgent wish*, c. gen., χρεῖω ἐμεῖο *want, need of me*; ἢ οὐ χρεῶ πείσματός ἐστιν *where there is no need of a cable*. 2. in phrase, χρεῖω ἰκάνεται *want or necessity arises*, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρεῖω τόσον ἵκει; *to whom doth necessity come so much?* so also with γίγνομαι and εἰμί, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῶ γίγνεται νηὸς *need of a ship comes upon me*; οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῶ ἔσται τυμβοχοῆς *nor will need of a grave come upon him*. 3. hence χρεῶ is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίπτε δέ σε χρεῶ [sc. ἰκάνει] *wherefore does need [come to] thee*, i. e. *why must thou do so?* so also c. gen., οὐτι με ταύτης χρεῶ τιμῆς *no need of this honour [touches] me*; an inf. is also used, οὐδέ τί μιν χρεῶ νεῶν ἐπιβαινέμεν *nor does need at all*

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [χρεῶ in Homer is used as a monosyllable, χρεῶ.]

χρεώμενος, Ion. for χρώμενος, part. of χράομαι.

χρεών, τό, Ion. χρεόν, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from χρέω (Ion. for χράω), = τὸ χρεὼν γίνεσθαι, *that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity*; χρεών or χρεόν ἐστί *it is fated or necessary, it must be*:—absol. χρεών, *it being necessary, since it was necessary*. 2. *that which is expedient or right*: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεῶν ἄρχετε *ye rule not rightfully*. [οὐ -, but sometimes poet. χρεῶν as one long syllable.]

χρεώνται, Ion. for χρῶνται, 3 pl. of χράομαι.

χρέως, τό, Att. for χρέος, *a debt*.

χρεώστης, ον, ὁ, (χρέως) *a debtor*.

χρε-ωφειλέτης, ον, ὁ, (χρέως, ὀφείλω) *a debtor*.

χρή or χρή, ἡ, = χρεία II, *need, necessity*.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. χρῆ: optat. χρεῖη: inf. χρῆναι, poet. also χρῆν: impf. ἐχρῆν and χρῆν: fut. χρήσει: (for part., see χρεών):—*it is fated, necessary*: c. inf. *it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, meet*. 2. like δεῖ, Lat. *oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; *one must needs do a thing, it beboves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do*.—Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχης ἀποπαύεαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή *why retest thou from the battle? it beboves thee not* (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης). 3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε χρή ἀφροσύνης *thou hast no need of impudence*, i. e. *it does not befit thee*; οὐ σε χρή ἔτ' αἰδοῦς *thou hast no longer need of shame*. II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can*; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι; *how is one to get through this?* III. τὸ χρῆν *fate, destiny*.

χρῆ, shortened for χρήζει.

χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion. χρήζω: Dor. χρήσδω and χρήδδω: (χρεία):—*to need, want, lack, have need of*: absol. in part. χρῆζων, *needy, poor*. 2. *to desire, long for: to ask, crave, desire*, Lat. *solicitare*:—c. gen. rei, *to ask or demand a thing*. 3. μὴ ἐχρήζες θανεῖν, like μὴ ὠφελες, *thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not ...!* 4. the part. χρήζων is used absol. for εἰ χρήζει, *if one will, if one chooses*: hence *wishing well, well-inclined*.

χρήζω, like χράω I, *to deliver an oracle, foretell*.

χρηῖα, ἡ, Ion. for χρεία, *use, need*.

χρηίζω, Ep. and Ion. for χρήζω.

χρηίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of χράομαι, *to use, make use of*.

χρήμα, ατος, τό, (χράομαι) *a thing that one uses or needs*: mostly used in plur. *goods, money*: proverb., κρείσσων χρημάτων *superior to money*, i. e. *inaccessible to bribes*. II. *a thing, matter, business, affair, event*; κινεῖν πᾶν χρήμα *to set everything in motion, 'to leave no stone unturned': a dealing, business*,



*transaction*, like Lat. *res*. 2. *χρῆμα* is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί *χρῆμα*; for τί; *what*? 3. *χρῆμα* is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα *συδὸς* *χρῆμα* a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος *χρῆμα* ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, *χρῆμα* πολλὸν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; ὅσον τὸ *χρῆμα* παρόντων what a lot of locusts; μέγα *χρῆμα* Λακωνῶν a great host of Laconian women.

*χρηματίζω*, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: pf. *κεχρημάτισκα*: (*χρῆμα*):—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. II. Med. *χρηματίζομαι*, f. *-ιούμαι*, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another. III. in late Greek, the Act. *χρηματίζω* means to bear a title or name; *χρηματίζει βασιλεύς* he takes the title of king; οἱ μαθηταὶ Χριστιανοὶ ἐχρημάτισαν πρῶτον ἐν τῇ Ἀντιοχείᾳ the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

*χρηματικός*, ἢ, ὢν, (*χρῆμα*) of or for money. *χρημάτισις*, *εὼς*, ἢ, and *χρηματισμός*, ὁ, (*χρηματίζω*) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

*χρηματιστέον*, verb. Adj. of *χρηματίζω*, one must make money.

*χρηματιστής*, οὗ, ὁ, (*χρηματίζω*) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence *χρηματιστικός*, ἢ, ὢν, fitted for money-making; *χρηματιστικὸς οἶωνός* an omen portending gain. *χρηματο-δαίτης*, ου, ὁ, (*χρῆμα*, *δατέομαι*) a divider of money or of possessions.

*χρηματο-ποιός*, ὢν, (*χρήματα*, *ποιέω*) money-making, money-getting.

*χρημοσύνη*, ἢ, (*χράομαι*) = *χρεία*, need, want, lack. *χρῆναι*, inf. of *χρή*.

*χρῆς*, *χρήσθα*, shortd. for *χρήζεις*, see *χράω* (B) II. *χρήσδω*, Dor. for *χρήζω*.

*χρησίμος*, η, ον, also ος, ον: (*χράομαι*):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: τὸ *χρήσιμον* use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

*χρησίμως*, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

*χρησίμως*, Dor. for *χρησίμους*, acc. pl. of *χρήσιμος*.

*χρήσις*, *εὼς*, ἢ, (*χράομαι*) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. *usus*. II. (*χράω* c) an oracle.

*χρησμο-λογία*, f. *ήσω*, to utter oracles, divine. From

*χρησμο-λόγος*, ον, (*χρησμός*, *λέγω*) uttering oracles, divining; *χρησμολόγος ἀνὴρ* a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

*χρησμο-ποιός*, ὢν, (*χρησμός*, *ποιέω*) making oracles in verse.

*χρησμός*, ὁ, (*χράω* c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

*χρημοσύνη*, ἢ, (*χράομαι*) like *χρημοσύνη*, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

*χρησμο-φύλαξ*, ἄκος, ὁ, (*χρησμός*, *φύλαξ*) a keeper of oracular responses.

*χρησμο-φάτις*, f. *ήσω*, (*χρησμοφάτις*) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophecy. Hence

*χρησμοφάτις*, ἢ, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

*χρησμοφάτικος*, ἢ, ὢν, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. *-κῶς*. From

*χρησμο-φάτις*, ὢν, (*χρησμός*, *φάτις*) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., *χρησμοφάτις*, ὁ, a soothsayer, prophet.

*χρήσον*, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of *κίχρημι*, to lend.

*χρηστέον*, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, one must use.

*χρηστεύομαι*, Dep. (*χρηστός*) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

*χρηστηριάζω*, f. *άσω*, like *χράω*, to give oracles, prophecy:—in Med., like *χράομαι*, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; *χρηστηριάζεσθαι θεῷ* to consult a god; *ἰροῖσι χρηστηριάζεσθαι* to consult victims. From

*χρηστήριον*, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response. II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of *χρηστήριος*.

*χρηστήριος*, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*χράω*) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

*χρήστης*, ου, ὁ: gen. pl. *χρήστων* (to distinguish it from *χρηστῶν*, gen. pl. of *χρηστός*): (*χρίω*):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (*χράομαι*) a debtor.

*χρηστολογία*, f. *ήσω*, (*χρηστολόγος*) to use fair words. Hence

*χρηστολογία*, ἢ, fair-speaking: a kind address.

*χρηστο-λόγος*, ον, (*χρηστός*, *λέγω*) speaking fairly.

*χρηστός*, ἢ, ὢν, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, like *χρήσιμος*, useful, serviceable: *χρηστά*, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; *τελευτὴ χρηστή* a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, *χρηστὸς εἶ* you are a nice fellow. 2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

*χρηστότης*, ητος, ἢ, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like *εὐθεία*.

*χρίμα*, ατος, τό, = *χρίσμα*.

*χρίμπτω*, f. *ψω*: also as Dep. *χρίμπτομαι*, f. *χρίμψομαι*; aor. I med. *ἐχρίμψαμην*, pass. *ἐχρίμφθην*, part. *χρίμψθεις*:—poët. for *χρίω*, to touch the surface

of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. *radere*, *stringere*; *χριμφθεὶς πέλας* grazing close:—more generally, to come nigh, draw near, approach, c. dat.; *δόμοις χρίμψεσθαι* to draw near the house. 2.

also intr. in Act. to come or keep near: also with *πόδα* added, *πόδας χρίμπτουσα βαχίαισι* keeping her feet close to the shore; so, *ὑπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἔχριμπτ' αἰὲν σύριγγα* he kept the axle close upon the post.

*χρίσαν*, Ep. for *ἐχρίσαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρίω*.

*χρίσμα*, ατος, τό, (*χρίω*) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than *μύρον*.

*Χριστιανός*, ὁ, (*Χριστός*) a Christian.

*χριστός*, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χρίω*, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; *φάρμακα χριστά* salves. II.

anointed; *τὸ χριστόν* anointing oil. 2. *Χριστός*, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew *Messiah*.

*ΧΡΙΩ*, f. *χρίσω* [i]: aor. I *ἐχρίσα* Ep. *χρίσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχρίσθην*: pf. *κέχριμαι*:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:—Med. *χρίομαι*, aor. I *ἐχρισάμην*, to anoint oneself; *χρίεσθαι* *ιοῦς* to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows. 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; *χρίεσθαι* *τὰ σώματα μίλτῳ* to dye their bodies with vermillion. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

*χρόα*, *χροῖ*, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρός*.

*χροιά*, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. *χροιή*, Att. also *χροά*: (*χρός*):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; *χροιδὴν ἀλλάσσειν* to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

*χροῖζω*, f. *ῖσω*: contr. *χρώζω*, f. *σω*: (*χροά*):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch:—Med. *χροῖζομαι*, to touch another person, to lie with.

*χρόμαδος*, ὁ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

*χρονίζω*, f. *ῖσω* Att. *ῖω*, (*χρόνος*) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, hold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off:

—Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

*χρόνιος*, α, ον, and Att. os, ον: (*χρόνος*):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time;

*χρόνιός εἰμι ἀπὸ βορᾶς* I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; *χρόνιοι πόλεμοι* lasting wars: lingering, delaying:—neut. pl.

*χρόνια* as Adv., after a long time.

*ΧΡΟΝΟΣ*, ὁ, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. *χρόνον* for a while; *πολὺν χρόνον* for a long time; *τὸν αἰὲν χρόνον* for ever; *ὀλίγου χρόνου* in a short time; *πόσου χρόνου*; for how long? *χρόνῳ* in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνὰ χρόνον* in course of time; *διὰ χρόνου* after an interval; *ἐκ πολλοῦ χρόνου* long ago; *ἐν χρόνῳ* in time, at length; *ἐντὸς χρόνου* within a certain time; *ἐπὶ*

*χρόνον* for a time: *ἐς χρόνον* till aftertime. II.

time of life; *χρόνῳ βραδύς* slow from his time of life.

*χρονο-τρίβω*, (*χρόνος*, *τρίβω*) to waste time, loiter.

*χροός*, gen. of *χρός*.

*χρυσ-ἀλάκατος*, ον, Dor. for *χρυσήλ-*.

*χρῦς-ἀμοιβός*, ὁ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμείβω*) changing gold or gold money: metaph., *Ἄρης σωμάτων χρυσάμοιβός* Mars who buys men's bodies with gold.

*χρῦς-ἀμπυξ*, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμπυξ*) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses.

*χρῦς-ανθής*, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (*χρυσός*, *ἄνθος*) with flower of gold.

*χρυσ-άνιος*, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.

*χρυσ-ανταυγής*, ἐς, (*χρυσός*, *ἀνταυγής*) reflecting a golden light.

*χρῦς-άορος*, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἄορ*) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

*χρῦς-ἀρμάτος*, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἄρμα*) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

*χρῦς-ασπίς*, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀσπίς*) with shield of gold. [v]

*χρῦς-αυγής*, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (*χρυσός*, *αὐγή*) gold-gleaming.

*χρῦς-ἄωρ*, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἄωρ*) = *χρυσάορος*.

*χρῦς-εἶον*, τό, (*χρυσός*) mostly in plur., *χρυσεία*, τά, gold mines, in full *χρῦς-εἶα μέταλλα*.

*χρῦς-εἶος*, η, ον, poet. for *χρῦς-εἶος*.

*χρῦς-ελεφαντ-ἡλεκτρος*, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἐλέφας*, *ἡλεκτρον*) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum.

*χρῦς-εο-βόστρυχος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *βόστρυχος*) with locks or ringlets of gold.

*χρῦς-εο-δμήτος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *δέμω*) built or formed of gold.

*χρῦς-εο-κμητος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *κάμνω*) wrought of gold.

*χρῦς-εο-κύκλος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *κύκλος*) with disk of gold.

*χρῦς-εο-μαλλος*, ον, = *χρυσόμαλλος*.

*χρῦς-εο-μίτρης*, ον, ὁ, = *χρυσομίτρης*.

*χρῦς-εο-νωτος*, ον, = *χρυσόνωτος*.

*χρῦς-εο-πήληξ*, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *πήληξ*) with helm or casque of gold.

*χρῦς-εο-πήνητος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *πήνη*) with woof of gold, inwrought with gold.

*χρῦς-εἶος*, η, ον, and os, ον; Att. contr. *χρυσοῦς*, ἡ, οὖν; Ep. *χρῦς-εἶος*, η, ον, (*χρυσός*):—golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; *χρυσοῦν τινα ἱστάναι* to raise a statue of gold to one. 2.

*χρῦς-εἶα μέταλλα* gold mines; see *χρυσείον*. II. gold-coloured, of golden hue. III. metaph.

golden, happy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, *χρῦς-εἶος*, *χρῦς-εἶον*, etc. must be pronounced as spondees.]

*χρῦς-εο-σάνδαλος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *σάνδαλον*) with sandals of gold; *ἵχνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον* the step of golden sandals.

*χρῦς-εο-στέφανος*, ον, = *χρυσοστέφανος*.

*χρῦς-εο-στολμος*, ον, or *χρῦς-εο-στολος*, ον, (*χρῦς-εἶος*, *στέλλω*) decked or dight with gold.



ΧΡΥΣΕΟ-ΤΕΥΚΤΟΣ, ον, = χρυσότευκτος.

ΧΡΥΣΕΟ-ΦΑΛΑΡΟΣ, ον, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) with trap-rings of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΗΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, patronym. of Χρῦσης, ον, ὁ, daughter of Chryses.

ΧΡΥΣ-ΗΛΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ἡλακάτη) with spindle or arrow of gold.

ΧΡΥΣ-ΗΛΑΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ἐλαύνω) beaten out of gold, of beaten gold.

ΧΡΥΣ-ΗΝΙΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ἡνία) with reins of gold.

ΧΡΥΣ-ΗΡΗΣ, ες, gen. εος, (χρυσός, ἀρᾶρειν) furnished or decked with gold, golden.

ΧΡΥΣΙΔΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of χρυσίον, a small piece of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΙΟΝ, τό, Dim. of χρυσός, a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; ἀργύριον καὶ χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum.

II. as a term of endearment, my little treasure!

ΧΡΥΣΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, (χρυσός) a vessel of gold. 2. a golden dress.

ΧΡΥΣΙΤΗΣ [ἱ], ον, ὁ, fem. χρυσίτις, ἰδος, (χρυσός) like gold, containing a proportion of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΒΑΦΗΣ, ες, (χρυσός, βαφῆναι) gilded, gold-embroidered.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΒΩΛΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, βῶλος) with soil containing gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΓΟΝΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danae.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΔΑΙΔΑΛΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) richly wrought with gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΔΑΚΤΥΛΙΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) with a gold ring. [κτύ]

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΔΕΤΟΣ, ον, also η, ον, (χρυσός, δέω) bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΕΘΕΙΡ, εἰρος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, ἔθειρα) with golden hair.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΕΙΔΗΣ, ες, (χρυσός, εἶδος) like gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΞΥΓΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ξυγόν) with yoke of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΘΡΙΞ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, θρίξ) golden-haired.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΘΡΟΝΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, θρόνος) on throne of gold, gold-enthroned.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΑΡΗΝΟΣ Dor. -ᾶνος, ον, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) with head of gold. [κᾶ]

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΕΡΩΣ, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΕΡΩΣ, αν, gen. ω: (χρυσός, κέρας):—with horns of gold. II. with gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΟΛΛΗΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΟΛΛΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or inlaid with gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΟΜΗΣ, ὁ, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ, (χρυσός, κόμη) be of the golden hair: ὁ Χρυσόκομης the golden-haired, for Apollo.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΟΜΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, κόμη) golden-haired: with golden plumage.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΚΡΟΤΑΛΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, κρόταλον) rattling or ringing with gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΛΙΘΟΣ, ἡ, (χρυσός, λίθος) the chrysolite or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz.

ΧΡΥΣΟΛΟΓΕΩ, ἱ. ἤσω, to talk of gold. II. to collect gold, i. e. money. From

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΛΟΓΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, λέγω) speaking of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΛΟΓΧΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, λόγχη) with golden spear.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΛΟΦΟΣ, α, ον, (χρυσός, λόφος) with golden crest.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΛΥΡΗΣ, ον, ὁ, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) with golden lyre. [λύ]

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΜΑΛΛΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, μαλλός) with golden fleece.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΜΑΝΗΣ, ες, (χρυσός, μανῆναι) mad after gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΜΗΛΟΛΟΝΘΗ, ἡ, (χρυσός, μηλολόνθη) the gold-beetle or cockchafer. Hence

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΜΗΛΟΛΟΝΘΙΟΝ or -όντιον, τό, Dim. of χρυσομηλολόνθη, a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΜΙΤΡΗΣ, ον, ὁ, (χρυσός, μίτρα) with girdle or head-band of gold. [μί]

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΜΟΡΦΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, μορφή) in the shape or likeness of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΝΩΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, νῶτος) with golden back: covered with gold; χρυσόνωτος ἡνία a rein studded with gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΑΣΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, πάσσω) sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσόπαστος τιήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα gilded splendours.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΕΔΙΛΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) with sandals of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, πέπλον) with robe of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΗΛΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, πήληξ) with helm or casque of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΛΟΚΑΜΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) with tresses of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΟΙΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ποιέω) working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιός, ὁ, a goldsmith.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΡΑΣΟΣ, ὁ, (χρυσός, πράσον) the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΠΤΕΡΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, πτερόν) with wings of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΡΑΠΙΣ, ὁ, poet. for χρυσόραπης.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΡΟΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ρέω) streaming with gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΟΡΟΦΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, οροφή) with golden roof or ceiling.

ΧΡΥΣΟΡ-ΡΑΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, ραπίς) with wand of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟΡ-ΡΥΤΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, ρέω) flowing with gold, in a stream of gold.

ΧΡΥΣΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσός κοῖλος gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσός ἀπεφθός refined gold; λευκός χρυσός white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver.

ΧΡΥΣΟ-ΣΤΕΦΑΝΟΣ, ον, (χρυσός, στέφανος) gold-crowned.

χρυσό-στομος, ον, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, ον, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσό-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, a worker in gold, goldsmith.

χρυσότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, ον, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold.

χρυσό-τευχής, ἐς, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, ον, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold.

χρυσό-τρίαινος, ον, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [τ]

χρυσό-οὔατος, ον, (χρυσός, οὔα) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσούης, ἡ, οὖν, Att. contr. for χρύσεος.

χρυσό-φάεννος, ον, (χρυσός, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφαής.

χρυσό-φαής, ἐς, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light.

χρυσό-φεγγής, ἐς, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, ον, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρυσό-φορέω, f. ἤσω, to wear gold or golden apparel. From

χρυσό-φόρος, ον, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φϋ]

χρυσό-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden hair: fem. χρυσόχαιτις, ἰδος.

χρυσό-χάλινος, ον, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [α]

χρυσό-χειρ, -χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, χεῖρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσό-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat of gold. [χτ]

χρυσόχοετον, τό, the shop of a goldsmith. From

χρυσόχοεω, f. ἤσω, (χρυσόχοος) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσόχοϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner; χρυσόχοϊκὴν τέχνην ἐργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσό-χόος, ον, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσόχοος, ὁ, one who gilds the horns of a victim; a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ον, (χρυσός, χρώα) gold-coloured.

χρυσόω, f. ὠσω, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild.

χρυσῶ, Dor. for χρυσού, gen. of χρυσός.

χρύσωμα, ατος, τό, (χρυσόω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ϋ]

χρυσ-ωνέω, (χρυσός, ὠνέομαι) to buy or change gold.

χρυσ-ώπης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶπις, ἰδος, = χρυσωπός.

χρυσ-ωπός, ὄν, (χρυσός, ὤψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρύσωσις, εως, ὁ, (χρυσόω) a gilding. [ϋ]

χρυσ-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, ὤψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χράου, pres. imperat. of χράομαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χρώς.

χρώω, f. χρώω: aor. I ἐχρώσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχρώσθην: pf. κέχρωσμαι: (χρώς):—like χροῖω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp. 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρῶμα, ατος, τό, (χρῶννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion;

μεθιστάναί τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III.

metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments. IV.

as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for colour. II. ἡ χρω-

ματικὴ (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, τό, (χρῶμα) a colour, paint, dye. [α]

χρῶννυμι, = χρώω.

χρώς, ὁ, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρωτα: Ion. χροός, χροί,

χρόα: Att. dat. χρῶ:—like χροιά and χρῶμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame. 2. ἐν χροί, Att. ἐν χρῶ, close to the skin;

ἐν χροί κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεῖ ἐν χρῶ it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, comes home; ἐν χρῶ παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave

or graze, Virgil's radere litus. II. the colour of the skin, complexion; χρώς τρέπεται his colour

changes.

χρωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (χρώω) one who colours or dyes:

χρωστήρ μόλυβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (χρώς) like χρώω, to colour, dye, tint:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι τὴν φύσιν τινὶ to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [ϋ], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i.e.

in prose, opp. to poetry. III. abundantly, utterly.

χυθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω.

χυλός, οὔ, ὁ, (χέω) juice, moisture: a decoction. 2.

juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χύμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ϋ]

χυμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, οὔ, ὁ, (χέω) juice. II. taste, flavour.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

χύσις, εως, ἡ, (χέω) a pouring, shedding. II. a flood, stream, gush. 2. of dry things, a heap: a quantity. [ϋ]

χυτλάω, f. ἄσω, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χύτλον, τό, (χέω) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., 1. in plur. χύτλα, τά, water

for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [ϋ] Hence

χυτλώω, f. ὠσω, to wash, bathe, anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χυτλώσαιο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χυτλώω.

χύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ϋ]



**χῦτός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed. 2. of dry things, beaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth. 3. as Subst., χυτοί, οἱ, mounds, dykes, dams. II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀπτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass. III. liquid, fluid, flowing.

**χύτρα**, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτραις ἰδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

**χύτρεος**, α, ον, = χυτρεούς, of earthenware: τὰ χύτρεα earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

**χύτρεός**, ἡ, οὖν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

**χύτρεός**, ἑως, ὁ, (χύτρα) a potter.

**χύτρίδιον**, τό, Dim. of χύτρης, a small pot. [ῥ]

**χύτρίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

**χύτρινος**, ἡ, ον, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

**χύτρίς**, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

**χύτρό-πους**, -ποδος, ὁ, (χύτρος, πούς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

**χύτρος**, ὁ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: οἱ χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae. II. οἱ χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

**χῶ**, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

**χῶεο**, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶμαι.

**χωλαίνω**, f. ἄνω, (χολός) to be or go lame.

**χωλεύω**, (χολός) to be or become lame, to halt, limp.

**χωλ-ἱαμβος**, ὁ, (χολός, ἱαμβος) a lame or halting iambic, i. e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called σκάζων.

**χωλο-ποιός**, ὄν, (χολός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

**ΧΩΛΟΣ**, ἡ, ὄν, lame, halting, limping: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

**χῶμα**, ατος, τό, (χώννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

**χῶν**, part. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

**χώνη**, ἡ, contr. from χοάνη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

**χώννυμι**, f. χῶσω: aor. I ἔχασα: Pass., fut. χωσθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχώσθην: pf. κέχωμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χοῦν, part. χῶν: (χέω):—to throw or heap up; χῶματα χοῦν to heap up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. 2. to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; χῶσαι τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones:—Pass. to be beaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

**ΧΩ'ΟΜΑΙ**, f. χῶσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶόμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χῶεσθαι φρέσιν ᾗσιν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μὴ μοι τόδε χῶεο be not angry with me for this.

**χώρα** Ion. χώρη, ἡ, = χῶρος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χώραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χώραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; εἰς κατὰ χώραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χῶραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; εἰς ἂν χῶραν λάβῃ τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνδραπόδων χῶρα εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῇ χῶρα εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi. II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χώρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

**χωρίω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χῶρος):—to make room for another, give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν πρὸς Ἴλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him. II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἡπάρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed; οὐ χωρεῖ τοῦργον the work advances not. 3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ σμικρὰ χωρεῖν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports. III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χανδάνω; ὁ κρητὴρ χωρεῖ ἀμφορέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεῖ the city cannot contain him.

**χωρίδιον**, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ρῖ]

**χωρίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. pass. κεχώρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κεχωρίσθαι: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—οἱ χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

**χωρίον**, τό, Dim. of χῶρος and χώρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus. II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort.

landed property, an estate.

χωρίς, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κεῖται χωρίς ὁ νεκρός the corpse lies apart.

2. separately, one by one. 3. χωρίς μὲν . . , χωρίς δέ . . , on one side . . , on the other, by themselves . . , by themselves . .

4. χωρίς ἢ ὅσοι except so many as . . ; χωρίς ἢ except; χωρίς ἢ ὅτι except that.

II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίς τό τ' εἰπεῖν πολλά καὶ τὰ καίρια it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., without: without the help or will of; χωρίς θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the favour of the gods.

2. separate from, apart from; χωρίς ὀμμάτων ἐμῶν far from my eyes.

3. independent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation.

χωρίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, fem. χωρίτις, ἰδος, (χώρα, χῶρος) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτις, ἰδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, beseeching a countryman, rustic, rural. Adv. -κῶς, in rustic fashion.

χῶρος, ὁ, space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot.

II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χῶρος τῆς Ἀραβίης the tract of Arabia.

2. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανδάνω, χάζομαι.)

Χῶρος, ον, ὁ, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ἤσω, (χῶρος, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it.

χῶς, contr. for καὶ ὡς.

χῶσαι, aor. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χώννυμι.

χωσθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χῶσις, εως, ἡ, (χῶσαι) a heaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in;

ἡ χῶσις τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

χῶσους, crasis for καὶ ὅσους.

χωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, heaped up made of earth thrown up.

## Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral ψ' = 700, but ψ = 700,000.—The letter ψ is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, = πσ, βσ, or φσ. The character ψ was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η, ω and ξ: see H, η.

Changes of ψ, esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older πσ was retained, esp. in prop. names, as Πέλοπς for Πέλοψ.

II. ψ was resolved into σπ, as, ἀσπίνθιον for ἀψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ.

III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as,

III. ψιττακός for σιττακός, κόψιχος for κόσσυφος.

IV. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄμαθος, ψάμμος ψάμαθος.

ψᾶθύρος, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροῖς ὁλμον αἰθέρος to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum.

II. intrans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστίον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τὰ ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, masc. Adj. that which wipes off.

ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound.

ψᾶκάζω later ψεκάζω, f. ἄσω, (ψακάς) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like ὕει, etc., ψακάζει it drizzles.

ψᾶκάς later ψεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; ἀργυρίου μὴδὲ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμον ψακάς grains of sand.

2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to ὄμβρος; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάς a shower of blood.

ψᾶλιδό-στομος, ον, (ψαλῖς, στόμα) having a mouth or head like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψᾶλίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἴξω Att. ἰῶ: (ψαλῖς):—to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τὰ, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. forfex.

ΨΑΛΛΩ, strengthd. from ψάω: f. ψᾶλῶ: aor. I ἔψηλα: pf. ἔψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck.

2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τόξου νευρὰν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp.

3. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers.

2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρής, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) delighting in harp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ἦρος, also τῆς, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper.

ψάλτρια, ἡ, fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμαθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, ὅσα ψάμαθος τε κύνες τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψᾶ]

ψᾶμαθ-ώδης, ες, (ψάμαθος, εἶδος) sandy.



ψαμαθών, ὦνος, ὁ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-pits, Lat. *sabuleum*.

ψαμμακόσιο-γάργῳροι, αἱ, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάργαρα) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as heaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ἄκόσιοι, αἱ, α, sand-hundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατόν, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δις ἑκατόν, τρίς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multitude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand.

ψάμμινος, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.

ψάμμιος, α, ὄν, = ψάμμινος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [ι], ὄν, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ἰδος, (ψάμμος) of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ἡ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet. form ψάματος sometimes drop the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμ-ώδης, ες, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψᾶνός, Dor. for ψηνός.

ψάρ, ψᾶρός, ἰόν, ψήρ, ψηρός, ὁ, a starling, Lat. *sturnus*.

ψᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψάρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or speckled; ψαρός ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: aor. I ἔψαυσα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass. ἔψαυσμαι: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαῦον κόρυθες φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) ἔψαυσας ἀλγεινοτάτας ἐμοὶ μερίμνας, πατρὸς τριπόλιστον οἶτον thou hast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-told fate of my father; (2) κεῖνος ἐπέγνω ψαύων τὸν θεὸν ἐν κερτομίῳ γλώσσῃς he knew too late that he had attacked the god with abusive speech. II. to touch as an enemy, lay bands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψᾶφᾶρίτης, ὄν, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψᾶφᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, ἰόν, ψαφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency. II. dry, dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to ἅλς.

ψᾶφᾶρό-τριχος, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy hair or coat.

ψᾶφᾶρό-χροος, ὄν, contr. -χρους, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, χροά) rough on the surface.

ψᾶφιγξ, ψᾶφος, Dor. for ψᾶφιγξ, ψᾶφος.

ΨΑΨ [α], ψᾶς, ψᾶ, inf. ψᾶν (for the regular forms ψᾶς, ψᾶ, ψᾶν are incorrect): f. ψᾶσω: Pass., aor. I ἔψᾶθην: pf. ἔψᾶμαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψίν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΓΩ, f. ψέξω: aor. I ἔψεξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινα περί τινος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-headed.

ψεδυρός or ψεθυρός, ἄ, ὄν, = ψιθυρός.

ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάξω, ψεκᾶς, see ψακάξω, ψακάς.

ψέκτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censorer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. -τῶς.

ΨΕΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. *armilla*: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite ornament of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ὄν, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.

ψελιώω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words, indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, ες, gen. ἑός, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence ψευδαγγελία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-ἄγγελος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἄδελφος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother: a pretended Christian. [α]

ψευδ-ἄμαμαξυς, vos, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμάμαξυς) a false, barren vine. [μᾶμ]

ψευδ-ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false apostle.

Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-measure: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-ατράφαξυς, vos, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξυς) false orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἀττικός) false Attic, sham Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sham deserter.

ψευδ-ενέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sham ambushade.

ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδη-λογέω, f. ἥσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ες, gen. ἑός, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. *mendax*, *falsus*, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής, ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τά, falsehoods:—ψευδεῖς λόγοι fallacies. II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, ἡ, ὄν, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδεις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or lying herald.

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητεία, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεύω) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδό-λιτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδόνιτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογέω, f. ἥσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτυρέω, f. ἥσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὅρος, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδό-νιτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόνιτρος.

ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-πάρθενος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ον, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ἥσω, (ψεύδορκος) to swear falsely, be sworn.

ψευδ-όρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄρκιον) perjured, sworn.

ψεύδ-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄρκος) = ψευδόρκιος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδό-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδό-φημος, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδό-χριστος, ὁ, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I ἐψεύσα: Pass., aor. I ἐψεύσθην: pf. ἐψεύσμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἐψεύσάς με ἐλπίδος thou hast defrauded me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθῆναι δείπνου to be cheated of a supper; ἐψεύσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὁδῶν μάλιστα ἐψεύσται the third mode of explanation is most untrue. II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευσθείσα ὑπόσχεσις the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἐψεύσαμην: pf. pass. ἐψεύσμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or sworn.

II. to belie, falsify; ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλάς they did not belie, i.e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἐψεύσμένοι ᾔσαν they had broken their word about the money.

III. to belie or deceive by

lies, cheat, impose upon. ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μως.

ψευδώς, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruly.

ψευσί-στυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) bating falsehood and fraud.

ψεῦσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ἥσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ον, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕ'ΦΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

ψῆ, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψῆ, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψῆγμα, ατος, τό, (ψήχω) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψῆγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψῆγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ψήκτρα, ἡ, (ψήχω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλάφω, f. ἥσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφῶν (Ep. for -άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after. II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό, a touch: a caress. [λᾶ]

ψηλαφών, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗ'Ν, ψηνός, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (ὅλυνθος) and male palm. Hence ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to hang wild figs (ὅλυνθοι) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψῆνες) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter. II. to write a play called the Ψῆνες, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. ψανός, ὁ, like ψεδνός or ψιλός, = φαλακρός, a bald-head.

ψῆξις, εως, ἡ, (ψήχω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψῆρ, gen. ψηρός, ὁ, Ion. for ψάρ (q. v.), a starling. ψῆσσα Att. ψῆττα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to count or reckon. II. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I ἐψηφισάμην: pf. pass. ἐψηφισμαι: (ψηφός):—to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ἐς ὑδρίαν to throw one's ballot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari,



ψηφίζεσθαι τινι to vote for any one. 2. c. acc. to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαι τινι τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: κληρὸν τινι ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one. 3. c. inf. to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφισμαι, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἰ τοῦ προσδέοιντο ψηφισθῆναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.

ψηφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψηφός) a small stone: a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.

ψήφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree; ψήφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote; ψήφισμα καθαιρεῖν to rescind a vote.

ψηφισμῶτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ψηφισμα, πωλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.

ψηφο-ποιός, ὁ, (ψηφός, ποιέω) a making or tampering with votes.

ψῆφος Dor. ψᾶφος, ἡ, (ψάω, ψέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. II. a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus:—in plur. accounts, καθαφαί ψῆφοι an exact balance. 2. in Att. a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ὑδρία), the vote itself; ψῆφον φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre; ψῆφον κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly; ψῆφος καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψῆφος Ἀθηνᾶς, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψῆφος, ballot, was different from that by κύσμος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψῆφοι of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετρυπημέναι), the latter whole (πλήρεις). 3. the place of voting (as πεσσοί is used for the place of play).

ψήχω, f. ξω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νέω), to rub down, curry a horse. II. to rub down, wear away.

ΨΙΑΖΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, to play, sport, dance, be merry.

ψιάθος Ion. ψιέθος, ἡ, a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.

ψιάθως, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιάθος.

ψιάς, άδος, ἡ, (ψίω) like ψακάς or ψεκάς, a drop: in plur. a shower of drops, small rain.

ΨΙΖΩ, f. ψίσω: pf. pass. ἐψισμαι:—to feed on rap.

ψιθυρίζω Dor. ψιθυρίσδω: fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (ψιθυρός):—to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to

mutter, mumble. 2. of any whispering noise, as of trees, to rustle.

ψιθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

ψιθύρισμός, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering. 2. a whispering of slander, slander.

ψιθύριστής, ου, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whisperer. 2. a tale-bearer, slanderer.

ψιθύρός, ὄν, whispering. 2. whispering, slanderous. (Formed from the sound.)

ψιλο-μετρία, ἡ, (ψιλός, μέτρον) heroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, bare, naked: c. gen. stript bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλή ἀροσις a bare corn-field (without trees); πεδῖον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν a champaign country of large extent and without trees: in full, γῆ ψιλή δένδρεων land bare of trees. II. of animals, stript of hair, feathers, etc., bald, Lat. calvus; ἴβις ψιλή κεφαλὴν the ibis without feathers on the head. 2. generally, unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλή σώματος οὔσα ἡ ψυχὴ the soul being divested of the body; ψιλή τρόπις the bare keel with the planks torn from it; ψιλή θριδάξ a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off. III. in Att. Prose, as a military term, οἱ ψιλοί (sc. τῶν ὀπλων) soldiers without heavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὀπλίται; ψιλὸς ἵππος a horse without housings: generally, unarmed, defenceless. IV. ψιλὸς λόγος language without accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence. 2. ψιλή ποιησις mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομετρία.

ψιλῶω, f. ὦσω: pf. pass. ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλός):—to strip bare, to make bald:—Pass. to become bald. II. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing; ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείστα τῆς δυνάμειος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defenceless. 2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stript from the bones.

ψιλῶς, Adv. of ψιλός, simply, merely, only.

ψιμίθιον, ψιμίθος, etc., later forms for ψιμίθιον, etc.

ψιμίθιον or ψιμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψιμύθος):—white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence ψιμυθιῶω, f. ὦσω, to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμυθιοῦσθαι τὸ πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.

ΨΙΜΥ΄ΘΟΣ, ὁ, radic. form of ψιμίθιον, white lead.

ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ.

ΨΙΞ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ψιχός: nom. pl. ψιχες: a crumb, morsel, bit.

ψίττα, = σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.'

ψίττακος, ὁ, or ψιττάκη, ἡ, a parrot. (Foreign word.)

ψιχίον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, a crumb of bread.

ψῖω, aor. I ἔψισα, = ψίζω.

ψογερός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

ψόγιος, α, ὄν, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψόγος, ὁ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψόλος) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ἡ, (ψόλος, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨΟ'ΛΟΣ, ὁ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἤσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοῖεν if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si crepuissent fores.

ψοφο-δεής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at every noise. Adv. -εῶς, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ψόφος, μῆδος) caring for noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟ'ΦΟΣ, ὁ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφείην I would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψόφος, εἶδος) noisy, ranting.

ψυγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγήσομαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form ψυδνός, lying, untrue.

ψυθής, ἐς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, ἐος, τό, collat. form for ψεύθος, a lie. [ῥ]

ψυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in plur. οἱ ψυκτήρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ὄν, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥ'ΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a flea, Lat. pulex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-wort.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-archer, flea-knight, formed like ἵπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύξασα, aor. 1 part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττα, = ψίττα, σίττα.

ψυχ-αγωγέω, f. ἤσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψυχᾶγωγία, ἡ, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, persuasion.

ψυχ-ᾶγωγός, ὄν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχο-πομπός. II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὁ, a necromancer.

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ψυχ-ᾶπάτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, ἀπάτῃ) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, gladdening.

ψυχεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψυχή, ἡ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.; ποινην τῆς Αἰσώπου ψυχῆς ἀνελέσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχὴν παρθέμενος staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περὶ ψυχῆς to fight, run for one's life. II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: 1. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. anima; ἀνθρώπου ψυχή ἀθάνατός ἐστι the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχή τινος is used for the man himself, e. g. ψυχή Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης: ψυχαὶ absol. = ἄνθρωποι, ψυχαὶ πολλὰ ἔθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ὦ μελέα ψυχή O wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆς ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: desire, appetite. III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψυχῆιος, ἡ, ὄν, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χ]

ψυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II.

mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαίκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, δαίζω) destroying or killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.

ψυχο-λίπης, ἐς, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul, lifeless.

ψυχό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who conjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a necromancer.

ψυχο-μάχέω, f. ἤσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνης, ἐς, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, ὄν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχορραγία, f. ἤσω, to let the soul break loose, to lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. animam agere. From

ψυχορ-ραγής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ψυχή, ραγῆναι) letting the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψύχος, ἐος, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold, frost, in pl. ψύχεα, extreme colds: also winter-time, ἐν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχοσ-σός, ὄν, (ψυχή, σώζω) saving the soul.

ψυχο-τάκης, ἐς, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul.

ψυχόω, f. ὠσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate.

ψυχο-βάφης, ἐς, (ψυχρός, βαφῆναι) dipt in cold water, like red-hot iron.



ψυχρο-δόχος, *ον*, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) *receiving what is cold*; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος *the cold-bath room*.

ψυχρο-λογία, *ῆ*, (ψυχρός, λέγω) *the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration*.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ-) *Root of some tenses of πίνω* a cold-water drinker.

ψυχρός, *ἄ, ὄν*, (ψύχω) *cold, chill*, Lat. *frigidus*: τὸ ψυχρόν (sc. ὕδωρ) *cold water*, Lat. *gelida* (sc. *aqua*): ψυχρῶ λούνται *they bathe in cold water*:—τὸ ψυχρόν also = ψύχος, *cold*. II. metaph. *cold, vain, fruitless, unreal*; ψυχρὰ νίκη *a delusive victory*: also *chilling, horrible*. 2. of persons, *cold-hearted, heartless, spiritless, indifferent*. 3. of exaggerated phrases, *cold, frigid*. Hence

ψυχρότης, *ητος, ῆ*, *coldness, chill*. II. metaph. of persons, *coldness of heart, indifference*. 2. of phrases, *frigidity*.

ψυχρόω, *ῖ, ὡσω*, (ψυχρός) *to make cold*:—Pass. *to grow cold or cool*.

ψυχρῶς, Adv. of ψυχρός, *coldly, frigidly*.

ΨΥΧΩ [ψ], *ῖ, ψύξω*: aor. I ἐψυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐψύχην: aor. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύγην [ψ]:—*to breathe, blow*; ἦκα μάλα ψύξασα *breathing very faintly*. II. *to make cool or cold*: hence *to refresh, recruit*. 2. Pass. *to grow cool or cold*.

ψωλός, (ψάω) *ὁ*, *one circumcised*. 2. *a lewd fellow*.

ψωμίζω, *ῖ, ἰσω* Att. ἰῶ: (ψωμός):—*to feed by putting little bits into the mouth*, as nurses do children: hence *to pamper, feed, fatten*.

ψωμίον, *τό*, Dim. of ψωμός, *a morsel, crumb*.

ψωμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ψάω) *a bit, morsel, scrap*, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοὶ ἀνδρόμεοι *gobbets of man's flesh*.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρα, *ῆ*, (ψάω) *a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange*, Lat. *scabies*.

ψωρᾶλῆος, *ἄ, ὄν*, (ψάω) *scabby, mangy*.

ψάχω Ion. σάχω, (ψάω) *to rub in pieces, rub*.

\*ψάω, collat. form of ψάω, *to rub, rub in pieces*.

## Ω

Ω, ω, ῶ μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral ω' = 800, but ω = 800,000. The name of ῶ μέγα, *great or long o*, was given to distinguish it from the ὀ μικρόν *little or short o*. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see Η, η.

Changes of ω in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for α, as ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος for ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος.

II. Ion. also for αυ, as θῶμα τραῦμα for θαῦμα τραῦμα.

III. Aeol. and Dor., ω is often put for ου, as ὠρανός Μῶσα κῶρος λιπῶσα for οὐρανός Μοῦσα κοῦρος λιποῦσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς for βροτοῦ βροτούς.

IV. Dor. ω into ā, as πῶτος πῶτιστος θεωρός into πῶτος πῶτιστος θεῶρός; and so the

gen. plur. of first decl. αν becomes āν, as Μουσᾶν for Μουσῶν.

ῶ and ῶ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our *O! ob!* 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. *O!* As an exclamation it is written ῶ, as an address ῶ.

ῶα or ῶά ῆ, (ῶς) *a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it*. 2. *the edge or skirt of a garment*.

Ῥαρίων [ῖ], *αρος, ὁ*, poet. for Ῥρίων. Hence Ῥαρίωνειος, *ἄ, ὄν*, of Orion.

ῶας, *αρος, τό*, Dor. for οῦας, οὔς, *the ear*.

ῶγαθέ, with apostroph. ῶγάθ', contr. for ῶ ἀγαθέ.

ῶγμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ῶζω) *a crying ob!*

Ῥγῦγία, *ῆ*, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

Ῥγῦγιος, *ἄ, ὄν*, Att. also *ος, ὄν*, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence *primeval, primal*. [ῖ]

ῶδᾶς, Dor. for ῶδῆς, gen. of ῶδῆ.

ῶδε Att. ῶδί, from ὤδε, demonstr. Adv., I. of Manner, in *this wise, so, thus*, also *so very, so exceedingly*: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ῶδ' ἡμείψατο he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ῶδε γένους *thus off for family*. II. of Place, *hither, here*.

ῶδεε, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδεῖον, *τό*, (ῶδῆ) *the Odæum*, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ῶδῆ, *ῆ*, contr. for ἀοιδῆ, (ἀείδω, ᾄδω) *a song, lay, ode, strain*: in plur. *lyric poetry*.

ῶδῆκαντι, Dor. for ῶδῆκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδί, Att. strengthd. form of ῶδε. [ῖ]

ῶδικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ῶδῆ) *fond of singing, musical*. Adv. -κῶς, *musically, in good time or harmony*.

ῶδινας, acc. pl. of ῶδῆς.

ῶδίνω [ῖ], *ῖ, ἰνῶ*: aor. I ῶδῖνα: (ῶδῆς):—*to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour*: c. acc. *to be in travail of a child*: metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ῶδίνειν *to be in labour with honey*. 2. of any great pain, *to be in travail, be in pangs or pains*. 3. *to work painfully or hard, to travail, labour with*, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, *to be in the throes or agonies of thought*.

ῬΔΙΣ, *ῖνος, ῆ*, *the pain of childbirth, travail-pain*; mostly in plur. *the pangs or throes of labour*. 2. in sing. also *the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child*. II. generally, *travail, pain, distress*. (Akin to ὀδύνη.)

ῶδο-ποιός, *ὄν*, (ῶδῆ, ποιέω) *making songs or odes*.

ῶδός, *ὁ*, contr. for ἀοιδός, *a singer, minstrel*.

ῶδῶδει, poet. for ὀδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὀζω.

ῶεον, *τό*, = ὠόν, *an egg*.

ῶζησα, aor. I of ὠζω.

ῶζω, *to cry ob!* hence ῶγμός. (From ῶ or ῶ, as οἶζω from οἶ, οἰμῶζω from οἰμοί.)

ὠή, a call to another, *ho! holla!* Lat. *ohé! heus!*  
 ὠήθη, aor. I pass. of οἶσμαι.

ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ὠθέω.

ὠθεύντο, Dor. for ὠθούντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of

ἴσθαι, impf. ἔωθον: fut. ὠθήσω and ὠσω: aor. I ἔωσα Ion. and Ep. ὠσα: pf. ἔωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔωσθην: pf. ἔωσμαι Ion. ὠσμαι:—Ion. 3 sing. impf. ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I ὠσασκε:—to thrust, push, shove, force away or from a place; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὠσε he forced the spear from the thigh; ξίφος ἄψ ἐς κουλεὺν ὠσε he thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push or force back in battle; ὠσαι ἑαυτὸν ἐς τὸ πῦρ to rush into the fire; ὠσαι τὴν θύραν to force the door: also to break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry, push on; ὠθεῖν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:—absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust or push from oneself, push or force back.

ὠθίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὠθέω, to thrust or push on:—Pass. and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph. to be in hot dispute, Lat. *altercari*. Hence ὠθισμός, ὁ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling, wrestling: metaph., ὠθισμὸς λόγων a struggle of words, a hot debate.

ὠίγνυντο, Ep. for ὠγγνυντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οἶγνυμι.

ὠίετο, Ep. for ὠέτο, 3 sing. impf. of οἶσμαι. [i]

ὠίξαι, Ep. for οἶξαι, inf. of οἶγνυμι.

ὠίξε, ὠίξαν, Ep. for ὠίξε, ὠίξαν, 3 sing. and 3 pl. aor. I act. of οἶγνυμι.

ὠίσθην, Ep. aor. I of οἶσμαι.

ὠκα, poet. Adv. of ὠκός, quickly, swiftly, fast.

ὠκαλέος, η, ον, later Ep. form for ὠκός.

ὠκέα, Ep. and Ion. for ὠκεῖα, fem. from ὠκός.

Ἰκεανίνη, ἡ, (Ἰκεανός) daughter of Ocean, an Ocean-nymph. [i]

Ἰκεανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ἰκεανός) daughter of Ocean.

Ἰκεανόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From

Ἰκεανός, οὐ, ὁ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters: according to Homer, Ocean was a river which encompassed the whole earth, hence often called ὠκεανὸς ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα. (From ὠκός and νάω.)

ὠκειάων, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ὠκός.

ὠκέως, Adv. of ὠκός, quickly, swiftly.

ὠκήεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for ὠκός, swift.

ὠκιστα, neut. plur. of ὠκός used as Adv., most swiftly, very swiftly.

ὠκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὠκός.

ὠκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ὠκός.

ὠκνεον, impf. of ὠκνέω.

ὠκτεῖρα, aor. I of οἶκτεῖρω.

ὠκύ-ἄλος, ον, (ὠκός, ἄλς) sea-swift, speeding over the sea, epith. of a ship. [v]

ὠκῦ-βόλος, ον, (ὠκός, βαλεῖν) quick-bitting or quick-shot: quick-darting.

ὠκῦ-δήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ὠκός, δάκνω) biting sharply.  
 ὠκῦ-δίδακτος, ον, (ὠκός, διδάσκω) quickly taught.  
 ὠκῦ-δίνητος Dor. -δίνατος, ον, (ὠκός, δινέω) quick-whirling. [i]

ὠκυ-δρόμας, ον, ὁ, = ὠκυδρόμος.

ὠκυ-δρόμος, ον, (ὠκός, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

ὠκυ-επής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὠκός, ἔπος) quick-speaking.

ὠκύ-θοος, ον, also η, ον, (ὠκός, θέω) swift-running.

ὠκῦ-μάχος [α], ον, (ὠκός, μάχομαι) quick to fight.

ὠκύ-μορος, ον, (ὠκός, μόρος) short-lived, dying early: Sup., ὠκυμωρώτατος. II. act. bringing a quick or early death.

ὠκῦ-πέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὠκός, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) quick-flying.

ὠκῦ-πλάνος, ον, (ὠκός, πλάνη) quick-wandering.

ὠκῦ-πλοος, ον, (ὠκός, πλέω) fast-sailing.

ὠκῦ-πόδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ὠκύπους, swift-footed.

ὠκῦ-ποινος, ον, (ὠκός, ποιμήν) quickly-avenged.

ὠκῦ-πομπος, ον, (ὠκός, πέμπω) swift-conveying.

ὠκῦ-πορος, ον, (ὠκός, πόρος) swift-passing.

ὠκῦ-πος, ον, collat. form of ὠκύπους. [v]

ὠκῦ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος (ὠκός, πούς), swift-footed, fleet of foot.

ὠκῦ-πτερος, ον, (ὠκός, πτερόν) swift-winged, swift-flying: τὰ ὠκύπτερα the long quill-feathers in a wing.

ὠκῦ-ρόης, ον, ὁ Dor. -ρόας, = ὠκύροος.

ὠκῦ-ροος, ον, (ὠκός, ῥέω) swift-flowing.

ὠκός [v], ὠκεῖα, ὠκύ, gen. ὠκέος, εἰας, ἐος, Ep. fem. ὠκέα:—quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ὠκέως, but more commonly ὠκα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup. ὠκύτερος, ὠκύτατος: irreg. ὠκίων, ον, gen. ονος (like Lat. *ocior, ocus*), ὠκιστος. (Akin to ὀξύς.)

ὠκῦ-σκοπος, ον, (ὠκός, σκοπέω) quick-aiming.

ὠκῦτης, ητος, ἡ, (ὠκός) quickness, swiftness, fleetness, speed. [v]

ὠκῦτόκειος or -τόκιος, ον, belonging to or promoting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ὠκυτόκιον (sc. φάρμακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From

ὠκῦ-τόκος, ον, (ὠκός, τεκεῖν) causing quick and easy birth: of a river, fertilising: τὸ ὠκυτόκον a quick and easy birth.

ὠλαξ, ακος, ἡ, Dor. for αὐλαξ.

ὠλάφιον, contr. for ὠ ἐλάφιον.

ὠλέ-κρᾶνον, τό, properly ὠλενό-κρανον, = ὠλένης κρᾶνον, the point of the elbow: also ὠλέκρανον.

ἸΛΕ'ΝΗ, ἡ, the elbow, or rather the arm from the elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. *ulna*: generally, an arm; περὶ ὠλένας δέρα βάλλειν to throw one's arms round a person's neck.

ὠλεσα, aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὠλεσί-βωλος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, βῶλος) crushing clods of earth.

ὠλεσί-καρπος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, καρπός) of a tree, losing its fruit, i. e. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.

ὠλεσί-οικος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, οἶκος) destroying or ruining the house.

ὠλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.



ὠλισθον, aor. 2 of ὠλισθάνω.  
 ὠλίσθηκα, pf. of ὠλισθάνω.  
 ὠλλος, ὠλλοι, Ion. for ὁ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.  
 ὠλξ, ἡ, poet. contr. for ὠλαξ, αὐλαξ, a furrow : mostly used in acc. ὠλκα.  
 ὠλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ὠλλυμι.  
 ὠμ-αχθής, ἐς, (ὠμος, ἄχθος) heavy to the shoulders.  
 ὠμες, Dor. for ὠμεν, 1 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.  
 ὠμ-ηστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὠμός, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. eating raw flesh; also with a fem. Subst., Ἐχιδνα ὠμ-ηστής. II. generally, savage, brutal.  
 ὠμμαι, pf. pass. of ὠράω, formed from \*ὠπτομαι.  
 ὠμο-βοέος or -βόειος, α, ον, (ὠμός, βοῦς) of raw, untanned ox-bide :—as Subst., ὠμοβοή (sc. δора), ἡ, a raw ox-bide, like λεοντή, etc. : but, ὠμοβόειον (sc. κρέας), τό, raw ox-flesh.  
 ὠμο-βοεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ὠμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of raw ox-bide : acc. pl. ὠμοβοεῖς.  
 ὠμο-βόϊνος, η, ον, like ὠμοβοέος, of raw ox-bide.  
 ὠμο-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὠμός, βιβρώσκω) eating raw flesh.  
 ὠμό-βρωτος, ον, (ὠμός, βιβρώσκω) eaten raw.  
 ὠμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὠμός, γέρων) a fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age; cp. Virgil's *cruda viridisque senectus*.  
 ὠμο-δᾶκής, ἐς, (ὠμός, δακεῖν) fiercely stung or fiercely stinging.  
 ὠμό-δροπος, ον, (ὠμός, δρέπω) plucked unripe; νόμιμα ὠμόδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.  
 ὠμο-θετέω, f. ἡσω, (ὠμός, τίθημι) :—in sacrificing, to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (δημός) : also in Med.  
 ὠμό-θυμος, ον, (ὠμός, θυμός) savage-bearded.  
 ὠμοι, not ὠμοι, = ὦ μοι, ab me, woe's me, Lat. *bei mihi*.  
 ὠμο-κράτης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὠμος, κράτος) strong-shouldered, or (ὠμός, κράτος) of savage strength.  
 ὠμολογημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ὠμολογέω, confessedly, without contradiction.  
 ὠμο-πλάτη, ἡ, (ὠμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade, mostly in plur. ὠμοπλάται, αἱ, Lat. *scapulae*. [α]  
 ὠΜΟΞ, ὁ, the shoulder with the upper part of the arm, the shoulder, Lat. *humerus*; φέρειν ὠμοῖς to bear on one's shoulders; ὠμοῖσι τοῖς ἐμοῖσι by the strength of mine arms : also of animals, as of a lion : of a horse, like Lat. *armus*.  
 ὠΜΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, raw, undressed, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of flesh; ὠμὸν καταφαγεῖν τινα to eat one raw : of food, undigested. 2. unripe, unseasonable, properly of fruits : also of a man, ὠμὸν γῆρας an untimely old age. II. metaph. savage, rude, cruel. 2. rough, bawdy.  
 ὠμοσα, aor. 1 of ὠμνυμι.  
 ὠμό-σίτος, ον, (ὠμός, σιτέομαι) eating men raw : hence savage, ferocious.  
 ὠμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ὠμός, σπαράσσω) torn in pieces raw.

ὠμότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὠμός) rawness, unripeness. II. metaph. savageness, cruelty.  
 ὠμο-φάγος, ον, (ὠμός, φαγεῖν) eating raw flesh. II.  
 ὠμόφαγος, ον, pass., eaten raw, raw.  
 ὠμό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὠμός, φρήν) savage-minded. Adv. —φρόνως.  
 ὠμωξα, aor. 1 of οἰμῶζω.  
 ὠμῶς, Adv. of ὠμός, savagely.  
 ὠν, Ion. for οὖν, now, therefore.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ὧν ἐδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὧν.  
 ὠνα, ὠναξ, poet. contr. for ὦ ἀνα, ὦ ἀναξ.  
 ὠνάθην, Dor. for ὠνήθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὠνίνημι.  
 ὠνάμην, ὠνάτο, 1 and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὠνίνημι.  
 ὠνάσα, Dor. aor. 1 of ὠνίνημι.  
 ὠνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἄνεμος.  
 ὠνέομαι contr. ὠνούμαι : fut. ὠνήσομαι : impf. ἐωνούμην Ion. ὠνεόμην : aor. 1 ἐωνήσαμην, pf. ἐώνημαι; (but pf. part. ἐωνημένος, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense) :—ἐπριάμην [α] is used as aor. 2, Ep. 3 sing. πριάτο; imperat. πριάσο, πρίω; subj. πρίωμαι; opt. πριαίμην; inf. πρίασθαι; part. πριάμενος : (ἄνος) : Dep. :—to buy, purchase, opp. to πωλέω, πιπράσκω, as Lat. *emere* to *vendere*; ἀνεῖσθαι τι παρά τινος to buy a thing from a person : c. gen. pretii, for so much, ἀνεῖσθαι δραχμῆς to buy for a drachma. 2. to farm public taxes or tolls. 3. in pres. and impf. to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a thing, Lat. *liceri* : hence to buy off, effect a compromise by money : hence to bribe. II. as Pass. to be bought. Hence  
 ὠνή, ἡ, (ἄνος) a buying, Lat. *emptio*, ὠνή καὶ πᾶσις buying and selling. 2. purchase, a bargain : esp. a contract for the farming of taxes.  
 ὠνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὠνίνημι.  
 ὠνησα, aor. 1 of ὠνίνημι.  
 ὠνητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄνέομαι) a buyer.  
 ὠνητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἄνέομαι, bought. II. to be bought, that may be bought.  
 ὠνθρωπε, crasis for ὦ ἄνθρωπε.  
 ὠνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.  
 ὠνιος, α, ον, (ἄνος) to be bought for sale, Lat. *venalis*; πῶς ὁ σῖτος ὠνιος; how is corn selling? what is the market price? τὰ ὠνια goods for sale, market-wares.  
 ὠνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα.  
 ὠνομάδεται, Ion. for ὠνομασμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὠνομάζω.  
 ὠΝΟΞ, ὁ, a price, value, payment for a thing. II. a buying, like ὠνή. (Hence Lat. *venum*, as *vinum* from *oīnos*, *vicus* from *oīkos*.)  
 ὠνοσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ὠνομαι.  
 ὠνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχοέω.  
 ὠνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνώω.  
 ὠξ, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἐξ.  
 ὠξε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of οἰγνυμι.  
 ὠΟ'Ν, τό, an egg, Lat. *OVUM*.  
 ὠόπ, a cry of the κελευστής to make the rowers stop pulling, *avast!*

ὥπασα, aor. I of ὥπάω.

ὥπερ, Dor. for οὐπερ, Adv. *where*.

ὥπολλον, poet. crasis for ὦ Ἀπολλων.

ὥπόλλων, by crasis for ὁ Ἀπόλλων.

ὥπόλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰπόλοι.

ὥπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ὥπαι.

ὥπτησα, ὥπτων, aor. I and impf. of ὥπτάω.

ὥπωπα, pf. 2 of ὥπαι.

ὦΠΑ Ion. ὦρη, ἡ, Lat. *CURA*, care, concern, heed, regard for a person or thing; ὦραν τινὸς ἔχειν or ποιῆσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

ὦΠΑ Ion. ὦρη, ἡ, Lat. *HORA*, any limited time or period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full εἶαρος ὦρη or ὦρη εἰαρινή; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὥπωρα or autumn, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. later, the whole year, ἐν τῇ πέρυσιν ὥρα last year, (as we say) last season. II. the time of day: also, ὥρα νυκτός night-time.

III. generally, the right, fitting time or hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; ἐν ὥρῃ in good time, early: c. gen. rei, ὥρη ὕπνου the time for sleep, bed-time. IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the heavens. V. in Att. the spring or prime of life, youth: also manhood. VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ὥραϊα, the fruits or produce of the year. VII. as pr. n., ὦραι, αἱ, the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Χάριτες or Graces.

ὥραϊος, α, ον, (ὥρα) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; ὥραϊοι καρποὶ or τὰ ὥραϊα the fruits of the season. 2. as Subst., ὥραϊα, ἡ, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military operations. II. happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable. III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμον ὥραϊα a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death. IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence

ὥραιότης, ἡ, ὥρα, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season. ὥρεσσιν, Ep. for ὥρεσσιν, dat. of ὥρα. ὥρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ὥρνυμι.

ὥρεξάτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὥρέγω. ὥρεσί-δουπος, ον, (ὥρος, δουπέω) making a din on the mountains. ὥρεσθ-δότης, ον, ὥρα, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

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ὥρεύω, (ὥρα) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

ὥρη, ἡ, Ion. for ὥρα.

ὥρη, ἡ, Ion. for ὥρα.

ὥρη-φόρος, ον, (ὥρα, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

ὥρθαι, pf. pass. inf. of ὥρνυμι.

ὥρίζεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὥρίζω.

ὥρικός, ἡ, ὦν, (ὥρα) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. II. in season, seasonable: Adv. -κῶς, ὥρικῶς πυνθάνει you ask seasonably.

ὥρίμος, ον, (ὥρα) ripe, timely, in season.

ὥρίνθην, aor. I pass. of ὥρίνω.

ὥριος, ον, (ὥρα) happening or returning in due season; ὥρια πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. II. timely, seasonable, ripe. III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ὥριωμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὥρίζω.

ὥριστος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἄριστος.

ὦρίων, ανος, ὁ, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis. II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [i Ep., i Att.]

ὥρμάθη [ā], Dor. for ὥρμήθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ὥρμαινω.

ὥρμάτο, ὥρμήθη, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ὥρμαινω.

ὥρμέσται, -άτο, Ion. for ὥρμηνται, ὥρμηντο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ὥρμαινω.

ὥρμηναν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὥρμαινω.

ὥρνυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὥρνυμι.

ὥρο-θετέω, f. ἡσω, (ὥρα, τίθημι) to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal hour. II. to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet.

ὥρορε, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ὥρνυμι.

ὥρος, εος, τό, Dor. for ὄρος Ion. οὔρος, a mountain.

ὥρσα, aor. I of ὥρνυμι.

ὥρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὥρνυμι.

ὥρυθμός, ὁ, a bowling, bellowing, roaring.

ὥρυξα, aor. I of ὥρύσσω.

ὥρύομαι, fut. ὥσομαι [ū]: aor. I ὥρυσάμην: Dep.: —to bowl, bellow, roar, Lat. *rugire*: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar. II. transit. to bowl over, bewail.

ὥρχαῖος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἀρχαῖος.

ὥρχεῖσθην, 3 dual impf. of ὥρχεομαι.

ὥρχευντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ὥρχεομαι.

ὥρώρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὥρνυμι.

ὥρωρέχεται, Ion. for ὥραρεγμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὥρέγω.

ὥρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὥρύσσω.

ὦς, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, ὦς. 2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, ὦς. II. as Conj. that, when it is also without accent, ὦς.



I. *ὥς*, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, *so*, *thus*, Lat. *sic*. 2. *καὶ ὥς* *even so, nevertheless*: with a negat., *οὐδ' ὥς, μηδ' ὥς* *not even so, in no way soever*. 3. in Comparisons, *ὥς* is answered by *ὥς*, *so as*, Lat. *sic ut*: also, *ὥστε* .. *ὥς*, *as .. thus*. II. *ὥς*, Relat.

Adv. of Manner, *as*, Lat. *ut*, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—*ὥς* in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, *θεὸς ὥς* for *ὥς θεός*. 2. with

Elliptical Phrases, *ὥς ἐμοί* or *ὥς γ' ἐμοί* (sc. *δοκεῖ*); *ὥς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων* (sc. *εἰκάσαι*) to judge by eyesight; *ὥς Λακεδαιμόνιος* (sc. *εἶναι*) for a Lacedaemonian; *συμπέμφας αὐτὸν ὥς φύλακα* (sc. *εἶναι*) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles,

to give the reason of the principal Verb; *ἀγανακτοῦσιν ὥς ἀδικούμενοι* they are indignant as being injured, i. e. *by reason of* being injured; so with questions, *ὥς τί δὴ θέλων*; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; *εἰργουσιν αὐτὸν ὥς ἀδικούντα* they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. *by reason of*: so also with Participles used absol., *ὥς οὕτως ἐχόντων*, Lat. *res cum ita sint*, since things are so, i. e. *by reason of* their being so. 4.

so also with Prepositions; *ὥς ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν* as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; *ὥς ἐπὶ φρυγανισμὸν* as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps. *ἐπὶ*, *εἰς*, *πρὸς*, but also with others; *ὥς ἐκ κακῶν ἐχάρη* he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and *ὥς* itself is used like a Prep., = *εἰς*, c. acc., as Lat. *usque* for *usque ad*, only with the names of persons, as, *ὥς τὸν Φίλιππον* to Philip: first in Homer,

*ὥς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὥς τὸν ὅμοιον* how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs:—with the Positive, *ὥς ἀληθῶς*, *ὥς ἑτέρως* *how truly!* *ἄλλως* differently! Lat. *quam vere, quam aliter*: so too *ὥς* follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, *θαυμαστῶς ὥς*, *ὑπερφυῶς ὥς*, etc. 7. *ὥς* strengthens the Superlative, like *ὅτι* and *ὅπως*, Lat. *quam*, *ὥς μάλιστα*, Lat. *quam maxime*, as much as possible; *ὥς ῥᾶστα*, Lat. *quam facillime*, as easily as possible; *ὥς τάχιστα*, Lat. *quam celerrime*, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases *ὥς τὸ πολὺ*, *ὥς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ*, *ὥς ἐπὶ τὸ πλεῖστον* for the most part, commonly, Lat. *plerumque, ut plurimum*. 8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, *ὥς ἀριστος*, *ὥς βέλτιστος* the best possible, etc.

III. *ὥς* as CONJUNCTION: 1. expressing a fact, *ὅτι*, like *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*. 2. = *ὥστε*, *so that*, Lat. *adeo ut*. 3. *ὥς*, *that*, Lat. *quod*, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; *εἶπον ὥς τοῦτο εἶη*, or *εἶπον τοῦτο εἶναι*. 4. *ὥς*, marking an end, like *ἵνα* or *ὅπως*, *that*, *in order that*, Lat. *ut*. 5. in Inferences, like *ὥστε*, c. inf., *so that*, Lat. *adeo ut*, *ita ut*; *εὖρος ὥς δύο τριήρας πλέειν ὁμοῦ* in breadth such that two triremes could sail abreast. 6. *ὥς* is also used like *ὅτι* and *ἐπεὶ*, *as*, *since*, Lat. *quippe*,

*quandoquidem*: also for *ὅτε*, *when*, Lat. *ut*: sometimes also = *ὅπως*, Lat. *quomodo, quemadmodum*.

IV. *ὥς* is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase *ὥς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὥς τὸν ὅμοιον* *how God ever brings like to like*: also with Adjs. and Advs., *ὥς ἡλίθιος εἶ* *how silly thou art*; *ὥς σεμνὸς ὁ καταρατὸς* *how pompous the rascal is*; *ὥς ὀξέα κλάζει* *how shrilly it screams*. 2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events,

*ὥς ἶδεν, ὥς μιν Ἔρως πυκινὰς φρένας ἀμφεκάλυψεν* *how he saw, how did Love encompass his soul*; so, *ὥς ἶδον, ὥς ἐμάνην, ὥς μεν περὶ θυμὸς λάφθη*, as in Virgil, *ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error*. 3. *ὥς* to express a wish, *ὅτι* *that!* like *εἴθε*, Lat. *utinam*, with the optat., *ὥς ἀπόλοιτο καὶ ἄλλος* *oh that another also might perish*: also negatively, *ὥς μὴ θάνοι* *oh that he might not die!*

V. *ὥς* with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, *about*, *nearly*; *ἀπέθανον ὥς πεντακόσιοι* *about 500 fell*. VI. *ὥς* in some Elliptical Phrases: 1. *ὥς τί* (sc. *γίνεται*); *in order that what may happen? for what end? wherefore?* 2. *ὥς ἕκαστοι ἦσαν* or *ἐτυχον ὄντες*, each separately, Lat. *pro se quisque*.

(*ὥς* is an old pl. acc. of *ὅς*, as *τάς* pl. acc. of *ὅ*: *οὕτως* from *οὗτος*, etc.: so *ἄτε* is used Adv.) *ὥς* or *ὥς*, Dor. for *οὗ*, *where*. *ὥς*, τό, gen. *ὥτός*, Dor. for *οὗς*, *the ear*. *ὥσα*, Ion. and Ep. for *ἔωσα*, aor. I of *ὠθέω*. *ὥσαιμεν*, 1 pl. aor. I opt. of *ὠθέω*. *ὥς ἂν*, Ep. *ὥς κε* or *ὥς κεν*, = *ὥς* with a conditional force added.

*ὥς-αν-εἰ* or *ὥς ἂν εἰ*, *like as if, as if*. *ὥσαννά*, Hebr. word meaning *save now! save we pray!* *ὥσασκε*, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of *ὠθέω*. *ὥς-αὐτως*, Adv. of *ὁ αὐτός* (*the same*), strengthd. for *ὥς*, *in like manner, just so*; *ὥσαύτως καὶ* .. in like manner as ..

*ὥσδε*, Dor. for *ὥζε*, 3 sing. impf. of *ὠζω*. *ὥς-εἰ* or *ὥς εἰ*, Adv. as *if, as though*: in Comparisons, *as if, like, just as*: so also *ὥς-εἰ-τε*. II. with Numerals, *about*. *ὥσθήσομαι*, fut. pass. of *ὠθέω*. *ὥσιν*, dat. plur. of *οὗς*. *ὥσμαι*, pf. pass. of *ὠθέω*: part. *ὠσμένος*. *ὥς-περ*, Adv. (*ὥς, περ*) *even as, just as*; in Homer there is often a word interposed between *ὥς* and *περ*, as, *ὥς τοπάρους περ, ὥς ἔσεται περ*, etc. 2. of Time, *as soon as*, Lat. *simul ac*. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, *as if, as it were*: and so with Participles used absolutely, *ὥσπερ ἐξόν* *as if it were in our power*.

*ὥς-περ-εἰ* or *ὥσπερ-εἰ*, *just as if, even as*, Lat. *tanquam*. *ὥς-περ-οὖν*, Adv. *even as, just as*: as really, *εἰ δ' ἐστὶν ὥσπερ-οὖν ἐστὶ θεός* but if he is, as he really is, a god.

*ὥς-τε*, as Adv. (*ὥς, τε*) being to *ὥς*, as *ὥστε* to *ὅς*,

used to introduce a comparison, *as, like as, just as*. 2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, *as, as being, like* ἄτε, Lat. *utpote*; τὸν δ' ἐξήρπαξ' Ἀφροδίτην ῥεῖα μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodite bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. as Conjunction, to express a *result* or *effect*; εἰ δέ σοι θυμὸς ἐπέσσυται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, *so as to* return.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like ὥς with a Part.; ὥστε φυλασσομένων τῶν ὁδῶν *as or since* the ways were guarded. 3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with ἢ; μέζω κακὰ ἢ ὥστε ἀνακλαίειν greater woes than *that one could* weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, *as, μείζον ἢ φέρειν* too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρὸν ὥστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in. III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει *so that, or therefore*, be of good cheer.

ὥστιζω, f. ἴσω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, *to push to and fro*, Lat. *trudo*. II. in Med., Att. fut. ὥστιοῦμαι, c. dat. *jostle with another*: so absol., ὥστιζεσθαι εἰς τὴν προεδρίαν *to jostle for the first seat*. ὥστοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος. ὥσφρόμην Ion. ὁσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὠσφραίνομαι.

ὥσω, fut. of ὠθέω. ὠτ-ἄκουστέω, f. ἤσω, (οὖς, ἀκούω) *to hearken or listen covertly or anxiously*. ὦ τᾶν or ὦ τάν, see τᾶν.

ὠτᾶριον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, *a little ear*. [ᾱ] ὠτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ὠτειλή, ἡ, (οὐτάω) *a wound*: later also *a scar*, Lat. *cicatrix*.

ὠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, *a little ear*. ὠτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (οὖς) *a bustard with long ear-feathers*. ὠτος, ὁ, Otos, son of Alöeus, brother of Ephialtes. ὠτρῦνα, aor. I of ὠτρύνω.

ὠτώεις, εσσα, εν, (οὖς) *with ears or handles*. ὠυτός, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also ὠυτός or ὠυτός.

ὠφειλα, aor. I of ὠφέλλω. ὠφέλεια Ion. ὠφελίη also in Att. ὠφελία, ἡ, (ὠφελέω) *help, aid, assistance, succour, especially in war*. 2. *profit, advantage, gain*: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ὠφελέω, f. ἤσω: (ὠφελος):—*to help, aid, assist*,

*succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one*: absol. *to be of use or service*; οὐδὲν ὠφελεῖ *it does no good*: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελεῖν *to do one no service*: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἔρωτος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνεται ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. *a helper*. II. Pass. ὠφελουμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφεληθήσομαι:—*to be helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage*; πρὸς τινος *from a person or thing*: so, ἔκ or ἀπό τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελεῖσθαι τινι *to be profited by a thing*: c. part., ὠφελεῖσθαι ἰδὼν *to be benefited by the sight of a thing*. Hence

ὠφέλημα, ατος, τό, *that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing*. II. generally = ὠφελία, *use, advantage, benefit*. ὠφελήσιμος, ον, (ὠφελέω) *useful, serviceable*. ὠφελήσις, εως, ἡ, (ὠφελέω) *a helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*. ὠφελητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὠφελέω, *necessary or proper to be assisted*. II. ὠφελητέον, *one must assist*.

ὠφελία, Att. for ὠφέλεια. ὠφέλιμος, ον, sometimes also ἡ, ον, (ὠφελέω) *helping, aiding: useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous*. Adv. -μως: Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφελλον, Ep. for ὠφελον. ὠφελον, aor. 2 of ὠφείλω. ὠφθην, aor. I of ὠράω, in pass. sense. ὠφληκα, pf. of ὠφλισκάνω: ὠφλον, aor. 2. ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ὠχα, pf. of οἶγνυμι. ὠχᾶτο, Ion. for ὠγμένοι ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οἶγνυμι.

ὠχετο, ὠχοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of οἶχομαι. ὠχηκα, Ep. for ὠχωκα, pl. of οἶχομαι.

ὠχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὠχθέω. ὠχράω, f. ἤσω, (ὠχρός) *to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc.*

ὠχριάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], (ὠχρός) *to be or turn pale*. ὠχρο΄ς, ἄ, ὄν, *pale, wan, sallow*. Hence ὠχρος, ου, ὁ, or εος, τό, like ὠχρότης, *paleness, wanness, esp. the paleness of fear*.

ὠχωκα, Ion. pf. of οἶχομαι. ὠψ, ἡ, gen. ὠπός acc. ὠπα, (ὠψομαι, fut. of ὠράω) *the eye, face, countenance*; εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι τινί *to look one full in the face*: so absol., εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῆς εἰς ὠπα ἔοικεν *as to the face, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses*.

FINIS.



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